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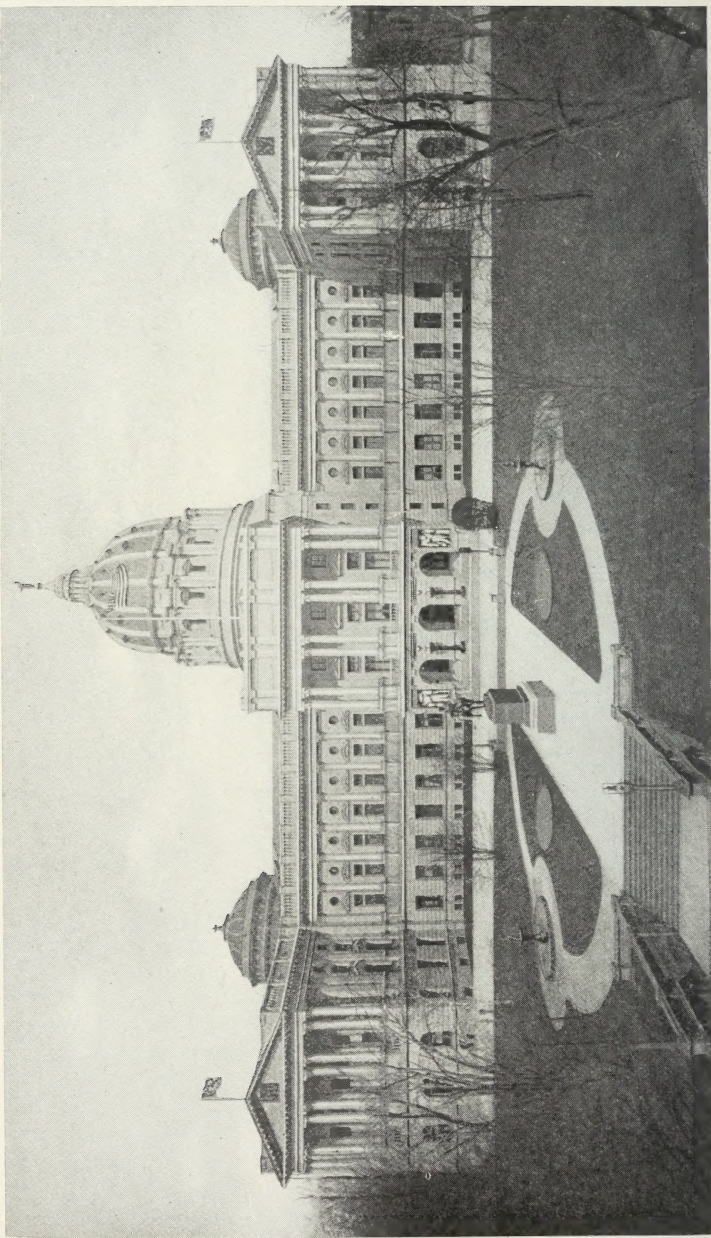
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THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE CAPITOL BUILDING

SMULL'S

LEGISLATIVE HAND BOOK

AND
ALPHABETIC
OF THE STATE OF
PENNSYLVANIA



1919

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PREFACE

As an annual publication Smull's Legislative Hand Book for the year 1919, to our regret, is not presented to its readers as early as in previous years, the delay being the result of a number of causes, the chief of which was the late war and printing conditions. By reason of a change in the State Government and the Legislature being in session it was deemed advisable to wait in the preparation of certain parts of the Hand Book until the Governor's new cabinet officers and their assistants had been appointed and the Legislature had completed its work.

The election tables of November, 1918, including the vote for Governor in detail, have been included; the appropriations made and the primary and general election laws passed by the Legislature of 1919 are also given, and all other tables and data revised to date.

The compilers return sincere thanks to the many National, State, County and City officials, and to all others, who have so kindly and willingly aided in the preparation of this edition of the Manual.

H. P. M.

1919 cont.

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PREFACE

As the present publication forms the foundation stone for the year 1920
report is not presented to the public in early as in previous years, the delay
being due to a number of causes, the chief of which was the late war and
the consequent changes in the State Department and the Army.
The reason of a change in the State Department and the Army
being in session in the summer of 1919, the report of the
of the Board of the Army and the Navy, and the
been appointed and the report of the
The report of the Board of the Army and the Navy
have been included in the report of the
laws passed by the Congress of 1919 are also given, and in other tables and data
referred to in the report.
The committee reports should be read by the many National Guard units and
officers and to all others who have an interest in the organization
of this edition of the Manual.



H. E. M.

440216

200-YEAR CALENDAR

For ascertaining any Day of the Week for any given Time within Two Hundred Years from the introduction of the New Style, 1752,* to 1952 inclusive.

COMMON YEARS, 1753 TO 1951.

											Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1761	1767	1778	1789	1795							4	7	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2
1801	1807	1818	1829	1835	1846	1857	1863	1874	1885	1891												
						1903	1914	1925	1931	1942												
1762	1773	1779	1790								5	1	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3
1802	1813	1819	1830	1841	1847	1858	1869	1875	1886	1897												
						1909	1915	1926	1937	1943												
1757	1763	1774	1785	1791							6	2	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4
1803	1814	1825	1831	1842	1853	1859	1870	1881	1887	1898												
						1910	1921	1927	1938	1949												
1754	1765	1771	1782	1793	1799						2	5	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1805	1811	1822	1833	1839	1850 1901	1861	1867	1878	1889	1895												
						1907	1918	1929	1935	1946												
1755	1766	1777	1783	1794	1800						3	6	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1
1806	1817	1823	1834	1845	1851 1902	1862	1873	1879	1890	1947												
						1913	1919	1930	1941													
1758	1769	1775	1786	1797							7	3	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5
1809	1815	1826	1837	1843	1854 1905	1865	1871	1882	1893	1899												
						1911	1922	1933	1939	1950												
1753	1759	1770	1781	1787	1798						1	4	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6
1810	1821	1827	1838	1849	1855	1866	1877	1883	1894	1900												
						1906	1917	1923	1934	1945 1951												

LEAP YEARS, 1756 TO 1952.

											--	29	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1764	1792	1804	1832	1860	1888					1928	7	3	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	7	4	6
1768	1796	1808	1836	1864	1892					1904	5	1	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4
1772	--	1812	1840	1868	1896					1908	3	6	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2
1776	--	1816	1844	1872	--					1912	1	4	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1780	--	1820	1848	1876	--					1916	6	2	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5
1756	1784	1824	1852	1880	--					1920	4	7	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3
1760	1788	1828	1856	1884	--					1924	2	5	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1

1		2		3		4		5		6		7	
Monday	1	Tuesday	1	Wednesd.	1	Thursday	1	Friday	1	Saturday	1	SUNDAY	1
Tuesday	2	Wednesd.	2	Thursday	2	Friday	2	Saturday	2	SUNDAY	2	Monday	2
Wednesd.	3	Thursday	3	Friday	3	Saturday	3	SUNDAY	3	Monday	3	Tuesday	3
Thursday	4	Friday	4	Saturday	4	SUNDAY	4	Monday	4	Tuesday	4	Wednesd.	4
Friday	5	Saturday	5	SUNDAY	5	Monday	5	Tuesday	5	Wednesd.	5	Thursday	5
Saturday	6	SUNDAY	6	Monday	6	Tuesday	6	Wednesd.	6	Thursday	6	Friday	6
SUNDAY	7	Monday	7	Tuesday	7	Wednesd.	7	Thursday	7	Friday	7	Saturday	7
Monday	8	Tuesday	8	Wednesd.	8	Thursday	8	Friday	8	Saturday	8	SUNDAY	8
Tuesday	9	Wednesd.	9	Thursday	9	Friday	9	Saturday	9	SUNDAY	9	Monday	9
Wednesd.	10	Thursday	10	Friday	10	Saturday	10	SUNDAY	10	Monday	10	Tuesday	10
Thursday	11	Friday	11	Saturday	11	SUNDAY	11	Monday	11	Tuesday	11	Wednesd.	11
Friday	12	Saturday	12	SUNDAY	12	Monday	12	Tuesday	12	Wednesd.	12	Thursday	12
Saturday	13	SUNDAY	13	Monday	13	Tuesday	13	Wednesd.	13	Thursday	13	Friday	13
SUNDAY	14	Monday	14	Tuesday	14	Wednesd.	14	Thursday	14	Friday	14	Saturday	14
Monday	15	Tuesday	15	Wednesd.	15	Thursday	15	Friday	15	Saturday	15	SUNDAY	15
Tuesday	16	Wednesd.	16	Thursday	16	Friday	16	Saturday	16	SUNDAY	16	Monday	16
Wednesd.	17	Thursday	17	Friday	17	Saturday	17	SUNDAY	17	Monday	17	Tuesday	17
Thursday	18	Friday	18	Saturday	18	SUNDAY	18	Monday	18	Tuesday	18	Wednesd.	18
Friday	19	Saturday	19	SUNDAY	19	Monday	19	Tuesday	19	Wednesd.	19	Thursday	19
Saturday	20	SUNDAY	20	Monday	20	Tuesday	20	Wednesd.	20	Thursday	20	Friday	20
SUNDAY	21	Monday	21	Tuesday	21	Wednesd.	21	Thursday	21	Friday	21	Saturday	21
Monday	22	Tuesday	22	Wednesd.	22	Thursday	22	Friday	22	Saturday	22	SUNDAY	22
Tuesday	23	Wednesd.	23	Thursday	23	Friday	23	Saturday	23	SUNDAY	23	Monday	23
Wednesd.	24	Thursday	24	Friday	24	Saturday	24	SUNDAY	24	Monday	24	Tuesday	24
Thursday	25	Friday	25	Saturday	25	SUNDAY	25	Monday	25	Tuesday	25	Wednesd.	25
Friday	26	Saturday	26	SUNDAY	26	Monday	26	Tuesday	26	Wednesd.	26	Thursday	26
Saturday	27	SUNDAY	27	Monday	27	Tuesday	27	Wednesd.	27	Thursday	27	Friday	27
SUNDAY	28	Monday	28	Tuesday	28	Wednesd.	28	Thursday	28	Friday	28	Saturday	28
Monday	29	Tuesday	29	Wednesd.	29	Thursday	29	Friday	29	Saturday	29	SUNDAY	29
Tuesday	30	Wednesd.	30	Thursday	30	Friday	30	Saturday	30	SUNDAY	30	Monday	30
Wednesd.	31	Thursday	31	Friday	31	Saturday	31	SUNDAY	31	Monday	31	Tuesday	31

NOTE.—To ascertain any day of the week, first look in the table for the year required, and under the months are figures which refer to the corresponding figures at the head of the columns of days below. For Example:—To know on what day of the week July 4, 1917, will fall, look in the table of years for 1917, and in a parallel line under July is figure 7, which directs to column 7 in which it will be seen that July 4 falls on Wednesday.

*1752 same as 1772 from January 1 to September 2. From September 14 to December 31 same as 1780 (September 8-13 were omitted).

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227 Maclay Street.

Filing Clerk—Miss Minnie A. Bowman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

227 Maclay Street.

Messenger—James M. Auter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

114 Balm Street.

Watchman—John W. Early, Penbrook, Dauphin County.

OFFICE OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

Lieutenant-Governor—Edward E. Beidleman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Clerk—W. Justin Carter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
1225 Market Street.Stenographer—Miss C. Mabelle Dobbs, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
1831 Market Street.

515 South Fourteenth Street.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

Secretary—Cyrus E. Woods, Greensburg, Westmoreland County. Penn-Harris Hotel.

Deputy Secretary—Frederic A. Godcharles, Milton, Northumberland County.

410 North Third Street.

Executive Bureau.

Chief Clerk and Secretary of the Board of Pardons—Samuel C. Todd, Charleroi, Washington County.

1007 North Front Street.

Expert Stenographer—Miss Anne C. Glazier, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

1111 North Second Street.

Statute Clerk—W. Harry Hitchler, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Minute and Index Clerk—Miss Elizabeth C. Sheahan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

703 North Second Street.

Corporation Bureau.

Chief of Bureau—John F. Whitworth, Kittanning, Armstrong County.

Assistant Chief of Bureau—Charles H. Hollinger, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
119 Locust Street.Foreign Corporation Clerk—James K. DeLaney, Easton, Northampton County.
225 Pine Street.Index and Control Clerk—John B. Patrick, Clarion, Clarion County.
417 Briggs Street.Expert Stenographer and Search Clerk—Orlo H. Brown, Patton, Cambria County.
817 North Second Street.Engrossing and Recording Clerk—Harry F. Young, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
2512 Derry Street.Recording Clerk and Assistant Secretary of the Board of Pardons—Francis H. Hoy, Jr., Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
242 North Street.

1015 Green Street.

Recording Clerks—Ralph E. Griswold, Athens, Bradford County.

Y. M. C. A.

Joel A. Lininger, Sharon, Mercer County.

Wallace W. Lowther, Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County. 2239 North Fourth Street.

John Lucas, Mount Airy, Philadelphia. 2223 North Fourth Street.

Christian H. Sauers, 900 Sherman Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 807 North Third Street.

Chester A. Stineman, South Fork, Cambria County. 1719 State Street.

1204 North Fifteenth Street.

Commission Bureau.

Chief of Commission and Bond Bureau—Gilbert H. Hassler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 204 North Second Street.

Engrossing Clerk—Wilmer Johnson, Blue Bell, Montgomery County.

Recording Clerks—Carrol S. Gaut, Charleroi, Washington County. 1831 Spencer Street.

Allan E. Shomo, 1506 Green Street, Philadelphia. 219 Walnut Street.

410 Briggs Street.

Election and Legislative Bureau.

Superintendent—George D. Thorn, Gettysburg, Adams County. 224 Emerald Street.

Chief Clerk—Charles R. Willits, Reading, Berks County. 808 Capital Street.

Clerk—Maurice N. Trone, Hanover, York County. 263 Boas Street.

Requisition and Warrant Bureau.

Chief Clerk—Alfred W. Weil, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Clerks—Charles W. Blosser, Fort Hunter, Dauphin County. 421 South Seventeenth Street.

Frank J. Turano, 316 South Fourth Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Registration Bureau.

Chief Clerk—Leon D. Metzger, Indiana, Indiana County. 1624 Market Street.

Clerks—James C. Dick, (P. O. New Florence, Westmoreland County), Indiana County. 2303 Logan Street.

Miss Elizabeth K. Dohoney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Harry D. Hilton, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1110 North Second Street.

Messenger—Lester J. First, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1212 North Third Street.

Watchman—Harry J. Shank, Elizabethtown, Lancaster County. 1935 Whitehall Street.

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Attorney-General—William I. Schaffer, Chester, Delaware County.

First Deputy Attorney-General—Robert S. Gawthrop, West Chester, Chester County. Penn-Harris Hotel.

Deputy Attorneys-General—Emerson Collins, Williamsport, Lycoming County. 208 Pine Street.

William M. Hargest, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 208 Pine Street.

Frank M. Hunter, Knoxville Borough, Allegheny County. 113 Reilly Street.

Bernard J. Myers, Lancaster, Lancaster County. 1517 State Street.

William I. Swoope, Clearfield, Clearfield County.

Special Attorneys—George W. Coles, 5356 Cedar Street, Philadelphia. 208 Pine Street.

Frank M. Eastman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Penn-Harris Hotel.

Edmund K. Trent, Sewickley, Allegheny County. 211 Locust Street.

Chief Investigator—Albert B. Smith, 640 North Second Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Investigators—Rhine R. Freed, North Wales, Montgomery County.

Robert G. Jones, 3906 Marshall Street, Philadelphia.

David Matthews, 116 Locust Street, Mount Oliver, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Joseph W. Rapp, Jr., 157 Oneida Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

William J. Wahl, 2723 Thompson Street, Philadelphia.

Isaac C. Weber, Norristown, Montgomery County.

Private Secretary—Howard M. Hoke, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

Law Clerks—Charles P. Addams, Camp Hill, Cumberland County. 1809 North Second Street.

Guy H. Davies, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

(Vacancy).

Stenographers—Miss Stella M. Backenstoss, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Caroline B. Haifleigh, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 632 Camp Street.

Miss M. Florence Keffer, Reading, Berks County. 1337 Penn Street.

Miss Marion G. Raymond, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 704 North Sixth Street.

Miss Olive A. Ready, New Cumberland, Cumberland County. 205 State Street.

Miss Mary M. Schlomer, Newport, Perry County. 406 North Street.

Miss Mae E. Sloathour, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss E. Miriam Stein, 223 Elkhart Street, Philadelphia. 587 South Front Street.

Miss Lucile Stroup, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 224 Maclay Street.

Miss Margaret Tilghman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1337 Howard Street.

Additional Clerks—Augustus W. Ahlborn, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1124 North Third Street.

Charles S. Lingle, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 433 Hummel Street.

George Harris Rupert, West Chester, Chester County. 1338 Derry Street.

Messenger—William J. Maguire, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Plaza Hotel. 1813 Park Street.

AUDITOR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Auditor-General—Charles A. Snyder, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

Deputy Auditor-General—Charles Johnson, Norristown, Montgomery County. 108 North Second Street.

Assistant Deputy Auditor-General—Fred T. MacDonald, Kennett Square, Chester County. Hotel Columbus.

Special Deputy Auditors-General—Harry R. Purple, Knoxville, Tioga County. 237 North Street.

Murtha P. Quinn, 6391 Drexel Road, Overbrook, Philadelphia. New Cumberland, Cumberland County.

Chief Clerk—Thomas M. Williamson, Erie, Erie County. Penn-Harris Hotel. 711 North Second Street.

Traveling Auditors—Charles W. Bodine, Wellsboro, Tioga County.

George J. Churchill, McKees Rocks, Allegheny County.

John T. Fish, Fallsington, Bucks County.

Barney P. Harkins, 1521 Beechview Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Horace D. Lindermuth, Auburn, Schuylkill County.

Robert W. Montgomery, 1114 West Tioga Street, Philadelphia.

Thomas L. O'Donnell, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

- Additional Clerks—H. Ward Alleman, Littlestown, Adams County. 211 Locust Street.
 Washington P. Altman, Sykesville, Jefferson County.
 F. Harry Baldwin, 1028 Olive Street, Philadelphia. 144 North Thirteenth Street.
 William Bothwell, 7 Maywood Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 1917 Chestnut Street.
 Henry E. Buffington, Lykens, Dauphin County. 2109 Green Street.
 George F. Burley, Shamokin, Northumberland County. 1918 North Sixth Street.
 Charles E. Crider, York, York County.
 Philip V. Dunn, Minersville, Schuylkill County. Penbrook, Dauphin County.
 Elijah K. Easton, Everett, Bedford County. Penbrook, Dauphin County.
 Jesse Ehrhart, Dallastown, York County. 1437 Swatara Street.
 John D. Frenic, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 237 Harris Street.
 William L. Gourley, New Castle, Lawrence County. 803 North Eighteenth Street.
 John C. Groome, Carlisle, Cumberland County. 262 Boas Street.
 John G. Haegele, Coopersburg, Bucks County. 262 Boas Street.
 Hobart Francis Hopkins, Muncy, Lycoming County. Y. M. C. A.
 Graham R. Hurd, Genesee, Potter County. 800 North Seventeenth Street.
 Lloyd D. Lubold, Elizabethville, Dauphin County. 262 Boas Street.
 Rudolph F. Lugner, McKeesport, Allegheny County. 216 North Second Street.
 David H. Matthews, New Castle, Lawrence County. 1507 Green Street.
 Lloyd W. Mitchell, Allentown, Lehigh County. 1523 Hunter Street.
 Samuel Edwin Peale, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 Fred F. Radcliffe, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1902 Mulberry Street.
 Frank J. Reiser, Hollidaysburg, Blair County. Carlisle, Cumberland County.
 Alexander M. Ritchey, Chambersburg, Franklin County. 247 North Street.
 Moses Shields, Nicholson, Wyoming County. 278 Briggs Street.
 J. Louis Sowers, Gettysburg, Adams County. 278 Briggs Street.
 John Milton Wilson, Red Lion, York County. 32 North Second Street.
 Filing and Index Clerks—George C. Bowen, Bradford, McKean County. 58 North Thirteenth Street.
 William H. Capell, Mansfield, Tioga County. 120 Hoerner Street.
 Cornelius B. Erisman, Middletown, Dauphin County. 257 North Street.
 John S. Irwin, Conshohocken, Montgomery County. 725 South Nineteenth Street.
 William W. Lenker, Williamstown, Dauphin County. 400 Briggs Street.
 George C. Roseman, Johnstown, Cambria County. 400 Briggs Street.
 George S. Trafford, Lebanon, Lebanon County.
 Stenographers—Miss Eleanor C. Callaghan, 323 Lincoln Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.
 Clyde S. Heckert, 2527 South Second Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.
 D. Herbert Leitzel, Northumberland, Northumberland County. 1402 State Street.
 Otto F. Messner, Williamstown, Dauphin County. 1917 Chestnut Street.
 James N. Robbin, 355 South Front Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Stenographers—Bert J. Watson, Williamsport, Lycoming County. Hotel Rife.
John F. Yestadt, 458 North Second Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Messengers—Alexander B. Taylor, Pottsville, Schuylkill County. 2042 Swatara Street.
Charles A. Tress, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

William L. Winston, Uniontown, Fayette County. 308½ South Second Street.
650 Boyd Street.

Watchmen—Fernando Loudermilch, Halifax, R. D., Dauphin County.
Thomas H. Wardle, Pottsville, Schuylkill County. Metropolitan Annex.

Division of Bookkeeping.

Chief Bookkeeper—Jacob O. Winters, Somerset, Somerset County.

Assistant Chief Bookkeeper—James A. Pollock, Antrim, Tioga County. 1208 North Fifteenth Street.

Bookkeepers—George J. Hellerman, Cheltenham, Montgomery County. 445A South Thirteenth Street.

Arthur J. Ransom, Forty Fort, Luzerne County. 2138 Green Street.

William G. Robinson, DuBois, Clearfield County. Penbrook, Dauphin County.
1007 Green Street.

Bureau of Corporations.

Chief Clerk—J. Lord Rigby, Media, Delaware County. 121 West State Street.

Assistant Chief Corporation Clerks—Samuel S. Lewis, York, York County. 209 Walnut Street.
Gabriel H. Moyer, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Special Corporation Clerk—Frank H. Lehman, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Clerks—John T. Carpenter, Coudersport, Potter County. 2124 North Third Street.

Robert Pattison Cox, Homestead, Allegheny County. Y. M. C. A.

Harry R. Einstein, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Richard V. Fox, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1313 Berryhill Street.

Alfred B. Garner, Ashland, Schuylkill County. 711 North Eighteenth Street.

John Robert Jones, Pottsville, Schuylkill County. 234 West State Street.

Patrick A. Kennedy, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

John Sharon McDonald, Baden, Beaver County. 21 South Nineteenth Street.

Percy R. McGinnis, Montgomerys Ferry, Perry County. 1200 North Fifteenth Street.

Michael S. Tarner, 7611 Bennett Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 2020 North Fifth Street.

Harry B. Taylor, Ridgway, Elk County. Penbrook, Dauphin County.
131 Evergreen Street.

James M. Thompson, 1531 Wingohocking Street, Philadelphia.

Chauncey G. Thorpe, Greenville, Mercer County. Metropolitan Annex.

John M. Williams, Dayton, Armstrong County. 1635 Market Street.
1936 Bellevue Road.

Bureau of Collections from Public Officers.

Chief Clerk—Christian W. Myers, Lincoln, Lancaster County.

Escheats Clerk—Miss Helen S. Ettinger, York, York County. 2005 North Third Street.

Clerks—Miss Mary M. Blessing, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 204 North Second Street.
108 South Street.

Walter D. Bosler, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Miss Marion Elizabeth Brubaker, Mifflinburg, Snyder County.

Mrs. Hattie Clough, Corry, Erie County. 111 Chestnut Street.

Joseph P. Connelly, 5807 Hays Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 128 Walnut Street.

Clarence C. Cooper, Connellsville, Fayette County. 235 North Street.

J. Milton Dissinger, Lebanon, Lebanon County. Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Clerks—Harry J. Eyster, Carlisle, Cumberland County.	515 North Fifteenth Street.
Thomas D. Frye, New Florence, Westmoreland County.	262 Boas Street.
John Harrison, Plymouth, Luzerne County.	
Mrs. Amy M. Henry, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.	200 South Thirteenth Street.
Aaron J. Henry, Allentown, Lehigh County.	200 South Thirteenth Street.
Flemon Kaufman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	310 Rely Street.
Mrs. Mary J. Kirk, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	209 West State Street.
Mrs. Bessie E. Leib, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1641 Berryhill Street.
Miss Mame E. Lewis, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.	218 Pine Street.
Jacob C. Lightner, New Bloomfield, Perry County.	812 North Sixteenth Street.
Mrs. Amelia C. Loving, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	
Edward A. McCall, Lewisburg, Union County.	18 North Fourth Street.
Miss Catharine A. McDonald, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County.	262 Boas Street.
Homer Reigle, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.	1009 North Third Street.
George Edward Seesholtz, Tower City, Schuylkill County.	215 Briggs Street.
Harry T. Shaddock, Brooklyn, Susquehanna County.	1939 Susquehanna Street.
Harry P. Shomo, Hamburg, Berks County.	413 Briggs Street.
Miss Margaret M. Snyder, Pillow, Dauphin County.	410 Briggs Street.
J. Edward Sponsler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1162 Mulberry Street.
William W. Turner, Jr., 2406 North Hancock Street, Philadelphia.	607 Briggs Street.
Barton W. Weaver, Terre Hill, Lancaster County.	707 North Eighteenth Street.
Miss Bessie E. Womer, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.	410 Briggs Street.
	214 Briggs Street.

Bureau of Accounts and Expenditures.

Chief Clerk—Harry L. Brindle, Sharon, Mercer County.	26 South Nineteenth Street.
Assistant Chief Clerk—Fitch L. Leonard, Montrose, Susquehanna County.	1614 Berryhill Street.
Appropriation Clerk—William A. Shaffer, Pavia, Bedford County.	
Clerks—Fred Beach, Wellsboro, Tioga County.	1256 State Street.
Frank C. Bolling, Connellsville, Fayette County.	407 South Thirteenth Street.
William R. Cameron, Wellsboro, Tioga County.	630 Boas Street.
Eugene E. Moyer, Lebanon, Lebanon County.	414 North Third Street.
Samuel R. Ogden, Lansdowne, Delaware County.	723 North Sixth Street.
William T. Reynolds, Scranton, Lackawanna County.	723 North Sixth Street.
Christian M. Schulze, Wyalusing, Bradford County.	812 North Third Street.
Warrant Clerk—Albert M. Hamer, Jr., Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1223 Market Street.
Statistician—Gwin M. Harvey, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.	1100 North Second Street.
Assistant Statistician—C. Eby Geyer, Catawissa, Columbia County.	1118 Green Street.
Stenographer and Personnel Clerk—Miss Florence M. Hughes, Reading, Berks County.	Paxtang, Dauphin County.
	218 Pine Street.
Special Auditors and Investigators—Louis B. Block, Hotel Lorraine, Philadelphia.	
Harry T. Callen, Tower City, Schuylkill County.	
Frank S. Clapp, Williamsport, Lycoming County.	
Frank Craven, California, Washington County.	2234 Penn Street.
N. Lester Grimm, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	434 South Thirteenth Street.
Arthur C. James, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.	73 Reservoir Street.

Special Auditors and Investigators—Thomas S. McLaughlin, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

Harry K. Merryfield, Reading, Berks County.

Frank C. Reese, 1001 West Market Street, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

Charles M. Rickert, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2423 North Sixth Street.

Fred W. Sapper, Erie, Erie County.

Harry G. Smith, West Chester, Chester County.

Harvey J. Smith, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

John C. Smith, 347 Mellwood Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Roy H. Smith, Ashland, Schuylkill County.

Allen M. Sprenger, Pottsville, Schuylkill County. 404 North Second Street.

Crosby A. Thompson, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.

James M. Yeager, Lewistown, Mifflin County.

OFFICIALS APPOINTED BY AUDITOR-GENERAL, ATTORNEY-GENERAL AND COUNTY OFFICERS, JOINTLY, FOR COLLECTION OF MERCANTILE AND OTHER LICENSE TAXES IN PHILADELPHIA AND ALLEGHENY COUNTIES.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

City Treasurer's Office, Room 143, City Hall, Philadelphia.

Attorneys—David McCoach, 6215 Washington Avenue, Philadelphia.

John T. Murphy, 1226 Erie Avenue, Philadelphia.

Board of Mercantile Appraisers, Room 190, City Hall, Philadelphia.

President—Fred A. VanValkenberg, St. James Hotel, Philadelphia.

Members—James A. Carey, 323 Pine Street, Philadelphia.

John J. Crout, 511 Westview Avenue, Philadelphia.

Thomas F. Watson, 5527 Chew Street, Germantown, Philadelphia.

Frank J. Ryan, 1928 Morris Street, Philadelphia.

Chief Clerk—Thomas W. South, 6940 Keystone Street, Philadelphia.

Assistant Chief Clerk—George W. Mintzer, 225 Catharine Street, Philadelphia.

Clerks—Thomas E. Ashmead, 1230 Locust Street, Philadelphia.

H. C. Boner, 5418B Chancellor Street, Philadelphia.

Charles V. Burke, Adelphia Hotel, Philadelphia.

Daniel Cahill, Jr., 410 Bainbridge Street, Philadelphia.

Morris Connor, 6234 Chelwynde Avenue, Philadelphia.

Patrick J. Corcoran, 5826 Springfield Avenue, Philadelphia.

George Cosgrove, 5118 Knox Street, Philadelphia.

John H. Glenn, 2331 Lawrence Street, Philadelphia.

George W. Raudenbush, 2618 North Hutchinson Street, Philadelphia.

Inspectors—Joseph F. Barton, 5941 Addison Street, Philadelphia.

Frank L. Rau, 2013 West College Avenue, Philadelphia.

Lewis H. Traunweiser, 5305 Girard Avenue, Philadelphia.

Auditor and Investigator—Edward A. Devlin, 243 South Camac Street, Philadelphia.

Special Auditors—Elias Abrams, 230 West Wildie Street, Philadelphia.

John A. Voorhees, 2026 Race Street, Philadelphia.

Stenographer—George W. Gray, 840 East Westmoreland Street, Philadelphia.

Messenger—Henry Stuber, 1006 North Leithgow Street, Philadelphia.

REGISTER OF WILLS' OFFICE, ROOMS 162-170 CITY HALL, PHILADELPHIA.**Collateral Inheritance Tax Bureau.**

Chief Clerk—William G. Shields, 414 School Lane, Philadelphia.

Assistant Chief Clerk—Jesse W. Pallatt, 2510 Tulip Street, Philadelphia.

Appraiser—John H. Bunting, 2545 North Front Street, Philadelphia.

Assistant Clerks—W. Edwin Bonnick, 517 Moore Street, Philadelphia.

Arthur F. Conley, 1716 Master Street, Philadelphia.

John S. N. Ewing, 1918 Buckius Street, Philadelphia.

David L. Gibson, 1241 Wolf Street, Philadelphia.

Chris C. Knauss, 1430 South Fifty-fourth Street, Philadelphia.

Robert M. McPetridge, 2049 Bainbridge Street, Philadelphia.

Rudolph Rudinger, 807 Callowhill Street, Philadelphia.

Edward T. Shay, 1211 North Forty-first Street, Philadelphia.

Charles A. Towers, 1120 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Samuel S. White, 1710 Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia.

Attorneys—William M. Boenning, 2030 Green Street, Philadelphia.

H. Horace Dawson, 2208 Venango Street, Philadelphia.

J. Lee Patton, 262 Harvey Street, Philadelphia.

Charles S. Schofield, 517 East Hermitage Street, Philadelphia.

Edwin S. Ward, 153 West Tabor Road, Philadelphia.

Direct Inheritance Tax Bureau.

Chief Clerk—Robert M. Boyle, Delmar-Morris Apartments, Germantown, Philadelphia.

Assistant Chief Clerks—Charles Goldsmith, 1710 North Thirteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Murt M. McConologue, 5021 Sydenham Street, Philadelphia.

Appraiser—Harry A. Connor, 3801 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Assistant Clerks—Joseph Adelman, 1510 North Lawrence Street, Philadelphia.

William A. Blewitt, 3432 North Thirteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Samuel J. Blumberg, 320 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia.

Joseph Boyle, 827 North Eleventh Street, Philadelphia.

William Brown, 4438 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

Edward J. Connor, 1407 North Eleventh Street, Philadelphia.

Samuel Curran, 3179 Weikel Street, Philadelphia.

Thomas H. Egan, 2724 North Gratz Street, Philadelphia.

Anthony Familiare, 771 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

Henry H. Farley, 5237 Wissahickon Street, Germantown, Philadelphia.

Robert L. Farley, 807 Locust Street, Philadelphia.

William Fletcher, 217 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia.

James F. Hagen, 241 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia.

Oscar F. Levy, 805 North Fifth Street, Philadelphia.

William J. McCarter, 4246 Girard Avenue, Philadelphia.

Hugh J. McGinley, 2635 East Thompson Street, Philadelphia.

Michael McGinniss, 721 West Allegheny Avenue, Philadelphia.

William McCuen, 1809 Market Street, Philadelphia.

John Mathews, 1622 Latimer Street, Philadelphia.

William J. Milligan, 1810 Wood Street, Philadelphia.

James J. Ragan, 1907 Master Street, Philadelphia.

Robert W. Scott, 5979 Drexel Road, Philadelphia.

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Edward E. Stewart, 1945 Snyder Avenue, Philadelphia.

Attorneys—Robert W. Finletter, 6707 Cresheim Road, Germantown, Philadelphia.

William Linton, 5430 Westford Road, Olney, Philadelphia.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.**County Treasurer's Office, Court House, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.****Attorneys**—Ralph C. Davis, 5825 Northumberland Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Frank A. Piekarski, 2057 Beechwood Boulevard, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Harry I. Riley, 537 Union Arcade Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Robert G. Woodside, 5146 Liberty Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Receiving Teller—R. Frank Bigham, Main and Broadway Streets, Carnegie, Allegheny County.**State Clerk**—John A. Schrader, Allison Park, Allegheny County.**First Assistant State Clerk**—William W. Poor, 308 Forty-fourth Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.**Second Assistant State Clerk**—James Sassano, 41½ Congress Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.**First Assistant Bookkeeper**—George N. Snaman, Marshall and Irwin Avenues, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.**Investigators**—David L. Davis, 30 Carothers Avenue, Carnegie, Allegheny County.

Harry L. Hutchinson, 6205 Alder Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

R. J. McGrath, 2112 Carson Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

W. Noble Matthews, 225 Forty-fourth Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

James F. Richards, 5615 Woodmont Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Stenographer and Clerk—Robert Fribertshauser, 98 Eureka Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.**Mercantile Appraiser's Office, Court House, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.****Appraiser**—Samuel J. Grenet, 3557 Shadeland Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.**Clerk**—John M. Joyce, 274 Thirty-eighth Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.**Register of Wills' Office, Court House, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.****Direct Inheritance Tax Bureau.****Attorneys**—Charles A. Waldschmidt, 1200 Federal Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

George Weil, 427 Holland Avenue, Braddock, Allegheny County.

John O. Wicks, Bellevue, Allegheny County.

Chief Clerk—Herbert H. Bengough, 7724 Hamilton Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.**Cashier**—Wall B. Mayhugh, 228 Jackson Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.**Chief Appraiser**—Walter J. Christy, 5127 Liberty Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.**Auditor**—Andrew C. Robertson, 321 Frick Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.**Stenographers**—Miss Mary Harlan McCune, Malta Apartments, Braddock, Allegheny County.

William H. Marshall, 7401 McClure Avenue, Swissvale, Allegheny County.

Miss Ethel T. Sechler, 703 Swissvale Avenue, Wilkinsburg, Allegheny County.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Clerks—Charles F. Beltz, 937 North St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Frank E. Campbell, 6 Waldorf Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Robert L. Conner, 421 Orchard Street, Knoxville, Allegheny County.
 Frank E. Haller, 3973 Grenet Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 F. W. Katz, 2 Carrie Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 E. M. Neill, 118 South Euclid Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Miss Margaret Schmitt, 3276 Bainton Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Clyde Skelton, Woodlawn Avenue, Lincoln Place, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Albert Wagner, Bunola, Allegheny County.
 William O. Wetzel, 1219 Dickson Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Bureau of Investigation.

Chief Investigator—Thomas G. McClure, 5852 Bartlett Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Investigators—Harry O. Barnett, 6743 MacPherson Boulevard, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Charles L. Brinkman, 6109 Alder Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Edward F. Dillon, 3344 Brighton Road, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 John Gallagher, Jr., 1234 Braddock Avenue, Braddock, Allegheny County.
 John J. C. Garrigan, 1234 Braddock Avenue, Braddock, Allegheny County.
 Edward O. Kennedy, 15 Bartold Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 George W. McKee, 722 Wylie Avenue, McKeesport, Allegheny County.
 Theodore A. Milby, 309 Grace Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 D. C. Thornburg, 1165 Harvard Road, Thornburg, Allegheny County.
 James R. Watkins, 1321 Bingham Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 John H. Whitfield, 842 Talbot Avenue, Braddock, Allegheny County.
 Clerk—Miss Martha O. Vincent, 1709 Termon Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Messenger—Peter A. Donahoe, 1095 Dohrman Street, McKees Rocks, Allegheny County.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

State Treasurer—Harmon M. Kephart, Connellsville, Fayette County.
 Cashier—Thomas A. Crichton, Wellsboro, Tioga County.
 Assistant Cashier—Joseph B. LeCompte, Bradford, McKean County.
 Bond Clerk—(Vacancy).
 Corporation Clerk (Acting)—Joseph L. Kurtz, Punxsutawney, Jefferson County.
 Assistant Corporation Clerk—Henry T. Albee, Galetton, Potter County.
 Appropriation Clerk—James G. Martin, New Wilmington, Lawrence County.
 Assistant Appropriation Clerks—William F. Porter, Sharon, Mercer County.
 W. Day Wilson, Clarion, Clarion County.
 Deposit Clerk—John J. Grady, 1223 Green Street, Philadelphia.

Penn-Harris Hotel.
 Columbus Hotel.

604 North Third Street.

1931 Market Street.

1606 Market Street.

2176 Green Street.

26 South Nineteenth Street.

235 North Street.

1829 Park Street.

Assistant Deposit Clerk—Albert V. Mills, Williamsport, Lycoming County.	211 Boas Street.
Warrant Clerk—Ross A. Look, Linglestown, Dauphin County.	
Bookkeepers—Raymond J. Elrick, Beaver Falls, Beaver County.	123 Pine Street.
John H. Hall, Pen Argyl, Northampton County.	
Corporation Bookkeeper—Thomas W. DeRousse, 5405 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.	713 North Eighteenth Street.
Assistant Corporation Bookkeeper—Ellery L. Hoover, Lock Haven, Clinton County.	278 Briggs Street.
	1721 Forster Street.
Clerks—Walker A. Carder, Uniontown, Fayette County.	223 Briggs Street.
Maurice J. Hoffman, Reading, Berks County.	808 Capital Street.
Marshall Ficklin, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1403 Williams Street.
Oscar G. Klopp, Lebanon, Lebanon County.	239 North Street.
Franklin Martin, West Fairview, Cumberland County.	
Extra Clerks—William S. Acuff, Ambler, Montgomery County.	
Samuel S. Anderson, Conneville, Fayette County.	143 Balm Street.
Charles E. Deatrick, Biglerville, Adams County.	418½ Reily Street.
Earl T. DeWald, Saint Clair, Schuylkill County.	
	1222 North Third Street.
Oscar Falstrom, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1101 Capital Street.
Miss Helen E. Fox, Hummelstown, Dauphin County.	
Llewellyn C. Griffiths, Slatington, Schuylkill County.	
	405 Market Street.
Robert Griffiths, 2145 East Cambria Street, Philadelphia.	
	345 Hummel Street.
William Janes, Scranton, Lackawanna County.	260 Broad Street.
Joseph E. Kerst, 3330 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.	
	413 Briggs Street.
Miss Josephine A. Klopp, Lebanon, Lebanon County.	
	239 North Street.
Irvin H. LaMotte, Red Lion, York County.	1437 Swatara Street.
George R. Mathers, Wellsboro, Tioga County.	114 Locust Street.
John L. Mollison, Scottdale, Westmoreland County.	601 Briggs Street.
John A. Parry, Forty Fort, Luzerne County.	426 Briggs Street.
E. Vinton Philips, Downingtown, Chester County.	237 North Street.
William Baird Potts, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	
	20 North Seventeenth Street.
Edgar W. Powell, Conneville, Fayette County.	1154 Mulberry Street.
Joseph M. Reilly, West Chester, Chester County.	241 North Street.
Edward F. Seymour, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	613 Race Street.
William C. Smith, 27 Chestnut Terrace, Philadelphia.	
	241 North Street.
Miss Cora V. Snowden, Philadelphia.	30 North Second Street.
Ard G. Steele, Altoona, Blair County.	1154 Mulberry Street.
Amos H. Stroh, Bloomsburg, Columbia County.	500 North Third Street.
Simon C. Wagenseller, Shamokin, Northumberland County.	
	10 South Fourth Street.
Emanuel M. Yedinsky, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.	
	1222 North Third Street.
Stenographer—Mrs. Mabel M. Miller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1514 State Street.
Watchmen—Simon L. Epler, Middletown, R. D., Dauphin County.	
Daniel M. Potter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1318 North Fourth Street.
Reinsinger B. Shaw, Conneville, Fayette County.	317 Walnut Street.
Messenger—Frank E. Cullins, Brownsville, Fayette County.	650 Boyd Avenue.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Secretary of Internal Affairs—James F. Woodward, McKeesport, Allegheny County.	
Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs—James H. Craig, Altoona, Blair County.	317 North Front Street.
	104 Hamilton Street.

Chief Clerk—Thomas Perry, Wheatland, Mercer County. 220 Crescent Street.
 Bookkeeper—Edward B. Divon, Landisburg, Perry County. 1222 North Third Street.
 Clerk and Stenographer—Miss Stella L. Foote, Wattsburg, Erie County. 1928 Bellevue Road.
 Stenographers—Miss Margaret B. James, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 318 North Second Street.
 Miss Elizabeth C. Whitaker, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County. 209 Boas Street.
 Messenger—James R. Wilson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 506 Brown Street.
 Watchman—Isaiah D. Winters, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 406 Spring Street.

Land Office Bureau.

Chief Draftsman and Surveyor—John H. Campbell, Uniontown, Fayette County. 254 Cumberland Street.
 Draftsman and Surveyor—William A. Moore, Curwensville, Clearfield County. 37 North Seventeenth Street.
 Draftsmen—George S. Canning, Waterford, Erie County. 905 North Sixteenth Street.
 Charles F. Chidsey, Jr., Easton, Northampton County. 1725 State Street.
 John O. Jackson, Franklin, Venango County. 409 South Thirteenth Street.
 Robert O. Stuckenrath, Meadville, Crawford County. 1803 Market Street.
 Search Clerks—James C. Kirk, Washington, Washington County. 235 North Street.
 George F. Ross, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 3 South Front Street.
 Clerks—Joseph R. Beebe, Montrose, Susquehanna County. 610 North Eighteenth Street.
 Miss Emma M. B. Eisenhart, York, York County. 117 Rely Street.
 John C. Gates, Ebensburg, Cambria County. 1839 Market Street.
 Allison A. Hamilton, Vandergrift, Westmoreland County. 704 North Sixth Street.
 August W. Hoff, Chester, Delaware County. Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
 Uriah G. Kreider, Lebanon, Lebanon County.
 John A. Morton, McKeesport, Allegheny County. 7 North Thirteenth Street.
 George W. Rhoads, Herndon, Northumberland County. 212 Muench Street.

Bureau of Assessments and Taxes.

Chief—Alfred Evans, Kane, McKean County. 711 Capital Street.
 Clerks—Samuel H. Lemon, Hollidaysburg, Blair County. 1200 Derry Street.
 (Vacancy).

Bureau of Railroads.

Chief of Bureau—Freeman C. Gerberich, Dauphin, Dauphin County.
 Assistant Chief of Bureau—Thomas B. T. Baldwin, Chadds Ford, Delaware County. 2017 Derry Street.
 Clerks—Edwin T. Trego, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1724 Penn Street.
 (Vacancy).

Bureau of Standards.

(Office—Masonic Temple, Third and State Streets, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)
 Chief of Bureau—James Sweeney, Arnot, Tioga County. 1 South Eighteenth Street.
 Assistant Chief of Bureau—George B. Marquart, Lebanon, Lebanon County.
 Deputies—Michael J. Cronin, Jr., Chester, Delaware County.
 H. Stanley Drake, Norristown, Montgomery County. Columbus Hotel.
 William B. McGrady, 3227 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 William P. Parker, Kittanning, Armstrong County.
 Enoch Thomas, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
 David G. Watkins, Lansford, Carbon County.
 John S. Williams, Phoenixville, Chester County. Bolton House.
 Babcock Test Inspector—Oscar B. Baker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 352 Crescent Street.
 Stenographer—Miss Alice B. Cusack, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 930 James Street.

Bureau of Statistics and Information.

Chief—M. Hoke Gottschall, Hotel Penn, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Assistant to Chief—Wilson I. Fleming, Bellefonte, Centre County. Penn-Harris Hotel.

Statisticians—Joseph F. Bierstein, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County. 109 North Second Street.

1348 Liberty Street.

John L. Rockey, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Filing Clerk—Marion H. Frantz, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County. 709 Capital Street.

Copying Clerk—John L. Estock, Nanticoke, Luzerne County. 318 North Second Street.

Editor of Publications—(Vacancy).

Collectors of Statistics—(Four Vacancies.)

Clerks—Philip H. Bridenbaugh, Martinsburg, Blair County. 710 North Third Street.

Warren W. Jones, Turtle Creek, Allegheny County. 216 North Second Street.

Harvey Wolfe, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

(Vacancy).

Expert Tabulating Machine Operator—Albert T. Eberbach, 3616 North Eighteenth Street, Philadelphia. 20 North Nineteenth Street.

Machine Operator—John Wise, Ephrata, Lancaster County. Y. M. C. A.

Stenographer—Ralph J. Histed, Carbondale, Lackawanna County.

278 Briggs Street.

Key Punch Operators—Miss Clara E. Anderson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1440 Regina Street.

Miss Anna M. Bradley, Mercersburg, Franklin County.

147 North Thirteenth Street.

Mrs. Nora G. Hodgson, Kane, McKean County.

111 Broad Street.

Mrs. Jane E. Scott, Delenox Apartments, Thirteenth and Spruce Streets, Philadelphia.

268 Peffer Street.

Mrs. Sara H. Scott, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

253 Boas Street.

Bureau of Municipalities.

Chief of Bureau—J. Herman Knisely, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

City Planning Engineer—Karl B. Lohmann, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County. 1705 North Front Street.

Municipal Engineer—E. Clark Cowden, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1003 North Second Street.

Engineer—George M. Lehman, 324 South Forty-fifth Street, Philadelphia. 303 South Front Street.

Accountant—Ernest F. MacDonald, Coatesville, Chester County. 227 Pine Street.

Chief of Division of City Planning Engineer—B. Antrim Haldeman, 2309 Germantown Avenue, Philadelphia. 1513 Penn Street.

Editor of Statistics—Robert F. Gorman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Engineers' Club.

24 North Nineteenth Street.

Clerk and Stenographer—Miss Emma A. Keeney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

721 Capital Street.

Cataloguer—Miss Anna M. Neuhauser, Millersville, Lancaster County.

612 North Front Street.

Multigraph Operator—Mrs. Cora L. Burford, Duquesne, Allegheny County.

1101 North Sixth Street.

Bureau of Topographic and Geological Survey.

State Geologist—George H. Ashley, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Assistant to State Geologist—Charles W. Webbert, Boiling Springs, Cumberland County. 123 State Street.

1402 State Street.

Geologic Aide—Roland W. Brown, Leighton, Carbon County.

Stenographers—Mrs. Lizette F. Carey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1934 North Second Street.

1934 North Second Street.

Miss Jean N. Rauch, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

120 North Street.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Warrantee Tract Maps.

Draftsmen—William F. Rhoades, Phoenixville, Chester County.

J. F. Wilkinson, Blairsville, Indiana County. 332 South Sixteenth Street.
Elks' Club.

Clerk—Miss Sarah C. Dickinson, 343 North Front Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Surveys and Records.

Copyists—William G. Davis, Ashland, Schuylkill County.

David. Drexler, McKeesport, Allegheny County. Lemoyne, Cumberland County.
Elks' Club.

C. Grove Enders, York, York County.

Miss Jean H. Fahrney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1221 State Street.

Morris Friedman, 2247 East William Street, Philadelphia.

Morris H. Garvin, Sharon Hill, Delaware County. Lenox Hotel.

12 South Seventeenth Street.

Campbell H. Hertzog, Mertztown, Berks County. 261 Briggs Street.

Benjamin W. Kurtz, Middletown, Dauphin County.

William S. Mullin, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Charles F. Spotts, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

Wormleysburg, Cumberland County.

Samuel S. Stacks, Florin, Lancaster County.

Garrett S. Wall, Monongahela, Washington County. 224 Woodbine Street.

Samuel B. Wolfe, Lewisburg, Union County.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

State Board of Education.

President and Chief Executive Officer—Superintendent of Public Instruction,
Thomas E. Finegan.

Marcus Aaron, Second National Bank, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

John P. Garber, Nineteenth above Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

William Lauder, Riddlesburg, Bedford County.

(Three vacancies).

Executive Office

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Thomas E. Finegan, Harrisburg, Dauphin
County.

611 North Front Street.

Secretary to Superintendent—Miss Helen J. Ostrander, Harrisburg, Dauphin
County.

317 North Front Street.

Stenographer—Miss Marguerite V. Witmyer, New Cumberland, Cumberland County.

Deputy Superintendent—J. George Becht, Clarion, Clarion County.

1007 North Front Street.

Stenographer—Miss Edna M. Kugler, Philadelphia.

30 North Second Street.

Deputy Superintendent—William D. Lewis, Lansdowne, Delaware County.

Stenographer—Miss Elsie A. McIntyre, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

2144 North Fourth Street.

Bureau of Administration.

Director—Fred Engelhardt, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Financial Clerk—U. Grant Fry, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Filing Clerk and Librarian—Miss Ruth S. Hull, Millersville, Lancaster County.

904 North Second Street.

Filing Clerk—Miss Salinda E. Solomon, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

2118 Green Street.

Clerk—Miss Jane Brinser, Elizabethtown, Lancaster County.

Statistical Clerk—George A. Stearns, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Storekeeper—Harry A. Walter, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Stenographers—Miss Ruth L. Grissinger, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Edna E. Hartman, Arendtsville, Adams County. 717 North Seventeenth Street.

Miss Mary Stephen Mark, Lebanon, Lebanon County. 204 North Second Street.

Messenger—Fred S. Snoddy, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 604 North Third Street.

260 Cumberland Street

Bureau of Attendance.

Director—William M. Denison, Troy, Bradford County.

Stenographer—Miss Mildred B. Bomgardner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

329 Reilly Street.

Bureau of Certification and Training of Teachers.

Director—Albert L. Rowland, Wayne, Delaware County. 1705 North Front Street.

Assistant Director—Charles H. Fisher, West Chester, Chester County.

Recording Clerk—Hiram H. Fleisher, Auburn, Schuylkill County.

Stenographer—Miss Mabel C. Backenstoss, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

1249 Kittatinny Street.

Bureau of Health Education.

Director—(Vacancy).

Supervisor of Nutrition—Miss Katharine A. Pritchett, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Physical Training—Miss Jeanne M. Gray, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 612 North Front Street.

Stenographer—Miss Edith L. Breiting, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 236 North Second Street.

Bureau of Rural Education.

Director—Lee L. Driver, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Bureau of School Buildings.

Director—Hubert Clarke Eichler, Scottdale, Westmoreland County.

Draftsman—Carlisle B. Hasness, Scottdale, Westmoreland County. 103 South Street.

Stenographers—Miss Edna V. Eckert, Wormleysburg, Cumberland County. 103 Locust Street.

Miss Elizabeth Jane S. Lady, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1919 Green Street.

Bureau of School Inspection.

Director—Charles D. Koch, Philipsburg, Centre County. 1224 North Third Street.

High School Inspectors—James G. Pentz, Charleroi, Washington County.

Guido C. L. Riemer, Lewisburg, Union County. 2060 Whitehall Street.

William S. Taft, Rochester, Beaver County. 906 North Sixteenth Street.

(Vacancy). Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Stenographer—Miss Nell C. Good, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

812 North Sixth Street.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Bureau of Vocational Education.

(Office—Union Trust Company Building, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

AGRICULTURAL DIVISION.

Director—Lindley H. Dennis, State College, Centre County.

Supervisors—Jacob K. Bowman, Campbeltown, Lebanon County.
Camp Hill, Cumberland County.Howard C. Fetterolf, Mifflinville, Columbia County.
Camp Hill, Cumberland County.County Supervisors—Allegheny County—Vernon Allen Martin, Court House, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
Camp Hill, Cumberland County.Chester County—Frank R. Morey, West Chester, Chester County.
Newfoundland, Wayne County.

Columbia County—Brandon Wright, Bloomsburg, Columbia County.

Home Education Supervisor—Miss Lulu M. Hartman, McKeesport, Allegheny County.
128 Walnut Street.

Household Arts Supervisor—Mrs. Anna G. Green, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

Stenographers—Miss Edna P. Comp, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Dauphin, Dauphin County.Mrs. Ruth Boring McDanel, New Cumberland, Cumberland County.
2120 North Sixth Street.

INDUSTRIAL DIVISION.

Director—(Vacancy).

Continuation School Supervisor—Miss M. Claire Snyder, Altoona, Blair County.
Dauphin, Dauphin County.

Industrial Education Supervisor—William P. Loonis, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Manual Training Supervisor—Wallace E. Hackett, Reading, Berks County.
3102 North Second Street.Music and Drawing Supervisor—Paul E. Beck, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
123 North Street.Stenographers—Miss Helen Ruth Stephens, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
1015 North Seventeenth Street.

Miss Caroline M. Worley, Wormleysburg, Cumberland County.

Miss Ruth L. Yoder, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

116 Herr Street.

Bureau of Professional Education.

(Office—422 Perry Building, Philadelphia.)

Examiner—John Loman, 422 Perry Building, Philadelphia.

Examiners and School Visitors—A. Davis Jackson, 422 Perry Building, Philadelphia.

C. Blaine Smathers, 101 State Hall, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Stenographers—Miss Emma S. Longacre, 422 Perry Building, Philadelphia.

Miss Lillian M. Rogers, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure.

President—John M. Baldy, 409 Lincoln Building, Philadelphia.

Secretary—Superintendent of Public Instruction Thomas E. Finegan.

Members—William M. Hillegas, 1807 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

C. L. Johnstonbaugh, Bethlehem, Northampton County.

Adolph Koenig, 1111 Westinghouse Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Members—Irvine D. Metzger, 810 Westinghouse Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Commissioner of Health Edward Martin, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
127 Walnut Street.

Director—Miss Mary Y. McReynolds, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Stenographers—Miss Sophia Adler, 409 Lincoln Building, Philadelphia.
205 State Street.

Miss Ida C. Sweeney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1 South Eighteenth Street.

Mothers' Pension Bureau.

(Office—Telegraph Building, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Supervisor—Miss Mary F. Bogue, 706 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.

Clerk—Miss Hattie B. Myers, York Springs, Adams County.
911 North Sixth Street.
402 Briggs Street.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

District.	Principal.	Post Office.
First, -----	George M. Philips, -----	West Chester.
Second, -----	Charles H. Gardiner, -----	Millersville.
Third, -----	A. C. Rothermel, -----	Kutztown.
Fourth, -----	E. L. Kemp, -----	East Stroudsburg.
Fifth, -----	W. R. Straughn, -----	Mansfield.
Sixth, -----	D. J. Waller, Jr., -----	Bloomsburg.
Seventh, -----	Ezra Lehman, -----	Shippensburg.
Eighth, -----	Charles Lose, -----	Lock Haven.
Ninth, -----	John A. H. Keith, -----	Indiana.
Tenth, -----	John A. Entz, -----	California.
Eleventh, -----	J. Linwood Eisenberg, -----	Slippery Rock.
Twelfth, -----	Frank E. Baker, -----	Edinboro.
Thirteenth, -----	Clyde C. Green, -----	Clarion.

Normal School Districts.

First District—Delaware, Chester, Bucks and Montgomery.

Second District—Lancaster, York and Lebanon.

Third District—Berks, Schuylkill and Lehigh.

Fourth District—Northampton, Carbon, Monroe, Pike, Luzerne, Wayne and Lackawanna.

Fifth District—Wyoming, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Bradford, Lycoming and Tioga.

Sixth District—Dauphin, Northumberland, Columbia, Montour, Union, Snyder, Perry, Juniata and Mifflin.

Seventh District—Cumberland, Adams, Franklin, Fulton, Bedford, Huntingdon and Blair.

Eighth District—Centre, Clinton, Clearfield, Elk, Potter and Cameron.

Ninth District—Cambria, Indiana, Armstrong and Westmoreland.

Tenth District—Washington, Fayette, Greene and Somerset.

Eleventh District—Allegheny, Butler and Beaver.

Twelfth District—Lawrence, Mercer, Venango, Crawford and Erie.

Thirteenth District—Jefferson, Clarion, Forest, Warren and McKean.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

County.	Name. (Commission Expires May, 1922.)	Post Office.	Salary.
Adams,	H. Milton Roth,	Gettysburg,	\$2,500
Allegheny,	Samuel Hamilton,	Court House, Pittsburgh,	9,100
Armstrong,	C. M. Heilman,	Kittanning,	3,000
Beaver,	David O. Locke,	Beaver,	4,200
Bedford,	Lloyd H. Hinkle,	Bedford,	2,500
Berks,	Eli M. Rapp,	Reading,	4,000
Blair,	T. S. Davis,	Altoona,	3,000
Bradford,	Leon J. Russell,	Towanda,	3,000
Bucks,	J. H. Hoffman,	Doylestown,	4,000
Butler,	Frank A. McClung,	Butler,	2,500
Cambria,	M. S. Bentz,	Ebensburg,	6,000
Cameron,	C. E. Plasterer,	Emporium,	2,500
Carbon,	James J. Bevan,	Mauch Chunk,	3,600
Centre,	David O. Etters,	State College,	2,500
Chester,	Thomas A. Bock,	West Chester,	3,500
Clarion,	N. E. Heeter,	Clarion,	3,000
Clearfield,	W. P. Trostle,	Clearfield,	2,900
Clinton,	Ira N. McCloskey,	Lock Haven,	2,500
Columbia,	W. W. Evans,	Bloomsburg,	3,000
Crawford,	P. D. Blair,	Meadville,	2,500
Cumberland,	J. Kelso Green,	Carlisle,	2,500
Dauphin,	Frank E. Shambaugh,	Lykens,	3,000
Delaware,	A. G. C. Smith,	Media,	4,000
Elk,	J. W. Sweeney,	St. Marys,	3,600
Erie,	I. H. Russell,	North East,	3,000
Fayette,	John S. Carroll,	Uniontown,	4,000
Forest,	J. O. Carson,	Tionesta,	2,000
Franklin,	L. E. Smith,	Chambersburg,	2,750
Fulton,	J. Emery Thomas,	McConnellsburg,	2,000
Greene,	H. D. Freeland,	Waynesburg,	3,000
Huntingdon,	L. E. Boyer,	Huntingdon,	2,500
Indiana,	James F. Chapman,	Indiana,	2,500
Jefferson,	Charles A. Anderson,	Brookville,	2,800
Juniata,	C. E. Kauffman,	McAlisterville,	2,000
Lackawanna,	J. C. Taylor,	Scranton,	5,000
Lancaster,	Daniel Fleisher,	Lancaster,	4,000
Lawrence,	Charles F. Ball,	Mahoningtown, R. D. 8,	2,500
Lebanon,	John W. Snoke,	Lebanon,	2,750
Lehigh,	Mervin J. Wertman,	Orefield,	2,500
Luzerne,	Frank P. Hopper,	Wilkes-Barre,	5,000
Lycoming,	G. B. Milnor,	Williamsport,	3,000
McKean,	O. W. Lillibridge,	Smethport,	3,000
Mercer,	H. E. McConnell,	Mercer,	2,500
Mifflin,	Lawrence Ruble,	McVeytown,	2,000
Monroe,	Frank Koehler,	Stroudsburg,	2,400
Montgomery,	J. Horace Landis,	Norristown,	5,000
Montour,	Fred W. Diehl,	Danville,	2,000
Northampton,	George A. Grim,	Nazareth,	3,500
Northumberland,	I. H. Mauser,	Sunbury,	2,800
Perry,	Daniel A. Kline,	New Bloomfield,	2,490
Pike,	Lucian Westbrook,	Matamoras,	2,000
Potter,	A. P. Akeley,	Coudersport,	2,500
Schuylkill,	Livingston Seltzer,	Pottsville,	4,500
Snyder,	T. A. Stetler,	Middleburg,	2,000
Somerset,	John H. Fike,	Somerset,	2,500
Sullivan,	H. R. Henning,	Lopez,	2,000
Susquehanna,	F. H. Taylor,	Montrose,	2,500
Tioga,	Morton F. Jones,	Blossburg,	2,500
Union,	W. W. Spigelmyer,	Mifflinburg,	2,100
Venango,	Dallas W. Armstrong,	Franklin,	2,800
Warren,	C. S. Knapp,	Warren,	2,500
Washington,	L. R. Crumrine,	Washington,	3,000
Wayne,	J. J. Koehler,	Honesdale,	3,100
Westmoreland,	Robert C. Shaw,	Greensburg,	5,200
Wyoming,	John E. Morgan,	Tunkhannock,	2,500
York,	O. W. Stine,	York,	3,000

ASSISTANT COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

(The salary of the Assistant County Superintendent is fixed by law at \$1,800, and necessary expenses not to exceed \$500, which is paid by the State, but the convention electing the Assistant Superintendent may vote him additional salary from the school appropriation due its own county.)

County.	Name.	Post Office.	Salary.
Adams, -----	W. Raymond Shank, -----	New Oxford, -----	\$1,800
Allegheny, -----	Charles E. Dickey, -----	5576 Wilkins Avenue, Pitts-	
		burgh, -----	6,500
Allegheny, -----	Orton Lowe, -----	Wilkinsburg, R. D. 5, -----	5,800
Allegheny, -----	Samuel H. Replogle, -----	52 DeSota Street, Pitts-	
		burgh, -----	5,200
Allegheny, -----	J. Elwood Wherry, -----	Aspinwall, -----	5,200
Allegheny, -----	Ernest O. Noyes, -----	Edgewood, Swissvale, -----	5,200
Armstrong, -----	James L. Hazlett, -----	Kittanning, R. D. 4, -----	1,800
Armstrong, -----	John A. Mechling, -----	Kittanning, -----	1,800
Beaver, -----	E. D. Davidson, -----	Beaver, -----	2,500
Beaver, -----	N. N. Nelson, -----	Beaver, -----	1,800
Bedford, -----	Harry D. Metzger, -----	Bedford, -----	1,800
Berks, -----	Alvin F. Kemp, -----	Mertztown, -----	1,800
Berks, -----	William H. Mattes, -----	Wernersville, -----	1,800
Berks, -----	William A. Strickler, -----	Sinking Spring, -----	1,800
Blair, -----	H. S. Fleck, -----	Tyrone, -----	1,800
Bradford, -----	William T. Clarke, -----	Towanda, -----	1,800
Bradford, -----	J. Andrew Morrow, -----	Towanda, -----	1,800
Bucks, -----	Albert C. Rutter, -----	Perkasie, -----	1,800
Bucks, -----	S. Mervin Smyser, -----	Morrisville, -----	1,800
Butler, -----	Miss Mary K. Marshall, -----	Butler, -----	1,800
Cambria, -----	Sarah Jones, -----	139 Fayette Street, Johns-	
		town, -----	2,500
Cambria, -----	Victor D. Mulhollen, -----	Ebensburg, -----	2,500
Cambria, -----	J. C. Williams, -----	Ebensburg, -----	2,500
Carbon, -----	Elizabeth C. Wills, -----	Palmerton, -----	1,800
Centre, -----	F. Milford Pletcher, -----	Howard, -----	1,800
Chester, -----	Floyd C. Fretz, -----	West Chester, -----	1,800
Chester, -----	Clyde T. Saylor, -----	West Chester, -----	1,800
Clarion, -----	C. A. Middleswarth, -----	Clarion, -----	2,000
Clearfield, -----	J. E. Radebach, -----	Osceola Mills, -----	1,800
Clearfield, -----	D. A. Yingling, -----	Westover, -----	1,800
Columbia, -----	Ida M. Walter, -----	Catawissa, -----	1,800
Crawford, -----	C. F. Adamson, -----	Meadville, -----	1,800
Cumberland, -----	W. G. Rice, -----	Carlisle, -----	1,800
Dauphin, -----	W. R. Zimmerman, -----	Harrisburg, -----	2,300
Delaware, -----	William H. Swank, -----	Media, R. D. 1, -----	1,800
Elk, -----	O. G. F. Bonnert, -----	Wilcox, -----	1,800
Erie, -----	Ernest R. Hadlock, -----	Union City, -----	2,000
Fayette, -----	Miss Helen N. Carroll, -----	Connellsville, -----	2,000
Fayette, -----	R. V. Ritenour, -----	Ohio, -----	2,000
Fayette, -----	James G. Robinson, -----	Smock, -----	2,000
Franklin, -----	J. L. Finafrock, -----	Mercersburg, -----	1,800
Greene, -----	Kent Kelley, -----	Waynesburg, -----	1,800
Huntingdon, -----	W. M. Rife, -----	Huntingdon, -----	1,800
Indiana, -----	C. A. Campbell, -----	Armagh, -----	1,800
Indiana, -----	J. E. Weaver, -----	Indiana, -----	1,800
Jefferson, -----	Anna E. Kyle, -----	Brookville, -----	1,800
Lackawanna, -----	Eunice V. Hall, -----	Court House, Scranton, -----	2,500
Lancaster, -----	D. W. Geist, -----	Blue Ball, -----	1,800
Lancaster, -----	B. F. Helges, -----	Manheim, -----	1,800
Lancaster, -----	G. Read Alexander, -----	Mount Nebo, -----	1,800
Lawrence, -----	John C. Syling, -----	New Castle, -----	1,800
Lebanon, -----	Harry C. Moyer, -----	Schaefferstown, -----	2,000
Lehigh, -----	Robert C. Landis, -----	Emaus, -----	1,800
Luzerne, -----	J. A. Alden, -----	Freeland, -----	1,800
Luzerne, -----	W. G. Jenkins, -----	Edwardsville, -----	1,800
Luzerne, -----	A. E. Lewis, -----	Dallas, -----	1,800
Luzerne, -----	P. J. Manley, -----	Pittston, -----	1,800
Lycoming, -----	George A. Ferrell, -----	Picture Rocks, -----	1,800
McKean, -----	Burton S. Taylor, -----	Bradford, -----	1,800
Mercer, -----	Kate G. Barnes, -----	Mercer, -----	1,800
Montgomery, -----	A. M. Kulp, -----	Hatfield, -----	1,800
Montgomery, -----	W. D. Beyer, -----	Norristown, R. D. 3, -----	1,800
Northampton, -----	James M. Frankenfield, -----	Butztown, -----	1,800
Northumberland, -----	George L. Swank, -----	205 Fairmount Avenue, -----	
		Sunbury, -----	1,800
Potter, -----	Paul H. Conner, -----	Coudersport, -----	1,800
Schuylkill, -----	Martin Foyle, -----	Heckscherville, -----	2,000
Schuylkill, -----	Irvin A. Seltzer, -----	Ringtown, -----	2,000
Schuylkill, -----	James M. Schroepe, -----	Hegins, -----	2,000
Somerset, -----	Alvero B. Cober, -----	Berlin, -----	1,800
Somerset, -----	Merle R. Schrock, -----	Berlin, -----	1,800
Susquehanna, -----	Clara Winans, -----	Montrose, -----	1,800
Tioga, -----	J. G. March, -----	Wellsboro, -----	1,800
Venango, -----	L. H. Pepper, -----	Franklin, -----	1,800
Warren, -----	H. L. Blair, -----	Warren, -----	1,800

ASSISTANT COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS—Concluded.

County.	Name.	Post Office.	Salary.
Washington, -----	H. S. Kuder, -----	Washington, -----	\$2,100
Washington, -----	T. G. McCleary, -----	Washington, -----	2,100
Washington, -----	C. R. Daubenspeck, -----	Washington, -----	2,100
Wayne, -----	Mrs. Grace S. Perham, -----	Varden, -----	1,800
Westmoreland, -----	W. G. Dugan, -----	Parnassus, -----	3,300
Westmoreland, -----	J. H. Elliott, -----	Greensburg, -----	2,400
Westmoreland, -----	C. F. Maxwell, -----	Greensburg, -----	2,400
Westmoreland, -----	S. C. Wallace, -----	Greensburg, -----	2,400
York, -----	Charles Albright, -----	Hanover, -----	1,800
York, -----	William F. Wilson, -----	Highrock, -----	1,800

DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENTS.

City, Borough or Township.	Name. (Commission Expires May, 1922.)	Post Office.	Salary.
Abington township (Montgomery County).	Edward S. Ling, -----	Glenside, -----	\$3,000
Allentown, -----	H. W. Dodd, -----	Allentown, -----	4,200
Altona, -----	Samuel H. Layton, -----	Altona, -----	3,400
Ambridge, -----	Charles S. McVay, -----	Ambridge, -----	3,200
Archbald, -----	William A. Kelly, -----	Archbald, -----	2,100
Ashland, -----	E. W. Taylor, -----	Ashland, -----	1,850
Ashley, -----	A. P. Cope, -----	Ashley, -----	2,000
Bangor, -----	John W. Gruver, -----	Bangor, -----	1,800
Beaver Falls, -----	Floyd Atwell, -----	Beaver Falls, -----	3,000
Berwick, -----	L. Y. Shaumbaugh, -----	Berwick, -----	2,100
Bethlehem, -----	James N. Muir, -----	Bethlehem, -----	5,000
Peckville, -----	M. E. Amburgey, -----	Peckville, -----	2,000
Bloomington, -----	L. P. Sterner, -----	Bloomington, -----	2,000
Braddock, -----	F. C. Steltz, -----	Braddock, -----	2,800
Bradford, -----	James F. Butterworth, -----	Bradford, -----	2,400
Bristol, -----	James D. Biggs, -----	Bristol, -----	1,500
Butler, -----	John A. Gibson, -----	Butler, -----	4,200
Carbondale, -----	William C. Greenawalt, -----	Carbondale, -----	2,500
Carlisle, -----	John C. Wagner, -----	Carlisle, -----	2,500
Carnegie, -----	Thomas J. George, -----	Carnegie, -----	3,500
Chambersburg, -----	U. L. Gordy, -----	Chambersburg, -----	2,200
Charlton, -----	Thomas L. Fritsch, -----	Charlton, -----	2,400
Cherryton township (Montgomery County).	Oscar W. Ackerman, -----	Elkins Park, -----	4,000
Chester, -----	Charles A. Wagner, -----	Chester, -----	4,000
Chesterfield, -----	George E. Zerfoss, -----	Chesterfield, -----	2,500
Clearfield, -----	P. Frank Brennan, -----	Clearfield, -----	3,600
Clearfield township (Clearfield County).			
Coatesville, -----	H. R. Vanderslice, -----	Coatesville, -----	2,500
Columbia, -----	W. C. Sampson, -----	Columbia, -----	2,500
Connellsville, -----	Stanley P. Ashe, -----	Connellsville, -----	3,000
Conshohocken, -----	John E. Fawcett, -----	Conshohocken, -----	2,100
Coraopolis, -----	John P. Albright, -----	Coraopolis, -----	2,300
Corry, -----	Charles S. Sample, -----	Corry, -----	2,000
Danville, -----	W. A. B. Cunningham, -----	Danville, -----	1,400
Darby, -----	Amos Chamberlain, -----	Darby, -----	2,200
Dickson City, -----	P. M. Brennan, -----	Dickson City, -----	2,000
Donora, -----	Thomas M. Giljan, -----	Donora, -----	2,500
DuBois, -----	James T. Allen, -----	DuBois, -----	2,700
Easton, -----	John C. Hinton, -----	Easton, -----	3,270
Easton, -----	C. H. Wolford, -----	Easton, -----	3,000
Easton, -----	Robert E. Laramy, -----	Easton, -----	3,000
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	2,700
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	5,000
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	2,800
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	3,000
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	2,300
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	4,200
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	3,000
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	1,740
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	4,000
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	3,500
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	4,200
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	3,300
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	2,400
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	2,400
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	4,000
Easton, -----	Charles E. Heston, -----	Easton, -----	1,800

DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENTS—Concluded.

City, Borough or Township.	Name. (Commission Expires May, 1922.)	Post Office.	Salary.
Kane, -----	H. O. Dietrich, -----	Kane, -----	\$2,500
Kittanning, -----	Clyde W. Cranmer, -----	Kittanning, -----	3,000
Lancaster, -----	Hervey B. Work, -----	Lancaster, -----	4,000
Lansford, -----	E. E. Kuntz, -----	Lansford, -----	2,500
Latrobe, -----	R. M. Steele, -----	Latrobe, -----	3,000
Lebanon, -----	E. M. Balsbaugh, -----	Lebanon, -----	8,000
Lewistown, -----	W. A. Hutchinson, -----	Lewistown, -----	1,800
Lock Haven, -----	O. W. Hunt, -----	Lock Haven, -----	2,100
Lower Merion township (Montgomery County).	S. E. Downs, -----	Ardmore, -----	4,200
McKeesport, -----	J. B. Richey, -----	McKeesport, -----	4,500
McKees Rocks, -----	T. K. Johnston, -----	McKees Rocks, -----	3,000
Mahanoy City, -----	H. A. O'Day, -----	Mahanoy City, -----	2,400
Mahanoy township (Schuyl- kill County).	Joseph F. Noonan, -----	Mahanoy City, -----	3,500
Meadville, -----	Edward Sargent, -----	Meadville, -----	2,500
Middletown, -----	H. J. Wickey, -----	Middletown, -----	1,500
Milton, -----	Carl L. Millward, -----	Milton, -----	1,300
Minersville, -----	C. E. Raudabush, -----	Minersville, -----	1,800
Monessen, -----	H. E. Gress, -----	Monessen, -----	3,600
Monongahela City, -----	R. G. Dean, -----	Monongahela, -----	2,500
Mount Carmel, -----	W. M. Yeingst, -----	Mount Carmel, -----	2,400
Mount Pleasant township (Westmoreland County).	Lloyd F. Rumbaugh, -----	Mount Pleasant, -----	2,500
Munhall, -----	Charles R. Stone, -----	Homestead, -----	2,500
Nanticoke, -----	A. P. Diffendafer, -----	Nanticoke, -----	3,000
New Brighton, -----	S. W. Lyons, -----	New Brighton, -----	2,500
New Castle, -----	Benjamin G. Graham, -----	New Castle, -----	4,500
New Kensington, -----	Berlin Empfield, -----	New Kensington, -----	2,500
Newport township (Luzerne County).	H. U. Nyhart, -----	Glen Lyon, -----	2,500
Norristown, -----	A. S. Martin, -----	Norristown, -----	3,500
Northampton, -----	W. D. Landis, -----	Northampton, -----	2,400
Oil City, -----	James J. Palmer, -----	Oil City, -----	3,600
Old Forge, -----	Francis R. Coyne, -----	Old Forge, -----	2,000
Olyphant, -----	M. W. Cummings, -----	Olyphant, -----	2,500
Philadelphia, -----	John P. Garber, -----	Philadelphia, -----	9,000
Phoenixville, -----	Isaac Doughton, -----	Phoenixville, -----	2,250
Pittsburgh, -----	William M. Davidson, -----	Pittsburgh, -----	9,000
Pittston, -----	D. J. Cray, -----	Pittston, -----	2,800
Pottstown, -----	W. W. Rupert, -----	Pottstown, -----	2,100
Pottsville, -----	George H. Weiss, -----	Pottsville, -----	2,500
Punxsutawney, -----	F. S. Jackson, -----	Punxsutawney, -----	2,700
Radnor township (Delaware County).	Edwin W. Adams, -----	Wayne, -----	4,000
Rankin, -----	C. L. Wilson, -----	Braddock, -----	2,000
Reading, -----	Charles S. Foos, -----	Reading, -----	4,500
Redstone township (Fayette County).	Ira H. Hess, -----	Brownsville, R. D. 1, -----	2,400
Rochester, -----	S. R. Grimm, -----	Rochester, -----	2,200
Rostraver township (West- moreland County).	W. H. Cober, -----	Belle Vernon, R. D. 2, -----	2,000
Sayre, -----	L. E. DeLaney, -----	Sayre, -----	2,000
Scranton, -----	S. E. Weber, -----	Scranton, -----	5,000
Shamokin, -----	Joseph Howerth, -----	Shamokin, -----	3,000
Sharon, -----	W. D. Gamble, -----	Sharon, -----	3,000
Shenandoah, -----	J. W. Cooper, -----	Shenandoah, -----	2,200
Steelton, -----	Charles S. Davis, -----	Steelton, -----	3,000
Sunbury, -----	W. A. Geesey, -----	Sunbury, -----	2,200
Swissvale, -----	C. C. Kelso, -----	Swissvale, -----	3,600
Tamaqua, -----	J. F. Derr, -----	Tamaqua, -----	2,300
Tarentum, -----	Andrew D. Endsley, -----	Tarentum, -----	3,250
Taylor, -----	W. S. Robinson, -----	Taylor, -----	2,000
Throop, -----	John J. O'Hara, -----	Throop, -----	2,500
Titusville, -----	Henry Pease, -----	Titusville, -----	2,400
Tyrone, -----	F. M. Halston, -----	Tyrone, -----	2,000
Uniontown, -----	J. H. Alleman, -----	Uniontown, -----	3,000
Upper Darby township (Dela- ware County).	H. M. Mendenhall, -----	Upper Darby, -----	2,400
Vandergrift, -----	C. H. Omo, -----	Vandergrift, -----	2,640
Warren, -----	R. T. Adams, -----	Warren, -----	2,800
Washington, -----	John C. Stiers, -----	Washington, -----	3,250
Waynesboro, -----	J. C. McCullough, -----	Waynesboro, -----	1,500
West Chester, -----	Addison L. Jones, -----	West Chester, -----	3,000
West Mahanoy township (Schuylkill County).	Patrick F. Dugan, -----	Lost Creek, -----	2,000
Wilkes-Barre, -----	H. H. Zeiser, -----	Wilkes-Barre, -----	4,500
Wilkinsburg, -----	J. L. Allison, -----	Wilkinsburg, -----	4,000
Williamsport, -----	F. W. Robbins, -----	Williamsport, -----	3,300
Windber, -----	W. W. Lantz, -----	Windber, -----	2,000
Winton, -----	John J. Judge, -----	Jessup, -----	2,000
York, -----	Atrous Wanner, -----	York, -----	3,000

ASSISTANT DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENTS.

City, Borough or Township.	Name.	Post Office.	Salary.
Mahanoy township, -----	C. V. Smith, -----	Mahanoy City, -----	\$1,000
Milton, -----	Carl L. Millward, -----	Milton, -----	1,300
Uniontown, -----	Ella Peach, -----	Uniontown, -----	2,000
Warren, -----	P. W. M. Pressel, -----	Warren, -----	2,500

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD.

(Office—Masonic Temple Third and State Streets, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chairman—Dimmer Beeber, 705 Land Title Building, Philadelphia.

Treasurer—State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart, Connellsville, Fayette County.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Thomas E. Finegan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Lucy W. Glass, Jeannette, Westmoreland County.

Miss Grace G. Swan, 1105 Allegheny Avenue, North Side, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Robert W. Laramy, Easton, Northampton County.

Aaron S. Kreider, Annville, Lebanon County.

Secretary—Henry H. Baish, Altoona, Blair County. 711 North Second Street.

Chief Clerk—Miss Mary E. Peters, Middletown, Dauphin County.

Clerks—Miss Mary G. Hoffmeister, Auburn, Schuylkill County. 1616 Regina Street.

Miss E. Lillian McCarty, Muncy, Lycoming County. Civic Club.

Temporary Clerk—Miss M. Matilda Woods, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Stenographer—Miss Anna M. Berry, Middletown, Dauphin County.

Temporary Stenographers—Miss Margaret A. Cummings, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 331 Hummel Street.

Miss Agnes G. Ericson, Allport, Clearfield County. 244 North Street.

Miss Ruth Mayer, Mifflin, Juniata County. 1716 Regina Street.

Harry T. Stein, Avon, Lebanon County.

Typists—Miss M. Cordelia Bowman, New Buffalo, Perry County.

Miss Kate Craven, California, Washington County.

Paxtang, Dauphin County.

Miss S. Pearl Emery, Lock Haven, Clinton County. 224 Maclay Street.

Temporary Typists—Miss Mary G. Beward, Mifflin, Juniata County. 1716 Regina Street.

Miss Annie S. Diener, Minersville, Schuylkill County. 712 North Sixth Street.

Miss Lucile King, Middletown, Dauphin County.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Adjutant-General—Frank D. Beary, Allentown, Lehigh County. 823 North Sixth Street.

Deputy Adjutant-General—Jere M. Leaman, Lancaster, Lancaster County. 823 North Sixth Street.

Bureau of Administration.

Chief Clerk—Benjamin W. Demming, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1518 State Street.

File Clerk—James D. Reese, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 312 Muench Street.

Assistant File Clerk—George J. Melevage, New Philadelphia, Schuylkill County. 1115 Derry Street.

Stenographers—Elmer E. Bitner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 438 South Fifteenth Street.

Oliver R. Cummings, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 331 Hummel Street.

William V. Tomlinson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1938 Zarker Street.

Clerk—John H. Kimmel, Lemoyne, Cumberland County.

Messenger—Russell A. Kinter, Lemoyne, Cumberland County.

Bureau of Accounts.

Finance Branch.

Bookkeeper—Frederick J. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 424 Boas Street.
 Warrant Clerk—Stephen G. Glass, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 585 South Front Street.

Property Branch.

Order Clerk—George P. Drake, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2218 North Fifth Street.
 Bookkeepers—George E. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1733 Apricot Street.

Bureau of Records.

Personnel Branch.

Clerk—Lawrence E. Showalter, Swengel, Union County. 1438 Thompson Street.
 Stenographer—Penn L. Throne, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 112 Boas Street.

Record Branch.

Search Clerk—Jacob B. Stauffer, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County. 2028 Green Street.
 Assistant Search Clerk—George W. Allen, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 217 Briggs Street.
 Clerk—Philip H. German, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 25 North Fourth Street.
 Stenographer—Herbert P. Hunt, Shiremanstown, Cumberland County.

Bureau of Supplies.

Administration Branch.

Superintendent of State Arsenal—William L. Hicks, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Hainlyn, R. D. 2.
 Assistant Superintendent of State Arsenal—Leo A. Luttringer, Ebensburg, Cambria County. 1240 Walnut Street.
 Foreman—Theobald S. Patterson, East Berlin, Adams County. 525 North Fifteenth Street.

Accounting Branch.

Chief Clerk—Roy B. Blacksmith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 224 Boas Street.
 Stockkeeper—Daniel B. Comrey, Newville, Cumberland County. 1612 State Street.
 Bookkeeper—George G. Rote, Salona, Clinton County. 203 North Fifteenth Street.
 Stenographers—Richard A. Coleman, Catasauqua, Lehigh County. State Arsenal.
 J. Russell Tomlinson, Chambersburg, Franklin County. 709 North Eighteenth Street.

Frederic C. Wilson, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.

Receiving Clerk—Charles K. Simmons, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 117 South Fourteenth Street.
 Shipping Clerk—Lindsey J. McCleaf, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1430 Liberty Street.
 Assistant Shipping Clerk—Guy M. Williams, Dauphin, Dauphin County. 1610 Regina Street.

Manufacturing Branch.

Tentmakers—John Gill, 121 Queen Street, Philadelphia. 1821 Boas Street.
 John J. Keenan, 642 South Fifty-ninth Street, Philadelphia. 1244 Market Street.
 Canvasmen—Gotleib Schelhas, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 436 South Fifteenth Street.
 John E. Whitmoyer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 234 North Fifteenth Street.
 Tailor—Morris Hollam, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 628 Herr Street.

Mechanical Branch.

Carpenters—John M. Benner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 636 Maclay Street.
 George G. Dolbin, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2135 Jefferson Street.
 Mechanic—Harry Millar, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 14 North Sixteenth Street.

Painter—Richard W. Hayward, Jr., Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	
Blacksmith—Harry V. Blecher, Mount Hope, Lancaster County.	620 Broad Street.
Pipefitter—Edison R. Henry, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	
Auto Mechanic—Clarence E. Shaver, Hazleton, Luzerne County.	68 North Thirteenth Street.
Assistant Auto Mechanic—Howard E. Bertsfield, Elizabethville, Dauphin County.	1833 Herr Street.
Chauffeurs—Charles S. Rowe, Mount Hope, Lancaster County.	525 Hetrick Street.
Charles W. Stine, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	2155 Jefferson Street.
Harry K. Weider, Allentown, Lehigh County.	State Arsenal.
Garage Man—R. Earl Houser, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1115 Capital Street.

Utility Branch.

Engineer—Harry A. Bechtel, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	145 Paxton Street.
Fireman—William A. Weiser, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1817 Herr Street.
Charman—James Hughes, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	539 Primrose Street.
Watchmen—Thomas H. Clark, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1641 Apricot Street.
Harry A. Hoopes, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1115 North Third Street.
John E. Irwin, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	223 Herr Street.

PENNSYLVANIA RESERVE MILITIA.

Commander-in-Chief—Governor William C. Sproul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 The Adjutant-General—Brigadier General Frank D. Beary, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Brigadier-General.

First Brigade—Charles T. Cresswell, 10 South Eighteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Colonels.

First Infantry—John M. Groff, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 Second Infantry—Sterling E. W. Eyer, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
 Third Infantry—Franklin Blackstone, care Joseph Home Company, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Major.

Squadron Cavalry—Hugh L. Curtin, Curtin, Centre County.

PENNSYLVANIA NATIONAL GUARD.

Major General William G. Price, Jr., Commanding, Chester, Chester County,
 Squadron Armory, Thirty-second and Lancaster Avenue, Philadelphia.

Brigadier Generals.

Richard Coulter, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.
 George C. Rickards, Oil City, Venango County.
 Edward C. Shannon, Columbia, Lancaster County.

Colonels.

Churchill B. Mehard, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Howard S. Williams, Philadelphia.
 William S. McLean, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
 John P. Wood, Philadelphia.

Colonels.

David J. Davis, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
 Joseph H. Thompson, Beaver Falls, Beaver County.
 Millard D. Brown, Germantown, Philadelphia.
 George E. Kemp, Philadelphia.
 Robert M. Brookfield, Philadelphia.
 Edward J. Stackpole, Jr., Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Edward Martin, Waynesburg, Greene County.
 C. Blaine Smathers, Oakmont, Allegheny County.
 William R. Dunlap, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Robert M. Vail, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
 Maurice E. Finney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

Insurance Commissioner—Thomas B. Donaldson, 326 North Thirty-ninth Street,
 Philadelphia. Harrisburg Club.
 Deputy Insurance Commissioner—Samuel W. McCulloch, Harrisburg, Dauphin
 County. 1202 North Second Street.
 Special Deputy on Liquidation—(Vacancy).

(Philadelphia Office—802 Commercial Trust Building.)

Actuarial Staff.

Life Actuary—Robert E. Forster, Saint Davids, Delaware County.
 Actuary's Clerks—Harry E. Cornog, 3610 North Twenty-second Street, Philadelphia.
 Frank J. Meyers, 1911 North Marshall Street, Philadelphia.
 Robert L. Welsh, Cheltenham, Montgomery County.
 Miss Bessie R. Whaley, 110 North Twentieth Street, Philadelphia.

Compensation Staff.

Rating Expert—Ezekiel H. Downey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Claim Statistician—Joseph V. Gosline, 3839 Aspen Street, Philadelphia. 2133 Green Street.
812 Green Street.

Examining Staff.

(Philadelphia Office—804 Commercial Trust Building.)

Chief Examiner Life Companies—Lawrence P. Palmer, Uniontown, Fayette County.
 Chief Examiner Fire and Marine Companies—James J. Leyden, 5223 Pine Street,
 Philadelphia.
 Chief Examiner Casualty Companies and Fraternal Societies—Albert G. Costello,
 3500 Diston Street, Tacony, Philadelphia.
 Examiners—John A. Dailey, 331 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.
 Fred W. Graves, Wellsboro, Tioga County.
 Howard O. Lantz, Lewistown, Mifflin County.
 William Mack, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County.
 John W. Reese, 3330 North Smedley Street, Philadelphia.
 Jacob H. Young, 1323 Loudon Street, Philadelphia.
 Assistant Examiners—John B. Hershey, McKeesport, Allegheny County.
 J. C. Longbotham, Chester, Delaware County.
 Additional Examiner—Harry E. Ritter, Liverpool, Perry County.
 Extra Clerks—Thomas J. Burke, 5916 Vine Street, Philadelphia.
 Peter Carrigan, 1425 South Eighteenth Street, Philadelphia.
 Stenographer—Miss R. Grace Espenship, Norristown, Montgomery County.

Complaint and Investigation Staff.

Investigators—William S. McKee, 7213 Monticello Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Hartje Building, Pittsburgh.
 Robert C. Wilson, 1517 North Thirteenth Street, Philadelphia.
 804 Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia.

Clerical Staff.

Chief Clerk and Cashier—William H. H. Baker, New Lexington, Somerset County.
 1604 Green Street.
 Examiner of Statements—Fred C. Beecher, Ford City, Armstrong County.
 Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
 License Clerk—U. Grant Ramey, Black Lick, Indiana County.
 49 North Seventeenth Street.
 Assistant License Clerk—Charles F. Dewire, Lewisburg, Union County.
 708 North Sixth Street.
 Bookkeeper—Robert A. Todd, Ellwood City, Lawrence County.
 41 North Nineteenth Street.
 Compiler of Statements—William H. Johnston, 5016 Liberty Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 204 North Second Street.
 Clerks—June R. Bovee, Erie, Erie County.
 Hotel Rife.
 James H. Howarth, 108 Craighead Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Albert A. Poist, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Hartje Building, Pittsburgh.
 George P. Stryker, 1149 Market Street, Williamsport, Lycoming County.
 1813 North Sixth Street.
 413 Briggs Street.

(Two vacancies.)

Mail Clerk—Joseph L. Paxson, Jenkintown, Montgomery County.
 2146 Green Street.
 Extra Clerk—John M. Baker, Union Deposit, Dauphin County.
 Stenographers—Miss Estella M. Jackson, 1309 Pennsylvania Avenue, Pittsburgh, North Side, Allegheny County.
 Hartje Building, Pittsburgh.
 Miss Margaret J. Richards, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 2554 Lexington Street.
 Miss Mary E. Womer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 1409 North Third Street.
 Messengers—Antonio Demma, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 310 South Second Street.
 Harry Myers, 314 West York Street, Philadelphia.
 804 Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner of Banking—John S. Fisher, Indiana, Indiana County.
 Harrisburg Club.
 First Deputy Commissioner—John W. Morrison, Wayne, Delaware County.
 119 Locust Street.
 Second Deputy Commissioner—Peter G. Cameron, Wellsboro, Tioga County.
 2419 Derry Street.
 Chief Clerk—Horace H. Eshbach, Pennsburg, Montgomery County.
 1627 Briggs Street.
 Bookkeeper—Howard E. Stoner, Hellam, York County.
 Clerks—William R. Calhoun, Indiana, Indiana County.
 920 North Eighteenth Street.
 John W. Crider, Conneautville, Crawford County.
 110 Walnut Street.
 R. Willis Fair (P. O. Saltsburg, Indiana County), Westmoreland County.
 Twenty-eighth and Derry Streets.
 Lewis Ross Lloyd, Plymouth, Luzerne County.
 1304 State Street.
 John V. Miller, Lewisburg, Union County.
 426 Briggs Street.
 Irvin K. Reifsnyder, 1625 North Twelfth Street, Philadelphia.
 708 North Third Street.
 Inspector of Small Money Lenders—Robert W. Byham, Guys Mills, Crawford County.
 1212 Susquehanna Street.
 Inspector of Private Banks—George Harry Orth, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 208 North Third Street.

Stenographers—Miss Marie Lyle Baillie, Millersburg, Dauphin County.

204 North Second Street.

Miss Lulu Carroll, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

2140 North Second Street.

Miss Agnes M. Keane, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

2125 North Second Street.

Messenger—Edward L. Jenkins, Lansford, Carbon County.

1701 Penn Street.

Examiners—William H. Anstine, Dallastown, York County.

George Bateman, West Chester, Chester County.

William M. Boggs, Valencia, Allegheny County.

Charles Cavett, 97 Stuben Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Augustus F. Daix, 3d, 1613 North Thirty-third Street, Philadelphia.

L. W. Dennison, Warren, Warren County.

Thomas Dixon, 2029 Brandywine Street, Philadelphia.

Charles H. Graff, Kittanning, Armstrong County.

Henry A. Groman, Bethlehem, Lehigh County.

Frederick A. Heim, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

David A. Henderson, Jr., Brookville, Jefferson County.

James T. Henry, 5022 Catharine Street, Philadelphia.

Frederic L. Homsher, Strasburg, Lancaster County.

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Ralph W. Knowles, Germantown, Philadelphia.

Robert R. Moore, Bellevue, Allegheny County.

Howard R. Moyer, Quakertown, Bucks County.

Robert Ostermaier, 448 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Harry J. Phillips, Etna, Allegheny County.

Joseph S. Riley, 1528 North Nineteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Ralph S. Ruth, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

William R. Smith, 814 North Sixty-third Street, Philadelphia.

Paris F. Snyder, Lititz, Lancaster County.

Charles A. Steele, Franklin, Venango County.

James A. Taylor, Indiana, Indiana County.

George H. Wagner, 2724 Girard Avenue, Philadelphia.

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Secretary of Agriculture—Frederik Rasmussen, State College, Centre County.

1703 North Front Street.

Deputy Secretary of Agriculture—Charles E. Carothers, Washington, Washington County.

42 North Seventeenth Street.

Chief Clerk—Henry E. Klugh, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Editor of Publication—William W. Stonebraker, Altoona, Blair County.

Paxtang, Dauphin County.

9 North Front Street.

Agent—James G. Fox, Hummelstown, Dauphin County.

Stenographers—Miss Mary E. Evans, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

269 Sassafras Street.

Miss Helen M. Nesbit, Lewisburg, Union County.

204 North Second Street.

Miss Sarah B. Rochman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

612 Cumberland Street.

Miss Bertha H. Sieber, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1209 North Second Street.

Clerks—William Attick, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

234 South Thirteenth Street.

Miss Katharine A. Hagan, Houtzdale, Clearfield County.

261 Briggs Street.

Messenger—Daniel Lehn, York, York County.

Division of Disbursements.

Chief—J. Herbert Thomas, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

723 Capital Street.

Bookkeeper—Miss Mary E. Seaman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1400 State Street.

Bureau of Animal Industry.

(Office—Fourth and North Streets, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Director and State Veterinarian—T. E. Munce, Washington, Washington County.

Deputy Director and Deputy State Veterinarian—Harry R. Church, 1042 Railston Street,
Wilkes-Barre,
Luzerne County.

Hotel Columbus.

Chief Clerk—John L. Passmore, Chadds Ford, Delaware County.

Hotel Dauphin.

Stenographer—Mrs. Caretta M. Seaber, Philadelphia.

338 Chestnut Street.

Clerk—George K. Richards, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1803 State Street.

Watchman—Henry U. Myers, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1830 North Sixth Street.

Hog Cholera Eradication.

Raymon M. Staley (in Charge), Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Stenographer—Miss Anna I. Coleman, Gratz, Dauphin County.

818 North Sixth Street.

Tuberculosis Eradication.

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Clerks—Miss E. Celia Hinkley, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

22 South Twentieth Street.

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Miss Katharine R. Spofford, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Stenographers—Miss Ruth A. Blair, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1010 North Second Street.

Miss M. Helen Cook, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 321 Hamilton Street.

Miss B. Elizabeth Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 814 North Sixth Street.

Miss Kathryn Zeiter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1934 Bellevue Road.

3020 North Third Street.

Milk Hygiene.

William S. Gimper (in Charge), of Milk Hygiene and Legal Investigations, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1616 Boas Street.

Stenographer—Miss Mary E. Lutes, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1112 Capital Street.

Horse Breeding, Meat Hygiene, Miscellaneous Diseases.

Harry R. Church, Deputy Director and Deputy State Veterinarian (in Charge),
Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

Hotel Columbus.

Clerk—Miss Mary M. Burkholder, 601 West Chestnut Street, Lancaster, Lancaster
County.

Stenographer—Miss Elizabeth H. Burd, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1623 Green Street.

Laboratories.

Fred Boerner, Jr. (in Charge), 5632 Pine Street, Philadelphia.

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William Bernard, 226 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

H. C. Campbell, Llanerch, Delaware County.

George J. Cash, 3212 Spencer Terrace, Philadelphia.

Howard Crawley, Wyncote, Montgomery County.

Alexander Crosgrove, 33 North Sixty-Second Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Linda Hill, 5019 Hazel Avenue, Philadelphia.

E. L. Stubbs, Media, R. D. 3, Delaware County.

B. M. Underhill, Media, Delaware County.

Stenographer—Miss M. LoDema Carothers, 2646 North Sixteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Sub. Stations.**Pittsburgh Union Stock Yards.**

Agent-in-Charge—Charles W. Boyd, Union Stock Yards, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Stenographer—John S. Snoddy, 318 Taylor Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Lancaster Union Stock Yards.

Agent-in-Charge—Joseph Johnson, 13 Howard Street, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

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Agent-in-Charge—D. E. Hickman, West Chester, Chester County.

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William H. Ridge, Somerton, Philadelphia County.

Harvey C. Roberts, 313 Stock Exchange Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Joseph W. Roebuck, 6118 Hazel Avenue, Philadelphia.

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W. J. Waugh, Washington, Washington County.

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Elkan H. Yunker, 2344 North Eighteenth Street, Philadelphia.

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Executive Assistant—Parker T. Barnes, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 709 North Sixth Street.

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3122 Green Street.

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 Deputy Nursery Inspectors—James K. Primm, 1421 Arch Street, Philadelphia. 1724 Sycamore Street.
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 Artist—Harry B. Kirk, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Primos, Delaware County. 1902 North Street.
 Scientific Assistants—Alfred B. Champlain, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
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 Miss Mary Wilks, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
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 Wesley H. Schwartz, Altoona, Blair County.
 Stenographers—Miss Mary E. Chadwick, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 814 Green Street.
 Mrs. Anna I. Mell, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1930 Green Street.
 Messenger—William R. Swartz, Duncannon, Perry County. 1156 Mulberry Street.
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 Archie Billings, Edinboro, Erie County.
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William F. Hill, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

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John Jenkins, Charleroi, Washington County.

Edward P. Jones, West Elizabeth, Allegheny County.

John B. Kliniewski, 2627 East Allegheny Avenue, Philadelphia.

Charles C. Linton, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Mrs. Anna C. Miller, 3250 Tilton Street, Philadelphia. ^{1007 North Second Street.}

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W. R. Neale, Punxsutawney, Jefferson County.

Walter L. Nuschke, Austin, Potter County.

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Albert G. Woodward, Curwensville, Clearfield County.

Chemists—F. T. Aschman, 608 McCance Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

C. B. Cochran, West Chester, Chester County.

James A. Evans, Erie, Erie County.

William Frear, State College, Centre County.

Donald W. Huber, Gettysburg, Adams County.

Charles H. Lawall, 30 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia. ^{P. O. Box 108, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.}

Carl F. Schoen, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Attorneys—Josiah D. Hicks, Altoona, Blair County.

Joseph A. Langfitt, Berger Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

John E. Walsh, Lincoln Building, Philadelphia.

Bureau of Chemistry.

(Office—North and Fifth Streets, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Director and Chief Chemist—James W. Kellogg, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

General Agent—George G. Hutchison, Warriors Mark, Huntingdon County. ^{900 North Sixteenth Street.}

First Assistant Chemist—Victor B. Hausknecht, Hazleton, Luzerne County.

Assistant Chemist and Seed Analyst—Howard E. Gensler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. ^{1804 Walnut Street.}

Assistant Chemists—Claude R. Engle, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. ^{1609 Forster Street.}

Gustave J. Kuhlman, Jr., Nanticoke, Luzerne County. ^{2156 Penn Street.}

Frank B. Williams, Bloomsburg, Columbia County. ^{410 Briggs Street.}

Special Agents—John F. St. Clair, New Florence, Westmoreland County. ^{National Hotel, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.}

W. John Stiteler, Danville, Montour County.

Laboratory Assistant—William W. Cassel, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Clerks—W. Earl Huber, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County. ^{1732 North Street.}

Miss Ruth I. Mentzer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. ^{1210 Derry Street.}

Stenographers—Miss Maud E. Daniels, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. ^{1933 Kensington Street.}

Miss Ina M. Sanders, Progress, Dauphin County.

Charman—J. Henry Fields, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. ^{233 North River Street.}

Bureau of Statistics.

Statistician—Lewis H. Wible, McConnellsburg, Fulton County.

Clerk—Miss Ella Michael, Mahaffey, Clearfield County. Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Stenographer—Mrs. Clare M. Keim, 107 South Fourth Street, Steelton, Dauphin County. 19A North Fourth Street.

CHAIRMEN OF FARMERS' INSTITUTES.

Counties.	Chairmen.	Post Office.
Adams,	A. I. Weldner,	Arendtsville.
Allegheny,	G. Ellis Wilson,	Wilkinsburg.
Armstrong,	Charles Claypool,	Worthington.
Beaver,	S. H. Caven,	Beaver Falls, R. D. 3.
Bedford,	Ralph Hoover,	Everett, R. D. 1.
Berks,	H. G. McGowan,	Geigers Mills.
Blair,	J. M. Delozier,	Holidaysburg, R. D. 2.
Bradford,	Oscar M. Ayres,	Alba.
Bucks,	Wilmer A. Twining,	Wycombe.
Butler,	George H. Bicker,	Cabot.
Cambria,	Anselm B. Kirsch,	Nicktown.
Cameron,		
Carbon,	Edward Lienhard,	Leighton, R. D. 2.
Centre,	C. L. Goodling,	State College.
Chester,	Edwin B. Maule,	Coatesville.
Clarion,	Henry Tippery,	Callensburg.
Clearfield,	Curtis F. Read,	Clearfield.
Clinton,	Wesley U. Herr,	Salona.
Columbia,	William J. Fairchild,	Berwick.
Crawford,	H. J. Powell,	Cochranston.
Cumberland,	T. J. Ferguson,	Mechanicsburg.
Dauphin,	E. B. Snively,	Hershey.
Delaware,	Francis H. Williamson,	West Chester, R. D. 4.
Elk,	John G. Schmidt,	St. Marys.
Erle,	Archie Billings,	Edinboro.
Fayette,	W. R. Swearingen,	Uniontown.
Forest,	A. W. Albaugh,	Tionesta.
Franklin,	Fred Mish,	Chambersburg.
Fulton,	James H. Kendall,	McConnellsburg.
Greene,	J. W. Stewart,	Jefferson.
Huntingdon,	George G. Hutchison,	Warriors Mark.
Indiana,	M. C. Stewart,	Indiana, R. D. 4.
Jefferson,	L. E. Bartlett,	Brookville.
Juniata,	D. B. Esh,	Spruce Hill.
Lackawanna,	Horace Seamans,	Factoryville.
Lancaster,	Monroe P. Haverstick,	Neffsville.
Lawrence,	Dorris L. Fulkman,	New Wilmington.
Lebanon,	John H. Light,	Lebanon, R. D. 2.
Lehigh,	P. S. Fenstermacher,	Allentown.
Luzerne,	E. Dana Sutliff,	Shickleshiny.
Lycoming,	Philip C. Antes,	Williamsport, R. D. 2.
McKean,	H. J. Rise,	Smetport.
Mercer,	William C. Black,	Mercer, R. D. 6.
Mifflin,	C. M. Smith,	Lewistown.
Monroe,	A. T. Blakeslee,	Preserve.
Montgomery,	Wilmer K. Groff,	Royersford.
Montour,	Edward Oyster,	Strawberry Ridge.
Northampton,	William D. Worman,	Bath.
Northumberland,	Angus A. Fairchild,	Milton.
Perry,	Clark M. Bower,	Blain.
Philadelphia,	S. K. Foster,	Torresdale.
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	B. F. Killam,	Paupack.
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Potter,	F. F. Glass,	Freeburg.
Schuylkill,	Robert W. Lohr,	Boswell.
Snyder,	M. W. Reeser,	Colley.
Somerset,	G. W. Bunnell,	Meshoppen.
Sullivan,	Edward E. Marvin,	Covington.
Susquehanna,	J. Newton Glover,	Vicksburg.
Tioga,	Joseph McElhaney,	Franklin, R. D. 3.
Union,	Nelson A. Crooks,	Corydon.
Venango,	J. Willis Martin,	Washington.
Warren,	Edward E. Kinsman,	Honesdale.
Washington,	W. F. Holtzer,	Greensburg.
Wayne,	George A. Benson,	Tunkhannock.
Westmoreland,	Harry Lincoln Perry,	Dallastown.
Wyoming,		
York,		

DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY.

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Edward Bailey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Henry W. Shoemaker, McElhattan, Clinton County.

Gifford Pinchot, Milford, Pike County.

Secretary—A. Elwyn Strode, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Office of the Commissioner of Forestry.

Commissioner of Forestry—Robert S. Conklin, Columbia, Lancaster County.

Deputy Commissioner of Forestry—Irvin C. Williams, Royersford, Montgomery County.

Clerks—Edward J. Davis, Phoenixville, Chester County.

404 Briggs Street.

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Bookkeepers—Stehman R. Deitrich, Columbia, Lancaster County.

Paul Gilbert, Quarryville, Lancaster County.

Stenographers—Mrs. Charles P. Hoffman, Halifax, Dauphin County.
Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Miss Ivy M. Luft, Middletown, Dauphin County.

Chief Engineer—Samuel T. Moore, Milroy, Mifflin County.

New Cumberland, Cumberland County.

Assistant Engineer—Tom O. Bietsch, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

Draftsman—Charles L. Wetzel, Beavertown, Snyder County. 936 North Second Street.
1210 Mulberry Street.

Messenger—Roy B. Ross, McAleystown, Huntingdon County. 419 Forster Street.

District Foresters—Robert G. Conklin, Fayetteville, Franklin County.

R. Lynn Emerick, Coudersport, Potter County.

Walter D. Ludwig, Johnstown, Cambria County.

Foresters—John E. Avery, Notch, Pike County.

Charles E. Baer, Elimsport, Lycoming County.

Walter J. Bartschat, Troxelville, Snyder County.

John A. Bastian, Mount Union, R. D. 1, Huntingdon County.

Valentine M. Bearer, Ligonier, Westmoreland County.

Harold E. Bryner, Blain, Perry County.

John E. Buch, Lititz, Lancaster County.

936 North Second Street.

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W. Gardiner Conklin, Columbia, Lancaster County. 2137 Swatara Street.

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Forrest H. Dutlinger, Renovo, Clinton County.

Lewis M. Detz, Elizabethville, Dauphin County.

Harry E. Elliott, Sizerville, Cameron County.

P. Hartman Fox, Austin, Potter County.

William M. High, Aitch, Huntingdon County.

Charles C. Hogeland, Slate Run, Lycoming County.

Joseph R. Hogentogler, Loganton, R. D. 2, Clinton County.

W. Harold Horning, Kewadin, Clearfield County.

Joseph S. Illick, New Cumberland, Cumberland County.

John W. Keller, Boalsburg, Centre County.

Carl L. Kirk, Penfield, Clearfield County.

Walter Leach, Morris, Tioga County.

L. Edgar McNulty, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

Benjamin D. McPherson, North Bend, Clinton County.

Foresters—Homer S. Metzger, Loganton, Clinton County.

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J. Newton Morton, McConnellsburg, Fulton County.

T. Roy Morton, Petersburg, Huntingdon County.

Marvin H. Moyer, Slate Run, Lycoming County.

Paul H. Mulford, Asaph, Tioga County.

Max E. Muller, McAlevysfort, R. D. 1, Huntingdon County.

Robert R. Neeffe, Waterville, Lycoming County.

George S. Perry, Mont Alto, Franklin County.

Harold F. Port, Cross Fork, Potter County.

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Homer Arthur Smith, Sinnamahoning, Cameron County.

Herbert A. Spangler, Hammersley Fork, Clinton County.

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Arthur B. Wells, Bryn Athyn, Montgomery County.

John R. Williams, Pine Grove Furnace, Cumberland County.

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E. A. Ziegler, Mont Alto, Franklin County.

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George W. Armstrong, Westport, Clinton County.

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Robert G. Bailey, Boalsburg, Centre County.

Oscar Barbour, Pine Grove Furnace, Cumberland County.

Wilson R. Barndt, Somerset, R. D. 3, Somerset County.

Merritt A. Barr, Karthaus, Clearfield County.

Daniel Benson, McAlevysfort, R. D. 1, Huntingdon County.

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David F. Bixel, Loganton, Clinton County.

Howard J. Boop, McAlevysfort, R. D. 1, Huntingdon County.

William Buck, Lecontes Mills, Clearfield County.

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O. M. Campbell, Cammal, Lycoming County.

E. C. Carlin, Metal, Franklin County.

J. V. Carlin, Metal, Franklin County.

Richard Crum, Sinnamahoning, Cameron County.

Frank Cunningham, Aitch, Huntingdon County.

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M. L. Fish, Lloyd, Tioga County.

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J. H. Green, Coudersport, Potter County.

Frank Griffey, Pine Grove Furnace, Cumberland County.

Forest Rangers—Solomon Hancock, Shippensburg, Cumberland County.
D. R. Harbeson, White Deer, Union County.
Herman N. Hart, New Germantown, Perry County.
B. F. Hassler, Fayetteville, Franklin County.
William K. Hatton, Lords Valley, Pike County.
Elmer Hockley, Pine Grove Furnace, Cumberland County.
Harvey Hockley, Pine Grove Furnace, Cumberland County.
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Frank Johnson, Penfield, Clearfield County.
Adam Kamp, Lock Haven, Clinton County.
J. H. Kauffman, Mount Union, Huntingdon County.
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Leroy Koontz, New Germantown, Perry County.
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Samuel H. Lightner, Cottage, Huntingdon County.
George M. Lipp, Montoursville, R. D. 1, Lycoming County.
William C. Maurer, Troxelville, Snyder County.
D. L. McCoy, Hammersley Fork, Clinton County.
H. C. McCoy, Cross Fork, Potter County.
James McElwee, Orrtanna, R. D. 2, Adams County.
William F. McKinney, Spring Mills, Centre County.
R. K. Merrill, Glen Union, Clinton County.
Charles J. Middleswarth, Troxelville, Snyder County.
Jacob Miller, Bushkill, Pike County.
John Monsell, Reedsville, Mifflin County.
Carl Motz, Woodward, Centre County.
John Nelson, Clearfield, Clearfield County.
Luther T. Newman, Fields Station, Lycoming County.
Henry M. Olson, Cross Fork, Potter County.
Herman Oppel, Wistie, Juniata County.
Harry B. Perry, Fayetteville, Franklin County.
W. E. Perry, Fayetteville, R. D. 1, Franklin County.
George H. Pidcoe, Williamsport, Lycoming County.
Clyde A. Raitt, Edgemere, Pike County.
Robert Reitz, Charter Oak, Huntingdon County.
John T. Rellihan, Lock Haven, Clinton County.
Emil T. Riviere, Milford, Pike County.
Samuel M. Roadarmel, Mifflinburg, Union County.
L. W. Rogers, Waterville, Lycoming County.
G. Edward Ross, McAlevysfort, R. D. 1, Huntingdon County.
Robert Schwab, Leetonia, Tioga County.
Howard P. Seese, Renovo, Clinton County.
John S. Shaffer, Mont Alto, Franklin County.
Alexander L. Shoemaker, Beech Creek, Clinton County.
Henry Sills, McAlevysfort, Huntingdon County.
Edward H. Smith, Rainsburg, Bedford County.
J. F. Smith, Chambersburg, R. D. 4, Franklin County.
Lloyd P. Smith, Spring Mills, R. D., Centre County.
John Sowers, Pine Grove Furnace, Cumberland County.
Harry W. Staley, Mont Alto, Franklin County.
Henry Stull, Fayetteville, Franklin County.

Forest Rangers—L. M. Stover, Livonia, Centre County.

Frank P. Sundy, McCrea, Cumberland County.

T. L. Swartzell, Milroy, Mifflin County.

James Tate, Millmont, R. D. 2, Union County.

Harry L. Thomas, Waynesboro, R. D. 4, Franklin County.

J. W. Welshans, Loganton, Clinton County.

C. D. Will, Slate Run, Lycoming County.

John Winkebleck, Beech Creek, Clinton County.

William Wirth, Milroy, Mifflin County.

Leon C. Wykoff, Firstfork, Cameron County.

Benjamin H. Young, Mont Alto, Franklin County.

John H. Ziegler, East Waterford, Juniata County.

Bureau of Forest Protection.

Chief Forest Fire Warden—George H. Wirt, Mont Alto, Franklin County.

1620 State Street.

Clerk—Charles R. Meek, Coburn, Centre County.

218 South Thirteenth Street.

Stenographers—Miss K. Irene Geiser, Waynesboro, Franklin County.

440 Hummel Street.

Mrs. Ethel G. Straw, Marysville, Perry County.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

(Office—18-22 South Third Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Commissioner—Clifford B. Connelley, Osgood and Marsona Streets, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

3 South Front Street.

Chief Clerk (acting)—William A. Riddle, New Cumberland, Cumberland County.

Editor of Publications—Albert O. Vorse, Lewisburg, Union County.

3 South Front Street.

Attorney—Howard Benton Lewis, 1540 Wallace Street, Philadelphia.

711 Penfield Building, Philadelphia.

Accountant—William C. Halfpenny, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

19 North Nineteenth Street.

Copying Clerks—William A. Leech, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

404 Spring Avenue.

Miss Verna M. Zeiter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

3020 North Third Street.

Filing Clerks—Miss Kathryn S. Bishop, Oberlin, Dauphin County.

Miss Anna E. Murray, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

113 South Third Street.

Miss Esther Zimmerman, Halifax, Dauphin County.

252 Broad Street.

Stenographers—Miss Kathryn H. Dunn, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

717 Capital Street.

Miss Kathryn M. Haag, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

223 Maclay Street.

Miss Lillian Lyter, Oberlin, Dauphin County.

Miss Effie Reimensnyder, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

266 Briggs Street.

Miss Mary A. Ryan, Arnot, Tioga County.

33 North Seventeenth Street.

Clerks—Miss Lillon G. Beach, Wellsboro, Tioga County.

407 South Thirteenth Street.

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311 Chestnut Street.

Miss Bertha M. Brown, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

204 North Second Street.

James F. Byers, Uniontown, Fayette County.

Senate Hotel.

Edmund C. Fagan, 1319 Jackson Street, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

329 Chestnut Street.

Mrs. Helen Forrer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

218 Locust Street.

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 Mrs. James T. Gardner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 61 North Fourteenth Street.
 Miss Mary B. Martin, Wormleysburg, Cumberland County.
 Miss Violet E. Titlow, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 120 Cumberland Street.
 Messenger—John G. Mosier, 222 Prospect Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County. 214 South Street.
 Charmer—William H. Brown, 456 Fairground Avenue, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
 Moses J. Birge, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1314 William Street.

Bureau of Inspection.

- Chief Inspector—John H. Walker, Clarks Summit, Lackawanna County.
 Skilled Stenographer and Inspector—Theodore J. Gould, 340 Amber Street, E. E., Hotel Rife.
 Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. Engineers' Club.

Harrisburg District.

(Office, Keystone Building, 18-22 South Third Street, Harrisburg.)

- Inspectors of the First Grade—Miss Mary C. Butterworth, Coudersport, Potter County. 231 Forster Street.
 Harry S. Echternach, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 418 Hummel Street.
 Charles J. Gotwalt, 1107 South Queen Street, York, York County.
 Edward B. Joachim, Athens, Bradford County.
 J. Pursell Lilley, Marysville, Perry County.
 Harold M. Lippincott, Narberth, Montgomery County. Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.
 James Neil, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 411 Briggs Street.
 Mrs. Alberta L. Rodgers, Corry, Erie County. 128 Walnut Street.
 Livingston Saylor, Pottstown, Montgomery County. 2209 North Fourth Street.
 Mrs. Helen T. Sellers, State College, Centre County. 204 North Second Street.
 A. King Wise, 211 Twelfth Street, Altoona, Blair County.

Stenographers—James S. Arnold, Fifth and Chestnut Streets, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

- Miss Virginia T. Forrer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 218 Locust Street.
 Miss Mildred M. Kaufman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 132 Locust Street.
 Mrs. Ralph E. Steele, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County. 1109 North Second Street.
 Miss Marguerite J. Strickler, Lebanon, Lebanon County. 232 Kelker Street.
 Miss Helen C. Westbrook, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Twenty-ninth and Derry Streets.

- Clerks—Mrs. Martha F. Baird, 748 North Highland Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 127 State Street.
 Miss Edna E. Landis, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 204 North Second Street.
 Miss Catherine McNellis, 152 South Beaver Street, York, York County.
 Mrs. Bruce W. Rider, Marysville, Perry County.

Lancaster District.

(Office—629 Woolworth Building, Lancaster, Lancaster County.)

- Supervising Inspector—Arthur S. Keller, York, York County. 629 Woolworth Building, Lancaster.

- Inspectors of the First Grade—Frank L. Diehm, Manheim, Lancaster County.
 August W. Franke, 232 Adams Street, Johnstown, Cambria County. 808 Capital Street.
 Matthew J. Gibney, 406 Bingham Street, Reading, Berks County.
 Fred C. Hand, Scranton, Lackawanna County. 810 Capital Street.
 George W. Heltzel, Bedford, Bedford County.
 Harry L. Johnson, Laceyville, Wyoming County. Hotel Redington, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
 George W. Kerchner, Mifflintown, Juniata County.
 Robert C. Liggit, 123 East Cottage Place, York, York County.
 Frank A. Moore, P. O. Box 254, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.
 Joseph J. Rohlman, 242 North Fourth Street, Columbia, Lancaster County.
 William P. Shoemaker, Laporte, Sullivan County.
 Walter M. Smith, New Cumberland, Cumberland County. 808 Capital Street.
- Stenographer—Miss Mildred E. Pendergast, 759 South Lime Street, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
- Philadelphia District.
 (Office, 1115 North American Building, Philadelphia.)
- Supervising Inspector—J. Jerry Coffey, Osceola Mills, Clearfield County. 1115 North American Building, Philadelphia.
- Inspectors of the First Grade—John Birkey, Newportville, Bucks County.
 Charles C. Black, 2344 Reed Street, Philadelphia.
 William L. Boylan, 2724 North Front Street, Philadelphia.
 Thomas J. Boyle, 2335 Tasker Street, Philadelphia.
 Robert Brown, 6122 Reedland Street, Philadelphia.
 Thomas J. Burke, 336 South Twenty-fourth Street, Philadelphia.
 Charles J. Doyle, 748 North Forty-fourth Street, Philadelphia.
 John L. Foy, 2043 South Twenty-second Street, Philadelphia.
 Charles L. Gerhard, 5834 Lansdowne Avenue, Philadelphia.
 Edward Greenhalgh, 120 East Huntingdon Street, Philadelphia.
 Harry W. Honan, 220 East Twenty-second Street, Chester, Delaware County.
 Mrs. M. E. R. Keller, 225 South Fiftieth Street, Philadelphia.
 George H. Kelley, 1633 South Broad Street, Philadelphia.
 James F. Knight, Jr., 3716 North Randolph Street, Philadelphia.
 Alfred W. Kohl, 238 West Erie Avenue, Philadelphia.
 David F. Lare, 905 Moore Street, Philadelphia.
 William Linn, 1338 South Sixteenth Street, Philadelphia.
 David T. McCampbell, 1028 South Fifty-first Street, Philadelphia.

Inspectors of the First Grade—James C. McDonald, 7125 Bryan Street, Germantown, Philadelphia.

William H. Mohler, 1037 West Shackamaxon Street, Philadelphia.

Mrs. Emma Moon, 22 South Twenty-first Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Bessie B. Postles, 4336 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.

Mrs. Edna M. Roney, 109 Catherine Street, Philadelphia.

Joseph J. Skelton, Jr., Cynwyd, Montgomery County.

Lewis S. Stoneback, Barneston, Chester County.

George E. Taylor, 5344 Lena Street, Philadelphia.

Frederick Walzer, 117 Windsor Avenue, Narberth, Montgomery County.

Simon Weinbeck, 1334 North Thirteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Ellen M. Williston, 4321 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Stenographer—Miss Sara McClelland, 3818 Parrish Street, Philadelphia.

Pittsburgh District.

(Office, 805 Hartje Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.)

Supervising Inspector—Francis Feehan, Castle Shannon, Allegheny County.

Inspectors of the First Grade—James F. Barry, 1878 Chapman Street, Sharpsburg, Allegheny County.

Daniel J. Berthold, 156 Comrie Avenue, Braddock, Allegheny County.

Charles H. Caler, 325 Brown Street, Rochester, Beaver County.

James S. Darr, 908 South Pittsburgh Street, Connelville, Fayette County.

Clarence E. Gilchrist, Scottdale, Westmoreland County.

Anthony P. Huckestein, Mount Lebanon, Allegheny County.

Christopher Kopp, 1209 Spring Garden Avenue, North Side, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Walter S. Leard, Worthington, Armstrong County.

James McCann, 132 Erie Street, Johnstown, Cambria County.

James E. McClusky, 196 Addison Street, Washington, Washington County.

James C. McClymonds, Portersville, Butler County.

John J. Maloney, 15 Fifth Street, Aspinwall, Allegheny County.

James Norton, 203 Grand View Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Thomas Quinn, 814 Ross Avenue, Wilkinsburg, Allegheny County.

Stanford E. Richardson, 513 Centre Street, East Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

George I. Rudolph, 1907 Morrell Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Herman R. Shultz, 1509 Allegheny Avenue, North Side, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Inspectors of the First Grade—Ernest R. Smith, 912 Penn Avenue, Turtle Creek, Allegheny County.
 James M. Sterling, 505 Main Street, Latrobe, Westmoreland County.
 Miss Elizabeth Torrens, 5903 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 James B. Twaddle, 416 Riverview Avenue, New Castle, Lawrence County.
 David E. Weaver, 41 Claus Avenue, Mount Oliver, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 William G. Wilson, 1628 Broadway Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Miss Margaret A. Winans, 1108 Braddock Avenue, Swissvale, Allegheny County.

Stenographer—Miss Hilda L. Lutz, 2145 Centre Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Scranton District.

(Office—412 Union National Bank Building, Scranton, Lackawanna County.)

Supervising Inspector—Stephen G. Fitch, 1117 Watson Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Inspectors of the First Grade—Rexford R. Cardwell, 307 Cooper Street, Taylor, Lackawanna County.
 Russell P. Carling, Weatherly, Carbon County.
 Robert Davison, 127 West Broad Street, Nanticoke, Luzerne County.
 William R. Flad, 960 Centre Street, Freeland, Luzerne County.
 James N. Hunter, 1124 West Market Street, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.
 Ernest W. Lott, Springville, Susquehanna County.
 Charles P. Lynch, 429 Turner Street, Allentown, Lehigh County.
 George W. Nape, 205 Pittston Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
 John J. O'Donnell, 448 Grant Street, Allentown, Lehigh County.
 Thomas J. Quigley, 45 North Chestnut Street, Mount Carmel, Northumberland County.
 Charles E. Reese, 1010 Olive Street, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
 William B. Richards, 326 Spring Street, West Pittston, Luzerne County.
 William T. Simpson, 1502 South Main Street, Peckville, Lackawanna County.
 Miss Elizabeth Stuart, 133 North West Street, Allentown, Lehigh County.
 Harry E. Taylor, 1319 Linden Street, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Stenographers and Clerks—Thomas R. Davis, 6 Clark Place, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
 Irwin M. Gray, 1503 Farr Street, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Williamsport District.

(Office—842 Arch Street, Williamsport, Lycoming County.)

Senior Inspector—George M. Dunlap, 842 Arch Street, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

Inspectors of the First Grade—Jesse W. Bower, 610 Oliver Street, Williamsport, Lycoming County.
 James G. Boyce, 11 Guelich Avenue, Clearfield, Clearfield County.
 Joseph Fecker, 139 Walnut Street, Sunbury, Northumberland County.
 William G. Fisher, 316 South Third Street, Sunbury, Northumberland County.
 Albert Karhan, Sabinsville, Tioga County.
 John B. Wakely, Knoxville, Tioga County.

Erie District.

(Office—Masonic Temple Building, Meadville, Crawford County.)

Senior Inspector—Adrian W. McCoy, 908 Diamond Park, Meadville, Crawford County.
Inspectors of the First Grade—Frank S. Austin, 428 North Centre Street, Corry, Erie County.
 Mrs. Elizabeth Bigelow, 611 West Eighteenth Street, Erie, Erie County.
 James R. Drozeski, 411 Myrtle Street, Erie, Erie County.
 William J. Hodgson, 1806 Belasco Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Joseph H. Ravey, 203 East Second Street, Oil City, Venango County
Stenographer—Miss Jessie M. Stokes, Meadville, Crawford County.

Bureau of Industrial Hygiene and Engineering.

(Office—Meals Building, Third and North Streets, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chief—Francis D. Patterson, M. D., 2103 Locust Street, Philadelphia.
Inspector of the Third Grade—Miss Elizabeth B. Bricker, M. D., Lititz, Lancaster County. Harrisburg Club.
 223 North Second Street.
Chemical Engineer—John S. Spicer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 276 Peffer Street.
Civil Engineer—(Vacancy.)
Draftsman and Assistant Engineer—Glenn W. Moffatt, Rixford, McKean County. 417 Briggs Street.
Stenographers—Miss Virginia Detweiler, Middletown, Dauphin County.
 Miss Effie D. Gilman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1726 Green Street.
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(Office—Keystone Building, 18-22 South Third Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

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 Matthew P. Frederick, Tyrone, Blair County. 369 South Eighteenth Street.
 Thomas Henwood, 201 Church Street, Dunmore, Lackawanna County.
 William Young, 5947 Webster Street, Philadelphia.
Secretary—Fred F. Unger, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 606 North Sixteenth Street.
Stenographer—Miss Ethel M. Jones, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1826 Chestnut Street.

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(Office—Keystone Building, 18-22 South Third Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

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 Otto T. Mallery, 1513 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.
 Mrs. Samuel Semple, Titusville, Crawford County.

Secretary—Fred J. Hartman, 33 Ruth Street, Mount Washington Station, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Curator—William Lauder, Riddlesburg, Bedford County. 612 North Second Street.

Stenographers—Miss Hannah Crump, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 322 South Sixteenth Street.

Miss Lillian M. Edwards, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1348 State Street.

Mrs. Esther Hempt, Etters, York County.

Mrs. Agnes R. Scarlett, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Margaret Talbot, 4032 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia. 1730 Green Street.

1115 North American Building, Philadelphia.

Bureau of Employment.

(Office—Meals Building, Third and North Streets, Harrisburg.)

Director—Jacob Lightner, 109 Hawkins Avenue, North Braddock, Allegheny County.

Clerks—Miss Rebecca W. Ball, 4445 Frankford Avenue, Frankford, Philadelphia. 814 North Sixteenth Street.

Sanford D. Coe, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 210 State Street.

Mrs. Elizabeth B. Flanagan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2017 North Second Street.

Frank L. Jefferson, 213 Adams Street, Steelton, Dauphin County. 517 North Second Street.

Mrs. Katharine E. McCaleb, Connellsville, Fayette County.

Preston S. Seidel, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 128 Walnut Street.

Stenographers—Miss Maude Hoyer, New Cumberland, Cumberland County. 273 Herr Street.

Miss Alice M. Madden, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 13 North Fourth Street.

Miss L. Leone Teeter, Chambersburg, Franklin County. 1718 North Fifth Street.

Janitress—Mrs. Laura Ellenberger, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1719 State Street.

1627 Logan Street.

Philadelphia Office.

(1519-1521 Arch Street, Philadelphia.)

Superintendent—Kenneth M. Coolbaugh, 3711 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Investigators—Andrew K. Maslar, 613 Minor Street, Reading, Berks County.

James J. Moran, 1229 South Twentieth Street, Philadelphia.

Joseph T. McDevitt, 1121 North Sixty-third Street, Philadelphia.

Examiners—William H. Chambers, 9 South Forty-third Street, Philadelphia.

Theodore T. Gilbert, 5300 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Samuel J. Moffit, 4732 Cedar Avenue, Philadelphia.

Harry I. Wingert, 1424 North Eighteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Clerks—Miss Edna M. Craven, Glenloch, Chester County.

Thomas F. Deegan, 6543 Paschall Avenue, Philadelphia.

Russell T. Whitson, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

4123 Parrish Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Clara S. Wismer, Hatfield, Montgomery County.

Stenographers—Miss Kathryn McAlevy, 39 North Sixteenth Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2035 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Ellie M. Xydias, 1800 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Special Officer—Eugene Lawley, 5722 Hoffman Avenue, Philadelphia.

Janitor—Forrest Lawson, 1521 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Pittsburgh Office.

(Ross and Diamond Streets, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.)

Superintendent—Samuel H. Thompson, 312 South Avenue, Wilkinsburg, Allegheny County.

Assistant Superintendent—James F. Mitchell, 26 Elm Lane, Etna, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Investigator—Zarah Barach, 1317 Denniston Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Examiners—Meyer E. Goldstein, 3530 Brighton Road, North Side, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Albert T. Keil, Crafton, Allegheny County.

John E. Lennox, 420 Arch Street, N. S., Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Frank J. Span, 467 Third Avenue, Homestead, Allegheny County.

James T. Swan, 9 Southern Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Clerks—Miss Margaret M. Sammeth, 7147 Upland Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Miss Stella M. Sutter, 1033 Vinial Street, N. S., Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

William C. Vidt, 194 Butler Street, Etna, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Stenographers—Miss Charlotte N. Brinker, 818 South Avenue, Wilkensburg, Allegheny County.

Miss Gertrude M. Edwards, 3327 Gass Avenue, N. S., Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Janitor—James A. Mayo, 617 Lowell Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Pittsburgh Branch Office.

(Office, Second Floor, 518 Wylie Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.)

Superintendent—William P. Bayless, 1713 Wylie Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Clerk and Stenographer—Miss Aluvia M. Stoner, 1104 Warlo Street, North Side, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

McKeesport Office.

(412 Walnut Street, McKeesport, Allegheny County.)

Superintendent—James E. Crossland, 926 Franklin Avenue, McKeesport, Allegheny County.

Clerk and Stenographer—Mrs. Margaret A. Watson, 124 Sixth Avenue, McKeesport, Allegheny County.

Johnstown Office.

(Second Floor, 219 Market Street, Johnstown, Cambria County.)

Superintendent—Fred W. Church, 726 Highland Avenue, Johnstown, Cambria County.

Clerk and Stenographer—A. Cuddy Stiver, 401 Cypress Avenue, Johnstown, Cambria County.

Erie Office.

(109 West Ninth Street, Erie, Erie County.)

Clerk—Miss Rose Glenn, 261 West Eleventh Street, Erie, Erie County.

Scranton Office.

(120 Adams Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.)

Clerk—John P. Gownley, 111 Prospect Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Stenographer—Miss Florence R. Jordan, 1634 Ruane Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Bureau of Rehabilitation.

(Office—Keystone Building, 18-22 South Third Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chief of Bureau—Silas S. Riddle, 357 Centre Street, Bloomsburg, Columbia County. 1001 North Second Street.

Adjusters—William P. Clark, Dauphin, Dauphin County.

Alfred W. Headley, 31 Chautauqua Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

James J. Norris, 61 North Sixty-third Street, Philadelphia.

Stenographer—Miss Margaret A. McMahon, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Clerk—Miss Gertrude C. Broecker, 3158 Avalon Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 1129 North Cameron Street. 205 State Street.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BUREAU.

Members of the Board.

Chairman—Harry A. Mackey, 5019 Pine Street (Office, 1115 North American Building), Philadelphia. Harrisburg Club.

Paul W. Houck, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County.

Benjamin Jarrett, Farrell, Mercer County.

Clifford B. Connelley, Commissioner of Labor and Industry.

Counsel—Francis H. Bohlen, Thirty-fourth and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia.

Isaac M. Price, 4517 North Nineteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Charles H. Young, 315 East Wallace Avenue, New Castle, Lawrence County.

David J. Davis, 605 Mears Building, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Stenographers to Board Members—Frank J. McMahon, 5841 Delancey Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Dorothy Reber, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County.

Miss Nora Joyce, Farrell, Mercer County.

Supervisory Referee—Frank Feeney, 708 South Fifty-second Street, Philadelphia.

Stenographer to Supervisory Referee—William J. Brady, 1619 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Referees (Unassigned)—Gus M. Gleason, DuBois, Clearfield County.

Asa E. Lewis, Dallas, Luzerne County.

Office of the Board.

(Office—Keystone Building, 18-22 South Third Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Secretary—Lee Solomon, 1119 Dauphin Street, Philadelphia.

Bolton House.

Assistant Secretary—Jesse C. Detweiler, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

Actuary—Richard M. Pennock, Kennett Square, Chester County.

Clerks—Paul H. Bischoff, Tamaqua, Schuylkill County.

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Stenographers—Miss Alice Driscoll, 29 Ninth Street, Franklin, Venango County.

Miss Mary C. Foltz, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Anna L. Gaffney, 114 North Second Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Miss Celia E. Hartman, 351 Lincoln Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Miss Margaret Watkins, Washington, Washington County.

1200 North Fifteenth Street.

Office of the Bureau.

(Office—Keystone Building, 18-22 South Third Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Director—William H. Horner, Oberlin, Dauphin County.

Expert on Compensation—Cassius A. Dunn, Washington, Washington County.

Stenographers—Miss Laura A. Ewing, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Mrs. R. E. Yohn, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

111 Boas Street.

1942 Green Street.

209 Walnut Street.

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Joseph W. Hanna, 2207 East Boston Avenue, Philadelphia.

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Miss Rhoda G. Miller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Samuel C. Plank, Waynesboro, Franklin County.

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Miss Margaret C. Yetter, 470 North Second Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

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Mrs. Carrie C. McCamant, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1406 North Second Street.

Miss Mary J. Mussina, Mount Gretna, Lebanon County. 218 Boas Street.

Miss Carlyn D. Peeling, 134 South Duke Street, York, York County. 708 Capital Street.

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Stenographer—Miss Anna J. Hershey, New Freedom, York County.

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Miss Margaret W. Cross, 34 North Duke Street, York, York County.

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Michael H. Grubb, Liverpool, Perry County. 717 South Nineteenth Street.

Miss Clara M. Hare, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1917 Penn Street.

Miss Katherine L. Hood, Duncannon, Perry County. 1522 Walnut Street.

William M. Melick, Philipsburg, Centre County. 212 North Third Street.

Miss Mary M. Rankin, Bellefonte, Centre County. 1256 Swatara Street.

Miss Elsie N. Rineer, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Miss Margaret Stratton, 817 East Parkway, McKeesport, Allegheny County. 418 South Thirteenth Street.

Stenographer—Mrs. Lucy A. Thompson, Hughesville, Lycoming County. 404 Briggs Street.

Division of Petitions and Appeals.

Chief Clerk—Benjamin F. Sellers, 129 South Front Street, Steelton, Dauphin County. 227 Pine Street.

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Clerks—Mrs. Lydia C. Bowman, State College, Centre County. 120 Horner Street.

Miss Helen Owens, York, York County. 410 Briggs Street.

Stenographers—Miss V. Elizabeth Howlett, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1100 North Third Street.

Miss T. Glen Myer, Union City, Erie County. 1529 Naudain Street.

Division of Statistics.

Statisticians—Carl C. Beasor, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Francis P. Crull, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 204 North Second Street. 3016 North Second Street. 256 Cumberland Street.

Chief Tabulating Machine Operator—Tolbert C. Smec, Oberlin, Dauphin County.

Assistant Tabulating Machine Operator—John I. Book, Mexico, Juniata County.

Expert Accountant—Miss Mary Whitmoyer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

29 South Third Street.

Division of Adjustments.

Chief Adjuster—Harry Myers, 1019 Beech Street, McKeesport, Allegheny County.

Adjusters—Alex. K. Klimas, 213 East Mount Vernon Street, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County. 265 Peffer Street.

William Boud Smith, 1941 Master Street, Philadelphia.

Harry Trebilcox, 413 East Main Street, Plymouth, Luzerne County.

Stenographer—Miss Margaretta Wiley, York, York County.

Mechanicsburg, R. D. 2, Cumberland County.

Division of Exemption and Insurance.

Chief Clerk—Joseph B. Means, Brookville, Jefferson County. 512 North Second Street.

Stenographer—Miss Jessie J. Becker, Clarks Summit, Lackawanna County.

218 North Street.

District 1.

(Office—1115 North American Building, Philadelphia.)

Referees—Charles W. Bosler, Ogontz, Montgomery County.

Warren C. Graham, South Latches Lane, Overbrook, Philadelphia.

Clerks to Referees—James J. Walker, 2548 A. Street, Philadelphia.

J. Roscoe Williams, Abington, Montgomery County.

Physician—Walter H. Blakeslee, M. D., 3328 North Seventeenth Street, Philadelphia.

Sergeant-at-Arms—E. Samuel Krombolz, 248 South Felton Street, Philadelphia.

Clerk to Chairman—Joseph F. Englert, 5815 Park Avenue, Philadelphia.

Clerks—William N. Alcorn, 5818 Montrose Street, Philadelphia.

John B. Crosson, 1838 Ritner Street, Philadelphia.

Elmer N. B. Frame, 5224 Delancey Street, Philadelphia.

Bernard F. Fuelner, 6125 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Mary McCuen, 312 Kent Road, Cynwyd, Montgomery County.

James J. Regan, Jr., 512 South Forty-seventh Street, Philadelphia.

Stenographers—Harry Grimm, 1123 East Tioga Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Edna E. Hockstein, 4612 North Thirteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Robert C. Hunsworth, 48 Price Street, Manayunk, Philadelphia.

Isaac Jervis, 525 West Lafayette Street, Norristown, Montgomery County.

Miss Mabel McCoach, 2431 Carpenter Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Emily Moleton, 5232 Walton Avenue, Philadelphia.

Miss Frances E. Rosenfelt, 4153 West Girard Avenue, Philadelphia.

Frederick W. Wetzel, 3264 Frankford Avenue, Philadelphia.

District 2.

(Office—1-2 Ulmer Building, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.)

Referee—Thomas C. Seidel, 101 Douglass Street, Reading, Berks County.

Clerk—Clarence G. Smith, 419 East Arch Street, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

Stenographers—Henry Buehler, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

Miss Genevieve R. Flaherty, Mahanoy City, Schuylkill County.

District 3.

(Office—412 Union National Bank Building, Scranton, Lackawanna County.)

Referee—George W. Beemer, Clarks Summit, Lackawanna County.

Clerk—John P. Griffiths, Taylor, Lackawanna County.

Stenographer—John P. Butler, Clarks Summit, Lackawanna County. 408 Union National Bank Building.

District 4.

(Office—625-627 Woolworth Building, Lancaster, Lancaster County.)

Referee—Chester W. Cummings, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Clerk—Herman L. Walzl, 640 Chester Avenue, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Stenographer—Harry H. Rohrer, 341 North Lime Street, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

District 5.

(Office—311-312 First National Bank Building, Williamsport, Lycoming County.)

Referee—Walter W. Champion, Montoursville, Lycoming County.

Clerk—Paul Smith, Hughesville, Lycoming County.

Stenographer—Miss Mary F. Armstrong, Montoursville, Lycoming County.

District 6.

(Office—Chamber of Commerce Building, Altoona, Blair County.)

Referee—Jacob Snyder, Roaring Spring, Blair County.

Clerks—C. K. Ritchey, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

Charles Z. Wolff, 730 West Lehigh Avenue, Philadelphia.

Stenographer and Clerk—Mrs. Frances M. Rhodes, Altoona, Blair County.

District 7.

(Office—Kane Trust and Savings Bank Building, Kane, McKean County.)

Referee—G. Scott Smith, Kane, McKean County.

Clerk—Joseph H. Goldstein, Warren, Warren County.

Stenographer—William M. Betz, 65 Pearl Avenue, Oil City, Venango County.

District 8.

(Office—801-802-803 Hartje Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.)

Referees—Laurell E. Christley, 212 First Street, Butler, Butler County.

Harry B. Henderson, Kittanning, Armstrong County.

Clerks to Referees—Sylvester P. Dolan, 632 Collins Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

William J. Graham, 3519 Fleming Avenue, N. S., Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Physician—Edward R. Walters, M. D., 280 Shady Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Clerks—Edward F. Geis, 1802 Tonapah Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Miss Nora M. Guiney, 4216 Lydia Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Allan McDonald, Rossiter, Indiana County.

Stenographers—Miss Eva R. Chersky, 802 Hartje Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
280 Wick Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Miss Frances R. Clifford, 741 Bryn Mawr Road, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Miss Lillian Dengler, 2104 Eccles Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Miss Marion Farrell, 306 Camp Street, Braddock, Allegheny County.

STATE WORKMEN'S INSURANCE BOARD.

(Office—206 Walnut Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chairman—State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart.

Commissioner of Labor and Industry Clifford B. Connelley.

Insurance Commissioner Thomas B. Donaldson.

Office of the Board.

Manager—William J. Roney, 6940 Keystone Street, Tacony, Philadelphia.

Assistant Manager—John G. Bingham, Dalmatia, Northumberland County. Plaza Hotel.

Counsel—Francis H. Bohlen, Thirty-fourth and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia.

Associate Counsel—Samuel I. Spyker, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

Stenographer—Miss Frances E. Lingle, Middletown, Dauphin County.

Charman—Eugene Venie, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1338 North Seventh Street.

Bookkeeping Division.

Chief Accountant—Alexander Maxwell, 3714 Frankford Avenue, Philadelphia.

Bookkeepers—Homer D. Burlingame, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 339 Hummel Street.

Abel Madeira, Elizabethtown, Lancaster County. 114 Chestnut Street.

John G. Short, Knoxville, Tioga County. 1903 Green Street.

Harry B. Zigner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 802 North Sixth Street.

17 North Fifth Street.

Cashier—Edgar K. Raff, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

Clerks—Harry A. Benner, Selinsgrove, Snyder County. 931 North Second Street.

William S. Flinder, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

John C. Geist, Tionesta, Forest County.

William G. Hilton, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 263 Liberty Street.

George R. Neff, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 260 North Street.

Anthony F. Petrasie, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 349 South Second Street.

Miss Mabel P. Shelley, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 239 North Street

Edwin S. Stair, Columbia, Lancaster County.

Stenographer—Miss Helen E. Holthaus, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Payroll Auditors—Ira P. Armstrong, Lock Haven, Clinton County. 2034 North Fifth Street.

Harry G. Shearer, Lock Haven, Clinton County.

Underwriting Division.

Chief Underwriting Clerk—Frank I. de Haven, Wayne, Delaware County.

Underwriting Clerks—Andrew J. Leet, 2145 North Howard Street, Philadelphia. 1319 Derry Street.

Harry E. Miller, Bedford, Bedford County. 927 North Third Street.

Charles K. Stevenson, Lock Haven, Clinton County. 1100 North Third Street.

Chief of Field Force—Andrew B. Hitchcock, Knoxville, Tioga County. 1709 Forster Street.

Stenographers—Miss Helen M. Lechthaler, New Cumberland, Cumberland County. 801 North Sixth Street.

Miss Catherine Trostle, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.

Filing Clerk—Miss Frances C. Gibbs, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Typist—Miss Minnie E. Gelbaugh, Duncannon, Perry County.

Typewriting Division.

Chief Typist—Miss Sarah J. Walzer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Typists—Mrs. Mary Beckley, New Cumberland, Cumberland County. 1803 North Second Street.

Miss Elizabeth M. Bushey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Mary Corl, Marysville, Perry County. 2154 North Fifth Street.

Miss Marie Karle, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2154 North Fifth Street.

Miss Maud Sterner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1200 North Third Street.

Mrs. Eleanor J. Walter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Esther Wemyss, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1317 North Second Street.

Stenographer—Miss Esther Wagner, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County. Y. W. C. A.

Filing Division.

Chief File Clerk—Mrs. Edna P. Rockefeller, Erie, Erie County.

File Clerks—Miss Edna D. Drake, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 224 North Second Street.

Miss Ella R. Haldeman, Harleysville, Montgomery County. 1900 North Third Street.

Miss Carolyn E. Houston, Penbrook, Dauphin County. 81 North Seventeenth Street.

Miss Mary J. Ross, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 237 North Street.

Claim Division.

Chief Claim Clerk—Raymond C. Baker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Claim Examiner—Ralph L. Miller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 130 Locust Street.

Claim Clerks—Miss Martha Fletcher, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 224 Pine Street.

G. Willard Hall, Bellefonte, Centre County. 312 North Second Street.

Frank N. Kerrick, Towanda, Bradford County.

Claim Adjusters—Thomas A. Bradley, Lilly, Cambria County. 1518 Susquehanna Street.

Kiernan Donahue, Pottsville, Schuylkill County. 88 North Eighteenth Street.

George Getusky, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County.

Harry F. Neiswenter, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

Typists—Miss Frances G. Eves, Columbia, Lancaster County.

Miss Reba M. Foland, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Mrs. Catharine A. Ilgin, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 16 South Eighteenth Street.

Miss Ame S. LeVan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 218 North Street.

Miss Sarah H. Reiff, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 434 Boas Street.

Stenographer—Miss Violet E. Wright, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1618 Market Street.

File Clerks—Miss Alice I. Boyles, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2408 Reel Street.

Miss Pearl A. Hoffmeister, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1296 Penn Street.

Mrs. Sophie H. Myers, Camp Hill, Cumberland County. 1616 Regina Street.

Mrs. May C. Null, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Mailing and Addressing Clerk—Harry P. Young, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 103 South Summit Street.

Watchman—Thomas J. Toomey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 213 Barbara Street.

608 Race Street.

Hollerith Tabulating Division.

Chief Clerk—George W. Van Wagner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Card Punchers—Miss Mary C. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 239 Emerald Street.

Miss Ellen Spahr, Halifax, Dauphin County. 206 Hamilton Street.

Miss Sara E. Thomas, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Typist—Mrs. Florinda Weaver, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 608 North Third Street.

1522 Penn Street.

Inspection Division.

Inspectors—Richard C. Paul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

James S. Manger, Nazareth, Northampton County. 511 South Fourteenth Street.

Stenographer—Miss Mary Miller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 131 State Street.

1325 North Front Street.

Philadelphia Branch Office.

(1004 Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia.)

District Representative—Harry G. Tyson, 2534 South Nineteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Field Representatives—A. Lee Heston, Lansdowne, Delaware County.

William O. Scholl, 2442 North Tenth Street, Philadelphia.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Claim Adjusters—Joseph M. Hellings, 8440 Frankford Avenue, Philadelphia.

James B. Sherrard, 4109 Girard Avenue, Philadelphia.

Payroll Auditor—Charles B. Zigner, 3735 North Marshall Street, Philadelphia.

Inspector—John W. McConeghy, 34 Manheim Street, Philadelphia.

Stenographer—Miss Elizabeth Rosenfeldt, 5018 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Scranton Branch Office.

(418 Union National Bank Building, Scranton, Lackawanna County.)

District Representative—William S. Millar, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Payroll Auditor—James F. Judge, 1923 Pittston Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Claim Adjuster—David T. Pierce, 308 Thirteenth Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Stenographer—Miss Margaret Roberts, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Altoona Branch Office.

(1 Lincoln Trust Building, Altoona, Blair County.)

District Representative—W. Walter Henry, Altoona, Blair County.

Claim Adjuster—Thomas G. Magee, Altoona, Blair County.

Payroll Auditor—William C. Bassler, Roaring Spring, Blair County.

Stenographer—Miss Ruth Beech, 25 Oak Avenue, Altoona, Blair County.

Pittsburgh Branch Office.

(401 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.)

District Representative—William G. Dick, Hites, Allegheny County.

Claim Adjusters—Frank R. Bracey, 104 South Twenty-third Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Harry Chalmers, 3306 Bigelow Boulevard, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Vinton F. Porter, 10 Wellington Apartments, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Thomas A. Welsh, 608 Alger Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Payroll Auditor—Fred C. Adams, Tioga, Tioga County

Inspector—S. M. Lippincott, 6336 Marchand Street, East Liberty, Allegheny County.

Stenographer—Miss Ruby M. Price, Washington Place, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Franklin Branch Office.

(316 Franklin Trust Building, Franklin, Venango County.)

District Representative—Samuel P. Anderson, Franklin, Venango County.

Field Representative—Harry Holmes, Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County.

Stenographer—Miss Myrtle A. Ross, 1407 Eagle Street, Franklin, Venango County.

Greensburg Branch Office.

(310 Coulter Building, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.)

Chief Inspector—Fred E. Bedale, Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County.

Mine Inspectors—Frank J. Eberhart, Jeannette, Westmoreland County.

John G. Jones, Johnstown, Cambria County.

Philip E. Morris, Grove City, Mercer County.

Perry W. Orr, Harrisville, Butler County.

Hiram H. Smith, 284 East Northampton Street, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

Charles W. Washabau, Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County.

Stenographer—Miss Fannie M. Murphy, 636 South Main Street, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.

Typists—Miss Ruth Baker, 350 West Otterman Street, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.

Miss Gwendolyn Blystone, 217 Seminary Avenue, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.

Miss Ethel J. Pore, 208 Seminary Avenue, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

(Office—Trustee Building, 8 North Second Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chief of the Department of Mines—Seward Button, Wyoming, Luzerne County.

Lochiel Hotel.

Deputy Chief—Frank Hall, Huntingdon County.

108 Walnut Street.

Chief Clerk—Edward C. Malick, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County.

216 Pine Street.

Statistician—John H. Venn, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

214 Yale Street.

Clerks—Bruce Harry Bower, Berwick, Columbia County. 131 South Fourteenth Street.

Miss Minnie H. Irwin, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2128 Green Street.

Miss Elsie G. Miller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 621 North Second Street.

Robert J. Nelson, Reading, Berks County. 600 Forster Street.

Frank C. Piszczek, Plymouth, Luzerne County. 332 Peffer Street.

Miss Caroline S. Sprenger, Cressona, Schuylkill County.

Stenographers—Miss Henrietta Jenkins, Luzerne, Luzerne County. 404 North Second Street.

Miss Louise Thompson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 204 North Second Street.

Messenger—John Czerniski, Antrim, Tioga County. 204 North Second Street.
440 South Fifteenth Street.

Boards of Examiners of Candidates for the Office of Mine Inspectors in the Anthracite Coal Region.

For the County of Lackawanna.

Mining Engineers—W. F. Sekol, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Thomas R. Thomas, Olyphant, Lackawanna County.

Miners—Harry Fletcher, Peckville, Lackawanna County.

Patrick Killcullen, Carbondale, Lackawanna County.

Isaac Smith, West Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Clerk of Board—Thomas F. Corcoran, Old Forge, Lackawanna County.

For the Counties of Luzerne and Carbon.

Mining Engineers—John Humphrey, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

E. R. Pettebone, Dorranceton, Luzerne County.

Miners—Patrick Gallagher, Lansford, Carbon County.

John Larkins, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

Cornelius McLaughlin, Avoca, Luzerne County.

Clerk of Board—James Gildea, Evervale, Luzerne County.

For the Counties of Schuylkill, Northumberland, Columbia and Dauphin.

Mining Engineers—John I. Bevan, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

George M. Keiser, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

Miners—James T. McHale, Byrnesville, Columbia County.

Stephen Flynn, Saint Nicholas, Schuylkill County.

Alfred Pascoe, Coaldale, Schuylkill County.

Clerk of Board—Joseph J. Kenney, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

For the Counties of Susquehanna, Wayne and Sullivan.

Mining Engineers—Charles F. Moore, Carbondale, Lackawanna County.

John I. Riegel, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Miners—Patrick Cleary, Forest City, Susquehanna County.

John W. Jones, Forest City, Susquehanna County.

John Mears, Forest City, Susquehanna County.

Clerk of Board—L. R. Danvers, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Inspectors of Anthracite Coal Mines.

First District—Benjamin Maxey, Forest City, Susquehanna County.

Second District—P. J. Moore, Carbondale, Lackawanna County.

Third District—L. M. Evans, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Fourth District—Jenkin T. Reese, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Fifth District—S. J. Phillips, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
 Sixth District—David T. Williams, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
 Seventh District—Augustus McDade, Taylor, Lackawanna County.
 Eighth District—Robert Johnson, Pittston, Luzerne County.
 Ninth District—Edwin C. Curtis, West Pittston, Luzerne County.
 Tenth District—John B. Corgan, Kingston, Luzerne County.
 Eleventh District—Thomas J. Williams, Kingston, Luzerne County.
 Twelfth District—D. T. Davis, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
 Thirteenth District—Frank Kettle, Nanticoke, Luzerne County.
 Fourteenth District—Joseph J. Walsh, Nanticoke, Luzerne County.
 Fifteenth District—D. J. Roderick, Hazleton, Luzerne County.
 Sixteenth District—John J. Stickler, Hazleton, Luzerne County.
 Seventeenth District—Isaac M. Davies, Lansford, Carbon County.
 Eighteenth District—Evan G. Evans, Coaldale, Schuylkill County.
 Nineteenth District—M. J. Brennan, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.
 Twentieth District—P. C. Fenton, Mahanoy City, Schuylkill County.
 Twenty-first District—A. B. Lamb, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County.
 Twenty-second District—William Reid, Centralia, Columbia County.
 Twenty-third District—Benjamin I. Evans, Mount Carmel, Northumberland County.
 Twenty-fourth District—P. J. Friel, Shamokin, Northumberland County.
 Twenty-fifth District—Charles J. Price, Lykens, Dauphin County.

Board of Examiners of Candidates for the Office of Mine Inspector in the Bituminous Coal Region.

President—George S. Baton, Mining Engineer, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Secretary—E. A. Watters, Mining Engineer, Leechburg, Armstrong County.
 Stephen Arkwright, Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County.
 William H. Gates, Graceton, Indiana County.
 R. H. Kay, Mining Engineer, Saxton, Bedford County.

Inspectors of Bituminous Coal Mines.

First District—Alexander McCanch, Jr., Monongahela, Washington County.
 Second District—Chauncey B. Ross, Latrobe, Westmoreland County.
 Third District—Thomas K. Adams, Mercer, Mercer County.
 Fourth District—John Ira Thomas, DuBois, Clearfield County.
 Fifth District—Richard Maize, Uniontown, Fayette County.
 Sixth District—T. D. Williams, Johnstown, Cambria County.
 Seventh District—Charles P. McGregor, Crafton, Allegheny County.
 Eighth District—Joseph Knapper, Philipsburg, Centre County.
 Ninth District—Silas S. Hall, Connellsville, Fayette County.
 Tenth District—Joseph Williams, Altoona, Blair County.
 Eleventh District—J. J. McDonald, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.
 Twelfth District—T. J. Lewis, Punxsutawney, Jefferson County.
 Thirteenth District—William Langan, Elizabeth, Allegheny County.
 Fourteenth District—David Young, Freeport, Armstrong County.
 Fifteenth District—Alexander Monteith, Patton, Cambria County.
 Sixteenth District—W. H. Howarth, Brownsville, Fayette County.
 Seventeenth District—John I. Pratt, 5494 Hays Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Eighteenth District—Thomas A. Mather, Tyrone, Blair County.
 Nineteenth District—James J. Stoker, Irwin, Westmoreland County.
 Twentieth District—F. W. Cunningham, Somerset, Somerset County.
 Twenty-first District—Charles P. Byrne, Charleroi, Washington County.
 Twenty-second District—John F. Bell, Dravosburg, Allegheny County.
 Twenty-third District—Edward E. Girod, Masontown, Fayette County.
 Twenty-fourth District—Nicholas Evans, Johnstown, Cambria County.
 Twenty-fifth District—Thomas S. Lowther, Indiana, Indiana County.

- Twenty-sixth District—P. J. Callaghan, Bridgeville, Allegheny County.
 Twenty-seventh District—Harry Phythyon, Belle Vernon, Fayette County.
 Twenty-eighth District—Thomas H. Thompson, Punxsutawney, Jefferson County.
 Twenty-ninth District—Patrick S. King, 612 North Canal Street, N. S., Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Thirtieth District—C. H. Crocker, Johnstown, Cambria County.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

General Division.

- Commissioner of Health—Edward Martin, M. D., Eighteenth and Walnut Streets, Philadelphia. 127 Walnut Street.
 Advisory Board—Edgar N. Green, M. D., Easton, Northampton County.
 Adolph Koenig, M. D., Edgewood, Allegheny County.
 Clarence J. Marshall, V. M. D., 5031 Pine Street, Philadelphia.
 Lee Masterton, C. E., Johnstown, Cambria County.
 Joseph S. Neff, M. D., Narberth, Montgomery County.
 Charles B. Penrose, M. D., 1720 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.
 Deputy Commissioner of Health—John D. McLean, 1520 Spruce Street, Philadelphia. 901 North Front Street.
 Executive Secretary—James F. McCoy, 1234 South Forty-fifth Street, Philadelphia. 708 Green Street.
 Assistant to Executive Secretary—Miss Edna Hosler, Carlisle, Cumberland County. 229 Maclay Street.
 Assistant to Commissioner—Thomas W. Jackson, M. D., Oak Lane, Philadelphia. 115 Pine Street.
 Auditor—Miss Ivy E. Huber, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1527 Green Street.
 Assistant to Auditor—George W. Ramsey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 612 North Eighteenth Street.
 Legal Inspector—James A. Lightner, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 Secretary to Advisory Board—Miss Anna C. McNichol, 3818 Spring Garden Street, Philadelphia.
 Stenographers—Miss Ivy Heister, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 112 Herr Street.
 Miss Ada C. Pruden, Carnegie, Allegheny County. 204 North Second Street.
 Miss Florence B. Rinkenbach, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 216 Forster Street.
 Miss Violet B. Rowland, West Fairview, Cumberland County.
 Miss Sarah E. Shenk, Palmyra, Lebanon County. 1419 Market Street.
 Secretary to Deputy Commissioner of Health—Miss Verna Frey, Allentown, Lehigh County. 204 North Second Street.
 Messenger—Edward F. Eisely, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1301 Berryhill Street.
 Night Clerks—Levi S. Haldeman, Marietta, Lancaster County. 255 North Street.
 (Vacancy).
 Clerks—Miss Kathryn Brackenridge, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 231 North Second Street.
 Miss Mary Henry, Uniontown, Fayette County. 231 North Second Street.
 Chauffeurs—Harry Fuhs, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1718 Green Street.
 (Vacancy).
 Multigraph Operator—Miss Mary E. Schoefstall, Wiconisco, Dauphin County. 2042 Susquehanna Street.
- Division of Medical Inspection.
- Chief Medical Inspector—Howard L. Hull, M. D., Chambersburg, Franklin County. Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
 Associate Chief Medical Inspector—William J. Crookston, M. D., Rittenhouse Annex, East Liberty, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. Penn-Harris Hotel.
 Assistant Chief Medical Inspector—J. Moore Campbell, M. D., 5133 Spruce Street, Philadelphia. 720 North Sixteenth Street.

Stenographers—Mrs. Nell D. Buch, Reading, Berks County. 231 North Second Street.
 Miss Mollita Dey, York, York County.
 Miss Manon E. Lingle, Penbrook, Dauphin County.
 Miss Ida Z. Long, Dauphin, Dauphin County.
 Mrs. Ada B. Price, Wellsboro, Tioga County.
 Miss Anna M. Shelley, Port Royal, Juniata County. 204 North Second Street.
 Miss Kathryn A. Stailey, Liverpool, Perry County. 1920 Market Street.
 Mrs. Rose E. Van Horn, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 713 North Third Street.
 Miss Maud E. Van Ormer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 603 Boas Street.
 Clerk—Miss Carolyn S. Boyer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1622 Green Street.
 1521 North Third Street.

County Medical Directors.

County.	Name.	Post Office.
Adams, -----	Dr. C. G. Crist, -----	Gettysburg.
Allegheny, -----	Dr. A. H. Eggers, -----	Pittsburgh.
Armstrong, -----	Dr. T. N. McKee, -----	Kittanning.
Beaver, -----	Dr. Bruce Snodgrass, -----	Beaver Falls.
Bedford, -----	Dr. Wilmot Ayres, -----	Bedford.
Berks, -----	Dr. Israel Cleaver, -----	Reading.
Blair, -----	Dr. A. S. Kech, -----	Altoona.
Bradford, -----	Dr. Walter E. Lundblad, -----	Sayre.
Bucks, -----	Dr. I. Swartz Plymire, -----	Doylestown.
Butler, -----	Dr. H. P. St. Clair, -----	Butler.
Cambria, -----	Dr. W. E. Matthews, -----	Johnstown.
Cameron, -----	Dr. H. S. Falk, -----	Emporium.
Carbon, -----	Dr. E. G. Bray, -----	Mauch Chunk.
Centre, -----	Dr. James L. Seibert, -----	Bellefonte.
Chester, -----	Dr. Joseph Scattergood, -----	West Chester.
Clarion, -----	Dr. C. C. Ross, -----	Clarion.
Clearfield, -----	Dr. John W. Gordon, -----	Clearfield.
Clinton, -----	Dr. R. B. Watson, -----	Lock Haven.
Columbia, -----	Dr. Cameron Schultz, acting, -----	Danville.
Crawford, -----	Dr. J. K. Roberts, -----	Meadville.
Cumberland, -----	Dr. H. B. Bashore, -----	West Fairview.
Dauphin, -----	Dr. C. R. Phillips, -----	Harrisburg.
Delaware, -----	Dr. M. A. Newfield, -----	Chester.
Elk, -----	Dr. Maurice T. Leary, -----	Ridgway.
Erie, -----	Dr. J. W. Wright, -----	Erie.
Payette, -----	Dr. O. R. Altman, -----	Uniontown.
Forest, -----	Dr. T. J. Bovard, -----	Tionesta.
Franklin, -----	Dr. John H. Kinter, -----	Chambersburg.
Fulton, -----	Dr. J. W. Mosser, -----	McConnellsburg.
Greene, -----	Dr. S. H. Iams, -----	Waynesburg.
Huntingdon, -----	Dr. H. C. Frontz, -----	Huntingdon.
Indiana, -----	Dr. W. A. Simpson, -----	Indiana.
Jefferson, -----	Dr. S. Meigs Beyer, -----	Punxsutawney.
Juniata, -----	Dr. W. H. Banks, -----	Mifflintown.
Lackawanna, -----	Dr. J. O. Reifsnyder, -----	Scranton.
Lancaster, -----	Dr. C. Howard Witmer, -----	Lancaster.
Lawrence, -----	Dr. H. C. Harper, -----	New Castle.
Lebanon, -----	Dr. H. E. Maulfair, -----	Lebanon.
Lehigh, -----	Dr. J. T. Butz, -----	Allentown.
Luzerne, -----	Dr. O. H. Miner, -----	Wilkes-Barre.
Lycoming, -----	Dr. C. W. Youngman, -----	Williamsport.
McKean, -----	Dr. F. Wade Paton, -----	Bradford.
Mercer, -----	Dr. P. P. Fisher, -----	Sharon.
Mifflin, -----	Dr. Charles J. Stambaugh, -----	Reedsville.
Monroe, -----	Dr. W. L. Angle, -----	East Stroudsburg.
Montgomery, -----	Dr. Walter A. Yeakle, -----	Norristown.
Montour, -----	Dr. Cameron Schultz, -----	Danville.
Northampton, -----	Dr. Edgar M. Green, -----	Shamokin.
Northumberland, -----	Dr. A. A. Smink, -----	Shamokin.
Perry, -----	Dr. A. R. Johnston, -----	New Bloomfield.
Pike, -----	Dr. Robert Barekley, -----	Milford.
Potter, -----	Dr. Ross H. Jones, -----	Coudersport.
Schuylkill, -----	Dr. J. B. Rogers, -----	Pottsville.
Snyder, -----	Dr. E. W. Johnston, -----	Selinsgrove.
Somerset, -----	Dr. C. P. Large, -----	Meyersdale.
Sullivan, -----	Dr. J. L. Christian, -----	Lopez.
Susquehanna, -----	Dr. T. O. Williams, -----	Brooklyn.

County Medical Inspectors—Concluded.

County.	Name.	Post Office.
Tioga, -----	Dr. C. W. Webb, -----	Wellsboro.
Union, -----	Dr. Harry Thornton, -----	Lewisburg.
Venango, -----	Dr. J. P. Strayer, -----	Oil City.
Warren, -----	Dr. C. W. Schmehl, -----	Warren.
Washington, -----	Dr. C. B. Wood, -----	Monongahela.
Wayne, -----	Dr. Harry C. White, -----	Ariel.
Westmoreland, -----	Dr. I. M. Portser, -----	Greensburg.
Wyoming, -----	Dr. H. L. McKnown, -----	Tunkhannock.
York, -----	Dr. J. S. Miller, -----	York.

Division of School Hygiene.

Chief—George K. Strode, M. D., West Chester, Chester County.

Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Supervisor School Sanitation—John G. Ziegler, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Supervisor Dental Hygiene—(Vacancy).

Stenographers—Miss Nina O. Crouse, Waynesboro, Franklin County.

Miss Pearl M. Heisey, 60 East High Street, Elizabethtown, Lancaster County.

703 North Seventeenth Street.

Miss Ruth Spancake, Palmyra, Lebanon County.

Miss Anna Kling Stewart, Marysville, Perry County.

Supervising Clerk—Miss Nan M. McCauley, York, York County. 711 Capital Street.

Filing Clerk—Mrs. Helen C. Brown, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

710 Capital Street.

Edit Clerk—Miss Ruth A. Newcomer, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

1616 Park Street.

Clerks—Miss Gretna P. Beitzel, Dillsburg, York County.

Miss Margaret Bream, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Miss Mildred Cox, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Miss Kathryn V. Lichtenberger, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

2149 North Fourth Street.

Miss Elizabeth Moorhead, Port Royal, Juniata County.

Miss Mertie Sheesley, Lykens, Dauphin County.

640 North Second Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Miss Helen Smiley, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1352 State Street.

Miss Rebecca E. Weills, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1325 North Second Street.

Mrs. George A. Zink, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 111 Washington Street.

Division of Accounts.

Chief—Clinton T. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga County. Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Bookkeeper—Miss Margaret C. Maher, 3724 Baring Street, Philadelphia.

1317 Vernon Street.

Assistant Bookkeepers—Miss Regina M. Cullen, 825 North Twentieth Street, Philadelphia.

211 Briggs Street.

Miss Alice W. Mather, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

2117 North Third Street.

Assistant Auditor—Miss Martha T. Beck, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

213 Forster Street.

Stenographers—Mrs. Erma K. Sheaffer, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Miss Margaretta M. Tracey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1411 Susquehanna Street.

Clerks—Miss Emma L. Bannan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

713 Prince Street.

Mrs. Lillian S. Brown, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

30 North Second Street.

Mrs. Grace K. Downie, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 243 Emerald Street.

Miss Edith Z. Dunner, 4939 North Broad Street, Philadelphia.

421 Swatara Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Clerks—Mrs. M. Jones Fagerstrom, 328 Locust Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Miss A. Adessa Fry, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Dora A. Hetrick, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 135 North Thirteenth Street.
1513 Regina Street.

Miss Clara Millar, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 14 North Sixteenth Street.

Miss Maude Shearer, Duncannon, Perry County.

Miss Louise Spangler, Chambersburg, Franklin County. 218 Forster Street.

Miss Julia E. Suesserott, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

Mrs. Marguerite Wheeler, 1230 South Forty-fifth Street, Philadelphia. 128 Locust Street.

218 Pine Street.

Purchasing Division.

(Office—Masonic Temple, Third and State Streets, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chief (Acting)—Charles H. Clappier, Jr., 1911 Quarry Street, Philadelphia.

Chief Clerk—Mrs. Elizabeth R. Norton, 3303 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Engineers' Club.

Assistant Clerk—Miss Fay C. Leidigh, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Thirty-fourth and Locust Streets, Philadelphia.

Stenographers—Mrs. Mary G. Glaspey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1409 North Front Street.

Miss Margaret Huber, Chambersburg, Franklin County. 901 North Second Street.

Miss Charlotte Kister, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 322 Boas Street.

Clerks—Miss Gertrude Ehler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1923 Green Street.

Miss Lorna Ernest, Mifflintown, Juniata County. 1511 Penn Street.

Traffic Clerk—Miss Laura M. Bretz, West Fairview, Cumberland County.

Clerks—Mrs. Frances P. Gillespie, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Blanche Reeser, Mechanicsburg, R. D. 4, Cumberland County. 224 North Second Street.

Division of Tuberculosis Dispensaries.

Medical Inspector of Dispensaries—Karl Schaffle, M. D., 4819 Warrington Avenue, Philadelphia.

Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Deputy Medical Inspector—Frank F. D. Reekord, M. D., Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 220 Kelker Street.

Occupational Therapy—Mrs. Frances Hinton, 4214 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Employment Clerk—Miss Katharine A. Mullin, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Statistical Inspector—Miss Anna L. Hart, South Bethlehem, Northampton County. 424 Briggs Street.

Stenographers—Miss Alma Grace Ernest, Mifflintown, Juniata County. 1522 Green Street.

Miss Martha C. Mayberry, Dillsburg, York County. 1511 Penn Street.

Clerks—Miss Anna M. Hartley, Bloomsburg, Columbia County.

Mrs. Linnie K. Hiester, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 926 North Second Street.

Miss Edith Wunder, Reading, Berks County. 112 Herr Street.

2104 North Third Street.

Division of Nurses.

Chief Visiting Nurse—Miss Alice M. O'Halloran, 847 Wynnewood Road, Overbrook, Philadelphia.

Assistant Chief Nurse—Miss Margaret C. Parsons, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Penn-Harris Hotel.

Supervising Nurse—Miss Mary Walsh, 1605 Girard Avenue, Philadelphia. 1622 North Street.

Stenographer—Miss Martha M. Ingram, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Clerks—Miss Elizabeth M. Carroll, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 611 Mahantongo Street.

Miss Elizabeth M. Schwoyer, Mifflintown, Juniata County. 2140 North Second Street.

Division of Child Hygiene.

- Chief—Dorothy Child, M. D., 5023 McKean Avenue, Germantown, Philadelphia.
 317 North Front Street.
 Assistant to Chief—E. Olivia White, M. D., 1612 Arch Street, Philadelphia.
 Stenographer—Miss Marie Melville, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 1835 North Second Street.
 Typists and Clerks—Miss Florence Eckert, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 449 South Fourteenth Street.
 Miss Kathryn B. March, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 278 Briggs Street.
 Nurses—Miss Elda Graybill, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 1827 North Street.
 Miss Jane Viola Moore, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.
 Mrs. H. C. Schimmelfeng, Grove City, Mercer County.
 1948 North Fifth Street.
 Miss Mary Tinner, Saeger Building, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Division of Supplies and Biological Products

- Chief—Roy G. Miller, New Kingston, Cumberland County.
 721 Capital Street.
 Stenographers—Miss Carrie L. Blanning, Williamstown, Dauphin County.
 1342 State Street.
 Miss Anna Garner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 711 North Eighteenth Street.
 Miss Marion George, 327 Pine Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.
 Miss Eve Haldeman, Harleysville, Montgomery County.
 81 North Seventeenth Street.
 Clerks—Miss Lillian C. Davis, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 1309 Penn Street.
 Miss Ruth Hemminger, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
 Miss Susan J. Riegel, 149 South Front Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.
 Mrs. Belle M. Weible, Tidioute, Warren County.
 15 South Third Street.
 Drug Clerk—Lesley Seiders, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.
 317 Walnut Street.
 Shipping Clerk—Herbert F. Booz, Norristown, Montgomery County.
 127 Evergreen Street.
 Charman—John B. Sample, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 1939 Logan Street.

Genito-Urinary Division.

- Chief—S. Leon Gans, M. D., 1639 Arch Street, Philadelphia.
 1702 North Second Street.
 Assistant to Chief—John Oenslager, M. D., Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 711 North Third Street.
 Stenographers—Miss Nora C. Cantwell, Williamsport, Lycoming County.
 204 North Second Street.
 Mrs. Lewis D. Gottschall, Linglestown, Dauphin County.
 File Clerk—Miss Lile A. Hamill, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 2104 North Third Street.

GENITO-URINARY DISPENSARIES.

County.	Location.	Physicians in Charge.
Allegheny, -----	Pittsburgh, -----	J. C. Burt.
Berks, -----	Reading, -----	Charles P. Henry.
Blair, -----	Altoona, -----	H. O. Jones.
Butler, -----	Butler, -----	H. P. St. Clair.
Cambria, -----	Johnstown, -----	William O. Lubken.
Chester, -----	Coatesville, -----	Jackson Taylor.
Clearfield, -----	Clearfield, -----	J. W. Gordon.
Dauphin, -----	Harrisburg, -----	John M. Oenslager.
Delaware, -----	Chester, -----	M. A. Neufeld.
Erie, -----	Erie, -----	E. H. Drozeski.
Jefferson, -----	Punxsutawney, -----	S. Meigs Beyer.
Lackawanna, -----	Scranton, -----	F. O. Garvey.
Lancaster, -----	Lancaster, -----	Carroll Lowell.
Lawrence, -----	New Castle, -----	Herman D. Boyles.
Lebanon, -----	Lebanon, -----	Seth A. Light.
Lehigh, -----	Allentown, -----	Robert L. Schaeffer.
Luzerne, -----	Wilkes-Barre, -----	P. P. Maycock.
Lycoming, -----	Williamsport, -----	Edward Lyon.
Mercer, -----	Sharon, -----	P. P. Fisher.
Northampton, -----	Bethlehem, -----	Alexander Maysels.
Northampton, -----	Easton, -----	J. J. Condran.
Northumberland, -----	Shamokin, -----	Benjamin A. Bealor.
Northumberland, -----	Sunbury, -----	J. B. Cressinger.
Philadelphia, -----	1724 Cherry Street, -----	George J. Muellerschoen.
Schuylkill, -----	Pottsville, -----	M. C. Householder.
Schuylkill, -----	Shenandoah, -----	Christian Grubler.
Washington, -----	Washington, -----	E. M. Hazlett.
Westmoreland, -----	Greensburg, -----	John Anderson.
Venango, -----	Oil City, -----	J. P. Strayer.
York, -----	York, -----	Julius H. Comroe.

Division of Laboratories.

(Office—Thirty-fourth and Locust Streets, Philadelphia.)

Chief—John L. Laird, Reading, Berks County. East Lansdowne, Delaware County.

Research Chemist—J. Edward Schull, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Assistant Research Chemist—John L. Conover, Reading, Berks County. 1543 North Sixth Street.

Bacteriologists—Alexander Garcia, M. D., 5823 Pentridge Street, Philadelphia.

John J. Wenner, Allentown, Lehigh County.

Serologist—Mrs. R. L. Brogden, Birmingham, Alabama.

Technical Assistant—Harvey L. Bates, M. D., 134 Manheim Street, Philadelphia.

Technician in Pathology—Miss Eliza Gunn, 34 East Clappier Street, Philadelphia.

Pathologist—Dalmasso Rivas, 106 East Plumsted Street, Lansdowne, Delaware County.

Stenographer—Miss Daisy B. Gery, 952 North Fifth Street, Philadelphia.

Clerks—Mrs. Mary Graham Andress, 866 Ringgold Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Jennie Baird, 5232 Kingsessing Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Celia M. Cottingham, 2035 South Fifty-eighth Street, Philadelphia.

Superintendent—Richard M. Hunt, 1234 South Forty-fifth Street, Philadelphia.

Media Technician—Charles Hunter Gaul, Reading, Berks County.

Diener—Mrs. Alexander De Biase, 5800 Florence Avenue, Philadelphia.

Shipper—Andrew Keenan, 5250 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Clerk—Miss Mary Jardin, 16 Preston Street, Philadelphia.

Dispensaries for Tuberculosis.

County.	Location.	Physician in Charge.
Adams, -----	Gettysburg, -----	O. G. Crist.
Allegheny, -----	Pittsburgh, -----	H. G. Noah.
Allegheny, -----	McKeesport, -----	John Read.
Allegheny, -----	Homestead, -----	A. P. Fogleman.
Allegheny, -----	Braddock, -----	F. K. Whitfield.
Allegheny, -----	Wilkinsburg, -----	J. M. McNall (in U. S. Service).
Allegheny, -----	Wilkinsburg, -----	J. W. E. Ellenberger (Acting).
Allegheny, -----	Tarentum, -----	S. F. McComb.
Armstrong, -----	Kittanning, -----	T. N. McKee.
Beaver, -----	Rochester, -----	B. B. Snodgrass, Chief.
Beaver, -----	Rochester, -----	Bruce Snodgrass, Associate Chief.
Bedford, -----	Everett, -----	W de la M. Hill.
Berks, -----	Reading, -----	Israel Cleaver, Chief.
Berks, -----	Reading, -----	Walter Bertolet, Associate Chief.
Blair, -----	Altoona, -----	A. S. Kech.
Bradford, -----	Towanda, -----	D. L. Pratt.
Bucks, -----	Doylestown, -----	I. S. Plymire.
Bucks, -----	Bristol, -----	J. deB. Abbott.
Butler, -----	Butler, -----	H. P. St. Clair.
Cambria, -----	Johnstown, -----	W. E. Matthews.
Cambria, -----	Spangler, -----	B. F. Bowers.
Cameron, -----	Emporium, -----	H. S. Falk.
Carbon, -----	Lansford, -----	G. P. Hill.
Centre, -----	Phillipsburg, -----	E. L. Jones.
Chester, -----	West Chester, -----	Joseph Scattergood.
Chester, -----	Coatesville, -----	G. E. Dietrich, Chief.
Chester, -----	Phoenixville, -----	J. Taylor, Associate Chief.
Clarion, -----	Clarion, -----	H. H. Dancy.
Clearfield, -----	Clearfield, -----	C. O. Ross.
Clearfield, -----	DuBois, -----	J. W. Gordon.
Clinton, -----	Lock Haven, -----	R. E. Jordan.
Clinton, -----	Renovo, -----	R. B. Watson, Chief.
Columbia, -----	Berwick, -----	O. L. Fullmer.
Crawford, -----	Meadville, -----	J. R. Montgomery.
Crawford, -----	Titusville, -----	J. K. Roberts.
Cumberland, -----	Carlisle, -----	C. L. Spicer.
Dauphin, -----	Harrisburg, -----	H. B. Bashore.
Dauphin, -----	Lykens, -----	O. R. Phillips.
Delaware, -----	Chester, -----	J. A. Keiter, Chief.
Elk, -----	Johnsonburg, -----	M. A. Neufeld.
Erie, -----	Erie, -----	Maurice Leary.
Erie, -----	Corry, -----	J. W. Wright.
Fayette, -----	Uniontown, -----	C. B. Kibler.
Fayette, -----	Connellsville, -----	O. R. Altman.
Forest, -----	Tionesta, -----	T. B. Echard.
Franklin, -----	Chambersburg, -----	F. J. Bovard.
Franklin, -----	Waynesboro, -----	John H. Kinter.
Fulton, -----	McConnellsburg, -----	W. C. Schultz.
Greene, -----	Waynesburg, -----	J. W. Mosser.
Huntingdon, -----	Huntingdon, -----	S. H. Iams.
Indiana, -----	Indiana, -----	H. O. Frontz.
Jefferson, -----	Punxsutawney, -----	W. A. Simpson.
Juniata, -----	Mifflintown, -----	S. Meigs Beyer.
Lackawanna, -----	Scranton, -----	W. H. Banks.
Lackawanna, -----	Carbondale, -----	J. O. Reifsnnyder, Chief.
Lancaster, -----	Lancaster, -----	Carl Brown, Associate Chief.
Lawrence, -----	New Castle, -----	W. J. Lowry.
Lebanon, -----	Lebanon, -----	C. H. Witmer, Chief.
Lehigh, -----	Allentown, -----	H. F. Myers, Associate Chief.
Luzerne, -----	Wilkes-Barre, -----	J. D. Moore.
Luzerne, -----	Hazleton, -----	H. F. Maulfair.
Luzerne, -----	Pittston, -----	J. T. Butz.
Luzerne, -----	Nanticoke, -----	C. H. Miner.
Lycoming, -----	Williamsport, -----	J. W. Leckie.
McKean, -----	Bradford, -----	S. L. Underwood.
McKean, -----	Kane, -----	W. B. Stricker.
Mercer, -----	Sharon, -----	C. W. Youngman.
Mifflin, -----	Lewistown, -----	Wade Paton.
Montgomery, -----	Norristown, -----	L. W. Dana.
Montgomery, -----	Ardmore, -----	P. P. Fisher.
Montour, -----	Danville, -----	C. H. Brisbin.
Northampton, -----	Easton, -----	I. R. Knipe.
Northampton, -----	South Bethlehem, -----	O. A. Rose.
Northumberland, -----	Sunbury, -----	Cameron Schultz.
Northumberland, -----	Mt. Carmel, -----	E. M. Green, Chief.
Northumberland, -----	Shamokin, -----	T. O. Zulick, Associate Chief.
		H. J. Schmeier.
		J. B. Oressinger.
		W. T. Williams.
		R. H. Simmons.

Dispensaries for Tuberculosis—Concluded.

County.	Location.	Physician in Charge.
Perry, -----	New Bloomfield, -----	A. R. Johnston.
Philadelphia, -----	1724 Cherry Street, -----	A. P. Francine, Chief.
Philadelphia, -----	1724 Cherry Street, -----	Thomas Klein, Associate Physician.
Philadelphia, Phipps Insti- tute, -----	7th and Lombard Streets, -----	C. M. Montgomery (in U. S. Service).
Philadelphia, -----	Frankford, -----	A. F. Mc Nerney, Acting.
Philadelphia, -----	Manayunk, -----	H. R. M. Landis.
Potter, -----	Gaileton, -----	E. J. Murphy.
Schaykill, -----	Pottsville, -----	G. D. Russell.
Schuylkill, -----	Shenandoah, -----	J. T. Hurd.
Somerset, -----	Meyersdale, -----	J. B. Rogers.
Sullivan, -----	Dushore, -----	C. Gruhier.
Susquehanna, -----	Montrose, -----	C. P. Large.
Susquehanna, -----	Susquehanna, -----	F. S. Birchard.
Tioga, -----	Wellsboro, -----	D. J. Peck.
Venango, -----	Oil City, -----	C. W. Webb.
Venango, -----	Franklin, -----	J. P. Strayer.
Warren, -----	Warren, -----	H. F. McDowell.
Washington, -----	Monongahela, -----	C. W. Schmehl.
Washington, -----	Washington, -----	C. B. Wood.
Wayne, -----	Honesdale, -----	E. M. Hazlett.
Westmoreland, -----	Greensburg, -----	E. B. Nielsen.
Westmoreland, -----	Mount Pleasant, -----	I. M. Porter.
Westmoreland, -----	New Kensington, -----	N. W. Horner.
Wyoming, -----	Tunkhannock, -----	P. A. Browne.
York, -----	York, -----	H. L. McKown.
York, -----	Hanover, -----	J. S. Miller.
		J. H. Bittinger.

STATE SANATORIA.

Pennsylvania State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis, No. 1, Mont Alto.

Medical Director—Theodore L. Hazlett, M. D., Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Deputy Medical Director—George O. Keck, M. D., Greenville, Mercer County.

Assistant Physicians—Charles S. Gracey, M. D., Everett, Bedford County.

William B. Jameson, M. D., Jenkintown, Montgomery County.

Dietitian—Miss Della B. Truitt, Salisbury, Maryland.

Pharmacist and Bacteriologist—Norman Keefer, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

Superintendent of Grounds and Buildings—(Vacancy).

Storekeeper, Harry Kunkel, Glen Rock, York County.

Stenographers—Miss Edith B. Elsenhans, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

2140 Green Street.

Miss Mary Shanck, York, York County.

Clerk—Miss Margaret Thomas, Martins Ferry, Ohio.

Head Nurse—Miss Mary A. Weir, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

Pennsylvania State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis, No. 2, Cresson.

Medical Director—William G. Turnbull, M. D., 724 North Fortieth Street, Philadelphia.

Assistant Physicians—Sukumar Basu, M. D., University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia.

James W. Reid, M. D., Thomasville, Georgia.

Charles R. Weirich, M. D., Washington, Washington County.

Consulting Surgeon—(Vacancy.)

Visiting Laryngologist—S. P. Glover, M. D., Altoona, Blair County.

Head Nurse—Miss E. C. Allison, Forty-eighth Street and Woodland Avenue, Philadelphia.

Housekeeper—(Vacancy.)

Secretary—Miss Cecelia Conrad, Loretto, Cambria County.

Clerk—Max Polonsky, 3617 North Eighteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Pennsylvania State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis, No. 3, Hamburg.

Medical Director—Thomas H. A. Stites, M. D., Bushkill Township (Nazareth, R. D.), Northampton County.

Deputy Medical Director—(Vacancy.)

Assistant Physicians—Nathan D. Glassman, Boston, Massachusetts.

William M. Savedoff, Brooklyn, New York.

Edward F. White, Reading, Berks County.

Bacteriologist—(Vacancy.)

Stenographers—Miss Fannie A. Houseknecht, Muncy, Lycoming County.

Mrs. Celia Savedoff, Hamburg, Berks County.

Visiting Laryngologist—Joseph A. Stockler, M. D., Reading, Berks County.

Head Nurse—Miss Ella E. Reed, 121 Sumac Street, Wissahickon, Philadelphia.

Storekeeper—John S. Meharg, Hamburg, Berks County.

Division of Drug Control.

(Office—206 Walnut Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chief—Thomas S. Blair, M. D., Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

403 North Second Street.

Chief Clerk—William W. Wyant, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1204 North Second Street.

Special Inspector—Fenton Hayes, 753 South Third Street, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

Narcotic Inspectors—Edward Bertin, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

David A. Buehler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1104 North Second Street.

William G. Houseworth, Selinsgrove, Snyder County.

Hummelstown, Dauphin County.

Joseph C. Meier, Wyoming, Luzerne County.

John H. Remig, 805 South Twelfth Street, Philadelphia.

William A. Schweitzer, Adamstown, Lancaster County.

1301 Berryhill Street.

Stenographer—Mrs. Mary K. Sourbeer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

204 North Second Street.

Clerks—Miss Florence V. Foose, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

244 North Street.

Miss Esther E. Reber, Pine Grove, Schuylkill County.

1426 State Street.

Mrs. Margaret Swartz, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

431 South Fifteenth Street.

Division of Public Sanitary Education.

Chief—William C. Miller, M. D., Bedford, Bedford County.

National Hotel, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.

Organizer—Miss Florence Younkins, Butler, Butler County.

National Hotel, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.

Exhibit Clerk—Joseph S. Miller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

116 Chestnut Street.

Exhibit Watchman—George W. Meyers, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

419 Walnut Street.

Stenographers—Miss Frances E. Lindley, Canton, Bradford County.

1115 Green Street.

Miss Janet L. Robertson, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.

Clerks—Mrs. Bessie Fager Long, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

231 North Second Street.

(Vacancy.)

Division of Newspapers and Publicity.

Chief—Mrs. Lida R. Beckwith, Uniontown, Fayette County.

32 North Second Street.

Clerks—Miss Katharine S. Darby, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Miss Elizabeth L. Dobbs, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

515 South Fourteenth Street.

Miss Hallie Dolph, 1800 Green Street, Philadelphia.

225 Briggs Street.

Miss Pearl Lightner, Duncannon, Perry County.

Miss Alice H. Miller, Montgomery, Lycoming County.

129 Evergreen Street.

Miss Alice L. Rollison, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

12 Argyle Street.

Miss Pearl M. Wasson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

2134 Moore Street.

Miss Margaret B. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

119 South Fourteenth Street.

Engineering Division.

(Office—Keystone Building, 18-22 South Third Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chief Engineer—Charles A. Emerson, Jr., Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Assistant Chief Engineer—W. Laurie Stevenson, 57 East Penn Street, Philadelphia.
1017 North Front Street.Chief Inspector Mosquito Eradication—William V. Becker, 502 Swarthmore Avenue,
239 State Street.
Ridley Park, Delaware County.Assistant Engineers—G. Douglas Andrews, 1606 State Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin
County.New Cumberland, Cumberland County.
Francis E. Daniels, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.Henry P. Drake, 100 Tennyson Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny
126 State Street.
County.Engineers' Club.
J. Warren Fortenbaugh, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.1815 North Second Street.
Harry M. Freeburn, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.1408 North Second Street.
Ivan M. Glace, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.22 South Twenty-second Street.
J. Raymond Hoffert, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.12 South Nineteenth Street.
Ralph E. Irwin, Meadville, Crawford County.Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
Howard E. Moses, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.717 North Second Street.
Ray O'Donnell, State College, Centre County.237 Kelker Street.
Christian L. Siebert, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.Howard R. Stocker, 133 Buttonwood Street, Reading, Berks
County.Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
Roland B. Styer, 313 East King Street, Lancaster, Lancaster
County.

Luther E. Wickersham, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

New Cumberland, Cumberland County.
Ira F. Zeigler, 405 West South Street, Carlisle, Cumberland
County.

Chief, Restaurant Hygiene—John M. Delaney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1527 North Second Street.
Assistant Chief, Restaurant Hygiene—Howard M. Haines, Harrisburg, Dauphin
County.324 Pepper Street.
Assistant Engineer in Charge of Design and Construction—John M. Mahon, Jr.,
Harrisburg, Dauphin County.230 Woodbine Street.
Mechanical Engineer—Charles A. Langdon, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.1312 Kittatinny Street.
Chief, Bureau of Housing—John Molitor, 4959 Rubican Avenue, Germantown,
Philadelphia.248 North Street.
Chief, Rural Sanitation—Howard F. Bronson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.1219 State Street.
Nuisance Officer, Rural Sanitation—Daniel V. Ness, Manchester, York County.132 Walnut Street.
Assistant Nuisance Officer—Andrew J. Bohl, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.447 Crescent Street.
Assistant Housing and Public Service Officers—William H. Patrick, Harrisburg,
Dauphin County.2311 North Sixth Street.
Charles O. Struse, 461 Leverington
Avenue, Philadelphia.128 Locust Street.
Special Housing Engineer—Arthur L. Reeder, 1312 South Fifty-seventh Street,
Philadelphia.1503 Derry Street.
Draftsmen—George W. Bowman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.249 Emerald Street.
John W. German, Jr., Harrisburg, Dauphin County.1933 North Seventh Street.
Lawson D. Matter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

- Draftsmen—Rolland W. Phillips, 143 South Hyde Park Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County. 812 North Third Street.
- Murray M. Washburn, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1919 Park Street.
- George E. Williams, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1609 Penn Street.
- Chief Clerk—Homer L. Spangler, Lebanon, Lebanon County. 1853 Berryhill Street.
- Plan File Clerk—Mrs. Nellie S. Pretty, Chester, Delaware County. 204 North Second Street.
- File Clerk—Miss Blanche Bowers, Berwick, Columbia County. 20 South Thirteenth Street.
- Inspectors—Charles L. Baucher, 170 Carlisle Street, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County. 324 Peffer Street.
- James Chester Bell, Gettysburg, Adams County. Paxtang, Dauphin County.
- John W. B. Cooper, Newport, Perry County. 265 North Street.
- Simon B. Engle, 1213 South Forty-seventh Street, Philadelphia.
- Irving Gibbons, 2206 Webster Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 555 North Second Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.
- Thomas P. Nicholson, North Wales, Montgomery County.
- John H. Silliman, 103 Lehigh Street, Tamaqua, Schuylkill County.
- Special Field Inspector—John McAllister, 1634 Pine Street, Philadelphia.
- District Inspectors—W. Ross Crull, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 259 Forster Street.
- Ray F. Hoy, Penbrook, Dauphin County.
- Albert R. Lewis, 354 South Center Street, Pottsville, Schuylkill County. 218 Pine Street.
- John K. Miller, Mechanicsburg, R. D. 2, Cumberland County. 1225 Swatara Street.
- Elwood A. Sourbier, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1310 North Third Street.
- Joseph Sullivan, 5314 DeLancey Street, Philadelphia.
- Walter V. Welliver, Bloomsburg, Columbia County. 324 Peffer Street.
- Secretary to Chief Engineer—Miss Elizabeth R. Fleisher, Newport, Perry County. 231 Forster Street.
- Stenographers—Miss M. Louise Eckels, Carlisle, Cumberland County. 204 North Second Street.
- Miss Bertha B. Eckman, Columbia, Lancaster County. Enola, Cumberland County.
- Miss Esther N. Goudy, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2008 Briggs Street.
- Miss Leola Hannah, Meadville, Crawford County. 204 North Second Street.
- Miss Bula L. Koons, 2623 Butler Street, Penbrook, Dauphin County. 209 Briggs Street.
- Miss Anna E. Moore, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 18 North Nineteenth Street.
- Miss Margaret Small, York, York County. 128 Walnut Street.
- Miss Emma G. Smith, 616 North Third Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.
- Miss Frances W. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2115 North Second Street.
- Clerks—Miss K. Irene McCalley, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 916 North Sixth Street.
- Miss Edith Rourke, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 911 Penn Street.
- Miss Anna W. Snyder, Lancaster, Lancaster County. 1509 Green Street.
- Earl W. Tracey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 514 North Second Street.

Bureau of Vital Statistics.

- State Registrar—Wilmer R. Batt, M. D., Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Lucknow, R. D. 2, Dauphin County.
- Assistant to Registrar—Elmer W. Ehler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2134 North Second Street.
- Classification Clerk—William W. Briggs, Folsom, Delaware County. 1525 North Second Street.

- Returns Clerk—Elijah B. Jenkins, Tower City, Schuylkill County.
- General Clerk—J. Robert Kling, Middletown, Dauphin County. 1930 Swatara Street.
- Traveling Inspector and Interpreter—Robert J. Brauner, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
- Tabulating Machine Operator—Charles N. Fry, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1224 North Third Street.
- Assistant Tabulating Machine Operator—Miss Theresa Neupert, Lewistown, Mifflin County. 1400 North Second Street.
- Expert Stenographers—Miss Lila H. Connolly, Carlisle, Cumberland County. 911 North Sixth Street.
- Miss Erma K. Longenecker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 218 Harris Street.
- Stenographers—Miss Elma K. Hershey, Landisville, Lancaster County. 1626 Green Street.
- Miss Dorothy E. Taylor, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 115 Conoy Street.
- Typists—Miss Annetta M. Altmaier, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 204 North Second Street.
- Mrs. Ellen McK. Choate, Bloomsburg, Columbia County. 226 Forster Street.
- Miss Frances Cuenot, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2018 North Third Street.
- Miss Alice R. Hepford, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 220 Pine Street.
- Punch Card Operators—Mrs. Amy J. Brown, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1301 Berryhill Street.
- Miss Mary A. Cleckner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1112 Green Street.
- Miss Florence E. Dyer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 223 Reily Street.
- Miss M. Fannie McCamant, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 404 North Second Street.
- Miss Helen Sloat, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 232 Seneca Street.
- Clerks—Miss Marion Bashore, Mifflintown, Juniata County.
- Miss Marie Boileau, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1101 Penn Street.
- Miss Mary E. Hoffman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 605 Pepper Street.
- Miss Bessie Houck, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
- Mrs. Verda Hunter, Mahaffey, Clearfield County. 19A North Fourth Street.
- Mrs. Blanche Keiter, Mexico, Juniata County. 919 South Ninth Street.
- Miss Edith Leahy, Lebanon, Lebanon County. 39 North Sixteenth Street.
- Miss Martha E. McGranagan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1939 Park Street.
- Miss Ellen Messner, Tower City, Schuylkill County. 701 North Sixth Street.
- Miss Margaret R. Rooney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 266 Cumberland Street.
- Miss Edith Snyder, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 125 Pine Street.
- Miss Louella M. Tunis, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1222 North Third Street.
- Emergency Division.
- Clerks—Miss Anna M. Barr, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1425 Market Street.
- Miss Marion Bell, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.
- Miss Rita C. Bowers, 489 West King Street, York, York County.
- Miss Lydia Fenstemaker, Duncannon, Perry County.
- Miss Mary S. Hanlen, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 108 Locust Street.
- Miss Emma Kahler, Etters, York County.
- Mrs. Catharine A. Miller, Beavertown, Snyder County. 426 South Seventeenth Street.
- Miss Zula R. Nell, Steelton, Dauphin County. 111 North Second Street.
- Mrs. Lloyd C. Pleam, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 135 Sylvan Terrace.
- Miss Regina C. Shillenn, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 124 Mulberry Street.
- Mrs. Lola E. Steiner, Bowmansdale, Cumberland County. 223 Briggs Street.

STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT.

Executive Division.

Commissioner—Lewis S. Sadler, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Assistant Commissioner—George H. Biles, 4427 Brown Street, Philadelphia.

Secretary—Howard W. Fry, 511 West Chestnut Street, Lancaster, Lancaster County. 819 North Seventeenth Street. 115 Pine Street.

Management Division.

Executive Manager—George G. Hatter, Millersburg, Dauphin County.

Management Clerk—Elmer I. George, 327 Pine Street Steelton, Dauphin County. University Club, Front and Market Streets.

Production Clerk—Frederic G. Dorwart, Newport, Perry County.

Authorization Clerk—Abraham Barbanell, 168 North Queen Street, Lancaster, Lancaster County. Third and Herr Streets.

Assistant Authorization Clerk—S. Hawley Armstrong, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Assistant Operation Clerk—William A. Smiley, Lemoyne, Cumberland County.

Personnel Clerk—Samuel A. Levin, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 612 Boas Street.

General Clerk—Robert W. Fish, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.

Graphic Clerk—Lewis C. Ney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Third and Herr Streets.

Assistant Graphic Clerks—Michael S. Hecker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1725 North Third Street.

Robert R. Shaffner, Progress, Dauphin County. 39 South Cameron Street.

Stores Clerk—Harry B. Halfpenny, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1346 State Street.

Assistant Stores Clerks—Thomas D. Beers, Grampian, Clearfield County.

Elam R. Zug, Elizabethtown, Lancaster County. 1514 Catharine Street.

Photographer—Harold R. Jauss, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1847 Market Street.

Assistant Photographer—William W. Strausbach, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

312 Market Street.

Construction Division.

Chief Engineer—William D. Uhler, Philadelphia. 612 North Second Street.

Principal Assistant Engineer—Harold E. Hilts, 1303 Russell Street, Philadelphia.

209 State Street.

Construction Engineer—Paul M. Tebbs, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Assistant Construction Engineers—Thomas C. Frame, Warren, Warren County. 1845 Whitchall Street.

1903 Market Street.

Stewart W. Jackson, Meadville, Crawford County.

Franklin, Venango County.

Ambrose M. White, Chester Heights, Delaware County.

208 North Third Street.

Wellington R. Wolfinger, Norristown, Montgomery County.

Office Assistant—Merle E. Conrad, Beaver, Beaver County. 618 North Second Street.

Construction Clerk—Roy E. Barley, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Assistant Construction Clerk—Oscar E. Brenot, Oil City, Venango County. 1319 Swatara Street.

Progress Clerk—Joseph Y. Bassett, 586 Main Street, Coatesville, Chester County. 216 South Street.

Assistant Progress Clerk—John C. Duttonhoffer, Lancaster, Lancaster County. 117 Cumberland Street.

Drafting Section.

Engineer of Plans and Surveys—George H. Elsenhans, Norristown, Montgomery County. 2140 Green Street.

Assistant Engineer—James C. B. Rhoades, Harrisburg, R. D. 5, Dauphin County.

Draftsmen—C. Stephen Anderson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 122 Broad Street.

Honore H. Albright, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

806 North Sixth Street.

Draftsmen—Harold S. Bingaman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Louis H. Boyer, Cressona, Schuylkill County.	25 South Front Street.
Paul H. Bratten, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	17 North Fifth Street.
Earl S. Bush, 203 Swatara Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.	618 North Third Street.
Russel C. Byers, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1836 Regina Street.
Christian L. Ebner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	615 Muench Street.
Donald S. Heagy, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1737 Market Street.
James W. Houdeshel, 160 Lincoln Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.	
Calvin R. Hunter, Hollidaysburg, Blair County.	

Marion R. Gilbert, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	Penbrook, Dauphin County.
Ambrose S. McCarthy, Shamokin, Northumberland County.	1516 Penn Street.

Lawrence A. Mackey, Dry Run, Franklin County.	711 Capital Street.
Mark S. Phillips, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	411½ Walnut Street.
J. Francis Powers, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1833 Market Street.

William V. Quinn, Minersville, Schuylkill County.	1335 North Second Street.
Edgar J. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	210 Pine Street.

G. Curtis Sponsler, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.	15 North Nineteenth Street.
Walter F. Stroup, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1337 Howard Street.
Claude M. Stroup, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	Y. M. C. A.
Raymond H. Suydam, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	

Elmer E. Trego, Carlisle, Cumberland County.	358 South Thirteenth Street.
William G. Updegrove, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	

William L. Watson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	109 North Second Street.
	209 North Street.

Multigraph Operator—Joseph P. Maher, 315 North Jordan Street, Allentown, Lehigh County.

Assistant Multigraph Operators—James Z. Bloom, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	632 Race Street.
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	417 Herr Street.
Thomas Redington, Ambler, Montgomery County.	

Blue Print Operator—George E. Fornwalt, Columbia, Lancaster County.	116 Chestnut Street.
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Assistant Blue Print Operator—Charles F. Herr, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	917 North Third Street.
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General Clerks—George W. Adams, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	2121 Green Street.
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John E. Witmer, New Providence, Lancaster County.	113 Chestnut Street.
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Stenographer—Miss Mary E. Wright, New Cumberland, Cumberland County.	515 North Fifteenth Street.
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Bridge Section.

Bridge Engineer—Willis W. Whited, 293 Fisk Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Assistant Bridge Engineer—Gilbert M. Oves, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1409 North Front Street.
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Assistant Engineers—John L. Herber, Albany, New York.	241 Emerald Street.
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Otley E. Jackson, Christiana, Lancaster County.

Draftsmen—J. Lauer Baum, Wormleysburg, Cumberland County.

Albert G. Brussart, 420 Pine Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Matthew B. Black, Annville, Lebanon County.

William B. Hollenbaugh, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Franklin J. W. Horich, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

Charles P. Murray, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	931 North Third Street.
	1904 Green Street.

Draftsmen—Edward M. Newlan, Hainlyn, Dauphin County.

Frank B. Steer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1422 State Street.

Stenographer—Mrs. Dora K. Richwine, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.

Testing Section.

Engineer of Tests—Horatio S. Mattimore, Albany, New York.

441 Peffer Street.

Chemist—Malcolm H. Ulman, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

2137 Green Street.

Inspectors—Robert M. Atticks, 634 North Second Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Isaac R. Bucher, 1001 Chestnut Street, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Third and Herr Streets.

Ellwood Comly, Horsham, Montgomery County.

Leo A. Callaghan, 325 Lincoln Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

John E. Conner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1189 Bailey Street.

John Constine, 74 Academy Street, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

1611 Green Street.

Dwight A. Grant, 1210 James Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

108 State Street.

Walter B. Greenwood, 2202 Amber Street, Philadelphia.

2332 North Sixth Street.

Murray Henry, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

279 Hamilton Street.

Charles D. Hiester, Indiana, Indiana County.

Jerome Kauffman, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Patrick J. McCormick, 940 North Forty-eighth Street, Philadelphia.

Carroll R. McDonald, 140 West Middle Street, Gettysburg, Adams County.

Harry H. Miller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1232 Walnut Street.

Rodney L. Morgan, West Chester, Chester County.

217 Woodbine Street.

Reuben E. Oberholzer, Jeannette, Westmoreland County.

John Patterson, 411 Locust Street, Clearfield, Clearfield County.

130 Sylvan Terrace.

Robert A. L. Payne, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1709 Market Street.

Charles T. Raber, 1730 Union Street, Allentown, Lehigh County.

130 Sylvan Terrace.

George A. Rahn, Allentown, Lehigh County.

Harry M. Rex, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

Jacob L. Sigal, 603 Herrow Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Frank T. Spooner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

117 Locust Street.

George H. Tiece, 305 Bessemer Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

David Waxman, 526 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia.

Howard J. Williams, Plymouth, Luzerne County.

703 North Sixth Street.

Laboratory Assistants—John R. Baker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

24 South Sixteenth Street.

G. Clyde Burkholder, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

John M. Cappiello, Dunmore, Lackawanna County.

Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Fred Crump, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

420 South Fifteenth Street.

Clyde M. Dunlap, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1244 State Street.

Luther N. Heagy, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1737 Market Street.

Martin E. Miller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1521 Penn Street.

James C. Orr, Indiana, Indiana County.

Leroy Pennepacker, Fort Washington, Montgomery County.

Y. M. C. A.

George Raffensperger, Arendtsville, Adams County.

1013 Market Street.

John F. Simonic, 167 Main Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Laboratory Assistants—John W. Spitzer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Ezra E. Strohm, Linglestown, Dauphin County.

James Warricks, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

General Clerk—Miss Anna P. Blair, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Typist—Miss Katherine E. Staley, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

Watchman—William H. Washington, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Maintenance Division.

Assistant Maintenance Engineer—William A. Van Duzer, Kittanning, Armstrong County.

Maintenance Inspectors—William S. Hammaker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

George W. Deaves, Llanerch, Delaware County.

Maintenance Clerk—Carl A. Wretman, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

Equipment Clerk—Harry Biles, 4427 Brown Street, Philadelphia.

Report Clerk—Norman M. Lenker, Millersburg, Dauphin County.

General Clerk—Charles C. Barnes, Chambersburg, R. D., Franklin County.

Chauffeur—Isaac Miller, Phoenixville, Chester County.

Township Division.

Township Commissioner—Joseph W. Hunter, Jenkintown, Montgomery County.

First Assistant Township Engineer—Harold A. Thomson, Phoenixville, Chester County.

Assistant Township Engineers—George C. Campbell, 258 North Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Charles W. Hardt, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Wallace P. Hartigan, 516 Aspin Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Arthur S. Clay, 8046 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Butler, Butler County.

Bransby F. Langlotz, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Pierre Mather, Jenkintown, Montgomery County.

Philip C. Schwartz, Jenkintown, Montgomery County.

George L. Sollenberger, Greencastle, Franklin County.

Harry O. Wheelock, Warren, Warren County.

Henry L. Wilder, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Township Clerk—George A. Schmidt, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Permit Clerk—Robert C. Tait, 2317 South Sixty-fourth Street, Philadelphia.

General Clerk—William A. Carper, Palmyra, Lebanon County.

Instrumentmen—Ralph P. Hutchinson, 366 Pine Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Ernest L. Koch, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Rodmen—Kenneth Calhoun, Phoenixville, Chester County.

Frank T. Howard, Berwyn, Chester County.

Automobile Division.

Registrar—Benjamin G. Eynon, 127 North Hyde Park Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Assistant Registrar—Lloyd S. Persun, Montgomery, Lycoming County.

Office—Second and Locust Streets, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Chief Automobile Inspector—John H. Glass, 212 East Dewart Street, Shamokin, Northumberland County. Hotel Rife.

Automobile Inspectors—Frank Mansfield, 1010 Scranton Street, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Edwin F. Moriarity, 154 Forty-third Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Joseph E. Sweeney, 191 West Birch Street, Philadelphia.

Charles P. Walter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Tag Inspector—Peter L. Livengood, Elk Lick, Somerset County. 918 North Sixth Street.

Correspondence Clerk—J. Stewart Black, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

Payroll Clerk—Miss Susan T. Bressler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1113 Capital Street.

Equipment and Supply Clerk—John H. Henning, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1305 Berryhill Street.

Stenographers—Miss Harriet C. Fitzpatrick, Williamstown, Dauphin County. 1935 Penn Street.

Miss Edna P. Hurst, Newville, Cumberland County. 202 Locust Street.

Miss Fae C. Sheaffer, Carlisle, Cumberland County. Y. W. C. A.

Miss Grace C. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Sara R. Weaver, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 319 South Eighteenth Street.

Watchman—John H. Sheesley, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1503 North Second Street.

623 Boas Street.

Receiving Section.

Cashier—William T. Scheffer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Assistant Cashier—Ray W. Vail, Renovo, Clinton County. 10 South Nineteenth Street.

Receiving Teller—Howard W. Jeffries, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 539 South Sixteenth Street.

Office Receiving Teller—Miss Hannah M. Burn, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 523 Emerald Street.

Receiving Clerks—Miss Evelyn Berry, Middletown, Dauphin County. 1312 Walnut Street.

George C. McCahan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Examiner—Claude S. Klugh, Carlisle, Cumberland County. 2133 North Fourth Street.

Assistant Examiners—Miss Catharine A. Bogar, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss E. Lillian Decevee, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 111 Calder Street.

Howard W. Diffenderfer, Lewisburg, Union County. 1503 North Second Street.

Miss Mary A. Ewing, Loysville, Perry County. 438 North Street.

Alfred D. Gearhart, Doylestown, Bucks County. 1701 Park Street.

Samuel H. Hollinger, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County. 308 North Second Street.

William J. Kines, New Buffalo, Perry County.

Ralph M. Peterman, New Cumberland, Cumberland County. 1802 North Sixth Street.

Luther Phillips, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Miss Grace E. Seibert, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 209 Harris Street.

Miss Belva L. Wentz, Andersonburg, Perry County. 2466 Reel Street.

Miss Mary B. Wills, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 332 South Fourteenth Street.

Bookkeeper—Miss Louise M. Fisher, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1121 North Second Street.

280 Briggs Street.

Assistant Mail Opening Clerks—Miss Frances C. Baker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1123 North Front Street.

Mrs. Katharine K. Fry, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 217 Reilly Street.

Miss Anna M. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 4114 Walnut Street.

Miss Sarah H. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 221 South Second Street.

Refund Clerk—Harry A. Dickey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1519 Berryhill Street.

Adding Machine Operator—Miss Bessie M. Black, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 201 South Seventeenth Street.

Complaint and Inquiry Section.

Assistant Complaint Clerk—Jacob F. Kiehl, McKeesport, Allegheny County. 47 North Summit Street.

Assistant Inquiry Clerks—Miss Kathryn C. McCoy, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1524 North Fifth Street.

Miss Harriet S. Stoner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 636 Emerald Street.

Stenographer—Miss Mary E. Shupp, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1217 North Front Street.

Shipping and Mailing Section.

Shipping and Mailing Clerk—Thomas C. Lourimer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 510 Reilly Street.

Assistant Shipping Clerks—Martin B. Bowman, Camp Hill, Cumberland County. John Dickey, 29 North Duke Street, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

George E. Rice, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Fifth and Market Streets.

Assistant Mailing Clerks—John H. Baker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 16 Buttonwood Street.

George F. Weaver, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 24 South Sixteenth Street.

Chauffeur—Harry H. Walters, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 501 Calder Street.

215 South Fifteenth Street.

Registration Section.

Assistant Registration Clerk—John C Kern, Shamokin, Northumberland County. 1918 Zarker Street.

Assistant Zoning Clerk—James E. Seal, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1605 Green Street.

Numbering Clerk—Charles E. Johnston, Duncannon, Perry County. 263 North Street.

Duplicator Operator—Albert D. Redman, Jr., Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 226 Herr Street.

Assistant Duplicator Operator—John A. Hinkle, Penbrook, Dauphin County.

Proofreader—Miss Emily Edwards, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Assistant Proofreader—George F. Barnes, Rossville, York County.

Typists—Miss Ruth I. Hamill, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Harriet C. Jamison, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1821 North Seventh Street.

Miss Catharine A. Powers, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 128 Walnut Street.

Miss Sara Rauch, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 424 Harris Street.

Miss Lizette B. Sellers, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 127 South Street.

540 Maclay Street.

Filing Section.

File Clerk—Miss Georgiana W. Weigle, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 202 Herr Street.

Assistant File Clerks—Miss Elsie M. Condran, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1505 Vernon Street.

Mrs. Harry E. Frank, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1506 Hunter Street.

Miss Margaretta B. Reed, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1305 Berryhill Street.

Auditing and Accounting Division.

Comptroller—William R. Main, Tennyson Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Auditing Clerk—Roy C. McQuate, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1420 Walnut Street.
Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.

Bookkeeping Section.

Bookkeeper—Harry W. Miller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2210 North Third Street.

Assistant Bookkeepers—Israel J. Brenner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Lawrence R. Ginter, Nanticoke, Luzerne County. 500 South Thirteenth Street.

Earnest B. McElroy, Steelton, Dauphin County. 262 Forster Street.

Clyde E. Smith, 118 North Mary Street, Lancaster, Lancaster County. 47 North Nineteenth Street.

Bookkeeping Machine Operators—Miss Helen M. Beidleman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1200 Chestnut Street.

Mrs. Margaret M. Coons, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 128 Locust Street.

Miss Janet Morgan, Montgomery, Lycoming County. 1820 Chestnut Street.

Payroll Section.

Paymaster—Guy D. Swingly, Connellsville, Fayette County.

Payroll Clerks—Grant Dodson, Bedford, Bedford County. 225 South Nineteenth Street.

Charles H. Kenworthy, Parkesburg, Chester County. Camp Hill, R. D., Cumberland County.

Leon Speck, Carlisle, Cumberland County. 1816 Regina Street.

Clarence E. Wissler, Lincoln, Lancaster County.

Cancelled Check Clerk—James Durborrow, West Fairview, Cumberland County. 801 North Sixth Street.

Assistant Cancelled Check Clerk—Robert W. Napier, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 305 Briggs Street.

Invoice Section.

Invoice Clerk—Harold W. Heller, 910 North Seventh Street, Allentown, Lehigh County. 120 North Eighteenth Street.

Assistant Invoice Clerks—Horace A. Chayne, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Tura Dout, Mechanicsburg, R. D. 6, Cumberland County. 407 North Second Street.

Albert E. Grundon, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Albert H. McLanathan, Chambersburg, Franklin County. 223 South Fifteenth Street.

Thomas Manson, Carlisle, Cumberland County. Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.

Miss Justina H. Mitchell, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1017 Green Street.

Joseph E. Young, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1421 Swatara Street.

File Clerk—Miss Clara A. Mahaney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Expense Account Section.

Expense Account Clerk—Cassius U. Johnson, North East, Erie County.

Assistant Expense Account Clerks—Clifford H. Drum, Paxtang, Dauphin County. 802 North Sixth Street.

William J. Meily, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland

Tabulating Section. 408 North Street.

Tabulating Clerk—Earle B. Smith, New Cumberland, Cumberland County.

Report Clerks—Miss Sylvia S. Hiester, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 112 Herr Street.
Mrs. Rita J. Suydam, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Verifying Clerks—Miss Joanna T. Gallagher, 532 North Second Street, Steelton, Dauphin County. 358 South Thirteenth Street.

Miss Ruth Scheffer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1320 North Second Street.

- Key Punch Operators—Miss Margaret Cunningham, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
700 North Sixth Street.
Mrs. Minnie L. Milnor, Williamsport, Lycoming County.
204 North Second Street.
Miss Cathryn S. Scheffer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
537½ Woodbine Street.
- Assorting Machine Operators—Howard Snyder (P. O. New Cumberland, R. D. Cumberland County), York County.
George H. Boyer, Duncannon, Perry County.
- Progress Clerks—Miss Helen Cook, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 308 Boas Street.
Miss May E. Benner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
1404 Derry Street.
- File Clerks—Daniel E. Burkholder, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
1101½ Capital Street.
Miss Esther Peters, Aspers, Adams County. 140 Hoerner Street.
- Purchasing Bureau.
- Assistant Purchasing Agent—Charles H. Moore, Oil City, Venango County.
1538 Walnut Street.
- Purchasing Clerk—Charles E. Griffith, Meyersdale, R. D., Somerset County.
700 North Sixth Street.
- Requisition Clerk—Walter E. Shoap, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
- Assistant Requisition Clerk—D. Robert Myers, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.
17 South Third Street.
- Purchase Order Clerk—Samuel E. McElhoes, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
2027 Derry Street.
- Extension Bureau.
- Director—Melville H. James, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
1850 Market Street.
- Field Assistant—Thomas R. McDowell, Elkview, Chester County.
- Statistical Clerk—Clarence M. Hawk, Shippensburg, Cumberland County.
1238 Kittatinny Street.
- Clipping Clerk—Miss Elizabeth M. Perdue, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
34 Linden Street.
- Stenographic, Typewriting and Duplicating Bureau.
- Chief Stenographer—Miss Alice J. Hoover, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
- Duplicator Operator—Morris K. Cover, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
2154 Penn Street.
- Stenographers—Miss Elinore Baxter, Hollidaysburg, Blair County. 1205 Green Street.
Miss Edith Bentley, Huntsdale, Cumberland County.
252 Crescent Street.
- Miss Miriam N. Book, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
1522 North Sixth Street.
- Miss Rae Naomie Burger, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
315 Peffer Street.
- Miss Helen J. Crook, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
1209½ Chestnut Street.
- Miss Christine Fleisher, Camp Hill Cumberland County.
- Miss Emma B. Harclerode, 233 South Second Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.
- Miss Ernestine G. Lewis, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
312 North Street.
- Miss Mary W. McCleaf, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
1430 North Street.
- Miss Nerissa J. Sadler, Wormleysburg, Cumberland County.
- Miss Helen M. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
1518 Swatara Street.
- Miss H. Florence Springfield, Primos, Delaware County.
266 Briggs Street.
- Typists—Miss Bessie Bosler, 41 South East Street, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
Mrs. Bessie Brinser, Palmyra, R. D. 1, Lebanon County.
Miss M. Elizabeth Feltenberger, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
611 Muench Street.
- Miss Kathryn Hazen, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1905 Green Street.

Typists—Miss Anna E. McCahan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Anna E. Neidig, Mechanicsburg, R. D., Cumberland County. 2133 North Fourth Street.

Mrs. Martha N. Sayford, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2217 Penn Street.

Miss Kathryn Walters, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 233 Boas Street.

Miss Mildred Witman, Lemoyne, Cumberland County.

Miss Esther Zellers, Enola, Cumberland County.

Contract Bureau.

Contract Clerk—John L. Shelley, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.

Assistant Contract Clerk—Reuben H. Cunningham, Marysville, Perry County.

Filing and Mailing Bureau.

Filing and Mailing Clerk—Henry C. Harper, Ashland, Schuylkill County.

Assistant File Clerks—Harry Greenbolt, Hanover, York County. 717 North Eighteenth Street.
419 Forster Street.

Miss Elizabeth Beahm, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Miss Sara E. Updegrave, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Assistant Mailing Clerk—Moe M. Cohen, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1200 Penn Street.

Messenger—William Wells, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2010 North Third Street.
1325 North Second Street.

Garage.

(88 South Cameron Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Mechanician—Frank O. Ewell, Swarthmore, Delaware County. 1702 Green Street.

Mechanics—Joshua B. Berstler, Middletown, Dauphin County.

John H. George, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Chester Heffner, Mont Alto, Franklin County. 1202 Market Street.

Calvin D. Lingle, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

113 North Seventeenth Street.

Harry M. Nye, Hummelstown, Dauphin County.

Thomas A. Ryan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 34 Chestnut Street.

William M. Shuey, Hummelstown, Dauphin County.

John F. Snow, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1260 Miller Street.

Equipment Inspectors—George H. Flickinger, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Marian J. Bowers, New Bloomfield, Perry County. 1600 Forster Street.

Alfred Stokes, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 50 North Seventeenth Street.

William G. Vandergrift, Camp Hill, Cumberland County. 242 Hummel Street.

Stores Clerk—James Baker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 159 Paxton Street.

Equipment Clerk—William M. Reiff, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Chauffeurs—William Bream, Carlisle, Cumberland County. 1618 Market Street.

William B. Herneane, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1531 Wallace Street.

Foster C. Mann, Clearfield, Clearfield County. 925 Capital Street.

William B. Kline, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Henry K. Maust, Jenkintown, Montgomery County.

John K. Tomlinson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 259 Briggs Street.

Watchmen—George M. Keever, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1421 Vernon Street.

Elwood H. Ulrich, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1315 James Street.

William Thompson, Plymouth, Luzerne County. 622 North Street.

District No. 1.

(Office—Temple Court Building, Bellefonte, Centre County.)

District Engineer—Donald C. Stackpole, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Assistant Engineer—William J. Carroll, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County. Bellefonte, Centre County.

Superintendents—Walter K. McCullough, Bellefonte, Centre County. Bellefonte, Centre County.

Frank M. Sanderson, Mill Hall, Clinton County.

Edgar M. Westcott, Clearfield, Clearfield County.

Engineer's Clerk—Robert M. Gehret, Bellefonte, Centre County.

Superintendent's Clerks—Leonard G. Beezer, Bellefonte, Centre County.

Miss Rebeckah T. Valentine, Bellefonte, Centre County.

Miss Lena V. Wilson, Clearfield, Clearfield County.

Chauffeur—Frank Knarr, Bellefonte, Centre County.

District No. 2.

(Office—Capitol Building, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

District Engineer—Charles W. Erisman, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Assistant Engineer—George S. Mish, Middletown, Dauphin County.

Superintendents—John C. McCarrell, Shippensburg, Cumberland County.

Martin E. Brenner, Witmer, Lancaster County.

2407 Derry Street.

Engineer's Clerk—Philip E. Herting, Biglerville, Adams County.

Stenographer—Miss Ida M. Coan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1611 Derry Street.

Superintendent's Clerks—Lester L. Smith, 602 Locust Street, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Charles I. Wilson, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Chauffeur—Robert J. Neidig, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.

District No. 3.

(Office—First National Bank Building, Bloomsburg, Columbia County.)

District Engineer (Acting)—Henry G. Harper, Ashland, Schuylkill County.

Assistant Engineer—George S. Maers, Danville, Montour County.

Superintendents—B. Frank McLaughlin, Bloomsburg, Columbia County.

William R. Mason, Laporte, Sullivan County.

Albert D. Seiler, Selinsgrove, Snyder County.

Engineer's Clerk—Ernest M. Oman, Bloomsburg, Columbia County.

Stenographer—Weston R. Miller, Bloomsburg, Columbia County.

Superintendent's Clerks—Miss Regina Langan, Pittston, Luzerne County.

John Miller, Bloomsburg, Columbia County.

Chauffeur—Grover C. Leiby, Catawissa, R. D. 4, Columbia County.

District No. 4.

(Office—Franklin Trust Company Building, Franklin, Venango County.)

District Engineer (Acting)—Charles H. Buckius, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Assistant Engineer—Howard G. Shulde, Wyoming, Luzerne County.

Resident Engineer—James I. McCormick, 502 North Avenue, N. S., Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Superintendents—Fred M. Harper, Butler, Butler County.

Elmer E. French, Franklin, Venango County.

Thomas J. McCullough, Wampum, Lawrence County.

Engineer's Clerk—William T. Eggbeer, Franklin, Venango County.

Stenographer—Miss Kathryn C. Naile, Franklin, Venango County.

Superintendent's Clerks—Paul C. Hill, Franklin, Venango County.

Miss Ethel Leyland, Butler, Butler County.

Chauffeur—George J. Bennett, Franklin, Venango County.

District No. 5.

(Office—Allentown Trust Company Building, Allentown, Lehigh County.)

District Engineer (Acting)—Clarence H. Smith, Alburtis, Lehigh County.

Assistant Engineer—Lewis P. Bailey, 618 North Thirty-fourth Street, Philadelphia.

Superintendents—Herman J. Balliett, Allentown, Lehigh County.

Ernest H. Harvey, Woodbourne, Bucks County.

Engineer's Clerk—Frank D. Hartzell, Allentown, Lehigh County.

Superintendent's Clerks—Arthur D. Hauer, Reading, Berks County.

Miss Evelyn Levan, Allentown, Lehigh County.

Allison Noll, Mohnton, Berks County.

Sydney V. DuBois, Langhorne, Bucks County.

Stenographer—George Frankenfield, Allentown, Lehigh County.

Chauffeur—(Vacancy.)

District No. 6.
(Security Building, York, York County.)

District Engineer (Acting)—George C. Crawford, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Assistant Engineer—Fordyce M. Clark, Mansfield, Tioga County.

Superintendents—C. Earle Cole, York, York County.

George H. Derbyshire, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

William B. Fleming, Gettysburg, Adams County.

Engineer's Clerk—Wilbur J. Smith, York, York County.

Assistant Engineer's Clerk—Grant E. Reigle, York, York County.

Superintendent's Clerks—Luther Bamberger, York Haven, York County.

Karl W. Kittinger, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

S. Curtis Weikert, Gettysburg, Adams County.

District No. 7.
(1001 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.)

District Engineer—Clarence E. Myers, McKeesport, Allegheny County.

Assistant Engineers—Leon Andrews, Gunter Apartments, Philadelphia.

William G. Nicholls, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Superintendents—Bayard A. Conrad, West Chester, Chester County.

George E. Nagele, Media, R. D. 1, Delaware County.

Benjamin F. Slaw, Cynwyd, Montgomery County.

Engineer's Clerk—James C. Gold, Sellersville, Bucks County.

Stenographer—Miss Edna Bridge, Brookline, Delaware County.

Superintendent's Clerks—Harvey C. Irvin, Cynwyd, Montgomery County.

Samuel W. Cope, West Chester, Chester County.

James S. Rhoades, Oakmont, Delaware County.

Chauffeur—John E. McGraph, 2347 West Hilton Street, Philadelphia.

District No. 8.
(Office—Deposit National Bank Building, DuBois, Clearfield County.)

District Engineer (Acting)—Paul Brubaker, Mount Joy, Lancaster County.

Assistant Engineer—(Vacancy.)

Superintendents—John F. Arthurs, Brookville, Jefferson County.

W. Nial Rook, Indiana, Indiana County.

Charles E. Meals, Kittanning, Armstrong County.

Engineer's Clerk—J. Blake Cardon, Clearfield, Clearfield County.

Stenographer—Miss Julia Lundergen, DuBois, Clearfield County.

Superintendent's Clerks—George J. Keller, Indiana, Indiana County.

Miss Mary Thomas, Brookville, Jefferson County.

Rex Bayne, Kittanning, Armstrong County.

Chauffeur—Rolland R. Ellinger, DuBois, Clearfield County.

District No. 9.
(Office—Capitol Building, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

District Engineer—George P. Searight, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Assistant Engineer—Walter S. Hornbaker, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

Superintendents—Frank D. Gross, Thompsontown, Juniata County.

Stewart E. Vance, Wormleysburg, Cumberland County.

Engineer's Clerk—David Crawford Maclay, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

Superintendent's Clerks—Harvey E. Burris, Thompsontown, Juniata County.

Fillmore K. Nicklas, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

Chauffeur—Ralph M. Feldman, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

District No. 10.
(First National Bank Building, Wellsboro, Tioga County.)

District Engineer—Jesse S. Ritchey, Loysburg, Bedford County.

Assistant Engineer—Arthur E. Farrington, Ralston, Lycoming County.

Superintendents—William W. Braine, Towanda, Bradford County.

George H. Norman, Arnot, Tioga County.

Albert E. Wilkinson, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

Engineer's Clerks—Arlon E. Stebbins, Wellsboro, Tioga County.

Rixford Kelts, Wellsboro, Tioga County.

Superintendent's Clerks—Sylvester B. Bubb, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

Mortimer S. Cronk, Towanda, Bradford County.

Chauffeur—George O. Gee, Wellsboro, Tioga County.

District No. 11.

(314½ Allegheny Street, Hollidaysburg, Blair County.)

District Engineer—Charles S. Lemon, Hollidaysburg, Blair County.

Assistant Engineer—Charles C. Hauth, Altoona, Blair County.

Superintendents—William F. Hutchison, Altoona, R. D. 1, Blair County.

Benjamin F. Dively, Claysburg, Blair County.

Ralph Volpe, Mill Hall, Clinton County.

Engineer's Clerk—Miss Emily Parker, Duncansville, Blair County.

Stenographer—Miss Rebecca H. Reese, Frankstown, Blair County.

Superintendent's Clerks—Fugus C. J. Lloyd, Ebensburg, Cambria County.

Levi H. Walter, Queen, Bedford County.

Jack M. Willoughby, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

District No. 12.

(Farr Building, Scranton, Lackawanna County.)

District Engineer (Acting)—Samuel P. Longstreet, Mansfield, Tioga County.

Assistant Engineer—Harold D. Stoll, Dalton, Lackawanna County.

Superintendents—Harry Briscoe, Dingmans Ferry, Pike County.

Walter J. Devereaux, Dunmore, Lackawanna County.

John G. English, 1643 West Dauphin Street, Philadelphia.

Jerome Shanon, Montrose, Susquehanna County.

Engineer's Clerk—Paul J. Eynon, 125 North Hyde Park Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Stenographer—Miss Maude Dawkins, 1008 Corbett Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Superintendent's Clerks—Miss Agnes Carr, Honesdale, Wayne County.

Ira B. Thomas, Uniondale, Susquehanna County.

George Walton, East Stroudsburg, Monroe County.

Chauffeur—Fred Rentscheler, 535 Prescott Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

District No. 13.

(904 Hartje Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.)

District Engineer—Wayne D. Meyers, Bellefonte, Centre County.

Resident Engineers—H. E. Kloss, Tyrone, Blair County.

Henry M. Barber, Beaver Falls, Beaver County.

Assistant Engineer—Charles H. Lamb, 7802 Hamilton Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Superintendents—John Henry Geer, New Brighton, Beaver County.

Robert W. Schreck, Erie, Erie County.

John A. Thompson, McKeesport, Allegheny County.

Engineer's Clerk—Hugh A. Murray, 3036 Landis Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Stenographer—Miss Helen Mae Ayres, McKeesport, Allegheny County.

Superintendent's Clerks—Miss Anna M. Eakins, Beaver, Beaver County.

Miss Lucille Haines, Oak Station, Allegheny County.

Miss Sarah M. Hamilton, McKeesport, Allegheny County.

Miss Margaret Shrader, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.

Chauffeur—Roy Simmons, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

District No. 14.

(Office—Montgomery Building, Washington, Washington County.)

District Engineer (Acting)—Charles Fitzsimmons, Crafton, Allegheny County.

- Assistant Engineer—John S. Yard, Connellsville, Fayette County.
 Superintendents—Paul A. Paulson, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.
 George D. Jenkins, Waynesburg, Greene County.
 Robert E. Eisiminger, West Brownsville, Washington County.
 Engineer's Clerk—Mrs. Della N. Young, Washington, Washington County.
 Stenographer—Miss Mary K. Gilman, Washington, Washington County.
 Superintendent's Clerks—Charles V. Henry, Washington, Washington County.
 Miss Elizabeth Eaton, Waynesburg, Greene County.
 Harry F. Werner, Berlin, Somerset County.
 Miss Beatrice F. Wingett, Washington, Washington County.
 Chauffeur—William Neely, Washington, Washington County.
- District No. 15.
 (Office—Warren Savings Bank Building, Warren, Warren County.)
- District Engineer—Francis E. Winter, Bradford, McKean County.
 Resident Engineers—Ambrose J. Fasenmyer, New Bethlehem, Clarion County.
 John M. Dunsmore, Morris, Tioga County.
 Assistant Engineer—Harold S. Gahegan, Mount Jewett, McKean County.
 Superintendents—Edward C. Hess, 402 Commerce Building, Erie, Erie County.
 Neil Woodruff, Warren, Warren County.
 David McKinley, Meadville, Crawford County.
 Engineer's Clerk—Marshall Jamieson, North Warren, Warren County.
 Stenographer—Miss Della Morse, Warren, Warren County.
 Superintendent's Clerks—Raymond J. Peterson, 910 West Eleventh Street, Erie, Erie County.
 Donald R. Hill, Warren, Warren County.
- District No. 16.
 (Office—Main Street, Smethport, McKean County.)
- District Engineer (Acting)—Maurice A. Lynch, 129 Mt. Airy Avenue, Philadelphia.
 Assistant Engineer—Clinton L. Lorah, Smethport, McKean County.
 Superintendents—Will Dickinson, Ridgway, Elk County.
 George W. Mitchell, Coudersport, Potter County.
 F. L. Scott, Eldred, McKean County.
 Superintendent's Clerks—Miss Nellie A. Bennett, Ridgway, Elk County.
 Frank C. Baker, Coudersport, Potter County.
 Clarence M. Colegrove, Smethport, McKean County.
- District No. 17.
 (Office—Rooms 512-3-4-5 Hollenback Coal Exchange Building, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.)
- District Engineer—Herbert R. Moffitt, Altoona, Blair County.
 Superintendents—William R. Bodmer, 158 Dana Street, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
 Heber H. Thompson, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.
 Superintendent's Clerks—C. Bennett Feehrer, Selinsgrove, Snyder County.
 Miss Grace Sullivan, Gordon, Schuylkill County.
- District No. 18.
 (Office—Moose Building, Bedford, Bedford County.)
- District Engineer (Acting)—Albert K. Van Ingen, 404 Third Street, Brooklyn, New York.
 Bedford, Bedford County.
 Superintendents—Fred E. Goodhart, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
 Lester Karns, Clearville, Bedford County.
 Robert S. Meyers, Somerfield, Somerset County.
 District Engineer's Clerks—Preston L. Patterson, Chambersburg, Franklin County.
 Miss Ella Mae Crouse, Bedford, Bedford County.
 Fred S. Fisher, McConnellsburg, Fulton County.
 Miss Harriet E. Stern, Somerset, Somerset County.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

- Commissioners—Governor William C. Sproul.
 Auditor-General Charles A. Snyder.
 State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart.

- Secretary to the Board—Lloyd W. Mitchell, Allentown, Lehigh County.
- Electrical Inspector—Frank E. Hoffman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1523 Hunter Street.
1917 Green Street.
- Office of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings.
- Superintendent—Thomas W. Templeton, Plymouth, Luzerne County. 115 Pine Street.
- Assistant Deputy Superintendent—George A. Shreiner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 916 North Sixteenth Street.
- Chief Clerk—George R. Hoyer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 115 Chestnut Street.
- Auditor—Benjamin F. Smeltzer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 271 Muench Street.
- Chief Bookkeeper—James C. Patterson, Spangler, Cambria County.
- Assistant Bookkeeper—Harry M. Evans, Dillsburg, York County. Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
- Draftsman—Charles A. Keyworth, York, York County.
- Schedule Clerk—Millard M. Tawney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. New Cumberland, Cumberland County.
1168 Mulberry Street.
- Order and Bill Clerk—Harry Burrs, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1407 Marion Street.
- File Clerk—Stephen W. Croll, Pottsville, Schuylkill County. 1917 Chestnut Street.
- Storekeeper—Alonzo M. Porter, Washington, Washington County. 42 North Seventeenth Street.
- Assistant Storekeepers—Edward H. Smith, Pittston, Luzerne County. 133 North Summit Street.
- George R. Chambers, West Grove, Chester County. Wormleysburg, Cumberland County.
- Percy T. Putt, Middletown, Dauphin County.
- Telephone Clerk—Adam P. Stover, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
- Receiving Clerk—Joseph A. Matera, Hazleton, Luzerne County. 115 Royal Terrace.
- Delivery Clerks—William H. Adams, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1815 Green Street.
- William B. Pass, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.
- Clerks and Stenographers—Lloyd L. Dunkle, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Paxtang, Dauphin County.
- Earl W. Weber, Phoenixville, Chester County.
- Stenographers—Claude E. Thomas, Scranton, Lackawanna County. 204 Harris Street.
(Vacancy).
- Messenger—Frank H. Washington, 137 Beltzhoover Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 327 South Fourteenth Street.
- Assistant Messenger—William H. Phillips, Connellsville, Fayette County. 44 Balm Street.
- Custodian Newspaper Men's Room—William R. Douglass, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
- Sergeant of Police—Frank M. Koser, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
- Policemen—Amos Arnold, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.
- Lewis S. Barnhart, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1836 Green Street.
- William F. Burchfield, Brockwayville, Jefferson County. 435 Harris Street.
- Thomas S. Cook, Beaver Falls, Beaver County. 222 North Street.
- Joseph Dowdell, Punxsutawney, Jefferson County. 1007 Green Street.
- James Dunlap, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1244 State Street.
- John C. Eppley, Marysville, Perry County.
- James G. Fesler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 604 Church Street.
- Harry H. Gibb, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
- George S. Haffly, Lewistown, Mifflin County. 801 North Sixth Street.
- Job Hart, Wellsboro, Tioga County. 1623 Derry Street.
- Truman Heicher, High Spire, Dauphin County.
- Jacob M. Henderson, Maytown, Lancaster County. 1342 Liberty Street.
- William Hippensteel, West Fairview, Cumberland County.
- Robert Honafius, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Policemen—William H. Huffman, Beaver Falls, Beaver County.

715 North Eighteenth Street.

Adam M. Keiffer, Brookville, Jefferson County.

Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Samuel H. Lapp, Mifflintown, Juniata County. 107 North Thirteenth Street.

C. Page Lyman, Hallstead, Susquehanna County.

Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Charles H. McGrew, New Cumberland, Cumberland County.

John A. Mitzel, York, York County.

T. Gomer Morgan, Parsons, Luzerne County.

216 Pine Street.

William S. Peddicord, York, York County.

William W. Richie, 553 West Church Street, Lock Haven, Clinton,
County.

810 North Second Street.

Eugene Schroeder, York, York County.

Charles B. Sharpe, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 207 South River Street.

John W. Simmons, Mount Carmel, Northumberland County.

14 Argyle Street.

William M. Slentz, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

121 South Fourteenth Street.

Jesse M. Vailes, New Milford, Susquehanna County.

29 South Fifteenth Street.

William T. White, Marysville, Perry County.

Charles E. Yohe, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1264 Derry Street.

John B. Zigner, Goldsboro, York County.

(Two Vacancies.)

General Foreman of Grounds—Thomas D. Beidleman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

22 South Thirteenth Street.

Assistant Foremen of Grounds—Jacob Eckinger, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

19 North Fifth Street.

Albert P. Longenecker, Harrisburg, Dauphin
County.

818 North Eighteenth Street.

Gardener—John Loban, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

622 Muench Street.

Assistant Gardeners—Harry C. Stroh, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1003 Green Street.

(Two vacancies.)

Caretakers—Thomas Bailey, Luzerne, Luzerne County.

John T. Bateman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 336 Hamilton Street.

Harris Crook, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1403 South Twelfth Street.

Benjamin Ellenberger, Enhaut, Dauphin County.

William H. Etter, Highspire, Dauphin County.

James E. Garrett, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 32 South Sixteenth Street.

Samuel L. Gruber, Middletown, R. D. 3, Dauphin County.

Daniel G. Potter, Sr., Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Foreman of Maintenance—Robert W. Dixon, Hagerman Street, Tacony, Phila-
delphia.

1934 Zarker Street.

Foreman Carpenter—Elmer E. Brickley, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1845 Park Street.

Carpenters—Albert L. Crane, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1707 North Fifth Street.

Alfred Crone, New Cumberland, Cumberland County.

Aaron Hetrick, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

2101 Jonestown Road.

Eli Hollinger, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

533 Woodbine Street.

Frank E. Kennedy, Lemoyne, Cumberland County.

William H. Sadler, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

William G. Seibert, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1808 Walnut Street.

Peter E. Seltzer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1204 North Sixth Street.

William G. Stretch, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

623 Curtin Street.

Harry A. Zimmerman, Lemoyne, Cumberland County.

Hardwood Floor Expert—Fred Hueter, York, York County.

Hardwood Floor Finishers—Frank V. Frey, York, York County.

Samuel B. Karper, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

John S. Weigel, Shiremanstown, Cumberland County.

Painting Mechanic—George F. Lutckens, Millvale, Allegheny County.

Painters—Ira B. Espenshade, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2113 Swatara Street.
George F. Fetterhoff, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1940 Kensington Street.

Charles M. Goodyear, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2247 North Sixth Street.

Jerry J. Hartman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 208 North Fourteenth Street.
Charles A. Hoverter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 513 Muench Street.

Christ L. Wallower, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 515 Emerald Street.
128 Broad Street.

Extra Painter—Edward F. Aungst, Penbrook, Dauphin County.

Marble Expert—John H. Boath, Hazleton, Luzerne County.

Assistant Marble Expert—John Beatty, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 37 South Seventeenth Street.

Bronze and Metal Expert—Harry G. Morton, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1209 North Front Street.

Clock Repairman—Joseph Pyne, West Fairview, Cumberland County. 1516 North Fourth Street.

Upholsterer—Edward F. Wurster, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1807 Market Street.

Locksmith—Thomas K. Rife, York Haven, York County. 1210 Susquehanna Street.

Cabinet Maker—Harry S. Wingert, Lemoyne, Cumberland County.

Elevatormen—John W. Albright, Middletown, Dauphin County.

William Amour, Mount Carmel, Northumberland County.

Simon C. Bertram, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1205 North Fourteenth Street.

James W. Caldwell, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 210 Calder Street.

Harry G. Dietzler, Lebanon, Lebanon County. 1003 North Sixth Street.

Lincoln Dillon, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2107 Swatara Street.

Frank H. Foltz, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 212 North Third Street.

Cassimiro Gaeta, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 252 Liberty Street.

Emil J. Hafner, Royersford, Montgomery County. 1102 North Third Street.

Joseph A. Henning, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1437 Swatara Street.

Abner B. Hoverter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 51 North Thirteenth Street.

Thomas W. Miller, Oberlin, Dauphin County.

William D. Miller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1104 Mulberry Street.

Albert D. Redman, Sr., Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Joseph F. Ripley, Lambs Creek, Tioga County. 263 North Street.
1542 Walnut Street.

George E. Seiler, Millersburg, Dauphin County.

James S. Spence, 2827 Front Street, Philadelphia. 812 Capital Street.

John S. Tress, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 308½ South Second Street.

E. Baker Wilson, Waynesboro, Franklin County. 1815 Green Street.

Foreman of Charmen—William F. Willis, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Assistant Foreman of Charmen—Samuel B. Springer, 3064 North Fifth Street, Philadelphia. 1512 Penn Street.

Charmen—Joseph E. Bates, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 420 Market Street.

Henry Brown, Coatesville, Chester County. 1212 North Third Street.

William H. Brown, Jr., Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Charles Brunner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1406 Marlon Street.

George S. Callender, Duncannon, Perry County.

Charmen—John Carbaugh, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Julius Clawson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 12 Cowden Street.

William S. Clay, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 26 North Summit Street.

William T. Cooper, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1610 Elm Street.

Frederick W. Darrow, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 611 Boas Street.

Reuben Davis, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

John Felsing, Sr., New Cumberland, Cumberland County.

A. Smith Fields, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 342 Muench Street.

William First, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 424 South Second Street.

De Witt Franklin, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1012 North Third Street.

Thomas J. Gosney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1514 Allison Street.

Andrew C. Gray, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 714 Ash Street.

Benjamin F. Gray, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 608 Forster Street.

James C. Grumbine, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 714 North Third Street.

Charles P. Haney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1113 Bartine Street.

Aaron Hauenstine, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1811½ North Seventh Street.

Robert L. Henderson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 113 South River Street.

William Hiskell, Uniontown, Fayette County. 113 Balm Street.

Charles H. Hunter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1928 Wallace Street.

Albert C. Johnson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 339 Muench Street.

Samuel B. Johnson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1130 North Front Street.

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Francis Jones, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1303 North Second Street.

George W. Keiler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 618 Cumberland Street.

Henry C. Keith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1318 William Street.

Charles W. Laws, 216 Ridge Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Joseph Miller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1415 North Fourth Street.

James N. Mortimer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Leonard Page, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 504 North Thirteenth Street.
1414 North Fourth Street.

Eugene Proctor, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1424 North Fourth Street.

William H. Reindel, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 118 Washington Street.

Weston Reynolds, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 7 Haehten Street.

Luther R. Robinson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 614 Forster Street.

Taylor Robinson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1421 Reese Street.

Charles Shoemaker, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

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William Sturgis, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1424 Reese Street.

John Swan, Connellsville, Fayette County. 317 Walnut Street.

Edward Tate, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1231 Cowden Street.

John H. Taylor, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 117 Conoy Street.

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Charles Tompkins, Connellsville, Fayette County.

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William White, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 141 South Third Street.

Daniel Williams, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1411 William Street.

John T. Wire, New Cumberland, Cumberland County.

John J. Zearfoss, Hummelstown, Dauphin County.

Chief of Bureau of Information—Angus B. Cameron, Punxsutawney, Jefferson County. 106 Calder Street.

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Bernard C. Dunn, 3829 Olive Street, Philadelphia. 418 Forster Street.

John T. Fitzpatrick, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 118 Cumberland Street.

Harry I. Gerberich, Dauphin, Dauphin County.

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 Boyd Manbeck, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1920 North Sixth Street.
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 Mrs. Mary Moore, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 209 Briggs Street.
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 Mrs. Elizabeth Ettla, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1430 Derry Street.
- Extra Female Public Toilet Attendant—Mrs. Mary McCarthy, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1069 South Ninth Street.
- Male Public Toilet Attendants—Ben Owens, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
 Frederick K. Parthemer, New Cumberland, Cumberland County.
- Chief Engineer—Albert Emerick, State College, Centre County. Capitol.
- Assistant Chief Engineer—John W. Miller, 7234 Bryan Street, Philadelphia. 506 Emerald Street.
- Assistant Engineers—Charles J. Bush, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 6 North Thirteenth Street.
 Aaron H. Harter, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 49 North Sixteenth Street.
 J. Frank Lewis, 2143 North Thirty-first Street, Philadelphia. 273 Briggs Street.
- Firemen—John C. Byers, White Hill, Cumberland County.
 John W. Cory, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 337 Hummel Street.
 Arthur Lewis, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2552 Agate Street.
 William Moore, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 932 South Nineteenth Street.
 Harry Morrison, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2217 Brookwood Street.
 Paul R. Nather, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 31 South Fifteenth Street.
 Walter E. Shipley, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 968 Dunkle Street.
 Oliver Werner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 427 South Fourteenth Street.
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- Assistant Electrician—John L. Fisher, 100 East Keller Street, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.
- Wiremen—John W. Heckman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 434 North Street.
 County.
 John C. Lester Holler, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
 Charles W. Kirk, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2128 Susquehanna Street.
- Pump Runners—George L. Hocker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 436 South Second Street.
 Harry H. Rickabaugh, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1843 Derry Street.
- Elevator Machinist—S. Frank Westen, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 327 Hummel Street.
- Helper for Elevator Machinist—William W. Gingrich, Penbrook, Dauphin County.
- Steamfitter—Louis Ott, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 210 Hillside Road.
- Helper for Steamfitter—Charles Reynolds, Dorranceton, Luzerne County. 337 Hummel Street.
- Helper for Engine Room—Joseph D. Hershey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 122 Dock Street.
- Plumber—George E. Adams, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. New Cumberland, Cumberland County.
- Helper for Plumber—John H. Bannan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 713 Prince Street.
- Extra Helper for Plumber—John H. Harper, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1311 North Second Street.
- Motor Tenders—Otto Beinhauer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 161 South Eighteenth Street.
 George Krall, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 400 South Nineteenth Street.

Executive Mansion Employees.

Butler—William Harris, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	313 North Front Street.
Houseman—Harry Stewart, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	313 North Front Street.
Night Watchman—Joseph B. Cann, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	120 Liberty Street.
Housekeeper—Laura B. Stephens, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	313 North Front Street.
Housemaid—Edna Harris, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	313 North Front Street.
Laundress—Sarah Brooks, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	313 North Front Street.
Cook—Lucy Ray, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	313 North Front Street.
Chauffeur—John Morris, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	313 North Front Street.
Footman—(Vacancy.)	

Capitol Park Extension.

Inspector Demolition of Buildings—George C. Jack, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	1419 Swatara Street.
Laborers—Joseph Houck, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	517 Walnut Street.
Joseph Mullin, Harrisburg, R. D. 4, Dauphin County.	

Soldiers' and Sailors' Memorial Bridge.

Architect—Arnold W. Brunner, 101 Park Avenue, New York City, New York.	
Engineers—J. E. Greiner and Company, Fidelity Building, Baltimore, Maryland.	
Resident Engineer—Harry G. Perring, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	Harrisburg Club.
Assistant Engineer—A. Chantos, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.	
Clerk—Robert L. Gilchrist, West Pittston, Luzerne County.	800 North Sixth Street. 115 Royal Terrace.

State Art Commission.

(Office—130 South Fifteenth Street, Philadelphia.)

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(Office—46-48 North Cameron Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

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Stenographer—Harry B. Schiffman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 810 North Sixth Street.

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Deputy State Librarian and Director of Museum—Norman D. Gray, West Chester, Chester County. 210 Pine Street.

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Messenger—Joseph Revie, Blossburg, Tioga County. 513 North Second Street.

Watchman and Extra Messenger—Theodore Burchfield, Altoona, Blair County. 157 South Eighteenth Street.

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Capitol.

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Research Librarian—Daniel G. Lubold, 1327 Norwegian Street, Pottsville, Schuylkill County. 413 Briggs Street.

Clerk—Mrs. Rectina St. C. Espy, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 410 Briggs Street.

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Miss Adda S. Roe, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 536 Curtin Street.

Miss Nellie B. Stevens, 610 Hanover Street, Carlisle, Cumberland County. 1266 Derry Street.

Miss Agnes M. Towsen, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1308 South Twelfth Street.

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Assistant—Wendell Y. Blanning, Williamstown, Dauphin County. 1322 State Street.

Y. M. C. A.

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Miss Mary F. MacDowell, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 614 Church Street.

Miss Ida E. Marshall, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 230 North Second Street.

Mrs. Mary C. Ramsey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 315 Herr Street.

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Miss Clara E. Wolf, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1426 Regina Street.

Stenographer—Miss Mollie E. Lingle, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

234 Harris Street.

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1450 Market Street.

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3502 Derry Street.

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808 North Third Street.

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108 North Second Street.

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(Vacancy.)

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1608 North Sixth Street.

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223 South Thirteenth Street.

Messenger—William J. Marks, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

1222 North Third Street.

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Deputy Superintendent of State Police—Lynn G. Adams, Scranton, Lackawanna County. Capitol.
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 Gilbert Greenberg, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.
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 Miss Alma K. Lutz, Liverpool, Perry County. 801 North Sixth Street.
 Percy C. Moore, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1220 North Seventh Street.
 Miss Helen M. Morrow, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 204 Walnut Street.
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 Stenographers—Miss Mary E. Bonsall, Newport, Perry County. 229 North Second Street.
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DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES.

(Office—Rooms 505-513 Telegraph Building, Harrisburg.)
 Fisheries Commission.

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 John Hamberger, Erie, Erie County.
 Charles H. Thompson, 1109 Colonial Trust Building, Philadelphia.
 John C. Ogden, Johnstown, Cambria County.
 William A. Leisenring, Mauch Chunk, Carbon County.

Office of the Commissioner of Fisheries.

Commissioner of Fisheries—Nathan R. Buller, Pleasant Mount, Wayne County.

Clerks—Robert P. Deiter, Scranton, Lackawanna County. Harrisburg Club.
933 North Second Street.

J. H. Reid Stackhouse, Waterford, Erie County. 933 North Second Street.

Stenographers—Mrs. A. Vera Long, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1813 Briggs Street.

Miss Anna Metz, Marysville, Perry County. 1338 North Sixth Street.

Extra Stenographers—Miss Edith G. Ebersole, Hummelstown, Dauphin County.

Miss Gertrude Westfall, Marysville, Perry County.

Miss Viola Whitmoyer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Chauffeur—William F. O'Hara, Pleasant Mount, Wayne County. 29 South Third Street.

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Assistants—C. S. Hazel, Bellefonte, Centre County.

Clayton Reish, Bellefonte, Centre County.

Guy Wells, Bellefonte, Centre County.

Pleasant Mount Hatchery.

Superintendent—G. W. Buller, Pleasant Mount, Wayne County.

Assistant—F. K. Riedel, Pleasant Mount, Wayne County.

Torresdale Hatchery.

Superintendent—Jerry R. Berkhou, Torresdale, Philadelphia.

Assistants—Clayton B. Place, Torresdale, Philadelphia.

Horace Rowland, Torresdale, Philadelphia.

Union City Hatchery.

Superintendent—C. R. Buller, Union City, Erie County.

Assistants—John Dingle, Union City, Erie County.

J. W. Dingle, Union City, Erie County.

Corry Hatchery.

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Assistants—Garet Bakerink, Corry, Erie County.

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Debs Sorenson, Corry, Erie County.

Dewey Sorenson, Corry, Erie County.

Harold Sweet, Corry, Erie County.

Erie Hatchery.

Superintendent—Philip H. Hartman, Erie, Erie County.

Assistants—Jacob Wagner, Erie, Erie County.

Lewis Hartman, Erie, Erie County.

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Seaman (Commodore Perry), Owen Gallagher, Erie, Erie County.

Seaman (Commodore Perry), G. T. Maher, Erie, Erie County.

Engineer (Commodore Perry), R. W. Parker, Erie, Erie County.

Field Superintendent.

William Buller, Florin, Lancaster County.

Wardens.

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Wardens—William J. Acker, Allentown, Lehigh County.

Frank Brink, Milford, Pike County.

Frank Entrot, Herrick Center, Susquehanna County.

George J. Hawk, Tower City, Schuylkill County.

J. C. Johnson, Erie, Erie County.

Frank F. Saylor, Ironbridge, Montgomery County.

W. E. Shoemaker, Laceyville, Wyoming County.

Roy A. Watson, Slippery Rock, Butler County.

(Vacancy.)

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Penn-Harris Hotel.

S. Ray Shelby, 52 Lincoln Street, Uniontown, Fayette County.

John W. Reed, Clearfield, Clearfield County. 505 North Front Street.
Penn-Harris Hotel.

John S. Rilling, Erie, Erie County. 605 North Front Street.

James S. Benn, 822 North American Building, Philadelphia.

Milton J. Brecht, 633 West Chestnut Street, Lancaster, Lancaster County. Penn-Harris Hotel.

Counsel—Berne H. Evans, 1060 South Negley Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 510 North Second Street.

Assistant Counsel—John Fox Weiss, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Secretary (Acting)—John G. Hopwood, Uniontown, Fayette County. 507 North Front Street.

Marshal—(Vacancy.) 306 Arcade Building.

Examiner—Garfield J. Phillips, Selinsgrove, Snyder County.

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Clerk—Charles H. Cornelius, Tioga, Tioga County. 1425 North Second Street.

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Requisition Clerk—John A. Spencer, 2735 North Thirteenth Street, Philadelphia. 1117 North Sixth Street.

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Louis N. Tevell, 4236 Stiles Street, Philadelphia. Camp Hill, Cumberland County. 718 North Sixth Street.

Dictaphone Operators—Miss Vesta Hivner, Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

Miss Esther M. Jauss, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Stenographers—Miss Beatrice A. Gaul, Laceyville, Wyoming County. 228 South Second Street.

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Miss Jane B. Kenyon, 219 West Walnut Street, Carlisle, Cumberland County. 904 North Second Street.

131 Walnut Street.

- Stenographers—Miss Emma E. Leib, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 204 Herr Street.
 Miss Anna L. Leonard, Port Royal, Juniata County. 1102 North Third Street.
 Miss Minna Mayer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 208 Hamilton Street.
 Miss Marie M. Mowery, Biglerville, Adams County. 1102 North Third Street.
 Miss Stella M. Mumma, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. R. D. 4, Charlton near Linglestown.
 Miss Elizabeth F. Oeppling, 29 West Market Street, Scranton, Lackawanna County. 226 State Street.
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- Typist—Miss Maud B. Brownell, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 124 Locust Street.
- Clerks—Mrs. Mary A. Bacon, Manheim, Lancaster County. 501 North Front Street.
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 Oliver D. Shock, Hamburg, Berks County. 508 North Third Street.
 Miss Hazel F. Webb, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2319 North Sixth Street.
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- Messenger—Judson H. Palmer, Leechburg, Armstrong County. Progress, Dauphin County.
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 Chief—E. M. Vale, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
 Clerk—John S. Hoppes, Mahanoy City, Schuylkill County. 811 North Eighteenth Street.
- Stenographers—Miss Marion T. Lehr, 300 North Second Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.
 Miss Daisy E. Stickel, 1220 North West Street, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
 Miss Emma B. Youngman, Danville, Montour County. 131 Herr Street.
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 Law Clerk—Daniel H. Kunkel, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 509 North Front Street.
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 Miss Clara B. Stewart, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
- Bureau of Accidents.
 Investigator of Accidents—John P. Dohoney, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1110 North Second Street.
- Chief Clerk—John S. Carroll, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
 Stenographer—Miss Dorothy Sterline, Columbia, Lancaster County. 229 State Street.
 Clerk—Samuel S. Wright, Montrose, Susquehanna County. 1101 Capital Street.
- Inspectors—John E. Barr, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Market and Evergreen Streets.
 William C. Hartmann, 1314 Melon Street, Philadelphia. 216 North Second Street.
 Hiram D. Hirsh, 54 Hooper Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Harvey J. Rose, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1416 State Street.

Bureau of Rates and Tariffs.

(Office—211 State Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chief—Paul E. Fickenscher, 1508 South Broad Street, Philadelphia.

Assistant Chief—William Sumner Seibert, 5711 Elgin Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Tariff Clerks—Robert K. Cook, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 645 Camp Street.
Frank McCarthy, 4131 North Broad Street, Philadelphia.

William C. Rommel, 1916 Montgomery Avenue, Philadelphia.

Stenographers and Clerks—Miss Elfreda Foster, Warren, Warren County.

Morris E. Gregg, 2009 St. Albans, Philadelphia.

Preston P. Harner, Littlestown, Adams County.

John J. Keane, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

2125 North Second Street.

Bureau of Engineering.

(Office—Franklin Building, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chief—F. Herbert Snow, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1909 North Front Street.

Assistant Chief—Henry E. Ehlers, Narberth, Montgomery County. 917 North Seventeenth Street.

Chief Clerk—M. K. Ely, Doylestown, Bucks County. 211 Locust Street.

Assistant Engineers—Leslie H. Harris, 216 Langley Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

A. Howard Jones, Coatesville, Chester County. Engineers' Club.

Louis G. Krause, New Milford, Susquehanna County. Paxtang, Dauphin County.

Spencer Roberts, 203 West Upsal Street, Philadelphia. 1912 Market Street.

Edward J. Ryan, 27 North Fifth Street, Reading, Berks County. Engineers' Club.

John H. Smith, Shiremanstown, Cumberland County. 911 North Second Street.

Walter Spofford, Germantown, Philadelphia. Engineers' Club.

Holden I. Tripp, 186 Amherst Street, East Orange, New Jersey. 1712 State Street.

Electrical Standards Tester—Horace B. Pratt, 601 Beatty Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 1918 Bellevue Road.

Water Standards Tester—Patrick L. Reagan, 619 North Third Street, Steelton, Dauphin County.

Meter Prover Tester—J. Ed. Boyle, Beaver Falls, Beaver County.

Draftsman—Harry R. Branyan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Stenographers—Miss Alice H. Abraham, Lebanon, Lebanon County. 60 North Twelfth Street.

Miss Mary C. Cashman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 232 Kelker Street.

Miss M. Irene Cuenot, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 305 Crescent Street.

Miss Mary M. Kelley, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2018 North Third Street.

Laboratory Assistant—Thomas J. Hanna, 3120 D Street, Philadelphia. 1030 South Eleventh Street.

209 Briggs Street.

Bureau of Accounts and Statistics.

(Office—214 North Third Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chief—Robert F. Busher, 402 Brushton Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Chief Clerk and Accountant—B. Frank Morgal, 209 Chestnut Street, Lebanon, Lebanon County. 2403 North Fifth Street.
2529 North Sixth Street.

Assistant Chief Clerk—William A. Frantz, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Accountants—Albert D. Donovan, Negley Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 1841 Boss Street.

James F. O'Donnell, 218 Robinson Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 701 North Seventeenth Street.

Benjamin F. Shuck, Bedford, Bedford County. 621 North Seventeenth Street.

Assistant Accountants—Joseph U. Diehl, 432 North Ninth Street, Lebanon, Lebanon County. 230 South Nineteenth Street.

James E. Keane, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

G. Edward Resch, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 2125 North Second Street.

Carl A. Strait, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1814 Walnut Street.

Frank E. Williams, Dauphin, Dauphin County. 210 Pine Street.

Statistician—James E. Lamb, Castle Shannon, Allegheny County. 1835 Park Street.

Junior Statistician—William A. Reichert, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

File Clerk—William T. Euker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 517 Woodbine Street.

Stenographers and Clerks—Charles H. Fenstemacher, Duncannon, Perry County. 2436 Reel Street.

Miss M. Winifred O'Donnell, 218 Robinson Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. 621 North Seventeenth Street.

William M. Peifer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 121 Hanna Street.

Messenger—W. Edgar Kirkpatrick, Duncannon, Perry County.

WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION.

(Office—Telegraph Building, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chairman—Charles E. Dorworth, Bellefonte, Centre County.

Vice-Chairman—Oliver S. Kelsey, Flemington, Clinton County. Hershey House.

Secretary—Thomas J. Lynch, South Bethlehem, Northampton County. 410 North Third Street.

Robert S. Conklin, Commissioner of Forestry.

Edward Martin, Commissioner of Health.

Office of the Commission.

Chief Clerk—William F. Sheridan, 1632 West York Street, Philadelphia.

Assistant Chief Clerk—George B. FitzGerald, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County. 708 North Sixth Street.

Chief Engineer—Charles E. Ryder, Norristown, Montgomery County.

Division Engineers—George S. Beal, Dam and Encroachment Division, Altoona, Blair County. 3215 Riverside Drive.

Robert A. Boehringer, Hydrographic Division, Reading, Berks County. 3018 North Second Street.

District Engineer—Oliver W. Hartwell, Albany, New York. 1935 Park Street.

Assistant Engineers—John J. Baker, Dam Division, Johnstown, Cambria County. 1600 Forster Street.

Richard C. Batley, Encroachment Division, Lancaster, Lancaster County. 1208 North Second Street.

Ralph J. Ferris, Hydrographic Division, Greenville, Mercer County. 2002 North Third Street.

Roderick J. Gillis, Encroachment Division, Carbondale, Lackawanna County. 1941 North Fourth Street.

Homer B. Graves, Dam Division, New Castle, Lawrence County. Camp Hill, Cumberland County.

2039 North Fourth Street.

Assistant Engineers—Bruce A. Knight, Hydrographic Division, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County. 232 Woodbine Street.
 H. Leslie Landis, Hydrographic Division, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, 1426 State Street.
 Carlyle K. Weigle, Encroachment Division, Shauksville, Somerset County. Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
 Flood Forecaster—Ralph H. Hosmer, Hydrographic Division, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 605 North Fifteenth Street.
 Hydrographers—Benjamin G. Lichty, Hydrographic Division, Cresson, Cambria County. 548 Schuylkill Street.
 James M. Snively, Hydrographic Division, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 105 Calder Street.
 Computer—Wilson E. Kirkpatrick, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 605 Maclay Street.
 File Clerk and Recorder—T. Justus Shannon, Marysville, Perry County. 1944 Bellevue Road.

BOARD OF GAME COMMISSIONERS.

(Office—212 Locust Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

President—Charles B. Penrose, M. D., 1331 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.
 Henry J. Donaldson, M. D., 106 East Fourth Street, Williamsport, Lycoming County.
 William B. McCaleb, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Saint Davids, Delaware County.
 John M. Phillips, 2227 Jane Street, S. S., Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 John S. Speer, Saint Marys, Elk County.
 William S. Ellis, Bryn Mawr, Montgomery County.

Office of the Commission.

Secretary and Chief Game Protector—Seth E. Gordon, Paxtang, Dauphin County.
 Clerk and Assistant to the Secretary—William C. Bowman, Lemoyne, Cumberland County.
 Chief Clerk and Bookkeeper—Granville E. Wood, Peach Bottom, Lancaster County. 48 North Eighteenth Street.
 Assistant Clerk and Bookkeeper—Wilbur M. Cramer, Oakville, Cumberland County. 1420 Regina Street.
 Clerks and Stenographers—Howard A. Achenbach, Duncannon, Perry County. 1420 Regina Street.
 H. Howard Steiner, Bedford, Bedford County. 35 North Thirteenth Street.
 Messenger and Clerk—John D. Berrier, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1905 Wood Avenue.
 Game Protector in Charge of Bounty Division—Harry B. Clary, Lemoyne, Cumberland County.
 Clerks in Bounty Division—Charles A. Hiller, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 1242 Walnut Street.
 Donovan C. Jacoby, 114 South Pitt Street, Carlisle, Cumberland County.
 Mrs. Isabelle A. McHugh, Weatherly, Carbon County. 1722 Susquehanna Avenue.

Field Force.

Traveling Game Protectors—Charles B. Baum, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Penbrook, Dauphin County.
 Herbert L. Beatty, 532 Elk Street, Franklin, Venango County.
 A. L. Budd, Troy, Bradford County.
 Henry Hilton, Punxsutawney, Jefferson County.
 Leon K. Hogarth, Smethport, McKean County.
 K. B. Rodgers, 560 Vickroy Street, Johnstown, Cambria County.

Traveling Game Protectors—Warren F. Simrell, Hallstead, Susquehanna County.

Henry J. Sines, 1511 East Washington Street, New Castle, Lawrence County.

John J. Slautterback, 214 Logan Street, Lewistown, Mifflin County.

Norman M. Wood, P. O. Box 553, Coatesville, Chester County.

Game Protectors—Lem C. Ale, Bellwood, Blair County.

William Anneman, 1243 South Main Street, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Henry R. Armbrust, Jr., R. D. 6, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.

Charley Batcheler, Philipsburg, Centre County.

Carl B. Benson, Kane, McKean County.

Harvy E. Bittner, Meyersdale, Somerset County.

James L. Boyle, Mauch Chunk, Carbon County.

Charles L. Braucher, Hartleton, Union County.

Sidney N. Brink, Hawley, Wayne County.

Delmont Broadbelt, Pocopson, Chester County.

John W. Bumgardner, Trough Creek, Huntingdon County.

James H. Carpenter, P. O. Box 342, Chester, Delaware County.

A. Lincoln Cox, Dushore, Sullivan County.

Joseph M. Curtis, 231 West Pearl Street, Butler, Butler County.

William J. Dickson, Greenville, Mercer County.

Ray O. Dunkle, Dry Run, Franklin County.

Charles F. Emick, Tionesta, Forest County.

H. N. Fenstamaker, Clarion, Clarion County.

Charles F. Fenstermaker, 239 North Eleventh Street, Reading, Berks County.

Warren Fretz, 55 West Oakland Avenue, Doylestown, Bucks County.

James D. Geary, Slatington, Lehigh County.

Hugh H. Groninger, Port Royal, Juniata County.

H. Bennett Hale, Dallas, Luzerne County.

Albert F. Hartwig, 212 Greenwood Street, Tamaqua, Schuylkill County.

John Hornbeck, Dingmans Ferry, Pike County.

L. G. Hoyt, Tioga, Tioga County.

William L. Ibach, Newmanstown, Lebanon County.

Samuel A. Keene, Christiana, Lancaster County.

William Clair Kelly, DuBois, Clearfield County.

Joseph P. Kennedy, Monongahela, Washington County.

Iddo M. Lewis, Marchand, Indiana County.

J. Bert Lightner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 619 Puffer Street.

Alexander A. MacDonald, 324 East Sixth Street, Erie, Erie County.

Joseph J. McAdoo, Reynoldsville, R. D. 3, Jefferson County.

Ralph E. McCoy, Granville, Mifflin County.

Harry McHattie, 1507 East Washington Street, New Castle, Lawrence County.

Charles D. Madenfort, 129 South Franklin Street, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

William H. Merring, East Stroudsburg, Monroe County.

Enoch G. Miller, Ebensburg, Cambria County.

Game Protectors—Harry W. Miller (Bloomsburg, R. D., Columbia County), Sullivan County.

Elmer L. Pilling, Pittsfield, Warren County.

John H. Redmond, 706 Cottage Avenue, Meadville, Crawford County.

Jeremiah S. Reinert, P. O. Box 191, Lansdale, Montgomery County.

Eli Ritchey, Everett, Bedford County.

John B. Ross, Emporium, Cameron County.

Raymond L. Seager, 232 Park Road, Ambridge, Beaver County.

Maurice E. Sherman, McConnellsburg, Fulton County.

S. Maurice Shuler, Liverpool, Perry County.

Charles M. Sines, Waynesburg, Greene County.

Daniel M. Slagle, Putneyville, Armstrong County.

Charles H. Snyder, Montoursville, Lycoming County.

William C. Stevens, 256 West Cottage Place, York, York County.

Grant Stout, Renovo, Clinton County.

James Sutton, Jr., 3356 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Frank F. Thurston, 529 Liberty Street, Franklin, Venango County.

E. W. Turley, Weedville, Elk County.

Fred L. VanOrman, LeRaysville, Bradford County.

George H. Watrous, Montrose, Susquehanna County.

C. R. Williams, Fairchance, Fayette County.

Benjamin A. Wright, 673 Ferry Street, Easton, Northampton County.

Walter S. Young, Tunkhannock, Wyoming County.

Warren W. Zell, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

(Two Vacancies.)

Game Preserve Keepers—Wilson J. Bailer, Gouldsboro, Lackawanna County.

Stephen C. Baker, Asaph, Tioga County.

J. A. Bretz, Lykens, Dauphin County.

Jacob Bumgardner, Trough Creek, Huntingdon County.

Edwin W. Carpenter, Jamison City, Columbia County.

J. S. Fenton, Canton, R. D. 1, Bradford County.

John W. Fenton, New Germantown, Perry County.

Jesse M. Hassinger, Reedsville, R. D. 1, Mifflin County.

A. M. Hettesheimer, Noxen, R. D. 1, Wyoming County.

R. E. Kauffman, Mattawanna, Juniata County.

H. N. Leacock, White Haven, Luzerne County.

Samuel J. Nelson, Sizerville, Cameron County.

Samuel E. Osenbaugh, Millmont, R. D. 2, Union County.

William F. Rawlings, Rainsburg, Bedford County.

H. E. Selfridge, Anderson Creek, Clearfield County.

Samuel A. Shaffer, Emporium, R. D. 3, Cameron County.

Norman W. Shawley, Rector, Westmoreland County.

Seward Staley, South Mountain, Franklin County.

Harvey F. Stryker, Renovo, Clinton County.

Harry Van Cleve, Conrad, Potter County.

J. L. McWilliams, Slate Run, Lycoming County.

Harry J. Wingard, Coburn, Centre County.

Bruce Woolever, Montoursville, Lycoming County.

(Vacancy.)

SOLDIERS' ORPHAN SCHOOL COMMISSION.

(Office—Kunkel Building, Third and Market Streets, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Members of the Commission.

Ex-Officio—Governor William C. Sproul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.**Senators**—Horace L. Haldeman, Marietta, Lancaster County.

George Marlow, York, York County.

Representatives—John Mehring, 945 Wolf Street, Philadelphia.

John Lauler, 347 Meyran Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

(Vacancy.)

Members of the G. A. R.—Levi G. McCauley, West Chester, Chester County.

William J. Patterson, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County; Washington F. Hambright,

Lancaster, Lancaster County; John A. Fairman, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County;

J. Henry Holcomb, Philadelphia.

Officers and Committees.**President**—William C. Sproul.**Vice-President**—Levi G. McCauley.**Secretary**—J. Henry Holcomb.**Treasurer**—Washington F. Hambright.**Executive Committee**—William J. Patterson, George Marlow, Horace L. Haldeman.

(Vacancy.)

Supply Committee—J. Henry Holcomb, John Lauler, John Mehring. (Vacancy.)**Property Committee**—Levi G. McCauley, William J. Patterson, John Lauler,

Washington F. Hambright, John A. Fairman.

Application Committee—Washington F. Hambright, John Lauler, John A. Fairman, J. Henry Holcomb.**Discharge Committee**—Levi G. McCauley, Horace L. Haldeman. (Vacancy.)**Chief Clerk**—Samuel P. Town, 2328 North Twenty-second Street, Philadelphia.**Assistant Clerk and Stenographer**—Miss Jane R. Macdonald, ^{9 South Fifteenth Street.} Harrisburg, DauphinCounty. ^{9 South Fifteenth Street.}**School—Name, Superintendent and Location.****Industrial School**—William H. Stewart, Scotland, Franklin County.**PENNSYLVANIA STATE BOARD OF CENSORS OF MOTION PICTURES.**

(Offices of the Board—Telegraph Building, Harrisburg; Vandergrift Building, Pittsburgh; 1025 Cherry Street, Philadelphia.)

Chairman—Harry L. Knapp, 3024 Girard Avenue, Philadelphia.**Vice-Chairman**—Mrs. Edward C. Niver, Charleroi, Washington County.**Secretary**—Ellis P. Oberholtzer, 2113 Tioga Street, Philadelphia. ^{Rittenhouse Hotel, Philadelphia.}**Executive Clerk**—Joseph A. Berrier, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.**Assistant Clerk**—James A. McLaughlin, 322 North Horton Street, Philadelphia. ^{1204 North Front Street.}**Clerks**—Tryon E. Benner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. ^{1404 Derry Street.}

Frank P. Brennan, 5628 Catharine Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Mattie Carman, 6237 Elmwood Avenue, Philadelphia.

Miss Clara L. Cassel, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Caroline M. Horning, 2231 Penn Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. ^{22 North Eighteenth Street.}Mrs. Gertrude J. Lantz, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. ^{5928 Cobbs Creek, Philadelphia.}Miss Mary Leatherberry, 1519 Fontaine Street, Philadelphia. ^{215 Briggs Street.}

Miss Stella McAleese, 358 Forty-fourth Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Miss Bessie M. Packer, 5527 Poplar Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Mildred Shattuck, 2423 South Twenty-first Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Helen Tritsch, 1109 Linden Place, N. S., Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

- Stenographers—G. Harold Bowne, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. Bolton Hotel.
 Miss Mary Cornelius, 2148 North Twenty-eighth Street, Philadelphia.
 Miss Margaret C. Hiatt, 333 West School Lane, Germantown, Philadelphia.
 Miss Theresa Winchester, 189 Conarroe Street, Manayunk, Philadelphia.
 Miss Alice Wrenshall, 221 North Wade Street, Washington, Washington County.
- Chief Inspector—Henry W. Lewis, 1532 North Fifty-ninth Street, Philadelphia.
- Inspectors—Joseph McK. Biles, 4427 Brown Street, Philadelphia.
 William E. Conner, 1222 West Tucker Street, Philadelphia.
 Miss Maude M. Ely, Ridgway, Elk County.
 Thaddeus R. Hellerman, Ogontz, Montgomery County.
 Noel C. Kennedy, Langhorne, Bucks County.
 George H. Locker, 3027 North Broad Street, Philadelphia.
 Edward C. Schwemmer, 2234 North Fairhill Street, Philadelphia.
 Dallas C. Shobert, 191 Barney Street, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
 Miss Florence E. Wrenshall, 221 North Wade Street, Washington, Washington County.
- Chief Operator—Samuel Johnson, 4102 Westminster Avenue, Philadelphia.
- Operators—William F. Buckalew, 1248 West Hazzard Street, Philadelphia.
 Edward Lynn, 150 Otter Street, Bristol, Bucks County.
 John McKay, 2946 Hartville Street, Philadelphia.
 Robert McLaughlin, 1114 East Montgomery Avenue, Philadelphia.
 James Mullen, 4008 North Franklin Street, Philadelphia.
- Messenger—Horace Roop, 266 North Darien Street, Philadelphia.
- Janitress—Mrs. E. J. Harris, 2308 North Fawn Street, Philadelphia.

BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES.

- (Office of the Board—Room 434 Capitol Building, Harrisburg; of the Executive Committee—714-718 Bulletin Building, Philadelphia; Western Office—1112 Bessemer Building, Pittsburgh.)
- President—Isaac Johnson, Media, Delaware County.
- Patrick C. Boyle, Oil City, Venango County.
- Daniel J. McCarthy, 2025 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.
- John A. Lichty, 4634 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
- Louis Wolf, Elkins Park, Montgomery County.
- Laning Harvey, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
- Norman MacLeod, 2009 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.
- Peter F. Moylan, 1005 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia.
- William Price, 304 South Neagley Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
- Howard B. French, 2021 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.
- Bromley Wharton, 2220 Locust Street, Philadelphia (ex-officio).

Office of the Board.

- General Agent and Secretary—Bromley Wharton, 2220 Locust Street, Philadelphia.
 714-8 Bulletin Building, Philadelphia.
- Assistant General Agents—Samuel E. Gill, 201 South Craig Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 William J. McGarry, 6030 Christian Street, Philadelphia.
 William G. Theurer, Washington, Washington County.
 Edward Wilson, 1330 South Fifty-second Street, Philadelphia.
- Special Agent—Mrs. Elsie V. S. Middleton, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Camp Hill, Cumberland County.
- Statistician—Joseph B. Keating, Bristol, Bucks County.

Clerk—Mrs. Sarah V. Snoddy, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 260 Cumberland Street.
 Stenographers—Orville W. Bennet, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Miss Reta F. Doak, 6937 Paschall Avenue, West Philadelphia.
 Miss Ruth A. Jones, 632 Rex Avenue, Roxborough, Philadelphia.
 Miss Lillian M. Phillips, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 341 South Sixteenth Street.

Committee on Lunacy.

(Office of the Board of Public Charities—Room 434 Capitol Building, Harrisburg; Executive Office—714-718 Bulletin Building, Philadelphia.)

Chairman—Isaac Johnson, President Judge, Media, Delaware County.
 Secretary—Frank Woodbury, M. D., 3345 North Seventeenth Street, Philadelphia.
 Patrick C. Boyle, Oil City, Venango County.
 John A. Lichty, 4634 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Louis Wolf, Elkins Park, Montgomery County.
 Norman MacLeod, 2009 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.
 Clerk—Miss Anna J. Vernon, 1821 Green Street, Philadelphia.
 Stenographer—Miss Lillian J. Riddle, Media, Delaware County.

BOARD OF PARDONS.

Lieutenant-Governor—Edward E. Beidleman.
 Secretary of the Commonwealth Cyrus E. Woods.
 Attorney-General William I. Schaffer.
 Secretary of Internal Affairs James F. Woodward.
 Recorder—Frank M. Hunter.
 Secretary—Samuel C. Todd.
 Assistant Secretary—Francis H. Hoy, Jr.

STATE MILITARY BOARD.

Adjutant-General Frank D. Beary.
 Auditor-General Charles A. Snyder.
 State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart.
 Recorder—Benjamin W. Demming.

ARMORY BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

President—Governor William C. Sproul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Vice-President—Major-General Charles Bowman Dougherty, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
 Adjutant-General Frank D. Beary, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Brigadier-General Albert J. Logan, 2839 Liberty Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Brigadier-General William G. Price, Jr., Law Building, Chester, Delaware County.
 Colonel Louis A. Watres, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
 Colonel George C. Rickards, Oil City, Venango County.
 Secretary—Benjamin W. Demming, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

BOARD OF PROPERTY.

President—Attorney-General William I. Schaffer.
 Secretary of the Commonwealth Cyrus E. Woods.
 Secretary of Internal Affairs James F. Woodward.
 Clerk—James H. Craig.

SINKING FUND COMMISSION.

Secretary of the Commonwealth Cyrus E. Woods.

Auditor-General Charles A. Snyder.

State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart.

Clerk—Thomas A. Crichton.

BOARD OF REVENUE COMMISSIONERS.

Auditor-General Charles A. Snyder.

State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart.

Secretary of the Commonwealth Cyrus E. Woods.

Clerk—Christian W. Myers.

BOARD OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Auditor-General Charles A. Snyder.

State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart.

Attorney-General William I. Schaffer.

Clerk—Gabriel H. Moyer.

BOARD TO LICENSE PRIVATE BANKERS.

State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart.

Secretary of the Commonwealth Cyrus E. Woods.

Commissioner of Banking John S. Fisher.

**ENGINEER TO CO-OPERATE WITH DIRECTOR OF WHARVES, DOCKS AND FERRIES,
PHILADELPHIA.**

Atwood L. Bliss, 734 Oxford Street, Philadelphia.

THE PENNSYLVANIA BOARD OF PHARMACY.

President—Louis Emanuel, Second Avenue and Grant Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Vice-President—Charles F. Kramer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Secretary—Lucius L. Walton, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

Treasurer—Otto W. Osterlund, Forty-sixth Street and Baltimore Avenue, Philadelphia.

Samuel M. Evans, West Pittston, Luzerne County.

Agent—Joseph G. Di Giovanni, 1615 Ellsworth Street, Philadelphia.

COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY COUNCIL.

Members ex-officio—Governor William C. Sproul, President; Attorney-General William I. Schaffer; Superintendent of Public Instruction Thomas E. Finegan, Secretary.

Edwin E. Sparks, President, Pennsylvania State College, State College, Centre County.

Samuel B. McCormick, Chancellor, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

H. H. Apple, President, Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Henry S. Drinker, President, Lehigh University, South Bethlehem, Northampton County.
 William H. Crawford, President, Allegheny College, Meadville, Crawford County.
 Edgar F. Smith, Provost, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia.
 James J. Dean, President, Villanova College, Villanova, Delaware County.
 William M. Davidson, Superintendent of Schools, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 (Vacancy).

DENTAL COUNCIL OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Secretary of Internal Affairs—James F. Woodward, McKeesport, Allegheny County.
 Commissioner of Health—Edward Martin, M. D., University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia.
 Superintendent of Public Instruction—Thomas E. Finegan, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 611 North Front Street.
 President of the Pennsylvania Dental Society—George S. Schlegel, 147 North Eighth Street, Reading, Berks County.
 Secretary of the Board of Dental Examiners—Alexander H. Reynolds, 4630 Chester Avenue, Philadelphia.
 Secretary and Treasurer—Alexander H. Reynolds, 4630 Chester Avenue, Philadelphia.
 Director—Miss Mary Y. McReynolds, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 205 State Street.

BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

President—Thomas A. Hogan, Jenkins Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Secretary and Treasurer—Alexander H. Reynolds, 4630 Chester Avenue, Philadelphia.
 William A. McCready, Highland Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Joseph D. Whiteman, Mercer, Mercer County.
 Wilson D. DeLong, 762 Penn Street, Reading, Berks County.
 Alfred P. Lee, 610 Flanders Building, Philadelphia.

BOARD OF OPTOMETRICAL EDUCATION, EXAMINATION AND LICENSURE.

President—Jeremiah F. Neill, Jr., 828 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
 Vice-President—L. M. Phillips, Central Trust Building, Altoona, Blair County.
 Secretary and Treasurer—Chester H. Johnson, 44 West Market Street, York, York County.
 James E. Bliss, 210 South Main Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
 Samuel C. Chessman, 414 Federal Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Harry M. Cook, Meyersdale, Somerset County.
 Benjamin F. Mulhern, 801 Keenan Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

STATE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS.

President—O. J. Snyder, Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia.
 Secretary and Treasurer—John T. Downing, Board of Trade Building, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
 Vernon W. Peck, First National Bank Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Frank B. Kann, 315 North Second Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Berton W. Sweet, Erie, Erie County.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR REGISTRATION OF NURSES.

(Office—34 South Seventeenth Street, Philadelphia.)

President—Albert E. Blackburn, M. D., 3813 Powelton Avenue, Philadelphia.

Secretary and Treasurer—Miss Roberta M. West, R. N., 6824 North Ninth Street, Oak Lane, Philadelphia.

Commissioner of Health Edward Martin, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Miss Ida F. Giles, R. N., 164 Henderson Avenue, Washington, Washington County.

Miss Sarah M. Murray, R. N., 140 North Fifteenth Street, Philadelphia.

State Educational Director of Training Schools—Miss Sarah M. Murray, R. N., Philadelphia.

STATE BOARD OF UNDERTAKERS.

President—Joseph E. Quinby, 206 South Orange Street, Media, Delaware County.

Secretary—Charles C. A. Baldi, 1011 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

Treasurer—Samuel R. Foster, 1728 Federal Street, Philadelphia.

Ferdinand C. Beinhauer, 1108 Bradish Street, Pittsburgh, S. S., Allegheny County.

George W. Karmany, Hummelstown, Dauphin County.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE ANATOMICAL BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

President—George A. Piersol, M. D.

Chairman—J. Parsons Schaeffer, M. D.

Secretary—A. Hewson, M. D.

Treasurer—Henry Morris, M. D.

R. B. Weaver, M. D.

Address all communications to the Secretary, 2120 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.

STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

President—Frederick H. Schneider, Old York Road and Erie Avenue, Philadelphia.

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Harry B. Cox, 1516 Snyder Avenue, Philadelphia.

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STATE BOARD FOR THE EXAMINATION OF ACCOUNTANTS.

(Offices—432 Bourse Building, Philadelphia; 725 Farmers' Bank Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County; Carlisle Office Building, Carlisle, Cumberland County.)

President—Frank Wilbur Main, C. P. A., 725 Farmers' Bank Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Vice-President—Joseph M. Pugh, C. P. A., 1304 Morris Building, Philadelphia.

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Governor William C. Sproul.

Secretary of the Commonwealth Cyrus E. Woods.

Attorney-General William I. Schaffer.

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Secretary—Miller I. Kast, 222 Market Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Edward H. Davis, Union National Bank Building, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Edward Stotz, Monongahela Bank Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Clarence Wilson Brazer, Crozer Building, Chester, Delaware County.

EMERGENCY PUBLIC WORKS COMMISSION.

Governor William C. Sproul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Auditor-General Charles A. Snyder, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Commissioner of Labor and Industry Clifford B. Connelley, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

COMMISSION OF PUBLIC WELFARE.

(Office—702 Finance Building, Philadelphia.)

Chairman—Governor William C. Sproul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Lieutenant-Governor Edward E. Beidleman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Auditor-General Charles A. Snyder, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Adjutant-General Frank D. Beary, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Office of the Commission.

Executive Director—Frank B. McClain, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Assistant Executive Director—Lewis E. Beitler, 2209 DeLancey Street, Philadelphia.

Secretary—Harry S. McDevitt, 4412 Locust Street, Philadelphia.

Secretary to Executive Director—Miss Alma K. Boyd, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

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Treasurer's Accountant—Jacob C. Arbogast, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

Assistant to Treasurer's Accountant—Miss H. Alice Ellmaker, Peach Bottom, Lancaster County.

Stenographers—Miss Helen M. Hulse, 2500 West Ashmead Place, Philadelphia.

Miss Alma F. Schoneau, 2035 East Huntingdon Street, Philadelphia.

File Clerk—Miss Katharine I. Dempsey, 4811 Baltimore Avenue, Philadelphia.

Secretary Volunteer Home Defense Police—Charles R. Cary, 3105 West Coulter Street, Philadelphia.

Director Americanization Bureau—Edwin E. Bach, 5017 Catharine Street, Philadelphia.

Secretary to Director Americanization Bureau—Miss Edna S. Witmer, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Investigator—Abraham Bitner, 416 North Duke Street, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Publicity Agent—W. H. Thomson, 403 Dean Street, West Chester, Chester County.

Investigator Rent Profiteering—Michael J. Fanning, 5231 North Eleventh Street, Philadelphia.

Telephone Operator and Mail Clerk—Miss Katharine E. Kreckel, 234 West Strawberry Street, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

War History Commission.

Secretary—Albert E. McKinley, 6901 Germantown Avenue, Philadelphia.

Assistant Secretary—William R. Reich, 608 West Rittenhouse Street, Philadelphia.

Cataloguer—Miss Grace H. Gerberich, 428 Cumberland Street, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Assistant Cataloguer—Miss Mae Gilchrist, 5031 Walton Avenue, Philadelphia.

Researchers—William Bell Clark, 1447 Cayuga Street, Philadelphia.

Harry T. Wills, 1514 Chateau Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Stenographers—Miss Catharine B. Callahan, 1616 South Broad Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Jane Moore, 5509 Chester Avenue, Philadelphia.

Typists—Miss Rose Donaghy, 3259 North American Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Cecilia H. Hogan, 317 North Horton Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Beatrice Paxton, 2454 Patton Street, Philadelphia.

File Clerk—Miss Minerva Tideman, 4212 Osage Avenue, Philadelphia.

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Clipping Editor—Miss Elizabeth D. McMahon, 1435 North Wanamaker Street, Philadelphia.

Clerks—Miss Anna Dickstein, 3211 South Eighty-fourth Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Margaret E. McCormack, 2519 South Broad Street, Philadelphia.

Miss Katie Schwartz, 5147 Lancaster Avenue, Philadelphia.

PENNSYLVANIA HISTORICAL COMMISSION.

Chairman—William H. Stevenson, 135 Dithridge Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Secretary—George P. Donehoo, Coudersport, Potter County.

Treasurer—William Perrine, Union League, Philadelphia.

Hampton L. Carson, 1033 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.

A. E. Sisson, Erie, Erie County.

Curator—Thomas Lynch Montgomery, State Librarian, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Clerk—(Vacancy).

PRISON LABOR COMMISSION.

(Offices—541-2 Real Estate Trust Building, Philadelphia.)

Chairman—Charles A. Rook, Western State Penitentiary, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Vice-Chairman—John D. Dorris, Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

Secretary and Treasurer—E. J. Lafferty, Eastern State Penitentiary, Philadelphia.

Office of the Commission.

Business Manager—Fred. J. Siebrecht, 46 Lincoln Avenue, Lausdowne, Delaware County.

Clerk—Thomas H. Dann, Yeadon, Delaware County.

Stenographer—Miss Gertrude M. Tally, 2517 South Sixteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory.

Superintendent of Automobile License Industry—John R. Wald, 410 Seventeenth Street, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

Mechanics—George H. Easton, South Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

W. S. Easton, River Street, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

Painter—John Bradley, 732 Mifflin Street, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

Electrician—Leo C. Berger, 1600 Moore Street, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

Western State Penitentiary.

Superintendent of Industries—Arthur N. Bentley, 227 Home Avenue, Avalon, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Eastern State Penitentiary.

Superintendent of Hosiery and Underwear Department—John Myers, 437 Paoli Avenue, Roxborough, Philadelphia.

Superintendent of Cutting and Fitting Department—Philip Duckfield, 837 North Twenty-first Street, Philadelphia.

Superintendent of Manufacturing Department of Shoe Plant—John J. Hills, 1028 Marlborough Terrace, Philadelphia.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS ON UNIFORM STATE LAWS.

(Authorized by Act of April 20, 1917, P. L. 90.)

President—William H. Staake, Room 648 City Hall, Philadelphia.

Secretary—William M. Hargest, Commonwealth Trust Building, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Walter George Smith, 711 Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia.

COMMISSION FOR THE COMPILATION AND PUBLICATION OF THE STATUTES-AT-LARGE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

(Authorized by Act of July 25, 1913, P. L. 1273.)

Hampton L. Carson, 1033 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.

J. Willis Martin, 1326 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.

(Two Vacancies).

Editor—John Houston Merrill, 1318 Stephen Girard Building, Philadelphia.

THE LAKE ERIE AND OHIO RIVER CANAL BOARD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

(Authorized by Act of June 27, 1913, P. L. 652; as amended by Act of June 17, 1915, P. L. 990.)
(Offices—1001-1003 Hartje Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.)

President—William H. Stevenson, 135 Dithridge Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Treasurer—John E. Shaw, Frick Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

William C. Reitz, 2004 Wightman Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Frederick N. Beegle, Beaver Falls, Beaver County.

H. C. Ogden, 1500 Main Street, Wheeling, West Virginia.

Thomas P. Sloan, Charleroi, Washington County.

A. E. Adams, First National Bank, Youngstown, Ohio.

Secretary—Burd S. Patterson, 253 Meyran Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

The Board originally consisted of five members who were appointed by the Governor. Under the amended Act, which was passed by the Legislature of 1915, the Board consists of not less than five, nor more than seven members, three of whom may be non-residents of Pennsylvania, and shall have charge of the location, construction, maintenance and operation of a canal or waterway commencing at the junction of the Ohio and Beaver Rivers in Pennsylvania; thence, by way of the Beaver and Mahoning Rivers in Pennsylvania and the Mahoning River in Ohio to a point at or near Niles, or Warren, Ohio; thence, northwardly through Ohio to a terminal on Lake Erie, at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in Ohio; and shall also have charge of the development and utilization of water-power that may be created in the construction thereof. The cost of construction shall be assumed by this Commonwealth upon receipt of sufficient guarantee from the several counties of the several States affected, for which reimbursement shall be made to said counties out of any surplus tolls, charges and other income which may accrue from the operation of said canal or the sale of water or water-power.

The members of the Board shall continue in office for the term of four, five and six years, respectively, as designated by the Governor, and each succeeding appointment shall be made for a term of six years, except that in the case of a casual vacancy it shall be for the unexpired term. Each member is required to give an official bond in the sum of \$25,000. The present Board was appointed July 27, 1917, and reappointed October 16, 1919.

The Governor shall designate one member of the Board as President, who, during the time required for the preparation of the survey and estimates for the canal, shall receive an annual salary of \$5,000; also during said period each of the other members of the Board shall receive an annual salary of \$4,000. They shall then serve without compensation until such time as the construction of the canal may be proceeded with, whereupon the President of the Board shall thereafter receive an annual salary of \$12,000 and each of the other members an annual salary of \$10,000. The members of the present Board receive no salary.

The Board shall elect a secretary, a treasurer, a chief engineer and such officers, engineers, draughtsmen, attorneys, experts and other employes as it may deem necessary, at whatever compensation it may prescribe. The Attorney-General shall be ex-officio the general counsel of the Board. Each member of the Board and all of its employes and appointees shall receive their actual necessary traveling expenses.

The principal office of the Board shall be in Harrisburg, in rooms designated by the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings. Branch offices may also be established in Pittsburgh, or elsewhere, if necessary.

The Board is given full power to secure the necessary property rights for its purposes. On or before the second Monday of January in each year the Board shall make a complete report to the Governor of all its operations during the year, including a detailed statement of expenditures, contracts entered into and cost and character of the work done.

By the Act approved June 17, 1915, P. L. 1008, counties are authorized to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State or by a commission, board, or other agency thereof, of canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State.

The Legislature of 1913 appropriated \$150,000 for the expenses of the Board in making survey and preparing estimates of its work; the Legislature of 1915 appropriated \$25,000 additional for similar purposes, and for the printing of the report of the work of the Board, which was filed with the Governor June 28, 1917; and the Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$10,000 for the necessary expenses of the Board and to enable it to cooperate with the United States Government in the construction of the canal.

COMMISSIONERS OF VALLEY FORGE PARK.

(Office 226 Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia.)

(Authorized by Act of May 30, 1893, P. L. 183, and Act of March 30, 1911, P. L. 28.)

President—William Henry Sayen, 226 Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia.

Vice-President—John P. Nicholson, 1124 North Forty-first Street, Philadelphia.

Secretary—John W. Jordan, 1300 Locust Street, Philadelphia.

J. P. Hale Jenkins, Norristown, Montgomery County.

George J. Elliott, 4005 Woodland Avenue, Philadelphia.

William A. Patton, Radnor, Delaware County.

Richmond L. Jones, Reading, Berks County.

John T. Windrim, Devon, Chester County.

Edward F. Beale, Strafford, Chester County.

John R. K. Scott, Lincoln Building, Philadelphia.

Superintendent—Samuel S. Hartranft, Valley Forge, Montgomery County.

GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD MEMORIAL COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Act of June 13, 1907, P. L. 635.)

Vice-President—Charles F. McKenna, 433 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Secretary—George P. Morgan, 32 North Front Street, Philadelphia.

David Shields, Shields, P. O., Allegheny County.

(Two Vacancies).

The Gettysburg Memorial Commission was authorized by the Act of June 13, 1907, and originally consisted of nine citizens of Pennsylvania, all of whom served in the Union Army in the War of the Rebellion.

The site for the monument was selected by the Commission on the line of the third day's battle. The monument, for which \$150,000 was appropriated, embraces tablets for each Pennsylvania organization engaged in the battle of Gettysburg, with a complete roster of each officer and enlisted man comprising the organization who were on duty on any of the three days, and was completed and dedicated on September 27, 1910.

The Legislature of 1909 appropriated \$10,000 to defray the expenses incident to the dedication of this monument, including transportation to and from Gettysburg of State officials and the surviving honorably discharged Pennsylvania soldiers who were members of Pennsylvania regiments, batteries, or other Pennsylvania organizations which participated in said battle.

The Legislature of 1911 appropriated \$40,000 for the purpose of having made and placed in the niches on the monument eight bronze statues—one each of President Lincoln, Governor Curtin, Major-Generals Meade, Reynolds, Hancock, Birney, Pleasanton and Gregg; also for some minor repairs, and expenses of the Commission.

The Legislature of 1913 appropriated \$20,000 for procuring or erecting in appropriate places on the site of the Battle of Gettysburg bronze statues in memory of General Humphreys, Hays, Geary, Crawford and Gibbon, all of whom were Pennsylvanians in command of divisions at the Battle of Gettysburg; also for minor repairs to the monument and the printing and publication of the work of the Commission.

The appropriation of 1913 permitted the erection of only three statues, those of Generals Humphreys, Hays and Geary, which were turned over to the United States War Department in July, 1915, and the Legislature of 1917 appropriated \$5,000 for the expenses incident to the dedication of these statues, including the transportation of honorably discharged soldiers who served in the Civil War. Arrangements are now being made by the Commission for the dedication of these monuments on October 2, 1918.

The Legislature of 1915 appropriated \$4,000 for making necessary repairs to, and the correction of names on the tablets and memorials, and for the incidental expenses of the Commission, including the printing and publication of the 1914 report.

The memorial has been finished and the statues all erected and turned over to the United States Government and nothing remains for the Commission to do but occasional repairs to the monuments, correction of errors found in the names on the tablets, very few of which have come to the attention of the Commission.

BUSHY RUN BATTLEFIELD MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION.

(Authorized by Act of July 2, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 249.)

The sum of \$10,000 is appropriated to the Bushy Run Battlefield Memorial Association, for the purpose of erecting a monument on the Bushy Run Battlefield, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, to perpetuate the memory of Colonel Henry Bouquet, who fought and won the battle with the Indians at that place on August

5th and 6th, 1763. The money hereby appropriated is for the purpose of constructing the necessary foundation and the monument, on the lands now owned by the Bushy Run Battlefield Memorial Association.

COMMISSION FOR THE ERECTION OF A STATUE OR MEMORIAL IN MEMORY OF GENERAL GEORGE GORDON MEADE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

(Authorized by Act of June 14, 1911, P. L. 935; Act of May 2, 1913, P. L. 155; Act of June 18, 1915, Appropriation Acts, p. 249; Act of July 25, 1917, P. L. 1211.)

Chairman—Governor William C. Sproul, ex-officio.

Vice-Chairman—James A. Dale, York, York County.

Secretary-Treasurer—John B. Patrick, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Attorney-General William I. Schaffer, Chester, Delaware County, ex-officio.

Past Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R. William J. Patterson, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Horace L. Haldeman, Marietta, Lancaster County.

Henry I. Yohn, Philadelphia.

Hugh R. Fulton, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Isaac R. Pennypacker, 18 Summit Street, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia.

Architects—Simon and Simon, 249 South Juniper Street, Philadelphia.

Sculptor—Charles Grafly, 131 North Twentieth Street, Philadelphia.

This Commission has selected a site in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, within the lines of the old Botanic Garden, at the foot of Capitol Hill, in close proximity to the \$300,000 statue now in course of erection to General Grant, for the erection of a statue of General George Gordon Meade, for which purpose, the Legislature of 1911 appropriated the sum of \$20,000.

When the original appropriation was made it was expected that federal aid could be secured sufficient to make up the additional amount necessary to secure a site for the said statue, and to construct the necessary foundation and pedestal, and provide for the expenses of the dedication, but the United States government failed to make said appropriation.

In 1913, the Legislature appropriated \$15,000; in 1915, \$50,000; and in 1917, \$70,000 to carry on the work of the Commission.

ROBERT MORRIS MONUMENT COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Act of June 14, 1911, P. L. 937.)

Chairman—H. M. Edwards, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Secretary—John W. Ford, 618 East Girard Avenue, Philadelphia.

Treasurer—W. J. Jones, 76 Parkview Boulevard, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Benjamin S. Phillips, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

George Morris, McKeesport, Allegheny County.

Committee representing Pennsylvania Bankers' Association:

Chairman—H. M. Edwards, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Louis T. McFadden, First National Bank, Canton, Bradford County.

Roland L. Taylor, Morris Building, Philadelphia.

Committee representing Fairmount Park Art Association:

Roland L. Taylor, Morris Building, Philadelphia.

Leslie W. Miller, 324 South Broad Street, Philadelphia.

The Commission, with the representatives of the Bankers' Association, has selected the site for the erection of the monument to commemorate the services of Robert Morris to the United States during the Revolutionary War, at the entrance of the Parkway, Broad and Arch Streets, Philadelphia. The design for the monument has been selected and is now in course of construction.

The State appropriated the sum of \$20,000 for the construction and erection of the monument, and \$1,000 for the expenses of the Commission and dedication of said monument. The Bankers' Association of Pennsylvania has also appropriated \$10,000 for this purpose.

ANDREW G. CURTIN STATUE COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Act of July 18, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 226.)

Governor William C. Sproul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Auditor-General Charles A. Snyder, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

The sum of \$7,500 is appropriated to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings, for the purpose of erecting a statue of the late Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of Pennsylvania, 1861-1867, in one of the niches of the rotunda of the Capitol Building.

The Board is authorized to select and employ a suitable artist to make said statue, and shall have charge of any ceremonies incident to its unveiling when completed.

GENERAL DAVID McMURTRIE GREGG STATUE COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Act of July 25, 1917, Appropriation Acts, p. 251, and by Act of July 18, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 225.)

Chairman—Ira W. Stratton, Reading, Berks County.

Secretary and Treasurer—Daniel K. Hoch, Reading, Berks County.

William M. Zechman, Reading, Berks County.

Wellington M. Bertolet, Reading, Berks County.

Eli M. Rapp, Reading, Berks County.

*Richmond L. Jones, Reading, Berks County.

*Isaac Hiester, Reading, Berks County.

This Commission is authorized to procure a suitable statue of General David McMurtrie Gregg, which shall be erected in the City of Reading on a site to be selected by the Commission. The members of the Commission serve without compensation, but are allowed their actual expenses.

The Legislature of 1917 appropriated \$15,000 for the making, erection, and dedication of the statue, including the expenses of the Commission, and the Legislature of 1919 made an additional appropriation of \$10,000 for the purposes provided in the act creating the Commission.

GENERAL GALUSHA PENNYPACKER MONUMENT COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Act of July 18, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 226.)

Governor William C. Sproul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

President Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts John Frederick Lewis, Broad and Cherry Streets, Philadelphia.

H. H. Gilkyson, Phoenixville, Chester County.

Walter George Smith, Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia.

Isaac R. Pennypacker, Land Title Building, Philadelphia.

This Commission is composed of the Governor, the President of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, Philadelphia, and three other citizens appointed by the Governor. It is the duty of the Commission to select a proper site upon the Parkway in the city of Philadelphia, or elsewhere in the State, and contract for the erection of a suitable monument or memorial to commemorate the distinguished military services of General Galusha Pennypacker in behalf of the Union.

The sum of \$15,000 was appropriated for the memorial.

GEORGE T. OLIVER STATUE COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Act of July 23, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 263.)

Governor William C. Sproul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Auditor-General Charles A. Snyder, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings is authorized to select and employ a suitable artist to make a statue of the late Honorable George

*Appointed by Governor.

T. Oliver, United States Senator from Pennsylvania, and, when completed, to cause said statue to be erected in one of the niches in the rotunda of the State Capitol Building. The Board shall provide for suitable ceremonies in connection with such erection, and the sum of \$10,000 is appropriated to carry out the provisions of the Act.

CAMP CURTIN PARK COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Act of July 25, 1917, Appropriation Acts, p. 259, and by the Act of July 19, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 225.)

Chairman—Robert A. Enders, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Secretary—John A. Herman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Noah A. Walmer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Alvin S. Williams, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

William E. Bailey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

(Two vacancies).

This Commission has purchased in the name of the Commonwealth a plot of ground, ninety-eight feet seven inches by one hundred and four feet, at the corner of Sixth and Woodbine Streets, Harrisburg, at a cost of \$7,500, as a site to be known as Camp Curtin Park, for the erection of a suitable monument or memorial to honor the memory of the soldiers who were trained and mustered into the national service at Camp Curtin, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, during the Civil War. The members of the Commission serve without compensation, but are allowed all actual and necessary expenses.

The Legislature of 1917 appropriated \$8,000 for the purchase of the ground, and \$5,000 for placing the grounds in suitable condition for park purposes, the erection of fences, building of roads, and the incidental expenses of the Commission, and the Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$10,000 additional for the purchase and improvement of land.

WASHINGTON CROSSING PARK COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Act approved July 25, 1917, P. L. 1209, and by the Act approved July 21, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 249.)

President—Governor William C. Sproul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Vice-President and Acting Chairman—Harmon Yerkes, Doylestown, Bucks County.

Treasurer—Charles C. A. Baldi, 928 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

Samuel C. Eastburn, Langhorne, Bucks County.

W. Heyward Myers, Saint Davids, Delaware County.

Allen W. Hagenbach, Allentown, Lehigh County.

Charles M. Schwab, Bethlehem, Northampton County.

Clarence J. Buckman, Langhorne, Bucks County.

W. Clayton Hackett, Easton, Northampton County.

William C. Ryan, Doylestown, Bucks County.

Henry W. Watson, Langhorne, Bucks County.

Secretary—Arthur P. Townsend, Langhorne, Bucks County.

This Commission is composed of the Governor, who shall be ex-officio president, and ten citizens of the State appointed by the Governor for the term of five years. All vacancies in the Commission shall be filled by the Governor.

The commissioners are authorized to appoint a secretary and other officers, but they shall not receive compensation for their services as commissioners.

The Commission is authorized to acquire, by purchase or condemnation, and perpetuate and preserve the site, not to exceed one hundred acres, on which the Continental Army, under the command of General George Washington, was assembled and from which they crossed the river Delaware on the night preceding the Battle of Trenton, December twenty-five, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six.

The location and boundaries of the Park shall be fixed by the commissioners, and the Park shall be laid out, preserved, and maintained forever as a public place or park, by the name of Washington Crossing Park, so that the same and monuments thereof may be maintained as nearly as possible in their original condition as a military camp, and may be preserved for the enjoyment of the people of the State.

After the title has passed to the Commonwealth, the Governor, acting as Commander-in-Chief, may direct said commissioners to open the grounds and park for the accommodation of the National Guard or any portion thereof. The Commission is authorized to make all necessary arrangements for such military camps, to provide for sufficient water supply and drainage, and during such camps to relinquish to the commanding officer, for the time being, all police control over and through the said park and grounds.

The Commission has had the name of the post office at Taylorsville changed to Washington Crossing.

It has purchased the place of embarkation of Washington's army when it crossed the Delaware, the night before the battle of Trenton; together with the old Ferry House and hotel, and the four other properties between them, making in all about twelve hundred feet of river front. It has also purchased the ridge of land back of which the Continental army was formed and drilled before taking to the boats to cross the river Delaware. The island behind which the boats were secreted previous to crossing the river is about to be condemned. The land now purchased comprises about seventy acres. The district in which the Continental army was in camp has been surveyed, and the Commission is having topographical maps made.

The sum of \$30,000 was appropriated by the Legislature of 1919 for the further work of the Commission.

FORT WASHINGTON PARK COMMISSION.

Office—Rooms 127 and 129, City Hall, Philadelphia.

(Authorized by Act of July 25, 1917, Appropriation Acts, p. 181.)

President—E. T. Stotesbury, 1925 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Vice-President—Eli Kirk Price, 1709 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Treasurer—Sidney W. Keith, 226 South Twenty-first Street, Philadelphia.

T. DeWitt Cuyler, Haverford, Montgomery County.

James Elverson, Jr., 2028 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Theodore Justice, West Clapier Street, Germantown, Philadelphia.

Charles B. Penrose, 1720 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.

Emory McMichael, 2041 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Joseph Widener, Elkins Park, Montgomery County.

William Findlay Brown, 21 Summit Avenue, Philadelphia.

*Thomas B. Smith, Mayor, 2444 North Broad Street, Philadelphia.

*James E. Lennon, President of Select Council, 1254 South Fifteenth Street, Philadelphia.

*Edward B. Gleason, President of Common Council, 2033 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

*Carleton E. Davis, Chief of the Bureau of Water, Philadelphia.

*John E. Arthur, Chief of the Bureau of City Property, 415 West York Street, Philadelphia.

*Chester E. Albright, Chief of the Bureau of Surveys, 303 Pelham Road, Germantown, Philadelphia.

Secretary—Thomas S. Martin, Hermit Lane, Philadelphia.

This Commission is composed of the Commissioners of Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, as constituted under the Act of March 26, 1867 (P. L. 547). Under the Act of June 18, 1915 (P. L. 1053), the Commission was authorized to have a survey made of the historic sites of Militia Hill and Fort Hill, upon which was erected

*By virtue of their office.

Fort Washington, in Whitemarsh Township, Montgomery County, with a view to their being laid out as a public park, to be maintained with their fortifications as nearly as possible in their original condition as military sites, and for the securing of an adequate parkway approach thereto from the City of Philadelphia, extending from said park, along the Wissahickon Creek, to a point near its entrance into Fairmount Park.

The Commission completed the survey and, under an Act approved July 25, 1917 (P. L. 1209), was authorized to acquire the land within the boundaries of said survey for the park and parkway, not exceeding in all eleven hundred acres, the title of which is vested in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The Commissioners have the same power and control over the park and parkway, which they now have, or may hereafter acquire, over any other public park or parkway under their care and management. The Commissioners are not permitted to make any contracts for the improvement of the park and parkway unless an appropriation therefor shall have first been made by the Legislature.

The Legislature of 1917 appropriated \$50,000 toward the expenses of the Commission and the acquisition of the land.

PENNSYLVANIA COMMISSION TO CONSTRUCT BRIDGE OVER DELAWARE RIVER, CONNECTING PHILADELPHIA AND CAMDEN.

(Authorized by Act of July 9, 1919, P. L. 814.)

Chairman—Governor William C. Sproul, Pennsylvania State Commission, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Vice Chairman—Richard T. Collings, New Jersey State Commission, Collingswood, New Jersey.

Treasurer—Samuel T. French, New Jersey State Commission, Camden, New Jersey.

Auditor General Charles A. Snyder, Pennsylvania State Commission, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart, Pennsylvania State Commission, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Thomas B. Smith, Pennsylvania State Commission, Lincoln Building, Philadelphia.

J. Hampton Moore, Pennsylvania State Commission, Mayor's Office, City Hall, Philadelphia.

Alfred E. Burke, Pennsylvania State Commission, 925 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

Weller H. Noyes, New Jersey State Commission, Tenafly, New Jersey.

T. J. S. Barlow, New Jersey State Commission, Maple Shade, New Jersey.

Theodore B. Boettger, New Jersey State Commission, Plainfield, New Jersey.

Palmer H. Campbell, New Jersey State Commission, Hoboken, New Jersey.

Daniel F. Hendrickson, New Jersey State Commission, Woodbury, New Jersey.

T. Albeus Adams, New Jersey State Commission, Montclair, New Jersey.

This Commission is authorized to act in conjunction with the State of New Jersey for the purpose of constructing a bridge over the Delaware River connecting the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and the City of Camden, New Jersey.

The Commission is authorized and empowered, and it shall be its duty, to have prepared the necessary and proper plans and specifications for the construction of the bridge, to select the location, determine the size, type, and method of construction thereof, to plan and fix its boundaries and approaches, to make all necessary estimates of the probable cost of its construction and the acquisition of the ground for its site and approaches, to proceed to acquire the ground for the sites of the abutments and the approaches to the bridge, and to enter into the necessary contracts to build and equip the entire bridge and the approaches thereto, to build the substructure and superstructure thereof, to obtain such consent as may be necessary of the Government of the United States and the approval of the Secretary of War, and to cause a survey and map to be made of all lands, structures, rights of way, franchises, easements, or other interests in lands lying within the Commonwealth,

including lands under water and riparian rights, owned by any person, corporation or municipality, the acquisition of which may be deemed necessary for the construction of such bridge, and to cause such map and survey to be filed in the office of the Commission.

The sum of \$750,000 was appropriated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, session of 1919.

COMMISSION TO PROVIDE FOR JOINT ACQUISITION AND MAINTENANCE BY THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA AND THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY OF CERTAIN TOLL BRIDGES OVER THE DELAWARE RIVER.

(Authorized by Acts of May 8, 1919, P. L. 148, and July 18, 1919, P. L. 1054.)

President—Governor William C. Sproul, Pennsylvania State Commission, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania.

Vice-President—John A. Campbell, New Jersey State Commission, Trenton, New Jersey.

Secretary—R. W. Darnell, New Jersey State Commission, Phillipsburg, New Jersey.

Auditor-General—Charles A. Snyder, Pennsylvania State Commission, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania.

State Treasurer—Harmon M. Kephart, Pennsylvania State Commission, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania.

William F. Hayhurst, New Jersey State Commission, Lambertville, New Jersey.

The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is constituted a Commission to act, in conjunction with a similar Commission of the State of New Jersey, as a Joint Commission for the acquisition of the various toll bridges over the Delaware River, between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey. As soon as possible the Commission shall estimate the value of each of such bridges and shall offer to purchase same at the respective valuations. In case such offer is refused, condemnation proceedings may then be instituted in whichever State the Commission may determine, the cost of which shall be paid by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is also required to pay one-half of the purchase price of said bridges, and, after acquisition, one-half of all expense of maintenance, repairs or rebuilding.

Toll charges on these bridges shall be discontinued as soon as possession is obtained in the joint names of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey, except that any railroad or railway having the use of such bridges shall continue to pay, in equal proportions, to each of the States the same rental charges as before.

The Pennsylvania Legislature of 1919 made an appropriation of \$200,000 for the purposes of this act, and re-appropriated the unexpended balance authorized by the Legislature of 1917.

COMMISSION TO PROVIDE FOR JOINT ACQUISITION AND MAINTENANCE BY THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA AND THE STATE OF NEW YORK OF CERTAIN TOLL-BRIDGES OVER THE DELAWARE RIVER.

(Authorized by Act of July 25, 1917, P. L. 1180, as amended by Act of July 18, 1919, P. L. 1042.)

Governor—William C. Sproul, Pennsylvania State Commission, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania.

Auditor-General—Charles A. Snyder, Pennsylvania State Commission, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania.

State Treasurer—Harmon M. Kephart, Pennsylvania State Commission, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania.

Superintendent of Public Works—Edward S. Walsh, New York State Commission, Albany, New York.

Commissioner of Highways—Frederick Stuart Green, New York State Commission, Albany, New York.

State Engineer and Surveyor—Frank M. Williams, New York State Commission, Albany, New York.

Engineer—E. A. Lamb (Secretary), New York State Commission, Albany, New York.

The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is hereby constituted a Commission to act, in conjunction with a similar Commission of the State of New York, as a Joint Commission, for the acquisition of the various bridges over the Delaware River between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New York.

This Commission shall ascertain or estimate the value of each of such bridges, and shall in writing give notice of such valuation to the respective owner or owners thereof, and shall offer to purchase the same at the respective valuations. In the event that the owner or owners of such bridges refuse or neglect to accept such offer, it shall be the duty of the said Joint Commission to determine in which State the said condemnation proceedings shall be instituted, the cost of which shall be paid by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is also required to pay one-half of the purchase price of said bridges, and, after acquisition, one-half of all expense of maintenance, repairs or rebuilding.

Toll charges on these bridges shall be discontinued as soon as possession is obtained in the joint names of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New York, except that any railroad or railway having the use of such bridges shall continue to pay, in equal proportions, to each of the States the same rental charges as heretofore.

The sum of \$25,000 was appropriated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, session of 1919, which shall be available until such time as the State of New York makes an appropriation to carry out the provisions of the Act.

COMMISSION FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE ERIE CANAL BASINS AT THE PORT OF ERIE.

(Authorized by Act of June 14, 1911, P. L. 938; also Appropriation Acts of 1917, p. 190, and Appropriation Acts of 1919, p. 244.)

President—Frank W. Grant, Erie, Erie County.

Secretary—G. Irving Blake, Erie, Erie County.

I. Ph. McCreary, Erie, Erie County.

Clarence L. Thompson, Erie, Erie County.

Charles E. Shenk, Erie, Erie County.

Engineer—Armin Schotte, Erie, Erie County.

This Commission is directed to have dredged the East and West Canal Basins, located within the harbor of Erie, also to have widened the piers and bridge over said basins and to have erected proper retaining walls for their protection. The retaining wall on the west side of State Street, protecting the East side of West Canal Basin, has been completed and some dredging in West Basin is to be done. A contract has been let for the construction of the retaining wall on the East side of State Street, protecting the West side of the East Canal Basin, to the amount of the appropriation.

The Legislature of 1911 appropriated \$20,000 for said improvements, but on account of the Legislatures of 1913 and 1915 having made no appropriations, the work of the Commission was delayed until 1917. The Legislature of 1917 appropriated \$20,000, and the Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$30,000 to further these improvements.

COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE LAWS RELATING TO RECORDING OF DEEDS AND MORTGAGES.

(Authorized by Concurrent Resolution of June 17, 1915, P. L. 1088, and Joint Resolution of July 25, 1917, P. L. 1187, and by Joint Resolution of July 18, 1919, P. L. p. 231.)

Chairman—William P. Siegert, 508 Crozer Building, Philadelphia.

Secretary—Albert L. Watson, 502 Scranton Life Building, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

James C. Watson, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

Robert T. Corson, 4629 Frankford Avenue, Philadelphia.

Samuel W. Salus, 301 Morris Building, Philadelphia.

The present Commission was appointed by the Governor in compliance with a concurrent resolution of the General Assembly, approved the 17th day of June, 1915, to continue the work of a former Commission, by a further investigation and examination of the various laws now in effect in the several States relating to the recording of deeds, mortgages, the transfer of lands, the insurance of titles, and the practical operation of such laws; and to propose such changes in the Constitution and laws as to insure the best system of recording, and to make report and recommendations to the next General Assembly in 1917.

This Commission made a report to the Legislative Session of 1917, and stated that the amendment to the Constitution, ratified by the people of Pennsylvania since the last report, is in its opinion broad enough to allow an enactment of the method to be suggested by it, and submitted with that report a bill called the "Land Registration Act," recommending its passage in the form in which it was submitted and further recommended that if, for any reason, the proposed Act be not passed at the present Session of the Legislature, for the purpose of observing further the workings of the system in the different states and for the purpose of bringing the system to the attention and understanding of the various people of the Commonwealth, the Commission be continued.

The Commission made a second report to the General Assembly in the year 1919, again recommending the passage of an Act to provide for the settlement, registration, transfer and assurance of titles to land lying in the several counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and to establish a court of land registration for said purpose, but submitted their inability to properly bring the same to the attention and understanding of the people of the various counties of the Commonwealth on account of war conditions, and recommended the continuance of the Commission for the purpose of observing further the working of the systems in the different states, and for the purpose of bringing the system to the attention and understanding of the people of the Commonwealth.

By a joint resolution approved July 18, 1919, the Commission was continued and directed to disseminate such information and publish for distribution such draft of legislation as it may deem necessary to bring the matter properly to the attention of the public. The Commission will make further report and recommendations to the General Assembly of 1921.

The Legislature of 1919 re-appropriated the unexpended balance appropriated by an Act approved July 25, 1917.

HEALTH INSURANCE COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Act approved July 18, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 237.)

Summerfield J. Miller, Madera, Clearfield County.

Morris Einstein, McClintock Street and Perrysville, Avenue, N. S., Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Charles W. Sones, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

William T. Ramsey, Chester, Delaware County.

John M. Flynn, Ridgway, Elk County.

Theodore Campbell, 6312 Overbrook Avenue, Philadelphia.

The Commission consisting of three Senators to be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate, three Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker of

the House of Representatives, and five other persons, not members of the General Assembly, to be appointed by the Governor, is authorized to continue the investigation begun and carried on by the Commission, appointed under the Act of July 25, 1917, P. L. 1199.

Under the Act of 1919 the Commission is authorized to make a study of proposed and existing systems of health insurance in this and other countries, and to make a careful study of possible remedial legislation, which shall provide adequate medical care for employes and their families during sickness, afford a means of meeting the wage loss suffered by employes during such periods of sickness, and stimulate State-wide interest and active work in sickness prevention.

The Commission is authorized to hold public meetings in different parts of the Commonwealth and shall submit to the General Assembly of 1921 a full final report, including such recommendations for legislation by bill or otherwise as in its judgment may seem proper.

The Commission shall elect its chairman and other officers and has power to examine witnesses, books, and papers respecting all matters to be investigated, to issue subpoenas, to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers, to administer oaths, employ a secretary, experts in the matters to be investigated and all other necessary assistance. The Commissioner of Health and the Commissioner of Labor and Industry are directed to cooperate with the Commission.

The sum of \$15,000 was appropriated to carry out the provisions of the Act.

The Governor had not appointed the remaining members of the Commission at the time of going to press.

OLD-AGE PENSION COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Joint Resolution, Approved July 25, 1917, P. L. 1198, and continued by Act approved July 18, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 230.)

(Office—Room 215 Commonwealth Trust Company Building, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chairman—James H. Maurer, Reading, Berks County.

Mrs. Edwin C. Grice, 3318 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Harry W. Semple, 52 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia.

David S. Ludlum, Ardmore, Montgomery County.

Allen W. Hagenbach, Allentown, Lehigh County.

(Two vacancies).

Director of Research—Abraham Epstein, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

This Commission is composed of seven persons appointed by the Governor, two of whom are required to be members of the bar of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, who have studied social problems, two employers of labor, two members of recognized labor organizations, and one citizen of the Commonwealth, who shall be a woman experienced in the study of social problems, to investigate the various systems provided for this purpose in other Nations and States, together with all the facts relating thereto, especially as bearing upon the industrial and other conditions prevailing in Pennsylvania, and with a view to their practical adaptability here. Said Commission has full power to subpoena witnesses and to secure information under the authority of the Government of the Commonwealth.

The Commission submitted its preliminary report to the Legislature in March, 1919. This report contains analyses of investigations of 3,405 inmates in 60 almshouses in the State; of 2,300 aged inmates in semi-private homes for the aged; of 500 aged recipients of private charities and of 4,500 aged people who were interviewed in their homes, in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Reading. The report also contains an investigation of the county poorhouses and outdoor relief.

The extent and nature of the existing pension systems in Pennsylvania is analyzed in the Commission's detailed studies of the pension systems in operation by the several industrial concerns, railroads, teachers, municipalities, State, the United States, fraternal and trade unions, in Pennsylvania.

The problem of Old Age Pensions and the different methods used are discussed pro and con in this report and a short summary of 26 pension systems in operation in as many countries also appears in this report.

During the next two years the Commission plans to study further the conditions regarding the aged in Pennsylvania, as well as a more intensive study of the Old Age Pension systems in force in Europe. It hopes to present a bill for an old age pension scheme in Pennsylvania to the 1921 Legislature.

The members of the Commission serve without compensation for their services, but shall be reimbursed for all expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties.

The sum of \$5,000 was appropriated by the Legislature of 1917 to defray the expenses of the Commission, and the Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$15,000 additional to continue the work of the Commission.

COMMISSION TO STUDY, INVESTIGATE AND REVISE THE INSURANCE LAWS OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

(Authorized by Joint Resolution approved July 25, 1917, P. L. 1203, and continued by Joint Resolution approved July 21, 1919, p. 250.)

Chairman—Frank E. Baldwin, Austin, Potter County.

Augustus F. Daix, Jr., 1613 North Thirty-third Street, Philadelphia.

John Siggins, Jr., Warren, Warren County.

William W. Mearkle, 5739 Centre Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Andrew J. Maloney, 625 North Fifteenth Street, Philadelphia.

Robert M. Coyle, 423 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Edward A. Woods, Frick Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Secretary and Treasurer—Arthur P. Townsend, Langhorne, Bucks County.

This Commission is composed of two members of the Senate, appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate; two members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and three persons, appointed by the Governor. All vacancies occurring in the membership of the Commission shall be filled by the remaining members of the Commission.

It was the duty of the original Commission to study, investigate and revise the laws of the Commonwealth relating to insurance; and to report their findings to the General Assembly of 1919, recommending such changes in the existing laws as to the Commission may seem desirable.

The Commission reported to the session of 1919 that it had not had ample time to thoroughly study, investigate and revise the insurance laws but that it was of the opinion that the laws relating to insurance should be revised but at a time when a consolidated code could be enacted, so systematized as to subject matter, and arranged into regular and appropriate titles according to each particular class of insurance; and further, that the General Assembly direct the Legislative Reference Bureau with the aid and assistance of the Insurance Department to prepare a code of the existing insurance laws of the Commonwealth under the supervision of a Commission created for that purpose.

The Legislature directed the Legislative Reference Bureau to cooperate with the Insurance Department and under the supervision of the former Commission, which was continued, to codify and revise the laws relating to insurance companies, fraternal organizations, and department of insurance, the said Commission to make report of its work to the next General Assembly.

The members of the Commission are reimbursed for all expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The Commission is authorized to appoint a stenographer and a secretary, whose compensation it shall fix. The sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), together with the unexpended balance appropriated in 1917, was appropriated by the Legislature of 1919 to defray the expenses of the Commission.

PENAL CODE COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Act of July 25, 1917, P. L. 1188, and continued by Concurrent Resolution approved June 23, 1919, P. L. 1211.)

Chairman—Edwin M. Abbott, 1028 Land Title Building, Philadelphia.

Secretary and Draftsman—William E. Mikell, 3400 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Clarence D. Coughlin, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

Lex N. Mitchell, Punxsutawney, Jefferson County.

George C. Bradshaw, Crafton, Allegheny County.

This Commission, appointed by the Governor, is composed of five citizens of the Commonwealth, learned in the law, whose duty it shall be to revise, collate, and digest all acts and statutes relating to or touching the penal laws of the Commonwealth, and was directed to report the result of its labors to the Legislature of 1919, but on account of the magnitude of the undertaking the Commission was unable to make a complete and final report, and the work of the Commission was continued by a concurrent resolution approved by the Governor on June 23, 1919, and directed to make its final report to the Legislature of 1921. One of the commissioners shall be designated by the Governor as draftsman and secretary of the Commission, and shall receive \$4,000 and his actual necessary expenses; the other members of the Commission shall receive their actual necessary expenses.

The sum of \$6,000 was appropriated to defray the expenses of the Commission.

COMMISSION TO CODIFY AND REVISE THE LAW RELATING TO BANKS, PRIVATE BANKERS, AND TRUST COMPANIES.

(Authorized by Act approved July 25, 1917, P. L. 1202, and continued by Act approved July 21, 1919, P. L. 1056.)

Chairman—George D. Edwards, 5475 Darlington Road, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Secretary—James A. Walker, 1106 Commonwealth Trust Building, Philadelphia.

Grover C. Ladner, 700 Land Title Building, Philadelphia.

John M. Reynolds, Bedford, Bedford County.

Alexander T. Connell, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Law Assistant—Samuel Matlack, 1418 Land Title Building, Philadelphia.

This Commission, appointed October 17, 1917, by the Governor, consists of five persons whose duty it shall be to codify and revise the law relating to banks, private bankers, and trust companies doing business with this Commonwealth; and to recommend such changes in the existing law as may seem desirable.

The Commission reported to the General Assembly at the session of 1919 and presented for its approval the bill reorganizing the Banking Department, which was passed by the Legislature and approved by the Governor, May 21, 1919.

By Act of July 21, 1919, the Commission was continued and its duties were increased by the addition of codifications and revisions of the laws relating to "savings institutions, building and loan associations, loan brokers, and all other corporations, persons, partnerships and associations under the supervision of the Banking Department," and to report the same to the General Assembly at the session of 1921, recommending such changes in existing law as may seem desirable to the Commission.

The Commission is now completing revisions and codifications of the law relating to Banks and Trust Companies. It also expects to prepare an Act relating to the so called "Blue Sky" legislation.

The members of the Commission are reimbursed for all expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

The sum of \$5,000 was appropriated by the Legislature of 1917 to carry out the provisions of the act, and the Legislature of 1919 appropriated an additional sum of \$5,000 to further the work of the Commission.

COMMISSION ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AND REVISION.

(Authorized by Act approved June 4, 1919, P. L. 388.)

(Office, Senate Chamber, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.)

Chairman—William I. Schaffer, Attorney-General, Chester, Delaware County.

Hampton L. Carson, 1524 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

James H. Reed, 747 Union Arcade, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Edgar F. Smith, Provost, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia.

Edward J. Fox, Easton, Northampton County.

Thomas DeWitt Cuyler, Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia.

George E. Alter, 1010 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

William Perrine, Union League, Philadelphia.

John P. Kelly, Life Building, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

*Isaac Sharpless, Haverford, Montgomery County.

Mayer Sulzberger, 1303 Girard Avenue, Philadelphia.

John S. Fisher, Indiana, Indiana County.

Edward J. Stackpole, 1825 North Front Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

George Wharton Pepper, 2231 Land Title Building, Philadelphia.

Robert L. Munce, Washington, Washington County.

James Gay Gordon, 710 North American Building, Philadelphia.

Gifford Pinchot, Milford, Pike County.

John P. Connelly, Land Title Building, Philadelphia.

Francis Newton Thorpe, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Charles H. English, Marine Bank Building, Erie, Erie County.

Chester J. Tyson, Floradale, Adams County.

Mrs. Barclay H. Warburton, 1418 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.

Mrs. John O. Miller, Plainfield and Inverness Avenues, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

†John A. Voll, 6037 Oxford Street, Philadelphia.

‡Vance C. McCormick, 301 North Front Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Secretary—William Draper Lewis, Law School, University of Pennsylvania,
Thirty-fourth and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia. Penn-Harris Hotel.

Assistant Secretary—Matthew H. Taggart, Sunbury, Northumberland County.

Executive Stenographer—Miss Cora Duffey, 5331 Wingohocking Terrace, Ger-
mantown, Philadelphia. Penn-Harris Hotel.
224 Maclay Street.Official Reporters—William W. Wyant, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
1204 North Second Street.
Eugene E. Moyer, Avon, Lebanon County.
222 North Third Street.Abner Jones, 124 South Meade Street, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne
County. 1100 North Third Street.

Compiling Clerk—Morris H. Garvin, Sharon Hill, Delaware County.

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Page—Frederick M. Writer, Harrisburg, Dauphin County. 602 Race Street.

It is the duty of this Commission to study in detail the provisions of the present Constitution, in the light of modern thought and conditions, with especial view to the necessity or advisability of changing or omitting any such provisions, in order to obtain and secure for the people of the Commonwealth a form of government best suited to their needs and most conducive to their welfare. If the Commission find a change in the Constitution advisable, it shall determine the best means of

*Died January 16, 1920.

†Appointed January 2, 1920, to succeed William B. Wilson, who was unable to serve.

‡Appointed January 2, 1920, to succeed A. Mitchell Palmer, who was unable to serve.

effecting such change, whether by amendment of particular sections or articles or by general revision.

The heads of the several departments, bureaus and commissions of the State, and of the municipal divisions of the State, are directed to cooperate with the Commission, and to render it such assistance as will not interfere with the proper conduct of the respective departments, bureaus and commissions.

The Commission is required to report its recommendations to the General Assembly of 1921, not later than the first Monday of February. The report shall contain in detail such recommendations as to the continuance, discontinuance, or modification of existing provisions, or the adoption of new provisions, as the Commission, from its investigation and study, shall deem advisable and proper; and shall further contain drafts of any proposed amendments, or may contain the draft of a general revision.

The Commission is authorized to employ one or more secretaries, necessary stenographers and clerks, and such attorneys, investigators and experts, as it may deem necessary.

The members of the Commission receive no compensation, but shall be reimbursed for their necessary expenses.

The sum of \$60,000 was appropriated for the expenses of the Commission.

TAX LAW REVISION COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Act of July 18, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 229.)

This Commission, appointed by the Governor, consists of five persons, two of whom shall be members of the legal profession familiar with the tax laws of the State.

Under the supervision of the Commission, it is the duty of the Legislative Reference Bureau, to revise, amend, consolidate, and simplify the laws relative to the assessment, levy, and collection of taxes for county, city, borough, township, school and poor purposes. The Commission shall make a report, which shall be prepared by the Legislative Reference Bureau, of its proceedings to the Legislature of 1921, which report shall contain, for the consideration of the General Assembly, a draft of a bill codifying the laws relative to the assessment, levy, and collection of taxes.

The sum of \$2,000 was appropriated to perform the work of the Commission, which had not been appointed at the time of going to press.

COMMISSION TO REVISE AND CODIFY THE LAWS RELATING TO THE INSANE AND FEEBLE-MINDED.

(Authorized by Act of July 18, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 229.)

This Commission, appointed by the Governor, consists of five persons, two of whom shall be learned in the law, and two shall be physicians, whose duty it shall be to revise and codify the laws relating to the insane and feeble-minded. The Commission is authorized to make a report to the next General Assembly, to submit such draft of bills, and to recommend such changes in existing laws as may to the Commission seem desirable and, if deemed feasible, a comprehensive plan whereby said dependents of the State may be cared for under the authority of one board.

The sum of \$2,000 was appropriated for the purpose of the Commission, which had not been appointed at the time of going to press.

VALLEY FORGE-FAIRMOUNT PARK ROAD COMMISSION.

(Authorized by Concurrent Resolution of June 13, 1919, P. L. p. 1202.)

The Commissioners of Valley Forge Park and the Commissioners of Fairmount Park constitute this Commission, which is authorized to consider and investigate the advisability and feasibility of constructing a road and highway, or roads and highways, connecting Fairmount Park, in the City of Philadelphia, with Valley Forge Park.

The Commissioners serve without compensation and shall make their report, together with such recommendations and suggestions as they may deem proper, to the Legislature of 1921, to the Governor and to the State Highway Commissioner.

BUILDING COMMISSION, STATE INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR WOMEN, MUNCY, LYCOMING COUNTY.

(Authorized by Act of July 25, 1913, P. L. 1311; Act of July 25, 1917, Appropriation Acts, p. 258, and Act of July 21, 1919, Appropriation Acts, p. 254.)

Chairman—Willis F. McCook, Fifth and Amberson Avenues, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Treasurer—Grier Hersh, York, York County.

J. H. Weaver, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

(Two vacancies.)

Secretary—Frank Smith, 603 West End Trust Building, Philadelphia.

Architect—Horace Trumbauer, Land Title Building, Philadelphia.

The Act provides that this Home shall be constructed on the cottage plan, and the entire cost of the site and buildings shall not exceed \$500,000. The Commissioners receive no compensation, but are allowed their actual necessary expenses, and are authorized to appoint a superintendent of construction and such other persons they may deem necessary.

This Home is designed for the reception of females between sixteen and thirty years of age convicted of any criminal offense. Its aim is to prevent young offenders against the laws from becoming hardened criminals by subjecting them to such remedial preventative treatment, training and instruction as will conduce to their mental and moral improvement.

The Commission has purchased a site, consisting of about 500 acres of land immediately adjacent to the property of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Muncy Station, Lycoming County, upon which the buildings are to be erected. Under an Act approved May 1, 1915, P. L. 212, the Commission is authorized to purchase 500 additional acres of land at a cost of not more than \$10 per acre, for the purpose of acquiring and controlling an adequate water supply for the Home. Upon the completion of the buildings necessary for the accommodation of 75 inmates, the Commission shall turn over the Home to a board of managers, which shall be composed of nine citizens to be appointed by the Governor.

Work was commenced upon the Administration Building and three cottages in September, 1915, which are now completed and ready for occupancy. The sewage disposal and water supply system, and the grading and road building are well under way and should be completed sometime during the latter part of 1919.

The Legislature of 1913 appropriated \$250,000 for the work of the Commission; the Legislature of 1917 made an additional appropriation of \$130,000; and the Legislature of 1919 made a further appropriation of \$180,000 for the completion of buildings, construction of water supply system, and sewage disposal plant, building roads, and improvements of grounds, purchase and installation of tools, machinery, mechanical and educational supplies, furniture, furnishings, and other necessary supplies and equipment, salaries of employees, and maintenance of patients.

COMMISSION FOR THE SELECTION OF A SITE AND THE ERECTION OF A STATE INSTITUTION FOR INEBRIATES.

(Authorized by Act of July 25, 1913, P. L. 1306; as amended by Act of July 25, 1917, P. L. 1212.)

Chairman—Lewis S. Sadler, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Secretary and Treasurer—Francis J. Hall, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

E. P. Young, Towanda, Bradford County.

Harry Keller, Bellefonte, Centre County.

Samuel S. Woods, Lewistown, Mifflin County.

James W. Shull, New Bloomfield, Perry County.

This Commission is authorized to select a site and supervise the construction of an institution for the detention, care and treatment of inebriates, or persons habitually addicted to the use of alcoholic drink or intoxicating drugs, to be known as the State Institution for Inebriates.

The tract of land to be selected by the Commissioners shall be accessible by railroad facilities from all parts of the Commonwealth and shall be well adapted to the preservation of the health, occupation and maintenance of the inmates of the institution. The plans for the buildings shall be selected by the Commissioners, and approved by the Governor. The Commission is empowered to appoint an architect, a superintendent of construction, a secretary, a stenographer, and such other employes as it shall deem necessary.

The Legislature of 1913 made an appropriation of \$20,000 to carry out the provisions of this Act, but no further appropriation was made by the Legislature of 1915 on account of the reduced revenues of the State.

The Legislature of 1917 appropriated \$100,000 for the purchase of additional land and the laying of water mains, sewers and drainage pipes; also \$100,000 for the construction and erection of the necessary buildings for the housing of the inmates and an administration building. As soon as buildings sufficient to care for fifty patients shall be available such buildings shall be turned over to a board of nine trustees to be appointed by the Governor, who shall serve without compensation.

The members of the Commission receive no compensation but are allowed their necessary expenses.

BUILDING COMMISSION, EASTERN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, SELINGSGROVE, SNYDER COUNTY.

(Authorized by Act of July 25, 1917, P. L. 1206.)

Chairman—Charles T. Aikens, Selingsgrove, Snyder County.

Treasurer—D. Maurice Wertz, Waynesboro, Franklin County.

J. J. Corson, Jr., Norristown, Montgomery County.

Jacob E. Naftzinger, West Reading, Berks County.

Charles T. Thomas, Whitford, Chester County.

The plans and specifications shall provide for buildings capable of accommodating at least one thousand patients, and in such manner that additional accommodations may be provided without undue cost, from time to time, as appropriations for such purpose may be made. The Commission has selected a site in Selingsgrove, Snyder County, for the location of the new hospital, the buildings for which will be started in the spring.

The Legislature of 1917 appropriated \$52,000 for the purchase and improvement of the site, the preparation of plans and specifications for the building of said hospital, and the traveling and incidental expenses of the Commission; and the Legislature of 1919 appropriated the further sum of \$20,000 for the purchase of property upon which option had been taken.

When the General Assembly shall make an appropriation for the construction of the hospital, said Commission shall appoint a superintendent of construction, and such other persons as it may deem necessary to secure the speedy and economical construction of the buildings of said hospital, and the improvement of the said site, at such compensation as shall be fixed by the Commission.

When the General Assembly shall have made sufficient appropriations, and when the buildings are sufficiently constructed and furnished to accommodate five hundred patients, the Commission shall surrender its control over said hospital and buildings to a board of nine trustees, who shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Said trustees shall appoint a competent and skillful physician, of special training and experience in the treatment and care of the insane, who shall be superintendent of said hospital, and shall have charge, supervision, and direction of the hospital. The trustees are also authorized to appoint assistants, and any other employes as they may deem necessary, whose compensation they shall fix.

SUPREME AND SUPERIOR COURTS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justice—J. Hay Brown, Lancaster, Lancaster County. Term expires first Monday of January, 1921.

Justices—John Stewart, Chambersburg, Franklin County. Term expires first Monday of January, 1927.

Robert von Moschzisker, Philadelphia. Term expires first Monday of January, 1931.

Robert S. Frazer, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. Term expires first Monday of January, 1936.

Emory A. Walling, Erie, Erie County. Term expires first Monday of January, 1938.

Alexander Simpson, Jr., Philadelphia. Term expires first Monday of January, 1940.

John W. Kephart, Ebensburg, Cambria County. Term expires first Monday of January, 1940.

Prothonotaries—William A. Stone, 5901 Wayne Avenue, Germantown, Philadelphia, Eastern District.

William Pearson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Middle District.

Pier Dannals, 1306 Berger Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Western District.

Deputy Prothonotaries—Rudolph M. Schick, 225 South Thirty-eighth Street, Philadelphia, Eastern District.

Homer H. Strickler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Middle District.

(Vacancy.)

Reporter—Albert B. Weimer, 842 Real Estate Trust Building, Broad and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia.

Crier and Custodian of the Supreme Court, Middle District—Charles H. Hay, York, York County.

THE DISTRICTS AND TIMES OF HOLDING COURTS THEREIN.

Eastern District.

Sitting at Philadelphia, commencing first Monday of January, return days and beginning of argument weeks for the years 1919 and 1920, as follows:

	1919.	
Philadelphia,	January	6
Philadelphia,	January	13
Philadelphia,	January	20
Philadelphia,	January	27
Lehigh and Montgomery,	February	3
Chester, Delaware and Bucks,	February	10
Schuylkill, Lebanon and Lycoming,	February	17
Lackawanna, Wayne, Pike and Wyoming,	February	24
Berks, Montour and Adams,	March	3
Northampton, Carbon, Monroe and Franklin,	March	10
Bradford, Clinton, Cameron, Sullivan and Susquehanna,	March	17
Philadelphia (2d Period),	March	24
Philadelphia,	March	31
Philadelphia,	April	7
Luzerne and Columbia,	April	14
Blair, Centre, Clearfield and Huntingdon,	April	21
Crawford, Erie and Cumberland,	April	28
Warren, McKean, Tioga, Potter and Elk,	May	5
Bedford, Fayette, Union, Snyder, Northumberland, Juniata, Mifflin and Perry,	May	12
Lancaster and York,	May	19

	1920.	
Philadelphia,	January	5
Philadelphia,	January	12
Philadelphia,	January	19
Philadelphia,	January	26
Lehigh and Montgomery,	February	2
Chester, Delaware and Bucks,	February	9
Schuylkill, Lebanon and Lycoming,	February	16
Lackawanna, Wayne, Pike and Wyoming,	February	23
Berks, Montour and Adams,	March	1
Northampton, Carbon, Monroe and Franklin,	March	8
Bradford, Clinton, Cameron, Sullivan and Susquehanna,	March	15
Philadelphia (2d Period),	March	22
Philadelphia,	March	29
Philadelphia,	April	5
Luzerne and Columbia,	April	12
Blair, Centre, Clearfield and Huntingdon,	April	19
Crawford, Erie and Cumberland,	April	26
Warren, McKean, Tioga, Potter and Elk,	May	3
Bedford, Fayette, Union, Snyder, Northumberland, Juniata, Mifflin and Perry,	May	10
Lancaster and York,	May	17

Middle District.

Sitting at Harrisburg, commencing twenty-first Monday of each year, for the following counties:

Dauphin and Fulton,	1919.	
	May	26
Dauphin and Fulton,	1920.	
	May	24

Western District.

Sitting at Pittsburgh, commencing last Monday of September, return days and beginning of argument week for the years 1919 and 1920, as follows:

Armstrong, Cambria, Clarion, Forest, Jefferson, Mercer, Somerset, Venango and Westmoreland,	1919.	
	September	29
Armstrong, Cambria, Clarion, Forest, Jefferson, Mercer, Somerset, Venango and Westmoreland,	1920.	
	September	27

Sitting at Pittsburgh, commencing first Monday of October, return days and beginning of argument week for the years 1919 and 1920, as follows:

Beaver, Butler, Greene, Indiana, Lawrence and Washington,	1919.	
	October	6
Beaver, Butler, Greene, Indiana, Lawrence and Washington,	1920.	
	October	4

Sitting at Pittsburgh, commencing second Monday of October, return days and beginning of argument week for the years 1919 and 1920, as follows:

Allegheny,	1919.	
	October	13
Allegheny,	1920.	
	October	11

SUPERIOR COURT.

President Judge—George B. Orlady, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County. Term expires first Monday of January, 1926.

Judges—William D. Porter, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. Term expires first Monday of January, 1929.

John J. Henderson, Meadville, Crawford County. Term expires first Monday of January, 1924.

John B. Head, Greensburg, Westmoreland County. Term expires first Monday of January, 1926.

Frank M. Trexler, Allentown, Lehigh County. Term expires first Monday of January, 1925.

*William H. Keller, Lancaster, Lancaster County. Term expires first Monday of January, 1920.

†William B. Linn, 6374 Overbrook Road, Overbrook, Philadelphia. Term expires first Monday of January, 1921.

*Appointed by Governor Brumbaugh, January 6, 1919, vice John W. Kephart, who resigned on January 6, 1919. Elected for a full term November 5, 1919.

†Appointed by Governor Sproul, November 5, 1919, vice J. Henry Williams, who died on October 24, 1919.

Prothonotaries—William A. Stone, 5901 Wayne Avenue, Germantown, Philadelphia.
 William Pearson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Charles B. Stevens, 612 Scranton Life Building, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Pier Dannals, 1306 Berger Building, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Deputy Prothonotaries—Rudolph M. Schick, 225 South Thirty-eighth Street, Philadelphia.

Homer H. Strickler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 (Vacancy.)

Reporter—Albert B. Weimer, 842 Real Estate Trust Building, Broad and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia.

Assistant Reporter—Spencer Gilbert Nauman, 502 Bergner Building, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Terms of said Court will be held as follows:

At Scranton, commencing first Monday of March for the following counties:

	1919.	
Columbia, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Pike, Susquehanna and Wayne,	March	3
	1920.	
Columbia, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Pike, Susquehanna and Wayne,	March	1

At Harrisburg, commencing second Monday of March for the following counties:

	1919.	
Adams, Cameron, Cumberland, Dauphin, Elk, Juniata, Mifflin, Perry, Snyder, Tioga, Union and York,	March	10
	1920.	
Adams, Cameron, Cumberland, Dauphin, Elk, Juniata, Mifflin, Perry, Snyder, Tioga, Union and York,	March	8

At Pittsburgh, commencing second Monday of April, return days and beginning of argument week for the years 1919 and 1920, as follows:

	1919.	
Armstrong, Clarion, Crawford, Erie, Forest, Greene, Indiana, Jefferson, Mercer, Somerset, Venango and Warren,	April	14
Beaver, Butler, Cambria, Fayette, Lawrence, Washington and Westmoreland,	April	21
Allegheny,	April	28
	1920.	
Armstrong, Clarion, Crawford, Erie, Forest, Greene, Indiana, Jefferson, Mercer, Somerset, Venango and Warren,	April	12
Beaver, Butler, Cambria, Fayette, Lawrence, Washington and Westmoreland,	April	19
Allegheny,	April	26

At Philadelphia, commencing the first Monday of October for the following counties:

	1919.	
Philadelphia,	October	6
Philadelphia,	October	13
Philadelphia,	October	20
Bedford, Blair, Carbon, Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Lebanon, McKean, Northumberland, Potter, Sullivan and Wyoming,	October	27
Berks, Lancaster, Lycoming and Montour,	November	10
Bradford, Bucks, Chester and Delaware,	November	17
Lehigh, Monroe, Montgomery, Northampton and Schuylkill,	December	1
Philadelphia,	December	8
	1920.	
Philadelphia,	October	4
Philadelphia,	October	11
Philadelphia,	October	18
Bedford, Blair, Carbon, Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Lebanon, McKean, Northumberland, Potter, Sullivan and Wyoming,	October	25
Berks, Lancaster, Lycoming and Montour,	November	8
Bradford, Bucks, Chester and Delaware,	November	15
Lehigh, Monroe, Montgomery, Northampton and Schuylkill,	December	6
Philadelphia,	December	13

DUTIES AND POWERS OF STATE OFFICERS AND BOARDS.

THE EXECUTIVE.

The Executive Department of the Commonwealth consists of a Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney-General, Auditor-General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs and a Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The Governor.

The supreme executive power of the Commonwealth is vested in the Governor; he is Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy of the Commonwealth, and of the militia, except when they are called into the actual service of the United States, and takes care that the laws of the Commonwealth are faithfully executed. He holds his office for four years from the third Tuesday of January next succeeding his election, and is not eligible to the office for the next succeeding term. No person is eligible to the office of Governor except a citizen of the United States who has attained the age of thirty years and has been for seven years next preceding his election an inhabitant of the Commonwealth, unless he has been absent on the public business of the United States or of his State.

He may on extraordinary occasions convene the General Assembly, and in case of disagreement between the two Houses, with respect to the time of adjournment, adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper, not exceeding four months; he may also convene the Senate in extraordinary session for the transaction of executive business, and he shall from time to time give to the General Assembly information of the state of the Commonwealth, and recommend such measures as he may judge expedient; and he may require information in writing from the officers of the Executive Department of the State government upon any subject relating to their respective offices. All bills and concurrent resolutions, except for adjournment, must be submitted to him for his approval. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within ten days after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the General Assembly by their adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall be a law unless he shall file the same with his objections, in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and give notice thereof by public proclamation within thirty days after such adjournment. He nominates and, by and with the consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoints a Secretary of the Commonwealth, an Attorney-General, an Adjutant-General, a Commissioner of Insurance, a Commissioner of Banking, a Secretary of Agriculture, a Superintendent of Public Instruction, a Commissioner of Health, a Superintendent of State Police, a Commissioner of Labor and Industry, a Chief of the Department of Mines, a Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings; a Commissioner of Forestry, a Commissioner of Fisheries, a State Highway Commissioner, a State Librarian, a Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding, the members of the Public Service Commission, Workmen's Compensation Board, State Board of Censors and such other State officers as he may be authorized to appoint. He fills all vacancies in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which expire at the end of the next session. He has power



EXECUTIVE MANSION. HARRISBURG. PA.

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to fill any vacancy that may happen during the recess of the Senate in the office of the Auditor-General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office or in any other elective office he is or may be authorized to fill. He commissions all State officers elected by the people or appointed by himself (except the Lieutenant-Governor and members of the General Assembly), all judges, magistrates and justices of the peace, all county officers that require commissions, notaries public, commissioners of deeds, officers in the National Guard, and such others as he may be directed by law to commission. He also appoints the members of the boards of the various State institutions, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and may remove public officers for cause, as provided by law, or upon proper investigation and proofs of misconduct.

On receipt of the returns of the election of electors for President and Vice-president, he enumerates the number of votes given for each one, and declares by proclamation (published in one or more newspapers) the names of the persons duly elected, and delivers to each one a notification of his election on or before the last Wednesday of the month in which they are elected. He also causes three lists of the names of the electors to be made, certified and delivered to the electors on or before the day on which they meet to cast the vote of the State for President and Vice-President. As soon as the result of any election for judges of the Supreme and Superior courts has been determined according to law, he issues a proclamation declaring the number and names of the persons elected.

On receipt of the returns of the election of members of Congress from the several districts of the State, he declares by proclamation (published in one or more newspapers), the names of the persons so returned, and transmits the same to the House of Representatives.

Upon the receipt of the certificate of the result of the vote on the election of United States Senator from the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Governor issues a certificate of election under the seal of the Commonwealth to the candidate receiving the highest number of votes. In case of a vacancy happening in the office of United Senator the Governor makes a temporary appointment to fill the vacancy until such time as said vacancy shall be filled by an election, as provided for by law.

He approves all charters of corporations for profit created under the general corporation act of 1874 and its supplements, and the charters of insurance companies created under the acts of 1911, and issues letters patent to all corporations for profit created under the laws of the State.

The Governor signs all patents for lands issued in the name and by the authority of the State.

He may order out for actual service, by draft or otherwise, as many of the militia as necessity demands, in case of war, invasion, the prevention of invasion, the suppression of riots, and to aid civil officials in the execution of the laws of the Commonwealth.

He has power to remit fines and forfeitures, to grant reprieves, commutations of sentences and pardon, except in cases of impeachment; but no pardon shall be granted nor sentence commuted except upon the recommendation in writing of the Board of Pardons, or any three of them. He signs all death warrants of persons sentenced by the courts of oyer and terminer to be hanged, and fixes the day of execution. He may demand fugitives from justice from the executive of any other State or Territory, and issue warrants for the arrest of persons resident in this State upon the requisition of the Governor of any other State or Territory.

Records and instruments of writing intended for use in other States and Territories are authenticated by the Governor under the seal of the State.

He has authority, through proclamation, to close for a period not to exceed one season at one time, any county or counties, or any section of a county, to either

hunting or fishing, or to close any stream or part of streams to fishing, because of excessive drought and consequent danger from forest fires, low water, and the presence of contagious or infectious diseases, when such action may be necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources.

He may also request the resignation of State employes, under certain conditions, whom by reason of physical or mental disability have become permanently incapacitated from performing their regular official duties, and place them on the retirement list, with half pay, during the remainder of their lives.

He is authorized to employ such consultants, experts, accountants, investigators, inspectors, and clerks, as he may deem necessary, and fix their salaries, wages and fees, to inform, advise, and assist him in properly supervising and directing the Commonwealth's business and caring for the public welfare.

He is, *ex-officio*, a member of the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings, the Commission of Public Welfare, the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Association, the Armory Board, the Board to Pass upon the Necessity for the Construction of Elevated and Underground Passenger Railways, the Commission of Soldiers' Orphan Schools, the Emergency Public Works Commission, the College and University Council; President of the Board of Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania; and a trustee of the State College, Allegheny College, and the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, at Erie.

He is also, *ex-officio*, a visitor to the Philadelphia city and county prisons, to the penitentiaries of the State, to the several lunatic hospitals and the soldiers' orphan schools.

The Secretary to the Governor.

is charged, under the direction of the Governor, with the duties appertaining to official correspondence, receiving all applications for appointment and commissions, and with the supervision of the general clerical work of the office. It is his duty to have charge of the executive office for the transaction of such business as may not require the personal attention of the Governor, and to notify him of such business as may need his immediate action.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR

is elected at the same time with the Governor, for the same term, and must have the same qualifications in all respects. He is President of the Senate, but has no vote unless they are equally divided. He is also a member of the Board of Pardons and the Commission of Public Welfare. In case of the death, conviction or impeachment, failure to qualify, resignation or other disability of the Governor, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office, for the remainder of the term, or until the disability be removed, devolve upon the Lieutenant-Governor.

In case of a vacancy in the office of Lieutenant-Governor, or when he shall be impeached, or when he is unable to exercise the duties of his office, the powers, duties and emoluments thereof, for the remainder of the term, or until the disability be removed, shall devolve upon the President pro tempore of the Senate, who, in like manner, becomes Governor if a vacancy or disability occurs in that office.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

The Secretary of the Commonwealth

is the head of the State Department. He is appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. He is also a member of the Board of Pardons, the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, the Board of Revenue Commissioners, the Board of Property, the Board to Pass upon the Necessity for the Construction of Elevated and Underground Passenger Railways and the Board to License Private Bankers.

His duties bring him into intimate relations with the Governor, as nearly all the official transactions of the latter pass through his hands, and a record of all his official acts is kept in the State Department. The Secretary is the keeper of the seals of the State, and affixes them to, and countersigns such instruments as the law requires.

The act of May twenty-fifth, one thousand nine hundred and seven, requires that all fees, percentages and commissions received by him, by virtue of his office as Secretary of the Commonwealth, or on collections made by him as such, shall be paid daily into the State Treasury.

He is the custodian of the laws and resolutions passed by the Legislature, and they and the veto messages of the Governor are prepared for publication and distributed under his supervision.

The official bonds and recognizances of all State, county and municipal officers and notaries public, whom the Governor commissions, are kept in the State Department, and all commissions, appointments and proclamations issued by the Governor are countersigned and a record thereof kept by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Under the general corporation laws of the State, proceedings for the organization of all corporations for profit, the amendment of their charters, the purchase and sale of franchises and property or merger and consolidation of companies, the change of their corporate names and extension of route by street railway companies, their reorganization after judicial sale, are all conducted under the scrutiny of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and recorded in his department. Proceedings for the increase or decrease of stock or indebtedness, change in par value of shares, change in location of principal office, and decrease of dissolution of all corporations are required to be filed therein.

No foreign corporation can lawfully do business in this State, without first appointing the Secretary of the Commonwealth and his successor in office to be its true and lawful attorney and authorized agent, upon whom all lawful process in any action or proceeding against it may be served; the power of attorney shall be executed with the seal of the corporation, and signed by the president and secretary thereof; and shall contain a statement showing the title and purpose of said corporation, the location of its principal place of business in the Commonwealth and the postoffice address within the Commonwealth to which the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send by mail any process against it served on him.

The Secretary of the Commonwealth is also the custodian of the election returns for National, State and such county officers as receive executive commissions, and he compiles and publishes the returns of the State elections.

He keeps a record of all death warrants, respites, pardons, remittances of fines and forfeitures and commutations of sentences.

Proceedings in regard to interstate extradition for fugitives from justice are examined, passed upon and approved by him before the executive order is made thereon.

Besides these there are many ministerial duties of a minor character performed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Rules of Practice of the Department of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Rules Governing Applications for Letters Patent, Etc.

Corporations of the Second-Class.

The following rules governing the applications for and the granting of Letters Patent, and concerning the practice of this office with reference to corporations, founded upon the Acts of Assembly and the opinions of the Attorney-General, are submitted for the guidance of those interested.

Notices.

The notice of an intention to apply for a charter should give the names of at least three incorporators, designate the time when application will be made to the Governor for the charter, the Act of Assembly under which it is made, and the purpose proposed.

Twenty-one days' notice must be given of the intended application, by weekly advertisement in two newspapers of general circulation, printed in the proper county.

Legal or technical publications or papers not printed in the English language are not regarded as in this class; but additional publications may be made in them, if desired.

The proof of the publication of the notice must be filed in this office upon the maturity of the certificate.

Filing of Certificate.

The certificate of organization should be on file in this office during the period of publication and the Letters Patent fee and bonus fee should accompany the application.

This rule greatly facilitates business, as applications are examined when received, and needed changes or corrections can thus be made before the maturity of the notice.

Readvertisement will be required on applications received thirty days after the time designated in the notice.

Attorneys or others who have forwarded papers to this office, on which no further action has been taken, will after sixty days from such receipt, be requested to complete the same, or they will be either returned or certified to the Attorney-General for such action as he may deem proper.

All charters, after approval by the Governor, must be recorded in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. By making the application in exact duplicate originals, it will facilitate the work of recording and expedite the mailing of the charter.

Public Service Companies.

Applications for the incorporation, organization, creation, and the removal or amendment of the charters of public service corporations, and proceedings evincing the sale, assignment, transfer, lease, consolidation or merger of such corporations, should be filed in duplicate in this Department.

Contents of Certificate and Statement of Purpose.

The certificate must have at least three incorporators and at least two subscribers, one of whom must be a citizen of this Commonwealth, and must be acknowledged and verified by at least two subscribers.

The object of the corporation should be restricted to the purpose set forth distinctly in one clause of the incorporation act, and be so concisely stated as to avoid all diversity.

Special care should be taken that **ONLY THE PURPOSE IS STATED AND NOT THE POWERS** which come to the corporation by grant of law, and that the certificate be confined to the statement of but a single purpose. Certificates for the incorporation of manufacturing and mercantile companies should describe in a general way the character of the articles or goods to be manufactured or sold.

Whenever the certificate of organization of a proposed corporation is received and is found not to be in proper form, it will be promptly returned. A new certificate conforming to the law and to the requirements of this office may be prepared, executed and forwarded for approval.

Certificates of incorporation or articles of association, containing erasures or interlineations will not be accepted.

The designated place of business of the corporation is where the corporate functions are to be exercised, and only one office can be named as such.

A married woman may be named as a director, treasurer or one of the two subscribers to the articles of incorporation.

A typewritten list of all signatures should accompany all papers filed in this Department.

Applications for railroad and street railway charters should be filed in duplicate.

Time of Application.

Charters will not be granted on Saturday, or on any legal holiday, as the State Treasury is closed on these days.

All papers, required to be filed in this Department, may be filed only between the hours of 8 A. M., and 5 P. M., on week days, except Saturday or any legal holiday. Such papers may be filed on Saturday only between the hours of 8 A. M. and noon.

Protests and Hearings.

Protests against the issuing of Letters Patent upon any application should be filed in duplicate in this office as soon after the first publication of notice as practicable. The protest should briefly set forth the ground of opposition and the interest of the protestants; and must be specific, giving the full and correct name of the company against whose application it is filed, and designating the date when the application is advertised to be made. A day for hearing will then be appointed, at which time all parties will be heard by counsel or in person.

Increase and Decrease of Stock and Indebtedness.

Returns of election upon increase or decrease of capital stock should not be combined with the return of election upon increase or decrease of indebtedness. The return of the President or Treasurer as to the actual making of the authorized increase or decrease should be made separately from the election return, and not attached thereto, and is required by law to be made within thirty days after the actual increase or decrease. The return of increase should specify the terms thereof, whether for cash, for materials, labor or property.

Waivers of notice of publication should be accompanied by the affidavit of the Secretary, showing that the persons subscribing to the waiver are the owners of all the outstanding and issued capital stock of the corporation.

Cooperative Associations.

Cooperative associations are corporations, and are subject to all the requirements of the Corporation Laws as to bonus and fees due the State. The amount of the original capital must be specified in the Article of Association. The purpose of the association and the terms upon which persons may become members should be clearly and succinctly stated.

Foreign Corporations.

Foreign corporations, proposing to do business in this State, should first file a power of Attorney in the form prescribed by this Department, appointing the Secretary of the Commonwealth and his successors their true and lawful attorney and authorized agent upon whom all lawful process in any action or proceeding against them may be served.

Bonus and Fees.

Upon the granting of a charter the whole bonus, which is one-third of one per centum of the capital stock, is payable through this office by all corporations except building and loan associations; all checks or drafts should be drawn to the order of the "State Treasurer."

Blank Forms.

Blanks for applications for charters, proof of publication, increase or decrease of capital stock, or indebtedness, president's returns, waivers and statements by foreign corporations, etc., will be furnished on application.

Fees.

Statement of fees for filing and recording certain papers in the office of the Secretary of Commonwealth, and for the issuing of Letters Patent to corporations:

For filing and recording papers relating to—	
Enlargement of territory of natural gas company,	\$15 00
Extension of route of street railway,	20 00
Abandonment of route of street railway,	15 00
Election return on increase or decrease of capital stock or indebtedness when notice of meeting has been published for 60 days,	30 00
Same, when publication of notice has been waived,	35 00
Return of president or treasurer of actual increase or decrease of capital stock or indebtedness,	5 00
Certificate of dissolution of a corporation,	10 00
Foreign corporations, Power of Attorney,	10 00
Acceptance of Constitution and Act of Assembly,	10 00
Acceptance act 1874 and letters patent,	30 00
Filing treasurer's affidavit of paid up capital stock, by trust company,	10 00
Change of corporate name,	20 00
Re-organization after judicial sale, including acceptance of the Constitution,	40 00
Articles of Cooperative Association (including copies),	26 00
Agreements of merger and consolidation,	55 00
Certificate of each secretary, attached to agreement of merger and consolidation,	5 00

For letters patent for —

Re-charter, including acceptance of Constitution or act,	40 00
Insurance companies, including statements,	37 00
Railroad companies (steam or street),	82 00
Amendment to charter, except to railroad companies,	30 00
Letters patent on all other corporations,	30 00

The Act of May 3, 1889, fixes bonus on charters and upon increase of capital stock at one-third of one per cent., the bonus on charters payable at the time of approval by the Governor.

The Act of February 9, 1901, makes the bonus on increase of capital stock payable on the actual amount of increase when such stock or any portion of it is actually increased.

Note—All fees must be paid in full, and also the whole bonus on charters before papers can be marked filed and recorded, or letters patent can be issued by the Governor.

All fees and bonus should be paid by certified check or New York draft.

Bureau of Commissions.

The work in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth relating to commissions is in charge of the commission clerk.

It is his duty to issue commissions to all officials elected by popular vote, who, by law are entitled to receive them. State officials, judges of the various courts, city and county officers and justices of the peace, for full terms of service, come under this head and commissions are issued based upon the election returns.

Aldermen and justices of the peace elect, upon the certificate of the prothonotary, showing election, are commissioned for the full term of six years. Elections for aldermen or justices of the peace held at any other time than the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in odd-numbered years are null and void.

Appointed officials, such as department officers, trustees and managers of State Hospitals and asylums, members, directors, etc., of various State Boards, Commissioners of deeds, notaries public, policemen, etc., are commissioned only upon receipt of written orders from the Governor, and for such terms as fixed by law.

Petitions, etc., requesting such appointments must be sent to the Governor. If favorably considered orders are issued by the Governor to the commission clerk of the State Department to make commissions in accordance therewith.

Blank forms of application for the appointment of notaries public, for justices of the peace and for policemen, are furnished by the Executive Department upon request.

Other forms must be prepared by the applicants. Where fees are by law made payable before appointments can be made, such fees must always accompany petitions of applicants.

Notaries public, when appointed during the recess of the Senate, are commissioned until the end of the next session of the Senate. When confirmed by the Senate the term is four years from the date of such confirmation. A notary public must give bond and lift commission within thirty days after appointment, otherwise the appointment will be null and void.

Vacancies in the office of alderman and justice of the peace occurring by reason of the erection of any new ward, borough or township, or from the neglect or refusal to lift commission, within the time fixed by law, or by death, resignation or otherwise, can be filled only by the Governor until the first Monday of January following the election in November in odd-numbered years. Commissions of aldermen and justices of the peace must be lifted within sixty days from the date thereof, or the office will become vacant.

The bonds and oaths of aldermen and justices of the peace are to be filed in the office of the prothonotary.

The bonds and recognizances of sheriffs and coroners, and the bonds of prothonotaries, registers of wills, recorders of deeds, and clerks of the several courts, must have the sureties approved by the judges of the court of common pleas, and also by the Governor, and be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth before commissions can issue.

The bonds and oaths of notaries public are to be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. The bonds must have two sufficient sureties, and they must make the affidavit as indorsed thereon.

The oath authorized by the Constitution to be administered to all State officers and judges of the Supreme Court and Superior Court must be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Resignations should be addressed to the Governor and forwarded to him for his acceptance.

Military commissions are also prepared upon receipt of written orders from the Governor and Adjutant-General.

The average number of all commissions issued each year is above four thousand, and the number is constantly and rapidly increasing. A complete and accurate record is kept of all commissions, carefully classified and arranged.

All official bonds given to the Commonwealth, if found correct by the commission clerk, are approved by the Governor, then classified and duly filed in the State Department.

Letters and inquiries relating to appointments, commissions, bonds, etc., are promptly answered by the commission clerk.

Several assistants aid in performing the work intrusted to this bureau of the State Department.

Rules of Practice Relating to Requisitions.

The application for the requisition must be made by the district or prosecuting attorney for the county or district in which the offense was committed, and must be in duplicate original papers, or certified copies thereof.

The following must appear by the certificate of the district or prosecuting attorney:

- (a.) The full name of the person for whom extradition is asked, together with the name of the agent proposed, to be properly spelled, in Roman capital letters, for example: JOHN DOE.
- (b.) That in his opinion the ends of public justice require that the alleged criminal be brought to this State for trial at the public expense.
- (c.) That he believes he has sufficient evidence to secure the conviction of the fugitive.
- (d.) That the person named as agent is a proper person, and that he has no private interest in the arrest of the fugitive.
- (e.) If there has been any former application for a requisition for the same person, growing out of the same transaction, it must be so stated, with an explanation of the reasons for a second request, together with the date of such application, as near as may be.
- (f.) If the fugitive is known to be under either civil or criminal arrest in the state or territory to which he is alleged to have fled, the fact of such arrest and the nature of the proceedings on which it is based must be stated.

(g.) That the application is not made for the purpose of enforcing the collection of a debt, or for any private purpose whatever, and that if the requisition applied for be granted, the criminal proceedings shall not be used for any of said objects.

(h.) The nature of the crime charged, with a reference, when practicable to the particular statute defining and punishing the same.

(i.) If the offense charged is not of recent occurrence, a satisfactory reason must be given for the delay in making the application.

1. In all cases of fraud, false pretenses, embezzlement or forgery, when made a crime by the common law, or any penal code or statute, the affidavit of the principal complaining witness or informant that the application is made in good faith, for the sole purpose of punishing the accused and that he does desire or expect to use the prosecution for the purpose of collecting a debt; or for any private purpose, and will not directly or indirectly use the same for any of said purposes, shall be required, or a sufficient reason be given for the absence of such affidavit.

2. Proof by affidavit of facts and circumstances satisfying the Executive that the alleged criminal has fled from the justice of the State and is in the State on whose Executive the demand is requested to be made, must be given. The fact that the alleged criminal was in the State where the alleged crime was committed at the time of the commission thereof, and is found in the State upon which the requisition was made, shall be sufficient evidence in the absence of other proof, that he is a fugitive from justice.

3. If an indictment has been found, certified copies, in duplicate, must accompany the application.

4. If an indictment has not been found by a grand jury, the facts and circumstances showing the commission of the crime charged, and that the accused perpetrated the same, must be shown by affidavit taken before a magistrate (a notary public is not a magistrate within the meaning of the Statutes), and that a warrant has been issued and duplicate certified copies of the same, together with the returns thereto, if any, must be furnished with the application.

5. The official character of the officer taking the affidavit or depositions and of the officer who issued the warrant must be duly certified.

6. Upon the renewal of an application, for example: On the ground that the fugitive has fled to another State, not having been found in the State on which the first was granted, new or certified copies of papers in conformity with the above rules must be furnished.

7. In case of any person who has been convicted of any crime, and escapes after conviction, or while serving his sentence, the application may be made by the jailer, sheriff, or other officer having him in custody, and shall be accompanied by certified copies of the indictment or information, record of conviction, and sentence, upon which the person is held, with the affidavit of such person having him in custody, showing such escape, with the circumstances attending the same.

8. No requisition will be made for the extradition of any fugitive except in compliance with these rules.

Additional Suggestions.

1. At the Interstate Extradition Conference, held in New York, in August, 1887, it was resolved by the representatives of the several States: "That it is the sense of this conference that the Governors of the demanding States discourage proceedings for the extradition of persons charged with petty offenses, and that, except in special cases under aggravating circumstances, no demand should be made in such cases."

2. Requisitions will not issue in cases of fornication and bastardy, desertion (except under special and aggravated circumstances), nor in any case to aid in collecting a debt or enforcing a civil remedy nor in cases in which the offense is of such a trivial character as to leave a doubt as to the issuing of a mandate thereon by the Executive of another State or Territory; nor in a case of seduction, until an indictment is found and the relations of the parties clearly established, so as to leave no doubt that the case is one of seduction, and not of fornication and bastardy.

3. Requisitions will not be issued on petition alone, but the copies of record and affidavits required by the preceding rules must in every case be furnished; and this regulation will be applied with special strictness in all cases where the charge is cheating, obtaining money by false pretenses, embezzlement and the like. False and deceitful representations must be particularly set forth.

4. All papers presented in connection with an application for a requisition must be in duplicate.

5. The agent should, when possible, be the sheriff of the county or his deputy.

6. Each application must be accompanied with the legal fee of one dollar.

Election and Legislative Bureau.

Legislative Division.

This Bureau has charge of all legislation passed by the General Assembly. All Bills and Resolutions that have passed finally are received from the officers of the House in which they originated, are receipted for, and recorded in a book kept for that purpose. They are then turned over to the Executive Clerk of the Governor,

who, in turn, receipts for them. After the Governor takes action, whether he approves or vetoes, they are returned to this office and are prepared for printing. They are punctuated, marginal notes are added, indexed, and copy is furnished to the State Printer, after which the proof is read. When the volume is printed, copies are forwarded to judges of the several courts and other officers and persons entitled to receive them.

Election Division.

This Bureau has charge of the filing of petitions and certificates of nomination and nomination papers for all Statewide offices and for such State offices as judges of courts of record, Representatives in Congress, Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly, and members of the State Committees of all parties. These nominations are certified to the county commissioners of the proper counties for printing on the primary election ballot. The county commissioners make return to this office of the votes received by the several candidates and the names of the candidates who were successful at the primaries are then certified to the county commissioners for printing on the official ballots to be used at the November elections.

Returns of the November election are filed with the Prothonotary of the County, who certifies them to this office. After these returns have been tabulated and computed, the names of the successful candidates for Representatives in Congress are certified to the Clerk of the House of Representatives at Washington, and the vote for Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly are presented to the Senate and House of Representatives on the first day of the session succeeding the election. The names of the successful candidates for all commissioned officers are certified to the Governor who thereupon issues their commissions.

Registration Bureau.

The Bureau of Registration was created by the Act of February 26, 1919. It is the duty of the Clerk of this Bureau:—

(1) To register the assumed or fictitious names under which individuals carry on or conduct business when applications for such registry are properly presented, as required by the Assumed Name Act of June 28, 1917, and to make a notation of the cancellation of a business once registered, or of the withdrawals from the personnel of a business once so registered, when such statements of cancellation or withdrawal are presented in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved June 20, 1919.

(2) To register trademarks, trade names, labels, etc., when applied for in accordance with the provisions of the Trade Mark Act of June 20, 1901, as amended.

(3) To register bottle descriptions when applied for in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved June 15, 1911.

(4) To register union labels when applied for in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved April 3, 1903.

(5) To register applications for a license to manufacture or distill and sell ethyl alcohol when applied for in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved July 21, 1919.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

The Attorney General

is the law officer of the Commonwealth and part of the Executive Department of the State Government. He is appointed by the Governor at his pleasure, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. He is a member of the Board of Pardons, Board of Public Accounts, Board of Property,

College and University Council, Medical Council, and of the Board which passes upon the Necessity of the Construction or Operation of Elevated or Underground Railways. He is the legal advisor of the Governor, the heads of the various departments and of the various State boards, the officers and trustees of State institutions and other State officials; *ex officio* General Counsel of the Public Service Commission, the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry, and of the Insurance Board, and General Counsel of the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania.

He furnishes in writing formal opinions on questions arising in the administration of the State Government, which are published biennially in a report to the Legislature, and in the leading legal periodicals of the State. The Attorney-General does not furnish legal advice except to those officially connected with the State Government and upon matters arising in the administration thereof. By Act of 1915, P. L. 876, all legal business of every department, board of Commission of the State Government has been placed under his supervision. He has the right of access at all times to the books and papers in the offices of the Auditor-General and State Treasurer, and, in his discretion may cause settlements to be made and the collection of moneys appearing to be due thereby. In conjunction with the Auditor-General and State Treasurer, forming what is commonly known as the Board of Public Accounts, he revises and re-settles accounts for taxes and any other debts due the State, whether from corporations, city and county officers, or individuals. Upon formal request of the Insurance Commissioner or the Commissioner of Banking, it becomes his duty to institute proceedings against insolvent and illegally conducted insurance companies, trust companies, banks and banking companies, building and loan associations, foreign mutual savings fund associations, for the appointment of receivers to wind up their affairs and for dissolution.

The charters of incorporation of banks of deposit, savings banks, trust companies and insurance companies and the amendments or renewals of such charters, are subject to his approval.

While he has power generally to act for the Commonwealth in all litigation to which it may be a party, he is not officially concerned in any criminal action, except, that he may, when the occasion requires, supersede the District Attorney and take charge of any criminal prosecution, and by Act of 1906, P. L. 81, he is required to institute criminal proceedings on certified decision of the court as to election expenses of candidates for office. He prosecutes writs of *quo warranto* and other extraordinary legal remedies in the name of the Commonwealth.

He represents the Commonwealth in certain cases where property has been disposed of by will for religious, charitable, literary or scientific uses. He is also required to institute proceedings under the Act of 1891, P. L. 256, against so-called company stores and to enforce the provisions of the Act of 1889, P. L. 94, against railroad companies about to violate the provisions of Section 7, Article XVI of the State Constitution. Upon request of the President Judge of a district he is required by Act of 1905, P. L. 351, to employ an attorney to represent the Commonwealth in criminal proceedings, which attorney, when so directed, may supersede the District Attorney. In addition to the collection of taxes and claims due the Commonwealth, he is required by Act of 1915, P. L. 661, to collect moneys due the Commonwealth for the maintenance of insane and other inmates of State institutions alleged to be indigent, but who have property or estate. He collects liens of appropriations made to institutions not wholly managed by the State. He proceeds against foreign associations, who engage in business in this State without a license; against delinquent county or city officers or their sureties, for amounts due the State; against all corporations which have constructed or may construct railroad or telegraph lines without authority of law. He is authorized to satisfy of record mortgages given to or for the use of the Commonwealth upon

payment of the same, with costs. He approves contracts for the improvement of roads by State aid, agreements made by counties and townships with the Commonwealth as to the improvement of State-aid highways, and contracts for the new Western Penitentiary. He acts with the Commissioner of Health in approving permits for the discharge of sewage, and assists in the enforcement of the law relating to vital statistics. He acts for the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings in all proceedings relating to the rebuilding of bridges by the Commonwealth where such bridges have been destroyed by flood, and acts for the Commonwealth in equity proceedings to perpetuate evidence to the title of lands. He approves rules and regulations governing Insane Asylums and of all State officers and employes who disburse public moneys, as well as bonds accompanying proposals on public contracts. He proceeds against sureties on the bonds of the contractors who furnish State supplies which do not come up to the standard and brings suit against defaulting contractors or their bondsmen to recover loss sustained by the Commonwealth by reletting contracts for stationery and supplies. He acts with the Auditor-General under Act of 1915, P. L. 878, with reference to the escheat of deposits of money or property. He is authorized to purchase at judicial sale real estate of Normal Schools on which the State has a mortgage lien and aids in the distribution of appropriations among such schools. He enforces certain Constitutional provisions against railroad, canal or other transportation companies. He collects amounts due the Commonwealth for purchase money, interest and fees on unpatented lands. He is required to make a biennial report of official business to the Legislature.

Rule of Practice of the Department.

The practice of the Department upon applications for writs of quo warranto, mandamus, or other extraordinary legal process is as follows:

Upon receipt of the complaint or petition requesting the Attorney General to institute such proceeding, a day certain is fixed for hearing and the Department is usually named as the place. Notice of the application and the time and place of hearing, together with a copy of the petition, or complaint, is required to be served by the petitioner upon the respondent, at least ten days before the time of hearing, unless otherwise directed. On or before the day of hearing the respondent must file a formal answer. Petitioner and respondent must file, with the petition and answer, a memorandum of the legal authorities relied upon. At the hearing the parties may appear in person or by counsel. The Attorney General, having no power to administer oaths, the facts are shown by affidavits, although oral statements are sometimes received.

If a prima facie case is made out, the Attorney General allows or grants the application; otherwise it is refused. If the prayer of the petition is granted, he generally files his suggestion or bill in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, which Court, under the Act of 1870, (P. L. 57), is endowed with special jurisdiction to hear and determine all cases and proceedings in which the Commonwealth is a party. While the general practice is to institute proceedings of this character in said Court, they may at the relation of the Attorney General, and, with his approval, be commenced in another county.

Practice with Regard to Settlements for Taxes and other Claims.

These claims are usually certified to the Attorney General by the Auditor General after a settlement made by that official and the State Treasurer. If the debtor, whether corporation or individual, after the receipt of a copy of the settlement from the Auditor General, neglects to appeal therefrom within the prescribed period to the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, the Auditor General certifies said settlement to the Attorney General for collection, and thereupon suit is brought in the Dauphin County Court. The writ and a copy of statement including copy of settlement or account are forwarded for service to the sheriff of the county in which the office or residence of the debtor is located. Judgment may be taken upon the return day in default of an affidavit of defense, together with legal interest thereon from sixty days after the date of the notice of the Auditor General, and an Attorney General's commission of five per centum. If an affidavit of defense is filed, the case is included in a special trial list and tried at a special semi-annual session of the court. If, however, the debtor shall within sixty days after settlement file with the Auditor General his formal appeal from the settlement, and, that official upon application made therefor, shall decline to re-settle the account, the said appeal and specification of objection to the statement are filed in the office of the Prothonotary at Harrisburg and the case without further pleadings is then ready for trial. The Commonwealth by law has preference in trial and hearing of causes involving collection of revenues claimed by the State.

The trial of suits of the Commonwealth for unpaid taxes, bonus and other claims, presents few peculiarities. The Dauphin County Court, as mentioned above, has special jurisdiction under the Act of 1870. Under the Act of 1874, (P. L. 109), tax cases, like other civil cases, may be tried without the intervention of a jury, by filing in the Prothonotary's office a stipulation to that effect, and nearly all of the Commonwealth's cases are thus tried. Testimony on the trial is taken either orally, or by agreement an affidavit may be received in lieu of depositions—many cases are tried entirely by affidavits. As in other cases, either party has the right of appeal after exceptions are overruled from the opinion and finding of the Court and such appeals are argued before the Supreme Court for the Middle District at its annual session at Harrisburg. Cases in which Federal questions are involved may be further appealed to the United States Courts, but such appeals are infrequent.

AUDITOR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

The Auditor-General

is elected by the people, at the general election, every fourth year, and serves for four years from the first Tuesday of May next succeeding his election. He gives a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of \$5,000. He appoints a Deputy and an Assistant Deputy who perform the duties prescribed by him. During the Auditor General's absence, inability, or in case of vacancy, the Deputy performs the duties of the Auditor-General until a successor is duly qualified. The Deputy gives a bond in the sum of \$10,000. The duties of the Auditor-General are generally to examine and settle all accounts between the Commonwealth and any person, officer, department, association or corporation. He examines annually the condition of the State Treasury, and is required to publish in six newspapers through the State the monthly statement of the State Treasurer showing the condition of the funds remaining in the State Treasury.

The Auditor-General's powers in relation to accounts coming before him are very broad. He can compel the attendance of all persons having accounts to settle, and of such witnesses as he deems proper, and examine them under oath, and compel the production of all books, papers and documents relating to any account before him, in order to do which he can exercise the power of attachment and imprisonment through the sheriffs and coroners of the several counties. He can procure the testimony of all such persons before any judge or justice of the peace on a commission under his hand and seal. He can commit to prison any witness who refuses to testify or to produce any books, papers or documents when required.

He may, by himself, or in connection with the State Treasurer, send an agent to examine the books, papers and accounts of any corporation, institution or company having accounts to settle with the Auditor-General's office refusing or neglecting to make returns within the time specified by law.

In settling the accounts of the Legislature and the several departments for incidental expenses he can disallow any excess over fair prices.

When it may, in any manner appear that an account has been erroneously or illegally settled, and one year having elapsed from the date of such settlement the Auditor-General, State Treasurer and Attorney-General may revise and resettle the same according to law.

Within thirty days after the settlement of any account on which a balance appears to be due the Commonwealth, the Auditor-General shall send a copy thereof to the person or persons indebted, from which they may appeal to the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, within sixty days after notice of settlement.

All State taxes, unpaid bonus, interest, penalties, and all public accounts settled against any corporation, company, association, joint-stock association, or limited partnership, by the Act of June 15, 1911, P. L. 955, are made a lien upon the franchise and property, both real and personal, of such corporation, from the date of settlement by the Auditor-General and approval by the State Treas-

urer. In the event of the sale of the property of any such corporation, at a judicial sale, all taxes, interest and bonus, shall first be allowed and paid out of the proceeds of such sale, before any judgment, mortgage or any other claim or lien. Such taxes bear interest at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from sixty days after the date of settlement.

After accounts are examined and settled they are submitted, with all the papers, to the State Treasurer for examination and approval. If the latter disapproves of any account he must state his reasons in writing; and if, on due consideration, they still disagree, the reasons in writing of both must be submitted, with all papers relating thereto, to the Governor for final decision.

When accounts are approved by the State Treasurer they are returned to the Auditor-General's office, a certified copy of each one is made and forwarded to the proper party, a record of the settlement is kept, and the originals are properly indorsed, numbered and filed away.

All debts known by the Auditor-General and State Treasurer to be due the State, from all sources, remaining unpaid for ten days after the time allowed for appeals shall have expired, must be placed by them in the hands of the Attorney-General for collection.

Certified copies of all accounts, books and documents on file in the Auditor-General's office, under his hand and seal, shall be admitted in evidence in any court of law and elsewhere in the Commonwealth.

The fiscal year closes on November 30th, and immediately thereafter he makes a report for publication, exhibiting, in the abstract, a statement of the Finances of the Commonwealth.

Wherever the laws recognize a claim on the Commonwealth, and there is no money appropriated to pay it, such account must be settled as other accounts, and the Auditor-General at once reports to the Legislature, if in session; but if not in session, then during the first week of the ensuing session. He may issue a new certificate of debt in lieu of any one lost or destroyed on satisfactory proof of its loss or destruction.

He possesses all the powers and performs all the duties of Escheator-General, and, upon proper information given, appoints Escheators where required. He is also a member of the State Military Board, Board of Public Accounts, Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, Board of Revenue Commissioners, and is one of the Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings, the Emergency Public Works Commission, the Commission on Public Welfare, and other Special Commissioners or Boards where the money of the State is expended.

In case of the failure of the Court of Common Pleas of any county to appoint an auditor of county accounts, at the last term preceding the first day of January of each year, it is the duty of the Auditor-General to fill such vacancy.

The Act approved July 15, 1897, P. L. 291, authorizes him to prescribe the form, of vouchers, monthly and quarterly returns and statements of county officers and institutions receiving State aid; to appoint, for temporary service, from time to time, expert accountants to examine the accounts of county officers and of institutions; and he is made the custodian of the title papers, insurance policies, plans of buildings and grounds, deeds and other legal evidences of ownership of all the institutions owned exclusively by the State.

The Act approved June 2, 1915, P. L. 730, authorizes him to prescribe the form of report to be made by corporations for the purposes of taxation, fixes the calendar year as the tax year, and clearly prescribes in what manner the officers of the corporation shall arrive at the valuation of the capital stock; but provides that the Auditor-General and State Treasurer, in fixing their valuation, shall make the same upon the basis of the report, or upon "any information within their possession, or that shall come into their possession," with the right to the

company dissatisfied with any settlement to appeal therefrom in the manner provided by law. Where no report is filed on or before the last day of March it is the duty of the Auditor-General and State Treasurer to estimate a valuation of the capital stock and make settlement, from which there is no right of appeal.

The Act of April 9, 1913, P. L. 48, provides that on an appeal no facts shall be admitted in evidence that were not brought to the attention of the said fiscal officers in a report filed or an application under oath for re-settlement prior to said appeal, unless the court shall be satisfied that the appellant was unable, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, to have laid such evidence before the fiscal officers.

In counties having less than one million inhabitants the Auditor General is authorized to appoint a mercantile appraiser and to publish his lists of names and classifications; in counties having more than one million and less than one and one half millions of inhabitants (not cities of the first class), the Auditor General is authorized to appoint five mercantile appraisers and necessary clerks, and in cities of the first class the Auditor General and City Treasurer are authorized to appoint five mercantile appraisers.

Duties of the Auditor-General's Department.

The duties of the Auditor General's Department may be considered, for the sake of convenience, under the following heads:

1. Settlements for taxes made directly with taxables.
2. Settlements with officers who collect taxes or fees.
3. Duties in connection with the payment of moneys variously appropriated.
4. Miscellaneous.

1. Settlements for Taxes, Made Directly against Taxables.

The Auditor General, with the approval of the State Treasurer, makes settlements directly against taxables for the following taxes:

1. Tax on Capital Stock of Corporations, or on the interest in limited partnership or joint stock associations.
2. Tax on County, Municipal, School, Borough and Corporate loans.
3. Tax on Gross Receipts of Transportation, Transmission and Electric Light Companies.
4. Tax on the stock of banks and trust companies.
5. Tax on the gross premiums of domestic insurance companies with capital stock.
6. Tax on the net earnings or income of brokers, private bankers and unincorporated banks and savings institutions.
7. Tax on the matured shares of building and loan associations.
8. Tax on the gross receipts of notaries public in Philadelphia county.
9. Tax on tonnage of anthracite coal prepared for market.
10. The act of June 4, 1915, (P. L. 828), provides that the Auditor General shall prescribe the form and furnish and sell in such places and at such times as he may deem necessary, the stamps to be attached to any stock sold, or evidence of the sale or agreement to sell any stock, or bill or memorandum thereof.

The Auditor General "makes settlements," or, in other words, assesses all of these taxes on the basis of sworn reports required to be made by the taxables, or upon any information in his possession. All corporations or persons subject to any of these taxes are required to register in the Auditor General's Department, giving, if corporations, the names thereof, amount of authorized capital, amount of paid-in capital, and the names and addresses of the president, secretary and treasurer. These registries furnish the Auditor General with the data necessary to enable him to send to the taxables the proper blanks upon which to make reports.

Capital stock and loans tax blanks are mailed during the month of December of each year. The reports are made up as of the last day of December, covering the preceding calendar year, and must be filed on or before the last day of February; but the Auditor General may, for proper cause shown, extend the time to the last day of March, after which date he must make estimated settlement and add thereto a penalty of ten per cent. for failure to file the report as required by law.

Blanks on which to make report of gross receipts and gross premiums are mailed during the months of June and December, respectively. The reports must be made up as of the last day of June and December, and must be filed with the Auditor General on or before the last day of July and January, respectively.

Blanks for reports of gross receipts of notaries public in Philadelphia are sent out on or about December 31st in each year.

Blanks for reports of net earnings or income are sent out about the first day of November.

Blanks for reports of gross receipts of notaries public in Philadelphia are sent out on or about December 15th of each year.

On the receipt of these reports they are filed, as of date of their receipt. They are then taken up in order, and the amount of tax due on each ascertained and stated in the form of a settlement, or statement of account, which statement of account, duly signed by the Auditor General, is thereupon forwarded to the State Treasurer for his approval and signa-

ture. On its return, an entry is made of the tax upon the books of the department and a certified copy of the settlement is then made and sent to the taxable, who then has sixty days within which to appeal to the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, first presenting a petition for re-settlement under the terms of the Act of April 9, 1913, (P. L. 48). If an appeal is not taken within said period of sixty days the settlement becomes final. Interest at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum runs on all unpaid taxes from the expiration of said sixty days.

The reports made to the Auditor General for purposes of taxation are not public records, in the usual acceptance of the term, and copies of such reports or information therefrom, are furnished only to parties in interest, such as officers of the company making the report whereof a copy is required, or their counsel, and such copies or information are furnished to these only at the discretion of the Auditor General. Where copies of reports are required for use in litigation, subpoenas must be served upon the Auditor General, requiring their production. It would be extremely difficult, if not impossible, to get corporations to make full and correct returns of their affairs, if their reports were open to the inspection of their rivals in business or of the public generally, hence the necessity for the method of procedure above described.

2. Settlements with Certain Officers who Collect State Taxes and Licenses.

The State taxes and licenses which are not paid directly into the State Treasury, but which are collected by county officers and by them paid into the Treasury, are as follows:

1. Mercantile License Taxes.
2. Tax on Inheritances.
3. Licenses.
4. Tax on Writs and Wills.
5. Tax on transfer of property from decedents' estates.

The Auditor General keeps with the treasurers of each county separate accounts for the license moneys which they collect. He also keeps with the register of wills of each county an account of the inheritance tax collected by him. He also keeps with all prothonotaries, clerks of courts, registers and recorders, accounts of the taxes on writs, wills, deeds, etc., collected by them.

By Act of Assembly, approved May 24, 1893, (P. L. 125), all city, county or State officers, authorized to collect or receive licenses or taxes for the Commonwealth, are required to make returns of the same on the first Monday of every month, for the preceding month, to the Auditor General.

3. Duties in Connection with the Disbursement of Moneys, when duly approved Appropriation has been made.

The Auditor General authorizes by warrant the payment of the salaries of all judicial officers, also the salaries and expenses of all other public officers and employees of the Commonwealth, upon the filing with him of a proper requisition, with a detailed itemized statement of claim; he authorizes the disbursement of the appropriations, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to penal, charitable and educational institutions, upon receipt and audit of their quarterly detailed reports. All appropriations provide "a sum, or so much thereof as may be necessary;" consequently, it is the duty of the Auditor General to have all requisitions, claims, quarterly reports, etc., itemized in detail in order to determine what may be necessary.

The Auditor General keeps an appropriation ledger in which all the respective appropriations are entered in separate accounts, with the beneficiaries thereof, to which is charged from time to time all accounts authorized to be expended.

4. Miscellaneous.

The Auditor General, upon proper information of Escheats being given him, appoints escheators, collects the amount received from escheated estates, and authorizes the payment of the expenses of escheats.

Besides the duties heretofore enumerated the Auditor General performs such special duties as are from time to time imposed upon him by special acts of Assembly.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

The State Treasurer

is chosen by the people at the general election, every fourth year, and is commissioned by the Governor to serve four years from the first Monday of May next succeeding his election. He gives bond to the Commonwealth, with ten or more sufficient sureties, to be approved by the Governor, in the sum of \$500,000.

• His duties are to receive and receipt for all moneys paid into the State Treasury, apportioning the revenues properly between the sinking fund and the general revenue fund, and keep separate accounts of the same; to pay all warrants drawn by the proper officers upon appropriations made by law,

On the first business day of each month he furnishes the Auditor-General a statement giving in detail the different sums which make up on that day the total amount in the Treasury belonging to the sinking fund, and a similar statement of the general revenue fund. (These statements give the names of all banks, trust companies, corporations, firms or individuals with whom the funds are deposited, the amounts of such deposits, the securities held for the safe keeping of the moneys, and must be verified by his oath).

He renders to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, on the first business day of January, April, July and October, a statement giving the balance remaining in the sinking fund in excess of the amount required to pay the interest on the public debt.

He makes an annual detailed report to the Legislature of the receipts and expenditures of the preceding year ending November 30th, and at the commencement of each session makes a financial report to them.

The Treasurer is authorized to join with the Auditor-General in the settlement of accounts, and is vested with powers similar to those of the Auditor-General. With the approbation of the Auditor-General, he may, if he deems it conducive to the public interest, arrange with debtors of the State for the payment of the amount due in installments.

The State Treasurer and Auditor-General (or any agent appointed by either of them) are authorized to examine the accounts of any county officer who refuses or neglects to make returns within the time fixed by law.

All receipts for money paid into the Treasury must be signed by the Treasurer, or his authorized agent, and countersigned by the Auditor-General.

The State Treasurer is the custodian of the several funds of the Public School Employes' Retirement Fund, and all payments made from said funds are made by the State Treasurer, after the warrants have been duly signed by the chairman, and countersigned by the secretary of the retirement board.

Copies of documents and papers under his official seal are evidence in any court of law. He furnishes the commissioners and boards of revision of taxes in each county or city a statement of the amount of tax necessary to be raised therein, and issues his precept to the commissioners and boards of revision of taxes to assess and collect the same.

He is required to collect semi-annually from the banking institutions, in which State funds are deposited, interest at the rate of two per cent. per annum on said deposits, and the Act approved February 17, 1906, P. L. 45, requires him to present all written applications from banks, banking institutions or trust companies, desiring to become depositories of State moneys, to the Board of Revenue Commissioners and the Banking Commissioner, who shall act jointly, for their consideration. The Act relieves the Treasurer from personal liability for money lost by reason of the failure or insolvency of any depository so selected.

He is one of the Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings, a member of the Board of Revenue Commissioners, of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, of the State Military Board, Board of Accounts, Board to License Private Bankers, State Workmen's Insurance Board, Public School Employes' Retirement Board, the Emergency Public Works Commission, and the Commission on Public Welfare.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

The Secretary of Internal Affairs

is chosen by the people at the general election every fourth year, and commissioned by the Governor to serve for four years from the first Tuesday of May following his election. He appoints a Deputy and other officers and employes of his Department. He exercises all the powers and performs all the duties pertaining to vacant

lands and the Land Office which appertained to the former office of Surveyor General. Through the Bureau of Statistics and Information he inquires into the relations of capital and labor in their bearings upon the social, educational and industrial welfare of all classes of working people, and collects and publishes important statistics and data relating to the resources and the productive and commercial activities of the State. By means of the Bureau of Railroads, the Bureau of Taxes and Assessments, the Bureau of Municipalities, the Bureau of Topographic and Geological Survey and the Bureau of Standards, he collects and publishes statistical data and performs important duties concerning these several subjects.

His Department, under the present organization, consists of seven bureaus, designated as follows:

Land Office, Taxes and Assessments, Railroads, Standards, Statistics and Information, Municipalities, and Topographic and Geological Survey.

The several bureaus of the Department publish reports of their operations, and from time to time periodical publications, all of which may be secured upon application to the Department.

Land Office Bureau.

This bureau contains the records of the first titles acquired by the proprietaries and the Commonwealth to all the lands within the limits of the State; the records of all grants and conveyances from the proprietaries and the State to the purchasers of land; the papers relating to the surveys of the State and county lines, State and turnpike roads; the reports of commissioners relating to the boundary lines of the State; maps and other papers pertaining to the colonial history of Pennsylvania; the minutes of the Canal Commissioners, contracts for sections, culverts, etc., profile maps of the several divisions of the public works and many other records of a miscellaneous character pertaining to the construction of the public works; the records of the Pennsylvania commissioners relative to the Centennial Exposition of 1876; and the reports and investigations made relative to the State boundary monuments.

By Act of April 4, 1919, the Secretary of Internal Affairs is made custodian of all title papers relating to property owned by the Commonwealth and the same are to be kept in the vault of his Department, where they may be inspected.

Rules of Practice of the Land Office Bureau: Applications for Vacant Lands.

The duties that many years ago devolved upon the Secretary of the Land Office, the Surveyor-General and other State officials, relative to the granting of lands to settlers and purchasers, have since the adoption of the Constitution of 1873 been imposed upon the Secretary of Internal Affairs. While the lands of the Commonwealth have been very largely disposed of there are still many cases that involve questions of location and preemption rights brought to the attention and requiring the consideration and determination of the Secretary of Internal Affairs. No records have ever been kept in the Department, or formerly, under the Secretary of the Land Office, or the Surveyor-General, to show what vacant lands the Commonwealth has been or is possessed of, and yet every year there are applications filed for vacant or unappropriated lands, and the disposition of these applications, where no caveats are filed against them is made by the Secretary of Internal Affairs. When caveats are filed against the granting of warrants or patents, or the acceptance of surveys under such applications, the Board of Property is called upon to pass upon the questions that arise by reason of the filing of such papers.

The old laws that existed a century ago with reference to application for vacant lands and their disposition by the officers of the land office have been greatly modified by the act of May 3, 1909, which is now the guide in such cases.

There are now no large bodies of vacant land—that is, land not already appropriated by warrant and survey—within the limits of Pennsylvania. Small tracts, however, are yet frequently discovered in various sections of the State for which office rights have never been granted and which by law remain open for sale by the officers of the land bureau. For such tracts of vacant land, warrants, under certain conditions, can be granted to any person who may apply for the same in proper form.

An application filed in the office of the Secretary of Internal Affairs is the inception of title to all vacant lands within the State. The application must contain a full description of the land.* The forms now in use giving the location by township and county, and also, in de-

*See act of May 3, 1909, P. L. 415.

scriptive form, the names of the owners of adjoining tracts on the North, South, East and West, as the surroundings of the land may require; the adjoining tracts must be given in the names of the original warrantee owners. The application must also contain the affidavit of a disinterested witness, specifying whether the land is improved or not, and if improved, how long since the improvement was made. In order that interest may be charged from that time. It is important to fix the date of improvement, because if the time is not fixed in the application, the land officers are compelled to charge interest on lands within the purchase of 1768, from the 1st day of March, 1770, less seven years for the period of the war of the American Revolution and within previous purchases from the 1st day of March, 1755.* On improved land North and West of the Ohio and Allegheny rivers and Conewango creek, within the purchase of 1784, interest, when date of improvement is not fixed in the application, can only be charged from the year 1797. It is also necessary for the applicant to declare under oath that he believes that no warrant or other office right has ever issued for land for which he applies, or if such right has previously issued, after giving full particulars in relation thereto, to state that he verily believes that it has been abandoned. These affidavits must be taken before a justice of the peace of the township in which the land is situated, or, if the land should be situated partly in one township and partly in another, before a justice of the township in which the larger part of it is situated. Should there be no justice in the township, the affidavits may be made before a justice of an adjoining township or borough, in which case, the fact that there is no justice in the township in which the land lies must be certified by the justice by whom the oaths are administered. A person deposing to the facts set forth in an application, who shall knowingly have sworn falsely, is made liable to the penalties of perjury. It is also provided in the case of improved lands, or lands upon which settlements have been made, that warrants for such lands can only be granted to the person or persons respectively, who made the improvements or settlements, their legal representatives or assigns, upon proof of ownership of the improvement, right or settlement. After the application has been duly prepared, it is then to be forwarded to the Secretary of Internal Affairs. It is then made the duty of the Secretary of Internal Affairs to make an investigation to ascertain whether the land applied for is in fact vacant and he may cause surveys to be made at the expense of the State to determine the question of vacancy. If the land is unimproved it will be offered to the State Forestry Reservation and if found undesirable for forest culture it shall then be appraised by three appraisers appointed by the Governor, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Attorney General and the Secretary of Internal Affairs, who are to fix the price at which the land shall be sold to the applicant, and upon payment of the amount of the appraisement and the warrant fee the Secretary of Internal Affairs will grant a warrant authorizing its survey. The County Surveyor will then make a return of survey, and upon payment of the patent fee and the purchase money for any excess returned, the patent may be granted, signed by the Secretary of Internal Affairs and the Governor. The patent shall be recorded in the Department of Internal Affairs, after which it shall be sent to the patentee for record in the county where the land described therein is situated. A caveat will stay proceedings until the Board of Property, after a hearing on citation, renders its decision.

A warrant authorizes the survey of vacant lands only, as they alone belong to the Commonwealth to grant.

Blanks are furnished by the Department to applicants for warrants to survey improved or unimproved lands.

Patents.

A patent is a deed from the Commonwealth, conveying to the grantee all its rights in the land, describing it by metes and bounds, and it passes, as respects the Commonwealth, the complete legal title, all the preparatory measures of warrant, application, survey and acceptance being merged in the patent. The granting of a patent is prima facie evidence that all the previous requisites have been complied with. Before a patent can be issued the purchase money and fees due must be paid; and the land is thenceforth discharged from the lien which till then exists. Generally, the rights of the grantee are concluded by the lines and boundaries described in the survey, though perhaps in a special case there might be an exception.

Third persons claiming by warrant, application, settlement or otherwise may show that the patent was wrongfully issued to the patentee; or rather, that he is trustee for him who has the right, the material consideration being, not who has the patent, but to whom it ought to have been granted—for the land officers, in issuing the patent, act merely in a ministerial capacity, and cannot change the rules of law or rights of parties. And even though he who has the patent sell to a bona fide purchaser without notice, the vendee is in no better situation. His claim under the patent may be contested by one having a better right by settlement, warrant or location. A patent founded on a fraudulent survey, or obtained by misrepresentations and deceit, is void against third persons affected by it.

A patent, however, has always been received in evidence in the first instance, to show that the legal title was out of the Commonwealth, and that all arrearages due the Commonwealth have been paid. The question whether it is good is a subsequent one.

The following are the regulations adopted by the Bureau for the issuing of patents:

1. The patent must issue to the actual owner of the land, or party holding title under the warrantee, or to the executors, trustees, or heirs and legal representatives of the person in whom the title was vested at death, or to the guardians of minor children of the deceased.
2. Warrantees who remain the owners of the land warranted and surveyed to them can obtain patents in their own names (if no caveat remains undetermined), without furnishing any brief or statement of title, upon payment of back purchase money, interest and fees.
3. Executors, trustees and guardians representing the warrantee or his heirs, who apply for patents, must produce evidence of their appointment as such.

*See Act of March 28, 1814, Smith's Laws, Vol. VI, page 207.

4. When the land has passed out of the ownership of the original warrantee, or party who took out the right, the applicant for patent will be required to furnish evidence of ownership by presenting an abstract of title from the warrantee to the applicant.

5. The present owner of a part of a tract of land surveyed in pursuance of any given warrant, desiring to have a patent in his own name can obtain it by having the county surveyor make return of survey of such part. In making the survey, the county surveyor must, besides giving the courses, and distances and quantity of acres in the particular part, indicate the residue of the original tract by dotted lines. The applicant will only be required to pay his proportion of the whole amount due on the tract, with fees. Evidence of ownership must accompany application.

6. When an unpatented original tract has been sold and subdivided the several owners may unite in an application and statement of title for a patent, and, upon payment of amount due, with patent and other fees, a patent will issue to them, the said applicants, their heirs and assigns, according to their respective rights and interest, without setting for therein the particular interest of each.

7. In cases where it is difficult to submit the evidence of title required by this department in order to obtain a patent, any one or more of the owners of the unpatented tract can, through this department, discharge the lien against said tract by the payment of the purchase money, interest and fees shown to be due by the land lien docket, and interest since accrued, and patent can at any time afterward be issued to those entitled to it, upon proof of ownership.

8. Under Acts of Assembly of May 5, 1899, April 29, 1909, and May 28, 1915, all tracts of land entered on the Lien Docket, for which applications have been made or warrants granted, also all lots, in-lots, reserved lots or other land sold by Acts of Assembly, or by commissioners appointed under Acts of Assembly, on which no patents have yet been issued, may now be patented upon furnishing the Department of Internal Affairs an application, properly filled out and executed, showing present ownership of such lands or lots, and upon payment of a fee of \$15.

Under Act of Assembly of April 29, 1911, the Secretary of Internal Affairs is authorized to cancel any and all liens, bonds and mortgages now held by the Department against lands of this Commonwealth on which patents have been issued, for unpaid purchase money and interest thereon, and make proper satisfaction on the lien docket, mortgage book, and other records of the Department, on receipt of the sum of \$15, covering lien docket and recording fees for each tract of land found entered on said lien docket and so released, and forward a certificate of cancellation to the Prothonotary's Office of the county in which the lien was entered under provisions of the Act of Assembly of May 20, 1864, and the supplement thereto of April 4, 1868, with request that proper entry and satisfaction be made in the records of that office.

Under Act of Assembly of June 27, 1913, "Authorizing and regulating the survey, appraisal and patenting of lands in beds of navigable rivers or streams, permitted by the Government of the United States to be abandoned and filled as no longer of use for ordinary purposes of navigation," the Secretary of Internal Affairs is authorized to grant warrants to survey such lands and issue patents for same, under the provisions of said Act.

Drafts are furnished by the Department for the use of owners of unpatented lands who may desire to have them patented.

Islands.

Islands in the rivers of Pennsylvania have, from the earliest times been granted upon application and survey. The granting of islands in the Susquehanna river is governed by the Acts of March 6, 1793, and April 2, 1822; in the rivers Delaware, Ohio, Allegheny and their branches, by the Act of January 27, 1806.

Application for islands must set forth the name of applicant, location and acreage of the island, etc., and that said island is at least four feet high above common low water, contains at least forty perches of ground exclusive of rocks, and is susceptible of cultivation in grain or esculent roots in common seasons, by their growing and becoming maturely ripe; and that he knows of no other person that has any claim whatever to the island.

The above must be sworn to before a Justice of the Peace of the township in which the island lies.

In order to determine the purchase price, appraisers are appointed to value the island, and this valuation shall not be less than eight dollars per acre.

If no previous claim thereon has been granted, upon compliance with the law, a warrant to survey is issued and survey returned by the County Surveyor to the Secretary of Internal Affairs, and patent issued, as in other cases of vacant land.

For several years past it has been the policy of the Administration of the State to discourage the disposal by the State of islands in the Susquehanna river.

Persons sending money to the Department of Internal Affairs should send by registered letter, postal money order, or certified check. Drafts, checks or postal money orders must be made payable to the Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The Bureau of Assessments and Taxes.

This bureau contains the records of the State and county rates and levies as made in the several assessment districts; statistics exhibiting the total assessed value of both real and personal property returned as taxable for state and county purposes; a statement of all property exempt from taxation, and a record of the number of acres cleared and timber land in the Commonwealth. The principal work of the bureau is to procure from the county commissioners the facts referred

to above, to examine the assesment returns, verify them and compile and tabulate them for publication in the annual reports. Special effort is made by the bureau to obtain for the public all the information possible on the subject of taxation and for this purpose annual reports are made by the several boards of county commissioners showing the amount of taxes collected for the support of schools, the poor, and the maintenance of roads, bridges, etc.; also the amount of taxes collected for all purposes, and specially the amounts paid by railway and other corporations for local purposes.

The Bureau of Railroads.

The bureau has charge of the annual reports made to the Department by the corporations of the Commonwealth operating railroad, street-railway, canal, telegraph and telephone lines, showing the capital subscribed and paid in, the indebtedness, amount of business transacted, rates of transportation, amount of tonnage, cost of operation and maintenance, percentage and amount of dividends, number of accidents (with extent of injuries) to employes, passengers and others, and many additional facts of public interest. Also this bureau has the immediate charge of complaints made against these corporations for acts committed contrary to law or transactions not authorized by their charters.

Under the Act of May 1, 1907, all corporations, owning, leasing or operating steam or electric railways, and engaged in the business of carrying freight or passengers, within this State are required to make, on or before August thirty-first, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven, and every third year thereafter, under oath or affirmation a report, setting forth in detail the name of each main line and branch line owned, leased or operated by such corporation, naming the terminal of such main line or branch line, and setting forth the exact lines, at which trains stop to receive or discharge freight or passengers, and the total number of statute miles owned, leased, or operated by such corporation within this Commonwealth.

Rules of Practices of the Bureau of Railroads.

The immediate execution of the laws, with reference to transportation and other corporations, devolves upon the Chief of the Bureau of Railroads. Where complaints are filed against corporations for transcending their corporate functions or encroaching upon individual rights, the matters complained of should be concisely set forth in a petition or complaint and returned, verified by the oath of the party or parties making the complaint. The usual practice in such cases is to notify the corporation complained of to make answer under oath, or to appoint a time and place for a hearing, and to notify all parties in interest to appear and give testimony with reference to the matters complained of. A record is made of the proceedings in the case, together with the conclusions arrived at from the investigation, and filed in the Bureau. If in the opinion of the Secretary the matters complained of have been substantiated and they are beyond the ordinary province of individual redress at law, the case is certified to the Attorney-General for his action. In all such investigations either or both parties may be represented by counsel.

The annual reports required from steam railway, street railway, canal, telegraph and telephone corporations involve a large amount of labor, and are under the custody of the Chief of the Bureau, whose duty it is to compile, edit and publish them. The blank forms for annual reports are forwarded to the corporations on or before the first day of December, each year, and they are prepared, as required by existing laws, to cover the calendar year beginning January 1st and ending the 31st day of December, following. A failure or refusal to make these annual reports on or before the 31st day of March, on the forms prescribed and in the manner and at the time required by the rules and regulations of the Department and the laws of the Commonwealth, imposes a penalty on the delinquent corporations of \$5,000. Delinquent corporations as required by law, are certified to the Attorney-General for the collection of the penalty. No defense has thus far availed to relieve the corporation in the proceedings to collect the penalty by the Attorney-General, where it appears that the delinquent corporation has been furnished with the blanks upon which to make the annual report, or has been notified either by letter or person to make the report. The law requiring these reports is so certain in its terms and so exacting in its provisions with reference to the time and character of the reports to be made, that a failure to comply with its provisions must necessitate the imposition of the penalty.

Bureau of Standards.

This Bureau, established by the Act of June 23, 1911, P. L. 1118, regulates and maintains a uniform standard of legal weights and measures in this Com-

monwealth, to conform with the original standards of weights and measures adopted by Congress, and verified by the National Bureau of Standards; and is to assist in securing the enforcement of laws relating to sealers of weights and measures, now in force or that may hereafter be enacted.

The Chief of this Bureau shall have custody of the State standards of weights and measures; shall compare, test and regulate all weights and measures of all city and borough sealers now in office, or who may hereafter be appointed in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with the State standards when presented at his office for that purpose; shall certify to their correctness by affixing his official stamp thereto, with his name and date of examination clearly marked thereon; shall preserve in his office an appropriate record of services rendered and work performed by him, or under his direction; shall file in his office annual and other reports received from the local sealers; and shall on or before the thirtieth day of November in each year, submit a report in writing to the Secretary of Internal Affairs, for publication as a separate document in book form, setting forth, in sufficient detail, the work done in said Bureau and the work reported to him by the local sealers, together with such other matter relating to that subject as may be deemed of value and interest to the citizens of this Commonwealth.

In accordance with the Act of July 11, 1917, P. L. 799, it is the duty of all county and city inspectors to compare their tests of weights and measures with the standard tests of this Bureau so as to ensure accuracy.

By Act approved June 2, 1919, amending the Act of June 23, 1911, the Secretary of Internal Affairs is authorized to appoint four deputies in the Bureau of Standards, who, with the Chief of the Bureau, shall have power to enter into any county or city and test all instruments and devices used in weighing or measuring anything sold or to be sold, including instruments and devices for weighing at coal mines.

Bureau of Statistics and Information.

By an Act of Assembly approved April 18, 1919, P. L. 80, the Bureau of Statistics and Information was transferred from the Department of Labor and Industry to the Department of Internal Affairs. It is under the immediate charge of a chief of the bureau, subject to the direction and supervision of the Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The bureau shall collect, compile and publish all statistics and useful data and information relating and pertaining to labor, coal mining, oil and gas production, manufacturing industries, commercial operations, public service companies (except transportation companies, which are collected, compiled and published by the Bureau of Railways in the Department of Internal Affairs), and other business interests of the State. The Secretary of Internal Affairs shall have a complete summarized and systematized report of the statistics and information collected and compiled by the bureau published annually, and shall otherwise provide means for making such information available for the use and benefit of the public as he may find necessary.

The Secretary of Internal Affairs, the chief of said bureau, or other person duly authorized by either of them, shall have power to issue subpoenas, administer oaths, hold hearings, and take testimony, in all matters relating to the duties herein required of said Bureau. Any corporation, firm or individual, doing business within the Commonwealth, who shall neglect or refuse for thirty days, to answer questions requested by circular, official blank, or personal application, or who shall refuse to obey the subpoena and give testimony according to the provisions of the act, shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars, to be collected by the Secretary of Internal Affairs in a proper action, for the use of the Commonwealth.

Bureau of Municipalities.

By an Act of Assembly approved the fourth day of April, 1919, the Bureau of Municipalities was transferred from the Department of Labor and Industry to the Department of Internal Affairs, with enlarged powers and duties.

The law provides that the said Bureau shall gather, classify, index, make available, and disseminate data, statistical information, and advice that may be helpful in improving the methods of administration and municipal development in the several municipalities of the Commonwealth; and shall maintain, for the benefit of the municipalities, a publicity service to install or assist in the installation and establishment of modern systems of accounting in the various municipalities of the State, and in order to promote a comprehensive plan or series of plans for the probable future requirements of cities, boroughs, or townships of the Commonwealth, either separately or jointly, in respect to a system of traffic thoroughfares and other highways or main highways, transportation of every sort, suitably co-ordinated sites for public buildings, parks, parkways, playgrounds, and other public uses, the preservation of natural and historic features, and any and all public improvements tending to the advantage of municipalities or townships affected, tending to their advantage as a place of business and residence, and to either make or secure or assist in making or securing the necessary surveys, plans, and information.

The Bureau of Municipalities serves primarily as a clearing-house for data concerning municipal endeavor. It collects and disseminates information on municipal conditions and activities of municipalities.

It will, upon request, furnish material on topics of interest to municipalities outlining the best thought and practice, not only in this State, but in other States. The aim is the standardizing of municipal administration in Pennsylvania.

All city, borough, township or county officials are required to furnish such information as may be requested by the Chief of the Bureau of Municipalities or his duly authorized deputy.

Bureau of Topographic and Geological Survey.

By Act of Assembly approved June 17, 1919, P. L. 420, there was established in the Department of Internal Affairs a Bureau of Topographic and Geological Survey.

The Act provides for the appointment by the Governor of a State Geologist who, with the approval of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, appoints the other employees of the Bureau.

The Bureau is to undertake a thorough and extended survey of the State, for the purpose of elucidating its geology and topography.

The survey shall disclose such chemical analysis and location of ores, coals, oils, clays, soils, fertilizing and of other useful minerals, and of waters, as shall be necessary to afford the agricultural, mining, metallurgical, and other interests of the State a clear insight into the character of its resources. The survey shall also disclose the location and character of such rock formation as may be useful in the construction of highways or for any other purpose.

The Bureau shall collect such specimens as may be necessary to form a complete cabinet collection of specimens of the geological and mineral resources of the State. The State Museum shall be the repository of such specimens.

The results of the survey shall be, with the results of previous surveys, put into form convenient for reference.

The work of the survey shall be done on such plan as shall be approved by the Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The Bureau shall collect copies of the surveys of this and other States and countries, and shall digest the information therein contained, to the end that the survey hereby contemplated may be made as thorough, practical, and convenient as possible.

Any person employed for the purpose of the survey may enter into and upon all lands and localities in this State which it may be necessary to examine. In such entry no damage to property shall be done.

The Bureau shall avail itself as fully as possible of the information, maps, and surveys, possessed by citizens and corporations of this State, relative to the geology and topography of the State.

All the facts, of whatever nature, obtained by the survey shall be considered public property, and any concealment or speculative use of the same is prohibited.

All publications of the survey or any part thereof shall be copyrighted by the Department of Internal Affairs in the name of the Commonwealth.

The Bureau may arrange for the cooperation of the United States Geological Survey or of such other national organization as may be authorized to engage in such work, but only in such manner as not to interfere with the plan approved in the manner hereinbefore provided, it being the intent that a prompt and complete survey of this State shall be had without interference or control from any other governmental or private agency or organization.

The State Geologist shall biennially prepare a detailed report of the operations of the two preceding years and the facts obtained by the survey; he shall submit the same to the Secretary of Internal Affairs, who is authorized to print and publish the said information in a suitable and convenient form. Copies of the reports, with all maps and supplements, shall be donated to public libraries, universities, colleges, and museums.

By this Act the Act of May 13, 1909, establishing a Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania, is repealed.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.
State Board of Education.

The State Board of Education, created by the Act of May 18, 1911, P. L. 309, consists of six members, appointed by the Governor, one of whom is appointed for one year, one for two years, one for three years, one for four years, one for five years, and one for six years; their terms of office beginning July 1, 1911. The Governor shall annually thereafter appoint a member of said Board for the full term of six years, and any vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the term in the same manner. Three of the appointive members shall always be successful educators of high standing, connected with the public school system of the Commonwealth. Members serve without compensation other than their necessary expenses, but the Board has power to employ such assistance and incur such other expense as it finds necessary for the performance of its duties within limits of the appropriation made for its use.

The duties of the Board are to report and recommend to the Governor and the General Assembly legislation needed to make the public schools of this Commonwealth more efficient and useful; to equalize, through special appropriations for this purpose, or otherwise, the educational advantages of the different parts of this Commonwealth; to inspect and require reports from the educational work in schools and institutions wholly or partly supported by the State, which are not supervised by the public school authorities: Provided, That a copy of the report of the inspection of any such institution which may be made to the Board shall be sent to the head of such institution; to encourage and promote agricultural education, manual training, domestic science and such other vocational and practical education as the needs of this Commonwealth may from time to time require; to prescribe rules and regulations for the sanitary equipment and inspection of school buildings, and to take such other action as it may deem necessary and expedient to promote the physical and moral welfare of the children of the public schools; and to educate blind children under eight years of age when the parent or parents thereof may be unable properly to educate them; the Board shall have such officers as it

deems necessary, define their duties and elect them annually. It shall fix the times of its regular meetings and the manner of calling special meetings. It shall make its own by-laws and all regulations deemed necessary to carry on its proper work.

The office of the Board is at the State Capitol, where its regular meetings shall be held, but it may meet elsewhere when it is deemed necessary to do so.

The Superintendent of Public Instruction

is appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for the term of four years, as authorized by section eight, article four of the Constitution. He has general supervision of the public schools of the Commonwealth, and commissions the county, city, borough and township superintendents of common schools, appoints and commissions trustees on the part of the State for State Normal Schools, conducts the annual examinations of students for graduation in the State Normal Schools and appoints the State Board of Examiners.

The Superintendent gives advice, explanations, construction or information to the district officers, and to citizens, relative to the common school law, the duties of common school officers, the rights and duties of parents, guardians and pupils. It is his duty to sign all orders on the State Treasurer for the payment of such moneys to the treasurers of the several school districts, as they may be entitled to receive from the State, and for all other moneys to be paid out of the appropriation to common schools.

He also prepares and submits to the Legislature an annual report, containing a full account of the condition and workings of the common schools in the State, with estimates of the sums requisite for the ensuing year, and all such matters relating to the common schools, and to the duties of his office, as he may deem it expedient to communicate. He also assists the State Fire Marshal in preparing books of instruction with regard to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste, for use in the public and private schools of the State.

The Superintendent is a member of the Dental Council, the College and University Council, the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure and the Public School Employes' Retirement Board. He is also the president and the chief executive officer of the State Board of Education.

Bureau of Vocational Education.

This Bureau was created by the Act of May 6, 1915, P. L. 268, and supersedes the Vocational Education Division authorized by the Act of May 1, 1913, P. L. 138. It consists of two Divisions, Agricultural and Industrial. The officers and employes are appointed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The duties of the Bureau shall be to investigate the need for aid in the establishment of, supervise, inspect and approve for the purpose of reimbursing on the part of the State, schools, departments, and courses for manual training, domestic science, household arts, agricultural, industrial and commercial education, as well as general continuation schools when maintained as a part of the public school system of the Commonwealth.

Bureau of Professional Education.

This Bureau, created by the Act of June 19, 1911, P. L. 1045, is under the immediate direction and supervision of the State Department of Public Instruction, the officers and employes of which are appointed by him.

The duty of the Bureau shall be the determination, valuation, standardization, and regulation of the preliminary education, both secondary and collegiate, of those to be hereafter admitted to the practice of medicine, dentistry, and pharmacy in this Commonwealth; the preparation and distribution of circulars of in-

formation; the preparation of uniform blank forms; the holding of examinations at suitable times and places, to be designated by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for the determination of the fitness of applicants unable to present satisfactory certificates; the issuing of certificates to those found proficient, directly from the Department of Public Instruction; the establishment of reciprocity with other States as regards preliminary education and professional licenses; the determination and publication of a standard high school course, and the compilation of a list of high schools and other secondary schools of this State conforming to said standard; and the exercising of such power as may be within the right of the Department of Public Education upon the High schools and secondary schools of the State to raise the standard of secondary education.

Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure.

The Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction, created by the Act of June 3, 1911, P. L. 639, as amended by the Act of July 25, 1913, P. L. 1220, and Act of May 24, 1917, P. L. 271, is composed of seven members, two of whom, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Health, shall be ex-officio members, and the remaining five members shall be appointed by the Governor and selected as follows:—one from the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, one from the Homeopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, one from the Eclectic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, and the two remaining members shall not be of the same school or system of practice; the two members first appointed shall serve for one year; two, for two years; and one, for three years, after which the successor of each member shall be appointed for the term of three years. Said members must be licensed and qualified under the existing laws of this Commonwealth to practice medicine and surgery and must have practiced the same in the State for a period of not less than ten years prior to their respective appointments. The Bureau elects a president and a secretary, who shall also be treasurer; and it shall have authority to make rules and regulations for the transaction of its business, and for registration of all physicians of this Commonwealth, and for conducting examinations of applicants; it shall hold two stated meetings each year at Harrisburg and special meetings, at its discretion.

It is the duty of the Bureau to ascertain the character of the instruction and the facilities possessed by the various medical institutions of the Commonwealth for the teaching of medicines and make report of same at each annual meeting. If said medical institutions do not maintain the required standard, the graduates of such institutions will be ineligible for licensure until such time as the instruction and course are made to the standard required. The examinations conducted by the Bureau may be either written or oral or both, and shall include anatomy, physiology, chemistry as applied to medicine, hygiene and preventive medicine, pathology as applied to medicine, bacteriology, symptomatology, diagnosis, surgery, gynecology and obstetrics, medical jurisprudence and toxicology, practice and materia medica and therapeutics; the examination in practice and materia medica and therapeutics to be conducted by the members of the bureau of the same school of medicine as the respective applicant. The examinations for students in medical colleges, situated within the Commonwealth, may be held at the institutions where the students are pursuing their course of studies at any time within thirty days of the proposed graduation of said students.

Under the Act of June 5, 1913, P. L. 441, it is unlawful for any person, except a duly licensed physician to practice midwifery in the State before receiving a certificate from the Bureau. The Bureau shall formulate and issue such rules and regulations from time to time, as may be necessary for the proper conduct of the practice of midwifery by midwives. Said Bureau shall issue certificates to midwives, having fulfilled the requirements laid down by the Bureau, which cer-

tificates shall be revocable by the Bureau on proof of violation of any of its rules and regulations. The Bureau may refuse to grant a certificate to any person addicted to the use of alcohol or narcotic drugs, or who may have been guilty of a crime involving moral turpitude.

Under the Act of May 31, 1919, P. L. 358, the Bureau may, at its discretion, without requiring the passage of an examination, grant a certificate of licensure to practice medicine and surgery to any person, resident of Pennsylvania, at the time of enlistment, who served in the Army or Navy of the United States, or any branch or unit thereof, during the war with Germany or Austria, and who is a graduate of a medical school or college recognized by the Bureau, and who has served as an interne in a hospital for the time now required by law, but who was prevented from taking the examination conducted by the Bureau by reason of his induction into the military service of the United States.

Admission to Medical Practice in the State of Pennsylvania.

Admission to medical practice in the State of Pennsylvania is granted by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure in two ways.

1. By the issuance of a license to a candidate who passes the licensing examination and satisfies all the other legal requirements.

2. By the issuance of a license upon the basis of a license earned by examination in another State which maintains standards not lower than those prescribed in this State and with which Pennsylvania has made a reciprocity agreement.

I. License by Examination.

Applicants for license by examination must meet:

- (a). The Preliminary Requirement.
- (b). The Professional Requirement.
- (c). Pass the Licensing Examination.

(a) The Preliminary Requirement.

The Preliminary requirement which determines admission to recognized medical schools is the satisfactory completion of a standard four-year high school course, or its equivalent, one year of college credits in biology, physics and chemistry, and a certificate of preliminary education issued by the Bureau of Professional Education, all of which shall have been acquired prior to entering a medical school.

(b) Professional Requirement.

The professional requirement is attendance on four graded courses of not less than thirty-two weeks of not less than thirty-five hours each, in different calendar years, in some reputable and legally incorporated medical school or college recognized as such by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure and a year as interne in an approved hospital.

Licensing Examination. A candidate for admission to the medical licensing examination must pay a fee of \$25, submit evidence, verified by oath or affirmation and satisfactory to the Bureau that he or she (a) is 21 years of age, (b) is of good moral character, (c) is not addicted to the intemperate use of alcohol or narcotic drugs, and (d) has met the preliminary and the professional requirements as set forth above.

(c) Examination.

The examinations conducted by the Bureau are on the subjects of anatomy, physiology, chemistry as applied to medicine, hygiene and preventive medicine, pathology as applied to medicine, bacteriology, symptomatology, diagnosis, surgery, gynecology and obstetrics, medical jurisprudence and toxicology, practice and materia-medica and therapeutics. In case of failure at any final examination the applicant, after the expiration of six months and within two years, will have the privilege of a second examination by the Bureau without the payment of an additional fee. In case of failure in a second final examination the applicant must enter de novo and qualify under the conditions in force at the time of this application.

Special Examinations. A practical examination at the bedside may be held for applicants ineligible to reciprocity because of licensure before the days of state examinations and for applicant graduated from extinct schools and for men who graduated ten or more years ago.

Time of Examinations. Examinations are held during the month of June at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, and during the month of December in Philadelphia.

II. License by Reciprocity.

1. The basis on which reciprocity shall obtain between the State of Pennsylvania and any other State shall be a license earned by examination in either State.

2. Reciprocity shall apply only to the holders of diplomas from medical colleges recognized as in good standing by the licensing authorities of the State in which the candidate seeks the right to practice medicine and surgery. Each State shall from time to time publish a list of the colleges recognized by its authorities as in good standing for the purpose of reciprocity.

3. The licensing authorities of either State shall follow the laws and standards of their State, in rating the preliminary education, with which the applicant began the study of medicine.

4. A regular licensed practitioner applying for the benefit of reciprocity must have been in practice at least two years.

5. The applicant shall not have failed at the medical examinations conducted by the licensing authorities of the State in which he seeks to be licensed under the reciprocity agreement.

6. The applicant may be required to appear in person before some one representing the proper authorities of the State in which he seeks a license to practice medicine and surgery. He must present satisfactory evidence that he is a person of good moral character, and that he is not addicted to the intemperate use of alcohol or narcotic drugs.

7. Testimonials as to the personal and professional standing of the applicant may be required from the Medical Society of the County or State in which he has been practicing, or from any other source.

Rules and Regulations of the Bureau of Medical Education.

1. Candidates for examination must produce evidence that prior to graduation from a medical school they have (a) attended personally not less than six cases of obstetrics, (b) assisted at not less than six surgical operations in the operating rooms, (c) administered (under competent supervision) an anesthetic not less than six times, (d) participated in not less than six autopsies.

2. Candidates who have passed their spring examinations for the degree of medicine with credit will not be admitted to examination until after another year of work in the medical college.

3. Examinations as are conducted by numbers, exclusive of names, and the candidate must in no part of his paper give any indication as to his name or college.

4. Candidates must acquire a general grade of not less than 75 per cent. A failure to obtain a grade of less than 50 per cent. in any one session will cause his rejection.

5. All examinations must be in the English language.

6. As a means of identifying applicants to practice medicine, two unmounted finished photographs and prints of each applicant must be furnished, one of which shall be certified by the Dean of the Medical College which he attended and the other shall be marked with the number assigned to the candidate and shall be returned to him with his card of admission. Each applicant must bring the reference photograph to the Board of Examiners on the morning on which he takes his first examination; otherwise the applicant will not be admitted to the examinations.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD.

The Public School Employees' Retirement Board was created by the Act approved July 18, 1917, P. L. 1043, and consists of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the State Treasurer, one member appointed by the Governor, three members of the Employees' Retirement Association, who are elected by said association, and one member, not an employe nor officer of the State, who is elected annually by the Board. The Employees' Retirement Association members of the Board first elected are for terms of one, two or three years, respectively, and thereafter their successors are elected for three years. Vacancies happening on the Board shall be filled for the unexpired term by the appointment or election of successors in the same manner as the original appointments were made.

The Board elects from its membership, a chairman, and also has the power to appoint a secretary, actuary, and such medical, clerical and other employes as it may deem necessary, and fix their compensation. The members of the Board receive no compensation for their services, but are reimbursed from the expense fund for any necessary expenditures, and no contributor shall suffer loss of salary or wages through serving on the Board.

The duties of the Board are to establish from time to time rules and regulations for the administration of the several funds in connection with the employes' retirement system; to keep in convenient form, such data as shall be necessary for actuarial valuation of the several funds; to publish annually a report, which shall be submitted to the Governor, showing the condition of the various funds, together with such recommendations, and data as may be of use in the advancement of knowledge concerning employes' pensions and annuities; copies of this report shall also be filed in the Department of Public Instruction and the Department of Insurance. The Board shall keep a record of all its proceedings, which shall be open to public inspection, and perform any and all other functions as are required for the administration of the act.

The members of the Board act as trustees of the several funds, and have exclusive control and management of the same, subject, however, to all the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions imposed by the act upon the making of investments, and shall annually allow regular interest on the mean amount for the preceding year in each fund, with the exception of the expense fund. The amount so allowed shall be due and payable to such fund, and shall be annually credited thereto by the Board. The State Treasurer is the custodian of the several funds, and all payments are made by him by warrant, after the same have been signed by the chairman and countersigned by the secretary of the Board. No trustee or person connected with the Board, directly or indirectly, shall borrow any of its funds or deposits, or in any manner use the same, except to make such current and necessary payments as are authorized by the Board, and no person connected with the Board shall become endorser or surety for moneys loaned by or borrowed for said Board.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

The Adjutant-General

is appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. He is chief of the Governor's staff, is his military executive officer, issues all orders to the National Guard or Pennsylvania Reserve Militia of the State, and is charged with their execution by the Governor. He is a member of the State Military Board, the Armory Board, and the Commission of Public Welfare. All bills and claims pertaining to the Department are paid only on the approval of this Board, the Adjutant-General drawing the warrants. He supervises the inspection of the guard each year at the annual encampments, has charge of the State Arsenal, and gives bond in the sum of \$20,000 for the faithful performance of his duties. He issues certificates of service to Pennsylvania soldiers who served in the late wars, and is the custodian of the muster and other rolls of the regiments which served in the war of the Rebellion and the Spanish-American war. He has charge of all battle-flags belonging to the State.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

The Insurance Department was originally established under the Act approved April 4, 1873, and, as reorganized by the Act of June 1, 1911, P. L. 607, authorizes the appointment of an Insurance Commissioner, prescribes his powers and duties; provides for the licensing, examination, regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and associations and for the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers; provides for the collection of fees, prescribes penalties for the violation of any provisions of the insurance law and repeals all existing acts.

The Insurance Commissioner is appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and commissioned to serve for four years from the first Monday of May following his confirmation. He gives bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of \$10,000. He is the chief executive officer of the Insurance Department. His duties are to see that the insurance laws are faithfully executed, to license companies and their agents and to make collection of all taxes and fees; and he has supervision over the operations of fire insurance rate-making bureaus. The Act of May 25, 1907, requires that all fees and taxes received by him by virtue of his office as Insurance Commissioner or on all collections made by him as such, shall be paid daily into the State Treasury. He makes a report to the Legislature

annually showing the receipts and expenses of his Department, his official acts, the condition of companies doing business in this Commonwealth, and such other information as will exhibit the affairs of his Department. He is a member of the State Workmen's Insurance Board.

General Requirements and Rules of Practice of the Department of Insurance.

It is required that each insurance company shall file with the Commissioner a certified copy of its charter and an annual statement of its financial condition verified by the officers of the company. Fire, marine, life, casualty and surety companies of other states or countries, must in addition to filing charter, annual statement and such other information as the Commissioner may require, file a power of attorney designating the Insurance Commissioner to accept service of legal process. Such stipulations cannot be revoked so long as the company has any liability in this State. Each company must obtain from the Commissioner a certificate of authority or license to do business in this State, and also must procure a certificate of authority or license for each agent it appoints to transact business for it in this State. Certificates must be renewed annually.

An agent is a person, firm or corporation authorized in writing by a company to solicit or countersign or issue policies of insurance in its behalf. No person, firm or corporation is permitted to act as agent in this State of an insurance company until each person and every member of a firm and each officer of a corporation has filed an application with the Insurance Commissioner to be registered as an agent and until there has been issued by the Commissioner a certificate showing that the company has complied with the requirements of law and that the person, firm or corporation named has been duly appointed its agent. Companies, their agents, insurance brokers and all other persons are prohibited from making any incomplete comparison of policies for the purpose of inducing any person insured in any company to surrender his insurance therein and to take out a policy in another company insuring against similar risks. An insurance agent is made personally liable on all contracts of insurance or suretyship unlawfully made by or through him for or in behalf of any company or association not authorized to do business in this State.

It is unlawful for attorneys, officers, clerks, servants, and employees, or persons otherwise hired or engaged, to receive compensation for life insurance placed, sold, or solicited for the benefit of, or on the lives of their clients, servants or employees.

An insurance broker is a person, not an officer or agent of the company interested, who, for compensation, acts or aids in any manner in obtaining insurance for a person other than himself. A person, firm or corporation may obtain a certificate or license from the Insurance Commissioner to act as an insurance broker by making proper application upon blanks furnished by him for that purpose and answering such interrogatories as he may require. The fee for license as an insurance broker is \$10.00 in the case of an individual and \$25.00 in case the license is issued to a company or copartnership.

Companies, their agents and insurance brokers are prohibited from paying, allowing or giving, and prospective policy-holders are prohibited from receiving as an inducement to insurance any rebate of premiums payable or any other valuable consideration or inducement whatever, not specified in the policy contract. Only corporations chartered to engage in the insurance and real estate business can be licensed as agents and brokers.

The law for the licensing of life or accident companies doing business upon the assessment plan, was repealed, and such companies or associations cannot hereafter be authorized to transact business in this State except such as were doing business in the State at the time the law was repealed. It is made the duty of the Insurance Commissioner to examine into the condition of companies of this State at least once every three years, and for such purpose he is given free access to all books and papers and is authorized to summon and examine any person, under oath, which he or any of his examiners may administer, in order to ascertain all the facts relative to the condition and affairs of the company.

The Act of May 5, 1915, (P. L. 254), provides for the regulations of certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships, or associations and individuals, known as "Lloyds."

The Act of June 1, 1911, (P. L. 599), authorizes the Insurance Commissioner to proceed against and take possession of any insolvent or delinquent company, order or association transacting any class of insurance, whenever (a) it is insolvent, or (b) has refused to submit its books, papers, accounts, or affairs to the reasonable inspection of the Insurance Commissioner, or his deputy or examiner; or (c) has neglected or refused to observe an order of the Commissioner to make good within the time prescribed by law any deficiency, whenever its capital, if it be a stock corporation, or its reserve, if it be a mutual corporation, shall have become impaired; or (d) has, by contract of reinsurance or otherwise, transferred or attempted to transfer substantially its entire property or business, or entered into any transaction the effect of which is to merge substantially its entire property or business in the property or business of any other corporation, association, society, or order, without having first obtained the written approval of the Insurance Commissioner; or (e) is found, after an examination, to be in such condition that its further transaction of business will be hazardous to its policy-holders, or to its creditors, or to the public; or (f) has wilfully violated its charter or any law of the Commonwealth; or (g) whenever any officer thereof has refused to be examined under oath touching its affairs, the Insurance Commissioner must apply through the Attorney-General to the court of common pleas of Dauphin County or to the court of any county in which the principal office of the corporation is located for an order directing the corporation to show cause why the Insurance Commissioner should not take possession of its property and conduct its business, and for such other relief as the nature of the case and the interests of its policy-holders or the public may require. Upon dissolution the Insurance Commissioner takes possession and appoints a special deputy to liquidate its affairs.

Joint stock fire and marine and casualty insurance companies will be prohibited from doing any business when their capital is found to be impaired 20 per cent. after providing for all liability and reinsurance reserves. When the capital of a company has been found, upon examination, to be so impaired, the Commissioner gives notice to the company to make good its capital within sixty days, and if this is not done, he must require the company to cease doing new business and may institute proceedings for dissolution. Companies receiving notice of impairment of capital must, within sixty days, call upon stockholders for such amounts as will make its capital equal to the amounts fixed by the company's charter. Stockholders refusing to pay the amount called for, upon notice personally given or by advertisement in such time and manner as the Commissioner may approve, are required to return the original certificate of stock held, and in lieu thereof receive new certificates for such number of shares as the stockholders may be entitled to in the proportion that the ascertained value of the funds of the company may be found to bear to the original capital. The Commissioner may permit the reduction of capital in proportion to the extent of impairment, but a capital cannot be reduced to an amount less than that required by the law for the organization of the company.

Policies of fire insurance covering property in this State must be approved and countersigned by licensed agents who are residents of Pennsylvania.

A standard form of policy contract was provided for by Act of June 8, 1915, P. L. 919. This act specifically sets forth what the policy shall contain.

In the case of life insurance companies, the Commissioner is required to ascertain the net value of its policies in force on the basis of the American Experience Table of Mortality with interest at not more than $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. and to require a reserve to be held sufficient to protect the same. Should the reserves of a life insurance company become impaired, the Commissioner may take possession of the company and appoint a special deputy to conduct its affairs or institute proceedings for its dissolution.

By the Act of June 1, 1911, P. L. 559, provision has been made for the incorporation of companies to make insurances—

(a) On dwelling houses, stores, and all kinds of buildings, and household furniture and other property, against loss or damage by fire, lightning and explosion, whether fire ensue or not, goods or premises, arising from the breakage or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus tornadoes, wind-storms, earthquakes, hail or snow, and against loss or damage by water to any erected for extinguishing fires, and of water-pipes, and against accidental injury to such sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus, and also from the use and occupancy of any building, plant, or manufacturing establishment when caused by fire, and to effect reinsurance of any risk taken by it; and,

(b) Upon vessels, boats, cargoes, goods, merchandise, freight, and other property, against loss or damage by all or any of the risks of lake, river, canal and inland navigation and transportation; including insurance upon automobiles, whether stationary or being operated under their own power, which shall include all or any of the hazards of fire, explosion, transportation, collision, and loss in transit, by burglary or theft, or both, but shall not include insurances against loss by reason of bodily injury to the person; and to effect reinsurance of any risk taken by it; and,

(c) Upon vessels, freight, goods, wares, merchandise, specie, bullion, jewels, profits, commissions, banknotes, bills of exchange, and other evidence of debt, bottomry and responsia, interests, and every insurance appertaining to or connected with marine risks, and risks of transportation and navigation; and to effect reinsurance of any risk taken by it.

By the Act of May 23, 1913, fire and marine insurance companies are given authority to insure against loss or damage caused by the caving in of the surface of the earth above coal mines.

By the Act of May 24, 1917, P. L. 302, fire and marine companies are authorized to insure against bombardment, invasion, insurrection, riot, civil war and military and usurped power.

Act of June 1, 1911, P. L. 567, provides for the incorporation of companies for any of the following purposes:

One. Guaranteeing the fidelity of persons holding places of public or private trust; guaranteeing the performance of contracts, other than insurance policies; guaranteeing the performance of insurance contracts, where surety bonds are accepted by State or municipalities in lieu of actual deposits; guaranteeing and executing all bonds, undertakings, and contracts of suretyship.

Two. To insure against injury, disablement, or death resulting from traveling or general accident, and against disablement resulting from sickness, and every insurance appertaining thereto, including a funeral benefit to an amount not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Three. To insure glass against breakage.

Four. To insure any one against loss or damage resulting from accident to or injury, fatal or or non-fatal, suffered by an employee or other person, for which the person insured is liable; or against damage to property caused by automobiles; or by horses, or any vehicles drawn by animal power, for which loss or damage the person insured is liable.

Five. To insure steam-boilers or fly-wheels, pipes, engines, and machinery connected therewith or operated thereby, against loss caused by explosion and accident; and against loss or damage to life, person, or property resulting therefrom; and against loss of use and occupancy caused thereby; and to make inspection of and issue certificate of inspection upon, such boilers, fly-wheels, pipes, engines and machinery.

Six. To insure against loss by burglary or theft, or both.

Seven. To carry on the business of credit insurance or guaranty, either by agreeing to purchase uncollectible debts or otherwise; to insure against loss or damage, from the failure of persons indebted to the insured to meet their liabilities.

Eight. To insure any goods or premises against loss or damage by water, caused by the breakage or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, water-pipes, or plumbing and its fixtures; and against accidental injury, from other causes than fire or lightning to such sprinklers, pumps, water-pipes, plumbing and fixtures; and to make inspection upon such sprinklers and pipes.

Nine. To insure against loss or damage to property arising from accidents to elevators, bicycles, automobiles, and vehicles, except rolling-stock of railways.

Ten. To insure horses, cattle, and other livestock.

Eleven. To insure against loss by any other casualty not included under the foregoing heads, except life, fire, marine, or title insurance, which may be a proper subject of insurance.

Act of June 1, 1911, P. L. 581, provides for the incorporation of insurance companies for the following purposes:

To insure the lives of persons and every insurance appertaining thereto; to grant and dispose of annuities; and to insure against personal injury, disablement or death resulting from traveling or general accidents, and against disablement resulting from sickness, and every insurance appertaining thereto.

The Act of July 11, 1917, P. L. 782, authorizes mutual companies to be incorporated for any of above mentioned purposes.

Charters are issued under these Acts by the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Articles of Association are first sent to the Insurance Commissioner for his approval on the name selected, and are by him transmitted to the Attorney-General for approval, and by him forwarded to the Governor, who, upon receipt of same, causes letters patent to be issued. Provision is made in the various Acts for the amount of capital required for each class of business transacted, and provision is also made for amendments to the charters of such corporations.

All supreme or grand bodies constituting the head of any fraternal society doing business in this State, must file copies of their constitution and laws, make an annual report and appoint the Insurance Commissioner for service of process.

The Act of June 7, 1915, P. L. 898, provides that fire insurance companies must either file rates with the Commissioner or be members of rating bureaus established in the State for rating purposes, such bureaus being subject to supervision by the Commissioner. Mutual companies are exempt but by the amendment of July 21, 1919, P. L. 1074, any mutual company may apply for membership in any bureau and thereafter be subject to the law.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

This Department was created by the Act approved June 8, 1891, P. L. 217, and its powers were enlarged and extended by the Act approved April 11, 1895, P. L. 4. Both of these acts were repealed by the Act of May 21, 1919, P. L. 209, entitled "An Act relating to the organization, maintenance, and operation of the Banking Department."

The Commissioner of Banking

is the chief officer, who is appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of four years. He gives bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of \$50,000, appoints a first deputy, and may appoint a second and a third deputy. He employs, with the approval of the Governor, such clerks examiners, special agents, and other employees, as he may need to discharge in a proper manner the duties imposed upon him by law, and fixes their compensation, with the approval of the Governor.

Neither the Commissioner nor any of his deputies, clerks, examiners or other employees, shall be interested as officer, director, trustee, manager or stockholder in any corporation subject to the supervision of the Banking Department, nor interested in any way in the business of any person subject to such supervision.

It is the duty of the Commissioner to take care that the laws of the Commonwealth, in relation to persons and institutions under his supervision, shall be faithfully executed. Such supervision extends and applies to the following corporations:—corporations now or hereafter incorporated under the laws of this State or under the laws of any other State and authorized to transact business in this State; namely, all such corporations having power to receive and receiving money on deposit or for safe keeping otherwise than as bailee, including all banks, banking companies, cooperative banking associations, trust, safe deposit, real estate, mortgage, title insurance, guarantee, surety and indemnity companies, savings institutions, savings banks and provident institutions, mutual savings funds, building and loan associations and corporations doing a safe deposit business only; national banking associations located in this State, now or hereafter incorporated under the laws of the United States, which shall, in pursuance of Federal law or regulation, be granted a permit to act in any fiduciary capacity; all such individuals, partnerships and unincorporated associations as are or shall be by law made subject to

the supervision of said Department and to any individuals or associations of individuals doing the business of building and loan associations or a business in the nature thereof, whether under the guise of a deed of trust or otherwise.

The deputy commissioner next in charge, by reason of the absence or incapacity of the Commissioner, performs the duties of the Commissioner.

The Act approved February 17, 1906, P. L. 45, requires the Commissioner of Banking to act jointly with the Revenue Commissioners in the selection of banks, banking institutions or trust companies in which State moneys shall be deposited.

Foreign Corporations.

It is not lawful for any foreign corporation to receive any deposit or deposits or transact any banking business whatsoever, in this Commonwealth, until it shall have first filed in the office of the Commissioner of Banking a certified copy of the statement required by the Act of April 22, 1874, to be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Expenses of the Department.

All of the expenses of the Department, including the cost of examinations, are charged to and paid by the corporations and persons subject to the supervision of the Department in equitable proportions, at such times and in such manner, as the Commissioner shall by general rule or regulation annually prescribe: provided, the charge for the examination of building and loan associations shall not exceed the sum of \$5 for each \$100,000 or fraction thereof, of a sets, with a minimum charge of \$10.

Refusal of Corporation or Person to Pay Assessment.

On failure or refusal of any corporation or person to pay, after thirty days written notice, any sum assessed against it or him by the Commissioner, the Commissioner may bring an action at law to recover the same.

Information as to Reports and Financial Standing of Corporations or Persons Prohibited.

Neither the Commissioner nor any deputy, examiner, or employe of the Department shall directly or indirectly, wilfully exhibit, publish, divulge, or make known, to any person or persons, any record, report, statement, letter or other matter, fact, or thing, contained in said Department, or ascertained from any of the same, or from any examination made under the provisions of this act, excepting in such manner as is expressly authorized by Section 12, Act of May 21, 1919; and any violation thereof shall be a misdemeanor, upon conviction whereof the person so offending shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and shall be dismissed from his employment in said Department.

Examinations.

It is the duty of the Commissioner, at least twice in each year, to examine or cause to be examined the books, papers, and affairs of each and every State bank, trust company, and private banks, subject to supervision of the Department, and, at least once in each year, the books, papers and affairs of each and every other corporation and person subject to such supervision. The Commissioner may also, at any time, make such special investigations or examinations as, in his opinion, the exigencies of any case may require. The examiner or examiners shall make a full and detailed report of the condition of the corporation or person under examination, or such special report as may be directed by the Commissioner.

The Commissioner and his deputies and any qualified examiner are authorized and empowered to administer oaths or affirmations, and any wilful false swearing in any inquiry thereunder is perjury, and subject, upon conviction thereof, to the same punishment as is or may be provided by law for the punishment of perjury.

Upon failure of any individual to make answer to any such inquiry, the Attorney General, upon request of the Commissioner, shall make information thereof to the court, whereupon the court, after hearing, shall make such order as occasion requires.

Reports to Commissioner and Publication of Same.

Every corporation and person subject to the supervision of the Department, except building and loan associations doing business exclusively within this State, shall make and render to the Commissioner not less than two nor more than five reports of its or his condition during each year. The number, form and manner of such reports is prescribed by the Commissioner by general rule or regulation. Every such report shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the president, cashier, treasurer, or other managing officer in the case of a corporation or association, by a member of the firm in the case of a partnership, and by an individual banker in person. It shall be attested as correct by the signatures of at least three of the directors, trustees, or other managers of a corporation or association, and by the signatures of all the members of a partnership.

Each report shall be transmitted to the Commissioner within five days, or such further time as he may allow after the receipt of a request therefor from him.

Abstract summaries of two of said reports, designated by the Commissioner, in each year, except the reports of building and loan associations doing business exclusively within this State, are published in a newspaper and proof of such publication, verified by affidavit, is furnished to the Commissioner.

Building and loan associations doing business exclusively within this State, render one report during each year. No abstract summaries of such reports need be published.

The Commissioner may also call for special reports, whenever, in his judgment, the same may be necessary to a complete knowledge of the condition of any corporation or person.

Any corporation or person failing to make such reports, to publish and furnish proofs of publication, as indicated, shall be subject, at the discretion of the Commissioner, to a penalty of not more than \$100 for each day after the time, or any extension thereof fixed for filing such report, making such publication and furnishing such proof. Blank forms of reports, schedules and proof of publication are furnished by the Commissioner.

Report of Commissioner to the Governor.

The Commissioner makes an annual report to the Governor setting forth:

1. A summary of the state and condition of every corporation and person from whom reports have been received during the preceding year, with such other information in relation to said corporations and persons as in his judgment may be useful.
2. A statement of the corporations and persons under the supervision of the Department, whose business has been closed or taken in possession by the Commissioner during the preceding year, with such information relating thereto as he may deem useful.
3. Suggestions of amendments to the laws relating to corporations and persons under the supervision of the Department by which the condition of such corporations and persons may be improved.
4. The names and compensation of the deputies, examiners, clerks and other employees of the Department during the preceding year, the whole amount of the receipts and expenditures of the Department during such year, and the method and basis of assessing such expenditures adopted by the Commissioner under the provisions of this Act.

Procedure in Case of Violation of Charter.

Whenever it appears to the Commissioner, from any report of any corporation subject to the supervision of the Department, or from any examination made by him of the condition of the affairs of such corporation, that such corporation has committed any violation of its charter, he directs the discontinuance of such illegal practice and conformity with the provisions of the charter; and whenever any such corporation refuses or neglects to comply with any such order, the Commissioner communicates the fact to the Attorney General, who shall thereupon institute such proceeding as the nature of the case may require, or may proceed by quo warranto for forfeiture of the charter.

Whenever it is the duty of the Attorney General to proceed against any corporation or person under the supervision of the Department, he may proceed either in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, or in the court of common pleas of the county where the banking house or other place of business of such corporation or person is located.

Procedure in Case of Violation of Law, Impairment of Capital or Unsound Condition.

Whenever it appears to the Commissioner that any corporation or person has violated any provision of law regulating the business of such corporation or person, or is conducting business in an unauthorized or unsafe manner, or that an impairment of capital exists, he may issue an order under his hand and seal of office, directing such corporation or person to discontinue such violation of law or such unauthorized or unsafe practices, or directing such corporation or person to make good any impairment or deficiency of capital, as the case may be, within a time, of not less than sixty days after notice.

Commissioner May Take Possession of Business and Property.

The Commissioner may, after hearing had upon notice given, with the approval and consent of the Attorney General, take possession of the business and property of any corporation or person subject to the supervision of the Department, whenever it shall appear to him that such corporation or person:

1. Has violated any law regulating its or his business, and has persisted in such violation in disregard of an order duly made by the Commissioner;
2. Is conducting business in an unauthorized or unsafe manner, and has persisted therein in disregard of an order duly made by the Commissioner;
3. Is in an unsafe or unsound condition to continue business: Provided, in such case, That the Commissioner may forthwith, without such hearing and consent of the Attorney General, take possession of the business and property of any such corporation or person receiving moneys on deposit, when and if, in his opinion, the protection of depositors and the public requires such peremptory action;
4. Has an impairment of capital which has not been restored or made good within the time fixed by order of the Commissioner;
5. Has suspended payment of obligations;
6. Has neglected or refused to comply with the terms of any lawfully issued order of the Commissioner;
7. Has refused, upon proper demand, to submit the records and affairs of the business to the Commissioner, a deputy commissioner, or any duly authorized examiner or agent of the Department;
8. Has refused to be examined upon oath or affirmation regarding such affairs; or
9. Has failed or refused, after thirty days' notice, to pay any assessment or charge, as provided in this Act.

Commissioner Supersedes any Receiver Previously Appointed.

When the Commissioner has taken possession of the business and property of a corporation or person, as above set forth, he makes a certificate setting forth that he has so taken possession, files the same in his office, and causes a certified copy thereof to be filed in the office of the prothonotary of the proper county. After the filing of such certified copy, the Commissioner supersedes any receiver previously appointed by any court, or any assignee or trustee for creditors appointed by such corporation or person.

Commissioner May be Enjoined from Continuing Possession.

Any corporation or person whose business and property has been taken in possession by the Commissioner, may, within ten days, apply to the court for an order requiring the Commissioner to show cause why he should not be enjoined from continuing such possession.

Commissioner May Appoint Special Deputies as Agents.

The Commissioner may, by the certificate of taking possession, or by a subsequent certificate in like manner made and filed, appoint one or more special deputies as agent or agents to assist him in continuing or liquidating the business and affairs of any corporation or person in his possession. He may delegate to such special deputy or deputies such duties as he may deem proper. He may employ such expert assistants and retain such of the officers and employes of such corporation or person as he may deem necessary in the continuation or liquidation of the business. He may require such security as he may deem proper from his agents and assistants so appointed or retained.

Suspension or Continuance of Business.

The Commissioner is authorized, upon taking possession of the business and property of such corporation or person, to continue or suspend the business for such period as he may deem necessary to enable him to determine whether to liquidate the affairs of such corporation or person, and, during such period, to take such action as in his judgment, is necessary to conserve the assets and business.

Commissioner May Surrender Possession.

The Commissioner may, upon conditions approved by him, surrender possession for the purpose of permitting such corporation or person to resume business, to sell or convey its or his property and franchises, or to merge or consolidate its or his business with that of any other corporation or person.

Commissioner has all Powers of Receiver.

When the Commissioner has taken possession of the business and property of any corporation or person he has all the rights, powers and duties of a receiver appointed by any court of equity in this Commonwealth, and is vested, in his official capacity, with all the property of such corporation or person. He is the representative of the creditors.

Expenses of Liquidation Paid by Corporation or Person Taken in Possession.

All expenses of the taking and maintaining possession of the business and property or continuing of the business by the Commissioner, and all expenses of liquidation under the provisions of the Act, are first payable out of the funds of such corporation or person, including the compensation of special deputies, assistants and others employed by the Commissioner to assist him in such proceedings, the allowance of all such expenses to be subject to the approval of the court.

Charters for Banks and Savings Institutions.

Charters for these institutions are issued by the Secretary of the Commonwealth. The articles of association are first sent to the Attorney-General for his inspection and approval and referred by him to the Commissioner of Banking, whose duty it is to approve or disapprove of the name selected for such institution. A certificate accompanies the articles of association. The Commissioner files the same in his office, and a certified copy of the certificate is by him sent to the Governor, who, upon receiving the same, causes letters patent to be issued.

Trust Companies.

Application for a charter for a trust company, under the Act of April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, is made to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and when such charter is issued the fact thereof is certified to the Commissioner of Banking.

Renewal and Extension of Charters of Banks, Savings Banks and Trust Companies.

Extension of charters for banks, savings institutions and trust companies, is provided for in the Act of May 10, 1889. After a majority in interest of the stockholders, directors, managers or trustees, decide in favor of such renewal or extension, their action is certified to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, together with a statement under oath of the condition of such institution, upon a blank to be furnished by the Commissioner of Banking, with a copy of its charter, et cetera, who then refers the same to the Governor, Attorney-General and Commissioner of Banking, and, upon a certificate being given by them or a majority of them, that such renewal is not inconsistent with the public interest, the Secretary of the Commonwealth issues a certificate under the seal of the Commonwealth that the charter is renewed or extended for a period of twenty years, and the fact thereof is certified to the Commissioner of Banking.

Banks, Et Cetera, to Furnish Receipts to Depositors and Investors for Moneys Received.

The Act of June 12, 1907, provides that every bank, trust company, saving fund society, building and loan association, bond and investment company, or any other corporation now or which may hereafter be placed by law under the supervision of the Commissioner of Banking, or which may hereafter be incorporated, whether domestic or foreign, shall furnish each depositor or investor with a receipt in full, by pass-book or otherwise, for all moneys received, whether as deposits, dues, or on account of installments for any trust or investment whatever, which, until refunded, shall constitute a liability upon the part of the corporation, and shall be kept in proper form on books prepared for the purpose, and any officer or employee of a corporation violating the provisions of this act shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment of one year, or both, at the discretion of the Court.

Licensing and Regulating Certain Foreign Companies Engaged in the Negotiation or Sale of their Own Bonds, Et Cetera, Within Pennsylvania.

The Act of June 7, 1907, provides that no foreign companies, corporations, limited partnerships, joint stock associations, or investment companies, organized under the laws of any other State or Territory, the District of Columbia, or any foreign country, and the agents thereof, not otherwise licensed by Pennsylvania State enactment, shall be licensed to negotiate, offer for sale, or sell within this State, any of their own bonds, debentures, certificates, mortgages, liens upon property or other securities of those of other similar foreign corporations, unless they have deposited with some trust company of this Commonwealth, to be approved by the Commissioner of Banking, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars in bonds of the United States or of the State of Pennsylvania, or of cities, counties, boroughs, or school-districts of this Commonwealth, as security for the fulfillment of their contracts.

Loaning Money In Sums of Three Hundred Dollars or Less.

The Act of June 17, 1915, as amended by Act of June 4, 1919, P. L. 375, better known as the Loan Shark Bill, provides the issuing of licenses to any person, firm, partnership or corporation, to engage in the business of loaning money in sums of \$300.00 or less.

Banks, Et Cetera, Required to Create and Maintain Reserve Funds.

The Act of May 8, 1907, provides for the creation and maintenance of a reserve fund in all banks, banking companies, savings banks, savings institutions, companies authorized to execute trusts of any description and to receive deposits of moneys, which are incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth, and all trust companies or other companies receiving deposits of money.

Restricting the use of the Word "Trust," as a Part of a Corporate Name in Corporations Not Under the Supervision of the Commissioner of Banking.

The Act of April 22, 1909, provides that no corporation hereafter chartered in this Commonwealth shall use the word "Trust" in its corporate name, unless it is under the supervision of the Commissioner of Banking; nor shall any corporation, co-partnership, limited co-partnership or corporation, excepting such as report to and are under the care of the Banking Department of this State or some other State, advertise or put forth any sign as a trust company, or use the word "Trust" in its title. A violation of this act shall constitute a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, the offender shall pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars for each offense.

Making it a Misdemeanor to Circulate False Statements Concerning the Solvency or Financial Standing of Any Bank, Trust Company, Et Cetera.

The Act of April 23, 1909, makes it a misdemeanor for any person to circulate stories affecting financial institutions. Upon conviction, such person shall pay a fine of not more than five thousand dollars and be imprisoned at hard labor for not more than five years.

Making it a Misdemeanor for any of the Officers, Clerks, Agents or Employees of any Financial Institution, Building and Loan Association, or Private Bank, to Wilfully Misapply the Funds of Such Institution, or to Issue Certificates of Deposit, Mortgages or other Instruments in Writing, and Authorizing the Commissioner of Banking to Institute Prosecutions.

The Act of April 23, 1909, provides that if any of the officers, agents, clerks or employees of any bank, trust company, savings bank or building and loan association incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth, shall embezzle, abstract or wilfully misapply any of the moneys of said corporations, or shall put forth certificates of deposit, bills of exchange, notes, drafts, mortgages or other instruments of writing, or who shall make false entries in the books or reports or statements, for the purpose of deceiving any officers of said institutions or to deceive any Bank Examiner, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction pay a fine of not less than five hundred dollars, nor more than five thousand dollars and undergo an imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than five years or both, in the discretion of the court. When the Commissioner of Banking shall have knowledge of any violation of this Act, he shall institute proceedings against the person or persons violating the same.

Preventing One Individual from Holding, at the Same Time, More Than One Office in a Building and Loan Association.

The Act of April 29, 1909, provides that the same individual shall not hold more than one of the following offices in a building and loan association: President, vice-president, secretary, treasurer or solicitor. A violation thereof subjects the offender to a fine of five hundred dollars.

Permitting State Banks, Incorporated Under the Act of May 13, 1876, and its Supplements, to have a Capital of \$25,000,000, if such Bank is Located in a Town of Less Than Five Thousand Inhabitants.

The Act of May 3, 1909, amended the Act of May 13, 1876, providing that banks incorporated under the first named act, may have a minimum capital of \$25,000.00, when located in a town of less than five thousand inhabitants.

Authorizing Executors, Administrators, Guardians and Others to Invest Trust Funds in Farm Loan Bonds.

The Act of April 5, 1917, authorizes executors, administrators and guardians to invest trust funds, under their control, in farm loan bonds issued by the Federal Land Banks.

Savings Banks, Savings Institutions and Provident Institutions May Invest in Farm Loan Bonds.

The Act of April 5, 1917, provides that trustees or directors of savings banks, savings institutions and provident institutions, chartered under general or special laws, may invest the moneys therein deposited in farm loan bonds.

Building and Loan Associations May Enforce Collection of Loans.

The Act of July 5, 1917, amends Section 5, of the Act of April 10, 1879, providing that where a loan or loans are not secured by a first lien payment may be enforced in three months for non-payment of instalments of premiums, dues or interest.

No President, Vice-President, Secretary or Treasurer in a Building and Loan Association Shall Hold at the Same Time the Office of Conveyancer.

The Act of July 5, 1917, amending the Act of April 29, 1909, provides that no president, vice-president, secretary or treasurer shall at the same time hold the office of conveyancer of any building and loan association.

Permitting Corporations to Invest Their Surplus Funds in Bonds of the United States Issued for War Purposes.

The Act of July 5, 1917, provides that all corporations incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth, may invest all or any part of their surplus funds in bonds of the United States, issued for war purposes, without the consent or approval of the stockholders.

Reserve Act Amended.

The Act of July 11, 1917, provides that that part of the reserve represented by deposits in banks and trust companies may be kept in any bank or trust company in any state approved by the Commissioner of Banking.

Authorizing any Bank or Trust Company Incorporated Under the Laws of This Commonwealth to Become a Member of the Federal Reserve Bank.

The Act of July 17, 1917, provides that any bank or trust company of this Commonwealth shall have the power to subscribe to the capital stock and become a member of a Federal Reserve Bank and be subject to the Federal Reserve Act and its amendments, and to the regulations of the Federal Reserve Board.

Any such bank or trust company shall be subject to the examinations required by the Federal Reserve Act. The Commissioner of Banking may, in his discretion, accept such examinations in lieu of the examinations required under the laws of this Commonwealth.

One-Third of the Directors in a Bank Incorporated Under the Act of May 13, 1876, May be Citizens of Other States.

The amendment to Section 12, of the Act of May 13, 1876, approved by the Governor on July 19, 1917, provides that two-thirds of the directors shall be citizens of Pennsylvania,—one-third may be citizens of other states.

Authorizing Banks Incorporated Under the Act of May 13, 1876, to Maintain Sub-Offices or Sub-Agencies.

The Act of July 28, 1917, a supplement to the Act of May 13, 1876, provides that banks incorporated under that Act may establish and maintain in the city, borough or township, in which their principal places of business are located, one or more sub-offices or sub-agencies for the purpose only, however, of receiving and paying out moneys, provided a full report of the operations of each day is made at its close and the assets are transferred to the main office at the close of each business day.

Empowering Banks and Trust Companies to Accept Drafts and Issue Letters of Credit.

The Act of June 7, 1917, provides that any bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth shall have power to accept, for payment at a future date, drafts drawn upon them by their customers, and to issue letters of credit authorizing the holders thereof to draw drafts upon them or their correspondents at sight, or on time not exceeding one year.

National Banks May Act in Fiduciary Capacities.

The Act of Congress approved December 23, 1913, establishing the Federal Reserve Board, gives to that Board authority "to grant by special permit to national banks applying therefor, when not in contravention of State or local law, the right to act as trustee, executor, administrator, or registrar of stocks and bonds, under such rules and regulations as the said board may prescribe."

National banks in Pennsylvania exercising such powers are subject to, and must comply with, the requirements of the Act of May 9, 1889. Each such bank shall have a paid up capital of not less than one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars, an affidavit of which fact shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, together with a copy of a formal resolution adopted at a regular or called meeting of the directors thereof accepting the provisions of the said Act.

The Commissioner of Banking must examine the trust business and funds of national banks acting as trustee, etc., to see that there is no dereliction or default in the execution of their trusts; that such funds are kept separate and apart from the general funds of the bank and are not mingled therewith or otherwise diverted.

Banking Companies May Act in Fiduciary Capacities.

The Act of July 17, 1919, P. L. 1032, provides that banking companies organized under the laws of this Commonwealth, and having capital stock at least equal to the capital stock which trust companies are required by law to have, may be granted, by special permit, the power to act in any fiduciary capacity in which trust companies have authority to act. Such powers may be exercised during the term of the charter of such banking company and any renewal thereof.

All trust funds must be kept separate and apart from the general assets of the bank, and a separate set of books and records must be kept showing in detail all transactions engaged in under the authority granted by the Act.

Any banking company acquiring the rights and powers authorized by the Act shall include in, or add to, its corporate name the word "Trust Company."

License to be Obtained for Selling Steamship Tickets.

The Act of July 17, 1919, P. L. 1003, provides that no person, copartnership, association, or corporation, other than railroad or steamship companies, shall engage within this State in the sale of steamship tickets or orders for transportation, without being a citizen of the United States and having first procured from the Commissioner of Banking a license to carry on such business.

A fee of fifty dollars is required to be paid for such licenses, which may be renewed on payment of a like fee annually.

The provisions of the Act do not apply to any duly incorporated national bank, State bank or trust company.

A penalty of \$100 fine attaches to any person or corporation conducting such business without having first obtained a license so to do.

Building and Loan Associations May Invest in United States Government Bonds.

Under the provisions of the Act of April 18, 1919, P. L. 55, building and loan associations are empowered to invest all or any part of their uninvested funds in bonds of the United States Government issued for war purposes, without obtaining the consent or approval of the stockholders.

Powers of Building and Loan Associations Increased.

The Act approved May 31, 1919, P. L. 359, empowers building and loan associations to accept, by resolution of the board of directors and the stockholders, the provisions of the Act of Congress of the United States establishing Federal home loan banks; to become a member of a Federal home loan district bank and to subscribe for and invest funds in the capital stock thereof; to borrow money from such district bank and pledge as collateral such mortgage or mortgages as may be deemed necessary to secure the repayment thereof.

Building and Loan Associations May Make Temporary Loans.

The Act approved July 9, 1919, P. L. 808, confers upon building and loan associations the right, when a series of stock has matured, or when applications for loans by stockholders exceed the accumulations in the treasury, to make temporary loans to meet such demands, and to secure the payment of the same by pledge of United States Government bonds issued for war purposes.

Banks, Bankers and Trust Companies Relieved From Liability Because of Nonpayment of Check.

The Act of June 12, 1919, P. L. 453, relieves banks, bankers and trust companies from liability to a depositor because of the nonpayment, through mistake or error and without malice, of a check which should have been paid, unless depositor shall prove actual damages by reason of nonpayment.

Drawing Check Without Funds Misdemeanor.

The Act of April 18, 1919, P. L. 70, declares it a misdemeanor for any maker or drawer, with intent to defraud, to make, draw, utter, or deliver any check, draft, or order, when such person has not sufficient funds in, or credit with, the depository upon which the same is drawn.

Unincorporated Associations Creating Funds Derived From Periodical Payments Deemed to be Building and Loan Associations.

Under the Act of July 16, 1919, P. L. 989, unincorporated organizations, associations, societies, partnerships, or individuals, creating funds derived from periodical payments by members, or other persons, as well as from fees, forfeiture and payment of premiums and interest, which fund is loaned for the purpose of enabling members or other persons to acquire real estate, personal property, or to construct buildings, or for any other purpose, are deemed to be building and loan associations for the purpose of making them subject to the supervision and control of the Banking Department.

The Commissioner of Banking is also given somewhat similar regulatory power as above stated under the Banking Department Act of May 21, 1919, P. L. 209.

Additional Securities in Which Trustees of Savings Institutions May Invest Moneys.

The Act of April 5, 1917, provides that these institutions may invest in farm loan bonds by Federal Land Banks.

Authorizing the Payment of Directors for Services Rendered.

The Act of May 17, 1917, provides that directors may be paid for their services.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

The Secretary of the Department of Agriculture has power to encourage and promote the development of agriculture, horticulture and kindred industries; to take such measures as may be deemed advisable concerning the causes, methods of prevention, control and eradication of diseases of poultry, animals and plants; to collect and publish facts relating to the transportation and marketing of farm products, and to promote the better marketing of such products; to enforce all laws relating to the manufacture and sale of foods and drinks; to make chemical analyses and examinations of agricultural products, products used for agricultural purposes, and food products, or the ingredients used in any of them; to collect, compile and publish statistics relating to the agricultural industries and interests of the State; to inquire into, and report upon, any matters pertaining to the economics of agriculture in the State. He also is charged with the supervision of enforcement of the "Dog Law of 1917," the supervision of the payment of State aid to county fair associations and the supervision of the purchasing or selling of milk.

Bureau of Animal Industry.

The Secretary, through the Bureau of Animal Industry, is charged to promote the livestock industry; to prevent, suppress, control and eradicate any transmissible diseases of animals and poultry; to establish and maintain general or special quarantines on premises; to prevent the spread of infectious and communicable diseases of animals and poultry; to regulate and prohibit the movement and transportation of animals or poultry; to provide for the licensing of breeding animals kept for public service; to regulate the manufacture, use, and sale of biological products for use on domestic animals; to make such examinations and tests as may be deemed necessary to determine the healthfulness of domestic animals and poultry, to organize and administer a service for the purpose of protecting the public against the use of unwholesome meat or meat food products and carry out all duties and powers formerly imposed upon the State Livestock Sanitary Board.

Bureau of Plant Industry.

The Secretary, through the Bureau of Plant Industry, is charged with the inspection of any nursery, orchard, farm, garden, park, cemetery, private or public place, which may become infested or infected with harmful insects or plant diseases; to establish and enforce quarantines; to issue and enforce orders and regulations and make investigations for the control of plant diseases and pests; to inspect apiaries and encourage apiculture.

Bureau of Markets.

The Secretary is charged through the Bureau of Markets to investigate the marketing of farm products, to furnish advice and assistance pertaining to marketing; to gather and diffuse timely information concerning the supply, demand, prevailing prices, and commercial movement of farm products; to assist and advise in the organization and conduct of public markets, cooperative and other organizations for improving marketing conditions and activities among producers, distributors and consumers; to investigate delays, embargoes, conditions, practices, charges, and rates in the transportation and storage of farm products; to take lawful steps to prevent waste of perishable products and issue licenses for the investigation and classification of farm products.

Bureau of Foods.

The Secretary through the Bureau of Foods is charged with the enforcement of all laws relating to the production, manufacture, transportation, and sale of food or drink for man; to purchase samples of food or drink products for analysis; to prosecute the sale of adulterated, misbranded or deleterious foods or drinks; to examine cold storage warehouses as to sanitation and wholesomeness of food contained therein; and to prepare rules and regulations for the enforcement of all laws relating to oleomargarine, food, drink, and cold-storage warehouses. He is charged with the enforcement of all laws formerly imposed upon the Dairy and Food Commissioner.

Bureau of Chemistry.

The Secretary through the Bureau of Chemistry is charged with the enforcement of all laws regulating the manufacture and sale of lime, fertilizer, feeding stuffs, seeds for purity, insecticides, fungicides, paint, oils, turpentine and putties; to take samples of such commodities for analysis; and to perform chemical service for other Bureaus of the Department.

Bureau of Statistics.

The Secretary through the Bureau of Statistics collects, tabulates and publishes monthly crop reports and collects and publishes, from time to time, information pertaining to the agricultural industries of the State.

DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY.

The Department of Forestry was created by the Act approved February 25, 1901.

It grew out of the Forestry Commission of 1893. This Commission developed into the Division of Forestry in the Department of Agriculture, established by Act of March 13, 1895.

The object of the original Commission was to investigate and report upon the forest conditions of the State.

The purpose of the Department of Forestry is to purchase, develop, and care for the lands constituting the State Forests.

No clearer statement can be made of the organization of the Department than is found in the act creating it, "that there be and is hereby established a Department of Forestry, to consist of a Commissioner of Forestry and four other citizens of the Commonwealth, who together shall constitute the State Forest Commission, each of whom shall be appointed and commissioned by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for terms of four years each."

The State Forest Commission so constituted, as a whole, is charged not only with the duty of purchasing for the State suitable lands for protection and timber cul-

ture, but with their management, it has power to make rules for the care of the land. The act contemplates that the Commission shall, as rapidly as funds are available and as fast as public sentiment will approve the necessary expenditure, take proper measures to establish a scientific system of forestry.

In addition to this, the Commissioner of Forestry has duties which are peculiarly his own. He enforces the rules and executes the instructions of the Forest Commission concerning the forests. He is to encourage and promote the development of forestry and to obtain and publish information respecting the extent and condition of forest lands in the State. The Commissioner of Forestry is a member of the Water Supply Commission, and of the Board of Directors of the Commercial Museum.

Under the Act approved March 25, 1903, the Governor appoints a Deputy Commissioner of Forestry, and by the Act of April 15, 1903, the expenditures of the Commission for the purchase of lands for forest purposes are limited to \$300,000 per year. The revenue from State Forests is payable into the State Treasury, and by Act of 1915, becomes a part of the State School Fund of Pennsylvania.

The Act of April 15, 1903, confers upon the Commissioner of Forestry and the Commission the right to give to street railway companies the privilege of operating lines of railway over and along public highways within or bordering on State forests.

The Act of May 13, 1903, P. L. 373, authorized the purchase of suitable buildings and land adjacent to the Mont Alto forest or the erection of buildings therein, and the establishment there of a system of practical instruction in forestry, to prepare forest wardens for the proper care of the several forests owned by the State; the school has been established and is under the direction of the Commissioner of Forestry. By the Act of May 15, 1903, P. L. 454, the Commissioner of Forestry was empowered to erect in the same forest a sanatorium for tuberculous patients; by Act approved June 1, 1907, the management of the sanatorium was transferred to the Department of Health.

Under the Act of May 3, 1909, P. L. 413, the Secretary of Internal Affairs is required to submit to the State Forest Commission copies of applications for vacant or unappropriated land, together with a description of the land. The Commission will then determine whether it is desirable and practicable that such vacant or unappropriated land be acquired for the purposes of forest culture or forest preservation; and if they so decide, the Secretary of Internal Affairs will grant a warrant and a patent for such lands without cost to the Commission. The State Forest Commission may also apply directly to the Secretary of Internal Affairs for vacant or unappropriated land, and have the same warranted and patented without the payment of the purchase money, interest, or fees. It is doubtless true, that most of the unappropriated lands within the Commonwealth are of a mountainous character, suitable only for forest purposes. This act obviates the necessity of conveying the lands as heretofore, and then buying them back for the purpose of forest preservation.

The Commissioner of Forestry and the State Forest Commission are also authorized to give to boroughs and other municipalities of this Commonwealth the privilege of impounding water upon any State forest now owned or hereafter to be acquired by the Commonwealth, for the purpose of furnishing a copious supply of pure water. The building of any reservoir or laying of lines of pipe is subject to such restrictions and locations as the Commissioner of Forestry and the Commission may deem proper, always having in view that which is best for the public interest. This privilege conferred by the Act of April 11, 1905, will be the means of solving many vexatious water problems which are beginning to confront closely populated localities, especially if they are near State forests.

The area of the State forests on June 1, 1919, was 1,041,379 acres.

The old system by which constables were ex-officio fire wardens has been abrogated. A new Act creating an entirely new system of fire wardens was approved June 3, 1915. This provides for the establishment of a Bureau of Forest Protection within the Department and the appointment of a Chief Forest Fire Warden. The cost of extinguishing forest fires is borne wholly by the State, and is covered by legislative appropriation. By the Act approved May 29, 1917, foresters and forest rangers are authorized to enforce all the laws relating to forestry, fish, and game, and report all violations to the head of the proper Department.

By the Act of April 21, 1915, the Department is authorized to grow and distribute seedling forest trees to persons who will plant and take care of them. It is hoped that by doing this a stimulus will be given to private forest planting. One of the difficulties of establishing private forests was to procure suitable trees. Application for trees may be made to the Department. Blank forms will be furnished for this purpose.

A distinct advance in the forest idea was made by the Act of April 22, 1909, permitting municipalities to acquire forest lands for the purpose of establishing municipal forests. So far as known no other State in the Union has made this the subject of public enactment. It is hoped that by these means cities and boroughs advantageously located among the mountains of the State may be able to acquire forest holdings, by means of which it will be possible for them to procure revenue for municipal purposes. The city of Zurich, in Switzerland, years ago acquired a lot of barren land, planted, developed, and protected it, and these former barrens are now among the most valuable assets of the city. The report shows that the city of Zurich is receiving an annual revenue of \$15 per acre from its municipal forest.

The Act of April 1, 1909, gives additional protection to trees growing by the roadside, and prevents the indiscriminate slaughter of trees heretofore practiced by highway authorities. The consent of the owner must now be obtained before trees may be cut, and if the owner refuses to give consent and the cutting is necessary for the convenience of the public, a method is provided by which road improvement may not be retarded.

By the Act of May 13, 1909, the fixed charge on State forests for school purposes was reduced from three cents to two cents per acre, and no school district may share in this distribution unless it has levied a property tax of at least four mills. Under the operation of the old act many school districts depended almost wholly upon the State appropriation for their running expenses, and they received from the forested lands a larger amount than that ever received from the same land before by way of local taxation. A fixed charge of two cents an acre is paid for road purposes, and of one cent an acre for county purposes.

In 1921, the act to protect the State forests from fire and depredation, was passed with a companion act to protect woodlands and farmers' woodlots other than State forests. These two laws and the new Forest Protection law now make a protective code for woodlands in Pennsylvania, and have eliminated a number of widely differing old pieces of legislation.

The Legislature of 1915 passed an act allowing the Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through State lands. This is proper and necessary legislation, and will enable the Department to assist in the development of private lands lying in places inaccessible unless they may be reached over or through the State forests. The benefit to the State accruing from this will be that roads will be built without cost to the Commonwealth, and fire protection afforded the areas traversed. These are two essentials in forest work.

In 1913 the Legislature enacted further laws increasing the scope of the activities of the Department. That group of acts known as the "Auxiliary Forest Reserve" laws, may be said to be almost epoch making because of the change of system

in the taxation of forest lands. By means of these three statutes land now bearing an immature timber growth will be fostered and protected until the trees become marketable, in the meantime being relieved of an unjust burden of taxation which has heretofore induced the cutting of so much immature timber.

The Department is also authorized to execute leases for camp sites not to exceed a period of ten years. Persons desiring to do so may build houses and bungalows or erect tents thereon and occupy them at convenient times, paying therefor a small rental to the Department. It is confidently hoped that the citizens of Pennsylvania will avail themselves of this privilege. The effect of this law should be the inducing of great numbers of people to spend more time in the enjoyment of quiet vacations within the forest lands belonging to the State.

The Legislature has also provided a system whereby the Department may assign district foresters for the performance of forest work in regions where the State now holds no land for forest purposes. The purpose of this law is to make the Department more useful to our citizens by assisting them in the handling of their woodlands and in lending help in the care, preservation, or restoration of small areas of woodland, including shade and ornamental trees. Under this law it may be possible for the Department to make a complete wood survey of the State, thus enabling it to know just what trees we have in Pennsylvania, in what quantities, and where located. In forestry the stock map with the topographic survey form the foundation of the work and without this foundation well laid the work can at best proceed in a relatively unsatisfactory manner.

Co-operative agreements may now be entered into by the Department with local forest fire associations. The Department is authorized to spend a sum of money for patrol service equivalent to that which the protective association devotes to its purposes.

The original price limit which the Department might pay for land was five dollars per acre. By act of Assembly approved May 14, 1915, this limit is increased to ten dollars per acre. Some desirable small interior holdings may now be acquired, which heretofore could not be had at the smaller price.

The county commissioners of the several counties are now required by law (See Act of 1915, P. L. 140), to make to the Department of Forestry offers of lands which they may have purchased at tax sales, when such offers are requested by the Department. This will add to the State's forest holdings and relieve the counties from carrying the lands with consequent loss of revenue.

By an amendment to the School Code (Session 1915, P. L. 825), all moneys now derived from the administration of the State forests become a part of the State School Fund.

The Department is authorized by the Act approved July 11, 1917, to lease for agricultural purposes small areas of land which, from time to time, it may acquire in the purchase of lands for State forests, if it shall determine that said land be more useful for the growing of agricultural crops than forest trees, and by the Act approved May 8, 1917, the Department is authorized to purchase surface rights to lands, for use as State forests.

The right to condemn lands and take them for forestry purposes is given by the Act of July 7, 1919, and the method of procedure is therein prescribed.

By an act bearing same date the name of the Commission was shortened to the "State Forest Commission." A better means for leasing minerals is provided, provision is made for forestal publications, and for the appointment of subordinate officials of the Department.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

The Department of Labor and Industry was created under the Act approved June 2, 1913, P. L. 396, for the purpose of serving the labor and industrial interests of the Commonwealth and for enforcing the laws relating to the safety, health and prosperity of employes and the industries. The Act creating the Department referred to above specifies that, "All rooms, buildings and places in this Commonwealth where labor is employed, or shall hereafter be employed, shall be so constructed, equipped and arranged, operated and conducted in all respects as to provide reasonable and adequate protection for the health, safety and morals of all persons employed therein." The law further provides that the new organization shall take over the duties heretofore performed by the Department of Factory Inspection, which is at the same time abolished.

The law provides that a Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall be appointed for a term of four years by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, who shall enforce the law stated above and shall be personally responsible for such enforcement and for other acts performed by the Department and divisions thereof under his charge. In addition to the enforcement of the law above referred to, he is also responsible for the enforcement of the following Acts so far as they do not conflict therewith: April 15, 1903; May 2, 1905; May 1, 1909; May 3, 1909; May 1, 1913; May 20, 1913; July 19, 1913; July 24, 1913; July 25, 1913; April 22, 1915; May 13, 1915; May 14, 1915; June 1, 1915; June 4, 1915; June 7, 1915; May 10, 1917; July 5, 1917; July 18, 1917; July 19, 1917; May 27, 1919; June 7, 1919; June 26, 1919; July 9, 1919; July 12, 1919; July 18, 1919; and certain other acts relating to the safety, health and morals of employes, including those having to do with extra hazardous industries and those where employes are liable to attack by poisonous gases or substances. The Commissioner of Labor and Industry is also a member of the State Workmen's Insurance Board, created by Act of June 2, 1915, and the Emergency Public Works Commission, created by Act of July 25, 1917.

The Department organization includes: An Industrial Board, a Workmen's Compensation Board, a Bureau of Inspection, a Division of Hygiene and Engineering, a Bureau of Workmen's Compensation, a Bureau of Rehabilitation, a Bureau of Mediation and Arbitration and a Bureau of Employment.

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry is empowered and instructed to appoint the officers named in the law except the Industrial and Workmen's Compensation Boards, the general office force and such experts and other employes as he may deem necessary and proper. He is further empowered and instructed to have these various officers carry out the purpose of the Department under his direction and supervision.

The intention of the framers of the law was to give the Commissioner a three-fold duty, viz., to enforce the laws of the Commonwealth for which he is responsible; second, to *obtain the co-operation of employers, employes and all others interested, for the advancement of the industrial prosperity and peace of the Commonwealth*, including that of both employes and employers, and, third, to make investigations into conditions of labor and industry and to publish the results thereof in such a way as to be of the greatest service to the people.

The purposes, duties and powers of the Department are more fully set forth in the following, which are in the main extracted from the law under which it was created:

Bureau of Inspection.

The Bureau of Inspection, subject to the supervision of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, has charge of all inspections, and performs such other duties as may be assigned to it by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry. The Bureau is under the charge of a Chief Inspector, subject to the supervision and direction of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry.

There may be in the Bureau one hundred and ten inspectors, divided into four grades, as follows:—

1. Inspectors of the first grade,—of whom there may be one hundred in number, and of whom not less than five shall be women, shall be classified as follows—twenty-five in "Class A," fifty in "Class B," and twenty-five in "Class C."

2. Inspectors of the second grade,—of whom there are four in number, and who act as Supervising Inspectors, with offices at the cities of Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, and other cities.

3. Inspectors of the third grade,—of whom there are two, one of whom is a woman, and both of whom are physicians, duly licensed to practice medicine in Pennsylvania, and who act as Medical Inspectors.

4. Inspectors of the fourth grade,—of whom there are four, one of whom is a physician, duly licensed to practice medicine in the State of Pennsylvania, and who is Chief Medical Inspector; one of whom is a mechanical engineer, and expert in ventilation and accident prevention; one of whom is a chemical engineer; and one of whom is a civil engineer, and expert in fire prevention and building construction.

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry divides the State into districts, and assigns to each district such inspectors and supervising inspector as may, in his judgment, appear expedient; and, from time to time, assigns and transfers such inspectors from one district to any other districts, or to special duty in any bureau of the Department; or he may assign an inspector to inspect any special class of factories or establishments, and may assign one or more of them to act as clerks in any office of the department.

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry visits and inspects, or causes to be visited and inspected, during reasonable hours and as often as practicable, every room, building, or place, where and when any labor is being performed which is affected by the provisions of any law of this Commonwealth, and causes to be enforced therein the provisions of all such existing laws and the rules and regulations of the Industrial Board.

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry and all inspectors may, in the discharge of their duties, enter any such place, building, or room, whenever they have reasonable cause to believe that any such labor is being or will be performed therein.

The inspectors of the third grade, together with the Chief Medical Inspector, shall inspect all rooms, buildings, and other places subject to the provisions of the acts referred to earlier, throughout the State, with respect to the conditions of work affecting the health of persons employed therein, and shall perform such other duties and render such other service as the Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall direct.

Bureau of Industrial Hygiene and Engineering.

The inspectors of the fourth grade with the Chief Inspector constitute a Bureau of Industrial Hygiene and Engineering, which is under the immediate charge of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry. The members of the Bureau of Industrial Hygiene make special inspections of factories and mercantile establishments, and all rooms, buildings or other places subject to the provisions of the laws; and conduct special investigations, throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, relative to industrial processes and conditions. The members of this Bureau prepare material for leaflets and bulletins, calling attention to dangers in particular industries and the precautions to be observed to avoid them, and perform such other duties and render such other services as may be required by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry. Each member of said Bureau makes a report to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, which is transmitted to the Legislature as part of the biennial report of said Commissioner.

Bureau of Mediation and Arbitration.

There is in the Department of Labor and Industry a Bureau of Mediation and Arbitration. Whenever a difference arises between an employer and his employees, which cannot be readily adjusted, the chief of the Bureau proceeds promptly to the locality thereof, and endeavors by mediation to effect an amicable settlement of the controversy. If such settlement cannot be effected, the dispute may be arbitrated by a board composed of one person selected by employer, and one person selected by employees, and a third who shall be selected by the representatives of the employer and the employees; and such third member of the board shall be selected and appointed within a period of five days after the matter has been submitted for arbitration, and, in the event of any such appointment or selection not being made within a period of five days, then the chief of the bureau constitutes the third member of the board and is the chairman of the board; and if such third representative is chosen, by the two representatives of the employer and employee within five days, then a chairman of the board is established by the board itself. A submission to the board is made in writing, and the parties thereto shall agree to abide by the determination of the board. The board renders a written decision within ten days after the completion of the investigation, one copy is filed in the bureau, and a copy is furnished each party to the controversy. The chief of the bureau makes report of his work, containing such information as the Commissioner of Labor and Industry may request.

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry assigns to this bureau, from his department, such clerical assistance as, from time to time, he may think necessary.

Industrial Board.

There is created and established in the Department of Labor and Industry an Industrial Board, consisting of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, and four additional members, appointed by the Governor,—one of whom is an employer of labor, one a wage-earner and one a woman. The additional members were, at the organization of the Board, designated by the Governor to serve until the first day of January in the years one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, respectively. Upon the expiration of each of the said terms, the term of office of each associate member thereafter appointed is for four years, from the first of January. The Commissioner of Labor and Industry is the chairman of the board.

The board holds stated meetings, which are open to the public, at least once a month during the year, and holds other meetings at such times and places as may be necessary. The board keeps minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon every question, and records of its examinations and other official actions.

The Industrial Board has the power to make investigations concerning, and report upon, all matters touching the enforcement and effect of the provisions of all laws of the Commonwealth, the enforcement of which is now and shall hereafter be imposed upon the Department of Labor and Industry, and the rules and regulations made by the Industrial Board in connection therewith; and to subpoena and require the attendance in this Commonwealth of all witnesses, and the production of books and papers pertinent to the said investigation, and to examine them and such public records as it may require in relation to any matter which it has power to investigate. Any witness who refuses to obey a subpoena of the said board, as hereinabove provided for, or who refuses to be sworn or to testify, or who fails or refuses to produce any books, papers or documents touching any matter under investigation or examination by the said board, or who is guilty of any contempt after being summoned to appear before the said board as above pro-

vided, may be punished as for contempt of court; and, for this purpose, application may be made to any court within whose territorial jurisdiction the said contempt took place, and for which purpose the courts of the common pleas of this Commonwealth are hereby given jurisdiction. In the course of such investigation each member of said board has power to administer oaths.

In connection with the work of the Emergency Public Works Commission, created by Act of July 25, 1917, it is the duty of the Industrial Board in co-operation with the various bureaus of the said department, to keep constantly advised of industrial conditions throughout the Commonwealth as affecting the employment of labor; and whenever it shall be represented to the said board by the Governor of the State, or the said board shall otherwise have reason to believe, that a period of extraordinary unemployment caused by industrial depression exists in the Commonwealth, it shall be the duty of the said board to immediately hold an inquiry into the facts relating thereto, and to find and report to the Governor of the Commonwealth whether, in fact, such condition does exist.

The Industrial Board, under the Act of July 5, 1917, after proper investigations and hearings, may modify certain details of the Woman's Labor Law of 1913, in other than manufacturing establishments, when in the opinion of the Board better conditions may be made to exist for the employes and employers.

For the carrying into effect of the provisions of all the laws of this Commonwealth, the enforcement of which is now or shall hereafter be entrusted to or imposed upon the Commissioner or Department of Labor and Industry, the Industrial Board has power to make, alter, amend, and repeal general rules and regulations necessary for applying such provisions to specific conditions, and to prescribe means, methods and practices to carry into effect and enforce such provisions.

The rules and regulations of the Industrial Board, and the amendments and alterations thereof, may embrace all matters and subjects to which power and authority of the Department of Labor and Industry extends, and shall be distributed to all applicants. All rules or regulations adopted by the board are promptly published in bulletins of the Department of Labor and Industry, and in such daily newspapers as the board may prescribe, and no such rule or regulation takes effect until thirty days after such publication. Any employer, employe, or other person interested, either because of ownership in or occupation of any property affected by any such order or regulation, or otherwise, may petition for a hearing on the reasonableness of a rule or regulation. Such petition for hearing must be by verified petition, filed with the said Industrial Board, setting out specifically and in full detail the rule or regulation upon which a hearing is desired, and the reasons why such rule or regulation is deemed to be unreasonable. All hearings of the board are open to the public. Upon receipt of such petition, if the issues raised in such petition have theretofore been adequately considered, the Industrial Board determines the same by confirming, without hearing, its previous determination; or, if such hearing is necessary to determine the issue raised, the Industrial Board orders a hearing thereon and considers and determines the matter or matters in question at such time as may be prescribed. Notice of the time and place of such hearing is given to the petitioner, and to such other persons as the Industrial Board may find directly interested in such decision.

Every person who violates any of the provisions of this act, or any of the rules or regulations of the Industrial Board, or who resists or interferes with any officer or agent of the Department of Labor and Industry in the performance of his duties in accordance with the said rules and regulations is guilty of a misdemeanor; and shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00), or by imprisonment not exceeding one month, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Bureau of Employment.

The Bureau of Employment established in the Department of Labor and Industry is subject to the direction and supervision of the Commissioner, who appoints a Director with full supervision over the subordinates.

The Director shall bring into communication employers seeking employes, and persons seeking employment; prescribe rules and regulations for the administration and operation of all public and private employment offices; investigate the circulation of information and statements, regarding employment and labor conditions, for the purpose of preventing fraud and improper practices; ascertain the extent, and causes of unemployment and remedies therefor; devise and recommend means and methods for the prevention of unemployment and distress from involuntary idleness; establish a convenient place where labor can register their wants; assist workers in securing transportation to positions; promote the intelligent distribution of labor; investigate and inspect all private employment agencies; co-operate with all bureaus for vocational training and placement, or other similar bureaus, established by school authorities, and use all reasonable means to promote the establishment of such bureaus.

Bureau of Rehabilitation.

The Bureau of Rehabilitation was established in the Department of Labor and Industry for the purpose of guiding into remunerative employment residents of the Commonwealth who have been so injured by industrial accident, occurring in the Commonwealth, that they cannot perform the work they did before being injured.

Rehabilitation is defined in the Act, creating the bureau, as the rendering of a physically handicapped person fit to engage in a remunerative occupation; and a physically handicapped person is defined as any resident of the Commonwealth whose capacity to earn a living is, in any way, destroyed or impaired through industrial accident occurring in the Commonwealth.

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry is empowered to appoint a chief of the bureau and also other employes as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act. A report of the activities of the bureau is to be submitted biennially to the Governor.

Rehabilitation, under the terms of the act, is not to be construed as applying to aged or helpless persons requiring permanent custodial care, or to blind or deaf persons, under the care of any State or semi-State institution, or to any epileptic or feeble-minded person, or to any person who may not be susceptible to rehabilitation.

The powers of the bureau, with the approval of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, include:—

Establishing relations with all public and private hospitals, to require prompt and complete reports of any physically handicapped persons, under treatment in such hospitals; receiving applications of any physically handicapped persons for advice and assistance regarding their rehabilitation; making surveys to ascertain the number and condition of physically handicapped persons within the Commonwealth; arranging for therapeutic treatment as may be necessary for the rehabilitation of physically handicapped persons; procuring and furnishing at cost to physically handicapped persons limbs and other orthopedic and prosthetic appliances to be paid for in easy installments; purchasing directly such appliances for physically handicapped persons shown to be unable to pay for such appliances; arranging with the Superintendent of Public Instruction for training courses in the public schools in the Commonwealth in selected occupations for physically handicapped persons; making similar arrangements with any educational institution or with any public or private organization or commercial, industrial, or agricultural establishment; providing maintenance costs during training period for physically handi-

capped persons, such costs not to exceed fifteen dollars per week, and the period during which paid not to exceed twenty weeks unless an extension of time is granted by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry; arranging for social service for the visiting of physically handicapped persons and their families during the period of rehabilitation; conducting of investigations and surveys of industries in the Commonwealth to ascertain occupations which physically handicapped persons may enter and work with normal effectiveness, and determine what practicable changes and adjustments in industrial operations and practices may facilitate such employment; making such studies and reports as may be helpful for the operation of the act; cooperating with any department of the Federal Government, Government of the Commonwealth, or with any private agency in the operation of the act.

Workmen's Compensation Bureau.

The Workmen's Compensation Bureau receives and classifies the reports of accidents made to the Department of Labor and Industry in accordance with the law. The Bureau also receives agreements and receipts covering compensation cases, and classifies and publishes statistics covering accident reports and compensation payments.

The Workmen's Compensation Bureau also examines every workmen's compensation agreement received, whether in a disputed case or not, in order to determine that the agreement is made out in strict accordance with the law protecting fully the interests of employe and employer.

In addition, all claims for compensation in disputed cases are received by the Bureau and referred to the Referees in the various districts for adjudication.

The Inspection Bureau is kept informed concerning the character of the accidents received in order that it may make investigations and formulate methods for preventing their recurrence.

The Workmen's Compensation Bureau also forwards daily to the Bureau of Rehabilitation all data from reports of accidents, from original workmen's compensation agreements and from supplemental workmen's compensation agreements in cases where the injured may be susceptible to the benefits of the Rehabilitation Act.

This procedure gives the Bureau of Rehabilitation virtually a daily State-wide survey of all persons affected by the Rehabilitation Act.

Workmen's Compensation Board.

The Workmen's Compensation Board consists of three members appointed by the Governor. The Commissioner of Labor and Industry is an ex-officio member of the Board, but does not vote on orders, decisions or awards. The members of the Board are appointed under the Act of July 21, 1919, for terms of three, four, and five years from June 1, 1919, and their successors for terms of five years. They are, at all times, removable by the Governor. The Governor designates a member of the Board to serve as its chairman during his term of office. Two members constitute a quorum of the Board.

It is the duty of the Board to divide the Commonwealth into districts known as Workmen's compensation districts. Each district shall, as near as may be practicable, be compact and of contiguous territory. The Commissioner with the approval of the Governor, appoints as many referees as necessary not to exceed 14 in number and also a supervisory referee. The Board may assign any referee or referees to any Compensation District.

It is the duty of the Bureau to publish such blank forms as are useful in the administration of any Workmen's Compensation law now in force or hereinafter to be enacted and to distribute them to all employers and insurers or employes applying therefor in person or by mail.

The Board is required to make proper and necessary rules and regulations and to promptly hear and determine all petitions and appeals and to perform such

other duties as required by law. Every referee must hear such claims for compensation as are assigned to him by the Bureau.

The Board and every Referee have the power to conduct any investigation which may be deemed necessary to ascertain the facts of any claim or any other matter properly before such Board or Referee. Such investigations may be made by the Board or Referee, personally, or by any inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry, or by any other person or persons authorized by law. Every inspector of the said Department of Labor and Industry is empowered and directed to conduct any investigation authorized at the request of the Board or any Referee, with the consent of the Commissioner.

Every member of the Board and every Referee have the power to issue subpoenas, administer oaths, and summon witnesses at the request of either party to a petition, or of his own motion; and to require the attendance of witnesses, and the production of books and papers pertinent to any hearing, and to examine them and such public records as he may require in relation to any matter which he has power to investigate.

Any witness who refuses to obey a subpoena of a member of the Board or any Referee, or who refuses to be sworn or to testify, or who fails to produce any papers, books, or documents touching any matter under investigation, or who is guilty of any contempt after summons to appear, may be punished as for contempt of court; and for this purpose an application may be made to any court of common pleas within whose territorial jurisdiction the offense was committed, and for which purpose such court is given jurisdiction.

The secretary of the Board and all Referees are directed to administer any oaths required without charge, to the parties to any petition; and all certified copies of awards or disallowances of compensation, or modifications thereof, or of receipts for payments of compensations shall be made by the Bureau or any Referee without charge.

All subpoenas issued by a member of the Board or by a Referee shall be signed by him or by the Secretary of the Board, and may be served by any adult in any part of this Commonwealth.

STATE WORKMEN'S INSURANCE BOARD.

The State Workmen's Insurance Board, consisting of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, the Insurance Commissioner, and the State Treasurer, was created by an Act approved June 2, 1915, P. L. 762, as amended by Act of July 20, 1917, P. L. 1139, for the purpose of administering The State Workmen's Insurance Fund, which Fund is constituted from certain sums paid by employers, for the purpose of insuring such employers against liability under Article Three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915, P. L. 736. The State Treasurer shall be the custodian of the Fund, and all disbursements therefrom shall be paid by him, upon vouchers authorized by the Board and signed by any two members thereof.

On or before the first day of October in each year, the Board shall prepare a schedule of premiums or rates of insurance for employers, which schedule shall be printed and distributed free of charge to such employers as shall make application therefore. The Board shall determine the amount of premiums which the subscribers to the Fund shall pay, and shall fix the premiums for insurance in accordance with the nature of their business and of the various employments of their employees, and the probable risk of injury to their employees therein.

The Board shall file with the Workmen's Compensation Bureau of the Department of Labor and Industry a notice setting forth the names and places of business of those employers who, from time to time, shall become subscribers to the Fund.

The Board shall set aside five per cent. of all premiums collected, for the creation of a surplus, until such surplus shall amount to one hundred thousand dollars; and thereafter it may set apart such percentage, not exceeding five per centum, as in its discretion it may determine to be necessary to maintain such surplus sufficiently large to cover the catastrophe hazard of all the subscribers to the Fund, and to guarantee the solvency of the Fund.

The Board shall divide the subscribers into groups, in accordance with the nature of the business of such subscribers and the probable risk of injury therein, and it shall fix all premiums for each group in accordance with the experience thereof.

The Board shall keep an accurate account of the money paid in premiums by the subscribers and the disbursements on account of injuries to employes thereof. The Board may invest any of the surplus or reserve belonging to the Fund in such securities and investments as are authorized for investment by savings banks.

The Board shall have the power to make all contracts necessary for supplying medical, hospital, and surgical services as provided for in section three hundred and six, Article Three of the Workmen's Compensation Act. The Board also has the power to reinsure any risks which it may deem necessary.

The Board has the authority to inspect the plant, work room, shop, farm, mine, quarry, operation, and all other property or premises of any subscriber, and shall be entitled to examine from time to time the books, records and pay rolls of any subscriber or intending subscriber for the purpose of determining the amount of the premium payable by such subscriber or intending subscriber.

The Board shall make reasonable rules and regulations for the prevention of injury upon the premises of the subscribers; and it may refuse to insure, or may terminate the insurance of, any subscriber who refuses to permit such examinations or disregards such rules or regulations, and may forfeit one-half of the unearned premiums previously paid by him.

The Board is empowered to execute the agreements provided in the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915, and to appoint such agents and make such rules as it may deem necessary for this purpose.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

By the Act approved April 14, 1903, the Bureau of Mines of the Department of Internal Affairs was superseded by the Department of Mines. This Department is charged with the supervision of the execution of the mining laws of the Commonwealth and the care and publication of the annual reports of the mine inspectors. The chief officer of the Department is denominated Chief of the Department of Mines.

The Chief of the Department of Mines

is appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to serve for four years, or until his successor is duly qualified. In case of a vacancy in the office the appointment is made only for the unexpired balance of the term. He is required to have at least ten years' practical experience as a miner and the qualifications of the present mine inspectors, and must give a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of \$10,000.

No person who is acting as a land agent, or as manager, viewer or agent of any mine or colliery, shall at the same time serve as Chief of the Department of Mines.

The Chief of the Department of Mines is, at all times, accountable to the Governor for the faithful discharge of his duties imposed on him by law, and the administration of his office and the rules and regulations pertaining to said Department are subject to the approval of the Governor.

It is his duty to see that the mining laws of the State are faithfully executed and for this purpose he is invested with the same powers and authority as the mine inspectors, and is authorized to enter, inspect and examine any mine or colliery within the State, and the works and machinery connected therewith. He is to give such aid and instruction to the mine inspectors, from time to time, as he may deem best calculated to protect the health and promote the safety of all persons employed in and about the mines, and is empowered to suspend any mine inspector for any neglect of duty subject to the right of the inspector to appeal to the Governor, who, upon investigation, may approve of such suspension or restore the suspended inspector to duty. Upon the receipt of information by petition, signed by ten or more miners, or three or more operators, setting forth that any mine inspector of the anthracite region is neglectful of, or physically unable to perform the duties of his office, or is guilty of malfeasance in office, it is the duty of the Chief of the Department to investigate the matter and, if satisfied that the charges are well founded, to commence proceedings in the manner prescribed by law for the removal of the inspector.

He is authorized to make such examinations and investigations as may enable him to report on the various systems of coal mining and all other mining practiced in the State, methods of mining ventilation and machinery employed, the circumstances and responsibilities of mine accidents; and such other matters as may pertain to the general welfare of coal miners and others connected with mining, and the interests of mine owners and operators in the Commonwealth.

The Boards of Examiners for the examination of applicants for certificates of qualification as mine inspectors in the Anthracite and Bituminous coal mines of the Commonwealth, the Boards for the examination of applicants for certificates of qualification as mine foremen and assistant mine foremen in the Anthracite mines, the Boards for the examination of applicants for certificates of qualification as first grade mine foremen, second grade mine foremen, assistant mine foremen, and fire bosses in the Bituminous mines, and the Boards styled Miners' Examining Boards for the examination of applicants for certificates of competency as miners in the Anthracite mines, send to the Chief of the Department of Mines the manuscripts and all other papers of applicants, together with the tally-sheets and the solution of each question as given by the Examining Boards, which are filed in the Department.

Certificates of qualification as mine foremen and assistant mine foremen in the Anthracite mines, and certificates of qualification as first grade mine foremen, second grade mine foremen, assistant mine foremen, and fire bosses in the Bituminous mines, are granted by the Chief of the Department of Mines to each applicant who has passed a successful examination. A record of all certificates granted is kept in the Department.

He is required to take charge of, and preserve in his office, the annual reports of the mine inspectors, and, on or before the fifteenth day of March in each year, transmit a synopsis of them, together with such other statistical data compiled therefrom, and of other work of the Department as may be of public interest, to the Governor for transmission to the General Assembly.

Mine Inspectors.

Anthracite Region.

Under the Acts of June 8, 1901, May 3, 1905, May 3, 1909, May 5, 1911, and June 1, 1915, the mine inspectors in the Anthracite coal region are required to be elected by the qualified voters of the several inspection districts, the first election having been held in November, 1902. The number of inspectors is twenty-five and their term of office is four years. Vacancies are filled for the unexpired term by appointments made by the judges of the court of common pleas of the county in which

the vacancy occurs, on the recommendation of the Board of Examiners. Four examining boards, each composed of three coal miners in actual practice and two mining engineers, examine and pass upon the qualifications of the candidates for inspectors. Said boards are appointed by the Judges of the Lackawanna, Luzerne, Schuylkill and Susquehanna County courts.

Each of the inspectors must reside in the district for which he is elected and is required to give his whole time and attention to the duties of his office. He must examine all the collieries in his district at least once every three months, and see that every necessary precaution is taken to secure the safety of the workmen, and that the mining laws are observed and obeyed; attend every inquest held by the coroner upon the bodies of persons killed in or about the collieries; visit the scene of the accident and make an examination into the particulars of the same. He makes an annual report to the Chief of the Department of Mines, in which the result of his labors generally is fully set forth.

Bituminous Region.

Under the Act of June 9, 1911, the Governor is authorized to commission the inspectors of the Bituminous coal mines of the State for a term of four years. They are selected from a list of persons certified to the Governor as competent for the position by a board of examiners composed of five citizens of the Commonwealth, of good repute, two of whom shall be mining engineers and three of whom shall have passed successful examinations qualifying them to act as inspectors or mine foremen in Bituminous mines generating explosive gas, and shall have had at least five years' practical experience as miners in the Bituminous mines of Pennsylvania.

Under the Act of June 1, 1915, any person who has served as a mine inspector continuously for eight years, and has passed two consecutive examinations for the office of mine inspector, shall be exempt from taking any further examination, and shall continue in said office without any further examination unless removed or suspended.

The duties of an inspector of the Bituminous region are:

To thoroughly examine each mine in his district as often as possible (but at least once every four months), giving special attention to all mines generating explosive gas, and to other mines where unusual dangers may be suspected to exist; to see that all the provisions of the mining law are observed and strictly carried out, especially those that demand that the air current be carried to the working faces; to keep in his office a record of all examinations of mines, showing the condition in which he finds them, especially with reference to ventilation and drainage, the number of persons employed inside of each mine, the extent to which the law is obeyed, and the progress made in the improvement of mines; to keep a record of all serious accidents, showing the nature and causes thereof, and the number of deaths resulting therefrom; and to make an annual report to the Chief of the Department of Mines.

Under Section 1 of Article XXII of the Act of June 9, 1911, the Chief of the Department of Mines is authorized to assign the inspectors to their respective districts, and also to designate their places of abode, at points as convenient as possible to the mines of their districts. Under Section 2 of Article XXII of the Act of June 9, 1911, the Chief of the Department of Mines may at any time re-district the Bituminous districts and add to the number of inspectors, if in his judgment the number should be increased. There are now thirty inspectors.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

The Department of Health was created by the Act of April 27, 1905, P. L. 312, and takes the place, with largely increased and broader powers, of the former State Board of Health. All the powers conferred and duties heretofore imposed

by law upon the State Board of Health, or any member, committee or officer thereof, including the secretary, are now by law conferred upon the Commissioner of Health. The Department consists of a Commissioner of Health and an Advisory Board.

The Commissioner of Health

is appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate for a term of four years. He must be a physician of at least ten years' professional experience, and a graduate of a legally constituted medical college.

He is by virtue of his office a member of the State Quarantine Board, State Water Supply Commission, Dental Council, and also of the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure.

The office of Deputy Commissioner of Health was created by the Act of June 4, 1919. The Deputy Commissioner is appointed by the Governor with the advice of the Senate and he must be a physician of at least ten years' professional experience and a graduate of a legally constituted medical college. It shall be his duty to perform the duties of the Commissioner of Health whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of the Commissioner of Health or whenever by reason of absence or incapacity the Commissioner of Health is unable to perform his duties, until such vacancy is filled or such incapacity is removed. The Deputy Commissioner shall also perform such duties heretofore conferred by law on the Commissioner as the Commissioner of Health may specify or direct.

Associated with the Commissioner is an Advisory Board, consisting of six members who serve without pay, and are appointed by the Governor for a term of four years, a majority of whom shall be physicians, of ten years' experience, and one a civil engineer. The Commissioner of Health is given power to employ whatever assistants are necessary for the proper performance of the work of the Department. It is the duty of the Commissioner of Health to protect the health of the people of the State, and to determine and employ the most efficient and practical means for the prevention and suppression of disease.

He may also from time to time employ competent persons to render sanitary service and to make or supervise practical and scientific investigations and examinations requiring expert skill, and prepare plans and reports relative thereto. He may purchase such supplies and materials as may be necessary to carry on the work of this Department.

He may issue subpoenas to secure the attendance of witnesses, and compel them to testify in any matter or proceeding before him or his authorized agent; he may issue warrants to any sheriff, constable or policeman to arrest all persons who disobey the quarantine orders or regulations of the Department of Health, and in the inspection of nuisances the Commissioner's duly authorized agents have the power and authority conferred by law upon constables; he shall cause examination to be made of nuisances or questions affecting the security of life and health in any locality; and for this purpose, the Commissioner, or any person authorized by him so to do, may without fee or hindrance, enter, examine, and survey all grounds, vehicles, apartments, buildings, and places within the State.

He has the power and authority to order nuisances, detrimental to the public health or the causes of diseases and mortality to be abated and removed, and to enforce quarantine regulations, and where the owner or occupant of any premises, whereon any nuisance detrimental to the public health exists, refuses to comply with the order of the Commissioner or his authorized agent or employe, for the abatement or removal thereof, the Commissioner or his agents may enter upon the premises, and abate or remove such nuisance, and to cover the cost of such action, the Commissioner may file a lien in the name of the Commonwealth as provided by law for other municipal liens.

He may revoke and modify any order, regulation, by-law, or ordinance of a local board of health, concerning a matter which, in his judgment, affects the public health beyond the territory over which such local board has jurisdiction.

He has general supervision of the State registration of births, marriages, deaths and diseases; of practitioners of medicine and surgery; of midwives, nurses and undertakers, and of all persons whose occupation is deemed to be of importance in obtaining complete registration of births, deaths, marriages, and diseases. He shall prescribe and prepare the necessary methods and forms for obtaining and preserving such statistics, and shall secure the prompt and faithful registration of the same in the Bureau of Vital Statistics, to be maintained as a part of his Department. The Bureau is in charge of a State Registrar of Vital Statistics, who is under the immediate direction of the Commissioner of Health.

The Act of June 7, 1915, gives at length the duties of the Bureau of Vital Statistics, of the State Registrar and of the local registrars who are appointed by the Commissioner of Health, in every township, borough, and city in the State, to assist in the collection of vital statistics.

The Commissioner of Health, under the Act of April 22, 1905, P. L. 260, is charged with the duty and responsibility of preserving the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health. By "waters of the State" is meant all streams and springs, and all bodies of surface and of ground water, whether natural or artificial, within the boundaries of the State. This act provides that every municipality, private corporation, company and individual supplying or authorized to supply water to the public, shall file with the Commissioner of Health a certified copy of the plans and survey of the waterworks, with a description of the source from which the supply of water is derived; and no additional source of supply shall subsequently be used for any such waterworks without a written permit from the Commissioner of Health, in order that the Commissioner may pass judgment upon the question of whether the proposed source of supply is prejudicial to the public health. The Act also provides that no person, corporation, or municipality shall permit any sewage to be discharged into the waters of the State except under the conditions set forth in the Act, but it is specified that the Act shall not apply to waters pumped or flowing from coal mines or tanneries, nor the discharge of sewage from any public sewer system, owned and maintained by a municipality that was in operation and discharging sewage into any waters of the State at the time of the passage of the Act. This exception, however, does not permit the discharge of sewage from any sewer system, which is extended subsequent to the passage of the Act. A permit must be secured from the Commissioner of Health for every extension of a sewer system, municipal as well as private. The application for such a permit is passed upon by the Governor, Attorney-General and the Commissioner of Health, who must be unanimous in their opinion that the general interest of the public health will be subserved by the granting of the desired permit. If at any time in the opinion of the Commissioner of Health the sewage discharged into the waters of the State, by individuals, private corporations or companies becomes injurious to the public health, he may order the discharge of such sewage to be discontinued; he may also revoke permits that the Department may have granted to municipalities to construct or extend a sewer system whenever, in his opinion, the interest of the public health demand it. The act defines "sewage" as any substance that contains any of the waste products, or excrementitious or other discharges from the bodies of human beings and animals.

By the Act of June 1, 1907, the management and control of the Sanatorium on the State Forestry Reservation near Mont Alto, in Franklin County, was transferred from the Commissioner of Forestry to the Department of Health.

The Act of May 14, 1907, P. L. 197, provides for the establishment in the State of one or more Sanatoria, "for the reception and treatment of indigent persons affected with incipient tuberculosis and those so far advanced with the same diseases that they may be made comfortable and removed from their families and people at large to prevent the spread of the contagion," and for these purposes the Department of Health with the approval of the Governor is authorized "to acquire property, erect buildings, equip the same and do all things necessary to accomplish such work for the best interest of the people of this Commonwealth in curing and preventing tuberculosis."

The Legislature of 1907 gave the Department of Health a special appropriation of \$600,000.00 for these Sanatoria. The same Legislature also gave the Department of Health in addition to its general appropriation a further appropriation of \$400,000.00 "to enable the Department of Health to establish and maintain at such places in the State as may be deemed necessary Dispensaries for the free treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis, for the dissemination of knowledge relating to the prevention and cure of tuberculosis, for the study of social and occupational conditions that predispose to its development, and for continuing research experiments for the establishment of possible immunity and cure of said disease." The Legislature of 1909 appropriated \$2,000,000; the Legislature of 1911, \$2,624,808; the Legislature of 1913, \$2,625,000; the Legislature of 1915, \$2,725,807; the Legislature of 1917, \$3,384,180; the Legislature of 1919, \$2,784,395, to the Department of Health for its tuberculosis work. The Department now has dispensaries for tuberculosis at one hundred places in the State.

The State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis, No. 1, at Mont Alto, in Franklin County, is able to care for about 1,100 patients. At Sanatorium No. 2, at Crescon, in Cambria County, there are about 700 patients. At Sanatorium No. 3, at Hamburg, in Berks County, which was opened for the reception of patients late in October, 1914, nearly 500 cases are cared for.

By Act of June 12, 1913, the Commissioner of Health is authorized to take charge of boroughs and first-class townships in which there is not an active and efficient Board of Health and to administer the health laws therein at the expense of the borough or township until such time as an active and efficient board has been organized and is ready to assume and carry into effect the public health laws.

By Act of July 24, 1913, the Commissioner of Health is authorized to furnish a form for applications for marriage licenses.

By Act of July 24, 1913, the Commissioner of Health is authorized to establish a Bureau of Housing in the Department of Health with such executive and clerical staff as may be necessary to carry into effect the provisions of the Act.

By Act of May 28, 1915, sanitary conditions in hotels and public eating-places are regulated, with special reference to medical inspection of employees, and to enforce the provisions of this Act the Commissioner of Health has established in the Department the Division of Public Service.

By Act of July 11, 1917, the Commissioner of Health is authorized to establish in the Department of Health a division or bureau for the purpose of enforcing regulation of the handling and sale of certain drugs as is provided for in the Act.

By Act of May 24, 1917, the Commissioner of Health is required to pass upon and approve plans for contagious disease hospitals in counties, authorized to be established by the Act, before they can be constructed.

By Act of June 23, 1917, the Commissioner of Health must examine and approve plans for construction and location of public mausoleums.

By Act of June 4, 1919, the Governor is authorized to appoint a Deputy Commissioner of Health.

By Act of June 5, 1919, the Commissioner of Health, with the sanction of the Advisory Board of the Department of Health, is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations concerning vaccination of school children and certificates of vaccination.

By Act of June 20, 1919, the names of medical school inspectors are made reportable on or before the first day of September of each year to the Commissioner of Health.

By Act of June 23, 1919, the Commissioner of Health is authorized to provide medical inspection for all pupils in the public schools in school districts of the fourth class.

By Act of July 17, 1919, certain diseases are specifically declared to be communicable and the Department of Health, through the Commissioner and the Advisory Board, is authorized to declare other diseases to be communicable; the method of declaring diseases to be communicable, reportable or quarantinable being set forth in the Act.

By Act of July 22, 1919, the Commissioner of Health is authorized to prescribe rules of procedure for examination and report by medical inspectors of defective children subject for special education and training.

STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT.

This Department was created by the Act of General Assembly approved April 15, 1903, which was re-enacted, with amendments, by the Act approved May 1, 1905, which Act authorized the Department to cooperate with the several counties and townships, and with boroughs in certain instances, in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways and provided for the application to the Department of counties and townships for State-aid in highway improvement and maintenance, and also provided for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made, under the provisions of the Act, by the State, the counties and townships. Further amendments were made by an Act approved June 8, 1907. These acts and amendments were repealed and the Department reorganized by the Act approved May 31, 1911, which act authorizes a system of State Highways to be constructed and maintained at the sole expense of the Commonwealth, and also a system of State-aid highways in the construction of which the State cooperates with the counties and townships, and in certain instances with boroughs, the State paying 50 per centum and the county and township each 25 per centum of the cost. The State will maintain all State-aid roads and collect 50 per centum of the cost thereof from the respective township or borough in which the road may lie. An Act approved June 5, 1913, authorizes the construction of State Highways in the same manner as State-aid Highways. An Amendment, approved June 7, 1919, authorizes the purchase of quarries, machinery, tools and equipment, and the erection of necessary buildings for the quarrying of stone and manufacture of any other materials used in the construction and maintenance of State or State-aid highways; and also authorizes and empowers the Commissioner, in his discretion, to construct highways by the agents and employees of the Department. A supplement approved June 5, 1919, provides that all public service pipes and connections shall be laid and made prior to the improvement of any State Highway and that such section of State Highway shall not be torn up or opened within a period of five years from date of construction or improvement except in case of unavoidable accident.

The State Highway Commissioner

is appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of four years. He gives bond in the sum of \$200,000 for the faithful performance of his duty. The Governor also appoints an Assistant State Highway Commissioner,

who shall be an experienced executive and a competent civil engineer, subject to the authority of the State Highway Commissioner, having executive authority over all other officials and employes of the State Highway Department and, in the absence of the Commissioner, shall perform and discharge all the duties of the State Highway Commissioner. He also appoints a Township Commissioner. They each give bond in the sum of \$25,000. The Governor also appoints a Chief Engineer, who shall be a capable and competent civil engineer, and experienced in the building and maintenance of improved roads. The State Highway Commissioner appoints an experienced maintenance engineer, a principal assistant engineer, construction engineers, an office engineer, an engineer of plans and surveys, an engineer of bridges; he also appoints district engineers and additional civil engineers, experienced in improved road building. He may also appoint superintendents of highways, a township engineer, an engineer of tests, a comptroller, who shall be an expert accountant; a registrar of motor vehicles, an executive manager, statistician, secretary, inspectors, purchasing agent, paymasters, cost accountant, bookkeepers, cashier, mechanic, draughtsmen, stenographers, additional clerks, and such other employes as in his opinion are sufficient to carry on the work of the Department.

The duties of the Highway Commissioner are to carry into effect the provisions of the Act of May 31, 1911, and Acts relating to the management and maintenance of the National or Cumberland roads; and all Acts of Assembly providing for the cooperation of the State in the construction and maintenance of public highways. Under the Act approved July 22, 1913, a Bureau of Township Highways was established in the State Highway Department. This Act became effective the first Monday in December, 1913, and was re-enacted by the Act of July 16, 1917. By Act approved July 8, 1919, these Acts were repealed and a Division of Township Highways created in charge of a Township Commissioner. Under an Amendment approved July 15, 1919, the Commonwealth offers rewards for the construction of township roads and bridges in townships of the second class. The Commissioner has charge of the records of the Highway Department and is required to submit to the Governor a full report of the operations of the Department giving the number of miles, cost and character of the roads built under its direction, detailed statements of the expenses of the Department, and such other information concerning the condition of the public roads of the State and the progress of their improvement as may be proper. Under the provisions of Acts approved June 30, 1919, and June 8, 1915, as amended by Act approved July 8, 1919, all persons owning automobiles, motor vehicles, motor trucks, or traction engines, must register them with the State Highway Commissioner; when issued on or after August first one-half fees shall be charged. All registration shall expire after December thirty-first of the year for which issued. The license fees are appropriated for the use of the Department.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

The Governor, Auditor-General and State Treasurer, by the Act of June 16, 1919, constitute the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings. This Board has entire control and supervision of the Public Grounds and Buildings, including the Executive Mansion, and all repairs, alterations and improvements made to, and all work done or expenses incurred in and about them, including the furnishing and refurnishing of the same; the Board is authorized to enter into contracts for stationery, supplies, furniture, distribution of documents, fuel, repairs, alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature, the several departments, boards and commissions of the State government and the Executive Mansion.

By the Act of June 3, 1895, the Board is authorized, under certain conditions, to advertise for bids and contract for the rebuilding of such county bridges, which

are now or may hereafter be erected over and across the navigable rivers and such other streams as have been declared public highways by Act of Assembly, and which may be carried away or destroyed by flood, fire or other casualty. The Act of May 28, 1913, P. L. 367, permits the changing of the location of bridges under certain conditions, which by the Act of 1895 the Board is authorized to rebuild. The Act of May 16, 1919, P. L. 122, authorizes the Board under certain conditions to advertise for bids and contract for the rebuilding of county bridges over eight hundred feet in length, located on State Highways, which have been destroyed by fire. The Act of June 16, 1919, P. L. 482, authorizes and requires the Board to employ capable superintendents of construction under whose personal supervision all legislative appropriations for the erection of new State institutions and repairs or additions to present State buildings shall be expended. By Act approved May 14, 1915, the Board is authorized to rebuild, restore or replace buildings, structures, equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulate the placing of insurance thereon. The Act of July 18, 1919, P. L. 420, authorizes the Board, under certain conditions, to advertise for bids and contract for the construction of a bridge in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, from a point in Capitol Park following State Street, to a point at or near Thirteenth Street, as a memorial to the citizens of this Commonwealth who served in the military and naval forces of the United States, in the late World War, and to be known as a Soldiers' and Sailors' Memorial Bridge.

The Act of July 18, 1919, P. L. 421, authorizes the Board under certain conditions to advertise for bids and contract for the construction of an Office Building in the Capitol Park.

The Act of July 15, 1919, P. L. 386, authorizes the Board under certain conditions to acquire property for use of the Commonwealth, by proceedings in eminent domain. The executive officer of the Board is the

Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings

who is appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for the term of four years. He gives a bond in the sum of \$25,000. He prepares annually under the supervision of the Board the schedules of stationery, furniture and all other supplies, repairs, alterations and improvements needed for the several departments and boards; receives from the contractor or contractors the articles mentioned in the schedules and delivers them to the proper officials, upon their requisition; keeps accurate account of same and makes a yearly report in reference thereto to the Board. He sees that all repairs and improvements, and all furnishing and refurnishing ordered by the Board are properly made and attended to, and, with its approval, disburses the funds of the Board.

He has immediate charge of the Capitol police, and all the other officers and employes of the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings. He is required to enforce good order in the buildings and on the grounds, and for that purpose both he and the police are given the power to make arrests.

State Art Commission.

The State Art Commission, created by Act of May 1, 1919, in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings, consists of five citizens of the Commonwealth, appointed by the Governor, for the term of three years.

No public monument, memorial, building, or other structure shall become the property of the Commonwealth by erection or construction, purchase, gift, or otherwise, unless a design for the same and the proposed location is first approved by the State Art Commission.

Before any monument, memorial, building, or other structure, belonging to any person or corporation, is erected upon or extended over any highway, stream, lake, square, park, or other public place, within any subdivision of this State, the design for and the location thereof must first be approved by such Commission.

The Commission shall submit annually to the Governor, on or before the first Monday of December, a report of its proceedings during that year, together with such recommendations as the Commission shall deem conducive to the improvement of the Commonwealth.

The provisions of the act creating this Commission do not apply to a city of the first or second class.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING.

This Department was created by the Act approved February 7, 1905. The Chief officer of the Department is the

Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding

who is appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for the term of four years from the date of his appointment. He gives a bond to the State in the sum of \$10,000.

It is his duty to receive and take charge of all reports made to the Governor by the heads of Departments, and have the same printed and bound by the contractor or contractors and delivered to the proper departments. He also arranges all matter ordered to be printed by the Legislature, or either branch thereof, and supervises the printing and binding of the same, causing it to be done in a prompt and workmanlike manner. He purchases all the paper and stock used, except binding material, as well as all steel plates, cuts and electrotypes. On the fourth Tuesday of February every year preceding the expiration of a contract he is authorized to receive bids and award contracts, subject to the approval of the Governor, Auditor-General and State Treasurer, for executing the public printing and binding for a term of four or six years from the first day of July next thereafter. When necessary, he likewise receives bids and awards contracts for the furnishing of paper, envelopes and other supplies, for the furnishing of half-tone cuts, electrotypes, steel and other plates and for lithographic printing. He makes an annual report to the Governor.

Division of Documents.

By the Act of July 22, 1919, P. L. 1097, which superseded the original Act of July 19, 1913, P. L. 845, a Division of Documents was authorized to be established in the Department of Public Printing and Binding and the appointment of a Chief of the Division by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding was authorized, subject to the approval of the Governor. The Chief of said Division before assuming the duties of his office is required to file a bond in the sum of \$10,000 conditioned on the faithful performance by him of the duties of his office.

Under the provisions of said Act and amendments thereto all documents printed by the State, unless otherwise ordered by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding, are delivered to this Division and are distributed by the Chief of said Division upon the written requisition of the heads of the various departments of the State Government.

Whenever any documents are delivered to the Chief of the Division it is his duty to notify the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding, who shall have the

paper, printing and binding thereof examined and compared with the paper, printing and binding set forth in the order issued by the said Superintendent and if he shall find any variance in the quality of paper or in the printing or binding he shall at once notify the Chief of the Division not to accept the same.

The Chief of said Division makes an annual report to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding on the first day of July each year.

STATE LIBRARY AND MUSEUM.

The Act of May 23, 1919, P. L. 242, provides for a general reorganization, revision and consolidation of the laws relating to the State Library and Museum, including the law relating to the Free Library Commission and the Division of Public Records, and repeals all former laws in relation thereto.

State Librarian and Director of the Museum.

The State Library and Museum as now constituted is under the exclusive control, supervision, direction and management of the State Librarian and Director of the Museum who is appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of four years. He may be removed by the Governor and any vacancy that may happen in the State Librarianship shall be filled by appointment by the Governor for the unexpired term. The law provides that he shall be a person of known literary and bibliographical attainments. He gives a bond to the Commonwealth with sureties, to be approved by the Governor, in the sum of \$6,000 for the faithful performance of the duties of the office. He appoints with the approval of the Governor a Deputy State Librarian and Director of the Museum who gives a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of \$2,000, to be approved by the Governor, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties and takes and subscribes the oath prescribed by the Constitution. The Deputy State Librarian and Director of the Museum shall have and possess all the powers and shall perform all the duties of the State Librarian and Director of the Museum, during his absence or inability to act. The law provides that the State Librarian and Director of the Museum shall adopt such rules and regulations as shall be deemed necessary for the government of the State Library and Museum and for the several divisions thereof. He receives and disburses all moneys that are appropriated for the institution and keeps regular and accurate accounts thereof, which are open to the inspection of the fiscal officers of the Commonwealth. All such accounts shall be settled annually by the accounting officers of the Commonwealth in the same manner that the other accounts of the Commonwealth are settled. A system of foreign and domestic exchanges is maintained, the Librarian and Director receiving 300 copies of each of the several documents of the Commonwealth, and 60 each of the Supreme and of the Superior Court reports for the purpose. He makes an annual report to the Governor in the month of December, submitting such information as it may be proper to present, the number of publications and volumes received through exchange, by donation, purchase or otherwise, and appends to his report his accounts. The State Librarian and Director of the Museum is empowered to bring suit in the name of the Commonwealth against any person unlawfully in possession of any property belonging to the State Library and Museum, or against any person who shall have received or who retains any publication or property therefrom contrary to the rules and regulations thereof, and the recovery shall be for double the value of such property or publication. The State Library and Museum shall be kept open to the public between the hours of 9 A. M. and 10 P. M., excepting on holidays, and on Saturday, when it closes at noon. The Governor and members of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth, the Justices of the Supreme and Superior Courts, Heads of the Departments, officers of the Commonwealth, and such others as are designated by the rules and regulations adopted are entitled to take books from the Library. The State Librarian and Director of the Museum appoints such clerks, employes, stenographers, cataloguers, and assistants as may be necessary.

The Divisions of the State Library and Museum.

The Museum is divided into the following Divisions, all of which are under the supervision, management, and control of the State Librarian and Director of the Museum:

1. General Library Division.
2. Law Library Division.
3. Public Records Division.
4. Library Extension Division.
5. Museum Division.

General Library Division.

This Division is under the immediate charge of an Assistant Librarian who is appointed by the Librarian and Director with the approval of the Governor. He gives bond to the Commonwealth, to be approved by the Governor, in the sum of \$2,000, conditioned upon the faithful performance of his duties, and takes and subscribes the oath prescribed by the Constitution.

Law Library Division.

This Division is in the immediate charge of an Assistant Librarian, appointed by the State Librarian and Director of the Museum, with the approval of the Governor, who gives a bond with sureties to be approved by the Governor, in the sum of \$2,000, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of his office, and he takes and subscribes the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution.

The Law Library includes volumes relating to the law and also Legislative and Government documents.

Public Records Division.

This Division is under the immediate charge of the Custodian who is appointed by the Librarian and Director with the approval of the Governor. He gives a bond to be approved by the Governor, in the sum of \$2,000, for the faithful performance of his duties, and must take and subscribe the oath prescribed by the Constitution.

The Public Records Division is devoted to the preservation of all public records throughout the Commonwealth, and gives special attention to the safe keeping and preservation of all records of the State Government not in use, and hence directly of historical value.

The Custodian is empowered under the direction of the Librarian and Director of the Museum to collect, classify, preserve, and make acceptable for reference all records which may come into the possession of the Division. He reports to the Librarian and Director biennially on the condition of the State records and makes such recommendations as shall be desirable for the preservation of all public records throughout Pennsylvania. He is required to examine into the condition of the records, books, pamphlets, documents, archives, maps and papers kept filed or recorded in the several offices of the counties, cities, or boroughs, of the State, and to recommend such action to be taken by persons having the care and custody of public records as may be necessary to secure their safety and preservation, and to cause all laws relating to public records to be enforced. He must submit an annual report to the Librarian and Director in which shall be presented a detailed report upon the number, kind and condition of the various reports in the custody and under the control of the several counties, cities and boroughs of the State. This report is then included by the State Librarian and Director of the Museum in his annual report.

The heads of the various Departments of the State Government must deposit all papers relating to their departments with the Public Records Division, beginning with the earliest, which are not needed by the Department for business purposes. The various county and municipal officers of the Commonwealth may turn over to the Division, with its approval, such other records as they do not wish to retain. Records thus received are repaired, if in need of repair, if, in the judgment of the Custodian, they are worthy of it. Certificates and copies of records furnished to

persons other than members of the General Assembly, and officers of the State Government, are charged for at the rate of \$1 for each certified copy. For each typewritten copy of a record the sum of twenty-five cents is charged for each two hundred and fifty words, or part thereof. All moneys received in this way are paid into the State Treasury.

Library Extension Division.

This Division constitutes and performs all the functions of what was formerly known as the Pennsylvania Free Library Commission. It is under the immediate charge of the Chief of the Division, appointed by the Librarian and Director with the approval of the Governor, who gives a bond in the sum of \$2,000, approved by the Governor, for the faithful performance of the duties of his office, and shall take and subscribe the oath prescribed by the Constitution.

The Library Extension Division is directed by law to give advice and counsel to all free libraries of the State, and to all communities which may propose to establish free libraries, in the selection of books, cataloguing and other details of library management, and as to the best means of establishing and administering such libraries. It has general powers of supervision and inspection over free libraries, and the right of requiring reports in such manner as it may deem proper.

The Library Extension Division maintains a system of traveling libraries throughout the Commonwealth. These libraries will be loaned to any community not having a free public library upon its compliance with certain conditions. Copies of the rules and regulations governing the loan of such libraries may be had upon application.

Museum Division.

This Division is under the immediate charge of a Curator, appointed by the Librarian and Director, with the approval of the Governor. He must be a skilled taxidermist and he must give bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of \$2,000, to be approved by the Governor, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the duties of his office. He shall take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution. It is the duty of the Museum Division to preserve objects illustrating the flora and fauna of the State, and its mineralogy, geology, archaeology, arts, history and education, and whenever deemed necessary to illustrate the same with lantern slides, or films, which may be circulated throughout the Commonwealth, under such rules and regulations as provided by the State Librarian and Director of the Museum. The Museum Division has a large and interesting collection of lantern slides which will be loaned upon application. A catalogue of these lantern slides, together with the rules and regulations for the circulation of the slides may be had upon application.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU.

The Legislative Reference Bureau of the State Library was created by the Act of April 27, 1909, P. L. 208, which Act was amended by the Act of April 21, 1911, P. L. 76, and the Act of May 14, 1915, P. L. 533, and authorizes the appointment by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, of a Legislative Reference Director, who shall hold office for four years from the date of his appointment. He gives bond in the sum of \$10,000 for the faithful performance of his duties.

His duties are to prepare, and have available for use, check-lists and catalogues of all Pennsylvania laws, and all current legislation of Pennsylvania and other States; lists of bills and resolutions presented in either branch of the General Assembly; check-lists of the public documents of the State, including all reports issued by the departments, boards and commissions, digests of such public laws of this and other States as may be thus best made available for legislative use; catalogued files of newspaper clippings, and such other printed matter as may be proper

for the purposes of the Bureau. He is directed never to oppose nor urge legislation, but to aid and assist members of the General Assembly, the Governor and the Heads of Departments in drafting laws in proper form and by furnishing to them the fullest information in all matters in the scope of the Bureau.

Under the Act of May 20, 1913, P. L. 250, the Bureau is authorized to prepare compilations or codes, by topics, of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth, for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly. The authority conferred by this Act was continued by the Act of May 14, 1915, P. L. 474, and by the Act of May 3, 1917, P. L. 155, and further compilation work was provided for by the Act of April 18, 1919.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE POLICE.

This Department was created by the Act of May 2, 1905, P. L. 361, which was amended by the Act of June 1, 1911, P. L. 551, and the Act of April 12, 1917, P. L. 54; was reorganized by the Act of June 3, 1919, P. L. 179, and consists of a Superintendent of State Police, who is appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. He gives bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of \$20,000, appoints a Deputy Superintendent, who shall possess all the powers of the Superintendent, a Chief of the Bureau of Fire Protection, a statistician, a chief clerk, and such expert and other assistants as the work of the Department may require. He is also authorized to appoint the State Police Force, which shall consist of five troops, each consisting of a captain, a lieutenant, one first sergeant, five sergeants, ten corporals and sixty-five privates.

The members of the State Police Force shall be enlisted for a period of two years. No applicant shall be appointed to the State Police Force until he has satisfactorily passed a physical and mental examination, based upon the standard provided by the rules and regulations of the police force of the cities of the first class, in addition to which each applicant must be a citizen of the United States, and of sound constitution, able to ride, of good moral character, and between the ages of twenty-one and forty years.

The Superintendent of State Police provides suitable uniforms, arms and equipments for the State Police, and, where it is deemed necessary, horses and motor vehicles. He makes such rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the Governor, as are necessary for the control and regulation of the State Police Force. It is also his duty to establish local headquarters in various places, by lease or otherwise, so as best to distribute the force throughout the Commonwealth where they will be most efficient in the preservation of peace and the prevention and detection of crime.

The various members of the State Police Force are authorized and empowered to make arrests without warrant, for all violations of the law which they may witness and to serve and execute warrants issued by the proper local authorities. They are also authorized and empowered to act as forest, fire, fish and game wardens; and in general, to have the powers and prerogatives conferred by law upon members of the police force of cities of the first class, or upon constables of the Commonwealth. The State Police may be called upon by any other department of the State Government to enforce all laws applicable or pertaining to such department or any regulation thereof, and shall, whenever possible, co-operate with counties and municipalities in the detection of crime, the apprehension of criminals, and preservation of law and order throughout the State.

The Department shall collect and classify and keep at all times available complete information useful for the detection of crime and the identification and apprehension of criminals. Such information shall be available for all police officers within the Commonwealth, under such regulations as the Department may prescribe.

Bureau of Fire Protection.

This Bureau created by the Act of June 3, 1919, and its duties and powers defined by the Act of July 1, 1919, consists of a Chief, appointed by the Superintendent of State Police, and such clerks and assistants as may be required.

The Superintendent of State Police may appoint and remove the chief of the fire department of any county, city, borough, town, or township, where a fire department is established, or, where no such fire department exists, the burgess or constable of any borough or town, or constable, or the president or chairman of the board of supervisors of any townships, as assistants to the Department of State Police, subject to his direction and the obligations imposed by this Act. He may also appoint individual citizens as assistants to the Department of State Police.

It is the duty of the assistants to report to the Department of State Police every fire occurring in the State within their respective jurisdiction, and to investigate the cause, origin and circumstances of every fire and determine, if possible, whether such fires were of incendiary origin or the result of design, carelessness, or accident. It is also the duty of the Department of State Police or any of its assistants to institute criminal proceedings in all cases where the investigation of fires indicate that a crime has been committed.

It is also the duty of the Department of State Police and its assistants, upon complaint, or when deemed necessary, to inspect the buildings and premises within their jurisdiction, and if found to be in a dilapidated condition or so situated as to endanger other property, or for any other cause liable to fire, it or they shall, if reasonably practicable, order the same to be removed or remedied. This provision also applies to combustible or explosive matter, or inflammable conditions found in buildings which are in violation of law.

The Department of State Police may adopt and enforce rules and regulations governing the having, using, storage, sale and keeping of gasoline, naphtha, kerosene, or other substance of like character, blasting powder, gunpowder, dynamite, or any other inflammable or combustible chemical products or substances or materials. The Department of State Police may also adopt and enforce rules and regulations requiring the placing of fire extinguishers in buildings.

The Department of State Police, in consultation with the Superintendent of Public Instruction, prepares books of instruction, for use in the public and private schools, with regard to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste, together with providing instruction and training of pupils of such schools by means of fire drills.

A biennial report is made to the Governor setting forth a full report of the work during the two preceding calendar years, including such recommendations for legislation as may be desirable to further carry out the purpose of the law for the prevention of fire waste.

The Department of State Police shall keep in its office all records which may be sent it in accordance with the law relative to the physical condition of buildings, whether the laws and ordinances have been complied with so far as the same relate to fire protection, records of application for fire insurance upon any buildings, records of all fires occurring in the State, including statistics as to the extent of such fires and the damage caused thereby, and whether such losses were covered by insurance, and if so, in what amount; such records shall be public, except testimony taken in investigations, which may be withheld from the public, in the discretion of the Superintendent of State Police.

It is the duty of every fire insurance company or association, doing business in the State, to give certain notices and make certain reports to the Department of State Police, with relation to fire losses on property in Pennsylvania, and of any rating bureau to furnish information to the Department of State Police, and provides a penalty for the violation of the Act.

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES.

This Department was created by the Act approved April 2, 1903, which went into effect June 1, 1903, and consists of the Commissioner of Fisheries and four other citizens of the Commonwealth, who, together constitute the Fisheries Commission. The members of the Commission are appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of four years.

It is the duty of the Fisheries Commission to encourage and promote the development of the fishery interests of the State, and to obtain and publish information respecting the extent and condition of the fisheries of the Commonwealth, and to make rules and regulations for the enforcement of all laws designed for the protection and propagation of fish; and it is empowered to employ such legal and other service as may be necessary for the protection of fish, and for the apprehension and punishment of persons who may violate any of the laws relating to fish, or any of the rules and regulations which, under the powers given them, may be adopted by the Commission.

The Commissioner of Fisheries

is the president and executive officer of the Fisheries Commission, and also the chief superintendent of all hatching-stations, and fish-cultural establishments belonging to the State; and has full control and management of all such establishments, now existing or which may hereafter be established; and he has full control, direction and management of all fish-wardens or water-bailiffs; and full charge of the work of the enforcement of the laws relating to the protection, propagation and distribution of fish; and all fish-wardens, constables, police, sheriffs and guardians of the peace are required to make prompt report to him of all cases of violation of the laws relating to fish.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

The Act approved July 26, 1913, P. L. 1374, abolished the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and created as its successor, with enlarged powers and duties, The Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. This Act became effective on January 1, 1914, except that the Commission was to be appointed and organized, appoint its officers and employes, establish its offices and make such general rules and orders as the provisions of the Act may require, on or before October 1, 1913. The Commission was given the power to hear and determine any pending cases transferred to it by the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission, and to dispose of the unfinished business of said Railroad Commission.

The Commission is composed of seven members, appointed by the Governor, subject to the approval of the Senate, for terms of four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten years, respectively, from the 1st day of July, 1913, and their successors shall each be appointed for a term of ten years. Each Commissioner at the time of his appointment and qualification must be a resident of the State and a qualified voter therein for a period of at least one year and shall be not less than thirty years of age. The chairman of the Commission shall be designated by the Governor and shall, when present, preside at all meetings, and in his absence the member whose term shall first expire shall preside. A quorum of the Commission shall be four members, who, for all purposes, including the making of any order or the ratification of any act done or order made by one or more of the Commissioners, must act unanimously. No vacancy in the Commission shall impair the right of a quorum of the Commissioners to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the Commission. No person shall be appointed a member of the Commission, or hold any place, position, or office under it, who occupies any official relation to any public service company doing business in this Commonwealth, or who holds any other appointive or elective office of the Commonwealth or any municipality thereof. No Commissioner shall during his term be a candidate for

any such office. The Attorney-General shall be ex-officio the general counsel of the Commission. He shall appoint two attorneys who shall be learned in the law as counsel and assistant counsel, respectively, for the Commission. The Commission is authorized to appoint a secretary, an investigator of accidents, a marshal, and such other officers and employes as it may deem necessary.

Any investigation, inquiry, or hearing which the Commission has power to undertake or hold may be undertaken or held by or before any one or more of the Commissioners, upon condition, however, that such Commissioner or Commissioners shall have been authorized by the Commission to undertake or hold such investigation, inquiry or hearing. All investigations, inquiries, or hearings, before or by any such Commissioner or Commissioners, shall be, and be deemed to be, the investigations, inquiries, and hearings of the Commission. Any determination, ruling or order of a Commissioner or Commissioners upon any such investigation, inquiry, or hearing undertaken or held by him or them shall not become and be effective until approved and confirmed by at least a quorum of the Commission and ordered to be filed in its office. Upon such confirmation and order, such determination, ruling or order shall be the determination, ruling, or order of the Commission. In any investigation, inquiry or hearing the Commission is authorized to employ a special agent or examiner, who shall have power to administer oaths, and examine witnesses, and receive evidence in any locality which the Commission, having regard to the public convenience and the proper discharge of its functions and duties, may designate. The testimony and evidence so taken or received shall have the same force and effect as if taken or received by the Commission, or any one or more of the Commissioners, as above provided.

The Commission, or a quorum thereof, shall hold stated meetings at least twice a month during the year, at its principal office, and may hold meetings at any time and at any place within this Commonwealth. The principal office of the Commission at Harrisburg shall be open for business, between the hours of nine ante meridian and five post meridian, every business day in the year.

Definition of Public Service Companies.

The term "Public Service Company," when used in The Public Service Company Law, includes all railroad, canal, street railway, stage line, express, baggage transfer, pipe line, ferry, common carriers, Pullman car, dining car, tunnel, turn-pike, bridge, wharf, incline plane, grain elevator, telegraph, telephone, natural gas, artificial gas, electric, water, water-power, heat, refrigerating and sewage corporations, doing business within this State, and also all persons engaged for profit in the same kind of business within this Commonwealth.

Powers and Duties of Commission.

The Commission has general administrative power and authority to supervise and regulate all public service companies doing business within this Commonwealth. Said power and authority shall include the power to inquire into and regulate the service, rates, fares, tolls, or charges of any and all public service companies, including individual and joint rates; the charges for long and short transmission of messages and conversations by telegraph and telephone companies; the making of repairs, alterations, and improvements in and to such service as shall be reasonably necessary for the accommodation or safety of its patrons, employes, and the public; the granting of transfers to or from one part of the system of the same common carrier to another part; the routing of the lines of street railways, under the provisions of the Act approved the 15th day of May, A. D. 1895, P. L. 65, or otherwise; the just and equitable distribution of trains, cars, vehicles, and motive power, or other facilities, of all common carriers; the granting, construction, operation, or discontinuance of switches, sidings, and crossings; the construction, operation, or discontinuance of switch connections with or between lines of railroad corporations; the location or abolition of freight and passenger stations, wharves,

docks or piers; the use and compensation for cars owned or controlled by persons other than the carrier; the safety, adequacy, and sufficiency of the facilities, plant, and equipment for the carrying on of their business by said public service companies; the quantity or quality of water, gas, electricity, or light, heat or power, supplied; and, as specifically provided in this act, the issuing of stocks, trust certificates, bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities by public service companies.

Whenever the Commission shall determine, after hearing, had upon its own motion, or upon complaint, that the service, facilities, rules, regulations, practices, or classifications of any public service company, in respect to, or in connection with, or employed by, or in the performance of, its public duties within this Commonwealth, are unsafe, inadequate, insufficient, unjust, or unreasonable, the Commission shall determine, and specify by an order in writing to be made and filed and to be served upon every public service company to be affected thereby, the just, reasonable safe, adequate, and sufficient service, facilities, rules, regulations, or practices thereafter to be put in force, observed, rendered, used, or furnished in the performance of its public duties by said public service company or companies; and thereupon it shall be the duty of every public service company affected by said order to observe and obey said order and all and every the mandates and requirements thereof.

Whenever the Commission shall determine, after hearing, had upon its own motion, or upon complaint, that the rates, fares, tolls, or charges established, demanded, exacted, charged, or collected by any public service company or companies, for any service rendered or furnished, are unjust or unreasonable or inadequate, or are unjustly discriminatory or unduly or unreasonably preferential; or that the facilities or service furnished or rendered by any public service company or companies are unjustly discriminatory, or unduly or unreasonably preferential; in favor of or against any particular person, corporation, locality, or any particular kind or description of traffic or service,—then the Commission shall determine, and prescribe by a specific order, the maximum, just, due, equal, and reasonable rate, fares, tolls, and charges to be thereafter established, demanded, exacted, charged, or collected for the service to be performed; and the just, due, equal, reasonable and proper regulations and practices, as affecting such rates, to be observed by the public service company; and the Commission may classify such rates. The said order shall be served, upon all public service companies by which such rates, fares, tolls, and charges, and such regulations and practices affecting the same, are thereafter to be charged and observed. The power to fix maximum rates or charges shall include the power to fix joint rates or charges where joint service is rendered by two or more public service companies, or where other public service companies may be interested in the rate or charge.

Whenever the Commission receives notice of any change proposed in any tariff or schedule filed or posted under the provisions of the act, it shall have power, either upon complaint or upon its own motion, and, if it so orders, without answer or other formal pleading by the interested public service company, after notice, to hold a public hearing, and make investigations as to the propriety of such proposed change and of the new rate, practice, or classification. After such hearing and investigation, whether completed before or after such change goes into effect, the Commission may make such order in reference to the new rate, practice, and classification as would be proper in a proceeding initiated after the same had become effective. At any such hearing involving any proposed increase in any rate, the burden of proof to show that such increased rate is just and reasonable shall be upon the public service company.

The Commission shall have power, in its discretion, and for good cause shown, to permit changes in the tariffs or schedules filed and published, upon less than thirty days' notice, under certain conditions.

The Commission shall also have power, in its discretion, where any notice of increase in any rates, fares, tolls, or charges of a public service company has been filed, to require by general rule or special order that such company shall furnish to its shippers, consumers or other patrons a certificate or other evidence of payments made by them in excess of the prior established rate. If, after hearing, upon complaint or upon its own motion, the Commission shall determine that any rates which have been collected, or any acts which have been done or omitted to be done, or any regulations, classifications, or practices which have been enforced for, or in relation to, any service rendered after this act becomes effective, by any public service company complained of, were in violation of any order of the Commission, or were unjust and unreasonable or unjustly discriminatory, or unduly or unreasonably preferential; or, in like manner, shall find that the rates so collected are in excess of the rates contained in the tariffs or schedules of any such public service company on file or posted, and in effect and applicable at any time the said service was rendered,—the Commission shall, upon petition, have the power and authority to make an order for reparation, awarding and directing the payment to any such complainant petitioner, within a reasonable time specified in the order, of the amount of damages sustained in consequence of said unjust, unreasonable, or unlawful collections, acts or commissions, regulations, classifications or practices, of such public service company: Provided, That such damages have been actually sustained by such complainant petitioner.

The Commission shall state in said order the exact amount to be paid, as well as its findings upon pertinent questions of fact. No reparation, as herein provided, shall be awarded by the Commission unless the complaint or petition shall have been filed with it within two years from the time when the cause of action accrued. A suit for the enforcement of an order directing such payment shall be filed in the said court of common pleas within one year from the date of the order, and not after.

In the case of any street railway corporation or incline plane corporation, the Commission may also, whenever it may deem it necessary or proper, for the accommodation, convenience or safety of the public, in the conveyance of passengers, after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint, require such street railway corporations or incline plane corporations to transfer such passengers to or from another part of the system of the said street railway corporation or incline plane corporation; and, to this end and object to make proper and convenient arrangement or adjustment of the time schedules of said street railway corporation or incline plane corporation; and also to make such proper and convenient adjustment of its time schedules with those of other contiguous or connecting street railway corporations or incline plane corporations as the Commission shall deem necessary or proper, for the accommodation, convenience, and safety of the public.

The Commission shall have power to require railroad corporations and street railway corporations to construct and maintain such switch or other connections, with or between the lines of other companies of the same character, as are reasonably practicable, and as the Commission shall deem necessary and proper, for the service, accommodation, and convenience of the public; and shall also have power to establish through routes and joint rates and classifications, for the conveyance of persons and property between any two or more points within this Commonwealth whenever the railroad corporations concerned shall have refused or neglected voluntarily to establish such through routes and joint rates and classifications, and to prescribe the just terms and conditions under which said through routes shall be operated: Provided, That, in establishing such through route, the Commission shall not require any railroad company, without its consent, to embrace in such route substantially less than the entire length of its railroad and of any intermediate railroad, operated in conjunction and under a common management

or control therewith, which lies between the termini of such proposed through route, unless to do so would make such through route unreasonably long as compared with another practicable through route which would otherwise be established.

The Commission shall, in case of failure of the railroad corporations or street railway corporations concerned to agree among themselves upon the division of the cost of construction, maintenance, and operation of the connections thus provided for, or the allowance to be made for the interchange of service, or the apportionment of any joint rates, ascertain, and by order prescribe and fix, the equitable and just apportionment and division of the same. Nothing in this section shall give the Commission power over street railway corporations engaged in the business of carrying passengers, but not engaged in the general business of transporting freight, and which do not generally solicit the transportation of freight as a main branch of their business.

In the case of a telegraph corporation, or person engaged in the public telegraph business, the Commission may also, whenever it may determine it to be necessary or proper for the accommodation or convenience of the public so to do, after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint, require any such telegraph corporation or person to permit any other such telegraph corporation, or person engaged in the public telegraph business, to connect its or his lines of telegraph with the lines of telegraph of such first-named telegraph corporation or person; and interchangeably to receive dispatches from and for each other, and from and for any individual or individuals; and, on payment of its or his usual charges to individuals for transmitting dispatches, as established by the rates and regulations of such telegraph corporation or person, or by the Commission to transmit such dispatches with impartiality and good faith.

Whenever the Commission shall find that there are any two or more telephone companies whose lines form a continuous line of communication, or could be made to do so by the construction and maintenance of suitable connections between the several lines at common points, for the transmission of conversations between different localities which are not reached by the lines of either company alone, and that such connections and facilities for the through transmission of conversations, jointly, over the several lines, can reasonably be made, and an efficient service can be obtained without injustice to either company, and without substantial impairment or detriment to the service to be rendered by either company, and that a public necessity exists therefor; or shall find that any two or more telephone companies have failed to establish just and reasonable joint rates or charges for through service, by or over their several lines so connected, and that such joint rates or charges ought to be established, in order to supply a through traffic and communication between different localities not otherwise provided for, or proffered by the companies in question, or either of them:—the Commission may by its order require that such connection be made and facilities supplied, and that through conversations be transmitted thereby; and may prescribe the through line and joint rates and charges to be made and to be used and in force in the future; and shall appoint or approve necessary and proper conditions, rules, and regulations for the joint through traffic and an equitable apportionment between the several companies of the costs and revenues in connection therewith, and the Commission may fix the same by its order, to be duly served upon the company or companies affected.

Subject to the approval of the Commission, or its successors in authority, any telephone corporation may buy and own all or any part of the capital stock of any other like corporation, and may acquire, and thereafter be possessed of, own, hold, exercise, and enjoy, all the franchises, corporate property, rights, and credits, then possessed, owned, held, or exercised by said last mentioned vendor corporation, including all line or lines, system or systems of telephone, owned, operated, or maintained by said vendor corporation, whether or not competing with the lines of telephone owned, operated, or maintained by the said vendee corporation.

Subject to the approval of the Commission, or its successor in authority, such corporation may purchase, lease, or acquire, or sell or dispose of all or any part of any line or lines, system or systems, of telephone communication, and also any appurtenant or incidental property, rights, privileges, municipal consents, and corporate franchises, owned by any individual, partnership, joint stock corporation, or other association or corporation, whether or not said all or part of such line or lines, system or systems, competes with any telephone line or lines, telephone system or systems, or part thereof, owned, controlled, operated, or maintained by the purchasing corporation.

Where the public service companies entitled to share in any joint rate or charge shall be unable to agree upon the division thereof, or shall make any unjust, unreasonable, or unduly discriminatory or preferential division or apportionment thereof, the Commission may, after hearing, upon its own motion or upon complaint fix the proportion to which every such public service company shall be entitled.

The Commission may investigate the rates or interstate traffic facilities or service of common carriers within this Commonwealth, and when such rates, facilities, or service are, in the determination of the Commission, unjust, unreasonable, or unjustly discriminatory, or unduly or unreasonably preferential, or in violation of the interstate commerce law or in conflict with the rulings, orders, or regulations of the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Commission may apply by petition to the said Interstate Commerce Commission for relief, or may present to the said Interstate Commerce Commission all facts coming to its knowledge as to the violation of the rules, orders, or regulations of that Commission, or as to the violation of the Interstate commerce law.

Except in cases in which grade crossings are in process of abolition at the time of the passage of this act, under agreement or contract with a municipality, the Commission shall have exclusive power to determine, order and prescribe, in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by it, the just and reasonable manner, including the particular point of crossing, in which the tracks or other facilities of any public service company may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other public service company at grade, or above or below grade, or at the same or different levels; or in which the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other railroad corporation or street railway corporation, or across any public highway, at grade, or above or below grade; or in which any public highway may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation at grade, or above or below grade; and to determine, order and prescribe the terms and conditions of installation and operation, maintenance and protection, of all such crossings which may now or hereafter be constructed including the stationing of watchmen thereat, or the installation and regulation of lights, block or other system of signaling, safety appliances, devices, or such other means or instrumentalities as may to the Commission appear reasonable and necessary,—to the end, intent, and purpose that accidents may be prevented and the safety of the public promoted. No such crossing shall be constructed without the approval of the Commission, evidenced by its "Certificate of Public Convenience," first had and obtained and not otherwise; but in no case shall the approval or consent of any court, board, or other commission or officer, or of any municipality, be necessary therefor. It shall be proper, however, for the Commission, by general rule or order, whenever the same can be properly regulated by suitable general rule, to prescribe the terms and conditions under which such crossing may be constructed, operated, maintained, or protected, without the particular approval of the Commission.

The Commission shall also have exclusive power, upon its own motion or upon complaint, and after hearing as hereinafter provided (of which all the parties in interest, including the owners of adjacent property, shall have due notice), to order any crossing aforesaid, now existing or hereafter constructed at grade, or at the same or different levels, to be relocated or altered, or to be abolished, according to plans and specifications to be approved, and upon just and reasonable terms and conditions to be prescribed by the Commission.

In determining the plans and specifications for any crossing herein mentioned, the Commission may lay out, establish, and open such new public highways as, in its opinion, may be necessary to connect said crossing with any existing highways or to make said crossing more available to public use; and may abandon or vacate such highways or portions of highways as, in the opinion of the Commission, may be rendered unnecessary for public use by the construction, relocation, or abandonment of any of said crossings.

The compensation for damages which the owners of adjacent property, taken, injured, or destroyed, may sustain in the construction, relocation, alteration, or abolition of any such crossing herein specified (for which compensation the said owners are hereby invested with warrant of authority, upon appeal from the determination of the Commission, to sue the Commonwealth), shall, after due notice and hearing, be ascertained and determined by the Commission; and such compensation, as well the expense of the said construction, relocation, alteration, or abolition of any such crossings, shall be borne and paid, as hereinafter provided, by the public service company or companies or municipal corporations concerned, or by the Commonwealth, either severally or in such proper proportions as the Commission may, after due notice and hearing, in due course, determine, unless the said proportions are mutually agreed upon and paid by those interested as aforesaid.

In prescribing the terms and conditions, upon which any such crossing may be constructed or relocated, or altered or abolished, and the proportionate contributions to the expense thereof, including the damages or compensation to the owners of adjacent property, as aforesaid, the Commission may, among other things, take into consideration the relative importance to the public of the services rendered by the public service companies concerned, as well as the priority of location: Provided, That where any portion of the cost and expense thereof shall have been or shall be borne in the future by the Commonwealth or any municipal corporation, such portion shall not be taken into account by the Commission in fixing any valuation, for any purpose, under any of the provisions of this act: And provided further, That where the order of the Commission shall, as part of the regulation of the construction, relocation, alteration or abolition of any crossing aforesaid, require, as incidental thereto, a relocation, changes in or the removal of any adjacent structures, equipment or other facilities of any telegraph, telephone, gas, electric light, water-power, water pipe-line, or other public service company, said company shall, at its own expense, relocate, change, or remove such structures, equipment, or other facilities, in conformity with the order of the Commission; and, in default of compliance with such order, the Commission shall cause the work and materials to be done and furnished in accordance with the said order, and may recover the cost and expense thereof from the said public service company.

Before the Commission shall make any final order relative to the construction, relocation, alteration, or abolition of any crossing involving any public highway or street, an effort shall be made by the Commission to reach an agreement with the proper officials of the municipal corporations concerned, determining the plans and specifications governing such crossing; and, in default of such agreement, the Commission shall exercise the exclusive power vested in it, and shall finally determine and adopt the complete plans and specifications, and locate all lines and grades in said public highways and streets, and may permit the public service company or companies, or the municipal corporation, to do the whole or any portion of the work in accord-

ance therewith; otherwise, the Commission shall do the work by contract or contracts, to be awarded, after due advertisements, to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with the said plans and specifications. The said contractor shall be authorized, in the name of the Commission, to collect by due process of law from the public service company or companies, or the said municipal corporations, or from the Commonwealth, either severally or proportionately as may be determined by the Commission, the amount which may be justly due him under the terms of his said contract with the commission; and any amount so determined to be paid the said contractor by the Commonwealth, as well as the amount of damages or compensation determined and awarded to be paid the owners of adjacent property, as aforesaid, shall in each instance be paid by the State Treasurer, on a warrant drawn by the Auditor General, upon the presentation to that officer of a statement setting forth the amount determined to be paid as aforesaid, duly certified by the Commission.

The Commission shall have the right to recover, for and on behalf of the Commonwealth, by due process of law, as debts of like amount are now by law recoverable, from the public service company or companies, or municipal corporations, in such amounts or proportions against each as may be determined by the Commission, as aforesaid, the amount of the damages or compensation awarded to the owners of adjacent property by the Commission, or by the court of the proper county on appeal, and the amounts so recovered shall be paid into the State Treasury for the improvement of the roads of the Commonwealth.

The Commission, in order to eliminate grade crossings, may order and direct that a viaduct or bridge be constructed over, above, and across the several railroad tracks or lines, and also, where the same becomes necessary, over, above, and across rivers and streams which it may be found necessary to cross in order to eliminate the said grade crossings, and to change the location thereof to a new place or to another street or highway, and to apportion the cost, expense, and maintenance thereof in the manner now provided by law.

When any bridge or viaduct is directed to be constructed in the manner set forth in the Act of July 10, 1919, P. L. 901, and the same is located in the line of any public street or highway which crosses any navigable river, or stream which has been declared a public highway by Act of Assembly, across which a bridge has been or shall hereafter be authorized to be constructed at the expense of the Commonwealth to replace a county bridge destroyed by flood or other casualty, it shall be lawful for the Public Service Commission to direct that a certain part or portion of the cost of constructing said viaduct shall be paid by the Commonwealth; the said cost and expense, however, to be paid by the Commonwealth, shall not exceed what it would cost to construct a bridge to span any such river or stream at the point where the said structure is being or is directed to be built by said Public Service Commission: Provided, however, That the cost and expense of the approaches to said bridge which crosses the tracks of any public service company to connect with such bridge shall be apportioned in the manner now provided by law.

Any contract for the construction of said bridge shall be subject to the approval of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings, and the amount which the Commonwealth will be responsible to pay on the said contract shall be certified by the said board and attached to the contract.

The cost and expenses of the rebuilding or erection of any such bridge by the Commonwealth shall be paid from any appropriations made to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for the rebuilding of county bridges, and shall be paid out in the manner set forth in the contract.

The Commission may, after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint, establish such standards of facilities and service of public service companies as shall be reasonably necessary for the safety, accommodation, or convenience of its patrons, employes, and the public; and require, by an order to be served upon

every public service company affected thereby, the facilities or service of such public service companies to conform to such standards. The Commission shall also have power, after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint, to require public service companies to make all such repairs, changes, alterations, additions, extensions, and improvements, in and about their facilities and service, as shall be reasonably necessary and proper for the safety, accommodation, convenience, and service of their patrons, employees, and the public.

The Commission shall have power, of its own motion or upon complaint, to institute any inquiry or investigation, and to determine, upon hearing or rehearing had for that purpose, whether any public service company has, after January 1, 1914, issued or made any increase in the issue of any stocks, trust certificates, bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities, whether such bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness, or other securities be payable at periods of more or less than twelve months, in violation of any of the provisions or requirements of this act; and, if so, to determine and find the nature and extent of such violations, and, subject to the provisions for rehearing and appeal, shall certify the record of such hearing and finding to the Attorney-General to institute, in the name of the Commonwealth, such proceedings in equity or law, civil or criminal, as shall be necessary or proper to enforce the provisions of this act, and to restrain and prevent such public service company from consummating or continuing any act or acts alleged to have been done or to be contemplated in violation of the provisions or requirements of this act or of the laws or Constitution of the Commonwealth.

The Commission may, and shall after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint, establish, by an order to be served as hereinafter provided upon every public service company affected thereby, a system of accounts to be used by such public service companies; and may also, in its discretion, prescribe the manner and form in which accounts, records, and memoranda shall be kept by public service companies, including the accounts, records, and memoranda of the conveyance of passengers and property, and a proper and reasonable depreciation account, as well as the receipts and expenditures of money. And the Commission may classify public service companies, and prescribe the system of accounts to be adopted and used by each class, and may prescribe the manner and form in which such accounts shall be kept, and may subdivide each class according to the volume of business transacted, or otherwise. And the Commission shall have power, upon application, to relieve any public service company from the duty of carrying a depreciation account.

The Commission may, and shall after hearing had as aforesaid, prescribe the accounts in which particular outlays and receipts shall be entered, charged, or credited.

The Commission may also, after hearing as aforesaid, require that no expenditures shall be charged to any operating account that should properly be charged to the capital account, or vice versa; and require that all and every the receipts and expenditures of public service companies be properly apportioned among the various accounts which it may establish.

The Commission shall at all times have access to all accounts, records, and memoranda kept by public service companies; and may designate any of its officers or employees, who shall thereupon have authority to inspect and examine any and all accounts, records, and memoranda kept by such public service companies. The Commission shall also have power to require the making and filing with it of all reports, records, maps, documents, data, and information, whenever it deems the same necessary and proper in the public interest or to carry out the provisions of the act: Provided, That where any municipal corporation is engaged in rendering or furnishing to the public any service of the kind or character rendered or furnished by public service companies, the provisions shall apply to said municipal corporation with respect to such service. And provided further, That in

case of any public service company subject to the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission, the systems of accounts, records, and memoranda prescribed by the Commission shall conform to those prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The Commission shall have power to prescribe the form of the tariffs and schedules required to be filed and posted and published by public service companies; and the rules and regulations as to the filing, posting, and publishing, and the manner and places of posting and publishing thereof, in the case of public service companies also subject to the Interstate Commerce Commission, shall conform as nearly as practicable to those prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

If the Commission shall find it necessary and proper to the rendering of reasonably safe and adequate or sufficient service, it may, and shall after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint, make an order, to be served upon every common carrier to be affected thereby, requiring all such common carriers to revise and change the time schedules of such common carriers; to alter the running time of trains, cars, vehicles, or boats, or changes in the routes, of street railway lines or systems; or regulating or requiring the furnishing and distribution of cars, trains, vehicles, boats, motive power, or other facilities, without undue or unreasonable discrimination or preference between shippers, localities, or competitive or non-competitive points; and the switching, loading, and unloading of said trains, cars, vehicles, boats, or other facilities; the weighing or billing of cars and of property offered for shipment; or regulating demurrage charges, track-storage charges, package-room or baggage-room charges, and package or baggage transfer rates and charges; and, generally, to make such other arrangements and improvements in service and facilities as shall be just and reasonable, having due regard to the needs of the public under all the circumstances presented.

When application shall be made to the Commission by any proposed public service company for the approval by said Commission of its incorporation, or organization, or creation: or by any public service company for the approval by the Commission of the renewal of its charter, or the obtaining of any additional rights, powers, franchises, or privileges by any amendment or supplement to its charter, or otherwise; or for permission from the Commission to begin the exercise of any right, power, franchise, or privilege; or for the approval by the Commission of the sale, assignment, transfer, lease, consolidation, or merger of any of its powers, franchises, or privileges with any other corporation or person; or when application shall be made to the Commission by any public service company for the approval by the Commission of the purchase, acquisition, taking, or holding, either in absolute ownership or in pledge or as collateral security, directly or indirectly, of any controlling right, title, or interest, legal or equitable, to or in the capital stock, trust certificates, bonds, or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities, or other controlling right, title, or interest whatsoever, in any other public service company; or when application shall be made to the Commission by any telegraph corporation, or person or persons engaged in the public telegraph business, for the approval by the Commission of the connection of its or his lines of telegraph with the lines of any other such telegraph corporation, or person engaged in the public telegraph business; or when application shall be made to the Commission by any telephone corporation, or person engaged in the public telephone business, to connect, use, and interchange its or his lines, facilities, and service with the lines, facilities, and service of any other such telephone corporation, or person engaged in the public telephone business; and for the determination by the Commission of the just compensation, terms, and conditions of such connection, use and interchange; or when application shall be made to the Commission for the approval of the construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition of any crossing at grade, or above or below grade; or when application shall be made to the Commission by any public service company for any approval by it; or

when application shall be made to the Commission by any municipal corporation for the approval required by the provisions of the act,—such approval, in each and every such case, or kind of application, shall be given only if and when the said Commission shall find or determine that the granting or approval of such application is necessary or proper for the service, accommodation, convenience, or safety of the public.

For the purpose of enabling the Commission to make such finding or determination it shall hold such hearings, which shall be public, and subpoena and examine such witnesses, and compel the production of and examine such books, papers, contracts, or other documents, and make such inquiries, physical examinations, valuations, and investigations as it may deem necessary or proper, in enabling it to reach a determination. Due notice of every such hearing shall be given, and in every case the Commission shall make a finding or determination in writing, stating whether or not its approval is given, and, if given, shall issue its certificate, to be known as its Certificate of Public Convenience, under its seal, and file among its records a duplicate of every such certificate.

The Commission shall have power, upon application or upon its own motion, to ascertain and determine the fair value of the property of every public service company in this Commonwealth, and to determine any matter in connection therewith; and shall exercise the said power whenever the same is required, or whenever it shall deem such valuation or determination necessary or proper under any of the provisions of this act. In ascertaining and determining such fair value, the Commission may determine every fact, matter, or thing which, in its judgment, does or may have any bearing on such value; and may take into consideration, among other things, the original cost of construction, particularly with reference to the amount expended in the existing and useful permanent improvements; with such consideration for the amount in market value of its bonds and stocks, the probable earning capacity of the property under particular rates prescribed by statute or ordinance, or other municipal contract, or fixed or proposed by the commission, and for the items of expenditures for obsolete equipment and construction, as the circumstances and the historical development of the enterprise may warrant; the reproduction costs of the property, based upon the fair average price of materials, property, and labor, and the developmental and going concern value of such public service company; and these, and any other elements of value, shall be given such weight by the Commission as may be just and right in each case.

The Commission shall also have power to make revaluations of the property of any public service company, from time to time, and to ascertain and determine the value of new construction, extensions, and additions to the same.

The Commission shall have power to establish reasonable general or special rules with respect to the preparation of such valuations, the forms to be followed, the inventories and statements and proofs of original cost to be made, and all other matters, figures, data, and information in connection therewith.

When application shall be made to the Commission by any public service company for the ascertainment and determination of the amount paid or agreed to be paid to the Commonwealth, or any political subdivision thereof, as the consideration for the grant of any franchises, rights, powers, privileges, or right to own or operate or enjoy any such franchises, rights, powers, or privileges; or for the ascertainment and determination of the aggregate values of the properties of any public service companies consolidated or merged, or for the ascertainment and determination of the value of the property of any public service company reorganized under the provisions of an Act of Assembly approved the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, entitled "An act concerning the sale of railroads, canals, turnpikes, bridges, and plank roads," or any supplement thereto or amendment thereof; or for a certificate that the provisions of paragraph (a) of section four of article three of this act, relating to the issuing of stocks or making

any increase in the issue thereof by public service companies, have been complied with; or for the ascertainment and determination of the value of any property or labor, for which any bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness, running for more than twelve months, are issued; or for the ascertainment and determination of the value of any other fact, matter, or thing of which the Commission is authorized to ascertain and determine the value under the terms of this act,—then, and in every such case, for the purpose of making such ascertainment or determination of value, the Commission shall hold such hearings, which shall be public, and subpoena and examine such witnesses, and compel the production of, and examine, such books, papers, or other documents, and make such inspection, inquiries, physical examinations, valuations, and investigations, as it may deem necessary or proper to enable it to reach a determination. Due notice of every such public hearing shall be given, and in every such case the Commission shall make a finding or determination in writing, stating the value ascertained by the Commission, and shall issue its certificate, to be known as its Certificate of Valuation, under its seal, and file among its papers a duplicate of every such certificate. Any such findings or determinations shall be subject to the right of rehearing and appeal, as hereinafter provided.

The issuing by the Commission of any Certificate of Public Convenience or any Certificate of Valuation, enumerated or provided for in this act, or any finding, determination, or order made by the Commission, refusing or granting such certificates, shall not be construed to revive or validate any lapsed, terminated, invalidated, or void powers, franchises, rights, or privileges; or to enlarge or add to the rights, powers, franchises, or privileges contained in any charter, or in the grant of any franchises or any supplement or amendment to any charter, or to waive or remit any forfeiture. The issuing by the Commission of any Certificate of Valuation, enumerated or provided for in the act, shall be deemed to certify only to the fact that said securities were issued for money, labor done, or money or property actually received; and shall not be taken as requiring the Commission, in any subsequent valuation of the property of any public service company, for the purpose of ascertaining the amount to be paid to said public service company for its property, to fix a valuation which shall be sufficient to yield a return to the holders of said securities; neither shall said Certificate of Valuation be deemed to require the Commission in subsequently determining the rates to be charged for the service of said public service company, to provide a rate which shall be sufficient to yield a return on said securities.

The Commission shall have full power and authority to require public service companies to report or account to the Commission for the disposition and application of the proceeds of all sales or pledges of all stocks, trust certificates, bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness or other securities, which accounts and reports shall be made in such form and detail as to the Commission may seem advisable, and in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations which may be adopted by the Commission.

The Commission shall have full power and authority, either by or through its members, agents, or employes, duly authorized by it, whenever it shall deem it necessary or proper for the purposes of determining whether it shall issue any Certificate of Public Convenience or Certificate of Valuation, or for the purpose of investigating the safety, adequacy, and sufficiency, or reasonableness, of any service or rates, fares and charges, of any public service company, or in carrying out any of the provisions of the act, to enter upon the premises, buildings, machinery, system, plant, and equipment, and make any inspection, valuation, physical examination, inquiry, or investigation of any and all plant and equipment, facilities, property, and pertinent books, papers, memoranda, documents, or effects, whatsoever, of any public service company, and to hold any hearing for such

purposes. In making such valuations or revaluations, the Commission may have access to and use any books, documents, or records in the possession of any department or board of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof.

The Commission shall as a Commission, or by its individual members, have the power in any part of the Commonwealth to subpoena witnesses, to administer oaths, to examine witnesses, or to take such testimony, or compel the production of such books, papers, and documents, as it may deem necessary or proper in and pertinent to any proceeding, investigation, or hearing held or had by it, and to do all necessary and proper things and acts in the lawful exercise of its powers or the performance of its duties.

The Commission may require every public service company subject to its jurisdiction to file with it a copy of its reports as filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission of the United States: and as to all public service companies subject to this act, and not subject to the Interstate Commerce Commission, may require that such public service companies file reports in the form prescribed by the Commission.

The Commission may make such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the law, as may be necessary or proper in the exercise of its powers or for the performance of its duties; and whenever the Commission shall determine it to be necessary, in the interests of the public, to withhold from the public any facts or information obtained during the progress of any investigation, such facts and information may be so withheld.

In addition to the foregoing expressly enumerated powers, the Commission shall have full power and authority, and it shall be its duty, to enforce, execute, and carry out, by its orders, rulings, regulations, or otherwise, all and singular the provisions of articles two and three of the act, relating, respectively, to the duties and limitations, and to the creation and the powers, and limitations of the powers, of public service companies; and, all and singular, the other provisions of the act, and the full intent thereof; and shall have the power to rescind or modify any such orders, rulings, or regulations.

All hearings before the Commission or before any Commissioner, shall be public; and all hearings, investigations, and proceedings by the Commission shall be governed by such rules as shall be adopted and prescribed by the Commission.

The Commission shall charge and collect the following fees for filing papers and for copies of all official orders, documents, papers, records, et cetera:—

For copies of papers and records not required to be certified or otherwise authenticated by the Commission, ten cents for each folio of one hundred words.

For certified copies of official documents and orders filed in its office, fifteen cents for each folio of one hundred words and one dollar for each certificate under seal affixed thereto.

For copies of testimony and proceedings taken or had before the Commission or a commissioner, not required to be certified or otherwise authenticated by the Commission, ten cents for each folio of one hundred words.

For certified copies of testimony and proceedings taken or had before the Commission or Commissioner, fifteen cents for each folio of one hundred words and one dollar for each certificate under seal affixed thereto.

For certifying a copy of any report made by any public service company to the Commission, two dollars.

For each certified copy of the annual report of the Commission, one dollar and fifty cents.

For the filing of each application for a certificate of public convenience, the sum of five dollars.

For the filing of each certificate of notification, the sum of ten dollars.

For the filing of each application for a certificate of valuation, the sum of twenty-five dollars.

No fee shall be charged or collected for copies of papers, records, official documents, testimony or proceedings furnished to public officers for use in their official capacity, nor for the annual report of the Commission, in the ordinary course of distribution. All fees charged and collected by the Commission shall be paid into the State Treasury.

The Commission shall make an annual report, on or before the second Monday of May in each year, to the Governor; and a duplicate thereof shall be filed with the Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Appeals.

Within thirty days after filing of any finding or determination by the Commission, or after the date of service of any order,—unless an application for a rehearing may be pending, and then within thirty days after the refusal of such application,—or the entry of an order modifying, amending, rescinding, or affirming the original finding, determination, or order, any party to the proceedings affected thereby may appeal therefrom to the Superior Court: Provided, That there shall be no appeal from any order for reparation made by the Commission, but the suit may be brought as provided. The said court is hereby clothed with exclusive jurisdiction throughout the Commonwealth for the purpose of hearing and determining any and all said appeals: Provided, That in case of an appeal from the award of damages or compensation by the Commission, under any of the provisions of the act, the appeal shall, in case any party is entitled to demand a jury trial under section eight of article sixteen of the Constitution of this Commonwealth, be to the courts of the proper county thereof, but in all other cases shall be to the said Superior Court. If an appeal be made to any court other than the Superior Court, the case shall be proceeded with therein in accordance with the practice and procedure made and provided in such cases.

Within thirty days after the entry of any final judgment, order, or decree of the aforesaid Superior Court, any party to the record, aggrieved thereby, may appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court, if the jurisdiction of the Superior Court is in issue, or if the case involves the construction or application of the Constitution of the United States or of any statute or treaty of the United States, or if the case involves the construction or application of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, or if the appeal to the Supreme Court be specially allowed by the Superior Court itself, or by any one justice of the Supreme Court. Such appeals shall be taken and prosecuted in the same manner, and with the same effect, as is provided in other cases of appeal from the Superior Court to the Supreme Court.

Any party to the record, aggrieved by the final judgment, order, or decree of the court of the county, whenever under the provisions of the act an appeal may in the first instance be taken to said court, may, within thirty days after the entry of such final judgment, order, or decree, appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court. Such appeals shall be taken and prosecuted in the same manner and form, and with the same effect, as is provided in other cases of appeal to the Supreme Court from the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth.

WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania was created by the Act approved May 4, 1905, P. L. 385, and is composed of five members, three of whom are appointed by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate, for four years, and the other members are the Commissioner of Forestry and the Commissioner of Health. The Act of May 4, 1905, provides that it shall be the duty of the Commission to procure data and facts necessary to advise it thoroughly of the situation of the water supply of the State and adopt such ways and means of utilizing, conserving, purifying and distributing the water supplies in such a way that the various communities of the State shall be fairly and equitably dealt with in such dis-

tribution. No Letters Patent shall be issued to any company desiring to be incorporated for the purpose of supplying water to the public until said application has received the approval of a majority of the said Water Supply Commission. It is the further duty of the Commission to set forth, in its annual report, recommendations for future legislation, as in its opinion are necessary for the conservation, development, purification, equitable distribution and supply of the waters of the State, and particularly to such communities as are now greatly in need of extended facilities for this purpose.

Under the provisions of the Act approved June 7, 1907, P. L. 455, all applications for proposed water or water power companies must set forth the name of the river, stream or other body of water from which it is proposed to take water or develop water power, and, as near as may be, the point on said river or other body of water at which said water is proposed to be taken or said water power proposed to be developed. This Act further provides that no water or water power companies may merge or consolidate nor purchase the property and franchises of any other such company unless the agreement of said merger or purchase and sale has received the approval of a majority of the Commission. Furthermore, such agreement of merger or purchase and sale shall designate the stream and the point on the same at which said merged or consolidated company desires to use water or water power, and no such agreement of merger or purchase shall be approved by said Commission until the parties thereto shall have filed, in the office of the Commission, a written acceptance both of this Act and the Act approved April 13, 1905, taking away the right of eminent domain, as respects the appropriation of streams or the land covered thereby, from water companies. Any water or water power company, created subsequent to the passage of this Act, requiring a new or additional source of supply of water or water power, must make application to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania, setting forth the necessity for such new or additional source of supply and the river or stream or other body of water and the point on the same at which it is desired to take or use water or water power, and if said application be approved by a majority of the members of the Water Supply Commission and by the Governor, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall issue a certificate that such new or additional source of supply has been duly authorized.

Under the provisions of the Act of June 25, 1913, the supervision of the Water Supply Commission over obstructions in streams was extended to all streams whose drainage areas are greater than one-half square mile, except the tidal waters of the Delaware and of its navigable tributaries. The Commission has the power to grant or withhold its consent and make a part of said consent or permit such conditions, regulations and restrictions as may be deemed advisable. It is unlawful to construct or begin the construction of any water obstruction, or to make or begin any change or addition to any water obstruction, except in accordance with the terms, conditions, regulations and restrictions of such consent or permit, and such rules and regulations, with regard to said construction, changes or additions, as may be prescribed by the Commission. Under this Act the Commission is empowered to pass upon the design and construction of dams, in order to insure their stability, and, in response to petition or on its own initiative, to examine the condition of existing dams or other obstructions in streams, and may order the repair or removal thereof, in case they are dangerous to life or property. In case owners of such dangerous obstructions refuse to comply with the request of the Commission, said Commission may make the necessary repairs or remove the structure, collecting the cost of the same from the owners through the proper court. This Act makes disobedience of the orders of the Commission a misdemeanor and subjects transgressors to a fine of not more than \$1,000 or one year in prison, or both.

Under the Act of June 15, 1911, P. L. 990, the Water Supply Commission may extend the time of beginning or of completion of the works of any water or water power company, if said company makes application to said Commission previous to the expiration of the two years or seven years after incorporation, as provided under the laws of the Commonwealth for beginning and completing said works. Furthermore, on its own initiative or in response to petition, the Commission may inquire into the standing of any water or water power company and if the Commission decides that said company has not proceeded with due diligence and bona fide intent to fulfill the requirements of law, it may certify the facts in the case to the Attorney General, requesting him to institute quo warranto proceedings against said company for the annulment and revocation of its charter.

Under the provisions of the Act of July 7, 1913, the Commission is empowered to subpoena witnesses and require the production of books and papers and to require testimony under oath or affirmation, which may be administered by any member of the Commission. All hearings shall be public and the Commission may require that notice of any application shall be published by the applicants in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the proper county, two weeks prior to the hearing. Any member of the Commission or any employe thereof shall have the right to enter upon any land and to have free access to any works, structures, or buildings within this Commonwealth, to collect any data information which the Commission may deem necessary.

By the Act of May 23, 1913, the Water Supply Commission is authorized to establish and maintain such gaging stations on the principal rivers and tributaries thereof as may be necessary for the determination of the daily height of water in such streams, as well as the amount of water flowing therein, and the Commission is further directed, during freshet and flood conditions, to issue bulletins to municipalities in the Commonwealth where flood damage is likely to be caused, forecasting the probable height of water to be expected in the rivers and the probable time of arrival of the flood at such points.

Under the Act of July 25, 1913, which was amended by Act of June 18, 1915, and further amended by the Acts of July 25, 1917, and July 15, 1919, the Commission is authorized to erect a dam at the outlet of Pymatuning Swamp, on the headwaters of the Shenango River, in Crawford County, to conserve the waters thereof for domestic and industrial water supply, flood control and the improvement of water powers on said stream. Under this Act the Commission has the right to condemn land for reservoir purposes, to purchase material and supplies and to maintain and operate, at the expense of the Commonwealth, said reservoir after its completion.

The following rules, governing the practice before the Commission, are submitted for the guidance of those interested:

Rules Concerning Water and Water Power Companies.

Notices.

Twenty-one days' notice of the intention to apply for a charter must be given by advertisement in two newspapers of general circulation, printed in the county or counties where the water or water power is to be supplied and water or water power is to be obtained.

Notice of such intention to apply for a charter should give the names of at least three incorporators, designate the time when application for said charter will be made to the Governor, the Act of Assembly under which it is made, the purpose proposed, and the district proposed to be supplied.

Proof of the publication of such notice must be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth before the application is presented to the Governor or the Commission, and no application will be acted upon by the Commission until such proof is filed.

Filing of Papers and Maps.

All applications for charters, agreements for the merger and consolidation of two or more companies, and certificates designating the source of supply of a company proposing to purchase the property and franchises of another company, should be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and a copy thereof should be furnished this Commission.

Applications for charters should be on file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth during the period of publication of notice.

Application for a new or additional source of supply should be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and a duplicate of such application should be filed in the office of this Commission.

No application for a charter, or for the approval of an agreement for the consolidation and merger, or for the approval of a source of supply by a company proposing to purchase the property and franchises of another company, or of an application for a new or additional source of supply will be considered by the Commission until all fees and bonus required by law shall have been paid.

Applicants for charters for water or water power companies, or for a new or additional source of supply, or for the approval of an agreement of merger and consolidation, or of the purchase of the property and franchises of one company by another, shall furnish the Commission with maps and plans in sufficient detail to show in the case of proposed water supply companies the source of the water, method of collection, and distribution and community or communities to be supplied. In the case of proposed water power companies, said maps and plans should show the stream or streams to be used for water power, the method of development and the destination of the power. They shall also submit a written description of the proposed works, authentic data concerning the character and volume of the water to be used, and such other information as the Commission may deem necessary for intelligent disposition of the application. Lists of questions concerning proposed water power developments and proposed water supply systems are furnished applicants upon receipt of applications for charters.

All applications for the incorporation of water and water power companies, or for a new or additional source of supply, or for the approval of an agreement of merger and consolidation, and all certificates designating the source of supply of a water company proposing to purchase the property and franchises of another company, together with all plans and information required in connection with the same, must be on file in the office of the Commission at least ten days, in order to permit of investigation and report by its Engineering Division.

In all applications for the incorporation of water and water power companies, or for a new or additional source of supply, and in all agreements of merger and consolidation and all certificates designating the source of supply of a company proposing to purchase the property and franchises of another company, the proposed source of supply must be stated specifically by reference in measured distance from some known and permanent point.

All approvals by the Commission are conditioned upon, and subject to, a compliance with the rules of the Department of Health relative to the purity of water.

Protests, Petitions and Hearings.

A protest against the approval of any application for a charter, or of the merger and consolidation of two or more companies, or of the purchase of the property and franchises of one company by another, or of a new or additional source of supply, should clearly and specifically set forth the ground for such protest and the interest of the protestants, giving the full and correct name of the company or companies against whose application for a charter, or for a new or additional source of supply, or against whose merger and consolidation, or purchase, it is filed, and in case of an application for a charter, designate the date when the application is advertised to be made, and should be verified by affidavit. A day for hearing will then be appointed, at which time all parties will be heard by counsel or in person.

Matters relating to the utilizing, conserving or distributing the waters of the State may be brought to the attention of the Commission by petition verified by affidavit, which shall fully set forth all the facts and the names of the persons, firms or corporations affected thereby, and such persons, firms or corporations will be given an opportunity of being heard relative to the matters alleged.

Answers to complaints against a water company by a municipality, under the provisions of the Act of May 28, 1907, shall be made in writing, under the seal of the corporation, and shall be verified by oath or affirmation of the president or secretary of such company, and be filed with the Commission, within thirty days after service of notice upon the company by the municipality. If deemed necessary a day for a hearing will be fixed, at which time the parties will be heard by counsel or in person.

Rules Concerning the Construction and Regulation of Dams, or Other Structures or Obstructions, In, Along, Across or Projecting Into any Stream or Body of Water Wholly or Partly Within, or Forming Part of the Boundary of, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Applications for the consent or permit of the Water Supply Commission for the construction of any dam or other water obstruction, or any change therein, or addition to an existing water obstruction, or to change or diminish the course, current or cross-section of any stream or body of water, wholly or partly within, or forming part of the boundary of, this Commonwealth, must be made upon blanks which will be furnished by the Commission upon request. Applicants shall furnish the Commission with complete maps, plans, profiles and specifications of the proposed work, which shall accompany the application, and shall also furnish the Commission with such other information and data relating thereto as the Commission may require, and such application must be on file in the office of the Commission at least ten days previous to the regular meeting at which such application will be considered.

When required by the Commission, public notice of application to be presented to the Water Supply Commission, shall include the purpose of the application, names of the applicants, location of the proposed work and the date of hearing.

In the event of the approval of such application by the Commission, a permit will be issued to the applicant, granting consent and permission to construct, erect, build and maintain said water obstruction, or to make a change in or addition to said water obstruction, subject to such conditions, limitations and regulations as may be prescribed by the Commission, and providing, of course, that full lawful authority exists for making such obstruction.

All maps, plans, profiles and specifications, information and data, submitted with the application, will remain on file in the office of the Commission.

Subsequent to the issuance of a permit by the Water Supply Commission for the construction of any dam or other water obstruction, or any change therein, or addition to an existing water obstruction, or to change or diminish the course, current or cross-section of any stream or body of water, wholly or partly within, or forming part of the boundary of, this Commonwealth, no change or modification in the plans or specifications, as approved, or deviation from the conditions prescribed by the Commission in the permit issued, shall be made without first making application for and receiving the approval of the Commission in writing therefor.

Protests against applications for the consent or permit of the Commission for the construction of any dam or other water obstruction, or any change therein, or addition to an existing water obstruction, or to change or diminish the course, current or cross-section of any stream or body of water wholly or partly within, or forming part of the boundary of, this Commonwealth, may be filed with the Commission by any party in interest, and should clearly set forth the ground of the protest and the interest of the protestants, giving fully and correctly all the necessary facts, verified by affidavit. A day for hearing will be fixed, if deemed necessary by the Commission, at which time all parties interested will be heard by counsel or in person.

The Commission has the power, upon complaint, or upon its own initiative, to cause an investigation or examination to be made of any dam, or other water obstruction now existing or hereafter constructed. The complainant should set forth all the facts and circumstances and the name of the person or persons, partnership, association, corporation, county, city, borough, town or township causing such obstruction or change, the name of the river, stream or body of water so affected, the place at which the obstruction or change is being made, the character thereof and the damage, or probable damage, occasioned, or to be occasioned, thereby. Said complaint should be verified by affidavit.

Violations of the law by the unlawful obstruction of any body of water, or change in the course, current or cross-section thereof, may be brought to the attention of the Commission in writing, setting forth all the facts and circumstances, and the name of the person, corporation or municipality causing such obstruction or change, the name of the river or stream so affected, the place at which the obstruction, or change, is being made, the character thereof, and the damage or probable damage, occasioned, or to be occasioned, thereby.

BOARD OF GAME COMMISSIONERS.

The Board of Game Commissioners was created by the Act approved June 25, 1895, P. L. 273, and is composed of six members who are appointed by the Governor, subject to the approval of the Senate, and whose term of office is three years. The terms of the members are so arranged that two members are appointed each year.

The Board has an office in the Capitol and is required to hold meetings there on the first Thursday of January and July, and at such other times and places within the State as the Commissioners shall appoint for the transaction of business. It is their duty to protect and preserve the game, song and insectivorous birds and the mammals of the State, and to enforce by proper action and proceedings the laws relating to the same. They have authority to appoint eighty persons, known as Game Protectors, one of whom is designated the Chief Game Protector and serves as Secretary of the Board, and has charge of their permanent headquarters. He gives a bond to the Board in the sum of one thousand dollars, and each of the other Protectors a bond in the sum of five hundred dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties. The Game Protectors hold office during the pleasure of the Board and are required to enforce the game laws, and have full power to execute all warrants and search warrants issued for the violation of the game laws and to serve subpoenas, and each makes a monthly sworn report to the Chief Protector. The latter is required to inform the Board of any dereliction of duty or incompetency on the part of the Protectors, whenever necessary, and makes an annual report to the Commissioners.

The Board is authorized to appoint as many Special Deputy Game Protectors as may be considered necessary, and such officers have jurisdiction anywhere in the State. Each Special Deputy must give a bond in the sum of three hundred dollars, and is paid as constables are paid for like services. They are given no compensation by the State for services or expenses.

The Board, under an Act approved April 9, 1915, P. L. 73, has the power whenever at least two hundred citizens of any county of this Commonwealth petition it to close, for a term of years, to the purpose of hunting elk, deer, squirrels of all kinds, wild turkey, ruffed-grouse, quail, commonly called Virginia partridge, ring-

necked pheasant, Hungarian quail, or either of them, as may appear necessary to the citizens of any county, for the purpose of adding to the protection of such animals and birds, or either of them, and assist in their increase in the county wherein such citizens reside.

The Board, under an Act approved April 16, 1915, P. L. 135, may establish and maintain State Game Preserves, for the protection and propagation of game. Such State Game Preserves may be located on the State forests, or may be upon land leased by the Board for that purpose.

Under the provisions of the Act of June 20, 1919, P. L. 533, the Board may also purchase or acquire lands by gift, to be used for establishing State Game Preserves, to be maintained perpetually for the benefit of sportsmen.

The Board, under an Act approved July 21, 1919, P. L. 1059, may establish and maintain as Auxiliary State Game Preserves on any suitable lands of a total of not less than two hundred and fifty acres, nor more than four thousand acres, whenever the owner or owners thereof shall desire to have said lands declared a State Game Preserve.

The Game Commission pays bounties on noxious animals, under the provisions of the Act of May 23, 1919, P. L. 270, as follows: Wild cat, \$8.00; fox, \$2.00; weasel, \$2.00; mink, \$1.00.

SOLDIERS' ORPHAN SCHOOL COMMISSION.

By Act of May 25, 1889, the Governor and five members of the General Assembly, consisting of two Senators and three Members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, respectively, together with a committee of five honorably discharged soldiers, members of the Grand Army of the Republic, were constituted a commission to take charge of all children then in the soldiers' orphan schools, or other institutions employed as soldiers' orphan homes and schools. The commission has charge of the Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial School at Scotland, Franklin County, and under the provisions of the Act approved April 9, 1867, and its supplements, the Act of April 13, 1899, and the Act of February 26, 1919, is authorized and empowered to rent such other buildings as may be necessary for the accommodation of the orphans of soldiers, sailors and marines participating in the war of the Rebellion, the Spanish-American war, Philippine Insurrection, and the World war, and to appoint all officers, teachers and employes that may be necessary for the proper care, maintenance and education, at the expense of the State, and until the age of sixteen years, of such orphans, but, in order that the benefits of industrial training may be given, the commission, at its discretion, is empowered to extend the time of discharge of such orphans, for two years, after they reach the age of sixteen years. The commission has power to make and prescribe all rules and regulations for the government of the several institutions, and is required to make a detailed report to the Legislature of the Commonwealth of all the orphans under their charge, their condition and progress, the number of each, respective age from five to sixteen years, and such other information as they may deem expedient, together with the statement of receipts and disbursements by items and estimates for the ensuing year. All bills for the education and maintenance of the said orphans are examined and certified by the president and secretary of the commission, and then forwarded to the Auditor-General for settlement.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE BOARD OF CENSORS OF MOTION PICTURES.

This Board was created by the Act of May 15, 1915, P. L. 534, and is composed of three members, one male member of the Board shall be Chairman, one female member shall be Vice-Chairman, and one male member shall be Secretary, appointed by the Governor, whose duty it shall be to examine or supervise the examinations

of all films, reels or views to be exhibited or used in Pennsylvania, to approve such as are moral and proper; and shall disapprove such as are sacrilegious, obscene, indecent, or immoral, or such as tend, in the judgment of the Board to debase or corrupt morals. A penalty of twenty-five dollars is provided for exhibiting unapproved moving picture films, reels or views, and fifty dollars for each subsequent offence.

The Board keeps an accurate record of all examinations and investigations and makes an annual report to the Governor. Each member of the Board furnishes a bond.

BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES.

The Board of Public Charities is composed of ten members, appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to serve for a term of five years; also a general agent and secretary, who is appointed by the Board for a term of three years and is a member ex-officio. The Board is authorized to appoint four assistant general agents to assist the general agent to examine the condition of charitable, reformatory and correctional institutions.

The members of the Board of Public Charities shall have full power either by themselves or the general agent, at all times to look into and examine the condition of all charitable, reformatory or correctional institutions within the State, financially and otherwise; to inquire and examine into their methods of instruction, the government and management of their inmates; the official conduct of trustees, directors, and other officers and employes of the same; the condition of the buildings, grounds, and other property connected therewith, and into all other matters pertaining to their usefulness and good management; and for these purposes they shall have free access to the grounds, buildings, and all books and papers relating to said institutions; and all persons now or hereafter connected with the same are hereby directed and required to give such information, and afford such facilities for inspection, as the said Board may require; and any neglect or refusal on the part of any officer or person connected with such institution to comply with any of the requirements of this act shall subject the offender to a penalty of one hundred dollars, to be sued for and collected by the general agent in the name of the Board. They shall also have power to employ such experts, clerks, stenographers, and other employes of all kinds as the business of the Board of Public Charities and that of the Committee on Lunacy may require.

Whenever, upon the examination of any jail, prison, penitentiary, or almshouse, any condition shall be found to exist therein which, in the opinion of said Board, is unlawful or detrimental to the proper maintenance, discipline, and hygienic conditions of such institution, or the proper care, maintenance, and custody of the inmates therein the said Board shall have power to make such recommendation to the warden, inspectors, trustees, sheriff, commissioners, overseers of the poor, or other officer or officers charged by law with the government of such institution, as said Board may deem necessary and proper to correct the said objectionable condition; and in case of the neglect, failure, or refusal of such officer or officers to comply with such recommendation, or in case of his or their failure to make such attempt to comply therewith as shall be satisfactory to the said Board within ninety days from the date of service of said recommendation upon them, the said Board shall certify the facts in the case, together with its recommendation, to the district attorney of the proper county, whose duty it shall be thereupon to proceed, by indictment or otherwise, to remedy the said objectionable condition.

It shall be the duty of all persons having charge or oversight over the poor in any city or county of this State, or in any sub-division thereof, and all persons having charge or control of county jails or prisons or workhouses and all

others having charge or control over any other charitable, reformatory, or correctional institutions, not now by law required to make an annual report of the condition of the same, to make report annually to the said Board at such time, upon such form, and in such manner, as it may prescribe, of such facts and statements concerning the same as it may require; and all charitable, reformatory, and correctional institutions now required by law to make annual reports shall hereafter make and transmit the same to said board, on or before the first day of September in each year; and all such institutions now receiving or that may hereafter desire to receive State aid shall annually give notice to said Board on or before the first day of September in each year, of the amount of any application for State aid which they may propose to make, and of the several purposes to which such aid, if granted is to be applied. Any neglect or refusal on the part of any person having charge or oversight over the poor, or on the part of any persons having charge or control over any jail, prison, workhouse, or charitable, reformatory or correctional institution, to make the report required by this act, or otherwise required by law, shall subject the offender to a penalty of one hundred dollars, to be sued for and collected by the General Agent in the name of the Board.

The Board may prescribe to all institutions receiving State aid a method of keeping their books: and the Board shall make no recommendation for the allowance of State aid to any such institution which shall not adopt said system.

Whenever any such institution shall thus give notice of asking for State aid, the Board shall inquire carefully into the ground of such request, the purpose or purposes for which the aid is asked, the amount which will be required, and into any matters connected therewith; and in the annual report the result of such inquiries shall be given, together with the opinions and conclusions of the Board thereon.

Before any county prison or county almshouse shall be erected within this Commonwealth, the plan of construction of such prison or almshouse, drawn sufficiently in detail for clear comprehension thereof, shall be submitted, by the commissioners of the county in which the same is to be built, to the Board, and shall be inspected and approved by it. Statistical information in relation to these institutions is required to be collated and presented in a report to the Legislature.

Under the Act of June 20, 1919, P. L. 505, officials in charge of private hospitals or other private charitable institutions, must submit plans, in duplicate, for the erection of any new buildings in connection therewith to the Board for its approval.

By the Act of 1883 the Board is authorized to appoint a

Committee on Lunacy

which is composed of five members of the Board of Public Charities who are elected annually by the Board. Two of said members are appointed by the Governor, by special provision of law, to serve on this Committee as the professional members (legal and medical). All matters relating to the insane, subsequent to the establishment of this committee must be referred by the Board to the same. By standing resolution of the Board this includes the supervision of the institutions for the feeble-minded and epileptic. The Governor may at his discretion remove any member from office upon sufficient cause. Three members constitute a quorum.

The members of the Committee receive no remuneration for their services; but their actual traveling expenses are refunded to them out of the amount specifically appropriated for the expenses of the Board of Public Charities in the General Appropriation Act.

The Committee, annually in November, elects a chairman, and a secretary, who is its executive officer. The Committee has the supervision and care of all the insane in the Commonwealth, and enforces the rules and regulations for the further-

ance of these objects made by the Board, with the consent of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and the Attorney-General. Under the Act of May 1, 1907, the Committee is authorized and empowered, at its discretion, upon being satisfied that any of the State hospitals for the insane are overcrowded to transfer patients or inmates from one State hospital for the insane to another, and all transfers from one hospital to another must have its approval. The Committee under the Act of May 18, 1917, has power to transfer insane from one hospital to another, at its discretion. Under the Act of June 22, 1897, the Committee on Lunacy of the Board of Public Charities is empowered to return insane patients in State and county hospitals, who have not a legal settlement in this Commonwealth, to any other State or country to which they may belong. It is empowered to investigate instances of alleged detention, or of other maltreatment of patients. It also issues licenses to private sanatoria, or hospitals authorizing them to receive and treat the insane. It has the authority after a hearing and due notice, to compel the discharge of any person detained as insane (except those committed by court), and no indigent patient who is unimproved can be discharged without its consent. The traveling expenses of patients discharged by the Committee, must be paid by the authorities of the hospital, if he is indigent, and the amount shall be refunded by the State, under the provisions of the Act of May 18, 1917. The provisions of the lunacy act do not apply to the admission and discharge of insane criminals in custody. Its annual report is published with that of the Board.

BOARD OF PARDONS.

Article IV, Section 9, of the Constitution, gives the Governor exclusive power to remit fines and forfeitures and to grant reprieves, "but no pardon shall be granted or sentence commuted, except upon the recommendation in writing of the Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney-General, and Secretary of Internal Affairs, or any three of them, after full hearing, upon due public notice, and in open session."

Rules of the Board of Pardons.

Rule I.

The Board will meet in open session on the Third Wednesday of each month, except July and August. The meetings will be held in the Supreme Court room, Harrisburg, at ten o'clock A. M. Applications will not be heard or considered by the individual members of the Board.

Rule II.

Applications must be filed with the Clerk of the Board, at the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, at least two full weeks before the day of the Regular Meeting at which hearing is desired. The proceedings may be commenced and conducted by the applicant personally, or by any adult person in the applicant's behalf, or by counsel. The application must be in writing, preferably in typewriting, must be signed by the applicant, or by his representative, must be properly verified under oath, and contain in concise terms the following detailed statements:

(a) The true name of the applicant in full; the name under which he was indicted; the crime charged; the title of the court of trial; the number and term of the indictment; the exact words of the verdict; the date and exact words of the sentence.

(b) The age, nationality, allegiance, trade, occupation or profession of the applicant, and where and how employed at the time of arrest; also proper place of residence, and his domestic or family status and affiliations.

(c) Whether the applicant was ever before charged with or convicted of any crime, either in this State or elsewhere, and, if so, the nature of the crime, the time and place of charge or sentence, and particulars as to exculpation for the offense.

(d) Whether the applicant has previously applied for relief from the sentence now in question, and, if so, when, and what disposition was made of the application.

(e) A history of the case, consisting of a concise statement of facts which led up to the arrest, trial and sentence on the charge involved in the present proceedings.

(f) The grounds or reasons on which the present application is based.

(g) An averment that the requisite notices of the intended application have been given and copies served, as provided in these Rules, and that the newspaper advertisement has been made or is in process of publication.

Rule III.

A Certified Copy of the Court Record, including the docket entries, Minutes of the Court, copy of Indictment, Pleas, Verdict and Sentence, must accompany the application and be filed at least two weeks before the regular day of meeting.

Rule IV.

(a) Notice of intention to apply for clemency, accompanied with a complete copy of the application itself, must be given to the Judge who tried the case, if living, (or if the Trial Judge is dead, to the President Judge of the Court), to the present District Attorney, to the District Attorney who prosecuted the case, and to the Assistant or Private Prosecuting Attorney, if any; such notices and copies must be served prior to the filing of the application.

(b) Notice of the filing of the application must be served on the Warden or Keeper of the prison where the applicant is confined, and in case where the conviction was had for the commission of crime in any city of the Commonwealth, upon the Mayor and the Head of the Police Department of said city, stating when the application will be heard; said notices to contain all the particulars called for in sections, a, f, and g of Rule II, and be served at least ten days before the day of regular meeting of the Board for which the application has been filed.

(c) Affidavit of proof service, or acceptance of service, of the notices required must be filed at least five days before the day of regular meeting.

(d) No reasons for clemency except those stated in the application and notices will be considered.

(e) Notice of the intended application must be published once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the County or City in which the conviction was had and the affidavit, with the advertisement attached, by the proper newspaper official of such publication must be filed before the day of hearing.

Rule V.

The following papers must be filed with the Clerk at least five days before the day of regular meeting:

(a) Transcript of the notes of testimony at trial. If no notes of testimony were taken, or if the notes were not transcribed, such fact must be certified by counsel, and a brief summary must be filed in lieu of transcript. An agreement in writing between counsel for the applicant and the district attorney that an appended statement covers the material facts in the case will be accepted in place of transcript of the testimony when such transcript is not available.

(b) Four plainly legible copies of the application in full, in addition to the original application called for by Rule II. Copies of the Certified Copy of the Court record, however, need not be included.

(c) A schedule or list of all papers filed.

(d) Letters or petitions from responsible persons in the community, if procurable, may be filed on the day of the hearing, or at any time previous thereto.

Rule VI.

(a) All papers offered for filing must be plainly endorsed showing the name of the case and the character of the paper.

(b) Full postage, and expressage, must be prepaid on papers forwarded, respectively, by mail and by express.

(c) No blank forms are issued by the Board. No fees are chargeable for filing papers, or for services of officials of the Board.

(d) All correspondence concerning the business of the Board must be addressed to the Clerk of the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Rule VII.

Petitions for re-hearing of applications that have been refused may be submitted *ex parte*, provided some new and substantial grounds or reasons not before presented are set forth. The Petition, properly signed and verified, must be filed at least eleven days before a regular meeting day, but no Petition for re-hearing will be recognized for consideration within six months from the date of refusal of a previous application, except in capital cases. Petitions for re-hearing, except in capital cases, will be considered by the Board only on papers filed in the nature of Briefs, and no oral argument will be heard except by special leave. If re-hearing is allowed, the application will be placed on the Calendar for the next regular meeting for hearing on its merits as affected by the new matters alleged. On this hearing the proceedings will be similar to those on an original application, and notices must be served and advertisement made, and other formalities observed, accordingly. Papers on file with the original application will be available for use in subsequent proceedings for such purposes as they may properly serve.

Rule VIII.

Any person interested adversely in an application for clemency will be privileged to appear at the hearing, without notice to the applicant, and there state his objections; but if formal protest in writing is filed, notice of the protest, with copy, must be served on the applicant or his counsel at least forty-eight hours before the time of hearing—except that no officials entitled, under Rule IV, to notice of the application shall be required to give notice of intention to appear and oppose an application, or of filing a protest.

Rule IX.

If it should become necessary to establish by depositions the truth of any disputed matter of fact relative to the issue before the Board, such depositions may be taken under the Rules of Court of the jurisdiction wherein the deponents may be, but notice of the time and place of the taking of depositions must be served on the District Attorney as provided by the Rules of Court of the jurisdiction wherein the conviction was had.

Rule X.

Failure to comply with any of the Rules shall be sufficient cause for refusing, without further explanation or notice, to place a case on the Calendar.

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Rule XI.

Cases on the printed Calendar will be called for hearing in their regular order; cases not answered to on the first call will be passed temporarily, and if not answered to when reached on the second call will be stricken from the list, unless satisfactory reason for failure to answer be presented. Applications may be withdrawn at any time. Cases stricken from the list, or applications withdrawn, may subsequently, on application filed within the time limit fixed in Rule II, be reinstated on the Calendar, as of course, provided the Rules as to notices and advertisement be complied with in regard to such applications for reinstatement and hearing.

Rule XII.

(a) Continuances will be allowed only on formal application in open session, by letter or in person, on the submission of satisfactory reasons.

(b) On the notice of applicant or counsel, waving argument, cases properly on the Calendar will be considered by the Board on the papers filed.

(c) Cases properly on the Calendar, although not represented by counsel, in the absence of the applicant, will be considered and disposed of on the record as shown by the papers filed.

Rule XIII.

Except in capital cases, not more than fifteen minutes will be allowed the applicant for the presentation and argument of his case in chief, unless by special leave; and a like period for the representative of the Commonwealth in opposition; and reasonable time will be allowed the applicant to reply.

Rule XIV.

Recommendations of Prison Inspectors, Wardens and Sheriffs, for commutations under the Act of 1901 and its supplements, and recommendations for parole under the parole Acts, with proof of publication and notices as required by law, must be filed at least eleven days before day of regular meeting. Such Recommendations will be placed on the printed Calendar.

Rule XV.

(a) After the hearing in open session of applications, the Board will meet in executive session for the consideration of cases presented. Announcement of the action of the Board will be made at the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth as soon as practicable after the adjournment of the executive session; also, written notices of such action will be forwarded forthwith by mail to the respective counsel.

(b) When favorable action on an application for clemency is recommended, the finding of the Board, with Reasons, will be transmitted to the Governor, and if approved by him and an Order for Pardon or Commutation follows, the Charter of Pardon or of Commutation will, in due course, be forwarded to the Warden of the proper prison, allowing two weeks, as near as may be, for the preparation, recording, etc., of the necessary papers adopted September 25, 1917.

STATE MILITARY BOARD.

The Adjutant-General, Auditor-General, and State Treasurer constitute the State Military Board. It is the Board's duty to adjust and audit all accounts and claims incident to the organization, discipline and maintenance of the National Guard, and under the Act of May 3, 1917, P. L. 113, the Board may upon satisfactory evidence grant a pension, not exceeding twelve dollars per month to either the widow or minor children or dependent parent or any soldier of the National Guard or the Naval Force of Pennsylvania, who may die from injuries received, or may be killed in line of duty while in active service, under orders of the Governor, and for which active service a per diem pay is allowed under existing laws. The Board also has the power to revoke any pension granted, when it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Board that the pensioner is no longer in a state of dependency.

ARMORY BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The Armory Board was authorized by the Act of May 11, 1905, P. L. 442, as amended by Act of June 9, 1911, P. L. 864, and is composed of the Governor, the Adjutant-General, and five persons appointed by the Governor, of whom three shall be officers of the National Guard, whose duty it is to provide, manage and

care for armories, for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania. The Board is empowered and directed to erect or provide armories anywhere within the limits of the Commonwealth, which shall be used for drill, meeting and rendezvous purposes, and in which shall be stored and safely kept all property of the United States or of the Commonwealth, issued for military purposes. The Board has the general management and care of the armories, when established, and has the power to adopt and prescribe rules and regulations for their management and government. The appointive members of the Board each receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum and all members are allowed their necessary expenses incident to the location, establishment and care of the armories. The term of each appointee shall be for five years from the date of his appointment; vacancies being filled by appointment by the Governor. The Board makes an annual report, which is filed in the office of The Adjutant-General.

BOARD OF PROPERTY.

This Board is composed of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney-General, and Secretary of Internal Affairs. The Board's duty is to hear and determine in all cases of controversy on caveats, in all matters of difficulty or irregularity touching escheats, warrants on escheats, warrants to agree, rights of preemption, promises, imperfect titles, or otherwise, that have arisen, or may arise, in transacting the business of the land office; and the Secretary of Internal Affairs is empowered and directed to receive and enter caveats in his office and to appoint days of hearing, and grant citations at the request of any party applying therefor, as the several cases may require.

Regulations of the Board of Property.

The following rules have been adopted to regulate proceedings before the Board:

I. A caveat may be entered against the granting of a warrant, acceptance of a survey, or granting of a patent. It must be in writing, and addressed to the Secretary of Internal Affairs. A particular form is not required, but the application, survey, or other office right against which it is entered, together with the reasons for filing the same, should be distinctly stated.

II. A caveat entered against the granting of a warrant on any application on file bars the issuing of a warrant, unless, after hearing upon a citation, the Board should dismiss the same.

III. No caveat, note on survey, nor writing, in the nature of a caveat, shall continue to bar the issuing of a patent to the person or persons against whom such caveat may be entered during a longer period than two years, unless the parties interested in the land shall within the term mentioned take out a citation thereon in order to bring such dispute to a decision and prosecute the same to effect.

IV. A citation will be issued on a pending caveat on the application of any party in interest. Thirty days' notice must be given to the opposite party of the time at which the case will be heard by the Board, and either party desiring to take the deposition of witnesses to be read at the hearing is required to give the other ten days' notice of the time and place for the taking of such depositions.

V. The party who enters a caveat becomes plaintiff in the issue joined, and at the hearing shall open the case and may make the concluding argument.

VI. A petition for the rehearing of a case that has been heard and decided will not be considered unless the party presenting the same shall furnish evidence that the opposite party has had at least ten days' notice of the intention to present said petition.

VII. A petition for an order of resurvey must recite the name of the warrantee, and date of warrant upon which former survey was made, and state the reasons for such survey.

VIII. Depositions of witnesses submitted to the Board become a part of the Record, and cannot be withdrawn.

IX. Citations must be returned to the Department of Internal Affairs on or before the days fixed therein for the hearing of the case in which they are issued. All acceptances of notice and agreements to continue cases must be in writing.

X. Parties will be heard in person or may be represented by counsel, as they may elect.

XI. The fees to be charged for the use of the Commonwealth in business relating to the Board are as follows:

Entering caveat,	\$1 00
Issuing citation,	1 00
Recording application for resurvey,	1 00
Order for resurvey,	1 00
Copy of action or determination of Board,	1 00

XII. All communications for the Board should be addressed to the Secretary of Internal Affairs.

SINKING FUND COMMISSION.

By Act of April 22, 1858, the sinking fund was created "for the purpose of paying the present indebtedness and the interest thereon, and such further indebtedness as may hereafter be contracted on the part of the Commonwealth."

Section eleven of Article nine of the Constitution directs that "the General Assembly shall continue and maintain the sinking fund, sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof, by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; the said sinking fund shall consist of the proceeds of the sales of the public works, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of the sale of any stocks owned by the Commonwealth, together with other funds and resources that may be designated by law, and shall be increased from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes or other revenue of the State not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government; and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in the extinguishment of the public debt."

By the Act of 1858, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Auditor-General and State Treasurer are constituted the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, whose duty it is to receive all the incomes and revenues appropriated to the sinking fund and to apply them as directed by the Constitution and existing laws.

BOARD OF REVENUE COMMISSIONERS.

The Act of February 17, 1906, P. L. 45, requires the Revenue Commissioners and the Commissioner of Banking to act jointly in the selection of banks, banking institutions or trust companies, in which State moneys shall be deposited, and for this purpose they shall meet at least once a month. The Revenue Commissioners and the Commissioner of Banking, or a majority of them, shall also designate two banks or trust companies in Dauphin, Philadelphia and Allegheny Counties, to be known as active depositories, in which shall be deposited a sufficient amount of the daily receipts of the State Treasury to transact the current business of the Commonwealth.

The Act of July 18, 1917, P. L. 1065, authorizes the selection, by the Board of Revenue Commissioners, and the Banking Commissioner, of two banks or trust companies as active depositories of State funds, in addition to the number provided by the Act of February 17, 1906.

This Board consists of the Auditor-General, State Treasurer and Secretary of the Commonwealth acting jointly with the Commissioner of Banking, and meets at such times as a majority of the Board shall agree upon, at least once each month.

BOARD OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

The Act of April 8, 1869, P. L. 19, amended by Act of June 9, 1911, P. L. 738, authorizes the Auditor-General, State Treasurer and Attorney-General to revise any settlement made with any person or body politic by the Auditor-General, when it may appear from the accounts in his office, or from other information in his possession, that the same has been erroneously or illegally made, and to resettle the same according to law, and to credit, or charge, as the case may be, the amount resulting from such resettlement upon the current accounts of such person or body politic.

BOARD TO LICENSE PRIVATE BANKERS.

By the Act of June 19, 1911, P. L. 1060, with certain exceptions, no individual, partnership or unincorporated association, shall engage directly or indirectly, in the business of receiving deposits of money for safekeeping or for the purpose of transmission to another or for any other purpose without having first obtained from a Board consisting of the State Treasurer, the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the Commissioner of Banking, a license to engage in such business.

The work of this Board is done in conjunction with the Commissioner of Banking with whom all statements of financial condition of the applicants, bonds, et cetera, are filed.

THE PENNSYLVANIA BOARD OF PHARMACY

was created by Act of May 17, 1917, entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons, and drugs, and providing penalties for the violation thereof; defining the words "drug" and "poison"; and providing for the appointment of a board which shall have in charge the enforcement of said law, and the power to make rules and regulations for the enforcement of said law; and providing for the purchase of samples of drugs for determining their quality, strength, and purity," and is composed of five persons, who must be retail apothecaries of ten years' experience and actually engaged in conducting a pharmacy at the time of appointment. Each year one member is appointed by the Governor to serve for a term of five years.

The duties of the Board are to examine all persons who may desire to engage in the retail drug business in Pennsylvania, as to their qualifications and knowledge, and to register those who are found to be competent; also, to investigate all complaints and charges of non-compliance with or violations of the provisions of the pharmacy law, and prosecute all persons so offending whenever there shall appear to the Board reasonable ground for such action; also, to enforce the provisions of the Act of May 8, 1909, P. L. 470, to prevent the manufacture and sale of adulterated or misbranded drugs, and the Act of May 8, 1909, P. L. 487, regulating the sale, prescription, and possession of cocaine, or eucaine, or any of their salts, derivatives or compounds.

It may also register as a pharmacist, without examination, any person who was duly registered as a pharmacist by examination in some other state, and who has met the required secondary and professional education demanded for such registration in this State.

All persons registered as pharmacists or assistant pharmacists by the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board of Pennsylvania, under the Act of May 24, 1887, and its various supplements and amendments, are deemed to be pharmacists and assistant pharmacists, respectively, registered as provided under the Act of May 17, 1917, and the Act of June 4, 1919.

COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY COUNCIL.

The College and University Council was created by the Act approved June 26, 1895, and is composed of three ex-officio members, viz: the Governor, Attorney-General and the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and nine other members appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, whose term is four years. Of these nine members, three shall be selected from the presiding officers of undenominational colleges or universities of the Commonwealth, three from the presiding officers of denominational colleges and universities, and three from persons holding official relationship to the public schools.

The Council is required to pass upon the merits, from an educational standpoint, of all applications for charters of incorporation of colleges, universities or theological seminaries made under said Act, and which desire the power to confer degrees in art, pure and applied science, philosophy, literature, medicine, law and theology. Within sixty days after the receipt of a certified copy of the certificate of incorporation from the prothonotary of the county in which the institution is to be located, the Superintendent of Public Instruction causes the council to be convened. If upon due consideration the council approves of the application it is returned, with the findings of the council endorsed thereon, and its recommendation, to the court from whence it was received. The court shall then, if fully satisfied that all requirements have been met, approve the application and order and decree the issuance of the charter.

If, however, the Council disapproves of the application, a charter shall not be granted. Institutions chartered under this Act are subject to visitation and inspection by representatives of the Council, and if any of them fail to keep up to the required standard the court shall, upon the recommendation of the Council, revoke the power to confer degrees. Any college, university, or theological seminary, incorporated prior to said Act, may apply to the court for amendments to its charter enabling it to confer degrees. Such application must follow the method of procedure given for the charter of new institutions.

The Act does not apply to institutions possessing capital stock and established for purposes of private profit or gain.

The Council is required to meet regularly on the first Tuesday of October preceding the sessions of the Legislature, to which it makes a biennial report upon higher education within the State. The report is printed in connection with that of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

DENTAL COUNCIL OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The Dental Council was created by the Act of July 9, 1897, which Act was superseded by the Act of May 7, 1907, and this Act was amended by the Act of May 3, 1915, P. L. 219, and consists of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Commissioner of Health, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the President of the State Dental Society and the Secretary of the State Board of Dental Examiners.

The duties of the Council are to supervise and provide rules for the examinations, conducted by the State Board of Dental Examiners, of all applicants for licenses to practice dentistry within the State, and keep record of their transactions and a registry of all licenses granted by them, stating the name, age, residence and qualifications of the person licensed to practice dentistry, and whether qualified by examination, or otherwise, and to issue licenses to those passing the examination, and to such other applicants of any other State or country, of good moral character, who shall furnish proof that he or she has a license to practice dentistry, granted by the Dental Council, or other lawfully constituted authority, where the preliminary and professional education required by law is equal to that founded by the laws of this State.

The Council holds two stated meetings each year, at Harrisburg, and may hold special meetings at such times and places as it may deem proper.

BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The Board of Dental Examiners was created by the Act of July 9, 1897, which Act was superseded by the Act of May 7, 1907, and this Act was amended by the Act of May 3, 1915, P. L. 219, and is composed of six members, who are ap-

pointed by the Governor, to serve a term of three years, two being appointed each year from a list of nominees submitted by the Pennsylvania State Dental Society. The Board elects a president and secretary, and holds not less than two stated meetings in each year, one in June and one in December, for the purpose of examining applicants for license to practice dentistry. The June meeting is held simultaneously in Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, and the December meeting is held simultaneously in Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, or in Harrisburg, as the Board may decree; special meetings may also be held at such times and places as the Board may fix.

The examinations are conducted in writing, and practical work, each man supplying a patient, the examiners assigning the operation. After each stated examination, an official report, signed by the president, secretary and each acting member of the Board shall be made, stating the examination average of each candidate in each branch, the general average, and the result of the examination. Upon the receipt of said official report it is the duty of the Dental Council to issue a license to practice dentistry to those applicants who have passed the examination successfully.

BOARD OF OPTOMETRICAL EDUCATION, EXAMINATION AND LICENSURE.

The Board of Optometrical Education, Examination and Licensure was created by the Act of March 30, 1917, and is composed of seven members who are appointed by the Governor; of the members first appointed, two shall serve for one year, two for two years and three for three years, after which their successors shall each be appointed for three years. The members of the Board shall be optometrists, citizens of the State, who possess the requisite qualifications to practice optometry as authorized by the Act, and shall have been so practicing their profession in this State during the five years next previous to their appointment; but no member of said Board shall be a member of the faculty of any graduate school or college teaching optometry. All appointments to fill vacancies shall be made by the Governor for the unexpired term, who also has the power to remove any member of the Board for continued neglect of his duties or for any unprofessional or dishonorable conduct.

The Board elects from its membership a president, and a secretary, who also shall be treasurer. The Board has authority to make rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the laws of the Commonwealth, for the transaction of its business, and for the registration of all optometrists of this Commonwealth, and for conducting examination of applicants. Said rules shall be printed in pamphlet form for distribution. Five members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except for the revocation or suspension of a certificate of licensure, or the determination of the fitness of any school or college to render eligible its graduates for licensure, when the consent of the majority of the whole Board shall be necessary. No license shall be granted except with the approval of at least four members of the Board. Any member may administer oaths and take testimony when appointed so to do by the Board.

The Board shall adopt a seal and certificate of suitable design, and shall have an office at Harrisburg, where it is required to meet at least twice a year, where examinations may be held and where all its permanent records shall be kept, which shall be open to public inspection.

A fee of twenty-five dollars is charged for a standard examination. All fees received by the Board for examinations, or from any other source, shall be utilized by the Board in regulating the practice of optometry and paying the expenses of the Board, including necessary clerk hire. The treasurer of the Board gives a bond to the Commonwealth, in the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, for the faithful performance of his duties.

The Board has the power to refuse or revoke a license for sufficient cause, and has the authority to license without examination an applicant from another State of the United States, where the requirements for registration in said State are, in the judgment of the Board, at least equal to the requirements of law to practice optometry in Pennsylvania, upon the payment of the required fee of twenty-five dollars.

STATE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The State Board of Osteopathic Examiners was created by the Act approved March 19, 1909, P. L. 46, as amended by Act of May 17, 1917, P. L. 229, and is composed of five members, who are appointed by the Governor to serve for a term of three years each. The members of the Board must be graduates from a legally incorporated and reputable college of osteopathy, must have been engaged in the practice of osteopathy in this State for a period of at least three years, and shall not be in any manner financially interested in, or connected with the faculty or management of any osteopathic school or college. The appointments are made from a certified list of the members of the Pennsylvania Osteopathic Association, which lists are annually transmitted to the Governor on or before the first day of May.

The Board elects a president, secretary and a treasurer, and holds two meetings each year at such times and places as the Board may determine.

The duties of the Board are to examine all applicants for license to practice osteopathy. The examinations are conducted in writing and may be made by a committee of one or more members of the Board. After each examination, the committee having charge thereof shall, without unnecessary delay, act upon the same and make an official report to the Board, which shall be signed by each member of the committee and shall state the examination average of each candidate in each branch, the general average and the result of the examination, whether successful or unsuccessful. Upon the receipt of such official report it is the duty of the Board to issue licenses to practice osteopathy to those applicants who have passed the examination successfully. Every license issued to practice osteopathy shall be signed by each member of the Board and shall be recorded in a book to be kept by the secretary of the Board, and the number of the book and the page therein, containing such recorded copy shall be noted upon the face of said license. The Board is authorized to take testimony concerning all matters within its jurisdiction, and the presiding officer, or any committee of the Board, may issue subpoenas and administer oaths to witnesses. The Board keeps a record of its proceedings and a register of all applicants for license, giving the name and location of the institution granting the applicant the degree of doctor of, or diplomat in osteopathy; the date of his or her diploma; and also whether the applicant was rejected or granted a license, and the number of the license granted. The Board has the power to refuse or revoke a license for sufficient cause.

By the Act of May 11, 1911, P. L. 241, the Board is vested with the authority to determine the reputability of osteopathic schools or colleges, and the right to determine reciprocal relations between States.

Under the Act of April 28, 1915, the Board is authorized to grant licenses to practice osteopathy to all persons applying for same who were graduates from a legally incorporated and reputable college of osteopathy whose standard of requirements for graduation were substantially the same as the requirements provided for in section eight of the Act of March 19, 1909, and under the Act of June 1, 1915, the Board is authorized to license certain practitioners of osteopathy who were in practice for eight years prior to the approval of act.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR REGISTRATION OF NURSES.

The State Board of Examiners for Registration of Nurses was created by the Act approved May 1, 1909, P. L. 321, amended by the Act of June 4, 1915, P. L. 809, and further amended by the Act of June 20, 1919, P. L. 545, and is composed of five members who are appointed by the Governor; three of whom shall be registered nurses, graduated from training schools connected with hospitals where practical and theoretical instruction is given in general surgical and medical nursing, and who shall have been engaged in nursing in the State of Pennsylvania at least five years since graduation. The Governor shall also name two physicians as members of said Board. They shall be connected in an official capacity with public hospitals where nurses' training schools are maintained, and shall have practiced their profession in the State of Pennsylvania for at least five years immediately preceding the time of their appointment.

The Board elects a president, a secretary and an educational director; the secretary acts as treasurer.

The Board meets at least once a year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the by-laws for the purpose of examining applicants for registration under the provisions of this Act. Notice of such meetings shall be given in the public press and in one or more nursing journals, at least one month prior to each meeting.

The duties of the Board are to examine all applicants for registration and to determine their qualifications for the efficient nursing of the sick. Any applicant who shall pass an examination to the satisfaction of the Board shall receive therefrom a certificate of registration, signed by the President and Secretary of the Board, or by at least three members thereof.

The Board will not consider any application for registration unless accompanied by a fee of ten dollars. Every applicant to be eligible for examination must furnish evidence, satisfactory to the Board, that he or she is twenty-one years of age or over, is of good moral character, and has graduated from a training-school for nurses which gives at least a two years' course of instruction, or has received instruction in different training-schools or hospitals for periods of time amounting to at least a two years' course, as aforesaid, and then graduated, and that such applicant, during said period of at least two years, has received practical and theoretical training in surgical and medical nursing.

Every nurse who shall receive a certificate of registration from the Board shall be entitled to be styled and known as a registered nurse, and it shall be unlawful for any other person to use said title or any equivalent thereof. The secretary of the Board, immediately upon the registration of every nurse, shall file in the office of the State Commissioner of Health, under the seal of said Board, an exact counterpart of the certificate issued to the holder thereof.

The Board may revoke any certificate of registration for sufficient cause, and the secretary shall cause the name of the holder of said certificate to be stricken from the roll of registered nurses in his or her own possession and in that of the State Commissioner of Health.

The Board has also the authority to license without examination a graduate nurse registered in any State of the United States, where the requirements for registration, in the judgment of the Board of this State, are at least equal to the requirements of law for such nurses in Pennsylvania.

The Board is required to prepare and make a report for public distribution, at intervals regulated by the by-laws of the said Board, of all training schools or combinations of training schools that are approved by the Board as possessing the necessary requirements for giving a pupil-nurse a full and adequate course of instruction under acceptable living and working conditions.

STATE BOARD OF UNDERTAKERS.

The State Board of Undertakers was created by the Act of June 7, 1895, and is composed of five members, who must be practicing undertakers, appointed by the Governor, for a term of three years each. They elect out of their own number a president, secretary and treasurer, and, with the exception of the secretary, receive no salary. The secretary's compensation, together with the actual traveling and necessary expenses of the members, are required to be paid out of the receipts from fees and fines. The Board must meet at least once every year, and may hold special meetings as often as required.

All persons or corporations engaged in the business of undertaking, care, preparation, disposition and burial of the dead, except persons engaged simply as layers-out or shrouders of the dead, cemetery employes or the employes of such undertakers, are required to register with said Board; preliminary to which registration the applicant for a license must appear before the Board and be examined as to moral character, skill in and knowledge of undertaking, sanitation and preservation of the dead, and disinfecting the bodies of deceased persons, and the apartment, clothing and bedding, where the deaths are from infectious or contagious diseases. If the applicant passes the examination satisfactorily, and has had practical experience in the business of undertaking for two years continuously, with an undertaker, a license to practice is granted by the Board, and his name registered, upon the payment of the required fee, viz: \$35.00. Licenses are not assignable or transferable, and may be revoked for proper cause. Persons convicted of violating the provisions of the Act can be fined and imprisoned. Those persons or corporations who were engaged in the business at the time of the passage of the Act were permitted by the law to be licensed and registered without standing an examination, providing they had registered within one year after the approval of the Act. The Board makes an annual report to the Governor.

ANATOMICAL BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Executive Committee.

By the Act of June 13, 1883, P. L. 119, as amended by the Acts of May 14, 1915, P. L. 506, and May 8, 1919, P. L. 152, the professors and demonstrators of anatomy and surgery of the incorporated medical and dental schools and colleges of the Commonwealth, together with one representative from each of the unincorporated schools of anatomy or practical surgery, were constituted a board for the distribution of dead human bodies among the several medical and dental schools and colleges of the State to be used for the promotion of medical science. The executive committee, composed of five members of the Board elected annually in December, has general supervision of the work of apportioning and distributing the bodies and sees that the provisions of the law and the rules and regulations laid down by the Board are enforced.

All public officers, agents, and servants, and all officers, agents, and servants, of any and every county, city, township, borough, district and other municipality, and of any and every almshouse, prison, morgue, hospital, or other municipality, or other public institution, having charge or control over dead human bodies, to be buried at the public expense, are required to notify the Board within a reasonable time, which shall not be less than forty-eight hours after death, of an unclaimed body. Relatives, friends, and fraternal societies, of which the deceased was a member, can claim the body within forty-eight hours at their own expense. When a body is unfit for the purposes of the Board the Secretary sends notice to that effect, and the poor directors or others are required to bury it at the county's expense. Through the failure of any person to deliver the body of a deceased indigent, so that it shall become unfit for anatomical purposes, the official so failing to deliver such body shall bury it at his expense.

STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

The present Board was created by the Act approved May 5, 1915, P. L. 248, which also, in other particulars, regulates the practice of veterinary medicine, including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry.

The Board consists of five members who are appointed by the Governor for a term of four years from the first Monday of September after their appointment. The members must be of good standing in the veterinary profession, and shall be graduates of a legally incorporated and reputable veterinary school, and shall have practiced veterinary medicine for at least five years immediately preceding their appointment. The Board shall elect from its members a president, a secretary and a treasurer. Vacancies on the Board are filled by the Governor for the unexpired term, and he may remove any member of the Board for continued neglect of duties, incompetence, or unprofessional or dishonorable conduct. The Board, for the purpose of examining applicants for license, holds two examinations annually, one on the third Friday and Saturday in June, and another on the third Monday and Tuesday of December, at Philadelphia; and shall issue to every applicant who has successfully passed the required examination, and who shall have been adjudged to be duly qualified for the practice of veterinary medicine, a license to practice.

Applicants examined and licensed by other State Boards of Veterinary Medical Examiners may be granted a license without passing an examination upon paying the required fee and submitting proof that the examinations in such other States on all the specified subjects are substantially the same as in this State.

The Board shall keep in its office a book of registration, in which shall be registered the name and address of each and every person duly qualified under existing laws, or who may hereafter become qualified, to conduct the practice of veterinary medicine.

The fees collected are required to be used for the payment of the necessary expenses. If any surplus remains, the examiners may receive a reasonable remuneration from it.

STATE BOARD FOR THE EXAMINATION OF ACCOUNTANTS.

This Board was established by Act of March 29, 1899, P. L. 21, as amended by the Act of April 27, 1909, and the Act of June 4, 1915, P. L. 839, and is composed of five members who are appointed by the Governor and who receive no salary, two shall be appointed from the eastern part of the State, two from the western part of the State and one from the central part of the State. Three members of the Board are required to be certified public accountants and are appointed for terms of three years; two of the members are required to be practicing attorneys and are appointed for terms of three years. It is the duty of said Board to examine applicants during the month of November in each year and certify the results to the Governor who issues certificates to those duly qualified, conferring upon them the title of "Certified Public Accountants," and authorizing them to practice their profession.

BOARD TO PASS UPON THE NECESSITY FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF ELEVATED AND UNDERGROUND PASSENGER RAILWAYS.

The Board was created by an Act approved June 20, 1901, P. L. 577, and consists of the Governor, the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the Attorney-General. No letters patent shall be issued to any company or corporation for the construction of an elevated or underground, or partly elevated and partly underground passenger railway, except the same shall be located upon, over, under,

across, through or along a street, road or highway in a thickly populated locality, where the surface travel is congested; nor unless and until the necessity for the construction and operation of said railway shall have been passed on and approved by the Board.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF ARCHITECTS.

The Board of Examiners of Architects, created by the Act of June 12, 1919, P. L. 933, is composed of five architects, appointed by the Governor, who have been in active practice in Pennsylvania not less than ten years previous to their appointment; of the members first appointed one shall serve for one year, one for two years, one for three years, one for four years, and one for five years. The Board elects a president and a secretary, and holds not less than two meetings each year for the purpose of examining applicants for registration to practice architecture.

The Board shall be charged with the duty of enforcing the provisions, regulating the practice of architecture in Pennsylvania, by providing for the examination and registration of architects, and the renewal of said certificates, annually, as required by the Act, and may incur such expenses as shall be necessary in the performance thereof, not exceeding, however, the sum of three thousand dollars per annum. The Board is required to file with the Governor on December 1, 1920, and every two years thereafter, a full report of its operations.

Every person applying for examination or certificate of qualification and registration to practice architecture shall pay a fee of twenty-five dollars to the secretary of the Board of Examiners, and all fees shall be paid by the secretary into the State Treasury monthly.

The secretary shall keep an official register of all certificates of qualification to practice architecture, and of the renewals thereof, which register shall be properly indexed and shall be open for public inspection and information.

The Board is required to impress upon certificates of registration issued to registered architects the seal of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The Board of Examiners may, by unanimous action, revoke any certificate of qualification to practice architecture, issued or renewed, for incompetency or recklessness or for neglect of duty in the practice of architecture or for dishonest practice on the part of the holder thereof.

Every holder of a certificate to practice architecture shall be required to sign all his or her drawings as a "registered architect."

EMERGENCY PUBLIC WORKS COMMISSION.

This Commission was created by the Act of July 25, 1917, P. L. 1193. It is the duty of the Commission to ascertain and secure from the various departments, bureaus, boards, and commissions of this Commonwealth tentative plans for the extension of the public works of the State as shall be best adapted to supply increased opportunities for advantageous public labor during such periods of temporary unemployment; together with the estimates of the amount, character, and duration of said employment, the number of employes who could be profitably used therein, together with rates of wages and such other information as the Commission shall deem necessary. The Commission has the custody, management, and disposition of the emergency public works fund of \$40,000, created under the Act, and whenever the Industrial Board reports to the Governor that a period of extraordinary unemployment, caused by industrial depression exists, it has the authority to make such distribution of the fund among the said departments, bureaus, boards and commissions, as shall, in its judgment and discretion, be best adapted to advance the public interest by providing the maximum of public employment, in relief of the existing conditions of extraordinary unemployment.

COMMISSION OF PUBLIC WELFARE.

The Commission of Public Welfare was created by the Act of July 18, 1919, P. L. 1055, and is composed of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and the members of the Military Board. The Governor is chairman of the Commission. The Commission is authorized to appoint a secretary, an executive director, a treasurer, and such other assistants as may be necessary.

The Commission has authority whenever it may deem necessary to prepare for the defense and security of the Commonwealth, the safety of its people, and the protection and preservation of their property, and, if necessity arises, shall aid the government of the United States in protecting and defending said government, the people thereof, and their property. In the interests of the welfare of the State and Nation, the Commission may undertake measures for the Americanization of foreign-born residents, and for the interpretation to the American-born of the life and ideals of the allies of the United States.

The Commission is authorized to investigate and to aid and assist any activity having for its purpose the betterment of social, educational, agricultural, or industrial conditions, or the securing and preserving to the citizens of the Commonwealth the rights and liberties guaranteed under the Constitution of the Commonwealth and of the United States.

The Commission has authority to organize agencies designed to perpetuate the deeds, records, and achievements of the soldiers, sailors, marines, and of citizens and organizations of the Commonwealth during the war with Germany and Austria, and to prepare, print and publish a history of such deeds, records and achievements.

PENNSYLVANIA HISTORICAL COMMISSION.

This Commission, authorized by Act of July 25, 1913, P. L. 1265, as amended by the Act of June 22, 1917, P. L. 624, consists of five citizens of this Commonwealth appointed by the Governor, who shall be a body corporate charged with the duty of preserving the antiquities and historical landmarks of Pennsylvania, and whose term of membership shall be for four years. The Commission elects from its membership a chairman, a secretary and a treasurer. The members of the Commission, excepting the secretary, receive no compensation, but shall be allowed their actual expenses.

The Commission is established for the purpose of marking and preserving the places where historical events have transpired, the restoration of historic public buildings, military works or monuments, in co-operation with municipalities or historical associations, and the acceptance of gifts or relics, which shall be deposited in the State Museum. The Commission may also publish or republish matters of historical or archaeological interests, and may arrange for the compiling, editing, printing and distribution of such publications; and may also, upon its own initiative, or in co-operation with reputable persons, societies, or organizations, conduct investigations of historical or archaeological matters relative to Pennsylvania, and report the same for public information. The Commission may also assume the care and maintenance of historic buildings, monuments, objects or antiquities committed to its custody.

Said Commission may accept for the Commonwealth gifts and bequests of money or securities for the endowment of its work, and it shall, in conjunction with the Governor, Auditor-General and State Treasurer, constitute a body of trustees for the care and investment of said funds.

PRISON LABOR COMMISSION.

This Commission, authorized by the Act of June 1, 1915, P. L. 656, consists of a member of the board of prison inspectors of the Eastern Penitentiary, Western Penitentiary, and a member of the board of managers of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon. The members of the Commission are designated by the boards of these institutions. The Commission shall determine the amount, kind, and character of the machinery to be erected in each of the penitentiaries and reformatory, or other correctional institutions of the State, having due regard to the location and convenience thereof with respect to other institutions to be supplied, to the machinery therein, and the number and character of inmates. The Commission has the authority to sell the materials produced by the prisons, to the Commonwealth, or to any county thereof, or to any of the public institutions owned, managed or controlled by the Commonwealth. The Commission is empowered to employ such clerks and employes as are necessary for the proper conduct of its business. The Commission is required to make a monthly report to the Auditor-General of the products, sales, receipts and disbursements of each industry.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS ON UNIFORM STATE LAWS.

The Board of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws, consisting of three commissioners, learned in the law, and appointed by the Governor for a term of four years, is authorized by the Act of April 20, 1917, P. L. 90.

It is the duty of this Board to examine such subjects as it may deem necessary, and to ascertain the best means to effect an assimilation and uniformity of State legislation throughout the United States relating to the subjects so examined; and the said Board of Commissioners shall meet with the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws, for the promotion of uniformity of legislation in the United States, at its annual or other sessions, and join with it in such measures as may be deemed most expedient to advance the objects of its appointment.

Prior to the meeting of the Legislature the said Board shall make a report to the Governor of its transactions, together with its advice and recommendation as to proposed uniform laws, which report he shall transmit to the Legislature.

LIST OF PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.

For law regulating printing and distribution, see Act of July 22, 1919, P. L. 1097.

Adjutant-General's Report.
Agriculture, Bulletins of Department of.
Agriculture, Report of Secretary of.
Appropriation Acts.
Archives, Pennsylvania.
Attorney General's Report.
Auditor-General's Report.
Banking Commissioner, Report of, Banks, Savings Institutions and Trust Companies.
Banking Commissioner, Report of, Building and Loan Associations.
Charities, Report of Board of Public.
Fisheries, Report of Commission of.
Forestry, Report of Department of.
Game Commission, Report of.
Game, Fish and Forestry Laws.
Governor's Inaugural Address.
Governor's Message.
Grand Army of the Republic, Report of the Encampment of.
Health Commissioner, Report of.
Health Department, Bulletins of.
Highway Commissioner, Report of.
Instruction, Report of Superintendent of Public.
Insurance Commissioner on Fire and Marine Insurance.
Insurance Commissioner on Life and Accident Insurance.
Internal Affairs, General Report of Secretary of.
Internal Affairs, Report of Secretary of, on Railroads, Canals and Telegraphs.
Journals of the Senate and House of Representatives.
Labor and Industry, Report of Department of.
Labor and Industry Department, Bulletins of.
Labor and Industry, Department of, Industrial Directory.
Legislative Journal.
Librarian, Report of State.
Mines, Report of Department of, on Anthracite Mines.
Mines, Report of Department of, on Bituminous Mines.
Motion Pictures, Report of Board of Censors of.
Pamphlet Laws.
Police, Bulletins of Department of State.
Police, Report of Department of State.
Printing and Binding, Report of Superintendent of Public.
Public Service Commission, Decisions of.
Public Service Commission, Report of.
School Laws and Decisions.
Sinking Fund Commissioners, Report of.

Smull's Legislative Hand Book.

Soldiers' Orphans' Schools, Report of Commissioners of.

State College, Report of Trustees of.

Statutes-at-Large of Pennsylvania.

Treasurer, Report of State.

Water Supply Commission, Report of.

Workmen's Compensation Board, Decisions of.

Zoology, Bulletins of the Bureau of.

STATE INSTITUTIONS AND BOARDS OF CONTROL.

EASTERN STATE PENITENTIARY, PHILADELPHIA.

Board of Inspectors.

President—Charles Carver, Philadelphia.
Secretary—Ignatius J. Horstmann, Philadelphia.
Treasurer—John E. Hanifen, Philadelphia.
E. J. Lafferty, Philadelphia.
Charles D. Hart, Philadelphia.

Principal Officers.

Warden—Robert J. McKenty.
Deputy Wardens—Walter A. Souder; Robert L. Myers.
Physician—Horace Phillips.
Moral Instructor—Joseph Welch.
Clerk—C. M. Kratz.
Parole Officers—John W. McKenty; Mary C. Snyder.
Assistant Parole Officer—Reuben McKenty.
Parole Clerk—Courtland Butler.

The Eastern State Penitentiary located at Philadelphia was established by Act of March 20, 1821, P. L. 94; opened for inmates October 25, 1829; cost of building, to June 1, 1919, \$1,088,712.47; number of prisoners, June 1, 1919, 1,523—males, 1,487; females, 36; expended for maintenance in 1918, \$252,348.11; earnings by prisoners' labor in 1918, \$8,975.07; total number of officers and instructors, 124. The institution is run on the principle of the separate confinement of the prisoners. The government is vested in a board of five inspectors appointed by the Governor.

The counties comprising the Eastern District from which convicts are sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary, are as follows, viz: Adams, Berks, Bradford, Bucks, Carbon, Chester, Columbia, Cumberland, Dauphin, Delaware, Franklin, Lackawanna, Lancaster, Lebanon, Lehigh, Luzerne, Lycoming, Monroe, Montgomery, Montour, Northampton, Northumberland, Perry, Pike, Schuylkill, Snyder, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Tioga, Union, Wayne, Wyoming, York and Philadelphia.

WESTERN PENITENTIARY OF PENNSYLVANIA, PITTSBURGH, ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Board of Inspectors.

President—John A. Fairman, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
Secretary and Treasurer—Charles A. Rook, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
Irvin K. Campbell, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
Thomas B. Foley, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
(Vacancy.)

Principal Officers.

Warden—John Francies.
Chaplain—Rev. Charles M. Miller.
Physicians—Robert J. Campbell and W. Felker.
Clerk and Parole Officer—John M. Egan.

The Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania was first erected on public land adjoining the town of Allegheny, as authorized by Act of Assembly, approved March 3, 1818, P. L. 138; opened for reception of prisoners in 1826; authorized to be removed to new location in Ninth ward, Allegheny, by Act approved June 12, 1878, P. L. 210; new buildings were commenced the same year. In 1885 the old buildings were torn down and the ground turned over to the City of Allegheny, by authority of Act approved June 22, 1883, P. L. 139; cost of buildings to June 1, 1919, including labor of prisoners, \$1,610,160.26; expended for maintenance in 1918, \$371,521.61, being the total for Pittsburgh and Rockview; earnings by prisoners' labor and miscellaneous income in 1918, \$88,650.79; number of prisoners June 1, 1919, 1,350—males, 476 at Rockview and 848 at Pittsburgh; females, 26; total number of officers and instructors, 150, including Rockview. The government of the institution is vested in a board of five inspectors, all residents of Allegheny County, appointed by the Governor.

The Western district is composed of the following counties, viz: Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Bedford, Blair, Crawford, Clarion, Cambria, Clearfield, Cameron, Centre, Clinton, Erie, Elk, Fayette, Forest, Fulton, Greene, Huntingdon, Indiana, Jefferson, Juniata, Lawrence, Mercer, Mifflin, McKean, Potter, Somerset, Venango, Westmoreland, Washington and Warren.

By Act of March 30, 1911, P. L. 32, the Board of Inspectors of the Western Penitentiary was authorized to select a tract of land in the western part of the State of not less than fifteen hundred acres in a rural district so that the prisoners may be provided with useful employment in tilling the soil, or otherwise, and to have constructed thereon suitable buildings of modern design for a new Western Penitentiary; the plans and specifications shall be so drawn as to provide for buildings, which, with the cost of the said tract of land and other improvements thereon, shall not exceed a total expenditure of \$1,250,000; the Legislature of 1911 appropriated \$300,000 to commence this work, and the Legislature of 1913 made an additional appropriation of \$350,000, the Legislature of 1915 made a further appropriation of \$300,000, and the Legislature of 1919 made an additional appropriation of \$500,000. Upon the completion of the new penitentiary, which is located at Rockview, Centre County, the present penitentiary, including site and buildings, shall be sold and the purchase money therefor paid into the treasury of the Commonwealth.

NEW WESTERN PENITENTIARY OF PENNSYLVANIA, ROCKVIEW, CENTRE COUNTY.

Board of Inspectors.

President—John A. Fairman, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Secretary and Treasurer—Charles A. Rook, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Irvin K. Campbell, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Thomas B. Foley, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

(Vacancy.)

Principal Officer.

Warden and Superintendent of Construction—John Francies, Rockview, Centre County.

The New Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania was authorized by an Act approved June 14, 1915, P. L. 972. The Act provides that upon the completion of this institution the inmates of the Eastern and Western State Penitentiaries shall be transferred to this institution, which shall then be known as the Pennsylvania State Penitentiary, and the inspectors of the Eastern and Western State Penitentiaries, as then constituted, shall thereupon become the board of inspectors of the New Penitentiary.

The site selected for the erection of the New Penitentiary is situated at Rockview, in Benner Township, Centre County, six miles southwest of Bellefonte, and an equal distance northwest of State College, on the Bellefonte, Nittany and Lemont Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The tract contains 5,939 acres, 5,003 of which were purchased outright from the owners, and 936 acres were obtained from the State Forest Reservation. The tract is almost in the exact geographical center of the State, and ideally adapted to agriculture; 3,000 acres of the land are tillable, while the remainder of it is extensively timbered.

Under the Act of June 19, 1913, P. L. 528, all persons convicted of murder of the first degree are sentenced to suffer death by electrocution, and the warden or deputy warden of the Western State Penitentiary, or some person designated by the warden, is delegated to carry out the provisions of the Act. The Legislature of 1913, appropriated \$50,000 to the Board of Inspectors for commencing and, if possible, completing the erection of an electrocution building, also the purchase of such apparatus, machinery and appliances and their installation upon the grounds of the new penitentiary as may be deemed necessary. This building was completed in January, 1915, and on February 8, 1915, the first execution took place therein.

The cost of building to June 1, 1919, including labor of prisoners, \$1,320,704.41; expended for maintenance in 1918, \$371,521.61, being the total amount for Pittsburgh and Rockview; number of prisoners, June 1, 1919, 1,350—males, 476 at Rockview, and 848 at Pittsburgh; number of officers and instructors, 150, including Pittsburgh.

PENNSYLVANIA INDUSTRIAL REFORMATORY, HUNTINGDON, HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

Board of Managers.

President—John D. Dorris, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

M. H. Canan, Altoona, Blair County.

Thomas G. Crownover, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

J. William Brown, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

A. B. Morris, Bellefonte, Centre County.

Treasurer, O. H. Irwin, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.

Principal Officers.

General Superintendent—T. B. Patton.

Physician—A. B. Waite, M. D.

Moral Instructor—John H. Likens.

Chaplain—Rev. S. F. Forgeus, D. D.

Deputy Superintendent—J. H. Lang.

Clerk and Secretary to the Board—C. E. Hooper.

The Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory, located at Huntingdon, was created under the Act of June 12, 1878, P. L. 179, as the Middle Penitentiary, and was to have been operated on the solitary confinement principle, but by Act of June 8, 1881, P. L. 63, and the subsequent Act of April 28, 1887, P. L. 63, the aim and purpose of the institution was changed to an "Industrial Reformatory," for young male first offenders between the ages of fifteen and twenty-five. The completed institution was turned over to the State by the building commissioners on May 15, 1888. The institution was opened for the reception of inmates February 15, 1889. The total cost of grounds and buildings to date has been \$1,147,025. There are four wards, containing in all 804 cells. Number of inmates June 1, 1919, 784; expended for maintenance year ending May 31, 1919, \$120,663.66; total number of officers and instructors, 112.

Instruction is given the inmates, in compliance with the law governing the institution, in a number of trades, in connection with which the educational feature forms a prominent part of the work of the Reformatory. The schools are graded, and every inmate is obliged to attend.

Persons sentenced to the Reformatory are given a general sentence with no fixed term of imprisonment and are released only when it appears to the board of managers that there is a strong or reasonable probability that they will live and remain at liberty without violating the law, such conclusions to be reached by the keeping of a uniform system of marks, in which each prisoner shall be credited for good personal demeanor, diligence in labor and study, and for results accomplished, and be charged for derelictions, negligence and offenses, but they cannot be imprisoned for a longer time than the maximum term fixed by law for the crime of which convicted, except in cases where they have violated their parole.

The parole system is in operation, whereby after having complied with the rules governing the institution, and earned good records for conduct, labor and advancement in schools, the inmates may be paroled, provided they have previously obtained employment with some responsible person, who will agree to give them steady work for at least six months after they obtain their release on parole, during which time they are still subject to the custody of the board of managers, and may be arrested and returned for any violation of their parole.

At the expiration of the parole period, if served in a satisfactory manner, the board of managers request the judge who sentenced the inmate to the Reformatory, to grant him his final discharge, which, when granted, releases him from further custody.

The contract system of labor is forbidden in the institution, the prisoners being employed by the Commonwealth. The automobile tags issued by the State Highway Department are manufactured at the Reformatory, under the direction of the State Prison Labor Commission.

The management of the Reformatory is vested in a board of five managers appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, one member being appointed every two years for a term of ten years.

PENNSYLVANIA TRAINING SCHOOL, MORGANZA, WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Board of Managers.

President—John S. Robb, Jr., Carnegie, Allegheny County.

Vice-President—Edward McDonald, McDonald, Washington County.

Secretary—Charles W. Houston, 7225 Meade Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

William D. Cotterrel, Waynesburg, Greene County.

Charles H. Ogden, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

John Add McIlvaine, Washington, Washington County.

Hay Walker, Jr., Leetsdale, Allegheny County.

J. Sharp Wilson, Beaver, Beaver County.

John C. Oliver, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

H. T. Billick, Monongahela, Washington County.

John C. Haymaker, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

John A. Elliott, Beaver Falls, Beaver County.

Theodore A. Straub, Canonsburg, Washington County.

David B. Johns, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

S. Plummer Emery, New Castle, Lawrence County.

J. Add. Sprowls, Donora, Washington County.

Resident Officer.

Superintendent—W. F. Penn, Morganza, Washington County.

The House of Refuge of Western Pennsylvania was incorporated by Act of April 22, 1850, P. L. 538, and located in Allegheny City; opened for inmates December 13, 1854. The name was changed to the Pennsylvania Reform School by the Act

of March 20, 1872, P. L. 27. December 12, 1876, the institution was removed to Morganza, Washington County. In January, 1912, the name of the institution was again changed by order of the Court No. 377, term First, 1912, of Allegheny County, to the Pennsylvania Training School; title of institution transferred to State of Pennsylvania, October 3, 1878; cost of building to June 1, 1919, \$843,058; number of inmates June 1, 1919, 633—males, 491; females, 142; employes, 85; expenditures for year ending May 31, 1919, \$277,770.79; earnings, \$3,908.89.

The juvenile delinquents are received from the several counties of the Western District; those from the Eastern District are sent to the Glen Mills Schools, Delaware County, a semi-State institution.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE LUNATIC HOSPITAL, HARRISBURG, DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—William M. Donaldson, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Lewis S. Sadler, Carlisle, Cumberland County.

Daniel C. Herr, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Edward Bailey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

John F. Mentzer, Ephrata, Lancaster County.

Ifenry M. Stine, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

William Coleman Freeman, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Samuel S. Woods, Lewistown, Mifflin County.

James Rudisill, York, York County.

Secretary and Treasurer—George W. Reily, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Resident Officers.

Superintendent and Physician—E. M. Green, M. D.

Assistant Physicians—R. F. L. Ridgway, M. D., H. L. Corbus, M. D., Grace Wintersteen, M. D., C. E. Goodman, M. D.

Steward—J. B. Livingston.

Matron and Dietitian—Miss Ethel B. Sage.

The Pennsylvania State Hospital at Harrisburg, was created by Act of Assembly approved April 14, 1845, P. L. 440, and supplement, approved April 11, 1848, P. L. 535. The counties of Adams, Berks, Bedford, Blair, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lancaster, Lebanon, Mifflin, Perry, Schuylkill and York compose the district of this hospital. The cost of the original buildings was about \$150,000. The State appropriated, subsequently, for the erection of infirmaries, heating apparatus, wash house, gas works, various repairs and improvements, and increase of the water supply, nearly \$200,000, prior to 1885, when \$80,000 was appropriated for a group of new buildings. By Act of May 29, 1893, \$100,000 was appropriated for the purpose of tearing down and removing the central portion of the main building and the rebuilding of the same. In 1897, \$150,000 was appropriated for tearing down and removing several of the old wards, and replacing the same with safer and more modern structures; this appropriation, however, was not available until 1899, when the new buildings were erected. In 1901, \$133,000 was appropriated for the rebuilding of the kitchen and three wards for patients and for the erection of a laboratory; but \$43,000 of this amount was utilized for the erection of kitchen and laboratory; the balance, \$90,000, lapsed to the Treasury of the State, as the wards could not be built in the proper manner for that sum. The Act of May 15, 1903, appropriated \$252,500 for the erection and equipping of several new buildings, and \$12,000 for the purchase of additional ground and the building of a sewer. The Legislature of 1917 appropriated \$20,000 for the erection and equipping of additional buildings; \$1,000 for furnishings and

improvements, and the Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$56,500 for improvements and purchase of stock. The first patient was admitted October 6, 1851; present valuation of real estate, \$1,214,169.00; of personal property, \$249,894.31; total receipts for the year ending May 31, 1919, \$335,785.36; expenditures, \$351,623.08; number of patients, May 31, 1919—females, 660; males, 621; total, 1,281; number of medical attendants and other employees, 195. The control of the institution is vested in a board of nine trustees appointed by the Governor.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, DANVILLE, MONTOUR COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—William Field Shay, Watsontown, Northumberland County.

Secretary—Herbert T. Hecht, Danville, Montour County.

Isaac X. Grier, Danville, Montour County.

William F. Lowry, Berwick, Columbia County.

M. Grier Youngman, Danville, Montour County.

Edward Brennan, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

James L. Brennan, Exchange, Montour County.

Fred M. Sprout, Muncy, Lycoming County.

Thomas J. Price, Danville, Montour County.

Treasurer of Board—John R. M. Curry, Danville Montour County.

Resident Officers.

Superintendent and Chief Physician—Hugh B. Meredith, M. D.

Assistant Physicians—James E. Robbins, M. D.; James S. Hammers, M. D.;

George B. M. Free, M. D.; Edward B. Shellenberger, M. D.; Horace V. Pike,

M. D.; Ida Ashenhurst, M. D.

Steward—Howard B. Shultz.

Housekeeper—Mrs. Kate D. Rhodes.

Druggist—George P. Ringer.

Clerk—Miss A. Viola Rishel.

Head Nurse—Mrs. Henrietta McC. Quigg.

Supervisors—Paul Clapp and Mrs. Jennie B. Jordan.

The State Hospital for the Insane at Danville, Pennsylvania, was established by an Act approved April 13, 1868, P. L. 90. The counties constituting the Northern District are Luzerne, Columbia, Tioga, Lycoming, Montour, Northumberland, Snyder, Union, Centre, Clearfield, Clinton and Potter. The expenditures for land (397 acres), and original buildings (previous to fire), were \$800,000.00. The first patient was admitted November 6, 1872.

Present valuation of real estate, \$1,436,934; of personal property, \$291,190.06; total receipts for the year ending May 31, 1919, \$523,253.50; as follows:— maintenance, \$506,434.29; buildings and improvements, \$16,819.21, of which, \$269,448.08 was received from the State; expenditures, \$584,037.48, as follows:— maintenance, \$571,299.80; buildings and improvements, \$12,737.68; number of patients June 1, 1919—males, 921; females, 805; total, 1,726; of these, 1,645 were indigent; attendants on patients, 142; other employees, 107. The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$20,000 for improvements at water filtration plant. The control of the institution is vested in a board of nine trustees appointed by the Governor.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, WARREN, WARREN COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—William E. Rice, Warren, Warren County.

Vice-President—A. Lincoln Bell, Ridgway, Elk County.

Secretary—Bryan H. Osborne, Franklin, Venango County.

Rufus B. Stone, Bradford, McKean County.

Joseph M. Bloss, Titusville, Crawford County.

Charles Schimmelfeng, Warren, Warren County.

Charles R. Galbrath, Franklin, Venango County.

Arthur M. Lowentritt, Oil City, Venango County.

George A. Reed, Erie, Erie County.

Resident Officers.

Physician-in-Chief and Superintendent—H. W. Mitchell, M. D.

Assistant Physicians—Ira A. Darling, M. D.; Mary P. Mitchell, M. D.; Patrick

H. Weeks, M. D.; Clarence A. Bonner, M. D.; Adelaide Ellsworth, M. D.; Melbourne J. Pond, M. D.

Pathologist and Bacteriologist—Paul G. Weston, M. D.

Consulting Ophthalmologist—E. D. McKee, M. D.

Consulting Surgeon—William M. Robertson, M. D.

Dentist—Joseph T. Danforth, D. D. S.

Steward—Harold A. Ross.

Accountant—Guy C. Johnson.

Treasurer—Freeman E. Hertzell.

The State Hospital for the Insane, at Warren, was established by Act of Legislature approved August 14, 1873, P. L. 333. The district is composed of the counties of Warren, Crawford, Erie, Mercer, Venango, Clarion, Forest, McKean, Elk and Cameron. Cost of institution, including land, \$905,000.00; present valuation, real estate and buildings, \$1,875,050.00; personal property, \$286,372.56. Income for 1918, including special appropriations, \$434,507.23; expenditures for 1919, including special appropriations, \$479,252.03; number of patients, June 1, 1919, 1,561—males, 779; females, 782; average number of employes, 275. In 1919 the State appropriated \$25,000.00 for the following purposes: for the purchase of farm machinery, tools and implements, tools and supplies for the engineers' departments and for necessary repairs to existing machinery, for erection of a henery, brooding house and other necessary buildings, for the construction of manure pits, for the purchasing of furniture and furnishings to equip the recently constructed attendants' home and for the purchase of land.

The control of the institution, by Act of 1881, is vested in a board of nine trustees, appointed by the Governor.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT, NORRISTOWN, MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—William J. Elliott, Philadelphia.

Secretary—Frank B. Heller, Lanark, Lehigh County.

*Treasurer—Frank L. Smith, Norristown, Montgomery County.

*Thomas W. Marshall, West Chester, Chester County.

Harman Yerkes, Doylestown, Bucks County.

E. Marshall Harvey, Media, Delaware County.

W. Clayton Hackett, Easton, Northampton County.

*J. Whitaker Thompson, Philadelphia.

Herbert P. Worth, West Chester, Chester County.

*Clayton D. Fretz, Sellersville, Bucks County.

C. Sheble Brown, Philadelphia.

*George A. Knowles, Philadelphia.

*Appointed by the Governor.

Resident Officers.**Department for Men.**

Chief Resident Physician—S. M. Miller, M. D.

Assistants—Harry C. Podall, M. D.; William H. Bernhardt, M. D.; W. H. M. Imhoff, M. D.; Albert Manning Cross, M. D.

Pathological Department.

Pathologist—Thomas B. Christian, M. D.

Dental Department.

Resident Dentist—Reuben E. Miller, D. D. S.

Dietitian's Department.

Dietitian—Alice McCollister.

Department for Women.

Chief Resident Physician—Jessie M. Peterson, M. D.

Assistants—Mary Christiancy, M. D.; Lily T. Roche, M. D.; Annie R. Elliott, M. D.; Clara L. McCord, M. D.; Augusta Skodnik, M. D.

Steward's Department.

Steward—Oscar L. Schwartz.

Office Manager—Charles Lawrence.

Bookkeeper—Allen T. Keely.

Assistant Bookkeeper—Wilson Ritter.

Clerk—W. Perry Hallman.

Storekeeper—Percy Jones.

Stenographer—Pearle E. Bardman.

The State Hospital for the Insane of the Southeastern District, composed of the counties of Philadelphia, Lehigh, Bucks, Montgomery, Delaware, Chester and Northampton, is located at Norristown, and was established by Act of Assembly of May 5, 1876, P. L. 121, and opened for patients July 12, 1880.

The total cost of the institution to May 31, 1919, was \$2,284,746.37, expended as follows: Real estate, \$1,895,734.66; furniture and fixtures, \$304,406.52; machinery, \$84,605.19. The institution also received a deficiency appropriation amounting to \$120,000.

The expenses for the year ending May 31, 1919, were \$784,179.32. The receipts for the same period were, from the State for maintenance, \$360,256.24; from counties, \$360,257.85; from private patients, \$48,700.73; from other sources, \$14,964.50; a total of \$784,179.32. Number of patients June 1, 1919, 1,324 males and 1,515 females, a total of 2,839; per capita cost per week for the year ending May 31, 1919, \$5.00 (not including deficiency appropriation of \$120,000.00, or \$5.83, including deficiency appropriation); number of physicians, 13; pathologist, 1; dentist, 1; druggist, 1; other employes and attendants, 495.

The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$195,000.00 for various items, as follows:—Deficiency, \$120,000.00; acquiring additional farm land adjoining hospital property, \$5,000.00, and \$70,000.00 for purchasing of new equipment, power house, new air line from power house to reservoir, new concrete walls for settling tank, new reservoir for drinking purposes, new building for bakery, repairing concrete corridors, new machinery and motors, tile flooring for halls, bath and wash rooms, additional garage facilities, installing new equipment for preparation and distribution of food, erecting sun parlor for section ten, remodeling Stinson cottage, installing track scale, installing auxiliary water supply main and erecting annex building for male nurses' home.

WESTERN STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE (TORRANCE P. O.), WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—Samuel S. Reighard, Altoona, Blair County.
 Treasurer—Wilbur P. Graff, Blairsville, Indiana County.
 Secretary—John M. Jamison, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.
 Walter F. Stauffer, Scottdale, Westmoreland County.
 Henry M. Brackenridge, Brackenridge, Allegheny County.
 David W. McNaugher, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Charles L. Snowden, Brownsville, Fayette County.
 John D. Walker, Johnstown, Cambria County.
 Grant Dibert, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Resident Officers.

Superintendent—C. R. McKinniss, M. D.
 Steward—E. S. Whitehead.

Division of Construction.

Six members of board of trustees comprise the building committee.
 Superintendent of Construction—C. R. McKinniss, M. D.
 Chief Clerk—E. S. Whitehead.

The Western State Hospital for the Insane was established by Act of June 18, 1915, P. L. 1055, as amended by Act of July 6, 1917, P. L. 749, and Act of July 16, 1919, P. L. 774, and is located at Blairsville Intersection, Indiana County. The site contains approximately fifteen hundred acres of tillable farm land and the Board of Trustees have under option about fifteen hundred acres of mountain land which they contemplate purchasing for water supply purposes.

The Legislature of 1915 appropriated, for the purchase of original lands, \$40,000.00, and for the construction of new buildings and the purchase of contiguous lands the Legislature of 1917 appropriated \$400,000.00. For the purpose of proceeding with the construction program the Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$250,000.00.

On November 25, 1919, this institution was formerly opened for the reception of patients in the temporary dormitory building. This building will house about 200 patients and it is the plan of the Board of Trustees to utilize the labor of these patients, so far as possible and practicable, in the rougher forms of construction work incident to the erection of said institution.

By virtue of the Act of July 16, 1919, the Board of Trustees was appointed to supersede the Building Commission, thereby taking over the duties vested in said Commission by the Act of 1915. It is the plan of the Board to erect this hospital for the care of the chronic insane and to derive its population from the congestion of this class of patients in other existing institutions. The Board is protected somewhat in the consummation of this plan by the Organic Law, which makes it impossible for a judge to commit to this hospital. Its entire population is to be derived by transfer of the State Committee on Lunacy.

Up to the date of the formal opening \$315,000.00 have been expended for the following purposes: Purchase of land, construction of buildings, repairs to existing appurtenances, operation of farm, general architectural and engineering expenses, administration and incidental expenses. The members of the Board of Trustees receive no compensation but are allowed their necessary traveling expenses.

**STATE ASYLUM FOR THE CHRONIC INSANE OF PENNSYLVANIA, SOUTH MOUNTAIN,
(WERNERSVILLE POST OFFICE), BERKS COUNTY.**

Board of Trustees.

President—Edward E. Beidleman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Secretary—Joseph L. Lemberger, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Treasurer—Jacob M. Shenk, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

Howard S. Williams, Ardmore, Montgomery County.

Walter T. Bradley, Philadelphia.

J. Howell Cummings, Philadelphia.

Oscar E. Fox, Reading, Berks County.

Simon P. Light, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

J. Warner Hutchins, Philadelphia.

Resident Officers.

Superintendent—Samuel S. Hill, M. D.

First Assistant Physician—W. C. Dorasavage.

Second Assistant Physician—Lucia A. Wheeler, M. D.

Steward—John G. Rhodes.

Matron—Miss Elizabeth Kutz.

Chief Clerk—Jacob B. Ketner.

This institution is located at South Mountain (Post Office, Wernersville), Berks County, and was established by the Act of June 22, 1891, P. L. 379. The real estate consists of 975 acres of land, purchased at an expense of \$115,301.11, on which are erected the administration building, ward buildings, refectory and assembly hall, day rooms, attendants' dormitory, infirmary, cold storage plant, kitchen, laundry, warehouse, isolation building, tuberculosis building, industrial building, tuberculosis pavilion, power plant, water filtration plant, sewage disposal plant and barns, costing \$1,036,778.77. The original buildings were turned over to the Board of Trustees by the building commission, July 21, 1894. The asylum is entirely and specially devoted to the care and treatment of the "chronic insane," which term shall not apply to any person who has been insane for a period less than one year. Only those insane persons who have been transferred from the State Hospitals and from the almshouses and poorhouses of the several townships and counties of the State under the authority and by the permission of the Board of Public Charities are cared for in this asylum. The purpose of the institution is the economic maintenance and care of able bodied, quiet, harmless, chronic insane, upon an industrial basis which contemplates their regular, daily, useful employment. The per capita cost for maintenance is fixed by the law at \$4.00 per week.

Many patients assist daily in the refectory, kitchen, laundry and general ward and house work, while a large number of the men are employed in out-door work, such as farming, gardening, floriculture, painting, carpentering, trench digging, road making, grading, masonry work, and the usual work of a farming population. Large sewing and mending rooms are operated by the women patients where a great deal of the clothing worn by the inmates is made. A printing office, mattress shop, tailor shop, barber shop and wheelwright shop are operated, and in the industrial building the making of underwear, stockings, ties, carpets and rugs, and cabinet making is carried on successfully.

Number of patients June 1, 1919, males, 727; females, 207; total, 934. The capacity is 946 inmates. Present valuation of real estate, \$1,036,778.77; of personal property, \$155,147.97. Total receipts from all sources for year ending May 31, 1919, were \$189,377.38, and the payments were \$212,947.87.

The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$135,000.00 for improvements.

Total number of officers and employees, 128. The Board of Trustees consists of nine members, appointed by the Governor, three being appointed each year to serve for three years.

**STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA, POLK,
VENANGO COUNTY.**

Board of Trustees.

President—William T. Bradberry, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Secretary—Marvin F. Scaife, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Treasurer—O. D. Bleakley, Franklin, Venango County.

Quincy A. Gordon, Mercer, Mercer County.

J. N. Davidson, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

A. R. Smart, Oil City, Venango County.

John A. Wilson, Franklin, Venango County.

Marshall L. Phipps, Franklin, Venango County.

Frederick H. Coursin, Dravosburg, Allegheny County.

Resident Officers.

Superintendent—J. M. Murdoch, M. D.

Assistant Superintendent—B. A. Black, M. D.

Assistant Physicians—Henry B. Gaynor, M. D.; James E. Dwyer, M. D.

Steward—George L. Weaver.

Engineer—George Hays.

Farmer—H. C. Ewalt.

Stenographer—Miss Minnie Seanor.

Bookkeeper—Miss Pearl Hockman.

Matron—Miss Mary L. Roerig.

Principal Teacher—Miss Anna Benner.

The State Institution for Feeble-Minded, at Polk, Venango County, was established by Act of June 3, 1893, P. L. 289, which authorized the Governor to appoint five commissioners to select the site and build the institution, and appropriated \$250,000 for the purchase of ground and commencement of the erection of the building.

The commission purchased 870 acres of land at a cost of \$24,750 upon which was erected an administrative building, two educational school buildings, one industrial school building, a building for the accommodation of teachers, a gymnasium, separate dining-rooms for the girls and boys, kitchen, bakery, storehouse, power house, cold storage building, laundry, workshop, two buildings for the storage of clothing, sixteen cottages, containing day rooms and dormitories, and two barns. The principal buildings are so connected by covered corridors that access to any of them can be had without exposure in inclement weather. They are heated by steam and lighted by electricity.

The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$980,000.00 for the maintenance and training of the inmates for the two years ending June 1, 1921, and \$76,425.00 for improvements. Total cost of buildings, \$1,607,963.17; present value of real estate, \$1,665,063.17; of personal property, \$363,010.26. The receipts and expenditures for the year ending May 31, 1919, were: receipts, \$596,188.97; expenditures, \$575,812.44. There were present in the institution May 31, 1919, 962 males, and 1,038 females, total, 2,000. Number of employes, 311.

The institution has accommodations for 1,900 and was opened for the reception of inmates April 21, 1897. It is devoted to the care and training of feeble-minded children; particularly children incapable of receiving instruction in the common schools of the State, but who may be improved by special methods of instruction. The control of the institution is vested in a board of nine trustees appointed by the Governor.

STATE INSTITUTION FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED AND EPILEPTIC OF EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA, AT PENNHURST, NEAR SPRING CITY, CHESTER COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—J. Whitaker Thompson, 309 Post Office Building, Philadelphia.
 Vice-President—Frank G. Hartman, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 Secretary—Newton R. Turner, Pottstown, Montgomery County.
 Treasurer—J. Comly Hall, West Chester, Chester County.
 J. Hibbs Buckman, 405 Lincoln Building, Philadelphia.
 J. Milton Lutz, Llanerch, Delaware County.
 B. Pemberton Phillippe, Wayne, Delaware County.
 J. Clarence Parsons, Phoenixville, Chester County.
 George W. French, Pottstown, Montgomery County.
 Richard S. Dewees, Haverford, Montgomery County.

Resident Officers.

Superintendent—Oscar E. Thomson.
 Assistant to Superintendent—J. Wersler Thomson.
 Chief Physician—William J. Steward, M. D.
 Assistant Physician—Harriet E. Chalmers, M. D.
 Steward—Simeon B. Sower.
 Social Worker—Miss Bertha Pfister.
 Matron—Miss Elizabeth Schofield.
 Head Nurse—Miss Ethel M. Cameron.
 Dentist—Charles S. Smith, D. D. S.

The institution was established by Act of May 15, 1903, P. L. 446, and is especially devoted to the reception, detention, care and training of epileptic and feeble-minded persons, and is so planned as to provide separate classification of the numerous groups. It is intended for the reception of both sexes.

Number of patients May 31, 1919, 1,027; total receipts from June 1, 1918, to May 31, 1919, \$295,003.67. Total expenditures from June 1, 1918, to May 31, 1919, \$282,832.43. Present value of real estate and personal property, \$2,648,979.04. Total number of officers and employes, 140.

The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$632,500.00 for maintenance for the two years ending May 31, 1921, and \$215,000.00 for the purchase of additional land, construction of buildings, corridors, livestock, retaining wall, and other repairs, as well as the purchase of furniture and furnishings.

HOMEOPATHIC STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, ALLENTOWN, LEHIGH COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—Harry C. Trexler, Allentown, Lehigh County.
 Treasurer—Edward M. Young, Allentown, Lehigh County.
 Russell C. Stewart, Easton, Northampton County.
 Archibald Johnston, South Bethlehem, Northampton County.
 John J. Tuller, 1935 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
 Walter W. Seibert, Easton, Northampton County.
 Leonard A. Peckitt, Catasauqua, Lehigh County.
 A. L. Kistler, Allentown, Lehigh County.
 George R. Bedford, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
 Secretary—Alonzo F. Walter.

Resident Officers.

Superintendent—Henry I. Klopp, M. D.
 Assistant Superintendent—Harry F. Hoffman, M. D.
 Assistant Physicians—Edgar Maule Blew, M. D.; Frederick C. Tongue, M. D.;
 Simon B. Glick, M. D.

Pathologist—Lydia Baker Pierce, M. D.

Dentists—G. H. and F. C. Diefenderfer, D. D. S.

Steward—Charles W. Fritchmann.

Accountant—Norman G. Clymer.

This institution, located about three miles from Allentown, Lehigh County, was established by the Act of July 18, 1901, P. L. 737, for the care and treatment, under homeopathic management, of the insane of the counties of Bradford, Bucks, Carbon, Lackawanna, Lehigh, Monroe, Northampton, Pike, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming. The real estate of the main plant consists of 214.53 acres of land upon which are erected the administration building, ward buildings and power plant, all completely equipped with steam heat, electric light, a sewage disposal plant, reservoir and pumping station. The total cost of the buildings was \$1,873,270.00; of the land, \$58,000.00. Also a farm colony of 175 acres, located in Allen Township, Northampton County. This hospital was turned over to the Board of Trustees by the Building Commission on July 2, 1912, and opened for the reception of patients October 3, 1912. The control of the institution is vested in a board of nine trustees appointed by the Governor. The present valuation of all real estate is \$1,685,174.46; the personal property, \$196,466.05. The number of patients June 1, 1919, was 1,082; males, 518; females, 564. The number of employees, 204.

The total receipts for the hospital year ending May 31, 1919, was \$296,394.92, of which \$160,318.36 was received from the State; the latter including current fiscal year's maintenance charge, \$130,318.42, and a special deficiency appropriation of \$29,999.94. Current expenditures were \$329,396.75, which includes the deficiency appropriation of \$29,999.94. The average cost of maintenance approximates a weekly per capita allowance of \$2.50 from the State, and \$2.50 from the counties. The actual average weekly per capita cost for the fiscal year was \$5.656.

The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$238,000.00 for buildings and improvements.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE CRIMINAL INSANE, FARVIEW, WAYNE COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—Henry F. Walton, Torresdale, Philadelphia.

Treasurer—Charles H. Dorflinger, White Mills, Wayne County.

Charles Kline, Allentown, Lehigh County.

E. B. Jermyn, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Wallace J. Barnes, Beach Lake, Wayne County.

H. A. Denney, Montrose, Susquehanna County.

Thomas E. Price, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Fred T. Gelder, Forest City, Susquehanna County.

Joseph H. Graves, Stroudsburg, Monroe County.

Secretary—Henry G. Ashmead, Chester, Delaware County.

Resident Officers.

Superintendent and Chief Physician—William M. Lynch, M. D.

First Assistant Physician—Walter R. Kraus, M. D.

Steward—Buel Dodge.

Chaplains—Rev. Matthew E. Boland and Rev. G. V. McAllister.

The State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, located at Farview, Wayne County, was established by Act of May 11, 1905, P. L. 400, and was founded for the purpose of giving medicinal and custodial treatment to the criminal insane of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Act authorized the Governor to appoint six commissioners to select a site and build the institution, and appropriated the sum of \$10,000 for the purchase of ground and \$150,000 to commence the erection of

the buildings. This institution is located on the east plateau of the Moosic Mountains, and includes about 1,297 acres, of which 498 acres have been purchased by the State, and a total of 799 acres was donated by the Delaware and Hudson Company and the Hudson Coal Company of Pennsylvania. The amount of money originally appropriated for the purchase of site was subsequently returned to the State Treasury. By the Act of June 6, 1911, P. L. 857, all the powers and duties conferred upon the commissioners were transferred on June 1, 1912, to a board of nine trustees appointed by the Governor.

This institution is the only one of its kind in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and patients are transferred there from every County in the State. Transfers and commitments are made through the State Board of Lunacy and the several courts of the counties of the Commonwealth. The first patient was admitted on December 16, 1912. Number of male patients, 416; total cost of buildings, \$669,353.97; present value of all real estate, \$1,762,668.80; present valuation of personal property, \$81,328.77. The receipts for the year ending May 31, 1919, were \$140,564.22; expenditures, \$165,506.69. Total number of officers and employees, 100.

The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$50,000 for deficiency in maintenance and \$159,500 for the erection of additional buildings, maintenance, and improvements.

The acreage has been increased 100 acres this past year, 60 acres under cultivation, 40 acres woodland. The present management has cleared between 40 and 50 acres of wildlands, and built several miles of good stone roads, increased the capacity of the reservoir over 1,000,000 gallons, and is continually making many improvements that is increasing the value of the property.

STATE VILLAGE FOR FEEBLE-MINDED WOMEN, NEAR GLEN IRON, UNION COUNTY.

Board of Managers.

President—Miss Nona P. Brown, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Vice-President—Oliver W. H. Glover, Laurelton, Union County.

Secretary—Mrs. Herman H. Birney, 4016 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Treasurer—Philip B. Linn, Lewisburg, Union County.

Joseph W. Cochran, Williamsport, Lycoming County.

Mrs. George H. Earle, Philadelphia.

John K. Johnston, Tyrone, Blair County.

Mrs. Harold M. McClure, Lewisburg, Union County.

J. M. Murdoch, M. D., Polk, Venango County.

Superintendent—Neary M. Wolfe, M. D., Lewisburg, Union County.

The State Village for Feeble-Minded Women was established by Act of July 25, 1913, P. L. 1319, as amended by the Act of July 5, 1917, P. L. 698.

The Board of Managers is composed of nine citizens, at least three of whom shall be women, appointed by the Governor. This institution is entirely devoted to the care and training of feeble-minded women, where the processes of an agricultural training shall be primarily considered in the educational department.

The Board of Managers elects annually from its members a president, secretary and treasurer, and shall appoint a superintendent who shall be a skilled woman physician, and whatever instructors, assistants, matrons, stewards and employees they may deem necessary. The Board shall also establish such a system of work and discipline for the inmates as will secure, to each, instruction in English education and in such manual or handicraft vocation as may be useful to her. As far as possible, each inmate shall provide payment for the cost of her maintenance; otherwise, such payment shall be made by the Commonwealth.

The Village is located on a tract of land, covering about 700 acres on the State forest reserves near Glen Iron, Union County; local residents donated 217 acres under cultivation. The Legislature of 1917 appropriated \$92,000 for the construction of additional buildings and making necessary improvements; \$3,000 for the purchase of additional land, and \$5,000 for road purposes.

The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$160,000.00—maintenance, 1919-1921, \$80,000.00; erection of buildings, \$80,000.00. There are now three cottages completed, which will accommodate 170 patients, and the Board of Managers will open the institution early in November.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOME, ERIE, ERIE COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—Governor William C. Sproul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Vice-President—Lieut.-Colonel John P. Nicholson, Philadelphia.

Auditor-General Charles A. Snyder, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

State Treasurer Harmon M. Kephart, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

William T. Powell, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Marshall R. Phipps, Franklin, Venango County.

Duncan Sinclair, Brownsville, Fayette County.

William J. McCaig, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Captain Thomas H. Cole, Erie, Erie County.

Christian F. Gramlich, Philadelphia.

L. F. Arensberg, East Millsboro, Fayette County.

Secretary and Treasurer—David C. Gotwals, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Resident Officers.

Commander—Captain Sylvester H. Martin.

Adjutant and Quartermaster—James Dempsey.

Resident Physician—H. H. Foringer, M. D.

Assistant Resident Physician—James Thurman Strimple, M. D.

Engineer—W. W. Thomas.

The Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, at Erie, was established under the Act of Assembly approved June 3, 1885, P. L. 62. The Act constituted the Governor, State Treasurer, Auditor-General, three members of the General Assembly, consisting of one Senator and two members of the House of Representatives appointed by the presiding officers of the Senate and House respectively, together with a committee of five honorably discharged soldiers, selected by the Department Commander of Pennsylvania Grand Army of the Republic, a commission to locate and establish a home for the disabled and indigent soldiers, sailors or marines, who as citizens of this Commonwealth enlisted and participated in the war for the preservation of the Union.

The commission succeeded themselves as a board of trustees for the management of the Home. The ex-officio members of the board serve during their term of office; the appointed members for two years from the third Wednesday of January of each Legislative year.

The commission selected the property at Erie, Erie County, known as the Marine Hospital, which belonged to the State, and was in an unfinished condition.

The main building contains—the offices, 140 sleeping rooms, with a capacity of from one to ten; a chapel with a capacity of 700, and a dining room seating 550, quartermaster's store room, commissary store room, kitchen, bakery; light and comfortable basements in which are located the carpenter, paint, tailor, upholstery, shoemaker, barber, and machine shops. The other buildings are the launch house;

amusement hall and library; boat and bathing house; infirmary, two stories in height, with accommodations for 82 patients; conservatory with florist's residence attached; laundry, two stories in height; brick barn and stable; ice house; piggery; hennery; three brick cottages, residents of the Commander, Adjutant and Resident Physician; number of members, June 1, 1918, 236.

The property contains 111 acres, and the value of the plant is in excess of \$500,000.

Those entitled to admission are soldiers, sailors or marines, who served during the war for the suppression of the Rebellion, who, at the time of their enlistment in the army or navy, were citizens of Pennsylvania, or served in some Pennsylvania organizations, or those who, having served in commands of other states, or in the United States Army or Navy, for five years immediately preceding the date of their application for admission, were citizens of Pennsylvania, who were honorably discharged from the service of the United States, who are in indigent circumstances, and from any disabilities (not received in any illegal act), are unable to support themselves by manual labor, and who cannot gain admission to the home for soldiers and sailors provided by the government of the United States; also the Pennsylvania soldiers of the Spanish-American war.

No person can be admitted to this Home until his application has been filed with the Secretary and approved by the Trustees.

When so approved, an order for admission and transportation will be sent the applicant, who is required to present the same within one month to the Commander at the Home, otherwise the same will be void. Transportation will only be furnished from points within the State of Pennsylvania.

The Commander of the Home cannot admit any one on personal application, nor until the order for admission has been made and presented, as stated.

The board of trustees has adopted the following rules:

Extract from the Minutes of Meeting of Board of Trustees, July 11, 1893.

Resolved, That any member of the Home failing or refusing to comply with the rule of the Board of Trustees governing pensions, shall be discharged by the Commander for violation of rules, and any member so discharged shall not be readmitted except by vote of the Board of Trustees, and in no event until the expiration of six months after such discharge.

Resolved, That members of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, or members of any other State Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, or of the National Homes for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, who may have been honorably discharged therefrom at their own request or discharged for any other reason, shall not be admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home within six months from date of such discharge.

Extract from the Minutes of Meeting of Board of Trustees, November 17, 1896.

Resolved, That any member of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, who may desert, be dropped from the rolls, be summarily dismissed, or dishonorably discharged and who may be readmitted to the Home, shall not be furnished transportation to return thereto.

Resolution and Rules Adopted by the Board of Trustees, November 17, 1908, for the Government of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, at Erie, Pennsylvania, in Accordance with an Act of Congress Approved May 28, 1908.

Extract from the Minutes of Meeting of Board of Trustees, November 17, 1908.

Resolved, That any member of this Home, who may receive from the United States any payments of money, shall within ten days after the receipt of the same, pay over to the Commanding Officer of the Home, a sum equal to the amount received in excess of four dollars per month, the same to be held in trust for him, and payments on account to be made to him from time to time, as the Board of Trustees may direct or approve.

Provided, That the Board of Trustees may upon application by him, direct that the money so held in trust, can be expended for the support of his dependents in such amounts as the Board may deem expedient.

Rules.

1st. Money received from the United States by a member of the Home, shall be paid to the Treasurer, through the Commanding Officer of the Home, who will receipt for the amount so paid, in an account book, in which all moneys paid under this rule shall be entered.

2d. The Commanding Officer of the Home shall open an account as Commander, with a National Bank at Erie, Pa., to be approved by the Board of Trustees, as a depository, and deposit daily all moneys received by him.

3d. All payments of money by the Treasurer to dependents of a member upon his application, shall be considered as made to the member.

4th. In all cases where a member of the Home requests payment of any portion of money remaining to his credit, and held in trust for him by the Treasurer, to be used for payment of professional services rendered him while on furlough, or, in case of a member present, when application for such treatment has been approved by the Resident Physician and the Commander of the Home, the bill for such professional service shall accompany the request, and be forwarded by the Commander to the Treasurer, and when payment is made by the Treasurer, check shall be drawn to the order of the person by whom the bill is rendered.

5th. Settlement for moneys due, and held in trust for any member discharged from the Home, or dropped from the rolls, shall be made by the Commander, by draft upon the Treasurer, said draft to show the fact that the sum named therein is in full payment for all moneys held in trust for said member.

6th. Any member of the Home failing or refusing to comply with the resolution and rules governing payments of moneys received by him from the United States, shall be discharged for violation of rules, and shall not be readmitted, except by vote of the Board, and in no event until six months after such discharge.

Extract from the Minutes of Meeting of Board of Trustees, October 30, 1907.

Resolved, That members of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, Pa., who are pensioners, and who may have pension money remaining to their credit under the rules of the Board governing pensioners, may, when granted a furlough, be paid on account of pension money to their credit, a sum equal to the cost of transportation to the point of destination and return, and a further sum equal to \$1.00 per day for the number of days for which furlough is granted: Provided, A member on furlough who has been paid one dollar per day as above, shall not be permitted to return to the Home for quarters or subsistence prior to the expiration of his furlough.

Extract from the Minutes of Board of Trustees, April 10, 1914.

Application for the use of pension money while on furlough, must be addressed to the Commander of the Home, and signed by the applicant. Upon approval of the application by the Commander, draft will be drawn on the Treasurer and given to the applicant.

The State appropriated for maintenance for the years 1919-1921, \$240,000.00; and \$20,000 for deficiency in maintenance.

The United States Government refunds to the State one-half of the cost of maintenance of inmates mustered into United States service, provided said one-half does not exceed \$100.00 per capita per annum.

SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, SCOTLAND, FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Commission.

President—Governor William C. Sproul, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Vice-President—Levi G. McCauley, West Chester, Chester County.

Secretary—Samuel P. Town, 2328 North Twenty-second Street, Philadelphia.

Treasurer—Washington F. Hambright, 139 East Clay Street, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

William J. Patterson, West Street, Bellevue, Allegheny County.

John A. Fairman, 1104 Bidwell Street, North Side, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Horace L. Haldeman, Marietta, Lancaster County.

George Marlow, York, York County.

Edwin R. Cox, 2348 Reed Street, Philadelphia.

John Lauler, 347 Meyran Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

John Mehning, 945 Wolf Street, Philadelphia.

Principal Officers.

Superintendent—William H. Stewart.

Assistant Superintendent and Principal—W. C. Bambrick.

Matron—Miss Jennie Martin.

Under the Act approved May 27, 1893, P. L. 171, the Commission of Soldiers' Orphan Schools was authorized to purchase ground and to establish an institution to be called the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial School. The

school is located at Scotland, Franklin County. The tract of land contains 167 acres and cost \$20,000, on which there have been erected an administration building, mechanical building, laundry building, engine and boiler house and water plant. These buildings have a complete electric light and steam heating system. The Legislature of 1893 appropriated \$150,000 for these purposes, and the Legislature of 1895 made an additional appropriation of \$69,900 to complete the furnishing and equipment of the mechanical plant. Other buildings added from time to time by acts of the Legislature: Hospital at a cost of \$10,000; auditorium and dormitory, kitchen and alterations to main building, \$40,000; addition to auditorium, \$15,000. Present valuation of all real estate is estimated at \$240,000, and of personal property, \$8,000. The object of the institution is the enlargement of the work of education of the soldiers' orphans, by the addition of industrial training to the present educational course. The number of scholars in attendance on June 1, 1919, was 269; males, 166; females, 103, and the total number admitted from the opening of the institution to June 1, 1919, was 2,795.

THADDEUS STEVENS INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL OF PENNSYLVANIA, LANCASTER, LANCASTER COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—Charles I. Landis, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 Vice-President—Frank B. McClain, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 Secretary—H. L. Trout, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 Treasurer—P. Eckert Slaymaker, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 John H. Landis, Millersville, Lancaster County.
 Charles F. Miller, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 A. C. Welchans, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 George Gesell, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 Graybill B. Long, Lancaster, Lancaster County.
 Thomas E. Finegan, Superintendent of Public Instruction (ex-officio).

Principal Officers.

Superintendent—William Mellor.
 Clerk of the Board, Walter A. Miller.

The Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, located at Lancaster, was created under the Act of May 11, 1905, P. L. 518, as the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial and Reform School of Pennsylvania, but by Act of April 15, 1907, it was changed to the "Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania," and provides for the education and training of indigent orphans.

The Act of April 29, 1909, P. L. 275, provides that if a sufficient number of indigent orphans, qualified for admission, shall not apply, then the board of trustees may admit orphans who may not be indigent, and, afterwards, other deserving boys, though they be not orphans, as the trustees in their judgment may think proper.

Under the will of Thaddeus Stevens, the residue of his estate was transferred to a corporation, called "The Stevens Orphans' Home of Lancaster City." Up to this time, the funds of that institution amount to about \$85,000, out of which \$20,000 has been devoted to the building of shops on land immediately adjacent to the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School and about \$7,000 for machinery, et cetera. The purpose is to use the land, buildings and money, held by the Stevens Orphans' Home, in conjunction with that which has been and shall be furnished by the State. The Act of May 11, 1905, appropriated the sum of \$50,000 and the Act of June 13, 1907, an additional sum of \$100,000 to build and furnish the State buildings.

The ground upon which the buildings are located contains about twenty acres, and was purchased for a nominal consideration from the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Lancaster County.

An administration building, two cottages, a power plant and laundry have been erected; the furnishings have been installed, as well as a complete heating plant, and the school was opened about October 1, 1909. After the building commission completed its labors, there was a balance of \$13,113.73 left from the two appropriations above mentioned, which balance, under the Act of April 23, 1909, was turned over to the trustees, to be used in the erection of new buildings, the furnishing of those already built, or in improving the grounds of the School, or such other necessary betterments as the trustees deem most advantageous to the School. Out of the above balance additional furnishings were procured, improvements made to the buildings and grounds, and a new barn building erected. The present valuation of real estate and buildings, \$103,951.45; grounds \$120,000.00; and of personal property, \$39,118.68. The total receipts for the year ending May 31, 1919, were \$31,721.05; expenditures, \$31,721.05. Number of pupils May 31, 1919, 59.

The control of the institution is vested in a board of nine trustees appointed by the Governor. The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$60,000 for maintenance for the two fiscal years ending June 1, 1921.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS OF THE ANTHRACITE COAL REGION OF PENNSYLVANIA, ASHLAND, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—George M. Davies, Lansford, Carbon County.
 Vice-President—Daniel Duffy, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.
 Secretary and Treasurer—Robert D. Heaton, Ashland, Schuylkill County.
 Benjamin I. Evans, Mount Carmel, Northumberland County.
 Theodore W. Riley, Centralia, Columbia County.
 Charles M. Bordner, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County.
 Harrison Ball, Mahanoy City, Schuylkill County.
 William R. Adamson, Saint Nicholas, Schuylkill County.
 Benjamin F. Bartho, Mount Carmel, Northumberland County.

Resident Officers.

Surgeon in Chief and Superintendent—J. C. Biddle, M. D.
 Permanent Resident Surgeon—W. H. Barr, M. D.
 Surgeon, Roentgenologist and Pathologist—James P. Roth, M. D.
 Surgeon and Chief Anaesthetist—Robert M. Biddle, M. D.
 Chief Clerk—Clinton F. Tiley.
 Directress of Nurses—Miss Nellie B. Williams.

Internes.

First Assistant Surgeon—Wm. T. Leach, M. D.
 Second Assistant Surgeon—Roy B. Bast, M. D.
 Third Assistant Surgeon—Guy A. Robinhold, M. D.
 Fourth Assistant Surgeon—William J. Jacoby.

The State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region, located near Ashland, Schuylkill County (post office address, Ashland), was established by Act of June 11, 1879, P. L. 157; opened for reception of patients, November 12, 1883; cost of buildings, \$240,250.00; value of real estate, including reservoir and land, \$383,855.00; of personal property, \$28,991.19.

The hospital was originally built for 56 beds. The capacity has been increased to 250 beds; number of patients June 1, 1919, 236; males, 151; females, 85;

number of medical attendants and other employes, 103. Receipts for 1918-1919, State appropriation, \$112,000.00; State, for deficiency, \$20,000.00; private patients' board and treatment, \$11,291.50; Compensation Department, \$12,831.75; telephone, \$69.59; sale of surgical supplies, \$181.70; donations, \$17.00; sale of scrap iron, \$16.53; refunds, \$14.16; sale of nurses' text books, \$16.56; unclaimed deposits, \$15.99, making a total of \$156,454.78; expenditures for 1918-1919, \$151,454.77. The daily average number of patients during the last year was 229, and the daily average cost, \$1.82.

This hospital is especially devoted to the reception, care and treatment of injured persons, and in the order of admission this class has precedence over paying patients, but any patient except those suffering from a contagious disease may be received, cared for and treated whenever the facilities of the hospital are sufficient to accommodate such patients.

The Legislature of 1919 appropriated for maintenance for the two years ending May 31, 1921, \$235,000.00; deficiency in maintenance, \$20,000.00; completion of new ward, \$30,000.00; addition to nurses' home, \$20,000.00; painting, \$4,000.00; furnishing, heating and plumbing isolation house, \$3,000.00; extending west ward toilet and shower, \$1,000.00; 125 fireproof steel lockers, \$1,000.00; changing room of permanent resident surgeon, \$500.00; total, \$314,500.00.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS OF THE MIDDLE COAL FIELD, HAZLETON, LUZERNE COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—E. L. Bullock, Beaver Brook, Luzerne County.

Vice-President—Henry M. Neale, Upper Lehigh, Luzerne County.

Secretary and Treasurer—Cornelius B. Kunkle, Drifton, Luzerne County.

I. P. Pardee, Hazleton, Luzerne County.

John Shigo, Freeland, Luzerne County.

H. M. Keller, Hazleton, Luzerne County.

Thomas Kennedy, Hazleton, Luzerne County.

T. E. Snyder, Hazleton, Luzerne County.

George B. Markle, Hazleton, Luzerne County.

Resident Officers.

Superintendent and Surgeon-in-Chief—Walter Lathrop, M. D.

Assistant Surgeon—Robert A. Gaughan, M. D.

Resident Physicians—A. J. Minor, M. D.; A. S. Gabor, M. D.; F. C. Eshelman, M. D.

The State Hospital for Injured Persons, at Hazleton, Luzerne County, was created by an Act of Assembly approved June 14, 1887, P. L. 399, which requires that this institution shall be especially devoted to the reception, care and treatment of persons injured in and about the mines, workshops and railroads embraced within the territorial limits of lower Luzerne County, part of Schuylkill County, and of Carbon County. The tract of land contains seven and one-half acres. Cost of buildings, \$110,000.00; of furnishings, \$25,000.00; value of the real estate and furnishings, \$150,000.00. The buildings were transferred to the board of trustees December 23, 1890, and the first patient was admitted February 25, 1891. Number of patients June 1, 1919, 104; number of medical attendants and other employes, 65; receipts for 1919, \$84,529.87; expenditures 1918-1919, \$84,529.87; amount of State appropriation for 1919-1921, \$140,000.00 for maintenance and \$25,000.00 for erecting and furnishing nurses' home. New wards and nurses quarters were erected in 1908 at a cost of \$60,000.00, which was a gift from Mrs. Eckley B. Coxe, of Drifton, Pa., and will be used for other than injured persons; total capacity of entire hospital, 110 beds with 20 cots for emergency. The control of the institution is vested in a board of nine trustees appointed by the Governor.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS OF THE TREVORTON, SHAMOKIN AND MOUNT CARMEL COAL FIELDS, SHAMOKIN, NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—William C. McConnell, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

Secretary—Charles A. Barron, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

Treasurer—C. Q. McWilliams, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

James C. Brown, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

J. M. Maurer, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

P. F. Brennan, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

W. R. Reinhardt, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

Charles B. Witmer, Sunbury, Northumberland County.

R. W. Montelius, Mount Carmel, Northumberland County.

Resident Officers.

Surgeon-in-Chief and Superintendent—George W. Reese.

Chief Clerk—James B. Phillips.

Head Nurse—Ethel Rae Beynon.

The State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, located one and one-fourth miles northwest of Shamokin, in Coal Township, Northumberland County, was established by the Act of June 3, 1907, P. L. 699, which requires that this Hospital shall be specially devoted to the reception, care and treatment of persons injured in and about the mines, workshops and railroads and to all other laboring men. The ground was donated by The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company, and Honorable William C. McConnell. The cost of buildings was \$144,645.03; value of real estate \$149,311.00.

The buildings were transferred to the Board of Trustees January 27, 1911, and the first patient admitted January 8, 1912.

Number of patients May 31, 1919, 70; males, 47; females, 23; attendants and employes, 33; receipts, year ending May 31, 1919, \$55,960.63; expenditures, \$60,842.72. State appropriation 1919-1921: maintenance, \$90,000.00; X-ray and pathologic laboratory and deficiency, \$3,000.00; improvements to operating and sterilizing rooms, \$3,000.00; changing and repairing bath rooms, toilets, floors, \$7,000.00; improvements to grounds, roads and sewers, \$9,500.00; installation of call bells and annunciators, \$1,000.00; improvements, repairs and equipment to ice plant, \$5,000.00; improvements, repairs and equipment to electric plant and elevators, \$7,000.00; improvements, repairs and furnishings to nurses' home and for a deficiency, \$6,000.00; improvements, repairs and equipment to boiler house, \$1,000.00.

STATE HOSPITAL OF THE NORTHERN ANTHRACITE COAL REGION OF PENNSYLVANIA, SCRANTON, LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—A. J. Connell, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Vice-President—Frank Hummler, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Treasurer—Mortimer B. Fuller, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Secretary and Assistant Treasurer—P. Silas Walter, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

W. G. Fulton, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Michael J. Hoban, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Henry F. Mauzer, Montrose, Susquehanna County.

Charles S. Weston, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

George G. Brooks, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Resident Officers.

Superintendent—John L. Burgan.

Chief Resident Physician—H. M. Kreamer, M. D.

Directress of Nurses—Ida D. Arnold.

This institution was originally organized under a special charter from the Legislature in 1871, under the name of the Lackawanna Hospital of Scranton, and maintained thereafter as a public hospital and dispensary in the City of Scranton. Under the Act approved July 18, 1901, the title to the property was transferred to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which assumed control thereof as a State institution. The hospital is specially devoted to the care and treatment of injured persons in the Northern Anthracite Coal Region, comprising the counties of Lackawanna, Wyoming, Wayne and Susquehanna, but it is conducted as a general hospital for the reception and treatment of sick as well as injured persons.

Value of real estate, \$400,000.00; of furnishings, \$40,000.00; number of resident physicians, in addition to the chief resident, 5; other employes, 132; number of patients June 1, 1919, 134. Receipts for the year ending May 31, 1919, \$139,690.47; expenditures, \$139,690.47. The State appropriated for the two years ending May 31, 1921, for maintenance, \$200,000.00; deficiency in maintenance, \$45,000.00; for improvements, \$6,000.00.

The management of the institution is vested in a board of nine trustees appointed by the Governor.

STATE HOSPITAL OF COALDALE, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.
Board of Trustees.

President—Paul W. Houck, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County.

Vice-President—William G. Whildin, Lansford, Carbon County.

Secretary and Treasurer—John R. Boyle, Coaldale, Schuylkill County.

Isaac M. Davies, Lansford, Carbon County.

C. C. Boner, Tamaqua, Schuylkill County.

Resident Officers.

Surgeon-in-Chief and Superintendent—E. E. Shifferstine, M. D.

Assistant Surgeon—W. A. Weaver, M. D.

Head Nurse—(Vacancy.)

Chief Clerk and Stenographer—Miss Anna M. Frederici.

The hospital was originally organized and a charter granted by the State of Pennsylvania, under the name of the Panther Creek Valley Hospital Association. It was open for the reception of patients on July 11, 1910.

Under an Act of June 14, 1911, a commission was authorized to investigate and examine the hospital at Coaldale, Schuylkill County, which was erected and equipped by the Panther Creek Valley Association. At a meeting held January 29, 1912, the commission found that it met with the proper requirements and accepted it for a State hospital to be thenceforth known as the State Hospital of Coaldale, Schuylkill County.

The value of real estate is \$72,034.31; of personal property, \$15,540.38; total cost of buildings, \$62,488.50; number of officers and employes, 33; maintenance and expenditures for the year ending June 1, 1919, \$35,765.62; new buildings and improvements, \$17,695.53. Number of patients June 1, 1919, 47; male, 38; female, 9.

The hospital is especially devoted to the care and treatment of persons injured in the Southern Anthracite Coal Region, which includes Carbon and Schuylkill Counties, but any patient, except those suffering from contagious diseases, may be received, cared for and treated, whenever the facilities of the hospital are sufficient to accommodate them.

The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$65,000.00 for maintenance for the two years ending May 31, 1921; \$7,120.91 for the purpose of defraying indebtedness of maintenance; \$10,000.00 for superintendent's home, and \$45,000.00 for completion of new buildings.

The hospital is controlled by a board of five trustees appointed by the Governor.

NANTICOKE STATE HOSPITAL, NANTICOKE, LUZERNE COUNTY.**Board of Trustees.**

President—John E. Morris, Alden, Luzerne County.

Secretary—James E. Bergin, Nanticoke, Luzerne County

Treasurer—Francis H. Kohlbraker, Nanticoke, Luzerne County

Michael Lonski, Nanticoke, Luzerne County

T. D. Shea, Nanticoke, Luzerne County

Resident Officers.

Superintendent and Surgeon—E. G. Heyer, M. D.

Assistant Surgeon—F. W. Heyer, M. D.

This hospital was organized by the Nanticoke Hospital Association in 1907 and was completed and ready for occupancy on October 12, 1909. In accordance with an Act of the Legislature of June 14, 1911, P. L. 933, the hospital became a State institution in April, 1913. The hospital's special purpose is to take care of persons injured in and about the mines of Nanticoke and surrounding territory and since it became a State institution the number of patients has materially increased.

Receipts for the year ending May 31, 1919, \$17,786.91; expenditures, \$61,931.48; number of patients June 1, 1919, 57; number of officers and employes, 45; present valuation of all real estate, \$135,000.00; of personal property, \$10,206.50.

The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$15,000.00 for deficiency in maintenance; also \$108,000.00 for maintenance, the completion of building and improvements.

COTTAGE STATE HOSPITALS FOR INJURED PERSONS OF THE BITUMINOUS AND SEMI-BITUMINOUS COAL REGIONS.

The Cottage State Hospitals for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions are four in number, and are located at Mercer, Mercer County; Philipsburg, Centre County; Connellsville, Fayette County, and Blossburg, Tioga County. They were created by an Act approved June 14, 1887, P. L. 401, which required, among other things, that the land upon which the hospitals were to be built should be donated to the State. These hospitals are especially devoted to the care and treatment of persons injured in and about the mines. Each hospital is controlled by a board of nine trustees, appointed by the Governor. Following will be found their management, and other statistics concerning them.

COTTAGE STATE HOSPITAL, BLOSSBURG, TIOGA COUNTY.**Board of Trustees.**

President—William F. O'Donnell, Morris Run, Tioga County.

Vice-President—Farnham H. Shaw, Wellsboro, Tioga County.

Secretary—Howard S. Kiess, Blossburg, Tioga County.

Treasurer—F. B. Smith, Blossburg, Tioga County.

Frederick G. Davis, Blossburg, Tioga County.

Edward H. Ross, Mansfield, Tioga County.

W. Scott Jenkins, Blossburg, Tioga County.

James D. Smettem, Arnot, Tioga County.

Hugh Cunningham, Arnot, Tioga County.

Resident Officers.

Executive and Medical Director—S. D. Molyneux, M. D.

Superintendent—Julia E. Page, R. N.

Assistant Superintendent—Mary Nasadoski, R. N.

Assistant Surgeon and Pathologist—L. G. Cole, M. D.

Roentgenologist—B. F. Cary.

Dietitian—Catherine Golden.

The Cottage State Hospital at Blossburg, Tioga County, is situated on land five acres in area, which was donated by citizens of Blossburg; present value of real estate, \$67,304.00; cost of furnishing buildings, \$15,322.98; State appropriations for 1919-1921, maintenance, \$52,000.00; deficiency, \$30,000.00; laundry, \$10,000.00; repairs and improvements, \$15,000.00; elevator, \$5,500.00; ambulance, \$2,000.00. The buildings were turned over to the board of trustees October 30, 1890; present capacity, 75; first patient was admitted February 19, 1891; number of employes, 19, exclusive of nurses; number of patients May 31, 1919, males, 28; females, 31; total, 59.

COTTAGE STATE HOSPITAL, PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—A. E. Woolridge, Woodland, Clearfield County.
 Treasurer—William C. Andrews, Philipsburg, Centre County.
 Secretary—Harry B. Scott, Philipsburg, Centre County.
 Robert Summerville, Winburne, Clearfield County.
 Charles H. Rowland, Philipsburg, Centre County.
 William R. Cameron, Houtzdale, Clearfield County.
 Samuel H. Wigton, Philipsburg, Centre County.
 George M. H. Good, Osceola Mills, Clearfield County.
 Charles H. Maxwell, Morrisdale, Clearfield County.

Resident Officers.

Surgeons—W. B. Henderson, M. D.; W. W. Andrews, M. D.
 Superintendent—Fannie A. Dougherty.
 Pathologist—A. J. Griest, M. D.

The Cottage State Hospital at Philipsburg, Centre County, is located on a tract of ground containing four acres donated by citizens of Philipsburg. The buildings were turned over to the board of trustees November 28, 1890; first patient was admitted February 23, 1891; present value of real estate, \$40,000; personal property, \$5,000.00; receipts for the year ending May 31, 1919, \$28,235.18; expenditures, \$33,549.39; State appropriation for 1919-1921, for maintenance, \$36,000.00; for improvements, \$13,000.00; deficiency, \$5,000.00; total number of patients May 31, 1919, 32; males, 23; females, 9; number of employes, 19.

COTTAGE STATE HOSPITAL, MERCER, MERCER COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—Thomas C. Gibson, Greenville, Mercer County.
 Secretary—Samuel J. Orr, Greenville, Mercer County.
 Sylvester D. Downs, Greenville, Mercer County.
 Q. A. Gordon, Mercer, Mercer County.
 Harry K. Daugherty, Grove City, Mercer County.
 Frank P. Filer, Mercer, Mercer County.
 Thomas A. Sampson, Mercer, Mercer County.
 Robert P. Cann, Stoneboro, Mercer County.
 William G. Christley, Mercer, Mercer County.

Resident Officers.

Surgeon-in-Charge—P. T. Hope, M. D.
 Superintendent and Treasurer—Edna J. Long.

The Cottage State Hospital at Mercer is located upon a plot containing about seven acres, donated by the citizens of Mercer and vicinity. The buildings were transferred to the board of trustees, December 30, 1890, and have cost to date,

\$25,000; cost of furnishing, \$5,000; of improvement of grounds, \$3,158; present value of all personal property, \$7,918.10; receipts for the year 1918, \$16,106.79; expenditures, \$16,106.79; State appropriation for two years ending June 1, 1921, \$22,000.00 for maintenance; capacity, 35 patients; first patient admitted April 21, 1891; total number admitted during 1917, 208; number of patients June 1, 1919, 7; number of nurses, attendants and other employees, 9.

COTTAGE STATE HOSPITAL, CONNELLSVILLE, FAYETTE COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

President—George W. Neff, Masontown, Fayette County.
 Vice-President—James B. Ewing, Uniontown, Fayette County.
 Secretary—William J. Bailey, Connellsville, Fayette County.
 Assistant Secretary—John A. Armstrong, Connellsville, Fayette County.
 Treasurer—Charles Davidson, Connellsville, Fayette County.
 R. C. Bierbower, Star Junction, Fayette County.
 Harry M. McDonald, Dawson, Fayette County.
 James C. McSpadden, Rockwood, Somerset County.
 H. C. Hoffman, Connellsville, Fayette County.

Resident Officer.

Superintendent—Miss Lois E. Plotner.

The Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville is built upon land donated by Colonel J. M. Reid, the plot containing two acres. Cost of buildings, \$24,292.35; present value of real estate \$40,000; of personal property, \$5,500. The buildings were transferred to the board of trustees November 20, 1890; first patient was admitted January 30, 1891; number of nurses and other employees, exclusive of superintendent, 16; the surgical staff is composed of 8 members, 2 of whom are in the U. S. service; capacity of hospital 45 beds; however, 29 was the monthly average for the year 1917. Receipts for the year 1918-1919, \$20,327.73; expenditures, \$20,209.24. State appropriation for 1919-1921, for maintenance, \$28,000.00; improvements, \$4,500.00; deficiency, \$3,965.87.

HOME FOR THE TRAINING IN SPEECH OF DEAF CHILDREN BEFORE THEY ARE OF SCHOOL AGE, PHILADELPHIA.

Board of Trustees.

President—J. B. Showalter, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 Treasurer—Miss Mary S. Garrett, 2201 Belmont Avenue, Philadelphia.
 Secretary—Roland L. Taylor, Morris Building, Philadelphia.
 J. George Becht, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Herman L. Collins, The Press, Chestnut and Seventh Streets, Philadelphia.

Resident Officers.

Principal—Miss Mary S. Garrett.
 Office Secretary—Miss Frances Quinn.

The home, the erection of which was authorized by the Act approved June 20, 1891, P. L. 371, was finished in 1893, and is located at the intersection of Belmont and Monument Avenues, Philadelphia. A second cottage was afterwards erected. Each of the two cottages is built to accommodate thirty pupils. Children are admitted between the ages of two and eight, and given a six years' course from time of entrance, uninterrupted by vacations, during which time they are given

the articulate speech, language and speech reading through the eye which will enable them to be educated in schools for the hearing. Dull children are given a longer course according to their individual needs.

The children who have finished their preparatory course here are being most successfully educated in the public schools with hearing children, and the boys are learning their trades with hearing people, at no expense to the State.

Number of pupils June 1, 1919, 63; males, 40; females, 20 (State pupils); also 3 female pay pupils; receipts to May 31, 1919, \$25,197.62; expenditures to May 31, 1919, \$33,456.07; number of instructors, 8; other employes, 19; present value of all real estate and personal property, \$88,729.37.

The Legislature of 1919 appropriated \$14,000.00 for deficit in maintenance to June 1, 1919, and for maintenance and repairs, for the two years ending May 31, 1921, \$53,000.00.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE ORAL SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF, SCRANTON, LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

Secretary and Treasurer—H. R. Kinsley, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Louis Arthur Watres, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Frank W. Wheaton, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

Frank H. Jarvis, Tunkhannock, Wyoming County.

G. d'Andelot Belin, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Frank E. Platt, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Edwin C. Rogers, Montrose, Susquehanna County.

Michael J. Hoban, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

(Two vacancies).

Resident Officer.

Principal—Miss Kate H. Fish.

This school was originally a private institution, established in 1884, and under an Act approved May 8, 1913, P. L. 163, a commission was appointed to examine into the advisability of its transfer to the Commonwealth, and by an Act approved June 15, 1915, P. L. 188, said commission was authorized and empowered to accept the school, including all its buildings, grounds and equipment upon the execution by said institution to the Commonwealth of an assignment of the surface rights in and to the said grounds of the said institution and the assignment and transfer to the Commonwealth of all its buildings, equipment, affairs and accounts.

This School is intended for the instruction of deaf children by the Oral Method. All classes of deaf children are received, those born deaf as well as those too hard of hearing to be taught in the public school. By a rule of the institution children are not received under six years of age, except in special cases.

Number of pupils June 1, 1919, male, 54; female, 35; receipts for year ending May 31, 1919, \$38,965.98; expenditures, \$38,965.98; deficit, \$4,286.49; number of instructors, 14; other employes, 20.

The State appropriation for two years ending May 31, 1921, is \$75,000.00 for maintenance; total cost of buildings, \$109,500.00; present valuation of real estate, \$189,500.00; personal property, \$11,000.00.

This institution is governed by a board of nine trustees appointed by the Governor.

THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, PHILADELPHIA.

The University of Pennsylvania traces its beginning to the year 1740.

Benjamin Franklin, who had made a similar proposal in 1743, in 1749 published a pamphlet, entitled *Proposals Relating to the Education of Youth in Pennsylvania*,

which led to the formation of a board of twenty-four trustees, nineteen of whom, on the 13th of November, 1749, met for organization and to promote "the Publick Academy in the City of Philadelphia," and elected Benjamin Franklin president of the board, an office which he held until 1756. So closely was Franklin identified with the plan that Matthew Arnold called the institution "the University of Franklin." On the 1st of February, 1750, there was conveyed to this Board of Trustees the "New Building" on Fourth Street, near Arch, which had been erected in 1740 for a Charity School and as a "house of Publick Worship," in which George Whitefield had preached in November, 1740; the original trustees (including Franklin) of the "New Building" and of its projected charity school date from 1740, and therefore the University attaches to its seal the words "Founded 1740." In the "New Building" the Academy was opened on the 7th of January, 1751, the city having voted £200 in the preceding August for the completion of the building. On the 16th of September, 1751, a Charitable School "for the instruction of poor Children *gratis* in *Reading, Writing and Arithmetick*" was opened in the "New Building." The proprietaries Thomas and Richard Penn incorporated "The Trustees of the Academy and Charitable School in the Province of Pennsylvania" in 1753; and in 1755 issued a confirmatory charter, changing the corporate name to "The Trustees of the College, Academy and Charitable School," etc., whereupon William Smith (1727-1803) of the University of Aberdeen, who had become rector of the Academy in 1752 and had taken orders in the Church of England in 1753, became provost of the College. In 1756 Dr. Smith established a complete and liberal curriculum which was adopted by Bishop James Madison in 1777, when he became president of the College of William and Mary. Provost William Smith's curriculum was adopted by, and is still used as the basis of Academic instruction in most of the American Colleges and Universities. In 1757 the first college class was graduated. Under Dr. Smith's control the Latin school grew in importance at the expense of the English school, to the great annoyance of Franklin, who wished much attention given to English composition and public speaking. In 1762-1764 Dr. Smith collected for the college in England about £6,900; and in 1764 his influence had become so strong that it was feared that the college would become sectarian. The Penns and others deprecated this and the trustees bound themselves to "use their utmost endeavors that.....[the original plan] be not narrowed, nor the members of the Church of England, nor those dissenting from them.....be put on any worse footing in this seminary than they were at the time of receiving the royal brief." From September, 1777, to June, 1778, college sessions were temporarily discontinued because Philadelphia was held by British troops. In 1779 the State Legislature, on the ground that the Trustees' declaration in 1764 was a "narrowing of the foundation," confiscated the rights and property of the College and chartered a new institution "the Trustees of the University of the State of Pennsylvania." Thus it became the first educational institution in the country to be known as a "University;" and also the first "University" in fact, since it was the first to include in its general scope, professional schools, a medical school having been added to the "College" in 1765 and a law school in 1790; in 1789 the College was restored to its rights and Dr. Smith again became its provost; in 1791 the College and the University of the State of Pennsylvania were united under the title, "The University of Pennsylvania," whose trustees were elected from their own members by the board of trustees of the College and that of the University. In 1802 the University purchased new grounds on Ninth street, between Market and Chestnut, where the Post Office Building now is; there until 1829 the University occupied the building erected for the administrative mansion of the President of the United States; there new buildings were erected after 1829; and from these the University removed to its present site in 1872.

The provosts have been: in 1755-1779 and in 1789-1803, William Smith; in 1779-1791, of the University of the State of Pennsylvania, John Ewing (1732-1802); in 1807-1810, John McDowell (1750-1820); in 1810-1813, John Andrews (1746-1813); in 1813-1828, Frederick Beasley (1777-1845); in 1828-1833, William Heathcote De Lancey (1797-1865); in 1834-1853, John Ludlow (1793-1857); in 1854-1859, Henry Vethake (1792-1866); in 1860-1868, Daniel Raynes Goodwin (1811-1890); in 1868-1880, Charles Janeway Stille (1819-1899); in 1881-1894, William Pepper (1843-1898); in 1894-1911, Charles C. Harrison, (b. 1844); and in 1911, Edgar F. Smith.

During the great world war the University of Pennsylvania contributed very liberally of its resources and its equipment to the cause of democracy and humanity. During the summer of 1917 the campus was used as a camping ground by various regiments of engineers, infantry and other units; classes in French were conducted for the benefit of men in uniform in the Houston Club; and various parts of the campus were used for drilling. The class rooms of the Law School and other buildings were frequently used for conducting examinations of men in the service who were candidates for promotion. There were also conducted in the various departments of the University under government auspices special schools for training Army Medical Officers in oral surgery, neurological surgery, general surgery, orthopedic surgery, and a school for training men for navigating the seas and preparing them to take command of our new Merchant Marine. A similar course in navigation was also given to the students in the college. The first Ordnance School for giving special training to men entering the Ordnance Department was also established at the University, and used as a model for similar schools throughout the country. In the Engineering Department there were given special courses preparing men for the signal service, radio, et cetera. Most of the members of the Aviation Examining Boards throughout the United States were also trained at the parent unit organized at the University at the beginning of the war. The University Hospital conducted a number of special courses for nurses and nurses' aides. On July 1, 1918, an Officer Material School was established at the University of Pennsylvania under the auspices of the United States Navy, which was conducted for enlisted men in the Navy showing special ability. Each course extended over a period of three months, and was attended by a squad of 200 men. The courses were given in the Engineering Building and the men quartered in the dormitories of the University. It is thus seen that several thousand men besides the regular University of Pennsylvania students were trained annually at the University for special branches of the U. S. service.

Besides this the University of Pennsylvania organized among her sons three ambulance units, a Base Hospital, several Red Cross units and various detached units. The University Hospital set aside 250 of its beds for the special use of the Army and Navy. Many of the University laboratories were turned over to and used by the government and its special experts. Among these were the laboratories of the Veterinary Department, the various special pathological and bacteriological laboratories. Various laboratories in the Engineering Building were turned over to the United States Shipping Board, where it carried on routine work for the Department of Concrete Ship Construction of the Emergency Fleet. The various testing laboratories of the Engineering School were also used by the United States Signal Corps Instruction Department in testing airplane tubes, et cetera.

During the spring of 1917 there were almost 2,000 men enrolled in a voluntary student battalion, who pursued a course on military tactics under Colonel William Kelly. During the winter of 1917-18 a Reserve Officers' Training Corps was established under Major Charles T. Griffith of the U. S. Army, in which about 900 students were enrolled; and in the fall of 1918 the University was prepared to conduct a four-year course in military science for students in order that they might be fitted to become leaders in the Army and Navy of the United States. Those fin-

ishing the four-year course were to receive the degree of Bachelor of Science in Military Tactics. Up to commencement exercises, held in June, 1919, the University had a record of 8,742 students and alumni in the United States Army and Navy. Two hundred of these have been reported dead, wounded or missing, and several hundred decorated for bravery and distinguished service. The total number of men in the service will probably reach 11,000 when all war records are completed. A war-time feature of the first academic term of 1918-19 at the University of Pennsylvania was the formation of a Students' Army Training Corps, containing 2,440 men, and a Naval Unit, containing 450 men. The students satisfied the regular entrance examinations and were all enlisted men of the army or navy, under direct control of the United States authorities, and received their tuition, lodging, clothing, and food free of cost to themselves, in addition to receiving the pay of an enlisted soldier or sailor. The signing of the armistice in November was the cause, in a few weeks, of the disbandment of these men, but many of them returned to the University later to register as regular students.

In the fall of 1919 the Reserve Officers, Training Corps was resumed at the University under the direction of Lt. Col. Sheldon W. Anding, Infantry, U. S. Army. The number of students enrolled in this corps in October, 1919, was 146. These men will be given a two years' basic course in the fundamental principles of military drill and instruction, at the end of which time they will be permitted to elect another two years' advanced course, which will include higher military subjects.

The Governor of the State is President ex-officio of the corporation.

The University of Pennsylvania comprehends the following departments:

The College, including:

The School of Arts.

The Summer School.

The College Courses for Teachers.

The Towne Scientific School, including courses in Civil, Electrical, Mechanical Engineering, Chemistry and Chemical Engineering.

The Wharton School of Finance and Commerce, including evening courses, in Philadelphia, and Extension Schools in Harrisburg, Scranton, Reading and Wilkes-Barre.

The Graduate School.

The Law School.

The School of Medicine.

The Medico-Chirurgical Post Graduate School of Medicine.

The School of Dentistry.

The Dental Graduate School.

The School of Veterinary Medicine and Hospital.

The School of Education.

The University Hospital and Training School for Nurses.

The Wistar Institute of Anatomy and Biology.

The Laboratory of Hygiene.

The University Library.

The University Museum.

The Flower Astronomical Observatory.

The Department of Physical Education.

Psychological Clinic.

Henry Phipps Institute.

The Department of Military Science and Tactics.

The Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania.
The Governor of Pennsylvania, President ex-officio.

Elected.

- 1876. Charles C. Harrison, LL. D.
- 1880. Wharton Barker.
- 1896. Morris J. Lewis, Ph. D., M. D.
- 1896. Randal Morgan.
- 1898. Samuel Frederic Houston.
- 1901. J. Levering Jones, LL. D.
- 1903. Robert G. Le Conte, M. D.
- 1903. Joshua Bertram Lippincott.
- 1905. Arthur Latham Church.
- 1906. George Harrison Frazier.
- 1910. John Cadwalader, LL. D.
- 1910. Louis C. Madeira.
- 1910. Charles Louis Borie, Jr.
- 1911. Edward T. Stotesbury.
- 1911. Effingham B. Morris.
- 1911. George W. Pepper, LL. D., D. C. L.
- 1911. Morris L. Clothier, LL. D.
- 1911. John C. Bell, LL. D.
- 1911. R. A. F. Penrose, Jr., Ph. D.
- 1916. William A. Redding.
- 1917. Hampton L. Carson, LL. D.
- 1917. David Milne.
- 1919. John Marshall Gest.
- 1919. Joseph Widener.

Administrative Officers.

- Provost—Edgar Fahs Smith, Ph.D., Sc.D., L.H.D., LL.D. Office in the John Harrison Laboratory of Chemistry.
- Vice-Provost—Josiah H. Penniman, Ph. D., LL. D. Office, 104 College Hall.
- Secretary—Edward P. Mumford, A. B. Office, 4 Law School Building.
- Treasurer—F. Corlies Morgan, A. B.
- Recorder—George E. Nitzsche, LL.B. Office, Houston Hall.
- Bursar—William O. Miller, A.B. Office, 102 College Hall.

Deans of the Faculties.

- Dean of the College Faculty—Arthur Hobson Quinn, Ph. D. Office, 103 College Hall, Woodland Avenue. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 12 M., daily.
- Dean of the Towne Scientific School Faculty—John Frazer, A.M., Ph.D. Office, Engineering Building.
- Dean of the Wharton School Faculty—Emory R. Johnson, H.L., Ph.D., Sc.D. Office, Logan Hall.
- Dean of the School of Education—Frank P. Graves, Ph.D., Litt.D., LL.D. Office, 108 College Hall.
- Dean of the Graduate School Faculty—Herman V. Ames, A.M., Ph.D. Office, 105 College Hall.
- Dean of the Law Faculty—William E. Mikell, B.S., LL.M. Office in the Law School Building.
- Dean of the Medical Faculty—William Pepper, A.B., M.D. The Dean's Office (in the Medical Laboratories, Hamilton Walk).
- Dean of the Dental Faculty—Charles R. Turner, A.B., D.D.S., M.D. Office, Thomas W. Evans Dental Institute.

Dean of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine—Louis A. Klein, V.M.D. Office, Veterinary Building.

Other Departments.

Director of Physical Education—R. Tait McKenzie, A.B., M.D. Office in the Gymnasium.

Director of Military Science and Tactics—Lieut.-Col. Sheldon W. Anding. Office in Architectural Building.

Director of Admissions—George Gailey Chambers, Ph.D. (For the College, Towne Scientific School, Wharton School, School of Education). Office, Room 113.

Assistant Director—George William McClelland, A.M., Ph.D., College Hall.

Librarian of the University—Asa B. Dickinson. Office in the Library, Thirty-fourth Street below Walnut.

Assistant Librarian—Katharine S. Leiper. The library is open daily during term-time (except holidays), from 8:15 A. M. to 10 P. M.; Sundays, from 2 P. M. to 6 P. M.

Librarian of the Biddle Law Library—Mrs. Margaret C. Klingelsmith, LL.B.; LL.M. Office in the Law School Building, Thirty-fourth and Chestnut Streets. Office hours, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., daily.

Director of the Summer School—Henry Lamar Crosby, Ph.D. Office, 109 College Hall.

Superintendent of the University Hospital—Marion E. Smith. The hospital is on Spruce Street above Thirty-fourth. Communications concerning the hospital and the admission of patients should be addressed to the Superintendent.

Director of the William Pepper Clinical Laboratory—Herbert Fox, M.D. Office in the Laboratory. Office hours, 2 P. M. to 3 P. M., daily. The Laboratory is on Spruce Street below Thirty-sixth, adjoining the Hospital.

Acting Director of the Laboratory—Samuel S. Kneass, M. D.

Director of the Wistar Institute—Milton J. Greenman, Ph.D., M.D., Sc.D. Office in the Institute, Thirty-sixth Street and Woodland Avenue. Office hours, from 3 to 5 P. M., daily, except Saturdays.

Director of the John Harrison Laboratory of Chemistry—Edgar F. Smith, Ph.D., Chem.D., Sc.D., L.H.D., LL.D. Office in the Laboratory, Thirty-fourth and Spruce Streets.

Director of the Laboratory of Hygiene—Alexander C. Abbott, M.D., Dr.P.H., Sc.D. Office in the Laboratory, Thirty-fourth Street below Walnut.

First Assistant in the Laboratory—David Hendricks Bergey, A.M., M. D., Dr.P.H. Office in the Laboratory. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 12 M., and 2 P. M. to 5 P. M., daily.

Director of the Randal Morgan Laboratory of Physics—Arthur W. Goodspeed, Ph.D. Office in the Laboratory, Thirty-fourth Street below Walnut.

Director of the Psychological Laboratory and Clinic—Lightner Witmer, Ph.D. Office in College Hall.

Director of the Light and Heat Station—Samuel B. Locke.

Superintendent of Buildings and Grounds—William R. Jones, M.E. Office, Room 323, Engineering Building.

Director of the Zoological Laboratory—Clarence E. McClung, Ph. G., A.M., Ph.D. The Laboratory is on Hamilton Walk.

Director of the Robert Hare Chemical Laboratory—John Marshall, M.D., Nat. Sc.D., LL.D.

Director of the Botanic Garden—John M. Macfarlane, D.Sc.

The Garden is adjacent to the Botanical Laboratory, on Hamilton Walk, and is open daily from 7 A. M. to sunset. The greenhouses are open from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Director of the Flower Astronomical Observatory—Eric Doolittle, C.E.

The Observatory is situated at Highland Park Station, one mile beyond the Sixty-ninth Street Terminal Station of the Market Street elevated electric road.

Purchasing Agent—Boulton Earnshaw. Office, Room 320, Zoological Laboratory, Office hours, 9 A. M. to 4:30 P. M.

Superintendent University Hospital—Marian E. Smith.

Executive Director Henry Phipps Institute—Charles J. Hatfield, M.D.

Director of the Clinical and Sociological Departments—H. R. M. Landis, M.D.

Director of the Laboratory—Paul A. Lewis, M.D.

University Museum.

The Museum contains the archaeological and ethnological collections of the University, and is situated on Spruce Street below Thirty-fourth, opposite Franklin Field. The collections are open to visitors daily from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.; on Sundays, from 2 P. M. to 6 P. M.

Director—George B. Gordon, Sc.D

Officers of Instruction and Students, 1919-1920.

Total number of officers of instruction in all departments, 700.

Student Registration.

The College,	2,700
Towne Scientific School,	950
Wharton School and Wharton Extension Schools,	4,300
School of Education,	550
Graduate School,	475
Law School,	200
School of Medicine,	475
Medical Graduate School,	80
School of Dentistry,	560
Dental Graduate School,	15
School of Veterinary Medicine,	35
Total,	<u>10,340</u>

Some idea of the wonderful growth of the University of Pennsylvania may be found in comparison of the registration figures with those of former years. It is of interest to record that in the autumn of 1872, when the new College Hall in West Philadelphia was occupied, the entire student registration, all departments, was only 780, and the officers of instruction aggregated 41.

THE UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

(The Western University of Pennsylvania.)

The University of Pittsburgh had its origin in the Pittsburgh Academy, which received its charter from the Legislature on February 28, 1787. At that time Pittsburgh was a small village in the forks of the two rivers which unite to form the Ohio. The young institution was planted in Pittsburgh because, as stated in the charter, any school or college already established was greatly distant from the

country west of the Allegheny Mountains. Its avowed purpose was to furnish to the youth in Western Pennsylvania education in "the useful arts, science and literature." The original incorporators were men distinguished in public life in the western part of the State. The Academy flourished under a number of different principals until in 1810 Rev. Dr. Joseph Stockton, eminent in letters and in education, became the principal. In Dr. Stockton's administration it became evident that the Academy could not provide Western Pennsylvania with the educational facilities urgently required and that the institution must be enlarged.

Meanwhile, the Constitution adopted in 1790 made provision for the establishment by the State of "one or more seminaries of learning." Clearly one of these should be in Philadelphia, and in 1791 the two institutions there were re-incorporated under the title "The University of Pennsylvania." Following a similar plan for the western part of the State, the Legislature in 1819 re-incorporated in Pittsburgh the Pittsburgh Academy under the title of "The Western University of Pennsylvania."

By separate act the Legislature made to the newly created University a large grant of valuable land. The title to this land failing by reason of accrued rights in adjacent land owners, the Legislature made a money appropriation for the erection of a building on the land already owned by the University. In 1822 the new faculty was inducted into office, with Dr. Robert Bruce as the head. While for many years the University confined itself principally to instruction in the liberal arts, yet about 1840 a flourishing law school was established, under the headship of Honorable Walter H. Lowrie, and courses in engineering were offered, the first student graduating from this latter department in 1846. The buildings were destroyed in the great fire of 1845 and again in 1849, the latter interrupting the work for a season. In 1908 the University acquired title to 43 acres of land in the Schenley district, a most eligible location, on which several new buildings have been erected and others are in course of erection. In the same year, without change of charter, the University became known as the "University of Pittsburgh."

The chancellors, in earlier years called principals, have been as follows: Robert Bruce, 1822-1843; Herman Dyer, 1843-1849; David H. Riddle (acting), 1849-1856; John F. McLaren, 1855-1858; George Woods, 1858-1880; Henry Mitchell MacCracken, 1880-1884; Milton B. Goff, 1884-1890; William J. Holland, 1890-1900; John A. Brashear (acting), 1900-1904; and Samuel Black McCormick, from 1904.

The University of Pittsburgh comprises the following schools:

The Arts Group.

The College.
The School of Economics.
The School of Education.

The Technical Group.

The School of Engineering.
The School of Mines.
The School of Chemistry.

The Graduate Group.

The Graduate School.
The School of Astronomy (Allegheny Observatory).
The Mellon Institute of Industrial Research and School of Specific Industries.

The Professional Group.

The School of Medicine.
The School of Law.
The School of Dentistry.
The School of Pharmacy.

The Department of University Extension.

The Department of Military Science and Tactics.

The Board of Trustees, a self-perpetuating body, is as follows:

Ex-Officio—

The Governor of Pennsylvania.

The Mayor of Pittsburgh.

The Chancellor of the University.

Elected.

George Hubbard Clapp, Sc.D., President.

1882. Rt. Rev. Cortlandt Whitehead, D.D., LL.D.

1889. William Jacob Holland, Ph.D., LL.D.

1890. Benjamin Thaw, A.B.

1891. John Alfred Brashear, Ss.D., LL.D.

1893. Andrew William Mellon, A.M.

1900. James Henry Lockhart, A.B.

1902. George Hubbard Clapp, Sc.D.

1903. Thomas Harlan Baird McKnight.

1903. Thomas Patterson, A.M.

1904. William Lucien Scaife, Ph.B., C.E.

1906. Howard Heinz, A.B.

1907. Joseph Clifton Trees, M.E.

1907. Andrew Jackson Kelly, Jr.

1907. Samuel Alfred Taylor, C.E.

1908. Walther Riddle, Ph.D.

1909. Edward Vose Babcock.

1910. William Penn Snyder.

1911. John Knox McClurkin, D.D.

1912. John Crawford Wallace, Pharm.D.

1913. Alfred Reed Hamilton, B.S.

1914. George Sturges Oliver, A.B.

1914. Henry Clay McEldowney.

1916. Richard Beatty Mellon.

1917. William Lewis Clause.

1917. Benjamin Gilbert Follansbee.

1918. George Breed Gordon.

1919. Ogden Mathias Edward, Jr.

The officers of administration are:

Chancellor—Samuel Black McCormick, D.D., LL.D.

Secretary—S. B. Linhart, A.M., D.D.

Treasurer—Thomas Harlan Baird McKnight.

Registrar—Joseph Gilbert Quick, B.S.

Dean of the College—John Calvin Fettermann, Ph.M.

Dean of the School of Economics—Albert Wright.

Dean of the School of Education—Will Grant Chambers, Litt.D.

Dean of the School of Engineering—Frederic Lendall Bishop, Ph.D.

Acting Dean of the School of Mines—Harry Bertine Meller, E.M.

Dean of the School of Chemistry—Raymond Foss Bacon, Ph.D.

Director of the Observatory—Frank Schlesinger, Ph.D.

Director of the Mellon Institute of Industrial Research and School of Specific Industries—Raymond Foss Bacon, Ph. D.

Dean of the School of Medicine—Raleigh Russell Huggins, M. D.

Dean of the School of Law—John Douglas Shafer, LL.D.

Dean of the School of Dentistry—H. Edmund Friesell, D.D.S.

Dean of the School of Pharmacy—Julius Arnold Koch, Ph.D., Pharm.D., Sc.D.

Director of University Extension—James Herbert Kelley, B. S., A. M., A. B.

The officers of instruction for the year 1918-19 numbered as follows:

The College,	50
School of Economics (Including Evening School),	31
School of Education,	49
School of Engineering,	14
School of Mines,	9
School of Chemistry,	14
School of Medicine,	136
School of Law,	16
School of Dentistry,	54
School of Pharmacy,	14
Observatory,	3
Mellon Institute,	8
Physical Education,	5
Department Military Science and Tactics,	4
Total,	408

The student registration—(812 in 1904-05) is (1918-1919) as follows:

The College,	904
School of Economics (Including Evening School),	946
School of Education,	673
School of Engineering,	478
School of Mines,	71
School of Chemistry,	143
The Graduate School,	76
School of Medicine,	170
School of Law,	70
School of Dentistry,	340
School of Pharmacy,	213
Total,	4,090
Duplicates,	158
Net total,	3,932
Extension courses,	396

THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE, STATE COLLEGE, CENTRE COUNTY.

Board of Trustees.

Ex-Officio Members.

William C. Sproul, Governor of the Commonwealth, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Edwin E. Sparks, President of the College, State College, Centre County.
 Thomas E. Finegan, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Frederik Rasmussen, Secretary of Agriculture, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

Appointed by the Governor.

	Term Expires.
Milton W. Lowry, 601 Clay Avenue, Scranton,	1919
Henry D. Brown, Williamsport,	1920
Jacob L. Kendall, Pittsburgh,	1920
E. S. Bayard, Pittsburgh,	1921
Edgar R. Kiess, Williamsport,	1921

Elected by the General Alumni Association.

J. H. M. Andrews, 1317 Spruce Street, Philadelphia,	1922
Ambrose N. Diehl, Duquesne,	1922
Ellis L. Orvis, Bellefonte,	1922
James L. Hamill, Columbus, Ohio,	1920
H. Walton Mitchell, 1015 Park Building, Pittsburgh,	1920
John F. Shields, Real Estate Trust Building, Philadelphia,	1920
George M. Downing, 1420 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia,	1921
James G. White, 43 Exchange Place, New York City,	1921
William H. Walker, Bridgton, Maine,	1921
Hiester V. White, Bloomsburg,	1921

Elected by Delegates from Societies.

A. W. Mitchell, Erie,	1922
R. L. Munce, Canonsburg,	1922
J. T. Wallis, Altoona,	1922
Vance C. McCormick, Harrisburg,	1920
Charles M. Schwab, South Bethlehem,	1920
E. R. Pettebone, Scranton,	1920
C. J. Tyson, Floradale,	1921
George G. Hutchison, Warriors Mark,	1921
William T. Creasy, Catawissa,	1921
Louis T. McFadden, Canton,	1921
William E. Crow, Uniontown, Fayette County,	1920
Peter Gearhart, Clearfield,	1922

Officers of the Board of Trustees.

President—H. Walton Mitchell, Pittsburgh.

Vice-President—J. G. White, New York.

Secretary—Edwin E. Sparks, State College.

Treasurer—D. K. Peet, State College.

The Pennsylvania State College, located in the village of State College, Centre County, was established and is now maintained by the joint action of the Federal Government and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Chartered by an Act of the State Legislature approved February 22, 1855, as the "Farmers' High School," it served a small but useful purpose until the passing of the so-called "Land Grant" Act of Congress in 1862, which offered to each State and Territory a portion of the public lands for the maintenance of an institution of higher learning, provided the State would furnish the necessary buildings and a portion of the equipment. The Legislature of Pennsylvania accepted this offer by an Act approved April 1, 1863, and pledged the faith of the State to carry the same into effect. Under this agreement the college became the Pennsylvania representative of a chain of State institutions of higher education, one being located in each State of the Union. In 1874 the name was changed and it has since been known as "The Pennsylvania State College."

According to the terms of its foundation, the college is required to teach such branches of learning as are related to Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, without excluding other scientific and classical studies and including military tactics. This is to be done in such manner as the Legislature of the State may prescribe, "in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life." Upon this broad foundation, the college is supported by public taxation through biennial appropriations of varying amounts

made by the State Legislature: and by permanent appropriations made by Congress amounting to \$80,000 annually for instructional purposes, \$30,000 annually for experimental purposes, and varying amounts for agricultural extension purposes.

The college property, embracing about 1,350 acres of land and 40 buildings, is valued at \$2,779,851. About 100 acres are appropriated for campus purposes and the remainder devoted to agricultural experiments and the maintenance of the college livestock; this stock is also used for experimental purposes. In addition to the work of instruction at the College, various extension activities in the shape of short courses of study, county agents, experimental orchards, farmers' and miners' institutes, Farmers' Weeks, apprentice classes, general lecture courses and night schools are conducted in different parts of the State. An Agricultural Experiment Station and an Engineering Experiment Station are maintained at State College as integral parts of the institution.

The principal buildings erected by appropriations made by the State Legislature are: The Engineering Buildings, the Agricultural Buildings, the Chemistry Buildings, the Dairy Building, the Mining Buildings, the Liberal Arts Building, the Engineering Experimental Station Buildings, and the Home Economics Building. From private benefactions have been constructed the Carnegie Library and the Schwab Auditorium. Two large dormitories accommodate about 400 students, composed of both men and women. An athletic field of eighteen acres, with modern improvements, supplies an unusual playground. Water is supplied from mountain reservoirs. The location of the college, 1,200 feet above sea level, insures pure air and a healthy environment. The surroundings are largely responsible for the unusual growth in number of students during the year as well as in the Summer Sessions for Teachers.

The various schools and departments into which the college is divided and the courses of study offered in each are shown in the following schedule:

Major Courses.—Each of these courses requires four years for completion, each year being divided into two semesters of about equal length.

1. School of Agriculture and Experiment Station:

- A Course in Agricultural Chemistry.
- A Course in Agricultural Education.
- A Course in Agronomy.
- A Course in Animal Husbandry.
- A Course in Botany.
- A Course in Dairy Husbandry.
- A Course in Forestry.
- A Course in Horticulture.
- A Course in Landscape Gardening.

2. Institute of Animal Nutrition:

Research and Graduate Instruction in the Principles of Animal Nutrition.

3. School of Engineering and Experiment Station:

- A Course in Architectural Engineering.
- A Course in Civil Engineering.
- A Course in Electrical Engineering.
- A Course in Electrochemical Engineering.
- A Course in Highway Engineering.
- A Course in Industrial Engineering.
- A Course in Industrial Education.
- A Course in Mechanical Engineering.
- A Course in Milling Engineering.
- A Course in Railway Mechanical Engineering.
- A Course in Sanitary Engineering.

4. School of the Liberal Arts.

- A Classical Course.
- A Course in History and Political Science.
- A Course in Industrial and Fine Arts.
- A Course in Mathematics.
- A Course in Music.
- A Course in Commerce and Finance.
- A Course in Philosophy and Education.
- A Course Preparatory to Law.

5. School of Mines:

- A Course in Metallurgical Engineering.
- A Course in Mining Engineering.
- A Course in Mining Geology.

6. School of Natural Science:

- A Course in Biology.
- A Course in Chemistry.
- A Course in Industrial Chemistry.
- A Course in Physics.
- A Course Preparatory to Medicine.

7. Department of Home Economics:

- A Course in Domestic Arts.
- A Course in Domestic Science.

8. Department of Physical Education:

- A Course incorporated in all the schools.

Minor or Short Courses.—Besides these regular courses, certain schools offer short courses, as follows:

- A two years' Course in Agriculture.
- A one year's Teachers' Course in Agriculture.
- Winter Courses in Agriculture of twelve weeks each.
- A one week's Lecture Course for Farmers.
- A twelve weeks' Course in Home Economics.
- A two years' Teachers' Course in Manual Training.
- Six months courses in Apprentice Schools.
- Agricultural Correspondence Courses in 33 subjects.

Enrollment of Students, 1918-1919.

(None being counted twice).

Candidates for Advanced Degrees, 51

Students in the Four Years' Courses:

Seniors,	301
Juniors,	360
Sophomores,	567
Freshmen,	1,117

Total, 2,345

Students in Non-Degree Conferring Courses:

Unclassified Students,	21
Two Years' Course in Industrial Education,	0
Two Years' Course in Agriculture,	79
Winter Course in Agriculture,	57
Winter Course in Home Economics,	7
Summer Session for Teachers,	643
	<hr/> 807

Grand Total,	3,203
Names occurring twice,	8
	<hr/>

Total enrolled attendance, 3,195

Non-Residents in Extension Courses:

In addition to the students engaged in study at the College, the following are under Extension instruction at other places:

Apprentice Day and Night Schools, conducted by the Engineering Extension Division of the School of Engineering, in Allentown, Altoona, Ardmore, Beaver Falls, Berwick, Bradford, Butler, Chester, Coatesville, Connellsville, DuBois, Erie, Harrisburg, Harriman, Hazleton, Hershey, Hollidaysburg, Johnstown, Kane, Lancaster, Lebanon, New Castle, Oil City, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Pottstown, Pottsville, Reading, Renovo, Ridgway, Saint Marys, Scottdale, Shippenburg, Steelton, Sunbury, Titusville, Warren, Waynesboro, West Chester, Wilkes-Barre, Wilmerding, Williamsport, and York,	3,500
Correspondence Courses in Agriculture and Domestic Science,	3,000

STATE FOREST ACADEMY, MONT ALTO, FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Director*—Edwin A. Ziegler, A.M.

Director (Acting)—Joseph S. Illick, A.B., B.F., F.E.

Professors of Forestry—Williard M. Drake, B.F.; George S. Perry, B.F.

Professor of Biology and the Natural Sciences—John Coleman Harris, A.M., M.S.

Professor of Chemistry and Soils—Eugene P. Deatrick, A.M.; Ph.D.

The Pennsylvania State Forest Academy was founded by Dr. J. T. Rothrock, the first Commissioner of Forestry, in response to a call made for the preparation of foresters to administer the State Forests. The school was opened in 1902, was firmly established by the Act of May 13, 1903, P. L. 373, and has since been busily engaged in imparting instruction to selected young men who are preparing themselves for a forestry career upon State forests. The capacity of the Academy is limited to thirty students, ten in each class, and the course comprises three years' instruction of forty-eight weeks each. Students at graduation receive the degree of Bachelor of Forestry. The grade of the Academy is in all respects equal to that of other under-graduate institutions conferring a similar degree.

*Absent on military leave.

SALARIES OF STATE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Senators and Members of the House of Representatives each receives \$2,500 for regular biennial sessions, and mileage to and from their homes at the rate of thirty cents per mile circular; for a special or extraordinary session they receive \$500, and mileage, as aforesaid. In addition to the above they are given \$150 in postage for each regular session, and \$50 for each special or extraordinary session. The President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, in addition to their salaries as members of the Legislature, each receives \$1,000 for each regular biennial session, and \$500 for each special or extraordinary session.

The clerk and the stenographer to the President of the Senate receive, respectively, \$1,500 and \$1,200 per annum.

The Secretary of the Senate receives \$7,500 per annum; the chief clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives each receive \$6,000 per annum; the librarian of the Senate and the resident clerk of the House of Representatives each receives \$4,500 per annum; the assistant librarian of the Senate and the assistant resident clerk of the House of Representatives each receives \$3,600 per annum.

The assistant clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives each receives \$2,000 for each regular biennial session, \$10 per diem for each special or extraordinary session, and \$175 per month during the interim between legislative sessions.

The journal and reading clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives each receives \$2,000 for each regular biennial session, and \$10 per diem for each special or extraordinary session.

The executive clerk of the Senate, the assistant journal clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives, the desk clerks and assistant reading clerks of the House of Representatives each receives \$1,800 for each regular biennial session, and \$10 per diem for each special or extraordinary session.

The assistant to the secretary of the Senate receives \$10 per diem for each regular biennial, special or extraordinary session, and \$200 per month during the interim between legislative sessions. The stenographers to the librarian of the Senate and the stenographer to the resident clerk of the House of Representatives each receives \$8 per diem for each regular biennial, special or extraordinary session, and \$150 per month during the interim between legislative sessions. The superintendents of the store rooms of the Senate and House of Representatives each receives \$2,400 per annum.

For each regular biennial, special or extraordinary session, the message clerks, the clerks having in charge the preparation of the Senate and House Histories of Legislation, and the sergeants-at-arms of the Senate and House of Representatives each receives \$8 per diem; for each regular biennial, special or extraordinary session, the clerks in the transcribing rooms, clerks to committees, chaplains, clerks to President pro tempore and Speaker, postmasters, chief assistant sergeants-at-arms, stenographers to the President pro tempore and Speaker, stenographers to the chief clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives, superintendents of folding rooms, and the assistant sergeants-at-arms each receives \$7 per diem; for each regular biennial, special or extraordinary session, the assistant postmasters, messengers, assistant messengers, pasters and folders, the custodians of committee rooms, and the custodian of the wash room of the House of Representatives, each receives \$6 per

diem; the messenger in the Senate Library and the messenger in the library of the House of Representatives each receives \$1,200 per annum; the custodian of the Senate Chamber and the custodian of the Hall of the House of Representatives, the watchmen of both Houses, the custodian of the wash room of the Senate, the custodian of the basement of the Senate, and the custodian of the basement of the House of Representatives each receives \$150 per month; for each regular biennial, special or extraordinary session, the assistant custodians of the Senate Chamber and the assistant custodians of the Hall of the House of Representatives each receives \$3 per diem, and \$75 per month during interim between legislative sessions; for each regular biennial, special or extraordinary session, the page to the President and the page to the President pro tempore, the page to the Speaker, and the chief pages each receives \$3 per diem; and the pages each receives \$2 per diem.

In addition to the officers and employes above specified, the chief clerk of the Senate is authorized to appoint, for the session, not more than four stenographers for the use of the members and officers of the Senate, and the chief clerk of the House of Representatives is authorized to appoint, for the session, not more than six stenographers for the use of the members and officers of the House of Representatives, who shall each receive \$5 per diem.

In the Senate and House of Representatives for each regular biennial, special or extraordinary session, and until the proceedings of the Legislative Journal shall be fully transcribed and completed, the filing clerks each receives \$7 per diem; the compiling clerks each receives \$9 per diem; the chief official reporters each receives \$18 per diem, the official reporters each receives \$15 per diem; the expert typewriters each receives \$7 per diem; the proofreaders and the copyholders each receives \$7 per diem, and until the proceedings of the Journal are proofread, and also for the time employed on the appendix and index. The clerk to index the Legislative Journal receives \$1,500 per session, and the clerk in the office of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding receives \$7 per diem until the proceedings of the Journal shall have been delivered to the printer, and the sum of \$150 per month thereafter until the Legislative Journal, appendix and index have been completed and measured.

All officers and employes of the General Assembly, including the employes on the legislative journal, shall return, as such, to the next regular biennial session of the Legislature following that for which they were elected or appointed, and those who shall not be reelected or reappointed, or elected or appointed to some other office in the Legislature, shall be allowed their regular per diem compensation, except the assistant clerks, journal clerks, assistant journal clerks, reading clerks, assistant reading clerk, executive clerk, desk clerks, and message clerks, who shall each receive \$10 per diem for ten days, or until their successors are duly elected or appointed and have qualified.

Each of the above officers and employes receives mileage for each regular biennial, special or extraordinary session of the Legislature, and as returning officers, at the rate of ten cents per mile to and from their homes, to be computed by the ordinary mail route between their homes and the State Capitol.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.		Per annum.
Governor,		*\$10,000
Lieutenant-Governor,		5,000
Secretary to the Governor,		7,500
Chief clerk,		4,000
Clerk to secretary,		2,400
Commission clerk,		1,800
Four stenographers, each,		1,500

*After January 16, 1923, the salary of the Governor will be \$18,000 per annum.

	Per annum.
Filing Clerk,	\$1,200
Messenger,	1,200
Watchman,	1,080

The Governor is authorized to employ such consultants, experts, accountants, investigators, inspectors, and clerks, as he may deem necessary, and fix their salaries, wages and fees, to inform, advise, and assist him in properly supervising and directing the Commonwealth's business and caring for the public welfare.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

Secretary of the Commonwealth,	8,000
Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth,	4,500

Executive Bureau.

Chief clerk, who shall also be the Secretary of the Board of Pardons,	4,000
Expert stenographer,	1,500
Statute clerk,	2,400
Minute and index clerk,	1,800
Messenger,	1,200
Watchman,	1,080

Corporation Bureau.

Chief of the Bureau of Corporations,	4,000
Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Corporations,	3,000
Foreign Corporation clerk,	2,000
Index and Control clerk,	2,000
Expert stenographer and search clerk,	1,800
Engrossing and recording clerk,	1,800
Recording clerk, who shall also be the Assistant Secretary of the Board of Pardons,	2,000
Four recording clerks, each,	1,800
Two recording clerks, each,	1,600

Commission Bureau.

Chief of the Commission and Bond Bureau,	3,000
Engrossing clerk,	2,200
Recording clerk,	2,000
Recording clerk,	1,800

Election and Legislative Bureau.

Superintendent,	3,000
Chief clerk,	2,200
Clerk,	1,800

Requisition and Warrant Bureau.

Chief clerk,	2,000
Two recording clerks, each,	1,500

Registration Bureau.

Chief clerk,	2,500
Clerk,	1,500
Two clerks, each,	1,200

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

	Per annum.
Attorney-General,	\$12,000
First Deputy Attorney-General,	7,500
Deputy Attorney-General,	6,000
Two Deputy Attorneys-General, each,	5,000
Two Deputy Attorneys-General, each,	3,500
Private secretary, who shall be a stenographer,	3,500
Three law clerks, each,	3,000
Five stenographers, each,	1,200
Messenger,	1,200
Telephone operator,	900

The Attorney-General may appoint such additional Deputy Attorneys-General, law clerks and stenographers in said Attorney-General's Department as he may deem necessary, whose compensation shall not exceed, in the aggregate, the sum of twenty thousand (\$20,000) per annum.

AUDITOR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Auditor-General,	*8,000
Deputy Auditor-General,	5,500
Assistant Deputy Auditor-General,	4,500
Chief clerk,	3,500
Chief bookkeeper,	2,500
Assistant chief bookkeeper,	2,000
Two bookkeepers, each,	1,800
Eight traveling auditors, each,	1,800
Ten additional clerks, each,	1,500
Three filing and index clerks, each,	1,400
Two stenographers, each,	1,500
One stenographer,	1,400
One messenger,	1,200
One night watchman,	900

Bureau of Corporations.

Chief clerk,	5,000
Assistant chief corporation clerk,	4,500
Assistant chief corporation clerk,	4,000
Five clerks, each,	2,400
Six clerks, each,	1,800
Seven clerks, each,	1,600

Bureau of Collections from Public Officers.

Chief clerk,	3,000
Escheats Clerk,	1,800
Two clerks, each,	1,800
One clerk,	1,600
Three clerks, each,	1,500

Bureau of Accounts and Expenditures.

Chief clerk,	3,000
Assistant chief clerk and warrant clerk,	2,500
Appropriation clerk,	2,000
Five clerks, each,	1,500
Statistician,	2,000
Assistant Statistician,	1,800

The mercantile appraisers in counties having a population of more than 1,000,000, and less than 1,500,000, are appointed by the Auditor-General, and receive an annual salary of not more than \$5,000, each.

*After May 17, 1921, the salary of the Auditor General will be \$10,000.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

	Per annum.
State Treasurer,	*\$8,000
Cashier,	5,000
Assistant cashier,	3,500
Bond clerk,	3,000
Corporation clerk,	4,000
Assistant corporation clerk,	2,500
Appropriation clerk,	3,000
Two assistant appropriation clerks, each,	1,800
Deposit clerk,	2,000
Assistant deposit clerk,	1,600
Warrant clerk,	1,800
Assistant warrant clerk,	1,600
Expert bookkeeper,	2,000
Corporation bookkeeper,	2,200
Assistant corporation bookkeeper,	2,000
One clerk,	1,800
Five clerks, each,	1,500
One stenographer,	1,400
One stenographer,	1,200
Three watchmen, each,	1,000
Messenger,	1,200

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Secretary of Internal Affairs,	8,000
Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs, who shall also act as clerk of the Board of Property,	5,000
Chief clerk,	2,500
Bookkeeper,	2,000
Clerk, who shall also be a stenographer,	1,500
Two stenographers, each,	1,300
Messenger,	1,200
Watchman,	1,000

Land Office Bureau.

Chief draftsman and surveyor,	2,500
Draftsman and surveyor,	2,400
Four draftsmen, each,	1,800
Two search clerks, each,	1,600
Eight clerks, each,	1,500

Bureau of Assessments and Taxes.

Chief of the Bureau,	2,500
Two clerks, each,	1,800

Bureau of Railroads.

Chief of the Bureau,	3,000
Assistant Chief of the Bureau,	2,500
Two clerks, each,	1,600

Bureau of Standards.

Chief of the Bureau,	3,500
Assistant Chief of the Bureau,	2,400
Four deputies, each,	2,500
Stenographer,	1,300

*After May 2, 1921, the salary of the State Treasurer will be \$10,000.

SALARIES OF STATE

Bureau of Statistics and Information.

Per annum.

Chief of the Bureau,	\$5,000
Assistant to the Chief of the Bureau,	3,000
Two statisticians, each,	2,000
Filing clerk,	1,500
Copying clerk,	1,500
Four collectors of statistics, each,	1,500
Five clerks, each,	1,500
Editor of publications,	3,000
Expert tabulating machine operator,	1,800
Machine operator,	1,500
Stenographer,	1,500
Five key punch operators, each,	900

Bureau of Municipalities.

The Secretary of Internal Affairs is authorized to employ a Chief of the Bureau of Municipalities, also such engineering, accounting, clerical, stenographic and other expert service, relating to the gathering of information, its distribution and publication and other duties incident to the purpose of the Bureau. The salaries of the chief and the employes shall be fixed by the Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Bureau of Topographic and Geological Survey.

State Geologist, whose compensation is fixed by the Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The State Geologist, with the approval of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, is authorized to appoint, employ, and fix the compensation of such clerks, stenographers, engineers, draftsmen, and other assistants and help, as the work of the Bureau may require.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

The members of the State Board of Education receive no salary.

Superintendent of Public Instruction,	12,000
Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction,	7,500
Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction,	6,000
Three clerks, each,	1,800
Four high school inspectors, each,	2,500
Three stenographers and typewriters, each,	1,000
Messenger,	1,200

Bureau of Vocational Education.

Agricultural Division.

Director of agricultural education,	4,000
Two supervisors of agricultural education, each,	2,000
Stenographer,	1,000
Two assistant stenographers, each,	600

Industrial Division.

Director of industrial education,	4,000
Two supervisors of industrial education, each,	2,000
Supervisor of drawing,	2,000
Stenographer,	1,000
Two assistant stenographers, each,	600

Bureau of Professional Education.

Two examiners and school visitors, each,	2,000
Examiner,	1,200

Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure.		Per annum.
Five members, each,		\$1,500
Members ex-officio (the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Health), each,		500
Secretary and treasurer (in addition to salary),		500

The members also receive their necessary traveling expenses.

Mothers' Assistance Fund.

State Supervisor of Mothers' Assistance Fund,	2,400
Assistant State Supervisor of Mothers' Assistance Fund,	1,600
Clerk to State Supervisor of Mothers' Assistance Fund,	1,200

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD.

The Board consists of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the State Treasurer, one member to be appointed by the Governor, three members of the Public School Employees' Retirement Association, and one member to be elected by the Board. The Board is authorized to elect a chairman, and appoint a secretary, actuary, and such medical, clerical and other employees as may be necessary, and fix their salaries. The members of the Board receive no salary, but shall be reimbursed from the expense fund for any necessary expenses.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Adjutant-General,	7,500
Deputy Adjutant-General,	3,600
Chief clerk,	3,600
File clerk,	1,400
Assistant file clerk,	1,200
Stenographer, who shall also be stenographer to the State Armory Board,	1,880
Stenographer,	1,500
Stenographer,	1,400
Clerk,	1,600
Messenger,	1,200

Bureau of Accounts.

Finance Branch.

Bookkeeper,	1,800
Warrant clerk,	2,000
Two stenographers, each,	1,200
Order clerk,	1,500
Bookkeeper,	1,400
Bookkeeper,	1,200

Bureau of Records.

Personnel Branch.

Clerk,	1,400
Stenographer,	1,200

Record Branch.

Search clerk,	1,800
Assistant search clerk,	1,400
Stenographer,	1,200
Clerk,	1,000

SALARIES OF STATE

Bureau of Supplies.
Administration Branch.

Per annum.

Superintendent of State Arsenal,	\$3,400
Assistant Superintendent of State Arsenal,	2,200
Foreman of State Arsenal,	2,000

Accounting Branch.

Chief clerk,	1,800
Stockkeeper,	1,500
Bookkeeper,	1,400
Stenographer,	1,400
Two stenographers, each,	1,200
Receiving clerk,	1,400
Shipping clerk,	1,400
Assistant shipping clerk,	1,200

Manufacturing Branch.

Skilled tent-maker,	1,600
Skilled tent-maker,	1,400
Canvasman,	1,400
Canvasman,	1,200
Tailor,	1,200

Mechanical Branch.

Carpenter,	1,600
Carpenter,	1,300
General mechanic,	1,600
Painter,	1,200
Blacksmith,	1,200
Pipefitter,	1,200
Auto mechanic,	1,500
Assistant auto mechanic,	1,300
Three chauffeurs, each,	1,200
Garage man,	1,200

Utility Branch.

Engineer,	1,400
Fireman,	1,200
Charman,	1,000
Three watchmen, each,	1,200

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

Insurance Commissioner,	7,500
Deputy Insurance Commissioner,	5,000
Special Deputy on Liquidation,	2,400

Actuarial Staff.

Life actuary,	5,000
Three actuary's clerks, each,	2,000
Actuary's clerk,	1,600

Compensation Staff.

Compensation rating expert,	5,000
Compensation claim statistician,	2,400

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES.

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Examining Staff.

Per annum.

Chief examiner of life companies,	\$3,000
Chief examiner of fire and marine companies,	3,000
Chief examiner of casualty companies and fraternal societies,	3,000
Six examiners, each,	2,400
Two assistant examiners, each,	2,000

Complaint and Investigation Staff.

Two investigators of complaints, each,	3,000
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Clerical Staff.

Chief clerk and cashier,	3,000
Examiner of statements,	2,400
License clerk,	2,000
Assistant license clerk,	1,800
Bookkeeper,	2,000
Compiler of annual statements,	2,400
Five clerks, each,	1,600
Clerk,	1,400
Mail clerk,	1,200
Four stenographers, each,	1,300
Two messengers, each,	1,200

The Insurance Commissioner is also authorized to appoint, subject to the approval of the Governor, additional examiners, special deputies, or clerks, for special or temporary service, at salaries not to exceed \$300 per month.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner of Banking,	8,000
Deputy Commissioner of Banking,	5,000
First Deputy Commissioner of Banking,	4,000
Second Deputy Commisisoner of Banking,	3,000

The Commissioner of Banking, with the approval of the Governor, is authorized, from time to time, to employ such clerks, examiners, special agents, and other employes, as he may need to discharge in a proper manner the duties imposed upon him by law, and to fix their salaries.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Secretary of Agriculture,	8,000
Deputy Secretary of Agriculture,	5,000

Bureau of Animal Industry.

Director, who shall be the State Veterinarian,	5,000
Deputy Director, who shall be the Deputy State Veterinarian,	4,000

Bureau of Plant Industry.

Director,	5,000
Deputy Director,	3,000

Bureau of Markets.

Director,	5,000
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Bureau of Foods.

Director,	5,000
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SALARIES OF STATE

Bureau of Chemistry.

Per annum.

Director, who shall also be the Chief Chemist of the Department of Agriculture,	\$5,000
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Bureau of Statistics.

Director,	4,000
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The Secretary of Agriculture, or the directors of said bureaus, with the approval of the Secretary, is authorized to appoint and fix the compensation of such clerks, experts, and assistants, as may be necessary to perform the work of the Department of Agriculture and of the Bureaus.

DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY.

The members of the State Forest Commission receive no compensation except for necessary expenses.

Commissioner of Forestry,	5,000
Deputy Commissioner of Forestry,	3,600
Two clerks, each,	1,500

The State Forest Commission is also empowered to appoint such scientific assistants and other employes as may be necessary and needful for the control, protection, maintenance, and development of the State forests, and to fix their compensation.

Bureau of Forestry Protection.

Chief Forest Fire-Warden,	2,500
District Fire-Warden,	1,800

Local fire-wardens may be appointed by the Chief Forest Fire-Warden, and they shall receive compensation at the rate of thirty cents per hour. The Chief Forest Fire-Warden, District Fire-Wardens and the local fire-wardens also receive their actual necessary expenses.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

Commissioner of Labor and Industry,	10,000
Chief Clerk,	3,500
Attorney,	3,000
Auditor,	2,000
Filing clerk,	1,500
Two copying clerks, each,	1,500
Stenographer and typewriter,	1,500
Stenographer and typewriter,	1,200
Three stenographers and typewriters, each,	900
Messenger,	1,200

Bureau of Inspection

Chief inspector,	5,000
One hundred inspectors of the first grade (five of whom shall be women), as follows:	
Twenty-five inspectors, "Class A," each,	2,000
Fifty inspectors, "Class B," each,	1,800
Twenty-five inspectors, "Class C," each,	1,500
Four inspectors, who shall be stenographers and typewriters, each,	1,500
Four supervising inspectors of the second grade, each,	3,500
Two medical inspectors of the third grade (one of whom shall be a woman), each,	2,500

Four inspectors of the fourth grade, as follows:		Per annum.
Chief Medical Inspector, Chief of Division of Hygiene and		
Engineering,		\$5,000
Mechanical engineer,		3,000
Chemical engineer,		3,000
Civil engineer,		3,000
Stenographer and typewriter,		2,000
Stenographer and typewriter,		1,200

Bureau of Industrial Hygiene and Engineering.

Two draftsmen and assistant engineers, each,	1,500
Clerk, who shall be a stenographer and typewriter,	1,500
Stenographer,	900

Bureau of Mediation and Arbitration.

Chief,	4,000
Secretary, who shall be an expert stenographer and typewriter,	2,000

In addition to their respective salaries, the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, inspectors and other officers of the Department receive the expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of their official duties.

Industrial Board.

This Board consists of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, who shall be the Chairman, and four associate members. The Commissioner of Labor and Industry receives no additional compensation as member of this Board, and the associate members each receives a compensation of \$10 per day, and expenses actually and necessarily incurred while engaged in the performance of their duties.

Secretary,	4,000
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Bureau of Rehabilitation.

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry, with the approval of the Governor, is authorized to appoint a Chief of the Bureau, also such other officers, physicians, clerks, stenographers and other employes as may be necessary, and fix their salaries.

Bureau of Workmen's Compensation.

Member, ex-officio, Commissioner of Labor and Industry, .....	.....
Chairman of Board,	7,500
Two members of Board, each,	7,000
Supervisory referee,	6,000
Fourteen referees, each,	5,000
Secretary,	5,000
Assistant secretary,	3,000
Actuary,	5,000
Director,	4,500
Assistant director,	4,000
Chief adjuster,	3,000
Chief clerk, Exemption and Insurance Division,	3,000
Chief clerk, Division of Accident Reports,	2,500
Chief clerk, Division of Agreements and Receipts,	2,500
Three physicians, each,	3,000
Appeal clerk,	2,000
Sergeant-at-arms,	1,800
Clerk to Chairman,	2,000
Three stenographers, one for each member of Board, each,	1,800
Fourteen clerks for referees, each,	1,800

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall appoint, subject to the approval of the Attorney General, an attorney or attorneys, learned in the law, as legal advisors for the Bureau and to represent impecunious claimants and to perform such other legal duties as the Board may direct, but the aggregate salaries for said attorneys shall not exceed the sum of \$12,000 per annum.

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry, with the approval of the Governor, is authorized to appoint such claim adjusters, stenographers, and other employes as may be necessary to conduct the business of the Bureau, whose salaries shall be fixed by the Board, with the approval of the Commissioner. The Board may also procure the services of expert stenographers for reporting cases before the Board whenever it deems it necessary.

STATE WORKMEN'S INSURANCE BOARD.

Manager,	\$7,500
Assistant manager,	6,000
Actuary,	4,500

The Board may, with the approval of the Governor, appoint such underwriters, bookkeepers, comptrollers, auditors, inspectors, examiners, medical advisers, agents, assistants and clerks as may be necessary for the proper administration of the fund and the performance of the duties imposed upon the Board, and fix their compensation.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

Chief of the Department of Mines,	6,000
Deputy Chief of the Department of Mines,	4,000
Chief Clerk,	2,400
Statistician,	2,000
Five clerks, each,	1,400
Stenographer and typewriter,	1,400
Two stenographers, each,	1,200
Messenger,	1,200

Mine Inspectors.

Anthracite inspectors,	3,500
Bituminous inspectors,	3,500

Inspectors also receive compensation for their traveling and other necessary expenses.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

Commissioner of Health,	10,000
Deputy Commissioner of Health,	6,500

The Commissioner of Health, in addition to his salary, is allowed actual traveling and other necessary expenses.

The six members of the Advisory Board of the Department of Health receive no salaries, but are allowed actual traveling and other necessary expenses.

Bureau of Vital Statistics.

State Registrar of Vital Statistics,	4,000
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STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT.

State Highway Commissioner,	10,000
Assistant State Highway Commissioner, who shall be a competent civil engineer,	8,000
Chief Engineer, who shall be a competent and capable civil engineer,	7,500

The State Highway Commissioner is authorized to appoint and fix the salaries of an experienced maintenance engineer and a controller. He is also authorized to appoint as assistants to the Chief Engineer, a principal assistant engineer, construction engineer, office engineer, engineer of plans and surveys. He is also authorized to appoint an engineer of bridges, district engineers, civil engineers, superintendents of highways, township engineer, engineers' assistants, engineer of tests, registrar of motor vehicles, executive manager, statistician, secretary, inspectors, purchasing agent, paymasters, cost accountant, bookkeepers, cashier, mechanic, draughtsmen, stenographers, additional clerks, and such other employes as, in his opinion, are sufficient to carry on the work of the State Highway Department and he shall fix the salaries of the aforementioned employes.

Division of Township Highways.

Per annum.

Township Commissioner,	\$6,000
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The State Highway Commissioner is authorized to appoint a township engineer and such additional engineers, clerks, officers and employes that may be required to carry out the provisions of the Act, and fix their compensation.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

Office of the Board.

Secretary,	1,500
Electrical inspector,	2,500
Insurance inspector and adjuster,	2,500

Office of Superintendent.

Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings,	7,000
Deputy Superintendent, who shall be a practical and experienced civil engineer,	6,000
Assistant deputy superintendent, who shall be experienced in purchasing and handling of supplies,	5,000
Chief clerk,	3,000
Auditor,	2,500
Chief bookkeeper,	2,500
Assistant bookkeeper,	1,800
Draftsman,	2,000
Schedule clerk,	1,700
Order and bill clerk,	1,500
File clerk,	1,200
Storekeeper,	2,500
Assistant storekeeper,	1,500
Two assistant storekeepers, each,	1,400
Telephone clerk,	1,500
Receiving clerk,	1,080
Two delivery clerks, each,	1,080
Two clerks, who shall be competent stenographers, each,	1,500
Two stenographers, each,	1,320
Custodian, newspaper's room,	1,500
Messenger,	1,200
Messenger,	1,000

Capitol Grounds and Buildings.

Two sergeants of police, each,	1,500
Thirty-five policemen, each,	1,200
General foreman of grounds,	2,400

	Per annum.
Assistant foreman,	\$2,000
Assistant foreman,	1,320
Gardener,	1,500
Three assistant gardeners, each,	1,200
Twelve caretakers, each,	1,000

Care and Preservation of the Capitol Buildings and Furnishings.

Foreman of maintenance,	1,800
Foreman of carpenters,	1,800
Ten skilled carpenters, each,	1,320
Hardwood floor expert finisher,	1,500
Four hardwood floor finishers, each,	1,320
Foreman of painters,	1,800
Six skilled painters, each,	1,320
Marble expert,	1,500
Assistant marble expert,	1,200
Two experienced marble polishers, each,	1,100
Bronze and metal expert,	1,500
Assistant bronze and metal expert,	1,200
Clock repairman,	1,320
Assistant clock repairman,	1,200
Upholsterer,	1,320
Locksmith,	1,320
Cabinetmaker,	1,320
Twenty-two elevator operators, each,	1,200
Foreman of charmen,	1,500
Assistant foreman of charmen,	1,320
Two window cleaners, each,	1,000
Fifty charmen, each,	900
Chief of bureau of information,	1,200
Six guides, each,	1,100
Two matrons, each,	600
Two female attendants for public toilets, each,	600
Two male attendants for public toilets, each,	900

For Operating Mechanical Plant.

Skilled chief engineer,	3,000
Skilled assistant chief engineer,	2,160
Three assistant engineers, each,	1,560
Eight firemen, each,	1,320
Skilled electrician,	1,800
Assistant electrician,	1,320
Three wiremen, each,	1,200
Three pump-runners, each,	1,320
Skilled elevator machinist,	1,800
Helper for elevator machinist,	1,200
Competent steamfitter,	1,500
Helper for steamfitter,	1,200
Helper for engine room,	960
Experienced plumber,	1,500
Plumber helper,	1,200
Two motor tenders, each,	1,080

Executive Mansion.	Per annum.
Butler,	\$900
Houseman,	780
Night watchman,	1,200
Housekeeper,	720
Housemaid,	480
Laundress,	480
Cook,	720
Chauffeur,	1,200
Footman,	720

State Art Commission.

The members of the Commission serve without compensation, but shall be paid all actual traveling and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING.

Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding,	5,000
Deputy Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding,	3,000
Chief clerk,	2,400
Measuring composition clerk,	1,650
Paper specification clerk,	1,650
Requisition clerk and typewriter,	1,650
Bookkeeper and stenographer,	1,500
Messenger,	1,200

The Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is authorized to employ at the beginning of each session of the Legislature, a clerk who shall be a competent printer, whose duty it shall be to receive the daily copy for the Legislative Journal, and supervise and arrange and deliver the same to the printer, for which services he shall receive seven dollars per diem during the session of the Legislature and until the copy has been delivered to the printer; after which he shall receive one hundred and fifty dollars per month until the Journal, appendix and index have been completed and measured.

Division of Documents.

Chief,	3,000
Chief clerk,	1,800
Two shipping clerks, each,	1,500
Three mailing clerks, each,	1,500
Stenographer and clerk,	1,500
Messenger, who shall also be a wrapper and packer,	1,200

STATE LIBRARY AND MUSEUM.

State Librarian and Director of Museum,	6,000
Deputy State Librarian and Director of Museum,	4,000
Secretary to State Librarian and Director of Museum,	1,500
Messenger and shipping clerk,	1,400
Watchman and extra messenger,	1,200

General Library Division.

Assistant librarian,	3,000
Research librarian,	1,800

Law Library Division.

Assistant librarian,	2,400
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SALARIES OF STATE

Public Records Division.

	Per annum.
Custodian,	\$2,400

Library Extension Division.

Chief,	2,400
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Museum Division.

Curator, who shall be a skilled taxidermist,	2,400
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The State Librarian and Director of Museum is authorized to appoint in the several divisions such clerks, employes, stenographers, cataloguers, taxidermists, and assistants as may be necessary, and fix their compensation.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU.

Director,	5,000
Assistant Director, learned in the law,	5,000
Search clerk, who shall be learned in the law,	2,400
Two compilers and bill drafters, who shall be learned in the law, each, ...	3,000
Compiler and bill reading clerk,	2,400
Cataloguer,	1,400
Reference division stenographer,	1,400
Assistant stenographer,	1,200
Two compilation stenographers, each,	1,200
Messenger,	1,200

The Director may, for a period commencing one month prior to and ending one month after each session of the General Assembly, appoint two bill-book clerks, at a salary of one hundred and fifty dollars per month, each, and such stenographers as may be necessary, at one hundred dollars per month, each.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE POLICE.

Superintendent of State Police,	6,000
Deputy Superintendent of State Police,	4,000
Five captains, each,	2,400
Five lieutenants, each,	1,800
Five first sergeants, each,	1,500
Twenty-five sergeants, each,	1,380
Fifty corporals, each,	1,320
Three hundred twenty-five privates, each,	1,200

Members of the State Police are enlisted for a period of two years. The officers and enlisted men of the State Police Force receive an increase of sixty dollars (\$60) per annum during continuous service, after two years; and an additional increase of sixty dollars (\$60) per annum during continuous service, after four years.

Bureau of Fire Protection.

Chief,	4,000
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The Superintendent of State Police is authorized to employ a statistician, chief clerk, and such expert and other assistants as the work of the Department may require, and fix their compensation.

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES.

Commissioner of Fisheries,	4,500
One clerk,	1,500
Two stenographers, each,	1,200
Sixty-five Fish Wardens, .....	....

With the exception of the Commissioner of Fisheries the members of the Fisheries Commission receive no salary, but are reimbursed for all necessary expenses incurred by them.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

	Per annum.
Chairman,	\$10,500
Six additional commissioners, each,	10,000
Secretary,	6,000
Counsel,	7,500
Assistant counsel,	5,000
Investigator of accidents,	5,000
Marshal,	2,000

In addition to their salaries the Commissioners and other officers of the Commission receive their traveling and other necessary expenses actually incurred while in performance of their official duties.

WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION.

Five commissioners, three of whom shall each receive,	3,000
Engineer,	2,500
Clerk and Stenographer,	1,200

Two of the Water Supply Commissioners, viz: The Commissioner of Forestry and the Commissioner of Health, receive no salaries, but are allowed necessary expenses.

BOARD OF GAME COMMISSIONERS.

The Commissioners receive no compensation for services or expenses. The Commissioners are authorized to appoint eighty competent men as game protectors and fix their salaries. The game protectors are paid all necessary expenses. The deputy game protectors receive the same compensation that constables receive for similar service.

SOLDIERS' ORPHAN SCHOOL COMMISSION.

The members of the Commission receive no compensation except for actual expenses.

Chief clerk,	3,000
One other clerk,	1,400

PENNSYLVANIA STATE BOARD OF CENSORS OF MOTION PICTURES.

Chairman,	3,000
Vice-Chairman, (female),	2,500
Secretary,	2,400
Chief Clerk,	1,800
Assistant clerk,	1,500
Assistant clerk,	1,200
Two stenographers and typewriters, each,	1,000
Two stenographers and typewriters, each,	720
Chief inspector,	1,500
Three inspectors,	1,400
Three inspectors,	1,200
Operator, who shall be an electrician,	1,400
Two operators,	1,200
Operator,	1,000
Two messengers, each,	720
Assistant operator or patcher,	600
Assistant patcher,	480

In addition to the employes enumerated above, the chairman may, with the approval of the Governor, appoint such additional employes as the work of the Board may necessarily require. The salaries of such additional employes shall not exceed, in the aggregate, the sum of five thousand dollars annually.

BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES.

The members of the Board receive no compensation except for traveling and other necessary expenses.

	Per annum.
General Agent to the Board,	\$5,000
Four assistant general agents, each,	3,000
Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy,	5,000

The Agent and Assistant General Agents also receive compensation for their actual traveling expenses.

BOARD OF PARDONS.

Each member of the Board,	500
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STATE MILITARY BOARD.

Each commissioner,	600
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ARMORY BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Appointive members, each,	1,200
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The members are also allowed their necessary expenses.

BOARD OF PROPERTY.

Clerk to Board,	200
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SINKING FUND COMMISSION.

Each commissioner,	300
Clerk to commission,	1,000

BOARD OF REVENUE COMMISSIONERS.

Each commissioner,	300
Clerk to commission,	300

BOARD OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Clerk to Board,	300
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THE PENNSYLVANIA BOARD OF PHARMACY.

The members of the Board receive ten dollars each day actually employed and all necessary expenses.

The Secretary receives such compensation as the Board may allow.

DENTAL COUNCIL.

Each member of the Dental Council receives ten dollars per day for each day's attendance at regular meetings of the Council. Two thousand dollars per year is appropriated to the Council for its necessary expenses, which shall include the salary paid to the secretary, stenographer and clerks.

BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

The Board of Dental Examiners receive no fixed salary, but from the fees provided for by the Act all proper expenses are paid, and if any surplus above the expenses remains at the end of the year, it is apportioned among the examiners, pro rata, according to the number of candidates examined by each, during said fiscal year.

BOARD OF OPTOMETRICAL EDUCATION, EXAMINATION AND LICENSURE.

The members of the Board receive ten dollars each day actually employed and all necessary expenses,

STATE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS.

The members of the Board receive fifteen dollars each day actually employed and all necessary expenses.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR REGISTRATION OF NURSES.

The members of the Board, excepting the Educational Director, receive five dollars each day actually employed and all necessary expenses.

Secretary,	Per annum. \$1,800
State educational director of training schools for nurses,	1,400

STATE BOARD OF UNDERTAKERS.

The members of the Board are paid only for their necessary expenses, except the secretary, who receives five hundred dollars per annum.

STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

The Veterinary Medical Examiners receive no fixed salary, but from the fees provided for by the Act all proper expenses are paid and they are given a reasonable remuneration for their work from the surplus, if there be any.

STATE BOARD FOR THE EXAMINATION OF ACCOUNTANTS.

The members of the board are paid only their necessary expenses.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF ARCHITECTS.

The members of the Board are paid ten dollars per diem while actually engaged in attendance at meetings or in conducting examinations; also the amount of their actual traveling, hotel, clerical, and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

Secretary,	500
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COMMISSION OF PUBLIC WELFARE.

The members of the Commission receive no compensation, but shall be allowed their actual and necessary expenses. The Commission shall fix the compensation of its appointees.

PENNSYLVANIA HISTORICAL COMMISSION.

The members of the Commission are paid only their necessary expenses.

Secretary,	1,800
Curator,	1,200
Clerk, who shall be a stenographer,	1,000

PRISON LABOR COMMISSION.

The members of the Commission receive no salary, but are allowed their expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the discharge of their duties.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS ON UNIFORM STATE LAWS.

The members of the Board receive no compensation for services, but are allowed their necessary expenses.

LAKE ERIE AND OHIO RIVER CANAL BOARD.

President,	5,000
Six other members, each,	4,000

The members of the Board shall receive the above stated salaries for the time required for the preparation of the survey and estimates for the building of the canal, after which they shall serve without compensation until such time as the

construction of the canal may be proceeded with, when the President of the Board shall thereafter receive an annual salary of \$12,000, and each of the other members of the Board \$10,000.

In addition to their salaries the members of the Board and other officers receive traveling and necessary expenses actually incurred while in the performance of their official duties.

RETIREMENT OF STATE EMPLOYEES.

All State employees who, by reason of physical or mental disability are permanently incapacitated, from performing their regular official duties, and who have served continuously in office for twenty-five years or more, or who shall have reached the age of sixty-five years, and shall have served continuously in office for twenty years or more, and shall hold himself in readiness to perform special duties, in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do, after his honorable retirement from office by resignation, shall receive during the remainder of his life, or during the continuance of such disability or incapacity, one-half of the salary which he would have received had he remained in active service.

THE JUDICIARY.

	Per annum.
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court,	\$15,000
Judges of the Supreme Court, each,	14,000
President Judge of the Superior Court,	13,500
Judges of the Superior Court, each,	13,000
Common pleas judges in Philadelphia, each,	12,000
Common pleas judges in Allegheny County, each,	12,000
Common pleas judges in districts having a population of 100,000 and less than 500,000, each,	10,000
Common pleas judges in districts having a population of 65,000 and less than 100,000, each,	8,000
Common pleas judges in districts having a population of less than 65,000, each,	7,000
(Each of the judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County shall receive \$3,000 additional for trying the Commonwealth's civil cases).	
Orphans' court judges shall receive the same salaries as are paid to the common pleas judges of the same county.	
President Judge of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia,	8,500
Associate Judges of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia, each,	8,000
President Judge of the County Court of Allegheny County,	8,500
Judges of the County Court of Allegheny County, each,	8,000
State Reporter of the Supreme Court,	5,000
Assistant State Reporter,	3,000
Associate Judges receive \$5.00 per day for each day employed, and mileage. The minimum salary is \$600 per annum.	

RETIREMENT OF JUDGES.

Whenever the Governor is of opinion, based upon satisfactory medical evidence, that a judge of the Supreme, Superior, common pleas, orphans', municipal, or county court is, by reason of physical or mental disability, permanently incapacitated for performing his regular judicial functions or duties, he shall notify said judge of his opinion, giving the reasons therefor, and if such judge shall resign within thirty days after such notice, and shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successor and colleagues, and to perform such duties as may be imposed upon him as special master, referee, auditor, or examiner, in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do, he shall receive for the remainder of the term for which he was elected, if he shall so long live, the salary he would have received had he remained in active service in such court.

Any judge of the Supreme, Superior, common pleas, orphans' municipal, or county court, who shall have served in judicial office for twenty years or more immediately prior to the date of his resignation or retirement, may resign or retire, and, if after his resignation or honorable retirement from office by expiration of term or otherwise he shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and their colleagues, and to perform duties as special master, referee, auditor, or examiner, in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do, shall receive during the remainder of the term for which he was last elected, if he shall so long live, and during the remainder of his life after the expiration of the term for which he shall have been elected, a sum equal to one-half of the salary which would have been paid to him had he continued in active service in such court.

Any judge of the Supreme, Superior, common pleas, or orphans' court, who has heretofore served in judicial office for twenty years or more and who has heretofore retired from office by expiration of his term or by resignation or otherwise, and who shall, after the passage of this act, hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and their colleagues of the court of which he had been a member, and to perform such duties as special master, referee, auditor, or examiner, in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do, shall receive during the remainder of his life one-half of the salary which would have been paid to him had he continued in active service as a member of such court.

No judge, while accepting the benefits of retirement act, shall be entitled to any additional compensation for the performance of any duties assigned to him hereunder, but such judge shall not be obliged to accept an assignment or duty from any court other than the court of which he was a member at the time of his retirement.

Any judge who by reason of physical or mental disability is permanently incapacitated for performing his regular judicial duties or functions, may notify the Governor thereof. (Act of June 12, 1919, P. L. 461.)

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES OF PENNSYLVANIA STATE OFFICERS AND UNITED STATES SENATORS.

GOVERNOR.

WILLIAM CAMERON SPROUL was born at Andrews' Bridge, in Coleraine Township, Lancaster County, on September 16, 1870, the son of William Hall and Deborah Dickinson (Slokom) Sproul. Several years of his childhood were spent at Negaunee, in the upper peninsula of Michigan, where he started to school. The family returned to Lancaster County in 1882, removing in the following year to Chester, Delaware County, where he entered the public schools, graduating from the normal course of the Chester High School in 1887, and from Swarthmore College in 1891.

He entered business and has been extensively interested as an editor and publisher and in manufacturing, mining, transportation, banking and farming enterprises in Pennsylvania and other states. He was elected to the Senate in 1896, and re-elected in 1900, 1904, 1908, 1912 and 1916, serving as President pro tempore of the Senate from 1903 to 1905. He was nominated by the Republican party for the office of Governor on May 21, 1918, and was elected on November fifth following. On January 20, 1919, he resigned from the Senate, after a service of twenty-two years in that body, and on the following day was inaugurated as Governor.

Mr. Sproul received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Franklin and Marshall College in 1912, and has since been similarly honored by Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg, the University of Pennsylvania, Swarthmore College, the University of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Military College and Lafayette College. He was President of the Union League of Philadelphia in 1917 and 1918, and was Chairman of the Pennsylvania Historical Commission from 1913 to 1919. He is a member of the Religious Society of Friends and of the Phi Beta Kappa Society. He married, in 1892, Miss Emeline Wallace Roach, daughter of John B. Roach, of Chester; their children are Mrs. Dorothy Sproul Klaer, widow of Captain Henry J. Klaer, and Captain John Roach Sproul.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

EDWARD ENSINGER BEIDLEMAN, Dauphin County, was born in Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, July 8, 1873; educated in the public schools, graduating from the Harrisburg High School in 1892, also attended business college; read law under Honorable Samuel J. M. McCarrell, and was admitted to the bar in 1898, since which time he has been engaged actively in the practice of his profession; served as a Member of the House of Representatives, sessions of 1905, 1906, and 1907; was elected to the Senate in 1912 and re-elected in November, 1916; at the close of the session of 1915 was elected President pro tempore of the Senate, and served until the close of the session of 1917.



J. M. L. Smith

GOVERNOR

LIBRARY
OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS

He was nominated by the Republican Party for the office of Lieutenant-Governor May 21, 1918, and was elected to that office on November fifth following. On January 20, 1919, he resigned from the Senate, and on the following day took the oath of office of Lieutenant-Governor.

SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

CYRUS E. WOODS, of Westmoreland County, was born in Clearfield, Pennsylvania, September 3, 1861; graduated from Lafayette College, with honor, in 1886; has the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from that institution, and is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society; was admitted to the bar in 1890. Was elected to the State Senate from Westmoreland County in 1900; re-elected in 1904; elected President Pro Tempore of the Senate at the close of the session of 1905, and served during the extra session of 1906; re-elected President Pro Tempore in January, 1907, serving during the regular session of that year. Was appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Portugal by President Taft in January, 1910. Appointed Secretary of the Commonwealth by Governor Brumbaugh, in January, 1915, and re-appointed by Governor Sproul in January, 1919.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

WILLIAM IRWIN SCHAFFER was born in Germantown, Philadelphia, February 11, 1867, son of George A. Schaffer and Henrietta Irwin, daughter of William H. Irwin, Adjutant General of Pennsylvania 1848-52.

Mr. Schaffer was educated in the public schools of Chester, Pennsylvania. On leaving school, he became office boy in the office of Honorable O. B. Dickinson, now United States District Judge for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, then clerked in a store in the City of Chester, and subsequently read law with Honorable William B. Broomall, one of the judges of the court of common pleas of Delaware County, and was admitted to the Bar on arriving at age on February 11, 1888. Since his admission to the Bar, Mr. Schaffer has continuously practiced his profession in the City of Chester. He was elected District Attorney of Delaware County and served for two terms, from January 1, 1894, to January 1, 1900.

In March, 1900, he was appointed State Reporter of Pennsylvania and served in that office until his appointment as Attorney General by Governor Sproul on January 21, 1919.

He holds the degree of Doctor of Laws from Lafayette College and was elected President of the Pennsylvania Bar Association in June, 1918.

He is married to Susan Ashley Cross, daughter of Major Charles F. Cross, of Towanda, Pennsylvania.

AUDITOR-GENERAL.

CHARLES A. SNYDER was born at Pillow, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, April 16, 1867; educated in the public schools; was admitted to the Schuylkill County bar in 1889, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law; served an enlistment in the National Guard of Pennsylvania; has served as city solicitor of Pottsville, also as deputy district attorney, county controller and county solicitor of Schuylkill County; was a member of the House of Representatives, sessions of 1903, 1905 and 1907; and of the Senate of Pennsylvania, sessions of 1909, 1911, 1913, 1915 and 1917 until April 30th, when he resigned to enter upon his duties as Auditor-General to which office he was elected November 7, 1916.

STATE TREASURER.

HARMON MORTIMORE KEPHART was born at Frankstown, Blair County, Pennsylvania, July 17, 1865; received his education at the McAlisterville Soldiers' Orphan School, from which he was graduated; was engaged in the service of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company as a locomotive fireman and engineer for a number of years; has been prominently identified with Fayette County politics for many years, and served as a Member of the House of Representatives from that County, session of 1895; was Chief Clerk of the Senate of Pennsylvania from 1909 until May 7, 1917, when he resigned to enter upon his duties as State Treasurer, to which office he was elected November 7, 1916.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

JAMES F. WOODWARD, of McKeesport, Allegheny County, was born in New Brighton, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, February 19, 1868. At the age of five years the family moved to Pittsburgh where Mr. Woodward attended the public schools in the old City of Allegheny, now North Side, Pittsburgh. Upon leaving school, he entered the shops of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company where he learned the trade of machinist. Later, he entered the Park Institute Preparatory Department of the Western University, and upon finishing his course, he attended the Western University, now known as the University of Pittsburgh.

After leaving the University, spent two years in the office of the County Commissioners of Allegheny County; was then appointed bookkeeper and assistant superintendent of the West Penn Hospital in Pittsburgh, in which capacity he served until December, 1894, when he was appointed superintendent of the McKeesport General Hospital, which position he filled until January, 1919, when he resigned preparatory to taking the oath of office of Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Was first elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1904, and served continuously in that body until the conclusion of the session of 1917, with the exception of the session of 1913. While a member of the Legislature, Mr. Woodward served four terms as Chairman of the House Appropriations Committee. Has always taken an active part in Republican party affairs in the western end of the State, and served as chairman of the Republican City Committee of McKeesport, also as delegate to numerous Republican State Conventions.

Served four years as a member of the Pennsylvania Tax Commission, and is, at present, a director of the McKeesport Realty Company, the Board of Trustees of the McKeesport Hospital and is interested in various business affairs in his community.

He was nominated by the Republican party for the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs May 21, 1918, to which office he was elected in the following November, and assumed the duties thereof May 6, 1919.

STATE GEOLOGIST.

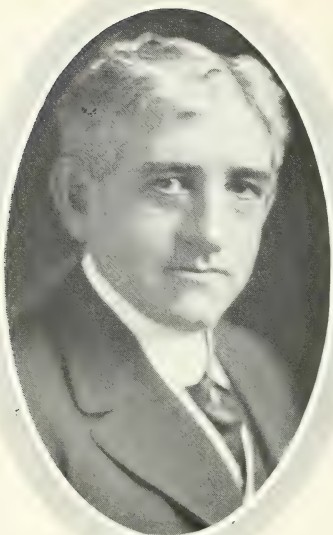
GEORGE HALL ASHLEY was born in Rochester, New York, August 9, 1866. Was graduated from Cornell University, M. E., in 1889, and spent two years in Ward's Natural Science Establishment at Rochester, New York; was assistant to the chief of the Arkansas Geological Survey, 1891-1893. In 1892, was given the



Edmund Byrne
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

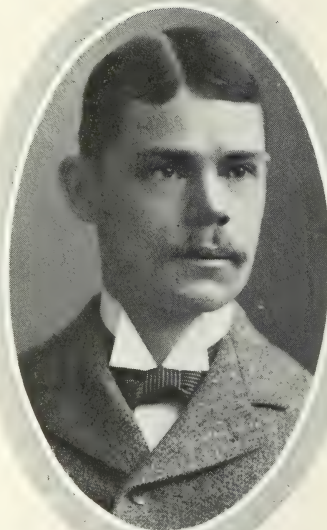
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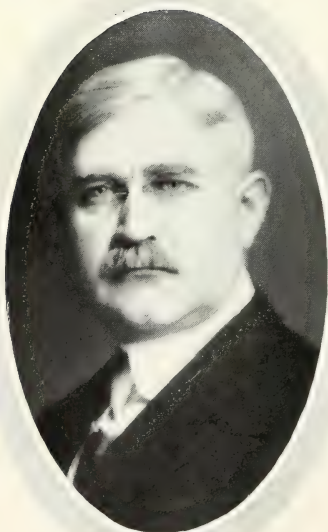
WILLIAM I. SCHAFER

ATTORNEY
GENERAL



CYRUS E. WOODS

SECRETARY OF THE
COMMONWEALTH



THOMAS E. FINEGAN

SUPT. OF
PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

degrees of A. M. and Ph. D., by Stanford University. Was a teacher of science in Stockton, California, during 1894-95, and taught the same course in San Bernardino, the following year. Was assistant State Geologist of Indiana from 1896-1900, part of which time he served as Acting State Geologist. Taught geology and biology in the College of Charleston, South Carolina, from 1900-1903, and, during part of this period, taught pharmacology in the South Carolina Medical College. During vacation periods he served with the United States Geological Survey, and, in 1903, was given an appointment with said Survey, in which capacity he served until 1910, when he became State Geologist of Tennessee. In 1912 he returned to the United States Survey, where he remained until he was appointed State Geologist of Pennsylvania and chief of the Bureau of Topographic and Geological Survey in the Department of Internal Affairs on September 5, 1919, by Governor Sproul.

While with the United States Survey, was in direct charge of cooperative geologic work in Pennsylvania with the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission, 1904-1908. Was Chairman of the Coal Section of the Land Classification Board of the United States Survey, 1912-1919; was administrative geologist and acting director of the Survey from 1913-1915, and was in charge of the Eastern coal fields from 1915-1919.

Has published over one hundred reports, covering many thousands of pages. Has made personal surveys covering five and one-half million acres of coal land and had supervision of detailed surveys covering over eight million acres, in addition. Is a member of a number of National, State and local engineering and scientific societies and academies.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

THOMAS EDWARD FINEGAN was born September 28, 1866, at West Fulton, Schoharie County, New York; educated in public schools of West Fulton, Coopers-town High School, and graduated from the State College for Teachers at Albany; read law and was admitted to the Bar; has received the degree of M. A. from Hamilton College, Pd. D. from State College for Teachers, and LL.D. from Colgate University, Hamilton College and University of the State of Maine; taught public schools in New York State six years and supervised public schools two years. Entered the State Education Department at Albany, in 1894, and remained there for twenty-seven years; organized the work relating to the examination and certification of teachers in the schools of the State and supervised such work for twelve years; was in charge of the law division, passing upon legal questions and preparing judicial opinions on school questions for four years; was made Assistant Commissioner of Education in 1908; Deputy Commissioner of Education in 1915, and the Acting Commissioner of Education in 1918 and 1919; was in charge of the supervision of elementary education in New York State from 1908 to 1919, which included supervision of all elementary schools, state normal schools, city training schools, training classes, the certification of teachers, and the two hundred and seven district superintendents in charge of the rural schools, and of the enforcement of the following statutes; compulsory education law, medical inspection and health instruction law, physical training law, law relative to the education of physically handicapped and mentally deficient children, and the Americanization law. Became State Superintendent of Public Instruction in Pennsylvania on June 1, 1919. Author of New York School Law, Judicial Decisions in Education, and many brochures on educational themes. Is advisory editor on education of Americana Cyclopedia. Was treasurer of National Education Association in 1916, and President of the Department of Superintendence of the National Education Association in 1918. Was trustee of the State College for Teachers, New York State Historical Association, First Presbyterian Church, Albany Chamber of Commerce and Albany Exchange Savings Bank.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL.

FRANK D. BEARY was born February 18, 1869, at Allentown, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania; he was educated in the public schools of the City of Allentown and Mulvey's Academy, a private school of Newark, New Jersey; he joined the National Guard of Pennsylvania in 1888 as a member of Company B, Fourth Infantry; was appointed Battalion Sergeant-Major of the Fourth Regiment in 1896 and Battalion Adjutant in 1898; he was appointed Adjutant of the Regiment in 1899 and served as such for nine years, until elected Major in the Fourth Infantry in 1908; this position he held until appointed Colonel, Adjutant-General's Department in 1917; he served during the Spanish War as Second Lieutenant and Battalion Adjutant, Fourth Infantry, and was appointed Acting Commissary of Subsistence and served as such throughout the Porto Rican Campaign; in Mexican Border Service he was mustered into the United States Service as Major, Fourth Pennsylvania Infantry, July 8, 1916, and mustered out with his regiment January 17, 1917; he was detailed by Governor Samuel W. Pennypacker as one of the officers to organize the State Constabulary, and mustered in, organized and commanded Troop B, State Police, stationed at Wyoming, Pa.; he was appointed Deputy Adjutant-General in 1911 and Adjutant-General by Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh, October 4, 1917; re-appointed Adjutant-General by Governor Sproul, February 11, 1919.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

THOMAS BLAINE DONALDSON was born in Philadelphia, December 7, 1876, and is the son of the late Thomas C. Donaldson, author of the "Public Domain," "George Catlin's Indiana Gallery," "Walt Whitman, the Man," and other volumes; his mother was Mary J. Gormley, deceased. Has been a resident of the Fourteenth Ward of Philadelphia, since birth.

Was graduated from the Friends Central School, Philadelphia, in 1895, and from the University of Pennsylvania, Bachelor of Science in Economics, in 1899; 1899-1910, was Secretary and Treasurer of the General Alumni Society, University of Pennsylvania, and managing editor of the "Alumni Register." Has been engaged in newspaper and magazine work at various times.

On August 21, 1911, he was appointed Special Deputy Insurance Commissioner in charge of liquidations of dissolved insurance companies, by Insurance Commissioner Samuel W. McCulloch.

On March 11, 1919, was appointed Insurance Commissioner by Governor Sproul, and qualified for said office March 14, 1919; reappointed May 6, 1919, for four years.

COMMISSIONER OF BANKING.

JOHN S. FISHER, of Indiana County, was born on a farm in South Mahoning Township, Indiana County, Pennsylvania, May 25, 1867. He attended the common schools and later the high school, at Indiana, from which he was graduated in the class of 1884. He then attended the Indiana State Normal School, from which he was graduated in the class of 1886. After graduation he followed the profession of teaching for several years, serving as principal of the Indiana High School. While performing his work as teacher he pursued the study of law, and was admitted to



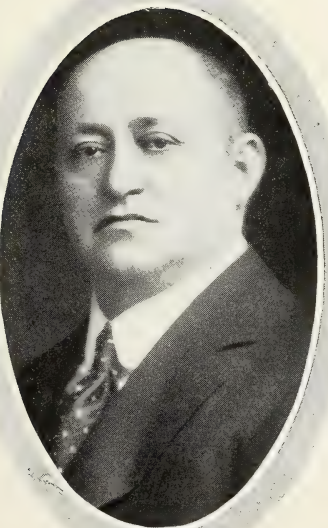
CHARLES A. SNYDER

AUDITOR
GENERAL



JAMES F. WOODWARD

SECRETARY OF
INTERNAL AFFAIRS



HARMON M. KEPHART

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TREASURER

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FRANK D BEARY

ADJUTANT
GENERAL



THOMAS B. DONALDSON

INSURANCE
COMMISSIONER



JOHN S FISHER

COMMISSIONER OF
BANKING

the bar of Indiana County in August, 1893. Soon after his admission he formed a partnership with his preceptor, Samuel Cunningham, Esq., under the name of Cunningham and Fisher, which still continues as an active law firm. He is a member of the Indiana County Bar Association, the State Bar Association and the American Bar Association.

In addition to the practice of his profession, he has been active in business. He was one of the organizers and founders of the Savings and Trust Company of Indiana, Pa.; has been actively engaged in the development of the coal fields of Indiana and adjacent counties, and the extension of railroads through this region; and is interested in manufacturing enterprises and electric companies.

He was elected to the State Senate in 1900 and re-elected in 1904; served as Chairman of the Capitol Investigating Commission which unearthed the frauds in connection with the erection of the State Capitol; is Vice-President and Trustee of the Indiana Normal School of Pennsylvania, and President of the Indiana Hospital.

Was appointed Commissioner of Banking by Governor Sproul on January 21, 1919, and reappointed May 23, 1919, under the Banking Department Law of May 21, 1919.

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.

FREDERIK RASMUSSEN was born July 18, 1876, on a farm in Hals, Denmark; graduated from Hals Realskole in 1892; engaged in practical farm work until entering Iowa State College in 1902; received the degree of Bachelor of Scientific Agriculture from the Iowa State College in 1905; instructor in dairying, Purdue University, Indiana, 1905-1906; Assistant Professor of Dairying, Iowa State College, 1906-1907; Professor of Dairying, New Hampshire State College, 1907-1916; Professor of Dairy Husbandry, Pennsylvania State College, 1916-1919; during the period of the war assisted Pennsylvania State Food Administration on agricultural and dairy problems; appointed Secretary of Agriculture, January 22, 1919, by Governor Sproul, and was reappointed May 8, 1919, for a term of four years.

COMMISSIONER OF FORESTRY.

ROBERT S. CONKLIN was born in West Hempfield township, Lancaster County, Pa., July 24, 1858. After having received a common school education he entered a printing office, and having served an apprenticeship at that business, he connected himself in various capacities with newspapers in Columbia, Pa., where he now resides. He has been actively identified with the Republican party since he first became a voter, and in 1891 and 1892 was chairman of the Lancaster County Republican Committee. He served as message clerk of the House of Representatives during the session of 1893, and on November 8, 1895, he was appointed clerk to the Commissioner of Forestry, in the Division of Forestry, under the Department of Agriculture, which office he filled until appointed Deputy Commissioner of Forestry, April 1, 1903. Upon the resignation of Dr. J. T. Rothrock, June 1, 1904, Mr. Conklin was appointed to succeed him as Commissioner of Forestry.

COMMISSIONER OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

CLIFFORD BROWN CONNELLEY was born March 26, 1863, in Monongahela City, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. When he was a child his parents moved to Pittsburgh, and his early education was secured in the Pittsburgh public schools. He attended the Western University of Pennsylvania, now the University of Pittsburgh, and, later, pursued a course in a Teachers' College, Columbia University. The honorary degrees of M. A. and Sc. D. were awarded him for his activity in educational, industrial and civic matters.

As a young man he served his apprenticeship as a patternmaker and worked at this trade for a time. He was one of the organizers and charter members of the National League of Patternmakers. He also served for a number of years as an engineer with various engineering firms in Philadelphia and Pittsburgh.

Very early he became prominently identified with the movement for industrial education and was one of the pioneers of the work in Western Pennsylvania. He began his work as an educator as instructor in the mechanical department and, later, as superintendent of shops in the University of Pittsburgh. Later he was made principal of the Eighth Ward Manual Training School of Allegheny, Pa., one of the first industrial schools established in Pennsylvania as a part of the public school system. He organized the industrial work for the City of Allegheny and was the consulting supervisor of the Pittsburgh industrial schools.

At the organization of the Carnegie Institute of Technology he was chosen as one of the members of the Planning Committee of Three, who laid out the original plan and scope of the institution. He was connected with this institution for seventeen years in an administrative capacity, serving during the last thirteen years as the Dean of the Division of Industries.

He is a member of the Pittsburgh Board of Public Education; Trustee of Duquesne University; member of Frick Educational Fund Commission; President of the Pennsylvania Branch of the American School Peace League; member of Advisory Board of Mothers' Pension League of Allegheny County; member Allegheny County Council of the Boy Scouts of America, and served during the war as Director of the Vocational Section of the S. A. C. T., at the Carnegie Institute of Technology, and also as Chairman of the Selective Draft Board in Allegheny County. He is also a member of various technical, educational and social organizations and clubs. He is the author of many papers on technical and industrial education.

He was appointed Acting Commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry April 23, 1919 and was named Commissioner November 13, 1919.

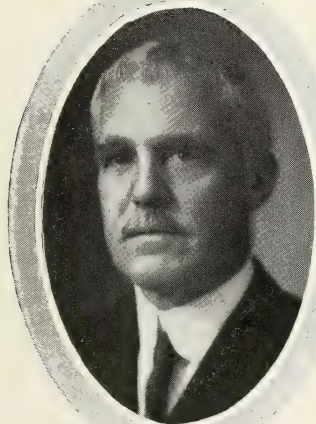
CHIEF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

SEWARD BUTTON was born in Somersetshire, England, October 5, 1875, and belongs to a family that for generations had been engaged in coal mining. He attended school for a brief period and at the age of fifteen years came to the United States to the home of an older brother who had settled at Avoca, Pennsylvania. He immediately went to work as a day laborer at the Hillside Colliery of the Hillside Coal and Iron Company and in a short time obtained a miner's certificate. He was next employed for a number of years at Carbondale and then at Peckville. Ten years later he returned to Avoca where he became a mine foreman at the Hillside Colliery. He remained there for four years, and then accepted a position as foreman at the Erie Colliery, Jermyn. From there he went to the Temple Coal



SEWARD BUTTON

CHIEF
DEPARTMENT OF MINES



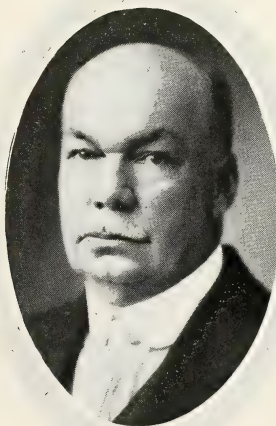
EDWARD MARTIN M.D.

COMMISSIONER OF
HEALTH



LEWIS S. SADLER

STATE HIGHWAY
COMMISSIONER



THOMAS W. TEMPLETON

SUPT. OF PUBLIC
GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS

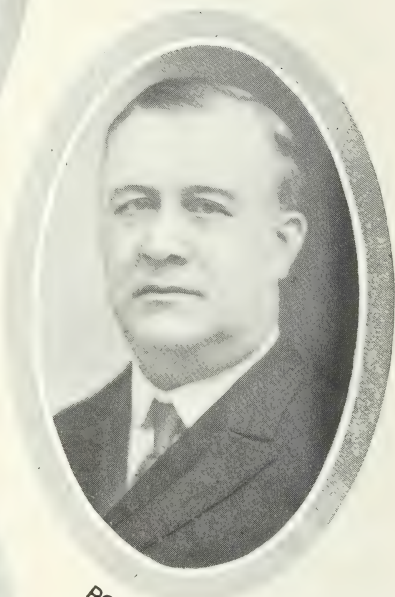
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FREDERIK RASMUSSEN

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE



ROBERT S. CONKLIN

COMMISSIONER OF
FORESTRY



CLIFFORD B. CONNELLEY

COMMISSIONER OF
LABOR AND INDUSTRY

Company as superintendent of the Mount Lookout Colliery at Wyoming. Has worked conscientiously for the advancement of the mining industry and for a long time was President of the Pittston Mining Institute. He is a member of the Engineers' Club of Northeastern Pennsylvania.

He was appointed Chief of the Department of Mines, February 9, 1918, by Governor Brumbaugh, and on February 12th, assumed charge of the Department. His home is in Wyoming, Luzerne County.

COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH.

EDWARD MARTIN was born in Philadelphia, in 1859. He received the degree of Bachelor of Arts, Swarthmore College, 1878; Master of Arts, 1882; the degree of Doctor of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania, 1883, rowing on the Varsity Crew that year; and in 1919, the degree of LL.D., University of Pennsylvania.

In 1902, he was a Professor of Clinical Surgery, in 1911, John Rhea Barton Professor of Surgery at the University of Pennsylvania; Surgeon to the University and Howard hospitals; Consulting Surgeon at the Bryn Mawr Hospital; Norristown State Hospital for the Insane and Wernersville State Hospital for the Insane.

He was Director of Public Health and Charities of Philadelphia from 1903 to 1905. He is a member of the Board of Education of the city of Philadelphia; a member of the Board of Managers of Swarthmore College; and a Regent of the American College of Surgeons.

He was Consulting Surgeon Fifth Army Corps, Spanish-American War, and a member of the Medical Reserve Corps of the United States Army.

In the World War he was attached to the Medical Section, Council of National Defense; Chief of Surgical Service and Director of Surgical School, Fort Oglethorpe; Director of Professional Services and Chief of Surgical Service, Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., and is now Colonel Medical Reserve Corps.

STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSIONER.

LEWIS STERRETT SADLER was born in Carlisle, Cumberland County, on March 3, 1874. He was a member of the class of 1895 of Yale University, and, subsequently, graduated from the Dickinson School of Law. Admission to the bar followed, and for a few years he was engaged in the practice of law. Later, he became President of the Farmers' Trust Company, of Carlisle, and for many years has acted as its executive head. During the period of the war with Germany he resided in Philadelphia, and served as Executive Manager of the Pennsylvania Council of National Defense and Committee of Public Safety.

In January, 1919, he was appointed State Highway Commissioner by Governor Sproul.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

THOMAS WEIR TEMPLETON was born in Plymouth, Luzerne County; educated in the public schools and Wyoming Seminary; member of the Luzerne County bar; served as prothonotary of Luzerne County from 1904 to 1907; member of Sixty-fourth and of the Sixty-fifth Congress. He was appointed Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings by Governor Sproul on July 1, 1919.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING.

ROBERT C. MILLER, of Gettysburg, Adams County, was born in Mount Pleasant Township, Adams County, Pennsylvania, in 1872; attended public schools; served apprenticeship in printing business; is engaged in the job printing and merchandising; from 1912 to 1917, part owner, editor and manager of "The Star and Sentinel," Republican daily and weekly of Gettysburg; has been Chairman of Republican County Committee of Adams County since 1912.

Was appointed to the office of Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding by Governor Sproul, March 26, 1919.

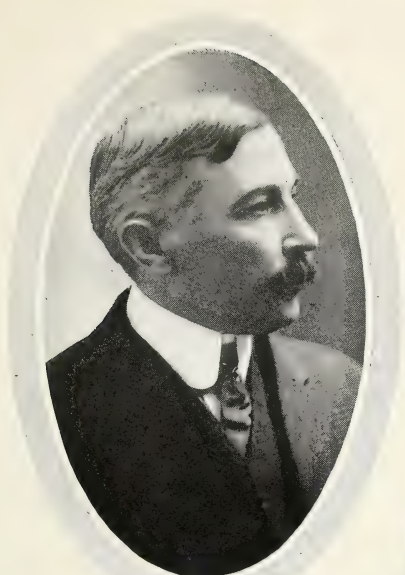
STATE LIBRARIAN.

THOMAS LYNCH MONTGOMERY was born on March 4, 1862, at Germantown, Philadelphia. He graduated from the Episcopal Academy in 1879, and from the University of Pennsylvania, Department of Arts, in 1884. He has been identified with library interests for many years, having been trustee of the Apprentice's Library of Philadelphia, and also of the Free Library of Philadelphia and is chairman of the Library Committee of the latter. He established the first branch library of the system at the Wagner Free Institute of Science in 1892. He is a member of the American Library Association, the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, and the Philobiblon Club. He organized the Pennsylvania Library Club in 1890, and was one of the founders of the Keystone Library Association. He held the positions of Actuary and Librarian of the Wagner Institute of Science for seventeen years. He was appointed State Librarian by Governor Pennypacker, February 3, 1903; reappointed by Governor Stuart, February 14, 1910; by Governor Tener, February 6, 1914; by Governor Brumbaugh on May 20, 1915, and by Governor Sproul on February 3, 1919.

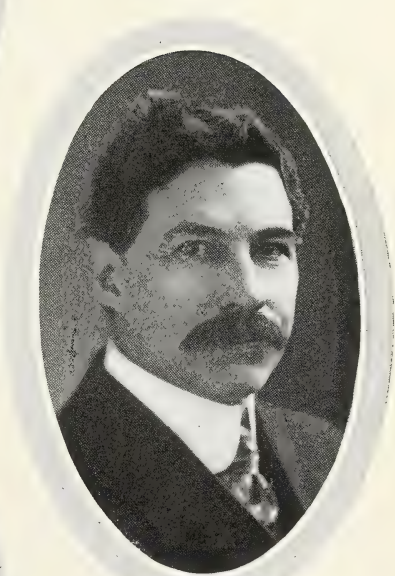
DIRECTOR OF THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU.

JAMES N. MOORE, Butler County, was born in Slippery Rock township, Butler County, August 23, 1859; received his education in the common schools and Grove City College; taught school several terms; read law with ex-judge Charles McCandless of Butler County; was admitted to the Butler County bar in 1882; entered upon the practice of law in his native county; was a member of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania from Butler County, sessions of 1895, 1897 and 1899; was Journal Clerk of the House of Representatives, sessions of 1903, 1905 and 1906; was Assistant Clerk of the House of Representatives, sessions of 1907 and 1909.

When the Legislative Reference Bureau was created by Act of Assembly in 1909, he was appointed Director by Governor Edwin S. Stuart on July 22, 1909; was reappointed by Governor John K. Tener on April 21, 1911; by Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh on May 20, 1915, and by Governor Sproul on April 22, 1919.



NATHAN R. BULLER
COMMISSIONER OF
FISHERIES



DR. GEORGE HALL ASHLEY
STATE GEOLOGIST



JOHN C. GROOME
SUPERINTENDENT OF
STATE POLICE

LIBRARY
OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF

LIBRARY
OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF ILL.



ROBERT C. MILLER

SUPT OF PUBLIC
PRINTING AND BINDING



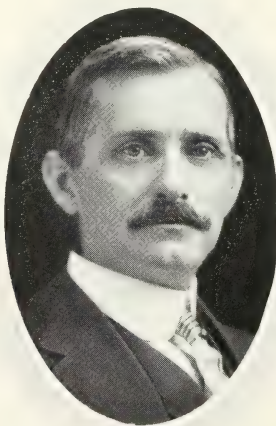
THOMAS LYNCH MONTGOMERY

STATE
LIBRARIAN



HARRY S. McDEVITT

SECRETARY TO
GOVERNOR



JAMES N. MOORE

DIRECTOR OF THE
LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE.

JOHN C. GROOME was born in Philadelphia in 1862; was educated at the Protestant-Episcopal Academy, from which institution he was graduated in 1878; in 1880 he became associated with his father in the iron business; in 1884 purchased a farm in Virginia, where he resided until 1889, when he returned to Philadelphia and engaged in business. In 1882 he enlisted as private in the First Troop, Philadelphia City Cavalry, and went through the various grades until he was elected captain in 1896; served with his troop in the Spanish-American war, enlisting April 28, 1898, and was mustered out November 29, 1898, during which time he saw service at Mount Gretna, Camp Alger, Newport News and Porto Rico. Resigned Captain of troop upon election as Major of the First Squadron Cavalry, N. G. P., May 12, 1910. Was appointed Superintendent of the State Police, July 1, 1905, by Governor Pennypacker, reappointed by Governor Stuart, June 30, 1909; reappointed by Governor Tener, August 1, 1913; reappointed by Governor Brumbaugh, May 18, 1915. Entered the Military Service of the United States as Lieutenant Colonel October 20, 1917, and served abroad during the war.

COMMISSIONER OF FISHERIES.

NATHAN RICHARD BULLER, of Pleasant Mount, Wayne County, Pennsylvania, was born in Maytown, Donegal Township, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, December 1, 1860. He was educated in the public schools, and at once entered the employ of the State at old Donegal Fish Hatchery, located on General Simon Cameron's farm, since which time he has been actively engaged in fish cultural work. He was appointed Commissioner of Fisheries by Governor Tener September 1, 1911; reappointed by Governor Brumbaugh, April 12, 1916; and by Governor Sproul, February 18, 1919.

SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR.

HARRY S. McDEVITT was born in the city of Philadelphia, on April 17, 1885. He was educated in the public schools and was graduated from the Central High School in 1905.

He served as reporter, day city editor and political editor of the Philadelphia Press. He studied law while engaged in the newspaper business and was admitted to practice in 1913.

He has held the office of assistant Executive Controller, Secretary of the State Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings, Statistician of Public Charities, Chairman of the Economy and Efficiency Commission and Special Deputy Auditor General.

He was appointed Private Secretary to Governor Sproul on January 21, 1919.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSIONERS.

WILLIAM D. B. AINEY, Montrose, Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania, born April 8, 1864, New Milford, Pennsylvania; son of Dr. David C. Ainey and Kathleen Blakeslee Ainey. Educated State Normal School, Mansfield, and Lehigh Uni-

versity. Admitted to the bar in 1887. The honorary degree of LL.D. was conferred upon him by Lehigh University in 1916. Married October 10, 1888, Emma E. Lyons, Montrose. District Attorney, Susquehanna County, two years. Elected from the Fourteenth (Wilmot-Grow) District to 62d and 63d Congresses of the United States; a member of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives. Member of the Interparliamentary Union and delegate to its conferences, Geneva, Switzerland, 1912, the Hague, 1913; Secretary and, later, President of the Japanese-American Group of Interparliamentarians and delegate to Tokyo, Japan, 1914, and the same year to Stockholm, Sweden. May 20, 1915, appointed a member of The Public Service Commission to fill vacancy, and July 1, 1917, reappointed for ten years. On August 20, 1915, designated by the Governor as Chairman of the Commission, and reappointed Chairman July 1, 1917.

SAMUEL M. CLEMENT, Jr., was born March 24, 1873; educated in the public schools of Philadelphia, entered the University of Pennsylvania Law School from which he was graduated in the year 1897.

In 1898 became Assistant District Attorney of Philadelphia, and has since practiced law in Philadelphia.

He was appointed Public Service Commissioner by Governor Sproul in February, 1919, for the unexpired term of eight years commencing February 1, 1913, and on July 1, 1919, was appointed for a ten-year term.

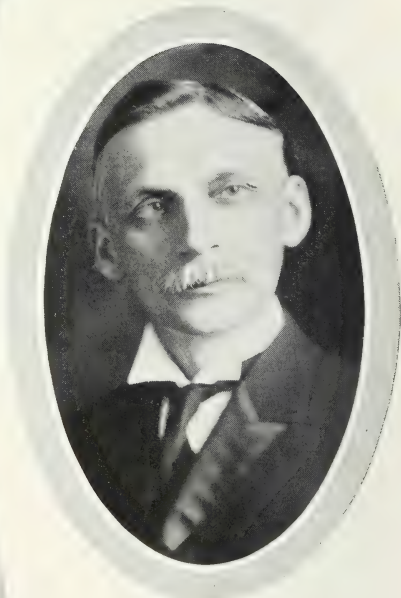
S. RAY SHELBY, of Fayette County, was born in Greene County, Pennsylvania, February 17, 1875. When he was seven years of age his parents moved to Uniontown, Fayette County, Pennsylvania, where he attended the public schools and also Redstone Academy. He was graduated from Washington and Jefferson College in 1900, attended the Harvard Law School from 1900 to 1903; was admitted to the bar of Fayette County on May 29, 1905, and has continued in active practice ever since; was elected District Attorney of Fayette County in 1911, for a term of four years. He was appointed by Governor Sproul on February 12, 1919, a member of the Public Service Commission for the unexpired term of ten years, from July 1, 1918.

JOHN W. REED, Clearfield County, was born in Clarion, Clarion County, Pennsylvania, May 13, 1853; educated in private and public schools and Carrier Seminary, Clarion, Pa. Admitted to the bar in 1875; practiced his profession until June 17, 1895, when he was appointed President Judge of the newly created Fifty-fourth Judicial District, comprising Jefferson County, and served on the bench by appointment and election and re-election until the first Monday of January, 1916. After retiring from the bench he became associated with the law firm of Boulton and Forsyth, Clearfield, Pa., and continued the practice of law under the firm name of Reed, Boulton and Forsyth until his appointment on the Public Service Commission April 30, 1919, for the unexpired ten-year term commencing July 1, 1913. He is one of the incorporators of the Dickinson Law School at Carlisle, Pa., a member of the Pennsylvania Society of New York, of the American and Pennsylvania Bar Associations, of the Pittsburgh Americus Republican Club, and of several country clubs and fraternal organizations.

JOHN STEPHEN RILLING, son of Christopher and Elizabeth Rilling, was born in Mill Creek Township, Erie County, Pennsylvania, July 22, 1860. He attended the public schools in his native township and the Northwestern State Normal School at Edinboro, Pennsylvania; studied law and was admitted to the Bar of Erie County, February 19, 1885, and is now a member of the Bar of the Superior and Supreme Courts of Pennsylvania, the United States District Court and the Supreme Court of the United States.



JOHN S RILLING



WM.D.B. AINEY

CHAIRMAN



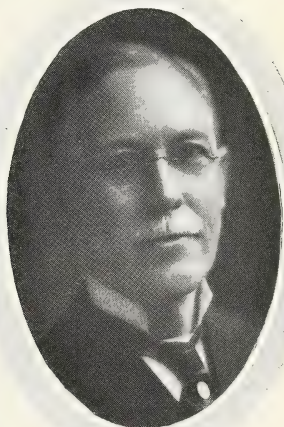
MILTON J BRECHT



SAMUEL M. CLEMENT JR



S. RAY SHELBY



JOHN W. REED



JAMES S. BENN

From the time of his admission to the bar he has continued in the active practice of his profession. He was a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of Pennsylvania in 1894, and a delegate at large to the National Democratic Convention which met at Chicago in 1896. In 1907 he was appointed by Governor Stuart a member of the Commission to codify the school laws of Pennsylvania and was the only lawyer on this Commission. When the School Code became a law in 1911, he was appointed by Governor Tener a member of the State Board of Education, on which Board he continued to serve until May 26, 1915, when he was appointed by Governor Brumbaugh a member of the Public Service Commission, for the term of nine years, dating from July 1, 1913.

JAMES S. BENN was born in Philadelphia in 1873. Educated in the public schools of Philadelphia, and Cooper College, Sterling, Kansas. Entering the newspaper profession in the West, he later became attached to the reportorial staff of the Philadelphia Record, and, subsequently, to the editorial staff of the Philadelphia North American. For fifteen years he served as President of the City Editors' Association of Philadelphia.

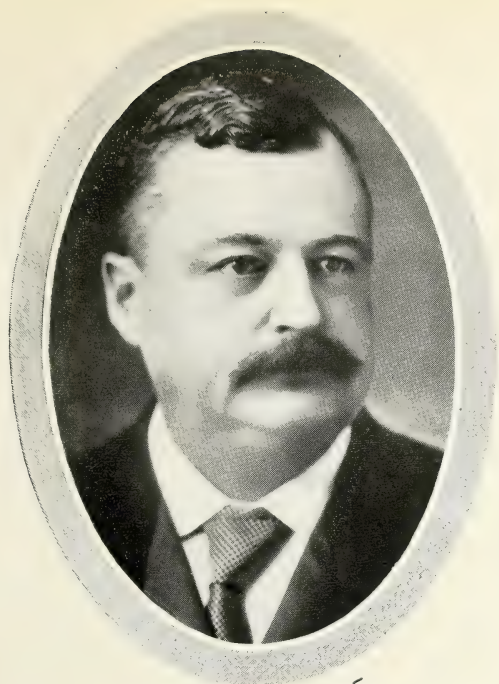
Appointed to the Public Service Commission July 1, 1919, by Governor Sproul for the unexpired term of eight years from July 1, 1913.

MILTON J. BRECHT was born near Lititz, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, on December 3, 1855. When he was four years of age his parents moved to Uniontended the public schools until he had attained his sixteenth year. In 1872 when Square, Rapho township, in the northern part of Lancaster County, where he at not yet seventeen years old he began teaching in the public schools of his home township and also attended during that year a session at the Millersville State Normal School. After being graduated from that institution in 1875, he taught school and served as supervising principal in the public schools of his county for five years. In March, 1880, he was appointed principal of the Soldiers' Orphans School, State institution, located at Mount Joy, in which capacity he served until September 1, 1883, when he became superintendent of the public schools of Lancaster County. He served in the office of county superintendent nearly twenty-eight years, when he resigned it to become a member of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission, to which he was appointed by Governor Tener, February 6, 1911; served in that capacity until the duties of this Commission were assumed by the new Public Service Commission of which he was appointed a member by Governor Tener on July 1, 1913, for the term of six years. On May 20, 1915, was reappointed by Governor Brumbaugh for the term of seven years, dating from July 1, 1913.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

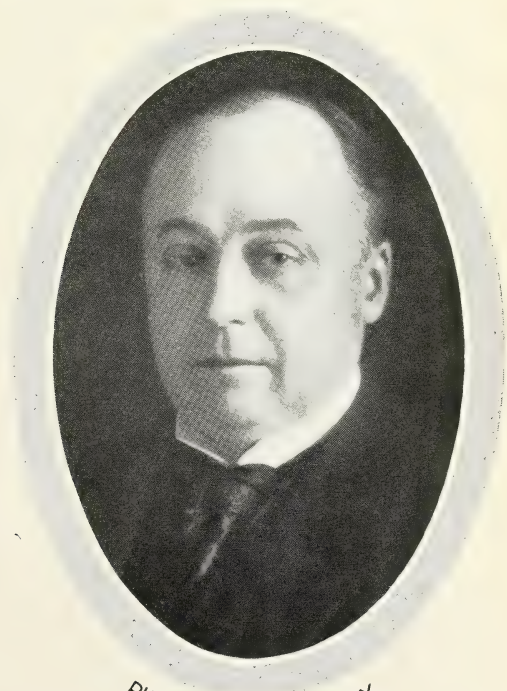
BOIES PENROSE, of Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, November 1, 1860; was prepared for college by private tutors and in the schools of Philadelphia; was graduated from Harvard College in 1881; read law with Wayne MacVeagh and George Tucker Bispham, and was admitted to the bar in 1883; practiced his profession in Philadelphia for several years; was elected to the Pennsylvania House of Representatives from the Eighth Philadelphia district in 1884; was elected to the Pennsylvania State Senate from the Sixth Philadelphia district in 1886; re-elected in 1890, and again in 1894; was elected President pro tempore of the Senate in 1889, and re-elected in 1891; was delegate to the Republican National Convention of 1900, 1904, 1908 and 1916; was chairman of the Republican State Committee in 1903-1905; was elected a member of the Republican National Committee from Pennsylvania in 1904, 1908 and 1916; was elected by the Legislature to the United States Senate to succeed J. Donald Cameron, and took his seat March 4, 1897; was re-elected by the Legislature in 1903 and 1909; was re-elected at the general election on November 3, 1914, being the first United States Senator elected by direct vote in Pennsylvania. His term of service will expire March 3, 1921.

PHILANDER CHASE KNOX was born at Brownsville, Fayette County, Pennsylvania, May 6, 1853; was graduated from Mount Union College, Ohio, in 1872, receiving the degree of A. M., and later the degree of LL.D., and also from Yale, Pennsylvania, and Pittsburgh Universities and from Washington and Jefferson and Villanova Colleges and the University of Guatemala; practiced law in Pittsburgh from 1875 to 1901; appointed Attorney-General in President McKinley's Cabinet April 5, 1901; in President Roosevelt's Cabinet as Attorney-General from the death of President McKinley until July 1, 1904; appointed to fill vacancy, caused by the death of Honorable M. S. Quay, in the United States Senate July 1, 1904; subsequently elected to fill Senator Quay's unexpired term, then to the full term of six years; resigned from the Senate to accept the position of Secretary of State in President Taft's Cabinet March 4, 1909; was Secretary of State to March 5, 1913; elected to the United States Senate November 6, 1916, to succeed Honorable George T. Oliver. His term of service will expire March 3, 1923.



BOIES PENROSE

UNITED STATES
SENATOR



PHILANDER CHASE KNOX

UNITED STATES
SENATOR

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DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

IN CONGRESS, JULY 4, 1776.

The unanimous Declaration of the thirteen United States of America.

When in the Course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the Powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the Laws of Nature and Nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their Safety and Happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that Governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly all experience hath shown, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same Object evinces a design to reduce them under absolute Despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such Government, and to provide new Guards for their future security.—Such has been the patient sufferance of these Colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former Systems of Government. The history of the present King of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute Tyranny over these States. To prove this, let Facts be submitted to a candid world.

He has refused his Assent to Laws, the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his Governors to pass Laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his Assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other Laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of Representation in the Legislature, a right inestimable to them and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their Public Records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures.

He has dissolved Representative Houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused for a long time, after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the Legislative Powers, incapable of Annihilation, have returned to the People at large for their exercise; the State remaining in the meantime exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convulsions within.

He has endeavoured to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose obstructing the Laws for Naturalization of Foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migration hither, and raising the conditions of new Appropriations of Lands.

He has obstructed the Administration of Justice, by refusing his Assent to Laws for establishing Judiciary Powers.

He has made Judges dependent on his Will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries.

He has erected a multitude of New Offices, and sent hither swarms of Officers to harass our People, and eat out their substance.

He has kept among us, in times of peace, Standing Armies without the Consent of our legislature.

He has affected to render the Military independent of and superior to the Civil Power.

He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his Assent to their Acts of pretended Legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us:

For protecting them, by a mock Trial, from Punishment for any Murders which they should commit on the Inhabitants of these States:

For cutting off our Trade with all parts of the world:

For imposing taxes on us without our Consent:

For depriving us in many cases, of the benefits of Trial by Jury:

For transporting us beyond Seas to be tried for pretended offenses:

For abolishing the free System of English Laws in a neighboring Province, establishing therein an Arbitrary government, and enlarging its Boundaries so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these Colonies.

For taking away our Charters, abolishing our most valuable Laws, and altering fundamentally the Forms of our Governments:

For suspending our own Legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with Power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever.

He has abdicated Government here, by declaring us out of his Protection and waging War against us.

He has plundered our seas, ravaged our Coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people.

He is at this time transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to compleat the works of death, desolation and tyranny, already begun with circumstances of Cruelty & perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the Head of a civilized nation.

He has constrained our fellow Citizens taken Captive on the high Seas to bear Arms against their Country, to become the executioners of their friends and Brethren, or to fall themselves by their Hands.

He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers, the merciless Indian Savages, whose known rule of warfare, is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions.

In every stage of these Oppressions We have Petitioned for Redress in the most humble terms: Our repeated Petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A Prince, whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a Tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free People.

Nor have We been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice

and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of our common kindred to disavow these usurpations, which, would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They too have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our Separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, Enemies in War, in Peace Friends.

We, therefore, the Representatives of the united States of America, in General Congress Assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the Name, and by Authority of the good People of these Colonies, solemnly publish and declare, That these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be Free and Independent States; that they are Absolved from all Allegiance to the British Crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain, is and ought to be totally dissolved; and that as Free and Independent States, they have full Power to levy War, conclude Peace, contract Alliances, establish Commerce, and to do all other Acts and Things which Independent States may of right do. And for the support of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the Protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our Lives, our Fortunes and our sacred Honor.

JOHN HANCOCK.

New Hampshire.

JOSIAH BARTLETT,
WM. WHIPPLE,
MATTHEW THORNTON.

JAS. SMITH,
GEO. TAYLOR,
JAMES WILSON,
GEO. ROSS.

Massachusetts Bay.

SAML. ADAMS,
JOHN ADAMS,
ROBT. TREAT PAINE,
ELBRIDGE GERRY.

CAESAR RODNEY,
GEO. READ,
THO. M'KEAN.

Delaware.

Rhode Island.

STEP. HOPKINS,
WILLIAM ELLERY.

SAMUEL CHASE,
WM. PACA,
THOS. STONE,
CHARLES CARROLL of Carrollton

Maryland.

Connecticut.

ROGER SHERMAN,
SAM'L HUNTINGTON,
WM. WILLIAMS,
OLIVER WOLCOTT.

GEORGE WYTHE,
RICHARD HENRY LEE,
TH. JEFFERSON,
BENJA. HARRISON,
THOS. NELSON, Jr.,
FRANCIS LIGHTFOOT LEE,
CARTER BRAXTON.

Virginia.

New York.

WM. FLOYD,
PHIL LIVINGSTON,
FRANS. LEWIS,
LEWIS MORRIS.

North Carolina.

WM. HOOPER,
JOSEPH HEWES,
JOHN PENN.

New Jersey.

RICH'D. STOCKTON,
JNO. WITHERSPOON,
FRAS. HOPKINSON,
JOHN HART,
ABRA. CLARK.

South Carolina.

EDWARD RUTLEDGE,
THOS. HEYWARD, Junr.,
THOMAS LYNCH, Junr.,
ARTHUR MIDDLETON.

Pennsylvania.

ROBT. MORRIS,
BENJAMIN RUSH,
BENJA. FRANKLIN,
JOHN MORTON,
GEO. CLYMER,

Georgia.

BUTTON GWINNETT,
LYMAN HALL,
GEO. WALTON.

Note.—This document as published above was copied from "Charters and Constitutions of the United States" compiled under an order of the United States Senate by Ben. Perley Poore and issued in 1877. In said publication the proof was compared with the fac-simile of the original by Mr. Ferdinand Jefferson, the Keeper of the Rolls at the Department of State, at Washington. He says: "In the fac-simile, as in the original, the whole instrument runs on without a break, but dashes are mostly inserted. I have, in this copy, followed the arrangement of paragraphs adopted in the publication of the Declaration in the newspaper of John Dunlap, and as printed by him for the Congress, which printed copy is inserted in the original Journal of the old Congress. The same paragraphs are also made by the author, in the original draught preserved in the Department of State."

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THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.*

[This Constitution went into operation on the first Wednesday in March, 1789, 5, Wheat., 420 and is identical, as to spelling, punctuation, and capitalization, with the original document on file at Washington.]

PREAMBLE.

WE THE PEOPLE of the United States, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity, do ordain and establish this CONSTITUTION for the United States of America.

ARTICLE. I.

Legislative Powers Vested in Congress.

Section. 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Composition of the House of Representatives.

Section. 2. 1. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

*In May, 1785, a committee of Congress made a report recommending an alteration in the Articles of Confederation, but no action was taken on it, and it was left to the State Legislatures to proceed in the matter. In January, 1786, the Legislature of Virginia passed a resolution providing for the appointment of five commissioners, who, or any three of them, should meet such commissioners as might be appointed in other States of the Union, at a time and place to be agreed upon, to take into consideration the trade of the United States; to consider how far a uniform system in their commercial regulations may be necessary to their common interest and their permanent harmony; and to report to the several States such an act, relative to this great object, as, when ratified by them, will enable the United States in Congress effectually to provide for the same. The Virginia commissioners, after some correspondence, fixed the first Monday in September as the time, and the city of Annapolis as the place for the meeting, but only four States were represented, viz: Delaware, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania; the commissioners appointed by Massachusetts, New Hampshire, North Carolina and Rhode Island failed to attend. Under the circumstances of so partial a representation, the commissioners present agreed upon a report (drawn by Mr. Hamilton, of New York), expressing their unanimous conviction that it might essentially tend to advance the interests of the Union if the States by which they were respectively delegated would concur, and use their endeavors to procure the concurrence of the other States, in the appointment of commissioners to meet at Philadelphia on the second Monday of May following, to take into consideration the situation of the United States; to devise such further provisions as should appear to them necessary to render the Constitution of the Federal Government adequate as the exigencies of the Union; and to report such an act for that purpose to the United States in Congress assembled as, when agreed to by them and afterwards confirmed by the Legislatures of every State, would effectively provide for the same.

Congress, on the 21st of February, 1787, adopted a resolution in favor of a convention, and the Legislatures of those States which had not already done so (with the exception of Rhode Island), promptly appointed delegates. On the 25th of May, seven States having convened, George Washington, of Virginia, was unanimously elected President, and the consideration of the proposed constitution was commenced. On the 17th of September, 1787, the Constitution as engrossed and agreed upon was signed by all the members present, except Mr. Gerry, of Massachusetts, and Messrs. Mason and Randolph, of Virginia. The President of the convention transmitted it to Congress, with a resolution stating how the proposed Federal Government should be put in operation, and an explanatory letter. Congress, on the 28th of September, 1787, directed the Constitution so framed, with the resolutions and letter concerning the same, to "be transmitted to the several Legislatures in order to be submitted to a convention of delegates chosen in each State by the people thereof, in conformity to the resolves of the convention."

On the 4th of March, 1789, the day which had been fixed for commencing the operations of Government under the new Constitution, it had been ratified by the convention chosen in each State, to consider it, as follows: Delaware, December 7, 1787; Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787; New Jersey, December 18, 1787; Georgia, January 2, 1788; Connecticut, January 9, 1788; Massachusetts, February 6, 1788; Maryland, April 28, 1788; South Carolina, May 23, 1788; New Hampshire, June 21, 1788; Virginia, June 26, 1788; and New York, July 26, 1788. The President informed Congress, on the 28th of January, 1790, that North Carolina had ratified the Constitution November 21, 1789; and he informed Congress on the 1st of June, 1790, that Rhode Island had ratified the Constitution May 29, 1789. Vermont, in convention, ratified the Constitution January 10, 1789, and was, by an act of Congress approved February 19, 1791, "received and admitted into this Union as a new and entire member of the United States."

Qualifications of Representatives.

2. No Person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the Age of twenty-five Years, and been seven Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Apportionment of Representatives and Direct Taxes—Census.

3. *[Representatives and direct Taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective Numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole Number of free Persons, including those bound to Service for a Term of Years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other Persons.] The actual Enumeration shall be made within three Years after the first Meeting of Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent Term of ten Years, in such Manner as they shall by Law direct. The Number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty Thousand, but each State shall have at Least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to chuse three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York Six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

Filling of Vacancies in Representation.

4. When vacancies happen in the Representation from any State, the Executive Authority thereof shall issue Writs of Election to fill such Vacancies.

Selection of Officers—Power of Impeachment.

5. The House of Representatives shall chuse their Speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole Power of Impeachment.

Of the Senate.

Section. 3. 1. †[The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six Years; and each Senator shall have one Vote.]

Classification of Senators—Filling of Vacancies.

2. Immediately after they shall be assembled in Consequence of the first Election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three Classes. The Seats of the Senators of the first Class shall be vacated at the Expiration of the second Year, of the second Class at the Expiration of the fourth Year, and of the third Class at the Expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; †[and if Vacancies happen by Resignation, or otherwise, during the Recess of the Legislature of any State, the Executive thereof may make temporary Appointments until the next Meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such Vacancies.]

Qualifications of Senators.

3. No Person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty Years, and been nine Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

Vice President to be President of Senate.

4. The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no Vote, unless they be equally divided.

Selection of Senate Officers—President pro tempore.

5. The Senate shall chuse their other Officers, and also a President pro tempore, in the Absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

Senate to Try Impeachments.

6. The Senate shall have the sole Power to try all Impeachments. When sitting for that Purpose, they shall be on Oath or Affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside: And no Person shall be convicted without the Concurrence of two thirds of the Members present.

*The clause included in brackets is amended by the fourteenth amendment, second section.
†The first paragraph of Section 3, of Article I, and that part of the second paragraph of Section 3, of Article I, included in brackets have been superseded by the seventeenth amendment. (Article XVII.)

Judgment in Cases of Impeachment.

7. Judgment in Cases of Impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from Office, and Disqualification to hold and enjoy any Office of honor, Trust or Profit under the United States: but the Party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to Indictment, Trial, Judgment and Punishment, according to Law.

Control of Congressional Elections.

Section. 4. 1. The Times, Places and Manner of holding Elections for Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by Law make or alter such Regulations, except as to the Places of chusing Senators.

Time for Assembling of Congress.

2. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by Law appoint a different Day.

Each House to be the Judge of the Election and Qualifications of Its Members—Regulations as to Quorum.

Section. 5. 1. Each House shall be the Judge of the Elections, Returns and Qualifications of its own Members, and a Majority of each shall constitute a Quorum to do Business; but a smaller Number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the Attendance of absent Members, in such Manner, and under such Penalties as each House may provide.

Each House to Determine Its Own Rules.

2. Each House may determine the Rules of its Proceedings, punish its Members for disorderly Behaviour, and, with the Concurrence of two thirds, expel a Member.

Journals and Yeas and Nays.

3. Each House shall keep a Journal of its Proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such Parts as may in their Judgment require Secrecy; and the Yeas and Nays of the Members of either House on any question shall, at the Desire of one fifth of those Present, be entered on the Journal.

Adjournment.

4. Neither House, during the Session of Congress, shall, without the Consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other Place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting.

Compensation and Privileges of Members of Congress.

Section. 6. 1. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a Compensation for their services, to be ascertained by Law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall in all Cases, except Treason, Felony and Breach of the Peace, be privileged from Arrest during their Attendance at the Session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any Speech or Debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other Place.

Incompatible Offices—Exclusions.

2. No Senator or Representative shall, during the Time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil Office under the Authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the Emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no Person holding any Office under the United States, shall be a Member of either House during his Continuance in Office.

Revenue Bills to Originate in House.

Section. 7. 1. All Bills for raising Revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with Amendments as on other Bills.

Manner of Passing Bills—Veto Power of President.

2. Every Bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it become a Law, be presented to the President of the United States; If he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his Objections to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the Objections at large on their Journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such

Reconsideration two thirds of that House shall agree to pass the Bill, it shall be sent, together with the Objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of that House, it shall become a Law. But in all such Cases the Votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the Names of the Persons voting for and against the Bill shall be entered on the Journal of each House respectively. If any Bill shall not be returned by the President within ten Days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the Same shall be a Law, in like Manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by their Adjournment prevent its Return, in which Case it shall not be a Law.

Concurrent Orders, Resolutions, &c., to be Passed on by President.

3. Every Order, Resolution, or Vote to which the Concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of Adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the Same shall take Effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be re-passed by two thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the Rules and Limitations prescribed in the Case of a Bill.

***General Powers of Congress—Taxation.**

Section. 8. 1. The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

Borrowing of Money.

2. To borrow Money on the credit of the United States;

Regulation of Commerce.

3. To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes;

Naturalization and Bankruptcy.

4. To establish an uniform Rule of Naturalization, and uniform Laws on the subject of Bankruptcies throughout the United States;

Money, Weights and Measures.

5. To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard of Weights and Measures;

Counterfeiting.

6. To provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States;

Post Offices.

7. To establish Post Offices and Post Roads;

Patents and Copyrights.

8. To promote the Progress of Science and useful Arts, by securing for limited Times to Authors and Inventors the exclusive right to their respective Writings and Discoveries;

Inferior Courts.

9. To constitute Tribunals inferior to the supreme Court;

Piracies, Felonies, &c.

10. To define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offenses against the Law of Nations;

War—Marque and Reprisal.

11. To declare War, grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, and make Rules concerning Captures on land and Water;

*By Article XVI of the amendments to the Constitution, Congress is given the power to lay and collect taxes on incomes.

Armies.

12. To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years;

Navy.

13. To provide and maintain a Navy;

Land and Naval Forces.

14. To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces;

Calling Out Militia.

15. To provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections and repel Invasions;

Organizing, Arming and Disciplining Militia.

16. To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

Exclusive Legislation Over District of Columbia, &c.

17. To exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever, over such District (not exceeding ten Miles square) as may, by Cession of particular States, and the Acceptance of Congress, become the Seat of the Government of the United States, and to exercise like Authority over all Places purchased by the Consent of the Legislature of the State in which the Same shall be, for the Erection of Forts, Magazines, Arsenals, dock Yards, and other needful Buildings;—And

To Enact Laws Necessary to Enforce Constitution.

18. To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Migration or Importation of Certain Persons not to be Prohibited Before 1808.

Section. 9. 1. The Migration or Importation of such Persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the Year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such Importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each Person.

Writ of Habeas Corpus not to be Suspended—Exception.

2. The Privilege of the Writ of Habeas Corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in Cases of Rebellion or Invasion the Public Safety may require it.

Bills of Attainder and Ex Post Facto Laws Prohibited.

3. No Bill of Attainder or ex post facto Law shall be passed.

Capitation and Other Direct Taxes.

4. No Capitation, or other direct, Tax shall be laid, unless in Proportion to the Census or Enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

Exports not to be Taxed.

5. No Tax or Duty shall be laid on Articles exported from any State.

No Preference to be Given to Ports of any State—Interstate Shipping.

6. No Preference shall be given by any Regulation of Commerce or Revenue to the Ports of one State over those of another; nor shall Vessels bound to, or from, one State, be obliged to enter, clear, or pay Duties in another.

Money, How Drawn from Treasury—Financial Statements to be Published.

7. No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time.

Titles of Nobility not to be Granted—Acceptance by Government Officers of Favors from Foreign Powers.

8. No Title of Nobility shall be granted by the United States: And no Person holding any office of Profit or Trust under them, shall, without the Consent of the Congress, accept of any present, Emolument, Office, or Title, of any kind whatever, from any King, Prince, or foreign State.

Limitations of the Powers of the Several States.

Section 10. 1. No State shall enter into any Treaty, Alliance, or Confederation; grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal; coin Money; emit Bills of Credit; make any Thing but gold and silver Coin a Tender in Payment of Debts; pass any Bill of Attainder, ex post facto law, or Law impairing the Obligation of Contracts, or grant any Title of Nobility.

State Imposts and Duties.

2. No State shall, without the Consent of the Congress, lay any Imposts or Duties on Imports or Exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing it's inspection Laws: and the net Produce of all Duties and Imposts, laid by any State on Imports or Exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such Laws shall be subject to the Revision and Controul of the Congress.

Further Restrictions on Powers of States.

3. No State shall, without the Consent of Congress, lay any Duty of Tonnage, keep Troops, or Ships of War in time of Peace, enter into any Agreement or Compact with another State, or with a foreign Power, or engage in War, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent Danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE. II.

Of the President—The Executive Power.

Section. 1. 1. The executive Power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his Office during the Term of four Years, and, together with the Vice President, chosen for the same Term, be elected, as follows

Appointment and Qualifications of Presidential Electors.

2. Each State shall appoint, in such Manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a Number of Electors, equal to the whole Number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress: but no Senator or Representative, or Person holding an Office of Trust or Profit under the United States, shall be appointed an Elector.

Original Method of Electing the President and Vice President.

3. *[The Electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by Ballot for two Persons, of whom one at least shall not be an Inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a List of all the Persons voted for, and of the Number of Votes for each; which List they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the Seat of the Government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the Presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the Certificates, and the Votes shall then be counted. The Person having the greatest Number of Votes shall be the President, if such Number be a majority of the whole Number of Electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such Majority, and have an equal Number of Votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately chuse by Ballot one of them for President; and if no Person have a Majority, then from the five highest on the List the said House shall in like Manner chuse the President. But in chusing the President, the Votes shall be taken by States, the Representation from each State having one Vote; a quorum for this Purpose shall consist of a Member or Members from two thirds of the States, and a Majority of all the States shall be necessary to a Choice. In every Case, after the Choice of the President, the Person having the greatest Number of Votes of the Electors shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal Votes, the Senate shall chuse from them by Ballot the Vice President.]

Congress may Determine Time of Choosing Electors and Day for Casting Their Votes.

4. The Congress may determine the Time of chusing the Electors, and the Day on which they shall give their Votes; which Day shall be the same throughout the United States.

*This clause has been superseded by the twelfth amendment.

***Qualifications for the Office of President.**

5. No Person except a natural born Citizen, or a Citizen of the United States, at the time of the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the Office of President; neither shall any Person be eligible to that Office who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty-five Years, and been fourteen Years a Resident within the United States.

Filling Vacancy in Office of President.

6. In Case of the Removal of the President from Office, or of his Death, Resignation, or Inability to discharge the Powers and Duties of the said Office, the Same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by Law provide for the Case of Removal, Death, Resignation, or Inability, both of the President and Vice President, declaring what Officer shall then act as President, and such Officer shall act accordingly, until the Disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

Compensation of the President.

7. The President shall, at stated Times, receive for his Services, a Compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the Period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that Period any other Emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Oath to be Taken by the President.

8. Before he enter on the Execution of his Office, he shall take the following Oath or Affirmation:—"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the Office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my Ability, preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States."

The President to be Commander-in-Chief of Army and Navy and Head of Executive Departments—May Grant Reprieves and Pardons.

Section. 2. 1. The President shall be Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, and of the Militia of the several States, when called into the actual Service of the United States; he may require the Opinion, in writing, of the principal Officer in each of the executive Departments, upon any Subject relating to the Duties of their respective Offices, and he shall have Power to grant Reprieves and Pardons for Offenses against the United States, except in Cases of Impeachment.

President May, with Concurrence of Senate, Make Treaties, Appoint Ambassadors, &c.,—Appointment of Inferior Officers, Authority of Congress Over.

2. He shall have Power, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, to make Treaties, provided two thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, shall appoint Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, Judges of the supreme Court, and all other Officers of the United States, whose Appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by Law; but the Congress may by Law vest the Appointment of such inferior Officers, as they think proper, in the President alone, in the Courts of Law, or in the Heads of Departments.

President May Fill Vacancies in Office During Recess of Senate.

3. The President shall have Power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the Recess of the Senate, by granting Commissions which shall expire at the End of their next Session.

President to Give Advice to Congress—May Convene or Adjourn it on Certain Occasions—To Receive Ambassadors, &c.—Have Laws Executed and Commission all Officers.

Section. 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress Information of the State of the Union, and recommend to their Consideration such Measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary Occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them, and in Case of Disagreement between them, with Respect to the Time of Adjournment, he may adjourn them to such Time as he shall think proper; he shall receive Ambassadors and other public Ministers; he shall take Care that the Laws be faithfully executed, and shall Commission all the officers of the United States.

All Civil Officers Removable by Impeachment.

Section. 4. The President, Vice President and all civil Officers of the United States, shall be removed from Office on Impeachment for, and Conviction of, Treason, Bribery, or other high Crimes and Misdemeanors.

ARTICLE. III.

Judicial Power—How Vested—Term of Office and Compensation of Judges.

Section 1. The judicial Power of the United States, shall be vested in one supreme Court, and in such inferior Courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The Judges, both of the supreme and inferior Courts, shall hold their offices during good Behavior, and shall, at stated Times, receive for their Services, a Compensation, which shall not be diminished during their Continuance in Office.

***Jurisdiction of Federal Courts.**

Section 2. 1. The judicial power shall extend to all Cases, in Law and Equity, arising under this Constitution the Laws of the United States, and Treaties made or which shall be made, under their Authority,—to all Cases affecting Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls;—to all Cases of admiralty and maritime Jurisdiction;—to Controversies to which the United States shall be a Party;—to Controversies between two or more States:—between a State and Citizens of another State;—between Citizens of different States,—between Citizens of the same State claiming Lands under Grants of different States, and between a State, or the Citizens thereof, and foreign States, Citizens or Subjects.

Original and Appellate Jurisdiction of Supreme Court.

2. In all Cases affecting Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, and those in which a State shall be Party, the supreme Court shall have original Jurisdiction. In all the other Cases, before mentioned, the supreme Court shall have appellate Jurisdiction, both as to Law and Fact, with such Exceptions, and under such Regulations as the Congress shall make.

Trial of all Crimes,—Except Impeachment, to be by Jury.

3. The Trial of all Crimes, except in Cases of Impeachment, shall be by Jury; and such Trial shall be held in the State where the said Crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the Trial shall be at such Place or Places as the Congress may by Law have directed.

Treason Defined—Conviction of.

Section. 3. 1. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying War against them, or in adhering to their Enemies, giving them Aid and Comfort. No Person shall be convicted of Treason unless on the Testimony of two Witnesses to the same overt Act, or on Confession in open Court.

Congress to Declare Punishment for Treason—Proviso.

2. The Congress shall have Power to declare the Punishment of Treason, but no Attainder of Treason shall work Corruption of Blood, or Forfeiture except during the Life of the Person attainted.

ARTICLE. IV.

Each State to Give Full Faith and Credit to the Public Acts and Records of Other States.

Section. 1. Full Faith and Credit shall be given in each State to the public Acts, Records, and judicial Proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general Laws prescribe the Manner in which such Acts, Records and Proceedings shall be proved, and the Effect thereof.

Privileges of Citizens.

Section 2. 1. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all Privileges and Immunities of Citizens in the several States.

*This section is abridged by Article XI of the Amendments.

Extradition Between the Several States.

2. A Person charged in any State with Treason, Felony, or other Crime, who shall flee from Justice, and be found in another State, shall on Demand of the executive Authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having Jurisdiction of the Crime.

*Persons Held to Labor or Service in One State, Fleeing to Another, to be Returned.

3. No person held to Service or Labour in one State, under the Laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in Consequence of any Law or Regulation therein, be discharged from such Service or Labour, but shall be delivered up on Claim of the Party to whom such Service or Labour may be due.

New States.

Section. 3. 1. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the Jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the Junction of two or more States, or Parts of States, without the Consent of the Legislatures of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

Regulations Concerning Territory.

2. The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

Republican Form of Government and Protection Guaranteed the Several States.

Section. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a Republican Form of Government, and shall protect each of them against Invasion; and on Application of the Legislature, or of the Executive (when the Legislature cannot be convened) against domestic Violence.

ARTICLE. V.

Ways in Which the Constitution can be Amended.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose Amendments to this Constitution, or, on the Application of the Legislatures of two thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing Amendments, which, in either Case, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, as Part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three fourths of the several States, or by Conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other Mode of Ratification may be proposed by the Congress; Provided that no Amendment which may be made prior to the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any Manner affect the first and fourth Clauses in the Ninth Section of the first Article; and that no State, without its Consent, shall be deprived of its equal Suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE. VI.

Debts Contracted Under the Confederation Secured.

1. All Debts contracted and Engagements entered into, before the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the Confederation.

Constitution, Laws and Treaties of the United States to be Supreme.

2. This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby, any Thing in the Constitution or Laws of any State to the Contrary notwithstanding.

Who Shall Take Constitutional Oath—No Religious Test as to Official Qualification.

3. The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Members of the several State Legislatures, and all executive and judicial Officers, both of the United States and of the several States shall be bound by Oath or Affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious Test shall ever be required as a Qualification to any Officer or public Trust under the United States.

ARTICLE. VII.

Constitution to be Considered Adopted When Ratified by Nine States.

The Ratification of the Conventions of nine States, shall be sufficient for the Establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the Same.

DONE in Convention by the Unanimous Consent of the States present the Seventeenth Day of September in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and Eighty seven and of the Independence of the United States of America the Twelfth IN WITNESS whereof We have hereunto subscribed our Names,

Go: WASHINGTON—
Presidt. and deputy from Virginia

Attest
WILLIAM JACKSON, Secretary.

New Hampshire.

JOHN LANGDON

NICHOLAS GILMAN

Massachusetts.

NATHANIEL GORHAM

RUFUS KING

Connecticut.

WM. SAML. JOHNSON

ROGER SHERMAN

New York.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON

New Jersey.

WIL: LIVINGSTON
DAVID BREARLEY.WM PATTERSON
JONA: DAYTON

Pennsylvania.

B. FRANKLIN
THOMAS MIFFLIN
ROBT. MORRIS
GEO. CLYMERTHOS— FITZSIMONS
JARED INGERSOLL
JAMES WILSON
GOUV MORRIS

Delaware.

GEO: READ
GUNNING BEDFORD Jun
JOHN DICKINSONRICHARD BASSETT
JACO: BROOM

Maryland.

JAMES McHENRY
DAN OF ST THOS. JENIFER

DANL. CARROLL

Virginia.

JOHN BLAIR—

JAMES MADISON, Jr.

North Carolina.

WM. BLOUNT
RICHD. DOBBS SPAIGHT

HU WILLIAMSON

South Carolina.

J. RUTLEDGE,
CHARLES COTESWORTH PINCKNEYCHARLES PINCKNEY
PIERCE BUTLER

Georgia.

WILLIAM FEW

ABR. BALDWIN

AMENDMENTS.

ARTICLES IN ADDITION TO, AND AMENDMENT OF, THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, PROPOSED BY CONGRESS, AND RATIFIED BY THE LEGISLATURES OF THE SEVERAL STATES PURSUANT TO THE FIFTH ARTICLE OF THE ORIGINAL CONSTITUTION.

[ARTICLE I.]*

Freedom of Religion, of Speech, of the Press, and Right of Petition.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

[ARTICLE II.]

Right of People to Bear Arms Not to be Infringed.

A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed.

[ARTICLE III.]

Quartering of Troops.

No Soldier, shall in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

[ARTICLE IV.]

Persons and Houses to be Secure from Unreasonable Searches and Seizures.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

[ARTICLE V.]

Trials for Crimes—Just Compensation for Private Property Taken for Public Use.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any Criminal Case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

[ARTICLE VI.]

Civil Rights in Trials for Crimes Enumerated.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the Assistance of Counsel for his defence.

*The first ten articles of amendment to the Constitution of the United States (with two others which were not ratified by the requisite number of States) were submitted to the several State Legislatures by a resolution of Congress which passed on the 25th of September, 1789, at the first session of the First Congress, and were ratified by the Legislatures of the following States: New Jersey, November 20, 1789; Maryland, December 19, 1789; North Carolina, December 22, 1789; South Carolina, January 19, 1790; New Hampshire, January 25, 1790; Delaware, January 28, 1790; Pennsylvania, March 10, 1790; New York, March 27, 1790; Rhode Island, June 15, 1790; Vermont, November 3, 1791; Virginia, December 15, 1791. The acts of the Legislatures of the States ratifying these amendments were transmitted by the Governors to the President, and by him communicated to Congress. The Legislatures of Massachusetts, Connecticut and Georgia do not appear by the record to have ratified them.

[ARTICLE VII.]

Civil Rights in Civil Suits.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any Court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

[ARTICLE VIII.]

Excessive Bail Fines and Punishments Prohibited.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

[ARTICLE IX.]

Reserved Rights of People.

The enumeration in the Constitution of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

[ARTICLE X.]

Powers not Delegated, Reserved to States and People Respectively.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

[ARTICLE XI.]*†

Judicial Power of United States not to Extend to Suits Against a State.

The Judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by Citizens of another State, or by Citizens or Subjects of any Foreign State.

[ARTICLE XII.]‡

Present Mode of Electing President and Vice President by Electors.

The Electors shall meet in their respective states, § and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate:—The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates|| and the votes shall then be counted:—The person having the greatest number of votes for President, shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-

*The eleventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States was submitted to the Legislatures of the several States by a resolution of Congress passed on the 5th of September, 1794, at the first session of the Third Congress; and on the 8th of January, 1798, at the second session of the Fifth Congress, it was declared by the President, in a message to the two Houses of Congress, to have been adopted by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the States, there being at that time sixteen States in the Union.

†See Article III, Sec. 2.

‡The twelfth amendment to the Constitution of the United States was submitted to the Legislatures of the several States, there being then seventeen States, in lieu of the original third paragraph of the first section of the second article, by a resolution of Congress passed on the 12th of December, 1803, at the first session of the Eighth Congress, and was ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the States in 1804, according to a proclamation of the Secretary of State dated the 25th of September, 1804.

§On the second Monday in January by act of Congress, approved February 3, 1887.

||On the second Wednesday in February, by act of Congress, approved February 3, 1887.

President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President, shall be the Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.

[ARTICLE XIII.]*

Slavery Prohibited.

Section 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Congress Given Power to Enforce this Article.

Section 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

[ARTICLE XIV.]+

Citizenship Defined—Privileges of Citizens.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

*The thirteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States was submitted to the Legislatures of the several States, there being then thirty-six States, by a resolution of Congress passed on the 1st of February, 1865, at the second session of the Thirty-eighth Congress, and was ratified, according to a proclamation of the Secretary of State dated December 18, 1865, by the Legislatures of twenty-seven of the thirty-six States, viz: Illinois, February 1, 1865; Rhode Island, February 2, 1865; Michigan, February 2, 1865; Maryland, February 3, 1865; New York, February 3, 1865; West Virginia, February 3, 1865; Maine, February 7, 1865; Kansas, February 7, 1865; Massachusetts, February 8, 1865; Pennsylvania, February 8, 1865; Virginia, February 9, 1865; Ohio, February 10, 1865; Missouri, February 10, 1865; Indiana, February 16, 1865; Nevada, February 16, 1865; Louisiana, February 17, 1865; Minnesota, February 23, 1865; Wisconsin, March 1, 1865; Vermont, March 9, 1865; Tennessee, April 7, 1865; Arkansas, April 20, 1865; Connecticut, May 5, 1865; New Hampshire, July 1, 1865; South Carolina, November 13, 1865; Alabama, December 2, 1865; North Carolina, December 4, 1865; Georgia, December 9, 1865. The following States not enumerated in the proclamation of the Secretary of State also ratified this amendment: Oregon, December 11, 1865; California, December 20, 1865; Florida, December 28, 1865; New Jersey, January 23, 1866; Iowa, January 24, 1866; Texas, February 18, 1870.

†The fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States was proposed to the Legislatures of the several States by the Thirty-ninth Congress, on the 16th of June, 1866. On the 21st of July, 1868, Congress adopted and transmitted to the Department of State a concurrent resolution declaring that "the Legislatures of the States of Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, New York, Ohio, Illinois, West Virginia, Kansas, Maine, Nevada, Missouri, Indiana, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina, and Louisiana, being three-fourths and more of the several States of the Union, have ratified the fourteenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States, duly proposed by two-thirds of each House of the Thirty-ninth Congress: Therefore, Resolved, That said fourteenth article is hereby declared to be a part of the Constitution of the United States, and it shall be duly promulgated as such by the Secretary of State." The Secretary of State accordingly issued a proclamation, dated the 28th of July, 1868, declaring that the proposed fourteenth amendment had been ratified, in the manner hereafter mentioned, by the Legislatures of thirty of the thirty-six States, viz: Connecticut, June 30, 1866, New Hampshire, July 7, 1866; Tennessee, July 19, 1866; New Jersey, September 11, 1866 (and the Legislature of the same State passed a resolution in April, 1868, to withdraw its consent to it); Oregon, September 19, 1866; Vermont, November 9, 1866; Georgia, rejected it November 13, 1866; and ratified it July 21, 1868; North Carolina rejected it December 4, 1866, and ratified it July 4, 1868; South Carolina rejected it December 20, 1866, and ratified it July 9, 1868; New York ratified it January 10, 1867; Ohio ratified it January 11, 1867 (and the Legislature of the same State passed a resolution in January, 1868, to withdraw its consent to it); Illinois ratified it January 15, 1867; West Virginia, January 16, 1867; Kansas, January 18, 1867; Maine, January 19, 1867; Nevada, January 22, 1867; Missouri, January 26, 1867; Indiana, January 29, 1867; Minnesota, February 1, 1867; Rhode Island, February 7, 1867; Wisconsin, February 13, 1867; Pennsylvania, February 13, 1867; Michigan, February 15, 1867; Massachusetts, March 20, 1867; Nebraska, June 15, 1867; Iowa, April 3, 1868; Arkansas, April 6, 1868; Florida, June 9, 1868; Louisiana, July 9, 1868; and Alabama, July 13, 1868. Georgia again ratified the amendment February 2, 1870. Texas rejected it November 1, 1866, and ratified it February 18, 1870. Virginia rejected it January 19, 1867, and ratified it October 8, 1869. The amendment was rejected by Kentucky January 10, 1867; by Delaware February 8, 1867; by Maryland March 23, 1867, and was not afterwards ratified by either State.

Apportionment of Representatives.

Section 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the Executive and Judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Disqualification for Office—Removal of Disability.

Section 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Public Debt not to be Questioned—Payment of Debts and Claims Incurred in Aid of Rebellion Forbidden.

Section 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Congress Given Power to Enforce this Article.

Section 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

[ARTICLE XV.]***Right of Certain Citizens to Vote Established.**

Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

Congress Given Power to Enforce this Article.

Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

*The fifteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States was proposed to the Legislatures of the several States by the Fortieth Congress, on the 27th of February, 1869, and was declared, in a proclamation of the Secretary of State, dated March 30, 1870, to have been ratified by the Legislatures of twenty-nine of the thirty-seven States, viz: Nevada, March 1, 1869; West Virginia, March 3, 1869; North Carolina, March 5, 1869; Louisiana, March 5, 1869; Illinois, March 5, 1869; Michigan, March 8, 1869; Wisconsin, March 9, 1869; Massachusetts, March 12, 1869; Maine, March 12, 1869; South Carolina, March 16, 1869; Pennsylvania, March 26, 1869; Arkansas, March 30, 1869; New York, April 14, 1869, (and the Legislature of the same State passed a resolution January 5, 1870, to withdraw its consent to it); Indiana, May 14, 1869; Connecticut, May 19, 1869; Florida, June 15, 1869; New Hampshire, July 7, 1869; Virginia, October 8, 1869; Vermont, October 21, 1869; Alabama, November 24, 1869; Missouri, January 10, 1870; Mississippi, January 17, 1870; Rhode Island, January 18, 1870; Kansas, January 19, 1870; Ohio rejected it May 4, 1869, and ratified it January 27, 1870; Georgia, February 2, 1870; Iowa, February 3, 1870; Nebraska, February 17, 1870; Texas, February 18, 1870; Minnesota, February 19, 1870. The State of New Jersey rejected the amendment and afterwards ratified it on the 21st of February, 1871, subsequent to the date of the proclamation of the Secretary of State. The States of California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, Oregon and Tennessee rejected this amendment.

[ARTICLE XVI.]*

Taxes on Incomes—Congress Given Power to Lay and Collect.

The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.

[ARTICLE XVII.]+

Election of United States Senators—Filling of Vacancies—Qualifications of Electors.

The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislatures.

When vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the Senate, the executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies: Provided, That the legislature of any State may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointment until the people fill the vacancies by election as the legislature may direct.

This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution.

[ARTICLE XVIII.]+

Manufacture, Sale or Transportation of Intoxicating Liquors, for Beverage Purposes, Prohibited.

Section 1. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale, or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

Congress and the Several States Given Concurrent Power to Pass Appropriate Legislation to Enforce this Article.

Section 2. The Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Provisions of Article to Become Operative, When Adopted by Three-fourths of the States.

Section 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.

*The sixteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States was proposed to the Legislatures of the several States, by the Sixty-first Congress, and was declared in a proclamation of the Secretary of State, dated February 25, 1913, to have been ratified by the Legislatures of thirty-six States, viz: Alabama, Kentucky, South Carolina, Illinois, Mississippi, Oklahoma, Maryland, Georgia, Texas, Ohio, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California, Montana, Indiana, Nevada, North Carolina, Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, North Dakota, Michigan, Iowa, Missouri, Maine, Tennessee, Arkansas, Wisconsin, New York, South Dakota, Arizona, Minnesota, Louisiana, Delaware and Wyoming.

†The seventeenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States was proposed to the Legislatures of the several States by the second session of the Sixty-second Congress, and was declared, in a proclamation of the Secretary of State, dated May 31, 1913, to have been ratified by the Legislatures of thirty-six States, viz: Massachusetts, Arizona, Minnesota, New York, Kansas, Oregon, North Carolina, California, Michigan, Idaho, West Virginia, Nebraska, Iowa, Montana, Texas, Washington, Wyoming, Colorado, Illinois, North Dakota, Nevada, Vermont, Maine, New Hampshire, Oklahoma, Ohio, South Dakota, Indiana, Missouri, New Mexico, New Jersey, Tennessee, Arkansas, Connecticut, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin.

‡The eighteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States was proposed to the Legislatures of the several States, by the second session of the Sixty-fifth Congress, and was declared in a proclamation of the Secretary of State, dated January 29, 1919, to have been ratified by the Legislatures of thirty-six States; the ratifications were received by the Department of State in the following order, viz:—Virginia, January 11, 1918; Kentucky, January 16, 1918; North Dakota, January 28, 1918; South Carolina, February 12, 1918; Maryland, March 12, 1918; South Dakota, March 22, 1918; Texas, March 4, 1918; Montana, February 20, 1918; Delaware, March 26, 1918; Massachusetts, March 26, 1918; Arizona, May 25, 1918; Georgia, July 2, 1918; Louisiana, August 9, 1918; Michigan, January 2, 1919; West Virginia, January 9, 1919; Maine, January 8, 1919; Mississippi, January 13, 1918; Florida, December 3, 1918; Oklahoma, January 7, 1919; Washington, January 13, 1919; New Hampshire, January 15, 1919; Nebraska, January 16, 1919; Minnesota, January 17, 1919; Indiana, January 14, 1919; California, January 13, 1919; Colorado, January 15, 1919; Alabama, January 18, 1919; Oregon, January 15, 1919; Ohio, January 7, 1919; Illinois, January 14, 1919; Wyoming, January 17, 1919; Idaho, January 15, 1919; Wisconsin, January 15, 1919; North Carolina, January 16, 1919; Utah, January 18, 1919; and Kansas, January 20, 1919. The Legislatures of the following States not enumerated in the proclamation of the Secretary of State also ratified this amendment, New Mexico, January 20, 1919; Tennessee, January 14, 1919; Iowa, January 27, 1919; Vermont, January 31, 1919; Missouri, January 17, 1919; Nevada, January 27, 1919, and Pennsylvania, February 26, 1919.

ANALYTICAL INDEX TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE
STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Abbreviations—Pr., preamble; Art., article; Sec., section; Sch., schedule; p., page.

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CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

[This Constitution took effect on January 1, 1874, for all purposes not otherwise provided for therein.—Sec. 1, Schedule, and is identical, as to spelling, punctuation and capitalization with the original copy on file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth at Harrisburg.]

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, grateful to Almighty God for the blessings of civil and religious liberty, and humbly invoking His guidance, do ordain and establish this Constitution.

ARTICLE I.

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

That the general, great and essential principles of liberty and free government may be recognized and unalterably established, We DECLARE THAT—

Inherent Rights of Mankind.

Section 1. All men are born equally free and independent, and have certain inherent and indefeasible rights, among which are these of enjoying and defending life and liberty, of acquiring, possessing and protecting property and reputation, and of pursuing their own happiness.

Political Power.

Section 2. All power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority and instituted for their peace, safety and happiness. For the advancement of these ends they have at all times an inalienable and indefeasible right to alter, reform or abolish their government in such manner as they may think proper.

Religious Freedom.

Section 3. All men have a natural and indefeasible right to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of their own consciences, no man can of right be compelled to attend, erect or support any place of worship; or to maintain any ministry against his consent; no human authority can, in any case whatever, control or interfere with the rights of conscience, and no preference shall ever be given by law to any religious establishments or modes of worship.

Religion.

Section 4. No person who acknowledges the being of a God and a future state of rewards and punishments shall, on account of his religious sentiments, be disqualified to hold any office or place of trust or profit under this Commonwealth.

Elections.

Section 5. Elections shall be free and equal; and no power, civil or military, shall at any time interfere to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage.

Trial by Jury.

Section 6. Trial by jury be as heretofore, and the right thereof remain inviolate.

Freedom of Press and Speech—Libels.

Section 7. The printing press shall be free to every person who may undertake to examine the proceedings of the legislature or any branch of government, and no law shall ever be made to restrain the right thereof. The free communication of thoughts and opinions is one of the invaluable rights of man, and every citizen may freely

publish, write and print on any subject, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty. No conviction shall be had in any prosecution for the publication of papers relating to the official conduct of officers or men in public capacity, or to any other matter proper for public investigation or information, where the fact that such publication was not maliciously or negligently made shall be established to the satisfaction of the jury; and in all indictments for libels the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the facts, under the direction of the court, as in other cases.

Security from Searches and Seizures.

Section 8. The people shall be secure in their persons, houses, papers and possessions from unreasonable searches and seizures, and no warrant to search any place or to seize any person or things shall issue without describing them as nearly as may be, nor without probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation subscribed to by the affiant.

Rights of Accused in Criminal Prosecutions.

Section 9. In all criminal prosecutions the accused hath a right to be heard by himself and his counsel, to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him, to meet the witnesses face to face, to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and, in prosecutions by indictment or information, a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the vicinage; he cannot be compelled to give evidence against himself, nor can he be deprived of his life, liberty or property, unless by the judgment of his peers or the law of the land.

Criminal Informations—Twice in Jeopardy.

Section 10. No person shall, for any indictable offence, be proceeded against criminally by information, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger, or by leave of the court for oppression or misdemeanor in office. No person shall, for the same offence, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall private property be taken or applied to public use, without authority of law and without just compensation being first made or secured.

Courts to be Open—Suits Against the State.

Section 11. All courts shall be open; and every man for an injury done him in his lands, goods, person or reputation shall have remedy by due course of law, and right and justice administered without sale, denial or delay. Suits may be brought against the Commonwealth in such manner, in such courts and in such cases as the legislature may by law direct.

Power of Suspending Laws.

Section 12. No power of suspending laws shall be exercised unless by the legislature or by its authority.

Bail—Fines and Punishments.

Section 13. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel punishments inflicted.

Prisoners to be Bailable—Habeas Corpus.

Section 14. All prisoners shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, unless for capital offences when the proof is evident or presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

Oyer and Terminer, &c.

Section 15. No commission of Oyer and Terminer or Jail Delivery shall be issued.

Insolvent Debtors.

Section 16. The person of a debtor, where there is not strong presumption of fraud, shall not be continued in prison after delivering up his estate for the benefit of his creditors in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

Ex Post Facto Laws—Impairment of Contracts.

Section 17. No ex post facto law, nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts, or making irrevocable any grant of special privileges or immunities, shall be passed.

Attaint.

Section 18. No person shall be attainted of treason or felony by the legislature.

Effect of Attainder Limited—No Forfeiture for Suicide or in Case of Death by Casualty.

Section 19. No attainder shall work corruption of blood, nor, except during the life of the offender, forfeiture of estate to the Commonwealth. The estate of such persons as shall destroy their own lives shall descend or vest as in cases of natural death, and if any person shall be killed by casualty there shall be no forfeiture by reason thereof.

Right of Petition.

Section 20. The citizens have a right in a peaceable manner to assemble together for their common good, and to apply to those invested with the powers of government for redress of grievances or other proper purposes, by petition, address or remonstrance.

Right to Bear Arms.

Section 21. The right of the citizens to bear arms in defense of themselves and the State shall not be questioned.

No Standing Army—Military Subordinate to Civil Power.

Section 22. No standing army shall, in time of peace, be kept up without the consent of the legislature, and the military shall in all cases and at all times be in strict subordination to the civil power.

Quartering of Troops.

Section 23. No soldier shall in time of peace be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

Titles and Offices.

Section 24. The legislature shall not grant any title of nobility or hereditary distinction, nor create any office the appointment to which shall be for a longer term than during good behaviour.

Emigration.

Section 25. Emigration from the State shall not be prohibited.

Exceptions from the General Powers of Government.

Section 26. To guard against transgressions of the high powers which we have delegated, we declare that everything in this article is excepted out of the general powers of government and shall forever remain inviolate.

ARTICLE II.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Power Vested in—Consists of a Senate and a House.

Section 1. The legislative power of this Commonwealth shall be vested in a General Assembly which shall consist of a Senate and a House of Representatives.

Election of Members—Vacancies.

Section 2. Members of the General Assembly shall be chosen at the general election every second year. Their term of service shall begin on the first day of December next after their election. Whenever a vacancy shall occur in either House the presiding officer thereof shall issue a writ of election to fill such vacancy for the remainder of the term.

Terms of Senators and Representatives.

Section 3. Senators shall be elected for the term of four years and Representatives for the term of two years.

Meetings of the General Assembly—*Filling of Vacancy in Office of United States Senator.

Section 4. The General Assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock, noon, on the first Tuesday of January every second year, and at other times when convened by the Governor, but shall hold no adjourned annual session after the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight. In case of a vacancy in the office of United States Senator from this Commonwealth, in a recess between sessions, the Governor shall convene the two Houses, by proclamation on notice not exceeding sixty days, to fill the same.

Qualifications of Senators and Representatives—Residence.

Section 5. Senators shall be at least twenty-five years of age and Representatives twenty-one years of age. They shall have been citizens and inhabitants of the State four years, and inhabitants of their respective districts one year next before their election (unless absent on the public business of the United States or of this State,) and shall reside in their respective districts during their terms of service.

Disqualifications.

Section 6. No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he shall have been elected, be appointed to any civil office under this Commonwealth, and no member of Congress or other person holding any office (except of attorney-at-law or in the militia) under the United States or this Commonwealth shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office.

Persons Convicted of Infamous Crimes to be Disqualified.

Section 7. No person hereafter convicted of embezzlement of public moneys, bribery, perjury or other infamous crime, shall be eligible to the General Assembly, or capable of holding any office of trust or profit in this Commonwealth.

Compensation Not to be Increased During Term.

Section 8. The members of the General Assembly shall receive such salary and mileage for regular and special sessions as shall be fixed by law, and no other compensation whatever, whether for service upon committee or otherwise. No member of either House shall, during the term for which he may have been elected, receive any increase of salary, or mileage, under any law passed during such term.

Election of President pro tempore of the Senate and Speaker of the House—Other Officers—Each House Shall Judge as to Election of its Members, &c.

Section 9. The Senate shall, at the beginning and close of each regular session and at such other times as may be necessary, elect one of its members President pro tempore, who shall perform the duties of the Lieutenant-Governor, in any case of absence or disability of that officer, and whenever the said office of Lieutenant-Governor shall be vacant. The House of Representatives shall elect one of its members as Speaker. Each House shall choose its other officers, and shall judge of the election and qualifications of its members.

Quorum.

Section 10. A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day and compel the attendance of absent members.

Powers of Each House—Expulsion.

Section 11. Each House shall have power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly behaviour in its presence, to enforce obedience to its process, to protect its members against violence or offers of bribes or private solicitation, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, to expel a member, but not a second time for the same cause, and shall have all other powers necessary for the legislature of a free State. A member expelled for corruption shall not thereafter be eligible to either House, and punishment for contempt or disorderly behaviour shall not bar an indictment for the same offence.

Journals—Yeas and Nays.

Section 12. Each House shall keep a journal of its proceedings and from time to time publish the same, except such parts as require secrecy, and the yeas and nays of the members on any question shall, at the desire of any two of them, be entered on the journal.

*This section is invalidated, being in conflict with Article 17 of the Amendments to the United States Constitution.

Sessions Shall be Open.

Section 13. The sessions of each House and of Committees of the Whole shall be open, unless when the business is such as ought to be kept secret.

Adjournments.

Section 14. Neither House shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting.

Privileges of Members.

Section 15. The members of the General Assembly shall in all cases, except treason, felony, violation of their oath of office, and breach or surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the sessions of their respective Houses and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either House they shall not be questioned in any other place.

Senatorial Districts—Ratio.

Section 16. They shall be divided into fifty senatorial districts of compact and contiguous territory as nearly equal in population as may be, and each district shall be entitled to elect one Senator. Each county containing one or more ratios of population shall be entitled to one Senator for each ratio, and to an additional Senator for a surplus of population exceeding three-fifths of a ratio, but no county shall form a separate district unless it shall contain four-fifths of a ratio, except where the adjoining counties are each entitled to one or more Senators, when such county may be assigned a Senator on less than four-fifths and exceeding one-half of a ratio, and no county shall be divided unless entitled to two or more Senators. No city or county shall be entitled to separate representation exceeding one-sixth of the whole number of Senators. No ward, borough or township shall be divided in the formation of a district. The senatorial ratio shall be ascertained by dividing the whole population of the State by the number fifty.

Representative Districts—Ratio.

Section 17. The members of the House of Representatives shall be apportioned among the several counties, on a ratio obtained by dividing the population of the State as ascertained by the most recent United States census by two hundred. Every county containing less than five ratios shall have one representative for every full ratio, and an additional representative when the surplus exceeds half a ratio; but each county shall have at least one representative. Every county containing five ratios or more shall have one representative for every full ratio. Every city containing a population equal to a ratio shall elect separately its proportion of the representatives allotted to the county in which it is located. Every city entitled to more than four representatives, and every county having over one hundred thousand inhabitants, shall be divided into districts of compact and contiguous territory, each district to elect its proportion of representatives according to its population, but no district shall elect more than four representatives.

Apportionment of the State.

Section 18. The General Assembly at its first session after the adoption of this Constitution, and immediately after each United States decennial census, shall apportion the State into senatorial and representative districts agreeably to the provisions of the two next preceding sections.

ARTICLE III.

LEGISLATION.

Passage of Bills.

Section 1. No law shall be passed except by bill, and no bill shall be so altered or amended, on its passage through either House, as to change its original purpose.

Reference and Printing.

Section 2. No bill shall be considered, unless referred to a committee, returned therefrom, and printed for the use of the members.

Form of Bills.

Section 3. No bill, except general appropriation bills, shall be passed containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title.

Three Readings—Amendments—Yeas and Nays.

Section 4. Every bill shall be read at length on three different days in each House; all amendments made thereto shall be printed for the use of the members before the final vote is taken on the bill, and no bill shall become a law, unless on its final passage the vote be taken by yeas and nays, the names of the persons voting for and against the same be entered on the journal, and a majority of the members elected to each House be recorded thereon as voting in its favor.

Votes on Concurring in Amendments—Reports of Committees of Conference.

Section 5. No amendment to bills by one House, shall be concurred in by the other, except by the vote of a majority of the members elected thereto, taken by yeas and nays, and the names of those voting for and against recorded upon the journal thereof; and reports of committees of conference shall be adopted in either House only by the vote of a majority of the members elected thereto, taken by yeas and nays, and the names of those voting recorded upon the journals.

Revival and Amendment of Laws.

Section 6. No law shall be revived, amended, or the provisions thereof extended or conferred, by reference to its title only, but so much thereof as is revived, amended, extended or conferred shall be re-enacted and published at length.

Special and Local Legislation Limited.

Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension or impairing of liens:

Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs or school districts:

Changing the names of persons or places:

Changing the venue in civil or criminal cases:

Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering or maintaining, roads, highways, streets or alleys:

Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which form boundaries between this and any other State:

Vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys:

Relating to cemeteries, grave-yards, or public grounds not of the State:

Authorizing the adoption or legitimization of children:

Locating or changing county seats, erecting new counties or changing county lines:

Incorporating cities, towns or villages, or changing their charters:

For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting:

Granting divorces:

Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits or school districts:

Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts:

Changing the law of descent or succession:

Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate:

Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables:

Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes:

Fixing the rate of interest:

Affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment:

Remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid into the treasury:

Exempting property from taxation:

Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing:

Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof:

Granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down a railroad track:

Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed:

Nor shall any law be passed granting powers or privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for.

Notice of Local and Special Bills.

Section 8. No local or special bill shall be passed unless notice of the intention to apply therefor shall have been published in the locality where the matter or the thing to be effected may be situated, which notice shall be at least thirty days prior to the introduction into the General Assembly of such bill and in the manner to be provided by law; the evidence of such notice having been published, shall be exhibited in the General Assembly before such act shall be passed.

Signing of Bills.

Section 9. The presiding officer of each House shall, in the presence of the House over which he presides, sign all bills and joint resolutions passed by the General Assembly, after their titles have been publicly read immediately before signing, and the fact of signing shall be entered on the journal.

Officers of the General Assembly.

Section 10. The General Assembly shall prescribe by law the number, duties and compensation of the officers and employes of each House, and no payment shall be made from the State treasury, or be in any way authorized, to any person, except to an acting officer or employe elected or appointed in pursuance of law.

Extra Compensation Prohibited—Payment of Claims Against the Commonwealth.

Section 11. No bill shall be passed giving any extra compensation to any public officer, servant, employe, agent or contractor, after services shall have been rendered or contract made, nor providing for the payment of any claim against the Commonwealth without previous authority of law.

Public Contracts for Supplies.

Section 12. All stationery, printing, paper and fuel used in the legislative and other departments of government shall be furnished, and the printing, binding and distributing of the laws, journals, department reports, and all other printing and binding, and the repairing and furnishing the halls and rooms used for the meetings of the General Assembly and its committees, shall be performed under contract to be given to the lowest responsible bidder below such maximum price and under such regulations as shall be prescribed by law; no member or officer of any department of the government shall be in any way interested in such contracts, and all such contracts shall be subject to the approval of the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer.

Extension of Official Terms and Increase of Salaries Prohibited.

Section 13. No law shall extend the term of any public officer, or increase or diminish his salary or emoluments, after his election or appointment.

Revenue Bills.

Section 14. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives, but the Senate may propose amendments as in other bills.

Appropriation Bills.

Section 15. The general appropriation bill shall embrace nothing but appropriations for the ordinary expenses of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt and for public schools; all other appropriations shall be made by separate bills, each embracing but one subject.

Public Moneys—How Paid Out.

Section 16. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except upon appropriations made by law, and on warrant drawn by the proper officers in pursuance thereof.

Appropriations to Charitable and Educational Institutions.

Section 17. No appropriation shall be made to any charitable or educational institution not under the absolute control of the Commonwealth, other than normal schools established by law for the professional training of teachers for the public schools of the State, except by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each House.

Appropriations—How Limited.

Section 18. No appropriations, except for pensions or gratuities for military services, shall be made for charitable, educational or benevolent purposes, to any person or community, nor to any denominational or sectarian institution, corporation or association.

Appropriations to Institutions for Soldiers' Widows and Orphans.

Section 19. The General Assembly may make appropriations of money to institutions wherein the widows of soldiers are supported or assisted, or the orphans of soldiers are maintained and educated; but such appropriations shall be applied exclusively to the support of such widows and orphans.

Municipal Powers not to be Delegated to Special Commissions, &c.

Section 20. The General Assembly shall not delegate to any special commission, private corporation or association, any power to make, supervise or interfere with any municipal improvement, money, property or effects, whether held in trust or otherwise, or to levy taxes or perform any municipal function whatever.

General Assembly May Enact Laws Requiring Employers to Provide Compensation for Injuries, Occupational Diseases or Death of their Employees—Suits for Damages in Case of Injuries Resulting in Death, or for Injuries to Persons or Property—How not to be Limited.

*Section 21. The General Assembly may enact laws requiring the payment by employers, or employers and employees jointly, of reasonable compensation for injuries to employees arising in the course of their employment, and for occupational diseases of employees, whether or not such injuries or diseases result in death, and regardless of fault of employer or employee, and fixing the basis of ascertainment of such compensation and the maximum and minimum limits thereof, and providing special or general remedies for the collection thereof; but in no other cases shall the General Assembly limit the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death, or for injuries to persons or property, and in case of death from such injuries, the right of action shall survive, and the General Assembly shall prescribe for whose benefit such actions shall be prosecuted. No act shall prescribe any limitations of time within which suits may be brought against corporations for injuries to persons or property, or for other causes, different from those fixed by general laws regulating actions against natural persons, and such acts now existing are avoided.

Investment of Trust Funds by Executors, &c.

Section 22. No act of the General Assembly shall authorize the investment of trust funds by executors, administrators, guardians or other trustees, in the bonds or stock of any private corporation, and such acts now existing are avoided saving investments heretofore made.

Change of Venue.

Section 23. The power to change the venue in civil and criminal cases shall be vested in the courts, to be exercised in such manner as shall be provided by law.

*Section 21 of Article 3, as given above, is amendment No. 3, as adopted by a vote of the people, November 2, 1915. The section previously read as follows:

Section 21. No act of the General Assembly shall limit the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death, or for injuries to persons or property, and, in case of death from such injuries, the right of action shall survive, and the General Assembly shall prescribe for whose benefit such actions shall be prosecuted. No act shall prescribe any limitations of time within which suits may be brought against corporations for injuries to persons or property, or for other causes different from those fixed by general laws regulating actions against natural persons, and such acts now existing are avoided.

Corporate Obligations Owned by the Commonwealth.

Section 24. No obligation or liability of any railroad or other corporation, held or owned by the Commonwealth, shall ever be exchanged, transferred, remitted, postponed or in any way diminished by the General Assembly, nor shall such liability or obligation be released, except by payment thereof into the State treasury.

Legislation at Special Sessions.

Section 25. When the General Assembly shall be convened in special session, there shall be no legislation upon subjects other than those designated in the proclamation of the Governor calling such session.

Action on Concurrent Resolutions, &c.

Section 26. Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of both Houses may be necessary, except on the question of adjournment, shall be presented to the Governor and before it shall take effect be approved by him, or being disapproved, shall be re-passed by two-thirds of both Houses according to the rules and limitations prescribed in case of a bill.

Inspectors of Merchandise.

Section 27. No State office shall be continued or created for the inspection or measuring of any merchandise, manufacture or commodity, but any county or municipality may appoint such officers when authorized by law.

Changing Location of State Capital.

Section 28. No law changing the location of the Capital of the State shall be valid until the same shall have been submitted to the qualified electors of the Commonwealth at a general election and ratified and approved by them.

Members of the General Assembly—When Guilty of Bribery—Punishment.

Section 29. A member of the General Assembly who shall solicit, demand or receive, or consent to receive, directly or indirectly, for himself or for another, from any company, corporation or person, any money, office, appointment, employment, testimonial, reward, thing of value or enjoyment, or of personal advantage, or promise thereof, for his vote or official influence, or for withholding the same, or with an understanding, expressed or implied, that his vote or official action shall be in any way influenced thereby, or who shall solicit or demand any such money or other advantage, matter or thing aforesaid for another, as the consideration of his vote or official influence, or for withholding the same or shall give or withhold his vote or influence in consideration of the payment or promise of such money, advantage, matter or thing to another, shall be held guilty of bribery within the meaning of this Constitution, and shall incur the disabilities provided thereby for said offence, and such additional punishment as is or shall be provided by law.

Bribery of State Officers Defined.

Section 30. Any person who shall, directly or indirectly, offer, give or promise, any money, or thing of value, testimonial, privilege or personal advantage, to any executive or judicial officer, or member of the General Assembly, to influence him in the performance of any of his public or official duties, shall be guilty of bribery and be punished in such manner as shall be provided by law.

Corrupt Solicitation of Officials to be Defined by Law—Punishment.

Section 31. The offence of corrupt solicitation of members of the General Assembly or of public officers of the State or of any municipal division thereof, and any occupation or practice of solicitation of such members or officers to influence their official action, shall be defined by law and shall be punished by fine and imprisonment.

Bribery or Corrupt Solicitation—Testimony Against Persons Accused of—Disqualification on Conviction.

Section 32. Any person may be compelled to testify in any lawful investigation or judicial proceeding against any person who may be charged with having committed the offence of bribery or corrupt solicitation, or practices of solicitation, and shall not be permitted to withhold his testimony upon the ground that it may

criminate himself or subject him to public infamy; but such testimony shall not afterwards be used against him in any judicial proceeding, except for perjury in giving such testimony, and any person convicted of either of the offences aforesaid shall, as part of the punishment therefor, be disqualified from holding any office or position of honor, trust or profit in this Commonwealth.

Members Interested Not to Vote.

Section 33. A member who has a personal or private interest in any measure or bill proposed or pending before the General Assembly shall disclose the fact to the House of which he is a member, and shall not vote thereon.

ARTICLE IV.

THE EXECUTIVE.

Executive Department—Of What Consisting.

Section 1. The executive department of this Commonwealth shall consist of a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney General, Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs and a Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Governor—Election—Returns—~~The~~ Vote—Contested Elections.

Section 2. The supreme executive power shall be vested in the Governor, who shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed; he shall be chosen on the day of the general election, by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth, at the places where they shall vote for Representatives. The returns of every election for Governor shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of government, directed to the President of the Senate, who shall open and publish them in the presence of the members of both Houses of the General Assembly. The person having the highest number of votes shall be Governor, but if two or more be equal and highest in votes, one of them shall be chosen Governor by the joint vote of the members of both Houses. Contested elections shall be determined by a committee, to be selected from both Houses of the General Assembly, and formed and regulated in such manner as shall be directed by law.

Term of Office.

Section 3. The Governor shall hold his office during four years from the third Tuesday of January next ensuing his election, and shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term.

Lieutenant-Governor—To be President of the Senate.

Section 4. A Lieutenant Governor shall be chosen at the same time, in the same manner, for the same term, and subject to the same provisions as the Governor; he shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

Qualifications of Governor and Lieutenant-Governor.

Section 5. No person shall be eligible to the office of Governor or Lieutenant Governor except a citizen of the United States, who shall have attained the age of thirty years, and have been seven years next preceding his election an inhabitant of the State, unless he shall have been absent on the public business of the United States or of this State.

Disqualifications for Offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor.

Section 6. No member of Congress or person holding any office under the United States or this State shall exercise the office of Governor or Lieutenant Governor.

Military Power.

Section 7. The Governor shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the Commonwealth, and of the militia, except when they shall be called into the actual service of the United States.

Appointing Power—Filling Vacancies—Confirmations.

*†Section 8. He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office on the next election day appropriate to such office according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays and shall be entered on the journal.

Pardoning Power—Board of Pardons.

Section 9. He shall have power to remit fines and forfeitures, to grant reprieves, commutations of sentence and pardons, except in cases of impeachment; but no pardon shall be granted, nor sentence commuted, except upon the recommendation in writing of the Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney General and Secretary of Internal Affairs, or any three of them, after full hearing, upon due public notice and in open session, and such recommendation, with the reasons therefor at length, shall be recorded and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Information from Officers.

Section 10. He may require information in writing from the officers of the executive department, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices.

Information to the Legislature.

Section 11. He shall, from time to time, give to the General Assembly information of the state of the Commonwealth, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he may judge expedient.

May Convene, and in Certain Cases, Adjourn the Legislature.

Section 12. He may, on extraordinary occasions, convene the General Assembly, and in case of disagreement between the two Houses, with respect to the time of adjournment, adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper, not exceeding four months. He shall have power to convene the Senate in extraordinary session by proclamation for the transaction of executive business.

When Lieutenant-Governor to Act as Governor.

Section 13. In case of the death, conviction on impeachment, failure to qualify, resignation, or other disability of the Governor, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office, for the remainder of the term, or until the disability be removed, shall devolve upon the Lieutenant Governor.

*Section 8 of Article 4, as given above, is Amendment No. 1, as adopted by a vote of the people November 2, 1909. The section previously read as follows:

Section 8. He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney-General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office at the next general election, unless the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately preceding such election, in which case the election for said office shall be held at the second succeeding general election. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the journal.

†There is a conflict between this section and Section 25 of Article 5, as to filling vacancies in courts of record.

President pro tempore of Senate May Become Lieutenant-Governor and Governor.

Section 14. In case of a vacancy in the office of Lieutenant Governor, or when the Lieutenant Governor shall be impeached by the House of Representatives, or shall be unable to exercise the duties of his office, the powers, duties and emoluments thereof for the remainder of the term, or until the disability be removed, shall devolve upon the President pro tempore of the Senate; and the President pro tempore of the Senate shall in like manner become Governor if a vacancy or disability shall occur in the office of Governor; his seat as Senator shall become vacant whenever he shall become Governor, and shall be filled by election as any other vacancy in the Senate.

Bills—Approval of—How Vetoed—Passing Over Veto—Not Signed or Vetoed Become Laws.

Section 15. Every bill which shall have passed both Houses shall be presented to the Governor; if he approve he shall sign it, but if he shall not approve he shall return it with his objections to the House in which it shall have originated, which House shall enter the objections at large upon their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of all the members elected to that House shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent with the objections to the other House by which likewise it shall be re-considered, and if approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to that House it shall be a law; but in such cases the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journals of each House, respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within ten days after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the General Assembly, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall be a law, unless he shall file the same, with his objections, in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and give notice thereof by public proclamation within thirty days after such adjournment.

Partial Disapproval of Appropriation Bills.

Section 16. The Governor shall have power to disapprove of any item or items of any bill, making appropriations of money, embracing distinct items, and the part or parts of the bill approved shall be the law, and the item or items of appropriation disapproved shall be void, unless re-passed according to the rules and limitations prescribed for the passage of other bills over the executive veto.

Governor and Lieutenant-Governor—Trial of Contested Elections of—Hold Office Until Successors are Qualified.

Section 17. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall preside upon the trial of any contested election of Governor or Lieutenant Governor and shall decide questions regarding the admissibility of evidence, and shall, upon request of the committee, pronounce his opinion upon other questions of law involved in the trial. The Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall exercise the duties of their respective offices until their successors shall be duly qualified.

Secretary of the Commonwealth—Duties of.

Section 18. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall keep a record of all official acts and proceedings of the Governor, and when required lay the same with all papers, minutes and vouchers relating thereto, before either branch of the General Assembly, and perform such other duties as may be enjoined upon him by law.

Secretary of Internal Affairs—Duties of.

Section 19. The Secretary of Internal Affairs shall exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of the Surveyor General, subject to such changes as shall be made by law. His department shall embrace a bureau of industrial statistics, and he shall discharge such duties relating to corporations, to the charitable institutions, the agricultural, manufacturing, mining, mineral, timber and other material or business interests of the State as may be prescribed by law. He shall annually, and at such other times as may be required by law, make report to the General Assembly.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Duties of.

Section 20. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of the Superintendent of Common Schools, subject to such changes as shall be made by law.

Term of Office of Secretary of Internal Affairs, Auditor-General, and State Treasurer.

*Section 21. The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall each be four years; and they shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successor shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

State Seal—Commissions.

Section 22. The present Great Seal of Pennsylvania shall be the seal of the State. All commissions shall be in the name and by authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and be sealed with the State seal and signed by the Governor.

ARTICLE V.

THE JUDICIARY.

Judiciary Power—How Vested.

Section 1. The judicial power of this Commonwealth shall be vested in a Supreme Court, in courts of Common Pleas, courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, courts of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Courts, Magistrates' Courts, and in such other courts as the General Assembly may from time to time establish.

Supreme Court—Terms of Judges—Chief Justice.

Section 2. The Supreme Court shall consist of seven judges, who shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State at large. They shall hold their offices for the term of twenty-one years, if they so long behave themselves well, but shall not be again eligible. The judge whose commission shall first expire shall be chief justice, and thereafter each judge whose commission shall first expire shall in turn be chief justice.

Supreme Court—Jurisdiction and Powers of.

Section 3. The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court shall extend over the State, and the judges thereof shall, by virtue of their offices, be justices of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery in the several counties; they shall have original jurisdiction in cases of injunction where a corporation is a party defendant, of habeas corpus, of mandamus to courts of inferior jurisdiction, and of quo warranto as to all officers of the Commonwealth whose jurisdiction extends over the State, but shall not exercise any other original jurisdiction; they shall have appellate jurisdiction by appeal, certiorari or writ of error in all cases, as is now or may hereafter be provided by law.

Common Pleas Courts.

Section 4. Until otherwise directed by law, the courts of Common Pleas shall continue as at present established, except as herein changed; not more than four counties shall, at any time, be included in one judicial district organized for said courts.

Judicial Districts—Associate Judges.

Section 5. Whenever a county shall contain forty thousand inhabitants it shall constitute a separate judicial district, and shall elect one judge learned in the law; and the General Assembly shall provide for additional judges, as the business of the said districts may require. Counties containing a population less than is sufficient to constitute separate districts shall be formed into convenient single districts, or, if necessary, may be attached to contiguous districts as the General Assembly may provide. The office of associate judge, not learned in the law, is abolished in counties forming separate districts; but the several associate judges in office when this Constitution shall be adopted shall serve for their unexpired terms.

*Section 21 of Article 4, as given above, is Amendment No. 2, as adopted by a vote of the people November 2, 1909. The section previously read as follows:

Section 21. The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

Common Pleas Courts of Philadelphia and Allegheny Counties—Number of Judges in any County May be Increased.

*Section 6. In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of common pleas, subject to such changes as may be made by this Constitution or by law, shall be in Philadelphia vested in five distinct and separate courts of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges each. The said courts in Philadelphia shall be designated respectively as the court of common pleas number one, number two, number three, number four, and number five, but the number of said courts may be by law increased, from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers. The number of judges in any of said courts, or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized by law, may be increased, from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose a distinct and separate court as aforesaid, which shall be numbered as aforesaid. In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of the said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court, to which any suit shall be thus assigned, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law.

In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

Prothonotary of Philadelphia—Term—Assistants—Salaries—Fees—Court Dockets.

Section 7. For Philadelphia there shall be one prothonotary's office, and one prothonotary for all said courts to be appointed by the judges of said courts, and to hold office for three years, subject to removal by a majority of the said judges; the said prothonotary shall appoint such assistants as may be necessary and authorized by said courts; and he and his assistants shall receive fixed salaries, to be determined by law and paid by said county; all fees collected in said office, except such as may be by law due to the Commonwealth, shall be paid by the prothonotary into the county treasury. Each court shall have its separate dockets, except the judgment docket which shall contain the judgments and liens of all the said courts, as is or may be directed by law.

Criminal Courts in Philadelphia and Allegheny Counties—Assignment of Judges To.

Section 8. The said courts in the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny, respectively, shall, from time to time, in turn detail one or more of their judges to hold the courts of Oyer and Terminer and the Courts of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of said counties, in such manner as may be directed by law.

Duties of Common Pleas Judges.

Section 9. Judges of the courts of Common Pleas learned in the law shall be judges of the courts of Oyer and Terminer, Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and of the Orphans' Court, and within their respective districts shall be Justices of the Peace as to criminal matters.

*Section 6 of Article 5, as given above, is Amendment No. 2, as adopted by a vote of the people November 7, 1911. The section previously read as follows:

Section 6. In the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of Common Pleas, subject to such changes as may be made by this Constitution or by law, shall be in Philadelphia vested in four, and in Allegheny in two distinct and separate courts of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges each; the said courts in Philadelphia shall be designated respectively as the court of Common Pleas number one, number two, number three and number four, and in Allegheny as the court of Common Pleas number one and number two, but the number of said courts may be by law increased, from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers; the number of judges in any of said courts, or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized by law, may be increased from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose a distinct and separate court as aforesaid, which shall be numbered as aforesaid. In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of Common Pleas without designating the number of said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court, to which any suit shall be thus assigned, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law. In Allegheny each court shall have exclusive jurisdiction of all proceedings at law and in equity, commenced therein, subject to change of venue as may be provided by law.

Judges of Common Pleas Courts May Issue Writs of Certiorari.

Section 10. The judges of the courts of Common Pleas, within their respective counties, shall have power to issue writs of certiorari to justices of the peace and other inferior courts not of record, and to cause their proceedings to be brought before them, and right and justice to be done.

Justices of the Peace and Aldermen—Election, Term, Number and Qualification.

*Section 11. Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs or townships, by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough, no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district.

Magistrates' Courts in Philadelphia—Election—Term—Salaries—Jurisdiction.

†Section 12. In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished.

Fees, Fines and Penalties.

Section 13. All fees, fines and penalties in said courts shall be paid into the county treasury.

Right of Appeal from Decisions of Courts Not of Record.

Section 14. In all cases of summary conviction in this Commonwealth, or of judgment in suit for a penalty before a magistrate, or court not of record, either party may appeal to such court of record as may be prescribed by law, upon allowance of the appellate court or judge thereof upon cause shown.

Election of Judges—Term of Office—Removal for Cause.

Section 15. All judges required to be learned in the law, except the judges of the Supreme Court, shall be elected by the qualified electors of the respective districts over which they are to preside, and shall hold their offices for the period of ten years, if they shall so long behave themselves well; but for any reasonable cause, which shall not be sufficient ground for impeachment, the Governor may remove any of them on the address of two-thirds of each House of the General Assembly.

*Section 11 of Article 5, as given above, is Amendment No. 3, as adopted by a vote of the people November 2, 1909. The section previously read as follows:

Section 11. Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and townships at the time of the election of constables, by the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district.

†Section 12 of Article 5, as given above, is Amendment No. 4, as adopted by a vote of the people November 2, 1909. The section previously read as follows:

Section 12. In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be five years, and they shall be elected on general ticket by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished.

Voting for Judges of Supreme Court.

Section 16. Whenever two judges of the Supreme Court are to be chosen for the same term of service each voter shall vote for one only, and when three are to be chosen he shall vote for no more than two; candidates highest in vote shall be declared elected.

Priority of Judges' Commissions.

Section 17. Should any two or more judges of the Supreme Court, or any two or more judges of the court of Common Pleas for the same district, be elected at the same time, they shall, as soon after the election as convenient, cast lots for priority of commission, and certify the result to the Governor, who shall issue their commissions in accordance therewith.

Compensation of Judges.

Section 18. The judges of the Supreme Court and the judges of the several courts of Common Pleas, and all other judges required to be learned in the law, shall at stated times receive for their services an adequate compensation, which shall be fixed by law, and paid by the State. They shall receive no other compensation, fees or perquisites of office for their services from any source, nor hold any other office of profit under the United States, this State or any other State.

Residences of Judges.

Section 19. The judges of the Supreme Court, during their continuance in office, shall reside within this Commonwealth; and the other judges, during their continuance in office, shall reside within the districts for which they shall be respectively elected.

Common Pleas Courts—Chancery Powers of.

Section 20. The several courts of Common Pleas, besides the powers herein conferred, shall have and exercise within their respective districts, subject to such changes as may be made by law, such chancery powers as are now vested by law in the several courts of Common Pleas of this Commonwealth, or as may hereafter be conferred upon them by law.

Supreme Court—Limitations to Duties and Powers of—Court of Nisi Prius Abolished.

Section 21. No duties shall be imposed by law upon the Supreme Court or any of the judges thereof except such as are judicial, nor shall any of the judges thereof exercise any power of appointment except as herein provided. The court of Nisi Prius is hereby abolished, and no court of original jurisdiction to be presided over by any one or more of the judges of the Supreme Court shall be established.

Orphans' Courts—Auditing of Accounts—Registers' Courts Abolished.

Section 22. In every county wherein the population shall exceed one hundred and fifty thousand the General Assembly shall and, in any other county may, establish a separate Orphans' Court to consist of one or more judges who shall be learned in the law, which court shall exercise all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in or which may hereafter be conferred upon the Orphans' courts and thereupon the jurisdiction of the judges of the court of Common Pleas within such county, in Orphans' Court proceedings, shall cease and determine. In any county in which a separate Orphans' Court shall be established, the register of wills shall be clerk of such court and subject to its directions in all matters pertaining to his office; he may appoint assistant clerks, but only with the consent and approval of said court. All accounts filed with him as register or as clerk of the said separate Orphans' Court shall be audited by the court without expense to parties, except where all parties in interest in a pending proceeding shall nominate an auditor whom the court may, in its discretion, appoint. In every county Orphans' courts shall possess all the powers and jurisdiction of a Registers' court, and separate Registers' courts are hereby abolished.

Style of Criminal Process—Prosecutions.

Section 23. The style of all process shall be "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania." All prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and conclude "against the peace and dignity of the same."

Right of Appeal in Criminal Cases.

Section 24. In all cases of felonious homicide, and in such other criminal cases as may be provided for by law, the accused after conviction and sentence may remove the indictment, record and all proceedings to the Supreme Court for review.

Vacancies in Courts of Record—How Filled.

*Section 25. Any vacancy happening by death, resignation or otherwise, in any court of record, shall be filled by appointment by the Governor, to continue till the first Monday of January next succeeding the first general election which shall occur three or more months after the happening of such vacancy.

Laws Relating to Courts to be Uniform—Certain Courts not to be Created.

Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; and the General Assembly is hereby prohibited from creating other courts to exercise the powers vested by this Constitution in the judges of the courts of Common Pleas and Orphans' courts.

Jury Trials May be Dispensed With in Civil Cases.

Section 27. The parties, by agreement filed, may in any civil case dispense with trial by jury, and submit the decision of such case to the court having jurisdiction thereof, and such court shall hear and determine the same; and the judgment thereon shall be subject to writ of error as in other cases.

ARTICLE VI.

IMPEACHMENT AND REMOVAL FROM OFFICE.

Power of Impeachment.

Section 1. The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment.

Trials of Impeachment.

Section 2. All impeachments shall be tried by the Senate; when sitting for that purpose the Senators shall be upon oath or affirmation; no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Who May be Impeached—Judgment—Civil Trial.

Section 3. The Governor and all other civil officers shall be liable to impeachment for any misdemeanor in office, but judgment in such cases shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of trust or profit under this Commonwealth; the person accused, whether convicted or acquitted, shall nevertheless be liable to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

Public Officers May be Removed for Cause—How Removed.

Section 4. All officers shall hold their offices on the condition that they behave themselves well while in office, and shall be removed on conviction of misbehaviour in office or of any infamous crime. Appointed officers, other than judges of the courts of record and the Superintendent of Public Instruction, may be removed at the pleasure of the power by which they shall have been appointed. All officers elected by the people, except Governor, Lieutenant Governor, members of the General Assembly and judges of the courts of record learned in the law, shall be removed by the Governor for reasonable cause, after due notice and full hearing, on the address of two-thirds of the Senate.

ARTICLE VII.

OATH OF OFFICE.

Official Oaths—How Administered.

Section 1. Senators and Representatives and all judicial, state and county officers shall, before entering on the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support, obey and defend the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of this Commonwealth, and that I will discharge the duties of my office with fidelity: that I have not paid or contributed, or promised to pay or contribute, either directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing, to procure my nomination or election, (or appointment,) except for necessary and proper expenses expressly authorized by law; that I have not knowingly violated any election law of this Commonwealth, or procured it to be done by others in my behalf; that I will not knowingly receive, directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing for the performance or non-performance of any act or duty pertaining to my office, other than the compensation allowed by law."

*There is a conflict between this section and Section 8, Article 4, as to filling vacancies.

The foregoing oath shall be administered by some person authorized to administer oaths, and in the case of State officers and judges of the Supreme Court, shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in the case of other judicial and county officers, in the office of the prothonotary of the county in which the same is taken; any person refusing to take said oath or affirmation shall forfeit his office; and any person who shall be convicted of having sworn or affirmed falsely, or of having violated said oath or affirmation, shall be guilty of perjury, and be forever disqualified from holding any office of trust or profit within this Commonwealth. The oath to the members of the Senate and House of Representatives shall be administered by one of the judges of the Supreme Court or of a court of Common Pleas learned in the law, in the hall of the House to which the members shall be elected.

ARTICLE VIII.

SUFFRAGE AND ELECTIONS.

Qualifications of Electors.

*Section 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months), immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

General Election Day—Date of.

†Section 2. The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an even-numbered year.

Municipal Election Day—Date of—What Offices to be Filled.

‡Section 3. All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such elections shall be held in an odd-numbered year: Provided further, That all judges for the courts of the several judicial districts holding office at the present time, whose terms of office may end in an odd-numbered year, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January in the next succeeding even-numbered year.

*Section 1 of Article 8, as given above, is Amendment No. 1, as adopted by a vote of the people November 5, 1901. The section previously read as follows:

Section 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the State one year, (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months), immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

†Section 2 of Article 8, as given above, is Amendment No. 5, as adopted by a vote of the people November 2, 1909. The section previously read as follows:

Section 2. The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto.

‡Section 3 of Article 8, as given above, is Amendment No. 3, as adopted by a vote of the people November 4, 1913. The section in the original Constitution read as follows:

Section 3. All elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of February: and as amended by Amendment No. 6, adopted by a vote of the people November 2, 1909, as follows:

Section 3. All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered year.

Elections to be by Ballot or Other Method—Secrecy in Voting to be Preserved.

*Section 4. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot or by such other method as may be prescribed by law: Provided, That secrecy in voting be preserved.

Electors Privileged from Arrest.

Section 5. Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach or surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance on elections and in going to and returning therefrom.

Privileges of Electors in Actual Military Service.

Section 6. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual places of election.

Election and Registration Laws to be Uniform—Registration Laws for Cities may be Enacted.

†Section 7. All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the State, but laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only: Provided, That such laws be uniform for cities of the same class.

Bribery of Electors—Penalty.

Section 8. Any person who shall give, or promise or offer to give, to an elector, any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his vote at an election, or for withholding the same, or who shall give or promise to give such consideration to any other person or party for such elector's vote or for the withholding thereof, and any elector who shall receive or agree to receive, for himself or for another, any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his vote at an election, or for withholding the same shall thereby forfeit the right to vote at such election, and any elector whose right to vote shall be challenged for such cause before the election officers shall be required to swear or affirm that the matter of the challenge is untrue before his vote shall be received.

Violation of Election Laws—By Candidates and Others—Penalties.

Section 9. Any person who shall, while a candidate for office, be guilty of bribery, fraud, or wilful violation of any election law, shall be forever disqualified from holding an office of trust or profit in this Commonwealth; and any person convicted of wilful violation of the election laws shall, in addition to any penalties provided by law, be deprived of the right of suffrage absolutely for a term of four years.

Contested Elections—Witnesses Compelled to Testify.

Section 10. In trials of contested elections and in proceedings for the investigation of elections, no person shall be permitted to withhold his testimony upon the ground that it may criminate himself or subject him to public infamy; but such testimony shall not afterwards be used against him in any judicial proceeding except for perjury in giving such testimony.

Election Districts—Formation of—How Divided.

Section 11. Townships, and wards of cities or boroughs, shall form or be divided into election districts of compact and contiguous territory, in such manner as the court of Quarter Sessions of the city or county in which the same are

*Section 4 of Article 8, as given above, is Amendment No. 3, as adopted by a vote of the people November 5, 1901. The section previously read as follows:

Section 4. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot. Every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the election officers on the list of voters, opposite the name of the elector who presents the ballot. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket or cause the same to be written hereon and attested by a citizen of the district. The election officers shall be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding.

†Section 7 of Article 8, as given above, is Amendment No. 2, as adopted by a vote of the people November 5, 1901. The section previously read as follows:

Section 7. All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the State, but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege of voting by reason of his name not being registered.

located may direct; but districts in cities of over one hundred thousand inhabitants shall be divided by the courts of Quarter Sessions, having jurisdiction therein, whenever at the next preceding election more than two hundred and fifty votes shall have been polled therein; and other election districts whenever the court of the proper county shall be of opinion that the convenience of the electors and the public interests will be promoted thereby.

Viva Voce Elections—When Used.

Section 12. All elections by persons in a representative capacity shall be *viva voce*.

Residence and Right to Vote of Government Officials and Certain Other Electors.

Section 13. For the purpose of voting no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence by reason of his presence, or lost it by reason of his absence, while employed in the service, either civil or military, of this State or of the United States, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or of the United States, or on the high seas, nor while a student of any institution of learning, nor while kept in any poor house or other asylum at public expense, nor while confined in public prison.

District Election Boards—Of What Consisting—Privileges.

Section 14. District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service.

Election Officers—Qualifications of—Eligibility to Civil Office.

Section 15. No person shall be qualified to serve as an election officer who shall hold, or shall within two months have held any office, appointment or employment in or under the government of the United States or of this State, or of any city, or county, or of any municipal board, commission or trust in any city, save only justices of the peace and aldermen, notaries public and persons in the militia service of the State; nor shall any election officer be eligible to any civil office to be filled at an election at which he shall serve, save only to such subordinate municipal or local offices, below the grade of city or county offices, as shall be designated by general law.

Overseers of Election—How Appointed—Number of—Qualifications—Powers of.

Section 16. The courts of Common Pleas of the several counties of the Commonwealth shall have power, within their respective jurisdictions, to appoint overseers of election to supervise the proceedings of election officers and to make report to the court as may be required; such appointments to be made for any district in a city or county upon petition of five citizens, lawful voters of such election district, setting forth that such apportionment is a reasonable precaution to secure the purity and fairness of elections; overseers shall be two in number for an election district, shall be residents therein, and shall be persons qualified to serve upon election boards, and in each case members of different political parties; whenever the members of an election board shall differ in opinion the overseers, if they shall be agreed thereon, shall decide the question of difference; in appointing overseers of election all the law judges of the proper court, able to act at the time, shall concur in the appointments made.

Trial of Contested Elections—To be by Courts of Law—Legislature to Pass Laws Regulating.

Section 17. The trial and determination of contested elections of electors of President and Vice-President, members of the General Assembly, and of all public officers, whether State, judicial, municipal or local, shall be by the courts of law, or by one or more of the law judges thereof; the General Assembly shall, by general law, designate the courts and judges by whom the several classes of election contests shall be tried, and regulate the manner of trial and all matters incident thereto; but no such law assigning jurisdiction, or regulating its exercise, shall apply to any contest arising out of an election held before its passage.

ARTICLE IX.

TAXATION AND FINANCE.

Uniformity of Taxation—Exemption Under General Laws.

Section 1. All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity.

Exemption from Taxation Restricted.

Section 2. All laws exempting property from taxation, other than the property above enumerated, shall be void.

Taxation of Corporations.

Section 3. The power to tax corporations and corporate property shall not be surrendered or suspended by any contract or grant to which the State shall be a party.

State Debts—Creation of, Restricted.

*Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, one million dollars: Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth.

Laws Authorizing State Indebtedness Shall Specify the Purpose.

Section 5. All laws, authorizing the borrowing of money by and on behalf of the State, shall specify the purpose for which the money is to be used, and the money so borrowed shall be used for the purpose specified and no other.

Pledging of State Credit—Holding of Certain Securities Prohibited.

Section 6. The credit of the Commonwealth shall not be pledged or loaned to any individual, company, corporation or association, nor shall the Commonwealth become a joint owner or stockholder in any company, association or corporation.

Municipalities Not to Become Stockholders in Corporations, Et Cetera.

Section 7. The General Assembly shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township or incorporated district to become a stockholder in any company, association or corporation, or to obtain or appropriate money for, or to loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution or individual.

*Section 4 of Article 9, as given above, is Amendment No. 1, as adopted by a vote of the people November 5, 1918. The section in the original Constitution read as follows:

Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars.

Municipal Debt, Amount of, Limited.

*†Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as provided herein, and in section fifteen of this article, shall never exceed seven (7) per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, but the debt of the city of Philadelphia may be increased in such amount that the total city debt of said city shall not exceed ten per centum (10) upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two (2) per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the consent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law. In ascertaining the borrowing capacity of the said city of Philadelphia, at any time, there shall be excluded from the calculation and deducted from such debt so much of the debt of said city as shall have been incurred, and the proceeds thereof invested, in any public improvements of any character which shall be yielding to the said city an annual current net revenue. The amount of such deduction shall be ascertained by capitalizing the

*Section 8 of Article 9, as given above, is Amendment No. 2, as adopted by a vote of the people November 5, 1918. The section in the original Constitution read as follows:

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate at any one time upon such valuation; and as amended by Amendment No. 1, adopted by a vote of the people November 7, 1911, as follows:

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts, and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That a sinking fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained and as further amended by Amendment No. 2, adopted by a vote of the people, November 2, 1915, as follows:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the consent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, exceeded seven per centum of such assessed valuation, and has not since been reduced to less than such per centum, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation. The city of Philadelphia, upon the conditions hereinafter set forth, may increase its indebtedness to the extent of three per centum in excess of seven per centum upon such assessed valuation for the specific purpose of providing for all or any of the following purposes,—to wit: For the construction and improvement of subways, tunnels, railways, elevated railways, and other transit facilities; for the construction and improvement of wharves and docks and for the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of wharves and docks, owned or to be owned by said city. Such increase, however, shall only be made with the assent of the electors thereof at a public election, to be held in such manner as shall be provided by law. In ascertaining the borrowing capacity of said city of Philadelphia, at any time, there shall be excluded from the calculation a credit, where the work resulting from any previous expenditure, for any one or more of the specific purposes hereinabove enumerated shall be yielding to said city an annual current net revenue; the amount of which credit shall be ascertained by capitalizing the annual net revenue during the year immediately preceding the time of such ascertainment. Such capitalization shall be accomplished by ascertaining the principal amount which would yield such annual, current net revenue, at the average rate of interest, and sinking-fund charges payable upon the indebtedness incurred by said city for such purposes, up to the time of such ascertainment. The method of determining such amount, so to be excluded or allowed as a credit, may be prescribed by the General Assembly.

In incurring indebtedness for any one or more of said purposes of construction, improvement, or reclamation, the city of Philadelphia may issue its obligations maturing not later than fifty years from the date thereof, with provision for a sinking-fund sufficient to retire said obligation at maturity, the payments to such sinking-fund to be in equal or graded annual installments. Such obligations may be in an amount sufficient to provide for and may include the amount of the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing and which may accrue thereon throughout the period of construction and until the expiration of one year after the completion of the work for which said indebtedness shall have been incurred; and said city shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges, as required by section ten of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, until the expiration of said period of one year after the completion of such work.

†See also Section 15, Article 9.

annual net revenue from such improvement during the year immediately preceding the time of such ascertainment; and such capitalization shall be estimated by ascertaining the principal amount which would yield such annual, current net revenue, at the average rate of interest, and sinking-fund charges payable upon the indebtedness incurred by said city for such purposes, up to the time of such ascertainment. The method of determining such amount, so to be deducted, may be prescribed by the General Assembly. In incurring indebtedness for any purpose the city of Philadelphia may issue its obligations maturing not later than fifty (50) years from the date thereof, with provision for a sinking-fund sufficient to retire said obligations at maturity, the payment to such sinking-fund to be in equal or graded annual or other periodical instalments. Where any indebtedness shall be or shall have been incurred by said city of Philadelphia for the purpose of the construction or improvement of public works of any character, from which income or revenue is to be derived by said city, or for the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of wharves or docks owned or to be owned by said city, such obligations may be in an amount sufficient to provide for, and may include the amount of, the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing and which may accrue thereon throughout the period of construction, and until the expiration of one year after the completion of the work for which said indebtedness shall have been incurred; and said city shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges as required by section ten, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, until the expiration of said period of one year after the completion of said work.

State Not to Assume Municipal Debts—Exceptions.

Section 9. The Commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any city, county, borough or township, unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the State to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the State in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

Municipalities Incurring Indebtedness Must Provide for Payment by Annual Tax.

Section 10. Any county, township, school district or other municipality incurring any indebtedness shall, at or before the time of so doing, provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest and also the principal thereof within thirty years.

State Sinking Fund—Of what Consisting—To be Increased—How Expended.

Section 11. To provide for the payment of the present State debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the General Assembly shall continue and maintain the sinking fund, sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; the said sinking fund shall consist of the proceeds of the sales of the public works or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of the sale of any stocks owned by the Commonwealth, together with other funds and resources that may be designated by law, and shall be increased from time to time by assigning to it any part of the taxes or other revenues of the State not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government; and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in the extinguishment of the public debt.

Surplus Funds Applied to State Indebtedness—Sinking Fund Investments.

Section 12. The moneys of the State, over and above the necessary reserve, shall be used in the payment of the debt of the State, either directly or through the sinking fund, and the moneys of the sinking fund shall never be invested in or loaned upon the security of anything, except the bonds of the United States or of this State.

Reserve Funds Limited—Monthly Statements to be Published.

Section 13. The moneys held as necessary reserve shall be limited by law to the amount required for current expenses, and shall be secured and kept as may be provided by law. Monthly statements shall be published showing the amount of such moneys, where the same are deposited, and how secured.

Misuse of Public Moneys—Penalty for.

Section 14. The making of profit out of the public moneys or using the same for any purpose not authorized by law by any officer of the State, or member or officer of the General Assembly, shall be a misdemeanor and shall be punished as may be provided by law, but part of such punishment shall be disqualification to hold office for a period of not less than five years.

Certain Municipal Obligations not to be Considered as a Debt—Increase of Municipal Debt.

*Section 15. No obligations which have been heretofore issued, or which may hereafter be issued, by any county or municipality, other than Philadelphia, to provide for the construction or acquisition of waterworks, subways, underground railways or street railways, or the appurtenances thereof, shall be considered as a debt of a municipality, within the meaning of section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania or of this amendment, if the net revenue derived from said property for a period of five years, either before or after the acquisition thereof, or, where the same is constructed by the county or municipality, after the completion thereof, shall have been sufficient to pay interest and sinking fund charges during said period upon said obligations, or if the said obligations shall be secured by liens upon the respective properties, and shall impose no municipal liability. Where municipalities or counties shall issue obligations to provide for the construction of property, as herein provided, said municipalities or counties may also issue obligations to provide for the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing thereon until said properties shall have been completed and in operation for a period of one year; and said municipalities and counties shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges, as required by section ten of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, until after said properties shall have been operated by said counties or municipalities during said period of one year. Any of the said municipalities or counties may incur indebtedness in excess of seven per centum, and not exceeding ten per centum, of the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein, if said increase of indebtedness shall have been assented to by three-fifths of the electors voting at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by law.

ARTICLE X.

EDUCATION.

Public Schools Provided for.

Section 1. The General Assembly shall provide for the maintenance and support of a thorough and efficient system of public schools, wherein all the children of this Commonwealth above the age of six years may be educated, and shall appropriate at least one million dollars each year for that purpose.

Sectarian Schools not to Receive Public School Money.

Section 2. No money raised for the support of the public schools of the Commonwealth shall be appropriated to or used for the support of any sectarian school,

Females Eligible as School Officers.

Section 3. Women twenty-one years of age and upwards, shall be eligible to any office of control or management under the school laws of this State.

ARTICLE XI.

MILITIA.

Militia to be Organized—Maintenance—Exemption from Military Service.

Section 1. The freemen of this Commonwealth shall be armed, organized and disciplined for its defence when and in such manner as may be directed by law. The General Assembly shall provide for maintaining the militia by appropriations from the treasury of the Commonwealth, and may exempt from military service persons having conscientious scruples against bearing arms.

ARTICLE XII.

PUBLIC OFFICERS.

Selection of Officers not Otherwise Provided for in Constitution.

†Section 1. All officers whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law: Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, except when, in either case, special elections may be required to fill unexpired terms.

*Section 15 of Article 9, as given above, is Amendment No. 5, as adopted by a vote of the people November 4, 1913.

†Section 1 of Article 12, as given above, is Amendment No. 8, as adopted by a vote of the people November 2, 1909. The section previously read as follows:

Section 1. All officers whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law.

United States Officers Cannot Hold Remunerative State Offices—Incompatible Offices.

Section 2. No member of Congress from this State, nor any person holding or exercising any office or appointment of trust or profit under the United States, shall at the same time hold or exercise any office in this State to which a salary, fees or perquisites shall be attached. The General Assembly may by law declare what offices are incompatible.

Dueling Disqualifies from Holding Office—Further Punishment.

Section 3. Any person who shall fight a duel or send a challenge for that purpose, or be aider or abettor in fighting a duel, shall be deprived of the right of holding any office of honor or profit in this State, and may be otherwise punished as shall be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE XIII.

NEW COUNTIES.

New Counties—Restrictions in Forming.

Section 1. No new county shall be established which shall reduce any county to less than four hundred square miles, or to less than twenty thousand inhabitants; nor shall any county be formed of less area, or containing a less population; nor shall any line thereof pass within ten miles of the county seat of any county proposed to be divided.

ARTICLE XIV.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

County Officers Enumerated—Sheriff and Treasurer Ineligible to Succeed Themselves.

Section 1. County officers shall consist of sheriffs, coroners, prothonotaries, registers of wills, recorders of deeds, commissioners, treasurers, surveyors, auditors or controllers, clerks of the courts, district attorneys and such others as may from time to time be established by law; and no sheriff or treasurer shall be eligible for the term next succeeding the one for which he may be elected.

Election of County Officers—Terms—Vacancies.

*Section 2. County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

One Year's Residence Necessary to Qualify for Appointment to a County Office.

Section 3. No person shall be appointed to any office within any county who shall not have been a citizen and an inhabitant therein one year next before his appointment, if the county shall have been so long erected, but if it shall not have been so long erected, then within the limits of the county or counties out of which it shall have been taken.

County Seat—Certain Offices to be Located at.

Section 4. Prothonotaries, clerks of the courts, recorders of deeds, registers of wills, county surveyors and sheriffs, shall keep their offices in the county town of the county in which they respectively shall be officers.

Compensation of County Officers—Those Salaried not to Retain Fees.

Section 5. The compensation of county officers shall be regulated by law, and all county officers who are or may be salaried shall pay all fees which they may be authorized to receive, into the treasury of the county or State, as may be directed by law. In counties containing over one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants all county officers shall be paid by salary, and the salary of any such officer and his Clerks, heretofore paid by fees, shall not exceed the aggregate amount of fees earned during his term and collected by or for him.

*Section 2 of Article 14 as given above, is Amendment No. 9, as adopted by the vote of the people November 2, 1909. The section previously read as follows:

Section 2. County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Accountability of County, Township and Borough Officers for Public Moneys.

Section 6. The General Assembly shall provide by law for the strict accountability of all county, township and borough officers, as well for the fees which may be collected by them, as for all public or municipal moneys which may be paid to them.

Election of County Commissioners and Auditors—Vacancies—How Filled.

*Section 7. Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven and every fourth year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled.

ARTICLE XV.

CITIES AND CITY CHARTERS.

When Cities May be Chartered.

Section 1. Cities may be chartered whenever a majority of the electors of any town or borough having a population of at least ten thousand shall vote at any general election in favor of the same.

Municipal Commissions—Contracting of Debts by.

Section 2. No debt shall be contracted or liability incurred by any municipal commission, except in pursuance of an appropriation previously made therefor by the municipal government.

City Sinking Funds.

Section 3. Every city shall create a sinking fund, which shall be inviolably pledged for the payment of its funded debt.

ARTICLE XVI.

PRIVATE CORPORATIONS.

Certain Charters to be Void.

Section 1. All existing charters, or grants of special or exclusive privileges, under which a *bona fide* organization shall not have taken place and business been commenced in good faith, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall thereafter have no validity.

Corporate Privileges not to be Increased—Exceptions.

Section 2. The General Assembly shall not remit the forfeiture of the charter of any corporation now existing, or alter or amend the same, or pass any other general or special law for the benefit of such corporation, except upon the condition that such corporation shall thereafter hold its charter subject to the provisions of this Constitution.

State's Right of Eminent Domain and Police Power to be Supreme.

Section 3. The exercise of the right of eminent domain shall never be abridged or so construed as to prevent the General Assembly from taking the property and franchises of incorporated companies, and subjecting them to public use, the same as the property of individuals; and the exercise of the police power of the State shall never be abridged or so construed as to permit corporations to conduct their business in such manner as to infringe the equal rights of individuals or the general well-being of the State.

*Section 7 of Article 14, as given above, is Amendment No. 10, as adopted by a vote of the people November 2, 1900. The section previously read as follows:

Section 7. Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five and every third year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled.

Cumulative Voting Permitted in Corporation Elections.

Section 4. In all elections for directors or managers of a corporation each member or shareholder may cast the whole number of his votes for one candidate, or distribute them upon two or more candidates, as he may prefer.

Foreign Corporations—Regulations Concerning.

Section 5. No foreign corporation shall do any business in this State without having one or more known places of business and an authorized agent or agents in the same upon whom process may be served.

Corporations—Scope of Business Limited—Holding of Real Estate.

Section 6. No corporation shall engage in any business other than that expressly authorized in its charter, nor shall it take or hold any real estate except such as may be necessary and proper for its legitimate business.

Corporate Stocks and Bonds—Increase of Stock and Indebtedness—Regulated.

Section 7. No corporation shall issue stocks or bonds except for money, labor done, or money or property actually received; and all fictitious increase of stock or indebtedness shall be void. The stock and indebtedness of corporations shall not be increased except in pursuance of general law, nor without the consent of the persons holding the larger amount in value of the stock, first obtained at a meeting to be held after sixty days notice given in pursuance of law.

Compensation for Property Taken or Affected Under Right of Eminent Domain—Appeals.

Section 8. Municipal and other corporations and individuals invested with the privilege of taking private property for public use shall make just compensation for property taken, injured or destroyed by the construction or enlargement of their works, highways or improvements, which compensation shall be paid or secured before such taking, injury or destruction. The General Assembly is hereby prohibited from depriving any person of an appeal from any preliminary assessment of damages against any such corporations or individuals made by viewers or otherwise; and the amount of such damages in all cases of appeal shall on the demand of either party be determined by jury according to the course of the common law.

State Banking Laws—Requirements.

Section 9. Every banking law shall provide for the registry and countersigning, by an officer of the State, of all notes or bills designed for circulation, and that amplexsecurity to the full amount thereof shall be deposited with the Auditor General for the redemption of such notes or bills.

Alterations and Revocations of Charters—No Law Shall Create, Renew or Extend More Than One Charter.

Section 10. The General Assembly shall have the power to alter, revoke or annul any charter of incorporation now existing and revocable at the adoption of this Constitution, or any that may hereafter be created, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of this Commonwealth, in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators. No law hereafter enacted shall create, renew or extend the charter of more than one corporation.

Public Notice Required of Application for Banking Powers—Duration of Charter.

Section 11. No corporate body to possess banking and discounting privileges shall be created or organized in pursuance of any law without three months' previous public notice, at the place of the intended location, of the intention to apply for such privileges, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law, nor shall a charter for such privilege be granted for a longer period than twenty years.

Right to Construct Telegraph Lines—Consolidation of Competing Lines Prohibited.

Section 12. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose, or any individual, shall have the right to construct and maintain lines of telegraph within this State, and to connect the same with other lines, and the General Assembly shall, by general law of uniform operation, provide reasonable regulations to give full effect to this section. No telegraph company shall consolidate with, or hold a controlling interest in the stock or bonds of, any other telegraph company owning a competing line, or acquire, by purchase or otherwise, any other competing line of telegraph.

Joint-Stock Companies or Associations Treated as Corporations.

Section 13. The term "corporation," as used in this article, shall be construed to include all joint stock companies or associations having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships.

ARTICLE XVII.

RAILROADS AND CANALS.

To be Public Highways and Common Carriers—Rights and Duties of Railroad Companies.

Section 1. All railroads and canals shall be public highways, and all railroad and canal companies shall be common carriers. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose shall have the right to construct and operate a railroad between any points within this State, and to connect at the State line with railroads of other States. Every railroad company shall have the right with its road to intersect, connect with or cross any other railroad; and shall receive and transport each the other's passengers, tonnage, and cars loaded or empty, without delay or discrimination.

Companies Organized in this State to Maintain Offices and Stock Books Therein.

Section 2. Every railroad and canal corporation organized in this State shall maintain an office therein where transfers of its stock shall be made, and where its books shall be kept for inspection by any stockholder or creditor of such corporation, in which shall be recorded the amount of capital stock subscribed or paid in, and by whom, the names of the owners of its stock and the amounts owned by them, respectively, the transfer of said stock, and the names and places of residence of its officers.

Transportation of Persons and Property—Undue Discrimination Prohibited—Special Rate Tickets.

Section 3. All individuals, associations and corporations shall have equal right to have persons and property transported over railroads and canals, and no undue or unreasonable discrimination shall be made in charges for, or in facilities for, transportation of freight or passengers within the State or coming from or going to any other State. Persons and property transported over any railroad shall be delivered at any station at charges not exceeding the charges for transportation of persons and property of the same class in the same direction to any more distant station; but excursion and commutation tickets may be issued at special rates.

Parallel or Competing Lines not to be Consolidated—Officers of, Restricted—Juries to Decide Whether Companies Are.

Section 4. No railroad, canal or other corporation, or the lessees, purchasers or managers of any railroad or canal corporation, shall consolidate the stock, property or franchises of such corporation with, or lease, or purchase the works or franchises of, or in any way control any other railroad or canal corporation owning or having under its control a parallel or competing line; nor shall any officer of such railroad or canal corporation act as an officer of any railroad or canal corporation owning or having the control of a parallel or competing line; and the question whether railroads or canals are parallel or competing lines shall, when demanded by the party complainant, be decided by a jury as in other civil issues.

Powers of Incorporated Common Carriers Limited—Privileges of Mining and Manufacturing Companies.

Section 5. No incorporated company doing the business of a common carrier shall, directly or indirectly, prosecute or engage in mining or manufacturing articles for transportation over its works; nor shall such company, directly or indirectly, engage in any other business than that of common carriers, or hold or acquire lands, freehold or leasehold, directly or indirectly, except such as shall be necessary for carrying on its business; but any mining or manufacturing company may carry the products of its mines and manufactories on its railroad or canal not exceeding fifty miles in length.

Officers and Employes not to be Interested in Company's Contracts or Transportation Business.

Section 6. No president, director, officer, agent or employee of any railroad or canal company shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in the furnishing of material or supplies to such company, or in the business of transportation as a common carrier of freight or passengers over the works owned, leased, controlled or worked by such company.

Discriminations and Preferences in Charges and Facilities Forbidden.

Section 7. No discrimination in charges or facilities for transportation shall be made between transportation companies and individuals, or in favor of either, by abatement, drawback or otherwise, and no railroad or canal company, or any lessee, manager or employee thereof, shall make any preferences in furnishing cars or motive power.

Granting of Passes Limited.

Section 8. No railroad, railway or other transportation company shall grant free passes, or passes at a discount, to any person except officers or employees of the company.

Consent of Local Authorities Necessary for Construction of Street Railways.

Section 9. No street passenger railway shall be constructed within the limits of any city, borough or township, without the consent of its local authorities.

Acceptance of this Article Necessary for Future Legislation.

Section 10. No railroad, canal or other transportation company, in existence at the time of the adoption of this article, shall have the benefit of any future legislation by general or special laws, except on condition of complete acceptance of all the provisions of this article.

Powers and Duties of Secretary of Internal Affairs in Regard to Transportation Companies.

Section 11. The existing powers and duties of the Auditor General in regard to railroads, canals and other transportation companies, except as to their accounts, are hereby transferred to the Secretary of Internal Affairs, who shall have a general supervision over them, subject to such regulations and alterations as shall be provided by law; and, in addition to the annual reports now required to be made, said Secretary may require special reports at any time upon any subject relating to the business of said companies from any officer or officers thereof.

General Assembly to Enforce Provisions of this Article.

Section 12. The General Assembly shall enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XVIII.

FUTURE AMENDMENTS.

Amendments to Constitution—How Made.

Section 1. Any amendment or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in the Senate or House of Representatives, and, if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each House, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause the same to be published three months before the next general election, in at least two newspapers in every county in which such newspapers shall be published; and if, in the General Assembly next afterwards chosen, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each House, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause the same again to be published in the manner aforesaid; and such proposed amendment or amendments shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State in such manner, and at such time, at least three months after being so agreed to by the two Houses, as the General Assembly shall prescribe; and, if such amendment or amendments shall be approved by a majority of those voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become a part of the Constitution; but no amendment or amendments shall be submitted oftener than once in five years. When two or more amendments shall be submitted they shall be voted upon separately.

SCHEDULE.

When Constitution Shall Take Effect.

That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared, that:

Section 1. This Constitution shall take effect on the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, for all purposes not otherwise provided for therein.

What Laws, Rights, Et Cetera, to Remain in Force.

Section 2. All laws in force in this Commonwealth at the time of the adoption of this Constitution not inconsistent therewith, and all rights, actions, prosecutions and contracts shall continue as if this Constitution had not been adopted.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Election of Senators in 1874 and 1875.

Section 3. At the general election in the years one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five Senators shall be elected in all districts where there shall be vacancies. Those elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four shall serve for two years, and those elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five shall serve for one year. Senators now elected and those whose terms are unexpired shall represent the districts in which they reside until the end of the terms for which they were elected.

Election of Senators in 1876.

Section 4. At the general election in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six Senators shall be elected from even numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for four years.

Election of Governor in 1875 and 1878.

Section 5. The first election of Governor under this Constitution shall be at the general election in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, when a Governor shall be elected for three years, and the term of the Governor elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight and of those thereafter elected shall be for four years, according to the provisions of this Constitution.

Election of Lieutenant-Governor in 1874.

Section 6. At the general election in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four a Lieutenant Governor shall be elected according to the provisions of this Constitution.

Election of Secretary of Internal Affairs—Office of Surveyor-General Abolished.

Section 7. The Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be elected at the first general election after the adoption of this Constitution, and, when the said officer shall be duly elected and qualified, the office of Surveyor General shall be abolished. The Surveyor General in office at the time of the adoption of this Constitution shall continue in office until the expiration of the term for which he was elected.

Office of Superintendent of Common Schools Abolished.

Section 8. When the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be duly qualified the office of Superintendent of Common Schools shall cease.

Eligibility to Re-election of Present State Officers.

Section 9. Nothing contained in this Constitution shall be construed to render any person now holding any State office for a first official term ineligible for re-election at the end of such term.

Judges of Supreme Court—Expiration of Terms—Additional Judges to be Elected.

Section 10. The judges of the Supreme Court in office when this Constitution shall take effect shall continue until their commissions severally expire. Two judges in addition to the number now composing the said court shall be elected at the first general election after the adoption of this Constitution.

Certain Courts Abolished on December 1, 1875—Court of First Criminal Jurisdiction for Counties of Schuylkill, Lebanon and Dauphin Abolished.

Section 11. All courts of record and all existing courts which are not specified in this Constitution shall continue in existence until the first day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, without abridgment of their present jurisdiction, but no longer. The Court of First Criminal Jurisdiction for the counties of Schuylkill, Lebanon and Dauphin is hereby abolished, and all causes and proceedings pending therein in the county of Schuylkill shall be tried and disposed of in the courts of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace of said county.

Register's Courts Abolished.

Section 12. The Register's courts now in existence shall be abolished on the first day of January next succeeding the adoption of this Constitution.

When Judicial Districts to be Designated—Assignment of Judges to Districts.

Section 13. The General Assembly shall, at the next session after the adoption of this Constitution, designate the several judicial courts as required by this Constitution. The judges in commission when such designation shall be made shall continue during their unexpired terms judges of the new districts in which they reside; but, when there shall be two judges residing in the same district, the President Judge shall elect to which district he shall be assigned and the additional law judge shall be assigned to the other district.

How Often Judicial Districts Shall be Designated.

Section 14. The General Assembly shall, at the next succeeding session after each decennial census and not oftener, designate the several judicial districts as required by this Constitution.

Expiration of Terms of Certain Judges—Judge of Common Pleas Court of Schuylkill County.

Section 15. Judges, learned in the law, of any court of record holding commissions in force at the adoption of this Constitution shall hold their respective offices until the expiration of the terms for which they were commissioned, and until their successors shall be duly qualified. The Governor shall commission the President Judge of the Court of First Criminal Jurisdiction for the counties of Schuylkill, Lebanon and Dauphin as a judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Schuylkill county, for the unexpired term of his office.

Who Shall Become President Judges—Terms of Associate Judges.

Section 16. After the expiration of the term of any President Judge of any court of Common Pleas, in commission at the adoption of this Constitution, the judge of such court learned in the law and oldest in commission shall be the President Judge thereof, and when two or more judges are elected at the same time in any judicial district they shall decide by lot which shall be President Judge; but when the President Judge of a court shall be re-elected he shall continue to be President Judge of that court. Associate judges, not learned in the law, elected after the adoption of this Constitution, shall be commissioned to hold their offices for the term of five years from the first day of January next after their election.

Fixing Compensation of Judges.

Section 17. The General Assembly, at the first session after the adoption of this Constitution, shall fix and determine the compensation of the judges of the Supreme Court and of the judges of the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth, and the provisions of the fifteenth section of the article on Legislation shall not be deemed inconsistent herewith. Nothing contained in this Constitution shall be held to reduce the compensation now paid to any law judge of this Commonwealth now in commission.

Common Pleas Courts in Philadelphia and Allegheny Counties—Organization of, in Philadelphia.

Section 18. The courts of Common Pleas in the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny shall be composed of the present judges of the District Court and court of Common pleas of said counties until their offices shall severally end, and of such other judges as may from time to time be selected. For the purpose of first organization in Philadelphia the judges of the court number one shall be Judges Allison, Pierce and Paxson; of the court number two Judges Hare, Mitchell and one other judge to be elected; of the court number three Judges Ludlow, Finletter and Lynd; and of the court number four Judges Thayer, Briggs and one other judge to be elected. The judge first named shall be the President Judge of said courts respectively, and thereafter the President Judge shall be the judge oldest in commission; but any President Judge, re-elected in the same court or district shall continue to be President Judge thereof. The additional judges for courts numbers two and four shall be voted for and elected at the first general election after the adoption of this Constitution, in the same manner as the two additional judges of the Supreme Court, and they shall decide by lot to which court they shall belong. Their term of office shall commence on the first Monday of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

Organization of Common Pleas Courts in Allegheny County.

Section 19. In the county of Allegheny, for the purpose of first organization under this Constitution, the judges of the court of Common Pleas, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be the judges of the court number one, and the judges of the District Court, at the same date, shall be the judges of the Common Pleas number two. The President Judges of the Common Pleas and District Court shall be President Judge of said courts number one and two, respectively, until their offices shall end; and thereafter the judge oldest in commission shall be President Judge; but any President Judge re-elected in the same court, or district, shall continue to be President Judge thereof.

When Organization of Common Pleas Courts in Philadelphia and Allegheny Counties Shall Take Effect.

Section 20. The organization of the courts of Common Pleas under this Constitution for the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny shall take effect on the first Monday of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and existing courts in said counties shall continue with their present powers and jurisdiction until that date, but no new suits shall be instituted in the courts of *Nisi Prius* after the adoption of this Constitution.

Trial and Disposition of Causes and Transfer of Records, in Philadelphia County.

Section 21. The causes and proceedings pending in the court of *Nisi Prius*, court of Common Pleas, and District Court in Philadelphia shall be tried and disposed of in the court of Common Pleas. The records and dockets of said courts shall be transferred to the prothonotary's office of said county.

Trial and Disposition of Causes in Allegheny County.

Section 22. The causes and proceedings pending in the court of Common Pleas in the county of Allegheny shall be tried and disposed of in the court number one; and the causes and proceedings pending in the District Court shall be tried and disposed of in the court number two.

Appointment of Prothonotary in Philadelphia—Clerk of Quarter Sessions.

Section 23. The Prothonotary of the court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia shall be first appointed by the judges of said court on the first Monday of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and the present Prothonotary of the District Court in said county shall be the Prothonotary of the said court of Common Pleas until said date when his commission shall expire, and the present Clerk of the court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Philadelphia shall be the Clerk of such court until the expiration of his present commission on the first Monday of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

Aldermen in Cities, other than Philadelphia, Containing over Fifty Thousand Inhabitants.

Section 24. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, except Philadelphia, all aldermen in office at the time of the adoption of this Constitution shall continue in office until the expiration of their commissions, and at the election for city and ward officers in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five one alderman shall be elected in each ward as provided in this Constitution.

Magistrates to Succeed Aldermen in Philadelphia.

Section 25. In Philadelphia magistrates in lieu of aldermen shall be chosen as required in this Constitution, at the election in said city for city and ward officers in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five; their term of office shall commence on the first Monday of April succeeding their election. The terms of office of aldermen in said city holding or entitled to commissions at the time of the adoption of this Constitution shall not be affected thereby.

Expiration of Term of Present Officers.

Section 26. All persons in office in this Commonwealth at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, and at the first election under it, shall hold their respective offices until the term for which they have been elected or appointed shall expire, and until their successors shall be duly qualified, unless otherwise provided in this Constitution.

Administration of Oath of Office.

Section 27. The seventh article of this Constitution prescribing an oath of office shall take effect on and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

Expiration of Terms of Present County Commissioners and Auditors.

Section 28. The terms of office of County Commissioners and County Auditors, chosen prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, which shall not have expired before the first Monday of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, shall expire on that day.

Compensation of Present Officers May Include Fees.

Section 29. All state, county, city, ward, borough and township officers in office at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, whose compensation is not provided for by salaries alone, shall continue to receive the compensation allowed them by law until the expiration of their respective terms of office.

State and Judicial Officers now in Office to Take Oath to Support this Constitution.

Section 30. All state and judicial officers heretofore elected, sworn, affirmed, or in office when this Constitution shall take effect, shall severally, within one month after such adoption, take and subscribe an oath, or affirmation, to support this Constitution.

General Assembly to Pass Laws Necessary to Enforce Constitution.

Section 31. The General Assembly at its first session, or as soon as may be after the adoption of this Constitution, shall pass such laws as may be necessary to carry the same into full force and effect.

Ordinance Submitting Constitution to Vote of Electors Declared Valid.

Section 32. The ordinance passed by this Convention entitled "An Ordinance for submitting the amended Constitution of Pennsylvania to a vote of the electors thereof" shall be held to be valid for all the purposes thereof.

The Term "County Commissioners" to Include the Philadelphia Commissioners.

Section 33. The words "County Commissioners," wherever used in this Constitution and in any ordinance accompanying the same, shall be held to include the Commissioners for the city of Philadelphia.

Date of Adoption by the Constitutional Convention—Signers.

Adopted at Philadelphia, on the third day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

D. L. IMBRIE,
Ch. Clerk.

JNO. H. WALKER,
President.

GEORGE A. ACHENBACH,
JOHN E. ADDICKS,
WM. H. AINEY,
HAMILTON ALRICKS,
G. W. ANDREWS,
WM. H. ARMSTRONG,
WM. J. BAER,
JOSEPH BAILY, Perry Co.,
JNO. M. BAILEY,
WILLIAM D. BAKER,
THOS. B. BANNAN,
GEO. G. BARCLAY,
JOHN BARDSLEY,
JAMES P. BARR,
LIN. BARTHOLOMEW,
M. C. BEEBE,
WM. BIGLER,
C. A. BLACK,
CHAS. O. BOWMAN,
CHARLES BRODHEAD,
J. M. BROOMALL,
R. BROWN,
C. R. BUCKALEW,
JOHN C. BULLITT,
SAML. CALVIN,
JOHN H. CAMPBELL,
HENRY C. CARBY,
LEWIS C. CASSIDY,
PEARSON CHURCH,
SILAS M. CLARK,
THOS. E. COCHRAN,
WM. L. CORBETT,
GEORGE N. CORSON,
JNO. P. CROMMILLER,
JAMES W. CURRY,
A. G. CURTIN,
THEO. CUYLER,
GEO. M. DALLAS,
WM. DARLINGTON,
WM. DAVIS,
R. M. de FRANCE,
S. C. T. DODD,
A. B. DUNNING,
MATTHEW EDWARDS,
M. F. ELLIOTT,
JAS. ELLIS,
THOS. EWING,
A. C. FINNEY,
A. M. FULTON,
JOSIAH FUNCK,
JOHN GIBSON,
JOHN GILPIN,
HENRY GREEN,
J. B. GUTHRIE,
JNO. G. HALL,
WILLIAM B. HANNA,
EDWARD HARVEY,
MALCOLM HAY,
T. R. HAZZARD,
JOS. HEMP HILL,

JAMES H. HEVERIN,
GEO. F. HORTON,
THOS. HOWARD,
CHAS. HUNSICKER,
D. KAINE,
E. C. KNIGHT,
R. A. LAMBERTON,
AUG. S. LANDIS,
GEO. V. LAWRENCE,
WM. LILLY,
W. E. LITTLETON,
WAYNE MacVEAGH,
THOMAS MacCONNELL,
JOEL B. McCAMANT,
WM. McCLEAN,
JNO. McCULLOCH,
MORTON McMICHAEL,
JOHN McMURRAY,
FRANK MANTOR,
JNO. J. METZGER,
SAMUEL MINOR,
LEWIS Z. MITCHELL,
JAMES W. M. NEWLIN,
JEROME B. NILES,
G. W. PALMER,
HENRY W. PALMER,
HENRY C. PARSONS,
D. W. PATTERSON,
T. H. BAIRD PATTERSON,
JOSEPH G. PATTON,
DAN. S. PORTER,
LEWIS PUGHE,
ANDREW A. PURMAN,
JOHN N. PURVIANCE,
SAML. A. PURVIANCE,
JOHN R. READ,
AND. REED,
LEVI ROOKE,
GEO. ROSS,
C. M. RUNK,
SAML. L. RUSSELL,
J. McDOWELL SHARPE,
J. ALEXANDER SIMPSON,
H. G. SMITH,
HENRY W. SMITH,
WM. H. SMITH,
M. HALL STANTON,
JNO. STEWART,
THOMAS STRUTHERS,
BENJAMIN L. TEMPLE,
WM. J. TURRELL,
HENRY VAN REED,
J. M. WETHERILL,
JNO. PRICE WETHERILL,
SAML. M. WHERRY,
DAVID N. WHITE,
HARRY WHITE,
GEO. W. WOODWARD,
EDWARD R. WORRELL,
CALEB E. WRIGHT.

Filed in the Office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, November 13, 1873.

M. S. QUAY,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

***AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.**

General Assembly May Enact Laws Providing a System of Registering, Transferring, Insuring and Guaranteeing Land Titles by the State or by Counties.

Laws may be passed providing for a system of registering, transferring, insuring of and guaranteeing land titles by the State, or by the counties thereof, and for settling and determining adverse or other claims to and interest in lands the titles to which are so registered, transferred, insured, and guaranteed; and for the creation and collection of indemnity funds; and for carrying the system and powers hereby provided for into effect by such existing courts as may be designated by the Legislature, and by the establishment of such new courts as may be deemed necessary. In matters arising in and under the operation of such system; judicial powers, with right of appeal, may be conferred by the Legislature upon county recorders and upon other officers by it designated. Such laws may provide for continuing the registering, transferring, insuring, and guaranteeing, such titles after the first or original registration has been perfected by the court, and provision may be made for raising the necessary funds for expenses and salaries of officers, which shall be paid out of the treasury of the several counties.

*Adopted on November 2, 1915, by a vote of 353,686 for, and 178,567 against.

Vote on Question of Adoption of the Constitution of Pennsylvania of 1873.

(The following is a statement of the vote cast at the election held on the 16th day of December, A. D. 1873, for and against the adoption of the new Constitution proposed by the Convention authorized by an act, entitled "An act to provide for the calling of a convention to amend the Constitution," approved by the Governor April 11, A. D., 1872.)

Counties.	For.	Against.
Adams,	637	2,461
Allegheny,	18,415	1,895
Armstrong,	2,156	1,017
Beaver,	3,037	1,159
Bedford,	2,211	774
Berks,	9,114	1,866
Blair,	1,782	2,243
Bradford,	4,340	1,193
Bucks,	4,445	2,935
Butler,	3,377	496
Cambria,	1,972	1,813
Cameron,	419	50
Carbon,	1,747	699
Centre,	2,911	1,077
Chester,	5,630	797
Clarion,	2,287	945
Clearfield,	1,425	1,222
Clinton,	2,374	161
Columbia,	2,308	784
Crawford,	5,608	841
Cumberland,	3,360	1,664
Dauphin,	3,119	4,032
Delaware,	1,866	797
Elk,	592	229
Erie,	6,624	742
Fayette,	2,727	883
Forest,	339	18
Franklin,	2,904	1,275
Fulton,	893	98
Greene,	988	1,864
Huntingdon,	2,468	494
Indiana,	1,599	3,153
Jefferson,	1,396	912
Juniata,	931	639
Lancaster,	8,102	4,447
Lawrence,	2,508	223
Lebanon,	1,576	1,849
Lehigh,	3,072	1,897
Luzerne,	5,689	2,501
Lycoming,	3,814	1,747
McKean,	1,093	64
Mercer,	3,890	2,104
Mifflin,	1,599	370
Monroe,	1,640	381
Montgomery,	6,354	2,959
Montour,	1,065	154
Northampton,	3,245	2,587
Northumberland,	3,170	1,621
Perry,	1,491	1,916
Philadelphia,	59,114	24,994
Pike,	668	63
Potter,	549	617
Schuylkill,	6,156	2,020
Snyder,	408	2,236
Somerset,	892	2,972
Sullivan,	584	197
Susquehanna,	2,973	331
Tioga,	2,561	1,910
Union,	1,599	317
Venango,	4,716	189
Warren,	2,487	128
Washington,	4,626	638
Wayne,	1,560	257
Westmoreland,	4,081	2,456
Wyoming,	1,756	125
York,	4,514	3,091
Total,	253,744	108,594
Majority,	145,150	

Vote on Proposed Amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania, November 5, 1901.

(At an election held on November 5, 1901, three amendments to the Constitution were voted upon and adopted by the people. The text of the amendments will be found in the Constitution.)

Counties.	Amendment No. 1.		Amendment No. 2.		Amendment No. 3.	
	For.	Against.	For.	Against.	For.	Against.
Adams, -----	1,007	553	893	496	880	506
Allegheny, -----	19,431	2,016	17,093	1,773	13,668	4,317
Armstrong, -----	951	706	820	643	607	767
Beaver, -----	1,712	335	1,505	295	1,449	346
Bedford, -----	1,617	571	912	427	859	489
Berks, -----	2,064	443	2,698	367	2,665	381
Blair, -----	2,067	405	1,891	389	1,893	387
Bradford, -----	1,791	281	1,452	338	1,453	322
Bucks, -----	2,682	550	2,461	506	2,418	495
Butler, -----	1,846	455	1,646	411	1,592	606
Cambria, -----	2,179	351	1,969	300	1,908	287
Cameron, -----	200	33	179	31	178	31
Carbon, -----	1,650	264	1,473	197	1,487	188
Centre, -----	2,318	399	2,058	327	2,045	337
Chester, -----	2,888	427	2,712	463	2,661	434
Clarion, -----	1,118	256	970	215	926	235
Clearfield, -----	2,521	335	2,170	259	2,076	264
Clinton, -----	1,161	378	1,106	364	1,073	413
Columbia, -----	1,664	264	1,566	230	1,512	222
Crawford, -----	2,916	381	2,511	314	2,499	354
Cumberland, -----	1,569	696	1,370	577	1,355	601
Dauphin, -----	3,233	1,605	2,982	1,489	2,972	1,534
Delaware, -----	2,647	1,273	2,472	1,205	2,466	1,165
Elk, -----	678	47	607	31	619	21
Erie, -----	2,659	356	2,423	307	2,499	324
Fayette, -----	1,983	638	1,760	601	1,454	715
Forest, -----	391	185	238	166	215	164
Franklin, -----	1,490	846	1,387	770	1,314	876
Fulton, -----	155	150	130	119	135	120
Greene, -----	797	149	676	111	652	111
Huntingdon, -----	1,265	442	1,109	387	1,058	471
Indiana, -----	1,101	647	945	562	890	618
Jefferson, -----	1,225	332	1,033	332	1,062	371
Juniata, -----	483	520	416	482	374	526
Lackawanna, -----	4,357	481	4,047	466	4,107	381
Lancaster, -----	5,265	4,488	4,865	4,290	3,439	7,031
Lawrence, -----	1,510	273	1,314	217	1,292	264
Lebanon, -----	870	267	827	239	812	255
Lehigh, -----	2,607	658	2,415	603	2,420	611
Luzerne, -----	6,730	493	5,852	341	5,685	339
Lycoming, -----	3,401	413	3,139	364	3,154	351
McKean, -----	1,147	276	1,083	243	1,121	237
Mercer, -----	1,746	714	1,589	741	1,476	773
Mifflin, -----	628	83	569	73	569	72
Monroe, -----	388	131	240	112	341	111
Montgomery, -----	4,964	1,246	4,693	1,067	4,326	1,321
Montour, -----	623	77	561	58	566	51
Northampton, -----	2,617	335	2,304	293	2,281	265
Northumberland, -----	2,383	619	2,175	505	2,122	523
Perry, -----	874	437	773	379	743	391
Philadelphia, -----	75,529	9,967	69,218	9,326	64,350	9,573
Pike, -----	244	75	234	63	75	214
Porter, -----	596	147	551	119	550	121
Schuylkill, -----	6,093	710	5,653	621	5,553	651
Snyder, -----	371	357	368	334	280	356
Somerset, -----	966	723	880	674	830	755
Sullivan, -----	494	145	331	130	330	137
Susquehanna, -----	957	839	863	311	869	317
Tioga, -----	1,076	211	967	195	949	196
Union, -----	454	123	406	111	387	121
Venango, -----	1,545	381	1,380	344	1,360	336
Warren, -----	964	268	877	251	897	265
Washington, -----	2,643	418	2,249	354	2,195	396
Wayne, -----	729	200	623	159	564	176
Westmoreland, -----	4,598	1,033	4,082	921	3,854	950
Wyoming, -----	626	90	568	81	571	111
York, -----	3,194	2,079	2,877	1,863	1,778	1,938
Total, -----	214,798	45,601	194,053	41,203	180,521	48,634
	45,601		41,203		48,634	
Majority, -----	169,197		152,850		131,887	

Vote on Proposed Amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania and Schedule to Carry Same into Operation, November 2, 1909.

(The following is the statement of the vote cast at the election held November 2, 1909, for and against ten proposed amendments to the Constitution of Pennsylvania and a schedule to carry same into operation. The text of the amendments and schedule, excepting the seventh amendment, which was not adopted, will be found in the Constitution.)

Counties.	Amendment No. 1.		Amendment No. 2.		Amendment No. 3.		Amendment No. 4.	
	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
Adams,	584	821	553	765	569	756	535	773
Allegheny,	25,322	12,984	25,217	11,658	24,873	11,654	24,288	11,643
Armstrong,	697	1,988	673	1,864	650	1,836	618	1,804
Beaver,	1,230	1,165	1,220	1,051	1,221	1,039	1,128	1,058
Bedford,	731	1,345	674	1,258	681	1,240	629	1,252
Berks,	4,784	4,147	4,690	3,904	4,653	3,892	4,486	3,898
Blair,	2,208	2,896	2,208	2,748	2,182	2,700	2,061	2,770
Bradford,	816	1,258	875	1,151	832	1,157	754	1,176
Bucks,	1,798	2,009	1,776	1,898	1,762	1,881	1,675	1,927
Butler,	709	1,906	731	1,833	715	1,824	655	1,843
Cambria,	2,168	3,071	1,791	3,421	2,087	2,854	1,996	2,828
Cameron,	110	168	111	161	108	161	108	157
Carbon,	934	1,215	911	1,106	901	1,096	865	1,102
Centre,	928	1,808	941	1,721	921	1,718	889	1,725
Chester,	2,244	1,851	2,194	1,797	2,166	1,783	2,084	1,805
Clarion,	409	1,657	404	1,627	404	1,606	384	1,604
Clearfield,	1,497	2,799	1,529	2,657	1,506	2,625	1,416	2,651
Clinton,	668	968	703	902	684	898	629	907
Columbia,	843	1,260	833	1,168	810	1,149	772	1,164
Crawford,	1,079	1,557	1,075	1,455	1,050	1,451	1,006	1,432
Cumberland,	1,260	3,126	1,231	2,969	1,225	2,954	1,131	3,009
Dauphin,	3,727	3,277	3,729	3,047	3,683	3,016	3,548	3,089
Delaware,	3,750	1,635	3,728	1,598	3,679	1,562	3,566	1,560
Elk,	428	349	433	285	424	288	389	313
Erie,	1,143	1,445	1,192	1,274	1,146	1,285	1,063	1,278
Fayette,	2,127	1,738	2,065	1,632	2,030	1,641	2,014	1,653
Forest,	144	314	143	309	142	298	134	308
Franklin,	953	3,006	970	2,915	950	2,917	883	2,926
Fulton,	194	324	192	326	192	315	179	328
Greene,	444	1,635	439	1,550	431	1,534	417	1,539
Huntingdon,	540	1,064	526	1,004	518	991	480	999
Indiana,	880	1,676	871	1,593	854	1,559	811	1,600
Jefferson,	612	1,803	648	1,669	603	1,664	569	1,686
Juniata,	290	964	296	938	297	934	279	938
Lackawanna,	2,042	4,124	2,426	4,234	2,288	4,263	2,189	4,150
Lancaster,	7,455	3,706	7,363	3,500	7,840	3,518	7,282	3,528
Lawrence,	481	2,226	568	2,508	507	2,417	465	2,402
Lebanon,	1,523	1,304	1,498	1,254	1,482	1,251	1,448	1,263
Lehigh,	2,739	3,640	2,695	3,425	2,671	3,399	2,640	3,427
Luzerne,	4,003	5,588	3,999	5,141	3,825	5,139	3,606	5,122
Lycoming,	1,597	2,579	1,655	2,440	1,605	2,430	1,472	2,430
McKean,	634	696	662	645	638	631	577	630
Mercer,	837	2,442	873	2,371	866	2,364	778	2,373
Mifflin,	279	745	282	709	276	708	257	714
Monroe,	188	840	199	798	189	795	165	800
Montgomery,	5,947	3,128	5,885	2,964	5,822	2,957	5,700	2,987
Montour,	258	309	256	353	253	351	236	357
Northampton,	2,832	2,433	2,773	2,218	2,754	2,209	2,597	2,230
Northumberland,	1,807	3,293	1,796	3,068	1,772	3,042	1,638	3,075
Perry,	597	996	592	922	588	918	578	917
Philadelphia,	51,259	17,233	50,593	16,367	50,138	16,459	50,055	16,656
Pike,	114	114	113	103	114	103	107	103
Potter,	270	733	274	670	277	652	243	673
Schuylkill,	2,625	3,849	2,507	3,557	2,537	3,538	2,401	3,575
Snyder,	344	771	329	747	337	743	315	743
Somerset,	487	1,303	477	1,274	482	1,247	451	1,243
Sullivan,	229	402	223	375	213	379	220	404
Susquehanna,	560	1,250	557	1,166	558	1,164	527	1,182
Tioga,	866	1,002	800	924	882	905	814	914
Union,	309	800	302	771	299	765	271	766
Venango,	659	1,441	693	1,324	685	1,317	641	1,326
Warren,	671	674	700	622	688	637	635	673
Washington,	1,741	1,744	1,740	1,567	1,716	1,555	1,621	1,572
Wayne,	408	630	408	582	412	569	384	577
Westmoreland,	3,196	4,808	3,087	4,542	3,026	4,515	2,953	4,521
Wyoming,	257	557	264	533	255	528	222	534
York,	2,301	5,536	2,241	5,447	2,240	5,425	2,129	5,481
Total,	165,741	150,281	164,352	142,385	162,689	141,203	157,958	142,335
Majority,	15,460	-----	21,967	-----	21,486	-----	15,623	-----

VOTE ON PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION, 1909—Continued.

Counties.	Amendment No. 5.		Amendment No. 6.		Amendment No. 7.		Amendment No. 8.	
	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
Adams, -----	616	728	571	754	360	1,083	562	742
Allegheny, -----	25,791	11,635	24,518	11,542	18,687	20,433	24,419	11,468
Armstrong, -----	643	1,853	627	1,876	500	2,058	619	1,857
Beaver, -----	1,221	1,621	1,195	1,028	817	1,498	1,194	1,014
Bedford, -----	716	1,247	663	1,241	508	1,576	635	1,272
Berks, -----	4,721	3,834	4,587	3,872	2,833	6,148	4,542	3,800
Blair, -----	2,205	2,704	2,156	2,720	1,231	3,781	2,107	2,703
Bradford, -----	877	1,150	848	1,143	511	1,638	808	1,137
Bucks, -----	1,785	1,906	1,737	1,896	1,490	2,220	1,734	1,899
Butler, -----	726	1,811	689	1,825	420	2,141	677	1,831
Cambria, -----	2,107	2,895	2,039	2,922	1,353	3,963	1,936	2,968
Cameron, -----	115	155	113	164	77	207	112	159
Carbon, -----	914	1,095	881	1,101	622	1,615	886	1,096
Centre, -----	952	1,692	925	1,715	461	2,352	908	1,699
Chester, -----	2,227	1,772	2,159	1,787	1,727	2,424	2,129	1,773
Clarion, -----	408	1,559	399	1,598	249	1,792	386	1,604
Clearfield, -----	1,507	2,597	1,475	2,618	878	3,424	1,478	2,586
Clinton, -----	690	900	677	971	421	1,246	659	882
Columbia, -----	812	1,172	794	1,158	514	1,587	786	1,171
Crawford, -----	1,090	1,423	1,049	1,438	829	1,741	1,046	1,425
Cumberland, -----	1,226	2,953	1,212	2,957	1,033	3,173	1,178	2,951
Dauphin, -----	3,747	3,007	3,646	3,020	2,965	3,882	3,662	3,011
Delaware, -----	3,735	1,552	3,707	1,546	3,130	2,273	3,651	1,533
Elk, -----	427	285	412	288	249	633	406	285
Erie, -----	1,170	1,328	1,133	1,254	746	2,001	1,097	1,259
Fayette, -----	2,025	1,650	1,983	1,682	1,282	2,726	1,944	1,661
Forest, -----	141	299	137	304	96	356	133	304
Franklin, -----	1,001	2,889	973	2,895	710	2,164	941	2,919
Fulton, -----	205	311	190	327	117	402	189	313
Greene, -----	453	1,528	430	1,524	243	1,816	404	1,539
Huntingdon, -----	529	982	513	986	406	1,177	511	990
Indiana, -----	892	1,555	867	1,569	492	2,016	836	1,567
Jefferson, -----	619	1,663	603	1,677	360	1,992	587	1,672
Juniata, -----	297	931	290	930	200	1,026	292	920
Lackawanna, -----	2,615	4,133	2,429	4,077	1,731	7,169	2,226	4,138
Lancaster, -----	7,214	3,493	7,364	3,484	6,635	4,348	7,301	3,473
Lawrence, -----	523	2,466	502	2,476	241	2,915	472	2,484
Lebanon, -----	1,507	1,243	1,490	1,249	1,339	1,447	1,470	1,248
Lehigh, -----	2,825	3,391	2,678	3,406	2,184	4,084	2,678	3,373
Luzerne, -----	3,837	5,096	3,736	5,098	2,708	6,857	3,628	5,020
Lycoming, -----	1,614	2,409	1,582	2,454	1,016	3,227	1,565	2,380
McKean, -----	658	616	655	614	308	959	634	631
Mercer, -----	880	2,342	852	2,361	483	2,891	831	2,237
Mifflin, -----	280	698	272	715	203	810	279	704
Monroe, -----	203	799	188	797	144	844	175	799
Montgomery, -----	5,937	2,953	5,829	2,938	4,815	4,199	5,787	2,938
Moutour, -----	257	355	251	354	193	432	248	341
Northampton, -----	2,869	2,173	2,758	2,192	1,989	3,169	2,713	2,196
Northumberland, -----	1,834	3,002	1,742	3,002	1,237	3,836	2,191	2,945
Perry, -----	658	886	613	896	359	1,249	587	901
Philadelphia, -----	53,342	16,738	50,415	16,410	45,969	26,570	50,015	16,458
Pike, -----	116	101	109	104	77	146	109	103
Potter, -----	278	661	298	672	159	902	264	659
Schuylkill, -----	2,498	3,589	2,463	3,576	2,121	4,021	2,450	3,527
Snyder, -----	339	738	327	742	281	813	324	741
Somerset, -----	495	1,237	481	1,237	270	1,532	457	1,259
Sullivan, -----	239	386	224	384	138	500	220	385
Susquehanna, -----	610	1,157	565	1,166	366	1,478	533	1,169
Tioga, -----	894	902	852	896	434	1,589	811	906
Union, -----	301	757	296	767	175	970	298	766
Venango, -----	696	1,313	674	1,325	431	1,606	663	1,314
Warren, -----	713	621	684	615	531	840	672	610
Washington, -----	1,733	1,547	1,673	1,552	838	2,614	1,617	1,549
Wayne, -----	431	574	411	572	298	733	392	570
Westmoreland, -----	3,161	4,460	3,010	4,501	2,350	5,495	2,993	4,479
Wyoming, -----	275	513	253	524	160	605	239	526
York, -----	2,272	5,406	2,243	5,429	1,507	6,336	2,193	5,434
Total, -----	168,874	140,837	162,117	140,841	128,287	194,810	160,499	140,803
	140,837		140,841		128,287		140,803	
Majority, -----	28,037		21,276			66,523	20,196	

VOTE ON PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION, 1909—Concluded.

Counties.	Amendment No. 9.		Amendment No. 10.		Schedule.	
	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
Adams,	554	754	563	755	458	993
Allegheny,	24,531	11,427	24,283	11,473	22,329	11,232
Armstrong,	640	1,857	622	1,850	618	2,330
Beaver,	1,182	1,038	1,168	1,043	1,082	1,024
Bedford,	684	1,245	568	1,248	611	1,268
Berks,	4,664	3,834	4,586	3,891	4,051	5,169
Blair,	2,140	2,723	2,092	2,739	1,734	2,625
Bradford,	812	1,157	804	1,147	716	1,116
Bucks,	1,756	1,883	1,723	1,913	1,637	1,968
Butler,	689	1,823	685	1,816	568	1,702
Cambria,	2,009	2,880	2,019	2,872	1,570	2,630
Cameron,	112	157	108	157	88	129
Carbon,	882	2,352	868	1,100	1,056	1,264
Centre,	919	1,704	916	1,696	624	1,679
Chester,	2,136	1,837	2,110	1,747	1,974	1,877
Clarion,	394	1,000	394	1,508	352	1,565
Clearfield,	1,460	2,020	1,458	2,641	1,064	2,113
Clinton,	667	890	667	877	547	727
Columbia,	813	1,156	821	1,158	657	1,246
Crawford,	1,068	1,434	1,049	1,422	948	1,375
Cumberland,	1,138	2,944	1,192	2,951	1,072	2,765
Dauphin,	3,650	3,011	3,604	3,018	3,051	2,855
Delaware,	3,665	1,541	3,624	1,538	3,319	1,427
Elk,	445	282	298	295	320	315
Erie,	1,154	1,277	1,102	1,251	870	1,010
Fayette,	1,961	1,661	1,975	1,639	1,714	1,893
Forest,	136	299	134	306	117	256
Franklin,	946	2,907	927	2,898	799	2,677
Fulton,	197	313	187	319	173	331
Greene,	423	1,528	413	1,533	354	1,384
Huntingdon,	511	962	504	986	420	878
Indiana,	854	1,546	836	1,583	750	1,354
Jefferson,	598	1,687	604	1,660	489	1,546
Juniata,	289	924	280	931	242	891
Lackawanna,	2,230	4,063	2,319	4,098	2,570	6,893
Lancaster,	7,355	3,487	7,302	3,482	6,382	2,984
Lawrence,	485	2,485	478	2,490	349	2,065
Lebanon,	1,465	1,286	1,470	1,262	1,276	1,124
Lehigh,	2,652	3,382	2,628	3,411	2,742	3,859
Luzerne,	3,677	5,071	3,612	5,118	3,103	5,144
Lycoming,	1,629	2,372	1,590	2,399	1,287	2,413
McKean,	623	637	609	620	512	617
Meigs,	894	2,354	875	2,344	615	2,000
Mifflin,	246	701	256	697	248	657
Monroe,	176	896	174	895	156	668
Montgomery,	5,798	2,944	5,787	2,941	4,924	2,737
Montour,	253	844	244	851	230	372
Northampton,	2,726	2,199	2,704	2,201	2,437	2,849
Northumberland,	1,732	2,984	1,715	2,995	1,496	3,105
Perry,	584	910	582	905	473	862
Philadelphia,	50,036	16,305	50,141	16,417	49,536	16,708
Pike,	113	99	105	106	107	158
Potter,	268	658	268	659	285	701
Schuylkill,	2,438	3,552	2,412	3,560	2,295	3,501
Snyder,	333	742	324	748	265	609
Somerset,	469	1,251	474	1,244	363	1,051
Sullivan,	226	385	222	390	167	351
Susquehanna,	555	1,168	548	1,162	500	1,125
Tioga,	849	910	827	910	657	817
Union,	292	760	287	763	251	788
Venango,	679	1,318	667	1,310	512	1,262
Warren,	679	626	674	623	579	532
Washington,	1,644	1,556	1,594	1,538	1,194	1,533
Wayne,	477	565	417	562	421	504
Westmoreland,	3,050	4,468	2,969	4,459	2,712	4,428
Wyoming,	251	527	245	520	190	496
York,	2,201	5,420	2,155	5,440	1,964	5,208
Total,	161,184	141,547	159,953	140,476	147,162	141,551
	141,547		140,476		141,551	
Majority,	19,637		19,477		5,611	

Vote on Proposed Amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania, November 7, 1911.

(At the election held on November 7, 1911, two amendments to the Constitution were voted upon and adopted by the people. The text of the two amendments will be found in the Constitution.)

Counties.	Amendment No. 1.		Amendment No. 2.	
	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
Adams, -----	244	382	185	360
Allegheny, -----	1,246	10,470	12,041	10,820
Armstrong, -----	534	453	427	430
Beaver, -----	894	745	738	697
Bedford, -----	233	174	169	166
Berks, -----	2,303	4,005	1,977	3,943
Blair, -----	1,942	1,592	1,602	1,605
Bradford, -----	726	520	485	557
Bucks, -----	975	687	811	653
Butler, -----	1,380	1,520	1,205	1,408
Cambria, -----	1,668	1,996	1,340	1,878
Cameron, -----	113	77	91	75
Carbon, -----	342	346	290	308
Centre, -----	733	1,002	560	951
Chester, -----	1,390	1,021	1,091	977
Clarion, -----	374	461	318	420
Clearfield, -----	1,175	1,398	900	1,364
Clinton, -----	471	347	366	359
Columbia, -----	551	354	438	243
Crawford, -----	1,095	535	764	536
Cumberland, -----	562	1,952	787	1,864
Dauphin, -----	2,543	2,755	2,246	2,743
Delaware, -----	2,265	1,029	2,062	950
Elk, -----	270	119	241	121
Erie, -----	771	238	651	264
Fayette, -----	1,782	1,095	1,566	1,075
Forest, -----	54	56	45	55
Franklin, -----	661	815	593	778
Fulton, -----	64	69	47	62
Greene, -----	340	258	282	255
Huntingdon, -----	552	581	415	545
Indiana, -----	727	772	525	795
Jefferson, -----	920	865	762	835
Juniata, -----	105	227	76	221
Lackawanna, -----	1,614	1,830	1,547	1,751
Lancaster, -----	1,702	1,039	1,435	1,089
Lawrence, -----	788	661	678	638
Lebanon, -----	476	819	371	817
Lehigh, -----	1,758	2,436	1,473	2,402
Luzerne, -----	1,746	1,286	1,317	1,223
Lycoming, -----	1,396	1,257	1,100	1,245
McKean, -----	731	350	606	361
Mercer, -----	866	859	754	942
Mifflin, -----	269	283	298	298
Monroe, -----	193	116	141	114
Montgomery, -----	2,621	2,218	2,267	2,086
Montour, -----	166	146	151	134
Northampton, -----	1,909	1,603	1,594	1,556
Northumberland, -----	1,267	2,345	974	2,175
Perry, -----	335	572	273	519
Philadelphia, -----	71,181	21,075	65,556	18,957
Pike, -----	78	36	62	31
Potter, -----	283	369	207	371
Schuylkill, -----	1,068	899	929	867
Snyder, -----	136	313	109	301
Somerset, -----	654	621	510	604
Sullivan, -----	77	118	54	115
Susquehanna, -----	402	477	305	478
Tioga, -----	461	397	294	371
Union, -----	203	356	167	337
Venango, -----	720	404	628	374
Warren, -----	541	297	389	324
Washington, -----	1,090	1,049	966	921
Wayne, -----	435	354	288	357
Westmoreland, -----	2,560	2,589	2,125	2,569
Wyoming, -----	276	272	183	269
York, -----	1,180	2,603	921	2,511
Total, -----	140,647	88,965	124,678	85,421
Majority, -----	51,682	-----	39,257	-----

Vote on Proposed Amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania, November 4, 1913.

(At the election held on November 4, 1913, five amendments to the Constitution were voted upon by the people. Two of them, Nos. 3 and 5, were adopted. The text of the amendments adopted will be found in the Constitution.)

Counties.	Amendment No. 1.		Amendment No. 2.		Amendment No. 3.		Amendment No. 4.		Amendment No. 5.	
	For.	Against.	For.	Against.	For.	Against.	For.	Against.	For.	Against.
Adams, -----	1,023	2,264	570	1,664	709	1,509	639	1,556	660	1,510
Allegheny, -----	31,894	32,994	34,769	19,124	32,394	16,995	29,971	19,096	28,666	20,437
Armstrong, -----	2,590	2,951	1,515	2,325	1,429	2,237	1,462	2,230	1,352	2,274
Beaver, -----	3,618	3,619	2,057	2,277	2,164	2,039	2,146	2,086	1,986	2,161
Bedford, -----	1,675	2,472	1,088	1,257	2,010	1,161	1,105	1,141	980	1,161
Berks, -----	3,427	12,123	3,627	8,852	3,630	8,295	3,491	8,459	3,712	8,389
Blair, -----	3,385	6,408	2,505	5,497	3,269	4,927	2,881	5,004	2,786	5,117
Bradford, -----	1,534	4,322	900	2,766	1,056	2,531	1,154	2,502	977	2,581
Bucks, -----	3,812	4,698	1,730	3,633	2,041	3,119	1,793	3,333	1,931	3,197
Butler, -----	3,757	5,280	2,022	4,298	2,165	4,121	2,137	4,160	2,030	4,218
Cambria, -----	3,139	6,599	4,366	3,764	3,377	3,492	3,371	3,445	3,177	3,559
Cameron, -----	386	175	175	114	191	111	184	134	154	120
Carbon, -----	903	1,962	693	1,453	847	1,275	826	1,281	810	1,290
Centre, -----	1,762	2,606	1,039	1,900	1,181	1,830	1,093	1,890	1,052	1,883
Chester, -----	4,225	5,703	2,150	3,574	2,626	3,086	2,523	3,218	2,397	3,207
Clarion, -----	1,858	2,216	1,089	1,551	933	1,612	910	1,620	880	1,583
Clearfield, -----	2,898	4,005	3,518	2,368	2,440	2,340	2,409	2,357	2,239	2,463
Clinton, -----	870	1,501	585	1,143	602	1,041	680	1,039	636	1,059
Columbia, -----	1,278	2,713	746	1,956	836	1,801	790	1,848	795	1,839
Crawford, -----	1,284	5,589	1,329	3,483	1,479	3,314	1,489	3,263	1,264	3,572
Cumberland, -----	1,649	4,632	1,139	3,523	1,337	3,309	1,341	3,320	1,305	3,305
Dauphin, -----	3,709	9,878	3,523	7,978	3,948	7,420	3,824	7,474	3,726	7,546
Delaware, -----	8,284	3,155	4,589	4,508	5,160	2,069	4,662	2,546	5,001	2,172
Elk, -----	1,697	954	760	545	1,052	470	673	466	767	486
Erie, -----	2,901	4,697	2,025	2,847	2,422	2,587	2,260	2,553	1,999	2,657
Fayette, -----	4,130	5,511	2,667	3,844	2,676	3,650	2,611	3,608	2,739	3,684
Forest, -----	591	198	179	125	178	111	180	110	171	105
Franklin, -----	2,417	2,739	1,338	2,110	1,540	1,922	1,460	1,985	1,515	1,971
Fulton, -----	770	402	210	257	225	248	211	251	215	252
Greene, -----	851	2,676	511	1,687	545	1,650	564	1,636	476	1,691
Huntingdon, -----	1,545	1,969	1,058	1,295	1,123	1,227	1,045	1,212	1,188	1,149
Indiana, -----	2,085	3,241	1,432	2,219	1,374	2,090	1,318	2,126	1,259	2,151
Jefferson, -----	1,950	3,617	1,622	2,576	1,529	2,476	1,471	2,499	1,757	2,463
Juniata, -----	472	1,543	237	1,129	289	1,054	285	1,057	268	1,081
Lackawanna, -----	4,480	4,050	2,832	3,093	2,794	2,812	2,738	2,601	2,724	2,630
Lancaster, -----	2,460	14,100	1,775	10,906	2,193	10,252	2,043	10,354	2,062	10,389
Lawrence, -----	2,811	3,893	1,658	2,754	2,038	3,010	1,696	2,630	1,599	2,748
Lebanon, -----	872	4,688	651	3,784	904	3,649	847	3,663	879	3,660
Lehigh, -----	3,446	6,713	3,058	4,791	3,191	4,470	3,127	4,538	3,105	4,502
Luzerne, -----	6,536	7,670	4,937	5,773	5,168	5,242	5,120	5,255	4,805	5,427
Lycoming, -----	3,426	3,163	2,684	1,957	2,717	1,809	2,739	1,827	3,533	1,640
McKean, -----	1,406	1,982	1,076	1,305	1,232	1,119	1,314	1,102	1,190	1,168
Mercer, -----	1,847	5,212	1,461	3,709	1,461	3,549	1,529	3,502	1,873	3,617
Mifflin, -----	916	1,534	681	1,146	718	1,116	675	1,110	694	1,117
Monroe, -----	594	1,426	296	976	340	1,029	356	908	314	944
Montgomery, -----	6,441	9,590	4,433	7,171	5,256	6,142	4,742	6,612	5,075	6,326
Montour, -----	564	897	401	591	422	544	419	547	397	545
Northampton, -----	3,789	4,238	2,561	3,276	2,616	2,947	2,729	3,082	2,642	3,071
Northumberland, -----	2,522	5,211	2,131	3,655	2,061	3,960	2,118	3,614	2,191	3,590
Perry, -----	884	2,021	387	1,498	479	1,397	441	1,392	390	1,372
Philadelphia, -----	78,339	17,909	65,871	19,619	75,281	11,548	68,811	17,264	74,520	12,500
Pike, -----	401	261	169	147	161	143	170	143	163	147
Potter, -----	461	2,124	379	1,564	374	1,514	457	1,461	383	1,580
Scrutinykill, -----	3,607	5,161	2,635	3,928	3,004	3,484	2,881	3,649	2,856	3,647
Snyder, -----	332	1,265	213	974	258	922	242	939	232	942
Somerset, -----	2,156	2,007	1,090	1,323	1,088	1,280	1,074	1,273	1,116	1,279
Sullivan, -----	606	513	188	385	214	375	199	398	194	383
Susquehanna, -----	1,403	2,679	619	1,744	699	1,624	698	1,629	717	1,589
Tioga, -----	746	4,197	1,043	2,902	667	2,644	757	2,587	586	2,690
Union, -----	220	1,723	179	1,309	277	1,218	293	1,159	249	1,218
Venango, -----	2,186	2,061	1,525	1,431	1,574	1,295	1,578	1,290	1,448	1,343
Warren, -----	719	2,715	673	1,578	780	1,395	791	1,439	759	1,453
Washington, -----	3,733	7,065	2,632	4,611	2,641	4,237	2,626	4,208	2,433	4,456
Wayne, -----	926	2,000	479	1,162	516	1,099	520	1,102	500	1,100
Westmoreland, -----	7,514	7,716	4,399	6,096	4,285	5,948	4,202	6,015	4,603	5,972
Wyoming, -----	457	1,406	234	935	314	879	322	866	263	901
York, -----	4,673	7,724	2,520	5,676	2,785	5,388	2,733	5,427	3,228	5,176
Total, -----	259,042	300,435	203,633	219,351	217,345	195,179	203,976	204,095	208,063	201,605
		259,042		203,633		195,179		203,976		201,605
Majority, -----		41,393		15,718		22,166		119		6,458

Vote on Proposed Amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania, November 2, 1915.

(At the election held on November 2, 1915, four amendments to the Constitution were voted upon by the people. Three of them, Nos. 2, 3 and 4, were adopted. Amendment No. 1 (Equal Suffrage) was defeated by a vote of 385,348 for and 441,034 against. The text of the amendments adopted will be found in the Constitution.)

Counties.	No. 1.		No. 2.		No. 3.		No. 4.	
	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
Adams, -----	1,279	2,908	726	1,806	1,238	1,698	906	1,686
Allegheny, -----	50,557	47,539	35,026	23,933	64,219	17,155	39,096	18,719
Armstrong, -----	3,277	2,587	1,609	1,503	2,518	1,431	1,638	1,403
Beaver, -----	5,710	2,982	3,289	1,972	5,332	1,457	3,750	1,636
Bedford, -----	1,396	3,176	954	1,544	1,472	1,427	1,018	1,400
Berks, -----	7,302	13,355	4,598	8,973	10,077	7,463	4,713	8,449
Blair, -----	6,857	5,745	5,216	3,813	6,784	3,267	5,257	3,612
Bradford, -----	4,065	1,859	1,810	1,216	2,135	1,335	1,791	1,103
Bucks, -----	3,349	7,090	2,540	3,742	3,078	3,726	2,863	3,458
Butler, -----	4,795	3,660	1,759	3,595	2,587	3,189	1,921	3,312
Cambria, -----	7,583	6,480	4,769	3,877	8,184	3,338	4,653	3,632
Cameron, -----	325	192	180	96	245	84	176	89
Carbon, -----	2,685	3,034	1,906	1,381	4,441	1,058	848	1,368
Centre, -----	2,330	3,392	1,502	2,074	2,146	2,007	1,540	2,004
Chester, -----	7,429	6,035	4,615	3,175	5,301	3,406	4,775	1,998
Clarion, -----	2,158	1,539	963	1,022	1,822	929	996	928
Clearfield, -----	4,999	2,825	2,946	1,591	4,773	1,490	2,987	1,456
Clinton, -----	2,004	1,658	1,333	872	1,836	819	1,342	815
Columbia, -----	2,402	2,562	1,426	1,512	2,102	1,461	1,433	1,469
Crawford, -----	4,736	2,596	2,241	1,814	2,790	1,770	2,245	1,605
Cumberland, -----	2,442	4,379	1,828	2,972	2,465	2,848	1,741	2,998
Dauphin, -----	7,549	9,242	6,482	5,309	10,405	4,064	6,833	4,911
Delaware, -----	8,147	9,229	7,986	4,680	8,001	5,064	7,904	4,604
Elk, -----	1,276	2,216	1,050	351	1,604	295	1,158	284
Erie, -----	7,123	4,605	3,856	2,570	4,658	2,391	3,398	2,371
Fayette, -----	6,915	5,470	4,382	2,771	5,821	2,447	4,281	2,811
Forest, -----	674	259	246	121	443	111	261	117
Franklin, -----	2,958	3,498	1,810	2,075	2,690	1,936	1,882	1,978
Fulton, -----	473	862	233	506	261	495	219	492
Greene, -----	1,694	2,070	739	1,172	890	1,135	743	1,110
Huntingdon, -----	1,789	2,381	1,131	1,234	1,766	1,153	1,151	1,175
Indiana, -----	2,639	2,252	1,376	1,506	2,003	1,475	1,498	1,445
Jefferson, -----	4,572	2,343	2,565	1,627	4,464	1,394	2,591	1,491
Juniata, -----	527	1,410	327	857	403	886	297	868
Lackawanna, -----	11,319	8,666	6,461	2,571	20,746	2,063	6,475	2,510
Lancaster, -----	6,554	13,343	7,783	5,905	6,338	7,961	4,490	8,401
Lawrence, -----	5,020	2,829	1,931	2,122	3,612	1,647	2,063	1,822
Lebanon, -----	1,511	4,211	1,358	2,159	1,987	2,019	1,370	2,083
Lehigh, -----	4,184	10,373	3,816	6,084	6,570	5,392	3,781	5,902
Luzerne, -----	14,639	11,500	10,464	5,060	25,471	3,923	10,036	4,381
Lycoming, -----	4,222	4,790	2,822	2,504	3,610	2,469	2,817	2,402
McKean, -----	3,321	1,164	1,721	682	2,239	699	1,721	660
Mercer, -----	6,329	2,997	2,851	2,266	4,160	1,908	3,064	2,015
Mifflin, -----	1,179	1,577	874	1,018	1,162	947	851	997
Monroe, -----	926	1,286	545	705	630	726	551	679
Montgomery, -----	8,709	13,024	8,489	5,851	9,817	6,250	9,095	5,474
Montour, -----	718	953	497	426	825	421	473	406
Northampton, -----	4,383	7,814	3,961	4,361	5,595	3,849	4,026	4,089
Northumberland, -----	6,110	6,010	3,796	3,222	7,643	2,717	3,906	2,897
Perry, -----	1,051	2,111	679	1,229	983	1,184	761	1,210
Philadelphia, -----	77,247	122,519	159,995	16,723	155,667	18,258	148,689	16,592
Pike, -----	341	463	180	251	189	203	174	245
Potter, -----	2,030	979	911	541	1,285	542	932	547
Schuylkill, -----	6,726	7,769	5,200	3,346	12,351	2,896	5,208	3,101
Snyder, -----	505	1,667	343	1,022	383	983	385	996
Somerset, -----	2,634	3,937	1,395	2,067	2,036	1,996	1,446	1,923
Sullivan, -----	463	490	178	260	236	251	186	252
Susquehanna, -----	2,779	1,547	1,132	812	1,826	941	1,161	745
Tioga, -----	2,912	1,704	1,192	899	1,952	958	1,160	837
Union, -----	641	1,056	396	1,039	471	1,085	396	1,036
Venango, -----	4,464	2,397	2,426	1,331	3,479	1,185	2,439	1,199
Warren, -----	2,616	1,241	1,094	695	1,382	725	1,125	623
Washington, -----	7,215	5,504	4,141	2,971	6,312	2,470	4,558	2,505
Wayne, -----	1,731	1,228	768	624	963	674	703	600
Westmoreland, -----	12,421	11,281	6,730	7,996	11,856	6,360	7,365	7,038
Wyoming, -----	994	904	467	590	539	603	449	574
York, -----	5,348	12,090	3,703	6,410	6,366	5,629	3,995	5,936
Total, -----	385,348	441,034	361,188	191,004	487,135	174,168	353,686	178,567
		385,348	191,004		174,168		178,567	
Majority, -----		55,686	170,184		312,967		175,119	

VOTE ON PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

(At the election held on November 5, 1918, two amendments to the Constitution were voted upon and adopted by the people. The text of the amendments will be found in the Constitution).

Counties.	Amendment No. 1.		Amendment No. 2.	
	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
Adams,	1,588	858	622	740
Allegheny,	40,743	13,177	32,753	13,568
Armstrong,	2,178	1,069	1,180	885
Beaver,	3,909	1,214	2,355	1,065
Bedford,	1,601	1,077	637	767
Berks,	6,816	4,008	4,053	3,723
Blair,	5,122	2,396	3,494	2,193
Bradford,	2,572	1,509	1,234	1,041
Bucks,	4,990	1,956	3,213	1,801
Butler,	3,566	1,478	1,778	1,183
Cambria,	5,494	2,008	3,654	1,778
Cameron,	396	37	172	38
Carbon,	1,950	722	1,172	685
Centre,	2,352	1,671	1,311	1,583
Chester,	6,394	1,718	3,985	1,616
Clarion,	1,721	1,024	862	813
Clearfield,	2,409	1,428	1,786	1,318
Clinton,	1,515	599	820	489
Columbia,	1,911	1,268	1,020	1,550
Crawford,	2,789	2,659	1,680	2,688
Cumberland,	2,210	2,530	1,259	2,050
Dauphin,	6,566	6,480	5,439	5,414
Delaware,	10,731	1,167	5,756	2,672
Elk,	1,728	234	780	224
Eric,	6,618	2,083	3,883	1,584
Fayette,	5,969	1,430	4,127	1,317
Forest,	362	40	149	54
Franklin,	2,097	1,255	1,377	1,107
Fulton,	467	355	204	296
Greene,	1,118	875	546	650
Huntingdon,	1,861	773	868	825
Indiana,	2,839	1,252	1,357	981
Jefferson,	2,239	1,094	1,302	946
Juniata,	432	725	219	531
Lackawanna,	7,747	1,319	3,978	1,303
Lancaster,	10,724	2,870	8,803	2,493
Lawrence,	3,246	963	1,570	776
Lebanon,	2,477	1,028	1,461	906
Lehigh,	5,294	2,136	3,521	2,009
Luzerne,	10,086	3,447	5,697	3,746
Lycoming,	4,641	1,377	2,716	1,306
McKean,	2,931	626	1,569	481
Mercer,	3,232	2,275	2,186	1,773
Mifflin,	1,430	460	743	413
Monroe,	915	317	518	273
Montgomery,	9,425	2,338	5,278	2,781
Montour,	657	334	407	289
Northampton,	4,799	1,798	2,924	1,781
Northumberland,	4,391	2,162	2,590	2,006
Perry,	815	1,183	364	901
Philadelphia,	122,045	14,033	100,306	28,446
Pike,	296	128	116	81
Potter,	1,118	466	547	327
Schuylkill,	6,376	2,530	3,826	2,348
Snyder,	652	639	339	494
Somerset,	3,382	1,121	1,590	849
Sullivan,	606	171	197	139
Susquehanna,	1,702	844	838	557
Tioga,	1,364	1,094	584	827
Union,	586	696	326	536
Venango,	2,371	956	1,353	755
Warren,	2,180	915	1,015	600
Washington,	5,053	2,232	2,746	1,760
Wayne,	1,341	634	649	302
Westmoreland,	8,345	2,536	4,880	2,520
Wyoming,	570	521	222	420
York,	8,010	3,008	3,287	2,838
Total,	384,780	119,249	262,250	123,401
Majority,	265,531		138,849	

LIBRARY
OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS



OBVERSE



REVERSE.

THE GREAT SEAL
OF THE
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
(OFFICIAL.)

HISTORY OF THE SEVERAL CONSTITUTIONS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

DATES OF CONVENTIONS AND TIME OF ADOPTION.

Constitution of 1776.

The Constitution of Pennsylvania of 1776 was inspired by the following resolution passed by the Continental Congress:

"In Congress, May 15, 1776.

Whereas, His Britannic Majesty, in conjunction with the lords and commons of Great Britain, has by a late act of parliament, excluded the inhabitants of these United Colonies from the protection of his crown: And whereas, no answer whatever, to the humble petitions of the colonies for redress of grievances and reconciliation with Great Britain, has been, or is likely to be given, but the whole force of that kingdom, aided by foreign mercenaries, is to be exerted for the destruction of the good people of these colonies: And whereas, it appears absolutely irreconcilable to reason and good conscience, for the people of these colonies, now to take the oaths and affirmations necessary for the support of any government, under the crown of Great Britain; and it is necessary that the exercise of every kind of authority, under the said crown should be totally suppressed, and all the powers of government exerted, under the authority of the people of the colonies, for the preservation of internal peace, virtue and good order, as well as for the defense of their lives, liberties and properties, against the hostile invasions and cruel depredations of their enemies. Therefore,

Resolved, That it be recommended to the respective assemblies and conventions of the United Colonies, where no government sufficient to the exigencies of their affairs, has been hitherto established, to adopt such government as shall in the opinion of the representatives of the people, best conduce to the happiness and safety of their constituents in particular, and America in general.

By order of the Congress,

JOHN HANCOCK, President."

In accordance with this resolution and a call issued thereunder by the committee of the city and liberties of Philadelphia, 103 deputies were appointed by the committees of the city of Philadelphia and the several counties of the province, to meet in provincial conference. Ninety-seven of the deputies convened at Carpenter's Hall, in Philadelphia, on June 18, and elected Thomas McKean president of the conference. They continued in session until June 25, 1776, and unanimously agreed that a provincial convention should be called for the purpose of forming a new government in the province, and fixed Monday, July 8, as the time for the election of the members of the convention.

The convention was composed of ninety-six members and was in session in Philadelphia from July 15 to September 28, 1776. Benjamin Franklin was the president of the body. The "Bill of Rights and Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" adopted was committed to the charge of the Council of Safety, with directions to deliver the same to the General Assembly of the State, at their first meeting, immediately after they had chosen their speaker.

Constitution of 1790.

On March 24, 1789, the General Assembly, which then consisted of but one House, viz: the House of Representatives, passed a resolution submitting to the people the question of calling a convention to draft a new Constitution. At the following election the majority of votes cast favored the calling of such convention. The General Assembly, on September 14, 1789, then passed a resolution recommending that the people of the Commonwealth should at the succeeding election choose delegates to a constitutional convention to meet on November 24, 1789.

Sixty-nine delegates were elected to this convention, which assembled in Philadelphia on the above date. Thomas Mifflin was elected president of the convention. The convention completed the drafting of the new Constitution and adjourned finally on September 2, 1790.

Constitution of 1835.

By an act approved April 14, 1835, the qualified electors were permitted to vote at the next following general election for or against calling a constitutional convention. The proposition was carried. The act of March 29, 1836, prescribed the time of meeting of the convention and fixed Friday, November 4, 1836, as the day on which delegates should be elected. The convention was composed of 133 members, and assembled at the capitol at Harrisburg on May 2, 1837. John Sergeant, of Philadelphia, was elected president. On November 23, the convention adjourned to meet on November 28, in Musical Fund Hall, in Philadelphia, where, on February 22, 1838, the amended Constitution was adopted and signed. It was

submitted to the electors and ratified by them at an election held on October 9, 1838, there being 113,971 votes in favor of and 112,759 against its adoption. The alterations and amendments went into effect on January 1, 1839. Amendments to this Constitution were adopted in 1850, 1857, 1864 and 1872.

Constitution of 1873.

By an act approved June 2, 1871, the question of calling a convention for the purpose of forming a new Constitution was submitted to the people on October 10, 1871, and was favorably decided by a vote of 316,097 for and 69,715 against. The act regulating the holding of the convention was approved April 11, 1872, the number of delegates was fixed at one hundred and thirty-three, and they were elected on October 8, 1872. The convention met in the House of Representatives at Harrisburg on November 12, 1872, and adjourned November 27, to meet in Philadelphia, January 7, 1873, where the balance of its sessions were held. William M. Meredith, of Philadelphia, was elected president. He died August 17, 1873, during an adjournment. The convention on reconvening September 16 elected as his successor John H. Walker, of Erie county, who had served during the previous sessions as president pro tem. On November 3, 1873, the convention finished its work of drafting the present Constitution. It was submitted to the people at an election held December 16, 1873, and adopted by a vote of 253,744 to 108,594. This Constitution went into effect January 1, 1874.

Amendments to Constitution of 1873.

On November 5, 1901, Section 1, of Article 8, by a vote of 214,798 for, and 45,601 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 1 of 1901.

On November 5, 1901, Section 4, of Article 8, by a vote of 194,053 for, and 41,203 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 1 of 1901.

On November 5, 1901, Section 7, Article 8, by a vote of 180,521 for, and 48,634 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 3 of 1901.

On November 2, 1909, Section 8, of Article 4, by a vote of 165,741 for, and 150,281 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 1 of 1909.

On November 2, 1909, Section 21, of Article 4, by a vote of 164,352 for, and 142,385 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 2 of 1909.

On November 2, 1909, Section 11, of Article 5, by a vote of 162,689 for, and 141,203 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 3 of 1909.

On November 2, 1909, Section 12, of Article 5, by a vote of 157,958 for, and 142,335 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 4 of 1909.

On November 2, 1909, Section 2, of Article 8, by a vote of 168,874 for, and 140,837 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 5 of 1909.

On November 2, 1909, Section 3, of Article 8, by a vote of 162,117 for, and 140,841 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 6 of 1909. This amendment was amended by Amendment No. 3, which was adopted on November 4, 1913.

(On November 2, 1909, the proposed amendment to Section 14, of Article 8, by vote of 128,287 for, and 194,810 against was defeated. This proposed amendment was designated as Amendment No. 7 of 1909.)

On November 2, 1909, Section 1, of Article 12, by a vote of 160,499 for, and 140,303 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 8 of 1909.

On November 2, 1909, Section 2, of Article 14, by a vote of 161,184 for, and 141,547 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 9 of 1909.

On November 2, 1909, Section 7, of Article 14, by a vote of 159,953 for, and 140,476 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 10 of 1909.

On November 2, 1909, the Schedule to carry into operation the amendments voted for on November 2, 1909, by a vote of 147,162 for, and 141,551 against, was adopted. The Act of March 2, 1911, P. L. 8, carried the amendments mentioned in this Schedule into operation and changed the date of termination of terms of city, ward, borough, township and election division officers, from December to January.

On November 7, 1911, Section 8, of Article 9, by a vote of 140,647 for, and 88,965 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 1 of 1911. This amendment was amended by Amendment No. 2, which was adopted on November 2, 1915.

On November 7, 1911, Section 6, of Article 5, by a vote of 124,678 for, and 85,421 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 2 of 1911.

(On November 4, 1913, the proposed amendment to Section 4, of Article 9, by a vote of 259,042 for, and 300,435 against, was defeated. This proposed amendment was designated as Amendment No. 1 of 1913.)

(On November 4, 1913, the proposed amendment to Section 7, of Article 3, by a vote of 203,633 for, and 219,351 against, was defeated. This proposed amendment was designated as Amendment No. 2 of 1913.)

On November 4, 1913, Section 3, of Article 8, by a vote of 217,345 for, and 195,179 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 3 of 1913.

(On November 4, 1913, the proposed amendment to Section 1, of Article 9, by a vote of 203,976 for, and 204,095 against, was defeated. This proposed amendment was designated as Amendment No. 4 of 1913.)

On November 4, 1913, Section 15, of Article 9, by a vote of 208,063 for, and 201,605 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 5 of 1913.

(On November 2, 1915, the proposed amendment to Section 1, of Article 8, by a vote of 385,348 for, and 441,034 against, was defeated. This proposed amendment was designated as Amendment No. 1 of 1915.)

On November 2, 1915, Section 8, of Article 9, by a vote of 361,188 for, and 191,004 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 2 of 1915.

On November 2, 1915, Section 21, of Article 3, by a vote of 487,135 for, and 174,168 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 3 of 1915.

On November 2, 1915, by a vote of 353,686 for, and 178,567 against, an amendment to the Constitution was adopted and is designated as Amendment No. 4 of 1915.

On November 5, 1918, Section 4, of Article 9, by a vote of 384,780 for, and 119,249 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 1 of 1918.

On November 5, 1918, Section 18, of Article 9, by a vote of 262,250 for, and 123,401 against, was amended, and is designated as Amendment No. 2 of 1918.

THE STATE CAPITAL AND CAPITOL BUILDINGS.

Former and Present Location of State Capital.

William Penn, "proprietor and governor," located at Chester, October 28, 1682. The first Assembly of the Province was held there a few weeks later, and the "Great Law" was passed. The following year the government was established in Philadelphia, which remained the Capital until 1799. By the act of April 3, 1799, Lancaster became the capital on the first Monday of November, 1799. On February 21, 1810, an act was approved requiring that the offices of the State government, during the month of October, 1812, be moved to Harrisburg, which, by said act, was fixed and declared to be the seat of government. On February 7, 1812, a supplement was passed to this act providing that the removal should be made in April, 1812, and, accordingly, the offices were removed about April 1, 1812, and Harrisburg from that time has continued to be the capital of the State.

The Capitol Buildings at Harrisburg.

An act passed March 18, 1816, P. L. 148, provided for the erection of a State Capitol at Harrisburg. Under this act, two wings of the building were built. A supplemental act was passed January 27, 1819, P. L. 43, provided for the completion of the building. This was further supplemented by an act passed March 28, 1820, P. L. 134.

The Legislature occupied the new building on January 2, 1821, apparently without further action than a joint meeting for prayer.

An act passed March 30, 1821, P. L. 157, supplemented by an act passed January 23, 1822, P. L. 5, provided for furnishing the new Capitol.

The appropriation acts of 1864, P. L. 250 and 1013, provided for the building of an extension to the building. The appropriation acts of April 11, 1866, P. L. 81, and April 11, 1867, P. L. 18, provided for the completion of the wing used for the library.

A new building for the use of the library and other departments was authorized by an act passed April 14, 1893, P. L. 17. This building was completed during 1894; cornerstone laid December 15, 1893.

The main building of the Capitol was destroyed by fire at noon February 2, 1897, the Legislature had been in session, and on the following day, February third, the Senate met in the Supreme Court room, located in the south wing, and the House assembled in the United States District Court room, in the post office building. Sessions of the two Houses were held February third and February fourth in these rooms; arrangements having been made the Legislature, on February eighth and for the balance of the session of 1897, occupied Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, Harrisburg.

The act of April 14, 1897, P. L. 19, supplemented by the act of July 18, 1901, P. L. 713, authorized the erection of the present building, excavations for which were commenced May 2, 1898; a cornerstone was laid August 10, 1898, but later this was not considered representative of the proposed building, hence on May 5, 1904, a new stone was laid on the corner to the right of the main entrance, and the building rapidly constructed and dedicated October 4, 1906.

Four regular sessions of the Legislature were held in the Capitol during the construction period, viz.:—1899, 1901, 1903 and 1905, also the extra session of 1906.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

POPULATION OF CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES AT EACH CENSUS.

The population of the United States at the end of each decade was as follows:

1790, -----	3,929,214	1840, -----	17,069,453	1880, -----	50,155,783
1800, -----	5,308,483	1850, -----	23,191,876	1890, -----	62,947,714
1810, -----	7,239,881	1860, -----	31,443,321	1900, -----	75,994,575
1820, -----	9,638,453	1870, -----	38,558,371	1910, -----	91,972,266
1830, -----	12,866,020				

POPULATION OF CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES, AND
NON-CONTIGUOUS TERRITORY—1910 AND 1900.

	1910.	1900.
*The United States (total of area enumerated including non-contiguous territory), -----	93,402,151	†77,256,630
Continental United States, -----	91,972,266	75,994,575
Non-contiguous territory, -----	1,429,885	1,262,055
Alaska, -----	64,356	63,592
Hawaii, -----	191,909	154,001
Porto Rico, -----	1,118,012	†953,243
Persons in military and naval service stationed abroad, -----	55,608	91,219

*The rate of increase of population from 1900 to 1910 was 20.9 per cent. for the total area of enumeration and 21 per cent. for continental United States. It will be noted that this table does not cover other possessions of the United States than the ones mentioned. Including the population of Philippine Islands as enumerated by the census of 1903 under the direction of the War Department, 7,635,426, and adding estimates for the islands of Guam and Samoa and the Canal Zone, the total population of the United States and possessions is about 101,100,000.

†Includes 953,243 persons enumerated in Porto Rico in 1899.

‡According to the census of Porto Rico taken in 1899 under the direction of the War Department

**POPULATION OF CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES, BY
STATES: 1910, 1900 AND 1890; ALSO RANKING
OF THE STATES IN 1910 AND 1900.**

States.	Population.			Rank in Population. (a)	
	1910,	1900.	1890. (b)	1910.	1900.
Continental United States, -----	91,972,266	75,994,575	62,947,714	-----	-----
New England Division, -----	6,552,681	5,592,017	4,700,749	-----	-----
Maine, -----	742,371	604,466	661,086	34	31
New Hampshire, -----	430,572	411,588	376,530	39	37
Vermont, -----	355,956	343,641	332,422	42	39
Massachusetts, -----	3,366,416	2,805,346	2,238,947	6	7
Rhode Island, -----	542,610	428,556	345,506	38	35
Connecticut, -----	1,114,756	908,420	746,258	31	29
Middle Atlantic Division, -----	19,315,892	15,454,678	12,706,220	-----	-----
New York, -----	9,113,614	7,268,894	6,003,174	1	1
New Jersey, -----	2,537,167	1,883,669	1,444,933	11	16
Pennsylvania, -----	7,665,111	6,302,115	5,258,113	2	2
East North Central Division, -----	18,250,621	15,985,581	13,478,305	-----	-----
Ohio, -----	4,767,121	4,157,545	3,672,329	4	4
Indiana, -----	2,700,876	2,516,462	2,192,404	9	8
Illinois, -----	5,638,591	4,821,550	3,826,352	3	3
Michigan, -----	2,810,173	2,420,982	2,093,890	8	9
Wisconsin, -----	2,333,860	2,069,042	1,693,330	13	13
West North Central Division, -----	11,637,921	10,347,423	8,932,112	-----	-----
Minnesota, -----	2,075,708	1,751,394	1,310,283	19	19
Iowa, -----	2,224,771	2,231,853	1,912,297	15	10
Missouri, -----	3,293,335	3,106,665	2,679,185	7	5
North Dakota, -----	577,056	319,146	190,983	37	40
South Dakota, -----	583,888	401,570	348,600	36	38
Nebraska, -----	1,192,214	1,066,300	1,062,656	29	27
Kansas, -----	1,690,949	1,470,495	1,428,108	22	22
South Atlantic Division, -----	12,194,895	10,443,480	8,857,922	-----	-----
Delaware, -----	202,322	184,735	168,493	47	45
Maryland, -----	1,295,346	1,188,044	1,042,390	27	26
District of Columbia, -----	331,069	278,718	230,392	43	41
Virginia, -----	2,061,612	1,854,184	1,655,980	20	17
West Virginia, -----	1,221,119	958,800	762,794	28	28
North Carolina, -----	2,206,287	1,893,810	1,617,949	16	15
South Carolina, -----	1,515,400	1,340,316	1,151,149	26	24
Georgia, -----	2,609,121	2,216,331	1,837,353	10	11
Florida, -----	752,619	528,542	391,422	33	33
East South Central Division, -----	8,409,901	7,517,757	6,429,154	-----	-----
Kentucky, -----	2,289,905	2,147,174	1,858,635	14	12
Tennessee, -----	2,184,789	2,020,616	1,767,518	17	14
Alabama, -----	2,138,093	1,828,697	1,513,401	18	18
Mississippi, -----	1,797,114	1,551,270	1,259,600	21	20
West South Central Division, -----	8,784,534	6,532,290	4,740,983	-----	-----
Arkansas, -----	1,574,449	1,311,564	1,128,211	25	25
Louisiana, -----	1,656,388	1,381,625	1,118,588	24	23
Oklahoma, -----	1,657,155	(c) 790,391	(c) 258,657	23	(d) 30
Texas, -----	3,896,542	3,048,710	2,235,527	5	6

(a) Hawaii and Alaska, which do not appear in this table, rank as 48 and 51, respectively.

(b) Total population, including population of Indian Territory and Indian reservations, which were specially enumerated in 1890.

(c) Includes the population of Indian Territory, which was 392,060 in 1900 and 180,132 in 1890.

(d) The territory of Oklahoma in 1900 ranked 38 and Indian Territory 39. The present ranking for 1900 includes the population of Indian Territory with that of Oklahoma.

POPULATION OF CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES.—Concluded.

States.	Population.			Rank in Population. (a)	
	1910.	1900.	1890. (b)	1910.	1900.
Mountain Division, -----	2,633,517	1,674,657	1,213,935	-----	-----
Montana, -----	376,053	243,329	142,924	40	43
Idaho, -----	325,594	161,772	88,548	45	46
Wyoming, -----	145,965	92,531	62,555	49	49
Colorado, -----	799,024	539,700	413,249	32	32
New Mexico, -----	327,301	195,310	160,282	44	44
Arizona, -----	204,354	122,931	88,243	46	48
Utah, -----	373,351	276,749	210,779	41	42
Nevada, -----	51,875	42,335	47,355	50	51
Pacific Division, -----	4,192,304	2,416,692	1,888,334	-----	-----
Washington, -----	1,141,990	518,103	357,232	30	34
Oregon, -----	672,765	413,536	317,704	35	36
California, -----	2,377,549	1,485,053	1,213,396	12	21

(a) Hawaii and Alaska, which do not appear in this table, rank as 48 and 51, respectively, both in the ranking for 1910 and 1900.

(b) Total population, including population of Indian Territory and Indian reservations, which were specially enumerated in 1890.

POPULATION PER SQUARE MILE OF THE UNITED STATES, BY STATES: 1910, 1900 AND 1890.

States.	Population per square mile.		
	1910.	1900.	1890.
Continental United States, -----	30.9	25.6	21.2
Rhode Island, -----	508.5	400.7	323.8
Massachusetts, -----	418.8	349.0	278.5
New Jersey, -----	337.7	250.7	192.3
Connecticut, -----	231.3	188.5	154.8
New York, -----	191.2	152.5	126.0
Pennsylvania, -----	171.0	140.6	117.3
Maryland, -----	130.3	119.5	104.9
Ohio, -----	117.0	102.1	90.1
Delaware, -----	103.0	94.0	85.8
Illinois, -----	100.7	86.1	68.3
Indiana, -----	75.3	70.1	61.1
Kentucky, -----	57.0	53.4	46.3
Tennessee, -----	52.4	48.5	42.4
Virginia, -----	51.2	46.1	41.1
West Virginia, -----	50.8	40.0	31.8
South Carolina, -----	49.7	44.0	37.8
Michigan, -----	48.9	42.1	36.4
Missouri, -----	47.9	45.2	39.0
New Hampshire, -----	47.7	45.6	41.7
North Carolina, -----	45.3	38.9	33.2
Georgia, -----	44.4	37.7	31.3
Wisconsin, -----	42.2	37.4	30.7
Alabama, -----	41.7	35.7	29.5
Iowa, -----	40.0	40.2	34.4
Vermont, -----	39.0	37.7	36.4
Mississippi, -----	38.8	33.5	27.8
Louisiana, -----	36.5	30.4	24.6
Arkansas, -----	30.0	25.0	21.5
Minnesota, -----	25.7	21.7	16.2
Maine, -----	24.8	23.2	22.1
Oklahoma, -----	23.9	11.4	3.7
Kansas, -----	20.7	18.0	17.5
Washington, -----	17.1	7.8	5.3
Nebraska, -----	15.5	13.9	13.8
California, -----	15.2	9.5	7.8
Texas, -----	14.8	11.6	8.5
Florida, -----	13.7	9.6	7.1
North Dakota, -----	8.2	4.6	2.7
Colorado, -----	7.7	5.2	4.0
South Dakota, -----	7.6	5.2	4.5
Oregon, -----	7.0	4.3	3.3
Utah, -----	4.5	3.4	2.6
Idaho, -----	3.9	1.9	1.1
New Mexico, -----	2.7	1.6	1.3
Montana, -----	2.6	1.7	1.0
Arizona, -----	1.8	1.1	0.8
Wyoming, -----	1.5	1.0	0.6
Nevada, -----	0.7	0.4	0.4
District of Columbia, -----	5,517.8	4,645.3	3,839.9

POPULATION OF THE TEN LARGEST CITIES IN THE WORLD.

Cities.	Year of census or estimate.	Popula- tion.
1. London, -----	1909	7,429,746
2. New York, -----	1910	4,764,883
3. Paris, -----	1906	2,763,394
4. Tokyo, -----	1908	2,186,076
5. Chicago, -----	1910	2,185,283
6. Berlin, -----	1908	2,101,933
7. Vienna, -----	1909	2,085,868
8. St. Petersburg, -----	1905	1,678,000
9. Philadelphia, -----	1910	1,549,008
10. Moscow, -----	1907	1,359,254

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, ACCORDING TO COLOR, NATIVITY AND PARENTAGE.

(Compiled from the Reports of the Census of 1910.)

States and Territories.	Total population.	White.				Foreign, white.	Colored.
		White, total.	Native white, total.	Native parents.	Foreign parents.		
The United States.	91,972,266	81,722,087	68,389,104	49,488,441	18,900,668	13,343,583	9,828,294
Alabama.	2,138,093	1,234,841	1,209,895	1,177,457	82,438	18,946	908,275
Arizona.	204,354	171,499	124,055	82,480	42,175	46,644	2,097
Arkansas.	1,574,499	1,131,030	1,114,117	1,077,569	36,608	16,913	442,891
California.	2,377,549	2,259,822	1,742,503	1,106,533	635,970	517,319	21,645
Colorado.	769,024	783,539	650,568	475,136	181,432	126,971	11,453
Connecticut.	1,114,756	1,094,932	770,195	395,049	374,546	829,787	15,174
Delaware.	202,322	171,103	153,082	127,809	25,873	17,421	31,181
District of Columbia.	331,069	236,124	171,777	166,711	45,066	24,351	94,446
Florida.	752,619	443,046	419,705	373,907	35,898	33,851	308,669
Georgia.	2,609,121	1,431,816	1,416,735	1,391,058	25,677	15,081	1,176,987
Illinois.	5,638,591	5,526,989	4,395,054	2,913,604	75,254	40,444	646
Indiana.	2,470,816	2,401,632	2,480,915	2,130,168	350,747	159,118	109,041
Iowa.	2,224,771	2,209,096	1,965,703	1,303,526	632,182	273,388	15,078
Kansas.	1,630,949	1,633,883	1,469,164	1,237,087	232,077	134,710	54,594
Kentucky.	2,380,905	2,027,955	1,987,932	1,893,167	124,775	40,023	261,656
Louisiana.	1,656,368	941,125	889,297	776,569	112,728	61,828	713,874
Maine.	742,371	740,017	630,106	494,918	135,188	109,911	1,364
Maryland.	1,295,346	1,092,645	968,469	706,628	191,941	104,176	232,249
Massachusetts.	3,366,416	3,325,053	2,274,154	1,103,361	1,170,793	1,050,899	38,042
Michigan.	2,810,173	2,786,256	2,190,058	1,224,841	965,217	596,200	17,115
Minnesota.	2,075,708	2,059,213	1,516,396	575,081	941,315	542,357	7,054
Mississippi.	1,797,114	786,119	776,728	757,233	19,495	9,391	1,009,487
Missouri.	3,293,335	3,134,945	2,906,250	2,387,909	518,341	228,698	137,452
Montana.	376,053	360,587	298,940	162,129	106,811	91,647	1,834
Nebraska.	1,192,214	1,180,311	1,004,428	642,075	362,353	175,883	7,689
All other.	411,285						

Population of the United States, According to Color, Nativity and Parentage—Concluded.

States and Territories.	Total population.	White.				Colored.			
		White, total.	Native white, total.	Native parents.	Foreign parents.	Foreign, white, total.	Negro.	All other.	
Nevada, -----	81,875	74,371	56,269	35,313	20,956	18,102	513	6,991	
New Hampshire, -----	430,572	429,904	333,349	230,231	103,118	96,590	564	11	
New Jersey, -----	2,537,167	2,445,927	1,757,708	1,009,909	777,859	658,159	89,760	1,48	
New Mexico, -----	337,301	304,692	281,940	255,699	26,331	22,692	1,628	21,07	
New York, -----	9,113,614	8,966,921	6,237,661	3,239,154	3,007,507	2,729,200	134,181	12,51	
North Carolina, -----	2,206,237	1,500,513	1,494,560	1,485,705	8,855	5,953	697,843	7,95	
North Dakota, -----	577,056	569,855	413,717	162,461	251,256	156,138	617	6,544	
Ohio, -----	4,767,121	4,654,907	4,057,652	3,033,275	1,024,377	597,235	111,443	771	
Oklahoma, -----	1,657,155	1,444,535	1,404,447	1,310,403	94,044	103,002	137,612	75,648	
Oregon, -----	672,765	655,094	552,092	416,851	135,241	40,088	1,519	16,15	
Pennsylvania, -----	7,645,111	7,467,766	6,029,008	4,222,616	1,806,392	1,438,752	193,948	3,44	
Rhode Island, -----	542,610	532,498	354,467	159,821	194,046	178,031	9,529	586	
South Carolina, -----	1,515,400	679,162	673,106	661,970	11,138	6,054	835,843	296	
South Dakota, -----	583,888	563,771	463,143	245,665	217,478	18,460	473,988	19,304	
Tennessee, -----	2,184,789	1,711,433	1,692,073	1,664,696	38,367	18,460	690,020	1,629	
Texas, -----	3,886,542	3,204,896	2,964,884	2,692,958	361,926	240,012	690,020	5,616	
Utah, -----	373,351	366,602	303,198	171,671	131,527	63,404	1,143	87	
Vermont, -----	355,956	354,298	304,437	290,389	75,055	49,861	1,621	707	
Virginia, -----	2,061,612	1,389,809	1,363,181	1,395,298	37,943	26,698	671,946	26,775	
Washington, -----	1,141,900	1,109,157	867,690	585,401	289,539	241,227	61,958	64,173	
West Virginia, -----	1,221,119	1,156,817	1,069,745	1,042,107	57,638	57,972	512,569	10,400	
Wisconsin, -----	2,520,860	2,520,867	1,897,958	1,763,224	1,044,764	512,569	2,940	3,367	
Wyoming, -----	145,965	140,573	113,208	80,711	32,497	27,105	2,235		

**POPULATION OF CITIES OF UNITED STATES OF 100,000
AND OVER: 1910, 1900 AND 1890.**

Cities.	Population.			Per cent. of increase.	
	1910.	1900.	1890.	1900 to 1910.	1890 to 1900.
Total for cities of over 100,000 population, ----	20,303,047	15,199,375	11,470,364	33.6	32.5
Albany, N. Y., -----	100,253	94,151	94,923	65.0	*0.8
Atlanta, Ga., -----	154,839	89,872	65,533	72.3	37.1
Baltimore, Md., -----	558,485	508,957	434,439	9.7	17.2
Birmingham, Ala., -----	132,685	38,415	26,178	245.4	46.7
Boston, Mass., -----	670,585	560,892	448,477	19.6	25.1
Bridgeport, Conn., -----	102,054	70,996	48,866	43.7	45.3
Buffalo, N. Y., -----	423,715	352,387	255,664	20.2	37.8
Cambridge, Mass., -----	104,839	91,886	70,028	14.1	31.2
Chicago, Ill., -----	2,185,283	1,698,575	1,099,850	28.7	54.4
Cincinnati, Ohio, -----	364,463	325,902	296,908	11.8	9.8
Cleveland, Ohio, -----	560,663	381,768	261,353	46.9	46.1
Columbus, Ohio, -----	181,548	125,560	88,150	44.6	42.4
Dayton, Ohio, -----	116,577	85,833	61,220	36.6	39.4
Denver, Colo., -----	213,381	133,859	106,713	59.4	25.4
Detroit, Mich., -----	465,766	285,704	205,876	63.0	38.8
Fall River, Mass., -----	119,295	104,863	74,398	13.8	40.9
Grand Rapids, Mich., -----	112,571	87,565	60,278	28.6	45.3
Indianapolis, Ind., -----	233,650	169,164	105,436	38.1	60.4
Jersey City, N. J., -----	267,779	206,433	163,003	29.7	26.6
Kansas City, Mo., -----	248,381	163,752	132,716	51.7	23.4
Los Angeles, Cal., -----	319,198	102,479	50,395	211.5	103.4
Louisville, Ky., -----	223,928	204,731	161,129	9.4	27.1
Lowell, Mass., -----	106,294	94,969	77,696	11.9	22.2
Memphis, Tenn., -----	131,105	102,320	64,495	28.1	58.6
Milwaukee, Wis., -----	373,857	285,315	204,468	31.0	39.5
Minneapolis, Minn., -----	301,408	202,718	164,738	48.7	23.1
Nashville, Tenn., -----	110,364	80,865	76,168	36.5	6.2
Newark, N. J., -----	347,469	246,070	181,880	41.2	35.3
New Haven, Conn., -----	133,605	108,027	81,298	32.9	32.9
New Orleans, La., -----	339,075	287,104	242,039	18.1	18.6
New York, N. Y., -----	4,766,883	3,437,202	†2,507,414	38.7	37.1
Oakland, Cal., -----	150,174	66,960	48,682	124.3	37.5
Omaha, Neb., -----	124,096	102,555	140,452	21.0	*27.0
Paterson, N. J., -----	125,600	105,171	78,347	19.4	34.2
Philadelphia, Pa., -----	1,549,008	1,293,697	1,046,964	19.7	23.6
Pittsburgh, Pa., -----	533,905	†451,512	†343,904	18.2	31.3
Portland, Ore., -----	207,214	90,426	46,385	129.2	64.9
Providence, R. I., -----	224,326	175,597	132,146	27.8	32.9
Richmond, Va., -----	127,628	85,050	81,388	50.1	4.5
Rochester, N. Y., -----	218,149	162,608	133,896	34.2	21.4
St. Louis, Mo., -----	687,029	575,238	451,770	19.4	27.3
St. Paul, Minn., -----	214,744	163,065	133,156	31.7	22.5
San Francisco, Cal., -----	416,912	342,782	298,997	21.6	14.6
Seranton, Pa., -----	129,867	102,026	75,215	27.3	35.6
Seattle, Wash., -----	237,194	80,671	42,837	194.0	88.3
Spokane, Wash., -----	104,402	36,848	19,922	183.3	85.0
Syracuse, N. Y., -----	137,249	108,374	88,143	26.6	23.0
Toledo, Ohio, -----	168,497	131,822	81,434	27.8	61.9
Washington, D. C., -----	331,069	278,718	230,392	18.8	21.0
Worcester, Mass., -----	145,986	118,421	84,655	23.3	39.9

*Decrease.

†Estimated population in 1890 of the area of present New York. The population of New York as it existed in 1890 was 1,515,301.

‡Includes population of Allegheny, which was, in 1900, 129,896, and in 1890, 105,287.

POPULATION OF CITIES OF UNITED STATES OF 25,000 TO 100,000.

Cities.	Population.			Per cent. of Increase.	
	1910.	1900.	1890.	1900 to 1910.	1890 to 1900.
Akron, Ohio,	69,067	42,728	27,601	61.6	54.8
Allentown, Pa.,	51,913	35,416	25,228	40.6	40.4
Altoona, Pa.,	52,127	38,973	30,337	33.8	28.5
Amsterdam, N. Y.,	31,207	29,929	17,336	49.4	20.7
Atlantic City, N. J.,	46,150	27,838	13,055	65.8	113.2
Auburn, N. Y.,	34,068	30,345	25,858	14.2	17.4
Augusta, Ga.,	41,040	39,441	33,300	4.1	18.4
Aurora, Ill.,	29,807	24,147	19,088	23.4	22.6
Austin, Tex.,	29,860	22,258	14,575	34.2	52.7
Battle Creek, Mich.,	25,267	18,563	13,197	36.1	40.7
Bay City, Mich.,	45,166	27,628	27,839	63.5	*0.8
Bayonne, N. J.,	55,545	32,722	19,033	69.7	71.9
Berkeley, Cal.,	40,434	13,214	5,101	206.0	159.0
Binghamton, N. Y.,	48,443	39,647	35,005	22.2	13.3
Bloomington, Ill.,	25,768	23,286	20,484	10.7	13.7
Brookton, Mass.,	56,878	40,063	27,294	42.0	46.8
Brookline, Mass.,	27,792	19,935	12,103	39.4	64.7
Butte, Mont.,	39,165	30,470	10,723	28.5	184.2
Camden, N. J.,	94,538	75,935	58,313	24.5	30.2
Canton, Ohio,	50,217	30,667	26,189	65.7	17.1
Cedar Rapids, Iowa,	32,811	25,656	18,020	27.9	42.4
Charleston, S. C.,	58,833	55,897	54,955	5.4	1.6
Charlotte, N. C.,	34,014	18,091	11,557	58.0	50.5
Chattanooga, Tenn.,	44,604	30,154	29,100	47.9	*6
Chelsea, Mass.,	32,452	34,072	27,909	*4.8	22.1
Chester, Pa.,	38,537	33,988	20,226	13.4	68.0
Chicopee, Mass.,	25,401	19,167	14,050	32.5	36.4
Clinton, Iowa,	25,577	22,698	13,019	12.7	66.7
Colorado Springs, Colo.,	29,078	21,085	11,140	37.9	89.3
Columbia, S. C.,	26,319	21,108	15,353	24.7	37.5
Council Bluffs, Iowa,	29,292	25,802	21,474	13.5	20.2
Covington, Ky.,	53,270	42,938	37,371	24.1	14.9
Dallas, Tex.,	92,104	42,638	38,067	116.0	12.0
Danville, Ill.,	27,871	16,354	11,491	70.4	42.3
Davenport, Iowa,	43,028	35,254	26,872	22.1	31.2
Decatur, Ill.,	31,140	20,754	16,841	50.0	23.2
Des Moines, Iowa,	86,368	62,139	50,093	39.0	24.0
Dubuque, Iowa,	38,494	36,297	30,311	6.1	19.7
Duluth, Minn.,	78,466	52,969	33,115	48.1	60.0
Easton, Pa.,	28,523	25,238	14,481	13.0	74.3
East Orange, N. J.,	34,371	21,506	13,282	59.8	61.9
East St. Louis, Ill.,	58,547	29,655	15,169	97.4	95.5
El Paso, Tex.,	39,279	15,906	10,338	146.9	53.9
Elgin, Ill.,	25,976	22,433	17,823	15.8	25.9
Elizabeth, N. J.,	73,409	52,130	37,704	40.8	38.0
Elmira, N. Y.,	37,176	35,672	30,893	4.2	15.5
Erie, Pa.,	66,525	52,733	40,634	26.2	29.8
Evansville, Ind.,	69,647	59,007	50,756	18.0	16.3
Everett, Mass.,	33,484	24,336	11,068	37.6	119.0
Fitchburg, Mass.,	37,826	31,531	22,037	20.0	43.1
Flint, Mich.,	38,550	13,103	9,803	194.2	33.7
Fort Wayne, Ind.,	63,933	45,115	35,393	41.7	27.5
Fort Worth, Tex.,	73,312	26,688	23,076	174.7	15.7
Galveston, Tex.,	36,981	37,789	29,084	*2.1	29.9
Green Bay, Wis.,	25,236	18,684	9,069	35.1	106.0
Hamilton, Ohio,	35,279	23,914	17,565	47.5	36.1
Harrisburg, Pa.,	64,186	50,167	39,385	27.9	27.4
Hartford, Conn.,	98,915	79,850	53,230	23.9	50.0
Haverhill, Mass.,	44,115	37,175	27,412	18.7	35.6
Hazleton, Pa.,	25,452	14,230	11,872	78.9	19.9
Hoboken, N. J.,	70,324	59,364	43,648	18.5	36.0
Holyoke, Mass.,	57,730	45,712	35,637	26.3	28.3
Houston, Tex.,	78,800	44,633	27,557	76.6	62.0
Huntingdon, W. Va.,	31,161	11,923	10,108	161.4	18.0
Jackson, Mich.,	31,433	25,189	20,798	24.8	21.1
Jacksonville, Fla.,	57,699	28,429	17,201	103.0	65.3

*Decrease.

POPULATION OF CITIES OF UNITED STATES.—Continued.

Cities.	Population.			Per cent. of Increase.	
	1910.	1900.	1890.	1900 to 1910.	1890 to 1900.
Jamestown, N. Y.,	31,297	22,892	16,038	36.7	42.7
Johnstown, Pa.,	55,482	35,936	21,805	54.4	64.8
Joliet, Ill.,	34,670	29,353	23,264	18.1	26.2
Joplin, Mo.,	32,073	26,023	9,943	23.2	161.7
Kalamazoo, Mich.,	59,437	24,404	17,853	61.6	36.7
Kansas City, Kans.,	82,331	51,418	38,316	60.1	34.2
Kingston, N. Y.,	25,908	24,535	21,261	5.6	15.4
Knoxville, Tenn.,	36,346	32,637	22,535	11.4	44.8
La Crosse, Wis.,	30,417	28,895	25,090	5.3	15.2
Lancaster, Pa.,	47,227	41,459	32,011	13.9	29.5
Lansing, Mich.,	31,229	16,485	13,102	89.4	25.8
Lawrence, Mass.,	85,892	62,559	44,654	37.3	40.1
Lewistown, Me.,	26,247	23,761	21,701	10.5	9.5
Lexington, Ky.,	35,099	26,369	21,567	33.1	22.3
Lima, Ohio,	30,508	21,723	15,981	40.4	35.9
Lincoln, Neb.,	43,973	40,169	55,154	0.5	*27.2
Little Rock, Ark.,	45,941	38,307	25,874	19.9	43.1
Lorain, Ohio,	28,833	16,028	4,863	80.2	229.6
Lynchburg, Va.,	29,494	18,891	19,709	56.1	*4.2
Lynn, Mass.,	89,336	68,513	55,727	30.4	22.9
Macon, Ga.,	40,665	23,272	22,746	74.7	2.3
Madison, Wis.,	25,531	19,164	13,426	83.2	42.7
Malden, Mass.,	44,404	33,664	23,031	31.9	46.2
Manchester, N. H.,	70,063	56,987	44,126	22.9	29.1
McKeesport, Pa.,	42,694	34,227	20,741	24.7	65.0
Meridan, Conn.,	27,265	24,296	21,652	12.2	12.2
Mobile, Ala.,	51,521	38,469	31,076	33.9	23.8
Montgomery, Ala.,	38,136	30,346	21,883	25.7	38.7
Mount Vernon, N. Y.,	30,919	21,228	10,830	45.7	96.0
Muskogee, Okla.,	25,278	4,254	†	494.2	-----
Nashua, N. H.,	26,005	23,898	19,311	8.8	23.8
Newark, Ohio,	25,404	18,157	14,270	39.9	27.2
New Bedford, Mass.,	96,652	62,442	40,733	54.8	53.3
New Britain, Conn.,	43,916	25,998	16,519	68.9	57.4
Newburg, N. Y.,	27,865	24,943	23,087	11.5	8.0
New Castle, Pa.,	36,280	28,339	11,600	28.0	144.3
Newport, Ky.,	30,309	28,301	24,918	7.1	13.6
Newport, R. I.,	27,149	22,441	19,457	21.0	15.3
New Rochelle, N. Y.,	28,867	14,720	9,057	96.1	62.5
Newton, Mass.,	39,806	33,587	24,379	18.5	37.8
Niagara Falls, N. Y.,	30,445	19,457	†	56.5	-----
Norfolk, Va.,	67,452	46,624	34,871	44.7	33.7
Norristown, Pa.,	27,875	22,265	19,791	25.2	12.5
Ogden, Utah,	25,580	16,318	14,889	56.8	9.6
Oklahoma City, Okla.,	64,205	10,037	4,151	539.7	141.8
Orange, N. J.,	29,630	24,141	18,844	22.7	28.1
Oshkosh, Wis.,	33,062	28,284	22,836	16.9	23.9
Pasadena, Cal.,	30,291	9,117	4,882	232.2	86.7
Passaic, N. J.,	54,773	27,777	13,023	97.2	113.2
Pawtucket, R. I.,	51,622	39,231	27,633	31.5	42.0
Peoria, Ill.,	66,950	56,100	41,024	19.3	36.7
Perth Amboy, N. J.,	32,121	17,699	9,512	81.5	86.1
Pittsfield, Mass.,	32,121	21,766	17,281	47.6	26.0
Portland, Me.,	58,571	50,145	36,425	16.8	37.7
Portsmouth, Va.,	33,190	17,427	13,268	90.5	31.3
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.,	27,936	24,020	22,206	16.3	8.2
Pueblo, Colo.,	44,395	28,157	24,558	57.7	14.7
Quincy, Ill.,	36,587	36,252	31,494	0.9	15.1
Quincy, Mass.,	32,642	23,809	16,723	36.6	42.9
Racine, Wis.,	38,002	29,102	21,014	30.6	38.5
Reading, Pa.,	96,071	78,961	58,661	21.7	34.6
Roanoke, Va.,	34,874	21,495	16,159	62.2	33.0
Rockford, Ill.,	45,401	31,051	23,584	46.2	31.7
Sacramento, Cal.,	44,696	29,282	26,386	52.6	11.0
Saginaw, Mich.,	50,510	42,345	46,322	19.3	*8.6
St. Joseph, Mo.,	77,403	102,979	52,324	*24.8	96.8
Salem, Mass.,	43,697	35,956	30,801	21.5	16.7
Salt Lake City, Utah,	92,777	53,531	44,843	73.3	19.4
San Antonio, Tex.,	96,614	53,321	37,673	81.2	41.5
San Diego, Cal.,	39,578	17,700	16,159	123.6	9.5
San Jose, Cal.,	28,946	21,500	18,060	34.6	19.0
Savannah, Ga.,	65,064	54,244	43,189	19.9	25.6
Schenectady, N. Y.,	72,826	31,682	19,902	129.9	59.2
Sheboygan, Wis.,	26,398	22,902	16,359	15.0	40.4

*Decrease.

†Incorporated since 1890.

POPULATION OF CITIES OF UNITED STATES.—Concluded.

Cities.	Population.			Per cent. of Increase.	
	1910.	1900.	1890.	1900 to 1910.	1890 to 1900.
Shenandoah, Pa., -----	25,774	20,321	15,944	26.8	27.5
Shreveport, La., -----	28,015	16,013	11,979	75.0	33.7
Sioux City, Iowa, -----	47,828	33,111	37,806	44.4	*12.4
Somerville, Mass., -----	77,236	61,643	40,152	25.3	53.5
South Bend, Ind., -----	53,684	35,999	21,819	49.1	65.0
South Omaha, Neb., -----	26,259	26,001	8,062	1.0	222.5
Springfield, Ill., -----	51,678	34,159	24,963	51.3	36.8
Springfield, Mass., -----	88,926	62,059	44,179	43.3	40.5
Springfield, Mo., -----	35,201	23,267	21,850	51.3	6.5
Springfield, Ohio, -----	46,921	38,253	31,895	22.7	19.9
Stamford, Conn., -----	25,138	15,997	†	57.1	-----
Superior, Wis., -----	40,384	31,091	11,083	29.9	159.5
Tacoma, Wash., -----	83,743	37,714	36,006	122.0	4.7
Tampa, Fla., -----	37,782	15,839	5,532	138.5	186.3
Taunton, Mass., -----	34,259	31,036	25,448	10.4	22.0
Terre Haute, Ind., -----	58,157	36,673	30,217	52.6	21.4
Topeka, Kans., -----	43,684	33,608	31,007	30.0	8.4
Trenton, N. J., -----	96,815	73,307	57,458	32.1	27.6
Troy, N. Y., -----	76,813	60,651	60,956	26.6	*0.5
Utica, N. Y., -----	74,419	56,383	44,007	32.0	28.1
Waco, Tex., -----	26,425	20,686	14,445	27.7	43.2
Waltham, Mass., -----	27,834	23,481	18,707	18.5	25.5
Warwick, R. I., -----	26,629	21,316	17,761	24.9	20.0
Waterbury, Conn., -----	73,141	45,859	28,646	59.5	60.1
Waterloo, Iowa, -----	26,693	12,580	6,674	112.2	88.5
Watertown, N. Y., -----	26,730	21,696	14,725	23.2	47.3
West Hoboken, N. J., -----	35,403	23,094	11,665	53.3	98.0
Wheeling, W. Va., -----	41,641	38,678	34,522	7.1	12.4
Wichita, Kans., -----	52,450	24,761	23,853	112.6	3.6
Wilkes-Barre, Pa., -----	67,105	51,721	37,718	29.7	37.1
Williamsport, Pa., -----	31,960	23,757	27,132	10.8	6.0
Wilmington, Del., -----	87,411	76,508	61,431	14.3	24.5
Wilmington, N. C., -----	25,748	20,976	20,056	22.7	4.6
Woonsocket, R. I., -----	38,125	28,204	20,830	38.7	35.4
Yonkers, N. Y., -----	79,803	47,931	32,033	66.5	49.6
York, Pa., -----	44,760	33,708	20,793	32.8	62.1
Youngstown, Ohio, -----	79,066	44,885	33,220	76.2	35.1
Zanesville, Ohio, -----	28,026	23,538	21,009	19.1	12.0

*Decrease.

†Incorporated since 1890.

AREA OF THE UNITED STATES IN SQUARE MILES, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.

(Compiled from Census Report of 1910.)

States and Territories.	Gross area.	Land surface.	Water surface.*
United States,† -----	3,627,557	2,973,890	52,899
Alabama, -----	51,998	51,279	719
Alaska, -----	590,884		
Arizona, -----	113,956	113,810	146
Arkansas, -----	53,335	52,525	810
California, -----	158,297	155,652	2,645
Colorado, -----	103,948	103,658	290
Connecticut, -----	4,965	4,820	145
Delaware, -----	2,370	1,965	405
District of Columbia, -----	70	60	10
Florida, -----	58,666	54,861	3,805
Georgia, -----	59,265	58,725	540
Hawaii, -----	6,449		
Idaho, -----	83,888	83,354	534
Illinois, -----	56,665	56,043	622
Indiana, -----	36,354	36,045	309
Iowa, -----	56,147	55,586	561
Kansas, -----	82,158	81,774	384
Kentucky, -----	40,598	40,181	417
Louisiana, -----	48,506	45,409	3,097
Maine, -----	33,040	29,895	3,145
Maryland, -----	12,327	9,941	2,386
Massachusetts, -----	8,266	8,039	227
Michigan, -----	57,980	57,480	500
Minnesota, -----	84,682	80,858	3,824
Mississippi, -----	46,865	46,362	503
Missouri, -----	69,420	68,727	693
Montana, -----	146,997	146,201	796
Nebraska, -----	77,520	76,808	712
Nevada, -----	110,690	109,821	869
New Hampshire, -----	9,341	9,031	310
New Jersey, -----	8,224	7,514	710
New Mexico, -----	122,634	122,503	131
New York, -----	49,204	47,654	1,550
North Carolina, -----	52,426	48,740	3,686
North Dakota, -----	70,837	70,183	654
Ohio, -----	41,040	40,740	300
Oklahoma, -----	70,057	69,414	643
Oregon, -----	96,699	95,607	1,092
Pennsylvania, -----	45,126	44,832	294
Porto Rico, -----	3,435		
Rhode Island, -----	1,243	1,067	181
South Carolina, -----	30,989	30,495	494
South Dakota, -----	77,615	76,868	747
Tennessee, -----	42,022	41,687	335
Texas, -----	265,896	262,398	3,498
Utah, -----	84,990	82,184	2,806
Vermont, -----	9,564	9,124	440
Virginia, -----	42,627	40,262	2,365
Washington, -----	69,127	66,836	2,291
West Virginia, -----	24,170	24,022	148
Wisconsin, -----	56,066	55,256	810
Wyoming, -----	97,914	97,594	320

*Does not include the water surface of the oceans, the Gulf of Mexico, or the Great Lakes, lying within the jurisdiction of the United States.

†Includes population of Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico, but does not include the Philippine Islands, which contain 115,026 square miles, Guam 210 square miles, Samoa 77 square miles and the Panama Canal Zone 436 square miles.

AREA AND POPULATION OF PENNSYLVANIA, BY COUNTIES.

(Compiled from the Report of the Census of 1910.)

Counties.	Land area in square miles, 1910.	Population.		
		1910.	1900.	1890.
Adams,	528	34,319	34,496	33,486
Allegheny,	725	1,018,463	775,058	551,959
Armstrong,	653	67,880	52,551	46,747
Beaver,	429	78,353	56,432	50,077
Bedford,	1,026	38,879	39,468	38,644
Berks,	865	183,222	159,615	137,327
Blair,	534	108,858	85,099	70,866
Bradford,	1,145	54,526	59,403	59,233
Bucks,	608	76,530	71,190	70,615
Butler,	790	72,689	56,962	55,339
Cambria,	717	166,131	104,837	66,375
Cameron,	392	7,644	7,048	7,238
Carbon,	406	52,846	44,510	38,624
Centre,	1,146	43,424	42,894	43,269
Chester,	777	109,213	95,695	89,377
Clarion,	601	36,638	34,283	36,802
Clearfield,	1,142	93,768	80,614	69,565
Clinton,	878	31,545	29,197	28,685
Columbia,	479	48,467	39,896	36,832
Crawford,	1,038	61,565	63,643	65,324
Cumberland,	528	54,479	50,344	47,271
Dauphin,	521	136,152	114,443	96,977
Delaware,	185	117,906	94,762	74,683
Elk,	806	35,871	32,908	22,239
Erie,	781	115,517	98,473	86,074
Fayette,	795	167,449	110,412	80,066
Forest,	423	9,435	11,039	8,482
Franklin,	751	59,775	54,902	51,433
Fulton,	402	9,703	9,924	10,137
Greene,	574	28,882	28,281	28,985
Huntingdon,	918	38,304	34,650	35,751
Indiana,	829	66,210	42,556	42,175
Jefferson,	666	63,090	59,113	44,005
Juniata,	392	15,013	16,054	16,655
Lackawanna,	451	259,570	193,831	142,088
Lancaster,	941	167,029	159,241	149,095
Lawrence,	360	70,033	57,042	37,517
Lebanon,	360	59,565	53,827	48,131
Lehigh,	344	118,832	93,893	76,631
Luzerne,	892	343,186	257,121	201,203
Lycoming,	1,220	80,813	75,663	70,579
McKean,	987	47,868	51,343	46,863
Mercer,	700	77,699	57,387	55,744
Mifflin,	398	27,785	23,160	19,996
Monroe,	623	22,941	21,161	20,111
Montgomery,	484	169,590	138,995	123,290
Montour,	130	14,868	15,526	15,645
Northampton,	372	127,667	99,687	84,220
Northumberland,	454	111,420	90,911	74,693
Perry,	564	24,136	26,263	26,276
Philadelphia,	133	1,549,008	1,293,697	1,046,964
Pike,	544	8,033	8,766	9,412
Potter,	1,071	29,729	30,621	22,778
Schuylkill,	777	207,894	172,927	154,163
Snyder,	311	16,800	17,304	17,651
Somerset,	1,034	67,717	49,461	37,317
Sullivan,	458	11,293	12,134	11,620
Susquehanna,	824	37,746	40,043	40,093
Tioga,	1,142	42,829	49,086	52,313
Union,	305	16,249	17,592	17,820
Venango,	661	56,359	49,613	46,640
Warren,	802	39,573	38,946	37,585
Washington,	862	143,680	92,181	71,155
Wayne,	739	29,236	30,171	31,010
Westmoreland,	1,039	231,304	160,175	112,819
Wysoming,	937	15,509	17,152	15,891
York,	903	136,405	116,413	99,439
Total,	44,832	7,665,111	6,302,115	*5,258,113

*State total includes population (99) of Indian reservations specially enumerated in 1890, not distributed by counties.

POPULATION OF PENNSYLVANIA BY COUNTIES, 1790 TO 1910.

Counties.	1910.	1900.	1890.	1880.	1870.	1860.	1850.	1840.	1830.	1820.	1810.	1800.	1790.
Adams,	34,319	34,496	33,496	32,455	30,315	28,006	25,981	23,044	21,379	19,370	15,152	13,172	
Allegheny,	1,018,463	775,058	551,959	355,869	292,204	178,831	138,290	81,233	50,552	34,921	25,317	15,087	10,309
Armstrong,	67,880	52,551	46,747	47,641	43,382	35,797	29,580	28,365	17,701	10,324	6,143	2,349	
Beaver,	78,353	56,432	50,077	39,605	36,148	29,140	26,689	29,368	24,183	15,340	12,768	5,776	
Bedford,	38,879	30,408	38,644	34,929	29,635	26,736	23,052	29,335	24,502	20,248	15,746	12,039	13,124
Berks,	183,222	159,015	137,327	122,597	106,701	86,818	77,129	64,569	53,152	46,275	43,146	32,407	30,179
Berkshire,	108,858	85,090	70,866	52,740	38,051	27,829	21,777	32,769	19,746	11,554	32,371	27,493	25,401
Bradford,	54,526	59,403	59,233	58,541	53,204	48,734	46,931	48,107	45,745	37,842	7,346	3,516	
Bucks,	76,530	71,190	70,615	68,656	64,336	63,578	62,091	22,378	14,581	10,193	7,246		
Butler,	72,680	56,462	55,329	52,536	36,510	35,504	30,346	22,378	14,581	10,193	7,246		
Cambria,	166,131	104,837	63,375	46,811	36,569	29,155	17,773	11,256	7,076	3,287	2,117		
Cameron,	7,644	7,048	7,238	6,159	4,273								
Carbon,	52,846	44,510	36,654	37,923	35,114	27,033	15,686	21,033	18,879	13,796	10,681	13,609	17,592
Centre,	43,424	42,894	43,269	37,922	34,418	27,000	23,355	20,492	18,879	13,796	10,681	13,609	17,592
Chester,	109,213	96,095	89,377	83,451	77,805	74,578	66,438	57,515	50,910	44,451	39,596	32,093	27,937
Chilton,	36,638	34,233	36,852	40,328	26,537	24,988	23,966	7,831	4,803	2,842	875		
Clearfield,	98,708	80,614	69,565	43,408	25,741	18,759	12,586	7,831	4,803	2,842	875		
Clinton,	81,545	29,197	23,685	26,278	23,211	17,723	11,207	8,823	20,059	17,621			
Columbia,	48,407	39,806	39,832	32,409	28,766	25,065	17,710	24,207	16,030	9,397	6,178	2,346	
Crawford,	61,565	63,643	65,324	68,607	63,852	48,755	37,849	31,724	29,226	23,666	26,757	25,386	18,243
Cumberland,	54,479	50,344	47,271	45,377	43,912	40,098	34,327	30,953	29,226	23,666	26,757	25,386	18,243
Dauphin,	136,152	114,443	96,977	76,148	60,749	46,756	35,754	30,118	25,243	21,633	31,983	22,270	18,177
Delaware,	117,906	94,762	74,683	56,101	39,403	30,597	24,679	19,791	17,823	14,810	14,734	12,809	9,483
Elk,	35,871	32,903	22,239	12,800	8,488	5,915	3,531		17,041	8,553	3,758	1,468	
Erie,	115,517	98,473	86,074	74,088	65,973	49,432	39,112	31,344	27,041	27,285	24,714	20,159	13,325
Fayette,	167,419	110,412	80,066	58,842	43,284	39,905	38,742	33,574	29,172	27,285	24,714	20,159	13,325
Forest,	9,435	11,089	8,482	4,385	4,010	898			35,037	31,892	23,083	19,638	15,655
Franklin,	59,775	54,902	51,433	49,855	45,365	42,126	39,904	37,793	35,037	31,892	23,083	19,638	15,655
Fulton,	9,703	9,924	10,137	10,149	9,390	9,131	7,537						
Greene,	28,882	28,231	28,935	28,273	25,887	24,343	22,136	19,147	18,098	15,554	12,544	8,605	
Huntingdon,	38,304	34,650	35,751	33,954	31,251	28,100	24,786	35,484	27,145	20,142	14,778	13,008	7,565
Indiana,	66,210	42,556	42,175	40,527	36,138	33,687	27,170	20,782	14,252	8,882	6,214		
Jefferson,	63,090	59,113	41,905	27,335	21,656	18,270	13,518	7,253	2,025	561	161		
Juniata,	15,013	16,054	16,665	18,227	17,300	16,986	13,029	11,080					
Lackawanna,	250,570	198,831	142,088	89,269	71,340	116,314	98,944	84,203	76,631	68,336	53,927	43,403	36,147
Lancaster,	167,093	159,341	149,095	139,447	121,840	122,909	121,079	21,872	20,557	16,988			
Lawrence,	70,032	57,032	37,517	33,312	27,298	22,909	21,079	21,872	20,557	16,988			
Lebanon,	53,565	53,827	45,151	38,476	34,096	31,831	26,071						

*Centre and Mifflin reported together and credited to Centre in 1790 and 1800.

POPULATION OF PENNSYLVANIA BY COUNTIES, 1790 to 1910.—Concluded.

Counties.	1910.	1900.	1890.	1880.	1870.	1860.	1850.	1840.	1830.	1820.	1810.	1800.	1790.
Lehigh,	118,832	98,893	76,631	65,969	56,796	43,753	32,479	25,787	22,256	18,895	18,109	12,839	4,904
Luzerne,	343,186	257,121	201,203	133,065	160,015	90,244	56,072	44,096	27,470	20,927	12,839	5,414	
Lycum,	80,813	75,663	57,486	47,025	47,025	37,329	26,357	22,649	17,036	13,517	11,046		
Mechan,	47,868	51,343	46,863	42,566	8,825	37,329	26,357	22,649	17,036	13,517	11,046		
Merritt,	77,039	57,387	55,744	56,161	49,977	36,856	33,172	32,873	19,739	11,681	8,217	3,228	
Millin,	27,785	23,160	19,996	19,577	17,598	16,340	13,960	13,092	21,660	16,618	12,132		
Monroe,	22,941	21,161	20,111	20,175	18,362	16,758	13,270	9,879	39,406	35,793	29,703	24,150	22,925
Montgomery,	169,590	138,995	123,250	96,494	81,612	70,509	58,241	47,241					
Montour,	14,868	15,526	15,645	15,468	15,314	13,053	13,239						
Northampton,	127,697	89,687	84,220	70,312	61,432	47,944	40,235	29,927	18,133	15,424	36,327	27,797	17,161
Northumberland,	111,420	90,911	74,698	53,123	41,444	28,922	23,272	17,996	14,261	11,342			
Perry,	24,136	26,293	26,276	27,522	25,447	22,793	20,688	258,037	188,797	137,697	111,210	81,009	54,391
Philadelphia,	1,549,008	1,293,697	1,046,964	847,170	674,022	505,529	408,782	38,892	4,843	2,894			
Pike,	8,033	8,766	9,412	9,663	8,436	7,155	5,81	3,892	1,295	1,96	29		
Potter,	29,729	30,621	22,778	13,797	11,295	11,470	6,048	3,371	20,744	11,339			
Schuylkill,	207,894	179,927	154,163	129,974	116,428	89,510	60,713	29,053					
Snyder,	16,800	17,304	17,651	17,797	15,096	15,035							
Somerset,	67,717	40,461	37,317	33,110	28,296	26,778	24,416	19,650	17,762	13,974	11,284	10,188	
Susquehanna,	11,293	12,134	11,620	8,073	6,191	5,637	3,694						
Tioga,	37,746	40,043	40,093	40,354	37,523	36,297	28,988	21,195	16,787	9,960			
Town,	42,829	49,026	52,313	45,814	35,097	31,044	23,083	22,787	20,705	18,619	1,687		
Union,	16,249	17,592	17,820	16,905	15,565	14,145	26,083	17,990	9,470	4,915	8,060	1,230	
Venango,	56,359	49,648	46,640	43,670	47,825	25,013	18,310	17,978	9,470	1,976	897		
Warren,	39,573	38,946	37,585	37,681	23,897	13,671	13,671	9,278	4,697	1,976			
Washington,	143,689	92,181	71,155	55,418	48,483	46,805	44,039	41,279	42,784	40,038	36,289	26,298	23,866
Wayne,	231,394	160,175	112,819	78,066	33,188	32,229	27,890	11,848	7,663	4,127	4,195	2,512	
Westmoreland,	17,152	15,891	15,598	14,385	58,719	53,736	51,726	42,689	38,400	30,540	26,392	22,726	16,018
Wyoming,	136,405	116,413	99,489	87,841	76,134	68,200	57,450	47,010	42,859	38,759	31,988	25,643	37,74
The State,	7,665,111	6,302,115	5,258,014	4,282,891	3,521,951	2,906,215	2,311,786	1,724,033	1,348,233	1,049,458	810,091	672,365	434,373

*Centre and Mills reported together and credited to Centre in 1790 and 1800.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA: 1910, 1900 AND 1890.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Abbottstown borough,*	Adams,	332	345	381
Adamsburg borough,	Westmoreland,	300	184	223
Adamstown borough,	Lancaster,	675	597	608
Addison borough,**	Somerset,			
Akron borough,	Lancaster,	719	653	606
Alba borough,	Bradford,	150	154	163
Albion borough,	Erie,	1,534	695	366
Alburtis borough,**	Lehigh,			
Aldan borough,	Delaware,	661	296	
Alexandria borough,	Huntingdon,	432	406	438
Aliquippa borough,	Beaver,	1,743	620	
Allentown city,	Lehigh,	51,913	35,416	25,228
Altoona city,	Blair,	52,127	38,973	30,537
Ambler borough,	Montgomery,	2,649	1,884	1,073
Ambridge borough,	Beaver,	5,205		
Apollo borough,	Armstrong,	3,006	2,924	2,156
Appelwold borough,	Armstrong,	300	122	
Archbald borough,	Lackawanna,	7,194	5,896	4,032
Arendtsville borough,	Adams,	383	393	
Armagh borough,	Indiana,	82	131	162
Arnold borough,	Westmoreland,	1,818	1,426	
Arona borough,	Westmoreland,	683	382	
Ashland borough,	Schuylkill,	6,855	6,438	7,346
Ashley borough,	Luzerne,	5,601	4,046	3,192
Ashville borough,	Cambria,	384	393	289
Aspinwall borough,	Allegheny,	2,592	1,231	
Atglen borough,	Chester,	546	404	397
Athens borough,	Bradford,	3,796	3,749	3,274
Attleboro borough,†	Bucks,	514	377	
Atwood borough,	Armstrong,	191	153	185
Auburn borough,	Schuylkill,	921	845	880
Austin borough,	Potter,	2,941	2,300	1,679
Avalon borough,	Allegheny,	4,317	2,130	804
Avis borough,	Clinton,	796		
Avoca borough,	Luzerne,	4,634	3,487	3,031
Avondale borough,	Chester,	668	640	
Avonmore borough,	Westmoreland,	1,262	630	
Baden borough,	Beaver,	601	427	390
Bally borough,**	Berks,			
Bangor borough,	Northampton,	5,369	4,106	2,509
Barnesboro borough,	Cambria,	3,535	1,482	
Bath borough,	Northampton,	1,057	731	723
Beallsville borough,	Washington,	407	388	360
Bear Lake borough,	Warren,	221	275	313
Beaver borough,	Beaver,	3,456	2,348	1,552
Beaver Falls borough,‡	Beaver,	12,191	10,054	9,735
Beaver Meadow borough,	Carbon,	1,530	1,378	
Beavertown borough,**	Snyder,			
Bechtelsville borough,	Berks,	417	381	
Bedford borough,	Bedford,	2,235	2,167	2,242
Beech Creek borough,	Clinton,	584	449	437
Bellefonte borough,	Centre,	4,145	4,216	3,946
Bellevue borough,	Fayette,	2,372	1,901	1,147
Bellwood borough,	Allegheny,	6,323	3,416	1,418
Ben Avon borough,	Blair,	2,277	1,545	1,146
Ben Avon Heights borough,**	Allegheny,	1,828	859	
Bendersville borough,	Adams,	355	342	370
Benson borough,	Somerset,	387	249	
Bentleyville borough,	Washington,	1,922	613	229
Benton borough,	Columbia,	719	635	
Berlin borough,	Somerset,	1,336	1,030	912
Bernville borough,	Berks,	308	344	365
Berrysburg borough,	Dauphin,	377	398	426
Berwick borough,§	Adams,	332	345	381
Berwick borough,	Columbia,	5,357	3,916	2,701
Bessemer borough,**	Lawrence,			
Bethany borough,	Wayne,	130	130	134
Bethlehem borough,||	{Lehigh,	12,837	7,293	6,762
	{Northampton,			

*Formerly Berwick borough.

**Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

†Name changed to South Langhorne borough since 1910.

‡Incorporated as a city since 1910. Disincorporated as a city in 1915.

§Name changed to Abbottstown borough since 1910.

||Incorporated as a city since 1910.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Biglerville borough,	Adams,	386		
Big Run borough,	Jefferson,	1,032	879	731
Birdsboro borough,	Berks,	2,930	2,264	2,251
Birmingham borough,	Huntingdon,	196	240	225
Blain borough,	Perry,	326	326	249
Blairsville borough,	Indiana,	3,572	3,366	3,126
Blakely borough,	Lackawanna,	5,345	3,915	2,452
Bloomsfield borough,	Perry,	762	772	737
Blooming Valley borough,	Crawford,	150	177	206
Bloomsburg town,	Columbia,	7,413	6,170	4,635
Blossburg borough,	Tioga,	2,303	2,423	2,568
Bolivar borough,	Westmoreland,	518	480	410
Boswell borough,	Somerset,	1,878		
Bowmanstown borough,*	Carbon,			
Boyetown borough,	Berks,	2,433	1,709	1,346
Brackenridge borough,	Allegheny,	8,134		
Braddock borough,	Allegheny,	19,357	15,654	8,561
Bradford city,	McKean,	14,544	15,029	10,514
Bradford Hills borough,*	Allegheny,			
Brentwood borough,*	Allegheny,			
Briar Creek borough,*	Columbia,			
Bridgeport borough,	Montgomery,	3,860	3,097	2,651
Bridgeville borough,	Allegheny,	1,983		
Bridgewater borough,	Beaver,	1,562	1,347	1,177
Brislin borough,	Clearfield,	459	660	1,508
Bristol borough,	Bucks,	9,256	7,104	6,553
Broad Top City borough,	Huntingdon,	478	258	240
Brockwayville borough,	Jefferson,	1,898	1,777	929
Brookville borough,	Jefferson,	3,003	2,472	2,478
Brownstown borough,	Cambria,	1,300		
Brownsville borough,	Fayette,	2,324	1,552	1,417
Bruin borough,	Butler,	539		
Bryn Athyn borough,*	Montgomery,			
Burgettstown borough,	Washington,	1,268	961	929
Burlington borough,	Bradford,	142	179	166
Burnham borough,*	Mifflin,			
Burnside borough,	Clearfield,	493	647	292
Butler borough,†	Butler,	20,728	10,853	8,734
California borough,	Washington,	2,230	2,009	1,024
Callensburg borough,	Clarion,	198	248	241
Callery borough,	Butler,	335		
Cambridge Springs borough,	Crawford,	1,514	1,495	912
Camp Hill borough,	Cumberland,	875	360	191
Canonsburg borough,	Washington,	3,891	2,714	2,113
Canton borough,	Bradford,	1,637	1,525	1,393
Carbondale city,	Lackawanna,	17,040	13,536	10,833
Cardington borough,*	Delaware,			
Carlisle borough,	Cumberland,	10,303	9,626	7,620
Carunchaels borough,	Greene,	478	456	445
Carnegie borough,	Allegheny,	10,009	7,330	
Carrick borough,	Allegheny,	6,117		
Carrolltown borough,	Cambria,	1,348	790	634
Cassandra borough,	Cambria,	306		
Casselman borough,	Somerset,	166	150	
Cassville borough,	Huntingdon,	165	163	185
Catasauqua borough,	Lehigh,	5,250	3,963	3,704
Catawissa borough,	Columbia,	1,930	2,023	1,809
Center Hall borough,	Centre,	500	537	441
Centerport borough,	Berks,	111	141	133
Centerville borough,	Crawford,	264	260	274
Centerville borough,	Washington,	1,413	746	
Central City borough,*	Somerset,			
Centralia borough,	Columbia,	2,429	2,048	2,761
Chalfant borough,*	Allegheny,			
Chalfont borough,	Bucks,	303		
Chambersburg borough,	Franklin,	11,800	8,864	7,863
Chapman borough,	Northampton,	253	319	392
Charleroi borough,	Washington,	9,615	5,930	
Cherrytree borough,	Indiana,	439	312	324
Cherry Valley borough,	Butler,	113		
Chester city,	Delaware,	38,537	33,988	20,226
Chester Hill borough,	Clearfield,	648	710	563
Chest Springs borough,	Cambria,	174	202	255
Cheswick borough,	Allegheny,	317		
Chicoara borough,*	Butler,			
Christiana borough,	Lancaster,	934	823	
Clairton borough,	Allegheny,	3,326		
Clarendon borough,	Warren,	933	1,002	1,297
Clarion borough,	Clarion,	2,612	2,004	2,164
Clarksville borough,	Greene,	208		
Clarks Green borough,*	Lackawanna,			

*Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

†Incorporated as a city since 1910.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Clarks Summit borough,*	Lackawanna,			
Clarksville borough,	Mercer,	216	220	
Claysville borough,	Washington,	1,045	856	1,041
Clearfield borough,	Clearfield,	6,851	5,081	2,248
Clifton Heights borough,	Delaware,	3,155	2,330	1,820
Clintonville borough,	Venango,	835	262	253
Clymer borough,	Indiana,	1,753		
Coal Center borough,	Washington,	816	742	569
Coaldale borough,	Bedford,	311	348	272
Coaldale borough,	Schuylkill,	5,154		
Coalmont borough,	Huntingdon,	228	182	219
Coalport borough,	Clearfield,	876	938	855
Coatesville city,†	Chester,	11,084	5,721	3,680
Cochrannton borough,	Crawford,	695	640	655
Cokeburg borough,†	Washington,	1,302		
Cokeville borough,	Westmoreland,	409	674	664
College Hill borough,	Beaver,	1,787	890	
Collegeville borough,	Montgomery,	621	611	
Collingdale borough,	Delaware,	1,361		
Columbia borough,	Lancaster,	11,454	12,316	10,599
Columbus borough,	Warren,	346	334	292
Colwyn borough,	Delaware,	1,584	1,226	
Conemaugh borough,*	Cambria,			
Confluence borough,	Somerset,	890	871	444
Conneaut Lake borough,	Crawford,	725	343	291
Conneautville borough,	Crawford,	867	920	757
Connellsville city,†	Fayette,	12,545	7,160	5,629
Connoquenessing borough,	Butler,	400	343	
Conshohocken borough,	Montgomery,	7,480	5,762	5,470
Conway borough,	Beaver,	1,483		
Conyngham borough,	Luzerne,	406		
Coopersburg borough,	Lehigh,	683	556	454
Cooperstown borough,	Venango,	181	243	290
Coplay borough,	Lehigh,	2,670	1,581	880
Coraopolis borough,	Allegheny,	5,252	2,555	962
Corry city,	Erie,	5,691	5,369	5,677
Corsica borough,	Jefferson,	301	293	338
Coudersport borough,	Potter,	3,100	3,217	1,580
Courtdale borough,	Luzerne,	548	420	
Covington borough,	Tioga,	340	450	496
Crafton borough,	Allegheny,	4,583	1,927	
Craneville borough,*	Erie,			
Creeside borough,	Indiana,	563		
Cresson borough,	Cambria,	1,470		
Cressona borough,	Schuylkill,	1,837	1,738	1,481
Cross Roads borough,	York,	158	167	
Curtisville borough,	Clarion,	98	131	154
Curwensville borough,	Clearfield,	2,549	1,937	1,664
Daisytown borough,	Cambria,	882	435	
Dale borough,	Cambria,	2,285	1,503	
Dallas borough,	Luzerne,	576	543	415
Dallastown borough,	York,	1,884	1,181	779
Dalton borough,	Lackawanna,	767	681	
Danville borough,	Montour,	7,517	8,042	7,988
Darby borough,	Delaware,	6,305	3,429	2,972
Darlington borough,	Beaver,	311	270	254
Dauphin borough,	Dauphin,	545	566	740
Dawson borough,	Fayette,	848	825	668
Dayton borough,	Armstrong,	809	431	372
Deemston borough,	Washington,	477	428	
Delaware Water Gap borough,	Monroe,	446	469	467
Delmont borough,*	Westmoreland,			
Delta borough,	York,	881	684	565
Denver borough,	Lancaster,	933		
Derry borough,	Westmoreland,	2,954	2,347	1,968
Dickson City borough,	Lackawanna,	9,331	4,948	3,110
Dillsburg borough,	York,	853	732	587
Donegal borough,	Westmoreland,	147	157	163
Donora borough,	Washington,	8,174		
Doremont borough,	Allegheny,	1,115		
Dorranceton borough,	Luzerne,	4,046	2,211	586
Dover borough,	York,	576	439	465
Downingtown borough,	Chester,	3,326	2,133	1,920
Doylestown borough,	Bucks,	3,304	3,034	2,519
Dravosburg borough,	Allegheny,	1,895		
Driftwood borough,	Cameron,	517	509	628
Dublin borough,*	Bucks,			
DuBois city,†	Clearfield,	12,623	9,375	6,149
Duboisstown borough,	Lycoming,	682	650	697
Dudley borough,	Huntingdon,	440	290	281

*Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

†Incorporated as a city since 1910.

‡Disincorporated as a borough in 1917.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Dunbar borough,	Fayette,	1,970	1,662	1,381
Duncannon borough,	Perry,	1,474	1,661	1,074
Duncansville borough,	Blair,	1,263	1,512	1,277
Dundafl borough,	Susquehanna,	150	159	157
Dunlevy borough,*	Washington,			
Dunmore borough,	Lackawanna,	17,615	12,583	8,315
DuPont borough,*	Luzerne,			
Duquesne borough,†	Allegheny,	15,727	9,036	
Duryea borough,	Luzerne,	7,487	5,541	2,904
Dushore borough,	Sullivan,	813	884	783
Eagles Mere borough,	Sullivan,	184	312	
East Bangor borough,	Northampton,	1,186	983	804
East Berlin borough,	Adams,	672	668	595
East Brady borough,	Clarion,	1,493	1,233	1,228
East Conemaugh borough,	Cambria,	5,046	2,175	1,158
East Greenville borough,	Montgomery,	1,235	894	539
East Lansdowne borough,*	Delaware,			
East McKeesport borough,	Allegheny,	2,118	873	
East Mauch Chunk borough,	Carbon,	3,548	3,458	2,772
Easton city,	Northampton,	28,523	25,238	14,481
East Pittsburgh borough,	Allegheny,	5,615	2,883	
East Prospect borough,	York,	316	292	261
East Rochester borough,	Beaver,	718		
East Side borough,	Carbon,	220	210	
East Springfield borough,	Erie,	348	324	
East Stroudsburg borough,	Monroe,	3,330	2,648	1,819
Eastvale borough,	Beaver,	322	256	
East Vandergrift borough,	Westmoreland,	1,852		
East Washington borough,	Washington,	1,300	1,051	
East Waynesburg borough,	Greene,	906		
Eau Claire borough,	Butler,	347		
Ebensburg borough,	Cambria,	1,978	1,574	1,202
Eddystone borough,	Delaware,	1,167	776	
Edenburg borough,	Clarion,	616	704	751
Edgewood borough,	Allegheny,	2,596	1,139	616
Edgeworth borough,	Allegheny,	1,229		
Edinboro borough,	Erie,	666	691	1,107
Edwardsville borough,	Luzerne,	8,407	5,165	3,284
Elco borough,	Washington,	944	850	
Elderton borough,	Armstrong,	285	293	243
Eldred borough,	McKean,	1,235	963	1,050
Elgin borough,	Erie,	148	138	169
Elizabeth borough,	Allegheny,	2,311	1,866	1,804
Elizabethtown borough,	Lancaster,	2,587	1,473	1,218
Elizabethville borough,	Dauphin,	1,039	838	676
Elkland borough,	Tioga,	1,175	1,109	1,006
Ellenton borough,*	Lycoming,			
Ellsworth borough,	Washington,	2,084		
Ellwood City borough,	Lawrence,	3,902	2,243	
Elmhurst borough,	Lackawanna,	379	444	443
Elverson borough,*	Chester,			
Emaus borough,	Lehigh,	3,501	1,468	883
Embleton borough,	Wenango,	1,110	1,190	1,126
Emporium borough,	Cameron,	2,916	2,463	2,147
Emsworth borough,	Allegheny,	1,510	958	
Enon Valley borough,	Lawrence,	354	395	
Ephrata borough,	Lancaster,	3,192	2,451	
Erie city,	Erie,	66,525	52,733	40,634
Etna borough,	Allegheny,	5,830	5,384	3,767
Evansburg borough,	Butler,	1,339	1,203	637
Everett borough,	Bedford,	1,725	1,864	1,679
Everson borough,	Fayette,	1,759		
Exeter borough,	Luzerne,	3,537	1,948	790
Export borough,*	Westmoreland,			
Factoryville borough,	Wyoming,	759	659	577
Fairchance borough,	Fayette,	1,760	1,219	1,092
Fairfield borough,	Adams,	373	395	
Fairview borough,	Butler,	167	235	303
Fairview borough,	Erie,	349	327	305
Fall Brook borough,‡	Tioga,	172		
Falls Creek borough,	Jefferson,	1,204		
Fallston borough,	Beaver,	555	549	541
Farrell borough,	Mercer,	10,190		
Fawn Grove borough,	York,	240	202	199
Fayette City borough,	Fayette,	2,005	1,595	931
Felton borough,	York,	241	226	
Ferdale borough,	Cambria,	514	224	

*Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

†Incorporated as a city since 1910.

‡Disincorporated as a borough since 1910.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Finleyville borough, -----	Washington, -----	644	447	-----
Fleetwood borough, -----	Berks, -----	1,304	978	878
Flemington borough, -----	Clinton, -----	1,022	864	912
Ford City borough, -----	Armstrong, -----	4,850	2,870	1,256
Forest City borough, -----	Susquehanna, -----	5,749	4,279	2,319
Forksville borough, -----	Sullivan, -----	109	152	191
Forty Fort borough, -----	Luzerne, -----	6,197	5,254	1,730
Fountain Hill borough, -----	Lehigh, -----	1,388	1,214	-----
Frackville borough, -----	Schuylkill, -----	3,118	2,594	2,520
Frankfort Springs borough, -----	Beaver, -----	144	128	180
Franklin borough, -----	Cambria, -----	3,504	2,759	2,392
Franklin city, -----	Venango, -----	9,767	7,317	6,221
Franklintown borough, -----	York, -----	216	250	232
Fredonia borough, -----	Mercer, -----	443	437	429
Freedom borough, -----	Beaver, -----	3,060	1,783	704
Freeland borough, -----	Luzerne, -----	6,197	5,254	1,730
Freemansburg borough, -----	Northampton, -----	867	596	615
Freeport borough, -----	Armstrong, -----	2,248	1,754	1,637
Friendsville borough, -----	Susquehanna, -----	103	110	139
Galeton borough, -----	Potter, -----	4,027	2,415	-----
Gallitzin borough, -----	Cambria, -----	3,504	2,759	2,392
Garrett borough, -----	Somerset, -----	848	488	-----
Gaysport borough, -----	Blair, -----	917	809	867
Geneva borough, -----	Crawford, -----	236	215	293
Georgetown borough, -----	Beaver, -----	269	271	274
Gettysburg borough, -----	Adams, -----	4,030	3,495	3,221
Gilberton borough, -----	Schuylkill, -----	5,431	4,373	3,687
Girard borough, -----	Erie, -----	1,165	954	626
Girardville borough, -----	Schuylkill, -----	4,396	3,666	3,584
Glasgow borough, -----	Beaver, -----	203	172	218
Glassport borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	5,540	-----	-----
Glenburn borough, -----	Lackawanna, -----	319	307	290
Glen Campbell borough, -----	Indiana, -----	1,099	1,628	-----
Glendon borough, -----	Northampton, -----	823	704	907
Glenfield borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	934	935	718
Glen Hope borough, -----	Clearfield, -----	237	220	286
Glenolden borough, -----	Delaware, -----	1,157	873	-----
Glen Rock borough, -----	York, -----	1,263	1,117	687
Goldsboro borough, -----	York, -----	434	385	345
Gordon borough, -----	Schuylkill, -----	1,185	1,165	1,194
Gouldsboro borough, -----	Lackawanna, -----	84	93	141
Grampian borough, -----	Clearfield, -----	666	690	219
Grand Valley borough, -----	Warren, -----	290	388	-----
Gratz borough, -----	Dauphin, -----	536	489	490
Graysville borough,* -----	Greene, -----	-----	-----	-----
Great Bend borough, -----	Susquehanna, -----	788	536	1,002
Greencastle borough, -----	Franklin, -----	1,919	1,463	1,525
Greenlane borough, -----	Montgomery, -----	372	272	237
Greensboro borough, -----	Greene, -----	442	399	427
Greensburg borough, -----	Westmoreland, -----	13,012	6,508	4,202
Greentree borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	1,143	678	685
Greenville borough, -----	Mercer, -----	5,909	4,814	3,674
Grove City borough, -----	Mercer, -----	3,674	1,599	1,160
Halifax borough, -----	Dauphin, -----	745	618	515
Hallam borough, -----	York, -----	472	-----	-----
Hallstead borough, -----	Susquehanna, -----	1,538	1,404	1,167
Hamburg borough, -----	Berks, -----	2,301	2,315	2,127
Hanover borough, -----	York, -----	7,057	5,302	3,746
Harmony borough, -----	Butler, -----	673	645	585
Harrisburg city, -----	Dauphin, -----	64,186	50,167	39,385
Harrisville borough, -----	Butler, -----	352	319	-----
Hartleton borough, -----	Union, -----	160	237	261
Hartstown borough,† -----	Crawford, -----	135	186	160
Hastings borough, -----	Cambria, -----	2,125	1,621	1,070
Hatboro borough, -----	Montgomery, -----	963	823	781
Hatfield borough, -----	Montgomery, -----	705	528	-----
Hawley borough, -----	Wayne, -----	2,018	1,925	1,968
Hawthorne borough, -----	Clarion, -----	569	559	376
Hays borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	1,888	-----	-----
Haysville borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	166	-----	-----
Hazel Dell borough,† -----	Lawrence, -----	1,168	-----	-----
Hazleton city, -----	Luzerne, -----	25,452	14,230	11,872
Heidelberg borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	1,848	-----	-----
Hellertown borough, -----	Northampton, -----	915	745	708
Herndon borough, -----	Northumberland, -----	620	-----	-----
Highspire borough, -----	Dauphin, -----	1,669	-----	-----
Holidaysburg borough, -----	Blair, -----	3,734	2,998	2,975
Homer City borough, -----	Indiana, -----	985	570	505
Homestead borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	18,713	12,554	7,911

*Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

†Disincorporated as a borough since 1910.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Homewood borough,*	Beaver,			
Honesdale borough,	Wayne,	2,945	2,864	2,816
Honeybrook borough,	Chester,	581	609	514
Hookstown borough,	Beaver,	250	259	297
Hooversville borough,	Somerset,	990	465	
Hopbottom borough,	Susquehanna,	364	326	299
Hopewell borough,	Bedford,	590	482	
Hopewell borough,†	Chester,	136	182	213
Houston borough,	Washington,	793		
Houtzdale borough,	Clearfield,	1,434	1,482	2,231
Howard borough,	Centre,	667	563	554
Hughestown borough,	Luzerne,	2,024	1,548	1,454
Hughesville borough,	Lycoming,	1,650	1,528	1,358
Hulmeville borough,	Bucks,	468	454	418
Hummelstown borough,	Dauphin,	2,128	1,729	1,486
Huntingdon borough,	Huntingdon,	6,861	6,053	5,729
Hyde Park borough,	Westmoreland,	315	312	
Hydetown borough,	Crawford,	413	337	247
Hyndman borough,	Bedford,	1,164	1,242	1,056
Independent borough,*	Lebanon,			
Indiana borough,	Indiana,	5,749	4,142	1,963
Ingram borough,	Allegheny,	2,037		
Irvona borough,	Clearfield,	800	723	
Irwin borough,	Westmoreland,	2,886	2,452	2,428
Ivyland borough,	Bucks,	247		
Jackson Center borough,	Mercer,	269	276	232
Jacksonville borough,	Indiana,	87	82	83
Jamestown borough,	Mercer,	822	834	822
Jeannette borough,	Westmoreland,	8,077	5,865	3,296
Jeddo borough,	Luzerne,	377	1,632	358
Jefferson borough,	Greene,	357	311	827
Jefferson borough,	York,	347	374	374
Jenkintown borough,	Montgomery,	2,968	2,091	1,609
Jennertown borough,	Somerset,	109	96	95
Jermyn borough,	Lackawanna,	3,158	2,567	2,650
Jersey Shore borough,	Lycoming,	5,381	3,070	1,853
Johnetta borough,	Armstrong,	662		
Johnsontown borough,	Elk,	4,334	3,894	1,280
Johnstown city,	Cambria,	55,482	35,936	21,805
Jonestown borough,	Lebanon,	603	571	643
Juniata borough,	Blair,	5,285	1,709	
Kane borough,	McKean,	6,626	5,296	2,944
Karns City borough,	Butler,	283	265	427
Kennett Square borough,	Chester,	2,049	1,516	1,326
Kingston borough,	Luzerne,	6,449	3,846	2,381
Kittanning borough,	Armstrong,	4,311	3,902	3,095
Knoxville borough,	Allegheny,	5,651	3,511	1,723
Knoxville borough,	Tioga,	840	832	679
Koppel borough,*	Beaver,			
Kulpmont borough,*	Northumberland,			
Kutztown borough,	Berks,	2,360	1,328	1,595
Laceyville borough,	Wyoming,	479		
Lafin borough,	Luzerne,	528	254	231
Lancaster city,	Lancaster,	47,227	41,459	32,011
Landingville borough,	Schuylkill,	268	244	316
Landisburg borough,	Perry,	252	300	318
Lanesboro borough,	Susquehanna,	771	821	876
Langhorne borough,	Bucks,	895	801	727
Langhorne Manor borough,	Bucks,	170	222	
Lansdale borough,	Montgomery,	3,551	2,754	1,858
Lansdowne borough,	Delaware,	4,066	2,630	875
Lansford borough,	Carbon,	8,321	4,888	4,004
Laplume borough,	Lackawanna,	258	274	253
Laporte borough,	Sullivan,	245	442	375
Larksville borough,	Luzerne,	9,288		
Latrobe borough,	Westmoreland,	8,777	4,614	3,589
Laurel Run borough,	Luzerne,	700	696	606
Lawrenceville borough,	Tioga,	549	486	441
Lebanon city,	Lebanon,	19,240	17,628	14,664
Lebanon Independent borough,*	Lebanon,			
Leechburg borough,	Armstrong,	3,624	2,458	1,921
Leetsdale borough,	Allegheny,	1,904		
Leighton borough,	Carbon,	5,316	4,625	2,959
Lemoine borough,	Cumberland,	1,393		
Lenhartsville borough,	Berks,	153	144	182
LeRaysville borough,	Bradford,	326	377	374
Lewisberry borough,	York,	233	225	170
Lewisburg borough,	Union,	3,081	3,457	3,248
Lewis Run borough,*	McKean,			
Lewistown borough,	Mifflin,	8,166	4,451	3,273

*Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

†Disincorporated as a borough since 1910.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Lewisville borough.	Potter.	579	619	459
Liberty borough.*	Allegheny.			
Liberty borough.	Tioga.	253	263	
Ligonier borough.	Westmoreland.	1,575	1,259	782
Lilly borough.	Cambria.	1,638	1,276	915
Linesville borough.	Crawford.	833	661	552
Lititz borough.	Lancaster.	2,082	1,637	1,494
Little Meadows borough.	Susquehanna.	156	213	223
Littlestown borough.	Adams.	1,847	1,118	991
Livermore borough.	Westmoreland.	124	175	211
Liverpool borough.	Perry.	596	653	621
Lock Haven city.	Clinton.	7,772	7,210	7,358
Loganton borough.	Clinton.	375	432	385
Loganville borough.	York.	298	343	296
Long branch borough.	Washington.	273	273	
Loralin borough.*	Cambria.			
Loretto borough.	Cambria.	246	240	236
Lumber City borough.	Clearfield.	363	224	266
Luzerne borough.	Luzerne.	5,426	3,817	2,398
Lykens borough.	Dauphin.	2,943	2,762	2,450
McAdoo borough.	Schuylkill.	3,389	2,122	
McConnellsburg borough.	Fulton.	579	576	594
McDonald borough.	Washington.	2,543	2,475	1,698
McEwensville borough.	Northumberland.	209	208	262
McKeesport city.	Allegheny.	42,694	34,227	20,741
McKees Rocks borough.	Allegheny.	14,702	6,352	1,687
McMahan borough.†	Westmoreland.	813		
McSherrystown borough.	Adams.	1,724	1,490	1,020
McVeytown borough.	Mifflin.	514	520	599
Macungie borough.	Lehigh.	772	692	644
Madison borough.	Westmoreland.	421	464	201
Mahaffey borough.	Clearfield.	754	741	627
Mahanoy City borough.	Schuylkill.	15,936	13,504	11,286
Malvern borough.	Chester.	1,125	975	641
Manchester borough.	York.	547	507	513
Manheim borough.	Lancaster.	2,202	2,019	2,070
Manns Choice borough.	Bedford.	841	312	363
Manor borough.	Westmoreland.	1,039	684	578
Manorville borough.	Armstrong.	545	453	392
Mansfield borough.	Tioga.	1,645	1,847	1,762
Mapleton borough.	Huntingdon.	752	612	715
Marcus Hook borough.	Delaware.	1,573	1,209	
Marianna borough.	Washington.	1,363		
Marietta borough.	Lancaster.	2,079	2,469	2,402
Marion Center borough.	Indiana.	366	294	367
Marion Heights borough.	Northumberland.	1,362		
Marklesburg borough.	Huntingdon.	211	260	279
Markleysburg borough.	Fayette.	227	210	
Mars borough.	Butler.	1,215	777	
Martinsburg borough.	Blair.	920	590	588
Marysville borough.	Perry.	1,693	1,463	1,115
Masontown borough.	Fayette.	890	466	391
Matamoras borough.	Pike.	1,388		
Mauch Chunk borough.	Carbon.	3,952	4,029	4,101
Mayfield borough.	Lackawanna.	3,662	2,300	1,695
Meadville city.	Crawford.	12,780	10,291	9,520
Mechanicsburg borough.	Cumberland.	4,469	3,841	3,691
Mechanicsburg borough.†	Indiana.	159	161	198
Mechanicsville borough.*	Schuylkill.			
Media borough.	Delaware.	3,562	3,075	2,736
Mercer borough.	Mercer.	2,026	1,804	2,182
Mercersburg borough.	Franklin.	1,410	966	967
Meshoppen borough.	Wyoming.	630	609	597
Meyersdale borough.	Somerset.	3,741	3,024	1,847
Middleboro borough.	Erie.	207	207	195
Middleburg borough.	Snyder.	531	513	420
Middleport borough.	Schuylkill.	1,100	540	381
Middletown borough.	Dauphin.	5,374	5,608	5,080
Midland borough.	Beaver.	1,244		
Midway borough.	Washington.	941		
Mifflin borough.§	Juniata.	885	817	826
Mifflinburg borough.	Union.	1,559	1,436	1,417
Mifflintown borough.	Juniata.	954	953	877
Milesburg borough.	Centre.	531	594	714
Millford borough.	Pike.	872	884	793
Millbourne borough.	Delaware.	322		
Mill Creek borough.	Huntingdon.	308		
Millersburg borough.	Dauphin.	2,394	1,675	1,527
Millerstown borough.	Butler.	993	960	1,162

*Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

†Annexed to Monessen borough since 1910.

‡Disincorporated as a borough since 1910.

§Prior to April 24, 1911, known as Patterson borough.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Millerstown borough,	Perry,	549	555	594
Mill Hall borough,	Clinton,	1,043	1,010	503
Millheim borough,	Centre,	626	612	700
Millvale borough,	Allegheny,	7,861	6,736	3,809
Mill Village borough,	Erie,	290	321	320
Millville borough,	Columbia,	611	593	
Milton borough,	Northumberland,	7,460	6,175	5,317
Miners Mills borough,	Luzerne,	3,159	2,224	2,075
Minersville borough,	Schuylkill,	7,240	4,815	3,504
Mohnton borough,	Berks,	1,536		
Monaca borough,	Beaver,	3,376	2,008	1,494
Monessen borough,	Westmoreland,	11,775	2,197	
Monongahela city,	Washington,	7,598	5,173	4,096
Monroe borough,	Bradford,	403	385	496
Mont Alto borough,*				
Montgomery borough,	Lycoming,	1,499	1,063	777
Montoursville borough,	Lycoming,	1,904	1,665	1,278
Montrose borough,	Susquehanna,	1,914	1,827	1,735
Moosic borough,	Lackawanna,	3,964	1,227	
Morrisville borough,	Bucks,	2,002	1,371	1,203
Morton borough,	Delaware,	1,071	889	821
Moscow borough,	Lackawanna,	650		
Mount Carbon borough,	Schuylkill,	335	252	333
Mount Carmel borough,	Northumberland,	17,532	13,179	8,254
Mount Holly Springs borough,	Cumberland,	1,272	1,328	1,190
Mount Jewett borough,	Mechan,	1,771	1,563	
Mount Joy borough,	Lancaster,	2,166	2,018	1,843
Mount Morris borough,	Greene,	382	345	
Mount Oliver borough,	Allegheny,	4,241	2,295	
Mount Penn borough,	Berks,	785		
Mount Pleasant borough,	Westmoreland,	5,812	4,745	3,652
Mount Union borough,	Huntingdon,	3,338	1,086	810
Mountville borough,	Lancaster,	803		
Mount Wolf borough,*				
Muncy borough,	Lycoming,	1,904	1,934	1,295
Munhall borough,		5,185		
Myerstown borough,*	Lebanon,			
Nanticoke borough,	Lycoming,	18,877	12,116	10,044
Nanty Glo borough,*	Cambria,			
Narberth borough,	Montgomery,	1,790	847	
Nazareth borough,	Northampton,	3,978	2,304	1,313
Nelson borough,†	Tioga,	448	542	540
Nescopeck borough,	Luzerne,	1,578	1,100	698
New Albany borough,	Bradford,	413	425	287
New Alexandria borough,	Westmoreland,	505	364	338
New Baltimore borough,	Somerset,	177	201	185
New Berlin borough,	Union,	527	616	617
New Bethlehem borough,	Clarion,	1,625	1,269	1,026
New Brighton borough,	Beaver,	8,329	6,820	5,618
New Buffalo borough,	Perry,	135	171	220
Newburg borough,	Clearfield,	274	314	354
Newburg borough,	Cumberland,	264	340	376
New Castle city,	Lawrence,	36,280	28,339	11,600
New Centerville borough,	Somerset,	106	105	104
New Columbus borough,	Luzerne,	175	202	214
New Cumberland borough,	Cumberland,	1,472	1,035	754
New Eagle borough,*	Washington,			
New Florence borough,	Westmoreland,	717	800	683
New Freedom borough,	York,	726	550	364
New Freeport borough,*	Greene,			
New Galilee borough,	Beaver,	453	327	320
New Holland borough,	Lancaster,	1,106	902	1,060
New Hope borough,	Bucks,	1,083	1,218	1,142
New Kensington borough,	Westmoreland,	7,707	4,665	
New Lebanon borough,	Mercer,	164	185	263
New Milford borough,	Susquehanna,	654	715	763
New Oxford borough,	Adams,	838	663	585
New Paris borough,	Bedford,	194	205	196
New Philadelphia borough,	Schuylkill,	2,512	1,326	562
Newport borough,	Perry,	2,009	1,734	1,417
New Ringgold borough,	Schuylkill,	266	228	240
Newry borough,	Blair,	380	350	335
New Salem borough,	Westmoreland,	424	381	311
New Salem borough,	York,	248	211	231
Newton Hamilton borough,	Mifflin,	340	384	333
Newtown borough,	Bucks,	1,675	1,463	1,213
Newville borough,	Cumberland,	1,449	1,655	1,562
New Washington borough,	Clearfield,	174	213	179
New Wilmington borough,	Lawrence,	758	791	684

*Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

†Disincorporated as a borough in August, 1913.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Nicholson borough.	Wyoming,	852	893	734
Norristown borough.	Montgomery,	27,875	22,265	19,791
Northampton borough.	Northampton,	8,729		
Northampton Heights borough.	Northampton,	1,037		
North Belvernon borough.	Westmoreland,	1,522	810	435
North Braddock borough.	Allegheny,	11,824	6,535	
North Catasauqua borough.*	Northampton,	2,030		
North Charleoi borough.	Washington,	1,008	425	
North Clairton borough.†	Allegheny,			
North East borough.	Erie,	2,672	2,068	1,538
North Irwin borough.	Westmoreland,	646	403	
Northumberland borough.	Northumberland,	3,517	2,748	2,744
North Wales borough.	Montgomery,	1,710	1,287	1,060
North York borough.	York,	1,902	1,185	
Norwood borough.	Delaware,	1,668	1,286	
Nuargola borough.	Luzerne,	124		
Oakdale borough.	Allegheny,	1,353	1,147	
Oakurst borough.†	Cambria,			
Oakland borough.	Susquehanna,	915	1,003	955
Oakmont borough.	Allegheny,	3,436	2,323	1,678
Ohioyle borough.	Fayette,	535	423	
Oil City.	Venango,	15,657	13,264	10,932
Old Forge borough.	Lackawanna,	11,324	5,630	
Olyphant borough.	Lackawanna,	8,505	6,180	4,083
Orangeville borough.	Columbia,	399	439	
Ortisonia borough.	Huntingdon,	618	653	963
Orrstown borough.	Franklin,	247	245	262
Orwigsburg borough.	Schuylkill,	1,801	1,518	1,290
Osborne borough.	Allegheny,	425	362	221
Osecola borough.	Clearfield,	2,437	2,030	1,730
Osecola borough.	Pioga,	591	693	838
Oswayo borough.	Potter,	382		
Oxford borough.	Chester,	2,390	2,032	1,711
Paint borough.	Somerset,	999		
Palmerton borough.†	Carbon,			
Palmyra borough.†	Lebanon,			
Palo Alto borough.	Schuylkill,	1,873	1,707	1,424
Parkers City borough.	Armstrong,	1,244	1,070	1,317
Parkeburg borough.	Chester,	2,522	1,788	1,514
Parkside borough.*	Delaware,			
Parnassus borough.	Westmoreland,	2,578	1,791	516
Parryville borough.	Carbon,	590	723	605
Parsons borough.	Luzerne,	4,338	2,520	2,412
Patterson borough.†	Juniata,	885	817	826
Patterson Heights borough.	Beaver,	367	272	
Patton borough.	Cambria,	3,907	2,651	
Paxtang borough.†	Dauphin,			
Pen Argyl borough.	Northampton,	3,967	2,784	2,108
Penbrook borough.	Dauphin,	1,462	864	
Penn borough.	Westmoreland,	1,048	763	931
Pennsburg borough.	Montgomery,	1,141	1,032	627
Perkasie borough.	Bucks,	2,779	1,803	458
Petersburg borough.	Huntingdon,	705	751	555
Petrolia borough.	Butler,	360	350	546
Philadelphia city.	Philadelphia,	1,549,008	1,293,697	1,046,964
Philipsburg borough.	Centre,	3,585	3,266	3,245
Phoenixville borough.	Chester,	10,743	9,196	8,514
Picture Rocks borough.	Lycoming,	576	614	510
Pine Grove borough.	Schuylkill,	1,352	1,084	1,103
Pitcairn borough.	Allegheny,	4,975	2,601	
Pittsburgh city.	Allegheny,	533,905	451,512	343,904
Pittston city.	Luzerne,	16,267	12,556	10,302
Platea borough.	Erie,	220	225	240
Pleasantville borough.	Bedford,	191	218	257
Pleasantville borough.	Venango,	702	671	928
Plumville borough.	Indiana,	414		
Plymouth borough.	Luzerne,	16,996	13,649	9,344
Point Marion borough.	Fayette,	1,389	575	
Polk borough.	Venango,	2,066	1,037	
Portage borough.	Cambria,	2,954	816	564
Port Allegany borough.	McKean,	1,972	1,853	1,230
Port Carbon borough.	Schuylkill,	2,678	2,168	1,676
Port Clinton borough.	Schuylkill,	491	478	606
Portersville borough.	Butler,	170	196	190
Portland borough.	Northampton,	649	490	676
Port Royal borough.	Juniata,	535	546	519
Port Vue borough.	Allegheny,	1,973	1,803	
Pottstown borough.	Montgomery,	15,599	13,696	13,285

*Annexed to Catasauqua borough since 1910.

†Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

‡Name changed to Mifflin borough on April 24, 1911.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Pottsville city,*	Schuylkill,	20,236	15,710	14,117
Pringle borough,†	Luzerne,	263	258	269
Prompton borough,	Wayne,	346	361	343
Prospect borough,	Butler,	1,655	1,050	—
Prospect Park borough,	Delaware,	9,058	6,746	4,194
Punxsutawney borough,	Jefferson,	3,801	3,014	2,169
Quakertown borough,	Bucks,	739	565	—
Quarryville borough,	Lancaster,	72	69	123
Queenstown borough,†	Armstrong,	308	213	201
Railroad borough,	York,	203	219	247
Rainsburg borough,	Bedford,	1,045	866	—
Ramey borough,	Clearfield,	6,042	3,775	—
Rankin borough,	Allegheny,	96,071	78,961	58,661
Reading city,	Berks,	664	—	—
Red Hill borough,	Montgomery,	2,092	1,337	524
Red Lion borough,	York,	4,621	4,082	4,154
Renovo borough,	Clinton,	3,189	3,435	2,789
Reynoldsville borough,	Jefferson,	671	—	—
Rices Landing borough,	Greene,	121	207	245
Riceville borough,	Crawford,	722	—	—
Richland borough,	Lebanon,	562	285	—
Richlandtown borough,	Bucks,	5,408	3,515	1,903
Ridgway borough,	Elk,	1,761	1,234	—
Ridley Park borough,	Delaware,	855	487	360
Riegelsville borough,†	Bucks,	723	—	—
Rimersburg borough,	Clarion,	429	418	894
Ringtown borough,	Schuylkill,	1,903	1,344	920
Riverside borough,	Northumberland,	—	—	—
Roaring Spring borough,	Blair,	—	—	—
Robesonia borough,†	Berks,	5,903	4,688	3,649
Rochester borough,	Beaver,	504	495	657
Rockhill borough,	Huntingdon,	879	512	—
Rockledge borough,	Montgomery,	1,300	685	553
Rockwood borough,	Somerset,	222	233	226
Rome borough,	Bradford,	1,450	1,354	—
Roscoe borough,	Washington,	419	386	—
Rosedale borough,	Cambria,	—	—	—
Roseto borough,†	Northampton,	—	—	—
Roseville borough,†	Tioga,	—	—	—
Rosslyn Farms borough,†	Allegheny,	648	516	—
Rouseville borough,	Venango,	1,033	1,106	—
Royalton borough,	Dauphin,	3,073	2,607	1,815
Royersford borough,	Montgomery,	763	—	—
Rural Valley borough,	Armstrong,	523	369	269
Rutledge borough,	Delaware,	712	607	745
Saegerstown borough,	Crawford,	5,640	—	—
St. Clair borough,	Allegheny,	6,455	4,638	3,680
St. Clair borough,	Schuylkill,	101	102	134
St. Clairsville borough,	Bedford,	6,346	4,295	1,745
St. Marys borough,	Elk,	453	482	655
St. Petersburg borough,	Clarion,	885	980	689
Salisbury borough,	Somerset,	280	261	374
Salladasburg borough,	Lycoming,	410	377	254
Saltville borough,	Huntingdon,	1,044	828	1,088
Saltsburg borough,	Indiana,	639	632	721
Sandy Lake borough,	Mercer,	687	—	—
Sankertown borough,	Cambria,	345	307	258
Saxonburg borough,	Butler,	1,195	937	712
Saxton borough,	Bedford,	6,426	5,243	—
Sayre borough,	Bradford,	1,424	450	—
Scalp Level borough,	Cambria,	314	312	281
Schellsburg borough,	Bedford,	4,747	3,654	3,088
Schuylkill Haven borough,	Schuylkill,	381	—	—
Schwenkville borough,	Montgomery,	5,456	4,261	2,693
Scottdale borough,	Westmoreland,	129,867	102,026	75,215
Seranton city,	Lackawanna,	1,473	1,326	1,315
Sellinsgrove borough,	Snyder,	1,572	1,247	794
Sellersville borough,	Bucks,	365	428	—
Seven Valleys borough,	York,	548	—	—
Seward borough,	Westmoreland,	4,479	3,568	2,774
Sewickley borough,	Allegheny,	143	138	209
Shade Gap borough,	Huntingdon,	19,588	18,202	14,403
Shamokin borough,	Northumberland,	—	—	—
Shanksville borough,†	Somerset,	—	—	—
Sharon borough,§	Mercer,	15,270	8,916	7,459
Sharon Hill borough,	Mercer,	1,401	1,058	—
Sharpsburg borough,	Delaware,	8,153	6,842	4,898
Sharpville borough,	Allegheny,	3,634	2,970	2,330
Sheakleyville borough,	Mercer,	126	164	191

*Incorporated as a city since 1910.

†Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

‡Disincorporated as a borough since 1910.

§Incorporated as a third class city since 1910.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Shelocta borough, -----	Indiana, -----	117	92	82
Shenandoah borough, -----	Schuylkill, -----	25,774	20,321	15,944
Shickelbinny borough, -----	Luzerne, -----	1,917	1,456	1,448
Shillington borough, -----	Berks, -----	1,427	-----	-----
Shingle House borough, -----	Potter, -----	1,598	-----	-----
Shippensburg borough, -----	Cumberland, -----	3,457	3,228	2,188
Shippensburg borough, -----	Clarion, -----	378	313	336
Shippensburg borough, -----	Beaver, -----	-----	-----	-----
Shippensburg borough, -----	Cumberland, -----	545	504	432
Shiremanstown borough, -----	Huntingdon, -----	250	230	325
Shirleysburg borough, -----	York, -----	500	554	562
Shrewsbury borough, -----	Bucks, -----	232	255	-----
Silverdale borough, -----	Berks, -----	-----	-----	-----
Sinking Spring borough, *	Venango, -----	1,616	783	833
Sively borough, **	Bedford, -----	-----	-----	-----
Six Mile Run borough, *	Lehigh, -----	4,454	3,773	2,716
Slatington borough, -----	Clarion, -----	754	505	495
Sligo borough, -----	Butler, -----	870	993	448
Slippery Rock borough, -----	McKean, -----	1,817	1,704	1,150
Smethport borough, -----	Indiana, -----	230	237	229
Smicksburg borough, -----	Fayette, -----	749	525	-----
Smithfield borough, -----	Westmoreland, -----	784	-----	-----
Smithton borough, -----	Centre, -----	643	-----	-----
Snow Shoe borough, -----	Northumberland, -----	288	276	242
Snydertown borough, -----	Somerset, -----	180	178	-----
Somerfield borough, -----	Somerset, -----	2,612	1,834	1,713
Somerset borough, -----	Montgomery, -----	1,875	1,077	679
Souderton borough, -----	Lehigh, -----	1,814	-----	-----
South Allentown borough, -----	Armstrong, -----	439	183	111
South Bethlehem borough, -----	Northampton, -----	19,973	13,241	10,302
South Bethlehem borough, †	Fayette, -----	3,943	1,805	1,080
South Brownsville borough, -----	Washington, -----	1,697	610	-----
South Canonsburg borough, ‡	Fayette, -----	-----	-----	-----
South Connellsville borough, *	Cambria, -----	4,592	2,635	1,295
South Fork borough, -----	Westmoreland, -----	1,748	700	-----
South Greensburg borough, -----	Beaver, -----	365	-----	-----
South Heights borough, -----	Bucks, -----	514	377	-----
South Langhorne borough, §	Lawrence, -----	551	-----	-----
South New Castle borough, -----	Centre, -----	434	497	-----
South Phillipsburg borough, -----	Clinton, -----	805	425	135
South Renovo borough, -----	Mercer, -----	10,190	-----	-----
South Sharon borough, ¶	Bradford, -----	1,084	1,215	1,082
South Waverly borough, -----	Westmoreland, -----	2,127	831	-----
Southwest Greensburg borough, -----	Lycoming, -----	3,734	3,328	2,900
South-Williamsport borough, -----	Cambria, -----	2,700	1,616	-----
Spangler borough, -----	Crawford, -----	460	488	516
Spartansburg borough, -----	Washington, -----	383	369	-----
Speers borough, -----	Crawford, -----	614	603	490
Springboro borough, -----	Chester, -----	2,880	2,566	1,797
Spring City borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	1,999	-----	-----
Springdale borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	1,100	1,015	720
Spring Garden borough, -----	York, -----	1,152	1,005	576
Spring Grove borough, -----	Wayne, -----	381	404	431
Starrucca borough, -----	Centre, -----	1,425	851	-----
State College borough, -----	Dauphin, -----	14,246	12,086	9,250
Steelton borough, -----	York, -----	674	573	441
Stewartstown borough, -----	Columbia, -----	179	177	-----
Stillwater borough, -----	Washington, -----	761	731	-----
Stockdale borough, -----	Northampton, -----	426	-----	-----
Stockertown borough, -----	Mercer, -----	1,074	1,061	1,394
Stoneboro borough, -----	Somerset, -----	355	306	291
Stoyestown borough, -----	Lancaster, -----	885	916	918
Strasburg borough, -----	Clarion, -----	876	262	331
Strattanville borough, -----	Monroe, -----	4,379	3,450	2,419
Stroudsburg borough, -----	Warren, -----	459	511	-----
Sugar Grove borough, -----	Luzerne, -----	2,439	1,887	2,586
Sugar Notch borough, -----	Cambria, -----	863	591	-----
Summerhill borough, -----	Jefferson, -----	609	380	338
Summierville borough, -----	Carbon, -----	4,209	2,986	2,816
Sunmit Hill borough, -----	Northumberland, -----	13,770	9,810	5,930
Sunbury borough, -----	Susquehanna, -----	3,478	3,813	3,872
Susquehanna borough, -----	Westmoreland, -----	917	-----	-----
Suterville borough, -----	Delaware, -----	1,899	903	-----
Swarthmore borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	7,381	1,716	-----
Swissvale borough, -----	Luzerne, -----	5,396	2,264	-----
Swyersville borough, -----	Jefferson, -----	1,756	-----	-----
Sykesville borough, -----	Bradford, -----	217	208	241
Sylvania borough, -----	-----	-----	-----	-----

*Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

**Annexed to Oil City since 1910.

†Consolidated with Bethlehem borough which has been incorporated as a city since 1910.

‡Annexed to Canonsburg borough since 1910.

§Formerly Attleboro borough.

¶Name changed to Farrell borough since 1910.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA.—Continued.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Tamaqua borough, -----	Schuylkill, -----	9,462	7,267	6,054
Tarentum borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	7,414	5,472	4,627
Tatamy borough, -----	Northampton, -----	512	260	-----
Taylor borough, -----	Lackawanna, -----	9,060	4,215	-----
Telford borough, -----	Bucks, -----	207	181	125
Terre Hill borough, -----	Lancaster, -----	882	-----	-----
Thompson borough, -----	Susquehanna, -----	322	309	302
Thompsonstown borough, -----	Junata, -----	293	273	291
Thornburg borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	230	-----	-----
Three Springs borough, -----	Huntingdon, -----	248	196	192
Throop borough, -----	Lackawanna, -----	5,133	2,204	-----
Tidioute borough, -----	Warren, -----	1,324	1,237	1,328
Tioga borough, -----	Tioga, -----	533	524	557
Tionesta borough, -----	Forest, -----	803	815	677
Titusville city, -----	Crawford, -----	8,533	3,244	8,073
Topton borough, -----	Berks, -----	809	542	500
Towanda borough, -----	Bradford, -----	4,281	4,663	4,169
Tower City borough, -----	Schuylkill, -----	2,325	2,167	2,053
Townville borough, -----	Crawford, -----	317	327	358
Tradford borough, -----	Westmoreland, -----	1,959	-----	-----
Trainer borough,* -----	Delaware, -----	-----	-----	-----
Trappe borough, -----	Montgomery, -----	398	324	-----
Tremont borough, -----	Schuylkill, -----	2,067	1,947	2,064
Troutville borough, -----	Clearfield, -----	260	308	-----
Troy borough, -----	Bradford, -----	1,288	1,450	1,307
Trumbauersville borough, -----	Bucks, -----	611	-----	-----
Tullytown borough, -----	Bucks, -----	622	528	-----
Tunkhannock borough, -----	Wyoming, -----	1,598	1,305	1,253
Tunnelhill borough, -----	Cambria, -----	661	674	730
Turbotville borough, -----	Northumberland, -----	365	390	441
Turtle Creek borough,* -----	Allegheny, -----	4,995	3,262	-----
Twilight borough, -----	Washington, -----	468	136	-----
Tyrone borough, -----	Blair, -----	7,176	5,847	4,705
Union City borough, -----	Erie, -----	3,684	3,104	2,261
Uniondale borough, -----	Susquehanna, -----	355	351	360
Uniontown borough, -----	Dauphin, -----	291	359	333
Uniontown city,† -----	Fayette, -----	13,344	7,344	6,359
Unionville borough, -----	Centre, -----	343	360	348
Upland borough, -----	Delaware, -----	2,221	2,131	2,275
Ursina borough, -----	Somerset, -----	338	423	405
Utica borough, -----	Venango, -----	265	268	321
Valencia borough, -----	Butler, -----	240	149	-----
Vanderbilt borough, -----	Fayette, -----	1,198	-----	-----
Vandergrift borough, -----	Westmoreland, -----	3,876	2,076	-----
Vandergrift Heights borough,† -----	Westmoreland, -----	3,438	1,910	-----
Vandling borough, -----	Lackawanna, -----	985	765	-----
Venango borough, -----	Crawford, -----	251	233	278
Verona borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	2,849	1,904	1,477
Versailles borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	1,437	870	-----
Vintondale borough, -----	Cambria, -----	1,410	-----	-----
Volant borough, -----	Lawrence, -----	185	120	-----
Wall borough, -----	Allegheny, -----	1,962	-----	-----
Wallacetown borough, -----	Clearfield, -----	324	289	250
Walnutport borough, -----	Northampton, -----	1,039	-----	-----
Wampum borough, -----	Lawrence, -----	980	816	766
Warren Borough, -----	Warren, -----	11,066	8,043	4,332
Warrior Run borough, -----	Luzerne, -----	1,251	965	-----
Washington borough, -----	Lancaster, -----	560	577	562
Washington borough, -----	Washington, -----	18,778	7,670	7,063
Washingtonville borough, -----	Montour, -----	183	212	171
Waterford borough, -----	Erie, -----	724	767	838
Watsonstown borough, -----	Northumberland, -----	1,950	1,898	2,157
Wattsburg borough, -----	Erie, -----	283	351	382
Waverly borough, -----	Lackawanna, -----	515	439	292
Waymart borough, -----	Wayne, -----	412	432	438
Waynesboro borough, -----	Franklin, -----	7,199	5,396	3,511
Waynesburg borough, -----	Greene, -----	3,545	2,544	2,101
Weatherly borough, -----	Carbon, -----	2,501	2,471	2,961
Weissport borough, -----	Carbon, -----	638	601	456
Wellersburg borough, -----	Somerset, -----	193	158	188
Wellsboro borough, -----	Tioga, -----	3,183	2,954	2,961
Wellsville borough, -----	York, -----	308	206	-----
Wernersville borough.§ -----	Berks, -----	-----	-----	-----
Wesleyville borough.§ -----	Erie, -----	-----	-----	-----
West Alexander borough, -----	Washington, -----	420	462	444
West Berwick borough, -----	Columbia, -----	5,512	-----	-----
West Bethlehem borough,|| -----	Lehigh, -----	-----	-----	-----

*Name changed to Westinghouse borough since 1910.

†Incorporated as a city since 1910.

‡Annexed to Vandergrift borough since 1910.

§Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

||Incorporated as a borough since 1910. Consolidated with Bethlehem borough which has been incorporated as a city since 1910.

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Concluded.

City or Borough.	County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
West Brownsville borough, ---	Washington, -----	2,036	742	735
West Catasauqua borough,* ---	Lehigh, -----			
West Chester borough, ---	Chester, -----	11,767	9,524	8,028
West Conshohocken borough, ---	Montgomery, -----	2,202	1,958	1,668
West Easton borough, ---	Northampton, -----	1,033	1,000	
West Elizabeth borough, ---	Allegheny, -----	841	747	719
West End borough, ---	Venango, -----	495	329	
West Fairview borough,* ---	Cumberland, -----			
Westfield borough, ---	Tioga, -----	1,207	1,180	1,128
West Grove borough, ---	Chester, -----	1,261	929	
West Hazleton borough, ---	Luzerne, -----	4,715	2,516	931
West Homestead borough, ---	Allegheny, -----	3,009		
Westinghouse borough,† ---	Allegheny, -----	4,995	3,262	
West Kittanning borough, ---	Armstrong, -----	589		
West Leesport borough, ---	Berks, -----	436		
West Liberty borough, ---	Butler, -----	199		
West Middlesex borough, ---	Mercer, -----	1,157	930	966
West Middletown borough, ---	Washington, -----	274	241	235
Westmont borough, ---	Cambria, -----	1,468	499	
West Newton borough, ---	Westmoreland, -----	2,880	2,467	2,285
Westover borough, ---	Clearfield, -----	569	654	
West Pittston borough, ---	Luzerne, -----	6,848	5,846	3,906
West Reading borough, ---	Berks, -----	2,064		
West Reynoldsville borough,‡ ---	Jefferson, -----	933	774	
West Sunbury borough, ---	Butler, -----	283	254	238
West Telford borough, ---	Montgomery, -----	664	534	
Westview borough, ---	Allegheny, -----	1,626		
Westwood borough,§ ---	Allegheny, -----			
West Wyoming borough, ---	Luzerne, -----	1,621	1,344	
West York borough, ---	York, -----	2,435		
Wheatland borough, ---	Mercer, -----	955	655	575
Whitaker borough, ---	Allegheny, -----	1,547		
White Haven borough, ---	Luzerne, -----	1,438	1,517	1,634
Wickboro borough,|| ---	Armstrong, -----	2,775		
Wilkes-Barre city, ---	Luzerne, -----	67,105	51,721	37,718
Wilkinsburg borough, ---	Allegheny, -----	18,924	11,886	4,662
Williamsburg borough, ---	Blair, -----	1,523	935	685
Williamsport city, ---	Lycoming, -----	31,860	28,757	27,132
Williamstown borough, ---	Dauphin, -----	2,904	2,934	2,324
Wilmerding borough, ---	Allegheny, -----	6,133	4,179	419
Willmore borough, ---	Cambria, -----	314	264	350
Wilson borough,§ ---	Allegheny, -----	1,108		
Windber borough, ---	Somerset, -----	8,013		
Wind Gap borough, ---	Northampton, -----	832	711	
Windsor borough, ---	York, -----	697		
Winterstown borough, ---	York, -----	238	217	209
Winton borough, ---	Lackawanna, -----	5,280	3,425	1,797
Womelsdorf borough, ---	Berks, -----	1,301	1,136	1,141
Woodbury borough, ---	Bedford, -----	255	226	260
Woodcock borough, ---	Crawford, -----	130	109	140
Woodlawn borough, ---	Beaver, -----	1,396		
Wormleysburg borough, ---	Cumberland, -----	809		
Worthington borough, ---	Armstrong, -----	436	398	246
Worthville borough, ---	Jefferson, -----	121	154	176
Wrightsville borough, ---	York, -----			
Wyalusing borough, ---	Bradford, -----	2,051	2,266	1,912
Wyoming borough, ---	Luzerne, -----	580	525	438
Wyomissing borough, ---	Berks, -----	3,010	1,909	1,794
Yardley borough, ---	Bucks, -----	985		
Yatesville borough, ---	Luzerne, -----	804	714	813
Yeadon borough, ---	Delaware, -----	573	433	414
Yoe borough, ---	York, -----	882	689	
York city, ---	York, -----	567	525	
Yorkanna borough,* ---	York, -----	44,750	33,708	20,793
York Haven borough, ---	York, -----	793	824	
York Springs borough, ---	Adams, -----	299	352	340
Youngstown borough, ---	Westmoreland, -----	323	318	486
Youngville borough, ---	Warren, -----	1,406	836	667
Youngwood borough, ---	Westmoreland, -----	1,881		
Zellenoche borough, ---	Butler, -----	1,388	963	639

*Incorporated as a borough since 1910.

†Formerly Turtle Creek borough.

‡Annexed to Reynoldsville borough since 1910.

§Surrendered charter as a borough since 1910.

||Annexed to Kittanning borough in October, 1914.

CLASSIFICATION OF THE COUNTIES OF PENNSYLVANIA

AN ACT

Dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes; designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification of counties; and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective classes.

Whereas, One of the justices of the Supreme Court in a concurring opinion expressed the thought that counties had never been classified as had cities; and

Whereas, The General Assembly has heretofore for the purposes of legislation on particular subjects classified counties without regard to any uniformity or general classification, many of which acts have been declared unconstitutional; and

Whereas, The great diversity in population and the physical condition of the several counties requires separate laws for their government and the regulation of their affairs; therefore,

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That for the purposes of legislation and the regulation of their affairs, counties of this Commonwealth now in existence and those hereafter erected shall be divided into eight classes as follows:

Those having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over, shall constitute the first class.

Those having a population of eight hundred thousand and more but less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants, shall constitute the second class.

Those having a population of two hundred and fifty thousand and more but less than eight hundred thousand inhabitants, shall constitute the third class.

Those having a population of one hundred fifty thousand and more but less than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants, shall constitute the fourth class.

Those having a population of one hundred thousand and more but less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, shall constitute the fifth class.

Those having a population of fifty thousand and more but less than one hundred thousand inhabitants, shall constitute the sixth class.

Those having a population of twenty thousand and more but less than fifty thousand inhabitants, shall constitute the seventh class.

Those having a population of less than twenty thousand inhabitants, shall constitute the eighth class.

Section 2. The classification of counties shall be ascertained and fixed according to their population by reference, from time to time, to the last preceding decennial United States census. Whenever it shall appear by any such census that any county has attained a population entitling it to an advance in classification as herein prescribed, it shall be the duty of the Governor, under the great seal of this Commonwealth, to certify that fact accordingly, which certificate shall be forwarded to the recorder of deeds of the proper county, and be recorded in his office.

Section 3. The affairs of counties shall hereafter be legislated for, and regulated by, the general laws of this Commonwealth applicable to all counties or to particular classes as herein fixed and appointed. All laws hereafter adopted by the General Assembly for one or more of the classes herein fixed and appointed shall be deemed to be general laws.

Section 4. All acts and parts of acts of Assembly relative to the several counties of this Commonwealth in force prior to the adoption of this act shall remain in force in the same manner and with the same effect in the several counties as prior to the adoption of this act. (Act of July 10, 1919, P. L. 887.)

*CLASSIFICATION OF THE CITIES OF PENNSYLVANIA.

AN ACT

Dividing the cities of this State into three classes with respect to their population, and designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification thereof in accordance therewith.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That for the purposes of legislation, regulating their municipal affairs, the exercise of certain corporate powers and having respect to the number, character, powers and duties of certain officers thereof, the cities now in existence and those hereafter created in this Commonwealth shall be divided into three classes:

Those containing a population of one million or over shall constitute the first class.

Those containing a population of one hundred thousand and under one million, shall constitute the second class.

Those containing a population under one hundred thousand, shall constitute the third class.

Section 2. The classification of said cities respectively shall be ascertained and fixed by reference to their population according to the last preceding United States census, and whenever it shall appear by any such census that any city of the second or third class has attained a population entitling it to an advance in classification as herein prescribed, it shall be the duty of the Governor, under the great seal of this Commonwealth, to certify the fact accordingly, which certificate shall be entered at large upon the minutes of the councils of such city, and recorded in the office for recording the deeds of the proper county. At the municipal election occurring not less than one month after the date of such certificate, the proper officers shall be elected to which the said city will become entitled under the change in classification, and upon the first Monday of April next ensuing, the terms of all officers of said city then in office whose officers are superseded by reason thereof shall cease and determine, and the city government shall be duly organized, and shall thereafter be controlled and regulated by the laws of this Commonwealth applicable to the same under the classification hereby fixed and appointed. (Act of June 25, 1895, P. L. 275.)

*By the Acts of May 28, 1907, P. L. 268, and May 13, 1915, P. L. 306, cities of the third class shall be chartered whenever a majority of the electors of any town, township, or borough, or any two or more contiguous towns, townships, or boroughs, situate within the limits of the same county or situate in two or more contiguous counties, and having together a population of at least ten thousand, according to the last preceding United States census, shall each separately vote at any election in favor of the same; and by the Act of July 22, 1919, P. L. 1113, a method is provided whereby cities of the third class may surrender their charters and become boroughs.

†By the Act approved March 2, 1911, P. L. 9, the terms of all city officers begin on the first Monday of January in even numbered years succeeding their election.

CITIES OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FIRST CLASS CITY:

Philadelphia.

SECOND CLASS CITIES:

Pittsburgh,
Scranton.

THIRD CLASS CITIES:

Allentown,
Altoona,
Bethlehem
Bradford,
Butler,
Carbondale,
Chester,Coatesville,
Connellsville,
Corry,
DuBois,
Duquesne,
Easton,
Erie,
Franklin,
Harrisburg,
Hazleton,
Johnstown,
Lancaster,
Lebanon,
Lock Haven,McKeesport,
Meadville,
Monongahela,
New Castle,
Oil City,
Pittston,
Pottsville,
Reading,
Sharon,
Titusville,
Uniontown,
Wilkes-Barre,
Williamsport,
York.

FIRST CLASS TOWNSHIPS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

(By the Act of July 14, 1917, the townships of Pennsylvania having a population of three hundred or more to the square mile are made townships of the first class, all other townships being classified as townships of the second class.)

The following is the list of Townships of the First Class to June 1, 1919.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY:

Baldwin,
Braddock,
Chartiers,
Collier,
Cresson,
Elizabeth,
Harrison,
Jefferson,
Lower St. Clair,
Mifflin,
Mt. Lebanon,
North Versailles,
Penn.
Reserve,
Scott,
Shaler,
South Fayette,
South Versailles,
Stowe,
Union,
Wilkins,

BEAVER COUNTY:

Borough.

DAUPHIN COUNTY:

Swatara.

DELAWARE COUNTY:

Aston,
Darby,
Haverford,
Lower Chichester,
Nether Providence,
Radnor,
Ridley,
Upper Darby.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY:

Lackawanna.

LEBANON COUNTY:

Annville,
West Lebanon.

LEHIGH COUNTY:

Whitehall.

LUZERNE COUNTY:

Hanover,
Newport,
Plains,
Wilkes-Barre,

MONTGOMERY COUNTY:

Ablington,
Cheltenham,
Lower Merion,
Springfield.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY:

Wilson.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY:

Coal.

WASHINGTON COUNTY:

East Bethlehem.

POPULATION OF PENNSYLVANIA BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS.

(Boroughs incorporated since 1910 are not included in this table, but will be found on page 395.)

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
ADAMS COUNTY, -----	34,319	34,406	33,466
Abbottstown borough (a), -----	352	345	381
Arendtsville borough, -----	383	393	---
Bendersville borough, -----	355	342	370
Berwick borough (b), -----	---	---	---
Berwick township, -----	508	532	551
Biglerville borough (c), -----	386	---	---
Butler township (c), -----	1,243	1,450	1,377
Conewago township, -----	1,542	1,181	888
Cumberland township, -----	1,520	1,520	1,583
East Berlin borough, -----	672	668	595
Fairfield borough, -----	373	395	---
Franklin township, -----	1,948	2,090	2,426
Freedom township, -----	476	516	561
Germany township, -----	733	1,027	954
Gettysburg borough, -----	4,030	3,495	3,221
First ward, -----	1,501	---	---
Second ward, -----	1,135	---	---
Third ward, -----	1,394	---	---
Hamilton township, -----	667	630	651
Hamiltonban township, -----	1,509	1,598	1,831
Highland township, -----	411	491	483
Huntington township, -----	1,307	1,543	1,552
Latimore township, -----	1,082	1,150	1,244
Liberty township, -----	768	836	761
Littlestown borough, -----	1,347	1,118	991
McSherrystown borough, -----	1,724	1,490	1,020
First ward, -----	769	---	---
Second ward, -----	955	---	---
Menallen township, -----	1,511	1,643	1,598
Mount Joy township, -----	1,187	1,368	1,392
Mount Pleasant township, -----	1,804	2,006	2,039
New Oxford borough, -----	838	663	585
Oxford township, -----	996	918	905
Reading township, -----	1,095	1,228	1,368
Straban township, -----	1,392	1,425	1,641
Tyrone township, -----	921	1,007	1,050
Union township, -----	900	1,076	1,128
York Springs borough, -----	299	352	340
ALLEGHENY COUNTY, -----	1,018,463	(d) 775,058	(d) 551,959
Aleppo township (e), -----	458	616	510
Aspinwall borough (f), -----	2,592	1,231	---
Avalon borough, -----	4,317	2,130	804
First ward, -----	1,912	---	---
Second ward, -----	901	---	---
Third ward, -----	1,504	---	---
Baldwin township (g), -----	8,230	8,212	4,860
Bellevue borough (h), -----	6,823	3,416	1,418
First ward, -----	2,301	---	---
Second ward, -----	1,366	---	---
Third ward, -----	2,656	---	---
Ben Avon borough, -----	1,828	859	---
Bethel township, -----	1,611	829	663
Brackenridge borough (i), -----	3,134	---	---
First ward, -----	1,697	---	---
Second ward, -----	1,437	---	---

(a) Formerly Berwick borough.

(b) Name changed to Abbottstown borough since 1910.

(c) Biglerville borough incorporated from part of Butler township in 1903.

(d) County totals include population (1,836 in 1900; 2,045 in 1890) of Sterrett township and West Liberty borough, and population (9,453 in 1900) of Elliott, Espen, Montooth and Sheraden boroughs, annexed to Pittsburgh city since 1900; and population (8,723 in 1890) of Beltzhoover, Chartiers, Mansfield and Reynoldton boroughs; Beltzhoover annexed to Pittsburgh city, Chartiers and Mansfield taken to form Carnegie borough, and Reynoldton annexed to McKeesport city between 1890 and 1900.

(e) Parts taken to form Haysville borough and part of Sewickley Heights township in 1902 and 1905, respectively.

(f) Part of O'Hara township annexed in 1905.

(g) Parts taken to form Carrick borough in 1904 and part of Hays borough in 1901.

(h) Part of Ross township annexed in 1907.

(i) Brackenridge borough incorporated from part of Harrison township in 1901.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.			
Braddock borough, -----	19,357	15,654	8,561
First ward, -----	8,025		
Second ward, -----	4,183		
Third ward, -----	3,772		
Fourth ward, -----	3,377		
Braddock township (a), -----	739	553	7,230
Bridgeville borough (b), -----	1,983		
Carnegie borough (c), -----	10,009	7,330	
First ward, -----	4,960		
Second ward, -----	5,049		
Carrick borough (d), -----	6,117		
Chartiers township (e), -----	5,250	2,998	7,508
Cheswick borough (f), -----	317		
Clairton borough (g), -----	3,326		
Collier township (h), -----	4,211	3,728	2,961
Coraopolis borough, -----	5,252	2,555	962
First ward, -----	1,284		
Second ward, -----	1,429		
Third ward, -----	1,445		
Fourth ward, -----	1,094		
Crafton borough (i), -----	4,583	1,927	
First ward, -----	2,124		
Second ward, -----	1,734		
Third ward, -----	725		
Crescent township, -----	893	622	785
Doremont borough (j), -----	1,115		
Dravosburg borough (k), -----	1,895		
Duquesne borough (l), -----	15,727	9,036	
First ward, -----	7,396		
Second ward, -----	4,151		
Third ward, -----	4,180		
East Deer township, -----	3,702	1,955	1,683
East McKeesport borough (m), -----	2,118	873	
East Pittsburgh borough, -----	5,615	2,883	
First ward, -----	1,635		
Second ward, -----	1,735		
Third ward, -----	2,245		
Edgewood borough (n), -----	2,596	1,139	616
Edgeworth borough (o), -----	1,229		
Elizabeth borough, -----	2,311	1,866	1,804
Elizabeth township, -----	7,410	5,886	5,149
Emsworth borough, -----	1,510	958	
Etna borough, -----	5,830	5,384	3,767
First ward, -----	1,680		
Second ward, -----	2,197		
Third ward, -----	1,953		
Fawn township, -----	576	527	618
Findley township, -----	1,720	1,598	1,711
Forward township, -----	4,484	3,215	2,388
Franklin township, -----	778	726	731
Glassport borough (p), -----	5,540		
First ward, -----	477		
Second ward, -----	2,989		
Third ward, -----	2,074		
Glenfield borough, -----	984	905	718
Greentree borough, -----	1,143	678	685
Hampton township, -----	1,641	1,513	1,324
Harmar township, -----	867	772	621
Harrison township (q), -----	6,687	6,320	4,685
Hays borough (r), -----	1,888		
Haysville borough (s), -----	166		
Heidelberg borough (h), -----	1,848		

(a) Parts annexed to Wilkinsburg borough in 1903 and 1907 and part annexed to Edgewood borough in 1905.

(b) Incorporated from part of Upper St. Clair township in 1901.

(c) Part of Scott township annexed in 1908.

(d) Incorporated from part of Baldwin township in 1904.

(e) Part annexed to Crafton borough and part taken to form Ingram borough in 1901 and 1902, respectively.

(f) Incorporated from part of Springdale township in 1902.

(g) Incorporated from part of Jefferson township in 1902.

(h) Heidelberg borough incorporated from part of Collier township in 1903.

(i) Part of Chartiers township annexed in 1901.

(j) Incorporated from part of Scott township in 1909.

(k) Incorporated from part of Mifflin township in 1903

(l) Incorporated as a city since 1910.

(m) Part of North Versailles township annexed in 1902.

(n) Part of Braddock township annexed in 1905.

(o) Incorporated from part of Leet township in 1904.

(p) Incorporated from part of Port Vue borough in 1902.

(q) Brackenridge borough incorporated from part of Harrison township in 1901.

(r) Incorporated from parts of Baldwin and Mifflin townships in 1901.

(s) Incorporated from part of Aleppo township in 1902.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.			
Homestead borough (a), -----	18,713	12,554	7,911
First ward, -----	3,202		
Second ward, -----	7,585		
Third ward, -----	3,329		
Fourth ward, -----	2,277		
Fifth ward, -----	2,320		
Indiana township, -----	1,120	1,058	1,057
Ingram borough (b), -----	2,037		
Jefferson township (c), -----	6,771	4,219	3,194
Kennedy township (d), -----	651		
Kilbuck township, -----	1,331	1,205	2,143
Knoxville borough, -----	5,651	3,511	1,723
Leet township (e), -----	569	1,912	1,117
Leetsdale borough (f), -----	1,904		
Lincoln township, -----	822	694	1,332
Lower St. Clair township (g), -----	53	4,431	4,302
McCandless township, -----	987	1,034	985
McKees Rocks borough (h), -----	14,702	6,352	1,687
McKeesport city (i), -----	42,694	34,227	20,741
First ward, -----	3,107		
Second ward, -----	3,600		
Third ward, -----	4,563		
Fourth ward, -----	2,032		
Fifth ward, -----	3,395		
Sixth ward, -----	6,417		
Seventh ward, -----	7,574		
Eighth ward, -----	4,911		
Ninth ward, -----	2,009		
Tenth ward, -----	2,625		
Eleventh ward, -----	2,461		
Marshall township, -----	769	799	950
Mifflin township (j), -----	8,076	12,366	11,144
Millvale borough, -----	7,861	6,736	3,809
First ward, -----	2,653		
Second ward, -----	2,623		
Third ward, -----	2,585		
Moon township, -----	1,526	1,371	1,449
Mount Oliver borough (k), -----	4,241	2,295	
Munhall borough (l), -----	5,185		
Neville township, -----	634	758	353
North Braddock borough, -----	11,824	6,535	
First ward, -----	4,603		
Second ward, -----	3,480		
Third ward, -----	3,741		
North Fayette township, -----	4,085	3,619	2,688
North Versailles township (m), -----	4,435	4,882	2,882
Oakdale borough, -----	1,353	1,147	
Oakmont borough, -----	3,436	2,323	1,678
O'Hara township (n), -----	3,917	3,191	3,402
Ohio township (o), -----	398	735	661
Osborne borough, -----	425	362	221
Patton township (p), -----	3,210	2,370	2,173
Penn township, -----	6,207	3,407	2,932
Pine township, -----	698	658	740
Pitcairn borough, -----	4,975	2,601	

(a) Parts of Mifflin township annexed in 1901, 1907 and 1908.

(b) Incorporated from part of Chartiers township in 1902.

(c) Parts taken to form Clairton and Wilson boroughs in 1902 and 1907, respectively.

(d) Organized from part of Stowe township in 1902.

(e) Parts taken to form Edgeworth and Leetsdale boroughs in 1904 and part of Sewickley Heights township in 1903.

(f) Incorporated from part of Leet township in 1904.

(g) Part taken to form St. Clair borough and part annexed to Mount Oliver borough in 1904.

(h) Part of Stowe township annexed in 1907.

(i) Parts of Versailles township annexed in 1901, 1903 and 1904, and parts of North Versailles township annexed in 1903 and 1904.

(j) Parts taken to form West Homestead borough in 1900, Munhall and part of Hays borough in 1901, Dravosburg borough in 1903, Whitaker borough in 1904, and parts annexed to Homestead borough in 1901, 1907 and 1908.

(k) Part of Lower St. Clair township annexed in 1904.

(l) Incorporated from part of Mifflin township in 1901.

(m) Part taken to form Wall borough in 1904, part annexed to Trafford borough in 1905, and parts annexed to East McKeesport borough in 1902, and to McKeesport city in 1903 and 1904.

(n) Parts annexed to Aspinwall borough and Pittsburgh city in 1905 and 1906, respectively.

(o) Part taken to form part of Sewickley Heights township in 1903.

(p) Part annexed to Trafford borough in 1905.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.			
Pittsburgh city (a),	533,905	(b) 451,512	(b) 343,904
First ward,	11,623		
Second ward,	14,386		
Third ward,	26,462		
Fourth ward,	25,055		
Fifth ward,	24,495		
Sixth ward,	26,261		
Seventh ward,	13,263		
Eighth ward,	18,204		
Ninth ward,	17,795		
Tenth ward,	21,205		
Eleventh ward,	17,066		
Twelfth ward,	22,342		
Thirteenth ward,	24,080		
Fourteenth ward,	13,074		
Fifteenth ward,	29,141		
Sixteenth ward,	20,833		
Seventeenth ward,	25,213		
Eighteenth ward,	17,994		
Nineteenth ward,	23,482		
Twentieth ward,	18,648		
Twenty-first ward,	22,506		
Twenty-second ward,	15,716		
Twenty-third ward,	21,799		
Twenty-fourth ward,	17,354		
Twenty-fifth ward,	16,037		
Twenty-sixth ward,	15,291		
Twenty-seventh ward,	26,589		
Plum township,	2,349	2,142	1,682
Port Vue borough (c),	1,978	1,803	
Rankin borough,	6,042	3,775	
Reserve township,	2,024	3,095	2,941
Richland township,	1,235	946	815
Robinson township (d),	3,129	2,341	1,242
Ross township (e),	3,812	2,671	2,202
St. Clair borough (f),	5,640		
Scott township (g),	5,737	3,975	2,651
Sewickley borough,	4,479	3,568	2,776
First ward,	2,827		
Second ward,	1,652		
Sewickley township (h),	169	334	359
Sewickley Heights township (i),	773		
Shaler township,	5,154	3,494	4,969
Sharpsburg borough,	8,153	6,842	4,898
Snowden township,	1,971	831	766
South Fayette township,	8,761	5,548	2,484
South Versailles township,	417	728	678
Spring Garden borough (j),	1,100	1,015	720
Springdale borough (k),	1,999		
Springdale township (l),	667	1,007	997
Stowe township (m),	8,145	2,852	2,029
Swissvale borough,	7,381	1,716	
Tarentum borough,	7,414	5,472	4,627
First ward,	2,474		
Second ward,	2,254		
Third ward,	2,686		
Thornburg borough (d),	230		
Trafford borough (n), (part),	(o)		
(see Westmoreland county.)			

(a) Elliott borough annexed in 1905; Espen borough and Sterret township annexed in 1906; Allegheny city (to which part of Spring Garden borough was annexed in 1900) and Montooth and Sheraden boroughs annexed in 1907; West Liberty borough annexed in 1908, and parts of O'Hara and Union townships annexed in 1909.

(b) Includes population (129,896 in 1900; 105,287 in 1890) of Allegheny City, annexed to Pittsburgh city in 1907.

(c) Part taken to form Glassport borough in 1902.

(d) Thornburg borough incorporated from part of Robinson township in 1909.

(e) Part taken to form Westview borough in 1905 and part annexed to Bellevue borough in 1907.

(f) Incorporated from part of Lower St. Clair township in 1904.

(g) Part taken to form Doremont borough in 1909 and part annexed to Carnegie borough in 1908.

(h) Part taken to form part of Sewickley Heights township in 1903.

(i) Organized from parts of Aleppo, Leet, Ohio, and Sewickley townships in 1903.

(j) Part annexed to Allegheny city in 1900.

(k) Incorporated from part of Springdale township in 1908.

(l) Parts taken to form Cheswick and Springdale boroughs in 1902 and 1908, respectively.

(m) Part taken to form Kennedy township in 1902 and part annexed to McKees Rocks borough in 1907.

(n) Parts of North Versailles and Patton townships annexed in 1905.

(o) Not returned separately.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Concluded.			
Turtle Creek borough (a),	4,995	3,262	---
Union township (b),	1,482	1,285	1,417
Upper St. Clair township (c),	1,811	2,693	1,548
Verona borough,	2,849	1,904	1,477
Versailles borough,	1,437	870	---
Versailles township (d),	1,568	1,468	2,262
Wall borough (e),	1,962	---	---
West Deer township,	2,206	1,225	1,301
West Elizabeth borough,	841	747	719
West Homestead borough (f),	3,009	---	---
Westinghouse borough (g),	4,995	3,262	---
Westview borough (h),	1,626	---	---
Whitaker borough (i),	1,547	---	---
Wilkins township (j),	3,626	2,427	2,304
Wilksburg borough (k),	18,924	11,886	4,662
First ward,	6,456	---	---
Second ward,	6,359	---	---
Third ward,	6,109	---	---
Wilmerding borough,	6,133	4,179	419
Wilson borough (l),	1,108	---	---
ARMSTRONG COUNTY.			
	67,880	52,551	46,747
Apollo borough,	3,006	2,924	2,156
First ward,	1,451	---	---
Second ward,	1,555	---	---
Applewold borough,	300	122	---
Atwood borough,	191	153	185
Bethel township,	952	839	788
Boggs township,	878	865	847
Bradys Bend township,	2,696	891	1,261
Burrell township,	833	893	922
Cowanshannock township (m),	4,428	2,697	2,170
Dayton borough,	809	431	372
East Franklin township (n),	1,850	1,860	1,575
Elderton borough,	285	293	243
Ford City borough,	4,850	2,870	1,255
Freeport borough,	2,248	1,754	1,637
Gilpin township (o),	2,334	1,875	1,156
Hovey township,	297	241	346
Johnetta borough (p),	692	---	---
Kiskiminetas township,	2,845	2,620	2,452
Kittanning borough,	4,311	3,902	3,095
First ward,	1,605	---	---
Second ward,	2,646	---	---
Kittanning township,	1,103	1,396	1,393
Leechburg borough,	3,624	2,459	1,921
Madison township,	2,318	1,604	1,763
Mahoning township,	1,725	1,457	1,256
Manor township,	3,145	2,583	1,604
Manorville borough,	545	453	392
North Buffalo township,	1,120	1,089	1,108
Parker City borough (p),	1,241	1,070	1,317
First ward,	639	---	---
Second ward,	605	---	---
Parks township,	963	572	704
Perry township,	595	656	936
Pine township,	867	369	522
Plumcreek township,	1,531	1,495	1,788
Queestown borough (q),	72	69	123

(a) Name changed to Westinghouse borough since 1910.

(b) Part annexed to Pittsburgh city in 1909.

(c) Part taken to form Bridgeville borough in 1901.

(d) Parts annexed to McKeesport city in 1901, 1903 and 1904.

(e) Incorporated from part of North Versailles township in 1904.

(f) Incorporated from part of Mifflin township in 1900.

(g) Formerly Turtle Creek borough.

(h) Incorporated from part of Ross township in 1905.

(i) Incorporated from part of Mifflin township in 1904.

(j) Parts annexed to Wilkinson borough in 1903, 1904, 1907 and 1908.

(k) Parts of Wilkins township annexed in 1903, 1904, 1907 and 1908, and parts of Braddock township in 1903 and 1907.

(l) Incorporated from part of Jefferson township in 1907. Surrendered charter as a borough in 1910.

(m) Rural Valley borough incorporated from part of Cowanshannock township in 1900.

(n) West Kittanning borough incorporated from part of East Franklin township in 1900.

(o) Johnetta borough incorporated from part of Gilpin township in 1904.

(p) Incorporated as a city by Act of 1873, P. L. 193: the post office is Parkers Landing.

(q) Disincorporated as a borough since 1910.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
ARMSTRONG COUNTY—Concluded.			
Rayburn township (a),	1,384	1,882	—
Redbank township,	2,079	2,289	1,892
Rural Valley borough (b),	763	—	—
South Bend township,	798	875	1,016
South Bethlehem borough,	439	183	111
South Buffalo township,	1,398	1,305	1,634
Sugarcreek township,	790	885	1,070
Valley township,	452	539	1,602
Washington township,	1,135	1,207	1,232
Wayne township,	1,384	1,461	1,503
West Franklin township,	871	965	1,152
West Kittanning borough (c),	589	—	—
Wickboro borough (a),	2,775	—	—
Worthington borough,	436	398	246
BEAVER COUNTY,	78,353	56,432	(d) 50,077
Aliquippa borough,	1,743	620	—
Ambridge borough (e),	5,205	—	—
First ward,	2,276	—	—
Second ward,	1,578	—	—
Third ward,	337	—	—
Fourth ward,	1,014	—	—
Baden borough,	601	427	390
Beaver borough,	3,456	2,348	1,552
First ward,	1,246	—	—
Second ward,	1,114	—	—
Third ward,	1,096	—	—
Beaver Falls borough (f),	12,191	10,054	9,735
First ward,	2,218	—	—
Second ward,	2,126	—	—
Third ward,	2,089	—	—
Fourth ward,	1,022	—	—
Fifth ward,	2,663	—	—
Sixth ward,	2,073	—	—
Big Beaver township,	1,442	1,380	1,497
Borough township,	639	612	409
Bridgewater borough,	1,562	1,347	1,177
Brighton township,	755	687	773
Chippewa township,	494	527	571
College Hill borough,	1,787	890	—
Conway borough (g),	1,498	—	—
Darlington borough,	311	270	254
Darlington township,	1,137	1,285	1,137
Daugherty township,	699	533	—
East Rochester borough (h),	718	—	—
Eastvale borough,	322	256	—
Economy township (g),	860	1,062	1,029
Fallston borough,	555	549	541
Frankfort Springs borough,	144	123	180
Franklin township,	935	810	734
Freedom borough,	3,060	1,783	704
First ward,	714	—	—
Second ward,	1,251	—	—
Third ward,	1,095	—	—
Georgetown borough,	269	271	274
Glasgow borough,	203	172	218
Greene township,	1,005	1,023	1,111
Hanover township,	911	1,031	1,231
Harmony township (e),	119	650	513
Hookstown borough,	250	259	297
Hopewell township (i),	1,382	1,346	1,447
Independence township,	588	610	932
Industry township (j),	764	664	619
Marion township,	331	380	413
Midland borough (j),	1,244	—	—

(a) Wickboro borough incorporated from part of Rayburn township in 1900. Annexed to Kittanning borough in October, 1914.

(b) Rural Valley borough incorporated from part of Cowanshannock township in 1900.

(c) West Kittanning borough incorporated from part of East Franklin township in 1900.

(d) County total includes population (411) of St. Clair borough, annexed to Freedom borough between 1890 and 1900.

(e) Ambridge borough incorporated from part of Harmony township in 1905.

(f) Incorporated as a city since 1910. Disincorporated as a city in 1915.

(g) Conway borough incorporated from part of Economy township in 1902.

(h) East Rochester borough incorporated from part of Rochester township in 1908.

(i) Woodlawn and South Heights boroughs incorporated from parts of Hopewell township in 1908 and 1910, respectively.

(j) Midland borough incorporated from part of Industry township in 1906.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
BEAVER COUNTY—Concluded.			
Monaca borough, -----	3,376	2,008	1,494
First ward, -----	1,046		
Second ward, -----	1,380		
Third ward, -----	950		
Moon township, -----	2,161	1,095	1,062
New Brighton borough, -----	8,329	6,820	5,616
First ward, -----	2,068		
Second ward, -----	1,988		
Third ward, -----	1,855		
Fourth ward, -----	2,418		
New Galilee borough, -----	453	327	320
New Sewickley township, -----	1,482	1,592	1,922
North Sewickley township, -----	1,820	1,600	1,154
Ohio township, -----	984	939	1,072
Patterson township, -----	434	433	529
Patterson Heights borough, -----	367	272	
Pulaski township, -----	805	728	1,196
Raccoon township, -----	718	814	1,012
Rochester township (a), -----	1,227	1,061	925
First ward, -----	1,300		
Second ward, -----	1,715		
Third ward, -----	1,312		
Fourth ward, -----	1,576		
Rochester township (a), -----	1,227	1,661	925
South Beaver township, -----	735	930	926
South Heights borough (b), -----	365		
White township, -----	633	491	1,040
Woodlawn borough (b), -----	1,396		
BEDFORD COUNTY, -----	38,879	39,468	38,644
Bedford borough, -----	2,235	2,167	2,242
East ward, -----	1,208		
West ward, -----	1,027		
Bedford township, -----	2,114	2,361	2,561
Bloomfield township, -----	673	761	913
Broad Top township, -----	3,752	3,003	2,370
Couldale borough, -----	311	348	272
Colerain township, -----	869	921	1,045
Cumberland Valley township, -----	996	1,082	1,108
East Providence township, -----	1,528	1,552	1,475
East St. Clair township, -----	1,122	1,150	1,148
Everett borough, -----	1,725	1,864	1,679
Harrison township, -----	677	810	804
Hopewell borough, -----	590	482	
Hopewell township, -----	1,261	1,394	1,356
Hyndman borough, -----	1,164	1,242	1,056
Juniata township, -----	1,040	1,195	1,401
Kimmel township, -----	792	826	741
King township, -----	706	623	638
Liberty township, -----	1,574	1,292	1,332
Lincoln township, -----	410	469	
Londonderry township, -----	1,260	1,441	1,611
Mann township, -----	830	905	891
Manns Choice borough, -----	341	312	363
Monroe township, -----	1,640	1,830	1,909
Napier township, -----	1,446	1,663	1,671
New Paris borough, -----	194	206	196
Pleasantville borough, -----	191	218	257
Rainsburg borough, -----	203	219	247
St. Clairsville borough, -----	101	102	134
Saxton borough, -----	1,195	927	712
Schellsburg borough, -----	314	312	281
Snake Spring township, -----	728	734	774
South Woodbury township, -----	1,667	1,525	1,635
Southampton township, -----	1,056	1,123	1,066
Union township, -----	491	444	910
West Providence township, -----	1,781	1,958	1,710
West St. Clair township, -----	838	861	944
Woodbury borough, -----	255	226	200
Woodbury township, -----	809	871	932
BERKS COUNTY, -----	183,222	159,615	(c) 137,327
Albany township, -----	1,224	1,316	1,491
Alsace township, -----	762	826	(c)
Amity township, -----	1,356	1,372	1,552

(a) East Rochester borough incorporated from part of Rochester township in 1908.

(b) Woodlawn and South Heights boroughs incorporated from parts of Hopewell township in 1908 and 1910, respectively.

(c) County total includes population (1,691) of Alsace and Lower Alsace townships, not returned separately in 1890.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
BERKS COUNTY—Continued.			
Beechtelsville borough, -----	417	381	-----
Bern township (a), -----	1,682	1,929	1,935
Bernville borough, -----	308	344	365
Bethel township, -----	1,775	1,931	2,139
Birdsboro borough, -----	2,930	2,264	2,261
East ward, -----	1,707	-----	-----
West ward, -----	1,223	-----	-----
Boyertown borough, -----	2,433	1,709	1,426
Brecknock township, -----	840	946	949
Caernarvon township, -----	845	959	942
Center township, -----	1,280	1,313	1,418
Centerport borough, -----	111	141	133
Colebrookdale township, -----	1,394	1,395	1,352
Cumru township (b), -----	4,422	5,772	3,927
District township, -----	541	651	715
Douglass township, -----	1,123	1,028	1,143
Earl township, -----	874	909	927
Exeter township, -----	2,745	2,503	2,308
Fleetwood borough, -----	1,394	978	878
Greenwich township, -----	1,359	1,470	1,651
Hamburg borough, -----	2,301	2,315	2,127
North ward, -----	1,128	-----	-----
South ward, -----	1,173	-----	-----
Heidelberg township, -----	1,891	1,611	1,410
Hereford township, -----	1,066	1,292	1,357
Jefferson township, -----	745	800	969
Kutztown borough (c), -----	2,360	1,328	1,555
Lenhartsville borough, -----	153	144	152
Longswamp township, -----	2,271	2,507	3,007
Lower Alsace township (d), -----	758	1,157	(e)
Lower Heidelberg township, -----	4,046	3,896	2,876
Maiden Creek township, -----	1,941	1,639	1,775
Marion township, -----	1,007	1,162	1,260
Maxatawny township (c), -----	1,914	2,407	2,264
Mohnton borough (f), -----	1,536	-----	-----
Mount Penn borough (d), -----	785	-----	-----
Muhlenberg township, -----	3,200	2,059	2,069
North Heidelberg township, -----	626	736	854
Oley township, -----	2,028	2,115	2,098
Ontelaunee township, -----	1,243	1,142	1,129
Penn township, -----	1,010	1,164	1,282
Perry township, -----	1,737	1,583	1,575
Pike township, -----	738	806	882
Reading city, -----	96,071	78,961	58,661
First ward, -----	3,948	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	7,415	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	4,380	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	2,369	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	3,250	-----	-----
Sixth ward, -----	9,156	-----	-----
Seventh ward, -----	3,935	-----	-----
Eighth ward, -----	3,364	-----	-----
Ninth ward, -----	5,504	-----	-----
Tenth ward, -----	5,054	-----	-----
Eleventh ward, -----	5,769	-----	-----
Twelfth ward, -----	7,114	-----	-----
Thirteenth ward, -----	11,957	-----	-----
Fourteenth ward, -----	6,830	-----	-----
Fifteenth ward, -----	9,468	-----	-----
Sixteenth ward, -----	6,558	-----	-----
Richmond township, -----	1,678	1,727	1,916
Robeson township, -----	2,459	2,475	2,453
Rockland township, -----	1,100	1,240	1,423
Ruscombmanor township, -----	1,099	1,212	1,313
Shillington borough (g), -----	1,427	-----	-----
Spring township (h), -----	2,796	4,064	2,544
Tilden township, -----	1,000	1,003	1,982
Topton borough, -----	809	542	509
Tulpehocken township, -----	1,520	1,764	1,972
Union township, -----	1,280	1,230	1,317

(a) Part taken to form West Leesport borough in 1901.

(b) Parts taken to form Mohnton and Shillington boroughs in 1907 and 1908, respectively.

(c) Part of Maxatawny township annexed to Kutztown borough in 1909.

(d) Mount Penn borough incorporated from part of Lower Alsace township in 1902.

(e) County total includes population (1,691) of Alsace and Lower Alsace townships, not returned separately in 1890.

(f) Incorporated from part of Cumru township in 1907.

(g) Incorporated from part of Cumru township in 1908.

(h) Wyomissing and West Reading boroughs incorporated from parts of Spring township in 1906 and 1907, respectively.

POPULATION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
BERKS COUNTY—Concluded.			
Upper Bern township,	801	904	989
Upper Tulpehocken township,	1,010	1,006	1,194
Washington township,	1,674	1,737	2,173
West Leesport borough (a),	436		
West Reading borough, (b),	2,064		
Windsor township,	581	694	686
Womelsdorf borough,	1,301	1,136	1,141
Wyomissing borough (b),	985		
BLAIR COUNTY,	108,858	85,099	(c)70,866
Allegheny township,	2,055	1,841	1,798
Altoona city (d),	62,127	38,973	30,337
First ward,	4,177		
Second ward,	6,164		
Third ward,	3,822		
Fourth ward,	4,857		
Fifth ward,	5,565		
Sixth ward,	8,035		
Seventh ward,	3,584		
Eighth ward,	5,539		
Ninth ward,	3,357		
Tenth ward,	3,770		
Eleventh ward,	1,686		
Twelfth ward,	1,571		
Antis township,	2,658	2,368	2,060
Bellwood borough,	2,277	1,545	1,146
Blair township,	1,134	1,043	1,054
Catharine township,	1,071	712	513
Duncansville borough,	1,263	1,512	1,277
Frankstown township,	1,939	1,609	1,505
Freedom township,	1,321	1,114	1,140
Gaysport borough,	917	809	867
Greenfield township,	1,507	1,427	1,319
Hollidaysburg borough,	3,734	2,998	2,975
First ward,	890		
Second ward,	809		
Third ward,	541		
Fourth ward,	950		
Fifth ward,	544		
Huston township,	1,056	1,145	1,391
Juniata borough,	5,285	1,709	
First ward,	1,309		
Second ward,	2,409		
Third ward,	886		
Fourth ward,	591		
Juniata township,	587	612	684
Logan township (d),	9,730	9,089	7,688
Martinsburg borough,	920	590	588
Newry borough,	380	350	335
North Woodbury township,	1,337	1,477	1,651
Roaring Spring borough,	1,903	1,344	920
Snyder township,	2,458	2,010	2,011
Taylor township,	1,315	1,384	1,116
Tyrone borough,	7,176	5,847	4,706
First ward,	957		
Second ward,	946		
Third ward,	1,082		
Fourth ward,	1,300		
Fifth ward,	970		
Sixth ward,	1,062		
Seventh ward,	859		
Tyrone township,	1,056	1,119	1,239
Williamsburg borough,	1,523	935	888
Woodbury township,	2,129	1,537	1,224
BRADFORD COUNTY,	54,526	59,403	59,233
Alba borough,	150	154	163
Albany township,	1,107	1,363	1,433
Armenia township,	292	375	460
Asylum township,	761	883	1,045

(a) Incorporated from part of Bern township in 1901.

(b) Wyomissing and West Reading boroughs incorporated from parts of Spring township in 1906 and 1907, respectively.

(c) County total includes population (435) of East Tyrone borough, annexed to Tyrone borough between 1890 and 1900.

(d) Parts of Logan township annexed to Altoona city in 1902, 1904, 1905, and 1906.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
BRADFORD COUNTY—Concluded.			
Athens borough, -----	3,796	3,749	3,274
First ward, -----	839		
Second ward, -----	900		
Third ward, -----	1,230		
Fourth ward, -----	827		
Athens township, -----	1,562	1,556	4,748
Barclay township, -----	926	452	1,436
Burlington borough, -----	142	179	166
Burlington township, -----	662	836	946
Canton borough, -----	1,637	1,525	1,393
Canton township, -----	1,646	1,867	1,835
Columbia township, -----	976	1,222	1,245
Franklin township, -----	450	587	626
Granville township, -----	864	1,115	1,224
Herrick township, -----	651	810	813
Le Raysville borough, -----	326	375	374
Leroy township, -----	714	980	1,003
Litchfield township, -----	709	959	946
Monroe borough, -----	403	385	496
Monroe township, -----	1,118	1,377	1,596
New Albany borough, -----	413	425	287
North Towanda township, -----	591	714	753
Orwell township, -----	920	1,092	1,021
Overton township, -----	595	655	775
Pike township, -----	1,127	1,196	1,308
Ridgebury township, -----	858	1,174	1,198
Rome borough, -----	222	233	226
Rome township, -----	684	868	919
Sayre borough, -----	6,426	5,243	
First ward, -----	1,597		
Second ward, -----	1,878		
Third ward, -----	1,222		
Fourth ward, -----	1,729		
Sheshequin township, -----	1,053	1,154	1,272
Smithfield township, -----	1,343	1,600	1,630
South Creek township, -----	740	900	935
South Waverly borough, -----	1,084	1,215	1,082
Springfield township, -----	1,067	1,267	1,359
Standing Stone township, -----	603	703	758
Sylvania borough, -----	217	263	241
Terry township, -----	1,047	1,302	1,295
Towanda borough, -----	4,281	4,663	4,169
First ward, -----	1,224		
Second ward, -----	1,666		
Third ward, -----	1,391		
Towanda township, -----	828	1,006	1,001
Troy borough, -----	1,288	1,450	1,307
Troy township, -----	1,227	1,455	1,525
Tuscarora township, -----	956	1,208	1,357
Ulster township, -----	952	927	1,013
Warren township, -----	871	1,061	1,124
Wells township, -----	738	970	985
West Burlington township, -----	711	698	892
Willmot township, -----	1,184	1,444	1,511
Windham township, -----	724	860	1,020
Wyalusing borough, -----	580	525	438
Wyalusing township, -----	1,114	1,199	1,273
Wysox township, -----	1,190	1,244	1,249
BUCKS COUNTY, -----			
	76,530	71,190	70,615
Attleboro borough (a), -----	514	377	
Bedminster township, -----	2,167	2,244	2,385
Bensalem township, -----	3,105	3,046	2,499
Bridgeton township, -----	613	731	846
Bristol borough, -----	9,256	7,104	6,553
First ward, -----	1,967		
Second ward, -----	1,684		
Third ward, -----	1,451		
Fourth ward, -----	1,736		
Fifth ward, -----	2,418		
Bristol township, -----	1,692	1,397	1,591
Buckingham township, -----	2,269	2,506	2,544
Chalfont borough (b), -----	303		
Doylestown borough (c), -----	3,304	3,034	2,519
First ward, -----	1,177		
Second ward, -----	966		
Third ward, -----	1,161		

(a) Name changed to South Langhorne borough since 1910.

(b) Chalfont borough incorporated from part of New Britain township in 1902.

(c) Part of Doylestown township annexed to Doylestown borough in 1908.

Minor Civil Division.

1910.

1900.

1890.

BUCKS COUNTY—Concluded.

Doylestown township (a), -----	1,854	1,764	1,733
Durham township, -----	1,171	1,624	1,783
East Rockhill township, -----	1,113	1,055	1,660
Falls township, -----	1,851	1,856	2,463
Haycock township, -----	848	967	1,213
Hilltown township, -----	2,838	2,915	3,082
Hulmeville borough, -----	468	454	418
Ivyland borough (b), -----	247		
Langhorne borough, -----	895	801	727
Langhorne Manor borough, -----	170	222	
Lower Makefield township, -----	1,275	1,152	1,215
Middletown township, -----	1,239	1,383	2,209
Milford township (c), -----	2,235	2,631	2,725
Morrisville borough, -----	2,002	1,371	1,203
First ward, -----	1,022		
Second ward, -----	980		
New Britain township (d), -----	1,309	1,617	1,704
New Hope borough, -----	1,083	1,218	1,142
Newtown borough, -----	1,675	1,463	1,213
Newtown township, -----	713	715	759
Nockamixon township, -----	1,127	1,204	1,420
Northampton township, -----	1,441	1,522	2,049
Perkasie borough, -----	2,779	1,803	458
First ward, -----	1,360		
Second ward, -----	1,023		
Third ward, -----	396		
Plumstead township, -----	1,998	2,119	2,336
Quakertown borough, -----	3,801	3,014	2,169
First ward, -----	852		
Second ward, -----	1,737		
Third ward, -----	1,212		
Richland township, -----	1,963	1,542	2,088
Richlandtown borough, -----	562	285	
Sellersville borough, -----	1,572	1,247	794
Silverdale borough, -----	232	255	
Solebury township, -----	1,902	2,082	2,371
Southampton township, -----	1,336	1,411	1,637
Springfield township, -----	2,117	2,242	2,351
Telford borough, -----	207	181	125
Tinicum township, -----	1,512	1,700	2,098
Trumbauersville borough (e), -----	611		
Tullytown borough, -----	622	523	
Upper Makefield township, -----	1,091	1,143	1,236
Warminster township (f), -----	751	973	969
Warrington township, -----	822	883	820
Warwick township, -----	575	631	709
West Rockhill township, -----	1,306	1,309	1,193
Wrightstown township, -----	810	755	838
Yardley borough, -----	894	714	813

BUTLER COUNTY, -----

72,689

56,962

(g) 55,339

Adams township (h), -----	1,124	1,610	1,817
Allegheny township, -----	736	1,004	1,224
Brady township (i), -----	416	721	729
Bruin borough (j), -----	539		
Buffalo township, -----	1,212	1,121	1,131
Butler borough (k), -----	20,728	10,853	8,734
First ward, -----	4,047		
Second ward, -----	3,791		
Third ward, -----	5,904		
Fourth ward, -----	2,684		
Fifth ward, -----	4,802		
Butler township, -----	6,235	1,591	1,297
Callery borough (l), -----	325		
Center township, -----	989	889	1,005
Cherry township, -----	963	1,021	1,433
Cherry Valley borough (m), -----	113		

(a) Part of Doylestown township annexed to Doylestown borough in 1908.

(b) Incorporated from part of Warminster township in 1904.

(c) Part taken to form Trumbauersville borough in 1908.

(d) Chalfont borough incorporated from part of New Britain township in 1902.

(e) Incorporated from part of Milford township in 1908.

(f) Part taken to form Ivyland borough in 1904.

(g) County total includes population (1,083) of Harrisville borough and Mercer township, not returned separately in 1890.

(h) Callery borough incorporated from part of Adams townships in 1906.

(i) West Liberty borough incorporated from part of Brady township in 1903.

(j) Bruin and Eau Claire boroughs incorporated from parts of Parker township in 1901.

(k) Incorporated as a city since 1910.

(l) Callery borough incorporated from part of Adams township in 1906.

(m) Cherry Valley borough incorporated from part of Venango township in 1909.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
BUTLER COUNTY—Concluded.			
Clay township,	1,146	1,134	1,076
Clearfield township,	834	813	841
Clinton township,	782	900	918
Concord township,	1,071	1,086	1,138
Connoquenessing borough,	400	343	-----
Connoquenessing township,	920	960	1,593
Cranberry township,	829	981	909
Donegal township,	1,118	1,204	1,617
Eau Claire borough (a),	347	-----	-----
Evansburg borough (b),	1,339	1,203	637
Fairview borough,	167	235	303
Fairview township,	1,215	1,437	1,996
Forward township,	1,073	1,515	1,724
Franklin township,	871	924	990
Harmony borough,	673	645	585
Harrisville borough,	352	319	(c)
Jackson township,	1,781	1,406	1,154
Jefferson township,	1,301	1,422	1,600
Karns City borough,	283	265	427
Lancaster township,	784	834	946
Marion township,	898	878	965
Mars borough,	1,215	777	-----
Mercer township,	813	684	(c)
Middlesex township,	1,084	1,541	1,078
Millersburg borough,	993	950	1,162
Muddyreek township,	871	799	785
Oakland township,	922	940	1,198
Parker township (a),	626	1,317	1,710
Penn township,	1,603	1,712	1,814
Petrolia borough,	360	350	546
Portersville borough,	170	196	190
Prospect borough,	346	361	343
Saxonburg borough,	345	307	253
Slippery Rock borough,	870	993	448
Slippery Rock township,	1,589	1,013	1,247
Summit township,	1,635	1,280	1,287
Valencia borough,	240	149	-----
Venango township (d),	1,431	1,342	1,147
Washington township,	1,874	1,508	1,351
West Liberty borough (e),	199	-----	-----
West Sunbury borough,	283	254	238
Winfield township,	1,455	1,395	1,087
Worth township,	803	837	939
Zelienople borough,	1,388	963	639
CAMBRIA COUNTY,	166,131	(f)104,837	(g)66,375
Adams township,	4,126	3,613	1,037
Allegheny township,	1,088	1,342	1,257
Ashville borough,	384	393	289
Barnesboro borough,	3,535	1,482	-----
Barr township,	2,586	1,336	920
Blacklick township (h),	3,190	1,622	624
Brownstown borough (i),	1,300	-----	-----
Cambria township,	1,150	1,160	1,069
Carroll township,	4,946	2,284	1,226
Carrolltown borough,	1,348	790	634
Cassandra borough (j),	308	-----	-----
Chest township,	668	674	508
Chest Springs borough,	174	202	255
Clearfield township,	1,182	1,135	1,205
Conemaugh township,	1,549	778	764
Cresson borough (k),	1,470	-----	-----
Cresson township (k),	1,219	1,572	-----
Croyle township,	3,376	2,185	1,874

(a) Bruin and Eau Claire boroughs incorporated from parts of Parker township in 1901.

(b) Returned as Evans City borough in 1900.

(c) County total includes population (1,083) of Harrisville borough and Mercer township, not returned separately in 1890.

(d) Cherry Valley borough incorporated from part of Venango township in 1909.

(e) West Liberty borough incorporated from part of Brady township in 1903.

(f) County total includes population (808) of Roxbury borough, annexed to Johnstown city since 1900.

(g) County total includes population (619) of Coopersdale borough, annexed to Johnstown city between 1890 and 1900.

(h) Part taken to form part of Vintondale borough in 1907.

(i) Incorporated from part of Lower Yoder township in 1908.

(j) Incorporated from part of Washington township in 1908.

(k) Cresson and Sankertown boroughs incorporated from parts of Cresson township in 1906.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
CAMBRIA COUNTY—Concluded.			
Daisytown borough,	382	435	-----
Dale borough,	2,285	1,503	-----
Dean township,	599	373	501
East Conemaugh borough,	5,046	2,175	1,158
East Taylor township,	1,049	698	845
Ebensburg borough,	1,978	1,574	1,202
Centre ward,	731	-----	-----
East ward,	778	-----	-----
West ward,	469	-----	-----
Elder township,	2,338	1,504	711
Ferndale borough,	514	224	-----
Franklin borough,	2,102	961	662
Gallitzin borough,	3,504	2,759	2,392
Gallitzin township,	1,644	1,473	1,076
Hastings borough,	2,125	1,621	1,070
Jackson township (a),	2,492	2,006	987
Johnstown city (b),	55,482	35,936	21,805
First ward,	2,693	-----	-----
Second ward,	1,545	-----	-----
Third ward,	622	-----	-----
Fourth ward,	1,284	-----	-----
Fifth ward,	2,424	-----	-----
Sixth ward,	3,646	-----	-----
Seventh ward,	4,476	-----	-----
Eighth ward,	2,862	-----	-----
Ninth ward,	2,963	-----	-----
Tenth ward,	2,319	-----	-----
Eleventh ward,	3,945	-----	-----
Twelfth ward,	1,893	-----	-----
Thirteenth ward,	1,443	-----	-----
Fourteenth ward,	2,403	-----	-----
Fifteenth ward,	3,224	-----	-----
Sixteenth ward,	5,482	-----	-----
Seventeenth ward,	5,735	-----	-----
Eighteenth ward,	2,032	-----	-----
Nineteenth ward,	1,680	-----	-----
Twentieth ward,	2,045	-----	-----
Twenty-first ward,	966	-----	-----
Lilly borough,	1,638	1,276	915
Loretto borough,	246	240	236
Lower Yoder township (c),	2,765	2,194	4,290
Middle Taylor township (d),	426	-----	-----
Munster township,	405	429	400
Patton borough,	3,907	2,651	-----
First ward,	2,335	-----	-----
Second ward,	1,572	-----	-----
Portage borough,	2,954	816	564
Portage township,	4,614	3,018	1,246
Reade township,	3,093	2,980	2,235
Richland township,	2,103	1,378	920
Rosedale borough,	419	386	-----
Sankertown borough (e),	687	-----	-----
Scalp Level borough,	1,424	450	-----
South Fork borough,	4,592	2,635	1,295
First ward,	2,294	-----	-----
Second ward,	2,298	-----	-----
Spangler borough,	2,700	1,616	-----
Stonycreek township (f),	2,293	1,275	1,788
Summerhill borough,	863	591	-----
Summerhill township,	3,842	704	602
Susquehanna township,	4,266	1,898	1,160
Tunnelhill borough,	661	674	703
Upper Yoder township (g),	928	943	1,325
Vintondale borough (h),	1,410	-----	-----
Washington township (i),	1,321	1,336	1,663
West Taylor township (j),	1,056	1,206	1,277
Westmont borough,	1,468	499	-----
White township,	599	760	680
Willmore borough,	314	264	350

(a) Part taken to form part of Vintondale borough in 1907.

(b) Roxbury borough annexed in 1901; parts of Lower and Upper Yoder townships annexed in 1900, and part of Stonycreek township annexed in 1907; part annexed to Upper Yoder township in 1901.

(c) Part annexed to Johnstown city in 1900 and part taken to form Brownstown borough in 1908.

(d) Organized from part of West Taylor township in 1908.

(e) Cresson and Sankertown boroughs incorporated from parts of Cresson township in 1906.

(f) Part annexed to Johnstown city in 1907.

(g) Part annexed to Johnstown city in 1900; part of Johnstown city annexed in 1901.

(h) Incorporated from parts of Blacklick and Jackson townships in 1907.

(i) Part taken to form Cassandra borough in 1908.

(j) Part taken to form Middle Taylor township in 1908.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
CAMERON COUNTY,	7,644	7,048	7,238
Driftwood borough, -----	517	509	628
Emporium borough, -----	2,916	2,463	2,147
East ward, -----	947		
Middle ward, -----	884		
West ward, -----	1,085		
Gibson township, -----	1,075	822	948
Grove township, -----	673	696	784
Lumber township, -----	654	568	907
Portage township, -----	143	246	226
Shippen township, -----	1,666	1,744	1,698
CARBON COUNTY,	52,846	44,510	38,624
Banks township, -----	4,719	4,113	4,461
Beaver Meadow borough, -----	1,530	1,378	
East Mauch Chunk borough, -----	3,548	3,458	2,772
First ward, -----	1,485		
Second ward, -----	1,298		
Third ward, -----	765		
East Penn township, -----	944	1,182	1,109
East Side borough, -----	220	210	
Franklin township, -----	2,336	2,342	2,040
Kidder township, -----	427	651	992
Lansford borough, -----	8,321	4,888	4,004
East ward, -----	3,745		
Middle ward, -----	1,964		
West ward, -----	2,612		
Lausanne township, -----	263	242	136
Lehigh township, -----	491	619	565
Lehighton borough, -----	5,316	4,629	2,959
First ward, -----	1,941		
Second ward, -----	1,242		
Third ward, -----	2,133		
Lower Towamensing township, -----	4,131	2,507	1,726
Mahoning township, -----	2,378	2,501	2,248
Mauch Chunk borough, -----	3,952	4,029	4,101
First ward, -----	1,311		
Second ward, -----	2,101		
Third ward, -----	540		
Mauch Chunk township, -----	4,358	2,896	2,449
Packer township, -----	717	684	665
Parryville borough, -----	590	723	605
Penn Forest township, -----	417	486	627
Summit Hill borough, -----	4,209	2,986	2,816
First ward, -----	822		
Second ward, -----	774		
Third ward, -----	1,929		
Fourth ward, -----	684		
Towamensing township, -----	840	914	933
Weatherly borough, -----	2,501	2,471	2,961
First ward, -----	785		
Second ward, -----	493		
Third ward, -----	739		
Fourth ward, -----	484		
Weissport borough, -----	638	601	436
CENTRE COUNTY,	43,424	42,894	43,269
Bellefonte borough, -----	4,145	4,216	3,946
North ward, -----	1,768		
South ward, -----	1,662		
West ward, -----	715		
Benner township, -----	1,215	1,242	1,222
Boggs township, -----	1,565	1,899	2,042
Burnside township, -----	356	444	330
Centre Hall borough, -----	500	537	441
College township, -----	1,135	1,140	1,066
Curtin township, -----	740	543	546
Ferguson township, -----	1,558	1,512	1,748
Gregg township, -----	1,635	2,098	1,688
Halnea township, -----	1,176	1,400	1,490
Halfmoon township, -----	562	624	743
Harris township, -----	759	826	869
Howard borough, -----	667	563	554
Howard township, -----	709	819	940
Huston township, -----	674	750	766
Liberty township, -----	1,226	1,100	1,244
Marion township, -----	486	536	611
Miles township, -----	1,303	1,347	1,488
Millburg borough, -----	531	594	714
Millheim borough, -----	626	612	700

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
CENTRE COUNTY—Concluded.			
Patton township, -----	907	924	1,045
Penn township, -----	856	880	978
Philipsburg borough, -----	3,585	3,266	3,245
First ward, -----	895		
Second ward, -----	1,382		
Third ward, -----	1,308		
Potter township, -----	1,471	1,765	1,764
Rush township, -----	3,763	2,430	2,829
Snow Shoe borough (a), -----	643		
Snow Shoe township (a), -----	2,166	2,783	2,397
South Philipsburg borough, -----	434	497	
Spring township, -----	3,075	2,921	3,190
State College borough, -----	1,425	851	
Taylor township, -----	493	564	577
Union township, -----	777	846	820
Unionville borough, -----	343	360	343
Walker township, -----	1,164	1,270	1,333
Worth township, -----	754	732	840
	109,213	95,695	89,377
CHESTER COUNTY,			
Atglen borough, -----	546	404	397
Avondale borough, -----	668	640	
Birmingham township, -----	398	464	458
Cain township, -----	954	917	1,053
Charlestown township, -----	723	737	790
Coatesville borough (b), -----	11,084	5,721	3,680
Downingtown borough, -----	3,326	2,133	1,920
East ward, -----	1,506		
West ward, -----	1,820		
East Bradford township, -----	837	915	1,043
East Brandywine township, -----	685	739	995
East Cain township, -----	282	231	256
East Coventry township, -----	1,094	1,148	1,219
East Fallowfield township, -----	2,501	1,847	1,505
East Goshen township, -----	613	653	684
East Marlboro township, -----	1,211	1,280	1,327
East Nantmeal township, -----	708	728	837
East Nottingham township, -----	1,277	1,318	1,305
East Pikeland township, -----	731	706	823
East Vincent township, -----	1,646	1,238	1,285
East Whiteland township, -----	1,290	1,273	1,157
Easttown township, -----	2,178	1,910	1,682
Elk township, -----	563	722	789
Franklin township, -----	643	754	791
Highland township, -----	818	833	910
Honeybrook borough, -----	581	609	514
Honeybrook township, -----	1,130	1,268	1,382
Hopewell borough (c), -----	136	182	213
Kennett township, -----	1,195	1,144	1,185
Kennett Square borough, -----	2,049	1,516	1,326
London Britain township, -----	502	607	607
London Grove township, -----	1,730	1,828	2,618
Londonberry township, -----	582	648	671
Lower Oxford township, -----	1,332	1,366	1,384
Malvern borough, -----	1,125	975	641
New Garden township, -----	1,875	1,924	2,126
New London township, -----	663	696	789
Newlin township, -----	659	633	680
North Coventry Township, -----	1,975	1,064	1,005
Oxford borough, -----	2,390	2,032	1,711
Parkeburg borough, -----	2,522	1,788	1,514
Penn township, -----	558	608	632
Pennsbury township, -----	656	709	773
Phoenixville borough, -----	10,743	9,196	8,514
First ward, -----	1,574		
Second ward, -----	2,403		
Third ward, -----	2,090		
Fourth ward, -----	1,913		
Fifth ward, -----	1,538		
Sixth ward, -----	1,225		
Pocopson township, -----	489	478	513
Sadsbury township, -----	813	942	843
Schuylkill township, -----	888	1,220	1,254
South Coventry township, -----	427	421	493
Spring City borough, -----	2,880	2,566	1,797
First ward, -----	571		
Second ward, -----	514		
Third ward, -----	1,019		
Fourth ward, -----	776		

(a) Snow Shoe borough incorporated from part of Snow Shoe township in 1907.

(b) Incorporated as a city since 1910.

(c) Disincorporated as a borough since 1910.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
CHESTER COUNTY—Concluded.			
Thornbury township, -----	192	232	251
Tredyffrin township, -----	4,017	2,926	2,549
Upper Oxford township, -----	910	1,063	1,096
Upper Uwchlan township, -----	685	716	824
Uwchlan township, -----	570	596	689
Valley township, -----	1,464	1,079	1,072
Wallace township, -----	690	683	662
Warwick township, -----	1,056	1,217	1,487
West Bradford township, -----	1,564	1,408	1,281
West Brandywine township, -----	724	766	723
West Caln township, -----	1,093	1,201	1,146
West Chester borough, -----	11,767	9,524	8,028
West Fallowfield township, -----	1,009	1,059	1,039
West Goshen township, -----	1,086	1,095	1,111
West Grove borough, -----	1,261	929	-----
West Marlboro township, -----	1,057	1,157	1,041
West Nantmeal township, -----	912	904	995
West Nottingham township, -----	749	777	817
West Pikeland township, -----	888	1,025	664
West Sadsbury township, -----	725	820	774
West Vincent township, -----	990	1,034	1,081
West Whiteland township, -----	973	1,046	1,096
Westtown township, -----	663	694	895
Willistown township, -----	1,483	1,413	1,390
CLARION COUNTY, -----	36,638	34,283	36,802
Ashland township, -----	778	872	1,268
Beaver township, -----	1,504	1,738	1,969
Brady township, -----	248	200	237
Callensburg borough, -----	198	248	241
Clarion borough, -----	2,612	2,004	2,164
Clarion township, -----	1,336	1,143	1,183
Curllsville borough, -----	98	131	154
East Brady borough, -----	1,493	1,233	1,228
Edenburg borough, -----	616	704	751
Elk township, -----	1,083	1,049	1,283
Farmington township, -----	2,259	2,246	2,598
Hawthorn borough (a), -----	569	559	378
Highland township, -----	508	657	624
Knox township, -----	845	836	188
Licking township, -----	815	953	914
Limestone township, -----	1,445	1,381	1,457
Madison township, -----	2,119	1,674	1,759
Millcreek township, -----	711	829	842
Monroe township, -----	963	932	1,047
New Bethlehem borough, -----	1,625	1,269	1,026
Paint township, -----	511	562	600
Perry township, -----	2,142	1,886	1,706
Piney township, -----	623	583	742
Porter township, -----	1,501	1,553	1,861
Redbank township, -----	1,991	1,961	2,035
Richland township, -----	1,221	1,410	1,859
Rimersburg borough, -----	855	487	360
St. Petersburg borough, -----	453	482	655
Salem township, -----	936	1,080	1,147
Shippensburg borough, -----	378	313	336
Sligo borough, -----	754	505	495
Strattanville borough, -----	376	262	331
Toby township, -----	1,697	1,048	1,161
Washington township, -----	1,377	1,493	1,505
CLEARFIELD COUNTY, -----	93,768	80,614	(b) 69,565
Beccaria township, -----	3,095	2,924	3,021
Bell township, -----	1,682	1,583	1,484
Bigler township, -----	4,013	2,675	1,841
Bloom township, -----	451	570	364
Boggs township, -----	1,154	1,024	835
Bradford township, -----	2,250	2,075	1,981
Brady township, -----	2,823	2,638	1,918
Brisbin borough, -----	459	666	1,508
Burnside borough, -----	493	647	292
Burnside township, -----	1,435	1,695	1,614
Chest township, -----	872	1,022	1,314
Chester Hill borough, -----	648	710	553

(a) Name changed from West Millville in 1903.

(b) County total includes population (621) of West Clearfield borough, annexed to Clearfield borough between 1890 and 1900.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
CLEARFIELD COUNTY—Concluded.			
Clearfield borough, -----	6,851	5,081	2,248
First ward, -----	1,302		
Second ward, -----	2,006		
Third ward, -----	2,035		
Fourth ward, -----	1,508		
Coalport borough, -----	876	938	855
Cooper township, -----	5,713	4,629	2,276
Covington township, -----	649	695	747
Curwensville borough, -----	2,549	1,937	1,664
First ward, -----	1,320		
Second ward, -----	1,229		
Decatur township, -----	3,562	3,810	4,779
DuBois borough (a), -----	12,623	9,375	6,149
First ward, -----	4,892		
Second ward, -----	3,102		
Third ward, -----	1,789		
Fourth ward, -----	2,840		
Ferguson township, -----	765	914	981
Girard township, -----	606	570	587
Glen Hope borough, -----	237	220	286
Goshen township, -----	514	501	476
Graham township, -----	664	626	696
Gramplan borough, -----	666	600	219
Greenwood township, -----	590	806	566
Gulieh township, -----	2,112	1,071	1,300
Houtzdale borough, -----	1,434	1,482	2,231
Huston township, -----	2,653	1,974	2,443
Irvona borough, -----	800	723	
Jordan township, -----	1,261	1,284	1,415
Karthaush township, -----	1,332	1,066	1,368
Knox township, -----	1,064	864	810
Lawrence township, -----	4,024	3,370	2,773
Lumber City borough, -----	263	294	266
Mahaffey borough, -----	754	741	627
Morris township, -----	4,994	4,460	3,297
New Washington borough, -----	174	213	178
Newburg borough, -----	274	314	354
Osceola borough, -----	2,437	2,030	1,730
Penn township, -----	936	840	806
Pike township, -----	1,671	1,575	1,445
Pine township, -----	32		
Ramey borough, -----	1,045	866	
Sandy township, -----	5,695	3,222	2,152
Troutville borough, -----	260	308	
Union township, -----	785	944	639
Wallaceton borough, -----	324	289	250
Westover borough, -----	569	654	
Woodward township, -----	2,535	3,169	5,596
CLINTON COUNTY, -----			
	31,545	29,197	28,685
Allison township, -----	409	332	200
Avis borough (b), -----	796		
Bald Eagle township, -----	592	679	818
Beech Creek borough, -----	584	449	437
Beech Creek township, -----	727	627	705
Castanea township, -----	463	399	484
Chapman township, -----	1,399	1,266	1,123
Colebrook township, -----	316	495	495
Crawford township, -----	376	420	440
Dunnstable township, -----	335	304	449
East Keating township, -----	171	225	229
Flemington borough, -----	1,022	864	912
Gallagher township, -----	276	357	359
Greene township, -----	1,146	1,281	1,218
Grugan township, -----	219	293	229
Lamar township, -----	1,366	1,508	1,393
Ledy township, -----	700	663	677
Lock Haven city, -----	7,772	7,210	7,258
First ward, -----	2,302		
Second ward, -----	1,649		
Third ward, -----	1,652		
Fourth ward, -----	2,169		
Logan township, -----	819	852	938
Loganton borough, -----	375	432	385
Mill Hall borough, -----	1,043	1,010	503
Noyes township, -----	1,687	1,225	1,054

(a) Incorporated as a city since 1910.

(b) Avis borough incorporated from part of Pine Creek township in 1908.

Minor Civil Division.	1915.	1900.	1890.
CLINTON COUNTY—Concluded.			
Pine Creek township (a),	1,036	868	919
Porter township,	777	870	1,038
Renovo borough,	4,621	4,082	4,164
East ward,	1,843		
Middle ward,	1,250		
West ward,	1,528		
South Renovo borough,	805	425	135
Wayne township,	576	681	712
West Keating township,	172	255	253
Woodward township,	965	937	1,063
COLUMBIA COUNTY,	48,467	39,896	36,832
Beaver township,	842	888	1,039
Benton borough,	719	635	
Benton township,	769	867	1,252
Berwick borough,	5,357	3,916	2,701
Bloomsburg town,	7,413	6,170	4,635
Briar Creek township (b),	2,761	1,833	1,292
Catawissa borough,	1,930	2,023	1,809
Catawissa township,	503	500	539
Centre township,	1,233	1,189	1,195
Centralla borough,	2,429	2,048	2,761
First ward,	1,303		
Second ward,	1,126		
Cleveland township,	909	899	
Conyngham township,	3,127	3,037	2,739
Fishing Creek township,	1,031	1,181	1,447
Franklin township,	537	549	522
Greenwood township,	1,221	1,307	1,876
Hemlock township,	898	927	946
Jackson township,	552	700	733
Locust township,	1,191	1,200	1,973
Madison township,	909	1,025	1,072
Main township,	567	652	595
Mifflin township,	1,142	1,043	1,022
Millville borough,	611	593	
Montour township,	625	618	633
Mount Pleasant township,	647	722	736
Orange township,	343	446	1,000
Orangeville borough,	599	439	
Pine township,	834	976	905
Roaring Creek township,	569	631	580
Scott township,	1,239	1,281	1,373
Stillwater borough,	179	177	
Sugarloaf township,	1,404	1,376	1,337
West Berwick borough (b),	5,512		
First ward,	3,542		
Second ward,	1,970		
CRAWFORD COUNTY,	61,565	(c) 63,643	(c) 65,324
Athens township,	822	1,106	1,244
Beaver township,	957	1,012	1,131
Bloomfield township,	1,062	1,244	1,367
Blooming Valley borough,	150	177	206
Cambridge township,	745	728	690
Cambridge Springs borough,	1,514	1,495	912
Centerville borough,	254	260	274
Cochranon borough,	695	640	655
Conneaut township,	1,230	1,477	1,559
Conneaut Lake borough,	725	343	291
Conneautville borough,	867	920	767
Cusawego township,	963	1,294	1,468
East Fairfield township,	455	544	572
East Fallowfield township,	915	1,082	1,193
East Mead township,	673	831	
Fairfield township,	605	767	841
Geneva borough,	236	215	293
Greenwood township,	1,105	1,320	1,465
Hartstown borough (d),	135	190	160

(a) Avis borough incorporated from part of Pine Creek township in 1903.

(b) West Berwick borough incorporated from part of Briar Creek township in 1902.

(c) County totals include population (533 in 1900; 548 in 1890) of Vallonia borough, annexed to Meadville city since 1900; and population (2,616 in 1890) of Mead township, taken to form East and West Mead townships between 1890 and 1900.

(d) Disincorporated as a borough since 1876.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
CRAWFORD COUNTY—Concluded.			
Hayfield township,	1,252	1,434	1,628
Hydetown borough,	413	337	247
Linesville borough,	833	661	552
Meadville city (a),	12,780	10,291	9,520
First ward,	2,886		
Second ward,	3,052		
Third ward,	3,401		
Fourth ward,	2,880		
Fifth ward,	561		
North Shenango township,	637	711	804
Oil Creek township,	1,027	1,307	1,489
Pine township,	359	335	351
Randolph township,	1,519	1,777	1,906
Riceville borough,	121	207	245
Richmond township,	1,054	1,196	1,354
Rockdale township,	994	1,149	1,309
Rome township,	1,028	1,294	1,352
Sadsbury township,	380	755	848
Saegerstown borough,	712	607	745
South Shenango township,	820	835	909
Sparta township,	1,031	1,142	1,209
Spartansburg borough,	460	508	516
Spring township,	1,342	1,391	1,575
Springboro borough,	614	608	490
Steuben township,	695	925	907
Summerhill township,	886	950	1,040
Summit township,	999	958	1,008
Titusville city,	8,583	8,244	8,072
First ward,	2,445		
Second ward,	3,350		
Third ward,	1,054		
Fourth ward,	1,634		
Townville borough,	317	327	358
Troy township,	1,026	1,686	1,493
Union township,	395	444	514
Venango borough,	251	223	278
Venango township,	477	495	536
Vernon township,	1,922	1,854	2,014
Wayne township,	1,125	1,366	1,573
West Fallowfield township,	348	361	364
West Mead township,	1,748	1,775	
West Shenango township,	227	277	328
Woodcock borough,	130	109	140
Woodcock township,	957	1,187	1,233
CUMBERLAND COUNTY,	54,479	50,344	(b) 47,271
Camp Hill borough,	875	860	191
Carlisle borough,	10,303	9,626	7,620
First ward,	2,724		
Second ward,	1,537		
Third ward,	2,261		
Fourth ward,	3,781		
Cooke township,	162	242	328
Dickinson township,	1,637	1,559	1,731
East Pennsboro township (c),	4,451	2,651	2,751
Frankford township,	1,162	1,404	1,464
Hampden township,	856	849	964
Hopewell township,	745	892	1,027
Lemoine borough (d),	1,393		
Lower Allen township (d),	1,589	1,592	1,018
Lower Milfin township,	591	650	
Mechanicsburg borough,	4,469	3,841	3,691
First ward,	956		
Second ward,	1,179		
Third ward,	676		
Fourth ward,	708		
Fifth ward,	950		
Middlesex township,	2,271	(e) 2,436	1,766
Monroe township,	1,540	1,691	1,744
Mount Holly Springs borough,	1,272	1,328	1,190
New Cumberland borough,	1,472	1,085	754
Newburg borough,	264	340	376
Newton township,	1,423	1,614	1,713

(a) Vallonia borough annexed in 1904.

(b) County total includes population (1,388) of Milfin township, taken to form Lower and Upper Milfin townships between 1890 and 1900.

(c) Wormleysburg borough incorporated from part of East Pennsboro township in 1908.

(d) Lemoine borough incorporated from part of Lower Allen township in 1907.

(e) Includes population (1,078) of Carlisle Indian School, returned as in North Middleton township in 1900.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
CUMBERLAND COUNTY—Concluded.			
Newville borough,	1,449	1,655	1,562
North ward, 736			
South ward, 713			
North Middleton township,	857	(a) 929	994
Penn township,	1,170	1,446	1,415
Shippensburg borough,	3,457	3,228	2,188
East ward, 956			
Middle ward, 1,407			
West ward, 1,094			
Shippensburg township,	574	595	744
Shiremanstown borough,	545	504	432
Silver Spring township,	1,586	1,804	2,005
South Middleton township,	2,488	2,639	2,641
Southampton township,	1,533	1,716	1,917
Upper Allen township,	1,117	1,089	1,394
Upper Mifflin township,	592	607	
West Pennsboro township,	1,827	2,042	2,263
Wormleysburg borough (b),	809		
DAUPHIN COUNTY,	136,152	115,443	96,977
Berrysburg borough,	377	398	426
Conewago township,	761	830	872
Dauphin borough,	545	566	749
Derry township,	2,836	2,232	2,288
East Hanover township,	1,261	1,310	1,428
Elizabethville borough,	1,039	838	678
Gratz borough,	536	489	490
Halifax borough,	745	618	515
Halifax township,	1,048	1,155	1,208
Harrisburg city (c),	64,186	50,167	39,386
First ward, 3,859			
Second ward, 6,347			
Third ward, 1,900			
Fourth ward, 3,292			
Fifth ward, 4,148			
Sixth ward, 1,121			
Seventh ward, 7,851			
Eighth ward, 6,330			
Ninth ward, 9,351			
Tenth ward, 5,173			
Eleventh ward, 4,908			
Twelfth ward, 4,620			
Thirteenth ward, 2,286			
Highspire borough (d),	1,669		
Hummelstown borough,	2,128	1,729	1,486
Jackson township,	886	983	1,137
Jefferson township,	270	286	317
Londonderry township,	1,224	1,385	2,381
Lower Paxton township,	1,471	1,421	1,517
Lower Swatara township (e),	643	1,993	1,704
Lykens borough,	2,943	2,762	2,450
East ward, 1,022			
West ward, 1,921			
Lykens township,	1,261	1,255	1,242
Middle Paxton township,	1,355	1,965	1,327
Middletown borough,	5,374	5,608	5,080
First ward, 1,930			
Second ward, 1,922			
Third ward, 1,522			
Mifflin township,	515	534	546
Millersburg borough,	2,394	1,675	1,527
Penbrook borough,	1,462	864	
Reed township,	253	275	267
Royalton borough,	1,033	1,106	
Rush township,	139	136	151
South Hanover township,	1,080	922	1,062
Steelton borough (f),	14,246	12,066	9,250
First ward, 3,772			
Second ward, 2,163			
Third ward, 3,515			
Fourth ward, 1,566			
Fifth ward, 3,290			

(a) Exclusive of population (1,073) of Carlisle Indian School in Middlesex township, returned as in North Middleton township in 1900.

(b) Wormleysburg borough incorporated from part of East Pennsboro township in 1908.

(c) Parts of Susquehanna township annexed in 1907, 1908 and 1910 and part of Swatara township annexed in 1910.

(d) Incorporated from part of Lower Swatara township in 1903.

(e) Part taken to form Highspire borough and part annexed to Steelton borough in 1908.

(f) Part of Lower Swatara township annexed in 1903, and parts of Swatara township annexed in 1903, 1904, and 1909.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
DAUPHIN COUNTY—Concluded.			
Susquehanna township (a), -----	5,924	3,622	3,653
Swatara township (b), -----	5,630	4,816	3,329
Uniontown borough, -----	291	359	333
Upper Paxton township, -----	1,513	1,444	1,494
Washington township, -----	998	970	1,022
Wayne township, -----	467	436	512
West Hanover township, -----	947	1,010	1,013
Wiconisco township, -----	2,668	2,674	2,280
Williams township, -----	1,130	1,290	1,485
Williamstown borough, -----	2,904	2,934	2,324
East ward, -----	1,464		
West ward, -----	1,440		
DELAWARE COUNTY, -----	117,906	94,762	(c) 74,683
Aldan borough, -----	661	296	
Aston township, -----	2,135	2,641	2,454
Bethel township, -----	535	590	595
Birmingham township, -----	702	733	919
Chester city, -----	38,537	33,988	20,226
First ward, -----	2,354		
Second ward, -----	3,741		
Third ward, -----	2,945		
Fourth ward, -----	2,548		
Fifth ward, -----	4,150		
Sixth ward, -----	3,799		
Seventh ward, -----	5,047		
Eighth ward, -----	3,555		
Ninth ward, -----	3,199		
Tenth ward, -----	3,001		
Eleventh ward, -----	4,198		
Chester township, -----	615	543	578
Clifton Heights borough, -----	3,155	2,330	1,820
Collingdale borough, -----	1,361	693	
Colwyn borough, -----	1,584	1,226	
Concord township, -----	1,213	1,471	1,276
Darby borough, -----	6,305	3,429	2,972
First ward, -----	2,412		
Second ward, -----	1,169		
Third ward, -----	2,724		
Darby township, -----	1,763	1,388	2,031
Eddystone borough, -----	1,167	776	(d)
Edgemont township, -----	525	552	567
Glenolden borough, -----	1,157	873	
Haverford township, -----	3,989	2,414	1,733
Lansdowne borough, -----	4,066	2,630	875
Lower Chichester township, -----	1,250	1,425	2,292
Marcus Hook borough, -----	1,573	1,209	
First ward, -----	575		
Second ward, -----	266		
Third ward, -----	732		
Marple township, -----	895	812	884
Media borough, -----	3,562	3,075	2,736
Middletown township, -----	3,806	3,241	3,287
Millbourne borough (e), -----	332		
Morton borough, -----	1,071	889	821
Nether Providence township, -----	1,941	2,033	1,817
Newtown township, -----	739	738	649
Norwood borough, -----	1,668	1,286	
Prospect Park borough, -----	1,655	1,050	
Radnor township, -----	7,094	6,474	3,799
Ridley township, -----	2,945	1,973	(d)
Ridley Park borough, -----	1,761	1,234	(d)
Rutledge borough, -----	523	369	269
Sharon Hill borough, -----	1,401	1,058	
Springfield township, -----	1,132	889	1,615
Swarthmore borough, -----	1,899	903	
Thornbury township, -----	1,944	1,864	926
Tinicum township, -----	1,135	472	188

(a) Parts annexed to Harrisburg city in 1907, 1908, and 1910.

(b) Parts annexed to Steelton borough in 1903, 1904 and 1909, and part annexed to Harrisburg city in 1910.

(c) County total includes population (7,076) of South Chester borough, annexed to Chester city between 1890 and 1900 and population (4,529) of Eddystone and Ridley Park boroughs and Ridley township, not returned separately in 1890.

(d) Not returned separately in 1890.

(e) Millbourne borough incorporated from part of Upper Darby township in 1909.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
DELAWARE COUNTY—Concluded.			
Upland borough,	2,221	2,181	2,275
Upper Chichester township,	671	601	564
Upper Darby township (a),	5,385	3,821	3,898
Upper Providence township,	961	1,053	1,013
Yeadon borough,	882	689	-----
ELK COUNTY,	35,871	32,903	22,239
Benezette township,	1,906	1,365	1,025
Benzinger township,	2,160	2,294	2,733
Fox township,	3,183	3,221	2,951
Highland township,	1,298	1,415	849
Horton township,	2,135	2,855	2,204
Jay township,	2,000	1,048	983
Johnsonburg borough,	4,334	3,894	1,280
Jones township,	3,092	3,663	2,845
Millstone township,	1,017	1,044	357
Ridgway borough,	5,408	3,515	1,903
First ward,	682	-----	-----
Second ward,	772	-----	-----
Third ward,	1,702	-----	-----
Fourth ward,	1,156	-----	-----
Fifth ward,	1,096	-----	-----
Ridgway township,	1,817	2,161	1,961
St. Marys borough,	6,346	4,295	1,745
Spring Creek township,	1,189	2,133	1,403
ERIE COUNTY,	115,517	98,473	86,074
Albion borough,	1,534	695	366
Amity township,	799	935	912
Ooncord township,	876	904	991
Conneaut township,	1,393	1,824	1,386
Corry city,	5,991	5,366	5,677
First ward,	1,419	-----	-----
Second ward,	1,022	-----	-----
Third ward,	1,965	-----	-----
Fourth ward,	1,585	-----	-----
East Springfield borough (b),	348	324	-----
Edinboro borough,	666	691	1,107
Elgin borough,	148	188	169
Elk Creek township,	1,459	1,362	1,325
Erie city (c),	66,525	52,733	40,684
First ward,	10,191	-----	-----
Second ward,	14,791	-----	-----
Third ward,	11,647	-----	-----
Fourth ward,	9,711	-----	-----
Fifth ward,	10,318	-----	-----
Sixth ward,	9,867	-----	-----
Fairview borough,	349	327	305
Fairview township,	1,232	1,241	1,225
Franklin township,	761	889	963
Garard borough,	1,165	954	626
Garard township,	2,504	2,126	2,280
Greene township,	1,294	1,406	1,511
Greenfield township,	857	1,001	1,432
Harborcreek township,	2,074	1,687	1,660
Le Boeuf township,	913	1,079	1,215
McKean township,	1,182	1,247	1,530
Middleboro borough,	207	207	195
Mill Village borough,	290	321	320
Millcreek township (e),	4,994	3,891	3,279
North East borough,	2,672	2,068	1,538
First ward,	1,562	-----	-----
Second ward,	1,110	-----	-----
North East township,	2,058	1,962	2,124
Platea borough (d),	220	225	240
Springfield township,	1,369	1,451	1,642
Summit township,	865	871	903
Union township,	1,151	1,258	1,366
Union City borough,	3,684	3,104	2,261
First ward,	2,188	-----	-----
Second ward,	1,496	-----	-----
Venango township,	1,033	1,318	1,351

(a) Millbourne borough incorporated from part of Upper Darby township in 1909.

(b) Returned as Springfield in 1960.

(c) Part of Millcreek township annexed to Erie city in 1907.

(d) Name changed from Lockport in 1903.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
ERIE COUNTY—Concluded.			
Washington township, -----	1,567	1,705	1,790
Waterford borough, -----	724	767	838
Waterford township, -----	1,328	1,457	1,587
Wattsburg borough, -----	283	351	382
Wayne township, -----	997	1,081	1,124
FAYETTE COUNTY, -----	167,449	(a) 110,412	(a) 80,060
Belleverson borough, -----	2,372	1,901	1,147
Brownsville borough, -----	2,324	1,562	1,417
Brownsville township, -----	865	291	252
Bullskin township, -----	3,881	4,120	3,519
Connellsville borough (b), -----	12,845	7,160	5,629
First ward, -----	1,525		
Second ward, -----	2,225		
Third ward, -----	2,813		
Fourth ward, -----	2,055		
Fifth ward, -----	1,674		
Sixth ward, -----	1,570		
Seventh ward, -----	983		
Connellsville township, -----	8,876	3,653	2,165
Dawson borough, -----	848	825	868
Dunbar borough, -----	1,970	1,662	1,381
Dunbar township (c), -----	12,883	13,733	10,503
Everson borough (d), -----	1,759		
Fairchance borough, -----	1,760	1,219	1,092
Fayette City borough, -----	2,005	1,595	931
Franklin township, -----	3,962	2,817	1,668
Georges township, -----	8,662	4,295	3,478
German township, -----	11,844	5,154	1,779
Henry Clay township, -----	1,206	1,208	1,311
Jefferson township, -----	3,267	2,896	1,656
Lower Tyrone township, -----	1,481	2,390	2,153
Luzerne township, -----	4,332	1,155	1,840
Markleysburg borough, -----	227	210	
Masontown borough, -----	890	466	391
Menallen township, -----	7,580	2,079	1,302
Nicholson township, -----	3,534	1,324	1,483
North Union township, -----	11,968	9,617	5,099
Ohlappyle borough, -----	535	423	
Perry township, -----	6,912	4,449	1,023
Point Marion borough, -----	1,389	575	
Redstone township, -----	9,525	1,187	1,122
Saltlick township, -----	1,379	1,415	1,339
Smithfield borough, -----	749	525	
South Brownsville borough (e), -----	3,943	1,805	1,030
South Union township, -----	6,721	4,317	3,740
Springfield township, -----	2,179	2,077	1,704
Springhill township, -----	2,909	1,762	1,720
Stewart township, -----	1,197	1,258	1,594
Uniontown borough (f), -----	13,344	7,344	6,359
First ward, -----	1,608		
Second ward, -----	4,989		
Third ward, -----	3,527		
Fourth ward, -----	3,220		
Upper Tyrone township (d), -----	3,798	6,124	4,718
Vanderbilt borough (e), -----	1,198		
Washington township, -----	3,922	2,708	1,283
Wharton township, -----	1,338	1,619	1,599
FOREST COUNTY, -----	9,435	11,089	8,492
Barnett township, -----	820	1,299	860
Green township, -----	748	1,159	857
Harmony township, -----	972	978	545
Hickory township, -----	1,049	895	1,099
Howe township, -----	1,200	1,670	1,376
Jeaks township, -----	1,492	2,423	1,752
Kingsley township, -----	1,696	1,169	779
Tionesta borough, -----	803	815	677
Tionesta township, -----	655	661	647

(a) County totals include population (1,532 in 1900; 1,221 in 1890) of New Haven borough, annexed to Connellsville borough in 1909.

(b) New Haven borough annexed in 1909; incorporated as a city since 1910.

(c) Vanderbilt borough incorporated from part of Dunbar township in 1904.

(d) Everson borough incorporated from part of Upper Tyrone township in 1903.

(e) Name changed from Bridgeport in 1908.

(f) Incorporated as a city since 1910.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
FRANKLIN COUNTY, -----	59,775	54,902	51,433
Antrim township, -----	4,056	4,566	4,359
Chambersburg borough (a), -----	11,800	8,864	7,863
First ward, -----	2,445		
Second ward, -----	2,690		
Third ward, -----	3,745		
Fourth ward, -----	1,934		
Fifth ward, -----	986		
Fannett township, -----	1,880	2,253	2,330
Greencastle borough, -----	1,919	1,463	1,525
Greene township, -----	4,038	3,878	3,579
Gulford township (b), -----	3,484	3,785	3,754
Hamilton township (c), -----	1,543	1,851	1,680
Letterkenny township, -----	1,993	2,199	2,293
Lurgan township, -----	1,134	1,171	1,281
Mercersburg borough (d), -----	1,410	956	967
Metal township, -----	1,295	1,482	1,627
Montgomery township (d), -----	2,534	(e) 3,064	(e) 2,990
Peters township, -----	2,893	2,942	3,088
Quincy township, -----	3,517	3,033	2,972
St. Thomas township, -----	2,086	2,133	2,180
Southampton township, including Orrstown borough, -----	1,802	1,835	1,836
Orrstown borough, -----	247	245	262
Warren township, -----	449	550	566
Washington township, -----	4,743	3,481	2,732
Waynesboro borough, -----	7,199	5,396	3,811
First ward, -----	2,453		
Second ward, -----	1,524		
Third ward, -----	3,222		
FULTON COUNTY, -----	9,703	9,924	10,137
Ayr township, -----	1,306	1,310	1,331
Belfast township, -----	973	946	895
Bethel township, -----	844	844	1,012
Brush Creek township, -----	617	611	682
Dublin township, -----	858	899	941
Licking Creek township, -----	910	996	951
McConnellsburg borough, -----	579	576	504
Taylor township, -----	972	995	1,062
Thompson township, -----	784	812	796
Todd township, -----	633	635	582
Union township, -----	640	706	735
Wells township, -----	587	594	556
GREENE COUNTY, -----	28,882	28,281	28,935
Aleppo township, -----	1,218	1,348	1,537
Carmichaels borough, -----	478	456	445
Centre township, -----	1,662	1,775	1,767
Clarksessville borough (f), -----	208		
Cumberland township, -----	1,524	1,734	1,729
Dunkard township, -----	1,120	1,310	1,366
East Waynesburg borough (g), -----	906		
Franklin township (g), -----	2,426	2,160	2,034
Gilmore township, -----	676	835	943
Greene township, -----	514	572	569
Greensboro borough, -----	442	399	427
Jackson township, -----	1,017	1,095	1,226
Jefferson borough, -----	357	311	327
Jefferson township (h), -----	763	976	922
Monongahela township, -----	700	742	814
Morgan township (i), -----	731	978	1,036
Morris township, -----	1,297	1,427	1,585
Mount Morris borough, -----	382	345	
Perry township, -----	1,011	1,068	1,610
Rices Landing borough (h), -----	671		
Richhill township, -----	2,346	2,766	2,900
Springhill township, -----	1,550	1,821	1,901
Washington township, -----	715	893	866

(a) Parts of Guilford township annexed in 1902 and 1903 and part of Hamilton township annexed in 1908.

(b) Parts annexed to Chambersburg borough in 1902 and 1903.

(c) Part annexed to Chambersburg borough in 1908.

(d) Mercersburg borough returned with Montgomery township in 1900, now independent.

(e) Exclusive of population of Mercersburg borough.

(f) Clarksessville borough incorporated from part of Morgan township in 1909.

(g) East Waynesburg borough incorporated from part of Franklin township in 1901.

(h) Rices Landing borough incorporated from part of Jefferson township in 1903.

(i) Rices Landing borough incorporated from part of Jefferson township in 1903.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
GREENE COUNTY—Concluded.			
Wayne township, -----	1,781	1,824	1,757
Waynesburg borough, -----	3,545	2,544	2,101
North ward, -----	1,603		
South ward, -----	1,942		
Whitely township, -----	842	898	1,068
HUNTINGDON COUNTY, -----	38,804	34,650	35,751
Alexandria borough, -----	432	406	438
Barree township, -----	423	521	601
Birmingham borough, -----	196	240	225
Brady township (a), -----	470	768	817
Broad Top City borough, -----	478	258	240
Carbon township (b), -----	843	1,377	1,311
Cass township, -----	561	544	590
Cassville borough, -----	165	168	185
Clay township, -----	794	820	904
Coalmont borough, -----	228	182	219
Cromwell township, -----	975	995	1,224
Dublin township, -----	851	906	967
Dudley borough, -----	440	290	281
Franklin township, -----	553	656	1,145
Henderson township, -----	560	615	630
Hopewell township, -----	510	570	611
Huntingdon borough, -----	6,861	6,053	5,729
First ward, -----	1,056		
Second ward, -----	1,555		
Third ward, -----	1,852		
Fourth ward, -----	2,398		
Jackson township, -----	727	1,276	1,450
Juniata township, -----	411	402	403
Lincoln township, -----	516	548	552
Logan township, -----	465	596	586
Mapleton borough, -----	752	612	715
Marklesburg borough, -----	211	260	279
Mill Creek borough (a), -----	308		
Miller township, -----	247	311	345
Morris township, -----	449	419	726
Mount Union borough, -----	3,338	1,086	810
First ward, -----	869		
Second ward, -----	1,285		
Third ward, -----	1,184		
Oneida township, -----	364	391	401
Orbisonia borough, -----	618	653	963
Penn township, -----	826	922	934
Petersburg borough, -----	705	781	555
Porter township, -----	993	839	906
Rockhill borough, -----	504	495	657
Saltillo borough, -----	410	377	254
Shade Gap borough, -----	143	138	209
Shirley township, -----	1,334	1,221	1,522
Shirleysburg borough, -----	256	230	325
Smithfield township, -----	1,377	953	621
Springfield township, -----	668	735	810
Spruce Creek township, -----	757	789	
Tell township, -----	922	990	1,108
Three Springs borough, -----	248	196	192
Tod township, -----	908	703	753
Union township, -----	821	775	831
Walker township, -----	602	576	611
Warriorsmark township, -----	1,247	1,848	1,843
West township, -----	491	571	773
Wood township (b), -----	1,346		
INDIANA COUNTY, -----	63,210	42,556	(c) 42,175
Armagh borough, -----	82	131	162
Armstrong township, -----	992	1,069	1,205
Banks township, -----	1,872	1,708	1,485
Blacklick township, -----	800	707	800
Blairsville borough, -----	3,572	3,386	3,126
First ward, -----	926		
Second ward, -----	1,139		
Third ward, -----	1,507		
Brushvalley township, -----	899	987	1,180
Buffington township, -----	1,287	653	652

(a) Mill Creek borough incorporated from part of Brady township in 1905.

(b) Wood township organized from part of Carbon township in 1905.

(c) County total includes population (1,634) of West Indiana borough, annexed to Indiana borough between 1890 and 1900.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
INDIANA COUNTY—Concluded.			
Burrell township, -----	3,109	1,435	1,414
Canoe township, -----	3,809	1,290	1,276
Center township, -----	3,124	1,500	1,387
Cherryhill township (a), -----	2,198	1,043	1,957
Cherrytree borough, -----	439	312	324
Clymer borough (a), -----	1,753	-----	-----
Coneaugh township, -----	2,510	1,653	1,558
Creekside borough (b), -----	563	-----	-----
East Mahoning township, -----	327	895	1,090
East Wheatfield township, -----	980	859	736
Glen Campbell borough, -----	1,099	1,628	-----
Grant township, -----	1,095	1,285	1,350
Green township, -----	5,021	2,128	2,402
Homer City borough, -----	985	570	505
Indiana borough, -----	5,749	4,142	1,963
First ward, -----	1,237	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,232	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	2,206	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	1,074	-----	-----
Jacksonville borough, -----	87	82	88
Marion Center borough, -----	366	294	367
Mechanicsburg borough (c), -----	159	161	198
Montgomery township, -----	3,382	1,299	1,111
North Mahoning township, -----	990	1,122	1,255
Pine township, -----	2,563	911	1,005
Plumville borough (d), -----	414	-----	-----
Rayne township, -----	3,485	1,619	1,897
Saltsburg borough, -----	1,044	828	1,058
Shelocta borough, -----	117	172	82
Smilesburg borough, -----	230	237	229
South Mahoning township (d), -----	1,273	1,206	1,331
Washington township (b), -----	1,173	1,349	1,573
West Mahoning township, -----	637	943	1,056
West Wheatfield township, -----	1,589	1,873	1,771
White township, -----	1,985	1,400	1,635
Young township, -----	3,751	1,089	1,238
JEFFERSON COUNTY, -----	63,090	59,113	44,005
Barnett township, -----	330	490	360
Beaver township, -----	1,439	876	993
Bell township, -----	1,928	1,392	1,015
Big Run borough, -----	1,032	879	731
Brockwayville borough, -----	1,898	1,777	929
Brookville borough, -----	3,003	2,472	2,478
Clover township, -----	750	504	642
Corsica borough, -----	301	233	338
Eldred township, -----	1,399	1,535	1,581
Falls Creek borough (e), -----	1,204	-----	-----
Gaskill township, -----	888	718	682
Heath township, -----	325	325	236
Henderson township, -----	1,316	1,041	1,024
Knox township, -----	2,067	1,255	1,360
McCalmont township, -----	4,785	5,121	1,081
Oliver township, -----	1,417	1,455	1,302
Perry township, -----	1,711	1,545	1,228
Pinecreek township, -----	1,162	1,162	1,347
Polk township, -----	414	353	616
Porter township, -----	575	502	647
Punxsutawney borough (f), -----	9,058	(g) 6,746	(g) 4,194
First ward, -----	1,756	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,604	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,433	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	1,660	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	1,015	-----	-----
Sixth ward, -----	1,590	-----	-----
Reynoldsville borough, -----	3,189	3,436	2,789
Ringgold township, -----	1,190	1,037	1,004
Rose township, -----	1,932	1,805	1,830
Snyder township, -----	1,796	2,117	2,011
Summerville borough, -----	609	380	338
Sykesville borough (h), -----	1,756	-----	-----

(a) Clymer borough incorporated from part of Cherryhill township in 1908.

(b) Creekside borough incorporated from part of Washington township in 1905.

(c) Disincorporated as a borough since 1910.

(d) Plumville borough incorporated from part of South Mahoning township in 1909.

(e) Incorporated from part of Washington township in 1900.

(f) Clayville borough annexed in 1907.

(g) Includes population (2,371 in 1900; 1,402 in 1890) of Clayville borough.

(h) Sykesville borough incorporated from part of Winslow township in 1902.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
JEFFERSON COUNTY—Concluded.			
Union township, -----	531	732	808
Warsaw township, -----	1,256	1,553	1,507
Washington township (a), -----	2,813	2,810	2,043
West Reynoldsville borough (b), -----	833	774	-----
Winslow township (c), -----	4,918	6,435	2,493
Worthville borough, -----	121	154	176
Young township, -----	4,094	5,969	4,557
JUNIATA COUNTY, -----	15,013	16,064	16,655
Beale township, -----	703	895	982
Delaware township, -----	1,009	1,133	1,144
Fayette township, -----	1,406	1,634	1,755
Fermanagh township, -----	825	850	908
Greenwood township, -----	447	563	569
Lack township, -----	1,117	1,208	1,221
Mifflintown borough, -----	954	953	877
Millford township, -----	1,177	1,204	1,276
Monroe township, -----	1,011	1,078	1,092
Patterson borough (d), -----	886	817	826
Port Royal borough, -----	535	546	519
Spruce Hill township, -----	729	782	935
Susquehanna township, -----	531	601	697
Thompsonstown borough, -----	293	293	291
Turbett township, -----	648	653	693
Tuscarora township, -----	1,267	1,442	1,879
Walker township, -----	1,417	1,892	1,400
LACKAWANNA COUNTY, -----	259,570	(e) 193,831	(e) 149,098
Archbald borough, -----	7,194	5,396	4,032
First ward, -----	4,236	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,906	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,052	-----	-----
Benton township, -----	807	1,024	1,052
Blakely borough, -----	5,845	3,915	2,452
First ward, -----	1,464	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,989	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,892	-----	-----
Carbondale city, -----	17,040	18,536	19,883
First ward, -----	3,370	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	2,192	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	3,989	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	2,827	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	2,483	-----	-----
Sixth ward, -----	2,179	-----	-----
Carbondale township, -----	1,635	1,440	1,784
Clifton township, -----	293	290	172
Covington township, -----	641	794	884
Dalton borough, -----	767	681	-----
Dickson City borough, -----	9,331	4,948	3,110
First ward, -----	3,792	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	2,008	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	3,531	-----	-----
Dunmore borough, -----	17,615	12,588	8,315
First ward, -----	4,433	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	4,299	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	3,388	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	442	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	663	-----	-----
Sixth ward, -----	4,500	-----	-----
Elmhurst borough, -----	379	444	443
Fell township, -----	4,358	2,404	1,154
Glenburn borough, -----	319	307	290
Gouldsboro borough, -----	84	98	141
Greenfield township, -----	599	681	673
Jefferson township, -----	633	750	695
Jermyn borough, -----	3,158	2,507	2,659
First ward, -----	1,094	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	913	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,151	-----	-----
Lackawanna township (f), -----	2,766	5,623	8,061
Laplume borough, -----	258	274	268

(a) Part taken to form Falls Creek borough in 1900.

(b) Annexed to Reynoldsville borough since 1910.

(c) Sykesville borough incorporated from part of Winslow township in 1902.

(d) Name changed to Mifflin borough on April 24, 1911.

(e) County totals include population (45 in 1900; 4,422 in 1890) of Old Forge township, annexed to Taylor borough in 1901.

(f) Parts annexed to Taylor borough and Scranton city in 1901 and 1904, respectively.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
LACKAWANNA COUNTY—Concluded.			
Lehigh township, -----	119	129	146
Madison township (a), -----	640	1,242	1,257
Mayfield borough, -----	3,662	2,300	1,695
First ward, -----	1,031		
Second ward, -----	2,012		
Third ward, -----	619		
Moosic borough, -----	3,964	1,227	
First ward, -----	1,078		
Second ward, -----	802		
Third ward, -----	783		
Fourth ward, -----	1,301		
Moscow borough (a), -----	650		
Newton township, -----	1,417	1,231	1,059
North Abington township, -----	319	362	1,090
Old Forge borough, -----	11,324	5,630	
First ward, -----	1,199		
Second ward, -----	2,159		
Third ward, -----	2,422		
Fourth ward, -----	1,302		
Fifth ward, -----	788		
Sixth ward, -----	3,454		
Olyphant borough, -----	8,505	6,180	4,083
First ward, -----	1,277		
Second ward, -----	2,806		
Third ward, -----	2,282		
Fourth ward, -----	2,140		
Ransom township, -----	849	894	650
Roaring Brook township, -----	235	213	335
Scott township, -----	1,296	1,255	1,213
Scranton city (b), -----	129,867	102,026	75,215
First ward, -----	10,962		
Second ward, -----	10,529		
Third ward, -----	4,161		
Fourth ward, -----	7,969		
Fifth ward, -----	9,322		
Sixth ward, -----	4,747		
Seventh ward, -----	2,757		
Eighth ward, -----	2,490		
Ninth ward, -----	5,675		
Tenth ward, -----	5,524		
Eleventh ward, -----	5,557		
Twelfth ward, -----	3,376		
Thirteenth ward, -----	6,635		
Fourteenth ward, -----	4,294		
Fifteenth ward, -----	6,122		
Sixteenth ward, -----	3,649		
Seventeenth ward, -----	6,831		
Eighteenth ward, -----	2,729		
Nineteenth ward, -----	9,222		
Twentieth ward, -----	7,705		
Twenty-first ward, -----	7,099		
Twenty-second ward, -----	2,512		
South Abington township, -----	1,987	1,612	1,083
Spring Brook township, -----	439	458	756
Taylor borough (c), -----	9,660	4,215	
First ward, -----	1,903		
Second ward, -----	1,119		
Third ward, -----	1,593		
Fourth ward, -----	1,460		
Fifth ward, -----	923		
Sixth ward, -----	2,062		
Throop borough, -----	5,133	2,204	
Vandling borough, -----	985	765	
Waverly borough, -----	515	489	292
West Abington township, -----	216	219	
Winton borough, -----	5,280	3,425	1,797
First ward, -----	694		
Second ward, -----	2,194		
Third ward, -----	2,392		
LANCASTER COUNTY, -----			
	167,029	159,241	149,095
Adamstown borough, -----	675	597	603
Akron borough, -----	719	653	606
Bart township, -----	1,093	1,154	1,292
Brecknock township, -----	1,687	1,834	1,742
Caernarvon township, -----	1,465	1,466	1,580
Christiana borough, -----	934	828	

(a) Moscow borough incorporated from part of Madison township in 1908.

(b) Part of Lackawanna township annexed in 1904.

(c) Old Forge township annexed in 1903 and part of Lackawanna township annexed in 1901.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
LANCASTER COUNTY—Continued.			
Clay township, —————	1,685	1,631	1,558
Colerain township, —————	1,326	1,559	1,588
Columbia borough (a), —————	11,454	12,316	10,599
First ward, —————	1,311		
Second ward, —————	927		
Third ward, —————	1,213		
Fourth ward, —————	1,622		
Fifth ward, —————	1,471		
Sixth ward, —————	1,408		
Seventh ward, —————	1,321		
Eighth ward, —————	935		
Ninth ward, —————	1,246		
Conestoga township, —————	1,593	1,787	2,195
Conoy township, —————	1,684	1,639	1,884
Denver borough (b), —————	933		
Drumore township, —————	1,118	1,358	1,484
Earl township, —————	2,280	2,327	2,618
East Cocalico township (b), —————	2,259	2,921	2,674
East Donegal township, —————	2,972	3,275	3,381
East Drumore township, —————	1,207	1,270	1,502
East Earl township (c), —————	2,487	3,360	3,445
East Hempfield township, —————	3,327	3,168	3,154
East Lampeter township, —————	2,595	2,519	2,603
Eden township, —————	662	750	1,229
Elizabeth township, —————	926	937	1,012
Elizabethtown borough, —————	2,537	1,473	1,218
Ephrata borough, —————	3,192	2,451	
Ephrata township, —————	2,565	2,396	4,173
Fulton township, —————	1,521	1,674	1,828
Lancaster city, —————	47,227	41,459	32,011
First ward, —————	1,675		
Second ward, —————	3,663		
Third ward, —————	2,379		
Fourth ward, —————	3,412		
Fifth ward, —————	4,269		
Sixth ward, —————	7,832		
Seventh ward, —————	8,736		
Eighth ward, —————	9,282		
Ninth ward, —————	5,979		
Lancaster township, —————	2,195	1,782	1,177
Leacock township, —————	1,998	2,122	2,196
Littitz borough, —————	2,082	1,687	1,494
Little Britain township, —————	1,293	1,454	1,590
Manheim borough, —————	2,202	2,019	2,070
First ward, —————	740		
Second ward, —————	1,040		
Third ward, —————	422		
Manheim township, —————	3,750	3,111	2,883
Manor township, —————	4,597	4,766	4,990
Marietta borough, —————	2,079	2,469	2,402
First ward, —————	552		
Second ward, —————	749		
Third ward, —————	778		
Martie township (d), —————	2,108	1,831	1,828
Mount Joy borough, —————	2,166	2,018	1,848
East ward, —————	1,127		
West ward, —————	1,039		
Mount Joy township, —————	2,222	2,252	2,258
Mountville borough (e), —————	803		
New Holland borough, —————	1,106	902	1,060
Paradise township, —————	2,319	2,320	2,608
Penn township, —————	2,157	2,128	2,216
Pequea township, —————	1,246	1,261	1,299
Providence township, —————	1,512	1,680	1,856
Quarryville borough, —————	739	565	
Rapho township, —————	3,421	3,342	3,668
Sadsbury township, —————	969	1,023	1,861
Salisbury township, —————	3,557	3,548	3,751
Strasburg borough, —————	885	916	918
First ward, —————	277		
Second ward, —————	317		
Third ward, —————	291		
Strasburg township, —————	1,608	1,748	1,872

(a) Part of West Hempfield township annexed in 1904.

(b) Denver borough incorporated from part of East Cocalico township in 1900.

(c) Part taken to form Terre Hill borough in 1907.

(d) Returned as Marticville in 1900.

(e) Incorporated from part of West Hempfield township in 1906.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
LANCASTER COUNTY—Concluded.			
Terre Hill borough (a),	882		
Upper Leacock township,	2,333	2,130	2,232
Warwick township,	4,011	3,501	3,153
Washington borough,	660	577	562
Lower ward,	245		
Upper ward,	315		
West Cocalico township,	2,140	2,255	2,238
West Donegal township,	1,254	1,341	1,296
West Earl township,	2,265	2,275	2,267
West Hempfield township (b),	2,620	3,602	3,704
West Lampeter township,	1,927	1,870	1,847
LAWRENCE COUNTY,	70,032	57,042	(c) 37,517
Big Beaver township,	1,287	1,488	1,647
Ellwood City borough,	3,902	2,243	
First ward,	1,610		
Second ward,	1,067		
Third ward,	1,225		
Enon Valley borough,	354	395	
Hazel Dell borough (d),	1,168		
Hickory township,	1,191	855	923
Little Beaver township,	650	735	1,198
Mahoning township,	3,239	2,617	2,079
Neshannock township (e),	1,213	1,090	1,171
New Castle city (e),	28,280	28,339	11,600
First ward,	3,734		
Second ward,	4,384		
Third ward,	5,074		
Fourth ward,	5,468		
Fifth ward,	4,068		
Sixth ward,	2,881		
Seventh ward,	4,288		
Eighth ward,	6,393		
New Wilmington borough,	758	791	684
North Beaver township,	2,877	2,245	2,035
Perry township,	899	847	764
Plain Grove township,	725	855	728
Pulaski township,	1,606	1,607	1,609
Scott township,	686	845	907
Shenango township (f),	2,425	2,806	2,004
Slippery Rock township,	1,347	1,429	1,548
South New Castle borough (f),	551		
Taylor township,	1,223	571	1,374
Union township,	2,626	2,055	1,445
Volant borough,	185	120	
Wampum borough,	980	816	766
Washington township,	563	450	534
Wayne township (d),	2,910	3,108	1,737
Wilmington township,	876	915	1,008
LEBANON COUNTY,	59,565	53,327	(g) 48,131
Annaville township (h),	2,482		
Bethel township,	1,960	2,105	2,274
Cold Spring township,	29	29	18
Cornwall township,	1,298	1,539	2,487
East Hanover township,	1,315	1,389	1,550
Heidelberg township,	2,239	2,370	2,376
Jackson township,	4,244	3,820	3,830
Jonestown borough,	603	571	643
Lebanon city,	19,240	17,628	14,664
First ward,	3,542		
Second ward,	2,623		
Third ward,	1,693		
Fourth ward,	1,896		
Fifth ward,	5,649		
Sixth ward,	1,634		
Seventh ward,	2,203		

(a) Incorporated from part of East Earl township in 1907.

(b) Part annexed to Columbia borough in 1904 and part taken to form Mountville borough in 1908.

(c) County total includes population (1,761) of West New Castle borough, annexed to New Castle city between 1890 and 1900.

(d) Hazel Dell borough incorporated from part of Wayne township in 1901. Disincorporated as a borough since 1910.

(e) Part of Neshannock township annexed to New Castle city in 1906.

(f) South New Castle borough incorporated from part of Shenango township in 1901.

(g) County total includes population (2,679) of Londonderry township, taken to form North and South Londonderry townships between 1890 and 1900.

(h) Annville township organized from parts of North and South Annville townships in 1909.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
LEBANON COUNTY—Concluded.			
Millcreek township (a), -----	2,847	2,811	2,465
North Annville township (b), -----	1,214	2,578	2,008
North Cornwall township, -----	1,787	1,585	1,458
North Lebanon township, -----	7,036	4,960	8,723
North Londonderry township, -----	3,052	1,969	-----
Richland borough (a), -----	722	-----	-----
South Annville township (b), -----	798	1,878	1,806
South Lebanon township, -----	3,538	2,882	2,557
South Londonderry township, -----	1,364	1,147	-----
Swatara township, -----	937	1,041	1,143
Union township, -----	1,559	1,599	1,699
West Cornwall township, -----	703	786	-----
West Lebanon township, -----	1,098	1,140	751
LEHIGH COUNTY, -----	118,832	93,893	76,631
Allentown city (e), -----	51,918	35,416	25,228
First ward, -----	4,125	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	3,622	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	3,396	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	2,531	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	2,150	-----	-----
Sixth ward, -----	5,077	-----	-----
Seventh ward, -----	3,566	-----	-----
Eighth ward, -----	7,168	-----	-----
Ninth ward, -----	4,260	-----	-----
Tenth ward, -----	7,290	-----	-----
Eleventh ward, -----	4,997	-----	-----
Twelfth ward, -----	1,874	-----	-----
Thirteenth ward, -----	1,857	-----	-----
Bethlehem borough (d) (wards 5 to 7), -----	4,472	3,465	2,759
Bethlehem borough (e) in Lehigh and Northampton counties, -----	12,837	10,758	9,521
First ward, -----	1,384	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	2,389	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,863	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	2,729	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	1,615	-----	-----
Sixth ward, -----	1,703	-----	-----
Seventh ward, -----	1,154	-----	-----
Catasauqua borough (f), -----	5,250	3,963	3,704
First ward, -----	2,022	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	2,436	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	792	-----	-----
Coopersburg borough, -----	783	556	454
Coplay borough, -----	2,670	1,581	880
Emaus borough, -----	3,501	1,468	888
Fountain Hill borough, -----	1,388	1,214	-----
Hanover township (f), -----	3,907	3,324	2,863
Heidelberg township, -----	1,238	1,411	1,437
Lower Macungie township, -----	2,893	2,920	3,657
Lower Milford township, -----	1,089	1,233	1,424
Lowhill township, -----	709	715	763
Lynn township, -----	2,178	2,366	2,635
Macungie borough, -----	772	692	644
North Whitehall township, -----	3,580	3,280	2,847
Salisbury township (g), -----	2,828	4,583	4,100
Slatington borough, -----	4,454	3,773	2,716
First ward, -----	1,734	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,309	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,411	-----	-----
South Allentown borough (h), -----	1,814	-----	-----
South Whitehall township (i), -----	2,407	2,472	2,204
Upper Macungie township, -----	2,609	2,081	2,511
Upper Milford township, -----	1,923	2,712	2,394
Upper Saucon township, -----	2,415	2,271	2,832
Washington township, -----	3,477	3,096	2,668
Welsenberg township, -----	1,222	1,366	1,514
Whitehall township, -----	9,350	7,935	5,514

(a) Richland borough incorporated from part of Millcreek township in 1906.

(b) Annville township organized from parts of North and South Annville townships in 1909.

(c) Parts of South Whitehall township annexed in 1901, 1904, 1907 and 1908, and parts of Salisbury township annexed in 1906, 1907 and 1908.

(d) Formerly West Bethlehem borough; annexed to Bethlehem borough in 1904.

(e) Incorporated as a city since 1910.

(f) Part of Hanover township annexed to Catasauqua borough in 1909.

(g) Parts annexed to Allentown city in 1906, 1907 and 1908, and part taken to form South Allentown borough in 1909.

(h) Incorporated from part of Salisbury township in 1909.

(i) Parts annexed to Allentown city in 1901, 1904, 1907 and 1908.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
LUZERNE COUNTY, -----	343,186	(a) 257,121	(a) 201,203
Ashley borough, -----	5,601	4,046	3,192
First ward, -----	2,005		
Second ward, -----	1,261		
Third ward, -----	2,335		
Avoca borough, -----	4,634	3,487	3,031
First ward, -----	1,371		
Second ward, -----	1,614		
Third ward, -----	1,649		
Bear Creek township, -----	353	240	343
Black Creek township, -----	1,945	2,352	2,178
Buck township, -----	110	103	94
Butler township, -----	1,862	1,661	1,984
Conyngham borough (b), -----	406		
Conyngham township, -----	2,184	1,873	1,299
Courtdale borough, -----	548	420	
Dallas borough, -----	576	543	415
Dallas township, -----	919	1,006	885
Denison township, -----	680	796	973
Dorrance township, -----	791	830	742
Dorrancton borough (c), -----	4,046	211	586
First ward, -----	1,237		
Second ward, -----	795		
Third ward, -----	887		
Fourth ward, -----	1,127		
Duryea borough (d), -----	7,487	5,541	2,904
First ward, -----	1,439		
Second ward, -----	2,000		
Third ward, -----	2,150		
Fourth ward, -----	1,272		
Fifth ward, -----	626		
Edwardsville borough (e), -----	8,407	5,165	3,284
First ward, -----	2,578		
Second ward, -----	1,224		
Third ward, -----	764		
Fourth ward, -----	1,423		
Fifth ward, -----	915		
Sixth ward, -----	614		
Seventh ward, -----	889		
Exeter borough, -----	3,537	1,948	790
First ward, -----	249		
Second ward, -----	2,028		
Third ward, -----	1,260		
Exeter township, -----	524	504	452
Fairmount township, -----	939	1,070	1,090
Fairview township, -----	894	1,087	1,008
Forty Fort borough, -----	2,353	1,557	1,031
First ward, -----	810		
Second ward, -----	856		
Third ward, -----	687		
Foster township, -----	5,545	4,497	7,590
Franklin township, -----	460	501	521
Freeland borough, -----	6,197	5,254	1,730
First ward, -----	847		
Second ward, -----	944		
Third ward, -----	885		
Fourth ward, -----	1,260		
Fifth ward, -----	1,374		
Sixth ward, -----	887		
Hanover township, -----	6,965	4,655	2,579
Hazel township (f), -----	11,014	15,143	12,494
Hazleton city (f), -----	25,452	14,230	11,872
First ward, -----	1,537		
Second ward, -----	1,343		
Third ward, -----	2,342		
Fourth ward, -----	2,078		
Fifth ward, -----	1,062		
Sixth ward, -----	635		
Seventh ward, -----	1,043		
Eighth ward, -----	1,667		
Ninth ward, -----	2,231		
Tenth ward, -----	1,599		
Eleventh ward, -----	1,862		
Twelfth ward, -----	3,373		
Thirteenth ward, -----	1,912		
Fourteenth ward, -----	2,768		

(a) County total includes population (5,541 in 1900; 2,904 in 1890) of Marcy township incorporated as Duryea borough since 1900.

(b) Conyngham borough incorporated from part of Sugar Loaf township in 1900.

(c) Returned as Dorrancton in 1900.

(d) Formerly Marcy township; incorporated as a borough in 1901.

(e) Part of Plymouth township annexed in 1908.

(f) Parts of Hazel township annexed to Hazleton city in 1901 and 1909.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
LUZERNE COUNTY—Continued.			
Hollenback township, -----	585	654	724
Hughestown borough, -----	2,024	1,548	1,454
Hunlock township, -----	803	837	881
Huntington township, -----	1,191	1,428	1,557
Jackson township, -----	648	658	657
Jeddo borough, -----	377	1,632	358
Jenkins township, -----	4,196	2,792	2,320
Kingston borough, -----	1,049	2,061	3,809
First ward, -----	1,360		
Second ward, -----	1,371		
Third ward, -----	2,441		
Fourth ward, -----	1,277		
Kingston township (a), -----	1,049	2,061	3,809
Lafin borough, -----	528	254	231
Lake township, -----	1,223	1,397	1,144
Larksville borough (b), -----	9,288		
Laurel Run borough, -----	790	696	606
First ward, -----	572		
Second ward, -----	218		
Lehman township, -----	1,092	1,120	1,093
Luzerne borough, -----	5,426	3,817	2,398
First ward, -----	1,633		
Second ward, -----	1,354		
Third ward, -----	1,255		
Fourth ward, -----	1,184		
Miners Mills borough, -----	3,159	2,224	2,075
First ward, -----	1,734		
Second ward, -----	1,425		
Nanticoke borough, -----	18,877	12,116	10,044
First ward, -----	1,309		
Second ward, -----	1,100		
Third ward, -----	486		
Fourth ward, -----	1,077		
Fifth ward, -----	2,175		
Sixth ward, -----	1,142		
Seventh ward, -----	1,060		
Eighth ward, -----	1,923		
Ninth ward, -----	3,894		
Tenth ward, -----	1,241		
Eleventh ward, -----	3,464		
Nescopeck borough, -----	1,578	1,100	698
Nescopeck township, -----	618	702	758
New Columbus borough, -----	175	202	214
Newport township, -----	10,277	6,529	5,411
Nuangola borough (c), -----	124		
Parsons borough (d), -----	4,338	2,529	2,412
Pittston city, -----	16,267	12,556	10,302
First ward, -----	1,150		
Second ward, -----	764		
Third ward, -----	1,460		
Fourth ward, -----	1,411		
Fifth ward, -----	1,520		
Sixth ward, -----	2,157		
Seventh ward, -----	1,295		
Eighth ward, -----	588		
Ninth ward, -----	1,077		
Tenth ward, -----	2,280		
Eleventh ward, -----	2,565		
Pittston township, -----	7,033	4,370	3,284
Plains township (e), -----	10,529	6,872	6,576
Plymouth borough, -----	16,996	13,649	9,344
First ward, -----	2,339		
Second ward, -----	1,420		
Third ward, -----	1,301		
Fourth ward, -----	945		
Fifth ward, -----	992		
Sixth ward, -----	2,294		
Seventh ward, -----	1,070		
Eighth ward, -----	1,667		
Ninth ward, -----	1,287		
Tenth ward, -----	600		
Eleventh ward, -----	953		
Twelfth ward, -----	1,225		
Thirteenth ward, -----	898		

(a) Pringle township organized from part of Kingston township in 1905.

(b) Incorporated from part of Plymouth township in 1909.

(c) Incorporated from part of Wright township in 1908.

(d) Part of Plains township annexed in 1906.

(e) Part annexed to Parsons borough in 1906.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
LUZERNE COUNTY—Concluded.			
Plymouth township (a), -----	8,374	9,655	8,893
Pringle township (b), -----	1,875		
Ross township, -----	1,127	1,386	1,102
Salem township, -----	1,624	1,817	1,308
Shickshinny borough, -----	1,917	1,456	1,449
First ward, -----	540		
Second ward, -----	517		
Third ward, -----	578		
Fourth ward, -----	282		
Slocum township, -----	554	543	409
Sugar Loaf township (c), -----	1,352	1,500	1,554
Sugar Notch borough, -----	2,439	1,887	2,586
Swoyersville borough, -----	5,396	2,264	
First ward, -----	2,294		
Second ward, -----	1,748		
Third ward, -----	1,354		
Union township, -----	818	919	874
Warrior Run borough, -----	1,251	965	
West Hazleton borough, -----	4,715	2,516	931
First ward, -----	1,245		
Second ward, -----	1,024		
Third ward, -----	2,446		
West Pittston borough, -----	6,848	5,546	3,906
West Wyoming borough, -----	1,621	1,344	
White Haven borough, -----	1,438	1,517	1,634
First ward, -----	859		
Second ward, -----	579		
Wilkes-Barre city, -----	67,105	51,721	37,718
First ward, -----	4,248		
Second ward, -----	4,199		
Third ward, -----	5,929		
Fourth ward, -----	1,717		
Fifth ward, -----	1,974		
Sixth ward, -----	3,651		
Seventh ward, -----	1,003		
Eighth ward, -----	2,178		
Ninth ward, -----	3,476		
Tenth ward, -----	2,546		
Eleventh ward, -----	3,192		
Twelfth ward, -----	3,887		
Thirteenth ward, -----	3,453		
Fourteenth ward, -----	3,243		
Fifteenth ward, -----	4,856		
Sixteenth ward, -----	7,553		
Wilkes-Barre township, -----	5,703	3,806	2,917
Wright township (d), -----	332	329	159
Wyoming borough, -----	3,010	1,909	1,794
Yatesville borough (e), -----	573	433	414
LYCOMING COUNTY, -----			
	80,813	75,663	70,579
Anthony township, -----	425	484	562
Armstrong township, -----	258	328	385
Baistress township, -----	194	229	236
Brady township, -----	376	464	475
Brown township, -----	765	891	885
Cascade township, -----	677	615	609
Clinton township, -----	1,414	1,263	1,320
Cogan House township, -----	885	1,142	1,126
Cummings township, -----	350	474	422
Dubolstown borough, -----	682	650	697
Eldred township, -----	593	533	656
Fairfield township, -----	396	442	468
Franklin township, -----	987	1,110	1,063
Gamble township, -----	543	661	754
Hepburn township, -----	736	797	769
Hughesville borough, -----	1,650	1,523	1,359
First ward, -----	759		
Second ward, -----	892		
Jackson township, -----	429	531	619

(a) Part annexed to Edwardsville borough in 1903 and part taken to form Larksville borough in 1909.

(b) Pringle township organized from part of Kingston township in 1905.

(c) Conyngham borough incorporated from part of Sugar Loaf township in 1900.

(d) Part taken to form Nuangola borough in 1903.

(e) Returned as Yates in 1900.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
LYCOMING COUNTY—Concluded.			
Jersey Shore borough, -----	5,881	8,070	1,853
First ward, -----	1,335		
Second ward, -----	1,542		
Third ward, -----	1,010		
Fourth ward, -----	1,494		
Jordan township, -----	929	878	891
Lewis township, -----	692	839	985
Limestone township, -----	989	1,118	1,096
Loyalsock township, -----	4,507	3,468	2,498
Lycoming township, -----	510	678	643
McHenry township, -----	489	1,036	668
McIntyre township, -----	1,652	1,700	845
McNett township, -----	614	502	619
Mifflin township, -----	572	618	695
Mill Creek township, -----	276	310	845
Montgomery borough, -----	1,490	1,063	777
Montoursville borough, -----	1,904	1,665	1,278
First ward, -----	904		
Second ward, -----	1,000		
Moreland township, -----	740	712	737
Muncy borough, -----	1,904	1,934	1,295
First ward, -----	666		
Second ward, -----	501		
Third ward, -----	737		
Muncy township, -----	749	784	701
Muncy Creek township, -----	1,498	1,381	1,740
Nippenose township, -----	492	516	558
Old Lycoming township, -----	597	575	589
Penn township, -----	774	838	877
Platt township, -----	384	447	521
Picture Rocks borough, -----	576	614	516
Pine township, -----	628	965	901
Plunketts Creek township, -----	431	565	777
Porter township, -----	1,023	620	1,007
Salladasburg borough, -----	280	261	874
Shrewsbury township, -----	513	617	570
South Williamsport borough, -----	8,734	3,328	2,900
First ward, -----	1,015		
Second ward, -----	1,533		
Third ward, -----	1,186		
Susquehanna township, -----	269	292	294
Upper Fairfield township, -----	674	721	771
Washington township, -----	757	951	937
Watson township, -----	202	266	264
Williamsport city, -----	31,960	28,757	27,132
First ward, -----	1,822		
Second ward, -----	1,842		
Third ward, -----	2,743		
Fourth ward, -----	1,832		
Fifth ward, -----	3,595		
Sixth ward, -----	3,007		
Seventh ward, -----	2,708		
Eighth ward, -----	3,115		
Ninth ward, -----	2,066		
Tenth ward, -----	2,253		
Eleventh ward, -----	1,949		
Twelfth ward, -----	2,480		
Thirteenth ward, -----	2,413		
Wolf township, -----	665	638	734
Woodward township, -----	749	794	817
McKEAN COUNTY, -----			
	47,868	51,343	(a) 46,863
Annin township, -----	716	914	1,188
Bradford city, -----	14,544	15,029	10,614
First ward, -----	1,379		
Second ward, -----	2,943		
Third ward, -----	2,935		
Fourth ward, -----	2,993		
Fifth ward, -----	2,234		
Sixth ward, -----	2,060		
Bradford township, -----	2,605	2,938	3,240
Ceres township, -----	956	1,106	1,207
Corydon township, -----	190	260	837
Eldred borough, -----	1,235	963	1,050
Eldred township, -----	1,205	1,493	1,588
Foster township, -----	1,537	1,793	3,107

(a) County total includes population (1,937) of Kendall borough, annexed to Bradford city between 1890 and 1900.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
McKEAN COUNTY—Concluded.			
Hamilton township, -----	1,565	1,596	1,734
Hamlin township, -----	2,005	3,484	1,722
Kane borough, -----	6,626	5,296	2,944
First ward, -----	1,604		
Second ward, -----	1,786		
Third ward, -----	1,793		
Fourth ward, -----	1,443		
Keating township, -----	2,149	2,845	2,877
Lafayette township, -----	1,773	1,690	1,913
Liberty township, -----	863	1,694	2,174
Mount Jewett borough, -----	1,771	1,553	
Norwich township, -----	936	978	1,109
Otto township, -----	1,185	1,643	2,429
Port Allegany borough, -----	1,972	1,853	1,230
Sergeant township, -----	598	1,057	948
Smethport borough, -----	1,817	1,704	1,150
Wetmore township, -----	1,620	1,454	1,959
MERCER COUNTY, -----	77,699	(a) 57,387	(a) 55,744
Clarksville borough, -----	216	220	(b)
Coolspring township, -----	962	938	859
Deer Creek township, -----	449	476	519
Delaware township, -----	1,195	1,323	1,480
East Lackawannock township, -----	616	649	656
Fairview township, -----	635	715	783
Farrell borough (c), -----	10,190		
North ward, -----	7,501		
South ward, -----	2,689		
Findley township, -----	1,421	1,123	1,393
Fredonia borough, -----	443	437	429
French Creek township, -----	644	772	903
Greene township, -----	519	689	762
Greenville borough, -----	5,909	4,814	3,674
First ward, -----	964		
Second ward, -----	992		
Third ward, -----	987		
Fourth ward, -----	1,072		
Fifth ward, -----	1,149		
Sixth ward, -----	745		
Grove City borough, -----	3,674	1,599	1,160
First ward, -----	1,884		
Second ward, -----	1,790		
Hempfield township, -----	1,083	858	951
Hickory township (d), -----	4,553	4,865	3,639
Jackson township, -----	907	984	1,226
Jackson Center borough, -----	269	276	232
Jamestown borough, -----	822	834	822
Jefferson township, -----	819	923	962
Lackawannock township, -----	754	751	937
Lake township, -----	603	681	685
Liberty township, -----	577	537	607
Mercer borough, -----	2,026	1,804	2,138
North ward, -----	943		
South ward, -----	1,083		
Mill Creek township, -----	617	714	821
New Lebanon borough, -----	164	185	263
New Vernon township, -----	566	643	720
Otter Creek township, -----	369	428	488
Perry township, -----	845	976	1,125
Pine township, -----	2,289	2,139	1,909
Pymatuning township, -----	1,846	1,828	(b)
Salem township, -----	470	499	540
Sandy Creek township, -----	505	617	674
Sandy Lake borough, -----	639	632	721
Sandy Lake township, -----	915	1,012	1,118
Sharon borough (e), -----	15,270	8,916	7,459
First ward, -----	4,507		
Second ward, -----	3,725		
Third ward, -----	3,213		
Fourth ward, -----	3,825		

(a) County totals include population (107 in 1900; 81 in 1890) of Bethel borough, annexed to Hickory township since 1900, and population (2,095 in 1890) of Clarksville borough and Pymatuning township, not returned separately.

(b) Not returned separately in 1890.

(c) Formerly South Sharon borough.

(d) Part taken to form South Sharon borough in 1901, and part annexed to Sharon borough in 1902; Bethel borough annexed in 1903.

(e) Part of Hickory township annexed in 1902. Incorporated as a third class city since 1910.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
MERCER COUNTY—Concluded.			
Sharpstown borough, -----	3,634	2,970	2,330
First ward, -----	590		
Second ward, -----	2,004		
Third ward, -----	1,040		
Sheakleyville borough, -----	126	164	191
Shenango township, -----	1,090	1,155	1,140
South Sharon borough (a), -----	10,190		
North ward, -----	7,501		
South ward, -----	2,689		
Springfield township, -----	1,680	1,225	1,368
Stoneboro borough, -----	1,074	1,061	1,394
Sugar Grove township, -----	525	571	654
West Middlesex borough, -----	1,157	930	966
West Salem township, -----	1,996	1,838	2,043
Wheatland borough, -----	955	655	675
Wilmington township, -----	431	414	503
Wolf Creek township, -----	440	510	542
Worth township, -----	810	930	987
MIFFLIN COUNTY, -----	27,785	23,160	19,996
Armagh township, -----	2,411	2,435	2,097
Bratton township, -----	897	979	1,144
Brown township, -----	1,885	1,678	1,457
Decatur township, -----	1,214	1,420	1,458
Derry township (b), -----	5,730	4,749	3,283
Granville township, -----	2,096	1,734	1,472
Lewistown borough (b), -----	8,166	4,451	3,273
First ward, -----	1,025		
Second ward, -----	1,042		
Third ward, -----	796		
Fourth ward, -----	1,480		
Fifth ward, -----	2,437		
Sixth ward, -----	1,386		
McVeytown borough, -----	514	520	599
Menno township, -----	924	1,007	1,021
Newton Hamilton borough, -----	340	384	333
Oliver township, -----	944	1,119	1,099
Union township, -----	1,541	1,418	1,381
Wayne township, -----	1,123	1,266	1,379
MONROE COUNTY, -----	22,941	21,161	20,111
Barrett township, -----	1,055	845	947
Chestnuthill township, -----	1,224	1,398	1,469
Coolbaugh township, -----	1,335	1,062	1,206
Delaware Water Gap borough, -----	446	469	467
East Stroudsburg borough, -----	3,330	2,648	1,819
Eldred township, -----	911	951	907
Hamilton township, -----	1,419	1,462	1,626
Jackson township, -----	747	711	741
Middle Smithfield township, -----	1,030	1,057	1,122
Paradise township, -----	710	727	672
Pocono township, -----	1,066	1,062	1,041
Polk township, -----	970	1,027	1,125
Price township, -----	167	202	181
Ross township, -----	634	682	727
Smithfield township, -----	977	1,103	1,099
Stroud township, -----	1,457	1,322	1,565
Stroudsburg borough, -----	4,379	3,450	2,419
Tobyhanna township, -----	804	654	630
Tunkhannock township, -----	280	329	348
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, -----	169,590	(c) 138,995	(c) 123,290
Abington township, -----	5,896	3,803	2,703
Ambler borough, -----	2,649	1,884	1,073
First ward, -----	971		
Second ward, -----	1,015		
Third ward, -----	663		
Bridgeport borough, -----	3,860	3,097	2,651
First ward, -----	1,163		
Second ward, -----	1,267		
Third ward, -----	1,430		
Cheltenham township, -----	8,434	6,154	4,746

(a) Incorporated from part of Hickory township in 1901. Name changed to Farrell since 1910.

(b) Part of Derry township annexed to Lewistown borough in 1901.

(c) County totals include population (1,177 in 1900; 1,236 in 1890) of Norriton township, part annexed to Norritown borough in 1908, and parts taken to form East and West Norriton townships since 1900; population (1,885 in 1890) of Lower, Upper and West Pottsgrove townships, returned as Pottsgrove township in 1890, and population (2,367 in 1890) of Gwynedd township, taken to form Lower and Upper Gwynedd townships between 1890 and 1900.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
MONTGOMERY COUNTY—Continued.			
Collegeville borough, -----	621	611	-----
Conshohocken borough, -----	7,480	5,762	5,470
First ward, -----	2,093	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,120	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,644	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	1,198	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	1,425	-----	-----
Douglass township, -----	1,628	1,650	1,667
East Greenville borough, -----	1,235	894	539
East Norriton township (a), -----	556	-----	-----
Franconia township, -----	2,239	2,036	2,258
Frederick township, -----	1,512	1,690	1,850
Greenlane borough, -----	372	272	237
Hatboro borough, -----	963	823	781
Hatfield borough, -----	705	523	-----
Hatfield township, -----	1,600	1,497	1,833
Horsham township, -----	1,290	1,157	1,239
Jenkintown borough, -----	2,968	2,091	1,609
First ward, -----	1,198	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,079	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	691	-----	-----
Lansdale borough, -----	3,551	2,754	1,858
East ward, -----	1,288	-----	-----
South ward, -----	1,043	-----	-----
West ward, -----	1,220	-----	-----
Limerick township, -----	2,267	2,250	2,224
Lower Gwynedd township, -----	1,182	1,195	-----
Lower Merion township, -----	17,671	13,271	10,305
Lower Pottsgrove township, -----	704	665	(b)
Lower Providence township, -----	1,790	1,625	1,874
Lower Salford township, -----	1,712	1,763	1,765
Marlboro township, -----	1,195	1,129	1,151
Montgomery township, -----	794	724	836
Moreland township, -----	2,880	2,462	1,889
Narberth borough, -----	1,790	847	-----
New Hanover township, -----	1,429	1,611	1,723
Norristown borough (c), -----	27,875	22,265	19,791
First ward, -----	2,379	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	2,306	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,623	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	2,816	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	3,320	-----	-----
Sixth ward, -----	5,988	-----	-----
Seventh ward, -----	2,488	-----	-----
Eighth ward, -----	1,479	-----	-----
Ninth ward, -----	1,825	-----	-----
Tenth ward, -----	2,307	-----	-----
Eleventh ward, -----	1,341	-----	-----
North Wales borough, -----	1,710	1,237	1,060
Pennsburg borough, -----	1,141	1,032	627
Perkiomen township (d), -----	698	1,088	1,064
Plymouth township, -----	2,706	1,949	2,244
Pottstown borough, -----	15,599	13,696	13,285
West ward, -----	1,508	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,545	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,312	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	1,386	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	1,569	-----	-----
Sixth ward, -----	1,676	-----	-----
Seventh ward, -----	1,340	-----	-----
Eighth ward, -----	1,547	-----	-----
Ninth ward, -----	2,295	-----	-----
Tenth ward, -----	1,421	-----	-----
Red Hill borough (e), -----	664	-----	-----
Rockledge borough, -----	879	512	-----
Royersford borough, -----	3,073	2,607	1,815
First ward, -----	488	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,423	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	550	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	612	-----	-----
Salford township, -----	722	789	-----
Schwenkville borough (d), -----	381	-----	-----
Skippack township, -----	1,277	1,248	1,360
Souderton borough, -----	1,875	1,077	679
Springfield township, -----	2,994	2,400	1,892
Towamencin township, -----	1,160	1,095	1,140

(a) Organized from part of Norriton township in 1909.

(b) Not returned separately in 1890.

(c) Part of Norriton township annexed in 1908.

(d) Schwenkville borough incorporated from part of Perkiomen township in 1903.

(e) Red Hill borough incorporated from part of Upper Hanover township in 1902.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
MONTGOMERY COUNTY—Concluded.			
Trappe borough, -----	398	324	-----
Upper Dublin township, -----	2,936	1,983	2,008
Upper Gwynedd township, -----	1,516	1,323	-----
Upper Hanover township (a), -----	1,644	1,997	1,977
Upper Merion township, -----	3,910	3,480	3,405
Upper Pottsgrove township, -----	454	450	(b)
Upper Providence township, -----	2,827	2,574	3,529
Upper Salford township, -----	773	870	1,869
West Conshohocken borough, -----	2,202	1,958	1,666
First ward, -----	637	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	790	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	775	-----	-----
West Norriton township (c), -----	819	-----	-----
West Pottsgrove township, -----	1,507	891	(b)
West Telford borough, -----	664	534	-----
Whitemarsh township, -----	3,359	3,350	3,516
Whitpain township, -----	1,528	1,442	1,565
Worcester township, -----	1,433	1,397	1,517
-----	-----	-----	-----
MONTOUR COUNTY, -----	14,868	15,525	15,645
-----	-----	-----	-----
Anthony township, -----	815	905	962
Cooper township, -----	320	339	334
Danville borough, -----	7,517	8,042	7,998
First ward, -----	1,951	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,409	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	2,443	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	1,714	-----	-----
Derry township, -----	651	680	772
Liberty township, -----	882	989	1,081
Limestone township, -----	562	620	678
Mahoning township, -----	2,781	2,319	2,171
Mayberry township, -----	215	242	198
Valley township, -----	659	831	890
Washingtonville borough, -----	183	212	171
West Hemlock township, -----	233	347	890
-----	-----	-----	-----
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, -----	127,667	99,687	(d) 84,220
-----	-----	-----	-----
Allen township (e), -----	822	6,541	3,474
Bangor borough, -----	5,369	4,106	2,509
First ward, -----	1,268	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,075	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,593	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	1,433	-----	-----
Bath borough, -----	1,057	731	723
Bethlehem borough (f) (wards 1 to 4), -----	8,365	7,293	6,762
(For total, see Lehigh County.)	-----	-----	-----
Bethlehem township, -----	3,414	3,090	2,397
Bushkill township, -----	1,504	1,598	1,644
Chapman borough, -----	253	319	392
East Allen township, -----	1,345	1,137	1,104
East Bangor borough, -----	1,186	968	804
Easton city (g), -----	28,523	25,238	14,481
First ward, -----	1,653	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,823	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	2,957	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	3,267	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	1,571	-----	-----
Sixth ward, -----	2,976	-----	-----
Seventh ward, -----	2,287	-----	-----
Eighth ward, -----	4,262	-----	-----
Ninth ward, -----	1,802	-----	-----
Tenth ward, -----	2,730	-----	-----
Eleventh ward, -----	2,162	-----	-----
Twelfth ward, -----	1,533	-----	-----
Forks township (h), -----	1,132	1,147	1,189
(a) Red Hill borough incorporated from part of Upper Hanover township in 1902.	-----	-----	-----
(b) Not returned separately in 1890.	-----	-----	-----
(c) Organized from part of Norriton in 1909.	-----	-----	-----
(d) County total includes population (5,616) of South Easton borough, annexed to Easton city between 1890 and 1900.	-----	-----	-----
(e) Parts taken to form Northampton and North Catasauqua boroughs in 1902 and 1907, respectively.	-----	-----	-----
(f) West Bethlehem borough, Lehigh county, annexed in 1904. Incorporated as a city since 1910.	-----	-----	-----
(g) Parts of Forks township annexed in 1902 and 1908 and part of Williams township annexed in 1909.	-----	-----	-----
(h) Part taken to form Stockertown borough in 1900 and parts annexed to Easton city in 1902 and 1908.	-----	-----	-----

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY—Concluded.			
Freemansburg borough, -----	867	596	615
Glendon borough, -----	823	704	907
Hanover township, -----	403	401	440
Hellertown borough, -----	915	745	708
Lehigh township (a), -----	3,175	3,769	3,570
Lower Mount Bethel township, -----	1,890	1,335	1,322
Lower Nazareth township, -----	1,053	1,034	936
Lower Saucon township (b), -----	3,855	4,141	3,913
Moore township, -----	2,357	2,293	2,544
Nazareth borough, -----	3,978	2,304	1,318
First ward, -----	1,420		
Second ward, -----	1,303		
Third ward, -----	1,255		
North Catasauqua borough (c), -----	2,030		
Northampton borough (d), -----	8,729		
First ward, -----	1,304		
Second ward, -----	4,980		
Third ward, -----	2,445		
Northampton Heights borough (e), -----	1,037		
Palmer township, -----	3,059	2,051	2,396
Pen Argyl borough, -----	3,967	2,784	2,108
First ward, -----	1,139		
Second ward, -----	985		
Third ward, -----	1,843		
Plainfield township, -----	2,453	2,042	2,521
Portland borough, -----	649	490	676
South Bethlehem borough (f), -----	19,973	13,241	10,302
First ward, -----	3,110		
Second ward, -----	3,170		
Third ward, -----	3,878		
Fourth ward, -----	5,806		
Fifth ward, -----	4,009		
Stockertown borough (g), -----	426		
Tatamy borough, -----	512	260	
Upper Mount Bethel township, -----	2,857	2,446	3,106
Upper Nazareth township, -----	1,605	736	550
Walnutport borough (h), -----	1,039		
Washington township, -----	3,532	2,614	2,523
West Easton borough, -----	1,033	1,000	
Williams township (i), -----	1,648	1,819	2,676
Wind Gap borough, -----	832	711	
NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY, -----	111,420	90,911	(j) 74,698
Coal township, -----	16,105	12,473	8,616
Delaware township, -----	1,517	1,581	1,864
East Cameron township, -----	1,013	865	
East Chillisquaque township, -----	528	492	
Gearhart township, -----	473	479	
Herndon borough (k), -----	620		
Jackson township (k), -----	673	1,277	1,046
Jordan township, -----	873	886	914
Lewis township, -----	928	1,030	1,151
Little Mahanoy township, -----	349	284	327
Lower Augusta township, -----	732	697	839
Lower Mahanoy township, -----	1,507	1,653	1,750
McEwensville borough, -----	209	208	262
Marion Heights borough (l), -----	1,362		
Milton borough, -----	7,460	6,175	5,317
First ward, -----	974		
Second ward, -----	1,104		
Third ward, -----	2,053		
Fourth ward, -----	1,664		
Fifth ward, -----	1,665		

(a) Walnutport borough incorporated from part of Lehigh township in 1909.

(b) Northampton Heights borough incorporated from part of Lower Saucon township in 1901.

(c) Incorporated from part of Allen township in 1907. Annexed to Catasauqua borough since 1910.

(d) Incorporated as Alliance borough from part of Allen township in 1902. Name changed in 1909.

(e) Northampton Heights borough incorporated from part of Lower Saucon township in 1901.

(f) Consolidated with Bethlehem borough, which has been incorporated as a city since 1910.

(g) Incorporated from part of Forks township in 1900.

(h) Walnutport borough incorporated from part of Lehigh township in 1909.

(i) Part annexed to Easton city in 1909.

(j) County total includes (1,034) of Cameron township, taken to form East and West Cameron townships, and population (1,607) of Chillisquaque township, taken to form East and West Chillisquaque townships, between 1890 and 1900.

(k) Herndon borough incorporated from part of Jackson township in 1902.

(l) Marion Heights borough incorporated from part of Mount Carmel township in 1900.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY—Concluded.			
Mount Carmel borough, -----	17,532	13,179	8,254
First ward, -----	3,370		
Second ward, -----	3,945		
Third ward, -----	5,644		
Fourth ward, -----	4,573		
Mount Carmel township (a), -----	6,700	4,321	3,192
Northumberland borough, -----	3,517	2,748	2,744
First ward, -----	1,200		
Second ward, -----	1,394		
Third ward, -----	923		
Point township, -----	1,247	703	778
Ralpho township, -----	1,180	1,104	1,001
Riverside borough, -----	429	418	394
Rockefeller township, -----	1,009	1,053	1,071
Rush township, -----	882	882	1,346
Shamokin borough, -----	19,588	18,202	14,403
First ward, -----	1,142		
Second ward, -----	2,621		
Third ward, -----	1,323		
Fourth ward, -----	2,993		
Fifth ward, -----	4,532		
Sixth ward, -----	2,419		
Seventh ward, -----	1,414		
Eighth ward, -----	839		
Ninth ward, -----	1,178		
Tenth ward, -----	1,127		
Shamokin township, -----	1,364	1,406	1,443
Snydertown borough, -----	288	276	242
Sunbury borough, -----	13,770	9,810	5,930
First ward, -----	1,145		
Second ward, -----	1,553		
Third ward, -----	2,121		
Fourth ward, -----	1,148		
Fifth ward, -----	1,756		
Sixth ward, -----	1,242		
Seventh ward, -----	1,290		
Eighth ward, -----	1,892		
Ninth ward, -----	1,623		
Turbot township, -----	703	757	792
Turbotville borough, -----	365	390	441
Upper Augusta township, -----	1,001	809	2,749
Upper Mahanoy township, -----	828	891	891
Washington township, -----	782	775	788
Watson town borough, -----	1,950	1,898	2,157
First ward, -----	915		
Second ward, -----	1,035		
West Cameron township, -----	443	373	-----
West Chillisquaque township, -----	1,065	1,076	-----
Zerbe township, -----	2,428	1,746	1,355
PERRY COUNTY, -----	24,136	26,263	26,276
Blain borough, -----	326	326	249
Bloomfield borough, -----	762	772	737
Buffalo township, -----	479	576	691
Carroll township, -----	1,053	1,213	1,283
Centre township, -----	912	1,046	1,046
Duncannon borough, -----	1,474	1,661	1,074
Greenwood township, -----	754	802	868
Howe township, -----	322	338	383
Jackson township, -----	756	981	955
Juniata township, -----	794	878	938
Landisburg borough, -----	252	300	318
Liverpool borough, -----	596	653	821
Liverpool township, -----	628	678	751
Madison township, -----	1,344	1,568	1,584
Marysville borough, -----	1,693	1,463	1,115
Miller township, -----	417	586	356
Millerstown borough, -----	549	555	594
New Buffalo borough, -----	135	171	220
Newport borough, -----	2,009	1,734	1,417
Oliver township, -----	1,015	955	969
Penn township, -----	996	1,386	1,965
Rye township, -----	554	630	710
Saville township, -----	1,405	1,496	1,542
Spring township, -----	1,179	1,280	1,340
Toboyne township, -----	702	852	851

(a) Marion Heights borough incorporated from part of Mount Carmel township in 1906.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
PERRY COUNTY—Concluded.			
Tuscarora township,	595	747	763
Tyrone township,	1,397	1,447	1,562
Watts township,	377	407	306
Wheatfield township,	661	712	779
PHILADELPHIA COUNTY,	1,549,008	1,293,697	1,046,964
Philadelphia city, coextensive with Philadelphia county, ..	1,549,008	1,293,697	1,046,964
First ward,	47,712		
Second ward,	40,536		
Third ward,	25,747		
Fourth ward,	22,316		
Fifth ward,	17,006		
Sixth ward,	6,374		
Seventh ward,	27,425		
Eighth ward,	13,965		
Ninth ward,	5,071		
Tenth ward,	19,426		
Eleventh ward,	11,619		
Twelfth ward,	15,152		
Thirteenth ward,	19,769		
Fourteenth ward,	19,477		
Fifteenth ward,	47,273		
Sixteenth ward,	16,175		
Seventeenth ward,	17,484		
Eighteenth ward,	27,134		
Nineteenth ward,	52,283		
Twentieth ward,	45,356		
Twenty-first ward,	35,406		
Twenty-second ward,	70,245		
Twenty-third ward,	32,133		
Twenty-fourth ward,	54,370		
Twenty-fifth ward,	42,510		
Twenty-sixth ward,	54,842		
Twenty-seventh ward,	24,255		
Twenty-eighth ward,	49,242		
Twenty-ninth ward,	80,217		
Thirtieth ward,	29,209		
Thirty-first ward,	80,863		
Thirty-second ward,	40,293		
Thirty-third ward,	51,769		
Thirty-fourth ward,	49,575		
Thirty-fifth ward,	10,484		
Thirty-sixth ward,	61,379		
Thirty-seventh ward,	23,110		
Thirty-eighth ward,	48,939		
Thirty-ninth ward,	54,393		
Fortieth ward,	41,820		
Forty-first ward,	15,640		
Forty-second ward,	23,610		
Forty-third ward,	43,260		
Forty-fourth ward,	39,449		
Forty-fifth ward,	26,234		
Forty-sixth ward,	38,459		
Forty-seventh ward,	30,002		
PIKE COUNTY,	8,033	8,766	9,412
Blooming Grove township,	875	440	351
Delaware township,	550	721	799
Dingman township,	427	481	491
Greene township,	893	1,022	1,114
Lackawaxen township,	1,193	1,260	1,547
Lehman township,	668	658	742
Matamoras borough (a),	1,388		
Milford borough,	872	884	793
Milford township,	155	172	154
Palmyra township,	562	698	810
Porter township,	50	53	89
Shohola township,	545	701	809
Westfall township (a),	352	1,731	1,668
POTTER COUNTY,	29,729	30,621	22,778
Abbott township,	706	727	823
Alleghany township,	675	928	636
Austin borough,	2,941	2,300	1,679

(a) Matamoras borough incorporated from part of Westfall township in 1905.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
POTTER COUNTY—Concluded.			
Bingham township,	748	911	877
Clara township,	259	414	290
Coudersport borough,	3,100	2,217	1,530
First ward,	1,463		
Second ward,	1,637		
Eulalia township,	1,218	1,215	1,268
Galeton borough,	4,027	2,415	
First ward,	1,700		
Second ward,	2,327		
Genesee township,	980	1,179	910
Harrison township,	1,462	1,826	1,784
Hebron township,	658	915	876
Hector township,	817	1,134	1,180
Homer township,	176	209	801
Keating township,	714	784	382
Lewisville borough,	579	619	459
Oswayo borough (a),	882		
Oswayo township (a),	504	1,584	1,131
Pike township,	463	537	1,111
Pleasant Valley township,	255	276	341
Portage township,	447	1,088	314
Roulette township,	1,883	1,127	1,135
Sharon township (b),	1,046	1,443	1,164
Shingle House borough (b),	1,698		
Stewardson township,	717	1,299	483
Summit township,	278	528	176
Sweden township,	655	612	756
Sylvania township,	487	577	713
Ulysses township,	1,074	891	801
West Branch township,	872	1,022	675
Wharton township,	508	844	398
SCHUYLKILL COUNTY,	207,894	(c) 172,927	(c) 154,163
Ashland borough,	6,855	6,438	7,346
First ward,	1,411		
Second ward,	1,364		
Third ward,	1,401		
Fourth ward,	1,599		
Fifth ward,	1,080		
Auburn borough,	921	845	880
Barry township,	1,246	1,080	918
Blythe township,	2,405	1,749	1,320
Branch township,	1,559	1,250	951
Butler township,	3,900	3,693	4,493
Cass township,	4,579	3,528	2,642
Coaldale borough (d),	5,164		
East ward,	2,451		
Middle ward,	1,333		
West ward,	1,370		
Cressona borough,	1,837	1,738	1,491
North ward,	921		
South ward,	916		
Delano township,	1,540	1,278	1,362
East Brunswick township,	1,159	1,296	1,462
East Norwegian township,	694	586	586
East Union township,	2,578	2,553	1,116
Eldred township,	1,201	1,168	1,147
Foster township,	801	636	494
Frackville borough,	3,118	2,594	2,520
Middle ward,	1,208		
North ward,	1,160		
South ward,	750		
Fralley township,	905	933	1,321
Gilberton borough,	5,401	4,373	3,687
East ward,	2,361		
Middle ward,	1,155		
West ward,	1,885		
Girardville borough,	4,396	3,666	3,584
East ward,	1,659		
Middle ward,	1,935		
West ward,	802		
Gordon borough,	1,185	1,165	1,194
Hegins township,	2,727	2,177	1,896
Hubley township,	987	932	968

(a) Oswayo borough incorporated from part of Oswayo township in 1901.

(b) Shingle House borough incorporated from part of Sharon township in 1902.

(c) County totals include population (1,125 in 1900; 916 in 1890) of Yorkville borough, annexed to Pottsville borough since 1900.

(d) Incorporated from part of Baha township in 1906.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
SCHUYLKILL COUNTY--Continued.			
Kline township, -----	1,839	2,692	3,068
Landingville borough, -----	268	244	316
McAdoo borough, -----	3,389	2,122	-----
Mahanoy township, -----	6,256	6,214	6,541
Mahanoy City borough, -----	15,936	13,504	11,286
First ward, -----	5,605	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	2,369	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,434	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	1,640	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	4,888	-----	-----
Middleport borough, -----	1,100	540	381
Minersville borough, -----	7,240	4,815	3,504
First ward, -----	3,152	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,237	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,538	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	1,313	-----	-----
Mount Carbon borough, -----	335	252	333
New Castle township, -----	1,554	1,300	1,317
New Philadelphia borough, -----	2,512	1,326	562
New Ringgold borough, -----	266	228	240
North Manheim township, -----	2,035	2,163	2,391
North Union township, -----	1,156	1,242	1,124
Norwegian township, -----	1,167	770	819
Orwigsburg borough, -----	1,801	1,518	1,290
Palo Alto borough, -----	1,873	1,707	1,424
East ward, -----	917	-----	-----
West ward, -----	956	-----	-----
Pine Grove borough, -----	1,352	1,084	1,103
Pine Grove township, -----	2,995	2,534	2,601
Port Carbon borough, -----	2,673	2,168	1,976
Port Clinton borough, -----	491	478	606
Porter township, -----	3,387	2,890	1,638
Pottsville borough (a), -----	20,236	15,710	14,117
First ward, -----	2,153	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,744	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	3,176	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	3,543	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	4,900	-----	-----
Sixth ward, -----	2,979	-----	-----
Seventh ward, -----	1,741	-----	-----
Rahn township (b), -----	258	2,938	2,648
Reilly township, -----	2,115	1,206	1,715
Ringtown borough (c), -----	723	-----	-----
Rush township, -----	1,343	1,395	1,264
Ryan township, -----	736	719	706
St. Clair borough, -----	6,455	4,638	3,680
Middle ward, -----	1,772	-----	-----
North ward, -----	2,118	-----	-----
South ward, -----	2,565	-----	-----
Schuylkill township, -----	1,960	715	530
Schuylkill Haven borough, -----	4,747	3,654	3,088
East ward, -----	1,868	-----	-----
North ward, -----	1,277	-----	-----
South ward, -----	1,303	-----	-----
West ward, -----	299	-----	-----
Shenandoah borough, -----	25,774	20,321	15,944
First ward, -----	6,827	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,597	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	4,133	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	6,590	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	6,627	-----	-----
South Manheim township, -----	676	785	876
Tamaqua borough, -----	9,462	7,267	6,054
East ward, -----	2,661	-----	-----
Middle ward, -----	1,865	-----	-----
North ward, -----	2,672	-----	-----
South ward, -----	2,264	-----	-----
Tower City borough, -----	2,325	2,167	2,653
Tremont borough, -----	2,067	1,947	2,064
East ward, -----	1,218	-----	-----
West ward, -----	849	-----	-----
Tremont township, -----	695	740	771
Union township (c), -----	1,087	1,642	1,310
Upper Mahantango township, -----	795	785	732
Walker township, -----	511	542	569

(a) Yorkville borough annexed in 1907; incorporated as a city since 1910.

(b) Part taken to form Coaldale borough in 1906.

(c) Ringtown borough incorporated from part of Union township in 1909.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
SCHUYLKILL COUNTY—Concluded.			
Washington township, -----	1,342	1,338	1,338
Wayne township, -----	1,422	1,450	1,533
West Brunswick township, -----	1,023	1,158	1,373
West Mahanoy township, -----	5,230	4,864	4,743
West Penn township, -----	2,134	2,292	2,256
SNYDER COUNTY, -----	16,800	17,304	17,651
Adams township, -----	667	707	636
Beaver township, -----	809	832	858
Center township, -----	899	1,030	1,060
Chapman township, -----	914	1,087	1,219
Franklin township, -----	1,328	1,286	1,144
Jackson township, -----	677	719	730
Middleburg borough, -----	531	513	420
Middlecreek township, -----	768	734	750
Monroe township, -----	1,315	1,215	1,279
Penn township, -----	1,119	1,263	1,261
Perry township, -----	1,024	1,150	1,287
Selingsgrove borough, -----	1,473	1,326	1,315
Spring township, -----	1,049	1,123	1,208
Union township, -----	1,095	1,169	1,233
Washington township, -----	1,238	1,412	1,500
West Beaver township, -----	1,190	1,038	999
West Perry township, -----	704	700	752
SOMERSET COUNTY, -----	67,717	49,461	37,317
Addison township, -----	1,847	1,296	1,400
Allegheny township, -----	796	970	1,463
Benson borough, -----	387	249	-----
Berlin borough, -----	1,336	1,030	912
Black township, -----	1,113	843	738
Boswell borough (a), -----	1,878	-----	-----
Brothers Valley township, -----	2,912	1,931	1,704
Casselman borough, -----	166	150	-----
Conemaugh township, -----	3,117	1,585	1,529
Confluence borough, -----	890	871	444
Elklick township, -----	2,651	2,982	1,962
Fairhope township, -----	556	565	-----
Garrett borough, -----	848	488	-----
Greenville township, -----	717	849	619
Hooversville borough, -----	990	465	-----
Jefferson township, -----	852	862	866
Jenner township (a), -----	4,136	1,637	1,689
Jennertown borough, -----	109	96	95
Larimer township, -----	641	784	735
Lincoln township, -----	916	884	-----
Lower Turkeyfoot township, -----	923	870	933
Meyersdale borough, -----	3,741	3,024	1,847
Middlecreek township, -----	728	702	660
Milford township, -----	785	835	859
New Baltimore borough, -----	177	201	185
New Centerville borough, -----	106	105	104
Northampton township, -----	656	765	784
Ogle township, -----	885	625	151
Paint borough, (b), -----	999	-----	-----
Paint township (b), -----	3,140	6,835	1,451
Quemahoning township, -----	2,406	1,376	1,453
Rockwood borough, -----	1,300	685	553
Salisbury borough, -----	885	980	689
Shade township, -----	1,211	1,289	1,299
Somerfield borough, -----	180	178	-----
Somerset borough, -----	2,612	1,834	1,713
Somerset township, -----	4,318	3,324	3,462
Southampton township, -----	465	464	749
Stonycreek township, -----	1,758	1,824	1,790
Stoyestown borough, -----	355	306	291
Summit township, -----	3,606	2,865	2,366
Upper Turkeyfoot township, -----	1,079	1,256	1,224
Ursina borough, -----	338	423	405
Wellersburg borough, -----	193	158	183
Windber borough (b), -----	8,013	-----	-----
East ward, -----	4,050	-----	-----
West ward, -----	3,963	-----	-----

(a) Boswell borough incorporated from part of Jenner township in 1904.

(b) Paint and Windber boroughs incorporated from parts of Paint township in 1900.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
SULLIVAN COUNTY, -----	11,293	12,134	11,620
Cherry township, -----	2,816	2,703	2,387
Colley township, -----	1,998	1,926	1,692
Davidson township, -----	1,464	1,714	1,652
Dushore borough, -----	813	884	783
Eaglesmere borough, -----	184	312	-----
Elkland township, -----	847	975	1,058
Forks township, -----	633	813	780
Forksville borough, -----	109	152	191
Fox township, -----	669	536	693
Hillsgrove township, -----	558	636	805
Laporte borough (a), -----	245	442	375
Laporte township (a), -----	563	465	443
Shrewsbury township, -----	599	524	811
SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, -----	37,746	40,043	40,093
Apolacon township, -----	307	396	513
Ararat township, -----	520	650	648
Auburn township, -----	1,432	1,669	1,905
Bridgewater township, -----	1,130	1,305	1,220
Brooklyn township, -----	954	984	1,000
Chococut township, -----	344	363	376
Clifford township, -----	961	1,134	1,125
Dimock township, -----	891	847	919
Dundaiff borough, -----	150	159	157
Forest City borough, -----	5,749	4,279	2,319
First ward, -----	2,698	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	3,051	-----	-----
Forest Lake township, -----	619	787	907
Franklin township, -----	527	632	656
Friendsville borough, -----	103	110	139
Gibson township, -----	925	963	1,020
Great Bend borough, -----	788	886	1,002
Great Bend township, -----	815	1,000	1,135
Hallstead borough, -----	1,538	1,404	1,167
Harford township, -----	1,230	1,458	1,514
Harmony township, -----	604	1,008	1,279
Herrick township, -----	537	620	721
Hopbottom borough, -----	364	326	299
Jackson township, -----	793	849	945
Jessup township, -----	504	596	641
Lanesboro borough, -----	771	821	878
Lathrop township, -----	614	735	776
Lenox township, -----	1,109	1,304	1,493
Liberty township, -----	632	785	800
Little Meadows borough, -----	166	213	223
Middletown township, -----	519	665	724
Montrose borough, -----	1,914	1,827	1,785
First ward, -----	617	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	567	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	730	-----	-----
New Milford borough, -----	854	715	763
New Milford township, -----	1,110	1,206	1,244
Oakland borough, -----	915	1,003	955
Oakland township, -----	414	542	590
Rush township, -----	975	1,105	1,164
Silver Lake township, -----	582	673	866
Springville township, -----	1,021	1,088	1,177
Susquehanna borough, -----	3,478	3,813	3,972
First ward, -----	916	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	778	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,114	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	676	-----	-----
Thompson borough, -----	322	309	309
Thompson township, -----	450	480	507
Unfonda borough, -----	355	351	360
TIOGA COUNTY, -----	42,829	(b) 49,089	(b) 52,313
Bloss township, -----	2,035	3,231	2,550
Blossburg borough, -----	2,303	2,423	2,568
Brookfield township, -----	693	862	1,021
Charleston township, -----	1,641	1,781	1,889
Chatham township, -----	843	1,046	1,208
Clymer township, -----	971	1,119	1,313
Covington borough, -----	340	450	496

(a) Part of Laporte borough annexed to Laporte township in 1907.

(b) County totals include population (215 in 1900; 211 in 1890) of Roseville borough, annexed to Rutland township since 1900.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
TIOGA COUNTY—Concluded.			
Covington township,	878	1,067	1,122
Deerfield township,	736	964	883
Delmar township,	2,493	2,919	3,081
Duncan township,	1,343	1,467	2,449
Elk township,	453	630	693
Elkland borough,	1,175	1,109	1,006
Fall Brook borough (a),	172	-----	825
Farmington township,	689	890	907
Gaines township,	793	1,306	1,187
Hamilton township,	2,462	2,209	3,375
Jackson township,	1,310	1,591	1,704
Knoxville borough,	840	882	679
Lawrence township,	819	1,000	1,017
Lawrenceville borough,	549	486	441
Liberty borough,	253	233	-----
Liberty township,	1,073	1,254	1,755
Mansfield borough,	1,645	1,847	1,762
Middlebury township,	1,230	1,549	1,658
Morris township,	1,639	1,811	1,849
Nelson borough (b),	448	542	540
Nelson township,	59	66	-----
Osceola borough,	591	693	838
Richmond township,	1,302	1,495	1,640
Rutland township (c),	837	838	800
Shippen township,	683	706	732
Sullivan township,	1,089	1,230	1,405
Tioga borough,	533	524	557
Tioga township,	1,036	1,251	1,424
Union township,	1,309	1,536	1,876
Ward township (d),	208	434	442
Wellsboro borough,	3,183	2,954	2,961
First ward,	1,694	-----	-----
Second ward,	1,489	-----	-----
Westfield borough,	1,207	1,180	1,128
Westfield township,	946	1,115	1,261
UNION COUNTY,	16,249	17,592	17,820
Buffalo township,	1,627	1,718	1,694
East Buffalo township,	1,117	1,144	1,107
Gregg township,	839	896	894
Hartleton borough,	160	237	261
Hartley township,	1,305	1,647	1,712
Kelly township,	1,127	1,080	1,108
Lewis township,	796	896	1,017
Lewisburg borough,	3,081	3,457	3,248
North ward,	1,352	-----	-----
South ward,	968	-----	-----
West ward,	761	-----	-----
Limestone township,	736	854	844
Mifflinburg borough,	1,559	1,436	1,417
East ward,	797	-----	-----
West ward,	762	-----	-----
New Berlin borough,	527	616	617
Union township,	645	656	756
West Buffalo township,	913	1,092	1,174
White Deer township,	1,847	1,853	1,907
VENANGO COUNTY,	59,359	(e) 49,648	(e) 49,640
Allegheny township,	310	405	536
Canal township,	786	883	959
Cherrytree township,	1,071	1,225	1,246
Clinton township,	1,046	916	835
Clintonville borough,	335	262	253
Cooperstown borough,	181	243	290
Cornplanter township,	1,415	1,200	2,457
Cranberry township,	2,770	3,321	3,275
Emlenton borough,	1,110	1,190	1,126

(a) Disincorporated between 1890 and 1900; reincorporated from part of Ward township in 1909. Disincorporated as a borough since 1910.

(b) Disincorporated since 1910.

(c) Roseville borough annexed in 1908.

(d) Part taken to form Fall Brook borough in 1909.

(e) County totals include population (92 in 1900; 106 in 1890) of Sunville borough, annexed to Plum township since 1900, and population (1,187 in 1890) of Frenchcreek township and Polk borough, not returned separately.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
VENANGO COUNTY—Concluded.			
Franklin city, -----	8,767	7,317	6,221
First ward, -----	4,061		
Second ward, -----	3,188		
Third ward, -----	2,518		
Frenchcreek township, -----	1,027	943	(a)
Irwin township, -----	1,278	1,262	1,396
Jackson township, -----	592	851	843
Mineral township, -----	568	574	602
Oakland township, -----	820	1,029	1,063
Oil City, -----	15,657	13,261	10,932
First ward, -----	2,255		
Second ward, -----	1,097		
Third ward, -----	1,432		
Fourth ward, -----	2,401		
Fifth ward, -----	1,532		
Sixth ward, -----	1,517		
Seventh ward, -----	1,494		
Eighth ward, -----	2,776		
Ninth ward, -----	1,153		
Oilcreek township, -----	577	623	852
Pinegrove township, -----	1,132	1,255	1,234
Pleasantville borough, -----	702	671	928
Plum township (b), -----	923	1,017	1,042
Polk borough, -----	2,066	1,037	(a)
President township, -----	387	289	366
Richland township, -----	1,025	1,134	1,229
Rockland township, -----	1,662	1,745	1,957
Rouseville borough, -----	648	516	
Sandycreek township, -----	1,097	847	779
Scrubgrass township, -----	858	1,047	1,072
Siverly borough (c), -----	1,616	783	833
Sugarcreek township, -----	3,903	2,835	2,349
Utica borough, -----	265	268	321
Victory township, -----	270	272	351
West End borough, -----	495	329	
WARREN COUNTY, -----	39,573	38,946	37,585
Bear Lake borough, -----	221	275	313
Brokenstraw township, -----	1,652	1,209	1,224
Cherry Grove township, -----	214	440	383
Clarendon borough, -----	933	1,032	1,297
Columbus borough, -----	346	334	292
Columbus township, -----	872	905	1,062
Conewango township, -----	2,891	2,710	2,267
Corydon township, -----	402	646	527
Deerfield township, -----	558	711	681
Eldred township, -----	776	964	1,720
Elk township, including Cornplanter Indian Reservation, Cornplanter Indian Reservation, -----	583 77	814 81	880
Farmington township, -----	873	982	983
Freehold township, -----	1,018	1,187	1,330
Glade township, -----	1,894	1,712	2,885
Grand Valley borough, -----	290	388	
Kinzua township, -----	517	1,236	941
Limestone township, -----	408	362	447
Mead township, -----	1,215	1,490	1,909
Pine Grove township, -----	1,246	1,424	1,694
Pittsfield township, -----	1,258	1,481	1,851
Pleasant township (d), -----	563	749	540
Sheffield township, -----	3,520	2,580	2,262
Southwest township, -----	709	950	1,195
Spring Creek township, -----	1,102	1,351	1,463
Sugar Grove borough, -----	459	511	
Sugar Grove township, -----	1,085	1,250	1,855
Tidioute borough, -----	1,324	1,237	1,328
Triumph township, -----	531	737	941
Warren borough (d), -----	11,080	8,643	4,332
First ward, -----	1,362		
Second ward, -----	978		
Third ward, -----	1,120		
Fourth ward, -----	1,848		
Fifth ward, -----	1,525		

(a) Not returned separately in 1890.

(b) Sunville borough annexed in 1904.

(c) Annexed to Oil City since 1910.

(d) Part of Pleasant township annexed to Warren borough in 1902.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
WARREN COUNTY—Concluded.			
Warren borough—Concluded.			
Sixth ward, -----	1,917		
Seventh ward, -----	710		
Eighth ward, -----	1,620		
Watson township, -----	233	322	376
Youngsville borough, -----	1,406	836	667
WASHINGTON COUNTY, -----	143,680	(a) 92,181	(b) 71,155
Allen township, -----	1,614	1,677	2,544
Amwell township, -----	1,816	1,848	1,908
Beallsville borough, -----	407	388	860
Bentleyville borough, -----	1,922	613	229
Blain township, -----	606	687	
Buffalo township, -----	910	1,046	2,381
Burgettstown borough, -----	1,268	961	929
California borough, -----	2,230	2,009	1,024
Canonsburg borough, -----	3,891	2,714	2,113
East ward, -----	2,298		
West ward, -----	1,593		
Canton township (c), -----	2,657	2,177	1,830
Carroll township (d), -----	5,242	2,626	1,919
Cecil township, -----	4,395	3,771	2,285
Centerville borough (e), -----	1,413	746	
Charleroi borough, -----	9,615	5,930	
Chartiers township (f), -----	4,721	2,141	1,941
Claysville borough, -----	1,045	856	1,041
Coal Center borough, -----	846	742	560
Cokeburg borough (g), -----	1,302		
Cross Creek township, -----	1,304	856	966
Deemston borough, -----	477	428	
Donegal township, -----	1,558	1,424	1,568
Donora borough (d), -----	8,174		
East Bethlehem township, -----	1,929	790	1,757
East Finley township, -----	1,031	1,185	1,291
East Pike Run township (h), -----	3,408	2,071	1,163
East Washington borough, -----	1,300	1,051	
Elco borough, -----	944	850	
Ellsworth borough (i), -----	2,084		
Fallowfield township, -----	1,206	801	1,084
Finleyville borough, -----	644	447	
Hanover township, -----	1,389	1,753	1,757
Hopewell township, -----	642	662	768
Houston borough (j), -----	793		
Independence township, -----	1,411	772	899
Jefferson township, -----	893	776	825
Long Branch borough, -----	273	273	
McDonald borough, -----	2,543	2,475	1,656
Marianna borough (k), -----	1,363		
Midway borough (l), -----	941		
Monongahela city, -----	7,598	5,173	4,066
First ward, -----	2,690		
Second ward, -----	2,526		
Third ward, -----	2,472		
Morris township, -----	920	1,000	1,076
Mount Pleasant township, -----	2,623	1,551	1,457
North Charleroi borough, -----	1,008	425	
North Franklin township, -----	876	880	
North Strabane township (f), -----	1,950	1,278	1,492
Nottingham township, -----	852	1,179	1,007
Peters township, -----	1,654	1,596	1,225
Robinson township (l), -----	2,196	2,087	1,820
Roscoe borough, -----	1,450	1,354	
Smith township (l), -----	4,235	1,484	1,562
Somerset township (m), -----	1,048	1,130	1,273
South Canonsburg borough (n), -----	1,697	610	

(a) County total includes population (5,396) of North, South and West Washington boroughs, annexed to Washington borough since 1900.

(b) County total includes population (1,654) of Franklin township, taken to form North and South Franklin townships and parts of South and West Washington boroughs between 1890 and 1900.

(c) Part annexed to Washington borough in 1902.

(d) Donora borough incorporated from part of Carroll township in 1901.

(e) Part of West Pike Run township annexed in 1903.

(f) Part taken to form part of Houston borough in 1901.

(g) Incorporated from parts of Somerset and West Bethlehem townships in 1906.

(h) Part annexed to West Brownsville borough in 1908.

(i) Incorporated from part of Somerset township in 1900.

(j) Incorporated from parts of Chartiers and North Strabane townships in 1901.

(k) Incorporated from part of West Bethlehem township in 1910.

(l) Midway borough incorporated from parts of Robinson and Smith townships in 1903.

(m) Parts taken to form Ellsworth borough in 1900 and part of Cokeburg borough in 1906.

(n) Annexed to Canonsburg borough since 1910.

Minor Civil Division.		1910.	1900.	1890.
WASHINGTON COUNTY - Concluded.				
South Franklin township, -----	607	607	-----	-----
South Strabane township (a), -----	2,237	1,337	3,079	-----
Speers borough, -----	383	383	-----	-----
Stockdale borough, -----	761	731	-----	-----
Twilight borough, -----	468	136	-----	-----
Union township, -----	8,721	8,137	3,621	-----
Washington borough (b), -----	18,778	7,677	7,063	-----
First ward, -----	1,596	-----	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	2,964	-----	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	1,672	-----	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	1,506	-----	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	1,727	-----	-----	-----
Sixth ward, -----	2,190	-----	-----	-----
Seventh ward, -----	4,084	-----	-----	-----
Eighth ward, -----	3,129	-----	-----	-----
West Alexander borough, -----	426	462	414	-----
West Bethlehem township (c), -----	2,393	1,794	1,890	-----
West Brownsville borough (d), -----	2,036	742	735	-----
West Finley township, -----	1,206	1,352	1,525	-----
West Middletown borough, -----	274	241	235	-----
West Pike Run township (e), -----	2,056	860	895	-----
WAYNE COUNTY, -----	29,236	30,171	31,010	-----
Berlin township, -----	1,035	1,100	1,005	-----
Bethany township, -----	130	130	134	-----
Buckingham township, -----	818	1,082	1,087	-----
Canaan township, -----	407	485	496	-----
Cherry Ridge township, -----	360	677	673	-----
Clinton township, -----	1,176	954	863	-----
Damascus township, -----	2,287	2,408	2,442	-----
Dreher township, -----	647	622	712	-----
Dyberry township, -----	698	720	654	-----
Hawley borough, -----	2,018	1,925	1,968	-----
Honesdale borough, -----	2,945	2,864	2,816	-----
Lake township, -----	1,188	1,286	1,189	-----
Lebanon township, -----	446	548	541	-----
Lehigh township, -----	547	401	355	-----
Manchester township, -----	965	1,190	1,262	-----
Mount Pleasant township, -----	1,424	1,488	1,640	-----
Oregon township, -----	383	410	452	-----
Palmyra township, -----	722	757	929	-----
Panpack township, -----	444	522	588	-----
Preston township, -----	1,331	1,464	1,317	-----
Princeton borough, -----	263	258	269	-----
Salem township, -----	1,101	1,281	1,416	-----
Scott township, -----	803	1,101	1,147	-----
South Canaan township, -----	976	1,039	1,067	-----
Starrucca borough, -----	381	404	431	-----
Sterling township, -----	586	672	710	-----
Texas township, -----	4,443	3,951	4,409	-----
Waymart borough, -----	412	432	438	-----
WESTMORELAND COUNTY, -----	231,304	(f) 169,175	(f) 112,819	-----
Adamsburg borough, -----	300	184	223	-----
Allegheny township (g), -----	3,133	3,175	2,310	-----
Arnold borough, -----	1,818	1,426	-----	-----
Arona borough, -----	683	382	-----	-----
Avonmore borough, -----	1,262	630	-----	-----
Bell township, -----	1,446	790	1,168	-----
Bollvar borough, -----	518	486	410	-----
Cokeville borough (h), -----	409	674	664	-----
Cook township, -----	1,201	1,175	1,226	-----
Derry borough, -----	2,954	2,347	1,968	-----
First ward, -----	875	-----	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,220	-----	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	859	-----	-----	-----
Derry township (i), -----	11,002	9,495	7,163	-----

(a) Part annexed to Washington borough in 1903.

(b) South, North and West Washington boroughs annexed in 1901, 1902 and 1907, respectively, and parts of Canton and South Strabane townships annexed in 1902 and 1903, respectively.

(c) Parts taken to form Marianna borough in 1910 and part of Cokeburg borough in 1906.

(d) Part of East Pike Run township annexed in 1908.

(e) Part annexed to Centerville borough in 1903.

(f) County totals include population (901 in 1900; 891 in 1890) of Ludwick borough; population (1,670 in 1900) of East and Southeast Greensburg boroughs, annexed to Greensburg borough since 1900, and population (897 in 1890) of Bunker Hill borough, annexed to Greensburg borough between 1890 and 1900.

(g) East Vandergrift borough incorporated from part of Allegheny township in 1901.

(h) Disincorporated as a borough in 1917.

(i) Part annexed to Latrobe borough in 1906.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
WESTMORELAND COUNTY—Continued.			
Donegal borough, -----	147	157	163
Donegal township, -----	1,231	1,341	1,319
East Huntingdon township, -----	10,126	10,587	8,109
East Vandergrift borough (a), -----	1,862		
Fairfield township, -----	1,774	1,805	1,757
Franklin township, -----	4,279	2,719	1,754
Greensburg borough (b), -----	13,012	6,508	4,202
First ward, -----	2,375		
Second ward, -----	1,710		
Third ward, -----	1,018		
Fourth ward, -----	1,805		
Fifth ward, -----	2,265		
Sixth ward, -----	1,231		
Seventh ward, -----	1,761		
Eighth ward, -----	847		
Hempfield township (c), -----	16,926	9,256	9,948
Hyde Park borough, -----	315	312	
Irwin borough, -----	2,886	2,452	2,428
First ward, -----	634		
Second ward, -----	930		
Third ward, -----	1,322		
Jeannette borough, -----	5,077	5,865	3,290
First ward, -----	2,376		
Second ward, -----	1,425		
Third ward, -----	1,449		
Fourth ward, -----	1,297		
Fifth ward, -----	1,530		
Latrobe borough (d), -----	8,777	4,614	3,689
First ward, -----	1,878		
Second ward, -----	1,403		
Third ward, -----	1,654		
Fourth ward, -----	1,773		
Fifth ward, -----	1,132		
Sixth ward, -----	937		
Ligonier borough, -----	1,575	1,259	782
Ligonier township, -----	3,506	2,934	2,790
Livermore borough, -----	124	175	211
Lower Burrell township, -----	1,598	1,019	839
Loyalhanna township, -----	989	767	930
Madison borough, -----	421	464	201
McMahan borough (e), -----	813		
Manor borough, -----	1,039	684	578
Monessen borough, -----	11,775	2,197	
First ward, -----	4,505		
Second ward, -----	4,856		
Third ward, -----	2,414		
Mount Pleasant borough, -----	5,812	4,745	3,652
First ward, -----	1,613		
Second ward, -----	2,001		
Third ward, -----	2,198		
Mount Pleasant township, -----	12,997	10,228	7,788
New Alexandria borough, -----	505	364	358
New Florence borough, -----	717	800	683
New Kensington borough, -----	7,707	4,665	
First ward, -----	3,362		
Second ward, -----	2,558		
Third ward, -----	1,787		
New Salem borough, -----	424	531	311
North Belleverson borough, -----	1,522	810	485
North Huntingdon township (f), -----	7,800	7,438	7,125
North Irwin borough, -----	646	403	
Parnassus borough, -----	2,578	1,791	516
Penn borough, -----	1,048	763	931
Penn township (f), -----	7,650	5,321	3,233
Rostraver township (e), -----	7,974	6,231	3,895
St. Clair township (g), -----	725	1,122	858
Salem township, -----	4,675	2,587	2,395

(a) East Vandergrift borough incorporated from part of Allegheny township in 1901.

(b) East Greensburg, Ludwick and Southeast Greensburg boroughs annexed in 1905.

(c) Part taken to form Youngwood borough in 1902.

(d) Parts of Derry and Unity townships annexed in 1906.

(e) McMahan borough incorporated from part of Rostraver township in 1904. Annexed to Monessen borough since 1910.

(f) Part taken to form part of Trafford borough in 1904.

(g) Part taken to form Seward borough in 1904.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
WESTMORELAND COUNTY—Concluded.			
Scottdale borough,	5,450	4,261	2,693
First ward,	1,786		
Second ward,	1,383		
Third ward,	1,308		
Fourth ward,	979		
Seward borough (a),	548		
Sewickley township (b),	7,413	4,548	3,967
Smithton borough (c),	784		
South Greensburg borough,	1,748	700	
South Huntingdon township (c),	5,315	4,758	3,674
Southwest Greensburg borough,	2,127	831	
Suterville borough (b),	917		
Trafford borough (d),	1,959		
Unity township (e),	11,843	(f) 9,855	5,494
Upper Burrell township,	537	555	606
Vandergrift borough,	3,876	2,076	
First ward,	1,591		
Second ward,	2,285		
Vandergrift Heights borough (g),	3,438	1,910	
Washington township,	1,921	1,797	1,624
West Newton borough,	2,880	2,467	2,285
First ward,	1,261		
Second ward,	1,619		
Youngstown borough,	323	(h) 318	486
Youngwood borough (i),	1,881		
WYOMING COUNTY,	15,509	17,152	15,891
Braintrim township (j),	387	934	827
Clinton township,	454	428	404
Eaton township,	689	790	865
Exeter township,	77	129	144
Factoryville borough,	759	659	577
Falls township,	1,082	1,090	1,443
Forkston township,	709	920	761
Laceyville borough (j),	479		
Lemon township,	485	577	604
Mehopany township,	667	794	831
Meshoppen borough,	630	609	597
Meshoppen township,	533	564	596
Monroe township,	846	993	1,345
Nicholson borough,	852	893	734
Nicholson township,	720	818	906
North Branch township,	230	313	365
Northmoreland township,	780	855	803
Noxen township,	990	1,197	
Overfield township,	445	442	391
Tunkhannock borough,	1,508	1,305	1,253
First ward,	675		
Second ward,	609		
Third ward,	823		
Tunkhannock township,	1,022	1,450	1,336
Washington township,	556	711	739
Windham township,	519	681	771
YORK COUNTY,	136,405	116,413	99,489
Carroll township,	828	882	993
Chanceford township,	2,764	2,798	3,666
Codorus township,	2,102	2,251	2,372
Conewago township,	1,460	1,506	1,565
Cross Roads borough,	153	167	
Dallastown borough,	1,884	1,181	779
Delta borough,	881	684	505
Hillsburg borough,	853	732	587
Dover borough,	576	438	406
Dover township,	2,211	2,313	2,349

(a) Incorporated from part of St. Clair township in 1904.

(b) Suterville borough incorporated from part of Sewickley township in 1902.

(c) Smithton borough incorporated from part of South Huntingdon township in 1901.

(d) Incorporated from parts of North Huntingdon and Penn townships in 1904; parts of North Versailles and Patton townships, of Allegheny county, were included in the borough in 1905. The larger part of the population (1,959) is in the Westmoreland county portion of the borough.

(e) Part annexed to Latrobe borough in 1906.

(f) Includes population (453 of St. Vincent's Arch Abbey and College, returned in 1900 as in Youngstown borough.

(g) Annexed to Vandergrift borough since 1910.

(h) Exclusive of population (453) of St. Vincent's Arch Abbey and College in Unity township returned in 1900 as in Youngstown borough.

(i) Incorporated from part of Hempfield township in 1902.

(j) Laceyville borough incorporated from part of Braintrim township in 1902.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
YORK COUNTY—Continued.			
East Hopewell township, -----	961	1,074	1,224
East Manchester township, -----	1,569	1,359	1,413
East Prospect borough, -----	316	292	291
Fairview township, -----	2,028	2,078	2,042
Fawn township, -----	1,474	1,554	1,647
Fawn Grove borough, -----	240	202	190
Felton borough, -----	241	226	-----
Franklin township, -----	811	896	962
Franklintown borough, -----	216	250	232
Glen Rock borough, -----	1,263	1,117	987
Goldsboro borough, -----	434	385	345
Hallam borough (a), -----	472	-----	-----
Hanover borough, -----	7,057	5,302	3,746
First ward, -----	1,742	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	3,385	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	825	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	1,105	-----	-----
Heldeberg township, -----	985	1,013	954
Hellam township (a), -----	1,687	2,067	2,164
Hopewell township, -----	1,275	1,376	1,540
Jackson township, -----	1,788	1,696	1,603
Jefferson borough, -----	347	374	374
Lewisberry borough, -----	233	228	170
Loganville borough, -----	298	343	296
Lower Chanceford township, -----	2,081	2,345	2,512
Lower Windsor township, -----	2,607	2,649	2,764
Manchester borough, -----	547	507	513
Manchester township, -----	1,577	1,556	1,783
Manheim township, -----	1,352	1,226	1,253
Monaghan township, -----	790	847	923
New Freedom borough, -----	726	550	364
New Salem borough, -----	248	241	231
Newberry township, -----	2,003	2,101	2,238
North Codorus township, -----	2,474	2,637	2,639
North Hopewell township, -----	1,110	1,122	1,199
North York borough, -----	1,902	1,185	-----
Paradise township, -----	1,112	1,214	1,269
Peach Bottom township, -----	1,844	1,888	2,198
Penn township, -----	3,021	1,875	1,501
Railroad borough, -----	308	213	201
Red Lion borough, -----	2,092	1,337	524
Seven Valleys borough, -----	365	428	-----
Shrewsbury borough, -----	598	554	532
North ward, -----	246	-----	-----
South ward, -----	352	-----	-----
Shrewsbury township, -----	1,812	1,953	2,041
Spring Garden township (b), -----	2,209	879	5,209
Spring Grove borough, -----	1,152	1,005	576
Springetsbury township, -----	1,707	1,783	-----
Springfield township, -----	1,679	1,641	1,912
Stewartstown borough, -----	674	573	441
Warrington township, -----	1,538	1,660	1,830
Washington township, -----	1,182	1,358	1,464
Wellsville borough, -----	308	296	-----
West Manchester township (c), -----	2,226	1,826	1,743
West Manheim township, -----	1,293	1,418	1,269
West York borough (d), -----	2,435	-----	-----
Windsor borough (e), -----	697	-----	-----
Windsor township (e), -----	2,132	2,516	2,372
Winterstown borough, -----	228	217	209
Wrightsville borough, -----	2,051	2,266	1,913
First ward, -----	936	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	440	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	675	-----	-----
Yoe borough, -----	567	525	-----
York city (f), -----	44,750	33,708	20,798
First ward, -----	2,194	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	1,574	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	878	-----	-----

(a) Hallam borough incorporated from part of Hellam township in 1908.

(b) Part annexed to York city in 1900.

(c) Part taken to form West York borough in 1904 and parts annexed to York city in 1900.

and 1909.

(d) Incorporated from part of West Manchester township in 1904.

(e) Windsor borough incorporated from part of Windsor township in 1905.

(f) Part of Spring Garden township annexed in 1900 and parts of West Manchester township annexed in 1900 and 1909.

Minor Civil Division.	1910.	1900.	1890.
YORK COUNTY—Concluded.			
York city—Concluded.			
Fourth ward, ----- 1,885			
Fifth ward, ----- 1,907			
Sixth ward, ----- 3,244			
Seventh ward, ----- 2,970			
Eighth ward, ----- 3,820			
Ninth ward, ----- 8,771			
Tenth ward, ----- 3,008			
Eleventh ward, ----- 4,907			
Twelfth ward, ----- 7,746			
Thirteenth ward, ----- 1,846			
York township, ----- 2,773		2,793	2,489
York Haven borough, ----- 793		824	

THE UNITED STATES AND TERRITORIES.

States.	Ratified the Constitution.	States.	Ratified the Constitution.
Delaware, -----	Dec. 7, 1787	South Carolina, -----	May 23, 1788
Pennsylvania, -----	Dec. 12, 1787	New Hampshire, -----	June 21, 1788
New Jersey, -----	Dec. 18, 1787	Virginia, -----	June 26, 1788
Georgia, -----	Jan. 2, 1788	New York, -----	July 26, 1788
Connecticut, -----	Jan. 9, 1788	North Carolina, -----	Nov. 21, 1789
Massachusetts, -----	Feb. 6, 1788	Rhode Island, -----	May 29, 1790
Maryland, -----	April 28, 1788		

Organization of Territories and Admission of States into the Union.

States.	Territory Organized.	State Admitted.
Vermont, -----	Out of New Hampshire and New York, --	March 4, 1791
Kentucky, -----	Out of Virginia, -----	June 1, 1792
Tennessee, -----	Out of North Carolina, -----	June 1, 1796
Ohio, -----	Ordinance, 1787, -----	Feb. 19, 1803
Louisiana, -----	March 3, 1805, -----	April 30, 1812
Indiana, -----	May 7, 1800, -----	Dec. 11, 1816
Mississippi, -----	April 7, 1798, -----	Dec. 10, 1817
Illinois, -----	February 3, 1809, -----	Dec. 3, 1818
Alabama, -----	March 3, 1817, -----	Dec. 14, 1819
Maine, -----	Out of Massachusetts, -----	March 15, 1820
Missouri, -----	June 4, 1812, -----	Aug. 10, 1821
Arkansas, -----	March 2, 1819, -----	June 15, 1836
Michigan, -----	January 11, 1805, -----	Jan. 26, 1837
Florida, -----	March 30, 1822, -----	March 3, 1845
Texas, -----	Annexed, -----	Dec. 29, 1845
Iowa, -----	June 12, 1838, -----	Dec. 28, 1846
Wisconsin, -----	April 20, 1836, -----	May 29, 1848
California, -----	From Mexico, -----	Sept. 9, 1850
Minnesota, -----	March 3, 1849, -----	May 11, 1858
Oklahoma, -----	Indian, June 30, 1834; Oklahoma, May 2, 1890, -----	Nov. 16, 1907
Oregon, -----	August 14, 1848, -----	Feb. 14, 1859
Kansas, -----	May 30, 1854, -----	Jan. 29, 1861
West Virginia, -----	Out of Virginia, -----	June 20, 1863
Nevada, -----	March 2, 1861, -----	Oct. 31, 1864
Nebraska, -----	May 30, 1854, -----	March 1, 1867
Colorado, -----	February 28, 1861, -----	Aug. 1, 1876
North Dakota, -----	{Out of Dakota, which was organized}	Nov. 2, 1889
South Dakota, -----	{ March 2, 1861, ----- }	
Montana, -----	May 26, 1864, -----	Nov. 8, 1889
Washington, -----	March 2, 1853, -----	Nov. 11, 1889
Idaho, -----	March 3, 1863, -----	July 3, 1890
Wyoming, -----	July 25, 1868, -----	July 11, 1890
Utah, -----	Sept. 9, 1850, -----	Jan. 4, 1896
New Mexico, -----	Sept. 9, 1850, -----	Jan. 6, 1912
Arizona, -----	Feb. 24, 1863, -----	Feb. 14, 1912

Territories.	When Organized.	Territories.	When Organized.
District of Columbia,* -----	July 16, 1790 March 3, 1791	Alaska, -----	July 27, 1868
		Hawaii, -----	June 14, 1900

*Reduced from 100 to 70 square miles by recession of part of Virginia in 1846

ORGANIZATION OF COUNTIES OF PENNSYLVANIA.

1. Adams, January 22, 1800, formed of a part of York.
2. Allegheny, September 24, 1788, formed of a part of Westmoreland and Washington.
3. Armstrong, March 12, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny, Westmoreland and Lycoming.
4. Beaver, March 12, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny and Washington.
5. Bedford, March 9, 1771, formed of a part of Cumberland.
6. Berks, March 11, 1752, formed of a part of Philadelphia, Chester and Lancaster.
7. Blair, February 26, 1846, formed of a part of Huntingdon and Bedford.
8. Bradford,* February 21, 1810, formed of a part of Luzerne and Lycoming.
9. Bucks,† one of the three original counties of the Province in 1682.
10. Butler, March 12, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny.
11. Cambria, March 26, 1804, formed of a part of Huntingdon, Somerset and Bedford.
12. Cameron, March 29, 1860, formed of a part of Clinton, Elk, McKean and Potter.
13. Carbon, March 13, 1843, formed of a part of Northampton and Monroe.
14. Centre, February 13, 1800, formed of a part of Mifflin, Northumberland, Lycoming and Huntingdon.
15. Chester,† one of the three original counties established at the first settlement of the Province in 1682.
16. Clarion, March 11, 1839, formed of a part of Venango and Armstrong.
17. Clearfield, March 26, 1804, formed of a part of Huntingdon and Lycoming.
18. Clinton, June 21, 1839, formed of a part of Lycoming and Centre.
19. Columbia, March 22, 1813, formed of a part of Northumberland.
20. Crawford, March 12, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny.
21. Cumberland, January 27, 1750, formed of a part of Lancaster.
22. Dauphin, March 4, 1785, formed of a part of Lancaster.
23. Delaware, September 26, 1789, formed of a part of Chester.
24. Elk, April 18, 1843, formed of a part of Jefferson, Clearfield and McKean.
25. Erie, March 12, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny.
26. Fayette, September 26, 1783, formed of a part of Westmoreland.
27. Forest, April 11, 1848, formed of a part of Jefferson and Venango.‡
28. Franklin, September 9, 1784, formed of a part of Cumberland.
29. Fulton, April 19, 1850, formed of a part of Bedford.
30. Greene, February 9, 1796, formed of a part of Washington.
31. Huntingdon, September 20, 1787, formed of a part of Bedford.
32. Indiana, March 30, 1803, formed of a part of Westmoreland and Lycoming.
33. Jefferson, March 26, 1804, formed of a part of Lycoming.
34. Juniata, March 2, 1831, formed of a part of Mifflin.
35. Lackawanna, August 13, 1878, formed of a part of Luzerne.
36. Lancaster, May 10, 1729, formed of a part of Chester.
37. Lawrence, March 20, 1849, formed of a part of Beaver and Mercer.
38. Lebanon, February 16, 1813, formed of a part of Dauphin and Lancaster.
39. Lehigh, March 6, 1812, formed of a part of Northampton.
40. Luzerne, September 25, 1786, formed of a part of Northumberland.
41. Lycoming, April 13, 1795, formed of a part of Northumberland.
42. McKean, March 26, 1804, formed of a part of Lycoming.
43. Mercer, March 12, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny.
44. Mifflin, September 19, 1789, formed of a part of Cumberland and Northumberland.
45. Monroe, April 1, 1836, formed of a part of Northampton and Pike.
46. Montgomery, September 10, 1784, formed of a part of Philadelphia.
47. Montour, May 3, 1850, formed of a part of Columbia.
48. Northampton, March 11, 1752, formed of a part of Bucks.
49. Northumberland, March 21, 1772, formed of a part of Lancaster, Cumberland, Berks, Bedford and Northampton.
50. Perry, March 22, 1820, formed of a part of Cumberland.
51. Philadelphia,† one of the three original counties established at the first settlement of the Province in 1682.

*Previous to March 24, 1812, this county was called Ontario, but its name was changed to Bradford on that day.

†Bucks county was one of the three original counties established at the first settlement of the Province of Pennsylvania; the other two being Philadelphia and Chester. See votes of the Assembly, Vol. I.

‡Part of Venango added by act approved October 31, 1866

52. Pike, March 26, 1814, formed of a part of Wayne.
53. Potter, March 26, 1804, formed of a part of Lycoming.
54. Schuylkill, March 1, 1811, formed of a part of Berks and Northampton.
55. Snyder, March 2, 1855, formed of a part of Union.
56. Somerset, April 17, 1795, formed of a part of Bedford.
57. Sullivan, March 15, 1847, formed of a part of Lycoming.
58. Susquehanna, February 21, 1810, formed of a part of Luzerne.
59. Tioga, March 26, 1804, formed of a part of Lycoming.
60. Union, March 22, 1813, formed of a part of Northumberland.
61. Venango, March 12, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny and Lycoming.
62. Warren, March 12, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny and Lycoming.
63. Washington, March 28, 1781, formed of a part of Westmoreland.
64. Wayne, March 21, 1798, formed of a part of Northampton.
65. Westmoreland, February 26, 1773, formed of a part of Bedford and, in 1785,
part of the purchase of 1784 was added thereto.
66. Wyoming, April 4, 1842, formed of a part of Luzerne.
67. York, August 19, 1749, formed of a part of Lancaster.

ORGANIZATION OF COUNTIES AND COUNTY TOWNS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Counties.	When formed.	County Towns.	When laid out.
Chester,	1682	West Chester,	1788
DeKalb,	1682	Doylestown,	1778
Philadelphia,	1682	Philadelphia,	1682
Lancaster,	1729	Lancaster,	1730
York,	1740	York,	1741
Cumberland,	1750	Carlisle,	1751
Berks,	1752	Reading,	1748
Northampton,	1752	Easton,	1738
Bedford,	1771	Bedford,	1766
Northumberland,	1772	Sunbury,	1772
Westmoreland,	1773	Greensburg,	1782
Washington,	1781	Washington,	1781
Fayette,	1781	Uniontown,	1767
Franklin,	1784	Chambersburg,	1764
Montgomery,	1784	Norristown,	1784
Dauphin,	1785	Harrisburg,	1785
Luzerne,	1786	Wilkes-Barre,	1783
Huntingdon,	1787	Huntingdon,	1767
Allegheny,	1788	Pittsburgh,	1765
Delaware,	1789	Media,	1849
Mifflin,	1789	Lewistown,	1790
Somerset,	1795	Somerset,	1795
Lycoming,	1795	Williamsport,	1796
Greene,	1796	Waynesburg,	1796
Wayne,	1796	Honesdale,	1826
Armstrong,	1800	Kittanning,	1804
Adams,	1800	Gettysburg,	1780
Butler,	1800	Butler,	1803
Beaver,	1800	Beaver,	1791
Centre,	1800	Belleville,	1795
Crawford,	1800	Meadville,	1795
Erie,	1800	Erie,	1795
Mercer,	1800	Mercer,	1803
Venango,	1800	Franklin,	1795
Warren,	1800	Warren,	1795
Indiana,	1803	Indiana,	1805
Jefferson,	1804	Brookville,	1830
McKean,	1804	Smethport,	1807
Potter,	1804	Coudersport,	1807
Tioga,	1804	Wellsboro,	1806
Cambria,	1804	Ebensburg,	1806
Clearfield,	1804	Clearfield,	1805
Bradford,	1810	Towanda,	1812
Susquehanna,	1810	Montrose,	1811
Schuylkill,	1811	Pottsville,	1816
Lehigh,	1812	Allentown,	1751
Lebanon,	1813	Lebanon,	1750
Columbia,	1813	Bloomensburg,	1802
Union,	1813	Lewisburg,	1785
Pike,	1814	Milford,	1800
Perry,	1820	New Bloomfield,	1822
Juniata,	1831	Mifflintown,	1791
Monroe,	1836	Stroudsburg,	1806
Clarion,	1839	Clarion,	1840
Clinton,	1839	Lock Haven,	1833
Wyoming,	1842	Tunkhannock,	1790
Carbon,	1843	Mauch Chunk,	1815
Elk,	1843	Ridgeway,	1843
Blair,	1846	Holidaysburg,	1820
Sullivan,	1847	Laporte,	1850
Forest,	1848	Tionesta,	1852
Fulton,	1850	McConnellsburg,	1786
Lawrence,	1850	New Castle,	1802
Montour,	1850	Danville,	1790
Snyder,	1855	Middleburg,	1800
Cameron,	1860	Emporium,	1861
Lackawanna,	1878	Seranton,	1841

NUMBER OF CONGRESSMEN AND PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS TO WHICH EACH STATE IS ENTITLED.

The whole number of representatives in Congress is 435, apportioned among the several States as shown in the first column. The number of Presidential electoral votes to which each State is entitled is given in the second column.

States.	Representatives in the 66th Congress.	Electoral votes in the Presidential election of 1920.
Alabama, -----	10	12
Arizona, -----	1	3
Arkansas, -----	7	9
California, -----	11	13
Colorado, -----	4	6
Connecticut, -----	5	7
Delaware, -----	1	3
Florida, -----	4	6
Georgia, -----	12	14
Idaho, -----	2	4
Illinois, -----	27	29
Indiana, -----	13	15
Iowa, -----	11	13
Kansas, -----	8	10
Kentucky, -----	11	13
Louisiana, -----	8	10
Maine, -----	4	6
Maryland, -----	6	8
Massachusetts, -----	16	18
Michigan, -----	13	15
Minnesota, -----	10	12
Mississippi, -----	8	10
Missouri, -----	16	18
Montana, -----	2	4
Nebraska, -----	6	8
Nevada, -----	1	3
New Hampshire, -----	2	4
New Jersey, -----	12	14
New Mexico, -----	1	3
New York, -----	43	45
North Carolina, -----	10	12
North Dakota, -----	3	5
Ohio, -----	22	24
Oklahoma, -----	8	10
Oregon, -----	3	5
Pennsylvania, -----	36	38
Rhode Island, -----	3	5
South Carolina, -----	7	9
South Dakota, -----	3	5
Tennessee, -----	10	12
Texas, -----	18	20
Utah, -----	2	4
Vermont, -----	2	4
Virginia, -----	10	12
Washington, -----	5	7
West Virginia, -----	6	8
Wisconsin, -----	11	13
Wyoming, -----	1	3
Total, -----	435	531

Electoral votes necessary to a choice, 266.

CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT.

Act of Congress for the apportionment of Representatives in Congress among the several States under the Thirteenth Census, approved August 8, 1911.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That after the third day of March, nineteen hundred and thirteen, the House of Representatives shall be composed of four hundred and thirty-three Members, to be apportioned among the several States as follows: Alabama, ten; Arkansas, seven; California, eleven; Colorado, four; Connecticut, five; Delaware, one; Florida, four; Georgia, twelve; Idaho, two; Illinois, twenty-seven; Indiana, thirteen; Iowa, eleven; Kansas, eight; Kentucky, eleven; Louisiana, eight; Maine, four; Maryland, six; Massachusetts, sixteen; Michigan, thirteen; Minnesota, ten; Mississippi, eight; Missouri, sixteen; Montana, two; Nebraska, six; Nevada, one; New Hampshire, two; New Jersey, twelve; New York, forty-three; North Carolina, ten; North Dakota, three; Ohio, twenty-two; Oklahoma, eight; Oregon, three; Pennsylvania, thirty-six; Rhode Island, three; South Carolina, seven; South Dakota, three; Tennessee, ten; Texas, eighteen; Utah, two; Vermont, two; Virginia, ten; Washington, five; West Virginia, six; Wisconsin, eleven; Wyoming, one.

Section 2. That if the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico shall become States in the Union before the apportionment of Representatives under the next decennial census they shall have one Representative each, and if one of such Territories shall so become a State, such State shall have one Representative, which Representative or Representatives shall be in addition to the number four hundred and thirty-three, as provided in section one of this Act, and all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this section are to that extent hereby repealed.

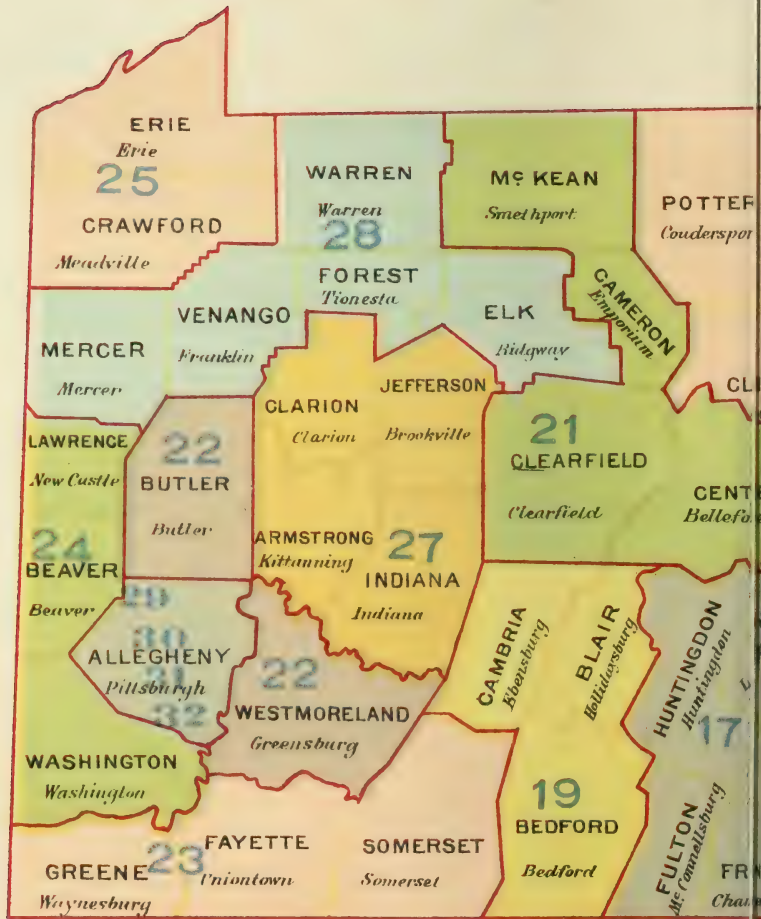
Section 3. That in each State entitled under this apportionment to more than one Representative, the Representatives to the Sixty-third and each subsequent Congress shall be elected by districts composed of a contiguous and compact territory, and containing as nearly as practicable an equal number of inhabitants. The said districts shall be equal to the number of Representatives to which such State may be entitled in Congress, no district electing more than one Representative.

Section 4. That in case of an increase in the number of Representatives in any State under this apportionment such additional Representative or Representatives shall be elected by the State at large and the other Representatives by the districts now prescribed by law until such State shall be redistricted in the manner provided by the laws thereof and in accordance with the rules enumerated in section three of this Act; and if there be no change in the number of Representatives from a State, the Representatives thereof shall be elected from the districts now prescribed by law until such State shall be redistricted as herein prescribed.

Section 5. That candidates for Representative or Representatives to be elected at large in any State shall be nominated in the same manner as candidates for Governor, unless otherwise provided by the laws of such State.

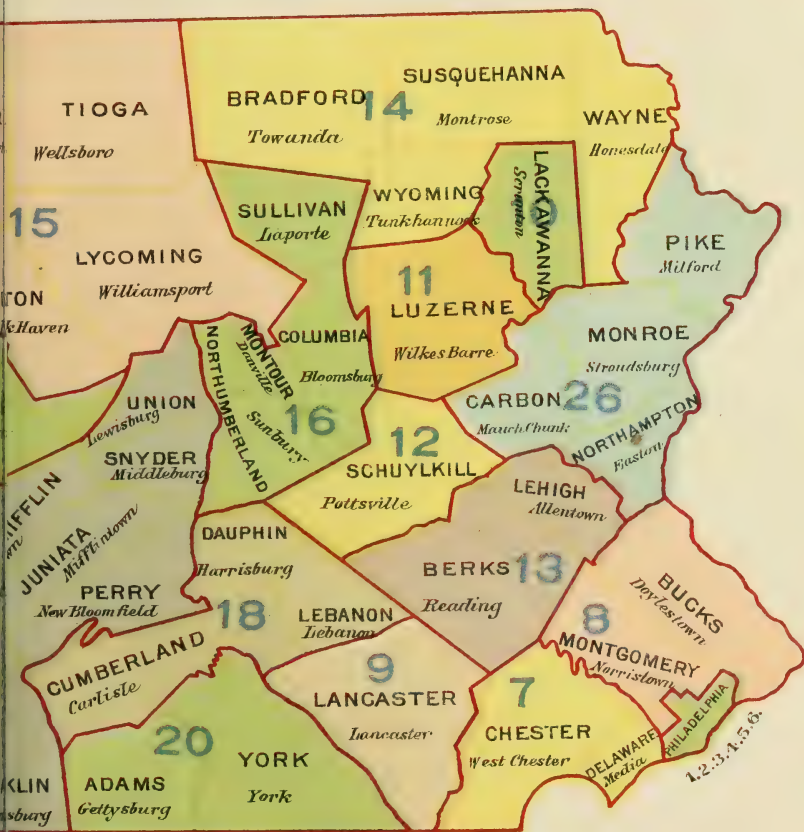


MAP OF
SHOWING THE CONGRESS
AS PER



*BY ACT OF CONGRESS APPROVED AUGUST 8, 1911, PENN.
WHO ARE ELECTED BY

PENNSYLVANIA CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS OF THE STATE ACT OF 1901



PENNSYLVANIA IS ENTITLED TO FOUR ADDITIONAL CONGRESSMEN
 FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.



APPORTIONMENT OF THE STATE.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The House of Representatives of the United States is composed of members elected for the term of two years, by districts. The number apportioned to the State of Pennsylvania has varied at each decennial census, as shown by the following table:

Census.	By Whom Apportioned.	When Apportioned.	Number of Representatives from Pennsylvania.	Whole number.	Ratio in Pennsylvania — one Representative to
1790, -----	State Convention, -----	By Constitution, -----	8	65	\$9,000
1793, -----	Penna. Legislature, -----	-----	13	105	35,000
1800, -----	do. do. -----	April 1, 1802, -----	18	141	33,000
1810, -----	do. do. -----	March 20, 1812, -----	23	181	35,000
1820, -----	do. do. -----	April 2, 1822, -----	26	213	40,000
1830, -----	do. do. -----	June 9, 1832, -----	28	240	47,700
1840, -----	do. do. -----	March 25, 1843, -----	24	223	70,680
1850, -----	do. do. -----	May 1, 1852, -----	25	237	93,423
1860, -----	do. do. -----	March 4, 1862, -----	24	243	127,381
1870, -----	do. do. -----	April 28, 1873, -----	27	293	131,425
1880, -----	do. do. -----	May 19, 1887, -----	28	325	152,760
1890,* -----	-----	-----	30	357	175,267
1900, -----	Penna. Legislature, -----	July 11, 1901, -----	32	386	196,941
1910,† -----	-----	-----	36	433	212,919

APPORTIONMENT OF THE STATE INTO CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

(Act of the Legislature Approved July 11, 1901, P. L. 652, as amended by Act of April 27, 1909, P. L. 233.)

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That for the purpose of electing representatives of the people of Pennsylvania to serve in the House of Representatives in the Congress of the United States, this State shall be divided into thirty-two districts, as follows:

The First district shall consist of the First, Thirty-ninth, Thirty-sixth (a), Thirtieth, Twenty-sixth and Seventh wards of the city of Philadelphia.

The second district shall consist of the Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Twentieth and Thirty-seventh wards of the city of Philadelphia.

The Third district shall consist of the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth and Nineteenth wards of the city of Philadelphia.

The Fourth district shall consist of the Twenty-eighth, Twenty-ninth (b), Thirty-second and Thirty-eighth wards of the city of Philadelphia.

*Under the census of 1880 and by the act of Assembly of 1887 the State was divided into twenty-eight districts. The ratio of representation fixed by Congress after the census of 1890 gave two additional representatives to Pennsylvania, making the total thirty. No apportionment of the State having been made by the Legislature the two not representing fixed districts were elected by the voters of the entire State.

†The apportionment Act of Congress approved August 8, 1911, gives to Pennsylvania 36 Congressmen. The four extra Congressmen given to Pennsylvania will be elected at large until a new apportionment act is passed.

(a) The 48th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 36th ward.

(b) The 47th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 29th ward.

The Fifth district shall consist of the Thirty-first, Twenty-fifth (a), Twenty-third, Thirty-third (b), Thirty-fifth and Forty-first wards of the city of Philadelphia.

The Sixth district shall consist of the Twenty-second (c), Twenty-first, Twenty-fourth, Thirty-fourth (d), Twenty-seventh (e), and Fortieth wards of the city of Philadelphia.

The Seventh district shall consist of the counties of Chester and Delaware.

The Eighth district shall consist of the counties of Montgomery and Bucks.

The Ninth district shall consist of the county of Lancaster.

The Tenth district shall consist of the county of Lackawanna.

The Eleventh district shall consist of the county of Luzerne.

The Twelfth district shall consist of the county of Schuylkill.

The Thirteenth district shall consist of the counties of Lehigh and Berks.

The Fourteenth district shall consist of the counties of Wayne, Susquehanna, Wyoming and Bradford.

The Fifteenth district shall consist of the counties of Tioga, Potter, Lycoming and Clinton.

The Sixteenth district shall consist of the counties of Northumberland, Montour, Sullivan and Columbia.

The Seventeenth district shall consist of the counties of Perry, Juniata, Mifflin, Huntingdon, Fulton, Franklin, Snyder and Union.

The Eighteenth district shall consist of the counties of Dauphin, Cumberland and Lebanon.

The Nineteenth district shall consist of the counties of Cambria, Blair and Bedford.

The Twentieth district shall consist of the counties of York and Adams.

The Twenty-first district shall consist of the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Cameron and McKean.

The Twenty-second district shall consist of the counties of Westmoreland and Butler.

The Twenty-third district shall consist of the counties of Somerset, Fayette and Greene.

The Twenty-fourth district shall consist of the counties of Washington, Beaver and Lawrence.

The Twenty-fifth district shall consist of the counties of Erie and Crawford.

The Twenty-sixth district shall consist of the counties of Northampton, Monroe, Carbon and Pike.

The Twenty-seventh district shall consist of the counties of Armstrong, Indiana, Clarion and Jefferson.

The Twenty-eighth district shall consist of the counties of Mercer, Warren, Forest, Venango and Elk.

The Twenty-ninth district shall consist of the Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh wards of the city of Pittsburgh, and all the boroughs and townships lying north of the Ohio and Allegheny rivers, in the county of Allegheny.

The Thirtieth district shall consist of the Seventh, Eighth, Twelfth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth wards of the city of Pittsburgh, the city of McKeesport, and all the boroughs and townships lying between the Allegheny and the Monongahela rivers, in the county of Allegheny.

The Thirty-first district shall consist of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Fifteenth wards of the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny.

The Thirty-second district shall consist of the Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of Pittsburgh, and all the boroughs and townships lying south of the Ohio and Monongahela and Youghiogheny rivers, in the county of Allegheny.

By the Act of June 12, 1919, P. L. 459, the return judges authorized to compute the vote cast at any primary or general election for Representatives in Congress of the several counties composing congressional districts which consist of two or more counties or parts of two or more counties shall meet at such places in their respective districts as herein designated.

The return judges of the seventh district shall meet at the court house in West Chester, in the county of Chester.

The return judges of the eighth district shall meet at the court house in Norris-town, in the county of Montgomery.

The return judges of the thirteenth district shall meet at the court house in Reading, in the county of Berks.

-
- (a) The 45th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 25th ward.
 - (b) The 43d ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 33d ward.
 - (c) The 42d ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 22d ward.
 - (d) The 44th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 34th ward.
 - (e) The 46th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 27th ward.

The return judges of the fourteenth district shall meet at the court house in Montrose, in the county of Susquehanna.

The return judges of the fifteenth district shall meet at the court house in Wellsboro, in the county of Tioga.

The return judges of the sixteenth district shall meet at the court house in Sunbury, in the county of Northumberland.

The return judges of the seventeenth district shall meet at the court house in Lewistown, in the county of Mifflin.

The return judges of the eighteenth district shall meet at the court house in Harrisburg, in the county of Dauphin.

The return judges of the nineteenth district shall meet at the court house in Hollidaysburg, in the county of Blair.

The return judges of the twentieth district shall meet at the court house in York, in the county of York.

The return judges of the twenty-first district shall meet at the court house in Clearfield, in the county of Clearfield.

The return judges of the twenty-second district shall meet at the court house in Greensburg, in the county of Westmoreland.

The return judges of the twenty-third district shall meet at the court house in Uniontown, in the county of Fayette.

The return judges of the twenty-fourth district shall meet at the court house in Beaver, in the county of Beaver.

The return judges of the twenty-fifth district shall meet at the court house in Meadville, in the county of Crawford.

The return judges of the twenty-sixth district shall meet at the court house in Easton, in the county of Northampton.

The return judges of the twenty-seventh district shall meet at the court house in Indiana, in the county of Indiana.

The return judges of the twenty-eighth district shall meet at the court house in Warren, in the county of Warren.

Apportionment of the State Into Senatorial Districts.

(Act of Feb. 17, 1903, P. L. 31, as amended by act of April 27, 1909, P. L. 228.)

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That until the next United States decennial census is taken and an apportionment made thereon, the Senate shall consist of fifty members, and the State is hereby apportioned into fifty Senatorial districts, each of which shall be known by the number herein attached thereto, and shall each be entitled to elect one Senator, as follows, to wit:—

First District—The first, twenty-sixth, thirty-sixth (a) and thirty-ninth wards of the city of Philadelphia.

Second District—The second, third, fourth, seventh, eighth, ninth and thirtieth wards of the city of Philadelphia.

Third District—The fifth, sixth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, sixteenth and eighteenth wards of the city of Philadelphia.

Fourth District—The twenty-fourth, twenty-seventh (b), thirty-fourth (c), and fortieth wards of the city of Philadelphia.

Fifth District—The seventeenth, nineteenth, twentieth, thirty-first and thirty-second wards of the city of Philadelphia.

Sixth District—The twenty-first, twenty-second, thirty-eighth and forty-second wards of the city of Philadelphia.

Seventh District—The fifteenth, twenty-eighth, twenty-ninth (d) and thirty-second wards of the city of Philadelphia.

Eighth District—The twenty-third, twenty-fifth (e), thirty-third, thirty-fifth, forty-first and forty-third wards of the city of Philadelphia.

Ninth District—The county of Delaware.

Tenth District—The county of Bucks.

Eleventh District—The county of Berks.

Twelfth District—The county of Montgomery.

Thirteenth District—All that part of the county of Lancaster not included in the seventeenth district.

Fourteenth District—The counties of Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne.

Fifteenth District—The county of Dauphin.

Sixteenth District—The county of Lehigh.

Seventeenth District—The county of Lebanon, and the boroughs of Elizabethtown, Mount Joy, Marietta, Columbia, Manheim, Lititz, Akron, Ephrata, Adamstown and Denver, and the townships of Conoy, East Donegal, West Donegal, Mount Joy, Rapho, Penn, Warwick, Elizabeth, Clay, Ephrata, West Cocalico, East Cocalico and West Hempfield, in the county of Lancaster.

Eighteenth District—The county of Northampton.

Nineteenth District—The county of Chester.

Twentieth District—The townships of Foster, Hazle, Denison, Butler, Sugarloaf, Black Creek, Wright, Dorrance, Hollenback, Nescopeck, Hanover, Newport, Conyngham, Slocum, Union, Hunlock, Plymouth, Jackson, Fairview and Huntingdon, and the boroughs of White Haven, Freeland, Jeddo, West Hazleton, Conyngham, Nescopeck, Ashley, Sugar Notch, Warrior Run, Nanticoke, Edwardsville, Plymouth, Shickshinny, and New Columbus, and the city of Hazleton, in the county of Luzerne.

Twenty-first District—The residue of the county of Luzerne not included in the twentieth district.

Twenty-second District—The county of Lackawanna.

Twenty-third District—The counties of Wyoming, Susquehanna and Bradford.

Twenty-fourth district—The counties of Columbia, Montour, Sullivan and Lycoming.

Twenty-fifth District—The counties of Tioga, Potter and McKean.

Twenty-sixth District—The counties of Forest, Elk, Clinton, Cameron and Clarion.

Twenty-seventh District—The counties of Northumberland, Snyder and Union.

Twenty-eighth District—The county of York.

(a) The 48th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 36th ward.

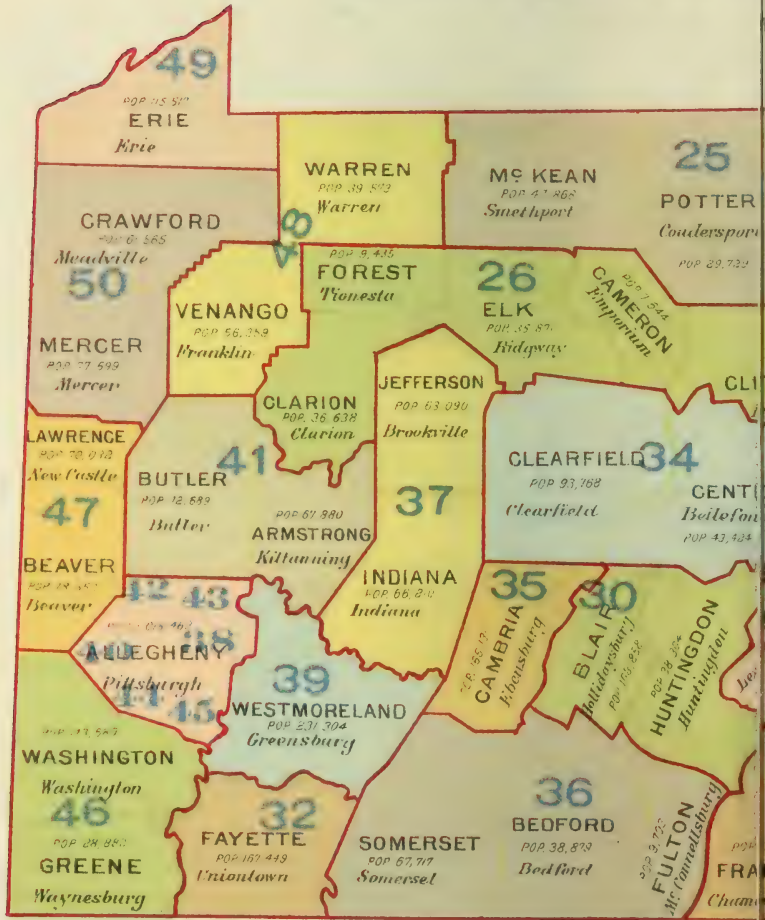
(b) The 46th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 27th ward.

(c) The 44th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 34th ward.

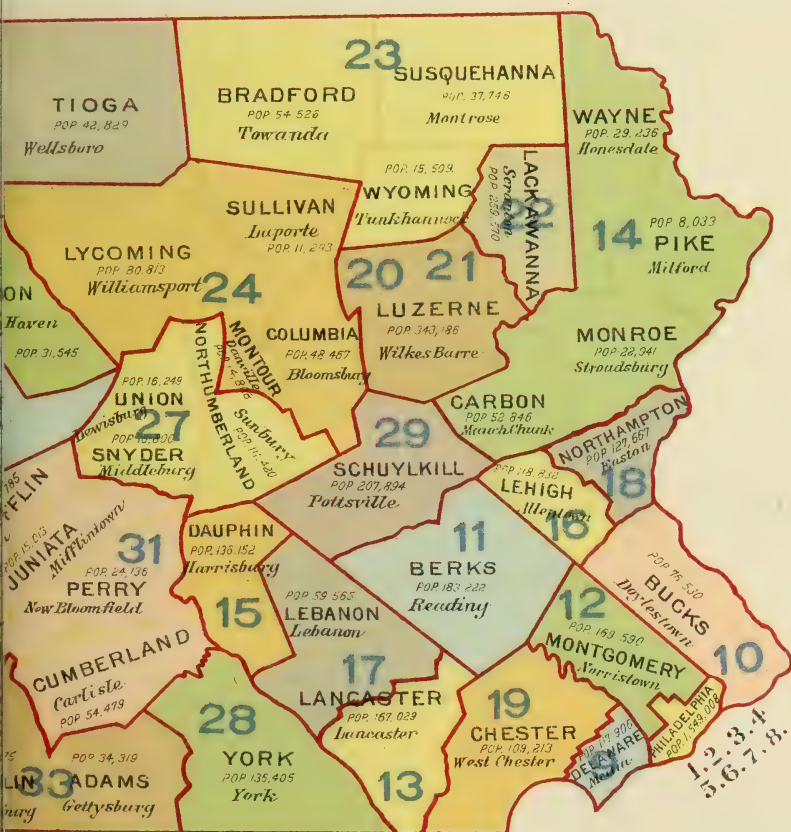
(d) The 47th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 29th ward.

(e) The 45th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 25th ward.

MAP
 SHOWING THE SENATORIAL DISTRICTS
 BY ACT OF 1906, WITH POPULATION



F PENNSYLVANIA IAL DISTRICTS AS APPORTIONED ULATION OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES NSUS OF 1910



- Twenty-ninth District—The county of Schuylkill.
- Thirtieth District—The counties of Huntingdon and Blair.
- Thirty-first District—The counties of Millin, Juniata, Perry and Cumberland.
- Thirty-second District—The county of Fayette.
- Thirty-third District—The counties of Adams and Franklin.
- Thirty-fourth District—The counties of Clearfield and Centre.
- Thirty-fifth District—The county of Cambria.
- Thirty-sixth District—The counties of Fulton, Bedford and Somerset.
- Thirty-seventh District—The counties of Jefferson and Indiana.
- Thirty-eighth District—The first, second, sixth, ninth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth wards of the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny.
- Thirty-ninth District—The county of Westmoreland.
- Fortieth District—All the boroughs and townships in that portion of Allegheny county lying north of the Ohio and Allegheny rivers, and the boroughs of East Pittsburgh, Turtle Creek, Wilmerding, Pitcairn, Wall and East McKeesport, and the townships of Plum, Patton, Wilkins and Braddock, in the county of Allegheny.
- Forty-first District—The counties of Armstrong and Butler.
- Forty-second District—The twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh wards of the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny.
- Forty-third District—The third, fourth, fifth, seventh, eighth, tenth, and fifteenth wards of the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny.
- Forty-fourth District—The eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth wards of the city of Pittsburgh, the city of McKeesport, and all the boroughs and townships in that portion of Allegheny county, lying between the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers, not included in the Fortieth district.
- Forty-fifth District—All the boroughs and townships in that portion of Allegheny county lying south of the Ohio and Monongahela rivers and the twentieth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, in said county.
- Forty-sixth District—The counties of Washington and Greene.
- Forty-seventh District—The counties of Beaver and Lawrence.
- Forty-eighth District—The counties of Warren and Venango.
- Forty-ninth District—The county of Erie.
- Fiftieth District—The counties of Crawford and Mercer.
- Section 2. That the districts, as above enumerated, based on the decennial census of the United States for the year nineteen hundred, shall take the lines and boundaries, and include all the territory within the same, as said lines and districts respectively existed at the completion of said census for the year nineteen hundred.
- Section 3. In those Senatorial districts which are composed of more than one county, the persons appointed as return Judges, shall, on the Tuesday following the day of the annual election in November, at two o'clock post meridian, meet and cast up the several returns, and execute under their hands and seals one general and true return of the whole district, in triplicate; one copy of which, properly sealed up and addressed, shall be sent by mail to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one copy shall be deposited with the prothonotary of the county wherein the return is executed, and one copy shall be sent to the person receiving the highest number of votes for Senator in the district, to wit:—
- The return judges of the fourteenth district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Stroudsburg, in the county of Monroe.
- The return judges of the seventeenth district shall meet at the court house in the city of Lebanon, in the county of Lebanon.
- The return judges of the twenty-third district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Towanda, in the county of Bradford.
- The return judges of the twenty-fourth district shall meet at the court house in the city of Williamsport, in the county of Lycoming.
- The return judges of the twenty-fifth district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Coudersport, in the county of Potter.
- The return judges of the twenty-sixth district shall meet at the court house in the city of Lock Haven, in the county of Clinton.
- The return judges of the twenty-seventh district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Sunbury, in the county of Northumberland.
- The return judges of the thirtieth district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Hollidaysburg, in the county of Blair.
- The return judges of the thirty-first district shall meet at the court house in the borough of New Bloomfield, in the county of Perry.
- The return judges of the thirty-third district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Chambersburg, in the county of Franklin.
- The return judges of the thirty-fourth district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Clearfield, in the county of Clearfield.
- The return judges of the thirty-sixth district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Bedford, in the county of Bedford.
- The return judges of the thirty-seventh district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Indiana, in the county of Indiana.
- The return judges of the forty-first district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Kittanning, in the county of Armstrong.

The return judges of the forty-sixth district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Washington, in the county of Washington.

The return judges of the forty-seventh district shall meet at the court house in the borough of Beaver, in the county of Beaver.

The return judges of the forty-eighth district shall meet at the court house in the city of Franklin, in the county of Venango.

The return judges of the fiftieth district shall meet at the court house in the city of Meadville, in the county of Crawford.

Section 4. The Senators shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the city of Philadelphia and the several counties of this Commonwealth at the times, places and in the manner prescribed by the Constitution and the laws of this Commonwealth, in the several districts, at the following times, to wit:—

At the general election in November, one thousand nine hundred and six, and quadrennially thereafter, Senators shall be chosen to serve for four years, in the even numbered districts; and at the general election in November, one thousand nine hundred and eight, and quadrennially thereafter, Senators shall be chosen to serve for four years, in the odd numbered districts.

Section 5. Senators now elected and those whose terms are unexpired shall, respectively represent the districts as herein apportioned in which they reside, until the expiration of the terms for which they were elected.

Section 6. In case of vacancy in the office of Senator, by reason of death, resignation or otherwise, such vacancies shall be filled in like manner and for like terms as vacancies are now filled by law.

Section 7. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Apportionment of the State Into Representative Districts.

(Act of February 15, 1906, P. L. 21, as amended by act of April 15, 1907, P. L. 88, and act of April 27, 1909, P. L. 213.)

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That until the next decennial United States census, and the apportionment be made thereon by law, the House of Representatives shall consist of two hundred and seven members, and shall be apportioned as follows, namely:

The city of Philadelphia shall elect forty-one members, and the said city shall be divided into twenty-six districts, as follows:

The first and thirty-ninth wards shall constitute the first district, and elect two members.

The second ward shall constitute the second district, and elect one member.

The third, fourth and fifth wards shall constitute the third district, and elect two members.

The sixth, eighth and ninth wards shall constitute the fourth district, and elect one member.

The twenty-sixth and thirty-sixth (a) wards shall constitute the fifth district, and elect three members.

The seventh ward shall constitute the sixth district, and elect one member.

The thirtieth ward shall constitute the seventh district, and elect one member.

The tenth, thirteenth and fourteenth wards shall constitute the eighth district, and elect two members.

The eleventh and twelfth wards shall constitute the ninth district, and elect one member.

The fifteenth ward shall constitute the tenth district, and elect two members.

The seventeenth and eighteenth wards shall constitute the eleventh district, and elect one member.

The nineteenth ward shall constitute the twelfth district, and elect two members.

The sixteenth and twentieth wards shall constitute the thirteenth district, and elect two members.

The twenty-first ward shall constitute the fourteenth district, and elect one member.

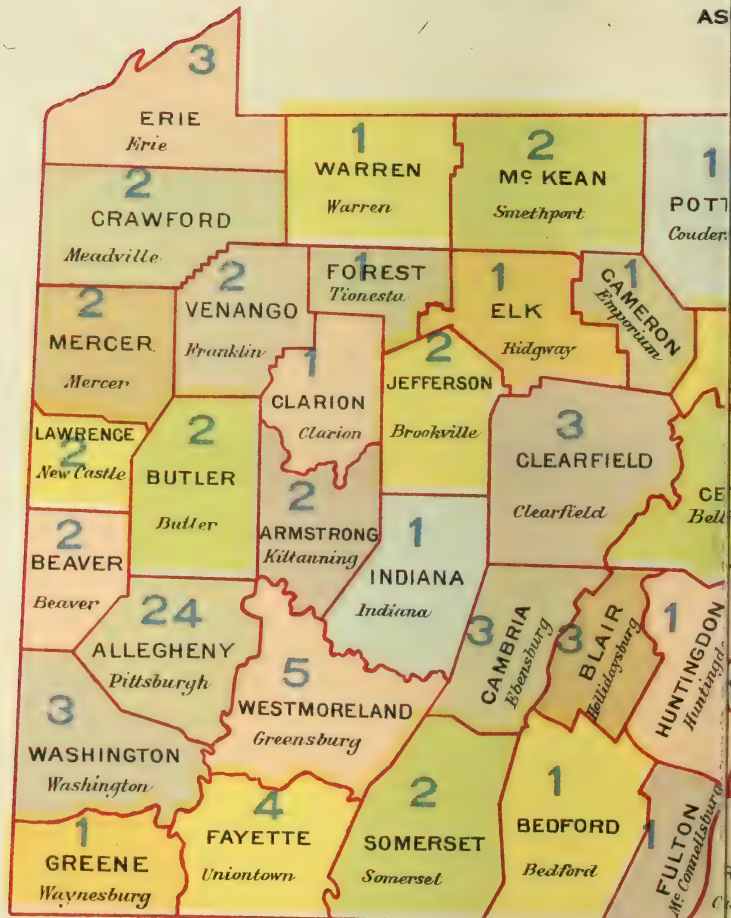
The twenty-second and forty-second wards shall constitute the fifteenth district, and elect two members.

The twenty-third, thirty-fifth, and forty-first wards shall constitute the sixteenth district, and elect one member.

(a) The 48th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 36th ward.

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REPRESENTATIVES APPORTIONED COUNTIES OF THE STATE

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The twenty-fourth and thirty-fourth (a) wards shall constitute the seventeenth district, and elect three members.

The twenty-fifth (b) ward shall constitute the eighteenth district, and elect two members.

The twenty-eighth and thirty-seventh wards shall constitute the nineteenth district and elect two members.

The twenty-ninth (c) ward shall constitute the twentieth district, and elect two members.

The twenty-seventh (d) and fortieth wards shall constitute the twenty-first district and elect two members.

The thirty-second ward shall constitute the twenty-second district, and elect one member.

The thirty-eighth ward shall constitute the twenty-third district, and elect one member.

The thirty-third ward shall constitute the twenty-fourth district, and elect one member.

The forty-third ward shall constitute the twenty-fifth district, and elect one member.

The thirty-first ward shall constitute the twenty-sixth district, and elect one member.

The county of Adams shall elect one member.

The county of Allegheny shall elect twenty-four members, and the said county is hereby divided into thirteen districts, as follows:

The first, third, and fifth wards in the city of Pittsburgh shall constitute the first district, and elect two members.

The second, sixth, ninth and tenth wards in the city of Pittsburgh shall constitute the second district, and elect two members.

The fourth and fifteenth wards in the city of Pittsburgh shall constitute the third district, and elect one member.

The seventh, eighth, and eleventh wards in the city of Pittsburgh shall constitute the fourth district, and elect one member.

The twelfth, thirteenth, and fourteenth wards in the city of Pittsburgh shall constitute the fifth district, and elect one member.

The sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, and twentieth wards in the city of Pittsburgh shall constitute the sixth district, and elect three members.

The twenty-second, twenty-third, and twenty-fourth wards in the city of Pittsburgh shall constitute the seventh district, and elect two members.

The twenty-first, twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, and twenty-seventh wards in the city of Pittsburgh shall constitute the eighth district, and elect two members.

The city of McKeesport shall constitute the ninth district, and elect one member.

The boroughs and townships lying between the Allegheny and Youghiogheny rivers, and the boroughs and townships lying between the Youghiogheny and Monongahela rivers, shall constitute the tenth district, and elect three members.

The boroughs and townships south of the Ohio and Monongahela, rivers, including the township of Neville, shall constitute the eleventh district, and elect four members.

The boroughs and townships north of the Ohio and Allegheny rivers, shall constitute the twelfth district, and elect two members.

The county of Armstrong shall elect two members.

The county of Beaver shall elect two members.

The county of Bedford shall elect one member.

The county of Berks shall elect five members, and shall be divided into two districts, as follows:

The city of Reading shall constitute the first district, and elect two members.

The residue of the county of Berks, not included in the first district, shall constitute the second district, and elect three members.

The county of Blair shall elect three members, and shall be divided into two districts, as follows:

The city of Altoona shall constitute the first district, and elect one member.

The residue of the county of Blair, not included in the first district, shall constitute the second district, and elect two members.

The county of Bradford shall elect two members.

The county of Bucks shall elect two members.

The county of Butler shall elect two members.

The county of Cambria shall elect three members, and shall be divided into two districts, as follows:

The city of Johnstown shall constitute the first district, and elect one member.

The residue of the county of Cambria, not included in the first district, shall constitute the second district, and elect two members.

The county of Cameron shall elect one member.

(a) The 44th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 34th ward.

(b) The 45th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 25th ward.

(c) The 47th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 29th ward.

(d) The 46th ward is included in this district, having since been formed from a part of the 27th ward.

The county of Carbon shall elect one member.

The county of Centre shall elect one member.

The county of Chester shall elect three members.

The county of Clarion shall elect one member.

The county of Clearfield shall elect three members.

The county of Clinton shall elect one member.

The county of Columbia shall elect one member.

The county of Crawford shall elect two members.

The county of Cumberland shall elect two members.

The county of Dauphin shall elect four members, and shall be divided into two districts, as follows:

The city of Harrisburg shall constitute the first district, and shall elect two members.

The residue of the county of Dauphin, not included in the first district, shall constitute the second district, and elect two members.

The county of Delaware shall elect three members, and shall be divided into two districts, as follows:

The city of Chester shall constitute the first district, and elect one member.

The residue of the county of Delaware, not included in the first district, shall constitute the second district, and elect two members.

The county of Elk shall elect one member.

The county of Erie shall elect three members and shall be divided into three districts, as follows:

The third, fourth, and sixth wards of the city of Erie shall constitute the first district, and elect one member.

The first, second, and fifth wards of the city of Erie shall constitute the second district, and elect one member.

The residue of the county of Erie, not included in the first and second districts, shall constitute the third district, and elect one member.

The county of Fayette shall elect four members, and shall be divided into two districts, as follows:

The boroughs of Masontown, Point Marion, Smithfield, Fairchance, and Markleysburg, and the townships of Luzerne, Redstone, Menallen, German, Nicholson, Springhill, Georges, Wharton, and Henry Clay, shall constitute the first district, and elect one member.

The residue of the county of Fayette, not included in the first district, shall constitute the second district, and elect three members.

The county of Forest shall elect one member.

The county of Franklin shall elect two members.

The county of Fulton shall elect one member.

The county of Greene shall elect one member.

The county of Huntingdon shall elect one member.

The county of Indiana shall elect one member.

The county of Jefferson shall elect two members.

The county of Juniata shall elect one member.

The county of Lackawanna shall elect six members, and shall be divided into six districts, as follows:

The fourth, fifth, sixth, fourteenth, fifteenth, eighteenth, twentieth, and twenty-second wards of the city of Scranton shall constitute the first district, and elect one member.

The first, second, third, seventh, thirteenth, sixteenth, and twenty-first wards of the city of Scranton shall constitute the second district, and elect one member.

The eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, seventeenth, and nineteenth wards of the city of Scranton shall constitute the third district, and elect one member.

The boroughs of Dunmore, Throop, Dickson, Olyphant, Winton, and Elmhurst, and the townships of Roaring Brook and Jefferson, shall constitute the fourth district, and elect one member.

The boroughs of Archbald, Blakely, Jermyn, Mayfield, and Vandling, the city of Carbondale, and the townships of Fell and Carbondale, shall constitute the fifth district, and elect one member.

The boroughs of Gouldsboro, Waverly, La Plume, Dalton, Glenburn, Taylor, Moosic, and Old Forge, and the townships of West Abington, North Abington, South Abington, Benton, Clifton, Greenfield, Scott, Ransom, Lackawanna, Spring Brook, Covington, Lehigh, Madison, and Newton, shall constitute the sixth district, and elect one member.

The county of Lancaster shall elect five members, and shall be divided into two districts, as follows:

The city of Lancaster shall constitute the first district, and elect one member.

The residue of the county of Lancaster, not included in the first district, shall constitute the second district, and elect four members.

The county of Lawrence shall elect two members.

The county of Lebanon shall elect two members.

The county of Lehigh shall elect three members, and shall be divided into three districts, as follows:

The city of Allentown shall constitute the first district, and elect one member.

The boroughs of Slatington, Coplay, Catasauqua, and West Bethlehem, and the townships of Washington, Heidelberg, North Whitehall, Whitehall, and Hanover, shall constitute the second district, and elect one member.

The residue of the county of Lehigh, not included in the first and second districts, shall constitute the third district, and elect one member.

The county of Luzerne shall be entitled to eight members, and shall be divided into seven districts, namely:

The townships of Hazle and Foster, and the boroughs of Freeland, Jeddo, and West Hazleton, the city of Hazleton, and the district of Upper Lehigh, shall constitute the first district, and elect one member.

The townships of Black Creek, Nescopeck, Sugarloaf, Hollenback, Dorrance, Wright, Fairview, Dennison, Bear Creek, Buck, Wilkes-Barre, Butler (except the district of Upper Lehigh), and Hanover, and the boroughs of White Haven, Ashley, Sugar Notch, Warrior Run, Laurel Run, Nescopeck, and Conyngham, shall constitute the second district, and elect one member.

The townships of Plains, Jenkins, and Pittston, and the boroughs of Parsons, Miners Mills, Laffin, Yatesville, Hughestown, and Avoca, and the city of Pittston, shall constitute the third district, and elect one member.

The townships of Newport, Conyngham, Salem, Huntingdon, Union, Hunlock, Ross, Fairmount, Slocum, and the boroughs of Nanticoke, Shickshinny, and New Columbus, shall constitute the fourth district, and elect one member.

The township of Plymouth and the boroughs of Plymouth, Kingston, and Edwardsville, shall constitute the fifth district, and elect one member.

The townships of Exeter, Franklin, Kingston, Dallas, Lehman, Jackson, Pringle, and Lake, and the boroughs of Duryea, West Pittston, Exeter, Wyoming, West Wyoming, Forty Fort, Swoyersville, Luzerne, Courtdale, Dorrauceton, and Dallas, shall constitute the sixth district, and elect one member.

The city of Wilkes-Barre shall constitute the seventh district, and elect two members.

The county of Lycoming shall elect two members.

The county of McKean shall elect two members.

The county of Mercer shall elect two members.

The county of Mifflin shall elect one member.

The county of Monroe shall elect one member.

The county of Montgomery shall elect four members, and shall be divided into four districts as follows:

The boroughs of Narberth, Jenkintown, Rockledge, and Hatboro, and the townships of Lower Merion, Springfield, Cheltenham, Abington, Moreland, and Hordsham, shall constitute the first district, and elect one member.

The boroughs of Bridgeport, Norristown, Conshohocken, and West Conshohocken, and the townships of Upper Merion, Norriton, and Plymouth, shall constitute the second district, and elect one member.

The boroughs of Ambler, Hatfield, Lansdale, Souderton, Telford, North Wales, Trappe, Collegeville, Schwenksville, and Royersford, and the townships of Whitmarsh, Upper Dublin, Whitpain, Lower Gwynedd, Montgomery, Hatfield, Franconia, Lower Salford, Towamencin, Upper Gwynedd, Worcester, Skippack, Perkiomen, Upper Providence, and Lower Providence, shall constitute the third district, and elect one member.

The residue of the county of Montgomery, not included in any of the above districts, shall constitute the fourth district, and elect one member.

The county of Montour shall elect one member.

The county of Northampton shall elect three members.

The county of Northumberland shall elect three members.

The county of Perry shall elect one member.

The county of Potter shall elect one member.

The county of Pike shall elect one member.

The county of Schuylkill shall elect five members, and the county shall be divided into four districts, as follows:

The townships of Delano, East Mahanoy, and West Mahanoy, and the boroughs of Shenandoah, Gilberton, Mahanoy City, and Frackville, shall constitute the first district and elect one member.

The townships of Upper Mahantongo, Hubley, Eldred, Hegins, Barry, Foster, Butler, Cass, and the boroughs of Ashland, Girardville, and Gordon, shall constitute the second district and elect one member.

The townships of Union, North Union, East Union, Blythe, West Brunswick, East Brunswick, West Penn, Schuylkill, Kline, Rush, Ryan, Rahn, and Walker, and the boroughs of Port Clinton, Tamaqua, New Philadelphia, Middleport and New Ringgold, shall constitute the third district, and elect one member.

The townships of Porter, Tremont, Pinegrove, Reiley, Fraley, Branch, Norwegian, East Norwegian, New Castle, North Manheim, South Manheim, Washington, and Wayne, and the boroughs of Pinegrove, Tremont, Minersville, Pottsville, Yorkville, Saint Clair, Port Carbon, Mount Carbon, Palo Alto, Auburn, Cressona, Schuylkill Haven, and Orwigsburg, shall constitute the fourth district, and elect two members.

The county of Snyder shall elect one member.

The county of Somerset shall elect two members.

The county of Sullivan shall elect one member.

The county of Susquehanna shall elect one member.

The county of Tioga shall elect two members.

The county of Union shall elect one member.

The county of Venango shall elect two members.

The county of Warren shall elect one member.

The county of Washington shall elect three members.

The county of Wayne shall elect one member.

The county of Westmoreland shall elect five members, and shall be divided into two districts, as follows:

The boroughs of Bolivar, Cokeville, Derry, Donegal, Latrobe, Ligonier, Livermore, Mount Pleasant, New Alexandria, New Florence, Seward, and Youngstown, and the townships of Cook, Derry, Donegal, Fairfield, Ligonier, Loyalhauna, Mount Pleasant, Saint Clair, and Unity, shall constitute the first district, and elect two members.

The residue of the county of Westmoreland, not included in the first district, shall constitute the second district, and elect three members.

The county of Wyoming shall elect one member.

The county of York shall elect four members, and shall be divided into four districts, as follows:

The city of York shall constitute the first district, and elect one member.

The townships of Fairview, Monaghan, Carroll, Franklin, Washington, Warrington, Newberry, Conewago, East Manchester, Manchester, Dover, Hellam, Springettsbury, and the boroughs of Dillsburg, Franklintown, Wellsville, Lewisberry, Goldsboro, York Haven, Manchester, Dover, North York, and Wrightsville, shall constitute the second district, and elect one member.

The townships of Lower Windsor, Windsor, York, Chanceford, Lower Chanceford, Peachbottom, Fawn, Hopewell, East Hopewell, North Hopewell, and Springfield, and the boroughs of East Prospect, Red Lion, Dallastown, Yoe, Felton, Delta, Fawn Grove, Cross Roads, Winterstown, Stewartstown, Loganville, and Windsor, shall constitute the third district, and elect one member.

The residue of the county of York, not included in any of the foregoing districts, shall constitute the fourth district, and elect one member.

Section 2. The foregoing apportionment being based on the United States decennial census of one thousand nine hundred, each township, borough, or ward created since the said census was taken, and not specifically named in this act, shall form a part of the district to which, by this act, the township, borough or ward, of what it was at that time a part, is allotted.

Section 3. The first election under this act shall be held on the Tuesday following the first Monday of November, one thousand nine hundred and six, and thereafter elections shall be held biennially thereafter, until a new apportionment is made after the next United States decennial census.

Section 4. Nothing herein contained shall operate to shorten the terms of the present members of the House of Representatives.

Section 5. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

*Apportionment of the State Into Judicial Districts.

(Act of July 18, 1901, P. L. 669, as amended by subsequent acts.)

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the judicial districts of the Commonwealth shall be numbered, composed, designated and shall each have the number of judges, respectively, as follows:

††The First district shall be composed of the city and county of Philadelphia, and shall have fifteen judges learned in the law in the common pleas, and four judges learned in the law in the orphans' court.

The Second district, of the county of Lancaster, and shall have two judges learned in the law in the common pleas, and one judge learned in the law in the orphans' court, and the term of office of the said judge of the orphans' court shall begin on the first Monday in January, one thousand nine hundred and two.

The Third district, of the county of Northampton, and shall have two judges learned in the law.

The Fourth district, of the county of Tioga, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

*The Act of April 24, 1917, P. L. 95, re-apportioning the State into Judicial Districts was declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court, July 20, 1917.

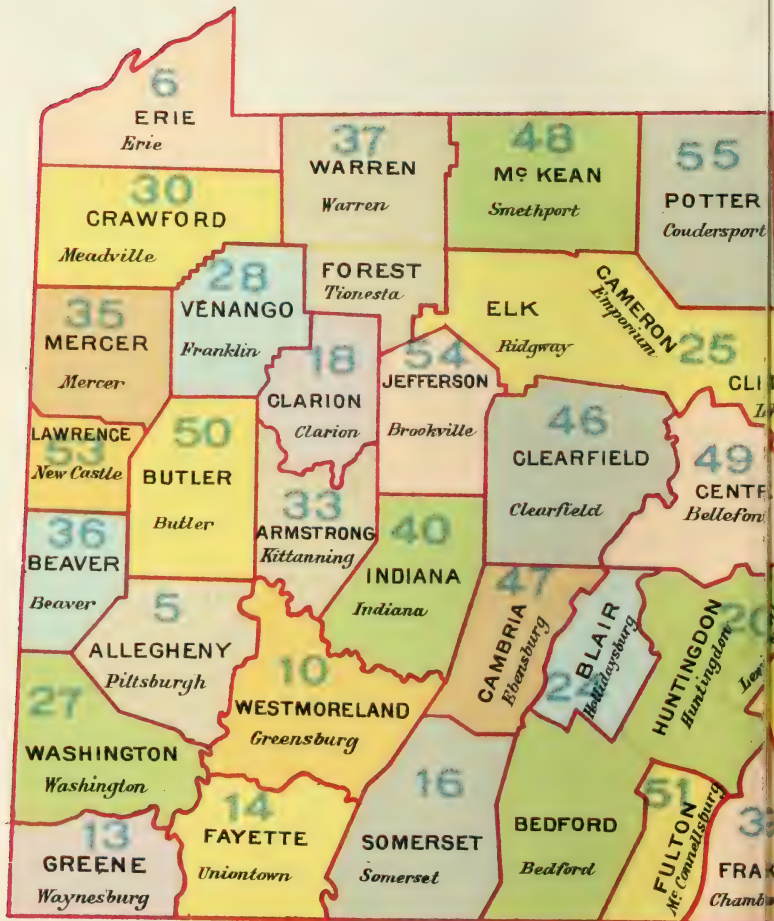
†By the act approved March 22, 1907, P. L. 26, the First district is also entitled to an additional associate judge learned in the law in the Orphans' Court. By the act approved March 29, 1913, P. L. 20, an additional law judge was authorized in each of the five Courts of Common Pleas. This act on July 10, 1913, was declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

†By the act approved July 12, 1913, P. L. 711, in the County of Philadelphia there is created a Court of Record, to be known as the Municipal Court of Philadelphia, which shall be composed of a President Judge, and one associate judge for each two hundred thousand population, or fractional part thereof in excess of one hundred thousand, in each county; such population to be determined from time to time, by the latest census of the United States.

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MAP OF SHOWING THE JUDICIAL DISTRICTS

BY A



PENNSYLVANIA

COUNTIES OF THE STATE AS APPORTIONED

OF 1901



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NO. 10
JANUARY 1961

(a) The Fifth district, of the county of Allegheny, and shall have nine judges learned in the law in the common pleas, and three judges learned in the law in the orphans' court.

(b) The Sixth district, of the county of Erie, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Seventh district, of the county of Bucks, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Eighth district, of the county of Northumberland, and shall have two judges learned in the law.

The Ninth district, of the county of Cumberland, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Tenth district, of the county of Westmoreland, and shall have two judges learned in the law in the common pleas, and one judge learned in the law in the orphans' court.

(c) The Eleventh district, of the county of Luzerne, and shall have three judges learned in the law in the common pleas, and one judge learned in the law in the orphans' court.

The Twelfth district, of the county of Dauphin, and shall have two judges learned in the law.

The Thirteenth district, of the county of Greene, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

(d) The Fourteenth district, of the county of Fayette, and shall have two judges learned in the law.

The Fifteenth district, of the county of Chester, and shall have two judges learned in the law.

The Sixteenth district, of the county of Somerset, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Seventeenth district, of the counties of Union and Snyder, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Eighteenth district, of the county of Clarion, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Nineteenth district, of the county of York, and shall have two judges learned in the law.

The Twentieth district, of the counties of Huntingdon, Bedford and Mifflin, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Twenty-first district, of the county of Schuylkill, and shall have three judges learned in the law in the common pleas, and one judge learned in the law in the orphans' court.

The Twenty-second district, of the county of Wayne, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Twenty-third district, of the county of Berks, and shall have two judges learned in the law in the common pleas, and one judge learned in the law in the orphans' court.

The Twenty-fourth district, of the county of Blair, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

(e) The Twenty-fifth district, of the counties of Clinton, Cameron and Elk, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Twenty-sixth district, of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

(f) The Twenty-seventh district, of the county of Washington, and shall have two judges learned in the law.

The Twenty-eighth district, of the county of Venango, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Twenty-ninth district, of the county of Lycoming, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Thirtieth district, of the county of Crawford, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

(g) The Thirty-first district, of the county of Lehigh, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

(h) The Thirty-second district, of the county of Delaware, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

(a) By the act approved March 15, 1907, P. L. 20, the Fifth district is also entitled to three additional law judges, and, by the acts approved May 5, 1911, and June 6, 1911, in the County of Allegheny, there is created a Court of Record, to be known as the County Court, to be composed of one judge for each two hundred thousand population, or fractional part thereof, where such fractional part exceeds one hundred thousand. By the Act approved February 26, 1919, P. L. 3, the Fifth district is also entitled to two additional law judges.

(b) By the act approved March 24, 1911, the Sixth district is also entitled to an additional law judge.

(c) By the acts approved July 11, 1901, P. L. 655, and July 21, 1913, P. L. 872, the Eleventh district is entitled to two additional law judges.

(d) By the act approved May 25, 1907, P. L. 260, a separate Orphans' Court, with one judge, was established in and for the Fourteenth district.

(e) By the act approved May 14, 1915, P. L. 498, Clinton county was attached to the Fifty-fifth district, but by a subsequent decision of the Supreme Court the act was declared unconstitutional.

(f) By the act approved July 8, 1919, P. L. 736, a separate Orphans' Court, with one judge, was established in and for the Twenty-seventh district.

(g) By the act approved April 2, 1919, P. L. 34, the Thirty-first district is also entitled to an additional law judge.

(h) By the act approved February 28, 1907, P. L. 4, the Thirty-second district is also entitled to an additional law judge.

The Thirty-third district, of the county of Armstrong, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Thirty-fourth district, of the county of Susquehanna, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Thirty-fifth district, of the county of Mercer, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Thirty-sixth district, of the county of Beaver, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Thirty-seventh district, of the counties of Warren and Forest, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Thirty-eighth district, of the county of Montgomery, and shall have two judges learned in the law, and one judge learned in the law in the orphans' court.

The Thirty-ninth district, of the county of Franklin, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Fortieth district, of the county of Indiana, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Forty-first district, of the counties of Juniata and Perry, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Forty-second district, of the county of Bradford, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Forty-third district, of the counties of Monroe and Pike, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Forty-fourth district, of the counties of Wyoming and Sullivan, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Forty-fifth district, of the county of Lackawanna, and shall have three judges learned in the law in the common pleas, and one judge, learned in the law in the orphans' court.

The Forty-sixth district, of the county of Clearfield, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

*The Forty-seventh district, of the county of Cambria, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Forty-eighth district, of the county of McKean, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Forty-ninth district, of the county of Centre, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Fiftieth district, of the county of Butler, and shall one judge learned in the law.

The Fifty-first district, of the counties of Adams and Fulton, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Fifty-second district, of the county of Lebanon, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Fifty-third district, of the county of Lawrence, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Fifty-fourth district, of the county of Jefferson, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Fifty-fifth district, of the county of Potter, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

The Fifty-sixth district of the county of Carbon, and shall have one judge learned in the law.

And in all cases where a county is or shall be attached to an adjoining district, the qualified voters of such county shall be entitled to vote for the judge or judges.

Section 2. The election of judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts in the same manner in all respects as elections for representatives are or shall be held and conducted, and by the same judges, inspectors and other officers, under provisions of existing laws regulating elections in this Commonwealth.

Section 3. Duplicate returns of the votes given in each county for judges of the Supreme Court and all judges which the qualified electors of such county are entitled to elect of themselves, unconnected with any other county or district, shall be made out by the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of such county, under direction of said court, at their meeting to receive and compute the returns of the preceding election, one of which returns shall be filed and entered in the office of the prothonotary of such court, and the other return such prothonotary shall enclose in a sealed envelope and direct and immediately mail to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Section 4. In case of the election of a judge or judges in any judicial district composed of two or more counties, or of a single county to which one or more counties is or are attached, as provided by this act, on the day of the sitting of the court or judge or person authorized by law to receive and compute returns in such of such counties, the prothonotary of the court shall open, and, in its, his or their presence, shall make out a return of all the votes which shall be given at such election, within each county, for every person voted for as such judge or judges, which shall be properly attested by the seal of said court; and the said court or judge or persons receiving and computing returns shall thereupon appoint one of the judges of election in said county to take charge of such returns and pro-

*By the Act approved April 4, 1913, P. L. 40, the Forty-seventh district is also entitled to an additional law judge, and by the Act approved June 4, 1919 P. L. 372, a separate Orphans' Court, with one judge was established for the Forty-seventh district.

duce the same at a meeting of the judges so appointed in each of the counties comprising said district, which meeting shall be held on the seventh day after the election, at the court house of one of the counties to be ascertained, taking said counties alternately in alphabetical order.

Section 5. The return judges from the several counties as aforesaid, having met, shall cast up the several county returns and shall make three copies of a general return of all the votes cast in the district for such office, each of which they shall certify: one of which they shall lodge in the office of the prothonotary of the county in which they so met, another of which they shall enclose, seal and direct to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the third they shall deliver to the person appearing from such general return to have received the largest number of votes cast.

Section 6. In all districts created by this act, and in all districts in which the office of additional law judge or orphans' court judge is created hereby in which appointments have not already been made under the authority of special acts, unless otherwise provided in this act or by special acts passed hereafter, the term of such office shall begin on the first Monday of September following the approval of this act. Upon the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint some person, learned in the law and otherwise legally qualified, and commission him as president judge or additional law judge or orphans' court judge, as the case may be, of such district, to serve until the first Monday of January, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three; and in all districts in which the commissions of any such judge shall expire on the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and two, the electors of the county or counties composing such districts shall elect a judge or successor to such judge, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, one thousand nine hundred and one, to serve as provided by law; and at the general election next preceding the expiration of the term of any judge now or hereafter commissioned, the qualified electors of any county or counties composing such district shall elect a successor to such judge, to serve as provided by law: Provided, That all judges now in commission shall continue to serve in the districts in which they were elected until their successors, as provided by this act, shall be duly appointed or elected and qualified.

Section 7. In all districts in which, by the provisions of this act, two judges are provided, one of said judges shall be the president judge of said district, and the other the additional law judge thereof. The judge of said district whose commission shall first expire shall be the president judge thereof, except when the president judge has been or shall be re-elected, in which case he shall continue to be president judge. The said additional law judge shall possess the same qualifications which are required by the Constitution and laws for the president judge of said district, and shall hold his office for a like term and by the same tenure, and shall have the same powers, authority and jurisdiction, and shall be subject to the same duties, restrictions and penalties, and shall receive the same compensation as the president judge of said district.

Section 8. In all cases where, by the provisions of this act, a district heretofore consisting of more than one county is divided into two or more districts, and in all cases in which counties are transferred from one district to another, the judge now in office shall continue to serve until the expiration of his term of office as judge of the district which, by this act, is given the same number as that of the district in which the said judge has heretofore served: Provided, That the president judge of the Forty-eighth judicial district shall serve the balance of his term as president of the Fifty-sixth judicial district, and the additional law judge of the Forty-eighth judicial district shall serve the balance of his term as president judge of the Forty-eighth judicial district; and at the general election next preceding the expiration of the term of office of any such judge, the electors of the county or counties composing such district shall elect a judge to serve as provided by law.

Section 9. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

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DIGEST OF ELECTION LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

(Corrected to July 1, 1919.)

INTRODUCTORY.

This compilation has been prepared with a view of giving to the public, the laws governing the enrollment of voters, personal registration in cities of the first, second and third classes, nomination at party and non-partisan primaries, and, with few exceptions, the General Election Laws of the States now in force, with the proper references and in the specific form in which enacted so arranged under appropriate divisions and sub-divisions as to be easily found and clearly understood. This has been a difficult task by reason of the many enactments, re-enactments and repeals, together with the lack of judicial decisions thereon, and the variety of subjects often contained in the same section. The separation of a section would frequently impair the sense; hence, in some cases, the course adopted has been to insert the section under some one of the appropriate heads and to make a full and exhaustive index of the whole.

The United States laws governing naturalization and the provisions of the Constitutions of the State and United States and also the more important Federal Laws bearing upon the subject in general, have been inserted, but on account of lack of space it was found impracticable to include the various special county, city, township and borough election laws.

Judicial decisions on oft recurring questions are attached to the particular sections which they interpret.

ARTICLE I.

ENROLLMENT OF VOTERS FOR PRIMARIES.

At Every Registration Voters Shall be Enrolled as to Party Preferences.

1. * * * At each and every registration of voters held under any of the election and registration laws of this State, whether it is a personal registration or otherwise, and in all cities, counties, boroughs, townships, and all other districts, there shall be a registration and enrollment of the voters according to their respective party preferences and affiliations.
* * * (Act 1913, Sec. 1, P. L. 1043.)

All Qualified Electors May Vote for Nominations of Candidates for Office at Non-Partisan Primaries.

2. * * * If at any time the laws of this Commonwealth shall provide for the nomination of a candidate or candidates for any office or offices at non-partisan primaries, then, and in that case, every enrolled, registered or qualified elector shall be entitled to receive and vote such non-partisan primary ballot, in accordance with the provisions of the law authorizing and establishing such primary. (Act 1913, Sec. 1, P. L. 1043.)

Electors in Cities to Participate in Party Primaries Shall under Oath State Party Preferences at Time of Registration—Duty of Registering Officers.

3. In all election districts in cities of the first, second and third classes, where personal registration is required, any elector desiring to participate in the primaries of any party shall, at the time of registration, state under oath to the registering officers the name of the party of which he is a member, and whose ballot he desires to vote at the primaries; and it shall then be the duty of the proper registering officers to write the name of such party opposite the name of the elector on the registration list, in a column which is hereby made the duty of the Registration Commissioners to provide in the registration books for that purpose.
(Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 1044.)

Electors in Cities May be Challenged as to Party Membership When They are About to Register—If Challenged, What Affidavit Shall Show—How Presidential Electors Shall be Counted.

4. * * * If any elector about to register and enroll as a member of a party is challenged, he shall not be registered as a member of that party unless he makes oath before the said registrars that, at the last preceding November election at which he voted, he voted for a majority of the candidates of that party: Provided, however, That the group of Presidential electors, shall be counted as two candidates. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 1044.)

Qualified Voters in Cities May Enroll as Members of Party Which Has Secured Use of Party Name by Order of Court.

5. * * * Any qualified voter may enroll as a member of any party which has secured, by order of the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, the exclusive use of a party name or political appellation for the ensuing primary. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 1044.)

Voters in Cities Not Required to Give Party Affiliation Unless They Desire to Participate in Primaries.

6. * * * If a voter does not desire to vote at a primary election, he shall not be required to answer as to his party affiliation or membership, and such party affiliation or membership shall not be recorded. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 1044.)

†See also Article II for Registration of Voters in Cities of the First Class; Article III for Registration of Voters in Cities of the Second Class; Article IV for Registration of Voters in Cities of the Third Class; Article V for Primary Elections; Article VII for Non-Partisan Nominations, and Article XV for Registration of Voters in Boroughs and Townships.

Electors in Cities Registering Party Membership at Fall Registration May Vote Ballot of Party at Succeeding Fall and Spring Primary.

7. * * * When an elector in cities of the first, second and third classes registers his political party at the fall registration, he may vote the ballot of that party at the succeeding fall and spring primary. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 1044.)

How Electors in Cities May Change Party Membership After the November Election and Before the Spring Primary—Duty of Registrars.

8. * * * Should * * * (an elector) change his political affiliation by voting for a majority of candidates of some other party at the November election, and desire to change his party vote at the spring primary, he may appear before the registrars of his division at the spring registration, and, upon taking oath that at the preceding November election he voted for a majority of candidates of some other party, it shall be the duty of the registrars to change his political designation on the register, and if otherwise qualified he may vote the ballot of the said party at the spring primary. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 1044.)

How Electors in Cities Who Registered at Fall Registration, but Did Not Give Party Affiliation, May Designate Party Membership, so as to Vote at Spring Primary—Elector May be Challenged—If Challenged What Affidavit Shall Show—May Enroll as Member of Party Securing Use of Party Name by Order of Court.

9. * * * Any elector who has registered at the fall registration, but did not designate his political party, may appear before the registrars of his division at the spring registration, and, under oath, designate the party of which he is a member and for whom he desires to vote at the ensuing spring primary; provided he takes oath, if challenged, that, at the last preceding November election at which he voted, he voted for a majority of the candidates of that party, and if otherwise qualified he may vote the ballot of said party at the spring primary: Provided, however, That the group of Presidential electors shall be counted as two candidates: And provided, further, That any qualified elector may enroll as a member of any party which has secured, by order of the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, the exclusive use of a party name or political appellation for the ensuing primary. (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 1044.)

Enrollment of Voters in Districts Other Than Cities—Time and Manner of Making—Duties of Assessors—Form of Certificate to be Left at Residence of Absent Voter—Duty of County Commissioners.

10. In all election districts (other than in cities of the first, second and third classes) the assessor or registry assessor shall, within forty-five days after the approval of this act, make an enrollment of each voter residing within the district in which he is authorized to make an assessment and registration of voters; and thereafter, at the time of making the annual assessment, in addition to the duties now authorized and required by law, make an enrollment of all the voters in his district. Said assessor or registry assessor shall leave at the residence of each and every voter in his district, found to be absent when his residence is visited by the assessor or registry assessor, at the time of making the annual assessment, a certificate of enrollment, which shall be in the following form:—

Certificate of Enrollment.

Date,191..
I, a duly qualified voter residing in
.....election district, hereby declare that I desire to be enrolled as a member of the
..... party, and express my desire to vote the ticket of the
..... party at theprimary election next ensuing,
and request that my name be enrolled on the assessor's list as a member of said party for the
purpose of participating in said primary or primaries.

.....
(Signature of Elector.)

Witness,
..... (Address.)

The above certificate of enrollment shall be furnished to each assessor or registry assessor by the county commissioners of the various counties, at the time of the delivery of said assessor's books by the county commissioners. (Act 1913, Sec. 3, P. L. 1045.)

Assessors in Districts Other Than Cities to Ascertain Party Membership at Time of Making Annual Assessment—Party Membership to be Recorded in Register.

11. The assessor or registry assessor making the enrollment, in districts other than in cities of the first, second and third classes, shall ascertain (if possible), at the time of making the annual assessment, by personal inquiry of the elector, the party politics, preferences or affiliations of the elector, and note and record the same, with the residence and other particulars required in making the assessment: * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 4, P. L. 1045.)

Electors in Districts Other Than Cities Who are Not at Residence at Time of Assessor's Visit Shall be Left Certificate of Enrollment—Time and Manner of Filing Same—Assessor Shall Sit at Polling Place on Sixty-second and Sixty-third Day Preceding Primary to Receive Certificates of Enrollment.

12. * * * In case the elector is not at his residence at the time the said assessor or registry assessor visits the residence of the elector, he shall leave a certificate of enrollment which the elector may fill out and give to the assessor or registry assessor at some time prior to or on the sixty-second or sixty-third day preceding each primary, at which time said assessor or registry assessor shall sit at the polling place and receive said certificate; at which time the same shall be recorded by the assessor or registry assessor in the register. (Act 1913, Sec. 4, P. L. 1045.)

County Commissioners Shall Have Registers Prepared so as to Permit Insertion of Party Enrollment—Assessors to Insert Same After Elector's Name in Register.

13. The county commissioners shall have the register so prepared as to permit the assessor or registry assessor to insert the party enrollment of each elector. Upon the receipt of the certificate of enrollment from the elector, the assessor or registry assessor shall insert in the register, after said elector's name, his party enrollment. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 5, P. L. 1046.)

Electors in Districts, Other Than Cities, Who Have Received Party Enrollment Shall Have Same Inserted in Register from Year to Year by Assessor Until Elector Files Certificate to Contrary Effect.

14. If an elector has at any time received party enrollment under the provisions of this act, it shall be the duty of the assessor or registry assessor to insert in the said registry, from year to year, at the time of making the annual assessment, said party enrollment, after the name of the said elector, until such time as a certificate of enrollment is presented to or filed with him by the said elector to a contrary effect. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 5, P. L. 1046.)

Electors in Districts, Other Than Cities, Not Already Enrolled Must File Certificates of Enrollment to Vote at Primary—Certificate Need Not be Executed When Voter Does Not Desire to Vote.

15. * * * Each Elector, not already enrolled, desiring to participate in the primaries, must file with the assessor or registry assessor his enrollment certificate. If an elector does not desire to vote at a primary election, he shall not be required to sign or execute the above certificate as to his party affiliation or membership, and such party affiliation shall not be recorded. (Act 1913, Sec. 5, P. L. 1046.)

Electors, in Districts Other Than Cities, May be Challenged at Primaries as to Party Membership—If Challenged, What Affidavit Shall Show—How Presidential Electors Shall be Counted.

16. If an elector in districts other than in cities of the first, second and third classes, enrolled as a member of a party, is challenged at the primaries as to his party enrollment, he shall make oath before the election officers, that at the last preceding November election at which he voted, he voted for a majority of the candidates of that party: Provided, however, That the group of Presidential electors shall be counted as two candidates. (Act 1913, Sec. 6, P. L. 1046.)

Compensation of Assessors for Sitting at Polling Places.

17. The assessor or registry assessors shall be entitled to the same per diem compensation for sitting at the polling places on the sixty-second and sixty-third days preceding each primary as is now allowed by law for the making of the original annual assessment, which shall be paid in the manner now authorized by law. (Act 1913, Sec. 7, P. L. 1046.)

Each register assessor in boroughs and townships, attending at the place of holding a primary election, shall receive the sum of two dollars and fifty cents per day to be paid as now provided by law. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 724.)

How Mistakes in Recording Elector's Party in Register May be Corrected—Time and Manner of Making.

18. Should the registrars, assessors, or registry assessors make a mistake in recording an elector's party, the said elector may have the registry corrected, amended, or altered, so as to secure a correct registration, in the same manner and by the same processes as are provided by law for the correction and amendment of the registry in other particulars: Provided, That such amendments shall not be made later than ten days before any primary election at which the voter desires or intends to vote. (Act 1913, Sec. 8, P. L. 1046.)

Enrolled and Registered Elector May Vote Ballot of His Party if Otherwise Qualified.

19. An elector duly registered and enrolled as a member of a political party, if otherwise qualified, may vote the ballot of said party at a primary, subject to the provisions of this act. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 9, P. L. 1047.)

Enrolled and Registered Elector Shall Not Receive or Vote Ballot of Any Party Other Than the Particular Party in Which He is Enrolled as a Member—Elector Cannot Vote Unless He is Enrolled.

20. * * * No elector enrolled and registered as a member of any one particular party shall be allowed to receive or vote the ballot of any other political party at a primary election, and no elector who is not enrolled and registered as a member of some political party shall be permitted to vote at any primary election. (Act 1913, Sec. 9, P. L. 1047.)

Penalty on Registrar or Assessor for Wilfully Violating Provisions of Act or Registering False Statement of an Elector, or Registering as Member of Political Party One Whom He Knows Not to be Such, or Excluding from Party Registry Enrollment Any Voter Entitled Thereto.

21. Any registrar, assessor or registry assessor wilfully violating any of the provisions of this act, or wilfully registering any false statement of an elector, or registering as the member of a political party one whom he knows not to be such, or excluding from a party registry or enrollment any voter whom he knows to be entitled thereto, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and on conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, and a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or either or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1913, Sec. 10, P. L. 1047.)

Penalty on Elector for Wilfully Making False Affidavit or Statement to Procure False Enrollment or Registration for Himself or Any Other Voter.

22. Any elector who shall wilfully make any false affidavit or statement to any registrar, assessor or registry assessor, with intent to procure the false party enrollment or registration of himself or of any other voter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and on conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, and a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or either or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1913, Sec. 11, P. L. 1047.)

Penalty on Elector or Voter for Wilfully Voting or Attempting to Vote in Violation of Act—Penalty on Election Officer for Wilfully Receiving or Conspiring to Receive Vote of Elector Not Legally Entitled to Cast Ballot.

23. Any voter or elector of this Commonwealth wilfully voting or attempting to vote at any primary election in violation of the provisions of this act, or any election officer wilfully receiving or conspiring to receive the vote of any elector casting the ballot, as an elector of any political party, not qualified as a member of said party under the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than one (1) year; and a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or either or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1913, Sec. 12, P. L. 1047.)

ARTICLE II.

†PERSONAL REGISTRATION.

Cities of the First Class.

1. This act shall be known and may be cited as "The Personal Registration Act," in cities of the first class, and shall apply only to such cities. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 858.)

Definitions of Terms Used, viz: "City," "Commission," "Commissioner," "Oath," "Swear," "Elections," "Party," "Body of Electors," "Primaries," "Qualified Elector," "Register," "County," and "Public Office"—Construction of Reference to County and City Officers.

2. The word "city," as used herein, refers to any city to which this act applies, and "commission" has reference to any registration commission in such a city; and the word "commissioner," to any member of such a commission.

The word "oath," as used herein, includes affirmation, and the word "swear" includes affirm. "Election" means any general, special, or municipal election, unless otherwise specified.

The words "general election" means the election which the Constitution of this Commonwealth requires to be held in even numbered years; and the words "municipal election," that which it requires to be held in odd numbered years. "November election" refers to both the general and municipal election, or either, according to the context.

The word "party," as used herein, refers to any political party or body of electors, one of whose candidates, either at the last general or at the last municipal election, polled at least five per centum of the largest entire vote cast for any elected candidate in any city to which this act applies, although such percentage of said vote may not have been attained in any particular election district thereof.

"Body of electors" refers to any political body, not recognized as a political party, but entitled to make nominations of candidates for any public office by nomination papers, on whose behalf proper affidavits have been filed with the prothonotary or elsewhere, as now is or hereafter may be required by law, to obtain the exclusive right to use a party name or appellation for any election or primary.

"Spring primary" refers to the primaries that now are or hereafter may be required to be held in even numbered years; and "fall primary," to those in all odd numbered years.

The words "qualified elector" means any person who shall possess all the qualifications for voting now or hereafter prescribed by the Constitution of this Commonwealth, or who, being otherwise qualified by continued residence in his election district, will obtain such qualifications before the next ensuing election or primary.

"Register" means the book containing, or to contain, all or any part of the registry list of qualified electors prepared or to be prepared by the registrars or the commissioners as hereinafter provided.

"County" shall refer to any county in which any city to which this act applies is situated or with which such city is coextensive.

All references to prothonotaries, sheriffs, county commissioners, courts, judges, peace officers, and other officials, where not otherwise specified, shall be understood to refer only to those of the proper counties aforesaid, or of any judicial district in which any city to which this act applies is situated or with which it is coextensive.

All references to mayors, city councils, city treasurers, controllers, receivers of taxes, police officers, and other officials, where not otherwise specified, shall be understood to refer only to those of any city to which this act applies.

The words "public office," as used herein, shall include any National, State, judicial, county, city, ward, or election office, requiring any person elected or appointed thereto to render any public service for a fixed fee or compensation, except the office of notary public or commissioner of deeds. (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 858.)

Registration Commission—Members, Appointment, Qualification, Term, Vacancies, Removal and Compensation.

3. The Governor of the Commonwealth shall, within ten days after the passage hereof, and in every fourth year thereafter, appoint a registration commission for each city to which this act applies, consisting of five duly qualified electors thereof, not more than three of whom shall belong to the same political party. As soon as the commissioners so appointed for any city shall qualify, the terms of office of all existing registration commissioners in such city and of all their appointees shall be ended, and they shall immediately surrender, transfer, and deliver all public property, records, funds, and accounts then in their charge to the custody and use of the commissioners so appointed hereunder.

All commissioners hereafter appointed shall hold office for a term of four years or until their successors qualify, unless sooner removed or otherwise disqualified. Any vacancy in any commission shall be filled by the Governor, within ten days after the vacancy occurs, by appointing a competent person to hold office during the remainder of the term of the commissioner whose place becomes vacant. The Governor may, at any time, without stating any cause, remove any commissioner, and appoint his successor for the remainder of his term.

Each commissioner in any city aforesaid shall receive a compensation at the rate of four thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly by the treasurer of such city upon the presentation of proper warrants signed by the chairman or chief clerk of the commission. (Act 1919, Sec. 3, P. L. 859.)

Commissioners to Be Sworn Before Entering on Duties—Organization of Commission—Power to Administer Oaths and Summon Witnesses.

4. As soon after their appointment as may be, the commissioners shall take the oath of office required by the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and organize by selecting a chairman and a secretary, who shall not be members of the same party. All actions of the commission or commissioners shall be decided by a majority vote of all the commissioners, except as may be otherwise provided herein. Each commissioner shall have the power to administer oaths.

The commissioners shall have power to summon any person whom they desire to interrogate, and all persons testifying before said commissioners shall be first duly sworn by one of them, or by the chief clerk, who shall also have the power to administer oaths. (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 860.)

†This Act applies only to the city of Philadelphia. For Act governing the Registration of Voters in Cities of the Second Class, see Article III. For Act governing the Registration of Voters in Cities of the Third Class, see Article IV. For Registration of Voters in Boroughs and Townships, see Article XV. For Act governing the Enrollment of Voters at Primary Elections, see Article I.

How Records Shall be Kept and to Whom Report Shall be Made—Documents to be Open to Public Inspection.

5. The commissioners shall keep a record, in permanent form, of all proceedings, and make an annual report to the Governor. Their records and all registers, street lists, affidavits, petitions, appeals, witness lists, accounts, contracts, reports, and other documents in their custody shall be open to public inspection, and may be inspected and copied by any qualified elector, when they are not necessarily being used by the commissioners or employees having duties to perform in reference thereto, between the hours from nine o'clock ante meridian to four post meridian daily, except Sunday and legal holidays, between the months of September, October, and November in each year, all such books and papers shall, while in the custody of the commissioners, be open to the public for the purposes aforesaid both during the aforesaid hours and also during the hours from four post meridian to ten post meridian daily, except Sundays and legal holidays, under proper regulations for their safe-keeping, and subject, however, to the further provisions of this act. (Act 1919, Sec. 5, P. L. 860.)

Registrars—Appointment and Qualifications of—Electors May Petition Commissioners for Revocation of Appointment of—Hearing—Assessors May Act as—Public Officers or Candidates for Public Office Not Competent to Act as.

6. The commissioners shall, not later than August fifteenth of each year, appoint four registrars for each election district as herein provided, and designate two of them, one of whom shall be of the majority party, to have charge of the two registers as hereinafter provided. The registrars must be duly qualified electors of the said district, and shall have been residents of the city for a period of two years, and of the ward for one year, immediately preceding their appointment. They must be sober and judicious persons, of good moral character, able to read intelligently and to write legibly. Two of the registrars shall be members of the party polling the highest vote within the election district at the last preceding November election, and one, at least, shall be a member of the party polling the next highest number of votes at said election. The commissioners shall provide, at all times, a board of registrars, not more than two of whom shall be of the same political faith. If, therefore, it appears at any time that, by reason of a change in political affiliations or because of error in the appointment, a board is not so divided, any ten electors of any election district may file a petition with the commissioners, setting forth the facts, and praying that one or more of the appointments may be revoked and that other appointments may be made. Upon presentation of such a petition, one of the commissioners shall fix a time, not less than five days thereafter, and at least three days notice shall be given by mail to all the registrars of such board who are alleged to be of the same political faith, when a public hearing shall be given all concerned, and if the facts are then found to be as represented, the commissioners shall give the relief asked for.

Whenever expedient they may appoint the assessor of any election district, if otherwise qualified, as one of the registrars, but no other person who holds or is a candidate for public office shall act as registrar. (Act 1919, Sec. 6, P. L. 861.)

Petitions for Appointment of Registrars—Manner of Appointment—Withdrawal of Candidate—Contents, Signing and Verification of Petitions—Petitions to be Open to Public Inspection—Hearings—Notice of Time and Place of Examinations to be Published.

7. Not later than July twentieth of each year, any five or more qualified electors of any election district of the same political party may file with the commissioners their petition for the appointment of not more than two qualified persons, also members of said party, as registrars. The petition shall set forth the name, address, qualifications, occupation, and political affiliation of each person suggested for appointment as a registrar, and give the respective residences of the petitioners, and declare that each of them belongs to the same party as that designated as the party of each candidate; which petition shall be signed by each petitioner in his own handwriting, and sworn to by one of them and by each candidate. More than one petition may be filed on behalf of the same party for each election district, provided that no elector shall be competent to sign petitions for more than two candidates, but if any candidate dies, withdraws, or becomes disqualified, before the last day for filing petitions aforesaid, any elector who recommended him may sign a petition for another candidate.

All petitions shall be open to public inspection, and, not earlier than July twenty-sixth of each year, the commissioners shall commence public hearings thereof, considering them on consecutive week-days in the numerical order of the wards and of the election districts within each ward to which they relate respectively, unless reasonable cause be shown for postponing any hearing to a later time or date, and reasonable notice of such postponement given to all concerned.

The commissioners shall publish one general notice of the place and times or days when they will examine the candidates from the election districts of the various wards, at least three days prior to the first hearing, in at least two daily newspapers, each having a paid circulation of at least fifty thousand copies daily in the city, and shall mail to each candidate a special notice of the time and place when he will be examined regarding his qualifications, at least three days before the day fixed for same, except that the commissioners need not notify any candidate who had previously been appointed a registrar to appear, but may reappoint him without such examination. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 7, P. L. 861.)

Commissioners to Decide Who Shall be Appointed Registrars, When Party Nominates More Than It is Entitled—Electors May Protest as to Qualifications—Appointment of Registrars Subject to Approval of Three Commissioners—Registrars Must Perform Duties, Unless Excused.

8. * * * If more candidates are duly nominated as members of any party than it is entitled to have appointed, the commissioners shall appoint the candidate or candidates whom they consider most fit, and if there are not sufficient fit candidates nominated on behalf of any party, the commissioners may appoint other persons, without regard to party, of whom they have knowledge.

Any qualified elector of the city may appear before the commission, and show wherein any person nominated for appointment or appointed as a registrar does not possess the requisite qualifications, and the commissioners may decline to appoint any candidate or remove any registrar whom they consider unfit. No person shall be appointed a registrar unless the appointment is approved by three commissioners. *

Any person appointed a registrar must perform his duties as prescribed by this act, unless excused therefrom by the commissioners for cause shown. (Act 1919, Sec. 7, P. L. 861.)

Registration Days—Duties and Powers of Registrars.

9. The registrars of each election district shall meet at the polling-place thereof in even numbered years on the ninth Thursday, the seventh Tuesday, and fifth Saturday, preceding the general election, which shall be known as a fall registration, on the fifth Wednesday, preceding the spring primary, which shall be known as the spring registration; and in odd numbered years on the tenth Tuesday, ninth Tuesday, and ninth Saturday, preceding the municipal election, which shall also be known as a fall registration. They shall remain in open session from seven ante meridian to one post meridian and from four post meridian to ten post meridian of each registration day aforesaid.

They shall, on said days, receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered. They shall have power to administer oaths, shall examine said applicants under oath, and shall record on the registers the names of those whom they shall determine to be qualified as hereinafter provided. (Act 1919, Sec. 8, P. L. 862.)

Electors Who Were Unable to Appear on Account of Sickness, Absence from the City, Business or Personal Reasons on Registration Days Before the Registrars May Petition Registration Commissioners to be Registered—Time and Place—Duties and Powers of Commissioners—Applicants to be Examined.

10. For the further accommodation of the public, the commission shall hold regular sessions for the registration of electors, at its office, in even numbered years on each day, except Sunday, from the fourth Tuesday to and including the second Saturday, preceding the spring primary, and on each day, except Sunday, from the fourth Wednesday to and including the second Saturday, preceding the general election; and in odd numbered years on each day, except Sunday, from the eighth Wednesday preceding the municipal election to and including the fifth day, preceding the fall primary; and, after said primary, from the sixth Monday to and including the second Saturday before the municipal election; on each of which days the commission shall remain in session from nine o'clock ante meridian to twelve o'clock noon and from one to four post meridian to receive personal applications for registration from electors who, on account of illness, absence from the city, business or personal reasons, did not find it convenient to appear at their polling-places on any of the registration days when the registrars were in session, or who, although not then qualified, have since become qualified to be registered, or who were refused registration by the registrars for any reason; but the commissioners shall examine all applicants for registration before them as fully as the registrars are required to interrogate persons who appear before them at the polling-places, and inquire also whether they were refused registration by the registrars, and, if so, why, and require any person who is challenged by any qualified elector of the city to meet such challenge in the same manner as if he had been duly challenged before the registrars of his election district. (Act 1919, Sec. 9, P. L. 863.)

State or Federal Employees May Register by Petition Without Appearing Before Registration Commissioners—What Shall Accompany the Petition—Employee Claiming Right to Register to Produce Satisfactory Proof that He is, by Payment of taxes and Otherwise Entitled to Registration—To Sign "Ballot Check List" Upon Voting—Registration Commissioners to Furnish Blank Forms for Registration.

11. Any person employed in the service of this State or in the service of the Federal Government, and required thereby to be absent from the city wherein he resided when entering such employment shall, on petition to the proper registration commissioners, verified by affidavit, and without appearing personally before the commissioners, be registered as of the district wherein he shall have resided prior to entering such service. In such case a residence by street and number shall not be required, but the person shall be registered as of the proper district. In the case of persons employed by this Commonwealth, no such petition shall be considered unless it be accompanied by a certificate from the Auditor General, under the seal of his office, setting forth that the proper person is actually employed in the service of this Commonwealth, and also setting forth the nature of such employment and the time when such person first entered such employment. In the case of persons employed by the Federal Government, no such petition shall be considered unless it be accompanied by a certificate from the head of the proper department or chief of the proper division or bureau, under the seal of his office, setting forth that the proper person is actually employed in the service of the United States, and also setting forth the nature of such employment and the time when such person first entered such employment. No such person shall be registered unless he shall produce to the registration commissioners satisfactory proof that he is, by payment of taxes and otherwise, entitled to registration. When any such person so registered shall vote, he shall be required, by the proper election officers, to sign the ballot check list of the proper district. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 1065.)

The petitions required by this act shall be upon blank form, which shall be prepared by the proper registration commissioners, and shall be by them furnished on written application. (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 1066.)

Electors Registered by the Registration Commissioners to be Added to Proper Registers—Separate Lists of such Electors to be Kept, But Names Need Not be Printed in the Street Lists.

12. The names and other information concerning those whom the commissioners shall determine to be entitled to be registered at the office of the commission, shall be recorded on the same registers as were previously used at the polling-places by the registrars for registering other electors residing in the same election district, and the commissioners shall keep separate lists of the names and addresses of all electors registered by them in each election district, but need not print them in the street lists previously prepared by the registrars. (Act 1919, Sec. 10, P. L. 863.)

Electors Who Did Not Register at Fall Registration May Register at Spring Registration—Date of Registration Day Preceding Special Election.

13. Electors who did not register at a fall registration may register at the spring registration, if any, of the following year, if they will be qualified to vote at the spring primary. The commissioners shall also sit on the third Wednesday preceding every special election for the purpose of registering all electors who have not been registered in the election district in which they then reside, but who otherwise are or will be fully qualified to vote at such election if they shall continue to reside in said district. (Act 1919, Sec. 11, P. L. 864.)

Commissioners to Give Two Weeks Notice of Registration Days—Old Registers to be Preserved.

14. Two weeks notice of all registration days shall be given by the commissioners by one general notice, published in at least two daily newspapers, each having a paid circulation of at least fifty thousand copies daily in the city, and by posting notices at the polling-places.

The registration lists shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened.

The old registers shall be preserved by the commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they are in use, and, during said period, shall be open to public inspection under proper regulations for their safe-keeping, and no register shall be destroyed without the previous consent in writing of the district attorney of the proper county. (Act 1919, Sec. 12, P. L. 864.)

Persons Claiming Right to Vote Must Register—Answers to Questions to be Recorded in Register—Form, Size and Character of Register to be Furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

15. Every person claiming the right to vote must appear in person before the registrars in the district in which he lives or before the commissioners, on one of the days prescribed by law, and answer the questions put to him by them.

The answers must be recorded on a single line in two registers. * * *

The size and character of the said register shall be determined by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the form thereof shall be furnished by the said secretary to the respective commissioners. (Act 1919, Sec. 13, P. L. 864.)

What Instructions to Be Printed at Head of Register.

16. * * * Immediately above the form (of the register) shall be printed the following instructions: "THE APPLICANT MUST BE SWORN OR AFFIRMED THAT THE INFORMATION GIVEN BY HIM IN REFERENCE TO HIS RIGHT TO BE REGISTERED SHALL BE THE TRUTH. ANY WILFUL FALSE STATEMENT CONSTITUTES PERJURY AND IS PUNISHABLE AS SUCH." * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 13, P. L. 864.)

Registers to be Indexed—Questions Applicants Must Answer to be Registered—One Register to be Used as "Ballot Check-List" and the Other as "Voting Check-List" on Primary and Election Days.

17. * * * Every register shall be indexed alphabetically from A to Z. The lines of each page shall be consecutively numbered in both margins, beginning with the number one at each alphabetical division of the register. The answers of the applicants shall be recorded, in their presence, in both registers, in the following manner:

In the first column shall be entered the surname of the applicant in the order of his appearance at the place of registry, on the page bearing the index letter of his surname; in the second column shall be entered his Christian name or names; in the third column, his occupation; in the fourth column, the street and number of his residence; in the fifth and sixth columns, whether he is a householder, lodger, lessee, or owner, and, if he is a lodger or lessee of a portion only of a house, the location or number of the room or floor which he occupies; in the seventh and eighth columns shall be entered the length of his residence in the State and district, respectively; in the ninth, tenth, eleventh, and twelfth columns, the location of the house from which he last registered, giving State, city, street and number, respectively, and the year in which he was so registered; in the thirteenth column, the State or Territory of the United States or the foreign country where he was born; in the fourteenth column, whether, being foreign-born, he produces his naturalization papers; in the fifteenth column, the number of the affidavit of naturalization of his father, if taken; in the sixteenth and seventeenth columns, the manner in which he complies with the law relating to the payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote, whether by the production of his receipt or by making affidavit—if the applicant is less than twenty-two years of age, the word "age" shall be recorded in said columns; in the eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, and twenty-first columns, his personal description, designating whether white or colored, his approximate age, height, and weight; in the twenty-second column, the designation of the political party of the elector for the purpose of voting at the next succeeding primary or primaries, if such a statement shall still be required as preliminary to the right to vote at such primary or primaries; in the twenty-third column in the register, marked "voting check list," he shall be required to sign his name if able to write; if he alleges inability to write, a record of the fact shall be made in the same column, and unless due to some apparent physical infirmity, he shall be required to make affidavit of his inability to write; in the twenty-third column in the register, marked "ballot check list," he shall (if challenged on election day), be required to sign his name; in the twenty-fourth column shall be entered the number of the challenge affidavit of every person who is required to take said affidavit; in the twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh, and twenty-eighth columns, the election officers shall record, in one register, the obtaining of the ballot, and, in the other, the casting of the vote of the registered elector at the fall primary, November election, spring primary, or special election, as hereinafter provided or as may hereafter be provided by law. (Act 1919, Sec. 13, P. L. 864.)

Necessary Qualifications of an Elector, Claiming Right to be Registered—No Electors to be Registered Unless Approved by Three Registrars or Commissioners—Disfranchised Elector May Appeal to Court.

18. Every person who shall have paid within two years a State or county tax either by himself or his duly authorized agent or attorney, who was assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the next ensuing November election, and who shall possess all the other qualifications of an elector as provided in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth, or who, by continued residence in his election district, will obtain such qualifications before the next ensuing general or municipal election, shall be entitled to be registered at a fall registration, but at the spring registration only if he will be qualified to vote at the spring primary; but no person shall be registered unless at least three of the registrars or commissioners determine that he is so qualified, except by order of a court of common pleas as hereinafter provided. (Act 1919, Sec. 14, P. L. 867.)

Person Claiming Right to Register May be Challenged—What Proof Required When Challenged to be Registered—Disposition of Challenge Affidavits.

19. Any person claiming the right to register at any polling-place may be challenged by a registrar or by any qualified elector of the election division; and any person asking for registration by the commission may be challenged by any commissioner or qualified elector of the city. Any person so challenged shall answer the questions of the challenge affidavit as herein specified, and, after his answers have been recorded, he shall subscribe them by his signature or mark, and swear to their truth. He shall also make affidavit at the same time to the truth of his answers as recorded in the register, which he shall be deemed to have examined or have had read to him.

The affidavits of all persons so registered shall, at the time of every such registration, be numbered and kept with the registers or filed as herein provided. (Act 1919, Sec. 15, P. L. 867.)

Form of Affidavit Required of Persons Desiring to Register Who Are Challenged.

20. The challenge affidavit shall be in the following form:

No. Election Division, Ward,
 City of }
 State of Pennsylvania, } ss:
 County of }
 What is your full name?
 Are you married or single?
 If married, where does your family reside?
 If single, where do your parents live?
 Where did you actually reside immediately prior to taking up your present residence?
 Give your residences for the last four months,
 What is the name of your present employer?
 Where is his place of business?
 What is the name of your last employer?
 Where is or was his place of business?
 Have you read the information given by you as recorded in the register?
 I, the undersigned, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have read the information recorded
 opposite my name in the register of the Division of the Ward on
 page and that said information, as well as that recorded in this affidavit, is
 the truth.
 and subscribed this day of 19....
 (Signature of Applicant.)

 Registrar or Commissioner.

Description of Applicant.

Distinguishing marks,
 Other peculiarities,
 Color of hair,
 (Act 1919, Sec. 16, P. L. 868.)

Challenged Applicant to Produce Such Further Proof as is Required on Election Day—Naturalized
 Persons to Produce Naturalization Papers—How Persons Claiming Citizenship by Reason of
 Father's Naturalization May be Registered.

21. The challenged applicant shall produce such further proof as the law requires challenged
 persons to produce on election day, and it shall be the duty of the registrars or commissioners to
 require it before permitting him to be registered.

All persons claiming the right to vote by reason of naturalization shall produce the proper
 naturalization papers, or a certified copy thereof, before they shall be registered, but no such
 person shall be required to produce his papers a second time in the same district, unless he is
 challenged: Provided, That any person claiming citizenship by reason of the naturalization of his
 father may be registered either by the production of his father's original papers or a certified
 copy thereof, or by making affidavit that his father was naturalized at a time when he, the
 applicant, was less than twenty-one years of age and that he is unable to produce his father's
 papers or a certified copy thereof. (Act 1919, Sec. 17, P. L. 869.)

Duty of Registrars or Commissioners When Applicant is Rejected After Portion of Record Has
 Been Made—Disposition of Affidavits and Vouchers—Commissioners When Receiving Application
 Shall Require Same Proof of All Persons as Are Required by Registrars.

22. Whenever the applicant is rejected after a portion of the record has been filled in, a line
 shall be drawn through the record already made, and the registrar or commissioner shall note
 on said line the reason for the rejection, and shall add his initials thereto.

All affidavits and vouchers shall be executed in duplicate, one being delivered into the custody
 of each registrar who has charge of the registers.

The commissioners, when receiving applications for registration, shall require the same proofs
 of all persons as are required by registrars under similar conditions, and all affidavits and
 vouchers executed before the commissioners shall be retained by them for the same purposes as
 those filed by registrars. (Act 1919, Sec. 18, P. L. 869.)

At the Registration on Fifth Wednesday Preceding Spring Primary the Registrars Shall Strike Off
 Names of Electors Who Have Died or Removed—Registrars and Commissioners to Record Facts
 Regarding Persons Registered Who Give Another District of Same City as Previous Place of
 Registration.

23. On the fifth Wednesday preceding the spring primary, the registrars shall, in addition
 to the registration of electors, strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proven
 to their satisfaction, by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the division, to have
 died or removed from the division since the last registration. The registrars shall record, on
 blank forms provided for the purpose, the name and previous places of registration, giving wards
 and divisions, of all persons registered by them on said day who give as such place of previous
 registration a place in the same city, and shall forward the same to the commissioners for their
 information.

And the commissioners shall record the like facts relating to persons registered by them who
 have moved from one election district of the city into another since their previous registration.
 (Act 1919, Sec. 19, P. L. 869.)

Commissioners to Examine Registers of District Given as Previous Place of Registration by the
 Elector and if the Name Remains it Shall be Stricken Off.

24. Upon receiving from any registrars or making any record of the transfer of the registra-
 tion of any qualified elector who removed from one division to another in the same city on any
 registration day preceding the spring primary as aforesaid, the commissioners shall examine the
 registers of the election district given as the previous place of registration, and, if the name of
 such elector remains registered therein, they shall strike it therefrom, and note therein the
 reason for so doing. (Act 1919, Sec. 20, P. L. 870.)

Person Claiming Right to Register May File Petition With Commissioners Objecting to Action of Registrars Striking Name From Register—Commissioners to Give Hearing, After Due Notice and Dispose of Petition.

25. If any person claiming the right to be registered shall object to the action of any registrars in striking his name from the registers, he may file his petition with the commissioners, not later than two weeks prior to the spring primary, setting forth the ground of his complaint under oath, and praying for the correction of the registers by the restoration of his name thereto: which petition shall be heard and disposed of, not later than ten days preceding the spring primary, after one of the commissioners shall have fixed a time for a public hearing, held at the office of the commission and the petitioner shall have given each registrar at least forty-eight hours notice of such hearing by leaving a copy of said petition, with the time and place for hearing same indorsed thereon at the residence of each registrar; and, at such hearing, if the commissioners are satisfied that such notice has been given and that the petitioner is entitled to be registered, they shall amend the register accordingly by registering the petitioner in the usual manner, but any registrar or qualified elector of the city may appear and show cause why the same should not be done. (Act 1919, Sec. 21, P. L. 870.)

How Registered Elector May Change Party Designation Prior to Spring Primary.

26. On any registration day preceding the spring primary, any person who desires to change the enrollment of his political designation, because of change in his political affiliation at the last preceding November election, or who has hitherto not enrolled as a member of a party although registered, may appear before the registrars of the proper division or the commissioners, whichever may have the registers, and change the enrollment of his political designation or cause his political designation of party to be entered on the registers. (Act 1919, Sec. 22, P. L. 870.)

How Vacancies in Board of Registrars Shall be Filled.

27. Any vacancy occurring in any board of registrars shall be filled by the commissioners, upon like petitions as those filed for an annual appointment, after such petitions shall have been on file open to public inspection at least five days, except in cases where a vacancy occurs within ten days of any registration day, when they may appoint any proper person of whom they have knowledge. (Act 1919, Sec. 23, P. L. 871.)

Commissioners to Investigate and Correct Irregularities in Registration—May Summon Witnesses, Administer Oaths, and Appoint Inspectors of Registration—Inspectors, Qualifications and Powers of.

28. The commissioners shall have power to investigate, on their own motion, any irregularities in registration, to summon witnesses, to examine them under oath, to require the production of any relevant books and papers, and to correct the registers by striking off names which they may find to be improperly registered, provided none be struck off except at the public sessions of the commission for registration purposes herein provided for. To assist them in securing correct and impartial information regarding any matter within the jurisdiction of the commission, the commissioners may, from time to time, appoint as many inspectors of registration as may be necessary for the city, who must be qualified electors of the city and sober and judicious persons, of good moral character, able to read intelligently and write legibly. They shall be chosen in such manner as shall be agreed upon by the commissioners, without regard to their party affiliations, and shall have the power to administer oaths, and the other powers herein granted them, but shall not exercise the same until they shall have taken an oath of office such as the commissioners may prescribe, and receive a certificate of appointment stating their names and addresses and the length of time for which they shall have been appointed respectively. (Act 1919, Sec. 24, P. L. 871.)

Registration Inspectors to Be at Polling-Places During Sessions of Registrars—When Registrars are Equally Divided on Any Matter, Inspector to Decide.

29. Any inspector of registration of any city shall be entitled to be present at any time during any session of the registrars at any polling-place thereof, and whenever the registrars of any election district shall be equally divided in opinion regarding any matter, any inspector of registration who may be present shall have the power to decide the question of difference, and thereupon the registrars shall act in accordance with his opinion, but such action shall be subject to revision on petition of any person denied registration thereby or qualified elector not satisfied with same, as in other cases. (Act 1919, Sec. 25, P. L. 871.)

Inspectors of Registration—Duties and Powers of—May Make Arrests and Call in Police Officers.

30. Any inspector of registration, on his own motion or on complaint of any person known to him, may, and when directed by any commissioner shall,

a. Investigate all questions relating to the registration of electors, and for that purpose shall have power to enter and inspect any house, dwelling, building, inn, lodging house, or hotel within any city, and to interrogate any inmate, householder, lodger, lessee, keeper, caretaker, owner, proprietor, or agent thereof or therein, regarding any person or persons residing or claiming to reside thereat or therein, without being required to show any warrant for so doing, except his certificate of appointment aforesaid.

b. Inspect and copy any register of lodgers in lodging houses, inns, or hotels, relating to or affecting the right of any person to vote or to be registered, in like manner.

c. Arrest any person without warrant, except any herein privileged from such arrest, who, in the presence of the inspector of registration, violates or attempts to violate any of the provisions of this act, when such violation is punishable as a crime.

d. Call on any police or peace officer of such city or of the county to assist the inspector of registration in the maintenance of peace at any polling-place or in making any arrest as aforesaid. (Act 1919, Sec. 26, P. L. 871.)

Who May Have Watchers—Appointment of—To be Provided With Certificates.

31. Parties or bodies of electors who now are or hereafter may be entitled to have watchers at any election or primary may recommend not more than three electors of each election district to act as watchers at the polling-place thereof on each registration day when the registrars are in session, without expense to the city or county, and the commissioners shall appoint all such persons as watchers, and provide them with proper certificates, stating their names and the party or policy which they represent respectively, unless any are shown to have previously been convicted of any crime. (Act 1919, Sec. 27, P. L. 872.)

Inspectors and Watchers May Remain in Polling-Place During All Hours of Registration, and Challenge or Interrogate any Person Claiming Right to Register—Must Show Certificate of Appointment When Requested.

32. Any inspector of registration or watcher shall be entitled to remain at any polling-place during all the hours when the registrars shall be in session on any registration day, and to keep a list and other memorandum of or concerning the persons applying for registration, and to interrogate or challenge any person regarding his right to be registered, and to inspect any papers produced by such person; and the registrars shall give every inspector of registration and watcher ample opportunity, and afford them every convenience, for the discharge of their duties: Provided, however, That they may, at any time, be required to show their certificates of appointment, and that not more than one inspector of registration and one watcher for each party or body of electors represented shall be allowed in the polling-place at any one time. (Act 1919, Sec. 28, P. L. 872.)

Number of Electors Allowed in Polling-Places at One Time—Electors Waiting Outside of Polling-Place at Time for Closing to be Admitted and Examined.

33. Not more than ten electors, other than the registrars and any inspectors of registration and watchers aforesaid, shall be allowed in the polling-place of any election district at any one time; but, if more are in waiting immediately outside the entrance thereto at the time for closing any session on any registration day, they also shall be entitled to admittance and examination before said polling-place is closed, notwithstanding the extension of such session thereby. (Act 1919, Sec. 29, P. L. 872.)

Political Parties or Bodies of Electors Authorized to Appoint Attorneys or Watchers to Represent Them Before Commissioners—Duties and Powers of—Candidates May be Present at Hearing Before Commissioners When Matters Which Affect His Candidacy are Being Heard.

34. Such parties or bodies of electors shall also be entitled to appoint any attorneys or watchers who are qualified electors of the city to represent such parties or bodies of electors at any public session or sessions of the commissioners, which attorneys or watchers may exercise the same rights as watchers at polling-places, but the number who may be present at any one time may be limited by the commissioners to not less than three for each party or body of electors; and every candidate for nomination or election to any office shall also be entitled to be present in person, and to participate in any proceeding before the commissioners whenever any matters which may affect his candidacy are being heard. (Act 1919, Sec. 30, P. L. 873.)

Commissioners, Registrars and Inspectors of Registration, Privileged from Arrest, While Performing Duties—Exceptions.

35. Commissioners, registrars, and inspectors of registration shall be privileged from arrest while performing their duties as such upon all registration days, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof for felony, for wanton breach of the peace, or for a criminal violation of this act. (Act 1919, Sec. 31, P. L. 873.)

Registrars Shall Secure All Necessary Blank Books, Forms and Other Supplies from Commissioners, and Shall Have Custody of Registers and Street Lists on and Between Registration Days.

36. The two registrars designated to keep the two registers shall obtain, at the office of the commissioners, before the first registration day in the fall of each year and before the fifth Wednesday preceding the spring primary, the blank books, forms, and other supplies prepared for their use, and shall have the same at the polling-place on each day when they are or should be in session. On such registration days and during the time from one such day to another, while the registers, affidavits, and other records remain in the custody of the said registrars, they shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the same; and the other two registrars shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the lists of the names and addresses of persons being registered from which the street lists are subsequently to be prepared as hereinafter provided. (Act 1919, Sec. 32, P. L. 873.)

Duty of Registrars at End of Each Registration Day—Registers to be Compared, and Errors to be Corrected, if Any.

37. At the end of each day when the registrars are in session, they shall compare the two registers, and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected, if they are explained by the entries in the other, so as to make them agree respecting all facts properly recorded. If this is impossible, the registrars shall report any serious omission or difference to the commissioners by mail, who shall cause the same to be properly investigated. In order to prevent further entries in the registers without the direction of the commissioners, all of the registrars shall, at the end of each day aforesaid, sign their initials in the line immediately under the last name registered by them under each letter in each book, together with the date. (Act 1919, Sec. 33, P. L. 873.)

Registrars to Sign Certificate at End of Fifth Wednesday Preceding Spring Primary and Last Day in Fall When Registrars are in Session—Registrars to Prepare Two "Street Lists" of Names Registered—Disposition of Lists.

38. At the end of the fifth Wednesday preceding the spring primary, and at the end of the last day in the fall of each year when the registrars are in session, they shall sign a certificate, the form of which shall be printed on the last page of the register, setting forth the number of persons registered on each day and the number of names which have been stricken out, if any, and the total number of names remaining registered.

At the same time the two registrars who have not charge of the registers shall prepare two "street lists" of the names and addresses of all persons registered, in the order in which their residences appear upon the streets of the election district. One of said street lists shall be hung outside of the polling-place, and shall remain in that position until the next November election or spring primary. (Act 1919, Sec. 34, P. L. 874.)

When Registers, Street List, Vouchers and Unused Forms Shall be Delivered to Commissioners by Registrars.

39. Before ten o'clock ante meridian on the Monday following the last day when the registrars shall be in session in the fall of any year, and before the like hour on the fifth Saturday preceding the spring primary, the two registrars who have been charged with the keeping of the registers shall deliver the same, together with the aforesaid certificate and one street list and all affidavits, vouchers, unused forms, et cetera, to the commissioners at such place or places as may be designated by them by general instructions previously given to such registrars, and none of the registrars shall be entitled to any compensation until the said registers, et cetera, are returned as aforesaid. (Act 1919, Sec. 35, P. L. 874.)

• **"Street Lists" to be Printed and Distributed by Commissioners—Who Shall Receive the Same.**

40. The commissioners shall cause at least one hundred exact copies of the street list of each election district to be printed in pamphlet form as soon as possible, and they shall distribute the same as they deem proper among the inspectors of registration and the city and county officials concerned with the conduct of any election or primary and among the parties, bodies of electors, and candidates interested therein, giving at least ten copies of each street list to the central or city committee of each political party or body of electors upon the written application of the chairman thereof, and keeping two complete sets of such street lists on file at the office of the commission, convenient for public inspection during all the hours when their other records are open to public inspection as herein provided. (Act 1919, Sec. 36, P. L. 874.)

Petitions Objecting to Action of Registrars, in Registering or Refusing to Strike Names Off List, May be Filed With the Commissioners, Who Shall Give Public Hearing and May Correct Register.

41. If any qualified elector, including any watcher, registrar, or inspector of registration of any city, shall object to any action of any registrars in registering any person or in refusing to strike off the name of any person registered, such elector may file his petition with the commissioners, praying for the correction of the registers upon such grounds as he may set forth in such petition under oath. One of the commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing such petition, not later than five days before any fall primary or ten days preceding any election or spring primary, and the petitioner shall cause forty-eight hours notice of the proceeding to be given to the person whose registration is in question, by leaving a copy of the petition, with the time and place fixed for hearing the same indorsed thereon, with an adult person at his place of residence as given by him to the registrars and recorded in the registers, and, upon proof of service of such notice or proof that there is no one residing at the address given, and after a public hearing, the commissioners, if satisfied that the said person is not entitled to be registered, shall strike his name from the registers, and otherwise amend the records of the election district where he was registered accordingly. (Act 1919, Sec. 37, P. L. 874.)

Time for Filing Petitions With the Commission for Striking Names Off Register—What Petition Shall Specify—Disposition of Petition by Commission.

42. At any time not later than five days before any fall primary or ten days preceding any election or spring primary, any qualified elector of the city, including any watcher, registrar, or inspector as aforesaid, may petition the commission to strike off from the registers of any election district the name of any person previously registered therein by the commissioners, setting forth, under oath supported by the affidavits of at least two adult persons, sufficient grounds for striking off such name, and also setting forth that due notice of the time and place when said petition would be presented had been given to the person so registered, personally, at least twenty-four hours prior to the presentation of the same, or that he could not be found at the place given in the registers as his residence and that that person in charge thereof, to be mentioned by name in said petition, had declared that he or she was well acquainted with the names of all persons residing at the address given as such residence and that the person so registered had never been or was no longer one of them, or that no person is residing at the address given; whereupon the commissioners shall forthwith strike such name from the register, unless the person so registered shall appear and show cause why the same should not be done. (Act 1919, Sec. 38, P. L. 875.)

Insertion or Striking Out of Names in Registers or Amending Records by Clerks to Commissioners to be Construed as the Acts of the Commissioners—Commissioners May Make and Enforce Regulations and Subpoena Witnesses—Right of Appeal.

43. Any insertion or striking out of names or other information in registers, or the amending of any records, done by any clerks of the commissioners by order of the commissioners, shall be construed to have been done by the commissioners themselves, and shall likewise be subject to the correction of any errors in the doing thereof; and the commissioners may make any regulations, not inconsistent with this act or the laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States, for the regulation of the business and public sessions of the commission, and may enforce such regulations and all their orders and subpoenas to witnesses, as herein provided, and if necessary, have the assistance of the courts of common pleas of the county, and of all public officers subservient thereto, in enforcing the same; which assistance said officers, as well as the judges of said courts, shall render when requested to do so, subject, however, to the right of certain persons to appeal from the orders of the commissioners, as hereinafter provided. (Act 1919, Sec. 39, P. L. 875.)

Applicant or Any Elector Dissatisfied with Decision of Commissioners, May Petition Court, Which May Give Public Hearing, and Reverse, Affirm or Alter Decision—Payment of Fines and Costs.

44. Any person whose claim for registration has been denied by the commissioners, or whose name, although previously registered, has been struck off by the commissioners or by any registrars and not restored by the commissioners upon a petition filed for that purpose as aforesaid, or any qualified elector of any city whose rights are impaired by any general order made by the commissioners, not including registration of particular names by the commissioners on personal application made to them as aforesaid or refusals to strike off names upon any petition of any kind aforesaid, may file an appeal with the proper court of common pleas, not later than the fourth day preceding any fall primary or the eighth day preceding any election or spring primary, setting forth why he feels that an injustice has been done, and praying for such order as will give him relief, provided that such appellant shall pay the prothonotary a fee of three dollars for filing such appeal; and thereupon any judge of the said court may fix a time and place for hearing the matter in dispute, of which notice shall be served, with a copy of said appeal, by the

appellant, upon the counsel for the commissioners, and upon any elector or his attorney who opposed the contention of the appellant before the commissioners, at least forty-eight hours before such matter may be reviewed by the court, and proof of notice or the waiver thereof must be filed therein. Any judge or said court may enlarge the time of notice or postpone such hearing, as may be reasonable with due regard for the time remaining before the succeeding election or primary; and at the time so fixed the court, or any judge thereof assigned for the purpose, shall hear all the witnesses and other evidence that may be offered de novo, unless the issue can be decided in some other manner by agreement of all concerned. After such public hearing, the said court may reverse, affirm, or alter the decision of the commissioners, and modify any order made by them accordingly, and, if necessary, issue its mandate to the election officers of any election district to permit the appellant to vote at any designated election or primary, although his name may not have been entered in or restored to the register of such district. The said court may compel the appellant or any opposing party, other than the commissioners, to pay all the witness fees and other legal costs of such appeal, which may be taxed by the prothonotary in the usual manner. (Act 1919, Sec. 40, P. L. 876.)

Commissioners to Produce Documents, When Appeal is Taken to Court—Commissioners Need not Appear at Hearing.

45. At the written request of any person taking an appeal from any action or order of the commission as aforesaid, the commissioners shall produce, at the hearing thereof, any petition, register, or other record in its custody, relevant to the issue involved, but the commissioners shall not be obliged to answer any appeal, and shall not be obliged, by subpoena or otherwise, to appear at any such hearing, unless they deem it expedient to do so. (Act 1919, Sec. 41, P. L. 877.)

Person Filing Appeal May Have Subpoenas Issued Through the Commission Upon Condition of Payment of Witness Fees—Commission May Subpoena Witnesses and Pay Same—Disposition of Unclaimed Fees.

46. Any person filing any petition of any kind aforesaid with the commission, or opposing same, shall have the privilege of having subpoenas issued by the commission, over the signature of its chief clerk, to compel the attendance of witnesses, upon condition that all witnesses so subpoenaed shall be paid two dollars and fifty cents each per day as witness fees, in the manner herein provided. The commissioners, on their own motion, may subpoena witnesses, including registrars, each of whom shall also be entitled to daily witness fees at the rate aforesaid, to be paid by the chief clerk of the commission out of any money to be provided for the purpose to the commission by the city councils of each city in the same manner as its other necessary expenses are to be provided for. All subpoenas shall be in substantially the same form and have the same force and effect as subpoenas now issued by the court of common pleas, and the commissioners shall have the benefit of the process of said courts if necessary to enforce any subpoena issued by the commission. No subpoena shall be issued for the benefit of any person other than the commissioners until he shall have paid the chief clerk a fee of twenty-five cents for issuing the same, and deposited with said clerk one day's witness fees for each witness to be summoned thereby, whose names shall be given to the clerk and entered by him in such subpoena and among the records of the commission, and no such subpoena shall be of any virtue to require the further attendance of any witness after the day mentioned therein, unless the hearing be postponed or continued by the commission and before four o'clock post meridian of said day the person for whose benefit it be issued shall have deposited with the said chief clerk an additional day's witness fees for each witness whose further attendance is desired; and, as soon as convenient after any hearing is concluded (or postponed or continued) on any day, the chief clerk shall disburse the fees deposited with him by any person aforesaid among those witnesses who have appeared in response to subpoenas issued as aforesaid, and return any fees deposited for others who did not attend to the person who deposited same, and shall also pay like fees to any summoned by the commissioners as aforesaid, taking their receipts therefor, so long as there are sufficient funds available for such payments. The chief clerk shall pay over to the city treasurer all fees received for subpoenas, and his accounts respecting disbursements of witness fees out of appropriations made to the commission by councils shall be subject to audit by the city controller from time to time. (Act 1919, Sec. 42, P. L. 877.)

Commissioners to Appoint Employes and Fix Compensation.

47. The commissioners shall have power to appoint a chief clerk (who shall have power to administer oaths), and to fix his compensation at a sum not exceeding twenty-five hundred dollars per annum; two assistant clerks, at salaries not over eighteen hundred dollars per annum for each; a stenographer (who may act as a clerk), who shall receive not more than fifteen hundred dollars per annum; one or two custodians of the records to guard the same while they are open to the public inspection, each of whom shall receive not more than twelve hundred dollars per annum; a messenger, who shall receive not more than one thousand dollars per annum; as many clerks as they may deem necessary from time to time, at a compensation not exceeding four dollars per diem for the time actually employed; such inspectors of registration as they may deem necessary from time to time, at a compensation not exceeding five dollars per diem for the time actually employed, except on days when the registrars are in session at the polling-places, when said inspectors shall be paid at the same rate of compensation as the registrars and registrars as aforesaid, who shall be paid for their services at the rate of ten dollars for each day that they are in session at the polling-places (payable after they deliver the registers, et cetera, to the commission as herein provided) and at the same rate as other witnesses when they are summoned to appear before the commission or the court of common pleas. (Act 1919, Sec. 43, P. L. 878.)

Commissioners May Employ Special Counsel and Fix Compensation.

48. The commissioners may employ special counsel, at a compensation not exceeding two thousand dollars per annum. Such counsel shall advise the commissioners from time to time regarding their powers and duties and the rights of electors and concerning the best methods of legal procedure for carrying out the various provisions of this act, and shall appear for and represent them on all appeals taken from their decisions or orders to the court of common pleas as hereinbefore provided. (Act 1919, Sec. 44, P. L. 878.)

Councils to Appropriate Annually Funds for Maintenance of Commission, Salaries of Employees, and Enforcement of Provisions of Personal Registration Act.

49. The council or councils of each city shall appropriate annually, and from time to time, the funds that shall be necessary for the maintenance and operation of the commission and the carrying out of the provisions of this act, including the payment of the compensation of the registrars, the commissioners, and their clerks, counsel, inspectors of registration, and other employees, and the fees of witnesses, as herein provided. The council or councils of each city shall provide the commissioners thereof with suitable and adequate rooms and furniture for keeping their records, holding their public sessions, and otherwise performing their duties, and shall also make appropriations from time to time for printing, in accordance with the directions of the commissioners, securing and distributing, or receiving and preserving, all street lists, blank registers, affidavits, vouchers, account books, stationery, and other supplies, which the commissioners consider necessary for the purpose of this act, and for all other necessary expenses. Any unexpended balances of any appropriations, heretofore made by any council or councils of any city to which this act applies, for the purpose of carrying out any provision of the Personal Registration Act, approved July twenty-fourth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, and the amendments thereto, shall be transferred to and made available for the commission hereby created for such city, for the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this act, immediately after the passage of this act and the appointment of such commission, after allowing full compensation to all existing registration commissioners and their permanent appointees for the remainder of any current month during which their terms of office shall expire; and all moneys required in addition to any original appropriation in the current year or any other year shall be appropriated from time to time as soon as it appears what extra sums are needed. (Act 1919, Sec. 45, P. L. 879.)

County Commissioners to See That All Polling-Places are in Good Order for Use By the Registrars and Make Payment for the Rental Thereof—Registration Commissioners May Remove Place of Registry When Regular Polling-Places are Not Available, and shall Give Notice to Political Committees and by Posted Hand Bills of Such Removal—Change of Place of Registry Not to Constitute a Change of Polling-Place.

50. It shall be the duty of the county commissioners of each county to see that the polling-places are open and in proper order for the use of the registrars on each day when they are required to be in session in the various election districts, and to provide for the payment of all rentals for same upon proper vouchers by the treasurer of such county. Whenever the registrars of any election district or any inspector of registration shall, at any time, make written report to the commission that the registrars are or will be unable to hold their sessions on any registration day at the polling-place of such district on account of the failure of the county commissioners to arrange for the use thereof and the refusal of the owner or occupant thereof to permit such use, or because the building has been so altered or destroyed that it is no longer suitable for registration purposes, the registration commissioners may forthwith, on their own motion, remove the place of registry in that district to any other place therein that is suitable and convenient for such purposes, provided that immediate notice of such change be given to the central or city committee of each party or body of electors by messenger, and to the electors of said district by posting at least two written or printed handbills outside or adjacent to the old polling-place, stating in large type where the registrars will hold their sessions, and reposting such handbills on each registration day during each following period of registration until proper arrangements are made to use or change the polling-place; but such changes of the places of registry by the registration commissioners shall not operate as a change of the polling-places in any election districts aforesaid for the holding of elections or primaries therein, unless the county commissioners shall duly approve the same upon petitions filed by electors as now is or hereafter may be required by law. The word polling-place, when used elsewhere in this act, shall be held to include any such temporary place of registry. (Act 1919, Sec. 46, P. L. 879.)

When Registers Shall be Delivered to County Commissioners.

51. Not later than noon of the second day preceding each election or primary, the commissioners shall deliver to the commissioners of the proper county the two registers prepared for each election district, in order that the same may be delivered to the election officers with other election materials for use on election day in the manner in which the county commissioners now are or hereafter may be required to deliver the same. (Act 1919, Sec. 47, P. L. 880.)

Acts Performed on Legal Holidays and Sundays by Persons and Employees of the Commission to be Declared Necessary Public Service.

52. No part of any day fixed for the performance of any duties by any person or official under this act, shall be deemed a Sunday or a legal holiday so as to affect the legality of any work done for the purpose of carrying out the provisions hereof, or the right of any person to any compensation herein provided for for rendering any service required hereby, or so as to relieve any person from doing on such day whatever is necessary for such purposes; and such services are hereby declared to be necessary public services. (Act 1919, Sec. 48, P. L. 880.)

†Registered Persons May Vote at General or Municipal Elections, Unless Disqualified Since Registration—Registered Enrolled Person May Vote Party Ticket at Primaries With Which He is Enrolled, and Cannot be Challenged Regarding Party Membership—Non-Enrolled Elector May Vote Non-Partisan Ballot at Primaries—Registered Enrolled Elector May be Challenged as to Residence at Time of Primary or Special Election Which May Intervene Between Day of Registration and Next General or Municipal Election.

53. Any person whose name is on the register shall be entitled to vote at any general or municipal election, unless it be shown to the satisfaction of the election officers that he has become disqualified since registration. Any person who is registered and also enrolled as a member of a political party may vote the ballot of said party at the primary or primaries succeeding such registration without being subject to any challenge regarding his party membership: Provided, that no elector registered and enrolled as a member of any one particular party shall be allowed to receive or vote the ballot of any other political party at any primary election, and that any qualified elector registered, although not enrolled as aforesaid, shall be permitted to vote a non-partisan ballot according to any law providing for same at any primary election: And provided further, That the presence of any person's name on the register shall not be conclusive evidence of his qualifications as to length of residence at the time of any primary or special election which may intervene between the day of his registration and the next general or municipal election, but, if challenged regarding such qualification, he shall produce such further proof as the law requires, before being permitted to vote. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 49, P. L. 880.)

†This section does not apply to Non-Partisan nominations.

Non-Registered Persons Cannot Vote, Except Soldiers, Sailors or Marines Who are Otherwise Qualified electors and in Actual Service—Registered Elector May be Challenged at Elections or Primaries as to Identity or Residence—Challenged Elector to Sign Registry and Produce Such Other Evidence as is Required by Law—Use of Registers at Elections and Primaries.

54. * * * No one except a qualified elector who is in actual military or naval service under a requisition of the President of the United States or by the authority of this Commonwealth, shall be entitled to vote at any election or primary without being registered, except by order of the court of common pleas as herein provided regarding appealed cases; and any person, although registered, may be challenged at any election or primary as to his identity and residence, and, if challenged, he shall sign his name in the register marked "ballot check list" in the place provided for that purpose, if able to do so, and produce such other evidence as is or may be required by law to satisfy the election officers of his identity and residence. The two registers shall be used at elections and primaries by the election officers in the place of the ballot check list and the voting check list. One of said registers shall be marked "ballot check list," and the other, "voting check list." * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 49, P. L. 880.)

After Close of Polls Names Checked in Registers as Having Voted to be Counted and Result Announced Before Ballot-Box is Opened—Registers to be Sealed and Delivered to Registration Commissioners.

55. * * * After the polls are closed the names of all electors in each register checked as having voted shall be immediately counted, and the results compared and announced, and the cause of any difference ascertained, if possible, before the ballot-box is opened. The two registers shall be immediately sealed in an envelope, and shall be returned to the custody of the registration commissioners by the majority inspector before four post meridian on the second day following each election or primary. (Act 1919, Sec. 49, P. L. 880.)

Chief Clerk in Office of Registration Commissioner to be Deputized to Collect and Receive Poll Taxes—To Give Bond and Pay Taxes to Receiver of Taxes.

56. The receiver of taxes in each city to which this act applies shall designate the chief clerk of the commission in said city to be a deputy receiver of taxes for the collection and receipt of poll taxes from persons assessed as residents of such city; such deputy to hold office only while continuing in office as such chief clerk, provided that he shall give said receiver of taxes a bond, in sum not exceeding five thousand dollars, in proper form, for the safe-keeping and paying over to him of all poll taxes collected by said deputy in such amount, with such surety, as may be approved by said receiver of taxes or by the court of common pleas of the proper county. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 50, P. L. 881.)

Poll-Tax Receipts Shall be Prepared by Receiver of Taxes—To be Bound in Book Form—Receipts to Bear Seal of City and Issued to Deputy on Request.

57. * * * Said receiver of taxes shall prepare blank poll tax receipts, bound together in books containing fifty each, and impressed with the proper seal of the city, and issue such number to such deputy from time to time as he may request. Provided, That the number of receipts so delivered to him and not accounted for as hereinafter provided shall not exceed ten thousand at any time. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 50, P. L. 881.)

When Poll-Taxes May be Paid to the Deputy, viz: The Chief Clerk of the Registration Commission.

58. * * * On the days when electors may be registered by the commission more than one month prior to any general or municipal election, such deputy shall be ready, during the hours when the commission shall be in session, to receive poll taxes from the residents of the various election districts in such city applying for such registration, upon any assessment of such taxes made at least two months prior to such election, and give them the official receipts therefor, to be provided as aforesaid. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 50, P. L. 881.)

When and Where Chief Clerk of Registration Commission Shall File His Account for Collection of Poll-Taxes—To Receive Commission for Collection of Taxes, and Return all Stubs and Unused Receipts to Receiver of Taxes, Who Shall Preserve Same.

59. * * * Such deputy may from time to time and within ten days after each November election shall, account to said receiver of taxes for all such taxes collected prior to such accounting, less ten per centum thereof which such deputy may retain as his commission for collecting the same, which commission shall be in addition to any compensation allowed such deputy for his services as such chief clerk; and such deputy shall return the stub of each receipt given for such taxes, and on or before the tenth day following the November election. Such deputy shall also return all unused receipts to said receiver of taxes, who shall keep such stubs and unused receipts as a part of the records of his department for a period of one year. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 50, P. L. 881.)

Penalty on Chief Clerk of Registration Commission for Wrongful Acceptance or Refusal to Accept Poll-Taxes.

60. * * * Any such deputy who shall, upon request of any person assessed as a voter as aforesaid, refuse to accept the payment of his poll tax and to furnish a receipt therefor, or who shall accept payment of any poll tax from any person except an elector upon whom such tax has been properly assessed or his duly authorized agent or attorney, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars for each offense. (Act 1919, Sec. 50, P. L. 881.)

Penalty for Wilful Disobedience of a Lawful Order of the Commissioners, or Refusal to Obey Subpoena Issued by Them.

61. Any person who wilfully disobeys a lawful order of the commissioners, or refuses to obey their subpoena duly issued and served under the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred (500) dollars. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 51, P. L. 882.)

Penalty for Wilful False Statement Made Under Oath, or in Writing in Relation to Any Matter or Thing Being Investigated, Heard, or Acted Upon by Any Registrar, Commissioner, Election Officer, Inspector of Registration, Court or Commission.

62. * * * Any wilful false statement made under oath, or in writing stating that it is so made although such oath may not have actually been made, by any person, regarding any material matter or thing relating to any subject being investigated, heard, or acted upon by any registrar, commissioner, judge, watcher, inspector of registration, court or commission, by virtue of this act, shall be perjury, and any person, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred (500) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 51, P. L. 882.)

Penalty on Registrar Who Intentionally Registers, or Permits to be Registered, Persons Not Lawfully Entitled Thereto, or Who Refuses to Allow or Who Knowingly Assists in Preventing the Registration of Persons Entitled to be Registered.

63. * * * Any registrar who knowingly registers or permits to be registered a person not lawfully entitled to be registered, or who, without reasonable cause, refuses to register a person entitled to be registered, or knowingly assists in preventing such person from being registered, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, at the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 51, P. L. 882.)

Penalty for Applying for Registration by False Representation, or Personation, or Offering of False Naturalization Papers, or Fraudulent Tax Receipts.

64. * * * A person who applies for registration knowing or having reason to know that he is not entitled to be registered, or who falsely personates another in an application for registration, or who knowingly offers false naturalization papers or a fraudulent tax receipt to establish his claim to be registered, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced for every such offense to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding three years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 51, P. L. 882.)

Penalty on Registrar Who Inserts or Intentionally Permits to be Inserted Name on Registry List Without Proper Application in Person During Registration Hours or Who Fails to Requite the Proper Evidence from Applicant, or Who Alters Registry List After Entry Has Been Made, or Who Makes Entry After Registration Hours.

65. * * * A registrar who inserts or intentionally permits to be inserted a name on the registry list without a proper application in person, during the hours of registration on a registration day, on the part of the person registered, or without requiring the proper evidence of the right of the applicant to be registered, or who materially alters any registry list after the entry has been made except upon an order of the court or of the commissioners, or who makes any entry therein at any time other than during the hours of registration and in the presence of the other registrars, except upon such an order, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 51, P. L. 882.)

Penalty on an Election Officer Who Knowingly Refuses the Vote of a Registered Elector or Accepts the Vote of a Person Not Registered, or Who Knowingly Receives Vote from a Person Claiming to be a Registered Voter.

66. * * * Any election officer who knowingly refuses the vote of a duly registered and qualified elector, or who knowingly accepts the vote of a person not registered in accordance with the provision of this act, except that of a person in actual military or naval service as aforesaid or a person having an order of court as aforesaid, or who knowingly receives a vote from a person falsely claiming to be a registered voter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 51, P. L. 882.)

Penalty on Commissioner, Registrar, Chief Clerk, Inspector of Registration, or Other Officer, Who Wilfully Neglects or Refuses to Perform Duty.

67. * * * Any commissioner, registrar, chief clerk, inspector of registration, or other officer upon whom a duty is laid by this act, who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to perform his said duty shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 51, P. L. 882.)

Penalty for Insertion or Intentionally Permitting to be Inserted Any Name or Material Entry on Any Register, Street List, Affidavit, Petition, Subpoena, Certificate, Report, or Other Record, or for Materially Altering or Destroying Same, or for the Taking or Removing of Any Such Books, Papers or Other Records from the Custody of the Person Having Lawful Charge Thereof.

68. * * * Any person who inserts or intentionally permits to be inserted any name or material entry on any register, street list, affidavit, petition, subpoena, certificate, report, or other record, authorized or required by this act to be made or prepared for any purpose herein mentioned, except in accordance herewith, or who materially alters or destroys an entry which has been duly made therein, except as herein provided, or who takes and removes any such book, paper, or other record from the custody of any person having lawful charge thereof in order to prevent the same from being used or inspected or copied as herein provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding three years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 51, P. L. 882.)

Penalty for Neglect or Refusal to Furnish to Any Inspector of Registration any Information Which He is Authorized to Obtain, or to Exhibit Any Records, Paper or Documents Authorized to be Inspected by Him.

69. * * * Any person who neglects or refuses to furnish to any inspector of registration any information which he is herein authorized to obtain or to exhibit any records, papers, or documents herein authorized to be inspected by him, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 51, P. L. 882.)

Penalty on Any Constable, Policeman, Sheriff, or Other Peace or Police Officer, or Deputy or Subordinate Who Fails Upon Demand, of an Inspector of Registration to Render Such Aid and Assistance as he May Demand, or Who Shall Wilfully Hinder or Delay an Inspector of Registration in the Performance of Any Duty.

70. * * * Any constable, policeman, sheriff, or other peace or police officer, or deputy or subordinate thereof, who shall fail, upon demand of any inspector of registration, to render such aid and assistance to him as he shall demand in the maintenance of peace and in the making of arrests without warrant as herein provided, or who shall wilfully hinder or delay or attempt to hinder or delay any inspector of registration in the performance of any duty, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 51, P. L. 882.)

Penalty for Intentionally Interfering With, Hindering, or Delaying any Other Person in the Performance of Any Act or Duty Authorized or Imposed by Act.

71. * * * Any person who intentionally interferes with, hinders, or delays any other person in the performance of any act or duty authorized or imposed herein, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars. (Act 1919, Sec. 51, P. L. 882.)

How Act Shall be Construed.

72. The provisions of this act shall be severable, and if any of the provisions shall be held to be unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of any of the remaining provisions of this act. (Act 1919, Sec. 52, P. L. 885.)

ARTICLE III.

†PERSONAL REGISTRATION.

Cities of the Second Class.

Definitions of Terms Used, viz: "Commissioners," "Oaths," "Swear," "Districts," "Public Officers," "Party," "Registers," "General Election" and "Municipal Election."

1. "Commissioners," as used herein, has reference to Registration Commissioners; "oath" includes affirmation, and "swear" includes affirm, wherever used. Election "district" includes election division. All reference to public officers or municipal authorities, where not otherwise specified, shall be understood to refer to the authorities of the proper county or judicial district. "Party," as used herein, has reference to a political party which, at the last election, polled two per centum of the vote cast in any city or election district for the candidate receiving the largest vote therein. "Register" means the book containing, or to contain, the registry list of electors, prepared by the registrars. "General election" means the election held in even numbered years. "Municipal election" means the election held in odd numbered years. (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 977.)

Board of Registration Commissioners, Appointment, Qualifications, Term, Removal, Filling of Vacancies and Compensation.

2. The Governor of the Commonwealth shall, at the expiration of the terms of existing commissioners in said cities, and in every fourth year thereafter, appoint a Board of Registration Commissioners for each of said cities (of the second class), consisting of four duly qualified electors of said city, not more than two of whom shall be members of the same party: Provided, however, That this act shall not in any way be construed as nullifying the appointments already made by the Governor of the existing commissioners for terms for which they have already been appointed. The commissioners shall hold office for a term of four years, or until their successors qualify. Any commissioner may be removed for cause by the Governor. Any vacancy in a Board of Commissioners shall be filled by the Governor within ten days after the vacancy occurs and the person appointed to fill such vacancy shall hold office during the remainder of the term of the commissioner in whose place he was appointed. All appointments shall be so made that at no time shall more than two commissioners belong to the same party, the Commissioners in cities of * * * (the second class shall receive a compensation at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum; said compensation shall be paid by the treasurer of the proper county. (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 1108.)

Organization of Board—How Records Shall be Kept and to Whom Reports Shall be Made—Power to Administer Oaths.

3. As soon after their appointment as may be, the commissioners shall organize by selecting a chairman and a secretary, who shall not be members of the same party. The concurrence of three commissioners shall be necessary to any affirmative action, except as may be otherwise provided herein. The Commissioners shall keep a record, in permanent form, of all their proceedings. Their records shall be open to the public at all reasonable times, and they shall make an annual report to the Governor. They shall have the power to administer oaths. (Act 1913, Sec. 4, P. L. 978.)

†This Act applies only to the cities of Pittsburgh and Scranton. For Act governing the Registration of Voters in Cities of the First Class, see Article II. For Act governing the Registration of Voters in Cities of the Third Class, see Article IV. For Registration of Voters in Boroughs and Townships, see Article XV. For Act governing the Enrollment of Voters at Primary Elections, see Article I.

Registrars—Appointment and Qualifications of—Electors May Petition Commissioners for Revocation of Appointment of—Public Officer or Candidate for Public Office Not Competent to Act as—Commissioners to Designate the Two Registrars Who Shall Have Charge of Two Registers.

4. The Commissioners shall, not later than August fifteenth of each year, appoint four registrars for each election district, as herein provided. The registrars must be duly qualified electors of the said district, and shall have been residents of the city for a period of two years, and of the ward for one year, immediately preceding their appointment. They must be sober and judicious persons, of good moral character, able to read intelligently, and to write legibly. Two of the registrars shall be members of the party polling the highest vote within the election district at the last preceding general election and one at least shall be a member of the party polling the next highest number of votes at said election. The commissioners shall provide at all times a Board of Registrars, not more than two of whom shall be of the same political faith. If, therefore, it appears, at any time, that by reason of a change in political affiliations or because of error in the appointment, a Board is not so divided, any ten electors of the division may file a petition with the commissioners, setting forth the facts, and praying that one or more of the appointments may be revoked, and that other appointments may be made. The commissioners shall grant a public hearing, and, if they find the facts to be as represented, shall give the relief asked for. Two of the said registrars, one of whom shall be of the majority party, shall be designated by the commissioners to have charge of the two registers as hereinafter provided. No person who holds, or is a candidate for, public office shall act as registrar. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 5, P. L. 978.)

A board of registration commissioners has discretionary authority as to the appointment of election registrars under the provisions of the Act of July 24, 1913, P. L. 977, and is not compelled to appoint or reappoint persons suggested to them for appointment or reappointment by ward executive committees. *Hutchinson, Appellant vs. Goshorn*, 256 Pa., 69.

Petitions for Appointment of Registrars—Manner of Appointing—How Appointed When Petitions Not Filed—Persons Considered for Appointment Must be Examined—Notice of Time and Place of Examination to be Published—Electors May Protest as to Qualifications—How Other Names May be Suggested upon Refusal of Commissioners to Appoint.

5. * * * The names of at least four qualified persons shall be suggested to the commissioners, by petition duly filed, for each election division, two by the ward executive committees, if such exist, and, if not, by the city committees, of the parties of the district. These petitions shall be signed by the president and one secretary of the ward executive committees, if such exist; if not, by the president and one secretary of the city committee, if such exists, and by five electors of the division, and shall set forth the names, addresses, and occupations and political affiliation of the persons suggested. Each candidate for registrar shall swear to the truth of the facts set forth in his petition. The petitions shall remain on file, open to public inspection, at least ten days before the persons named therein shall be appointed, except in cases where a vacancy occurs in the office of registrar within ten days of a registration day. If no petitions are filed, the commissioners may appoint without regard to party; and, if the persons suggested by petition are unfit, shall have the power to appoint others of whom they shall have knowledge. No appointment shall be made unless the person to be appointed has personally appeared before the commissioners, and has satisfied them of his qualifications; but in case of a reappointment, it shall not be necessary for the person so reappointed to be summoned. At least one week's notice of the time and place of examination, for each ward or election district, of those persons who have been suggested by petition, or are under consideration, for appointment as registrars in such ward or election district shall be published by the commissioners in at least two daily newspapers in the city. Only electors residing in the same division as the person applying for appointment as registrar may appear in person, and, being duly sworn, show wherein said person applying for appointment as registrar does not possess the requisite qualifications. If the persons nominated are found not to be properly qualified the commissioners may decline to appoint them, and the ward executive committee, or city committee, shall then suggest other names as aforesaid. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 5, P. L. 978.)

Appointment of Registrars Subject to Approval by Three of the Commissioners—Method to be Pursued in Case of Disagreement.

6. * * * No person shall be appointed a registrar unless the appointment is approved by three commissioners: Provided, That if two commissioners have concurred in approving four persons successfully to fill one position, and the other two commissioners have concurred in objecting to said persons, the commissioners first referred to may approve four other names, and from these eight, all having been suggested by petition, the other two commissioners must select the registrar. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 5, P. L. 978.)

Power of Commissioners—Registrars Must Perform Duties, Unless Excused—Compensation of Registrars.

7. * * * The commissioners shall have power to summon any person whom they desire to interrogate; and all persons testifying before said commissioners shall be first duly sworn by one of said commissioners, or by the recorder. Any person so appointed a registrar must perform his duties as prescribed by this act, unless excused therefrom by the commissioners for cause shown. The registrars shall receive a compensation of ten dollars per day for the time actually spent in registration. (Act 1913, Sec. 5, P. L. 978.)

Registration Days—Duties and Powers of Registrars—Commissioners to Give Notice of Registration Days—Registers to be Preserved.

8. The registrars of each election district (of cities of the second class) shall meet at the polling-place thereof, in even-numbered years, on the ninth Thursday, the seventh Tuesday, and the fifth Saturday, preceding the November election, which shall be known as the Fall registration; on the fifth Wednesday preceding the Spring primary, which shall be known as the Spring registration; and, in odd-numbered years, on the ninth Thursday, eighth Tuesday, and eighth Saturday, preceding the November election, which shall also be known as the Fall registration. They shall remain in open session from seven ante meridian to ten ante meridian, and from four post meridian to ten post meridian, of each registration day. They shall on said days receive personal application from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered. They shall have power to administer oaths, shall examine said applicants under oath and shall record on the register the names of those whom they shall determine to be qualified as hereinafter provided. Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given by the commissioners, by publication in at least two daily newspapers in the city, and by posting notices at the polling-places. Electors who did not register at the Fall registration may register at the Spring registration; and the lists shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of Fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened. The old registers shall be preserved by the commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they are in use. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 576.)

Persons Claiming Right to Vote Must Register on Days Fixed—Answers to Questions to be Recorded in Registers—Form, Size and Character of Register to be Furnished by Secretary of the Commonwealth.

9. Every person claiming the right to vote must appear in person before the registrars in the district in which he lives, on one of the days prescribed by law, and answer the questions put to him by them. These answers must be recorded on a single line in two registers. * * * The size and character of the said register shall be determined by the Secretary of Commonwealth, and the form thereof shall be furnished by the said Secretary to the respective commissioners. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 7, P. L. 980.)

For persons desiring to register who arrive at twenty-one years of age or qualify as to naturalization between primary and succeeding election or who were unavoidably absent from city or physically unable to appear before the registrars on days fixed, see Sections 24 and 25 of Article 3.

What Instructions to be Printed at Head of Register.

10. * * * Immediately above the form (of the register) shall be printed the following instructions: The applicant must be sworn, or affirmed, that the information given by him in reference to his right to be registered shall be the truth. Any wilful false statement constitutes perjury, and is punishable as such. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 7, P. L. 980.)

What Questions Applicants for Registration Must Answer to be Registered—One Register to be Used as "Ballot Check-List" and the Other as "Voting Check-List" on Election Day.

11. * * * Every register shall be indexed alphabetically from A to Z. The lines of each page shall be consecutively numbered in both margins, beginning with the number one at each alphabetical division of the register. The answers of the applicants shall be recorded in their presence in both registers in the following manner: In the first column shall be entered the surname of the applicant, in the order of his appearance at the polling-place, on the page bearing the index letter of his surname; in the second column shall be entered his Christian name or names; in the third column, his occupation; in the fourth column the street and number of his residence; in the fifth and sixth columns, whether he is a householder, lodger, lessee, or owner, and, if he is a lodger or lessee of a portion only of a house, the location or number of the room or floor which he occupies; in the seventh and eighth columns shall be entered the length of his residence in the State and district, respectively; in the ninth, tenth, eleventh and twelfth columns the location of the house from which he last registered, giving State, city, street, and number, respectively, and the year in which he is so registered; in the thirteenth column, the State or territory of the United States, or the foreign country, where he was born; in the fourteenth column whether, being foreign-born, he produces his naturalization papers; in the fifteenth column, the number of the affidavit of naturalization of his father, if taken; in the sixteenth and seventeenth columns, the manner in which he complies with the law relating to the payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote,—whether by the production of his receipt or by making affidavit; if the applicant is less than twenty-two years of age the word "age" shall be recorded in said columns; in the eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth and twenty-first columns his personal description, designating whether white or colored, his approximate age, height and weight; in the twenty-second column the designation of the political party of the elector for the purpose of voting at the next succeeding primary or primaries, if such a statement shall be by law required as preliminary to the right to vote at such primary or primaries; in the twenty-third column in the register, marked "voting check-list," he shall be required to sign his name, if able to write; if he alleges inability to write a record of the fact in the same column, and, unless due to some apparent physical infirmity he shall be required to make affidavit of his inability to write; in the twenty-third column in the register marked "ballot check-list," he shall, if challenged on election day, be required to sign his name; in the twenty-fourth column shall be entered the number of the challenge affidavit of every person who is required to take said affidavit; in the twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth columns the election officers shall record in one register the obtaining of the ballot, and in the other the casting of the vote of the registered elector at the Fall primary, November election, Spring primary, or special election, as hereinafter provided, or as may hereafter be provided by law. (Act 1913, Sec. 7, P. L. 980.)

Qualifications of an Elector, Claiming Right to be Registered.

12. Every person who shall have paid his taxes, either by himself or his duly authorized agent or attorney, on or before the last day for registration, and who shall possess all the other qualifications of an elector as provided, in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth, or who, by continued residence in his election district, will obtain such qualifications before the next ensuing general or municipal election, shall be entitled to be registered at the Fall registration; but, at the Spring registration, only if he will be qualified to vote at the Spring primary; but no person shall be registered unless at least three of the registrars determine that he is so qualified. (Act 1913, Sec. 8, P. L. 983.)

Persons Claiming Right to Register May be Challenged—What Proof Required to be Registered—Disposition of Affidavits.

13. Any person, claiming the right to register may be challenged by a registrar, or by any qualified elector of the election division. Any person so challenged shall answer the questions of the challenge affidavit, as herein specified, and after his answers have been recorded he shall sign, if able to write, and swear to their truth. He shall also make affidavit at the same time to the truth of his answers as recorded in the register, if able to read, and which he shall be deemed to have examined or have had the same read to him. The affidavit, of all persons so registered shall, at the close of each day of registration, be numbered and filed. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 9, P. L. 983.)

Form of Affidavit Required of Persons Desiring to Register who are Challenged.

14. * * * The challenge shall be in the following form:

No. Election Division
 Ward,
 County of, } ss:
 State of Pennsylvania,
 City of,
 What is your full name?
 Are you married or single?
 If married, where does your family reside?
 If single, where do your parents reside?
 Where did you actually reside immediately prior to taking up your present residence?
 Give your residence for the last four months,
 What is the name of your present employer?
 Where is his place of business?
 What is the name of your last employer?
 Where is, or was, his place of business?
 Have you read the information given by you as recorded in the register?
 I, the undersigned, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have read the information recorded
 opposite my name in the register of the Division,
 of the Ward, on page and that said information
 as well as that recorded in this affidavit, is the truth.
 and subscribed
 day of
 nineteen
 (Signature of Applicant.)
 Registrar

Registrar's Description of Applicant.

Distinguishing marks,
 Other peculiarities,
 Color of hair,

 (Act 1913, Sec. 9, P. L. 983.) Registrars.

Challenged Applicant to Produce Such Further Proof as is Required on Election Day—Naturalized Persons to Produce Naturalization Papers—How Persons Claiming Citizenship by Reason of Father's Naturalization May be Registered—Duty of Registrars When Applicant is Rejected—Disposition of Vouchers and Affidavit.

15. * * * The challenged applicant shall produce such further proof as the law requires challenged persons to produce on election day, and it shall be the duty of the registrars to require it before permitting him to be registered. All persons claiming the right to vote by reason of naturalization shall be required to produce the proper naturalization papers, or a certified copy thereof, before they shall be registered; but no such person shall be required to produce his papers a second time in the same district, unless he is challenged: Provided, That any person claiming citizenship by reason of the naturalization of his father may be registered either by the production of his father's papers, or a certified copy thereof, or by making affidavit that his father was naturalized at a time when he, the applicant, was less than twenty-one years of age, and that he is unable to produce his father's papers. Whenever the applicant is rejected, after a portion of the record has been filled in, a line shall be drawn through the record already made, and the registrar shall note on the said line the reason for the rejection, and shall add his initials thereto. All affidavits and vouchers shall be executed in duplicate, one being delivered into the custody of each registrar who has charge of the registers. (Act 1913, Sec. 9, P. L. 983.)

Duty of Registrars on Spring Registration Day—What Names May be Stricken From Registers by Registrars and Registration Commissioners.

16. On the Spring registration day the registrars shall, in addition to the registration of electors, strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proven, to their satisfaction by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the division, to have died, or removed from the division, since the last registration. The registrars shall record on blank forms provided for that purpose the names and previous places of registration, giving wards and divisions, of all persons, registered by them on said day, who give as such place of previous registration a place in the same city, and shall forward the same to the commissioners for their information. Thereafter, upon the return of the registers to the office of the commissioners, it shall be their duty to examine the same, and, whenever registered persons have given as their last place of registration another election division in the same city, to strike said name from the register of said division of prior residence, and to note thereon the reason for so removing the name.
 * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 10, P. L. 985.)

How Registered Electors at Spring Registration May Enroll or Change Political Designation or in Case of Removal Two Calendar Months Prior to the Spring Primary Have Name Transferred to Register of New District.

17. * * * On the day of Spring registration, any person who desires to change his political designation, because of change in his political affiliation at the last preceding election, or who has hitherto not enrolled as a member of a party, although registered, may appear before the registrars of the proper division and change their political designation, or cause their political designation of party to be entered on the registers. At any time between the November election and the ten days before the Spring primary, any registered elector, who has removed from one election division to another in the same city two calendar months prior to the Spring primary, may apply at the office of the commission and have the registry of his name transferred from the division from which he has removed to the one in which he has taken up his new residence. It shall be the duty of the commissioners, upon satisfactory proof of the elector's identity, to strike his name from the register in the division from which he has removed, to examine him in the regular way as to his qualifications, and, if his answers are satisfactory to the commissioners, to register him in the division to which he has removed. Provided, however, That in no case shall an elector change the registration of the designation of his political party later than the fifth Wednesday before the Spring primary. (Act 1913, Sec. 10, P. L. 985.)

Who May Have Watchers—Appointment of—To be Provided with Certificates—Duties and Powers of.

18. Parties or bodies of electors, who now are, or hereafter may be, entitled to have watchers at the general election, shall be allowed to appoint not more than three electors of the division to act as watchers in each place of registry, without expense to the county, on each registration day. No more than one watcher from such party shall be allowed in the registry place at any one time. Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county commissioners, stating his name and the party or policy he represents. Watchers shall be entitled to be present during all of the public sessions herein provided for, and shall be required to show their certificates when requested to do so. They shall have the power to challenge. (Act 1913, Sec. 11, P. L. 986.)

Number of Electors Allowed in Registry-Room at One Time.

19. No more than six electors, other than the registrars and the watchers herein provided for, shall be allowed in the registry-room at any one time. (Act 1913, Sec. 12, P. L. 986.)

Duties of Registrars at Close of Each Registration Day, and Fall Registration.

20. At the end of each day's registration the registrars shall compare the two registers so kept, and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected by aid of the entries in the other, so as to make the same agree, where there is any difference between them. All of the registrars shall then sign their initials, on the line immediately under the last names registered, under each letter in both books, together with the date. At the close of both Fall and Spring registrations the registrars shall sign a certificate, the forms of which shall be printed on the last page of the register, setting forth the number of persons registered on each day, and the number of names which have been stricken out, if any. (Act 1913, Sec. 13, P. L. 986.)

Registrar to Prepare Two "Street Lists" of Names Registered, One to be Hung Outside of Polling Place, the Other Returned to Commissioners Who Shall Have List Printed.

21. The two registrars who have not charge of the registers shall, at the Fall registration, prepare two "street lists" of all names registered. These lists shall contain the names of the electors, and their addresses, in the order in which their residences appear upon the streets of the district. One of said "street lists" shall be hung outside the polling-place, and shall remain in that position until the next election. The other shall be returned to the office of the commissioners, and at least one hundred exact copies of it shall be printed in pamphlet form, and shall be ready for distribution, at least three weeks before election day. (Act 1913, Sec. 14, P. L. 987.)

Petitions Objecting to Action of Registrars May be Filed With the Commissioners, Who Shall Give Public Hearing and May Correct Register.

22. If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration, he may file with his petition, duly sworn to by said citizens, with the commissioners, setting forth the ground of his complaint. If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim, notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence, as given by him to the registrar and recorded in the register. When such petitions are filed the commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing them, sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed of prior thereto, and to have a review thereof by the courts. Such hearing shall be public before the commissioners, and the register of voters may be amended, either by the insertion of a new name, or the cancellation of a name already on the register, or otherwise, as the commissioners may order. The commissioners may enforce their orders as herein provided, or may make amendments themselves, or by their clerks. All such applications for correcting the register must be made not later than two weeks prior to a general or municipal election. * * * (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 1025.)

Applicant or any Elector Dissatisfied with Decision of Commissioners, May Petition Court, which May Give Public Hearing, and Reverse, Affirm or Alter Decision.

23. * * * The applicant, or any elector who is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners, may petition the court of common pleas, setting forth the reason why he feels that justice has been done, and thereupon the said court of common pleas may, in its discretion, allow an appeal to it from the decision of the commissioners. The said court may then fix a day for a public hearing, of which notice shall be served by the petitioner upon the commissioners, together with a copy of the petition, at least five days before such public hearing may take place, proof of which must be exhibited to the court. The said court after such public hearing may reverse, affirm or alter the decision of the commissioners. Such petitions for appeals must be filed not later than ten days preceding an election. * * * (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 1025.)

An appeal from the decision of the commissioners of registration refusing an application for registration, may be taken to the court of common pleas upon allowance by that court, but no further appeal is given by the statute. *Saurman's Case*, 218 Pa. 291.

How Elector Who Has Paid His Taxes After Last Day of Fall Registration and on or Before Final Day for Payment of Same in Odd-Numbered Years May be Registered—Elector Who Will Arrive at Twenty-One Years of Age or Qualifies as to Naturalization Between Primary and Succeeding Election to be Registered.

24. * * * Any qualified elector who has, by himself or his duly authorized agent or attorney, paid his taxes after the last day of the fall registration, and on or before the final day for the payment of the same in odd-numbered years, or any qualified elector who will arrive at the age of twenty-one years between the primary election and the next succeeding election, or any elector who has become qualified by reason of naturalization, or residence in the division in which he seeks to be registered, between the primary election and the next succeeding election, may, on the twentieth day preceding the election in odd-numbered years, present his petition to the commissioners, setting forth the fact as to the payment of his taxes, and giving in detail the information required to be recorded in the register, and praying that his name may be added to the register in the proper division. If the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners, subject to the same conditions as though the applicant for such registration had presented himself for registration before the board of registrars of his district, they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted in the register in the proper place. * * * (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 1025.)

Elector, Unable to Appear, on Account of Sickness, or Unavoidable Absence on all Registration Days, May Petition Commissioners to be Registered—Disposition of Petition—Elector May be Challenged—Elector, Dissatisfied With Commissioners' Decision, May Petition Court—Power of Commissioners.

25. * * * Any qualified elector who was too ill to appear at the polling-place on all of the registration days, or who was unavoidably absent from the city on all of said days, may at any time, but not less than two weeks before any election or primary, present his petition to the commissioners, setting forth the facts as to his illness or unavoidable absence, and setting forth in detail the information required to be recorded in the register, and praying that his name may be added to the register of the proper division. After his petition shall have remained in the office of the commissioners, open to public inspection for at least two days, a hearing shall be granted. The petitioner shall personally appear, and, if the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners to be as reported, they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted on the register in the proper place. This hearing shall be public, and any qualified elector of the division shall have the right to challenge and to require proper proof of identity, as in the case of registry before the registrars. If any person is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners, he may appeal to the court of common pleas, as in other cases. The commissioners shall also have power to investigate, on their own motion, any irregularities in registration, and shall have power to summon witnesses, to examine them under oath, to require the production of the books and papers of the registrars, and to correct the registers by striking off names which they may find to be improperly registered. * * * (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 1025.)

A person presented a petition to the court of common pleas averring that he had in his possession naturalization papers, but had mislaid them, and did not find them in time to present them to the board of registrars. That subsequently he appeared in person before the commissioners of registration, and, produced all proofs of his qualifications as an elector, including a certified copy of his naturalization papers, but they refused to register him because he had not produced the papers on one of the three registering days. The court allowed the appeal and indorsed on the petition "name to be added." It did not appear that he had presented a petition to the commissioners alleging error in the action of the registrars, nor did he allege that he was prevented from registering by illness or unavoidable absence from the county. Held, that the common pleas had no jurisdiction, and that all of the proceedings before that court should be quashed. *Mulholland's Case*, 217 Pa., 631.

State or Federal Employees May Register by Petition Without Appearing Before Registration Commissioners—What Shall Accompany the Petition—Employee Claiming Right to Register to Produce Satisfactory Proof That He is, by Payment of Taxes and Otherwise Entitled to Registration—To Sign "Ballot Check List" Upon Voting—Registration Commissioners to Furnish Blank Forms for Registration.

26. Any person employed in the service of this State or in the service of the Federal Government, and required thereby to be absent from the city wherein he resided when entering such employment shall, on petition to the proper registration commissioners, verified by affidavit, and without appearing personally before the commissioners, be registered as of the district wherein he shall have resided prior to entering such service. In such case a residence by street and number shall not be required, but the person shall be registered as of the proper district. In the case of persons employed by this Commonwealth, no such petition shall be considered unless it be accompanied by a certificate from the Auditor General, under the seal of his office, setting forth that the proper person is actually employed in the service of this Commonwealth, and also setting forth the nature of such employment and the time when such person first entered such employment. In the case of persons employed by the Federal Government, no such petition shall be considered unless it be accompanied by a certificate from the head of the proper department or chief of the proper division or bureau, under the seal of his office, setting forth that the proper person is actually employed in the service of the United States, and also setting forth the nature of such employment and the time when such person first entered such employment. No such person shall be registered unless he shall produce to the registration commissioners satisfactory proof that he is, by payment of taxes and otherwise, entitled to registration. When any such person so registered shall vote, he shall be required, by the proper election officers, to sign the ballot check list of the proper district. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 1065.)

The petitions required by this act shall be upon blank form, which shall be prepared by the proper registration commissioners, and shall be by them furnished on written application. (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 1066.)

Commissioners Authorized to Summon Registrars to Assist in the Registration of Electors on the Twentieth Day Prior to Election in Odd-Numbered Years—Persons Filing Appeals May Have Subpoenas Issued by Board Compelling Attendance of Witnesses—Compensation of Registrars and Witnesses.

27. * * * The commissioners shall have authority to summon such number of registrars as, in their judgment, may be necessary to assist them in carrying into effect the provisions of this section. Registrars, when summoned by the commissioners under this section, shall be entitled to and receive the same compensation as is received by registrars under the existing law for registration services. All persons filing appeals or petitions with the board, praying action on its part, shall have the privilege of having subpoenas issued by the board to compel the attendance of witnesses, and shall pay therefor at the rate of twenty-five cents for each subpoena issued, which shall be in the same form and have the same force and effect as subpoenas now issued by the several courts of law of this Commonwealth. All witnesses subpoenaed to appear before a Board of Registration Commissioners shall be entitled to receive one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) each, per day, as witness fees for their attendance. When witnesses so subpoenaed shall have entered their appearance upon the day or days set for the hearing or hearings, the person or persons who shall have petitioned the hearing requiring the presence of said witnesses shall pay to the recorder of the Board of Registration Commissioners the amount due as witness fees, which amount the recorder shall, in turn, disburse among the witnesses, according to their pro rata share, as soon after the conclusion of the hearing as possible. Witnesses summoned to attend hearings called by the Registration Commissioners, of their own volition, shall be entitled to the same rate of compensation as witnesses subpoenaed to attend hearings petitioned by other persons, and the moneys required to pay such fees shall be provided by the county commissioners in each county, in the same manner as is now provided by law for the payment of all other necessary and legal expenses of Boards of Registration Commissioners. All money paid for subpoenas shall be paid to the county treasurer by the Registration Commissioners. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 1027.)

Registrars Shall Secure All Necessary Blanks, Forms and Supplies, From Commissioners, and Shall Have the Custody of Registers and Street-Lists on and between Registration Days—Registrars Shall Deliver Registers, and Papers, to Commissioners, Who Shall Keep Them on File and Open to Public Inspection—Commissioners to Appoint Employees and Fix Compensation.

28. The two registrars designated to keep the two registers shall obtain at the office of the commissioners the blank books, forms, and other supplies prepared for their use, before the first registration day in the Fall, and before the Spring registration day, and shall have the same at the polling-place on said days. On registration days, and during the time from one such day to another until the close of the Fall registration period, the said registrars shall have the custody and control, and shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the registers in which they have made entries, together with all affidavits, forms, et cetera, which have been taken in duplicate as hereinbefore provided. During the same periods the other registrars shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the street-lists which are in course of preparation by them. At the close of the registration, and before twelve o'clock noon on the following day, the two registrars who have been charged with the keeping of the register shall deliver the same, together with one street list, all affidavits, vouchers, unused forms, et cetera, to the commissioners at such place as may be designated by them. The said papers and books shall remain on file at a place designated by the commissioners, open to public inspection, under proper regulation for their safe-keeping, subject, however, to the further provisions of this act. The commissioners shall have power to appoint a recorder (who shall have power to administer oaths), and to fix his compensation at a sum not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; a clerk, who shall receive a salary not exceeding fifteen hundred dollars per annum; a stenographer, who may act as clerk, who shall receive a salary not exceeding twelve hundred dollars per annum; a custodian, who shall receive a salary not exceeding twelve hundred dollars per annum; a messenger, who shall receive a salary not exceeding eight hundred and forty dollars per annum; and as many clerks as may be necessary, at a compensation not exceeding four dollars per diem, for the time actually employed; and a counsel whose compensation shall not exceed two thousand dollars per annum. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 16, P. L. 989.)

County Commissioners to Provide for Payment of All Personal Registration Expenses and Furnish Rooms for Registration Commissioners—Prepare and Have Printed All Registers, Blank Books, et cetera, and See That Polling-Places are in Good Condition, and That Registers are Properly Delivered.

29. * * * The county commissioners of each county, upon proper vouchers, shall provide for the payment of the commissioners, counsel, registrars, and other officers or clerks provided by this act. They shall furnish proper rooms for the accommodation of the commissioners and their records. They shall also, at the direction of the commissioners, prepare and have printed, at the expense of the county, all the registers, street-lists, affidavits, blanks, blank books and stationery, required by the provisions of this act, or which in the judgment of the commissioners are reasonably necessary to carry out its provisions, and shall provide for their proper distribution to the commissioners and their registrars. It shall also be their duty to see that the polling-places are open, and in proper order, for the use of the registrars. They shall also deliver the two registers to the election officers, in the manner in which they are or may be required to deliver other election materials for use on election day. (Act 1913, Sec. 16, P. L. 989.)

†Registered Enrolled Persons May Vote, Unless Disqualified Since Registration—Elector's Name on Register Not Conclusive Evidence of Right to Vote at Special Elections or Fall Primary—Non-Registered Persons Cannot Vote—Voter to Prove Identity Before Receiving Ballot and, if Challenged, to Produce Such Other Evidence as is Required by Law.

30. Any person whose name is on the register shall be entitled to vote at any general, special, primary, or municipal election, unless it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the election officers that he has become disqualified since registration: Provided, That no person shall vote at a primary unless he has designated at the registration under the law the party whose ballot he desires to vote at the primary. And further provided, That, if a special election or Fall primary shall intervene between registration day and the next general or municipal election, the presence of the name of an elector on the list shall not be conclusive evidence of his qualifications as to length of residence or payment of taxes at said special election or primary. If his name is not registered he shall not be entitled to vote at any election or primary. Before receiving his ballot, every voter shall satisfy the election officers of his identity, and, if challenged, by signing his name in the place provided for that purpose, if able to do so, and by the production of such other evidence as is or may be required by law. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 17, P. L. 990.)

The Two Registers Shall be Used at Elections, to be Known Respectively as "Ballot Check List," and "Voting Check List"—After Close of Polls Names Checked as Having Voted Shall be Counted and Result Announced Before Ballot-Box is Opened—Delivery of Registers to Commissioners.

31. * * * The two registers shall be used at election by the election officers in the place of the ballot check list and the voting check list. One of the said registers shall be marked "Ballot check list" and the other shall be marked "Voting check list." After the polls are closed the names checked as having voted in the said two registers shall be immediately counted, and the result announced before the ballot box is opened. The two registers shall be immediately sealed in an envelope, and shall be returned to the custody of the commissioners when the ballot-box and other election returns are delivered to the proper officers. (Act 1913, Sec. 17, P. L. 990.)

Penalty for Wilful Disobedience of a Lawful Order of Commissioners, or for Making any Wilful False Sworn Statement in Relation to any Matter or Thing Concerning Which Persons Shall be Lawfully Interrogated by the Registrars or the Commissioners.

32. Any person who wilfully disobeys a lawful order of the commissioners, or refuses to obey their subpoena duly issued and served under the provisions of this act, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars. Any wilful false statement made under oath by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which he or she shall be lawfully interrogated by the registrars or by the commissioners shall be perjury, and any person, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1915, Sec. 2, P. L. 1032.)

Penalty on Registrar Who Intentionally Registers, or Permits to be Registered, Persons not Lawfully Entitled Thereto, or who Refuses to Allow or Intentionally Assists in Preventing the Registration of Persons Entitled to be Registered.

33. * * * A registrar who intentionally registers, or permits to be registered, a person not lawfully entitled to be registered, or who intentionally refuses to register a person lawfully entitled to be registered, or who intentionally assists in preventing such person from being registered, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, at the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1915, Sec. 2, P. L. 1032.)

Penalty for Applying for Registration by False Representation, or Personation, or Offering of False Naturalization Papers, or Fraudulent Tax Receipts.

34. * * * A person who applies for registration knowing that he is not entitled to be registered, or who falsely personates another in an application for registration, or who knowingly offers false naturalization papers or a fraudulent tax receipt to establish his claim to be registered; or who personates another, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced, for every such offense, to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding three years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 1032.)

Penalty on Registrar Who Inserts or Intentionally Permits to be Inserted Name on Registry List Without Proper Application in Person During Registration Hours or Who Fails to Require the Proper Evidence from Applicant, or Who Alters Registry List After Entry Has Been Made, or Who Makes Entry after Registration Hours.

35. * * * A registrar who inserts, or intentionally permits to be inserted, a name on the registry list without a proper application in person, during the hours of registration on a registration day, on the part of the person registered, or without requiring the proper evidence of the right of the applicant to be registered, or who alters any registry list after the entry has been duly made, except upon an order of the court or of the commissioners, or who makes any entry therein at any time other than during the hours of registration and in the presence of the other registrars, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1915, Sec. 2, P. L. 1032.)

Penalty on Election Officers Who Refuse Vote of a Registered Elector or Accepts Vote of a Person Not Registered, or Who Knowingly Receives Vote from a Person Falsely Claiming to be a Registered Voter.

36. * * * Any election officer who knowingly refuses the vote of a duly registered and qualified elector, or who knowingly accepts the vote of a person not registered in accordance with the provisions of this act, or who knowingly receives a vote from a person falsely claiming to be a registered voter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1915, Sec. 2, P. L. 1032.)

Penalty on Commissioner, Registrar or Other Officer, Who Wilfully Refuses to Perform Duty

37. * * * Any commissioner, registrar, or other officer, upon whom a duty is laid by this act, who shall wilfully refuse to perform his said duty shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1915, Sec. 2, P. L. 1032.)

ARTICLE IV.

†PERSONAL REGISTRATION.

Cities of the Third Class.

Registrars—Appointment, Term and Qualifications of—Electioners May Petition County Commissioners for Revocation of Appointment of—Public Officer or Candidate for Public Office Not Competent to Act as—Power of Commissioners to Remove.

1. That the County Commissioners of each county in which is located cities or a city of the third class shall, not later than June fifteenth, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and every fourth year thereafter, appoint two registrars for each election precinct or ward, to serve for a term of four years, and until their successors are duly qualified. The said registrars must be duly qualified electors of the precinct or ward for which they are appointed, and must have been residents of the city in which said precinct or ward is situated for a period of two years before their said appointment, and of the precinct or ward for one year immediately preceding the same. They must be sober and judicious persons, of good moral character, able to read intelligently and to write legibly. One of the said registrars shall be a member of the party polling the highest vote, in excess of two per centum, within the election precinct or ward at the last preceding Presidential election for Presidential elector, and the other shall be a member of the party polling the next highest number of votes in excess of two per centum, cast within the election precinct or ward at the last preceding Presidential election for Presidential elector. It is the intent of this act that at all times the Board of Registrars shall be, as nearly as may be, evenly divided in political faith, and, therefore, if it appears that at any time, by reason of a change in political affiliations or because of error in the appointment, the Board is not so evenly divided, any ten electors of the district may file a petition with the County Commissioners, setting forth the facts and praying that the changed or erroneous appointments may be revoked and another appointment made instead. The County Commissioners shall grant a public hearing, and, if they find the facts to be as represented, they shall give the relief asked for; but no registrars shall be removed merely because of his party, at an election following his appointment, has polled a less number of votes in the district than some other party. No person who holds or is a candidate for a public office shall act as registrar.

The County Commissioners shall also be empowered to remove any of the said registrars for misconduct or malfeasance in office. (Act 1911, Sec. 1, P. L. 1014.)

Petitions for Appointment of Registrars—Manner of Appointing—Petitions to Remain on File and Open to Public Inspection—How Appointed When Petition Not Filed—Persons Desiring Appointment to Appear Before Commissioners and Show Qualifications.

2. The names of two suitable persons to be registrars shall be suggested to the County Commissioners, by petitions duly filed for each precinct or ward, by the party representatives of the two leading parties of the precinct or ward. The petitions shall be signed by five electors of the district, and shall set forth the names, addresses, occupations, and political affiliations of the persons suggested. The signers of the petitions shall swear to the truth of the facts set forth therein. The petition shall remain on file, open to the public inspection, at least ten days before the persons named therein shall be appointed, except in cases where a vacancy occurs in the office of registrar within ten days of a registration day, when the appointment can be made without such delay. If no petitions are filed, the County Commissioners may appoint without regard to party. No appointment shall be made unless the person who desires to be appointed personally appears before the County Commissioners and satisfies them of his qualifications. In case of reappointment, however, it shall not be necessary for him to appear before them. * * * (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 251.)

Commissioners to Give Notice, by Publication, of Time and Place of Examination of Registrar—Electioners may Protest as to Qualifications—Commissioners May Refuse to Appoint Person Not Properly Qualified—Compensation.

3. * * * At least one week's notice of the time and place of the examination of the suggested registrars shall be given by the County Commissioners, in the daily press; and any elector may appear, either in person or by counsel, and object to the qualifications of any applicant. If the persons nominated are found not to be properly qualified, the county commissioners may decline to appoint them; and the party authorities of the precinct or ward may then suggest another name, or other names, for the said place or places.

The registrars shall receive a compensation of five dollars a day, for the time actually spent in the work of registration. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 251.)

Registration Days—Duties and Powers of Registrars—Registrars to Give Notice of Registration Days—Registers to be Preserved.

4. The registrars of each precinct or ward (in cities of the third class) shall meet at the polling-places thereof, in even-numbered years, on the ninth Thursday, seventh Tuesday, and fifth Saturday preceding the November election, which shall be known as the Fall registration, and on the third Wednesday preceding the Spring primary, which shall be known as the Spring registration; and in odd-numbered years, on the tenth Thursday, ninth Tuesday, and eighth Saturday preceding the November election, which shall be known as the Fall registration,—and in any year when any special election for any purpose is held, on the third Wednesday preceding such special election, which shall be known as a special registration,—and shall remain in open session from eight ante meridian to one post meridian, two to six post meridian, and, from seven post meridian to ten post meridian, of each registration day. They shall on said days receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered as voters. They shall have power to administer oaths, shall examine said applicants under oath, and shall record on the registers the names of such persons as are qualified to vote as herein provided. Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given, by the registrars posting notices at the polling places. Electors who did not register at Fall registration may register at Spring registration, or at any special registration, and the list shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of Fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened. The old registers shall be preserved by the County Commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they shall have been in use. (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 738.)

†This Act applies only to cities of the third class. For Act governing the Registration of Voters in cities of the first class, see Article II. For Act governing the Registration of Voters in cities of the second class, see Article III. For Registration of Voters in Boroughs and Townships, see Article XV. For Act governing Enrollment of Voters for Primary Elections, see Article I.

Persons to Vote at General, Municipal, Primary or Special Elections Must Register—Registered Electors Removing, After November Election to Another District Must Register Therein to Vote at Spring Primary—How Persons May Register, Who are Prevented on Registration Days, Owing to Sickness or Absence from City—Disposition of Petition by Commissioners—Electors, Dissatisfied with Commissioners' Decision May Petition Court—Court May Order Name on Register Upon Appeal of Petitioner.

5. Every person claiming the right to vote must appear in person before the registrars, in the precinct or ward in which he lives, on one of the days prescribed by law, prior to every November election; and if he has, subsequently to the said November election, moved into another precinct or ward, he must appear in person before the registrars, in the district to which he has thus removed, in order to enable him to vote at the ensuing Spring primary, or any ensuing special election; unless, in either case, he is prevented by sickness or necessary absence from the city from appearing before the said registrars to be registered in person. In either of these cases, it shall be his right, at any time, to present his petition to the county commissioners; and in case they shall refuse to order his name placed on the registration list, the said petitioner may appeal to the court of common pleas of the district in which he resides, if the said court is in session, or, if not in session, to any judge thereof; whereupon the said court shall grant a rule upon the said county commissioners to show cause why the name of the said person should not be placed upon the register; and the said court, or judge thereof, shall fix a day certain for the return of the said rule, at which time the parties can be heard; and upon the return of the said rule, upon a hearing duly had, if the said court or judge shall be satisfied that the facts set forth in the petition are true, and that the applicant was prevented by sickness or necessary absence from the city from appearing in person before the registrars and being registered, and is qualified to vote, the rule may be made absolute; and the registrars shall be directed to place the name of such person or persons upon the registers. (Act 1917, Sec. 2, P. L. 738.)

Persons Appearing Before Registrars Must be Sworn—Manner of Recording Answers—Size and Character of Registers Determined by Commissioners.

6. * * * Every person appearing before the registrars, after being sworn, shall answer the questions put to him by them. These answers must be recorded on a single line, in two registers. * * * The size and character of the registers shall be determined by the County Commissioners. * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 3, P. L. 1017.)

What Instructions to be Printed at Head of Register.

7. * * * Immediately above the form (of the register) shall be printed the following instructions: The applicant must be sworn or affirmed that the information given by him in reference to his right to be registered shall be the truth. Any wilful false statement constitutes perjury, and is punishable as such. * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 3, P. L. 1017.)

Questions to be Answered, by Applicants for Registration—One Register to be Used as "Ballot Check List" and the Other as "Voting Check List" on Election Day.

8. * * * Every register shall be indexed alphabetically from A to Z. The lines of each page shall be consecutively numbered in both margins, beginning with the number one at each alphabetical division of the register. The answers of the applicants shall be recorded in their presence, in both registers, in the following manner: In the first column shall be entered the surname of the applicant, in the order of his appearance at the polling-place, on the page bearing the index letter of his surname; in the second column shall be entered his Christian name or names; in the third column his occupation; in the fourth column, the street and number of his residence; in the fifth or sixth columns, whether he is a lodger, lessee or owner, and, if he is a lodger, or lessee of a portion only of a house, the location or number of the room or floor which he occupies; in the seventh and eighth columns shall be entered the length of his residence in the State and district, respectively; in the ninth, tenth, eleventh, and twelfth columns, the location of the house from which he last registered, giving State, city, street, and number, respectively, and the year in which he so registered; in the thirteenth column, the State or territory of the United States, or the foreign country, where he was born; in the fourteenth column, whether, being foreign-born, he produces his naturalization papers; in the fifteenth column, the number of the affidavit of naturalization of his father, if taken; in the sixteenth and seventeenth columns, the manner in which he complies with the law relating to the payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote, whether by the production of his receipt or by making affidavit of payment of tax, if receipt is not produced; if the applicant is less than twenty-two years of age, the word "age" shall be recorded in said column; in the eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, and twenty-first columns, his personal description, designating whether white or colored, his approximate age, height, and weight; in the twenty-second column shall be entered the number of the challenge affidavit of every person who is required to take said affidavit; in the twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth, and twenty-sixth columns the election officers shall record, in one register, the obtaining of ballot and, in the other, the casting of the vote of the registered elector at the Fall primary, November election, Spring primary, or special election, as hereinafter provided, or as may hereafter be provided by law. (Act 1911, Sec. 3, P. L. 1017.)

Qualifications of an Elector Claiming Right to be Registered—How Elector Who Has Paid His Taxes After Last Day of Fall Registration May Register.

9. Every person who shall have paid his taxes on or before the last day of registration, and who shall possess all the other qualifications of an elector as provided in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth, or who by continued residence in his election district will obtain such qualifications before the next ensuing election, shall be entitled to be registered. Any qualified elector who has paid his taxes after the last day of the Fall registration, and on or before the final day for the payment of the same, in odd-numbered years, may, on the twentieth day preceding the election in odd-numbered years, present his petition to the County Commissioners, setting forth the fact as to the payment of his taxes and giving in detail the information required to be recorded in the register, and praying that his name may be added to the register in the proper division. If the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners, subject to the same conditions as though the applicant for such registration had presented himself for registration before the board of registrars of his district, they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted in the register in the proper place. (Act 1911, Sec. 4, P. L. 1022.)

Persons Claiming Right to Register May be Challenged—Challenged Persons to Make Affidavits—Disposition of Affidavits.

10. Any person claiming the right to register may be challenged by a registrar or by any elector of the precinct or ward. Any person so challenged shall answer the questions of the challenge affidavit, as herein specified; and after his answers have been recorded, he shall sign and swear, or affirm, to their truth. He shall also make affidavit, at the same time, of the truth of his answers as recorded in the registers, and which he shall be deemed to have examined or had read to him. The affidavits of all persons so registered shall, at the close of each day of registration, be numbered and filed. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 6, P. L. 69.)

Form of Affidavit Required of Persons Desiring to Register, Who are Challenged.

11. * * * The challenge affidavit shall be in the following form:

Number.....Election precinct,Ward.
 City of.....
 State of Pennsylvania, } ss.
 County of.....
 What is your full name?
 Are you married or single?
 If married, where does your family reside?
 If single, where do your parents reside?
 Where did you actually reside immediately prior to taking up your present residence?
 Give your residence for the last four months,
 What is the name of your present employer?
 Where is his place of business?
 What is the name of your last employer?
 Where is, or was, his place of business?
 Have you read, or had read to you, the information given by you as recorded in the register?
 I, the undersigned, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have read, or had read to me, the information recorded opposite my name in the register of the.....precinct of the.....ward, on page....., and that said information, as well as that recorded in this affidavit, is the truth.
 this.....and subscribed
 this.....day of.....19....
 (Signature of Applicant.)
 Registrar.

Registrar's Description of Applicant.

Distinguishing marks,
 Other peculiarities,
 Color of hair,

 Registrars.

(Act 1906, Sec. 6, P. L. 69.)

Challenged Applicant to Produce Such Further Proof as is Required on Election Day—Naturalized Persons to Produce Naturalization Papers—Duty of Registrars When Applicant is Rejected.

12. * * * The challenged applicant shall produce such further proof as the law requires challenged persons to produce on election day, and it shall be the duty of the registrars to require it before permitting him to be registered. All persons claiming the right to vote by reason of naturalization shall be required to produce the proper naturalization papers, or a certified copy thereof, before they shall be registered; but no such person shall be required to produce the papers a second time in the same precinct or ward, unless he is challenged. Whenever the applicant is rejected after a portion of the record has been filled in, a line shall be drawn through the record already made, and the registrars shall note on said line the reason for the rejection, and shall add their initials thereto. (Act 1906, Sec. 6, P. L. 69.)

Duty of Registrars on Day Preceding Spring Primary—What Names May be Stricken From Register—Elector Moving to Another Precinct or Ward Between November Election and Spring Primary or Special Election Shall Have Right to Register in That Precinct or Ward.

13. On the registration day preceding the Spring primary, and on the registration day preceding each special election, the registrars shall, in addition to the registration of electors, strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proven, to their satisfaction, by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the precinct or ward, to have died, or removed from the district, since the last registration. The registrars shall record on blank forms provided for that purpose the names and previous places of registration, giving wards and precincts, of all persons registered by them on said day, who give as such place of previous registration a place in the same city, and shall forward the same to the commissioners for their information. Thereafter, upon the return of the registers to the office of the commissioners, it shall be their duty to examine the same, and, wherever registered persons have given as their last place of registration another election district in the same city, to strike said name from the register of said district of prior residence, and to note thereon the reason for so removing the name. Any registered elector who has removed, between the November election and the Spring primary, or any special election, from one election district to another the same city, two calendar months prior to the Spring primary or special election, and who failed to apply to have his name transferred on the register on the registration day prior to the Spring primary, or special election, in the district to which he has removed, may apply on the eleventh or tenth day prior to the Spring primary, or special election, at the office of the county commissioners, and have the registry of his name transferred from the district from which he has removed to the one in which he has taken up his new residence. It shall be the duty of the commissioners, upon satisfactory proof of the elector's identity, to strike his name from the register in the district from which he has removed, to examine him in the regular way as to his qualifications, and, if his answers are satisfactory, to register him in the district to which he has removed. (Act 1917, Sec. 3, P. L. 738.)

Watchers, Who May Have—Appointment of—To be Provided With Certificates—Duties and Powers of.

14. Parties or bodies of electors, who are now, or hereafter may be, entitled to have watchers at the general election, shall be allowed to appoint not more than three electors of the precinct or ward to act as watchers in each place of registry, without expense to the county, on each

registration day. No more than one watcher from such party shall be allowed in the registry place at any one time. Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county commissioners, stating his name and the party or policy he represents. Watchers shall be entitled to be present during all of the public sessions herein provided for, and shall be required to show their certificates when requested to do so. They shall have the power to challenge. (Act 1906, Sec. 8, P. L. 70.)

Number of Electors Allowed in Registry-Room at One Time.

15. No more than six electors, other than the registrars and the watchers herein provided for, shall be allowed in the registry-room at any one time. (Act 1906, Sec. 9, P. L. 70.)

Duties of Registrars at Close of Registration Days and Fall and Spring Registrations.

16. At the end of each day's registration, the registrars shall compare the two registers, so kept, and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected by aid of the entries in the other, so as to make the same agree, where there is any difference between them. The registrars shall then sign their initials, on the line immediately under the last name registered, under each letter, in both books, together with the date. At the close of both Fall and Spring registrations, and of any special registration, the registrars shall sign a certificate, the form of which shall be printed on the last page of the register, setting forth the number of persons registered on each day, and the number of names which have been stricken out, if any. (Act 1917, Sec. 4, P. L. 738.)

Petitions Objecting to Action of Registrars May be Filed with the County Commissioners, Who Shall Give Public Hearing and May Correct Register.

17. If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration, he may file his petition with the county commissioners, setting forth the ground of his complaint, within ten days. If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim, notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence, as given by him to the registrars and recorded on the registers. When such petitions are filed the county commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing them, sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed of prior thereto, and to have a review thereof by the courts. Such hearing shall be public, before the county commissioners, and the registers of voters may be amended, either by the insertion of a new name or the cancellation of a name already on the registers, or otherwise, as the county commissioners may order. The county commissioners may enforce their orders as herein provided, or may make the amendments themselves or by their clerks. All such applications for correcting the registers must be made not later than ten days prior to an election. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 11, P. L. 71.)

Applicant or Any Elector, Dissatisfied with Decision of County Commissioners, may Petition Court, Which May Give Public Hearing, and Reverse, Affirm or Alter Decision.

18. * * * The applicant, or any elector who is not satisfied with the decision of the county commissioners, may petition the court of common pleas, setting forth the reasons why he feels that injustice has been done, and thereupon the said court of common pleas may, in its discretion, allow an appeal to it from the decision of the county commissioners. And the said court, after a public hearing, may reverse, affirm, or alter the decision of the county commissioners. Said appeals must be made not later than five days preceding an election. (Act 1906, Sec. 11, P. L. 71.)

Duties of Registrars Before First Fall Registration Day—Shall Have Custody and Control of Registers, on Registration Days and Between Such Days, Until Close of Registration Period.

19. The registrars shall obtain, at the office of the County Commissioners, the blank books, forms and other supplies prepared for their use, before the first Fall registration day, and shall have the same at the polling place on the said day. On registration days, and during the time from one day to another, until the close of the registration period, the said registrars shall have the custody and control and shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the registers in which they have made entries, together with all affidavits, forms, and so forth, which have been taken in duplicate as hereinbefore provided. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 5, P. L. 738.)

Duties of Registrars at Close of Registration—Registers to Remain on File in Office of County Commissioners and to be Open to Public Inspection—Duties of Registrars Prior to Spring Primary or Any Special Registration.

20. * * * At the close of the registration, and before twelve o'clock noon of the following day, the registrars shall deliver the registers, together with all affidavits, vouchers, unused forms, and so forth, to the office of the County Commissioners; and the said papers shall remain there on file, open to public inspection, under proper regulations for their safe-keeping; subject, however, to further provisions of this act. On Monday or Tuesday prior to the third Wednesday preceding the Spring primary, or any special registration, the said registrars shall obtain from said office, each, the register kept by him, together with a sufficient number of blank forms and other supplies, and shall have the same at the polling-place, for use on said registration day; and, as before, shall be charged with the safe-keeping and return of said records before noon of the day following the registration day. (Act 1917, Sec. 5, P. L. 738.)

County Commissioners to Provide for Payment of All Registration Expenses, Including Rooms for Registrars, Prepare and Have Printed all Registers, Blank Books, Et Cetera, and see that All Polling-Places are in Good Condition and that Registers are Properly Delivered.

21. * * * The county commissioners of each county, upon proper vouchers, shall provide for the payment of the registrars provided by this act. They shall furnish proper rooms for the accommodation of themselves and their records. They shall also prepare and have printed at the expense of the county, all the registers, affidavits, blanks, blank books, and stationery required by the provisions of this act, or which are reasonably necessary to carry out its provisions, and shall provide for their proper distribution to the registrars. It shall also be their duty to see that the polling-places are opened and in proper order for the use of the registrars. They shall also deliver the two registers to the election officers, in the manner in which they are or may be required to deliver other materials for use on election day. (Act 1911, Sec. 7, P. L. 1025.)

The owners or lessees of any room or rooms provided by the county commissioners for the use of the registrars in cities of the third class, when sitting for the purpose of registering electors under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement, shall receive the sum of ten dollars for each day such room is so used, which shall be paid by the county. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 117.)

†Registered Persons May Vote, Unless Disqualified Since Registration—Non-Registered Persons Cannot Vote—Voter to Prove Identity Before Receiving Ballot, and, if Challenged, to Produce Such Other Evidence as is Required by Law.

22. Any person whose name is on the register shall be entitled to vote at any general, special, municipal, or primary election, unless it shall be shown, to the satisfaction of the election officers, that he is no longer a resident of the election district in which he is registered. If his name is not registered he shall not be entitled to vote at any election. Before receiving his ballot every voter shall satisfy the election officers of his identity, and, if challenged, by signing his name in the place provided for that purpose, if able to do so, and by the production of such other evidence as is or may be required by law. (Act 1917, Sec. 6, P. L. 738.)

The Two Registers Shall be Used at Elections, to be Known Respectively as "Ballot Check List," and "Voting Check List"—After Close of Polls Names Checked as Having Voted Shall be Counted and Result Announced Before Ballot-Box is Opened—Delivery of Registers to Commissioners.

23. * * * The two registers shall be used at election by the election officers, in the place of the ballot check list and the voting check list. One of the said registers shall be marked "ballot check list," and the other shall be marked "voting check list." After the polls are closed the names checked as having voted, in the said two registers, shall be immediately counted, and the result announced before the ballot-box is opened. The two registers shall then be immediately sealed up in an envelope, and shall be returned to the custody of the county commissioners when the ballot-box and other election returns are delivered to the proper officers. (Act 1906, Sec. 13, P. L. 72.)

Penalty for Making False Statement Under Oath to Registrars.

24. Any wilful false statement made, under oath, by any person, in relation to any matter or thing concerning which he shall be lawfully interrogated by the registrars, shall be perjury, and any person, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 73.)

Penalty on Registrar Who Intentionally Registers, or Permits to be Registered, Persons not Lawfully Entitled Thereto, or Who Refuses to Allow or Intentionally Assists in Preventing the Registration of Persons Entitled to be Registered.

25. * * * A registrar who intentionally registers, or permits to be registered, a person not lawfully entitled to be registered, or who intentionally refuses to register a person lawfully entitled to be registered, or who intentionally assists in preventing such person from being registered, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 73.)

Penalty for Applying for Registration by False Representation or Personation, or Offering of False Naturalization Papers, or Fraudulent Tax Receipts, or Aiding or Abetting Another in any such Application or Personation.

26. * * * A person who applies for registration knowing that he is not entitled to be registered, or who falsely personates another in an application for registration, or who knowingly offers false naturalization papers or a fraudulent tax receipt to establish his claim to be registered, and any person who aids or abets another in any such application or personations, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced for every such offense to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding three years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 73.)

Penalty on Registrar Who Inserts or Intentionally Permits to be Inserted Name on Registry List Without Proper Application in Person During Registration Hours, or Who Fails to Require Proper Evidence from Applicant, or Who Wilfully and Maliciously Alters Registry List After Entry Has been made, or Who Makes Entry or Alteration after Registration Hours.

27. * * * A registrar who inserts, or intentionally permits to be inserted, a name on the registry list without a proper application in person, during the hours of registration, on a registration day, on the part of the person registered, or without requiring the proper evidence of the right of the applicant to be registered; or who wilfully and maliciously alters any registry list after the entry has been duly made, except upon an order of the court or of the county commissioners; or who makes an entry or alteration therein at any time other than during the hours of registration, and in the presence of the other registrar, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 73.)

Penalty on Registrar or Other Officer Who Wilfully Refuses to Perform Duty.

28. * * * Any registrar or other officer, upon whom a duty is laid by this act, who shall wilfully refuse to perform his said duty shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 73.)

†Electors to vote at Primary Elections, except Non-Partisan Nominations, must be enrolled as to party preferences.

ARTICLE V.

†PRIMARY ELECTIONS—NOMINATION OF CANDIDATES—ELECTION OF PARTY OFFICERS.

Nomination of Candidates of Political Parties for United States Senator, Congressman and All Elective State, County and Minor Offices, Except Presidential Elector, to be by Primaries.

1. * * * All candidates of political parties, as herein defined, for the office of United States Senator, for the office of Representative in Congress, for all elective State, county, city, ward, borough, township, school district, and election division or district offices, and for all other elective public offices, except that of the presidential elector, shall be nominated, * * * at primaries held in accordance with the provisions of this act, and in no other manner. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 244.)

Primary for Election of Delegates to National Party Conventions, State Committeemen and Other Elective Party Officers, Except National Committeemen.

2. * * * Delegates and alternate delegates to National Party conventions and State committeemen shall be elected, at primaries held in accordance with the provisions of this act, and in no other manner. All such party officers as are required by the rules of the several political parties to be elected by the vote of the party electors shall be elected at primaries held in accordance with the provisions of this act, excepting members of the National committee, who shall be elected as hereinafter provided. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 244.)

Manner in Which Elector May Express His Preference for Candidate of Political Party for President.

3. * * * In the year when candidates for the office of President of the United States are to be nominated, every qualified elector of a political party, herein defined to be a political party within the State, shall have opportunity at the primaries held in such years, subject to the provisions of this act, to vote his preference for one person to be the candidate of his political party for President. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 244.)

How Candidates Shall be Nominated to Fill Vacancies—Nominations May be Made by Nomination Papers.

4. * * * This act shall not apply to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at special elections to fill vacancies, except when such special election is held at the time of a regular election and such vacancy occurred or existed at least sixty days prior to the regular primary antecedent to such regular election; and nothing herein contained shall prevent any body of electors not constituting a political party from nominating candidates by nomination papers, as is now or may hereafter be provided by law. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 244.)

The word "vacancy" as applied to an office has no technical meaning. An existing office without an incumbent is vacant. There is no basis for the distinction that it applies only to an office vacated by death, resignation or otherwise. It may be applied to an office when it is first created, and has been filled by no incumbent; and a vacancy may exist by the expiration of the term. Commonwealth ex rel., Appellant, vs. McAfee, 232 Pa., 36.

State Committees of Political Parties May Make, Revoke, Alter or Amend Rules for Government of Their Respective Committees.

5. * * * The State committee of each political party may make such rules for the government of such State committee, not inconsistent with law, as it may deem expedient; and may also revoke or alter or amend, in any manner not inconsistent with law, any present or future rules of such State committee. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 244.)

Manner of Election and Filling of Vacancies in Office of National Committeemen.

6. * * * National committeemen shall be elected by the State Committee of each respective party, unless the rules of the National party otherwise provide; in which case they shall be elected in the manner provided by the rules of the National party. * * * Vacancies happening at any time in the office of National committeeman shall be filled by the State committee of the respective party, unless the rules of the National party otherwise provide; in which case vacancies shall be filled in the manner provided by the rules of the National party. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 244.)

Manner of Election and Filling of Vacancies in Office of State Committeemen—When State Committees Shall Organize.

7. * * * State committeemen shall be elected by Senatorial districts. Each Senatorial district shall be entitled to elect two members of the State committee, except where a Senatorial district is composed of more than one county or part of a county; in which event the electors residing in each county or part of a county embraced in the said senatorial district shall be entitled to elect one State committeeman. The State committeemen thus elected shall meet for organization not later than the fifth Wednesday following their election, at such hour and place as shall be designated by the State chairman of each respective party. The said State committeemen of all parties shall be elected at the Spring primary. * * * Vacancies happening at any time in the office of State committeeman shall be filled by the city or county committee of the respective parties: Provided, That when said vacancy occurs in a county composed of more than one Senatorial district, the members of the city or county committee embraced within the Senatorial district in said county shall elect said committeeman; and when a vacancy occurs in a Senatorial district composed of more than one county or part of a county, the members of the county committee embraced within said county or part of a county shall elect said committeeman. (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 144.)

†For Act governing Enrollment of Voters for Primary Elections, see Article I; for Act governing Registration of Voters in cities of the first class, see Article II; for Act governing Registration of Voters in cities of the second class, see Article III; for Act governing Registration of Voters in cities of the third class, see Article IV; for Act governing Nominations on Non-Partisan Ballot, see Article VII; and for Act governing Registration of Voters in Boroughs and Townships, see Article XV.

What Shall Constitute a State or County Political Party—Duties and Privileges of.

8. Any party or body of electors, one of whose candidates at the general election next preceding the primary polled in each of at least ten counties of the State not less than two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in each of said counties for any elected candidate, and polled a total vote in the State equal to at least two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in the State for any elected candidate, is hereby declared to be a political party within the State; and shall nominate all its candidates for any of the offices provided for in this act, and shall elect its delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention, State committeemen, and also such party officers, including members of the National committee, as its rules provide shall be elected by a vote of the party electors, in accordance with the provisions of this act.

Any party or body of electors, one of whose candidates at either the general or municipal election preceding the primary polled at least five per centum of the largest entire vote cast for any elected candidate in any county, is hereby declared to be a political party within said county; and shall nominate all its candidates for office in such county and in all political districts within said county, or of which said county forms a part, and shall elect such party officers as its rules provide shall be elected therein, by a vote of the party electors, in accordance with the provisions of this act. (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 721.)

Times for Holding Primary Elections.

9. One primary shall be held each year in every election district of this Commonwealth in which nominations are to be made, or delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions, State committeemen or party officers, including members of the National committee, are to be elected as herein provided. The said primaries shall be held on the third Tuesday of September in all odd-numbered years, and on the third Tuesday of May in all even-numbered years. The primary held on the third Tuesday of September shall be known as the Fall primary, and the primary held on the third Tuesday of May shall be known as the Spring primary. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 836.)

What Nominations Shall be Made at the Spring and Fall Primaries—Delegates, State Committeemen and Party Officers to be Elected at Spring Primary.

10. * * * Candidates for all offices to be filled at the general election shall be nominated at the Spring primary. Delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions, State committeemen, and such party officers, including members of the National committee, as are required by the rules of the several political parties to be elected by a vote of the party electors, shall be elected at the Spring primary, except as otherwise provided in this act.

The vote for candidates for the office of President of the United States, as herein provided for, shall be cast at the Spring primary.

Candidates for all offices to be filled at the municipal election shall be nominated at the Fall primary. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 836.)

When Secretary of the Commonwealth Shall Notify County Commissioners of the Offices for Which Candidates are to be Nominated at Spring Primary, including President, Congressmen and State Officers.

11. On or before the ninth Tuesday preceding the Spring primary, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send to the county commissioners of each county a written notice designating all the offices for which candidates are to be nominated therein, or in any district of which such county forms a part, or in the State at large, at the ensuing primary, and for the nomination to which candidates are required to file nomination petitions in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, including that of President of the United States; and shall also, in said notice, set forth the number of representatives in Congress and officers of the Commonwealth to be elected at the next succeeding election by a vote of the electors of the State at large, and the number to be elected by a vote of the electors of the county or of any district therein, or of any district of which such county forms a part. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 4, P. L. 722.)

When Secretary of the Commonwealth Shall Notify County Commissioners of the Offices for Which Candidates are to be Nominated at Fall Primary.

12. * * * On or before the ninth Tuesday preceding the Fall primary, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send to the county commissioners of each county a written notice designating all the offices for which candidates are to be nominated therein, or in any district of which such county forms a part, or in the State at large, at the ensuing primary, and for the nomination to which candidates are required to file nomination petitions in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and designating how many persons are to be elected to such offices, respectively, at the next succeeding election. * * * (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 1044.)

Chairmen of State Committees Shall Notify County Commissioners Number of Delegates to National Convention, also National Committeemen, if any, and State Committeemen to be Elected in their Districts.

13. * * * On or before the ninth Tuesday preceding the Spring primary, the chairman of the State committee of each political party, herein defined to be a political party within the State, shall send to the county commissioners of each county a written notice, setting forth the number of delegates and alternate delegates to the National Convention of such party who are to be elected in the State at large at the ensuing primary, and the number of such delegates and alternate delegates who are to be elected at said primary in such county, or in any district of which such county forms a part. The said notice shall also set forth the number of members of the National committee, if any, who, under the National party rules, are to be elected at the said primary in the State at large, and the number of members of the State committee to be elected at the said primary in such county, or in any district of which such county or part thereof forms a part. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 1044.)

Chairmen of County Committees Shall Notify County Commissioners of All Party Offices to be Filled at Spring Primary.

14. * * * On or before the ninth Tuesday preceding the Spring primary, the chairman of the county, and, in cases where a city is coextensive with a county, the chairman of the city committee of each party, shall send to the county commissioners of such county a written notice, setting forth the names of all party offices within the county or city to be filled by election at the ensuing primary. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 4, P. L. 722.)

Clerks or Secretaries of Cities, Boroughs, Townships and School Districts Shall Notify County Commissioners of all Offices for Which Candidates are to be Nominated at Fall Primary.

15. * * * On or before the ninth Tuesday preceding the Fall primary, the clerks or secretaries of the various cities, boroughs, townships, and school districts, shall, respectively, send to the county commissioners of their respective counties a written notice setting forth the names of all city, borough, township, and school district offices for which candidates are to be nominated at the ensuing primary. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 4, P. L. 722.)

County Commissioners Shall Publish Number of National Delegates and National and State Committeemen to be Elected, and Names of Offices for Which Nominations are to be Made, or Candidates for Party Offices to be Elected.

16. * * * Beginning not earlier than nine weeks, nor later than eight weeks, before the primary, the county commissioners of each county shall publish the number of delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention of each party who are to be elected in the State at large at the ensuing primary, and the number of such delegates and alternate delegates and State committeemen who are to be elected at said primary in said county, or in any district of which such county or part thereof forms a part; and shall also publish the names of all offices for which nominations are to be made, and the names of all party offices, including that of member of the National committee, if any, and State committeemen, for which candidates are to be elected at said primary in said county, or in any district of which such county or part thereof forms a part, or in the State at large. Said notice shall contain the date of the primary, and shall be inserted in two newspapers of general circulation published within the county, wherever such course is possible, at least once each week for three successive weeks. Such newspapers, so far as practicable, shall be representative of the two different political parties polling the highest vote in such county at the last preceding November election, the highest vote cast within the county for any candidate of a party being deemed to be the vote of that party. (Act 1913, Sec. 4, P. L. 722.)

County Commissioners Shall Prepare all Ballots.

17. Official primary ballots for each party shall be prepared by the county commissioners. These ballots shall be printed on white paper of uniform quality, and shall be uniform in size, style of printing, and general appearance. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 5, P. L. 723.)

Primary Ballot—Form and Marking of—How Names of Candidates Shall Appear On.

18. * * * The ballot for each party shall be in the following form:— Primary Ballot.

(Name of Party.)

.....District,Ward, City of State of Pennsylvania.
County of,day of, 19.....
Primary held on the
Make a cross (X) in the square to the right of each candidate for whom you wish to vote.
If you desire to vote for a person whose name is not on the ballot, write or paste his name in the blank space provided for that purpose.

President of the United States.

(Vote for one.)

John Doe,
Richard Roe,
John Stiles,

United States Senator.

(Vote for one.)

John Doe,
Richard Roe,
John Stiles,

Governor.

(Vote for one.)

John Doe,
Richard Roe,
John Stiles,

Representative in Congress at Large.

(Vote for)

John Doe,
 Richard Roe,
 John Stiles,

Representative in Congress,District.

(Vote for one.)

Richard Roe,
 John Stiles,

Delegate at Large to National Convention.

(Vote for)

John Doe, (Promises to support popular choice of party in the State for President),
 John Stiles, (Does not promise to support popular choice of party in the State for President),

Delegate to National Convention,District.

(Vote for)

John Doe, (Promises to support popular choice of party indistrict for President),
 John Stiles, (Does not promise to support popular choice of party indistrict for President,
 President,

State Senator,District.

(Vote for one.)

John Doe,
 Richard Roe,
 John Stiles,

State Committeeman.

(Vote for)

John Doe,
 Richard Roe,
 John Stiles,

District Attorney.

(Vote for one.)

John Doe,
 Richard Roe,
 John Stiles,

Party Committeemen.

(Vote for)

John Doe,
 Richard Roe,
 John Stiles,

Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed as many blank spaces, defined by light lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart, as there are to be candidates nominated for such office.

On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words "Official primary ballot of Party," and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the facsimile signatures of the county commissioners of the county.

The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of districts, offices, candidates, or the provisions of this act may require. The names of candidates shall appear in alphabetical order under the respective offices. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 5, P. L. 719, as amended by Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 1025.)

Where no name of a candidate of one party is printed on the primary ballot, and a number of electors write in the blank space on the ballot the name of the candidate of the opposite party, and no other person is voted for, such candidate is entitled to have his name printed on the official ballot as the candidate of such party. *Hendersons' Case*, 222 Pa. 307.

Candidates for State Office to Have Name of County Printed Opposite Name—Candidates for County or District Office to Have Residence Printed Opposite Name—Candidates with Same Surnames May Have Occupation Printed on Ballot.

19. * * * Opposite or under the name of each candidate, except candidates for the office of President of the United States, who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county, shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides; and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county, or any Congressional, Senatorial, or Representative district within the county, shall be printed the name of the township, borough, or ward and city, as the case may be, in which such candidate resides.

If two or more candidates for the same office shall have the same surname, or similar surnames, the county commissioners shall, upon the request of any of said candidates, filed in writing, not later than five days after the last day for filing nomination petitions, print the occupation of any such candidate, so filing a request, on the ballot opposite or under his name. * * * (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 1025.)

How Voter May Designate Choice—Entire Ballot Shall Not be Rejected for Technical Error, if Voter's Choice Can be Determined.

20. * * * The voter may designate his choice as is indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth. If he shall vote for more persons for any office than there are candidates to be nominated or elected for such office, or if, for any reason, it may be impossible to determine his choice for any office, his ballot shall not be counted for such office; but the rest of his ballot, if properly marked, shall be counted. No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 1025.)

Names of Candidates Not to be Printed on Ballot Unless Petition is Accompanied by Affidavit of Candidate.

21. The names of candidates for nomination as President of the United States, and the names of all other party candidates, shall be printed upon the official ballot of a designated party, upon the filing of nomination petitions in their behalf, signed by qualified electors of the State, or of the political district or division, as the case may be, within which the nomination is to be made or election is to be held, and the filing of affidavits by the candidates as provided in this act; and the names of no candidates shall be printed upon an official ballot of a political party, to be used at any primary, unless such petitions shall have been filed, and unless such candidates, except they be candidates for the office of President of the United States, and shall have filed affidavits, as hereinafter provided. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 2, P. L. 244.)

Signers May not Sign More than One Petition for Same Office—Qualifications and Requirements of Signers—Time of Signing Petition.

22. * * * Each signer of a nomination petition shall sign but one such petition for each office to be filled, and shall declare therein that he is a member of the party designated in such petition: Provided, however, That where there are to be elected two or more persons to the same office, each signer may sign petitions for as many candidates for such office as, and no more than, he could vote for at the succeeding election. He shall also declare therein that he is a qualified elector of the county therein named, and, in case the nomination is not to be made or candidates are not to be elected by the electors of the State at large, of the political district or division therein named, in which the nomination is to be made or the election is to be held. He shall add his occupation and residence, giving city, borough, or township, with street and number, if any, and shall also add the date of signing. No nomination petition shall be circulated prior to forty (40) days before the last day on which such petition may be filed, and no signature shall be counted unless it bears date within forty (40) days of the last day for filing the same. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 2, P. L. 244.)

Nomination Petitions May be on One or More Sheets—Each Sheet to be Accompanied by Affidavit—Contents of Affidavit.

23. * * * Said nomination petition may be on one or more sheets, and different sheets must be used for signers residing in different counties. Each sheet shall have appended thereto the affidavit of some person, not necessarily a signer, and not necessarily the same person on each sheet,—setting forth that the affiant is a qualified elector of the State, or of the political district or division, as the case may be, referred to in said petition; his residence, giving city, borough, or township, with street and number, if any; that the signers signed with full knowledge of the contents of the petition; that their respective residences are correctly stated therein; that they all reside in the county named in the affidavit, and that each signed on the date set opposite his name; and that, to the best of the affiant's knowledge and belief, the signers are qualified electors and members of the designated party of the State, or of the political district or division, as the case may be. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 2, P. L. 244.)

What Affidavit Filed With Candidate's Nomination Petition Shall Embrace.

24. * * * Each candidate for any State, county, or city office shall file, with his nomination petition, his affidavit stating his residence, with street and number, if any, and his post-office address, his election district, the name of the office for which he consents to be a candidate, that he is eligible for such office, and that he will not knowingly violate any election law, or any law regulating and limiting nomination and election expenses and prohibiting corrupt practices in connection therewith. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 2, P. L. 244.)

Qualifications of Candidates for National Delegates, State or National Committeemen and Party Officers—Name Not to Appear on Ballot Unless Qualified Elector of Party.

25. * * * In no event, shall any person's name be printed upon the official ballot of any party as a delegate, State committeeman, National committeeman or party officer unless he is a qualified elector of said party. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 2, P. L. 244.)

Candidate for Nomination as President to File Post Office Address Instead of Candidate's Affidavit.

26. * * * In the case of a candidate for nomination as President of the United States, it shall not be necessary for such candidate to file the affidavit required in this section to be filed by candidates, but the postoffice address of such candidate shall be stated in such nomination petition. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 2, P. L. 244.)

Candidate for Election as National Delegate May Include With Affidavit Statement Promising to Support for Presidential Nomination Candidate Receiving Highest Number of Votes at State Primary—Failure of Candidate to Include Statement Not to Invalidate Nomination Petition.

27. * * * Each candidate for election as delegate or alternate delegate to a National party convention may include, with his affidavit, the statement hereinafter set forth in this section; but his failure to include such statement shall not be a valid ground, on the part of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, for refusal to receive and file his nomination petition. Such statement, if any be made, shall be in substantially the following form:

Delegate's Statement.

I hereby declare to the voters of my political party in the (here insert "State of Pennsylvania" if a delegate or alternate delegate at large; otherwise, insert ".....District") that if elected, and in attendance as a delegate to the National convention of the party, I shall, with all fidelity, to the best of my judgment and ability, in all matters coming before the convention, support that candidate for President of the United States who shall have received the highest number of votes cast in the (here insert "State" if a delegate or alternate delegate at large; otherwise, insert ".....District") by the voters of my party for said office at the ensuing primary, and shall use all honorable means within my power to aid in securing the nomination for such candidate for President.

(Signature of candidate for delegate or alternate delegate.)

* * * (Act 1917, Sec. 2, P. L. 244.)

What Shall be Printed on Ballot after Name of Candidate for National Delegate.

28. * * * On the ballot used at a primary, after or under the name of each candidate for delegate or alternate delegate to a National party convention, shall appear the words, "Promises to support popular choice of party in the (here insert "State," if a delegate or alternate delegate at large; otherwise, insert ".....District") for President," or "Does not promise to support popular choice of party in the (here insert "State," if a delegate or alternate delegate at large; otherwise, insert ".....District") for President," according as if the candidate included, or failed to include, the above statement with his affidavit. (Act 1917, Sec. 2, P. L. 244.)

Where Nomination Petitions Shall be Filed—Number of Signers Required and Time of Filing.

29. The nomination petitions in the case of candidates for the office of President of the United States, Senator of the United States, member of the House of Representatives of the United States, for all State offices, for the office of delegate or alternate delegate to a National party convention, and for the office of member of the State or National committee, shall be filed, at least forty days prior to the primary, with the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Nomination petitions in all other cases shall be filed, at least four weeks prior to the primary, with the county commissioners of the respective counties.

Nomination Petitions of candidates shall be signed—

(a). If for the office of President of the United States, or of Senator of the United States, by at least one hundred qualified electors in each of at least ten counties of the State.

(b). If for a State office, to be filled by a vote of the electors of the State at large, for the office of Representative from the State at large in the Congress of the United States, for the office of delegate or alternate delegate at large to a National party convention, or for the office of member of the National committee, by at least one hundred qualified electors in each of at least five counties of the State.

(c). If for the office of a member of the House of Representatives of the United States, to be filled by a vote of the electors of a Congressional district; or of delegate or alternate delegate to a National party convention, other than delegate or alternate delegate at large; or of judge of any court, other than a court whose judges are to be elected by a vote of the electors of the State at large; or of State Senator, or of any municipal office to be filled by a vote of the electors of a senatorial district, by at least two hundred qualified electors.

(d). If for the office of a member of the State House of Representatives, or for the office of member of the State Committee, or an office to be voted for by the electors of the entire county, by at least one hundred qualified electors.

(e). If for the office of inspector of election, at least five qualified electors.

(f). And for all other offices and all other party offices, by at least ten qualified electors. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 839.)

It is the plain duty of the county commissioners when a candidate's petition is presented to them, even though it be regular on its face, to inquire whether the requirements of the Act have been complied with in regard to the number of signers and their qualifications as electors of the division.

In such a case the commissioners have authority to refuse such a petition, where it appears that ten of the fifty-six signers of the petition had been induced to sign upon a false representation that the candidate was a Democrat and had withdrawn from the petition, and that the remaining signers were not qualified voters of the Democratic Party. *Moore v. Neil et al.*, Appellants, 233 Pa., 408.

For What Causes Nomination Petitions May be Refused—Invalidity of Any Sheet of a Petition Shall Not Affect Validity of Petition if Sufficient Petition Remains—Time and Manner of Making Application for Setting Aside Petition—Court after Hearing, May Permit Petition to be Amended—Petitioner to Pay Costs When Objections Not Sustained.

30. No nomination petition shall be refused or set aside except for—

(a). Material error or defects apparent on the face thereof, or on the face of the appended or accompanying affidavits; or

(b). Material alterations made after signing without the consent of the signers; or

(c). Want of a sufficient number of genuine signatures of persons qualified, with respect to age, sex, residence, and citizenship, to be electors.

The invalidity of any sheet of a petition shall not affect the validity of such petition, if a sufficient petition remains after eliminating such invalid sheet.

Application to set aside any nomination petition shall be by petition to the court of common pleas of the county in which such nomination petition has been filed, setting forth specifically the matters objected to, and must be filed within five days after the last day for filing said nomination petition. Upon the presentation of such a petition the court shall make an order fixing a time for hearing, which shall not be later than ten days after the last day for filing said nomination petition, and specifying the time and manner of notice that shall be given to the candidate named in the nomination petition sought to be set aside.

If the matters objected to are such as are specified in subdivision (a) of this section, the court upon hearing the case may, in its discretion, permit amendments within such time and upon such terms as to payment of costs, as the said court may specify.

In case the petition to set aside a nomination petition is dismissed, the petitioner shall pay the whole of the costs of the proceedings, including all witness fees. (Act 1913, Sec. 8, P. L. 730.)

Where on the hearing of objections to a nomination petition it was contended that the petition was of no validity because the affiants who vouched for the signatures on the sheets attached to the petition did not have personal knowledge as to all the persons or signatures vouched for, the objections were properly dismissed where it appeared that the petition contained a sufficient number of genuine signatures of persons qualified in respect to age, sex, residence and citizenship to be electors. *Yost's Appeal*, 258 Pa., 551.

Secretary of the Commonwealth Shall Furnish County Commissioners With Correct List of Candidates for Various Offices and Also Notify Candidates That Their Names Have Been Certified to County Commissioners.

31. The Secretary of the Commonwealth, immediately after the last day fixed for the filing of said petitions with him, shall forward to the county commissioners of each county a correct list of candidates of each party for the various offices, as shown in such petitions, with their respective residences and postoffice addresses as shown in their affidavits; and shall also, at the same time, notify the said candidates by mail that their names have been so certified to said county commissioners. In the case of each candidate for delegate or alternate delegate to a National party convention, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall certify as to whether such a candidate has included with his affidavit the statement provided for in subdivision (c) of section six of this act. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 9, P. L. 731.)

County Commissioners Shall Have on File and Open to Public Inspection Forms of Ballot, with the Names, Statements and Notations Required by Act.

32. * * * The county commissioners shall have on file in their office, on and after the Wednesday preceding the primary, open to public inspection, forms of the ballot with the names and such statements and notations as may be required by the provisions of this act printed thereon, which shall be used in each election district within such county. (Act 1913, Sec. 9, P. L. 731.)

County Commissioners Shall Prepare and Furnish Official Ballots of Each Party—Number of Ballots to be Printed.

33. The county commissioners shall prepare, and furnish to the election officers in each election district in due time for use at the primaries, one book of fifty official ballots of each party for every forty and fraction of forty votes cast within the particular election district for the candidate of the particular party who received the largest vote cast for any candidate of such party at any of the last three preceding elections, either general or municipal; and no additional official ballots shall be furnished any party in any election district, unless the number of electors registered and enrolled as members of any particular party in any election district shall exceed the largest vote aforesaid, in which case the county commissioners shall furnish official ballots for said party in the ratio aforesaid, upon the basis of such enrollment or registration. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 842.)

County Commissioners Shall Furnish Specimen Ballots—What Shall be Printed on Back of Specimen Ballot for Primary Preceding Election of President—How Official Ballots Shall be Bound and to Whom Ballots Shall be Delivered—Stubs to be Numbered—Record to be Kept of Books and Ballots Delivered and Returned.

34. * * * With the official ballots to be furnished in advance of the primaries, the county commissioners shall also furnish, and deliver to the election officers, specimen ballots for the use of electors at the polls, equal in number to one-fifth the whole number of such official ballots; said specimen ballots to be printed on colored paper, and to be of the same size and form as the official ballots, but without any permanent binding or stubs; and in addition thereto, on the Wednesday preceding every primary, the county commissioners shall, upon request made at their office, there deliver to each candidate whose name is printed on any party ballot or to his authorized representative, without charge, three specimen ballots of such party for each election district in the county or city or political district thereof in which such candidate may be voted for, for the use of such candidate and the watchers whom he may appoint as hereinafter provided.

On the back of each specimen ballot for the primary next preceding the election of a President of the United States, the county commissioners shall print subdivision (c) of section six of this act.

The official ballots shall be attached to stubs, which shall be numbered consecutively from one to the highest number to be furnished to each particular election district, and bound in books of fifty each, which shall be numbered in the order of the numbers of their stubs in the same manner as at elections; and the county commissioners shall keep a record of the number of such books and ballots printed and delivered to each election district, and of the number of stubs, unused ballots, and spoiled and canceled ballots subsequently returned therefrom. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 842.)

County Commissioners Shall Prepare and Furnish All Ballot Boxes, Assessor's Lists of Voters and Forms, Necessary for Primary Elections, and Shall Deliver Same—Shall Provide for Opening of Polling Places, Properly Equipped, and Fix Compensation of Owners Thereof.

35. * * * In addition to official and specimen ballots as aforesaid, the county commissioners shall prepare, and furnish to the election officers in due time for use at the primaries, sufficient ballot-boxes and other election materials, properly numbered for each election district, including the assessor's lists or registers, known as the "ballot check list" and the "voting check list" respectively, blank forms, including forms for the duplicate oaths of the election officers, and forms of affidavits for electors desiring assistance in marking their ballots, and for those challenged as to their identity, party membership, residence, or bribery, to make proof of their right to vote, blank tally papers, and triplicate return sheets for each party, blank statements for general returns of all votes cast, blank books for making lists of persons voting, with sufficient space for noting their party enrollments, printed instructions and notice of penalties for the information of electors and election officers, and such other supplies as they are or hereafter may be required by law to furnish to said election officers for use at elections, and shall deliver them in the same manner as at elections. The said forms, blanks, books, and other supplies shall have printed upon them appropriate instructions, and shall be in appropriate form for use at the primaries. The county commissioners shall also provide for the opening of the polling-places and for the compensation of the owners thereof, and shall see that they are in proper order and provided with voting booths, as at elections. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 842.)

Cards of Instruction to be Supplied by County Commissioners to Election Officers, Who Shall Post Same in Voting Room, also Furnish to Voters When Requested.

36. * * * The county commissioners shall provide each election district with cards of instructions as aforesaid, equal in number to one-fifth of the whole number of official ballots furnished thereto, on which shall be printed the last paragraph of section eleven of this act and all of section thirteen hereof and such part of section fourteen as relates to the duties of the election officers after the closing of the polls and such other directions regarding the marking and counting of ballots or the general election laws, not inconsistent herewith, as the county commissioners may think proper. The election officers shall post at least three cards of instructions in the voting room, outside of the guard-rail, as soon as the polls are open, and thereafter give such cards to such persons desiring to vote as shall request the same. (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 842.)

Ballots Not to be Detached from Stubs Except by Election Officers—Number of Ballots to be Given Qualified Voter—Penalty for Detaching Ballots from Stubs for Other Than Qualified Elector.

37. No official ballot shall be taken or detached from its stub in any book of ballots, except by an election officer when a person desiring to vote has been found to be a qualified elector entitled to vote as hereinafter stated, and not more than one ballot shall be removed at any one time or given to any voter, except when a voter inadvertently spoils a ballot and immediately returns it to the election officers for cancellation, in which case he may be given another. Any person removing any ballot from any book of official ballots, except in the manner aforesaid, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court, for each offense. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 3, P. L. 844.)

Regular Election Boards Shall Conduct Primaries—Compensation—Filling of Vacancies on Election Boards—Board Shall be Sworn.

38. The primaries shall be conducted by the regular election boards duly elected under existing or future laws, who shall receive the same compensation for their services as they receive at elections. Inspectors of elections shall have the right to appoint clerks to assist them as at elections, who shall receive the same compensation that clerks receive for such services at elections. Vacancies in election boards shall be filled in the manner now provided by law. Before entering upon their duties the election officers and clerks shall be sworn, and execute written oaths as is now required by law. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 11, P. L. 732.)

Time for Opening and Closing of Polls—Liquor Selling Prohibited During Certain Hours on Primary Election Day.

39. * * * The polls shall be open between the hours of seven o'clock ante meridian and seven o'clock post meridian. All persons licensed to sell liquors, either at wholesale or retail, or as bottlers, shall be compelled to keep their places of business closed, on said days for holding said primary, only between the hours of six o'clock ante meridian and eight o'clock post meridian. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 11, P. L. 732.)

General Election Laws, Unless Modified by Act, to Govern Primaries—Assistance to Electors Prohibited, Unless Affidavit is Made Showing Inability to Read or Physical Disability.

40. * * * Primaries shall be conducted in conformity with the laws governing the conduct of general elections, in so far as the same are not modified by the provisions of this act or are not inconsistent with its terms: Provided, That no elector shall be permitted to receive any assistance in marking his ballot, unless he shall first make an affidavit that he cannot read the names on the ballot, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot. (Act 1913, Sec. 11, P. L. 732.)

All Expenses of Holding Primaries to be Paid by County Treasurer, on Order of County Commissioners.

41. * * * Each county of this Commonwealth shall be required to bear and pay the expenses of holding the primary elections in said county. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 638.) The county commissioners shall keep an accurate account of the entire expense of holding such primaries, including the preparation and delivery of supplies, voting materials, et cetera, and the total amount shall be paid * * * by the county treasurer, upon the order of the county commissioners. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 12, P. L. 733.)

***Qualifications of Electors—What Proof Required—Privileges of Electors—Enrollment as a Member of Political Party Necessary to Vote Party Ticket—Registered Enrolled Electors in Cities Cannot be Challenged at Primaries as to Party Affiliation—Electors Outside of Cities, May be Challenged, as to Party Membership—What Affidavit Shall Show—Challenged Voter, Living Outside of Cities, Refusing to Make Affidavit Shall Not be Permitted to Receive Ballot.**

42. * * * Qualifications of electors entitled to vote at a primary shall be the same as the qualifications of the electors entitled to vote at elections within the election district where the primary is held, except that, with respect to the payment of taxes, it shall be sufficient if an elector shall have paid, within two years before the next succeeding election, a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months before the said election and paid on or before the day of the primary, and, in cases where personal registration is required, on or before the registration day on which the elector registers: Provided, That no elector who is not registered and enrolled as a member of a designated political party in accordance with the law requiring such registration and enrollment now or hereafter in force, shall be permitted to vote the ballot of such party or any other party ballot at any primary. Each elector may be challenged, and, if challenged, shall prove the aforesaid qualifications and his identity in the same manner in which electors in the election district in which he offers to vote are or hereafter may be required by law to prove their qualifications or identity on election day, except that in cases, as in cities of the first, second, and third classes, where personal registration is required, all challenges respecting party membership must be made at the time of such registration, and in such cases the designation of the political party of the elector on the register shall be conclusive evidence of such membership at the succeeding primary or primaries. In other cases where personal registration is not required, as in districts other than in said cities, if an elector, although enrolled as a member of any particular party, is challenged regarding such membership, he shall be required to make oath or affirmation that, at the last preceding election at which he voted, he voted for a majority of the candidates of said party, and, upon executing such affidavit, he shall be entitled to receive and vote the ballot of such party, but if he is unable or unwilling to make such affidavit, he shall be denied the right to receive such ballot, but he shall not be deemed to be guilty of any violation or attempted violation of any law by reason of having asked for a ballot of the party with which he is enrolled.

If such last preceding election at which such elector voted was a general election at which Presidential electors were voted for, he shall, in determining the number of candidates for which he voted thereat, count the group of Presidential electors as two candidates. (Act 1919, Sec. 3, P. L. 844.)

Where a citizen at a general election votes the straight ticket of a particular party, he will not be entitled, if challenged, at the next succeeding primary election to receive a ballot of another party, although on the ballot which he voted at the general election were the names of the majority of the candidates of the party for whose ballot he asks at the primary election.

†An elector to vote a Non-Partisan Nomination Ballot is not required to be enrolled as to party preference.

A candidate may be voted for by more than one party but he does not thereby lose his relation to a party from the mere fact that his name appears in a column of another party.

The act intends that each candidate is to be credited with each vote cast in his favor, no matter on what ticket, to the end that it may be ascertained whether or not he has received a plurality of votes; but it is equally important that a political party or organized body of electors that has made a nomination is entitled to have an accurate computation made of the number of votes cast in its name, so that its rights with respect to the making of nominations in the future may be ascertained.

A political party is defined as a company or number of persons ranged on one side, or united in opinion or design in opposition to others in the community; those who favor or are united to promote certain views or opinions.

To entitle one to membership in a party he must not only have voted for a majority of the persons who were candidates of that party in the preceding election, but he must have voted for such persons as the candidates of the party to which he claims affiliation; that is, if he voted in a party column, he must have voted for them in the column designated for that party and not in some other party column. Supper vs. Strauss, 30 Pa. Superior Court, 388.

Closing of Polls—Party Vote to be Counted and Announced Before Ballot-Boxes are Opened—Counting and Announcement of Names Marked on Lists as Having Voted—Comparison of Lists and Ballots Issued—Disposition of Lists of Voters and "Ballot Check Lists."

43. Upon the closing of the polls at such primary, and before the ballot-boxes are opened, the number of ballots issued to the voters of each party, as shown by the stubs, and the number of ballots of each party, if any, spoiled and returned by voters and canceled, shall be announced to all present in the voting room, and entered on the general return sheets aforesaid; and then the names checked as having voted in the two assessor's lists or registers, marked "ballot check list" and "voting check list," respectively, shall be immediately counted, and the result announced and compared with the number of ballots issued as above ascertained, after deducting the number spoiled and canceled, and said results shall also be compared with the number of names written in the numbered lists of voters, which shall be made, as at elections, as the electors receive and cast their ballots, with the addition of a note of each elector's party enrollment after his name. If any differences exist which are not found to be due merely to clerical errors, such differences shall also be noted on the general return sheets aforesaid. Then the numbered lists of voters (except a copy of the latter which shall be hung outside of the polling-place) shall be placed in the separate envelopes provided for them respectively, and sealed. In cities the voting and ballot check lists shall be put in one envelope and sealed, and subsequently delivered to the registration commissioners or county commissioners as required by the personal registration acts relating to cities of various classes. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 846.)

Disposition of Stubs and Unused and Spoiled Ballots.

44. * * * The stubs of all ballots used, together with all unused ballots and all spoiled and canceled ballots of each party, and the ballot check list in boroughs, townships, and districts other than in cities, shall be placed in a separate envelope, and sealed before the ballot boxes are opened; which package shall be kept by the judge, and delivered by him in person to the county commissioners, at such place as they shall designate, on or before noon of the Thursday following such primary. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 846.)

Sealing of Lists and Unused Ballots—Opening of Ballot-Boxes—Separating, Counting and Recording of Ballots—Ballots to be Kept Within Public View in Voting Room, and Not to be Spoiled or Marked by Pen, Pencil or Hand Stamp While Being Counted.

45. * * * As soon as all the ballots of each party have been properly accounted for, and those outside the ballot-boxes, as well as the said lists, sealed as aforesaid, the election officers shall forthwith open the ballot-boxes, and take therefrom all ballots therein, and separate the same according to the party to which they belong, and, first, audibly count the number cast for each party, one by one, and make a record thereof; and, then, the judge or one of the inspectors, in the presence of the other officers, shall read aloud the names marked or inserted upon each ballot, keeping the ballots of each party in sequence, together with the office for which the person named is a candidate, and any other relevant matter necessary to identify him, and the clerks shall carefully enter each vote as read, and keep account of the same in triplicate tally papers for each party, to be provided as aforesaid. All ballots after being removed from the box shall be kept within the unobstructed view of all persons in the voting room until replaced in said box; and no person, while handling same, shall have in his hand any pencil, pen, stamp, or other means of marking or spoiling any ballot * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 846.)

Certification of Votes Cast—Preparation and Delivery of Returns—Posting of Returns Outside of Polling-Place—Ballots and Other Papers Required to be Placed in Ballot-Boxes and Sealed—Delivery of Ballot-Boxes to County Commissioners.

46. * * * When the vote cast for the different persons named upon said party ballots shall have been fully recorded on said tally papers and counted, the election officers shall duly certify to the number of votes cast for each person upon the respective party tickets, and shall prepare triplicate returns thereof for each party, and also general returns in duplicate, showing, besides the entries made thereon as aforesaid, the number of ballots of each party cast and the number of ballots of each party declared altogether void, including any blank ballots cast, as well as the votes cast for each candidate on each party ticket; one of which statements shall be immediately posted for the information of the public outside the voting room or polling-place, and the other of which shall be entrusted to the judge for delivery to the county commissioners with the package of unused ballots, et cetera, aforesaid. The election officers shall then replace with one set of tally papers, one set of said triplicate return sheets, one numbered list of voters sealed as aforesaid (and the voting check list in districts other than in cities), and one oath of each election officer, and lock and seal each ballot-box so that nothing can be inserted therein until it be opened again; and the judge and minority inspector shall deliver them to the county commissioners, at the place designated by them or by law, on or before noon of the Thursday following such primary, and the county commissioners or return board shall not compute any returns from any election district until the ballot-boxes thereof, as well as the package of unused ballots, et cetera, aforesaid therefrom, are returned to them as aforesaid. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 846.)

* * * At each election district, the vote as soon as counted shall be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present; and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate, shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted, and shall be immediately posted up on the door of the election-house or polling-place, for the information of the public. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 122.)

Disposition of Tally Papers, Triplicate Returns and Affidavits—Counting of Returns by Return Board—When Judges Shall Act as the Return Board—General Returns to be Open to Public Inspection.

47. * * * The minority inspector shall retain one complete set of tally papers, and one of the triplicate return sheets for each party, and one set of the affidavits of voters and other persons, except oaths of election officers, made pursuant to the provisions of this act at such primary, and carefully preserve the same for the period of at least one year. The remaining tally papers, triplicate return sheets, and affidavits of voters and others, including oaths of election officers, shall be placed in separate envelopes, to be provided for the same, and sealed as soon as the count is finally completed. All of such envelopes and the other numbered list of voters, previously sealed as aforesaid, shall be entrusted to the judge of election, and shall, on or before noon of the Thursday following, be deposited by him, in person or by registered mail, with the county commissioners, who shall, on the succeeding day at noon, publicly commence the computation and canvassing of the returns, and continue the same from day to day until completed in the manner hereinafter provided, except that, if any of the county commissioners of any county shall be a candidate for any nomination at any primary, he shall not act as a member of the return board for computing or canvassing any returns of such primary, but the other two commissioners, if both are qualified, shall act, and in case in any county there are not at least two commissioners so qualified, two judges of the court of common pleas of such county shall be designated by said court to act as a return board, provided that neither of them are candidates for any nomination at such primary either on a party or a non-partisan ballot; and if there shall be only one judge of such court in such county or if less than two judges are qualified and able to act in such county, any judge who is qualified may act alone, and if there be none qualified, the prothonotary of such county shall act as the return board. The general returns from the various districts shall be open to public inspection at the office of the county commissioners as soon as they receive same from the judges thereof. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 846.)

County Commissioners to Provide Place for, and Advertise Meeting of Return Board—Party Representatives and Candidates to be Admitted to Sessions of Board and May Keep Record of Returns.

48. * * * The county commissioners shall provide a convenient public place for holding the sessions of the return board, whoever may compose it as aforesaid, with adequate accommodations for the authorized representatives of each party and candidate concerned in any such primary, not exceeding two such representatives for each of them at any one time, to attend and to keep or check up their own computations of the votes cast in the several election districts as the returns from the same are read as hereinafter directed; and the county commissioners shall give at least one week's previous notice by advertising once in at least two newspapers of a large paid circulation, published at the county-seat, of the time aforesaid and place when and where such return board will commence and hold its sessions, and keep copies of such advertisement posted in their office during said period. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 846.)

County Commissioners to Have Proper Forms Prepared for Making Returns—Clerks Assisting in Computing Vote to be Sworn.

49. * * * At noon on the Friday following any such primary, the county commissioners shall have ready a sufficient number of blank forms of returns, made out in a proper manner and headed as the nature of the ballots may require, for making out full and fair statements of all votes which shall have been given, within the county or any political district therein, according to the returns from the several election districts thereof, for any person voted for therein for any party nomination or party office.

All the clerks of the county commissioners and other persons assisting in the official computation and canvassing of the votes shall be first sworn to perform their duties impartially, and not to read, write, count, or certify any return or vote falsely or fraudulently. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 846.)

Reading and Comparison of General Returns—Ballots, Stubs and All Election Returns to be Preserved—Opening of Sealed Returns.

50. * * * The general returns made by the election officers, as aforesaid, from the various election districts shall be read one after another in the usual order, slowly and audibly, by one of the clerks, who shall in each case read therefrom the number of ballots of each party issued, spoiled, and canceled, and cast respectively, whereupon the clerk having charge of the records of the county commissioners showing the number of ballots of each party furnished for each election district and the number of stubs and unused ballots and spoiled and canceled ballots returned, shall publicly announce the number of same respectively; and unless it appears by said numbers or calculations therefrom that said records and the said general return correspond, no further returns shall be read from the latter until all the ballots issued are fully accounted for; and all the stubs and unused ballots, spoiled and canceled ballots, as well as the other election returns aforesaid, shall be open to public inspection, and shall be carefully preserved, together with the contents of the ballot-box, by the county commissioners for at least eleven months, and not destroyed in any event without the previous consent in writing by the district attorney. None of the envelopes sealed by election officers and entrusted to the judges of election shall be opened by any person, except by order of the return board or of the court of common pleas. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 846.)

Reading and Comparison of Returns for Each Candidate—Opening of Ballot-Boxes by Return Board in Cases of Discrepancies—Recounting of Ballots—Returns to be Corrected if Fraud or Error is Discovered—District Attorney to be Advised.

51. * * * When the records agree with the said returns regarding the ballots, the votes recorded for each candidate on each party ticket shall be read by the said clerk slowly, audibly, and in an orderly manner, from the said returns, and the figures announced shall be compared by other clerks with the return sheets of each party for the respective districts, and discrepancies shall be immediately called to the attention of the return board, which shall thereupon compare said return sheets with the tally papers for the same election district respecting the same candidates or party ballots; and if the tally papers and party return sheets agree, the general return shall be forthwith corrected to conform thereto; but, in every other case the return board shall forthwith cause the ballot-box of such division to be brought before it, and opened under its direction, and the ballots therein recounted respecting any vote in question, in the presence of representatives of each party and candidate interested who are attending the canvass of such votes; and if such recount shall not be sufficient to correct the error in any of the said returns, the return board may summon the election officers and overseers, if any to appear forthwith, with all election papers in their possession, and the court of common pleas shall use its processes to enforce such summons, if necessary; and, if any error or fraud is discovered, the return board shall compute and certify the votes justly, regardless of any fraudulent or erroneous returns presented to it, and report the facts to the district attorney of the proper county for action in cases that appear to warrant same. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 846.)

Recording of Returns—Certification by Return Board of Total Vote for Each Candidate to County Commissioners.

52. * * * As the returns from each election district are read, computed, and found to be correct or corrected as aforesaid, they shall be recorded on the blanks prepared for the purpose of casting up the total vote of each candidate on each party ticket, until all the returns from the various election districts which are entitled to be counted shall have been duly recorded, when they shall be added together, announced, and attested by the clerks who made and computed the entries respectively, and at the expiration of five days after the completion of said computation, the return board shall certify the several returns accordingly to the county commissioners, unless, upon appeals taken from any decision, the court of common pleas shall have directed any returns to be revised, in which cases such returns shall be revised and certified accordingly. (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 846.)

Return Board to Open Ballot-Boxes and Recount Vote at Request of Three Qualified Electors Who Allege Fraud or Error—Correction of Returns in Cases of Error or Fraud.

53. * * * Upon the sworn affidavit of three qualified electors of any election precinct, division, or district of any county that, upon information which they consider reliable, they believe an act of fraud or error, although not manifest upon the general return of votes made therefrom, has been committed therein, the return board shall, at any time prior to the completion of the computation and canvassing of all the returns for the county, open the ballot-box of such election district, and cause the entire vote thereof to be recounted in manner aforesaid, and if they discover any fraud or material error, they shall correct, compute, and certify the votes of such election district justly, regardless of any fraudulent or erroneous returns made by the election officers thereof, and correct any entries previously made in the papers being prepared by the return board accordingly. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 5, P. L. 852.)

The "five qualified electors" who are authorized by Section 15 of the Act of July 12, 1913, P. L. 719, relating to primary elections, to present a sworn petition averring fraud or error in the computation of a vote and asking for a recount of the votes, need not be electors of the precinct, division, or district, in which the alleged fraud or error was committed. *Braddock Borough Election Case*, 251 Pa. 110.

Persons Aggrieved by Decision of Return Board May Petition Court—Court on Appeal to Hear and Determine All Matters Pertaining to Fraud—How Contests of Primaries Shall be Conducted—Payment of Fees and Costs.

54. * * * Any person aggrieved by any order or decision of any return board, not consisting of a judge or judges of the court of common pleas, regarding the computation or canvassing of the returns, or by any refusal to open the ballot-box of any election district upon a proper petition as aforesaid, may appeal therefrom, within two days thereafter, to the court of common pleas of the proper county, setting forth why he feels that an injustice has been done, and praying for such order as will give him relief, and, upon the payment to the prothonotary of a fee of three dollars for filing such appeal, a judge of the said court shall fix a time and place for hearing the matter in dispute within three days thereafter, of which due notice shall be served, with a copy of said appeal, by the appellant upon one of the return board whose action is complained of, and upon every attorney who opposed the contention of the appellant before such return board, and upon any other person that said judge shall direct, at least two days before said matter shall be reviewed by the court, and proof of such notice or the waiver thereof must be filed therein before any appeal is sustained. The court on such appeal shall have full power and authority to hear and determine all matters pertaining to any fraud or error committed in any election district to which such appeal relates, and to make such decree as right and justice may require, and, pending such appeal, the return board shall suspend any official certification of the votes cast in such election district, but none of the orders or decisions of either the return board or any judge or judges acting as a return board or the court of common pleas on any appeal shall be deemed a final adjudication regarding the results of any primary election so as to preclude any contest thereof. Contests of primaries shall originate and be conducted as in cases of elections. No appeal shall be allowed from any decision of any judge or judges acting as a return board or from any order or decree of the court of common pleas made in pursuance of this section; and the said court may compel the appellant or any opposing party, other than the commissioners or prothonotary, to pay all the witness fees, if any, and other legal costs of rehearing any matter in dispute, which costs may be taxed by the prothonotary in the usual manner. (Act 1919, Sec. 5, P. L. 852.)

Where two candidates at a primary election each presented to the court petitions for a recount of the ballots on account of alleged frauds in certain named election precincts, and, after the recount of the county commissioners, the court upon an appeal, by one of the candidates, from the recount of the county commissioners inquired only into the frauds alleged in the districts covered by the petition of the appellant, and threw out sufficient votes to give the appellant the nomination, the candidate returned by the county commissioners as nominated had no standing to urge that the court should continue the inquiry so as to include an investigation into the precincts covered by the petition, which he had originally filed in the court, where he failed to appeal from the recount of the county commissioners within the time prescribed by the statute. *Phillips Appeal*—262 Pa. 396.

County Commissioners Shall Certify to Secretary of Commonwealth Returns of Votes Cast for Certain Candidates—Secretary of Commonwealth Shall Tabulate Returns for Each Candidate and Certify the Result to the Commissioners of Each County—Names of Presidential Electors to be Certified to County Commissioners by Secretary of Commonwealth.

55. The county commissioners shall make the proper certification of returns of votes cast for the candidates of the various political parties for nomination for the office of President of the United States, Senator of the United States, member of the House of Representatives of the United States, for all State offices, for the office of delegate and alternate delegate to a National party convention, and member of the National Committee and members of the State committee, to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall tabulate the same and shall certify to the county commissioners of the respective counties the result of the computation of the vote for all such offices as shall be voted for at the succeeding election, at least thirty days prior to the date of such election; and shall also certify, within said time, to said county commissioners, the names of the Presidential electors chosen and certified to him as hereinafter provided. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 16, P. L. 735.)

Secretary of Commonwealth Shall Tabulate Returns for Each Candidate for President. Make Public Announcement Thereof, and Forward Copy of Statement to Commissioners of Each County.

56. * * * The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall forthwith prepare a statement from said returns, showing the total number of votes cast in the State, and in each Congressional district of the State, for each candidate of each political party for nomination as President of the United States, and shall make public announcement thereof. He shall also, forthwith, send a duplicate of such statement to the county commissioners of each county. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 16, P. L. 735.)

Secretary of Commonwealth Shall Ascertain from Returns Persons Elected as National Delegates and Members of National and State Committees, and Issue a Certificate of Election to Each Person Elected—What a Delegate's Certificate of Election Shall Contain—He Shall Forward to State Chairman Votes Cast for Each Candidate for Office of State Committeeman.

57. * * * The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall also, forthwith, ascertain from said returns the persons in each political party who have been duly elected as delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention of such party, and the persons in each party who have been duly elected members of the National committee or State committee of the party, and shall forthwith issue to each of such persons a certificate of election, which certificate of election, in the case of delegate and alternate delegate to a National party convention, shall show the number of votes received in the State, or in the political district of the State, as the case may be, by each candidate of such delegate's and alternate delegate's political party for nomination as President of the United States. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall also certify to the State chairman of each respective party the votes cast for each candidate for the office of State committeeman. (Act 1913, Sec. 16, P. L. 735.)

Who Shall be Declared the Party Nominees for Presidential Electors, Congressmen and State Offices—Names of Nominees Shall be Printed Upon Ballot.

58. Candidates of the various political parties for nomination as herein provided for, except for the office of the President of the United States, who receive a plurality of votes of their party electors in the State, or in the political district or division, as the case may be, at a primary, together with the candidates for the office of Presidential elector nominated as herein-after provided, shall be the candidates of their respective parties, and it shall be the duty of the proper officers to print their names upon the official ballots for use at the succeeding election, as is now or may hereafter be required by law. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 17, P. L. 736.)

Who Shall be Declared the Party Nominees for United States Senator—Names of Nominees Shall be Printed Upon Ballot.

59. * * * The name of the person, in each political party, who receives at a primary a plurality of the votes of such party in the State at large for United States Senator, shall be printed upon the official ballots for use at the succeeding election as the candidate of his party for said office, under the heading "United States Senator." * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 17, P. L. 736.)

Who Shall be Declared Elected Delegates to National Conventions.

60. * * * Candidates of the various political parties for the office of delegate and alternate delegate at large to a National party convention, who receive a plurality of the votes of their party electors in the State at large, shall be the duly elected delegates and alternate delegates at large to the National convention of their respective parties. Candidates of the various political parties for the office of delegate and alternate delegate, other than delegate and alternate delegate at large, who receive a plurality of the votes of their party electors in the political district or division in which they are candidates, shall be the duly elected delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention of their respective parties. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 17, P. L. 736.)

Who Shall be Declared Elected Members of National or State Committee and Party Officers.

61. * * * Candidates of the various political parties for the office of member of the State committee, or for the office of member of the National committee, in cases where the rules of the party provide that such office shall be filled by a vote of the party electors, who receive a plurality of the votes of the party electors at a primary, shall be the duly elected members of the State or National Committee, as the case may be, of their respective parties. Candidates for other party offices, who receive a plurality of the votes of the party electors at a primary, shall be the party officers of their respective parties. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 17, P. L. 736.)

Who Shall be Declared the Nominee in Case of Tie Vote.

62. * * * In case of a tie, the candidates receiving the tie vote shall cast lots before the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth, as the case may be, on the third Friday after the primary, and the one to whom the lot shall fall shall be entitled to the nomination or election: Provided, however, That in any case where the fact of a tie vote is not authoritatively determined until after the third Wednesday after the primary, the day for casting lots shall be the second day after the fact of such tie vote is authoritatively determined. If any candidate or candidates receiving a tie vote fail to appear before twelve o'clock noon on said day, the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth, as the case may be, shall cast lots for him or them. For the purpose of casting lots any candidate may appear in person, or by proxy appointed in writing. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 17, P. L. 736.)

Manner of Filling Vacancy on Nomination Petition When Candidate Named in Original Petition Dies Before the Primary.

63. * * * Where a nomination petition has been duly filed under the provisions of this act, and thereafter and before the day of the primary the candidate named in said petition dies, the original signers of said petition, or the majority of them, may sign another petition proposing a new candidate for said office, at any time prior to the printing of the ballot. Said petition filed shall have the same force and effect as the original petition. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 17, P. L. 736.)

Filling of Vacancies on Ticket After the Primary.

64. * * * Vacancies happening or existing after the date of the primary may be filled in accordance with the party rules, as is now or may hereafter be provided for by law. (Act 1913, Sec. 17, P. L. 736.)

Nominee of Each Political Party for President to Nominate Candidates for Presidential Electors of His Party—Time and Manner of Certifying Nominations—Nominee for Vice-President to Nominate, if Nominee for President Fails to do so.

65. The nominee of each political party for the office of President of the United States shall, within thirty days after his nomination by the National convention, nominate as many persons to be the candidates of his party for the office of Presidential elector as the State is then entitled to. If, for any reason, the nominee of any political party for the office of President of the United States fails or is unable to make the said nominations within the time herein provided, then the nominee of such party for the office of Vice-President of the United States shall, as soon as may be possible after the expiration of said thirty days, make the nominations. The names of such nominees, with their post-office addresses, shall be certified immediately to the Secretary of the Commonwealth by the nominee for the office of President or Vice-President, as the case may be, making the nominations. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 18, P. L. 737.)

Manner of Filling Vacancies in Office of Presidential Electors.

66. * * * Vacancies happening or existing after the date of nomination of Presidential electors shall be filled by the nominee for the office of President or Vice-President making the original nomination. Nominations made to fill vacancies shall be certified to the Secretary of the Commonwealth in the manner herein provided for in the case of original nominations. (Act 1913, Sec. 18, P. L. 737.)

Time and Manner of Withdrawal of Candidates—Duty of Secretary of Commonwealth in Connection Therewith.

67. Any of the candidates for nomination, including candidates for President of the United States, to be voted for at a primary under this act, may, at any time before four o'clock of the Friday next succeeding the last day fixed for filing nomination petitions, withdraw his name as a candidate, by a request in writing, signed by him and acknowledged before a notary public or justice of the peace filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, if such candidate filed his nomination petition with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in all other cases with the county commissioners.

The Secretary of the Commonwealth, upon the filing of requests for withdrawal in the manner herein provided, shall forthwith certify to the county commissioners of the proper county a correct list of candidates filing such requests. (Act 1913, Sec. 19, P. L. 738.)

Appointment of Overseers—How Made—Privilege of.

68. Upon the petition of five or more citizens, who are lawful voters of any election district, setting forth that the appointment of overseers is a reasonable precaution to secure the purity and fairness of the primary in said district, it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of the proper county, in its discretion, to appoint two overseers of election in said district, who shall be entitled to remain within the polling-place during the casting and counting of the ballots. (Act 1913, Sec. 20, P. L. 738.)

Watchers—Appointment of—Rights and Duties of—One Watcher of Each Candidate May be in Polling-Room at One Time—To be Provided with Certificates by County Commissioners.

69. Each candidate shall be entitled to appoint two watchers at the primary in each election district, division, or precinct in which such candidate is to be voted for, who shall be qualified electors of the district, division or precinct. Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county commissioners, stating his name, the district in which he is authorized to act, and the name of the candidate appointing him, and shall have the right to remain in the room outside of the enclosed space. Watchers shall be required to show their certificates, when requested to do so. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 21, P. L. 738.)

County Commissioners Authorized to Appoint Return Judges to Cast Up Primary Election Returns in Congressional, Senatorial and Judicial Districts, Composed of Two or More Counties.

70. The county commissioners of each county or of any part of a county which is joined to any other county or counties or parts of any county or counties for the purpose of forming a congressional, senatorial or judicial district, shall appoint one of the judges of election of such county or part of such county, comprised within such district, to take charge of the returns of all votes cast, at any primary election in said county or part of said county, for any candidate or candidates for the nomination of Representatives in Congress, State Senator, or judge of the courts of said district. Such return judges of the various districts shall meet at such time and places as may be designated for that purpose, and shall cast up such returns, and make a true and general return of all the votes cast in the district for such candidate or candidates, in such manner as now required by law for computing the returns of such districts in the case of general or municipal election. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 460.)

Penalty on Election Officers for Interfering with Watchers.

71. * * * If any election officers officiating at any primary shall refuse to permit a watcher appointed under the provisions of this act to be present as herein provided, such officer or officers shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand (\$1,000.00) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 21, P. L. 738.)

Penalty for Threatening or Intimidating Watchers or Overseers of Elections.

72. Any person or persons who, by violence or intimidation, shall threaten or drive away said watchers or overseers, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand (\$1,000.00) dollars, or to undergo imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1913, Sec. 22, P. L. 739.)

Penalty on Unqualified Elector for Signing Nomination Petition—Elector Changing Date of Signature, Giving False Statement as to Residence, or Signing More Nomination Petitions than Permitted, Guilty of a Misdemeanor—Penalty for,

73. If any person shall knowingly and wilfully sign any nomination petition without being qualified, with respect to age, sex, residence, and citizenship to be an elector of the State; or of the political district or division, as the case may be, named in said petition, and a resident of the county named on the sheet which he signs; or if any person shall set opposite a signature on a nomination petition a date other than the actual date such signature was affixed thereto; or if any person shall set opposite a signature on the nomination petition a false statement of the signer's place of residence; or if any person shall sign more nomination petitions than permitted by the provisions of this act,—he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred (\$100.00), dollars. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 23, P. L. 739.)

Penalty for Making False Statement in Affidavit Attached to Petition, or for Elector Signing Other Than his Own Name or Fraudulently Altering Nomination Petition.

74. * * * If any person shall knowingly make a false statement in any affidavit required by the provisions of this act, to be appended to or to accompany a nomination petition, or if any person shall fraudulently sign any name not his own to any nomination petition, or if any person shall fraudulently alter any nomination petition without the consent of the signers, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred (\$500.00) dollars, or to undergo imprisonment for not more than one year, or either or both, at the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 23, P. L. 739.)

Penalty for Voting or Attempting to Vote More Than Once at a Primary.

75. * * * Any person who shall vote or attempt to vote more than once at a primary shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred (\$500.00) dollars, or to undergo imprisonment for a period not exceeding three years, or either or both, at the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 23, P. L. 739.)

Penalty for Illegal Voting or Having Possession of Official Ballot Outside of Polling-Place.

76. * * * Any person who votes or attempts to vote at a primary, knowing that he does not possess the qualifications of a voter at such primary as indicated by this act, or who shall have unlawfully in his possession an official ballot outside the polling-place, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand (\$1,000.00) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, or either or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 23, P. L. 739.)

Penalty on Elector for Making False Statement so as to Secure Assistance in Marking Ballot or for Permitting Another to Accompany or Mark His Ballot Without Affidavit—Unlawful for Elector Assisting Voter to Mark Ballot Other Than Requested, or for Attempting to Influence Said Voter—Penalty.

77. * * * Any voter who, for the purpose of securing assistance in marking his ballot, shall falsely make oath or declare that he cannot read the names on the ballot, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot; or who, without having made the affidavit provided for in this act, that he cannot read the names on the ballot, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot, shall permit another to accompany him into the voting compartment, or shall permit another person to mark his ballot for him; or any person who shall assist a voter in marking his ballot contrary to the provisions of this act, or who shall attempt to influence the vote of the voter whom he is assisting, or who shall mark a ballot in any other way than that requested by the voter whom he is assisting,—shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00), or to undergo imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, or either or both, at the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 23, P. L. 739.)

Presence of Police Officer at Polling-Place During Primary Prohibited, Except to Cast His Vote or to Serve Warrants—Violation—Misdemeanor—Penalty.

78. * * * No police officer in commission, whether in uniform or in citizens' clothes, shall be within one hundred feet of a polling-place during the conduct of a primary, unless in the exercise of his privilege of voting, or for the purpose of serving warrants, or in case of disturbance of the peace; and any police officer being so present, within one hundred feet of a polling-place, during the conduct of a primary, except for the purposes specified, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred (\$500.00) dollars, or to undergo imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or either or both, at the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 23, P. L. 739.)

Penalty on Elector for Illegal Assistance—On Judge of Election for Not Filing and Returning Assistance Affidavits and Other Papers to County Commissioners.

79. * * * Any person who shall accompany a voter into a voting compartment without the said voter having first made affidavit, as provided in this act, that he cannot read the names on the ballot, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot; or who shall accompany a voter into the voting compartment, when the affidavit which the voter has made is false, to the knowledge of such person, or any judge of election who shall fail to properly file and return affidavits and other papers, required by this act or by law to be filed and returned to the county commissioners,—shall, for each such offense, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand (\$1,000.00) dollars, or to undergo imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years, or either or both, at the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 23, P. L. 739.)

Penalty on Election Officers for Permitting Persons to Vote Who Are Not so Entitled, or Refusing to Permit Persons to Vote, Who are so Entitled.

80. * * * Any election officer who permits a person to vote at any primary, with the knowledge that such person is not so entitled to vote, or refuses to permit any lawfully entitled elector to vote, at such primary, with the knowledge that such person is entitled to vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred (\$500.00) dollars, or to undergo imprisonment for a period not exceeding three years, or either or both, at the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 23, P. L. 739.)

Penalty on Election Officers or Clerks for Wilful Fraud in the Conduct of Their Duties.

81. * * * Any election officer or clerk who shall be guilty of any wilful fraud in the conduct of his duties at a primary, or who shall make a false return of the votes cast at such primary, or who shall deposit fraudulent ballots in the ballot box, or who shall certify as correct a return of ballots in the ballot box which he knows to have been fraudulently deposited therein, or who shall write false names in the lists of voters for the purpose of concealing the deposit of such fraudulent ballots or of aiding in the perpetration of such fraud, or who shall conspire with others to commit any of the offenses herein mentioned, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00), or to undergo imprisonment for a period not exceeding three years, or either or both, at the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 23, P. L. 739.)

Penalty on Election Officers for Refusing Ballot after Voter Has Executed Required Affidavit.

82. * * * Any election officer who refuses to permit a person to receive the party ballot for which he asks, after having executed the affidavit herein provided for, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00), or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding two years, or either or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 23, P. L. 739.)

Penalty on Election Officers or Clerks for Knowingly Inserting or Permitting the Insertion of any Fictitious Names, False Figures, or Other Fraudulent Entry On or In Any Assessor's List, Register, List of Voters or Other Election Papers, or for Altering or Destroying the Same, Etc.

83. Any election officer or clerk of election or clerk of the county commissioners or other person who knowingly inserts or knowingly permits to be inserted any fictitious name, false figure, or other fraudulent entry on or in any assessor's list, register, list of voters, affidavit, tally paper, return sheet, statement, certificate, or oath, voucher, ballot, or other record or document, authorized or required to be made, used, signed, returned, or preserved for any public purpose in connection with any primary, or who materially alters or intentionally destroys any entry which has been lawfully made therein, except by public order of the county commissioners, prothonotary, or of the court of common pleas, or who takes or removes any such book, affidavit, return, ballot, or other document or record from the custody of any person having lawful charge thereof in order to prevent the same from being used or inspected or copied as required or permitted by law, or who neglects or refuses to deliver the same into the custody of the officials who are or hereafter may be required by law to use or keep the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for a period not exceeding three years, or both, in the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1910, Sec. 5, P. L. 852.)

Bribery or Intimidation of an Elector a Misdemeanor—Penalty.

84. * * * Any person who shall, directly or indirectly, give, or promise or offer to give, any gift or reward in money, goods, or other valuable thing, to any person, with intent to induce him to vote or refrain from voting for any particular candidate or candidates at any primary; or shall, directly or indirectly, procure for, or offer or promise to procure for, such person, any such gift or reward, with the intent aforesaid; or shall, with the intent to induce or intimidate such person to give his vote or to refrain from giving his vote for any particular candidate or candidates at any primary, give to or obtain for, or assist in obtaining for, or offer or promise to give to or obtain for, or assist in obtaining for, such person, any office, place, appointment, or employment, public or private; or threaten such person with dismissal or discharge from any office, place, appointment, or employment, public or private, then held by him,—the person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00), or to undergo imprisonment for a period not exceeding three years, or either or both, at the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1912, Sec. 28, P. L. 789.)

Fines and Penalties on Election Officers for Violations or Neglect of Duties—Laws Governing Bribery at Primaries in Force.

85. * * * Except as modified by the terms of this act, election officers and clerks shall be subject to the same pains and penalties for violations or neglect of their duties at a primary as they are or hereafter may be subject to for violations or neglect of such duties at elections. In all other respects, officers and clerks officiating at primaries shall be subject to the pains and penalties provided by law for offenses committed at primaries. The existing laws relating to bribery at primaries, except as modified by the terms of this act, shall continue in force and shall apply to bribery at primaries as provided by this act. (Act 1913, Sec. 23. P. L. 739.)

Invalidity of Any Portion of Act Shall Not Affect Remainder of Act.

86. The invalidity of any portion of this act shall in no wise affect the validity of any other portion thereof which can be given effect without such invalid portion. (Act 1913, Sec. 24, P. L. 742.)

Non-Partisan Method of Nominating or Electing Candidates in Force—What Borough and Township Nominations Not Affected.

87. * * * Nothing herein contained shall repeal any act, or part of act, providing a non-partisan method of nominating or electing candidates for any public office,—it being intended that any provisions of this act for the nomination of candidates for any such office shall be suspended while such other act or part of act remains in force.

This act shall not affect any nominations of candidates for borough and township offices, which have been made prior to the time of the passage of this act. (Act 1913, Sec. 25, P. L. 742.)

ARTICLE VI.

†NOMINATIONS BY NOMINATION PAPERS—HOW MADE.

How Nominations by Nomination Papers Shall be Made by Qualified Electors.

1. Nominations of candidates for any public office may * * * be made by nomination papers, signed by qualified electors of the State or of the electoral district or division thereof for which the nomination is made, and filed in the proper office as provided in section five of this act. Blank forms for making such nomination shall be furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and no other form than the ones so prescribed shall be used for such purposes. Where the nomination is for any office to be filled by the voters of the State-at-large, the number of qualified electors of the State signing such nomination paper shall be at least one-half of one per centum of the largest vote for any officer elected in the State at the last preceding election at which a State officer was voted for. In the case of all other nominations, the number of qualified electors of the electoral district or division signing such nomination paper shall be at least two per centum of the largest entire vote for any officer elected at the last preceding election in the said electoral district or division for which said nomination papers are designed to be made. Each elector signing a nomination paper shall add to his signature his place of residence and occupation, and no person may subscribe to more than one nomination for each office to be filled. The signatures to each nomination paper and the qualification of the signers shall be vouched for by the affidavit of at least five of the signers thereof, which affidavit shall accompany the nomination paper: Provided, That if five of the electors composing any political body making a nomination by nomination papers shall file, with the prothonotary of the county in which the nomination paper or papers are to be filed, an affidavit setting forth that they have adopted a certain political appellation to designate their policy, subject to the limitations of this act regarding the selection of names, that thereafter such political body shall have the exclusive right to use the said name or appellation for the election for which such nomination or nominations are made, provided that a certificate from the prothonotary setting forth such a compliance with the act be filed with the nomination papers filed by such political body: And provided further, That if five electors, composing any political body as hereinbefore provided, shall file an affidavit, as aforesaid, setting forth that they have adopted a certain political name or appellation to designate their policy for the purpose of making nominations for ward officers or officers to be elected in any ward, such affidavit shall give to such body of electors the exclusive right to use the said name or appellation for the nomination of any candidates for any precinct or other subdivision of such ward for the election for which such nominations are made. (Act 1919 Sec. 1, P. L. 855.)

The pre-emption of a party name for State purposes does not give to the pre-emptors, or the body represented by them, the exclusive right to control the use of that name in the nominations of candidates for every local or district office.

Where five electors of a congressional district file with the prothonotary of their county, as required by the Act of July 9, 1897, P. L. 223, an affidavit setting forth that they had adopted the name of a certain party to designate their policy in the election of a congressman from that district; and, following this pre-emption, the nomination paper, properly signed by a sufficient number of electors, residents of the district, is filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, accompanied by a certificate from the prothonotary, setting forth compliance with the act; and the pre-emption is first in point of time so far as the district nomination is concerned, and there is a strict compliance with the act of 1897 in the preparation, signing and filing of the nomination paper; a prima facie case in favor of the validity of the nomination paper is made out and the paper is not rendered invalid by reason of its not having the approval of the political body represented by five electors who at a prior date had pre-empted the name of such party to designate their policy in the nomination of candidates for State offices. Wakefield's Appeal (No. 1), 229 Pa. 582.

The nomination of a candidate for congress who first secures the pre-emption of a party name and files nomination papers in compliance with the law will be declared regular, where no question of fraud, misrepresentation or bad faith is raised on the record. Wakefield's Appeal (No. 2), 229 Pa. 585.

†See Article V for Primary Elections, and Article VII for Non-Partisan Nominations.

What Certificates of Nomination Papers Shall Specify.

2. All * * * Nomination papers shall specify: One (1). The party or policy which such candidate represents, expressed in not more than three words: in the case of electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, the names of the candidates for President and Vice-President shall be added to the party or political appellation. Two (2). The name of each candidate nominated therein, his profession, business or occupation, if any, and his place of residence, with the street and number thereon, if any. Three (3). The office for which such candidate is nominated; Provided, That no words shall be used in any nomination papers, to describe or designate the party or policy, or political appellation, represented by the candidate named in such nomination papers as aforesaid, identical with the words used for the like purposes in certificates of nominations made by a * * * primary meeting of electors, * * * representing a political party which, at the last preceding election, polled two per centum of the largest vote cast: And provided further, That any objections filed to a nomination * * * paper on account of the party or political appellation used therein, or involving the right as defined by sections two and three of this act, to file such * * * paper, shall be decided by the court of common pleas on hearing as hereinafter provided. (Act 1897, Sec. 2, P. L. 224.)

The provision in section 2 of the act of 1897, prohibits a political party from using its own name when it nominates by nomination papers in a district where the party is entitled to nominate by certificate of nomination. *McJunkin's and Dight's Nomination*, 32 Pa. C. C. R. 662.

What Nomination Paper Shall be Filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth—Time of Filing.

3. Nomination papers for candidates for the offices of Presidential electors and Members of the House of Representatives of the United States and for State offices, including those of judges, Senators, and Representatives, shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth at least sixty days before the day of election. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 832.)

What Nomination Papers Shall be Filed with County Commissioners—Time of Filing.

4. * * * Nomination papers for candidates for all other offices shall be filed with the county commissioners of the respective counties at least twenty-eight days before the day of election. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 832.)

How Period of Time to be Reckoned in all Cases.

5. * * * In determining or reckoning any period of time mentioned in this act, the day upon which the act is done, paper filed, or notice given, shall be excluded from, and the day of the election shall be included in, the calculation or reckoning. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 832.)

Nomination Paper to be Examined—If Defective Shall not be Filed—Refusal to File Subject to Review.

6. It shall be the duty of the officer or officers to whom any nomination paper is brought for the purpose of filing, to examine the said paper, and if it lacks sufficient signatures or be otherwise manifestly defective it shall not be filed; but the action of said officer or officers in refusing to receive such paper may be reviewed by the court of common pleas of the county, upon an application for mandamus to compel its reception as of the date when it was brought to the office. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 833.)

Nominations by Nomination Papers Shall be Deemed Valid, Unless Objections Thereto are Filed—Time for Filing and Hearing Objections.

7. * * * All nomination papers which have been filed shall be deemed to be valid, unless objections thereto are duly made by writing filed in the court of common pleas of the county in which the paper objected to has been filed, and with the officer or officers with whom such papers have been filed, and within the following periods:

First. In the case of papers filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, at least fifty days before the day of election.

Second. In the case of other papers, at least twenty-five days before the day of election.

Third. In case the court is in session, one or more judges thereof shall proceed to hear such objections without unnecessary adjournment or delay, and shall give such hearing precedence before any other business before him or them. With respect to papers filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, such objections shall be heard and finally determined at least thirty days before the day of election, and in all other cases at least eighteen days before the day of election. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 833.)

Objections Must be Accompanied by Proof of Service—Court May Require Defective Papers to be Amended—Petitioner to Pay Costs When Objections not Sustained—Papers May be Amended After Having Been Filed.

8. * * * In case the court is not in session, any judge thereof, on the presentation to him of the certificate of the prothonotary that such objections have been filed, shall proceed to hear such objections. No objection of any nature whatever shall be filed unless accompanied by proof of service of notice of the proposed objection upon at least one of the candidates named in the paper objected to, nor shall any objection be heard in the absence of any of the said candidates without proof of service of notice of the hearing upon them. If the court decide that the paper objected to was not filed by parties entitled under this act to file the same, it shall be wholly void; but if it be judged defective only, the court shall indicate the matters in which it requires amendment, and the time within which such amendments must be made, and every paper amended after the time when names therein contained should have been sent to the sheriff, shall be subject to the provisions of this act concerning substituted nominations.

The officers with whom nomination papers have been filed shall permit the political parties or bodies who have filed them to amend them, of their own motion, at any time prior to the printing of the ballot. (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 833.)

How Candidates May Withdraw.

9. Any person whose name has been presented as a candidate for the office of Presidential elector, Member of the House of Representatives of the United States, or for any State office, including those of judges, Senators, and Representatives, may cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination by request in writing, signed by him and acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgments of deeds, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth at least fifty days previous to the day of the election, and all candidates for other offices, with the county commissioners of the respective counties at least twenty-five days previous to the day of the election; and no name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballots. (Act 1910, Sec. 3, P. L. 835.)

†How Nominations are Made to Fill Vacancies in Office Occurring After Regular Time for Making, or when Special Elections are Fixed Which Would Prevent Making at Regular Time.

10. * * * Where any office not in court of record shall for any cause become vacant after the time for making nominations for such office shall have elapsed, or when a writ for a special election to supply a vacancy shall direct such election to be held at a date which would prevent the making of nominations in time to comply with section five of this act, nominations for the office to be filled may still be made in accordance with sections two and three of this act, but in other respects the provisions of section twelve of this act shall apply to such nominations. (Act 1919, Sec. 3, P. L. 835.)

Nomination Papers to be Open to Public Inspection and Preserved Two Years.

11. All * * * nomination papers when filed shall be open under proper regulations to public inspection, and shall be preserved not less than two years in the offices where they have been filed. (Act 1893, Sec. 8, P. L. 421.)

Secretary of the Commonwealth to Transmit Lists of Candidates Nominated by Nomination Papers Filed in His Office to County Commissioners and Sheriff.

12. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall, fourteen days at least previous to the day of any election of United States or State officers, or for the adoption of amendments to the Constitution of this Commonwealth, transmit to the county commissioners and the sheriff of each county, in which such election is to be held, duplicate official lists, stating the names and residences of, and parties or policies represented by, all candidates whose nomination * * * papers have been filed with him as herein provided for such election, and have not been found and declared to be invalid as provided in section six, and to be voted for at each voting place in each county, respectively, substantially in the form of the ballots to be used therein; duplicate copies of the text of all proposed constitutional amendments to be voted upon at such election. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 338.)

County Commissioners to Transmit Lists of Candidates Nominated by Nomination Papers Filed in Their Offices to Sheriff.

13. * * * The county commissioners of each county shall also send to the sheriff of their county, at least ten days prior to the day of any general (or municipal) election, an official list, containing the names and party or political appellations of all candidates whose nomination * * * papers have been filed with the said commissioners, as herein provided for such election, and to be voted for at each voting place in the county, substantially in the form of the ballots to be used therein. (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 338.)

How Vacancies on Ticket May be Filled.

14. In case of the death or withdrawal of any candidate nominated as herein provided, the * * * citizens who nominated such candidate, may nominate a substitute in his place, by filing in the proper office at any time before the day of election, a nomination * * * paper which shall conform to all the requirements of this act in regard to original * * * papers: Provided, That if the said * * * citizens shall have authorized any committee, * * * to make nominations in the event of the death or withdrawal of candidates, the said * * * citizens (shall not be required) to sign a new nomination paper, but the said committee shall have power to file the requisite nomination * * * paper, which shall recite the facts of the appointment and powers of the said committee (naming all its members), of the death, or withdrawal of the candidate, and of the action of the committee thereon, and the truth of these facts shall be verified by the affidavit annexed to the * * * paper of two members of the committee, and also of * * * two of the citizens who made affidavit to the original paper: And provided also, That in case of a substituted nomination paper not filed by a committee, but signed by citizens, it shall only be necessary that two-thirds of the signers of the said paper shall have been signers of the original paper. (Act 1893, Sec. 11, P. L. 424.)

Objections May be Made to Substituted Nominations by Nomination Papers—Time for Making.

15. All substituted nomination * * * papers may be objected to as provided in section six of this act, and if a substituted * * * paper be filed after the last day for filing the original * * * paper, objections must be made within four days after the filing, and no objections as to form and conformity to law shall be received after the time set for printing the ballots. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 12, P. L. 424.)

How Name of Substituted Candidate by Nomination Papers to be Placed on Ballot.

16. * * * As soon as any substituted candidate shall have been duly nominated, his name shall be substituted by the proper officers in the place of that of the candidate who has died or withdrawn so far as time may allow, and in case a substituted nomination be filed with or transmitted to the county commissioners after the ballots have been printed, the said commissioners shall prepare and distribute with the ballots suitable slips of paper bearing the substituted name, together with the title of the office, and having adhesive paste upon the reverse side, which shall be offered to each voter with the regular ballot and may be affixed thereto. (Act 1893, Sec. 12, P. L. 424.)

†For manner of Filling Vacancies at Primary Elections, see Article V, and under Non-Partisan Nominations, see Article VII.

ARTICLE VII.

†NON-PARTISAN NOMINATIONS—HOW MADE.

All Candidates for Judge of Any Court of Record Shall be Nominated on Non-Partisan Ballot—Definitions.

1. * * * All candidates for * * * the office of judge of any court of record, whether such office of judge be filled by the vote of the electors of the State at large or of the electors of any county or judicial district in the State, shall be nominated in accordance with the provisions of this act, and in no other manner. The term "office of judge" or "office of judge of any court," when used in this act, shall mean the office of judge of any court of record. (Act 1913, Sec. 1, P. L. 1001.)

An election law is not unconstitutional because it abolishes party nominations for certain offices. The organic law is silent upon the right of the parties to make nominations for offices, and hence the Legislature necessarily has a very wide discretion in such matters.

The Act of July 24, 1913, P. L. 1001, which relates only to the office of judge, and provides a method of electing judges throughout the Commonwealth, does not offend against Article VIII, Section 7, of the Constitution, providing that "all laws regulating the holding of elections shall be uniform throughout the State." Uniform operation means that the same law shall apply to all persons placed in the same circumstances, and a law which operates upon every person who is a candidate for the office of judge is uniform. Winston, Appellant v. Moore, 244 Pa. 447.

Non-Partisan Nominations Shall be Made at the Regular Primary Held for Other Offices—Nominations for Office of Judge by Political Parties Prohibited.

2. Candidates for * * * (judge of any court of record), to be filled at any election, shall be nominated in the manner hereinafter provided, at the regular primary provided by law for the nomination of candidates for other offices to be filled at such election; and all laws relating to such primaries shall continue to be in force and to be applicable to the said offices in so far as may be consistent with the provisions of this act. No nomination by any political party of any candidate for any such office shall hereafter be made under any law of this Commonwealth. (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 1001.)

County Commissioners to Prepare all Non-Partisan Primary Ballots—Ballots to be Uniform as to Paper, Size and Style.

3. Official primary ballots, hereinafter called "non-partisan primary ballots," for the said offices, shall be prepared for the primary by the county commissioners. These non-partisan primary ballots shall be printed on white paper of uniform quality, and shall be uniform in size, style of printing, and general appearance, and but one form of non-partisan primary ballots shall be provided for each polling-place. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 745.)

Non-Partisan Primary Ballot—Form and Marking of—How Names of Candidates Shall Appear on—Non-Partisan Ballot to be also Printed on Regular Party Ballots.

4. * * * The non-partisan primary ballot shall be substantially in the following form:—

NON-PARTISAN PRIMARY BALLOT.

.....District,Ward, City of
County of, State of Pennsylvania. Primary held on theday of 19....

Make a cross (X) in the square to the right of each candidate for whom you wish to vote. If you desire to vote for a person whose name is not on the ballot, write or paste his name in the blank space provided for that purpose.

Judge of the Supreme Court.

(Vote for)

John Doe,
Richard Roe
John Stiles,

Judge of the Court of Common Pleas.

(Vote for)

John Doe,
Richard Roe,
John Stiles,

* * * Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed blank spaces, defined by light lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart, equal in number to the number of candidates for whom an elector would be entitled to vote for such office at the ensuing election.

On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words OFFICIAL NON-PARTISAN PRIMARY BALLOT, and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the facsimile signatures of the county commissioners of the county. The ballots shall vary in form only as the names of districts, offices, or candidates, or the provisions of this act may require.

* * * The names of candidates for the office of judge shall be printed on the ballot, and the order of precedence shall be determined by casting of lots in the manner hereinafter provided. Opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides; and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of the entire county shall be printed the name of the township, borough, or ward and city, as the case may be, in which such candidate resides.

†For Act governing Enrollment of Voters for Primary Elections, see Article I; for Act governing Registration of Voters in Cities of the First Class, see Article II; for Act governing Registration of Voters in Cities of the Second Class, see Article III; for Act governing Registration of Voters in Cities of the Third Class, see Article IV; for Act governing Primary Elections, see Article V, and for Act governing Registration of Voters in Boroughs and Townships, see Article XV.

A copy of the non-partisan ballot shall also be printed on the regular party ballots in a separate column, and all votes cast on party ballots for non-partisan candidates shall be counted and returned in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if cast on a separate non-partisan ballot. The regular party ballots shall not have printed on the back thereof anything to denote that they are non-partisan primary ballots. No ballots other than those provided for in this section shall be used at such primary election for such offices.

If two or more candidates for the same office shall have the same surname or similar surnames, the county commissioners shall, upon the request of any of said candidates filed in writing not later than five days after the last day for filing nomination petitions, print the occupation of any such candidates so filing a request on the ballot opposite or under his name. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 745.)

How Voter May Designate Choice—Shall Not Vote for Greater Number of Persons Than Can be Voted for at General Election—How Improperly Marked Ballots Shall be Counted.

5. * * * The voter may designate his choice as indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth. He may vote for no greater number of persons for nomination to any office than the number for which he could vote at the succeeding election for the same office. If he shall vote for a greater number of persons for nomination to any office than he would have a right to vote for at the ensuing election, his ballot shall not be counted for such office; but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted. No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 745.)

Names of Candidates for Judge to be Printed on Non-Partisan Primary Ballot Upon the Filing of Nomination Petitions and Candidates' Affidavit—Petition or Affidavit Shall Not Refer to Any Party or Policy—Party Membership Not Necessary to Qualify Persons to be Candidate or Sign Petition.

6. The names of all candidates for nomination at any primary, for * * * (Judge of any court of record), shall be printed upon the official non-partisan primary ballot at such primary, upon the filing of nomination petitions in their behalf, signed by qualified electors of the State, or of the political district or division, as the case may be, within which the nomination is to be made, and the filing of affidavits by the candidates as provided by this act; and the names of no candidates for any of said offices shall be printed upon any official non-partisan primary ballot to be used at any primary unless such nomination petitions shall have been filed, and unless such candidates shall have filed affidavits as hereinafter provided. The petitions and affidavits herein required shall contain no reference to any political party or policy; and party membership shall not be necessary to qualify any person to be a candidate, or to be a signer of a nomination petition, within the provisions of this act. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 4, P. L. 1004.)

Signers to Petition to Sign But One Petition for Each Office to be Filled—Declaration of Signer—Time of Signing Petition.

7. * * * Each signer of a nomination petition shall sign but one such petition for each office to be filled, and shall declare therein that he has signed no inconsistent petition: Provided, however, That where there are to be elected two or more persons to the same office, each signer may sign petitions for as many candidates for such office as, and no more than, he could vote for at the succeeding election. He shall also declare therein that he is a qualified elector of the county named in the sheet which he signs, and, in case the nomination is not to be made by the electors of the State at large, of the political district or division therein named in which the nomination is to be made. He shall add his occupation and residence, giving city, borough, or township, with street and number, if any, and shall also add the date of signing. No nomination petition shall be circulated prior to forty (40) days before the last day on which such petition may be filed, and no signature shall be counted unless it bears date within forty (40) days of the last day for filing same. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 242.)

Nomination Petitions May be on One or More Sheets—Each Sheet to be Accompanied by an Affidavit of Witness—Contents of Affidavit.

8. * * * Said nomination petition may be on one or more sheets, and different sheets must be used for signers resident in different counties. Each sheet shall have appended thereto the affidavit of some person—not necessarily a signer, and not necessarily the same person on each sheet—setting forth that the affiant is a qualified elector of the State, or of the political district or division, as the case may be, referred to in said petition; his residence, giving city, borough, or township, with street and number, if any; that the signers signed with full knowledge of the contents of the petition, that their respective residences are correctly stated therein, that they all reside in the county named in the affidavit, and that each signed on the date set opposite his name; and that, to the best of affiant's knowledge and belief, signers are qualified electors of the State, or of the political district or division, as the case may be. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 242.)

What Affidavit Filed With Candidate's Nomination Petition Shall Embrace.

9. * * * Each candidate shall file with his nomination petition his affidavit stating his residence, with street and number, if any, and his post-office address, his election district, the name of the office for which he desires to be a candidate, that he is eligible for such office, and that he will not knowingly violate any election law or any law regulating and limiting nomination and election expenses and prohibiting corrupt practices in connection therewith. (Act 1913, Sec. 4, P. L. 1001.)

The provisions of the Act of July 24, 1913, P. L. 1001, which require a candidate for nomination to file with his petition an affidavit stating his residence, his post office address, his election district, the name of the office for which he is a candidate, and other matters, relating to his candidacy, are not such restrictions on the rights of the electors as to justify the courts in declaring the act void. *Winston, Appellant, v. Moore*, 244 Pa. 447.

Where Nomination Petitions Shall be Filed—Candidates to Cast Lots for Position on Ballot—Number of Signers Required and Time of Filing—Manner of Filling Vacancy on Nomination Petition Where Candidate Named in Original Petition Dies Before the Primary.

10. The nominating petitions, in the case of candidates for the office of judge, shall be filed, at least forty days prior to the primary with the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Immediately after the last day fixed for filing of such nomination petitions with him, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall fix a day for the casting of lots for the position of names upon the primary ballot, and shall give notice to the candidates to appear before him for that purpose. Such candidates shall appear in person or by agent duly authorized by letter of attorney signed and acknowledged by an officer empowered to take acknowledgments. In the event of any of said candidates not being present in person or by representative at the time of casting of lots, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth to appoint some person to represent such absentee. After said lots are cast, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall establish the order in which the names of said candidates are to appear upon the primary ballot, and certify the same to the county commissioners of the respective counties. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 750.)

Nomination petitions of candidates shall be signed:

- (a) If for the office of judge to be filled by a vote of the electors of the State at large, by at least one hundred qualified electors in each of at least five counties of the State.
- (b) If for the office of judge of any court of record other than a court whose judges are elected by a vote of the electors of the State at large, by at least two hundred qualified electors of the county or judicial district, as the case may be.

Where a nomination petition has been duly filed under the provisions of this act, and thereafter, and before the day of the primary, the candidate named in said petition dies, the original signers of said petition, or the majority of them, may sign and file another petition proposing a new candidate for the same office, at any time prior to the printing of the non-partisan primary ballot. Said petition so filed shall have the same force and effect as the original petition. (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 750.)

For What Causes Non-Partisan Nomination Petitions May be Refused—Invalidity of Any Sheet of a Petition Shall Not Affect Validity of Petition if Sufficient Petition Remains—Time and Manner of Making Application for Setting Aside Petition—Court After Hearing May Permit Petition to be Amended—Petitioner to Pay Costs When Objections Not Sustained.

11. No nomination petition, with the aforesaid appended and accompanying affidavits, shall be refused or set aside, except for:—

- (a) Material error or defects apparent on the face thereof, or on the face of the appended or accompanying affidavits; or
- (b) Material alterations made after signing, without the consent of the signers; or
- (c) Want of a sufficient number of genuine signatures of persons qualified with respect to age, sex, residence, and citizenship to be electors.

The invalidity of any sheet of a petition shall not affect the validity of such petition, if a sufficient petition remain after eliminating such invalid sheet.

Application to set aside any nomination petition shall be by petition to the court of common pleas of the county in which such nomination petition has been filed, setting forth specifically the matters objected to, and must be filed within five days after the last day for filing said nomination petition. Upon the presentation of such a petition the court shall make an order fixing a time for hearing, which shall not be later than ten days after the last day for filing said nomination petition, and specifying the time and manner of notice that shall be given to the candidate named in the nomination petition sought to be set aside.

If the matters objected to are such as are specified in subdivision (a) of this section, the court upon hearing the case may, in its discretion, permit amendments, within such time and upon such terms as to payment of costs as the said court may specify.

In case the petition to set aside a nomination petition is dismissed, the petitioner shall pay the whole of the costs of the proceedings, including all witness fees. (Act 1913, Sec. 6, P. L. 1001.)

Secretary of the Commonwealth Shall Furnish County Commissioners With Correct List of Candidates for Various Offices and also Notify Candidates That Their Names Have Been Certified to County Commissioners.

12. The Secretary of the Commonwealth, immediately after the last day fixed for the filing of said petitions with him, shall forward to the county commissioners of each county a correct list of candidates for the various offices, as shown in such petitions, with their respective residences and postoffice addresses as shown in their affidavits, and shall also at the same time notify the said candidates by mail that their names have been so certified to said county commissioners. (Act 1913, Sec. 7, P. L. 1001.)

County Commissioners Shall Have on File and Open to Public Inspection Forms of Non-Partisan Primary Ballot, With the Names and Notations Required by Act.

13. The county commissioners shall have on file in their office, on and after the Wednesday preceding the primary, open to public inspection, forms of the non-partisan primary ballots, with the names and such notations respecting residence and occupation as may be required by the provisions of this act printed thereon, which shall be used in each election district within such county. (Act 1915, Sec. 2, P. L. 1046.)

County Commissioners Shall Prepare and Furnish Official and Specimen Non-Partisan Primary Ballots—Number of Each Kind of Ballots to be Printed—Official Ballots to be Bound—To Whom Ballots Shall be Delivered.

14. The county commissioners shall prepare, and furnish to the election officers of each election district for use at the primary, one set of official non-partisan primary ballots, of not less than seventy-five for every fifty and fraction of fifty voters therein, as contained upon the assessor's or registrars' list.

The county commissioners shall also furnish specimen non-partisan primary ballots for the use of electors at the polls, equal in number to one-fourth the whole number of official non-partisan primary ballots; said specimen ballots to be printed on colored paper, and to be of the same size and form as said official ballots.

The official non-partisan primary ballots shall be bound, in books of one hundred each, in the same manner as ballots at elections; and shall be delivered to the officers of election in the same manner as ballots are or hereafter may be required by law to be delivered to officers of election, for use at elections. (Act 1913, Sec. 9, P. L. 1001.)

All Qualified Electors May Vote at Non-Partisan Primaries—Party Membership Shall Not be Necessary.

15. The qualifications of electors entitled to vote for candidates for * * * (judge of any court of record) at a primary shall be the same as the qualifications of electors entitled to vote at elections within the election district where the primary is held; except that, with respect to the payment of taxes, it shall be sufficient if an elector shall have paid within two years before the next succeeding election a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months before said election, and paid on or before the day of the primary, and, in cases where personal registration is required, on or before the registration day on which the elector registers. Party membership shall not be necessary to entitle any person to receive and vote a non-partisan primary ballot at any primary at which a candidate for any such office is to be nominated. (Act 1913, Sec. 10, P. L. 1001.)

Delivery of Ballot to Voter and Manner of Voting—Enrolled Elector to Receive Party Ballot with Non-Partisan Ballot Printed Thereon—Disposition of Spoiled Ballots—Marking and Depositing of Ballots.

16. Any qualified elector who shall ask for and who is entitled to receive a party ballot shall be given the party ballot to which he is entitled, which shall contain the non-partisan primary ballot as provided for in this act, and shall not receive any separate non-partisan primary ballot. Any qualified elector who desires to vote only, or is entitled to receive only, a non-partisan primary ballot, shall be given a separate non-partisan primary ballot and no other ballot. Not more than one non-partisan primary ballot shall be given to a voter: Provided, however, That where a voter inadvertently spoils a non-partisan primary ballot, he may obtain another as provided by law, first returning the spoiled ballot, which shall be canceled, preserved, and returned as in like cases at elections.

The voter shall mark said non-partisan primary ballot, and deposit it in the ballot-box at the same time he marks and deposits the party ballot, if any. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 3, P. L. 751.)

Ballot and Voting Check Lists Shall Have Separate Columns for Party and Non-Partisan Ballots—Election Officers to Make Separate Checks for Each Class of Ballots.

17. * * * The ballot check list and the voting check list at primaries shall have separate columns for party ballots and non-partisan primary ballots, and the officers or clerks keeping such lists shall make separate checks or notations for each class of ballots as they are issued and deposited. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 3, P. L. 757.)

Closing of Polls—Opening of Ballot Boxes—Party Vote to be Counted Before Non-Partisan Ballot—Votes on Party Ballots for Non-Partisan Candidates to be Added to Vote Cast for Candidates on Separate Non-Partisan Ballot—Certifying of Returns.

18. * * * When, after the closing of the polls at a primary, the ballots are taken from the ballot-box, the election officers shall, after counting and making a record of the number of ballots for each party, count the number of non-partisan primary ballots cast, and make a record thereof; and, after counting the vote cast for the different persons named on the party ballots and making a record thereof, shall count the vote cast for the different persons named on the non-partisan primary ballots and make a record thereof; and when said count is finally completed they shall certify, in due and proper form, to the number of votes cast for each person upon the non-partisan primary ballots, in addition to certifying the party vote as provided by law. All votes cast for any non-partisan candidate on the non-partisan ballot which is printed on the regular party ballots shall be counted and added to the votes cast for such candidate on the separate non-partisan primary ballots, and the total thus obtained shall be certified by the election officers, together with the record of the party vote as herein provided. (Act 1919, Sec. 3, P. L. 751.)

County Commissioners Shall Certify to Secretary of Commonwealth Returns of Votes Cast for Candidates for Judge—Secretary of Commonwealth Shall Tabulate Returns for Each Candidate and Certify the Result and the Order of Precedence of the Candidates on the Ballot to County Commissioners.

19. The county commissioners shall make the proper certification of return of votes cast at any primary for the candidates for nomination, for all offices of judge of any court, to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall tabulate the same and shall certify to the county commissioners of the respective counties the computation of the vote, at least thirty days prior to the date of the succeeding election. Immediately after the county commissioners shall make the proper certification of return of votes cast at any primary for the candidates for nomination for all offices of judge of any court to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, it shall also be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in the manner hereinafter provided, to establish the order of precedence of said names on the ballots, and certify the same to the county commissioners of the respective counties, at least thirty (30) days prior to the date of the succeeding election. (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 753.)

Who Shall be Declared the Nominees—Whenever any Candidate for Nomination to an Office Receives a Number of Votes Greater than One-half of the Total Votes Cast at Such Primary He Shall be Declared the Sole Nominee for Such Office—No other Names Shall Appear Upon Ballot.

20. The candidates for nomination at any primary for any office within the provisions of this act, to be filled at the succeeding election, equal in number to twice the number to be elected at the succeeding election, who shall have received at such primary the highest number of votes cast for nomination to the office for which they are candidates (or if the number of the candidates voted for as aforesaid be not more than twice the number to be elected, then all the candidates), shall be the nominees for such office; and their names, and none other except as hereinafter provided, shall be printed as candidates for such respective offices upon the official ballots which are provided according to law for use at such succeeding election: Provided, That whenever, at any primary, any candidate for nomination to any of the aforesaid offices to which but one person is to be elected at the succeeding election shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary, such candidate shall be the sole nominee for such office; and his name, and none other, shall be printed as candidate for such office upon the official ballots for use at such succeeding election: And provided further That whenever, at any primary nominations are to be made of candidates to fill two or more vacancies in any appellate or other court of record, composed of two or more judges,

if any one or more such candidates shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary, then, and in such event, each of such candidates shall be the sole nominee for one of the respective vacancies in such office. One-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary shall be ascertained by taking the total number of votes cast for all the candidates for such office and dividing such total vote of all such candidates by the number of persons each voter is entitled to vote for at such primary for such office, and this quotient shall be divided by two, and any candidate who receives a greater number of votes than the result obtained by the above method of ascertainment shall have met the requirement hereinbefore provided. If it appears that less than the whole number of candidates for such office to be elected at the ensuing election have received the required number of votes hereinbefore specified, then, and in such event, he or they who have received that number of votes at the primary shall be the sole nominee or nominees for that number of vacancies in such office; and his name or their names, and none other, shall be printed as candidates for that number of vacancies in and for such office, upon the official ballots for use at such succeeding election. If it appear that more than the whole number of candidates for such office to be elected at the ensuing election have received the required number of votes hereinbefore specified, then the candidates equal to the number of vacancies in such office who received the highest number of votes shall be the sole nominees for such office. The number of candidates for any remaining vacancy or vacancies in such office, for which the primary has declared no sole nominee or nominees as herein just provided, and the manner of their election, shall remain as provided by existing law. In the event of one or more candidates being sole nominees, as above provided, there shall be two groups of names of candidates on the ballots, the names of such sole nominees being in one group, and the names of other candidates in the other. * * *

(Act 1919, Sec. 5, P. L. 753.)

The provisions in the Act of July 24, 1913, P. L. 1001, which limits the names of candidates to be printed on the official ballot to the two who polled the highest vote at the preceding primary, is not in violation of the Constitution.

The section of the Act of July 24, 1913, P. L. 1001, providing in substance, that when only one person is to be elected to a particular office, and there are several candidates at the primary, the one who receives more than one-half the total vote polled for such office, and more than one-half of the number of ballots cast in the political district or division, such candidate shall be the sole nominee for the office, and his name alone shall be printed as a candidate upon the official ballot, is not so unreasonable and discriminatory as to amount to a violation of the elector's constitutional rights. *Winston, Appellant v. Moore*, 224 Pa. 447.

Who Shall be Declared the Nominee in Case of a Tie Vote.

21. * * * In case of a tie, the candidates receiving the tie vote shall appear and cast lots before * * * the Secretary of the Commonwealth, * * * on the third Friday after the primary, and the one to whom the lot shall fall shall be entitled to the nomination: Provided, in any case where the fact of a tie vote is not authoritatively determined until after the third Wednesday after the day of the primary, the day for appearing and casting lots shall be the second day after the day on which the fact of such tie vote is authoritatively determined. If any candidate or candidates receiving a tie vote fail to appear before twelve o'clock noon on said day, * * * the Secretary of the Commonwealth, * * * shall cast lots for him or them. For the purpose of casting lots any candidate may appear in person or by proxy appointed in writing. (Act 1919, Sec. 5, P. L. 753.)

Filling of Vacancies on Ticket After the Primary—Candidate Receiving Next Highest Vote to be Nominee—Candidate May be Nominated by Nomination Papers When Nominations Have Not Been Made—Time for Filing Said Nomination Petitions—Duty of Secretary of Commonwealth in Relation Thereto—Stickers to be Provided by County Commissioners When Nomination is Made After Ballots Are Printed.

22. If after any primary and before the succeeding election any candidate nominated * * * (for judge of any court of record) shall die, or shall by virtue of any present or future law be disqualified to have his name printed on the ballot for the election, a vacancy shall be deemed to exist, which shall be filled by the otherwise unnominated and not so disqualified candidate for the same office next in rank with respect to the number of votes received at such primary. If after any primary and before the succeeding election there should not be any candidate whatever nominated living, and entitled to have his name printed on the ballot for * * * (for judge of any court of record), and which is to be filled at the succeeding election, or not enough of such candidates for any such office to equal the number of persons to be elected thereto at the succeeding election, other candidates may be nominated for such office, with the same effect as though nominated at the primary, by the filing of nomination petitions on behalf of and affidavits by such candidates, in the manner and form and according to the directions hereinbefore provided in sections four and five of this act with respect to getting the name of a candidate for such office printed upon the ballot for the primary, varied in so far as may be necessary to fit the different purpose. Such nomination petitions and affidavits may, nevertheless, in such cases, be filed at any time after the primary and before the succeeding election; but as soon as enough of such after-primary nomination petitions shall have been filed to provide a number of candidates, including any previously nominated and still remaining available, equal to twice the number of persons to be elected to the office, no more such petitions shall be received. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall, immediately upon the filing of any such after-primary petition and its accompanying affidavit in proper form in his office, forward to the county commissioners of the county or counties whose electors are entitled to vote at the election for the office a written statement of the name, residence, and post-office address of the candidate therein named, as shown in his affidavit, as well as the name of the office for which he is a candidate; and shall at the same time notify the said candidate, by mail, that his name has been so certified to the county commissioners. As soon as any such substituted or additional candidate shall have been duly nominated as herein provided, his name shall be used by the proper officers as though he had been nominated at the primary, so far as time will allow; and in case such after-primary nomination be filed with or transmitted to the county commissioners after the ballots have been printed, the said commissioners shall prepare and distribute, with the ballots, suitable slips of paper bearing the substituted or added name, together with the title of the office, and having adhesive paste upon the reverse side, which shall be offered to each voter with the regular ballot, and may be affixed thereto. (Act 1913, Sec. 14, P. L. 1001.)

Nomination of Candidates to Fill Vacancies in Office Happening Thirty Days Prior to Last Day for Filing Nomination Petitions Shall be Made at Primaries in the Regular Way—How Nominations Shall be Made When Vacancy Occurs After Time for Filing Primary Petition.

23. Whenever an office * * * (of judge of any court of record) is to be filled at a regular or special election, because of the prior happening of a vacancy in such office, nominations of candidates for such office for such election shall be made as follows:—

If such vacancy is to be filled at a regular election, or at a special election to be held at the same time as a regular election, and if such vacancy happened not less than thirty days prior to the last day for filing nomination petitions for the office for the regular primary antecedent to such election, nominations shall be made at the primary preceding such election, in the same manner that candidates for the same office are nominated, under the provisions of this act, when there has been no antecedent vacancy occasioning the election.

In all other cases within the purview of this section, candidates for such office shall be nominated, with the same effect, as though nominated at a primary, by the filing of nomination petitions on behalf of and affidavits by such candidates, in the manner and form and according to the directions hereinbefore provided in sections four and five of this act with respect to getting the name of a candidate for such office printed upon the ballot for the primary, varied in so far as may be necessary to fit the different purpose. Any number of candidates may be so nominated. Such nomination petitions and affidavits shall be filed the same length of time prior to the election as corresponding nomination petitions are required to be filed before a primary, and shall be filed in the same office; and the same proceedings shall be had with respect thereto, with relation to the election, as herein provided with respect to a primary: Provided, however, Said nomination petitions shall not be deemed to be filed too late if filed within ten days after such vacancy happened. (Act 1913, Sec. 15, P. L. 1001.)

What Instructions as to Voting for Judge or Other Non-Partisan Candidates Shall be Printed at Head of Official Ballot.

24. At the head of every official ballot furnished for an election at which any candidate for * * * (judge of any court of record) is to be voted for, there shall be printed, immediately after the instructions now by law required to be printed thereon, the following additional instructions in the same style and size of type, to wit: A CROSS MARK (X) IN THE PARTY SQUARE IN THE FIRST COLUMN DOES NOT CAUSE A VOTE FOR ANY JUDGE * * * TO VOTE FOR JUDGE * * * MARK A CROSS (X) OPPOSITE THE NAME OF THE CANDIDATE DESIRED. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 6, P. L. 757.)

Candidate Receiving Highest Vote at Primary Election to be Placed at Head of Group of Candidates on Ballot.

25. * * * The group of candidates for the office * * * (of judge of any court of record) shall be printed on the ballot at the head of the second column, shall be enclosed in a solid border not less than one-sixteenth of an inch in width, and shall be headed with the following words, printed in bold-face type not less than sixteen point in size: JUDICIAL * * * TICKET-NON-PARTISAN. Said instructions shall vary as the names of the offices to be filled may require.

* * * The number of votes cast for the respective candidates for the office of judge at the primary shall determine the order of precedence of the names of such candidates upon the ballot for the election. The name of the candidate receiving the highest number of votes shall head the group of candidates, and the names of the other candidates shall follow in descending numerical order, according to the number of votes cast for each. In case of a tie between any two or more candidates, their position shall be established alphabetically. The names of all candidates shall be printed on the ballot without any party name or appellation, and the names of no other candidates * * * for the office of judge shall be printed on said ballots. At the right of the name of each candidate shall be a square for the insertion of a cross mark, and following the list of candidates for each different office to be filled (or under the name of office itself, if there are no candidates), shall be left blank spaces—all as required by law. (Act 1919, Sec. 6, P. L. 757.)

Time and Manner of Withdrawal of Candidates Before Primary—Duty of Secretary of Commonwealth in Connection Therewith—Candidates Nominated Cannot Withdraw After Primary.

26. Any candidate for nomination to be voted for at a primary under this act may, at any time before four o'clock post meridian of the Friday next succeeding the last day fixed for filing nomination petitions for the office for which he is a candidate, withdraw his name as a candidate, by request in writing signed by him and acknowledged before any officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments, and filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth. * * *

The Secretary of the Commonwealth, upon the filing of requests for withdrawal in the manner herein provided, shall forthwith certify to the county commissioners of the proper county a correct list of candidates filing such requests.

No candidate for any office * * * nominated at or after a primary, may withdraw his name as candidate for election. (Act 1913, Sec. 17, P. L. 1001.)

Watchers—Appointment of—Rights and Duties of—One Watcher of Each Candidate May be in Polling-Room at One Time—To be Provided with Certificate by County Commissioners.

27. Each candidate for any office within the provisions of this act shall be entitled to appoint one watcher at the election in each election district, precinct, or division in which such candidate is to be voted for, who shall be a qualified elector of the district, precinct, or division in which he is authorized to act as such watcher, and who shall serve without compensation. Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county commissioners, stating his name, the district in which he is authorized to act, and the name of the candidate appointing him; and shall have the right to be present in the voting-room, outside of the enclosed space, during the time that the ballots are cast and counted, and the returns made out and signed by the election officers, and may keep poll-books and challenge lists. Watchers shall be required to show their certificates when requested to do so. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 18, P. L. 1001.)

Penalty on Election Officers for Interfering With Watchers.

28. * * * If any election officers officiating at any election shall refuse to permit a watcher appointed under the provisions of this act to be present as herein provided, such officer or officers shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand (\$1,000.00) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1913, Sec. 18, P. L. 1001.)

Penalty for Threatening or Intimidating Watchers.

29. Any person or persons who, by violence or intimidation, shall threaten or drive away said watchers, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or undergo an imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1913, Sec. 19, P. L. 1001.)

Penalty on Unqualified Elector for Signing Nomination Petition—Elector Changing Date of Signature, Giving False Statement as to Residence, or Signing More Nomination Petitions Than Permitted, Guilty of a Misdemeanor—Penalty.

30. If any person shall knowingly sign any nomination petition provided for by this act without being qualified with respect to age, sex, residence, and citizenship to be an elector of the State, or of the political district or division, as the case may be, named in said petition, and a resident of the county named on the sheet which he signs; or if any person shall knowingly set opposite a signature on a nomination petition a date other than the actual date such signature was affixed thereto; or if any person shall set opposite a signature on a nomination petition a false statement of the signer's place of residence; or if any person shall knowingly sign more nomination petitions than permitted by the provisions of this Act,—he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred (\$100.00) dollars. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 20, P. L. 1001.)

Penalty for Making False Statement in Affidavit Attached to Petition or for Signing Other Than His Own Name or Fraudulently Altering Nomination Petitions.

31. * * * If any person shall knowingly make a false statement in any affidavit required by the provisions of this act to be appended to or to accompany a nomination petition, or if any person shall fraudulently sign any name not his own to any nomination petition, or if any person shall fraudulently alter any nomination petition, or if any person shall alter any nomination petition without the consent of the signers, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred (\$500.00) dollars, or to undergo imprisonment for not more than one year, either or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1913, Sec. 20, P. L. 1001.)

Invalidity of Any Portion of Act Shall Not Affect Remainder of Act.

32. The invalidity of any portion of this act shall in no wise affect the validity of any other portion thereof which can be given effect without such invalid portion. (Act 1913, Sec. 21, P. L. 1001.)

ARTICLE VIII.

†BALLOTS FOR GENERAL AND MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

All Elections to be by Ballot or Other Method—Secrecy in Voting to be Preserved.

1. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot or by such method as may be prescribed by law: Provided, That secrecy in voting be preserved. (Art. 8, Sec. 4, Constitution.)

Printing of Ballots, Cards of Instruction and Other Expenses to be Paid by County—Secretary of the Commonwealth to Furnish All Necessary Forms to County Commissioners.

2. All ballots cast in elections for public offices within this Commonwealth shall be printed and distributed at public expense as hereinafter provided. The printing of the ballots and of the cards of instruction for the elections in each county, and the delivery of the same to the election officers as hereinafter provided, and all other expenses incurred under the provisions of this act shall be a county charge, unless herein otherwise provided, the payment of which shall be provided for in the same manner as the payment of other election expenses. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth to prepare forms for all the blanks made necessary or advisable by this act, and to furnish copies of the same to the county commissioners of each county, who shall procure further copies of the same at the cost of the county and furnish them to the election officers or other persons by whom they are to be used, in such quantities as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 419.)

Duties of County Commissioners in Reference to Ballots.

3. The county commissioners of each county shall cause all the ballots to be used therein to be printed. The said commissioners shall ascertain the offices to be filled, and shall be responsible for the accurate printing of the ballots in accordance with this act, and for the safe-keeping of the same while in their possession, or that of their subordinates or agents. (Act 1893, Sec. 13, P. L. 424.)

How Names of Candidates for Presidential Electors Shall be Arranged on Ballot.

4. When Presidential electors are to be voted for, the names of candidates for Presidential electors shall be arranged in party groups, as presented in the several certificates of party nomination and nomination papers, and the groups shall be printed upon the ballot in order of the vote obtained in the State, at the last Presidential election, by the parties nominating, beginning with the party which obtained the highest vote: Provided, That in the case of political parties not represented on the ballot in the last Presidential election, the order of arrangement shall be alphabetically. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 338.)

Party Name and Surnames of Candidates for President and Vice-President to be Printed at Head of Each Group of Candidates.

5. * * * At the head of each group of candidates shall be printed the appropriate party name or political appellation, together with the surnames of the candidates of such party for President and Vice-President, underneath which shall be printed the names of the appropriate candidates for Presidential electors. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 338.)

†See Article V for Primary Election Ballot, and Article VII for Non-Partisan Nomination Ballot.

Squares to be Placed at Right of Space Containing Names of Candidates for President and Vice-President and of Each Presidential Elector.

6. * * * At the right of the space containing the surnames of the candidates for President and Vice-President, and their party name or political appellation, there shall be a square, of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark (X), and at the right of the name of each candidate for Presidential elector, there shall be a similar, but smaller, square. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 338.)

How Names of Candidates Other Than President and Vice-President Shall be Arranged on Ballot—Position of Square and Party Names.

7. * * * The names of candidates for all * * * offices (except President and Vice-President), shall, in all cases, be arranged under the title of the office for which they are candidates, and be printed in the order of the votes obtained for the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating at the last Presidential election, beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote: Provided, That in the case of parties not represented on the ballot at the last Presidential election, the name of the nominees of such parties shall be arranged alphabetically, according to the party name or political appellation. At the right of the name of each nominee, or candidate, shall be printed the name or appellation of the political party presenting or nominating him, and at the right of such party name, or political appellation, there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 338.)

Names of Candidates to be Grouped When Nominated for the Same Office by More Than One Political Party—Position of Square and Party Names.

8. * * * Whenever any candidate shall receive more than one nomination for the same office, his name shall be printed once, and the names of each political party, so nominating him, shall be printed to the right of the name of such candidate, arranged in the same order as candidates' names are grouped, that is to say, in the order of the votes obtained by such party at the last preceding Presidential election, beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote. If such candidate shall be nominated by any political party not represented on the ballot in the last Presidential election, the name of such parties shall follow the other names, and be arranged alphabetically, according to the party name or appellation. At the right of every party name, or political appellation, shall be a square, of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 338.)

Blank Spaces to be Left at the End of the Groups of Candidates for the Reception of Names not on the Ticket—Such Insertion to Count as a Vote Without a Cross-Mark.

9. * * * There shall be left, at the end of the groups of candidates for Presidential electors, and of the list of candidates for each different office (or under the title of the office itself for which an election is to be held, in case there be no candidates legally nominated therefor), as many blank spaces as there are persons to be voted for, for such office, in which space the voter may insert the name of any person whose name is not printed on the ballot as a candidate for such office, and such insertion shall count as a vote, without the cross-mark as hereinafter mentioned. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 338.)

How Ballot to be Printed When Vote to be Taken on Constitutional Amendment or Other Question.

10. * * * Whenever the approval of a constitutional amendment, or other question, is submitted to the vote of the people, such question shall be printed upon the ballot in brief form, and followed by the words, "yes" and "no," and if such question be submitted at an election of public officers, it shall be printed after the list of candidates. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 338.)

The ballots to be used at an election to ascertain whether the indebtedness of a borough shall be increased must be official ballots furnished by the county commissioners and must be in the form prescribed by the Act of April 29, 1903, P. L. 338, *McLaughlin v. Summit Hill Borough*, 224 Pa. 425.

Ballot to be so Printed as to Give Voter Clear Opportunity to Designate His Choice—How Choice to be Designated—How Voter May by One Mark (X), Designate His Choice for all the Candidates of a Political Party—Arrangement and Position of List of Names of the Several Parties on Ballot.

11. * * * The ballots shall be so printed as to give to each voter a clear opportunity to designate his choice of candidates by a cross-mark (X), in a square of sufficient size, at the right of the name of each candidate, and inside the line enclosing the column, and, in like manner, answers to questions submitted, by similar marks, in squares at the right of the words, "yes" and "no," and or the ballot may be printed instructions how to mark, and such words as will aid the voter to do this, as "mark one," "mark two," and the like. Provided, That a voter may designate his choice of an entire group of candidates for Presidential electors by one cross-mark (X), in a large square, which shall be placed at the right of the names of the candidates for President and Vice-President, at the head of such group, and such mark shall be equivalent to a mark against every name in the group: Provided further, That each voter may have the opportunity of designating his choice for all the candidates, as nominated by one political party, there shall be printed on the extreme left of the ballot, and separated from the rest of the ballot by a space of at least one-half inch, a list of the names of all the political parties or groups of nominees, represented on such ballot and presenting candidates to be voted for at such election. Such names shall be arranged in the order of the votes obtained, at the last Presidential election, by the candidate at the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating, beginning with the party that received the highest vote cast. Following the names of such political parties, shall be the names of the parties or principles not presented on the ballot at the last Presidential election, arranged alphabetically, according to the party name or political appellation. A square, of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark, shall be placed at the right of each party name or appellation. Every mark within such square shall be equivalent to a mark against every name designated by that political appellation, or party name, including candidates nominated by more than one party, or group of citizens. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 338.)

What Instructions to be Printed at Head of Ballot.

12. * * * At the head of every ballot shall be printed the following instructions:
To vote a straight party ticket, mark a cross (X) in the square opposite the name of the party of your choice, in the first column. A cross-mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate, indicates a vote for that candidate. (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 338.)

All Ballots Shall be Alike—Style of Printing and Binding.

13. All the ballots used at the same voting place at any election shall be alike, and shall be at least six inches long and four inches wide. They shall be printed with the same kind or kinds of type (which shall not be smaller than the size known as "brevier" or "eight point body"), upon white paper without any impression or mark to distinguish one from another, and of sufficient thickness to prevent the printed matter from showing through. Each ballot shall be attached to a stub or counterfoil, and all the ballots for the same voting place shall be bound together in convenient numbers in books in such manner that each ballot may be detached and removed separately. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 15, P. L. 426.)

What Shall be Printed on Back of Ballot.

14. * * * On the back of each ballot, or on the right hand side of the back, if the ballot is printed in two columns, there shall be printed as a caption, "official ballot for," followed by the designation of the voting place for which the ballot is prepared, the date of the election and a facsimile of the signatures of the county commissioners of the respective counties who have caused the ballots to be printed. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 15, P. L. 426.)

Record of Number of Ballots Printed and Furnished Each Election District to be Kept by County Commissioners.

15. * * * A record of the number of ballots printed and furnished to each voting place shall be kept and preserved by the county commissioners of the several counties. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 15, P. L. 426.)

How Mistakes in Publication of Names to be Corrected.

16. * * * When it is shown by affidavit that mistake or omission has occurred in the publication of names or description of candidates, or in the printing of the ballots, the court of common pleas of the district or county, or any judge thereof, may upon the application of any qualified elector of the district or county require the county commissioners to correct the mistake or omission, or to show cause why they should not. (Act 1893, Sec. 15, P. L. 426.)

Number of Ballots to be Furnished Each Election District by County Commissioners—Cards of Instruction.

17. The county commissioners of each county shall provide for each election district in which an election is to be held, one set of such ballots of not less than seventy-five for every fifty and fraction of fifty voters therein, as contained upon the assessor's list. They shall also prepare full instructions for the guidance of voters, as to obtaining ballots, as to the manner of marking them and the method of gaining assistance, and as to obtaining new ballots in place of those accidentally spoiled; and they shall respectively cause the same, together with copies of sections thirty to thirty-five inclusive of this act, to be printed in large clear type on separate cards to be called Cards of Instruction. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 16, P. L. 427.)

The courts have no jurisdiction to direct what instructions the county commissioners shall or shall not give to voters as to marking ballots. *Howley v. County Commissioners of Allegheny County*, 190 Pa. 134.

Extra Official and Sample Ballots to be Kept in Reserve at Office of County Commissioners.

18. * * * They shall also, in addition to the number of tickets required to be printed for general distribution, have printed five hundred official and one hundred sample ballots for every five thousand voters within the county, which tickets shall be kept at the office of the commissioners for the use of any district or districts, the tickets for which may be lost or destroyed. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 16, P. L. 427.)

Specimen Ballots on Tinted Paper to be Provided for Each Voting Place.

19. * * * They shall also cause to be printed on tinted paper and without the facsimile endorsements, copies of the form of the ballot provided for each voting place at each election therein, which shall be called Specimen Ballots, and at each election they shall furnish to each voting place, together with the ballots to be used there, a sufficient number of cards of instruction and specimen ballots for use as required in section twenty-one of this act. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 16, P. L. 427.)

How Ballots, Et Cetera, Shall be Packed for Delivery.

20. The ballots, together with the specimen ballots and cards of instruction printed by the county commissioners as herein provided, shall be packed by them in separate sealed packages with marks on the outside clearly designating the election districts for which they are intended and the number of ballots of each kind enclosed. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 17, P. L. 427.)

When Ballots, Et Cetera, to be Sent to Judges of Election.

21. * * * They shall then be sent by the county commissioners of the respective counties to the judges of election at the several voting places so as to be received by them on the Saturday or Monday before the day of election. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 17, P. L. 427.)

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Receipts for Ballots to be Given by Judges of Election.

22. * * * The respective judges of election shall on delivery to them of such packages, return receipts therefor to the commissioners, who shall keep a record of the time when and the manner in which the several packages are sent, and shall preserve for the period of one year, the receipts of the said judges of election. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 17, P. L. 427.)

Commissioners May Require Judges of Election to Call for Ballots—If Ill, Judge Can Deputize One of the Inspectors.

23. * * * The commissioners of any county may, if they prefer, instead of sending the packages to the judges or any number of them in the manner aforesaid, notify the judges of the election districts for which the said commissioners are required to provide ballots, to come to the said commissioners' office on the day before the election, at a time specified, and it shall be the duty of each of the said judges to come to the said office at that time, and there on presentation of his certificate of election as judge, to receive and receipt for one package of ballots, specimen ballots and cards of instruction, for use in his election district. He shall keep the said packages sealed and shall be responsible for the safe-keeping thereof until the ballots are used at the election. In case a judge of the elections is prevented by illness from performing the duties aforesaid, he shall depute one of the inspectors to act in his place. (Act 1893, Sec. 17, P. L. 427.)

How Ballots Not Delivered, Lost or Stolen Shall be Replaced.

24. In case the ballots to be furnished to any voting place in accordance with the provisions of this act shall fail for any reason to be duly delivered, or in case after delivery they shall be destroyed or stolen, it shall be the duty of the judge of election of such voting-place to cause other ballots to be prepared substantially in the form of the ballots so wanting, and upon receipt of such other ballots from him accompanied by a statement under oath that the same have been so prepared and furnished by him, and that the original ballots have so failed to be received, or have been so destroyed or stolen, the election officers shall cause the ballots so substituted to be used in lieu of the ballots wanting as above. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 18, P. L. 427.)

Commissioners to Mail Specimen Ballots, Et Cetera, to Judge of Elections Four Days Before Election.

25. * * * It shall be the duty of the county commissioners of each county to mail complete specimens of the ballots and other necessary papers by registered letter to the judge of elections of each election district at least four days before the election, to enable him to comply with the directions of this section. (Act 1893, Sec. 18, P. L. 427.)

Penalty on Printer for Violation of Law in Preparation of Ballot.

26. Any printer employed by the commissioners of any county to print any official ballots, or any person engaged in printing the same, who shall appropriate to himself, or give or deliver or knowingly permit to be taken any of said ballots by any other person than such commissioners, or their duly authorized agent or shall wilfully print, or cause to be printed any official ballot in any other form than that prescribed by such commissioners, or with any other names thereon, or with the names spelled otherwise than as directed by them, or the names or printing thereon arranged in any other way than that authorized and directed by this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than five years, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1893, Sec. 34, P. L. 435.)

Penalty for Possession of Official Ballot by Persons Not Entitled Thereto.

27. Any person other than an officer charged by law with the care of ballots, or a person entrusted by any such officer with the care of the same for a purpose required by law, who shall have in his possession outside the voting room any official ballot, or any person who shall make or have in possession any counterfeit or an official ballot, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1893, Sec. 35, P. L. 435.)

ARTICLE IX.

GENERAL AND MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Elections Shall be Free and Equal.

1. Elections shall be free and equal; and no power, civil or military, shall, at any time, interfere to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage. (Art. 1, Sec. 5, Constitution.)

Section 5. Art. 1, of the Constitution of 1874, declaring that "all elections shall be free and equal," means that the voter shall not be physically restrained in the exercise of his right by either civil or military authorities; and that every voter shall have the same right as any other voter. It was not intended to prohibit a limited voting plan by which voters are restricted from voting for the whole number of officers of a certain kind. Commonwealth ex rel. v. Reeder, 171 Pa. 505.

The declaration in the bill of rights that elections shall be free and equal means that the voter shall not be physically restrained in the exercise of his right of franchise by either civil or military authority, and that every voter shall have the same right as any other voter. Winston, Appellant v. Moore, 244 Pa. 447.

Election Laws to be Uniform.

2. All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens * * * shall be uniform throughout the State. * * * (Art. 8, Sec. 7, Constitution.)

Special Elections, Et Cetera, Governed by General Election Laws.

3. Special elections, and all elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be regulated and conducted in like manner as general elections, and by the same officers, who shall perform the same duties and be subject to the same penalties as are provided for general elections, unless otherwise provided for in this act. (Act 1874, Sec. 23, P. L. 42.)

Election Days—Dates of—Legislature May Change Dates of.

4. The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an even-numbered year. (Art. 8, Sec. 2, Constitution.)

All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered year. (Art. 8, Sec. 3, Constitution.)

For dates of primary elections, see Art. IV.

Election Days to be Public Holidays.

5. The * * * first Tuesday after the first Monday of November * * * is hereby designated as (a) public holiday, and * * * shall for all purposes whatever as regards the presenting for payment or acceptance, and as regards the protesting and giving notice of the dishonor of bills of exchange, checks, drafts and promissory notes, * * * be treated and considered as the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, and as (a) public holiday, and all such bills, checks, drafts and notes otherwise presentable for acceptance or payment on * * * said day shall be deemed to be payable and be presentable for acceptance or payment on the secular or business day next succeeding such holidays. * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 1, P. L. 3.)

ARTICLE X.

ELECTION DISTRICTS.

How to be Composed or Divided.

1. Townships, and wards of cities or boroughs, shall form or be divided into election districts of compact and contiguous territory, in such manner as the court of quarter sessions of the city or county in which the same are located may direct; but districts in cities of over one hundred thousand inhabitants shall be divided by the courts of quarter sessions having jurisdiction therein, whenever, at the next preceding election, more than two hundred and fifty votes shall have been polled therein; and other election districts, whenever the court of the proper county shall be of opinion, that the convenience of the electors and the public interests will be promoted thereby. (Art. 8, Sec. 11, Constitution.)

Formation of Election Districts—Power of Courts of Quarter Sessions in.

2. The courts of quarter sessions shall have authority within their respective counties to divide any borough, ward or township into two or more election districts, to alter the bounds of any election district, or to form an election district out of parts of two or more adjoining townships so as to suit the convenience of the inhabitants thereof, and to fix the place of holding elections and appoint the election officers pursuant to the provisions of section (one) of this act: Provided, That no district so formed shall contain less than one hundred voters, and the proceedings had in the case of such division or alteration shall be the same as in the erection or alteration of the lines of townships. (Act 1854, Sec. 2, P. L. 419.)

Courts of Quarter Sessions Have Power to Divide Townships into Election Districts.

3. The several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth shall have authority, within their respective counties, to divide townships into two or more election districts, so as to suit the convenience of the inhabitants thereof. (Act 1876, Sec. 1, P. L. 178.)

The quarter sessions has exclusive jurisdiction of the question of division, and is not stopped by the fact that it has previously made a different division from the one proposed. In re Boggs Twp. 112 Pa., 145.

Mode of Procedure for Division of Townships Into Election Districts.

4. Upon application of petition of twenty electors of the township, to said court of quarter sessions, for the purpose of dividing any township into election districts, said court shall appoint three impartial men to inquire into the propriety of granting the prayer of the petition, and it shall be the duty of the commissioners so appointed, or any two of them, to make a plot or draft of the proposed new election district or districts, if the same cannot be fully designated by natural lines or boundaries, all of which they or any two of them shall report to the next court of quarter sessions, together with their opinion of the same. (Act 1885, Sec. 1, P. L. 149.)

Action of Court on Report of Commissioners to Divide Townships Into Election Districts.

5. When a report has been made by said commissioners, it shall be confirmed nisi by said court, which confirmation shall become absolute, unless exceptions be filed to the same, not later than the third day of the next term of said court; and should exceptions be filed as aforesaid, they shall be disposed of, on evidence, as said court shall deem just: Provided, That if desired, a review may be had, if, in the opinion of the court, it may be necessary to secure a fair adjudication of the same; said review to be asked for before the report has been absolutely confirmed, however. (Act 1876, Sec. 3, P. L. 178.)

This section is unconstitutional in so far as it commands the court to confirm the report of the commissioners, unless excepted to within a limited time; and the court may proceed to divide a township under Const. 1874, Art. VIII, Sec. 2, without appointing commissioners or proceeding by view, review and exceptions. In re Bern Twp., 115 Pa. 615; s. e. 19 W. N. C. 495.

Upon Division of Township Into Election Districts, Court Shall Fix Places for Holding Elections and Appoint Officers to Hold First Election.

6. Whenever said report shall have been confirmed by the court, said court shall, at the same time, decree or establish the place for holding the elections in the said new election district, and appoint the election board for holding the elections in said new election district, till an election board shall be elected for the same as provided by law. (Act 1876, Sec. 4, P. L. 178.)

Consolidation of Election Districts in Townships—Mode of Procedure.

7. Upon application by petition of freeholders, as provided for in the second section of this act, for the purpose of annexing one election district or township to another, the court of quarter sessions shall appoint viewers or commissioners, as provided for in the second section of this act, whose duty it shall be to view the premises and make a draft of the townships or election districts proposed to be consolidated or annexed, and make their report at the next court of quarter sessions after their appointment; and if the said commissioners or a majority of them shall report in favor of the annexation or consolidation of the two townships or election districts, the said court shall confirm the same nisi, and order a special election to be held in each of the townships or election districts, at a time to be fixed by said court, not more than sixty days from the confirmation nisi, to vote upon the question of annexation; and if a majority of the qualified voters of each of said townships or election districts shall vote in favor of the annexation or consolidation of the said townships, the said court shall order and decree such consolidation or annexation of the said townships or election districts; and the place of holding elections of the townships or election districts so consolidated shall be at the usual place of holding elections in the more populous of the two townships so consolidated: Provided, That the court of common pleas shall have power to adjust the indebtedness of the said townships incurred prior to their consolidation, in such a manner that only the property within the old territory limits of each township shall be liable for such indebtedness: And provided further, That in any case where a majority of voters in each of any two townships have previously voted in favor of annexation or consolidation of such townships, such annexation shall be legal and valid, as if done under the provisions of this act. (Act 1876, Sec. 5, P. L. 179.)

Consolidation of Election Districts in Townships, Boroughs and Cities.

8. Upon the petition of a majority of the qualified electors voting at the last general election in each of two or more adjoining election districts in any township, borough or city, the same may be consolidated into one election district by the court of quarter sessions of the city or county in which they are located. (Act 1835, Sec. 1, P. L. 377.)

Upon Consolidation of Election Districts in Townships, Boroughs or Cities, Court Shall Fix Polling-Place and Appoint Officers for First Election.

9. Upon the consolidation of any election districts under the provisions of the first section of this act, the said court shall appoint the necessary election officers, and fix the place for holding the first election thereafter in said consolidated district. (Act 1895, Sec. 2, P. L. 377.)

Payment of Costs Incurred in Division or Creation of Election Districts.

10. In all cases of the division or creation of election districts by the court of quarter sessions of any county in this Commonwealth, the said court shall order the costs and expenses thereof to be paid from the treasury of the proper county; and on such order being made, the county commissioners shall draw their warrant for the payment of the same. (Act 1875, Sec. 1, P. L. 29.)

Upon Creation of New Election Districts Court to Fix Polling Places and Appoint Officers for Holding First Election

11. In all cases in which new townships, boroughs or election districts shall be erected, or the bounds of any election district changed under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement, the court of quarter sessions erecting or changing the same shall fix the places for holding the elections, which shall continue to be the place for holding elections until the same shall be changed according to the provisions of said act; and the said court shall also appoint the officers for holding the first election in any township, borough or election district so erected. (Act 1855, Sec. 1, P. L. 5.)

Mode of Procedure for Change of Election Place by Electors.

12. It shall be lawful for the electors of any township, ward or district, to change the place for holding the elections for inspectors and other officers of such township, ward or district in the manner following, to wit:

I. On the requisition in writing of at least thirty of the electors of the township, ward or district, in case there are one hundred or more taxables in said township, ward or district, or of ten electors, in case there are less than one hundred taxables in said township, ward or district, the constable shall give notice, by at least ten printed or written handbills, set up in the most public places within such township, ward or district, at least fifteen days before the time appointed for the purpose, that a meeting of the electors of the township, ward or district, as the case may be, will be held at the usual place of holding elections therein, at a certain day and hour to be appointed in such notice, for the purpose of determining upon the expediency of changing the place of holding such elections.

II. If at least fifty electors of said ward, district or township, provided there be one hundred or more electors in said township, ward or district, or twenty electors of said township, ward or district, provided there be less than one hundred electors in said township, ward or district, be present at the time appointed, the constable shall organize the meeting; and if, at such meeting, a majority of the electors present shall determine by ballot that it is expedient to change the place of holding such election, two certificates thereof and of the names of the qualified citizens, voting at such meeting, shall be made out and signed by the officers of the meeting * * *, one of which shall be delivered by the constable to the town clerk, if there be one, and the other to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, to be filed in his office (Act 1839, Sec. 56, P. L. 530.)

On Petition Court May Change Polling-Place, Giving Notice to County Commissioners, or Order Election Held to Settle Question of Change.

13. It shall be lawful for the court of quarter sessions of the proper county at any time, for any reason that may seem proper to the court upon a petition of at least ten qualified electors of any election district, and upon such notice to the county commissioners as the court may direct, to change the polling-place of said district: Provided however, That the court may, in its discretion, direct that an election shall be held to settle the question as to where said polling-place shall be located. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 106.)

On Petition, Three Weeks Prior to Election, County Commissioners May Change Polling-Place, or Order Election Held to Settle Question of Change.

14. It shall be lawful for the county commissioners of any county of this Commonwealth, at any time at least three weeks prior to any general, municipal, township, or special election, for any reason that may seem proper to the county commissioners, upon a petition of at least ten qualified electors of any township or election division, and after written notice to the occupant or owner of said polling place, at least one week before the hearing on said petition, to change the polling-place of said township or election division: Provided, however, That upon the presentation of a petition to the county commissioners, on or before the day of hearing of said petition for the change, signed by a majority of the registered electors of the said township or election division, and sworn to by one of the qualified electors thereof, objecting to such change of the polling-place, said county commissioners shall not make any change in the said polling-place of said township or election division. And provided further: That the said county commissioners may, in their discretion, direct that an election be held to settle the question as to where the said polling-place shall be located. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 769.)

Upon the Incorporation of a Borough and Formation of New Election District, Court Shall Fix Place for Holding Election.

15. In all cases in which any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth shall declare any borough incorporated by said court a separate election district, the said court shall fix the place for holding the general elections therein, and the same shall continue to be the place for holding such elections, unless and until the same shall be changed in the manner provided by existing laws. (Act 1866, Sec. 1, P. L. 107.)

Disposition of Territory Annexed to City—Court to Fix Polling-Places and Appoint Election Officers.

16. That hereafter any territory which may be annexed to a city according to law may be added to an adjacent ward or wards, or created into a new ward, as the court having jurisdiction over such annexation may determine; and the said court shall, in case of the creation of a new ward, appoint the election officers and name the place or places of holding the first election of ward officers, and, for the purpose, may order a special election, if said court shall deem the same necessary, to be conducted in the manner provided by law for conducting municipal elections. The officers elected at such special election shall hold their respective offices until their successors who are required to be elected at the next succeeding municipal election shall be duly qualified. (Act 1911, Sec. 1, P. L. 80.)

When Place for Holding Election is no Longer Available Court May Fix Place.

17. Whenever the place for holding the general elections in any borough, township, or other election district within this Commonwealth has been, or shall, by reason of the destruction of the building used therefor, or by the conversion of the same from a public to a private use, be rendered unfit for holding such elections, it shall be lawful for the proper court to fix a place for holding such elections. * * * (Act 1866, Sec. 2, P. L. 107.)

The second section of the act, approved the 17th day of April, 1866, entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An act regulating boroughs,' approved the 3d day of April, 1851," to authorize the courts to change the places for holding general elections, be and the same is hereby construed, and made to apply to every case in which the general elections are held in a private house, where the owner and occupier of said house unite in the application to the court, for changing the place of holding said elections. (Act 1867, Sec. 1, P. L. 86.)

In Case of Emergency and Court not in Session, Judges May Change Place for Holding Elections—Constable to Give Notice of Change—Provisos.

18. In cases where five (5) responsible citizens of any election district shall appear before any law judge, of any county in this Commonwealth, in chambers, there being no court sitting, and state on oath, that owing to fire or impossibility to obtain the room, or any other unavoidable cause, the election cannot be held in their district, at the place designated by the sheriff's proclamation, the judge shall have power to designate some other convenient place, and shall at once notify the constable of the district, who shall notify the election board and the citizens of the district, as in a Spring election, and he shall receive for the same the like fee as for notifying the voters of a Spring election. Provided, That this change shall not be made within less than three days of the election, except in cases where the building in which the election was to be held is destroyed by fire: Provided further, That this act shall not apply to cities of the first class. (Act 1883, Sec. 1, P. L. 124.)

Manner in Which the Governor May Change Polling-Place Where Malignant Disease Prevails.

19. It shall be lawful for the Governor of this Commonwealth, on the representation of the board of health, or of the municipal authority of any city, borough, town or incorporated district in this Commonwealth that from the prevalence of any malignant or contagious disease, in such city, borough, town or district, the lives of the electors may be in danger by attending at the places fixed by law for holding elections within the same, to direct the sheriff of the proper county to give notice that the election for such city, borough, town or district, will be held at such place within the limits, or in the neighborhood of the same, as he, the Governor, may judge most safe and convenient; and it shall be the duty of such sheriff to give public notice of such place, in the manner hereinbefore required, at least seven days before the day of election, under the same penalty as is hereinafter provided. (Act 1839, Sec. 94, P. L. 540.)

Councils to Fix and Change Places for Holding Elections in Philadelphia.

20. It shall be the duty of the select and common councils of said city to designate the place of holding the elections in the several election divisions of the wards in said city, and to notify the sheriff thereof at least thirty days prior to the (Tuesday after the first Monday in November); and shall have full power and authority to remove or change the place of holding the elections in any of said election divisions, whenever by reason of inability to hold said election at the place so designated, a change shall become necessary. (Act 1855, Sec. 2, P. L. 264.)

Places for Holding Elections in Philadelphia May be Changed by Electors.

21. The place for holding all elections in the city of Philadelphia may be changed, in accordance with the provisions of the 56th section of the act, entitled "An act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 2d day of July, 1839. (Act 1856, Sec. 31, P. L. 573.)

Polling-Places to be Within the Respective Election Districts.

22. It shall be the duty of the several courts of quarter sessions of the several counties of the Commonwealth to designate the polling-places within the election districts in the manner now provided by law. (Act 1893, Sec. 2, P. L. 107.)

An election was held in another district, other than that fixed by law and designated in the sheriff's proclamation, but at a place forty rods distant therefrom: Held, that the irregularity was immaterial under the circumstances, as its correction would not change the result of the election. In re Contested Election of Wheelock, 82 Pa. 297.

When Elections not to be Held in Room Used for Sale of Liquor.

23. No public elections shall be held in any room any part of which is used for the sale of liquors, if it be possible to obtain another room for that purpose in the vicinity, and it shall be the duty of the court of quarter sessions, or any law judge thereof, to inquire, upon the petition of five or more citizens resident in the election district, whether any such rooms are now designated as polling-places, and in such cases to select other places for holding the election. (Act 1887, Sec. 2, P. L. 126.)

Court of Common Pleas to Number All Election Districts Not Numbered in First Class Townships.

24. * * * Upon application, the court of common pleas of the proper county shall number all election districts not numbered in townships of the first class, and cause the same to be certified to the county commissioners. (Act 1917, Sec. 110, P. L. 840.)

County Commissioners Authorized to Abolish Election Districts in Which Less Than Ten Qualified Electors Reside—Appeal from County Commissioners Authorized.

25. In addition to any method now existing by law, the county commissioners of any county are authorized to abolish any election district within their respective county in which less than ten qualified electors reside. Before any such election district is abolished, the county commissioners shall give notice, once a week for three weeks, in at least two newspapers of the county, of a time and place of hearing, at which all persons interested may attend and give such evidence as may be pertinent to the matter in question. After such hearing, the county commissioners shall determine whether such election district has less than ten qualified voters residing therein, and if in their judgment such election district is unnecessary, they shall make an order to that effect, a copy of which shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 805.)

Any person aggrieved by any order made by the county commissioners under the provisions of this act, may appeal therefrom to the court of quarter sessions of the county, and upon such appeal the court shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses, and shall decide whether such election district is useless or burdensome. On any such appeal, the order of the court shall be final. (Act, 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 805.)

ARTICLE XI.

†ELECTORS.

Race, Color, or Previous Condition of Servitude no Bar to Rights of.

1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude. (15th Amend., Sec. 1, U. S. Constitution.)

Qualifications of—Age—Residence—Citizenship—Taxes.

2. Every male citizen,† twenty-one years of age,§ possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month. Second. He shall have resided in the State one year, (or, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election. Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election. Fourth. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he shall have paid, within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. (Art 8, Sec. 1, Constitution.)

The words "shall be entitled to vote at all elections," in Sec. 1, Art. 8, of the Constitution of 1874, are exactly equivalent to the words "shall enjoy the rights of an elector," in Sec. 1, Art. 3, of the Constitution of 1838. Both expressions mean that the citizen shall not be entitled to vote if he does not possess the enumerated qualifications and every of them; but that if he does possess them all, then he is an elector, and entitled to vote as the law may prescribe. Commonwealth ex rel. v. Reeder, 171 Pa. 505.

Where real estate is assessed in a firm name, and it appears that the property is actually owned by the two members of the firm as tenants in common, and that the tax has been paid, the members of the firm have paid a tax sufficient to become qualified electors within the meaning of the election laws.

†For Enrollment of Voters for Primary Elections, see Article 1; for Registration of Electors in cities of the first, second and third classes, see Articles II, III and IV.

‡A female is not a qualified elector in this State. Burnham v. Launing, 9 Phila., 241.

§For the purpose of voting, a minor becomes of age on the day preceding the 21st anniversary of his birth. Ex. parte Griffiths, 1 Kulp 187.

¶This means two full calendar months. Reifsnelder v. Musser, 12 W. N. C. 155.

The Constitution makes no requirement that the tax shall be assessed against the elector by name, or personally, or as owner of property in severalty. If it is against ascertained property, and he, being in fact the owner, pays it, the requirement is fulfilled. A blunder of the assessor in the form of the assessment cannot deprive the elector of his constitutional right.

On a judicial inquiry into an elector's right to vote the court may go behind the tax records and ascertain the real facts. *Commonwealth v. Shrontz*, 213 Pa. 327.

Electors Privileged from Arrest While Attending Elections.

3. Electors shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest, during their attendance on election, and in going to and returning therefrom. (Art. 8, Sec. 5, Constitution.)

When Electors Shall not Gain or Lose Residence.

4. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence, by reason of his presence, or lost it by reason of his absence, while employed in the service, either civil or military, of this State or of the United States, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State nor of the United States, or on the high seas, nor while a student of any institution of learning, nor while kept in any poor-house or other asylum, at public expense, nor while confined in public prisons. (Art. 8, Sec. 13, Constitution.)

A student at an institution of learning cannot ordinarily acquire a residence there; his residence remains with his parents. *Fry's App.*, 71 Pa. 302.

Where Citizens Temporarily Absent in Government Employ May Vote.

5. Citizens of this State temporarily in the service of the State or of the United States governments, on clerical or other duty, and who do not vote where thus employed, shall not be thereby deprived of the right to vote in their several election districts if otherwise duly qualified. (Act 1869, Sec. 19, P. L. 55.)

Electors in Actual Military Service May Vote.

6. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage, in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual places of election. (Art. 8, Sec. 6, Constitution.)

Electors not to Vote Outside Election District in Which Domiciled.

7. From and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for any voter in this Commonwealth, except when in actual military service of this State, or of the United States, at any election authorized by law to cast his ballot at any polling-place outside the lawfully designated election district in which he is domiciled. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 107.)

Bribery Forfeits Right to Vote.

8. Any person who shall give, or promise, or offer to give, to an elector, any money, reward, or other valuable consideration, for his vote at an election, or for withholding the same, or who shall give, or promise to give, such consideration to any other person or party, for such elector's vote, or for withholding thereof, and any elector who shall receive, or agree to receive, for himself, or for another, any money, reward, or other valuable consideration, for his vote at an election, or for withholding the same shall thereby forfeit the right to vote at such election; and any elector whose right to vote shall be challenged for such cause before the election officers shall be required to swear or affirm that the matter of the challenge is untrue, before his vote shall be received. (Art. 8, Sec. 8, Constitution.)

Persons Convicted of Violation of Election Laws Deprived of Right to Vote for Four Years.

9. * * * Any person convicted of wilful violation of the election laws, shall, in addition to any penalties provided by law, be deprived of the right of suffrage absolutely for a term of four years. (Art. 8, Sec. 9, Constitution.)

All Freemen to be Registered and When Otherwise Qualified, Entitled to Vote.

10. * * * All freemen, without distinction of color, shall be enrolled and registered * * * and shall, when otherwise qualified under existing laws, be entitled to vote at all general and special elections in this Commonwealth. * * * (Act 1870, Sec. 10, P. L. 55.)

†Voters in Cities of First and Second Classes Must Register to Vote—Registered Voters May be Challenged.

11. Any person (in cities of the first class) whose name is on the register shall be entitled to vote at any general or municipal election, unless it be shown to the satisfaction of the election officers that he has become disqualified since registration. Any person whose name is registered and also enrolled as a member of a political party may vote the ballot of said party at the primary or primaries succeeding such registration without being subject to any challenge regarding his party membership: Provided, That no elector registered and enrolled as a member of any one particular party shall be allowed to receive or vote the ballot of any other political party at any primary election, and that any qualified elector registered, although not enrolled as aforesaid, shall be permitted to vote a non-partisan ballot according to any law providing for same at any primary election: And provided further, That the presence of any person's name on the register shall not be conclusive evidence of his qualifications as to length of residence at the time of any primary or special election which may intervene between the day of his registration and the next general or municipal election, but, if challenged regarding such qualification, he shall produce such further proof as the law requires, before being permitted to vote. No one except a qualified elector who is in actual military or naval service under a requisition of the President of the United States or by the authority of this Commonwealth, shall be entitled to vote at any election or primary without being registered, except by order of the court of common pleas as herein provided regarding appealed cases; and any person, although registered, may be challenged at any election or primary as to his identity and residence, and, if challenged, he shall sign his name in the register marked "ballot check list" in the place provided for that purpose, if able to do so, and produce such other evidence as is or may be required by law to satisfy the election officers of his identity and residence. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 49, P. L. 880.)

Any person (in cities of the second class) whose name is on the register shall be entitled to vote at any general, special, primary or municipal election, unless it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the election officers that he has become disqualified since registration: Provided, That no person shall vote at a primary unless he has designated at the registration

†An elector to vote a Non-Partisan Nomination Ballot is not required to enroll as to his party preferences. In cities enrolled registered voters cannot be challenged at primaries as to party; see Article 5, Sec. 42.

under the law the party whose ballot he desires to vote at the primary. And further provided, That, if a special election or Fall primary shall intervene between registration day and the next general or municipal election, the presence of the name of an elector on the list shall not be conclusive evidence of his qualifications as to length of residence or payment of taxes at said special election or primary. If his name is not registered he shall not be entitled to vote at any election or primary. Before receiving his ballot, every voter shall satisfy the election officers of his identity, and, if challenged, by signing his name in the place provided for that purpose, if able to do so, and by the production of such other evidence as is or may be required by law. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 17, P. L. 990.)

†Voters in Cities of Third Class Must Register to Vote—Registered Voter May be Challenged.

12. Any person (in cities of the third class) whose name is on the register shall be entitled to vote at any general, special, municipal, or primary election, unless it shall be shown, to the satisfaction of the election officers, that he is no longer a resident of the election district in which he is registered: Provided, That if a special election shall intervene between registration day and the next general or municipal election, the presence of the name of an elector on the list shall only be prima facie evidence of his right to vote. If his name is not registered he shall not be entitled to vote at any election. Before receiving his ballot every voter shall satisfy the election officers of his identity, and, if challenged, by signing his name in the place provided for that purpose, if able to do so, and the production of such other evidence as is or may be required by law. (Act 1907, Sec. 5, P. L. 256.)

Non-Registered Voters, in Boroughs and Townships, to be Permitted to Vote Upon Proof of Qualification.

13. Every person qualified * * * and who shall make due proof, if required, of his residence and payment of taxes, * * * shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district (other than cities of the first, second and third classes) in which he shall reside. (Act 1839, Sec. 67, P. L. 534.)

What Proof Required on Election Day of Non-Registered Persons in Boroughs and Townships.

14. On the day of election (in districts other than cities of the first, second and third classes), any person whose name shall not appear on the registry of voters, and who claims the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election, which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribed a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating, to the best of his knowledge and belief, when and where he was born; that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month and of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or, if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof, and has removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has resided in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has, if twenty-two years of age or upwards, paid a State or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any; and if a naturalized citizen shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination. * * * (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 254.)

The proof of the right to vote must be made at the time when the right is claimed, or the vote will be illegal; it is too late to make the proof on the trial of a contested election. In re Contested Election of McDonough, 105 Pa. 488 s. c. 15 W. N. C. 49.

An affidavit that is merely defective from want of signature of the voter, or the witness, or that of the officer to the jurat, may be reformed by proof that due proof was made. But this cannot be done by a wholesale affidavit as to all defective proofs, referring to no particular paper; each affidavit must be reformed separately. In re Cusick's Election, 136 Pa. 459, s. c. 26 W. N. C. 425.

All the requisites of the act must be observed, however, and an affidavit by a witness stating in general terms that the voter has resided for the requisite time in the district, instead of clearly defining where the residence for the claimant was, is insufficient. In re Cusick's Election, 136 Pa. 459, s. c. 26 W. N. C. 425.

An affidavit that does not state when and where the voter was born, nor when and where the tax claimed, to have been paid by the affiant was assessed, and where and to whom paid, is defective. In re Cusick's Election, 136 Pa. 459 s. c. 26 W. N. C. 425, overruling, on the latter point.

Non-Registered Person, in Boroughs and Townships, Under Twenty-two Years of Age and Otherwise Qualified, May Vote Without Having Paid Tax.

15. * * * But if the (non-registered) person so claiming the right to vote (in cities other than cities of the first, second and third classes), shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a native-born citizen of the United States, or, if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization, and shall further state in his affidavit that he is, at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of twenty-one and under twenty-two years; that he has been a citizen of the United States one month, and has resided in the State one year; or, if a native-born citizen of the State and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, and in the election district two months immediately preceding such election, and he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes. * * * (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 254.)

†An elector to vote a Non-Partisan Nomination Ballot is not required to enroll as to his party preferences. In cities enrolled registered voters cannot be challenged at primaries as to party; see Article 5, Sec. 42.

Affidavits Offered in Proof of Qualification of Non-Registered Voter, in Boroughs and Townships, to be Preserved and Filed—Name to be Added to Registry List on Due Proof.

18. * * * The said affidavits of all persons making such claims (in districts other than cities of the first, second and third classes), and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be inclosed with the list of voters, tally-list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith, in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination as other election papers are. If the election officers shall find that the applicant possesses all the legal qualifications of a voter he shall be permitted to vote, and his name shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax," being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax and the word "age," where he claims to vote on age, the same words being added by the clerks in each case, respectively, on the lists of persons voting at such election. * * * (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 254.)

Registered Voters, in Boroughs and Townships, May be Challenged.

17. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district (in districts other than cities of the first, second and third classes), notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage, as is now required by law, shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. * * * (Act 1874, Sec. 11, P. L. 36.)

Electors Twenty-Two Years of Age or Upwards Must Have Paid Tax Within Two Years.

18. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. (Art. 8, Sec. 1, Constitution.)

Proper Tax Receipt to be Conclusive Evidence—How Payment May be Otherwise Proved.

19. * * * Where the person offering to vote claims the right on the payment of tax, the receipt for such tax, if signed by the proper officer, shall be the evidence thereof; if such person does not produce such receipt, then the payment of the tax may be proved by the oath of such person, or other evidence, stating when, where and to whom such tax was paid. (Act 1874, Sec. 3, P. L. 45.)

Naturalized Citizens to Produce Certificates—On Voting, Certificate to be Stamped—Penalties for Voting Second Time on, or Neglect to Stamp Certificate.

20. * * * Every person claiming to be naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate, at the election, before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the day, month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of the same certificate excepting where sons are entitled to vote, because of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted, on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the indorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate. (Act 1874, Sec. 11, P. L. 36.)

Certificate of Naturalization or Tax Receipt Conclusive Evidence of Facts Mentioned Therein.

21. In all elections, hereafter the certificate of naturalization, if genuine, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts mentioned therein; and where the person offering to vote claims the right on the payment of tax, the receipt for such tax, if signed by the proper officer, shall be the evidence thereof; if such person does not produce such receipt, then the payment of the tax may be proved by the oath of such person, or other evidence, stating when, where and to whom such tax was paid. (Act 1874, Sec. 3, P. L. 45.)

ARTICLE XII.

NATURALIZATION.

Courts Authorized to Naturalize Aliens as Citizens—All Blank Forms and Certificates of Naturalization to be Furnished by United States Government.

1. That exclusive jurisdiction to naturalize aliens as citizens of the United States is hereby conferred upon the following specified courts:

United States circuit * * * District courts now existing, or which may hereafter be established by Congress in any State, United States district courts for the Territories of * * * Hawaii and Alaska, the supreme court of the District of Columbia; * * * also all courts of record in any State or Territory now existing, or which may hereafter be created, having a seal, a clerk, and jurisdiction in actions at law or equity, or law and equity, in which the amount in controversy is unlimited.

That the naturalization jurisdiction of all courts herein specified, State, Territorial, and Federal, shall extend only to aliens resident within the respective judicial districts of such courts.

The courts herein specified shall, upon the requisition of the clerks of such courts, be furnished from time to time by the Bureau of Naturalization with such blank forms as may be required in the naturalization of aliens, and all certificates of naturalization shall be consecutively numbered and printed on safety paper furnished by said Bureau. (Sec. 3, Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

ELECTION LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

How Aliens May Become Citizens of the United States.

2. That an alien may be admitted to become a citizen[†] of the United States in the following manner and not otherwise:

Declaration of Intention, Requisites and Contents; Prior Declarations.

3. First. He shall declare on oath before the clerk of any court authorized by this act to naturalize aliens, or his authorized deputy, in the district in which such alien resides, two years at least prior to his admission, and after he has reached the age of eighteen years, that it is bona fide his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty, and particularly by name, to the prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty of which the alien may be at the time a citizen or subject. And such declaration shall set forth the name, age, occupation, personal description, place of birth, last foreign residence and allegiance, the date of arrival, the name of the vessel, if any, in which he came to the United States, and the present place of residence in the United States of said alien: Provided, however, That no alien, who, in conformity with the law in force at the date of his declaration, has declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States shall be required to renew such declaration.

Petition for Admission to Citizenship—Requisites and Contents—Verification by Witnesses—Filing Certificate of Arrival in United States and Declaration of Intention.

4. Second. Not less than two years nor more than seven years after he has made such declaration of intention he shall make and file, in duplicate, a petition in writing, signed by the applicant in his own handwriting and duly verified, in which petition such applicant shall state his full name, his place of residence (by street and number, if possible), his occupation, and, if possible, the date and place of his birth; the place from which he emigrated, and the date and place of his arrival in the United States, and, if he entered through a port, the name of the vessel on which he arrived; the time when and the place and name of the court where he declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States; if he is married he shall state the name of his wife and, if possible, the country of her nativity and her place of residence at the time of filing his petition; and if he has children, the name, date, and place of birth and place of residence of each child living at the time of the filing of his petition: Provided, That if he has filed his declaration before the passage of this act he shall not be required to sign the petition in his own handwriting.

The petition shall set forth that he is not a disbeliever in or opposed to organized government, or a member of or affiliated with any organization or body of persons teaching disbelief in or opposed to organized government, a polygamist or believer in the practice of polygamy, and that it is his intention to become a citizen of the United States and to renounce absolutely and forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty, and particularly by name to the prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty of which he at the time of filing of his petition may be a citizen or subject, and that it is his intention to reside permanently within the United States, and whether or not he has been denied admission as a citizen of the United States, and, if denied, the ground or grounds of such denial, the court or courts in which such decision was rendered, and that the cause for such denial has since been cured or removed, and every fact material to his naturalization and required to be proved upon the final hearing of his application.

The petition shall also be verified by the affidavits of at least two creditable witnesses, who are citizens of the United States, and who shall state in their affidavits that they have personally known the applicant to be a resident of the United States for a period of at least five years continuously, and of the State, Territory, or District (of Columbia) in which the application is made for a period of at least one year immediately preceding the date of the filing of his petition, and that they each have personal knowledge that the petitioner is a person of good moral character, and that he is in every way qualified, in their opinion, to be admitted as a citizen of the United States.

At the time of filing his petition there shall be filed with the clerk of the court a certificate from the Department of Labor, if the petitioner arrives in the United States after the passage of this act, stating the date, place, and manner of his arrival in the United States, and the declaration of intention of such petitioner, which certificate and declaration shall be attached to and made a part of said petition.

Declaration on Oath in Open Court to Support Constitution and Laws of United States, and Renunciation of Other Allegiance.

5. Third. He shall, before he is admitted to citizenship, declare on oath in open court that he will support the Constitution of the United States, and that he absolutely and entirely renounces and adjusts all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty, and particularly by name to the prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty of which he was before a citizen or subject; that he will support and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic, and bear true faith and allegiance to the same.

Evidence of Residence, Character, Et Cetera—Witnesses.

6. Fourth. It shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the court admitting any alien to citizenship that immediately preceding the date of his application he has resided continuously within the United States five years at least, and within the State or Territory where such court is at the time held one year at least, and that during that time he has behaved as a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same. In addition to the oath of the applicant, the testimony of at least two witnesses, citizens of the United States, as to the facts of residence, moral character, and attachment to the principles of the Constitution shall be required, and the name, place of residence, and occupation of each witness shall be set forth in the record. (Sec. 4 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

No alien shall be admitted to become a citizen who has not for the continued term of five years next preceding his admission resided within the United States. (1 Revised Statutes of U. S., Section 2170.)

[†]The provisions of this title shall apply to all aliens being free white persons, and to aliens of African nativity and to persons of African descent. (1 Revised Statutes of U. S., Sec. 2169.)

Renunciation of Hereditary Title or Order of Nobility.

7. Fifth. In case the alien applying to be admitted to citizenship has borne any hereditary title, or has been of any of the orders of nobility in the kingdom or state from which he came, he shall, in addition to the above requisites, make an express renunciation of his title or order of nobility in the court to which his application is made, and his renunciation shall be recorded in the court. (Sec. 4 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

Naturalization of Widows and Minor Children of Aliens Dying After Declaration of Intention Before Being Actually Naturalized.

8. Sixth. When any alien who has declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States dies before he is actually naturalized the widow and minor children of such alien may, by complying with the other provisions of this act, be naturalized without making any declaration of intention. (Sec. 4 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

Notice of Filing of Petition and Hearing Thereon for Citizenship.

9. That the clerk of the court shall, immediately after filing the petition, give notice thereof by posting in a public and conspicuous place in his office, or in the building in which his office is situated, under an appropriate heading, the name, nativity, and residence of the alien, the date and place of his arrival in the United States, and the date, as nearly as may be, for the final hearing of his petition, and the names of the witnesses whom the applicant expects to summon in his behalf; and the clerk shall, if the applicant requests it, issue a subpoena for the witnesses so named by the said applicant to appear upon the day set for the final hearing, but in case such witnesses can not be produced upon the final hearing other witnesses may be summoned. (Sec. 5 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

When Petitions for Naturalization May be Filed, and Certificates Issued—Change of Name of Alien on His Naturalization.

10. That petitions for naturalization may be made and filed during term time or vacation of the court and shall be docketed the same day as filed, but final action thereon shall be had only on stated days, to be fixed by rule of the court, and in no case shall final action be had upon a petition until at least ninety days have elapsed after filing and posting the notice of such petition: Provided, That no person shall be naturalized nor shall any certificate of naturalization be issued by any court within thirty days preceding the holding of any general election within its territorial jurisdiction. It shall be lawful at the time and as a part of the naturalization of any alien, for the court, in its discretion, upon the petition of such alien, to make a decree changing the name of said alien, and his certificate of naturalization shall be issued to him in accordance therewith. (Sec. 6 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

Anarchists and Polygamists not to be Naturalized.

11. That no person who disbelieves in or who is opposed to organized government, or who is a member of or affiliated with any organization entertaining and teaching such disbelief in or opposition to organized government, or who advocates or teaches the duty, necessity, or propriety of the unlawful assaulting or killing of any officer or officers, either of specific individuals or of officers generally, of the Government of the United States, or of any other organized government, because of his or their official character, or who is a polygamist, shall be naturalized or be made a citizen of the United States. (Sec. 7 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

Aliens, to be Naturalized, Must Speak the English Language.

12. That no alien shall hereafter be naturalized or admitted as a citizen of the United States who can not speak the English language: Provided, That this requirement shall not apply to aliens who are physically unable to comply therewith, if they are otherwise qualified to become citizens of the United States: And provided further, That the requirements of this section shall not apply to any alien who has prior to the passage of this act declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States in conformity with the law in force at the date of making such declaration. * * * (Sec. 8 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

Final Hearing of Petition, Shall be Held in Open Court—Applicant and Witnesses to be Examined Under Oath.

13. That every final hearing upon such petition shall be had in open court before a judge or judges thereof, and every final order which may be made upon such petition shall be under the hand of the court and entered in full upon a record kept for that purpose, and upon such final hearing of such petition the applicant and witnesses shall be examined under oath before the court and in the presence of the court. (Sec. 9 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

Proceedings Where Petitioner has not Resided Continuously in State for Five Years.

14. That in case the petitioner has not resided in the State, Territory, or district for a period of five years continuously and immediately preceding the filing of his petition he may establish by two witnesses, both in his petition and at the hearing, the time of his residence within the State, provided that it has been for more than one year, and the remaining portion of his five years' residence within the United States required by law to be established may be proved by the depositions of two or more witnesses who are citizens of the United States, upon notice to the Bureau of Naturalization and the United States Attorney for the district in which said witnesses may reside. (Sec. 10 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

United States May Appear in Court Against Petitioner.

15. That the United States shall have the right to appear before any court or courts exercising jurisdiction in naturalization proceedings for the purpose of cross-examining the petitioner and the witnesses produced in support of his petition concerning any matter touching or in any way affecting his right to admission to citizenship, and shall have the right to call witnesses, produce evidence, and be heard in opposition to the granting of any petition in naturalization proceedings. (Sec. 11 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

ELECTION LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Fees in Naturalization Proceedings.

16. That the clerk of each and every court exercising jurisdiction in naturalization cases shall charge, collect, and account for the following fees in each proceeding:

For receiving and filing a declaration of intention and issuing a duplicate thereof, one dollar.
For making, filing, and docketing the petition of an alien for admission as a citizen of the United States and for the final hearing thereon, two dollars; and for entering the final order and the issuance of the certificate of citizenship thereunder, if granted, two dollars.

In addition to fees herein required, the petitioner shall, upon the filing of his petition to become a citizen of the United States, deposit with and pay to the clerk of the court a sum of money sufficient to cover the expenses of subpoenaing and paying the legal fees of any witnesses for whom he may request a subpoena, and upon the final discharge of such witnesses they shall receive, if they demand the same from the clerk, the customary and usual witness fees from the moneys which the petitioner shall have paid to such clerk for such purpose, and the residue, if any, shall be returned by the clerk to the petitioner. * * * (Sec. 13, of Act of Congress of June 25, 1910.)

Right of Citizenship to be Forfeited in Case of Fraud in Obtaining Naturalization Certificate—
Certificate to be Canceled Where Citizen Returns to Foreign Country for Permanent Residence
Within Five Years.

17. That it shall be the duty of the United States district attorneys for the respective districts, upon affidavit showing good cause therefor, to institute proceedings in any court having jurisdiction to naturalize aliens in the judicial district in which the naturalized citizen may reside at the time of bringing the suit, for the purpose of setting aside and cancelling the certificate of citizenship on the ground of fraud or on the ground that such certificate of citizenship was illegally procured. In any such proceedings the party holding the certificate of citizenship alleged to have been fraudulently or illegally procured shall have sixty days personal notice in which to make answer to the petition of the United States; and if the holder of such certificate be absent from the United States or from the district in which he last had his residence, such notice shall be given by publication in the manner provided for the service of summons by publication or upon absences by the laws of the State or the place where such suit is brought.

If any alien who shall have secured a certificate of citizenship under the provisions of this act shall, within five years after the issuance of such certificate, return to the country of his nativity, or go to any other foreign country, and take permanent residence therein, it shall be considered prima facie evidence of a lack of intention on the part of such alien to become a permanent citizen of the United States at the time of filing his application for citizenship, and, in the absence of countervailing evidence, it shall be sufficient in the proper proceeding to authorize the cancellation of his certificate of citizenship as fraudulent, and the diplomatic and consular offices of the United States in foreign countries shall from time to time, through the Department of State, furnish the Department of Justice with the names of those within their respective jurisdictions who have such certificates of citizenship and who have taken permanent residence in the country of their nativity, or in any other foreign country, and such statements, duly certified shall be admissible in evidence in all courts in proceedings to cancel certificates of citizenship.

Whenever any certificate of citizenship shall be set aside or canceled, as herein provided, the court in which such judgment or decree is rendered shall make an order cancelling such certificate of citizenship upon the records and to notify the Bureau of Naturalization of such Naturalization; and in case such certificate was not originally issued by the court making such order it shall direct the clerk of the court to transmit a copy of such order and judgment to the court out of which such certificate of citizenship shall have been originally issued. And it shall thereupon be the duty of the clerk of the court receiving such certified copy of the order and judgment of the court to enter the same of record and to cancel such original certificate of citizenship upon the records and to notify the Bureau of Naturalization of such cancellation.

The provisions of this section shall apply not only to certificates of citizenship issued under the provisions of this act, but to all certificates of citizenship which may have been issued heretofore by any court exercising jurisdiction in naturalization proceedings under prior laws. (Sec. 15 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

Minor Children of Naturalized Persons to be Citizens.

18. The children of persons who have been duly naturalized under any law of the United States, or who, previous to the passing of any law on that subject, by the government of the United States, may have become citizens of any one of the states, under the laws thereof, being under the age of twenty-one years at the time of the naturalization of their parents, shall, if dwelling in the United States, be considered as citizens thereof; and the children of persons who now are, or have been, citizens of the United States, shall, though born out of the limits and jurisdiction of the United States, be considered as citizens thereof; but no person heretofore proscribed by any state, or who has been legally convicted of having joined the army of Great Britain during the revolutionary war, shall be admitted to become a citizen without the consent of the Legislature of the State in which such person was proscribed. (1 Revised Statutes of U. S., Section 2172.)

How Aliens Who Were Honorably Discharged Soldiers from United States Army Prior to June First, Nineteen Eighteen, May Become Citizens.

19. Any alien of the age of twenty-one years and upward, who has enlisted, or may enlist, in the armies of the United States, either the regular or the volunteer forces and has been or may be hereafter, honorably discharged, shall be admitted to become a citizen of the United States, upon his petition, without any previous declaration of his intention to become such, and he shall not be required to prove more than one year's residence within the United States previous to his application to become such citizen; and the court admitting such alien shall, in addition to such proof of residence and good moral character, as now provided by law, be satisfied by competent proof of such person's having been honorably discharged from the service of the United States. (1 Revised Statutes of U. S., Section 2166.)

Aliens Who Serve Three Years on Merchant or Fishing Vessel of United States as Seamen to Become Citizens.

20. * * * That every seaman, being an alien, shall, after his declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States, and after he shall have served three years upon such merchant or fishing vessels of the United States, be deemed a citizen of the United States for the purpose of serving on board any such merchant or fishing vessel of the United States, anything to the contrary in any Act of Congress notwithstanding; but such seaman shall, for all purposes of protection as an American citizen, be deemed such after the filing of his declaration of intention to become such citizen: Provided, That nothing contained in this Act shall be taken or construed to repeal or modify any portion of the Act approved March fourth, nineteen hundred and fifteen (Thirty-eight Statutes at Large, part one, page eleven hundred and sixty-four, chapter one hundred and fifty-three), being an act to promote the welfare of American seamen. * * * (Section 4 Act of Congress of May 9, 1918.)

How Aliens Who Are Honorably Discharged from Service in United States Army or Navy May Become Citizens.

21. * * * Any native-born Filipino of the age of twenty-one years and upward who has declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States and who has enlisted or may hereafter enlist in the United States Navy or Marine Corps or the Naval Auxiliary Service, and who, after service of not less than three years, may be honorably discharged therefrom, or who may receive an ordinary discharge with recommendation for reenlistment; or any alien, or any Porto Rican not a citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years and upward, who has enlisted or entered or may hereafter enlist in or enter the armies of the United States, either the Regular or the Volunteer Forces, or the National Army, the National Guard or Naval Militia of any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or the State militia in Federal service, or in the United States Navy or Marine Corps, or in the United States Coast Guard, or who has served for three years on board of any vessel of the United States Government, or for three years on board of merchant or fishing vessels of the United States of more than twenty tons burden, and while still in the service on a reenlistment or reappointment, or within six months after an honorable discharge or separation therefrom, or while on furlough to the Army Reserve or Regular Army Reserve after honorable service, may, on presentation of the required declaration of intention petition for naturalization without proof of the required five years' residence within the United States if upon examination by the representative of the Bureau of Naturalization, in accordance with the requirements of this subdivision it is shown that such residence can not be established; any alien serving in the military or naval service of the United States during the time this country is engaged in the present war may file his petition for naturalization without making the preliminary declaration of intention and without proof of the required five years' residence within the United States. * * * Provided, That it shall not be lawful to make a declaration of intention before the clerk of any court on election day or during the period of thirty days preceding the day of holding any election in the jurisdiction of the court: * * *

(Section 4 of Act of Congress of May 9, 1918.)

Any person of foreign birth who served in the military forces of the United States during the present war, after final examination and acceptance by the said military or naval authorities and shall have been honorably discharged after such acceptance and service, shall have the benefits of the seventh subdivision of section 4, of the Act of June 29, 1906, 34 Statutes at Large, part 1, page 596, as amended, and shall not be required to pay any fee therefor; and this provision shall continue for the period of one year after all of the American troops are returned to the United States. (Act of Congress of July 19, 1919.)

An alien applying for naturalization under the provision of the Act of Congress of July 19, 1919, must appear for examination within one year after all American forces abroad have been returned before a representative of the Bureau of Naturalization prior to filing his petition. At that time he must produce his honorable discharge certificate and be accompanied by two citizens of the United States each of whom can identify him as the person named therein. In addition to being exempted from paying the \$4.00 fee, he is relieved from the necessity for having a declaration of intention and obtaining a certificate of arrival, and his petition may be heard immediately in the most convenient court exercising naturalization jurisdiction.

Naturalization to Alien Enemies Prohibited.

22. * * * No alien who is a native, citizen, subject, or denizen of any country, State, or sovereignty with which the United States is at war shall be admitted to become a citizen of the United States unless he made his declaration of intention not less than two nor more than seven years prior to the existence of the state of war, or was at that time entitled to become a citizen of the United States, without making a declaration of intention, or unless his petition for naturalization shall then be pending and is otherwise entitled to admission, notwithstanding he shall be an alien enemy at the time and in the manner prescribed by the laws passed upon that subject. * * *

(Section 4 of Act of Congress of May 9, 1918.)

Naturalization of Chinese Prohibited.

23. That hereafter no State court or court of the United States shall admit Chinese to citizenship; and all laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed. (Sec. 14 of United States Statutes at Large, Vol. 22, page 58.)

Penalty for Falsely Making, Forging or Counterfeiting Naturalization Certificates.

24. Whoever shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or shall knowingly aid or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting any certificate of citizenship, with intent to use the same, or with intent that the same may be used by some other person, shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both. (Sec. 74 of Act of Congress of March 4, 1909.)

Whoever shall engrave, or cause or procure to be engraved or assist in engraving, any plate in the likeness of any plate designed for the printing of a certificate of citizenship; or whoever shall sell any such plate, or shall bring into the United States from any foreign place any such plate, except under the direction of the Secretary of Labor or other proper officer; or whoever shall have in his control, custody, or possession any metallic plate engraved after the similitude of any plate from which any such certificate has been printed, with intent to use or to suffer such plate to be used in forging or counterfeiting any such certificate or any part thereof; or whoever shall print, photograph, or in any manner cause to be printed, photographed, made, or executed, any print or impression in the likeness of any such certificate, or any part thereof; or whoever shall sell any such certificate, or shall bring the same into the United States from any foreign place, except by direction of some proper officer of the United States or whoever shall have in his possession a distinctive paper which has been adopted by the proper officer of the United States for the printing of such certificate, with intent unlawfully to use the same, shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both. (Sec. 75 of Act of Congress of March 4, 1909.)

Penalties for Fraudulent Use or Possession of Naturalization Certificates.

25. That it is hereby made a felony for any clerk or other person to issue or be a party to the issuance of a certificate of citizenship contrary to the provisions of this act, except upon a final order under the hand of a court having jurisdiction to make such order, and upon conviction thereof such clerk or other person shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than five years and by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars, in the discretion of the court. (Sec. 18 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

Whoever, when applying to be admitted a citizen, or when appearing as a witness for any such person, shall knowingly personate any person other than himself, or shall falsely appear in the name of a deceased person, or in an assumed or fictitious name, or whoever shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit any oath, notice, affidavit, certificate, order, record, signature, or other instrument, paper, or proceeding required or authorized by any law relating to or providing for the naturalization of aliens; or whoever shall utter, sell, dispose of, or shall use as true or genuine, for any unlawful purpose, any false, forged, antedated, or counterfeit oath, notice, certificate, order, record, signature, instrument, paper, or proceeding above specified; or whoever shall sell or dispose of to any person other than the person for whom it was originally issued any certificate of citizenship or certificate showing any person to be admitted a citizen, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. (Sec. 76 of Act of Congress of March 4, 1909.)

Whoever shall use or attempt to use, or shall aid, assist or participate in the use of any certificate of citizenship, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeit, or antedated, or knowing the same to have been procured by fraud or otherwise unlawfully obtained; or whoever, without lawful excuse, shall knowingly possess any false, forged, antedated, or counterfeit, certificate of citizenship purporting to have been issued under any law of the United States relating to naturalization, knowing such certificate to be false, forged, antedated, or counterfeit with the intent unlawfully to use the same, or whoever shall obtain, accept, or receive any certificate of citizenship, knowing the same to have been procured by fraud or by the use or means of any false name or statement given or made with the intent to procure, or to aid in procuring, the issuance of such certificate, or knowing the same to have been fraudulently altered or antedated; or whoever, without lawful excuse, shall have in his possession any blank certificate of citizenship provided by the Bureau of Naturalization with the intent unlawfully to use the same; or whoever, after having been admitted to be a citizen, shall, on oath or by affidavit, knowingly deny that he has been so admitted, with the intent to evade or avoid any duty or liability imposed or required by law, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. (Sec. 77 of Act of Congress of March 4, 1909.)

Whoever shall in any manner use, for the purpose of registering as a voter, or as evidence of a right to vote, or otherwise unlawfully, any order, certificate of citizenship, or certificate, judgment, or exemplification, showing any person to be admitted to be a citizen, whether heretofore or hereafter issued or made, knowing that such order, certificate, judgment, or exemplification has been unlawfully issued or made; or whoever shall unlawfully use, or attempt to use, any such order or certificate, issued to or in the name of any other person, or in a fictitious name, or the name of a deceased person, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. (Sec. 78 of Act of Congress of March 4, 1909.)

Whoever shall knowingly use any certificate of naturalization heretofore or which hereafter may be granted by any court, which has been or may be procured through fraud or by false evidence, or which has been or may hereafter be issued by the clerk or any other officer of the court without any appearance and hearing of the applicant in court and without lawful authority; or whoever, for any fraudulent purpose whatever, shall falsely represent himself to be a citizen of the United States without having been duly admitted to citizenship, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than two years, or both. (Sec. 79 of Act of Congress of March 4, 1909.)

Penalty for Charging Additional Fees in Naturalization Proceedings.

26. That it shall be unlawful for any clerk of any court or his authorized deputy or assistant exercising jurisdiction in naturalization proceedings to demand, charge, collect, or receive any other or additional fees or moneys in naturalization proceedings save the fees and moneys herein specified; and a violation of any of the provisions of this section or any part thereof is hereby declared to be a misdemeanor and shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than two years, or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment. (Sec. 21 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

Penalty for Falsely Certifying Papers in Naturalization Proceedings.

27. That the clerk of any court exercising jurisdiction in naturalization proceedings, or any person acting under authority of this act who shall knowingly certify that a petitioner, affiant or witness named in an affidavit, petition, or certificate of citizenship, or other paper or writing required to be executed under the provisions of this act, personally appeared before him and was sworn thereto, or acknowledged the execution thereof or signed the same, when in fact such petitioner, affiant, or witness did not personally appear before him, or was not sworn thereto, or did not execute the same, or did not acknowledge the execution thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not to exceed five years. (Sec. 22 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

Penalty for Fraudulently Procuring Naturalization.

28. That any person who knowingly procures naturalization in violation of the provisions of this act shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or shall be imprisoned not more than five years, or both, and upon conviction the court in which such conviction is had shall thereupon adjudge and declare the final order admitting such person to citizenship void. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the courts having jurisdiction of the trial of such offense to make such adjudication. Any person who knowingly aids, advises, or encourages any person not entitled thereto to apply for or to secure naturalization, or to file the preliminary papers declaring an intent to become a citizen of the United States, or who in any naturalization proceeding knowingly procures or gives false testimony as to any material fact, or who knowingly makes an affidavit false as to any material fact required to be proved in such proceeding, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. (Sec. 23 of Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.)

Unlawful for Political Parties or Their Representatives to Pay Expenses of Procuring Certificates of Naturalization—Penalty.

29. On and after the passage of this act * * * it shall be unlawful for any officer or any member of any committee or organization of any political party, or any candidate for office nominated by any political party or nomination papers or for any person in behalf of said committee, organization or candidate to pay or furnish the money to pay, or in any way to become responsible for the payment of the fees and expenses directly or indirectly incurred by an alien in attending upon any court for the purpose of and in obtaining his naturalization papers. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 36.)

Any person violating the provisions of the first section of this act shall upon conviction in a summary proceeding before any city magistrate, alderman or justice of the peace, who are hereby given jurisdiction to try said offenders in a summary way, for each offense, pay a fine of fifty dollars, which, when collected, shall be paid into the county treasury of the county wherein the offense was committed. (Act 1893, Sec. 2, P. L. 36.)

If any person convicted in the manner prescribed in the second section of this act and sentenced to pay a fine or fines shall refuse or fail to forthwith pay said fine or fines and costs to the city magistrate, alderman or justice of the peace before whom he is convicted, or give satisfactory security to be approved by said magistrate, alderman or justice of the peace to pay the same within ten days, he shall be committed to county jail, there to be held one day for every five dollars of the fine or fines which he has been sentenced to pay: Provided, however, That said imprisonment shall not prevent the collection of said fine or fines and costs by legal process. (Act 1893, Sec. 3, P. L. 36.)

Penalty on Prothonotary or Others for Fraudulent Issue of Naturalization Papers.

30. If any prothonotary, clerk, or the deputy of either, or any other person, shall affix the seal of any court to any naturalization paper, or permit the same to be affixed, or give out, or cause or permit such naturalization paper to be given out, in blank, whereby it may be fraudulently used, or furnish a naturalization certificate to any person who shall not have been duly examined and sworn in open court, in the presence of some of the judges thereof, according to the act of Congress, or shall aid in, connive at, or in any way permit the issue of any fraudulent naturalization certificate, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; or if any one shall fraudulently use any such certificate of naturalization, knowing that it was fraudulently issued, or shall vote or attempt to vote thereon, or if any one shall vote or attempt to vote on any certificate of naturalization not issued to him, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and either or any of the persons, their aiders or abettors, found guilty of either of the misdemeanors aforesaid, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisonment in the proper penitentiary for a period not exceeding three years. (Act 1874, Sec. 20, P. L. 41.)

Penalty for Swearing Falsely, in Order to Procure Naturalization Certificate—Certificate Thus Obtained to be Null and Void—Penalty for Voting in Boroughs and Townships on Such Certificate.

31. Any person who, on oath or affirmation, in or before any court in this State, or officer authorized to administer oaths, shall, to procure a certificate of naturalization for himself or any other person, wilfully depose, declare or affirm any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be false, or shall in like manner deny any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be true, shall be deemed guilty of perjury; and any certificate of naturalization issued in pursuance of any such deposition, declaration or affirmation, shall be null and void; and it shall be the duty of the court issuing the same, upon proof being made before it that it was fraudulently obtained, to take immediate measures for recalling the same for cancellation. And any person who shall vote or attempt to vote on any paper so obtained, or who shall in any way aid in, connive at, or have any agency whatever in the issue, circulation or use of any fraudulent naturalization certificate, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall undergo an imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than two years, and pay a fine not more than one thousand dollars, for every such offense, or either, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 21, P. L. 41.)

ARTICLE XIII.

ASSESSMENTS AND TAXES.

Electors Over Twenty-two Years of Age to Vote Must Have Paid a State or County Tax.

1. Every male citizen * * * twenty-two years of age and upwards, * * * shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. (Art. 8, Sec. 1, Constitution.)

When Occupation and Poll Tax Shall be Assessed—Penalty on Assessor for Making Assessment After Regular Time.

2. * * * It shall not be lawful for any assessor to assess a tax against any person whatever, within sixty-one days next preceding the annual election in November; any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, and subject the officer so offending to a fine, on conviction, not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 18, P. L. 40.)

Payment of Occupation or Poll Tax for Other Persons, Except on Written Order, Prohibited.

3. * * * It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to pay or cause to be paid any occupation or poll tax assessed against any elector, except on the written and signed order of such elector authorizing such payment to be made, which written and signed order must be presented at least thirty days prior to the date of holding the election at which such elector desires to vote. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 276.)

The payment of an occupation or poll tax with the money of the taxable at his request by another person without a written and signed order of the elector as required will prevent the taxable from voting on a tax receipt which he has acquired in such a manner. Corydon Township Election, 236 Pa. 588.

†See also Article I for Enrollment of Voters for Primary Elections; Article II, Personal Registration, Cities of the First Class; Article XIV for Boroughs and Township Assessors; and Article XV for Registration of Voters in Boroughs and Townships.

Tax Collectors Shall Not Receive Occupation or Poll Tax from Persons Other than those Against Whom Taxes Were Assessed.

4. It shall be unlawful for any officer, clerk or other person authorized to collect taxes and receipt therefor, to receive payment of or receipt for any occupation or poll tax assessed for State or county purposes from any person other than the elector against whom such tax shall have been assessed, except upon his written and signed order authorizing such payment to be made. (Act 1897, Sec. 2, P. L. 276.)

Unlawful to Vote on Occupation or Poll Tax Receipts Illegally Obtained.

5. It shall be unlawful for any person to vote or attempt to vote at any election upon a tax receipt obtained in violation of this act. (Act 1897, Sec. 3, P. L. 276.)

Penalty for Fraudulently Obtaining Occupation or Poll Tax Receipt or Attempting to Vote Thereon.

6. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in the court of quarter sessions of the proper county, be punished by imprisonment in the county prison for a term of not less than twenty days nor more than six months, in the discretion of the court, or by such fine not exceeding two hundred dollars, as said court shall impose. (Act 1897, Sec. 4, P. L. 276.)

What Persons and Property Shall be Assessed for Taxes.

7. The assessors * * * of the several counties shall, on the receipt of the precepts aforesaid, proceed to take an account, in the form directed by the commissioners, of the names and surnames of all the taxable inhabitants within their respective wards, townships and districts, and also on account of the following real and personal property.

I. Real estate, viz: All houses, lands, lots of ground and ground-rents, mills and manufactures of all descriptions, all furnaces, forges, bloomeries, distilleries, sugar-houses, malt-houses, breweries, tan-yards and ferries.

II. The following personal estate, viz: All horses, mares, geldings and cattle above the age of four years.

III. All offices and posts of profit, professions, trades and occupations, and all single free-men above the age of twenty-one years, who shall not follow any occupation or callings. (Act 1834, Sec. 4, P. L. 512.)

Duty of Assessors When False Returns are Made.

8. If the several assessors of this Commonwealth, in the discharge of their respective duties, shall have reason to believe any person or persons or corporation shall have rendered a false return of his, her or their property, trade, profession, occupation, or any article made taxable by law, or shall not make a full disclosure of the same, the said assessors shall return what they shall believe to be the full value and amount thereof to the commissioners of the proper county; and if the person or persons or corporation thus assessed shall feel aggrieved, an appeal may be had, according to the existing law, from such assessment, and it shall be lawful for the county commissioners to administer an oath or affirmation to the person or persons or corporation taking such appeal, touching the value and amount of their property, trade, occupation or profession, or any article made taxable, and if they deem an abatement proper, the same shall be made; but the said commissioners may, if they see proper, receive other evidence. (Act 1841, Sec. 5, P. L. 394.)

In Philadelphia, Poll and Personal Tax to be Assessed by Canvassers—To Whom Tax Shall be Paid.

9. The assessors of the city of Philadelphia shall not assess any poll or personal tax for election purposes, but all such tax shall be assessed, in the several election divisions in the said city, by the canvassers of said divisions and shall be paid to the receiver of taxes of the said city, or to his agents specially appointed by him to receive the same: Provided, That owners of real estate or personal property, who shall have paid a State or county tax upon the same, within two years of any election, which shall have been assessed at least (sixty) days before such election shall not be required to pay any additional tax to entitle them to the privilege of electors. (Act 1870, Sec. 4, P. L. 54.)

In Philadelphia Registrars of Electors Shall Act as Deputy Poll-Tax Collectors on Registration Days—By Whom Appointed.

10. The receiver of taxes in cities of the first class of this Commonwealth shall designate one of the registrars appointed by the registration commissioners for each election district in said cities, to be deputy poll-tax collector for such district; who shall receive poll-taxes from persons who have been duly assessed in said district, and make proper receipt therefor, on any of the registration days provided by law. (Act 1913, Sec. 1, P. L. 994.)

Poll-Tax Receipts Shall be Prepared by Receiver of Taxes in Philadelphia—To be Bound in Book Form and Kept as Records.

11. The receiver of taxes shall prepare blank poll-tax receipts, bound together in books containing fifty each, impressed with the proper seal of the city, which said books shall be issued to the said deputy collectors of poll-tax from time to time as required; and the stub of each receipt, together with all unused receipts, shall, on or before the second day next succeeding each registration day, be returned to the receiver of taxes, and kept by him as a part of the records of his department for a period of two years. (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 994.)

Deputy Collectors of Poll Taxes in Philadelphia Shall Give Bond—Compensation—Time for Making Return of Moneys Collected.

12. The said deputy poll-tax collectors shall give bond in form and amount approved by the receiver of taxes, and shall, for their services, receive ten per centum of the amount collected by them, which shall be in addition to the compensation allowed them by law for their services as registrars. They shall make a full return of all moneys (less their commission of ten per centum) and blank receipts, received by them, on or before the second day next succeeding each registration day. (Act 1913, Sec. 3, P. L. 995.)

Poll-Tax Collector in Philadelphia, Who, Upon Request, Refuses to Accept Payment of Tax from Elector When Properly Assessed, or His Duly Authorized Agent Shall be Guilty of a Misdemeanor —Penalty.

18. Any deputy poll-tax collector who shall, upon request, refuse to accept the payment of a tax and to furnish a receipt therefor, from an elector, upon whom said tax has been properly assessed, and who offers the same according to law, or who shall accept payment of a tax from, and issue a receipt to, any person other than the said elector or his duly authorized agent or attorney, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars. (Act 1913, Sec. 4, P. L. 995.)

All Assessments and Valuations of Property in Luzerne County to be Made by the Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes.

14. In counties of this Commonwealth, containing a population of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million, all assessments and valuations of property, whether real or personal, taxable for State and county purposes, including occupations, shall be made by a board consisting of three persons, to be designated as the Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes. (Act 1905, Sec. 1, P. L. 47.)

The said Board shall divide the county into convenient districts and shall appoint one subordinate assessor for each of said districts. The said subordinate assessors shall make assessments and valuations of all the property taxable for State and county purposes, together with a list of all persons taxable upon occupations, in their respective districts. (Act 1905, Sec. 2, P. L. 47.)

All Assessments and Valuations of Property Including Occupations in Allegheny County to be Made by the Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes.

15. In each county of the Commonwealth having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants, there is hereby created a board, to be designated as the board for the assessment and revision of taxes, composed of seven persons, citizens of the county. The members of such boards shall be appointed by the county commissioners of such county, and shall hold their office for the term of four years from the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twenty; and the county commissioners shall fill all vacancies in the board for the unexpired term thereof. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 1093.)

It shall be the duty of the board for the assessment and revision of taxes in each county to which this act applies to make and to have supervision of the making of all assessments and valuations of property, whether real or personal, taxable for State or county purposes, and including also occupations. (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 1094.)

The said board shall divide the county into convenient districts, and shall appoint one subordinate assessor for each of said districts. (Act 1919, Sec. 3, P. L. 1094.)

The subordinate assessors shall make the assessment and valuations of all property taxable for State or county purposes, together with a list of all persons taxable upon occupations, within their respective districts, and, in so doing, shall view all property in their district taxable for such purposes, and shall make a personal house-to-house canvass of their district, in order that such lists of persons taxable upon occupations may be accurate and correct in so far as it is possible to so make them. All such assessors who shall fail to make such assessments and lists in the manner as herein provided shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and, in default of the payment of such fine and costs, to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding ninety days. (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 1094.)

The subordinate assessors shall begin such assessments of property and occupations on the first day of June of each year preceding the triennial assessment in such counties, and shall file the same with the board for the assessment and revision of taxes on or before the first Monday of November of such year. (Act 1919, Sec. 5, P. L. 1094.)

To Whom Taxes Shall be Paid in Allegheny County.

16. The treasurer of (Allegheny) county shall immediately after the receipt of said duplicate, give at least thirty days' notice, by publication * * * of the times and places at which he will attend in each ward, borough, township, or election district in said county for the purpose of receiving state, county, poor and military taxes; and he shall attend personally or by deputy at least one day in each of said wards, boroughs, townships and precincts, previous to the first day of July in each year. (Act 1861, Sec. 21, P. L. 455.)

If any person shall, at the time and place appointed as above, or at the treasurer's office before such time, pay the full amount of his taxes as above, less the deduction, he shall be entitled to a deduction of five per centum thereon; and said taxes may be paid to the treasurer at his office, subject to the deduction of five per centum as aforesaid, at any time within three months after the time fixed as above for the payment thereof in the proper district. (Act 1861, Sec. 22, P. L. 455.)

Assessors to Make List of Taxable Persons and Property, and Fix Valuation of Same in Counties Other than Philadelphia and Allegheny.

17. * * * The commissioners of every county shall issue their precept (in the year 1846, and triennially thereafter) to the assessors of the respective townships, wards and districts, who shall proceed to make out and return * * * a just and perfect list, in such form as the commissioners shall direct, of the names of all taxable persons residing within their wards, townships and districts, respectively, and of all property taxable by law, together with a just valuation of the same, to be made in the manner heretofore provided for in the previous section of this act, said valuation to continue until the next triennial assessment, at which time the assessment shall be made by the assessors * * * as prescribed by the provisions of this act. (Act 1834, Sec. 2, P. L. 511, as amended by Act 1841, Sec. 6, P. L. 395.)

On or before the first day of April in each of the two years succeeding the triennial assessment the commissioners of the respective county shall send a transcript of such triennial assessment to the assessor of every ward, township, and district therein, together with their precepts, requiring him to take an account of all freemen and of all personal property taxable by law, together with a just valuation of the same, and also a valuation of all offices and posts of profit, professions, trades, and occupations taxable by law, enjoining such assessor to make a just return to them within thirty days after the date of such precept, and to note in such return such alterations in his ward, township, or district as may have been occasioned by the transfer or division of real estate, or by the destruction of buildings * * * and also noting all single freemen who have arrived at the age of twenty-one years since the last triennial assessment, and all others who have since that time come to inhabit in such ward, township or district, together with the taxable property such persons may possess and the valuation thereof, agreeably to the provisions of this act. (Act 1834, Sec. 11, P. L. 513, as amended by Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 492.)

Assessment of Persons Moving Into Districts Since Last Assessment.

18. It shall be the duty of the several assessors in each of the two years succeeding the triennial assessment to give notice to the taxable inhabitants, in like manner as after the triennial assessment, but in the following cases only; namely: In the case of real property, where buildings or other improvements have been destroyed, * * * since such triennial assessment; and in the case of personal property, offices, professions, trades, and occupations, where there has been any alteration in the assessment, occasioning a different valuation from the former year, and also where persons have come to inhabit in the county since such triennial assessment. (Act 1834, Sec. 12, P. L. 513, as amended by Act 1909, Sec. 2, P. L. 492.)

Time for Making and Return of Triennial and Intervening Assessments of Property.

19. The commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth shall issue their precepts, to make the triennial assessment of property, to the assessors of their respective townships, boroughs, wards and districts on or before the second Monday of September; and the said assessors are hereby required to complete the said assessment, and make their return thereof, not later than the thirty-first day of December, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three, and triennially thereafter. (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 292.)

* * * The county commissioners may, in their discretion, issue their precepts to the assessors of the respective wards, districts, boroughs, and townships, on or before the first day in March of each year, for the assessment of such persons as may remove into the respective township, ward, borough, or district since the last assessment, and for the reassessment of such property as may have been transferred since the last assessment, and for the assessment of those who may have been omitted from last assessment. And it shall be the duty of such assessors to make such assessment, and return the same, before the twenty-fifth day of May. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 1, P. L. 241.)

Appointment of Tax Collectors in Cities Other Than Philadelphia and Pittsburgh.

20. It shall be the duty of every assessor, on or before the day of appeals in every year, to return the names of two respectable citizens of his ward, township or district, to the commissioners of the respective county, one of whom so returned (may) be appointed, by such commissioners, the collector of county rates and levies for such wards, township or district, if he shall give security as hereinafter provided. (Act 1834, Sec. 17, P. L. 514.)

If any assessor shall fail to return the names of two citizens as is hereinbefore provided, or if neither of the persons returned shall give the security hereinafter required, or if any person appointed a collector, shall refuse or neglect to perform the duties of his office, or shall die, or become otherwise incapable to act, it shall be the duty of the commissioners to appoint some other suitable person as collector, who shall give security as is hereinafter provided, and so on as often as may be necessary. (Act 1834, Sec. 18, P. L. 514.)

The county commissioners of the several counties in this Commonwealth, who have the power to appoint collectors of the State and county taxes, may do so without being confined in their selection to the person whose names may be returned by the assessors, anything in the act passed the 15th day of April, 1834, entitled "An act relating to county rates and levies, and township rates and levies," to the contrary notwithstanding. (Act 1856, Sec. 1, P. L. 13.)

†Election and Term of Borough and Second Class Township Tax Collectors.

21. The qualified voters of every borough * * * in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall, on the * * * (Tuesday) next following the first Monday of November in odd-numbered years, and quadrennially thereafter, vote for and elect one properly qualified person for tax collector in each of said districts, who shall serve for the term of * * * (four) years, and shall give a bond annually to be approved by the court. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 333.)

At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and at the municipal election every four years thereafter, the qualified electors of each township of the second class shall elect one tax collector to serve for a term of four years, from the first Monday of January next succeeding such election. (Act 1917, Sec. 170, P. L. 840.)

Whenever a township of the second class is created by the division of a township of the first or second class, under the provisions of chapter three, article four of this act; or whenever a township of the second class is created by re-establishment from a township of the first class, as provided by chapter three, article three of this act; or whenever a township of the second class is erected, under the provisions of chapter three, article one of this act, and, in the latter case, the court so orders,—the qualified electors of such township shall, at the next municipal election, elect one tax collector, for either of the following terms; to wit,—If such election occurs in the year in which an election for tax collector is held under the provisions of section one hundred and seventy of this act, then such tax collector shall be elected for a term of four years. If such election occurs in a year when no tax collector is elected under the provisions of said section one hundred and seventy, then such tax collector shall be elected for a term of two years.

All tax collectors elected under this section shall hold their office for a term of two or four years, as the case may be, from the first Monday of January next following their election.

At the municipal election preceding the expiration of the term of any of the aforesaid tax collectors, and at the municipal election every four years thereafter, a tax collector shall be elected for a term of four years, to hold office from the first Monday of January next succeeding such election. (Act 1917, Sec. 171, P. L. 840.)

Commencement of Term of Borough and Second Class Township Tax Collectors.

22. The terms of all public officers elected in odd-numbered years shall hereafter begin on the first Monday of January succeeding their election. * * * Provided, That the terms of the successors to officers whose terms expire in the year 1911 shall begin on the first Monday in December of that year, and shall be extended as follows: * * * the four-year terms until the first Monday of January in the year 1916. * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 5, P. L. 9.)

†In first class townships the township treasurer is the tax collector and for Act governing election see Article L, Section 10.

†How Vacancy in Office of Borough or Second Class Township Tax-Collector Shall be Filled.

23. If any vacancy shall occur in the office of tax-collector, after any borough or township election, by reason of the erection of any new township or borough; or if the duly qualified electors of any borough or township shall fail to elect a tax-collector; or when a tax-collector that has been elected shall fail to qualify, or shall fail or neglect to perform the duties of such office, or shall neglect to give bond on or before the fourth day of the term of quarter sessions ensuing his election; or if any other vacancy shall occur by death, resignation, or otherwise,—the county commissioners of the county, in which such vacancy exists, shall fill such office by appointing a suitable person, resident of the district in which such vacancy exists. Such appointment shall be for the unexpired term, and upon petition of the borough council or the supervisors or the township commissioners, or of ten citizens of the borough or township in which such vacancy exists. (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 221.)

If the electors of any township of the second class shall fail to choose a tax-collector, or if any person elected to such office shall fail to qualify, or if a vacancy shall occur in the office by death, resignation, or otherwise, the court of quarter sessions shall, upon presentation of a petition of any citizen who is a resident of the township, setting forth the facts, appoint a person to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term of the person whose place he is appointed to fill.

In cases when the person elected to the office shall fail to qualify, the court, before making the appointment, shall declare the office vacant. * * * (Act 1917, Sec. 183, P. L. 840.)

†How Vacancy in Office of Tax-Collector Filled When No Citizen of Second Class Township or Borough Is Willing to Serve.

24. If no person resident within such district is willing to accept the appointment to fill such vacancy in the office of tax-collector, the authorities authorized to levy and assess taxes in such district shall petition the county commissioners for the appointment of a tax-collector.—Thereupon the county commissioners may appoint any citizen of the county to collect the taxes in such district. (Act 1917, Sec. 2, P. L. 221.)

* * * Whenever a vacancy exists in the office of tax-collector in any township of the second class, and no person resident within the township is willing to accept the appointment to fill such vacancy, the authorities authorized to levy and assess taxes in the township may petition the court of quarter sessions for the appointment of a tax-collector, whereupon the court may appoint any citizen of the county to collect such taxes. (Act 1917, Sec. 183, P. L. 840.)

Collection of Taxes in Boroughs and Townships.

25. The several county, borough, township, school, poor and other authorities now empowered, and which may hereafter be empowered, to levy taxes within the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth, shall, on or before the first day of August of each year after the first election of collector of taxes under this act, issue their respective duplicates of taxes assessed to the collector of taxes of their respective boroughs and townships, with their warrants attached, directing and authorizing him to collect the same, but road taxes may be worked out as heretofore. * * * (Act 1885, Sec. 4, P. L. 187.)

Where any duplicate of taxes assessed is issued and delivered to the collector of taxes, it shall be the duty of said collector to give public notice as soon thereafter as conveniently can be done, by at least ten written or printed notices to be posted in as many public places in different parts of the township or borough, that said duplicate has been issued and delivered to him; and all persons who shall within sixty days from the date of said notice make payment of any taxes charged against them in said duplicate, shall be entitled to a reduction of five per centum from the amount thereof; and all persons who shall fail to make payment of any taxes charged against them in said duplicate for six months after notice given as aforesaid shall be charged five per centum additional on the taxes charged against them, which shall be added thereto by said collector of taxes and collected by him. (Act 1885, Sec. 7, P. L. 188.)

The collector of taxes shall, in person or by some person duly authorized, be in attendance for the purpose of receiving and receipting for taxes on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week during the last two weeks of said sixty days, between the hours of two o'clock and six o'clock in the afternoon, at his residence, or some other place in the proper township or borough to be designated by him in the notice aforesaid. (Act 1885, Sec. 8, P. L. 188.)

Tax Collectors of Townships and Boroughs Shall Give Numbered Tax Receipts.

26. That tax collectors of townships and boroughs of the Commonwealth furnish each person, on the payment of taxes, with a numbered receipt setting out date, name of taxpayer, amount of tax and district in which taxpayer is assessed, from a book to be furnished by the county commissioners containing a stub, that on the stub a memoranda shall be made in ink of the number of the receipt, the date, name of taxpayer, amount of tax and district in which taxpayer is assessed. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 296.)

Tax Collectors of Townships and Boroughs to Send, Twenty Days Before Election, to Commissioners List of Persons Who Have Paid Taxes.

27. That twenty days before each election the tax collector of townships and boroughs shall send a sheet to the office of the county commissioners containing the number of each receipt issued, date of payment, name of taxpayer, amount of tax and district in which taxpayer is assessed for the period since the last report. The first report shall be for taxes received on and after June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five. (Act 1895, Sec. 2, P. L. 296.)

Lists of Persons Paying Taxes in Townships and Boroughs to be Bound and Open to Public Inspection.

28. The commissioners are hereby directed to have such reports of taxpayers bound and kept for public inspection. (Act 1895, Sec. 3, P. L. 296.)

Tax Collector in Boroughs and Townships to Notify County Treasurer of His Name, Address, and Where and When Taxes are Receivable.

29. Each collector of taxes before he assumes the duties of his office shall notify the county treasurer, in writing, setting forth his name, address, where the taxes are receivable, the office hours when he sits to receive taxes, and the district or districts for which he collects taxes. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 11.)

†In first class townships, the township treasurer is the tax collector, and for act governing the filling of vacancies, see Article L, Section 13.

County Treasurer to Furnish Tax Collectors' Address Books for Borough and Township Tax Collectors—Books Shall be Open to Public Inspection.

30. A county treasurer shall procure, at the expense of the county, a book to be known as the Tax Collectors' Address Book, wherein he shall cause to be set forth and indexed, by township and by borough, and by name of collector, the information furnished him as required in section one of this act. Such book shall be kept in the office of the county treasurer, and shall be open during office hours to public inspection. (Act 1915, Sec. 2, P. L. 11.)

Penalty on Tax Collectors in Boroughs and Townships for Failing to Send to County Treasurer Their Names and the Place Where Taxes are Receivable—Penalty on County Treasurer for Failure to Supply Tax Collectors' Address Books.

31. Any person who neglects or refuses to comply with the provisions of this act shall on conviction summarily before any alderman, magistrate or justice of the peace be sentenced to pay a fine not more than fifty dollars. (Act 1915, Sec. 3, P. L. 11.)

Penalty on Tax Collectors in Townships and Boroughs for Failing to Send in List of Taxpayers to County Commissioners.

32. Any tax collector failing to comply with the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, to be fined not more than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1895, Sec. 4, P. L. 296.)

Collection of Taxes in Townships of the First Class.

33. The office of township tax collector, in townships of the first class is hereby abolished, and, from and after the expiration of the respective terms of the township tax collectors now in office, all taxes * * * within the (several) townships of the first class of this Commonwealth * * * shall be collected by the township treasurer of the respective townships of the first class. * * * (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 273.)

Penalties on Assessors for Neglect of Duty.

34. If any assessor shall refuse or neglect to assess and return to the commissioners of the county any person whom he knows to be liable to assessment, such assessor, being thereof convicted in the court of quarter sessions of the same county, shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, at the discretion of the court, besides the costs of prosecution for the use of the county in which the party aggrieved resides. (Act 1834, Sec. 23, P. L. 515.)

If any assessor * * * shall knowingly and intentionally omit, neglect or refuse to assess and return any property, person or thing made taxable by law, or shall knowingly and intentionally assess, rate or value the same, at more or less than he shall know and believe the just cash value or rate thereof, or neglect or refuse to assess any tax required by law, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction thereof, be subject to imprisonment, not less than three nor more than twelve months, and fined in a sum not less than one hundred nor more than two hundred dollars. (Act 1841, Sec. 3, P. L. 394.)

ARTICLE XIV.

†ASSESSORS.

Election of Assessors in Districts Other Than Boroughs and Townships.

1. * * * There shall be elected in each election district in the State (except in boroughs and townships) * * * an assessor * * * (who shall serve for two years.) (Act 1874, Sec. 15, P. L. 39.)

Registration to be Made by Valuation Assessors in Townships, Boroughs and Wards of Boroughs Containing but One District.

2. The assessors directed to be appointed and elected by the 14th and 15th sections of the act, approved the 30th day of January, Anno Domini, 1874, are hereby declared to be assessors only to perform such duties as are now required by law of assessors, incident to the holding of elections and registration of voters; and that the office of assessor for purposes of valuation with all the duties incident thereto shall continue and remain as now provided for by law: Provided, That in townships, boroughs and wards (of boroughs) composing but one election district, the assessors for purposes of valuation shall be assessors for the holding of elections and the registration of voters. (Act 1874, Sec. 1, P. L. 44.)

Election of Assessors in Boroughs Having but One Election District—Commencement of Term of Office.

3. The qualified voters of every borough * * * in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, shall on the * * * (Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, in odd-numbered years and quadrennially thereafter) vote for and elect a properly qualified person for assessor in each of said districts, who shall serve for * * * (four) years. (Act 1889, Sec. 1, P. L. 7.) * * * The terms of all public officers elected in odd-numbered years shall hereafter begin on the first Monday of January succeeding their election. * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 5, P. L. 9.)

†See also Article I for Enrollment of Voters for Primary Elections, and Article XIII for Assessments and Taxes. In Allegheny County by the Act of July 22, 1919, P. L. 1093, and in Luzerne County by the Act approved March 24, 1905, P. L. 47, the offices of ward, borough and township assessors are abolished in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes, and a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes created. In counties having less than two hundred thousand population, the county commissioners may appoint interpreters to act as such for assessors or assistant assessors. (See Act June 1, 1915, P. L. 659.)

In Division of Boroughs Into Wards—Assessors to be Elected for the Several Wards—Duties of Assessors.

4. When any borough has been or shall be divided into wards, the qualified voters of each of such wards shall, severally elect, * * * (on the Tuesday next following the first Monday in November in odd-numbered years, and quadrennially thereafter) a properly qualified person as assessor for said ward. (Act 1889, Sec. 1, P. L. 133.)

The assessors elected pursuant to the provisions of this act shall perform all the duties of assessors under the laws of this Commonwealth, as well those relating to elections as to the valuation of property. (Act 1889, Sec. 2, P. L. 133.)

Election of Assessors and Assistant Assessors in First Class Townships—Commencement of Term of Office.

5. At the municipal election following the designation of a township of the first class, and at the municipal election every four years thereafter, the qualified electors of such township of the first class shall elect a township assessor and an assistant township assessor. The township assessor and assistant township assessor elected as herein provided shall hold office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next following their election. In each township of the first class where the term of the township assessor now in office expires on the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twenty, the qualified electors of such township shall, at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, elect one township assessor and one assistant township assessor, who shall hold office for terms of four years each from the first Monday of January succeeding their election; and quadrennially thereafter, a township assessor and an assistant township assessor shall be elected for terms of four years each from the first Monday of January succeeding their election.

In each township of the first class where the term of the township assessor now in office expires on the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two, the qualified electors of such township shall, at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, elect one assistant township assessor, who shall hold office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January succeeding his election; and biennially thereafter, at each municipal election, the qualified electors shall elect one township assessor or one assistant township assessor, as the case may be, for a term of four years from the first Monday of January succeeding his election.

It is the intention of this act that in each township of the first class there shall be one township assessor and one assistant township assessor, in addition to the two assistant assessors now provided for, to assist in the valuation of real estate at the triennial assessment.

The compensation of the assistant township assessor shall be the same as now provided for by law for the township assessor, and shall be paid by the county. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 101.)

In all townships of the first class now organized the qualified electors shall, at the municipal election preceding the expiration of the term of the assistant assessors now in office, and at the municipal election every four years thereafter, elect two citizens, resident in said township, to be assistant assessors, to take the place of those whose terms expire on the first Monday of January next following such election.

In all townships hereafter designated as townships of the first class the qualified electors of such township shall, at the municipal election next following such designation, elect two citizens, resident in said township, to be assistant assessors.

All assessors elected under the provisions of this section shall hold their office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next following their election.

The election of assistant assessors provided for in this section shall extend only to the election of assistant assessors for the valuation of property for taxation, and shall not repeal or affect the provisions of any statute providing for the election of assistant assessors for the performance of duties relating to elections. The assistant assessors elected under this section shall aid the township assessor only in making any triennial assessment of property made during their respective terms of office. (Act 1917, Sec. 121, P. L. 840.)

Election of Assessors in Second Class Townships—Commencement of Term of Office.

6. At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and at the municipal election every four years thereafter, the qualified electors of each township of the second class shall elect one township assessor. The township assessor elected under this section shall hold his office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next following his election. (Act 1917, Sec. 160, P. L. 840.)

Whenever a township of the second class is created by the division of a township of the first or second class, under the provisions of chapter three, article four of this act or whenever a township of the second class is created by re-establishment from a township of the first class, as provided by chapter three, article three of this act, or whenever a township of the second class is erected, under the provisions of chapter three, article one of this act, and, in the latter case, the court so orders, the qualified electors of any such township shall, at the next municipal election, elect one township assessor, for either of the following terms: to-wit,—If such election occurs in the year in which an election for assessor is held under the provisions of section one hundred and seven of this act, then such assessor shall be elected for a term of four years. If such election occurs in a year when no assessor is elected under the provisions of said section one hundred and sixty, then such assessor shall be elected for a term of two years.

All assessors elected under this section shall hold their office for a term of two or four years, as the case may be, from the first Monday of January next following their election.

At the municipal election preceding the expiration of the term of any of the aforesaid assessors, and at the municipal election every four years thereafter, an assessor shall be elected for a term of four years, to hold office from the first Monday of January next succeeding such election. (Act 1917, Sec. 161, P. L. 840.)

The provisions of sections one hundred and sixty and one hundred and sixty-one, relating to the election of assessors in townships of the second class, shall not repeal nor affect the provisions of any statute providing for the election of assistant assessors for the performance of duties relating to elections. (Act 1917, Sec. 162, P. L. 840.)

County Commissioners to Fill Vacancy in Office of Township Assessors.

7. If the electors of any township shall fail to choose an assessor * * * at the time appointed by law, or if any person elected to such office shall neglect or refuse to serve therein, or if any vacancy shall happen therein, by death or otherwise, the commissioners of the county shall appoint a fit person to fill the office, who shall have the same powers, be subject to the same penalties and receive the same compensation, as if he had been elected in manner aforesaid. (Act 1834, Sec. 87, P. L. 553.)

Vacancies in the office of * * * assessors in townships of the first class shall be filled in the manner now provided by law. (Act 1917, Sec. 133, P. L. 840.)

Vacancies in the office of assessor in townships of the second class shall be filled in the manner now provided by law. (Act 1917, Sec. 132, P. L. 840.)

Term of Assessors When Appointed by County Commissioners.

8. Whenever the commissioners of any county shall, under existing laws, appoint a person to fill the office of assessor, such person shall serve until the next election for assessors, as provided by this act. (Act 1889, Sec. 4, P. L. 7.)

Election of Assistant Assessors in Boroughs and Townships Having More than One Election District—Duties of—Filling of Vacancies.

9. The qualified voters of every election district, in boroughs and townships in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania wherein more than one election district is authorized, and where but one assessor for valuation of taxable property resides in the borough or township having more than one election district, shall, at the next municipal election and every four years thereafter, elect a properly qualified person for assistant assessor in each of said election districts, who shall perform all the duties relating to elections now required to be performed by assessors in boroughs and townships having but one election district. In case of a vacancy in said office, the court of quarter sessions, or any judge of the said court of the same county shall appoint a person to fill such vacancy. (Act 1917, Sec. 1, P. L. 87.)

Vacancies in the office of * * * assistant assessor in townships of the first class shall be filled in the manner now provided by law. (Act 1917, Sec. 133, P. L. 840.)

Names of Assessors to be Certified to County Commissioners.

10. The clerk of the court of quarter sessions of every county within this Commonwealth shall, within fifteen days after the township elections, in each year, are returned into his office to make out, certify and deliver, under his hand and seal of office, to the commissioners of his proper county, a list of the names of the persons elected to the offices of assessor and assistant assessors, and the names of the wards, townships, incorporated districts and boroughs, within their respective counties for which they were respectively elected, and shall be allowed therefor the usual fees for equal or similar services, to be paid out of the county treasury. (Act 1840, Sec. 9, P. L. 686.)

Assessors to be Present at Their Respective Polling-Places in Boroughs and Townships During all Elections—Compensation for.

11. It shall be the duty of said assessors, respectively, (in boroughs and townships) to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judge, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matters in relation (to) the assessment or voters, as the said inspectors or judge, or either of them, shall from time to time require, for which attendance said assessor shall be entitled to the sum of one dollar per day, to be paid as officers of election are paid by law, and when the township is divided for which said assessor is elected, he shall attend at the election district in which he resides and is entitled to vote. (Act 1839, Sec. 59, P. L. 531.)

This section of the act of 1839 is repealed, as to Bradford, Wyoming, Tioga, Susquehanna, Wayne, Montgomery and Clinton counties, by the Act of April 9, 1844, Sec. 1, P. L. 220.

Power of Assessors in Boroughs and Townships to Administer Oaths—False Swearing.

12. The respective assessors * * * of the elections (in districts other than cities of the first, second and third classes) shall each have the power to administer oaths to any person claiming the right to be assessed, or the right of suffrage, or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be done or inquired into by any of said officers, under this act; and any wilful false swearing by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which they shall be lawfully interrogated by any of said officers or overseers, shall be perjury. (Act 1874, Sec. 17, P. L. 40.)

Assessors and Assistant Assessors in Cities of the Third Class to Keep Account of Time Employed for County Purposes—Compensation.

13. Each assessor and assistant assessor for county purposes, in cities of the third class, shall keep an account of the several days by him actually employed in the performance of his duties, and shall make return of the same to the commissioners of the county, verified by his oath or affirmation, and for each day necessarily so employed he shall receive the sum of five dollars. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 38.)

Borough and Township Assessors and Assistant Assessors to Keep Account of Time Employed—Compensation.

14. It shall be the duty of each borough and township assessor and assistant assessor to keep an account of the several days by him actually employed in the performance of his duties, and to make return of the same to the county commissioners, verified by his oath or affirmation; and for each day so employed he shall receive the sum of five dollars. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 35.)

Where an assessor was also a clerk in the recorder's office, and properly performing his duties in both capacities, he is entitled to full compensation for his services rendered as an assessor, although this work was performed outside of his working hours as transcriber or clerk. Anson, Appellant, v. County of Montgomery, 71 Pa. Sup. Court.

Penalty for Neglect or Refusal of Assessors to Perform Duties.

15. If any assessor shall intentionally neglect or refuse to assess any citizen of this Commonwealth, who is or shall be the subject to assessment by law; or shall, in like manner, neglect or refuse to return the name of the person so assessed to the commissioners of the proper county; or intentionally neglect or refuse to perform any other duty enjoined on him by the provisions of this act, he shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than fifty, nor more than two hundred dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 108, P. L. 542.)

ARTICLE XV.

†REGISTRATION OF VOTERS IN BOROUGHES AND TOWNSHIPS.

Registration Laws to be Uniform Throughout the State but Laws for Cities Only May be Passed.

1. All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the State, but laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only, provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class. (Art. 8, Sec. 7, Constitution.)

In Making Original Annual Assessment Assessors Shall Personally Visit Every Dwelling House—
When Such Visit and How List and Assessment Shall be Made.

2. For the purpose of making the original annual assessment and registration of voters in each of the election districts of this Commonwealth, it shall be the duty of each of the assessors, who are required to perform any of the duties incident to the holding of elections and the registration of voters in the different election districts of this Commonwealth, to visit in person each and every dwelling house in his district on the first Monday in May * * * of each year, or as soon thereafter as may be possible and practicable, when all of said dwelling houses cannot be personally visited by him on the said first Monday of May * * * and to make a list in a book prepared for that purpose by the county commissioners, of all the qualified voters that he shall find, upon careful and diligent inquiry, to be bona fide residents of his district, together with the date when such dwelling house was visited by the assessor, entering them in such book in the order in which such dwelling houses are visited; and the qualified electors in each dwelling house being grouped together and if in a * * * town, the names of the qualified electors shall be grouped together, by streets, alleys or courts, and the persons so found to be legally qualified electors shall forthwith be assessed; the assessor shall, in all cases, personally ascertain by careful and diligent inquiry of the voter or of some known resident of the election district in which the voter claims the right to vote, upon what ground each person so assessed claims to be a legally qualified voter. * * * (Act 1891, Sec. 1, P. L. 134.)

Original Registry List—Who Shall be Entered Thereon—How Names Shall be Marked.

3. * * * The list thus prepared shall be designated and known as the "Original Registry List." It shall be the duty of said assessor to enter in said "Original Registry List" the names of the male citizens twenty-one years of age and upwards, claiming to be qualified voters in the election district of which he is the assessor; and opposite each of said names state whether said citizen is or is not a housekeeper, and if he is, the number of his residence in * * * towns where the same are numbered, with the street, alley or court in which situated, and if in a * * * town where there are no numbers, the name of the street, alley or court on which said house fronts; also the occupation of the person at the date of such assessment, and where he is not a housekeeper, the occupation, place of boarding and with whom at the date of his assessment; and if working for another, the name of the employer; and write opposite each of said names the word "voter." * * * (Act 1891, Sec. 1, P. L. 134.)

When Naturalization Certificates Shall be Exhibited—How Names of Aliens, Voters on Age and New Residents to be Marked.

4. * * * Where any person claims to vote by reason of naturalization, he shall exhibit his certificate thereof to the assessor, unless he has been for two consecutive years next preceding, a voter in said district; and in all cases where the person has been naturalized, the name shall be marked with the letter "N.;" where the person has merely declared his intentions to become a citizen and designs to be naturalized before the next election, he shall exhibit the certificate of his declaration of intention and the name shall be marked "D. I.;" and where the person shall be entitled by existing laws to be naturalized without making a declaration of his intentions to be naturalized, and intends to be naturalized at least one month before the next general election, the name of such person shall be marked "I. N.;" where the claim is to vote by reason of being of the age of twenty-one years and under twenty-two, as provided by law, the word "age" shall be entered, and if the person has moved into the election district to reside since the last general election, the letter "R" shall be placed opposite the name. (Act 1891, Sec. 1, P. L. 134.)

Penalty for Attempting to Have Name Placed on any List of Qualified Electors by False Representation or the Production of Fraudulent Naturalization Certificate and for Voting or Attempting to Vote Thereon.

5. If any person, upon any false representation, or by the production of any forged, false or spurious naturalization certificate, or upon any such certificate not duly issued according to the act of Congress, shall cause his name to be placed, or shall attempt to have his name placed, upon any extra assessment list for election purposes, or upon any list of qualified electors authorized or required to be made by any law of this Commonwealth, or shall vote or attempt to vote at any general or presidential election, every such person, on conviction thereof, shall be adjudged guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for a term not less than twelve months, and every person who shall aid or abet any other person in any such false representation or attempt shall, on conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a high misdemeanor, and suffer the like penalty. (Act 1869, Sec. 38, P. L. 64.)

†See also Article I for Enrollment of Voters for Primary Elections; and for Act governing Registration of Voters in Cities of the First, Second and Third Classes, see Article II, III and IV, and Article XIII for Assessments and Taxes.

Assessor in Boroughs and Townships Shall Make Copy of Original List, Place Copy on Door of Voting Place, Retain Original List for Public Inspection, and Assess, from Time to Time, Persons Making Application—Assessment of Naturalized Citizens.

6. It shall be the duty of the said assessors to forthwith make a copy of the said original list, with the observations and explanations required to be noted as aforesaid, to be made out as soon as practicable. It shall be his duty on or prior to the fourth Monday of May * * * in each year, to place a copy on the door of, or on the house where the election of the respective district is required to be held, and retain the original list in his possession for the inspection, free of charge, of any person resident in the said election district who shall desire to see the same; and it shall be the duty of the said assessor to assess, from time to time, on the personal application of any one claiming the right to vote, the name of such claimant, and mark opposite the name "C. V.," and immediately assess him, noting as in all other cases his occupation, residence, the date of his assessment, whether a boarder or housekeeper; if a boarder, with whom he boards, and whether naturalized or designing to be, marking in all cases opposite the name the letter "N.," "D.," or "I. N.," as the case may be; if the person claiming to be assessed, be naturalized, he shall exhibit to the assessor his certificate of naturalization; and if he claims that he designs to be naturalized before the next ensuing election, he shall exhibit the certificate of his declaration of intention, if such previous declaration is required by the laws of the United States. * * * (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 75.)

Assessor in Boroughs and Townships Shall be at Polling-Place during the Two Days Immediately Preceding Time for Returning List to County Commissioners. Shall Hear all Applications and Correct List—Names of Persons Giving Information to be Entered on List Which Shall be Open to Inspection—Court of Common Pleas to Hear and Determine all Complaints.

7. * * * It shall be the duty of the said assessor to be present at the election house of the said election district, during the two secular days next preceding the day fixed by the third section of this act for returning the lists to the county commissioners, from ten ante meridian to three post meridian, and from six post meridian to nine post meridian, of each of said days, for the purpose of hearing and acting upon applications to be made under the provisions of this section, or relating to names upon said list, or that are sought to be placed thereon, or struck therefrom; and it shall be his duty to correct said original list by adding thereto upon personal application the names of persons entitled to vote not already thereon, and by striking therefrom fictitious names, or names of persons who may have died or removed from said district; and in all cases it shall be the duty of the said assessor to enter in his book, opposite the name of each voter, the name or names of the person or persons together with the residence of the same, who shall furnish information as to the residence and qualifications of each voter who has been assessed, or as to the persons whose names shall be stricken from said original list; and the said original list shall be open for inspection by any qualified elector of the county or ward in which the election district is situated, as well as by the person claiming to be registered; and the court of common pleas of the proper county, or any law judge thereof at chambers, on the application of any qualified elector of the ward or county under oath, which oath may be made at any time before the day of election, shall call the assessor and the complainant before it or him by citation or rule to show cause, and shall hear the parties and dispose of the subject in a summary manner, as to law and justice shall belong, and shall, if need be, order the assessor to correct the registry accordingly, and the said court, or judge may enforce such order by attachment as in proceedings for contempt. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 75.)

When Assessor in Boroughs and Townships Shall Make Return to County Commissioners—Commissioners Must Make and Furnish Alphabetical List and Election Blanks—Persons Not Registered Must Prove Right to Vote.

8. After the assessments have been completed * * * on the sixty-second day before the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each year, the assessor shall, on the following day, make a return to the county commissioners of the "Original Registry List" thus revised and completed, and the county commissioners shall thereupon proceed to make out a complete list in alphabetical order of all persons so returned as taxables in said election district, and furnish the same, together with the necessary election blanks, to the officers of the election in such election district, on or before seven o'clock in the morning of the election; and no man shall be permitted to vote at the election on that day whose name is not on said list, unless he shall make proof of his right to vote as hereinbefore required. * * * (Act 1895, Sec. 3, P. L. 78.)

In Districts in Boroughs and Townships Having Temporary Voting Places the Assessor Shall be Present at His Place of Residence for Two Days Immediately Preceding Time for Returning List to County Commissioners.

9. It shall be the duty of the assessor in all voting districts or precincts in this Commonwealth, where temporary voting places are or may be established, to be present at his place of residence in said election district or precinct during the two secular days next preceding the day fixed by the third section of the act of May twenty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, being a supplement to the act of January thirtieth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, for returning the list to the county commissioners, from ten ante meridian to three post meridian, and from six post meridian to nine post meridian of each of said days, to perform all the duties as set forth in section two of the act of May twenty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, being a supplement to the act of January thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 455.)

ARTICLE XVI.

†ELECTION OFFICERS.

District Election Boards—Election and Compensation of.

1. District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen * * * (biennially in odd-numbered years) by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any P. W. district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled as shall be provided by law. * * * (Art. 8, Sec. 14, Constitution.)

There shall be elected in each election district in the State * * * one person as judge and two inspectors, * * * to conduct the elections for * * * (two years). * * * (Act 1874, Sec. 15, P. L. 89.)

†For Duties of Election Officers under Enrollment of Voters for Primaries, see Article I; under Primary Elections, Article V, and under Non-Partisan Nominations, Article VII.

Who May be Election Officers and What Other Offices they May Hold.

2. No person shall be qualified to serve as an election officer who shall hold, or shall, within two months, have held any office, appointment or employment in or under the government of the United States or of this State, or of any city or county, or of any municipal board, commission, or trust, in any city, save only justices of the peace and aldermen, notaries public, and persons in the militia service of the State; nor shall any election officer be eligible to any civil office, to be filled at an election at which he shall serve, save only to such subordinate municipal or local offices below the grade of city or county offices, as shall be designated by general law. (Art. 8, Sec. 15, Constitution.)

* * * Every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of an election officer. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 392.)

* * * Nothing in this act, or in the act to which this is a supplement contained, shall be construed to prohibit a judge, inspector or clerk of election from being voted for to fill any township office, or render either or any of them ineligible to hold the same. (Act 1840, Sec. 2, P. L. 684.)

Militia or Borough Officers May Serve as Judge, Inspector or Clerk of Election.

3. The 13th section of the act, passed July 2, 1839, entitled "An act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," shall not be so construed as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth. (Act 1840, Sec. 4, P. L. 411.)

If a candidate for chief Burgess of a borough, acts as an inspector at the election at which he is a candidate, in one of the wards of the borough, he is ineligible, and will be ousted on quo warranto. *Commonwealth v. Jones*, 1 Legal Record, 293.

Persons Holding Subordinate Positions in Philadelphia Eligible as Election Officers.

4. * * * No person shall be disqualified from serving as an election officer or canvasser by reason of his employment (in the city of Philadelphia) in any subordinate position in any public office. (Act 1870, Sec. 3, P. L. 54.)

Judges and Inspectors of Election Eligible for Re-election in Philadelphia.

5. * * * All persons acting as judges and inspectors of the general election in the city and county of Philadelphia may be re-elected, any law to the contrary notwithstanding. (Act 1851, Sec. 6, P. L. 726.)

Election Officers Privileged from Arrest.

6. * * * Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service. (Art. 8, Sec. 14, Constitution.)

Constables to Give Public Notice of Election for Inspectors of Election.

7. It shall be the duty of the constable or constables of each township, ward and district, at least ten days before the day hereinafter appointed for the election of inspectors, to give public notice, by six or more printed or written advertisements affixed at as many of the most public places therein, of the time and place of holding such election. (Act 1839, Sec. 1, P. L. 519.)

Constable to Give Notice of Election of Borough and Township Officers—When Supervisors or Assessors to Give Notice.

8. The high constable shall give ten days' notice of the biennial elections of the borough by posting six advertisements in the most public places within the same. (Act 1915, Chap. 7, Art. 3, Sec. 3, P. L. 396.)

The constable or constables of every township within this Commonwealth, shall give public notice of the township elections, by ten or more printed or written advertisements, affixed at as many of the most public places therein, at least ten days before the election, and in every such advertisement they shall enumerate, designate and give notice as sheriffs of counties in cases of general elections are directed, by the 1st and 2nd divisions of the 13th section of the act to which this is a supplement (Act 1839, P. L. 521); and in case of the neglect, refusal, death, or absence of the aforesaid constable or constables, the duties herein enjoined on them shall be performed by the supervisors or assessor of the proper township, but said supervisors or assessor of the proper township shall not be required to give more than five days' notice; and said elections shall be held and conducted under the regulations, not inconsistent herewith, prescribed in the aforesaid act. * * * (Act 1840, Sec. 2, P. L. 684.)

In case of the neglect, refusal, death or absence from the county, of the constable or constables of any township, ward or district, the supervisors of the township or district, or the assessors of the ward, as the case may be, shall perform the duties hereinbefore required to be done by such constable or constables, under the like penalty: Provided, That the said supervisors or assessors shall not be required to give more than five days' notice of the time and place for holding such election. (Act 1839, Sec. 2, P. L. 519.)

Election for Judges and Inspectors of Election—When Held—Commencement of Term.

9. The qualified citizens of the several wards, districts and townships shall meet * * * (biennially) in every (odd-numbered) year, at the time and place of holding the election for constable of such ward, district or township, and then and there elect, as hereinafter provided, two inspectors and one judge of elections. (Act 1839, Sec. 3, P. L. 519.)

At the election to be held on the * * * (Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, in each odd-numbered year), there shall be elected in each election district in the State, as well in those wherein the registration of voters has heretofore been made by officers appointed, and not chosen by the people to perform the duty, as in all others, one person as judge and two inspectors, in conformity with the general laws of the Commonwealth, to conduct elections for * * * (two) years. (Act 1874, Sec. 15, P. L. 39.)

The terms of all public officers elected in odd-numbered years shall hereafter begin on the first Monday of January succeeding their election. * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 5, P. L. 9.)

Each Elector to Vote for but One Person for Judge and One Person for Inspector of Election.

10. Each of such qualified citizens shall vote for one person as judge, and also for one person as inspector of elections, and the person having the greatest number of votes for judge shall be publicly declared to be elected judge, and the two persons having the greatest number of votes for inspectors shall, in like manner, be declared to be elected inspectors of election. (Act 1839, Sec. 4, P. L. 519.)

Upon the Division of a Township into Election Districts Judges and Inspectors of Election to be Elected for Each District.

11. Where any township has been, or shall be, divided in forming an election district, the qualified citizens of each part of such divided township, shall severally elect, in the manner and at the time and place aforesaid, two inspectors for each of said several election districts, and shall also elect one person to serve as judge of elections in each district, to perform the duties enjoined by the 6th section of this act. (Act 1839, Sec. 7, P. L. 520.)

Manner of Filling Vacancies on Election Boards by the Court.

12. In all election districts where a vacancy exists by reason of the disqualification of the officer, or by removal, resignation, death or other cause, in an election board heretofore elected or appointed, or that may hereafter be elected or appointed, the judge or judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county, upon proof furnished that such vacancy or vacancies exist, shall at any time before any general, municipal or special election, appoint competent persons, who shall be of good character and known in the district where the vacancy occurs, to fill said vacancies to conduct the election in said districts; and in the appointment of the inspectors in any election district both shall not be of the same political party, and the judge of election shall in all cases be of the political party having the majority of votes in said district as nearly as the said judge or judges can ascertain the fact, and in case of the failure of said judges of the courts to act on the selection of inspectors, the political majority of the judges shall select one of such inspectors and the minority judge or judges select the other. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 38.)

How Tie Votes for Judges and Inspectors of Election Shall be Decided.

13. * * * In all township elections of this Commonwealth for judges of the general and township elections where a tie shall exist in said election for judges, the inspector who shall have the highest number of votes in said election shall appoint a judge for that purpose. And where ties shall exist in said election for two inspectors, the two candidates who received the same number of votes for inspector shall determine by lot which of them shall be the majority inspector, and the other candidate shall be the minority inspector, and the person so determined to be the majority inspector shall appoint a judge of elections in case of a tie vote for judges. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 78.)

Filling Vacancies in Offices of Judges and Inspectors of Elections on Day of Election.

14. In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election, shall act as inspector in his place; and in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected a judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district, for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy. (Act 1839, Sec. 16, P. L. 522.)

In the absence of any evidence of fraudulent or wrongful voting, or of fraudulent or improper counting of votes, the entire poll of votes cast in a district will not be rejected, because a person was sworn and acted as the judge of election in place of the regularly elected judge under the mistaken idea that he had a right to do so since he acted as judge in the preceding election in the absence of the elected judge. Krickbaum's Contested Election, 221 Pa. 521.

Filling Vacancy in Office of Clerk of Election.

15. In case any clerk appointed under the provisions of this act, shall neglect to attend at any election during said year, it shall be the duty of the inspector who appointed said clerk (or the person filling the place of such inspector) to forthwith appoint a suitable person as clerk, qualified as aforesaid, who shall perform said duties for the year. (Act 1839, Sec. 17, P. L. 522.)

Manner of Settling Disputes Concerning Election Officers in Philadelphia.

16. * * * The court of common pleas of Philadelphia county is hereby vested with power to settle summarily any question that may arise concerning the officers to conduct said elections, and also to direct according to the true intent and spirit of this act, which set of election officers shall act as aforesaid in any case of exigency which may arise or exist, not provided for by this act; and any vacancy that shall exist and continue for half an hour after the earliest time fixed by law for opening polls shall be filled in the manner now provided by law. * * * (Act 1854, Sec. 81, P. L. 38.)

Where Inspectors are of Same Political Party in Philadelphia the Court May, on Hearing, Set Aside Election and Appoint Other Officers Instead.

17. Whenever thirty citizens of any ward, in the city of Philadelphia, shall present a petition to the court of common pleas of the said city, setting forth that in any election division of said ward the inspectors of election or the return inspectors are of the same political party, and have been chosen or elected in violation of the spirit and intention of the several acts of Assembly regulating elections, verified by the oath or affirmation of any two of them, it shall be the duty of the said court to grant a rule on the officers returned, chosen or elected for such division to show cause, if any they have, why the selection of such election officers should not be set aside; and if, upon the investigation of the matters set forth in the said petition, they shall be found to be true, it shall be the duty of said court to set aside the selection of such officers, and to appoint a judge, two inspectors and two return inspectors to serve in such election division for the next election and until others are duly elected or chosen; said appointments may be made from any part of the ward in which such election division is located; and the officers so appointed shall have and exercise the same powers and duties, and be liable to the same penalties as officers elected by the qualified voters now are. (Act 1866, Sec. 1, P. L. 969.)

All Elections to be Conducted by Inspectors and Judges of General Election.

18. The general, (municipal), special, city, incorporated district and township elections, and all elections for electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, shall be held and conducted by the inspectors and judges elected as aforesaid, and by clerks appointed as hereinafter provided. (Act 1839, Sec. 14, P. L. 522.)

Meeting of Election Officers on Day of General Election—Appointment of Clerks.

19. The inspectors and judges, chosen as aforesaid, shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before (seven) o'clock in the morning of the (Tuesday next following the first Monday of November) in each and every year; and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district. (Act 1839, Sec. 15, P. L. 522.)

ARTICLE XVII.

†OATHS OF ELECTION OFFICERS.

Judges, Inspectors, Clerks and Overseers of Election to be Sworn Before Entering on Duties—Who Shall Administer the Oaths—Penalty for Violations.

1. * * * All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of any election held under this act shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, and in case there be no minority inspector, then by a justice of the peace or alderman; and the inspectors, overseers and clerks shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being first duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall sign the form of oath, without being duly sworn, or if any judge or minority inspector shall certify that any officer was sworn, when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 9, P. L. 34.)

Oath to be Taken by Inspectors of Election.

2. The following shall be the form of the oath or affirmation to be taken by each inspector, viz: "I, (A. B.) do ——— that I will duly attend to the ensuing election during the continuance thereof, as an inspector, and that I will not receive any ticket or vote from any person, other than such as I shall firmly believe to be, according to the provisions of the Constitution and the laws of this Commonwealth, entitled to vote at such election, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as is directed by law, nor will I vexatiously delay or refuse to receive any vote from any person whom I shall believe to be entitled to vote as aforesaid, but that I will in all things truly, impartially and faithfully perform my duty therein, to the best of my judgment and abilities; and that I am not, directly nor indirectly, interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election." (Act 1839, Sec. 19, P. L. 523.)

Oath to be Taken by Judges of Election.

3. The following shall be the oath or affirmation of each judge, viz, "I, (A. B.) do ——— that I will as judge duly attend the ensuing election during the continuance thereof, and faithfully assist the inspectors in carrying on the same; that I will not give my consent that any vote or ticket shall be received from any person other than such as I firmly believe to be, according to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth, entitled to vote at such election, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as is directed by law, and that I will use my best endeavors to prevent any fraud, deceit or abuse, in carrying on the same by citizens qualified to vote, or others, and that I will make a true and perfect return of the said election, and will in all things truly, impartially and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same, to the best of my judgment and abilities; and that I am not, directly or indirectly, interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election." (Act 1839, Sec. 20, P. L. 523.)

†One set of oaths is to be put in sealed envelope addressed to prothonotary, containing one triplicate return sheet, one tally sheet, one numbered list of voters and oaths of those making proof of the right to vote and their witnesses. The other set of oaths is to be sealed up in the ballot-box, along with the ballots, voting check list, one numbered list of voters, one tally sheet and one triplicate return sheet.

Oath to be Taken by Judges of Election.

4. The following shall be the form of the oath or affirmation to be taken by each clerk, viz: "I, (A. B.) do ——— that I will impartially and truly write down the name of each elector who shall vote at the ensuing election which shall be given me in charge and also the name of the township, ward or district wherein such elector resides, and carefully and truly write down the number of votes that shall be given for each candidate at the election, as often as his name shall be read to me by the inspectors thereof, and in all things truly and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same to the best of my judgment and ability; and that I am not, directly or indirectly, interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election." (Act 1839, Sec. 21, P. L. 528.)

Additional Oath to be Taken by Election Officers.

5. * * * In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. * * * (Act 1874, Sec. 9, P. L. 34.)

Two Copies of Each Oath Shall be Made out by Clerks, Subscribed by the Respective Affiants, and Certified by Persons Administering Oath.

6. It shall be the duty of the said clerks forthwith to make out two copies of the forms of each of the said oaths or affirmations, which shall be severally subscribed by each of the inspectors, judges and clerks, and the said oaths or affirmations shall be certified under the hands of the persons by whom they shall be administered. (Act 1839, Sec. 22, P. L. 524.)

ARTICLE XVIII.

POWERS OF ELECTION OFFICERS.

Powers of Inspectors and Judges to Administer Oaths.

1. Every inspector and judge of an election shall have full power and authority to administer oaths or affirmations to any and all persons requiring, or offering to be sworn or affirmed, in relation to the right of any person to vote at any election, authorized to be held under any law of this Commonwealth, and generally, shall in the exercise of the duties of their office as inspectors or judge, have the same power to administer oaths or affirmations required, or authorized to be administered by the provisions of this act, or the act to which this is a supplement, as justices of the peace have by the laws of this Commonwealth, and a violation of such oath or affirmation shall be subject to the same fines and penalties which are or may be inflicted by law, for a violation of such oath or affirmation, when administered by a justice of the peace. (Act 1840, Sec. 14, P. L. 687.)

The respective assessors, inspectors and judges of the elections shall each have the power to administer oaths to any person claiming the right to be assessed, or the right of suffrage, or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be done or inquired into by any of said officers, under this act; and any wilful false swearing by any person in relation to any manner or thing concerning which they shall be lawfully interrogated by any of said officers or overseers, shall be perjury. (Act 1874, Sec. 17, P. L. 40.)

An oath may be lawfully administered at an election by a clerk acting in the presence of and by the authority of the judge of the election, when the judge of the election signs the jurat after the oath has been so administered.

A ministerial act done in the presence of, and under the authority and direction of, an officer duly authorized to perform that act, is the act of the officer himself.

Where an affidavit taken before an election board expressly states that the affidavit was "duly sworn," and the jurat signed by the judge of the election is to the same effect, it will be presumed that the affiant was in fact sworn. Commonwealth v. McCue, appellant, 46 Pa. Superior Court, 416.

Judge to Decide on Qualification of Voter in Case of Disagreement of Inspectors.

2. The judges of the election, within the limits of their respective wards, districts or townships, shall have power, and are hereby required to decide on the qualifications of any person claiming to vote at any election, whenever the inspectors thereof shall disagree upon the right of such person to vote but not otherwise, and the inspectors thereof shall, upon such decision, forthwith receive or reject the vote of such person, as the case may be. (Act 1839, Sec. 6, P. L. 520.)

Under clause 3 of this section (Sec. 1 of Article 8) of the Constitution, a vote cast at a polling-place in a borough outside the limits of the township in which the voter resides is illegal; place is a condition of the right to vote. In re Contested Election of McNeill, 111 Pa. 235.

ARTICLE XIX.

PENALTIES ON ELECTION OFFICERS.

Penalty for Neglect of Election Officers to Attend Election at Proper Time.

1. If any person elected to serve as inspector or judge as aforesaid, and having received due notice thereof, shall neglect or, without good cause, refuse to attend on the day of election at the time appointed by law, he shall in every such case forfeit the sum of twenty dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 99, P. L. 541.)

Penalty for Neglect or Refusal of Election Officers to Perform the Duties of their Office.

2. If any inspector, judge or clerk, as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to take upon himself the duties of such office, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars; or having entered upon the same, shall afterwards neglect or refuse to perform the duties thereof according to law, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred dollars for every such offense. (Act 1839, Sec. 100, P. L. 541.)

A clerk of elections may be convicted with the other election officers of conspiracy to violate the election laws, where it appears that he was present during the whole election day, saw without protest numerous illegal acts committed by the election officers, took part in the count and signed the election return. Commonwealth v. Williams, 31 Pa. Superior Court 372.

†See also Article I on Enrollment of Voters for Primary Elections; Articles II, III and IV on Personal Registration; Article V on Primary Elections, and Article VII on Non-partisan Nominations.

Penalty on Clerk of Election for Acting Without Being Sworn.

3. If any * * * clerk of an election shall presume to act in such capacity before taking and subscribing the oath required by this act, he shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty, nor more than two hundred dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 101, P. L. 541.)

Penalty for Election Officers Failing to Administer Oath, Signing Oath or Acting Without Being Sworn.

4. * * * If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being first duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall sign the form of oath, without being duly sworn, or if any judge or minority inspector shall certify that any officer was sworn, when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 9, P. L. 34.)

Penalty for Wilful Fraud by Election Officer.

5. If any inspector, judge or clerk, as aforesaid, shall be convicted of any wilful fraud in the discharge of his duties, as aforesaid, he shall undergo an imprisonment for any term not less than three, nor more than twelve months, and be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, and shall be, for seven years thereafter disabled from holding any office of honor, trust or profit in this Commonwealth, and shall moreover be disabled, for the term aforesaid from giving his vote at any general or special election within this Commonwealth. (Act 1839 Sec. 102, P. L. 541.)

If this section is violated by any one not an election officer by making false and fraudulent entries in a book of voters, by depositing false and fraudulent ballots, or by assuming and undertaking to count ballots cast at an election, in a false and fraudulent manner, the offence, though not punishable under this act, is indictable at common law. Commonwealth v. McHale, 97 Pa. 397.

Penalty for Refusal or Neglect of Election Officer to Require Proof of Right of Suffrage.

6. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or the laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote, whose name is not on the list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote is challenged by any qualified voter present, and shall admit such person to vote, without requiring such proof, every person so offending shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be sentenced, for every such offense, to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 12, P. L. 37.)

Penalty on Election Officers for Rejection of Votes of Qualified or Receipt of Votes of Unqualified Electors.

7. If any inspector or judge of an election shall knowingly reject the vote of any qualified citizen, or knowingly receive the vote of any person not qualified, or conceal from his fellow officers any fact in the knowledge of which such vote should by law be received or rejected, each of the persons so offending shall, on conviction, be punished in the manner prescribed in the 107th section of this act. (Act 1839, Sec. 103 P. L. 542.)

The inspector of an election may be convicted under act of July 2, 1839, P. L. 159, on an indictment charging him with having unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly rejected the vote of a qualified citizen," where the proof shows that he knew that the citizen was qualified, but had rejected his vote because an imposter had previously voted under the citizen's name; it is immaterial that the inspector acted in good faith. Wessert Case, 47 Superior Court, 592.

Penalty for Receiving Without Proof Vote of Person Not on List.

8. If any such inspector or judge shall receive the vote of any person whose name shall not be returned on the list furnished by the commissioners or assessors, without first requiring the evidence directed in this act, the person so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty, nor more than two hundred dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 104, P. L. 542.)

Penalty on Election Officers in Philadelphia for Receiving Votes of Unassessed Persons Without Requiring Proof of Qualifications.

9. Whenever, in the investigation of any contested election, whether before any committee of councils, any court of the city and county of Philadelphia, or committee of the Senate or House of Representatives, or a joint committee thereof, it shall appear that in any election division of said city, the officers of election shall have wilfully received the votes of ten persons or upwards, whose names are not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants, furnished to the election officers of such division by the city commissioners, without requiring proof of the payment of taxes, citizenship and residence, which now are, or hereafter may be, required by law, such dereliction of duty shall be deemed a misdemeanor; upon conviction whereof, the said officers of election shall be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned for a period not exceeding two years, (or) both or either, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1866, Sec. 3, P. L. 970.)

Penalty for Prying into Tickets.

10. If any judge of an election, inspector, clerk or other person, before the poll shall be closed, shall unfold, open or pry into any ticket, with a design to discover the name of any candidate therein, every person so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty, nor more than one hundred dollars, and imprisoned for any time not less than one, nor more than three months. (Act 1839, Sec. 105, P. L. 542.)

Penalty for Disclosing How Elector Shall Have Voted.

11. * * * Any clerk, overseer or election officer, who shall disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as a witness in a judicial proceeding, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court (Act 1874, Sec. 19, P. L. 40.)

Penalty for Neglect of Duty by Assessor or Election Officers, for Altering or Defacing Registry List—For Obstructing Overseers.

12. Any assessor, election officer or person appointed as an overseer, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined by this act, without reasonable or legal cause, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars; and if any assessor shall knowingly assess any person as a voter who is not qualified, or shall wilfully refuse to assess any one who is qualified, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court, and also be subject to an action for damages by the party aggrieved. And if any person shall fraudulently alter, add to, deface or destroy any list of voters made out as directed by this act, or tear down or remove the same from the place where it has been fixed, with fraudulent or mischievous intent, or for any improper purpose, the person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. And if any person shall, by violence or intimidation, drive, or attempt to drive from the polls any person or persons appointed by the court to act as overseers of an election or in any way wilfully prevent said overseers from performing the duties enjoined upon them by this act, such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. * * * (Act 1874, Sec. 19, P. L. 40.)

Penalty for Drunkenness on Part of Assessor or Election Officers.

13. If any election officer or assessor of poll taxes shall become intoxicated during any of the time in which he shall be engaged in the performance of his duties, he shall, on conviction, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and be sentenced to an imprisonment of thirty days, and to pay a fine of twenty dollars and the costs of prosecution, both or either, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1887, Sec. 1, P. L. 126.)

ARTICLE XX.

†OVERSEERS AND WATCHERS OF ELECTIONS.

Appointment of Overseers—How Made—Duties and Powers of.

1. The courts of common pleas of the several counties of the Commonwealth, shall have power, within their respective jurisdiction, to appoint overseers of elections to supervise the proceedings of the election officers, and to make report to the court as may be required: such appointments to be made for any district in a city or county, upon petition of five citizens, lawful voters of such election district, setting forth that such appointment is a reasonable precaution to secure the purity and fairness of elections; overseers shall be two in number for an election district, shall be residents therein, and shall be persons qualified to serve upon election boards, and in each case members of different political parties: whenever the members of an election board shall differ in opinion the overseers if they shall be agreed thereon, shall decide the question of difference; in appointing overseers of election all the law judges of the proper court, able to act at the time, shall concur in the appointments made. (Art. 8, Sec. 16, Constitution.)

Appointment of Overseers of Election—Powers and Duties of—Penalty for Interfering With—in Case of Contest, Court to Say What Votes Shall be Counted.

2. On the petition of five or more citizens of any election district, setting forth that the appointment of overseers is a reasonable precaution to secure the purity and fairness of the election in said district, it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of the proper county, all the law judges of the said court able to act at the time concurring, to appoint two judicious, sober and intelligent citizens of the said district belonging to different political parties, overseers of election to supervise the proceedings of election officers thereof, and to make report of the same as they may be required by such court. Said overseers shall be persons qualified to serve upon election boards, and shall have the right to be present with the officers of such election during the whole time the same is held, the votes counted, and the returns made out and signed by the election officers; to keep a list of voters, if they see proper; to challenge any person offering to vote, and interrogate him and his witnesses under oath, in regard to his right of suffrage at said election, and to examine his papers produced; and the officers of said election are required to afford to said overseers, so selected and appointed, every convenience and facility for the discharge of their duties; and if said election officers shall refuse to permit said overseers to be present, and perform their duties as aforesaid, such officer or officers shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court; or if the overseers shall be driven away from the polls by violence or intimidation, all the votes polled in such election district may be rejected by the proper tribunal trying a contest under said election, or a part or portion of such votes aforesaid may be counted, as such tribunal may deem necessary to a just and proper disposition of the case. (Act 1874, Sec. 4, P. L. 33.)

Watchers—Appointment of—To be Given Certificate Which Must be Shown on Request—But One Watcher of Each Party to be in Voting Room at One Time.

3. * * * Each party which has, by its primary meeting, caucus, convention, or board, sent to the proper office a certificate of nomination, and each group of citizens which has sent to the proper office a nomination paper, as provided in sections two and three of this act, shall be allowed to appoint three qualified electors, who must be three electors residents of the division in which they are authorized to act as watchers, in each voting place, without expense to the county; one of whom shall be allowed to remain in the room outside of the enclosed space. Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county commissioners, stating his name, the names of the persons who have appointed him, and the party or policy he represents; and no party or policy shall be represented by more than one watcher in the same voting room at any one time. Watchers shall be required to show their certificates when required to do so. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 213.)

†For Overseers and Watchers at Primary Elections, and Watchers at Personal Registration and Non-Partisan Nomination see Articles II, III, IV, V and VII.

ARTICLE XXI.

†COMPENSATION OF ELECTION OFFICERS.

Compensation of Judges, Inspectors and Clerks of Election—Proviso.

1. The minimum pay of all judges of election, inspectors, and clerks appointed by inspectors is hereby fixed at five dollars per day. In any such election district in which more than two hundred and fifty ballots are cast at any election, each judge, inspector, and clerk shall be paid one dollar for each one hundred ballots or fractional part thereof cast after the first two hundred and fifty ballots, in addition to the minimum pay herein provided for. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 115.)

By act of April 18, 1853, Sec. 14, P. L. (1854) p. 824, the compensation of the judges, inspectors and clerks of election of the city of Philadelphia is five dollars each (the city commissioners allow the judges for three days' service at the rate of five dollars per day), and by Sec. 18, act 1852, Sec. 1, P. L. (1854) p. 871, return judges receive the additional sum of two dollars each. Act March 25, 1868, P. L. 480, as to Clearfield county; act of April 9, 1869, P. L. 792, as to Susquehanna county; act April 15, 1869, P. L. 982, as to Northampton county; act February 26, 1872, P. L. 158, as to Allegheny county; act February 21, 1873, P. L. 146, as to Bradford county.

How Election Officers to be Paid.

2. (Election officers shall * * * be paid by the treasurer of the proper county, on orders to be drawn upon him by the commissioners; which allowance shall be in full for his services and expenses other than mileage hereinafter allowed, and in lieu of all kinds of refreshments which may have been customary to provide, and no such expense for refreshment shall be paid or allowed by the Commissioners of any county. (Act 1839, Sec. 92, P. L. 540.)

Pay of Constables, Supervisors or Assessors for Advertising Ward, Township or Borough Elections.

3. Constables, supervisors or assessors, as the case may be, of any ward, township, incorporated district or borough, shall be allowed and paid out of the county treasury, two dollars for advertising ward, township, district and borough elections. * * * (Act 1840, Sec. 11, P. L. 687.)

Compensation of Constables and Deputy Constables for Attending General, Special, Township, Ward or Borough Election and Delivering Certificates of Election.

4. For attending general, special, township, ward, or borough election, five dollars, which sum shall include pay for serving notice in writing to the persons elected at such special, township, ward, or borough elections: Provided, That where any such election be held in any township, ward, or borough in which there are more than one election district or precinct, and a deputy constable is appointed to attend an election held at each of such districts or precincts, said deputy constable shall each receive the sum of five dollars. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 274.)

Constables' Fees for Making Returns to the Court, and for Attending Elections, to be Paid by the Several Counties.

5. * * * Constables in the Commonwealth shall be entitled to receive from the county treasury, upon orders drawn by the county commissioners of the several counties, the fees and mileage now allowed by law for making returns to the court of quarter sessions of the peace, and for attending at general, special, township, ward and borough elections; and the several counties are hereby made liable therefor and required to pay the same as aforesaid. (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 32.)

ARTICLE XXII.

ELECTION ROOMS AND BOOTHS.

Commissioners Shall Provide Election Rooms and Booths—How to be Fitted.

1. The county commissioners of each county shall provide for each election district therein, at each election, a room large enough to be fitted up with voting shelves and a guard rail as hereinafter provided. If in any district no such room can be rented or otherwise obtained, the said commissioners shall cause to be constructed for such district a temporary room of adequate size to be used as a voting room. They shall also cause all the said rooms to be suitably provided with heat and light, and with a sufficient number of voting shelves or compartments at or in which voters may conveniently mark their ballots, with a curtain, screen or door at the upper part of the front of each compartment, so that in the marking thereof they may be screened from the observation of others, and a guard rail shall be so constructed and placed that only such persons as are inside said rail can approach within six feet of the ballot-box and of such voting shelves or compartments. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 19, P. L. 428.)

The county commissioners must construct a temporary room where there is no room of adequate size at the regular polling-place; they cannot rent a room elsewhere within the district. *Egley v. Armstrong County Commissioners*, 158 Pa. 65.

The provisions of the Act of June 10, 1893, Section 19, P. L. 419, relating to the arrangement of the rooms in which elections are held are mandatory and where they have been disregarded without excuse or justification, the ballots cast will be void and the returns from wards wherein such violations occurred cannot properly be reckoned in the general count. *Cramer's Election Case*, 248 Pa. 208.

Township Supervisors May Erect Place for Holding Election.

2. The supervisors, road commissioners or other officers having in charge the constructing and keeping in repair the public roads in any township in this Commonwealth, are hereby authorized, at their option, to cause a suitable lot of ground to be procured and cause a suitable building to be erected thereon for a town house in which to hold elections, store road machinery, hold meetings of township officers, and for other township uses. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 324.)

†For compensation of Primary Election officers, see Article V, Section 38.

Arrangement of Ballot-Box and Voting Booth—Number of Booths.

3. * * * The arrangement shall be such that neither the ballot-box nor the voting booths shall be hidden from view of those just outside the side guard-rail. The number of such voting shelves or compartments shall not be less than one for every seventy-five names on the assessor's lists; but shall not in any case be less than three for the voters qualified to vote at each voting place. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 19, P. L. 428.)

Persons Permitted Within Guard Rail—Supplies for Marking Ballot.

4. * * * No persons other than the election officers and voters admitted as hereinafter provided, shall be permitted within the said rail, except by authority of the election officers for the purpose of keeping order and enforcing the law. Each voting shelf or compartment shall be kept provided with proper supplies and conveniences for marking the ballots. (Act 1893, Sec. 19, P. L. 428.)

Commissioners to Fix Every Three Years Compensation for Light, Rent and Fuel for Election Purposes—How Same to be Paid.

5. The commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth, are hereby authorized and empowered to fix the compensation for lights, rent and fuel for election purposes, in each and every township, borough, ward and election district in the respective counties, which said compensation shall be fixed and established at least once every three years, by resolution duly entered upon the minutes of said commissioners; and the said expenses shall be paid (on bills certified by election officers) by said respective counties, according to the compensation so ascertained and entered upon said minutes, and not otherwise. (Act 1876, Sec. 1, P. L. 136.)

By act of 1844; Sec. 2, P. L. 220, the expenses of borough and township elections in Crawford county shall be paid by the respective boroughs and townships.

ARTICLE XXIII.

OPENING OF POLLS AND VOTING AT GENERAL ELECTIONS.

Time for Opening and Closing Polls.

1. At all elections held under the laws of this Commonwealth the polls shall be open at seven o'clock A. M., and closed at seven o'clock P. M. (Act 1874, Sec. 5, P. L. 34.)

Duties of Inspectors of Election at Opening of Polls.

2. At the opening of the polls, at all elections, it shall be the duty of the judges of election for their respective districts, to designate one of the inspectors, whose duty it shall be to have in custody the registry of voters, and to make the entries therein required by law. * * * (Act 1874, Sec. 8, P. L. 34.)

At Opening of Polls Packages to be Opened by Judge—How Cards of Instruction and Specimen Ballots to be Displayed and Distributed.

3. At the opening of the polls in each voting place the seals of the packages shall be publicly broken and the said package shall be opened by the judge of elections. The cards of instruction shall be immediately posted at or in each voting shelf or compartment provided in accordance with this act for the marking of the ballots, and not less than three such cards and not less than five specimen ballots shall be immediately posted in or about the voting room outside the guard-rail; and such cards and specimen ballots shall be given to any voter at his request. (Act 1893, Sec. 20, P. L. 429.)

No Person to be Admitted Within Guard-Rail Until his Right to Vote is Established—Delivery of Ballots to Voters—How Many Voters May be Allowed Within Guard-Rail at One Time.

4. Any person desiring to vote shall give his name and residence to one of the election officers in charge of the ballots, who shall thereupon announce the same in a loud and distinct tone of voice, and if such name is found upon the ballot check list by the inspector or clerks in charge thereof, he shall likewise repeat the said name, and the voter shall be allowed to enter the space enclosed by the guard-rail, unless his right to vote be challenged. No person whose name is not on the said list, or whose right to vote shall be challenged by a qualified citizen, shall be admitted within said guard-rail until he has established his right to vote in the manner now provided by law, and his name, if not on the check list, shall then be added to both lists (except in cities of the first, second and third classes, where, if his name is not on registry list, he shall not be entitled to vote). As soon as a voter is admitted within the rail the election officer having charge of the ballots shall detach a ballot from the stub and give it to the said voter, but shall first fold it so that the words printed on the back and outside, as provided in section fifteen of this act, shall be the only wording visible and no ballot shall be voted unless folded in the same manner. Not more than one ballot shall be given to a voter except as provided in section twenty-five of this act. As soon as a voter receives a ballot the letter "B" shall be marked against his name on the margin of the ballot check list; but no record of the number of the ballots shall be made on the said lists. Besides the election officers and such supervisors as are authorized by the laws of the United States or overseers appointed by the courts of this Commonwealth, not more than four voters in excess of the number of voting shelves or compartments provided, shall be allowed in said enclosed space at one time. (Act 1893, Sec. 21, P. L. 429.)

†For time of opening and closing of polls at Primary Election, see Article V.

Preparation of Ballot by Voter—How Ballots with Two Marks Shall be Counted.

5. On receipt of his ballot, the voter shall forthwith, and without leaving the space enclosed by the guard-rail, retire to one of the voting shelves or compartments, and draw a curtain, or shut the screen or door, and shall then prepare his ballot as follows:

If he desires to vote for every candidate of a political party, he may make a cross-mark in the appropriate square, opposite the name of the party of his choice, in the straight party column on the left of the ballot, and every such cross-mark shall be equivalent to a vote for every candidate for the party so marked: Provided, That the voter may make a cross-mark in the appropriate square, opposite the name of the party of his choice, in the straight party column on the left of the ballot, and may also make a cross-mark in the square to the right of any individual candidate whom he favors. In such case his vote shall be counted for all the candidates of the party in whose straight party column on the left of the ballot he placed such cross-mark, except for those offices for which he has indicated his choice by marking in the squares to the right of individual candidates, and his vote shall be counted for such individual candidates which he has thus particularly marked, notwithstanding the fact that he made a mark in the straight party column on the left of the ballot: Provided further, That in any case where more than one candidate is to be elected to any office, the voter shall, if he desires to divide his vote among candidates of different parties, make a cross (X) mark in the appropriate square, to the right of each candidate for whom he desires to vote, not exceeding the total number to be elected for such office, and no vote shall be counted for any candidate in such group not individually marked, notwithstanding the mark in the party square.

If he desires to vote for an entire group of Presidential electors, he may place a cross-mark in the appropriate square, at the right of the name of the party of his choice. If he desires to divide his vote among candidates from different groups of Presidential electors, he shall make a cross-mark in the appropriate square, to the right of the name of each candidate for Presidential elector for whom he desires to vote: Provided, That a mark in the straight party column, opposite the name of the party of his choice, shall also be counted as a mark for each Presidential elector nominated by such party.

He may vote, according to the above provisions, for the candidate of his choice for each office to be filled, according to the number of persons to be voted for by him for each office, or he may insert in the blank space provided therefor, in accordance with section fourteen of this act, any name not already on the ballot. And in case of a question submitted to the vote of the people, he may mark in the appropriate margin or space a cross (X), opposite the answer which he desires to give. In all cases where, by existing laws, a voter is entitled to cast more than one vote for a single candidate, he shall place in the appropriate square, instead of a cross (X), a number, which shall indicate the number of votes to be counted for the candidate whose name is so marked. * * * (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 829.)

Under act June 10, 1893, P. L. 419, regulating elections and directing that the voter "shall prepare his ballot by marking," the "marking" is applicable only to candidates whose names are printed on the official ballots.

In the case of persons "whose names are not already on the ballot," the only prescribed mode of voting, is by inserting their names in the blank spaces prepared therefor in the right hand column of the official ballot. It is the name only that is to be thus inserted, and not the title of the office to be filled.

A ballot should not be counted where the right hand column devoted to blank spaces is covered and obliterated by a slip ticket prepared with adhesive paste, in such a manner that the titles of the offices, direction for insertion of names, and the spaces indicated and defined by lines in the official ballot are covered, and the titles of offices, directions for marking, spaces and names provided therein on the prepared slip ticket, are substituted therefor. In re Little Beaver Township Election, 165 Pa. 233.

Where power has been given by statute to do a thing in a particular way, affirmative words, marking out the way, by necessary implication prohibits all other ways. In re Little Beaver Township Election, 165 Pa. 233.

This act is not unconstitutional; a name may be inserted by a printed adhesive slip. *Dewalt v. Bartley*, 148 Pa. 520.

Where the Republican column in a ballot contains the name of only one candidate for an office, and the Democratic column contains the name of two candidates, and two persons are to be elected, the voter may make a cross in the circle at the head of the Republican column, and may also make a cross in the square opposite the name of one of the Democratic candidates for the office. *Gulick's Appeal*, 192 Pa. 446.

Voter to Fold Ballot After Marking and Deposit it in Ballot-Box.

6. * * * Before leaving the voting shelf or compartment, the voter shall fold his ballot, without displaying the markings thereon, in the same way it was folded when received by him, and he shall keep the same so folded, and deposit it in the ballot-box without undue delay, and shall quit the enclosed space immediately thereafter. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 829.)

Length of Time Voters May Remain in Compartment—When not to Re-enter Enclosed Space, or Compartment Already Occupied.

7. No voter shall be allowed to occupy a voting shelf or compartment already occupied by another, except when giving the help allowed by section twenty-six of this act, nor to remain within said compartment more than three minutes in case all of such compartments are in use, and other voters are waiting to occupy the same. No voter not an election officer shall be allowed to re-enter the enclosed space after he has once left it, except to give help as hereinafter described. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 213.)

Voter to Prepare Ballot Without Undue Delay and Deposit Same in the Ballot-Box Himself.

8. * * * The voter shall mark * * * his ballot without undue delay and shall quit the enclosed space as soon as his ballot has been deposited * * * and it shall be deposited in the ballot-box by the voter himself. (Act 1903, Sec. 3, P. L. 843.)

Mode of Receiving Ballots and Checking Voters.

9. It shall be the duty of each inspector (as the voter deposits his ballot) to call out aloud the name of such elector, which shall be entered by the clerks in separate lists, and the name shall be repeated by each of them, and the inspector shall insert the letter 'V' in the margin of the alphabetical list opposite to the name of such elector; and if such elector shall have been sworn or affirmed, or produced a certificate or other evidence as before provided, of having been naturalized, the inspector shall also note the same in the margin of such list, and where proof of residence is made, shall also note the name of the person making such proof. Act 1889, Sec. 70, P. L. 834.)

Checking of Name—Duty of Judge of Election.

10. * * * Each voter's name shall be checked on the voting check list by the officer having charge thereof, as soon as he has cast his vote in the manner provided by law. It shall be the duty of the judge of election to secure the observance of the provisions of this section, to keep order in the room in which the voting is held and to see that no more persons are admitted within the enclosed space than are allowed by this act. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 213.)

Ballots not to be Removed from Voting Place by Other Than Election Officers—Disposition of Spoiled Ballots.

11. No person other than the election officers shall take or remove any ballot from the voting place. If any voter inadvertently spoils a ballot he may obtain another upon returning the spoiled one. The ballots thus returned shall be immediately canceled and at the close of the polls shall be secured in an envelope, sealed and sent to the proper office, as required by law in the case of the ballots cast. (Act 1893, Sec. 25, P. L. 432.)

How Voter May Secure Assistance in the Preparation of His Ballot.

12. If any voter declares to the judge of election that by reason of any disability he desires assistance in the preparation of his ballot, he shall be permitted by the judge of election to select a qualified voter of the election district to aid him in the preparation of his ballot, such preparation being made in the voting compartment. (Act 1893, Sec. 26, P. L. 432.)

Who May be Allowed in Room Outside of Rail.

13. * * * Until the polls are closed, no persons shall be allowed in the room outside of the said enclosed space except the watchers, voters not exceeding ten at any one time who are awaiting their turn to prepare their ballots, and peace officers when necessary for the preservation of the peace. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 213.)

Soliciting of Votes not Allowed in Room nor any Written or Printed Matter not Authorized by Law.

14. * * * No person when within the voting-room shall electioneer or solicit votes for any party or candidate, nor shall any written or printed matter be posted up within the said room except as required by law. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 213.)

Who May Vote When the Hour for Closing the Polls Arrives.

15. * * * When the hour for closing the polls shall arrive, all persons within the enclosed space who have received ballots but have not yet deposited them, shall be required to mark and deposit their ballots forthwith, but no other person shall be allowed to vote. (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 213.)

No List or Memorandum of Voters Shall be Made in Voting-Room Except Such as are Authorized.

16. No list or memorandum of the names of voters, except such lists as are expressly authorized by law, shall be made within the voting-room by any person or officer. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 24, P. L. 431.)

Watchers May Keep Poll Books and Challenge Lists.

17. * * * Watchers may keep their poll-books and challenge lists. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 24, P. L. 431.)

From Whom Tickets May be Received.

18. No inspector shall receive any ticket from any person other than an elector residing within the township, ward or district for which such inspector shall have been elected or appointed. (Act 1839, Sec. 68, P. L. 534.)

None but Official Ballots Shall be Received and Deposited in Ballot-Box.

19. * * * No ballot without the official endorsement shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be allowed to be deposited in the ballot-box. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 4, P. L. 345.)

No Body of Troops to be Present at Place of Election—Proviso.

20. No body of troops in the army of the United States, or of this Commonwealth, shall be present, either armed or unarmed, at any place of election within this Commonwealth, during the time of such election; Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent any officer or soldier, from exercising the right of suffrage in the election district to which he may belong, if otherwise qualified according to law. (Act 1839, Sec. 95, P. L. 541.)

Penalty for Allowing Contents of Ballot to be Seen; Attempting to Vote Other Than Official Ballot; Making False Declaration of Disability; Interference with Voter; Endeavoring to Induce Voter to Show How he has Voted or Disclosing How Helped Voter Marked His Ballot.

21. A voter who shall allow his ballot to be seen by any person, with the apparent intention of letting it be known how he is about to vote, or shall cast or attempt to cast any other than the official ballot which has been given him by the proper election officer, or shall falsely declare to a judge of election that, by reason of any disability, he is unable to mark his ballot, and on that account desires assistance in marking it, or shall wilfully violate any other provision of this act; or any person who shall interfere with any voter when inside said enclosed space or when marking his ballot, or who shall endeavor to induce any voter before depositing his ballot to show how he marks or has marked his ballot; or any helper who shall attempt to influence the vote of the voter whom he is assisting, or who shall mark a ballot in any other way than that requested by the voter whom he is assisting, or who shall disclose to any one the contents of any ballot which has been marked with his help, except when required so to do in any legal proceedings; shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than three months, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1903, Sec. 6, P. L. 348.)

ARTICLE XXIV.

AFTER CLOSE OF POLLS—COUNTING VOTE—MARKING OF RETURNS.

Numbered List of Voters, Unused Ballots and Ballot Check-List Shall be Sealed Before Ballot-Box is Opened.

1. * * * After the closing of the polls and before the ballot-boxes are opened, all the lists of voters upon which the numbers of the ballots are recorded as now required by law shall be placed in separate sealed covers properly marked, and the stubs of all the ballots used, together with all unused ballots and the ballot check-list, shall also be enclosed in a sealed package properly designating the voting place, which package shall be sent to the proper office as required by law in the case of the ballots cast, and neither the said package, nor the said lists of voters shall hereafter be opened by the return judges, or in the case of a contest, or upon the order of a court of a competent jurisdiction. (Act 1893, Sec. 24, P. L. 431.)

Who Shall Remain in Voting-Room Within Guard-Rail After Closing of Polls—Mode of Procedure for Counting of Votes.

2. After the polls are closed, the election officers only shall remain in the voting-room within the guard-rail, and shall there at once proceed to count the votes. Such counting shall not be adjourned or postponed until it shall have been fully completed. A record shall first be made of the number of the last ballot cast; the officers in charge of the voting check-list shall, in the presence of the other officers and watchers, count in a distinct and audible voice the names checked on the said list, and announce the whole number thereof; and the list of voters, the stubs of the ballots used, and all unused ballots, shall then be sealed up, as required by section twenty-four of this act. The ballot-box shall then be opened by the inspectors, the ballots taken therefrom, and audibly counted, one by one, by them; when the count is completed, the whole number of ballots cast shall be announced; and the counting of the number of votes received by each person voted for shall then proceed. The judge, in the presence of the inspectors, shall read aloud the name or names marked or inserted upon each ballot, together with the party name, or political appellation, under which each vote was cast, and the answers marked thereon to the questions submitted, if any; and the clerks shall each carefully enter each vote as read, and keep account of the same in tally-papers prepared for the purpose. It shall be unlawful for either judge or inspector while counting the ballots or votes thereon, to have in his hand any pen, pencil or stamp for marking ballots. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 5, P. L. 346.)

Ballots to be Kept in View of Those in Voting-Room—Full Return and Public Announcement to be Made.

3. * * * All ballots, after being removed from the box, shall be kept within the unobstructed view of those present in the voting room, so that they may be able to see all the marks on each ballot, but out of their reach, until they are placed in the ballot-box as required by law. A full return shall be made in the manner now provided by law, of all votes cast; and such returns, as well as those made by the judges of the courts, shall state in every case the number of votes cast for each candidate by each political party or body of which such candidate is a nominee, as the same shall appear upon the ballots cast. The total vote, as soon as counted, shall be publicly announced. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 5, P. L. 346.)

How Imperfectly Marked Ballots Shall be Counted.

4. If a voter has marked his ballot otherwise than as directed by this act, so that for any reason it is impossible to determine the voter's choice for any office to be filled, his ballot shall not be counted for such office; but the ballot shall be counted for all other offices for which the names of candidates have been properly marked. * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 4, P. L. 345, amendatory to act of June 10, 1893.)

If an elector desires to vote for any of the persons whose names are printed on the official ballot, he must do so by "marking" as directed by the act of June 10, 1893, P. L. 419. If he wishes to vote for persons whose names are not already on the ballot, he can do so by "inserting" their names in the blank spaces prepared therefor. In so far as the mode of voting is thus specifically prescribed by the act, all other modes are by necessary implication forbidden.

Where a voter votes for a person whose name is printed on the ballot by marking with a cross opposite to such person's name, he has no right to insert the same person's name in the blank space provided exclusively for names not already on the ballot. If he does so, he vitiates his ballot and it will not be counted. The presumption in such a case is that the voter knew that the blank space was intended only for the insertion of names not printed on the ballot, and that the person whose name he wrote in the blank space was not the same person whose name, printed in the left hand column, he marked with a cross.

It is not enough that the intention of the voter may possibly be ascertained or his irregular or equivocal acts explained by other evidence than his ballot. The Legislature specifically directed how it should be prepared and used by the voter, in order to avoid all such inquiries and the consequences likely to result therefrom. It was intended that the ballot when prepared by the voter and delivered to the proper election officer should be self-explanatory. In re Contested Election of Redman, 173 Pa. 59.

The mark of a one (1) in a square provided in the official ballot for a cross-mark or a cross-mark (X) in a square below such square, has not the effect of a cross-mark (X) in the proper place for it. In re Contested Election of John J. Flynn, 181 Pa. 457.

A ballot cannot be counted for a candidate where the candidate's name and title of office had not been printed upon the official ballot, but upon separate tickets or stickers which had been inserted and pasted upon the official ballot by the persons who voted for him.

It is the duty of those specially charged with the preparation and distribution of the official ballot to see that the name or title of every office to be filled at the forthcoming election is distinctly designated thereon, as the election law specifically requires.

The only prescribed mode of voting for persons whose names are not already on the ballot is by inserting their names in the blank spaces prepared therefor in the right hand column of the official ballot. It is the name only that is to be thus inserted, not the title of the office to be filled. The latter is already printed there, and constitutes part of the ballot prepared for the use of the voter. Lawlor's Contested Election, 180 Pa. 566.

In an election contest for the office of assessor, it appeared that the election officers rejected three ballots. Each of the ballots contained a cross marked in the circle at the head of the Republican column, in which column was printed the name of contestant in a space designed for the candidate for assessor. In two of the ballots the names of two of the candidates for the office of auditor in the Republican column were erased with a pencil mark, and cross marks were placed in the square at the right of the names of the candidates for auditor in the Democratic column. In the third ballot the name of the candidate for the office of supervisor in the Republican column was stricken out with a pencil mark, and a cross-mark was placed in the square at the right of the name of one of the candidates for supervisor in the column set apart for candidates put in nomination by "nomination papers." Held, that the entire ballots were illegal. In re Contested Election for assessor in Newberry Township, 187 Pa. 297.

At a municipal election held February 15, 1910, a ballot was cast containing a cross mark in the Democratic square, indicating a vote for all the candidates of that party, including one for the office of school director. The ballot also contained a mark to the right of a name of another person that had been written into the ballot as a candidate for school director. Held, that under the act of April 29, 1903, P. L. 338, as under the election act of June 10, 1893, P. L. 419, which it amended, the entire ballot was illegal. In Dailey's Appeal, 232 Pa. 540.

Where a ballot otherwise properly marked, contains a cross mark in the square opposite the name of a candidate, which is smudged or partly obliterated, it is apparent that the voter made an error by placing a mark in the wrong square and then undertook to erase it; the intention of the voter in such case is plain, and the ballot is valid.

In an election contest it appeared that certain ballots contained a cross in the party square of the party to which contestant belonged, and also marks opposite the name of contestant, but not opposite the names of all the other candidates of contestant's party; that other ballots, in addition to the mark in the party square of contestant's party had marks opposite the names of certain other candidates of contestant's party, but not opposite contestant's name. Held, that all such ballots were void. Pfaff v. Bacon, Appellant, 249 Pa. 297.

None but Official Ballots to be Counted—Defective Ballots to be Preserved—Illegal Ballots to be Transmitted to District Attorney.

5. * * * No ballot without the official endorsement shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be allowed to be deposited in the ballot-box, and none but ballots provided in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be counted. Ballots not marked, or improperly or defectively marked, shall be endorsed as defective, but shall be preserved with the other ballots. If any ballot appears to have been obtained otherwise than as provided in this act, the judge of elections shall transmit such ballot to the district attorney, without delay, together with whatever information he may have tending to the detection of the person who deposited the same. (Act 1903, Sec. 4, P. L. 345.)

Disposition of Tickets, Lists, Tally-Papers, Etc., After Vote is Counted—sealing of Ballot-Box.

6. As soon as the election shall be finished, the tickets, list of taxables, one of the lists of voters, (one of) the tally-papers and one of the certificates of the oath or affirmation taken and subscribed by the inspectors, judges and clerks, shall all be carefully collected and deposited in one or more of the ballot-boxes; and such box or boxes, being closely bound round with tape, shall be sealed by the inspectors and judge of election, (and the signatures of the judge and inspectors affixed thereto), and together with the remaining ballot boxes, shall (be forthwith deposited as directed by law), * * * and the other list of voters, tally-papers and certificates shall be enclosed by the said inspectors and judge in a sealed cover, directed to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, (and delivered as directed in the following section.) * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 217.)

Counting Vote and Making Out Returns—Results to be Publicly Declared from Window—Brief Statement to be Posted on Door of Election House—Disposition of Returns.

7. As soon as the polls shall close, the officers of election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his or her name, first in words and again in figures, and shall be signed by all of said officers and certified by overseers, if any, or if not so certified, the overseers and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote, as soon as counted, shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted, and the same shall be immediately posted up on the door of the election house for the information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelopes and be sealed in the presence of the officers, and one envelope, with the unsealed return-sheet, given to the judge, which shall contain one list of voters, tally-paper, and oaths of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector. All judges living within twelve miles of the prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles, if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county-seat, shall, before two o'clock post meridian of the day after the election, and all other judges shall, before twelve o'clock meridian of the second day after the election, deliver said return, together with return-sheet, to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, which said return-sheet shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection. * * * (Act of 1874, Sec. 13, P. L. 31, as amended by Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425.)

A conviction of an election officer for neglect of duty in not delivering election returns to the prothonotary as provided by the act of January 30, 1874, P. L. 31, will be sustained, where the evidence shows that the returns in question were not on file in the office of the prothonotary, that the defendant delivered the returns to a person who met him in the hall of the court house with the statement that he was a clerk of the prothonotary, that the defendant made no attempt to ascertain the name of the alleged clerk either at the time or afterwards, and that there has been an attempt on the part of some persons to commit a fraud by the substitution of forged returns from the district represented by the defendant. Commonwealth vs. Kloss, 38 Pa. Superior Court, 307.

Certificates of Election of Inspectors and Judges of Election and District Officers to be Made and Delivered to Persons Elected.

8. As soon as the election for inspectors and judges of election shall be finished, the inspectors and judges of such election shall * * * make out a certificate of election, for each person chosen as an inspector, judge or township officer, which certificate shall be delivered to the person so chosen, or left at his usual place of abode by the constable of the proper ward, township, district or borough within five days after such election. (Act 1840, Sec. 1, P. L. 683.)

If a majority of votes is cast for a disqualified person, the next in vote is not to be returned as elected. *Commonwealth v. Cluley*, 56 Pa. 270.

Where there has been an authorized election for a public office the certificate of election which is sanctioned by law or usage is the prima facie written title to the office, and can be set aside only by a contest in the forms prescribed by law.

After the judges of election have issued a certificate of election to one person, they have no power to issue another certificate to another person for the same office. *Goldsworthy v. Boyle*, 175 Pa. 246.

ARTICLE XXV.

DISPOSITION OF BALLOT-BOXES.

Where and by Whom Ballot-Boxes are to be Deposited After Election—Not to be Opened Until Morning of Next Ensuing Election—Disposition of Contents.

1. * * * Whenever a place has been or shall be provided by the authorities of any city, county, township or borough, for the safe-keeping of ballot-boxes, the judge and minority inspector shall, after the election shall be finished, and the ballot-box or boxes containing the tickets, list of voters and other papers, have been securely bound with tape and sealed, and the signatures of the judge and inspectors affixed thereto, forthwith deliver the same, together with the remaining boxes, to the mayor and recorder of said city, or in counties, townships or boroughs, to such person or persons as the court of common pleas of the proper county may designate, at the place provided, as aforesaid, who shall then deposit the said boxes and keep the same to answer the call of any court of tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election. Whenever the election officers of any election district shall require the election boxes of such district to hold an election which, by law, they are or shall be required to hold, they shall keep the same securely in their possession without opening, until the morning of such election, and until they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, and after being so sworn or affirmed, they shall open the said boxes and burn and totally destroy all the ballots and other papers which they shall find therein, before proceeding to hold such election. (Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425.)

Where the Court has not Designated a Place for Depositing the Ballot-Box it Shall be Delivered to the Nearest Justice of the Peace—Compensation for Keeping Ballot-Box.

2. * * * (Where no place has been previously designated by the court for depositing the ballot-boxes the same) shall within one day (after the election) be delivered * * * to the nearest justice of the peace, who shall keep such boxes containing the tickets and other documents, said justice of the peace to receive the sum of three dollars per year, for all services rendered in the care of the ballot-box or boxes placed in his custody, said sum to be paid by the county treasurer upon an order drawn by the county commissioners, to answer the call of any persons or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election (or until required for the next election.) * * * (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 217.)

Penalty for Justice of the Peace Refusing to Receive or Failing to Safely Keep Ballot-Box.

3. If any justice of the peace shall refuse to receive any ballot-box delivered to him, as is hereinbefore provided, or having received the same, shall neglect the safe-keeping thereof, he shall, on conviction of any such refusal or neglect, be fined in any sum not less than one hundred, nor more than one thousand dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 127, P. L. 547.)

Where Ballot-Boxes Shall be Deposited in Philadelphia—To be in Custody of Mayor—Penalty.

4. The commissioners for the city of Philadelphia shall provide a fire proof room, or vault, in the public buildings of the said city, or some other suitable place, at which the judge of the elections, after the closing of the polls and the requirements of the law have been complied with, shall forthwith there deliver to the mayor * * * of the city of Philadelphia the said ballot-boxes, the said room or vault shall not be accessible to any other person than the mayor * * * aforesaid, who shall be present and receive, at the said room, or vault, the ballot-boxes from the return inspectors as aforesaid. The mayor * * * aforesaid shall not take or open, nor permit to be taken or opened, any ballot-box deposited as aforesaid, for the space of one year after the same has been therein deposited except when they shall be called upon by some court or other tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election; and after such trial or investigation it shall be the duty of the mayor * * * aforesaid to have said box or boxes returned and deposited as aforesaid. (Act 1861, Sec. 11, P. L. 577.)

If any officer under this act shall neglect or fail to perform the duties herein imposed upon them, then they, or either of them, shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars and undergo an imprisonment, by separate or solitary confinement, not exceeding three years, respectively, for every such offense. (Act 1861, Sec. 12, P. L. 577.)

ARTICLE XXVI.

DUTIES AND COMPENSATION OF LOCAL RETURN JUDGES.

†Returns of Local Elections in Divided Boroughs, Wards or Townships—How to be Made.

1. The judge, inspectors and clerks of each election district of any borough, ward or township in the counties of this Commonwealth, which shall have been divided by the court into separate election districts, under the provisions of the act of April 20, 1854, shall make out a complete return of all the votes given at any borough, ward or township election, designating the number of votes each person received; and the judge and inspectors shall appoint one of their number for return judge, to meet the other return judge or judges of the said borough, ward or township in said county, at the oldest election place on the third day after any borough, ward or township election, and then add together the number of votes given for each person voted for, and make out the returns, as the nature of the election may require, complying in all respects with the provisions of existing election laws; and, after the performance of said duties, appoint one of their number, by consent or lot, to deliver the full returns to the * * * (prothonotary) of said county, in the same manner now provided by law for making township returns. * * * (Act 1860, Sec. 1, P. L. 609.)

‡Compensation of Return Judges of General Elections.

2. Every return judge shall be allowed out of the treasury of his proper county the sum of ten cents for every mile he shall necessarily have traveled in going to the place appointed by law for the meeting of return judges, and in returning thence to his own house. (Act 1839, Sec. 93, P. L. 540.)

Returns of Borough and Township Elections to be Made to the Prothonotary Within Three Days After Every Such Election.

3. * * * All returns of the election of township and borough officers shall be enclosed in a sealed cover, directed to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the proper county, and shall by some one of them be delivered into his office within three days after every such election and filed therein. (Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425.)

Returns of elections of justice of the peace are, by the second section of the act of 1839, P. L. 376, to be made to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas.

Compensation and Mileage of Return Judges of Township Elections.

4. Every judge as aforesaid shall be allowed six cents per mile for each mile necessarily traveled in delivering the return of the township election of his proper township, to the * * * (prothonotary of said county); said mileage to be computed circular, and paid out of the county treasury on orders drawn by the commissioners in the usual manner: Provided, That no compensation shall be paid where the return is not delivered within the time prescribed by law; And provided further. That return judges shall be allowed daily pay at the rate of two dollars per day for making returns of township elections. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 290.)

Meeting and Duties of Ward Return Judges in Philadelphia.

5. The judges of the several election divisions, within each of the wards of the said city, shall meet at ten o'clock on the morning of the day after any election shall hereafter be held, at such places in their respective wards as the board of aldermen may designate, and make out duplicate returns of the election held in their respective wards; and they shall cause one of the said duplicates to be filed, before three o'clock on the afternoon of the same day, in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the city and county of Philadelphia, and they shall present the other to the return judges of the said city, at the time and in the form and manner now required by law; and it shall be the duty of the board of aldermen to designate the places in the several wards at which the judges of the election divisions thereof shall meet for the purposes aforesaid, and give public notice thereof. (Act 1870, Sec. 5, P. L. 54.)

ARTICLE XXVII.

COUNTY RETURN JUDGES.

Returns to be Laid Before the Court of Common Pleas—Duties of Judges.

1. * * * At twelve o'clock on the said second day following any election, the prothonotary of the court of common pleas shall present the said returns to the said court. In counties where there is no resident president judge, the associate judges shall perform the duties imposed upon the court of common pleas, which shall convene for said purpose; the returns presented by the prothonotary shall be opened by said court, and computed by such of its officers and such sworn assistants as the court shall appoint, in the presence of the judge or judges of said court, and the returns certified and certificates of election issued under the seal of the court as is now required to be done by return judges; and the vote as so computed and certified shall be made a matter of record in said court. The sessions of the said court shall be open to the public. * * * (Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425.)

†This act does not apply to any city. By the provisions of the 17th Sec. of the Act of 1889, P. L. 277, the returns of all elections for officers of cities of the third class are to be computed by the court of common pleas.

‡Under judicial construction of Sec. 92, of Act of 1839, P. L. 540, return judges of general elections are allowed \$1.50 in addition to mileage.

Proceedings of the Court in Case of Missing Returns, Alleged Fraud or Mistake.

2. * * * And in case the returns of any election district shall be missing when the returns are presented, or in case of complaint of a qualified elector, under oath, charging palpable fraud or mistake, and particularly specifying the alleged fraud or mistake, or where fraud or mistake is apparent on the return, the court shall examine the return, and, if in the judgment of the court it shall be necessary to a just return, said court shall issue summary process against the election officers, and overseers, if any, of the election district complained of, to bring them forthwith into court, with all election papers in their possession; and if palpable mistake or fraud shall be discovered, it shall, upon such hearing as may be deemed necessary to enlighten the court, be corrected by the court, and so certified; but all allegations of palpable fraud or mistake shall be decided by the said court within three days after the day the returns are brought into court for computation; and the said inquiry shall be directed only to palpable fraud or mistake, and shall not be deemed a judicial adjudication to conclude any contest now or hereafter to be provided by law; and the other of said triplicate returns shall be placed in the box and sealed up with the ballots. * * * (Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425.)

By Whom and How Returns Shall be Computed in Counties Having Three or More Judges; if the Judge be a Candidate; if no Judge be Qualified in the Counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny; or Where Two or More Counties Compose an Election District—Compensation of Officers.

3. * * * In counties where there are three or more judges of said court, learned in the law, at least two judges shall sit to compute and certify returns, unless unavoidably prevented. If any of the said judges shall himself be a candidate for any office at any election, he shall not sit with the court, or act in counting the returns of such election, and in such cases the other judges, if any, shall act; and if in any county there shall be no judge qualified to hold the said court, under the provisions of this act, present and able to act, then, and in every such case, the register of wills, the sheriff, and the county commissioners of the proper county shall be and constitute a board, who, or a majority of whom, shall have and exercise all the powers and perform all the duties vested in, or required to be performed by the court of common pleas of such county, by and under the provisions of this section; but none of the said officers shall act as a member of such board, when himself a candidate for any office at the election, the returns of which the said board is required to count under the provisions of this section. The returns required by this act to be presented by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia and Allegheny, respectively, shall be presented to such two or more of the judges of the several courts of common pleas of said counties, respectively, as the judges of said courts, or a majority of them, may designate to perform the duty of receiving, computing, and certifying said returns. When two or more counties, or parts of two or more counties, are connected for the election of any officer, the courts of such counties, or parts of counties, comprising the district, shall each appoint a return judge, resident within such district, to meet within seven days after the day of the election of such officer, at such place as is required by law, or, if no place of meeting is designated by law, at such place within such district where the returns of the election of such officer shall by law be directed to be filed, to compute and certify the vote of such district; and it shall be the duty of the return judges, in such cases, to transmit to the person elected, as such officer's certificate of his election, within five days after the day of making up such return. All officers provided for by this act shall be compensated as like officers are paid by existing laws. * * * (Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425.)

Commissioners to Provide Blanks for Duplicate, Triplicate and Single Returns.

4. * * * On the day of meeting of the return judges of elections, within their respective counties, they shall immediately, on said judges having met and selected one of their number as president of the board, deliver to said president a sufficient number of blank forms, of duplicate, triplicate, and single returns, made out in a proper manner, and headed as the nature of the return may require, also blank forms of certificate of election, for each person elected at such election, made out and headed as the case may require. (Act 1840, Sec. 7, P. L. 686.)

Returns to be Signed by all the Judges—Disposition of Defective Certificates—Number of Returns to be Made.

5. The clerks shall, thereupon, in presence of the judges, make out returns in the manner hereinafter directed, which shall be signed by all the judges present, and attested by said clerks; and it shall not be lawful for said judges or clerks, in casting up the votes which shall appear to have been given, as shown by the certificates under the 76th and 77th sections of this act, to omit or reject any part thereof, except where, in the opinion of said judges, such certificate is so defective as to prevent the same from being understood and computed in adding together the number of votes; in which case, it shall be the duty of said clerks to make out a true and exact copy of said paper or certificate, to be signed by said judges, and attested by said clerks, and attached to, and transmitted with said return (where the same is directed to be transmitted) to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the original paper shall be deposited in the prothonotary's office, and by said officer copied and transmitted, with the return of said election, to the Secretary as aforesaid.

I. Duplicate returns of all the votes given for every person and persons, who shall have been voted for, for any office or station, which the electors of the county are entitled to choose of themselves, unconnected with any other county or district.

II. Like returns of all the votes given in the county, for every person voted for as Governor.

III. Triplicate returns of all the votes given for any person voted for in the county, as electors of President and Vice-President of the United States. (Act 1839, Sec. 79, P. L. 537.)

†How Returns to be Disposed of by Judges.

6. When the returns shall be completed, the president of the board of judges aforesaid shall forthwith lodge one of each of such returns in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county; and in the case of an election of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, one other of the returns in the same office; and the other duplicate shall be transmitted as follows, viz:

I. In case of a Governor, the remaining duplicate shall be inclosed in an envelope, directed to the (President) of the Senate, and indorsed according to the fact, which having been sealed, shall be inclosed in another envelope, sealed and directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and the same shall forthwith be placed, by the said president in the nearest post office.

†For places of meeting of district return judges and disposition of returns in case of Supreme and District Judges, see the Judicial Apportionment Act, which immediately precedes the Digest of the Election Laws of Pennsylvania, also Article XXVIII.

II. In case of electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, and of members of the House of Representatives of the United States, and of county officers to be commissioned by the Governor, the remaining duplicate shall be inclosed in an envelope, sealed and directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in like manner placed, by the said president in the nearest post office.

III. In case of the election of a Senator or Senators of this Commonwealth, the same shall be enclosed in an envelope, sealed and directed "To the Senate of Pennsylvania;" and in case of the election of a member or members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, the same shall, in like manner, be inclosed in an envelope, sealed and directed "To the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania;" and each of said returns shall be inclosed in an envelope, and directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in like manner placed, by said president, in the nearest post office. * * * (Act 1839, Sec. 80, P. L. 537.)

†Proceedings of Return Judges of Elections for State Senators or Members of the House of Representatives of the United States Where Two or More Counties Compose an Election District—Disposition of Returns.

7. When two or more counties shall compose a district for the choice of a member or members of the Senate of this Commonwealth, or of the House of Representatives of the United States * * * the judges of the election, in each county, having met, as aforesaid, the clerks shall make out a fair statement of all the votes which shall have been given at such election, within the county, for every person voted for, as such member or members, which shall be signed by said judges, and attested by the clerks; and one of the said judges shall take charge of such certificate, and shall produce the same at a meeting of one judge from each county, at such place, in such district, as is or may be appointed by law for the purpose; which meeting shall be held on the seventh day after the election. (Act 1839, Sec. 81, P. L. 538.)

The judges of the several counties having met, as aforesaid, shall cast up the several county returns, and make duplicate returns of all the votes given for such office, in said district, and of the name of the person or persons elected, and one of said returns, for each office, shall be deposited in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county in which they shall meet, and the other shall be by said judges deposited in the nearest post office, sealed and directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in the manner directed in parts two and three of the 80th section of this act. (Act 1839, Sec. 82, P. L. 538; see also Section 3 of Article 26 of this Digest, being Section 1 of act 1909, P. L. 425.)

The district return judges have no supervisory power to examine what preceded the county returns; these are conclusive upon them, except, perhaps, in case of a plain clerical error: they are bound to certify that the person appearing by the county returns to have the greatest number of votes was elected; and if they refuse to sign a proper certificate, a mandamus will lie to compel them; a certificate which states that the candidates receive a certain number of votes respectfully, "but that fraud and bribery appearing to have been used, they decline to certify the election of either," is not a proper certificate. *Commonwealth v. Enminger*, 74 Pa. 479.

Return Judges to Send Certificates of Election to Persons Elected to Congress or State Legislature.

8. It shall also be the duty of the return judges, in every case, to transmit to each of the persons elected to serve in Congress, or in the Senate, or in the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, a certificate of his election, within five days after the day of making up such return. (Act 1839, Sec. 83, P. L. 539.)

Disposition of Returns of Election for County Commissioners or Auditors.

9. In case of election of county commissioners and county auditors, one copy of the return of election shall be inclosed in an envelope, sealed and directed "To the Commissioners" of the proper county. (Act 1840, Sec. 8, P. L. 686.)

Returns of Election for Governor not Received in Time by Secretary of Commonwealth to be Void Except in Case of Contested Election.

10. Whenever the returns of an election for Governor shall not be received from any county by the Secretary of the Commonwealth before the election of Governor shall be published, every such return so delayed shall be considered as void, unless the election be contested, in which case such returns shall be allowed to be of the same validity, and liable to the same exceptions, as other returns received in due time. (Act 1839, Sec. 91, P. L. 540.)

ARTICLE XXVIII.

DISTRICT RETURN JUDGES.

†Time and Place of Meeting of Return Judges, in Congressional, Senatorial, Representative and Judicial Districts Composed of Two or More Counties.

1. In all congressional, senatorial, representative, and judicial districts, composed of two or more counties or parts of two or more counties, the persons appointed as return judges to compute the vote cast at any general, municipal or primary election for any Representatives in Congress, State Senators, Representatives in the State House of Representatives, or judges of the courts of such districts, shall meet and cast up the several returns of the counties or parts of counties composing the district on the Tuesday next following the day on which the official computation of the county returns in all of such counties shall have been completed. Such meetings shall be held in such place or places as may now or hereafter be designated by law. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 458.)

In those Senatorial districts which are composed of more than one county, the persons appointed as return judges shall, on the Tuesday following the day of the annual election in November, at two o'clock post meridian, meet and cast up the several returns * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 3, P. L. 31.)

†For places of meeting of return judges to count vote for State Senators, see the Senatorial Apportionment Act, which immediately precedes the Digest of the Election Laws of Pennsylvania, also Article XXVII.

†For places of meeting of district return judges and disposition of returns in cases of Congressmen, State Senators and Supreme and District Judges, see also the Congressional, Senatorial and Judicial Apportionment Acts which immediately precede the Digest of Election Laws.

In case of the election of a judge or judges in any judicial district composed of two or more counties, or of a single county to which one or more counties is or are attached, as provided by this act, on the day of the sitting of the court or judge or person authorized by law to receive and compute returns in each of such counties, the prothonotary of the court shall open, and, in its, his or their presence, shall make out a return of all the votes which shall be given at such election, within each county, for every person voted for as such judge or judges, which shall be properly attested by the seal of said court; and the said court or judge or persons receiving and computing returns shall thereupon appoint one of the judges of election in said county to take charge of such returns and produce the same at a meeting of the judges so appointed in each of the counties comprising said district, which meeting shall be held on the seventh day after the election, at the court house of one of the counties to be ascertained, taking said counties alternately in alphabetical order. (Act 1901, Sec. 4, P. L. 669).

Disposition of District Returns by Return Judges.

2. The return judges (from Congressional, Senatorial and Judicial districts composed of two or more counties), having met and cast up the votes of their respective districts, shall execute, under their hands and seals, a general and true return of the whole district, which, in case such return is of a general or municipal election, shall be deposited with the prothonotary of the county wherein the return is executed, or, in case the return is of a primary election, with the county commissioners of such county. Immediately upon the receipt of such return, the prothonotary or county commissioners, as the case may be, shall make copies of such return, and shall transmit one copy thereof, properly certified, to the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the other copy or copies, also certified, to the person or persons receiving the highest number of votes cast at the preceding general, municipal, or primary election for the office or offices for which the election was held or the nominations were made in the district. (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 458.)

In those Senatorial districts which are composed of more than one county, the persons appointed as return judges, shall, on the Tuesday following the day of the annual election in November, at two o'clock post meridian, meet and cast up the several returns, and execute under their hands and seals one general and true return of the whole district, in triplicate; one copy of which, properly sealed up and addressed, shall be sent by mail to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one copy shall be deposited with the prothonotary of the county wherein the return is executed, and one copy shall be sent to the person receiving the highest number of votes for Senator in the district. (Act 1906, Sec. 3, P. L. 31.)

The return judges from * * * (judicial districts composed of two or more counties), having met, shall cast up the several county returns and shall make three copies of a general return of all the votes cast in the district for such office, each of which they shall certify; one of which they shall lodge in the office of the prothonotary of the county in which they so met, another of which they shall enclose, seal and direct to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the third they shall deliver to the person appearing from such general return to have received the largest number of votes cast. (Act 1901, Sec. 5, P. L. 669.)

Compensation of District Return Judges.

3. Every return judge shall receive, out of the treasury of his proper county, the sum of ten dollars for each day actually employed in computing such vote, and, in addition thereto, shall receive ten cents for every mile necessarily traveled in going to and from the place of meeting. (Act 1919, Sec. 3, P. L. 458.)

ARTICLE XXIX.

†DUTIES OF SECRETARY OF COMMONWEALTH.

To Notify Prothonotary to Transmit Returns When Same Have not Been Received.

1. If the returns of any elections which by this law are directed to be transmitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, shall not be received within fifteen days after the same are required to be deposited in the postoffice, it shall be the duty of said Secretary to forthwith notify the prothonotary of the proper county to transmit, without delay, a certified copy of such returns. (Act 1839, Sec. 86, P. L. 539.)

Secretary of the Commonwealth to Lay Certain Returns Before Governor and President of Senate, Respectively.

2. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, on the receipt of the returns of the election of any township or county officer, who is by law to be commissioned by the Governor, to forthwith lay the same before him; and on the first Tuesday in January, in each and every year, as soon as the Senate shall convene, all returns of the election of Senators for that year to the (President) of the Senate. (Act 1839, Sec. 87, P. L. 539.)

Secretary of the Commonwealth to Lay Returns of Elections of Members Before House of Representatives.

3. It shall be the duty of said Secretary, between the hours of eleven o'clock A. M., and one o'clock P. M., of the first Tuesday in January, * * * to take into the hall of the House of Representatives, the several returns of the elections of members of said House. (Act 1839, Sec. 88, P. L. 539.)

Secretary of the Commonwealth to Lay Returns of Election of Governor Before Senate.

4. It shall be the duty of the said Secretary, within five days after the meeting of the General Assembly, to deliver to the (President) of the Senate the returns of the election of Governor received by him from the several counties of this Commonwealth. (Act 1839, Sec. 90, P. L. 540.)

Secretary of the Commonwealth to Prepare and Furnish Forms for Blanks to County Commissioners.

5. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth to prepare forms for all the blanks made necessary by this act, and furnish copies of the same to the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth; and the county commissioners of each county shall, as soon as may be necessary after receipt of the same, at the proper expense of the county, procure and furnish to all the election officers of the election districts of their respective counties copies of such blanks, in such quantities as may be rendered necessary for the discharge of their duties under this act. * * * (Act 1874, Sec. 22, P. L. 42.)

†For duties of Secretary of Commonwealth in regard to Personal Registration, see Articles II, III and IV; for Primary Elections, see Article V; for Non-Partisan Nominations, see Article VII; for Election Expenses, see Article XXXIV.

ARTICLE XXX.

DUTIES OF PROTHONOTARY.

Prothonotary to Transmit Copy of Returns to Secretary of the Commonwealth, Record Returns, and Lay Certain Returns Before the Court.

1. It shall be the duty of the prothonotary of every county to whom the return of any election shall be delivered by the judges as aforesaid, where said judges are required to send a copy of said return to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to make out a copy of such return, certified under his hand and official seal, and forthwith to transmit such copy, under a sealed cover, to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, by placing the same in the nearest post office. It shall also be the duty of the prothonotary of every county to record all the election returns in a book to be procured for that purpose; and to lay the returns of the election of county commissioners and county auditors, and of all township officers, before the court of quarter sessions of such county. (Act 1839, Sec. 84, P. L. 539.)

Prothonotary to Give Certified Copies of Election Papers Deposited With Him.

2. It shall also be the duty of every prothonotary to give a certified copy of the list of voters and other papers deposited in his office by the judges of an election, to any person applying for the same, on payment of the usual fees, as in other cases. (Act 1839, Sec. 85, P. L. 539.)

Penalty on Prothonotary and Sheriff for Neglect or Refusal to Perform Duty.

3. If any prothonotary or sheriff shall neglect or refuse to perform any of the duties hereinbefore enjoined upon him, or shall wilfully misbehave in the doing thereof, he shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than one hundred, nor exceeding five hundred dollars, and shall suffer imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months. (Act 1839, Sec. 126, P. L. 546.)

ARTICLE XXXI.

DUTIES OF SHERIFF.

Proclamation to be Issued by Sheriff.

1. It shall be the duty of the sheriff of every county, at least ten days before any general election to be held therein, except borough and township elections, to give notice of the same by advertisements in at least three newspapers, if there be so many published in the county, two of said newspapers representing so far as practicable the political party which at the preceding November election cast the largest number of votes, and the other one of said newspapers representing so far as practicable the political party which at the preceding November election cast the next largest number of votes, and in addition thereto the sheriff of every county shall, at least ten days before any general election to be held in cities of the first, second and third classes, give notice of the same by proclamation posted up in the most conspicuous places in every election district in said cities of the first, second and third classes and in every such advertisement or proclamation.

I. Enumerate the officers to be elected and give a list of all the nominations made as provided in this act and to be voted for in such county, and the full text of all constitutional amendments submitted to a vote of the people, but the proclamation posted in each election district need not contain the names of any candidates but those to be voted for in such district.

II. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.

III. He shall give notice that every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for except that of an election officer. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 392.)

It shall be the duty of the sheriff of every county in this Commonwealth to give notice of the general election by publication of the same once a week in not more than four weekly or daily newspapers, published in the county, one of said newspapers to be published in the German language in counties where such newspaper is published, the first insertion to be at least twenty days before the time such election is to be held; in counties of the Commonwealth where no newspapers are published, the sheriff of any such county shall give notice of such general election by posters, to be posted in at least three public places in each election district and at the place where such election is to be held. (Act 1885, Sec. 1, P. L. 144.)

In contracting for the publication of the election proclamation, the sheriff acts as the agent of the public, and the county is directly liable to the publishers for the advertising expenses thus incurred.

If the sheriff exceeds his authority, the county is not liable, but the limits of his authority so far as the selection of the newspapers is concerned, are prescribed by the statute and cannot be narrowed or enlarged by any action of the county commissioners. *Graham v. Schuylkill County*, 16 Pa. Superior Court, 180.

The act of June 23, 1885, providing for the advertisement of general elections "in not more than four weekly or daily newspapers published in the county," is not repealed by the tenth section of the act of June 10, 1893, P. L. 419, as amended by the act of June 26, 1895, P. L. 392, which provides for the advertisement "in at least three newspapers." The two acts may well stand together and each supply what is lacking in the other, namely, the maximum number of publications in the act of 1885, and the minimum number of the act of 1895. *York Gazette Company Limited v. York county*, 25 Pa. Superior Court 517.

When Coroner to Perform Duties of Sheriff in Relation to Elections.

2. In all cases where a sheriff is directed to perform any duty by the provisions of this act and said sheriff is absent from the district, or there is any vacancy in said office; the duty directed to be performed by the sheriff shall be done and performed by the coroner of the proper county, who shall be entitled to the same fees and subject to like penalties. (Act 1839, Sec. 96, P. L. 541.)

ARTICLE XXXII.

DUTIES OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Commissioners to Deliver to Inspectors Ballot-Boxes, Blanks and Lists of Voters, Et Cetera.

1. The commissioners of every county within this Commonwealth shall, on or before (seven) of the clock in the morning of the day of every general, special, electoral and township election, and at the times hereinafter specified, perform the following duties:

I. At elections, as aforesaid, they shall cause to be delivered to one of the inspectors of every election district, within their respective counties, a sufficient number of boxes to contain the tickets (unless the same has already been provided for said township), blank forms of election oaths, tally-papers, and returns made out in a proper manner, and headed as the nature of the election may require.

II. At special, electoral and township elections, they shall, in addition to the foregoing, deliver to the aforesaid inspectors certified copies, under seal of office, of the duplicate copies delivered them to file in their respective offices, by the respective assessors of wards, townships, incorporated districts and boroughs (and of registrars of election district in cities) within their respective counties, pursuant to the directions and provisions contained in the 5th section of this act; also a sufficient number of blank forms of certificates of election, for each person elected to any office voted for at township elections. * * * (Act 1840, Sec. 7, P. L. 688.)

So much of this section as requires the commissioners to furnish lists of voters, for use at township elections, is repealed as to the counties of Lancaster, Delaware, Chester, Montgomery, Cumberland, Fayette, Adams, Franklin, Dauphin, Northumberland, York, Washington, Armstrong and Berks.

* * * They shall also provide for each election district at every election therein, two copies of the assessor's lists of voters (or registrars' list of voters as the case may be), and shall deliver the same as such lists are now delivered, one copy to be called the "ballot check-list," for the inspectors in charge of the ballots, and the other copy to be called the "voting check-list," to be used in marking the name of those who have voted. * * * (Act 1893, Sec. 16, P. L. 427.)

The failure of the commissioners to furnish lists is no ground for setting aside the entire poll. In re Contested Election of Wheelock, 82 Pa. 297.

In Philadelphia City Commissioners Perform Duties Assigned to County Commissioners.

2. All the duties imposed by this act upon county commissioners shall be performed, in the city of Philadelphia, by the city commissioners. (Act 1874, Sec. 24, P. L. 42.)

Commissioners to Fix Compensation for Lights, Rents and Fuel for Election Purposes Which Shall be Paid by the Several Counties.

3. The Commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth are hereby authorized and empowered to fix the compensation for lights, rent and fuel, for election purposes, in each and every township, borough, ward and election district in the respective counties, which said compensation shall be fixed and established at least once every three years by resolution duly entered upon the minutes of said commissioners, and the said expenses shall be paid by said respective counties, according to the compensation so ascertained and entered upon said minutes, and not otherwise. (Act 1876, Sec. 1, P. L. 136.)

By Act of 1844, Sec. 2, P. L. 220, the expenses of borough and township elections in Crawford county shall be paid by the respective boroughs and townships.

Councils of Philadelphia to Fix Amount of Tax Sufficient to Cover Election Expenses—City Commissioners to Furnish All Supplies.

4. It shall be the duty of the councils of the city of Philadelphia to fix the amount of county tax to be assessed personally and annually on the qualified electors of the said city, at a rate sufficient to provide for the payment of all election expenses in the said city, and no part of said tax assessed and collected shall be applied to any other purpose; and the said councils shall appropriate annually a sufficient sum for the said purposes. And the city commissioners shall furnish all the books, blanks, stamps, stationery and materials necessary for the purposes of this act, which shall be paid for out of the appropriations to be made as aforesaid. (Act 1869, Sec. 41, P. L. 65.)

Penalty on Commissioners for Omitting to Insert Names on Lists of Persons Assessed.

5. If the commissioners of any county shall wilfully, omit to insert in the list of taxables, delivered by them to the inspectors, as before directed, the name of any person duly assessed and returned to them by the assessor, they shall, on conviction thereof, be fined and severally pay any sum not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 98, P. L. 541.)

Penalty on Commissioners for Adding Names to List of Taxables.

6. If the commissioners of any county shall add or knowingly permit to be added, the name of any person to the list of taxable inhabitants furnished them by the assessor, and shall return such name to the inspectors of election (in districts other than cities of the first, second and third classes) each commissioner concerned therein shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 107, P. L. 542.)

†For duties of County Commissioners in regard to Enrollment of Voters for Primary Elections, see Article I; for Personal Registration, see Articles II, III and IV; for Primary Elections, see Article V; for Non-Partisan Nominations, see Article VII; for Election Expenses, see Article XXXIV.

ARTICLE XXXIII.

DUTIES OF PEACE OFFICERS.

Peace Officers to Clear the Polls in Case of Obstructions—Penalty for Neglect—Constables to be Present at Election to Preserve the Peace.

1. It shall be the duty of every mayor, sheriff, deputy sheriff, alderman, justice of the peace and constable or deputy constable of every city, county and township or district within this Commonwealth, whenever called upon by any officer of an election, or by any three qualified electors thereof, to clear any window, or avenue to any window, at the place of the general election, which shall be obstructed in such a way as to prevent voters from approaching the same, and on neglect or refusal (so) to do, on such requisition, said officer shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred and not more than one thousand dollars. And it shall be the duty of the respective constables of each ward, district or township within this Commonwealth to be present in person, or by-deputy, at the place of holding such elections in said ward, district or township, for the purpose of preserving the peace, as aforesaid. (Act 1839, Sec. 111, P. L. 543.)

Peace Officers to Report to Court Disturbances at Elections.

2. It shall be the duty of every peace officer, as aforesaid, who shall be present at any such disturbance at an election as is described in this act, to report the same to the next court of quarter sessions, and also the names of the witnesses who can prove the same; and it shall be the duty of the said court to cause indictments to be preferred before the grand jury against the persons so offending. (Act 1839, Sec. 112, P. L. 544.)

Penalty on Constables for Neglect to Report to Court Disturbances at Elections.

3. If it shall be made appear to any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, that any riot or disturbance occurred at the time and place of holding any election under this act, and the constables who are enjoined by law to attend at such elections have not given information thereof, according to the provisions of this act, it shall be the duty of said court to cause the officer or officers, so neglecting the duty aforesaid, to be proceeded against by indictment for misdemeanor in office, and on conviction thereof, the said officer shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars. (Act 1839, Section 113, P. L. 544.)

Courts to Examine Constables on Oath as to the Occurrence or Non-Occurrence of Disturbances at Elections.

4. It shall be the duty of the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, at the next term of said court after any election shall have been held under this act, to cause the respective constables in said county to be examined on oath, as to whether any breaches of the peace took place at the election within their respective townships, wards or districts; and it shall be the duty of said constables respectively to make return thereof as part of their official return at said court. (Act 1839, Sec. 114, P. L. 544.)

Repealed as to Bradford and Susquehanna counties, Act 1869, Sec. 1, P. L. 441.

Sheriff of Philadelphia not to Appoint Deputies to Preserve the Peace at Polls.

5. It shall not be lawful, on and after the passage of this act, for the sheriff of any county co-extensive in boundaries with any city of the first class, to appoint any deputies to be present and act as such, for preserving the peace, or for any other purpose, at any election polls within said cities of the first class. (Act 1877, Sec. 1, P. L. 36.)

Duties of Peace Officers in Election Room During Count of Votes.

6. * * * It shall be the duty of the police officers, constables, and deputy constables, now required by law to be present at the polls, to remain in the voting-room, but outside of the guard-rail, while the votes are being counted, and preserve order therein. No person, except the said peace officers, when necessary for the preservation of the peace, or persons acting by their authority, shall enter into the space within the guard-rail, or converse with any election officer, in any way after the polls are closed and until the counting of the votes has been completed. (Act 1903, Sec. 5, P. L. 346.)

Penalty on Constables and Supervisors for Neglect to Perform Election Duties.

7. If the constables or supervisors of any township, ward or district, shall neglect or refuse to perform the duties herein required of him or them, they shall respectively, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 97, P. L. 541.)

ARTICLE XXXIV.

ELECTION EXPENSES.

"Candidate for Nomination" Defined.

1. The term "candidate for nomination," as used in this act, shall include all persons whose names are presented for nomination to public office at any primary meeting, caucus, or convention, whether or not such persons are actually nominated thereat. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 1, P. L. 78.)

"Candidate for Election" Defined.

2. * * * The term "candidate for election," as used in this act, shall include all persons whose names are printed as candidates on the official ballots, or on any official sticker, used at any election; and also all persons voted for, for any public office, who shall receive at least ten per cent. of the highest vote received by the successful candidate for such office, but whose names were not printed on the official ballots. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 1, P. L. 78.)

"Candidate" Defined.

3. * * * The term "candidate," as used in this act, shall, unless especially restricted therein, include both candidates for nomination and candidates for election. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 1, P. L. 78.)

"Public Office" Defined.

4. * * * The term "public office," as used in this act, shall include every public office to which persons can be elected by vote of the people, under the laws of this Commonwealth. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 1, P. L. 78.)

"Political Committee" Defined.

5. * * * The term "political committee," as used in this act, shall include every two or more persons who shall be elected, appointed or chosen, or who shall have associated themselves or co-operated, for the purpose, wholly or in part, of raising, collecting or disbursing money, or of controlling or directing the raising, collection or disbursement of money, for election expenses. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 1, P. L. 78.)

"Election Expenses" Defined.

6. * * * The term "election expenses," as used in this act, shall include all expenditures of money or other valuable things in furtherance of the nomination of any person or persons as candidates for public office or in furtherance of the election of any person or persons to public office, or to defeat the nomination or election to public office of any person or persons. * * * (Act 1906, Sec. 1, P. L. 78.)

Political Committees Shall Appoint Treasurers, Who Shall Receive and Disburse all Moneys for Election Expenses.

7. Every political committee shall appoint and constantly maintain a treasurer, to receive, keep and disburse all sums of money which may be collected or received by such committee, or by any of its members, for election expenses; and unless such treasurer is first appointed, and thereafter maintained, it shall be unlawful for a political committee or any of its members to collect, receive or disburse money for any such purpose. All money collected or received by any political committee or by any of its members, for election expenses, shall be paid over and made pass through the hands of the treasurer of such committee, and shall be disbursed by him; and it shall be unlawful for any political committee or any of its members to disburse any money for election expenses, unless such money shall have passed through the hands of the treasurer. (Act 1906, Sec. 2, P. L. 78.)

National Banks and Corporations Authorized by Laws of Congress Prohibited From Making Money Contribution for Election Purposes.

8. That it shall be unlawful for any National bank, or any corporation organized by authority of any laws of Congress, to make money contribution in connection with any election to any political office. It shall also be unlawful for any corporation whatever to make a money contribution in connection with any election at which Presidential and Vice-Presidential electors or a Representative in Congress is to be voted for or any election by any State Legislature of a United States Senator. Every corporation which shall make any contribution in violation of the foregoing provisions shall be subject to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, and every officer or director of any corporation who shall consent to any contribution by the corporation in violation of the foregoing provisions shall upon conviction be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand and not less than two hundred and fifty dollars, or by imprisonment for a term of not more than one year, or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court. (Sec. 1, Act of Congress of Jan. 26, 1907.)

Contributions for Election Expenses Prohibited, Except to Candidates or Political Committees—Corporations Through Their Officers Prohibited from Making Contributions to Candidates or Political Committees for Election Expenses.

9. No person who is not a candidate, or the treasurer of a political committee, shall pay, give or lend, or agree to pay, give or lend, any money or other valuable thing, whether contributed by himself or by any other person, for any election expenses whatever, except to a candidate or to a political committee; and no officer of any corporation, whether incorporated under the laws of this or any other State or any foreign country, except corporations formed for political purposes, shall pay, give or lend, or authorize to be paid, given or lent, any money or other valuable thing belonging to such corporation to any candidate or to any political committee, for the payment of any election expenses whatever. (Act 1906, Sec. 3, P. L. 79.)

Lawful Expenses Which Shall be Paid by Treasurer or Political Committee, or by Candidates for Nomination or Election to Office.

10. No candidate, and no treasurer of any political committee, shall pay, give or lend, or agree to pay, give or lend, either directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing for any nomination or election expenses whatever, except for the following purposes:

First. For printing and traveling expenses, and personal expenses incident thereto, stationery, advertising, postage, expressage, freight, telegraph, telephone, and public messenger services.

Second. For dissemination of information to the public.

Third. For political meetings, demonstrations and conventions, and for the pay and transportation of speakers.

Fourth. For the rent, maintenance and furnishing of offices.

Fifth. For the payment of clerks, typewriters, stenographers, janitors, and messengers, actually employed.

Sixth. For the employment of watchers at primary meetings and elections, to the number allowed by law.

Seventh. For the transportation of voters to and from the polls.

Eighth. For legal expenses, bona fide incurred, in connection with any nomination or election. (Act 1906, Sec. 4. P. L. 79.)

Candidates and Treasurers of Political Committees, Receiving or Disbursing Sums Exceeding Fifty Dollars, Shall File Detailed Accounts, When not in Excess of Fifty Dollars Shall Certify Same Under Oath—When No Contributions Are Received or Disbursements Made, Account Need Not be Filed.

11. Every candidate for nomination at any primary election, caucus, or convention, whether nominated thereat or not, shall, within fifteen days after the same was held, if the amount received or expended shall exceed the sum of fifty dollars, and every candidate for election, and every treasurer of a political committee, or person acting as such treasurer, shall, within thirty days after every election at which such candidate was voted for or with which such political committee was concerned, if the amount received or expended shall exceed the sum of fifty dollars, file with the officers hereinafter specified a full, true, and detailed account, subscribed, and sworn or affirmed to, by him, before an officer authorized to administer oaths, setting forth each and every sum of money contributed, received, or disbursed, by him for election expenses, the date of each contribution, receipt, and disbursement, the name of the person from whom received or to whom paid, and the object or purpose for which the same was disbursed. Such account shall also set forth the unpaid debts and obligations of any such candidate or committee for election expenses, with the nature and amount of each and to whom owing. In the case of candidates for election who have previously filed accounts as candidates for nomination, the accounts shall only include contributions, receipts, and disbursements, subsequent to the date of such prior accounts. If the aggregate receipts or disbursements of a candidate or political committee in connection with any nomination or election shall not exceed fifty dollars, the treasurer of the committee or candidate shall, within thirty days after the election, certify that fact under oath to the officer with whom the statement is filed as hereinafter provided: Provided, however, That if a candidate or political committee does not receive any contributions or make any disbursements, the candidates or the treasurer of the political committee shall not be required to file any account or to make any affidavit. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 68.)

An account of a candidate for nomination showing expenditures made in his behalf to secure the nomination, is insufficient under the Act of March 5, 1906, P. L. 78, if it shows moneys paid by the candidate to individual agents of his own to be used on his behalf, but fails to show for what purposes the moneys thus intrusted to the agents were used.

An account which merely exhibits the fact that the candidate has deposited the money in the hands of an agent to be used for legitimate expenses, and does not show the person to whom, and the purpose for which, the agent paid the money, is not such "a full, true and detailed account," as the Act of 1906 plainly contemplated.

To be a true account within the spirit and intent of the act, it must set forth each and every sum of money disbursed by the candidate, whether personally, or by his agent for election expenses, the date of each disbursement, the name of the person to whom paid, and the object or purpose for which the same was disbursed; and, moreover, the account must be accompanied by vouchers for all sums expended exceeding \$10.00 in amount. Filing the receipts of his agents for the money placed by him in their hands does not fully meet the requirements of the act.

In a contest over a candidate's account, an agent to whom the candidate intrusted money to be expended, may be asked to give a detailed statement of the manner in which he expended the sums intrusted to him, without any preliminary proof that the candidate knew and consented to the disbursement of the moneys by the agent for illegal purposes. *Bechtel's Election Expenses*, 39 Pa. Superior Ct. 292, distinguished and explained.

The agent of the candidate may be asked whether he had spent the moneys received by him from the candidate in the purchase of a vote, or whether he had used moneys of his own for such purpose with the candidate's knowledge and consent.

An offer to prove that the agent expended moneys received from the candidate for the purchase of votes to be followed by further proof that such practice and means of getting votes was known to and consented to by the candidate, should be admitted.

In a contest over a candidate's account of expenditures it is not competent upon cross-examination of the candidate to inquire as to his motive in permitting his counsel to raise objections which they deemed proper to the offer or admission of testimony.

Where a candidate includes in his account the price of a box of cigars, he is not estopped by the fact that he included such an item in his account, from showing that the use of the cigars was but the common courtesy which men extend to friends without any thought on his part or their part that the latter would be influenced in their votes thereby. *In re Umbel's Election*, 231 Pa., 94; S. C. 43 Pa. Superior Court, 598.

An account of election expenses required to be filed under the act of March 5, 1906, P. L. 78, must set forth the payments made for articles published on behalf of the candidate after the primary election, and also payments made for cigars and liquors, given to voters immediately before the general election.

Where a candidate contributes money to the treasurer of a political party or committee, his account should set out the names of the treasurer and the party or committee of which he is treasurer, but it is not necessary for the candidate's account to set out the specific purpose for which the money is used. *Leibel's Case*, 33 Pa. C. C. R. 667.

Vouchers Shall Accompany Each Expenditure Exceeding Ten Dollars—Disbursement of Anonymous Contributions Prohibited—With Whom Accounts Shall be Filed.

12. Every such account shall be accompanied by vouchers for all sums expended exceeding ten dollars in amount. It shall be unlawful for any candidate, or treasurer of a political committee, or person acting as such treasurer, to disburse any money received from any anonymous source.

Every such account, concerning expenses incurred by, or in regard to, candidates for offices to be voted for by the electors of the State at large, shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and every such account, concerning expenses incurred by, or in regard to, candidates for other offices, shall be filed with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the several counties where such candidates may respectively reside: Provided, That if any account concerns expenses in regard to candidates who do not all reside in the same county, such accounts shall be filed in each county in which any such candidate (not being a candidate for an office to be voted for by the electors of the State at large), resides. (Act 1906, Sec. 6, P. L. 80.)

Oath not to be Administered to Persons Elected to Office Until Account is Filed.

13. It shall be unlawful to administer the oath of office to any person elected to any public office, until he has filed an account as required by this act, and no such person shall enter upon the duties of his office until he has filed such account, nor shall he receive any salary for any period prior to the filing of the same. (Act 1906, Sec. 7, P. L. 80.)

Public Inspection of, and Preservation of Accounts.

14. All such accounts shall be open to public inspection in the offices where they are filed, and shall be carefully preserved there for a period of two years. (Act 1906, Sec. 8, P. L. 81.)

Time for Filing Petition for Auditing of Accounts—Auditor May be Appointed—Duties and Powers of Auditor—Disposition of Costs.

15. Within twenty days after the last day for filing of any account required by this act, any five electors of the State, or of the political division thereof concerning which any such account has been filed, may present a petition to the court of quarter sessions of the county in which the office where such account has been filed is situated, praying for an audit of such account. The court shall thereupon direct the officer or officers with whom such account has been filed to certify the same to the court for audit, and may, in its discretion, require security to be entered for costs. The court may, in its discretion, appoint an auditor to audit said account; but the fees of such auditor shall not exceed the sum of ten dollars a day for each day actually engaged. The court or auditor shall fix a date, as early as may be convenient, for the audit; at which time the person by whom such account has been filed shall be required to be present in person, to vouch his account, and answer, on oath or affirmation, all such relevant questions concerning same as may be put to him by the petitioners or their counsel. The auditor shall issue subpoenas to all parties whom the petitioner or the accountant may require to give evidence concerning such account, and he shall determine, subject to exception, all questions as to the admissibility of evidence, and shall file a copy of the evidence with his report. If, upon the audit, the court shall decide that the account was false in any substantial manner, or that any illegal election expenses were incurred, the costs of said audit shall be paid by the accountant; but otherwise, by the petitioners. (Act 1906, Sec. 9, P. L. 81.)

Under the Act of March 5, 1906, P. L. 78, which provides that "within twenty days after the last day for the filing of any account required by this act, any five electors of the State may present a petition in a court of quarter sessions of the county in which the office where such account has been filed, is situated, praying for an audit of such account," the filing of a petition for audit with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions, the court not being in session, is a sufficient presentation of the petition to give the court jurisdiction over it. *Jermyn's Election Expenses*, 57 Pa. Superior Court 109.

Decision of Court Upon Audit Subject to Appeal—Decision to be Certified to Attorney General—Writ of Quo Warranto to be Issued—Election Shall be Declared Void and Office Vacant Where Illegal Expenses are Incurred—To Whom Decision of Court Shall be Certified.

16. The decision of the court upon the audit shall be subject to appeal; but if the court shall decide that any candidate who has been elected has incurred any illegal election expenses, or has consented to the incurring of any illegal election expenses by any person or committee, the court shall certify its decision to the Attorney General, who shall thereupon cause a writ of quo warranto to be issued; and if, upon proceedings under such writ of quo warranto, it shall be decided that the candidate in question has incurred any illegal election expenses, or has consented to the incurring of illegal election expenses by any person or committee, his election shall be declared void and his office vacant: Provided, That in the case of candidates elected to the office of Senator or Representative in the General Assembly, the decision of the court shall be certified to the President of the Senate or to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as the case may be; And provided further, That in the case of any candidate elected to the office of member of the House of Representatives of the United States, the decision of the court shall be certified to the Governor of this Commonwealth, who shall transmit the same to the Speaker of the said House of Representatives. (Act 1906, Sec. 10, P. L. 81.)

If Court Shall Decide, Upon Audit, That Illegal Election Expenses Have Been Incurred, It Shall Certify Its Decision to District Attorney, Who Shall Institute Criminal Proceedings.

17. If the court shall decide, upon the audit, that any person, whether a candidate or not, has incurred illegal election expenses, or has otherwise violated any of the provisions of this act, it shall certify its decision to the district attorney of the county in which such person may reside, and it shall thereupon be the duty of such district attorney to institute criminal proceedings against such person. (Act 1906, Sec. 11, P. L. 82.)

All Questions Asked Must be Answered—Answers not to be Used as Evidence—Except in an Action for Perjury.

18. No person shall be excused from answering any question, in any proceedings under this act, on the ground that such answer would tend to incriminate him; but no such answer shall be used as evidence against such person in any criminal action or prosecution whatever, except in an action for perjury in giving such testimony. (Act 1906, Sec. 12, P. L. 82.)

A candidate's sworn statement of expenses incurred by him having, on petition of five electors, been referred to an auditor, as provided by section 9 of the Act of March 5, 1906, P. L. 78, and the candidate having declined to answer relevant questions, held, that section 12, of the act, providing that no person shall be excused from answering any question on the ground that such answer would tend to incriminate him, is constitutional. *Liebel's Account*, 16 Pa. D. R. 595.

Secretary of Commonwealth Shall Furnish all Blank Forms for Statements of Candidates and Committees—To Whom Secretary of Commonwealth and County Commissioners Shall Transmit Forms.

19. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall, at the expense of the Commonwealth, furnish to the county commissioners blanks, in the form approved by the Secretary and Attorney General, suitable for the statements hereinbefore required. On the receipt of the list of candidates for public offices, before a caucus or primary, or upon the filing of a nomination, before a municipal election, the county commissioners shall transmit to the candidate or candidates put in nomination, or at said primaries, and to the treasurers of political committees, the blanks above described. Upon the filing of a nomination for a State or National election, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall transmit to the candidate or candidates put in nomination, and to the treasurer of the political committees, the blanks above described. To any person required to file a statement, such blank shall be furnished upon application therefor. (Act 1906, Sec. 13, P. L. 82.)

Penalty for Incurring Illegal Election Expenses.

20. Any person who shall incur any illegal election expenses, or otherwise violate any of the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars or more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not less than one month or more than two years, either or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 82.)

ARTICLE XXXV.

†ELECTION BY MILITIA.

Qualified Electors in Actual Military Service to Exercise the Right of Suffrage.

1. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, and as such, absent from their place of residence, on the days appointed by law for holding the general or presidential elections within this State, or on the days for holding special elections to fill vacancies, such electors shall be entitled, at such times, to exercise the right of suffrage, as fully as if they were present at their usual places of elections, in the manner hereinafter prescribed, and whether, at the time of voting, such electors shall be within the limits of this State, or not; and the right of voting shall not be affected, in any manner, by the fact of the voter having been credited to any other locality than the place of his usual residence, by reason of the payment to him of local bounty by such other locality. (Act 1864, Sec. 1, P. L. 990.)

ARTICLE XXXVI.

VOTING BY SOLDIERS, SAILORS OR MARINES.

Soldiers, Sailors or Marines in Service or Discharged Therefrom, Who Have Returned, and Not Been Assessed and Registered, May Vote, Upon Payment of Taxes.

1. Any soldier, sailor, or marine, in service or who has served in the Army or Navy of the United States, and who has returned to his home, shall be entitled to vote in his respective election district as a soldier, sailor, or marine, notwithstanding that such soldier, sailor, or marine has not been assessed and has not paid the usual taxes or is not personally registered in the district in which he resides; Provided, That such election at which he offers to vote shall occur at such a time as has preceded such soldier, sailor, or marine from being assessed and from having paid his usual taxes, and, where the same is necessary, from having been personally registered, after his return to his home, as is required in the case of an elector by the Constitution. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 966.)

Non-Assessed Soldier, Sailor or Marine Must Produce Tax Receipt Before Voting—Payment and Disposition of Tax.

2. No person shall be allowed to vote under the provisions of this act unless he produces evidence, satisfactory to the election officers, that he is entitled to vote as a soldier, sailor, or marine under the provisions of this act, and unless he shall produce to the election officers a receipt from the proper tax collector setting forth that such person has paid a county tax of ten cents. The several tax collectors are hereby authorized to receive such tax of ten cents, and issue a receipt therefor. All such taxes shall be paid to the county treasurer as provided by law in the case of other taxes. (Act 1919, Sec. 2, P. L. 967.)

Penalty for Voting by Misrepresentation.

3. Any person who shall vote under the provisions without being entitled so to do under the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, and, in default of the payment of such fine and costs, shall be imprisoned for a term not exceeding ninety days. (Act 1919, Sec. 3, P. L. 967.)

Who Shall Be Entitled to Vote—Intention of Act.

4. This act shall apply to all soldiers, sailors, and marines in service in the Army or Navy of the United States, as well as those who have been discharged therefrom, and who have been prevented from being assessed, from having paid the usual taxes, and from being personally registered. It is the intention of this act that all such persons are within the meaning of the Constitution relative to voting by soldiers. (Act 1919, Sec. 4, P. L. 967.)

ARTICLE XXXVII.

DISQUALIFICATION FOR PUBLIC OFFICE.

Bribery, Fraud or Wilful Violation of Election Laws Disqualifies.

1. Any person who shall, while a candidate for office, be guilty of bribery, fraud, or wilful violation of any election law, shall be forever disqualified from holding an office of trust or profit in this Commonwealth. (Art. 8, Sec. 9, Constitution.)

Fighting a Duel or Sending a Challenge Disqualifies.

2. Any person who shall fight a duel, or send a challenge for that purpose, or be aider or abettor in fighting a duel, shall be deprived of the right of holding any office of honor or profit in this State, and may be otherwise punished as shall be prescribed by law. (Art. 12, Sec. 3, Constitution.)

Removal from Residence Specified in Certain Cases. Disqualifies.

3. Whenever, by the requirements of any law, a particular residence is a necessary qualification for the election or appointment of any officer, a removal from such residence shall operate as a forfeiture of the office. (Act 1874, Sec. 12, P. L. 187.)

†The Act of 25th August, 1864, P. L. 990, the first section of which is given above, furnishes adequate provisions for the holding and return of elections by qualified electors in actual military service.

ARTICLE XXXVIII.

INCOMPATIBLE OFFICES.

United States Senator or Member Not to be Appointed to Office Created During Term—Office of Senator or Representative Incompatible With any Other Office.

1. No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased, during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office. (U. S. Constitution, Art. 1, Sec. 6, Cl. 2.)

General Assembly May Declare What Offices are Incompatible.

2. The General Assembly may by law declare what offices are incompatible. (Art. 12, Sec. 2, Constitution.)

What State and Federal Offices Incompatible.

3. No member of Congress from this State, nor any person holding or exercising any office or appointment of trust or profit under the United States, shall at the same time hold or exercise any office in this State, to which a salary, fees, or perquisites shall be attached. (Art. 12, Sec. 2, Constitution.)

Every person who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary departments of the United States, and also every member of Congress is hereby declared to be incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of justice of the peace, notary public, mayor, recorder, burgess or alderman of any city, corporate town or borough, resident physician of the lazaretto, constable, judge, inspector or clerk of election under this Commonwealth. (Act 1874, Sec. 1, P. L. 186.)

Office so Holden to be Null and Void.

4. The holding of any of the aforesaid offices or appointments under this State, is hereby declared to be incompatible with any office or appointment under the United States; and every such commission, office or appointment, so holden under the government of this State, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, shall be and is hereby declared to be null and void. (Act 1874, Sec. 2, P. L. 187.)

Penalty for Exercising Incompatible Offices.

5. If any person, after the expiration of six months from the passing of this act, shall exercise any offices or appointments, the exercise of which is by this act declared to be incompatible, every person so offending shall, for every such offense, being thereof legally convicted in any court of record, forfeit and pay any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, at the discretion of the court; one moiety of the said forfeiture to be paid to the overseers, guardians or directors of the poor of the township, district, county or place where such offense shall have been committed, to be applied to the support of the poor, and the other moiety thereof to the prosecutor who shall sue for the same. (Act 1874, Sec. 3, P. L. 187.)

Offices of Justice of the Peace and Prothonotary or Clerk of Court Incompatible.

6. No person hereafter elected shall be capable of holding and exercising, at the same time, the office of justice of the peace and that of prothonotary or clerk of any court. (Act 1874, Sec. 4, P. L. 187.)

Offices of Associate Judge and Justice of the Peace Incompatible.

7. The offices of associate judge and justice of the peace shall be incompatible with each other. (Act 1874, Sec. 5, P. L. 187.)

Office of District Attorney Incompatible With Any Other.

8. No district attorney shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature, or to any other office under the laws and Constitution of the State, during his continuance in office. (Act 1874, Sec. 6, P. L. 187.)

Offices of County Commissioner and Member of Board of Health or School Director Incompatible.

9. No county commissioner shall be eligible to serve as member of the board of health or director of the public schools, during his continuance in office. (Act 1874, Sec. 7, P. L. 187.)

Offices of Alderman or Attorney and Prison Inspector Incompatible.

10. No alderman or practicing attorney shall be eligible to the office of an inspector of the county prison. (Act 1874, Sec. 8, P. L. 187.)

Offices of Councilman, Guardian of the Poor, Member of Board of Health and Prison Inspector, or Salaried Officer Under Same, Incompatible.

11. No person shall, at the same time, be a member of more than one of the following bodies, to wit, the city councils, the guardians of the poor, the board of health and the inspectors of the county prison; nor shall any person be a member of any of these bodies, who is at the same time a salaried officer under the same, or under any of them. (Act 1874, Sec. 9, P. L. 187.)

Offices of Member of Legislature and Councilman Incompatible.

12. It shall not be lawful for any member of either branch of the Legislature to hold or exercise the office of councilman in an incorporated city of this Commonwealth. (Act 1874, Sec. 10, P. L. 187.)

Offices of Member of the Legislature and of Congress; With What Incompatible.

13. No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he shall have been elected, be appointed to any civil office under this Commonwealth; and no member of Congress or other person holding any office, except of attorney-at-law or in the militia, under the United States or this Commonwealth, shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office. They shall receive no other compensation, fees or perquisites of office for their services from any source, nor hold any other office of profit under the United States, this State or any other State. (Act 1874, Sec. 15, P. L. 186.)

Councilmen Not Eligible to Any Office Chosen by Councils.

14. No member of council of any city shall be eligible to any office, employment or agency directly chosen by councils, or either branch of them, during the term for which he shall have been elected to councils. (Act 1874, Sec. 11, P. L. 187.)

Councilmen Not to Hold City Offices in Choice of Council.

15. No member of said councils shall hereafter hold any office or employment in the choice of said councils, during the term for which he shall have been elected. (Act 1874, Sec. 13, P. L. 188.)

Councilmen Not to Hold City or County Offices in Choice of the People.

16. Members of councils shall not hereafter hold any city or county offices in the choice of the people, while serving as a member of said councils. (Act 1874, Sec. 14, P. L. 188.)

School Director, Constable, Path-Master or Commissioner of Roads, Incompatible With That of Township or Borough Auditor.

17. No person hereafter elected shall be capable of holding and exercising the office of school director, constable, path-master or commissioner of roads, and that of township or borough auditor. (Act 1876, Sec. 1, P. L. 179.)

Mayor, Chief Burgess, County Commissioner, District Attorney, City, Borough or Township Treasurer, City Councilman, Township Commissioner, Road Supervisor, Tax Collector, Comptroller, Auditor, Constable or Councilman in Any Municipality Incompatible with that of School Director.

18. * * * Any person holding the office of mayor, chief burgess, county commissioner, district attorney; city, borough, or township treasurer; city councilman, township commissioner, road supervisor, tax collector, comptroller, auditor, or constable,—shall not be eligible as a school director in this Commonwealth. (Act 1911, Sec. 207, P. L. 318.)

A member of council in any municipality shall not be eligible to the office of school director. A school director shall not be eligible to the office of member of council in any municipality. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 579.)

Members of Congress or Persons Employed by United States Government Incompatible with that of Burgess.

19. No member of Congress or any person holding any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States shall be capable of holding the office of Burgess. (Act 1915, Chap. 7, Art. 2, Sec. 2, P. L. 394.)

ARTICLE XXXIX.

ELECTION OF NATIONAL OFFICERS.

Who May be Elected President and Vice-President.

1. No person except a natural-born citizen or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States. (Art. 2, Sec. 6, U. S. Constitution.)

* * * No person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States. (Art. 12, Amendments to U. S. Constitution.)

Term of Office of President and Vice-President.

2. * * * (The President) shall hold his office during the term of four years, and together with the Vice-President, chosen for the same term. (Art. 2, Sec. 1, U. S. Constitution.)

The term of four years for which a President and Vice President shall be elected, shall in all cases commence on the fourth day of March next succeeding the day on which the votes of the electors shall have been given. (1 Revised Statutes of the U. S., Sec. 152.)

Presidential Electors—Number of, Which Each State Shall Select—Who May Not Be.

3. Each State shall appoint, in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector. (Art. 2, Sec. 2, U. S. Constitution.)

Congress to Determine Time of Choosing Electors and When They are to Vote.

4. The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes, which day shall be the same throughout the United States. (Art. 2, Sec. 4, U. S. Constitution.)

†Time for Holding Elections for Presidential Electors.

5. Except in case of a presidential election prior to the ordinary period, as specified in sections 147 to 149, inclusive, when the offices of President and Vice-President both become vacant, the electors of President and Vice-President shall be appointed, in each State, on the Tuesday

†For manner of nominating Presidential Electors, see Article V.

next after the first Monday in November, in every fourth year succeeding every election of a President and Vice-President. (1 Revised Statutes of the U. S., Sec. 131.)

The election for electors of President and Vice-President of the United States shall, in the year of our Lord 1848, and every fourth year thereafter, be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November. (Act 1848, Sec. 1, P. L. 512.)

†Number of Presidential Electors That May be Voted For.

6. At every such election, every qualified citizen shall be entitled to vote, by delivering to the proper officer a * * * printed ticket, containing the names of a number of persons equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which this State may be entitled in the Congress of the United States. (Act 1839, Sec. 28, P. L. 524.)

Proceeding of Election of President Should Take Place at Other Than Regular Period.

7. In the event of an election of President and Vice-President taking place at any other period than that mentioned in this act, the election of electors shall, in all respects, be held, conducted and concluded as is hereinbefore provided. (Act 1839, Sec. 33, P. L. 525.)

Governor to Make Proclamation of Names of Persons Elected as Presidential Electors and Send Notices of Election to Them.

8. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, on receiving the returns of the election of electors, as hereinafter directed, to lay them before the Governor; who shall enumerate and ascertain the number of votes given for each person so voted for, and shall thereupon declare, by proclamation, the names of the persons duly elected; and shall cause a notification of his election to be delivered to each person so chosen, on or before the last Wednesday in the month of November next after such election. (Act 1839, Sec. 29, P. L. 525.)

9. That it shall be the duty of the Executive of each State, as soon as practicable after the conclusion of the appointment of electors in such State, by the final ascertainment under and in pursuance of the laws of such State providing for such ascertainment, to communicate, under the seal of the State, to the Secretary of State of the United States, a certificate of such ascertainment of the electors appointed, setting forth the names of such electors and the canvass or other ascertainment under the laws of such State of the number of votes given or cast for each person for whose appointment any and all votes have been given or cast; and it shall also thereupon be the duty of the Executive of each State to deliver to the electors of such State, on or before the day on which they are required by the preceding section to meet, the same certificate, in triplicate, under the seal of the State; and such certificate shall be inclosed and transmitted by the electors at the same time and in the same manner as is provided by law for transmitting by such electors to the seat of government the lists of all persons voted for as President and of all persons voted for as Vice-President; and section one hundred and thirty-six of the Revised Statutes is hereby repealed; and if there shall have been any final determination in a State of a controversy or contest as provided for in section two of this act, it shall be the duty of Executive of such State, as soon as practicable after such determination, to communicate, under the seal of the State, to the Secretary of State of the United States, a certificate of such determination in form and manner as the same shall have been made; and the Secretary of State of the United States, as soon as practicable after the receipt at the State Department of each of the certificates hereinbefore directed to be transmitted to the Secretary of State, shall publish, in such public newspaper as he shall designate, such certificates in full; and at the first meeting of Congress thereafter he shall transmit to the two Houses of Congress copies in full of each and every such certificate so received theretofore at the State Department. (Sec. 3, Act of Congress of February 3, 1887.)

Time and Place of Meeting of Presidential Electors.

10. The electors of each State shall meet and give their votes on the second Monday in January next following their appointment, at such place in each State as the Legislature of such State shall direct. (Sec. 1, Act of Congress, approved Feb. 3, 1887.)

The electors chosen as aforesaid shall assemble at the seat of government of this Commonwealth, at twelve o'clock of the day, which is or may be directed by the Congress of the United States, and shall then and there perform the duties enjoined upon them by the Constitution and laws of the United States. (Act 1839, Sec. 30, P. L. 525.)

When Settlement by Any State of Controversy or Contest Concerning Presidential Electors Shall be Conclusive.

11. That if any State shall have provided, by laws enacted prior to the day fixed for the appointment of the electors, for its final determination of any controversy or contest concerning the appointment of all or any of the electors of such State, by judicial or other methods of procedure, and such determination shall have been made at least six days before the time fixed for the meeting of the electors, such determination made pursuant to such law so existing on said day, and made at least six days prior to the said time of meeting of the electors, shall be conclusive, and shall govern in the counting of the electoral votes as provided in the Constitution, and as hereinafter regulated, so far as the ascertainment of the electors appointed by such State is concerned. (Sec. 2, Act of Congress of February 3, 1887.)

How Vacancies in College of Presidential Electors are Filled.

12. Provided, That each State may by law provide for the filling of any vacancy or vacancies which may occur in its college of electors, when such college meets to give its electoral vote: And provided also, When any State shall have held an election for the purpose of choosing electors, and shall fail to make a choice on the day aforesaid, then the electors may be appointed on a subsequent day in such manner as the State shall by law provide. (Sec. 1, of Act of Congress, approved January 23, 1845.)

If any such elector shall die, or from any cause fail to attend at the seat of government, at the time appointed by law, the electors present shall proceed to choose viva voce a person to fill the vacancy occasioned thereby, and immediately after such choice the name of the person so chosen shall be transmitted by the presiding officer of the college to the Governor, whose duty it shall be forthwith to cause notice in writing to be given to such person of his election; and the person so elected (and not the person in whose place he shall have been chosen) shall be an elector and shall, with the other electors, perform the duties enjoined on them, as aforesaid. (Act 1839, Sec. 31, P. L. 525.)

†For manner of nominating Presidential Electors, see Article V.

Mode of Procedure by Presidential Electors in Election of President and Vice-President.

13. The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots, the persons voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each; which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed, to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. * * * (Art. 12, Amendments. U. S. Constitution.)

Electors to Make Three Certificates Each Containing Distinct Lists of Their Votes for President and Vice-President, and to Each Certificate Shall be Attached One of the Lists of Electors Furnished by the Governor.

14. The electors shall make and sign three certificates of all the votes given by them, each of which certificate shall contain two distinct lists, one of the votes for President, and the other of the votes for Vice-President, and shall annex to each of the certificates one of the lists of the electors which shall have been furnished to them by direction of the Executive of the State. (Sec. 138, Revised Statutes of the U. S.)

Electors Shall Seal Certificates and Certify on Each Package That List of All Votes Given for President and Vice-President are Contained Therein.

15. The electors shall seal up the certificates so made by them, and certify upon each that the lists of all the votes of such State given for President, and of all the votes given for Vice-President, are contained therein. (Sec. 139, Revised Statutes of the U. S.)

Disposition of Certificates Made by Presidential Electors.

16. The electors shall dispose of the certificates thus made by them in the following manner:

One. They shall, by writing under their hands, or under the hands of a majority of them, appoint a person to take charge of and deliver to the President of the Senate, at the seat of government * * * one of the certificates.

Two. They shall forthwith forward by the post office to the President of the Senate, at the seat of government, one other of the certificates.

Three. They shall forthwith cause the other of the certificates to be delivered to the judge of that district in which the electors shall assemble. (Sec. 140, Revised Statutes of the U. S.)

Time at Which Electors Shall Forward Their Certificates to the President of the United States Senate.

17. The certificates and lists of votes for President and Vice-President of the United States mentioned in chapter 1, of title 3, of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and in the act to which this is a supplement, shall be forwarded, in the manner therein provided to the President of the Senate forthwith after the second Monday in January, on which the electors shall give their votes. (Sec. 1, Act of Congress, approved Oct. 19, 1888.)

Where Certificate to be Lodged by Messenger When the President of the Senate is Absent

18. In case there shall be no President of the Senate at the seat of government on the arrival of the persons entrusted with the certificates of the votes of the electors, then such persons shall deliver such certificates into the office of the Secretary of the State, to be safely kept and delivered over as soon as may be to the President of the Senate. (Sec. 143, Revised Statutes of the U. S.)

When Certificate has not Been Received, Secretary of State to Send Special Messenger for Certificate Lodged With District Judge.

19. Whenever a certificate of votes from any State has not been received at the seat of government on the fourth Monday of the month of January in which their meeting shall have been held, the Secretary of State shall send a special messenger to the district judge in whose custody one certificate of the votes from that State has been lodged, and such judge shall forthwith transmit that list to the seat of government. (Sec. 2, Act of Congress, approved Oct. 19, 1888.)

Compensation of Presidential Electors—Expenses of Electoral College.

20. Every elector aforesaid shall receive from the State Treasury the sum of three dollars for every day spent in traveling to, remaining at, and returning from the place of meeting aforesaid, and shall be entitled to mileage at the rate of three cents per mile to and from their homes, to be computed by the ordinary mail route between their homes and the place of meeting aforesaid. And the contingent expenses of the electoral college, not exceeding one hundred dollars in amount, shall likewise be paid by the State Treasurer, in both cases upon warrants drawn by the presiding officer of the college. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 129.)

Compensation of Messenger Appointed to Deliver Certificate of Vote for Presidential Electors.

21. Each of the persons appointed by the electors to deliver the certificates of votes to the President of the Senate shall be allowed, on the delivery of the list entrusted to him, twenty-five cents for every mile of the estimated distance by the most usual road, from the place of meeting of the electors to the seat of government of the United States. (1 Revised Statutes of the U. S. Sec. 144.)

Penalty on Messenger for Failure to Deliver Certificates of Votes of Presidential Electors.

22. Every person who having been appointed, pursuant to sub-division one of section 140, or to section 141, to deliver the certificates of the votes of the electors to the President of the Senate, and having accepted such appointment, shall neglect to perform the services required from him, shall forfeit the sum of one thousand dollars. (1 Revised Statutes of the U. S., Sec. 145.)

Time at Which Congress Shall Compute Vote and Declare Who Have Been Elected President and Vice-President.

23. Congress shall be in session on the second Wednesday in February succeeding every meeting of the electors, and the certificates or so many of them as have been received shall then be opened, the votes counted, and the persons to fill the offices of President and Vice-President ascertained and declared, agreeable to the Constitution. (Sec. 142, Revised Statutes of the U. S.)

Computation of Electoral Vote by Congress.—In Case of Tie the House shall Choose the President—Manner of Making Such Choice.—When no Choice Made by the Fourth of March the Vice-President Shall Act as President.—In Case of tie the Senate shall Choose the Vice-President—Manner of Making Such Choice.—Provide.

24. * * * The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed. And if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately by ballot, the President; but in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to choice; and if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President shall be the Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list the Senate shall choose the Vice-President: a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President, shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States. (Art. 12, Amendment to U. S. Constitution.)

Proceedings of Congress When Computing Vote of Presidential Electors for President and Vice-President.

25. That Congress shall be in session on the second Wednesday in February succeeding every meeting of the electors. The Senate and House of Representatives shall meet in the hall of the House of Representatives at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon on that day, and the President of the Senate shall be their presiding officer. Two tellers shall be previously appointed on the part of the Senate and two on the part of the House of Representatives, to whom shall be handed, as they are opened by the President of the Senate, all the certificates and papers purporting to be certificates of the electoral votes, which certificates and papers shall be opened, presented, and acted upon in the alphabetical order of the states, beginning with the letter A; and said tellers, having then read the same in the presence and hearing of the two Houses, shall make a list of the votes as they shall appear from the said certificates, and the votes having been ascertained and counted in the manner and according to the rules in this act provided, the result of the same shall be delivered to the President of the Senate, who shall thereupon announce the state of the vote, which announcement shall be deemed a sufficient declaration of the persons, if any, elected President and Vice-President of the United States, and, together with a list of the votes, be entered on the Journals of the two Houses. Upon such reading of any certificate or paper, the President of the Senate shall call for objections, if any. Every objection shall be made in writing, and shall state clearly and concisely, and without argument, the ground thereof, and shall be signed at least by one Senator and one member of the House of Representatives before the same shall be received. When all objections so made to any vote or paper from a state shall have been received and read, the Senate shall thereupon withdraw, and such objections shall be submitted to the Senate for its decision; and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall, in like manner, submit such objections to the House of Representatives for its decision; and no electoral vote or votes from any state which shall have been regularly given by electors whose appointment has been lawfully certified to according to section three of this act from which but one return has been received shall be rejected, but the two Houses concurrently may reject the vote or votes when they agree that such vote or votes have not been so regularly given by electors whose appointment has been so certified. If more than one return or paper purporting to be a return from a state shall have been received by the President of the Senate, those votes and those only, shall be counted which shall have been regularly given by the electors who are shown by the determination mentioned in section two of this act to have been appointed, if the determination in said section provided for shall have been made, or by such successors or substitutes, in case of a vacancy in the board of electors so ascertained, as have been appointed to fill such vacancy in the mode provided by the laws of the state; but in case there shall arise the question which of two or more of such state authorities determining what electors have been appointed, as mentioned in section two of this act, as the lawful tribunal of such state, the votes regularly given of those electors, and those only, of such state shall be counted whose title as electors the two Houses, acting separately, shall concurrently decide is supported by the decision of such state so authorized by its laws; and in such case of more than one return or paper purporting to be a return from a state, if there shall have been no such determination of the question in the state aforesaid, then those votes, and those only, shall be counted which the two Houses shall concurrently decide were cast by lawful electors appointed in accordance with the laws of the state, unless the two Houses, acting separately, shall concurrently decide such votes not to be the lawful votes of the legally appointed electors of such state. But if the two Houses shall disagree in respect of the counting of such votes, then and in that case, the votes of the electors whose appointment shall have been certified by the Executive of the state, under the seal thereof, shall be counted. When the two Houses have voted they shall immediately again meet, and the presiding officer shall then announce the decision of the questions submitted. No votes or papers from any other state shall be acted upon until the objections previously made to the votes or papers from any state shall have been finally disposed of. (Sec. 4, Act of Congress, approved February 3, 1887.)

That while the two Houses shall be in meeting, as provided in this act, the President of the Senate shall have power to preserve order; and no debate shall be allowed and no question shall be put by the presiding officer except to either House on a motion to withdraw. (Sec. 5, Act of Congress, approved February 3, 1887.)

That when the two Houses separate to decide upon an objection that may have been made to the counting of any electoral vote or votes from any state, or other question arising in

the matter, each Senator and Representative may speak to such objection or question five minutes, and not more than once; but after such debate shall have lasted two hours it shall be the duty of the presiding officer of each House to put the main question without further debate. (Sec. 6, Act of Congress, approved February 3, 1887.)

That at such joint meeting of the two Houses seats shall be provided as follows: For the President of the Senate, the Speaker's chair; for the Speaker, immediately upon his left; the Senators, in the body of the Hall upon the right of the presiding officer; for the Representatives, in the body of the Hall not provided for the Senators; for the tellers, Secretary of the Senate, and Clerk of the House of Representatives, at the Clerk's desk; for the other officers of the two Houses, in front of the Clerk's desk and upon each side of the Speaker's platform. Such joint meeting shall not be dissolved until the count of electoral votes shall be completed and the result declared; and no recess shall be taken unless a question shall have arisen in regard to counting any such votes, or otherwise under this act, in which case it shall be competent for either House, acting separately in the manner hereinbefore provided, to direct a recess of such House not beyond the next calendar day, Sunday excepted, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon. But if the counting of the electoral votes and the declaration of the result shall not have been completed before the fifth calendar day next after such first meeting of the two Houses, no further or other recess shall be taken by either House. (Sec. 7, Act of Congress, approved February 3, 1887.)

Refusal to Act or Resignation of President or Vice-President to be in Writing, and Delivered to Secretary of State.

26. The only evidence of a refusal to accept, or of a resignation of the office of President and Vice-President, shall be an instrument in writing declaring the same, and subscribed by the person refusing to accept or resigning, as the case may be, and delivered into the office of the Secretary of State. (1 Revised Statutes of the U. S., Sec. 151.)

ARTICLE XL.

PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION.

In Case of Removal of the President, His Powers to Devolve Upon the Vice-President.

1. In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice-President; and the Congress may, by law, provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability, both of the President and Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed or a President shall be elected. (Art. 2, Sec. 6, U. S. Constitution.)

Who to Perform the Duties of the Office of President in Case of the Removal, Death, Resignation, or Inability, of Both the President and Vice-President.

2. In case of removal, death, resignation, or inability of both the President and Vice-President of the United States, the Secretary of State, or if there be none, or in case of his removal, death, resignation, or inability, then the Secretary of the Treasury, or if there be none, or in case of his removal, death, resignation, or inability, then the Secretary of War, or if there be none, or in case of his removal, death, resignation, or inability, then the Attorney General, or if there be none, or in case of his removal, death, resignation, or inability, then the Postmaster General, or if there be none, or in case of his removal, death, resignation, or inability, then the Secretary of the Navy, or if there be none, or in case of his removal, death, resignation, or inability, then the Secretary of the Interior, shall act as President until the disability of the President or Vice-President is removed, or a President shall be elected: Provided, That whenever the powers and duties of the office of President of the United States shall devolve upon any of the persons named herein, if Congress be not then in session, or if it would not meet in accordance with law within twenty days thereafter, it shall be the duty of the person upon whom said powers and duties shall devolve to issue a proclamation convening Congress in extraordinary session, giving twenty days' notice of the time of meeting. (Sec. 1, Act of Congress, approved January 19, 1886.)

That the preceding section shall only be held to describe and apply to such officers as shall have been appointed by the advice and consent of the Senate to the offices therein named, and such as are eligible to the office of President under the Constitution, and not under impeachment by the House of Representatives of the United States at the time the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon them respectively. (Sec. 2, Act of Congress, approved January 19, 1886.)

That sections one hundred and forty-six, one hundred and forty-seven, one hundred and forty-eight, one hundred and forty-nine, and one hundred and fifty of the Revised Statutes are hereby repealed. (Sec. 3, Act of Congress, approved January 19, 1886.)

ARTICLE XLI.

†UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Number, Qualifications and Term of United States Senators.

1. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years, and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature. (Article 17, Amendment to U. S. Constitution.)

No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen. (Article 1, Sec. 3. U. S. Constitution.)

Nomination and Election of—How Names Shall Appear on Ballot.

2. * * * Candidates for the office of United States Senator shall be nominated and elected in the year next preceding the expiration of the term of office of the United States Senator whose successor is to be nominated and elected. Said nominations shall be made in the

†For manner of nominating candidates for office of United States Senator, see Article V on Primary Elections; for Act of Congress regulating expenses and requirements of candidates for United States Senator, see Article LIII.

manner provided by law. It shall be the duty of the proper officers to print the names of duly nominated candidates for the office of United States Senator upon the official ballots, for use at the succeeding election, under the heading of "United States Senator," as is now or may hereafter be required by law. (Act 1913, Sec. 1, P. L. 995.)

How Vote Shall be Computed and Returned—Secretary of Commonwealth to Tabulate, Compute and Certify Result of Vote to Governor—Who Shall Issue Certificate to Candidate Elected and Transmit Returns to United States Senate.

3. The vote for candidates for the office of United States Senator shall be counted, certified, computed and returned, as is now or may hereafter be provided by law with respect to other offices filled by a vote of the electors of the State at large: Provided, however, That the results of the election of United States Senator shall be made to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall immediately tabulate and compute the same, and, upon the conclusion of said count, certify the result thereof to the Governor, who shall immediately issue a certificate of election, under the seal of the Commonwealth duly signed by himself, and attested by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and deliver the same to the candidate receiving the highest number of votes. He shall also transmit the returns of said election to the President of the United States Senate. (Act 1913, Sec. 2, P. L. 996.)

Filling Vacancies in Office of United States Senator.

4. * * * When vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the Senate, the executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies: Provided, That the legislature of any State may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the legislature may direct. (Article 17, Amendment to U. S. Constitution.)

Immediately upon the happening of a vacancy in the office of United States Senator, the Governor of the Commonwealth shall make a temporary appointment to fill the vacancy until such time as said vacancy shall be filled by an election as herein provided. Whenever a vacancy shall happen in the representation of this Commonwealth in the Senate of the United States, the said vacancy shall be filled, for the unexpired term, by the vote of the electors at a special election held at the time of the next general election whose antecedent primary occurs at least sixty days after the happening of such vacancy, and it shall be the duty of the Governor to issue writs of election accordingly. Candidates to fill vacancies in the office of the United States Senator shall be nominated at said antecedent primary, and elected at said special election, in the same manner as is provided for the nomination and election of candidates for the full term. (Act 1913, Sec. 3, P. L. 996.)

ARTICLE XLII.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

Qualifications of United States Representatives.

1. No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizens of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen. (Art. 1, Sec. 2, U. S. Constitution.)

Time and Place of Electing Members of Congress.

2. The election of representatives of the people of this Commonwealth in the Congress of the United States, shall take place on the second Tuesday in October, in the year 1840, and on the (Tuesday next following the first Monday in November), in every second year thereafter, at the places appointed by law for holding the general elections. (Act 1839, Sec. 23, P. L. 524.)

Governor to Make Proclamation of Persons Elected and Transmit Returns of Elections of Members to Congress.

3. It shall be the duty of the Governor, on the receipt of the returns of the election of members of the House of Representatives of the United States as aforesaid, by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to declare by proclamation the names of the persons so returned as elected in the respective districts; and he shall also, as soon as conveniently may be thereafter, transmit the returns so made to the House of Representatives of the United States. (Act 1839, Sec. 25, P. L. 524.)

Governor to Issue Writs for Elections to Supply Vacancies in Congress.

4. Every writ which shall be issued by the Governor of this Commonwealth, in pursuance of the Constitution of the United States, to supply a vacancy in the representation of the people of this Commonwealth in the House of Representatives of the United States, shall be directed to the sheriff of the county or counties composing the congressional district, and shall particularly express the day on which the election shall be held to supply such vacancy. (Act 1839, Sec. 39, P. L. 527.)

When Special Election to be Held to Supply Vacancy in Congress.

5. If such vacancy shall happen during the session of Congress, or if Congress shall be required to meet at some time previous to the next general election, the Governor shall appoint a time as early as may be convenient for holding such election; otherwise, he shall direct the election to be held at the time appointed for holding the general elections. (A. 1839, Sec. 40, P. L. 527.)

†For manner of conducting Primary Elections for the nomination of candidates for Congress and all State and County offices, see Article V. For act of Congress regulating expenses and requirements of candidates for members of Congress, see Article LIII. For places of meeting of return judges to count vote for Congressmen and for composition of Congressional Districts of Pennsylvania, see Congressional Apportionment Act, which immediately precedes the Digest of Election Laws, and Article XLVIII.

Writ for Holding Special Election to Fill Vacancy in Congress to be Delivered to Sheriff—Duties of Sheriff.

6. Every writ for holding a special election as aforesaid shall be delivered to the sheriff to whom the same may be directed, at least fifteen days before the day appointed for such election; who shall forthwith give due and public notice thereof throughout the county at least ten days before such election, and shall send a copy thereof to at least one of the inspectors of each election district therein. (Act 1839, Sec. 41, P. L. 527.)

When Special Election is Held—Governor to Issue Proclamation of Persons Elected and Transmit Returns of Election of Members to Congress.

7. When the returns of any special election for a member of the House of Representatives of the United States shall be received by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Governor shall declare by proclamation the name of the person elected; and he shall also, as soon as conveniently may be thereafter, transmit the returns so made to the House of Representatives of the United States. (Act 1839, Sec. 42, P. L. 527.)

ARTICLE XLIII.

†ELECTION OF STATE OFFICERS—GOVERNOR.

Who Shall be Eligible to the Office of Governor.

1. No person shall be eligible to the office of Governor * * * except a citizen of the United States, who shall have attained the age of thirty years, and have been seven years next preceding his election an inhabitant of the State, unless he shall have been absent on the public business of the United States, or of this State. (Art. 4, Sec. 5, Constitution.)

Offices Incompatible With That of Governor.

2. No member of Congress, or person holding any office under the United States, or of this State, shall exercise the office of Governor * * *. (Art. 4, Sec. 6, Constitution.)

Election for Governor.

3. The Governor shall be chosen on the day of the general election, by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth, at the places where they shall vote for representatives. * * *. (Art. 4, Sec. 2, Constitution.)

The first election of Governor, under this Constitution, shall be at the general election in the year 1875, when a governor shall be elected for three years; and the term of the Governor elected in the year 1878, and of those thereafter elected, shall be for four years, according to the provisions of this Constitution. (Sec. 5, Sched. to Constitution.)

How Returns of Election for Governor Shall be Made—How Governor to be Chosen in Case of Tie Vote by Electors.

4. * * * The returns of every election for Governor shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of government directed to the President of the Senate, who shall open and publish them, in the presence of the members of both Houses of the General Assembly. * * * The person having the highest number of votes shall be Governor, but if two or more be equal and highest in votes, one of them shall be chosen Governor by the joint vote of the members of both Houses. * * *. (Art. 4, Sec. 2, Constitution.)

How Contested Election for Governor to be Determined.

5. * * * Contested elections shall be determined by a committee, to be selected from both Houses of the General Assembly, and formed and regulated in such manner as shall be directed by law. (Art. 4, Sec. 2, Constitution.)

The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court Shall Preside on the Trial of Contested Election for Governor.

6. The Chief Justices of the Supreme Court, shall preside upon the trial of any contested election of Governor * * * and shall decide questions regarding the admissibility of evidence, and shall, upon request of the committee, pronounce his opinion upon other questions of law involved in the trial. * * *. (Art. 4, Sec. 17, Constitution.)

Term of Office of Governor.

7. The Governor shall hold his office during four years from the third Tuesday of January next ensuing his election, and shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term. (Art. 4, Sec. 3, Constitution.)

The Governor Shall Hold Office Until His Successor is Qualified.

8. The Governor * * * shall exercise the duties of his office until his successor shall be duly qualified. (Art. 4, Sec. 17, Constitution.)

When Lieutenant-Governor to Act as Governor.

9. In case of the death, conviction on impeachment, failure to qualify, resignation, or other disability of the Governor, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office, for the remainder of the term, or until the disability be removed, shall devolve upon the Lieutenant-Governor. (Art. 4, Sec. 13, Constitution.)

†For manner of conducting Primary Election for the nomination of candidates for Congress and all State and County Offices, see Article V.

President Pro Tempore of Senate to Become Governor in Case of Vacancy in Offices of Lieutenant-Governor and Governor.

10. * * * And the President pro tempore of the Senate shall, in like manner, become Governor, if a vacancy or disability shall occur in the office of Governor. * * * (Art. 4, Sec. 14, Constitution.)

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

Who Shall be Eligible to the Office of Lieutenant-Governor.

11. No person shall be eligible to the office of * * * Lieutenant-Governor, except a citizen of the United States, who shall have attained the age of thirty years, and have been seven years next preceding his election an inhabitant of the State, unless he shall have been absent on the public business of the United States, or of this State. (Art. 4, Sec. 5, Constitution.)

Offices Incompatible With That of Lieutenant-Governor.

12. No member of Congress, or person holding any office under the United States, or this State, shall exercise the office of * * * Lieutenant-Governor. (Art. 4, Sec. 6, Constitution.)

Election for Lieutenant-Governor.

13. The Lieutenant-Governor shall be chosen at the same time, in the same manner, for the same term, and subject to the same provisions as the Governor * * *. (Art. 4, Sec. 4, Constitution.) See also Art. 4, Sections 2, 3, and 17, Constitution.

When Lieutenant-Governor to be Elected, and Term of Office.

14. The qualified voters of the Commonwealth shall choose by ballot, on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, in the year 1874, and on the day of the general election every four years thereafter, one person, duly qualified, to fill the office of Lieutenant-Governor for the ensuing four years. (Act 1874, Sec. 1, P. L. 48.)

At the general election in the year 1874, a Lieutenant-Governor shall be elected, according to the provisions of this Constitution. (Sec. 6, Sched. to Constitution.)

Election of Lieutenant-Governor Regulated by Laws Governing Governor's Election—When and by Whom Lieutenant-Governor to be Sworn in.

15. The election laws in force for the choice of Governor shall regulate the choice of Lieutenant-Governor, and upon the third Tuesday of January following his election he shall be sworn into office by the president judge of the court of common pleas of Dauphin county, or in the event of his absence or inability to attend, then by a president judge of a court of common pleas, to be designated by the Secretary of the Commonwealth. (Act 1874, Sec. 2, P. L. 48.)

Tenure of Office of Lieutenant-Governor.

16. The term of Lieutenant-Governor shall commence on the third Tuesday of January following his election, and he shall hold his office for four years and until his successor is elected and qualified. * * * (Act 1874, Sec. 3, P. L. 48.)

President Pro Tempore of Senate to Become Lieutenant-Governor in Case of Vacancy in Office.

17. In case of a vacancy in the office of Lieutenant-Governor, or when the Lieutenant-Governor shall be impeached by the House of Representatives, or shall be unable to exercise the duties of his office, the powers, duties, and emoluments thereof, for the remainder of the term, or until the disability be removed, shall devolve upon the President pro tempore of the Senate * * *. (Art. 4, Sec. 14, Constitution.)

AUDITOR-GENERAL AND STATE TREASURER.

Election of Auditor-General and State Treasurer.

18. The * * * Auditor-General and State Treasurer * * * shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general election. * * * (Art. 4, Sec. 21, Constitution.)

Auditor-General and State Treasurer Cannot Serve Two Consecutive Terms.

19. * * * No person elected to the office of Auditor-General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms. (Art. 4, Sec. 21, Constitution.)

What Laws to Govern Election of Auditor-General and State Treasurer.

20. The general election laws now in force for the choice of a Governor of this Commonwealth, shall regulate the elections of Auditor-General * * *. (Act 1850, Sec. 3, P. L. 434.)

The election laws now in force for the choice of Governor of this Commonwealth shall regulate the election of State Treasurer * * *. (Act 1873, Sec. 4, P. L. 78.)

Term of Office of Auditor-General and State Treasurer.

21. The terms of * * * the Auditor-General and the State Treasurer shall each be four years. (Art. 4, Sec. 21, Constitution.)

Auditor-General to be Commissioned by Governor—When Term of Office to Commence.

22. The Auditor-General * * * elected in pursuance of the first section of this act, shall be commissioned by the Governor of this Commonwealth, and shall assume the duties of

his office on the first Tuesday of May next ensuing his election, and shall possess all the powers granted, perform all the duties and be subject to all the penalties imposed by the existing laws of this Commonwealth relating to Auditor-General. * * * (Act 1850, Sec. 2, P. L. 434.)

When State Treasurer to be Chosen.

23. The qualified voters of this Commonwealth shall choose by ballot, on the second Tuesday of October, Anno Domini 1873, and on the day of the general election (the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November), every * * * (fourth) year thereafter, one person to fill the office of State Treasurer * * * . (Act 1873, Sec. 1, P. L. 77.)

State Treasurer to be Commissioned by Governor—When Term of Office to Commence.

24. Any person elected State Treasurer in pursuance of the provisions of this act, shall be commissioned by the Governor of this Commonwealth, and assume the duties of the office on the first Monday of May next succeeding his election; and shall have and possess all the powers granted, perform all the duties and be subject to all the penalties imposed by existing laws of the Commonwealth relating to State Treasurer and the management of the State Treasury. (Act 1873, Sec. 2, P. L. 78.)

The term of office of the State Treasurer shall hereafter commence on the first Monday of May next succeeding his election, and shall continue for * * * (four) years, or until his successor shall be duly qualified. (Act 1874, Sec. 2, P. L. 126.)

Manner of Filling Vacancy When Death of Person Elected to the Office of Auditor-General Occurs Between Time of His Election and Time for Assuming Duties of His Office.

25. In case of the death of any person elected to the office of Auditor-General * * * between the day of his election and the first Tuesday of May next ensuing, such vacancy shall be filled by the incumbent of the office at the time being until his successor shall be regularly elected and qualified. (Act 1872, Sec. 1, P. L. 32.)

At the annual election next ensuing after the death of such person, so elected to the office of Auditor-General, * * * the qualified voters of this Commonwealth shall choose, by ballot, one person to fill such vacancy, who shall assume the duties of such office on the first day of December next ensuing after said election, and hold said office for the term of the person deceased, which he was elected to fill. (Act 1872, Sec. 2, P. L. 32.)

Whenever an election to fill such vacancy shall be held, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, on the first Tuesday of November next ensuing after such election, in the presence of the Governor, Attorney-General and Auditor-General, and such other citizens as desire to be present, to open and count said returns; and the Governor shall, by proclamation, declare the name of the person thus duly elected, which returns shall be presented to the two houses of the Legislature, within ten days after the commencement of the next ensuing session of the General Assembly. (Act 1872, Sec. 3, P. L. 32.)

Method of Filling Vacancies Occurring in Offices of Auditor-General and State Treasurer.

26. * * * (The Governor) shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor-General or State Treasurer * * * if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office, at the next election day appropriate to such office according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case, the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on Executive nominations, the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the Journal. (Art. 4, Sec. 8, Constitution.)

When a vacancy in the office of State Treasurer, shall happen by death, resignation, or otherwise, the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate when in session, shall fill said vacancy by appointment; and the person so appointed, after having taken the oath prescribed by the Constitution, and given the requisite security fixed by law, shall perform the duties of State Treasurer until the first Monday in May, first succeeding the next general election, which shall happen more than * * * (two) calendar months after the vacancy occurs, or until his successor shall be duly qualified. (Act 1874, Sec. 3, P. L. 126.)

The State Treasurer is a constitutional officer whose term is limited by the constitution, and such term cannot be extended by an act of assembly.

The Act of May 9, 1874, P. L. 126, which provides that "the term of office of the State Treasurer shall hereafter commence on the first Monday of May next succeeding his election, and shall continue for two years, or until his successor shall be duly qualified," is an unconstitutional exercise of the legislative power in so far as it attempts to extend the term of the office beyond the period of two years.

The death of the treasurer-elect before he qualifies creates a vacancy in the office at the end of the incumbent's term on the first Monday of May, and the incumbent is therefore not entitled to hold over until a successor be elected and qualified to fill the office. In such a case the Governor has the right to appoint and commission another person to fill the vacancy at the end of the incumbent's term. Commonwealth v. Sheatz, 228 Pa. 301.

Computation of Vote for Auditor-General and State Treasurer When Legislature not in Session.

27. Whenever the Legislature shall not be assembled, and a State Treasurer or Auditor-General shall have been elected at the preceding annual election, the Governor, the president judge of the Twelfth judicial district, the President pro tem. of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, four members of the Senate, and six members of the House of Representatives, to be selected in the manner hereinafter provided, shall meet in the Senate chamber, at Harrisburg at twelve o'clock noon, on the third Tuesday of January, succeeding each election of a State Treasurer or Auditor-General, and they, or a majority of them, being so convened, shall proceed to open, compute and publish the returns of the election for State Treasurer and Auditor-General, and shall file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth a certificate, signed by each of them, setting forth the aggregate number of votes received by each person voted for at such election; the Governor shall within ten days thereafter, declare by proclamation the name of the person elected to each of said offices. (Act 1879, Sec. 1, P. L. 51.)

Selection of Senators and Members to Compute Returns of Elections for Auditor-General and State Treasurer.

28. The four members of the Senate and six members of the House of Representatives aforesaid, shall be selected by each House proceeding, at twelve o'clock noon on the last Tuesday of the regular session preceding the annual election at which any State Treasurer or Auditor-General is to be elected, to choose by viva voce vote, the number of members aforesaid, each Senator being entitled to vote for but two members, and each member of the House entitled to vote for three members, and the four Senators and six Representatives receiving the highest number of votes shall be the persons named in the first section of this act. (Act 1879, Sec. 2, P. L. 51.)

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Election of Secretary of Internal Affairs.

29. The * * * Secretary of Internal Affairs * * * shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. * * * (Art. 4, Sec. 21, Constitution.)

When Governor May Fill Vacancy in Office of Secretary of Internal Affairs.

30. * * * (The Governor) shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen during the recess of the Senate in the office of * * * Secretary of Internal Affairs * * * . (Art. 4, Sec. 8, Constitution.)

Election of Secretary of Internal Affairs—When Governor Shall Fill Vacancy in Office of.

31. The qualified voters of the Commonwealth shall choose by ballot, on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, in the year 1874, and on the day of the general election every fourth year thereafter, one person to fill the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs; the election laws in force for the choice of Governor shall regulate the election of Secretary of Internal Affairs; and contested elections shall be tried and determined in such courts and in such manner as shall hereafter be prescribed by law: Provided, That any vacancy happening by death, resignation or otherwise, shall be filled by appointment by the Governor, to continue until the first Tuesday of May succeeding the next general election, which shall happen more than * * * (two) calendar months after such vacancy occurs. (Act 1874, Sec. 1, P. L. 135.)

Term of Office of Secretary of Internal Affairs.

32. The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years * * * . (Art. 4, Sec. 21, Constitution.)

The person elected Secretary of Internal Affairs, in pursuance of the provisions of this act, shall be commissioned by the Governor of the Commonwealth, and shall hold his office during four years, from the first Tuesday of May next succeeding his election, and until his successor shall be elected and duly qualified. (Act 1874, Sec. 2, P. L. 135.)

ARTICLE XLIV.

†ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Qualifications of Senators and Representatives.

1. Senators shall be at least twenty-five years of age, and Representatives twenty-one years of age. They shall have been citizens and inhabitants of the State four years and inhabitants of their respective districts one year next before their election (unless absent on the public business of the United States or of this State), and shall reside in their respective districts during their terms of service. (Art. 2, Sec. 5, Constitution.)

Persons Convicted of Infamous Crimes Ineligible to General Assembly.

2. No person hereafter convicted of embezzlement of public moneys, bribery, perjury, or other infamous crime, shall be eligible to the General Assembly * * * . (Art. 2, Sec. 7, Constitution.)

Members of the General Assembly—When to be Chosen.

3. Members of the General Assembly shall be chosen at the general election, every second year. (Art. 2, Sec. 2, Constitution.)

The term of Senators being four years but one-half of them are chosen every second year.

Tenure of Office of State Senators and Representatives.

4. Senators shall be elected for the term of four years, and Representatives for the term of two years. (Art. 2, Sec. 3, Constitution.)
* * * Their term of service shall begin on the first day of December next after their election. * * * (Art. 2, Sec. 2, Constitution.)

Time, Place and Manner of Electing State Senators.

5. The Senators shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the city of Philadelphia and the several counties of this Commonwealth at the times, places and in the manner prescribed by the Constitution and the laws of this Commonwealth. * * *

At the general election in November, 1906, and quadrennially thereafter, Senators shall be chosen to serve for four years, in the even numbered districts; and at the general election in November, 1908, and quadrennially thereafter, Senators shall be chosen to serve for four years, in the odd numbered districts. (Act 1906, Sec. 4, P. L. 35.)

†For places of meeting of return Judges to count vote for State Senators, and composition of Senatorial and Representative Districts of Pennsylvania, see Senatorial and Representative Apportionment Acts, which immediately precede the Digest of Election Laws and Article XLVIII. For manner of conducting Primary Elections for the nomination of candidates for Congress and all State and County offices, see Article V.

Time, Place and Manner of Electing Representatives.

6. The Representatives shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the city of Philadelphia and the several counties of this Commonwealth at the time, places and in the manner prescribed by the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth. (Act 1887, Sec. 2, P. L. 103.)

The first election (for Representatives) under this act shall be held on the Tuesday following the first Monday of November, one thousand nine hundred and six, and thereafter elections shall be held biennially thereunder, until a new apportionment is made after the next United States decennial census. (Act 1906, Sec. 3, P. L. 29.)

Each House to Judge of the Qualifications of its Members.

7. * * * Each House * * * shall judge of the election and qualifications of its members. (Art. 2, Sec. 9, Constitution.)

In Case of Vacancy in Either House, Presiding Officer to Issue Writ for Election to Fill Vacancy.

8. * * * Whenever a vacancy shall occur in either House, the presiding officer thereof shall issue a writ of election, to fill such vacancy for the remained of the term. Art. 2, Sec. 2, Constitution.)

Mode of Procedure for Filling Vacancies Occurring During Recess of Legislature.

9. Whenever a vacancy shall have occurred, or may hereafter occur, in either House of the Legislature of this Commonwealth, during the recess of the Legislature, and the members thereof may have been or may be required, either by their own adjournment, by the Governor or otherwise, to meet at some time previous to the next general election, the Speaker shall issue the writ and appoint a time for holding said election to fill said vacancy, as provided for by the 36th section of the Act 1839, P. L. 526, to which this is a supplement. (Act 1855, Sec. 1, P. L. 1.)

To Whom Writs for Election to Fill Vacancies in Legislature Shall be Directed—When Such Elections Shall be Held.

10. Every writ which shall be issued by the Speaker of either House of the Legislature, in pursuance of the Constitution of this Commonwealth, to supply a vacancy in such House, shall be directed to the sheriff or sheriffs of the proper county or counties, as the case may be, and shall particularly express the day on which the election shall be held to supply such vacancy. If such writ shall be issued by the (President) of the Senate, during the recess of the Legislature, he shall, except as is hereinafter provided, direct the election to be held at the time appointed for holding the general elections. (Act 1839, Sec. 35, P. L. 526.)

Regulation of Time for Holding Election to Supply Vacancy Occurring During Session of Legislature.

11. If such vacancy shall happen during the session of the Legislature, or if the members shall be required by their own adjournment, or by the Governor, to meet at some time previous to the next general election, the Speaker issuing the writ, shall appoint a time as early as may be convenient, not exceeding thirty days thereafter, for holding such election. But if the return of such election cannot be made before the time appointed for the adjournment of the Legislature, such writ shall not be issued, or if issued, shall, in the case of a vacancy in the House of Representatives, be countermanded, and in the case of a vacancy in the Senate, shall, by another writ issued as aforesaid, be extended until the next general session. (Act 1839 Sec. 36, P. L. 526.)

Time for Holding Election to Fill Vacancy in Legislature When Special Session is Called.

12. If, after a writ shall have been issued, directing the election to fill such vacancy to take place on the day of the general election, or countermanding a previous writ, as aforesaid, the Governor shall issue his proclamation for convening the Legislature, the sheriff to whom such writ shall be directed, shall give notice, as is hereinafter provided, of an election to be held within thirty days after the date of such proclamation. (Act 1839, Sec. 37, P. L. 527.)

Sheriff Shall Receive Such Writ and Give Public Notice of Election.

13. Every writ for holding a special election as aforesaid, shall be delivered to the sheriff, to whom the same shall be directed, at least fifteen days before the day appointed for such elections, who shall forthwith give due and public notice thereof throughout the county, at least ten days before such election, and shall send a copy thereof to at least one of the inspectors of each election district therein. (Act 1839, Sec. 38, P. L. 527.)

Secretary of the Commonwealth to Deliver to Presiding Officer Returns of Election to Fill Vacancy in Legislature.

14. In all cases of elections to fill vacancies in either branch of the Legislature, the Secretary shall, on receiving the returns of such election, deliver the same, without delay, to the Speaker of the House in which such vacancy occurred; and if said House is not in session when said return is received, then the same shall be delivered so soon as said House convenes. (Act 1839, Sec. 39, P. L. 539.)

ARTICLE XLV.

†ELECTION OF JUDGES—JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

When Supreme Court Judges to be Elected.

1. The qualified electors of each of the several counties of this Commonwealth shall, at the next general election, at the times and places of electing Representatives, and whenever it shall thereafter become necessary for an election under this act and under the Constitution of this

†For manner of conducting elections for Supreme and District judges, and places of meeting of return judges to count vote for District Judges, see the Judicial Apportionment Act, which immediately precedes the Digest of Election Laws of Pennsylvania and Article XLVIII. For manner of nomination and election of judges of all Courts of Record, see Article VII, Non-Partisan Nominations.

Commonwealth, vote for five persons at the first election, and at every election thereafter, as many as shall be necessary under the provisions hereof, to serve as judges of the Supreme Court of this Commonwealth. * * * (Act 1851, Sec. 1, P. L. 648.)

All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election as circumstances may require. (Art. 8, Sec. 3, Constitution.)

Supreme Court—Composition of—Tenure of Office.

2. The Supreme Court shall consist of seven judges, who shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State at large. They shall hold their offices for the term of twenty-one years, if they so long behave themselves well, but shall not be again eligible. The judges whose commission shall first expire shall be chief justice, and thereafter, each judge whose commission shall first expire, shall, in turn, be chief justice. (Art. 5, Sec. 2, Constitution.)

Qualifications and Compensation of Judges of Supreme Court.

3. The judges of the Supreme Court * * * shall be learned in the law, and the aforesaid judges shall be qualified electors of this Commonwealth * * * (Act 1851, Sec. 3, P. L. 649.)

The judges of the Supreme Court * * * shall, at stated times, receive for their services, an adequate compensation, which shall be fixed by law, and paid by the State. They shall receive no other compensation, fee or perquisites of office, for their services, from any source; nor hold any other office of profit under the United States, this State or any other State. (Art. 5, Sec. 18, Constitution.)

The judges of the Supreme Court, during their continuance in office, shall reside within this Commonwealth * * * (Art. 5, Sec. 19, Constitution.)

When Term of Office of Judge of Supreme Court to Commence.

4. The term of office of judges of the Supreme Court * * * hereafter elected, shall commence on the first Monday of January next succeeding their election, and they shall be commissioned accordingly. (Act 1874, Sec. 1, P. L. 118.)

How Vacancy in Office of Judge of Supreme Court to be Filled.

5. Any vacancy happening by death, resignation or otherwise, in any court of record, shall be filled by appointment, by the Governor, to continue till the first Monday of January next succeeding the first general election, which shall occur * * * (two) months after the happening of such vacancy. (Art. 5, Sec. 25, Constitution.)

Voting for Judges of the Supreme Court When Two or Three are to be Elected.

6. Whenever two judges of the Supreme Court are to be chosen for the same term of service, each voter shall vote for one only, and when three are to be chosen, he shall vote for no more than two; candidates highest in vote shall be declared elected. (Art. 5, Sec. 16, Constitution.)

Determining Priority of Commission.

7. Should any two or more judges of the Supreme Court * * * be elected at the same time, they shall, as soon after the election as convenient, cast lots for priority of commission, and certify the result to the Governor, who shall issue their commission in accordance therewith. (Art. 5, Sec. 17, Constitution.)

†JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Superior Court—How Composed.

8. That a court of intermediate appeal is hereby established to be called the Superior Court, and to be composed of seven judges learned in the law, who shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State, except as they may be appointed by the Governor under the provisions of this act. * * * (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 212.)

Under Sec. 1, Art. 5, of the Constitution of 1874, and Sec. 1, of Art. 12, the Legislature may create a court and enact that no voter shall cast his ballot for more than a certain number less than the whole number of the judgeships to be filled.

Section 15, of Art. 5, of the Constitution of 1874, providing that judges shall be elected by the qualified electors of "the district over which they are to preside," applies only to the election of district judges of the common pleas. Commonwealth ex rel. v. Reeder, 171 Pa. 505.

The provisions of the Constitution establishing limited voting in the election of Supreme Court judges, county commissioners, Philadelphia magistrates, and inspectors of election, is not an implied prohibition upon the Legislature of filling other offices by the same method of voting. Commonwealth ex rel. v. Reeder, 171 Pa. 505.

When Superior Court Judges to be Elected—Number Each Elector May Vote For.

9. * * * The first elected judges of the court shall be chosen at the general election in November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and the seven candidates who then receive the highest vote shall be declared elected, but no elector may vote, either then or at any subsequent election, for more than six candidates upon one ballot for the said office. * * * (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 212.)

The provision of the act of June 24, 1895, P. L. 212, establishing the superior court that "no elector may vote, either then or at any subsequent election for more than six candidates upon one ballot for the said office," is constitutional. Commonwealth ex rel. v. Reeder, 171 Pa. 505.

†For manner of nomination and election of all Judges of Courts of Record, see Article VII, Non-Partisan Nominations.

When Succeeding Elections for Judges of Superior Court Shall be Held—Counting and Return of Vote—When Commission to be Issued.

10. * * * Succeeding elections for the said office shall be held at the general election preceding the expiration of the term of any judge, or at the proper election following a vacancy by death or otherwise. The vote for said office shall be cast and counted according to law and return thereof shall be made, without delay, by the prothonotary of every county in the State, to the Secretary of the Commonwealth. The Secretary shall thereupon ascertain the result and certify it to the Governor, who shall issue a proclamation declaring the successful candidate or candidates and shall commission him or them for the term above named. * * * (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 212.)

All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election as circumstances may require. * * * (Art. 8, Sec. 3, Constitution.)

Term of Office of Judges of Superior Court.

11. * * * The term of office of the elected judges of the court shall be ten years, to begin on the first Monday of January following their election. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 212.)

How Vacancy in Office of Judge of Superior Court to be Filled.

12. * * * Whenever a vacancy occurs by death or otherwise in the said office, the Governor may appoint in the manner and for the period fixed by section eight of article four of the Constitution, and the person elected thereafter to the vacant seat shall hold his office for the term of ten years, beginning on the first Monday in January following his election. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 212.)

†DISTRICT JUDGES.

†Formation of Judicial Districts.

13. Whenever a county shall contain forty thousand inhabitants, it shall constitute a separate judicial district, and shall elect one judge learned in the law; and the General Assembly shall provide for additional judges, as the business of the said district may require. Counties containing a population less than is sufficient to constitute separate districts, shall be formed into convenient single districts, or if necessary, may be attached to contiguous districts, as the General Assembly may provide. (Art. 5, Sec. 5, Constitution.)

††Election and Term of Office—Removal.

14. All judges required to be learned in the law, except the judges of the Supreme Court, shall be elected by the qualified electors of the respective districts over which they are to preside, and shall hold their offices for the period of ten years, if they shall so long behave themselves well; but for any reasonable cause, which shall not be sufficient ground for impeachment, the Governor may remove any of them, on the address of two-thirds of each House of the General Assembly. (Art. 5, Sec. 15, Constitution.)

All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, * * * shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year. * * * (Art. 8, Sec. 3, Constitution.)
In all districts in which the commission of any such judge shall expire on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and two, the electors of the county or counties composing such districts shall elect a judge or successor to such judge, at the general election, to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, one thousand nine hundred and one, to serve as provided by law; and at the * * * (municipal) election next preceding the expiration of the term of any judge now or hereafter commissioned, the qualified electors of any county or counties composing such district shall elect a successor to such judge, to serve as provided by law * * * (Act 1901, Sec. 6, P. L. 669.)

Commencement of Term of Office.

15. The term of office of * * * judges learned in the law, hereafter elected, shall commence on the first Monday of January next succeeding their election, and they shall be commissioned accordingly. (Act 1874, Sec. 1, P. L. 118.)

The terms of all public officers elected in odd-numbered years shall hereafter begin on the first Monday of January succeeding their election. * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 5, P. L. 9.)

Qualifications of President Judges.

16. * * * The president judges of all courts of record * * * shall be learned in the law; and * * * shall be qualified electors of this Commonwealth, and shall be otherwise qualified * * * (Act 1851, Sec. 3, P. L. 649.)

Manner of Determining Who Shall be President Judge—Qualifications and Term of Additional Law Judge.

17. After the expiration of the term of any president judge of any court of common pleas, in commission at the adoption of this Constitution, the judge of such court, learned in the law, and oldest in commission, shall be the president judge thereof; and when two or more judges are elected at the same time, in any judicial district, they shall decide by lot which shall be president judge; but when the president judge of a court shall be re-elected, he shall continue to be president judge of that court * * * (Sec. 16, Sched. to Constitution.)

In all districts in which, by the provisions of this act, two judges are provided, one of said judges shall be the president judge of said district, and the other the additional law judge

†Where a judicial term ends on the first Monday of January in the year 1913 (also 1915, 1917 and 1919), a vacancy will exist which must be filled by the Governor under Article four, section eight, of the Constitution, the act of March 2, 1911, extending said term, being unconstitutional. Commonwealth ex rel., appellant, v. McAfee, 232 Pa. 30. For manner of Nomination and the election of all Judges of the Courts of Records, see Article VI, Non-Partisan Nominations.

†For composition of judicial districts, number of judges therein, and mode of conducting election for judges, and places of meeting of return judges, see Judicial Apportionment Act, which immediately precedes the Digest of the Election Laws of Pennsylvania, also Article XLVIII.

thereof. The judge of said district whose commission shall first expire shall be president judge thereof, except when the president judge has been or shall be re-elected, in which case he shall continue to be president judge. The said additional law judge shall possess the same qualifications which are required by the Constitution and laws for the president judge of said district, and shall hold his office for a like term and by the same tenure, and shall have the same powers, authority and jurisdiction, and shall be subject to the same duties, restrictions and penalties, and shall receive the same compensation as the president judge of said district. (Act 1901, Sec. 7, P. L. 669.)

How Priority of Commission to be Determined.

18. Should * * * any two or more judges of the court of common pleas for the same district, be elected at the same time, they shall, as soon after the election as convenient, cast lots for priority of commission, and certify the result to the Governor, who shall issue their commissions in accordance therewith. (Art. 5, Sec. 17, Constitution.)

Judges to Reside in Their Districts.

19. * * * Judges, during their continuance in office, shall reside within the districts for which they shall be respectively elected. (Art. 5, Sec. 19, Constitution.)

Offices Incompatible With That of Judge.

20. No judge of any court of this Commonwealth shall practice as attorney or counsellor in any court of justice in this Commonwealth, or elsewhere nor shall he hold or exercise the office of alderman or notary public. (Act 1834, Sec. 75, P. L. 354.)

†Filling Vacancies in Office of Judge.

21. Any vacancy happening by death, resignation or otherwise, in any court of record, shall be filled by appointment, by the Governor, to continue till the first Monday of January next succeeding the first * * * (municipal) election, which shall occur * * * (two) months after the happening of such vacancy. (Art. 5, Sec. 25, Constitution.)

‡MUNICIPAL COURT.

Creation of Municipal Court in Philadelphia County.

22. * * * In the county of Philadelphia there shall be, and hereby is created, a court of record, to be known as the Municipal Court of Philadelphia. It shall consist of a president judge, and one associate judge for each two hundred thousand of population, or fractional part thereof in excess of one hundred thousand, in such county; such population to be determined, from time to time, by the latest census of the United States. * * * (Act 1913, Sec. 1, P. L. 711.)

‡COUNTY COURT JUDGES.

Creation of County Court in Allegheny County.

23. That in the county of Allegheny there shall be and hereby is created a court of record, to be known as the County Court, to be composed of one judge for each two hundred thousand of population, or fractional part thereof where such fractional part exceeds one hundred thousand; such population to be determined, from time to time, by the latest census of the United States. (Act 1911, Sec. 1, P. L. 198; see also Act 1911, Sec. 1, P. L. 664, and Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 502.)

§ASSOCIATE JUDGES.

Election of Associate Judges.

24. * * * The qualified electors of each of the several counties of this Commonwealth shall, at the next * * * (municipal) election, at the times and places of electing representatives, and whenever it shall become necessary, * * * vote for two persons to serve as associate judges of the several courts of (each) county. (Act 1851, Sec. 1, P. L. 648.)

Counties Forming Separate Districts not to Have Associate Judges.

25. * * * The office of associate judge, not learned in the law, is abolished in counties forming separate districts * * * . (Art. 5, Sec. 5, Constitution.)

†Term of Office of Associate Judges.

26. * * * Associate judges not learned in the law, elected after the adoption of this Constitution, shall be commissioned to hold their offices for the term of * * * (six) years from the first day of January next after their election. (Section 16, Sched. Constitution.)

†The word "vacancy" as applied to an office has no technical meaning. An existing office without an incumbent is vacant. There is no basis for the distinction that it applies only to an office vacated by death, resignation or otherwise. It may be applied to an office when it is first created, and has been filled by no incumbent; and a vacancy may exist by reason of the expiration of the term. 232 Supreme Court, 36.

‡For manner of nomination and the election of all Judges of Courts of Record, see Article VII, Non-Partisan Nominations.

§Under the provisions of the Constitutional Amendments and the Schedule for the Amendments, adopted in 1909; also the Act of 1911, Sec. 2, P. L. 9, all Associate Judges and county officers holding office at the date of the approval of said amendments, whose commissions expire on the first Monday of January in an odd-numbered year, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January in the following even-numbered year.

Judges to Reside in Their Districts.

27. * * * Judges during their continuance in office, shall reside within the districts for which they shall be respectively elected. (Art. 5, Sec. 19, Constitution.)

Offices Incompatible With That of Judge.

28. No judge of any court of this Commonwealth shall practice as attorney or counsellor in any court of justice in this Commonwealth or elsewhere, nor shall he hold or exercise the office of alderman or notary public. (Act 1834, Sec. 75, P. L. 354.)

The office of associate judge and justice of the peace shall be incompatible with each other. (Act 1850, Sec. 43, P. L. 576.)

Filling Vacancies in Office of Associate Judge.

(See District Judges.)

ARTICLE XLVI.

†COUNTY OFFICERS.

(See Primaries, Article IV, for manner of nominating candidates for all County offices; see "General Elections" for time and manner of conducting elections for county officers.)

County Officers, of What Consisting—Sheriff and Treasurer Cannot Serve Two Consecutive Terms.

1. County officers shall consist of sheriffs, coroners, prothonotaries, registers of wills, recorders of deeds, commissioners, treasurers, surveyors, auditors, or controllers, clerks of the courts, district attorneys, and such others as may, from time to time, be established by law; and no sheriff or treasurer shall be eligible for the term next succeeding the one for which he may be elected. (Art. 14, Sec. 1, Constitution.)

Qualifications for County Officers.

2. No person shall be appointed to any office within any county, who shall not have been a citizen and an inhabitant therein one year next before his appointment, if the county shall have been so long erected; but if it shall not have been so long erected, then within the limit of the county or counties out of which it shall have been taken. (Art. 14, Sec. 3, Constitution.)

‡Election of County Officers—Term of Office.

3. County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law. (Art. 14, Sec. 2, Constitution.)

The terms of all public officers elected in odd-numbered years shall hereafter begin on the first Monday of January succeeding their election. (Act 19-1, Sec. 5, P. L. 9.)

* Election of County Commissioners and Auditors—When Court Shall Fill Vacancy in Office of County Commissioner and Auditor

4. Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year 1911, and every fourth year thereafter; and in the election of said officers, each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled. (Art. 14, Sec. 7, Constitution.)

Governor to Fill Vacancies in County Offices not Otherwise Provided For.

5. * * * (The Governor) shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen during the recess of the Senate. * * * In a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy in an elective office a person shall be chosen to said office on the next election day appropriate to such office according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case, the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. * * * (Art. 4, Sec. 8, Constitution.)

Filling Vacancies in Office of Coroner.

6. If any person who has or shall be elected to the office of coroner shall neglect or refuse, for the space of three months next after such election, to assume the duties of said office, and to comply with the requisitions of the acts of Assembly in such cases provided, the said office shall be treated as vacant; and it shall be the duty of the Governor to appoint and commission some suitable person to fill such vacancy, who shall hold and enjoy said office, and all the emoluments appurtenant thereto, until the next * * * (municipal) election thereafter. And no fees shall hereafter be charged on commissions issued to the coroners of the several counties of this Commonwealth. (Act 1842, Sec. 11, P. L. 235.)

‡Counties Containing Forty Thousand Inhabitants to Elect One Person as Prothonotary, One Person as Clerk of the Courts of General Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer, One Person as Register of Wills and Clerk of the Orphans' Court, and One Person as Recorder of Deeds.

7. That in each of the counties of the Commonwealth, containing forty thousand inhabitants, which hereafter may be created separate and independent judicial districts, under section five,

†See footnotes on page 635.

‡See Sec. 1 of the Act of 1893, P. L. 462, for counties containing 40,000 inhabitants, which thereafter become a separate judicial district.

article five of the Constitution, there shall be elected one person to fill the office of prothonotary, one person to fill the office of the clerk of the courts of general and quarter sessions and oyer and terminer, one person to fill the office of register of wills and clerk of the orphans' court, and one person to fill the office of recorder of deeds at the expiration of the terms of the persons now filling and exercising such offices in such counties, and the persons so elected shall hold such office for the time and under the terms provided by existing laws therefor. (Act 1901, Sec. 1, P. L. 559.)

Counties Containing Over Thirty Thousand Inhabitants to Elect One Person to Fill the Offices of Prothonotary, Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, and Clerk of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and One Other Person to Fill the Offices of Register of Wills, Recorder of Deeds, and Clerk of the Orphans' Court.

8. That in each of the counties of the Commonwealth now or hereafter containing over thirty thousand inhabitants, and in which the offices of prothonotary, clerk of the court of quarter sessions, clerk of the court of oyer and terminer, register of wills, recorder of deeds, and clerk of the orphans' court, are now or may hereafter be held by one person, there shall be elected one person to fill the offices of prothonotary, clerk of the court of quarter sessions, and clerk of the court of oyer and terminer, and one other person to fill the offices of register of wills, recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans' court, at the expiration of the terms of the persons now or at any time hereafter filling and exercising such offices in such counties, and the persons so elected shall hold such offices for the time and under the terms provided by existing laws therefor. (Act 1911, Sec. 1, P. L. 538.)

Election of Recorder of Deeds and Register of Wills in Counties Containing One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Inhabitants.

9. The qualified electors of each county of this Commonwealth, having a population of over one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants, shall elect one person to fill the office of recorder of deeds and one person to fill the office of register of wills: Provided, That the election for either or both of said officers shall take place in each of said counties at the * * * (municipal) election preceding the expiration of the term or terms of the present incumbents. (Act 1901, Sec. 1, P. L. 271.)

Vacancies in Office of Prothonotary, Register of Wills and Recorder of Deeds to be Filled by Election of Successor for Full Term.

10. Whenever any vacancy occurs in any of the said offices, the qualified electors of the proper county shall, at the next * * * (municipal) election thereafter, elect for the term of * * * (four) years, a successor to fill the said vacancy, in the same manner as is hereinbefore provided in other cases. (Act 1839, Sec. 4, P. L. 566.)

Who not to be County Treasurer.

11. No judge, clerk or prothonotary of any court, register of wills, recorder of deeds, county commissioner or county auditor, shall be eligible to election as county treasurer, during their continuance (in) office; nor shall any county commissioner (or county auditor) be eligible until the expiration of one year next after the term for which they shall have been elected; nor shall any county treasurer serve in such office for more than two years in any term of four years. (Act 1841, Sec. 3, P. L. 400.)

Filling of Vacancy in Office of County Treasurer.

12. Any vacancy occurring by death, resignation or otherwise, in the office of county treasurer, in any county of this Commonwealth, shall be filled by the appointment of any eligible person by the Governor; and the person so appointed shall hold said office until the first Monday of January next succeeding the next general election which shall occur three or more months after the happening of such vacancy. (Act 1905, Sec. 1, P. L. 176.)

Filling of Vacancies in Office of County Surveyor.

13. In case of any vacancy occasioned by death, resignation, removal or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county to appoint a competent person, being a practical surveyor, to fill such vacancy until the time prescribed by this act for the election of said officers. (Act 1850, Sec. 9, P. L. 435.)

Who not to be County Auditor.

14. It shall not be lawful for any guardian of the poor, inspector of the prison, controller of public schools, members of the board of health, nor for any person employed in the sheriff's office, county commissioner's office, or treasurer's office of any county, to hold the office or perform the duties of auditor of such county. * * * (Act 1841, Sec. 10, P. L. 402.)

No person shall be eligible to the office of county auditor who, within two years, shall have been treasurer of the county. (Act 1871, Sec. 1, P. L. 79.)

Election of County Controllers in Counties Containing One Hundred Thousand Inhabitants.

15. The office of county controller is hereby established, and the office of county auditor or auditors abolished, in each county of this Commonwealth which shall contain by any Federal census one hundred thousand inhabitants or over. At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the qualified electors of each such county, not now having a controller, shall elect one citizen of such county to serve as controller, in place of county auditor or auditors, until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen. At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, and quadrennially thereafter, the qualified electors of each county entitled to a controller shall elect one citizen of such county, who shall serve as controller for the term of four years from the first Monday of January thereafter following, or until his successor shall be qualified, if he so long shall behave himself well. (Act 1913, Sec. 1, P. L. 10.)

No person holding office under the United States shall be eligible to the office of county controller during his continuance in office as aforesaid, nor until one year thereafter; and the

county commissioners, county treasurer, prothonotary, register of wills, clerk of the courts, recorder of deeds, sheriff and district attorney and their chief clerks or deputies shall be ineligible, for two years, to the office of county controller, provided the said controller shall always be eligible to re-election or appointment. (Act 1895, Sec. 2, P. L. 404.)

Election of County Controllers in Counties Containing Less Than One Hundred Thousand Inhabitants.

16. That upon petition to the court of common pleas of any county of this Commonwealth, of twenty-five per centum of the number of electors who voted at the November election in said county preceding the date of said petition, the said court shall direct that at the next * * * (municipal) election, and * * * (quadrennially) thereafter, in said county, the electors thereof shall choose a citizen of said county for the office of county controller, in place of county auditor, who shall serve for a term of * * * (four) years, or until his successor be qualified, if he shall so long behave himself well: Provided, That said petition shall include the signatures of a majority of the board of county commissioners, the clerk of courts, coroner, county treasurer, prothonotary, recorder of deeds, and register of wills of the county wherein the petition is presented. * * * (Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 434.)

No person holding office under the United States shall be eligible to the office of county controller during his continuance in office as aforesaid; and the county commissioner, county treasurer, prothonotary, register of wills, clerk of the courts, recorder of deeds, sheriff, and district attorney, and their chief clerks or deputies, shall be ineligible to the office of county controller: Provided, That said controller shall always be eligible to re-election or appointment. (Act 1909, Sec. 2, P. L. 435.)

Election, Term of Office and Qualifications of District Attorney.

17. The qualified voters of the city and county of Philadelphia, and of each and every county in the State, shall, at the * * * (municipal) election on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in odd-numbered years, and quadrennially thereafter, elect one person, learned in the law, who has been two years admitted to the bar, and who shall have resided in the county for which he is elected for one year next preceding his election, who shall be called the district attorney of said county. * * * (Act 1850, Sec. 1, P. L. 654.)

No person shall be eligible to the office of district attorney of any county within this Commonwealth, unless he shall have been admitted to practice, as an attorney, in the courts of some county within this commonwealth, for at least two years preceding his election. * * * (Act 1883, Sec. 1, P. L. 15.)

No district attorney shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature, or to any other office under the laws and Constitution of the State, during his continuance in office. (Act 1850, Sec. 6, P. L. 655.)

Filling of Vacancy in Office of District Attorney.

18. All elections of district attorney shall be contested and decided in the same manner as is now provided by law for contesting the election of county officers; and if any vacancy shall occur, either by death, resignation, removal from office or from the county or otherwise, the judges of the court of common pleas shall supply such vacancy by the appointment of a competent person to fill the office until the next * * * (municipal) election: Provided, Such vacancy happens thirty days before; if not, then until the next * * * (municipal) election thereafter, and until a successor is duly elected and qualified. (Act 1850, Sec. 3, P. L. 654.)

The true intent of the act of May 3, 1850, providing for the election of district attorney shall be held to be that any person elected to fill a vacancy in the office of district attorney, shall hold his office for the full term of * * * (four) years. (Act 1859, Sec. 1, P. L. 617.)

JURY COMMISSIONERS.

Qualifications, Number, Election and Term of Jury Commissioners—Each Elector to Vote for but One.

19. At the * * * (municipal) election to be held on the * * * (Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, in odd-numbered years and quadrennially) thereafter, at such election, the qualified electors of the several counties of this Commonwealth shall elect, in the manner now provided by law for the election of other county officers, two sober, intelligent and judicious persons, to serve as jury commissioners in each of said counties, for the period of * * * (four) years ensuing their election; but the same person or persons shall not be eligible for re-election more than once in any period of six years: Provided, That each of said qualified electors shall vote for one person only as jury commissioner; and the two persons having the greatest number of votes for jury commissioner, shall be duly elected jury commissioners for such county. (Act 1867, Sec. 1, P. L. 62.)

Filling of Vacancy in Office of Jury Commissioners.

20. In case of the inability of either or all of the said jury commissioners, by sickness, death or other unavoidable cause, to discharge the duties of said office, or in case of neglect or refusal to serve thereon, it shall be the duty of the president judge in such county wherein said vacancy may have occurred, to appoint a suitable person or persons, as the case may be, possessing the qualifications aforesaid, to perform the duties of said office during such vacancy; and such person or persons, after having complied with the requirements of the third section of this act, shall proceed to discharge the duties of said office during the remainder of the term so vacated: Provided, That the provisions of this act shall not apply to the city of Philadelphia. (Act 1867, Sec. 7, P. L. 63.)

ARTICLE XLVII.

ELECTION OF MAGISTRATES, ALDERMEN, JUSTICES OF THE PEACE AND CONSTABLES.

†MAGISTRATES.

Magistrates to be Elected in Philadelphia in Lieu of Aldermen—Election and Commencement of Term.

1. In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished. (Art. 5, Sec. 12, Constitution.)

* * * The terms of all public officers elected in odd-numbered years shall hereafter begin on the first Monday of January succeeding their election. * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 5, P. L. 9.)

‡Election and Qualification of Magistrates.

2. The qualified electors of said city at large shall, on the * * * (Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in odd-numbered years), elect on general ticket as many magistrates as there are courts in said city, and no more, who shall hold their offices for the term of * * * (six) years from the first Monday of * * * (January) next succeeding their election, if they shall so long behave themselves well; and in the election of said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected, when more than (one) are to be chosen; * * * thereafter, the election of magistrates shall take place at the time fixed for the election of municipal officers in said city, immediately preceding the expiration of the term of any magistrate. The said magistrates shall be at least twenty-five years of age, and shall have resided for at least one year immediately preceding their election in the city of Philadelphia, and shall be qualified voters thereof. No magistrate shall practice as an attorney-at-law in any court in this Commonwealth, or elsewhere, during his term of office. (Act 1875, Sec. 4, P. L. 57.)

Filling Vacancies in Office of Magistrates.

3. Should any vacancy happen in the office of magistrate, either by death, resignation, disqualification, removal or otherwise, said vacancy shall be filled for the full term of * * * (six) years, in the manner hereinbefore set forth, at the next succeeding municipal election held in said city after said vacancy shall happen; and it shall be the duty of the Governor in the meantime to appoint and commission a suitable person to fill said vacancy until the first Monday of * * * (January) next succeeding the first municipal election after said vacancy shall happen: Provided, however, That if said vacancy shall happen within twenty days before any municipal election, said vacancy shall not be filled until the second succeeding municipal election thereafter; and the Governor shall appoint and commission a suitable person to fill said vacancy until the first Monday of * * * (January) after said second municipal election. (Act 1875, Sec. 9, P. L. 59.)

ALDERMEN.

Election of Aldermen—Term and Residence.

4. * * * Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, * * * aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, * * * by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No * * * ward * * * shall elect more than two * * * aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such * * * ward * * * no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the * * * ward * * * for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district. (Art. 5, Sec. 11, Constitution.)

* * * The terms of all public officers elected in odd-numbered years shall hereafter begin on the first Monday of January succeeding their election. * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 5, P. L. 9.)

Election of Aldermen in Cities of the Third Class.

5. Each of the wards of each of the said cities (of the third class) shall be entitled to elect one alderman, who shall have all the powers and jurisdiction of a justice of the peace, and said alderman shall be elected at the municipal election next preceding the expiration of the commission of the justice of the peace, resident in the district out of which the said ward shall be created. * * * (Act 1874, Sec. 32, P. L. 248.)

Certificate of Election—Commission—Oath—Filing of Acceptance.

6. Every person hereafter elected to the office of * * * alderman shall, within thirty days after the election, if he intends to accept said office, give notice thereof in writing to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the proper county, who shall immediately certify his election and such acceptance of the office to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, under his hand

†For manner of nominating all candidates for the offices of Magistrate, Alderman, Justice of the Peace and Constable, see Article V, Primary Elections.

and seal of office, together with the name of the township, borough, city, or ward for which such * * * alderman is elected and has accepted, the name of the person succeeded, and the cause of the vacancy; whereupon the Governor shall commission, for the full term, such persons as shall appear to be duly elected and accepting; and no commission shall issue until the Secretary of the Commonwealth has received the certificate aforesaid. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 142.)

* * * Whereupon the Governor shall issue commission to such persons as shall appear to be duly elected (aldermen) for the term of * * * (six) years, to be computed from the first Monday of * * * (January) succeeding the election, for which said commission each person so elected an alderman * * * shall pay three dollars to be received by the recorder of deeds of the proper county, to be by him transmitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, as fees for other commissions are transmitted; and the said aldermen * * * shall be, by the said recorder, sworn or affirmed, in the manner now provided by law. (Act 1877, Sec. 4, P. L. 12.)

Notice of Election of Aldermen to be Given by Constable.

7. It shall be the duty of the constable of the proper ward * * * to give at least twenty days' notice, by advertisement, preceding the election to be held on the * * * (Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, in odd-numbered years) of the expiration of the term of the commission of any alderman * * * that may expire on or before the first Monday of * * * (January) following, and also of any vacancy that may happen by death, resignation or otherwise. (Act 1877, Sec. 2, P. L. 12.)

Filling Vacancies in Office of Aldermen.

8. If any vacancy shall take place, after any ward * * * election, by reason of the erection of any new ward * * * or from the neglect or refusal of any person elected to accept a commission, within sixty days after the date thereof, or by death, resignation or otherwise, such vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the Governor, until the first Monday of * * * (January) succeeding the next * * * (municipal) * * * election. (Act 1877, Sec. 3, P. L. 12.)

It has been judicially declared that the word "vacancy" aptly and fitly describes the condition of an office when it is first created and has been filled by no incumbent. Com. v. Walsh, 89 Pa. 419, recognized in Stevens' Election, 94 Pa. 283. And the Governor's power to appoint conferred by the Acts of 1874, P. L. 118, and of 1877, P. L. 12, immediately attaches to such vacancy.

†JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Number of Justices of the Peace to be Elected in Townships and Undivided Boroughs.

9. The qualified voters of the respective * * * boroughs and townships in this Commonwealth shall * * * elect justices of the peace * * * as follows: For each township shall be elected two justices of the peace; for each borough, not divided into wards, shall be elected two justices of the peace. * * * (Act 1839, Sec. 1, P. L. 376.)

Number of Justices of the Peace to be Elected in Divided Boroughs.

10. Whenever any borough in this Commonwealth may be divided into wards, in accordance with the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement * * * in every such borough there shall be elected * * * two justices of the peace * * * who shall be chosen by the concurrent votes of each ward, and their election shall be ascertained and declared by the joint certificates of the judges of election as hereinafter provided: And provided further, That (justices of the peace) who shall be so chosen by the concurrent votes of said wards, shall be chosen for such terms as are now provided by existing laws. (Act 1878, Sec. 1, P. L. 51.)

†When to be Elected—To be Commissioned by Governor—Term—Qualification.

11. Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace * * * shall be elected in the several * * * boroughs or townships, by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township * * * or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace * * * without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township * * * or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, (or) borough * * * for one year next preceding his election * * * (Act 5, Sec. 11, Constitution.)

* * * The terms of all public officers elected in odd-numbered years shall hereafter begin on the first Monday of January succeeding their election. * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 5, P. L. 9.)

Certificate of Election—Commission—Oath—Filing of Acceptance.

12. Every person hereafter elected to the office of justice of the peace * * * shall, within thirty days after the election, if he intends to accept said office, give notice thereof in writing to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the proper county, who shall immediately certify his election and such acceptance of the office to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, under his hand and seal of office, together with the name of the township, borough, city, or ward for which such justice * * * is elected and has accepted, the name of the person succeeded, and the cause of the vacancy; whereupon the Governor shall commission, for the full term, such persons as shall appear to be duly elected and accepting; and no commission shall issue until the Secretary of the Commonwealth has received the certificate aforesaid. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 142.)

* * * Whereupon the Governor shall issue commission to such persons as shall appear to be duly elected, for the term of * * * (six) years, to be computed from the first Monday of * * * (January) succeeding the election, for which said commission each person so elected * * * justice of the peace shall pay three dollars, to be received by the recorder of deeds of the proper county, to be by him transmitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, as fees for other commissions are transmitted; and the said * * * justices of the peace shall be, by the said recorder, sworn or affirmed, in the manner now provided by law. (Act 1877, Sec. 4, P. L. 12.)

Filling Vacancies in Office of Justice of the Peace.

13. If any vacancy shall take place after any * * * (municipal) election, by reason of the election of any new * * * borough or township, or from the neglect or refusal of any person elected to accept a commission within sixty days after the date thereof, or by death, resignation or otherwise, such vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the Governor, until the first Monday of * * * (January) succeeding the next * * * (municipal) election. (Act 1877, Sec. 3, P. L. 12.)

If any vacancy shall take place in any * * * borough or township, by the neglect or refusal of any person elected to accept a commission * * * or by death, resignation or otherwise, such vacancy shall be supplied at the next election; and the election to supply such vacancy shall be held and conducted in the same manner as the other elections for justices under this act. (Act 1839, Sec. 7, P. L. 379.)

†CONSTABLES.

††Election of Constables in Philadelphia—Proviso.

14. On the * * * (Tuesday) next following the first Monday of November, in odd-numbered years) the qualified voters of each ward of the city of Philadelphia, shall elect two constables; they shall be qualified as the laws of this Commonwealth require such officers to be, and shall upon entering the requisite security, be commissioned by the court of quarter session of the county of Philadelphia; they shall be under and subject to the same legal penalties, do and perform all duties that the usages and laws of this Commonwealth enjoin upon such officers: Provided, That the qualified voters within the Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth wards shall elect the same number of constables as now by law allowed, and the constables in said wards shall be elected by separate districts, each district embracing the qualified voters of said wards, respectively residing within the bounds of the present districts for electing constables in like manner as if this act had not been passed. (Act 1854, Sec. 26, P. L. 36.)

Term of Constables in Philadelphia.

15. In lieu of the term of years for which constables of the various wards * * * of the said city (Philadelphia) are now elected, they shall hereafter be elected for the term of * * * (six) years, from and after the expiration of the various terms to which they have been elected. (Act 1864, Sec. 2, P. L. 60.)

Election of Constables in Cities of the Second and Third Classes—Term of Office—When Appointed to Fill Vacancies They Shall Serve Unexpired Term.

16. The qualified voters of each ward in cities of the second and third classes shall, on the * * * (Tuesday) next following the first Monday of November, in odd-numbered years and quadrennially) thereafter, elect a properly qualified person for constable in each of said wards, who shall serve for * * * (four) years. Whenever a constable shall be appointed by the court, as provided by existing laws, the constable so appointed shall serve for the unexpired term. (Act 1889, Sec. 1, P. L. 83.)

Commencement of Term of City, Ward, Borough and Township Officers (Including Constables in Cities.)

17. * * * The term of all public officers elected in odd-numbered years shall hereafter begin on the first Monday of January succeeding their election. * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 5, P. L. 9.)

†Election of Constables in Boroughs and Townships—Term of Office—Additional Constable Authorized in First Class Townships.

18. The qualified voters of every borough and township, and where a borough is divided into wards, of every ward in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, shall, on the * * * (on the Tuesday) next following the first Monday of November, in odd numbered years, and quadrennially) thereafter, vote for and elect a properly qualified person for constable in each of said districts, * * * and the person so elected shall serve for * * * (four) years. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 375.)

The electors of every borough shall, at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, and every fourth year thereafter, elect one person as high constable, to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next following. (Act 1915, Chap. 8, Art. 1, Sec. 16, P. L. 410.)

That at the general municipal election of the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, and quadrennially thereafter, the qualified electors of each township of the first class may vote for and elect a properly qualified person to serve as constable for such township, in addition to the constable now provided by law, and to serve for a term of four years. (Act 1911, Sec. 1, P. L. 727.)

When Township Constables to Accept Office.

19. It shall be the duty of every person elected to the office of constable in any township, to appear on the first day of next court of quarter sessions of the same county, to accept or decline such office; and if any person so elected and duly notified thereof, shall neglect or refuse so to appear, he shall forfeit to the township the sum of forty dollars, to be levied by order of the court. (Act 1834, Sec. 107, P. L. 556.)

Filling Vacancy in Office of Constable.

20. Whenever a vacancy may occur in * * * the office of constable in any borough, ward of any borough, or township in said Commonwealth, by reason of failure to elect, failure to qualify, incompetency, death, resignation, removal, or for any other cause, it shall be the duty of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the county in which such borough, ward or township may lie, to appoint a suitable person, who, upon being qualified as required by law, shall serve as the * * * constable thereof, as the case may require, for the unexpired term, so vacant. (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 22.)

The court of quarter sessions may fill any vacancy occurring in the office of high constable. Any person so appointed shall hold office for the unexpired term. (Act 1915, Chap. 8, Art. 2, Sec. 4, P. L. 412.)

†See footnotes on page 639.

††For termination and commencement of terms of constables now in office and of those to be elected hereafter see Schedule to Amendments to Constitution and Act of 1911, P. L. 8.

ARTICLE XLVIII.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

†Formation and Classification of School Districts.

1. Each city, incorporated town, borough, or township in this Commonwealth, now existing or hereafter created, shall constitute a separate school district, to be designated and known as the "School District of" and the several school districts thus established shall be, and hereby are, divided into four classes, as follows: (Act 1911, Sec. 101, P. L. 309.)

Each school district having a population of five hundred thousand (500,000), or more, shall be a school district of the first class. (Act 1911, Sec. 102, P. L. 310.)

Each school district having a population of thirty thousand (30,000), or more, but of less than five hundred thousand (500,000), shall be a school district of the second class. (Act 1911, Sec. 103, P. L. 310.)

Each school district having a population of five thousand (5,000), or more, but of less than thirty thousand (30,000), shall be a school district of the third class. (Act 1911, Sec. 104, P. L. 310.)

Each school district having a population of less than five thousand (5,000), shall be a school district of the fourth class. (Act 1911, Sec. 105, P. L. 310.)

‡Appointment, Election, Number and Term of School Directors.

2. The public school system established by the Act of May 18, 1911, shall be administered by a board of school directors in each school district, to be elected or appointed as follows: (Act 1911, Sec. 201, P. L. 317.)

In each school district of the first class, the judges of the courts of common pleas of the county in which such school district is situated, shall, in October, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (1911), appoint a board of fifteen (15) school directors as follows: Five for two years, five for four years, and five for six years; and in October of every second year thereafter, shall appoint five members for six years. Their term of office shall begin on the second Monday of November next following their appointment. (Act 1911, Sec. 202, P. L. 317.)

In each school district of the second class, there shall be nine (9) school directors elected at large, at the municipal election held in November, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (1911), three for two years, three for four years, and three for six years; and biennially thereafter, at each municipal election, three school directors shall be elected at large, for terms of six (6) years. Their terms of office shall begin on the first Monday of December following their election. (Act 1911, Sec. 203, P. L. 317.)

In each school district of the third class, there shall be seven (7) school directors elected at large, at the municipal election held in November, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (1911), two for two years, two for four years, and three for six years; and thereafter they shall be elected as follows: At each of the first two municipal elections, two school directors shall be elected; at the third municipal election, three shall be elected; and thereafter two school directors shall be elected at each of the two succeeding municipal elections, and three at each third municipal election; all to be elected at large, for terms of six years. Their terms of office shall begin on the first Monday of December following their election. (Act 1911, Sec. 204, P. L. 317.)

In each school district of the fourth class, there shall be five (5) school directors elected at large, at the municipal election held in November, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (1911), two for two years, two for four years, and one for six years; and thereafter they shall be elected as follows: At each of the first two municipal elections, two school directors shall be elected; at the third municipal election, one shall be elected; and thereafter two school directors shall be elected at each of the two succeeding municipal elections, and one at each third municipal election; all shall be elected at large, for terms of six (6) years. Their terms of office shall begin on the first Monday of December following their election. (Act 1911, Sec. 205, P. L. 317.)

Every independent school district, established as herein provided, shall have its affairs—except as to the election of school directors, who shall be appointed, as hereinafter provided—administered by a board of school directors, subject to all the provisions of this act relating to the class of school districts to which such independent district belongs. And the court establishing such independent school district shall, at the time of so doing, appoint a board of properly qualified residents of the district, of like number and for the same terms as is herein provided for such class of districts; and, in November of every odd year, such court shall appoint the proper number of directors for the full term of six years, whose terms shall begin on the first Monday of December following their appointment, and any vacancy in such board shall be filled by the court for the unexpired term. (Act 1911, Sec. 206, P. L. 318.)

Who Eligible to Office of School Director.

3. Any citizen of this Commonwealth, having a good moral character, being twenty-one (21) years of age or upwards, and having been a resident of the district for at least one (1) year prior to the date of his election or appointment, shall be eligible to the office of school director therein: Provided, That any person holding the office of mayor, chief Burgess, county commissioner, district attorney, city, borough, or township treasurer, city councilman, township commissioner, road supervisor, tax collector, any comptroller, auditor, constable, county superintendent or assistant county superintendent shall not be eligible as a school director in this Commonwealth. (Act 1919, Sec. 1, P. L. 517.)

A member of council in any municipality shall not be eligible to the office of school director. A school director shall not be eligible to the office of member of council in any municipality. (Act 1915, Sec. 1, P. L. 579.)

Any person who has held any office of trust or profit under the laws of the United States or of this Commonwealth, or in any county, city, borough, or township therein, and has been removed therefrom for any malfeasance in office, shall not be eligible to the office of school director. (Act 1911, Sec. 208, P. L. 318.)

Any person removed (by the court) from the office of school director (by reason of failure of board to organize) shall not be eligible again as school director for the period of five (5) years thereafter. (Act 1911, Sec. 218, P. L. 321.)

No religious or political test or qualification shall be required of any director, visitor, superintendent, teacher, or other officer, appointee, or employee in the public schools of this Commonwealth. (Act 1911, Sec. 2801, P. L. 433.)

Women, twenty-one years of age and upward, shall be eligible to any office of control or management under the school laws of this State. (Art. 10, Sec. 3, Constitution.)

†For creation of new districts and election of school directors therein see Acts of May 18, 1911, P. L. 309, and May 28, 1915, P. L. 627.

‡For manner of nominating candidates for office of school director, see Article V, Primary Elections.

How Tie Votes for Office of School Director to be Decided.

4. In case it should occur at any election that two (2) or more candidates for school director receive the same number of votes for the same office, the said persons shall in such manner as they see fit decide which of them shall be entitled to the office for which they received an equal number of votes, and in case they fail so to do and to file with the president or secretary of the board of school directors in said district, within twenty (20) days after the election, a paper signed by all the candidates receiving the same number of votes, stating which of said persons shall hold said office, then, in that case, the office for which they were candidates shall be vacant, and the board of school directors organizing in December following such election shall during the month of December fill such vacancy by the appointment of an eligible person, but none of the parties who had received an equal number of votes for such office shall be eligible for such vacancy. (Act 1911, Sec. 213, P. L. 319.)

Manner of Filling Vacancies in Office of School Director.

5. In case any vacancy shall occur in any board of school directors in any school district of this Commonwealth, by reason of death, resignation, removal from the district, or otherwise, such vacancy shall, in a school district of the first class, be filled for the unexpired term by the court of common pleas of the county in which such school district is situated; and in a school district of the second, third and fourth classes, the remaining members of the board of school directors shall, by a majority vote thereof, fill such vacancy within thirty (30) days thereafter. In a district of the second, third, or fourth class the person selected to fill such vacancy shall hold his office, if the term thereof so long continues, until the first Monday of December after the first municipal election occurring more than thirty (30) days after his appointment; at which election an eligible person shall be elected for the remainder of the unexpired term: Provided, That if, by reason of a tie vote or otherwise, such vacancy shall not have been filled by the board of school directors as is herein provided, within thirty (30) days after such vacancy shall have occurred, the court of common pleas of the proper county, upon the petition of ten or more resident taxpayers, shall fill such vacancy by the appointment of a suitable person for the unexpired term. (Act 1911, Sec. 214, P. L. 320.)

In case vacancies should occur whereby the offices of a majority of the members of any board of school directors, other than the board of school directors of a school district of the first class, should become vacant, the remaining members shall fill such vacancies one at a time, giving the new appointee such reasonable notice of his appointment as to enable him to meet and act with the then qualified members of the board in making further appointments, until a majority of the board has been secured, when the said majority shall fill the remaining vacancies at a meeting attended by the majority of said board, such appointees to receive a majority of the votes of the members present at any such meeting. The persons elected to fill such vacancies shall hold their offices, if the terms thereof continue so long, until the first Monday in December after the first municipal election occurring more than thirty (30) days after their appointment, at which election eligible persons shall be elected to fill the unexpired terms. (Act 1911, Sec. 215, P. L. 320.)

Disposition of Election Returns and Certificates of Election of School Directors.

6. The number of votes cast for the several candidates for school directors in all school districts in this Commonwealth at any election shall be returned by the election officers, as provided by law, and the clerk, prothonotary, or other proper authority, shall, within ten days thereafter, under seal of the court, certify the result of the election to each candidate duly elected, and a duplicate copy of each such certificate shall be mailed to the president of the board of school directors in the district in which such person or persons were elected. (Act 1911, Sec. 222, P. L. 322.)

Method of Contesting Election of School Directors.

7. Every election of school directors returned by the proper election officers, as required by law, shall be legal unless such election is contested within ten days after the day of election by ten qualified voters of the district, by written objections thereto, stating particularly the reason for contesting such election, which objections shall be filed in the court of quarter sessions for the county in which such election was held, which court is hereby authorized and required, forthwith, to examine into the said contested election and to confirm or set aside the same. If the election of any school director so contested shall be set aside by the court, such vacancy shall be filled, as in case of other vacancies, by the board of school directors organizing on the first Monday of December next following said municipal election, within thirty (30) days after its organization, or after such election has been declared illegal by the court. (Act 1911, Sec. 223, P. L. 322.)

ARTICLE XLIX.

†BOROUGH OFFICERS.

(See "General Elections" for time and manner of conducting elections for borough officers.)

Qualification, Election and Commencement of Term of.

1. Electors of the borough only shall be eligible to elective borough offices. (Act 1915, Chap. 8, Art. 1, Sec. 1, P. L. 407.)

Electors for borough offices shall be at the time and place designated by law for the holding of municipal elections. (Act 1915, Chap. 8, Art. 1, Sec. 2, P. L. 407.)

* * * The term of all public officers elected in odd-numbered years shall hereafter begin on the first Monday of January succeeding their election * * * (Act 1911, Sec. 5, P. L. 9.)

How Vacancies in Borough Offices are Filled.

2. The court of quarter sessions may, on petition of borough council, fill vacancies occurring in any elective borough office until the municipal election next following. Whenever a vacancy is filled by the court, as provided in this section, the electors of the borough shall, at the municipal election next succeeding such appointment, elect a sufficient number of persons to fill such vacancies for the unexpired term. (Act 1915, Chap. 8, Art. 2, Sec. 1, P. L. 412.)

†For termination and commencement of terms of borough and township officers and of those to be elected hereafter, see Schedule to Amendments to Constitution and Act of 1911, P. L. 8. For manner of nominating candidates for all Borough Offices, see Article V, Primary Elections.

†BURGESS.

When Elected and Term of.

3. Electors of every borough, shall, at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and every four years thereafter, elect one person as burgess, who shall hold office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election. (Act 1915, Chap. 8, Art. 1, Sec. 14, P. L. 410.)

Whenever two or more boroughs are consolidated under the provisions of chapter two, article two, the burgess of the borough which shall have been first incorporated shall be the burgess of the consolidated borough, to serve until the expiration of his term. The burgess of the other borough shall become a member of the council of such consolidated borough from the ward in which he resides and shall continue a member thereof until the expiration of his term. At the first municipal election for the election of burgesses in boroughs and quadrennially thereafter a burgess shall be elected in such consolidated borough for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding such election. (Act 1915, Chap. 8, Art. 1, Sec. 15, P. L. 410.)

Not to Hold any Other Office During Term or Preside over Council—Eligible for Re-Election.

4. No burgess shall hold any other borough office or appointment during the term for which he is elected, but he shall be eligible to succeed himself; he shall not be a member of, nor preside at the meetings of, the council, except as provided in section three, article one of this chapter. (Act 1917, Chap. 7, Art. 2, Sec. 1, P. L. 19.)

The burgess shall preside over the organization meeting of the council, but he shall not vote thereat, unless the vote of the council be equally divided. (Act 1915, Chap. 7, Art. 1, Sec. 3, P. L. 391.)

How Vacancy in Office of Burgess to be Filled.

5. The court of quarter sessions may, on petition of council or of any resident of the borough, fill any vacancy occurring in the office of burgess. Any person so appointed shall hold office for the unexpired term. (Act 1915, Chap. 8, Art. 2, Sec. 3, P. L. 412.)

†BOROUGH AUDITORS.

When Elected and Term of.

6. The qualified electors in boroughs electing auditors, and not accepting the provisions of chapter seven, article five, of this act, shall elect, at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, two auditors, one for a term of four years and one for a term of six years, to hold office from the first Monday of January next succeeding their election. Biennially thereafter, at the municipal election, one auditor shall be elected for a term of six years to fill the place of the auditor whose term shall expire on the first Monday of January next following such election. The auditor elected at the municipal election one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, for a term of four years, shall continue to hold his office until the expiration of his term. (Act 1917, Sec. 26, P. L. 704.)

BOROUGH TREASURER AND STREET COMMISSIONER.

Election and Term of.

7. The terms of office of all borough treasurers and street commissioners elected by the voters at large of any borough is fixed at four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding their election. (Act 1915, Chap. 8, Art. 1, Sec. 18, P. L. 411.)

BOROUGH CONTROLLER.

Election and Term of—Filling Vacancy in Office of.

8. The qualified electors in every borough having a controller, and in every borough accepting the provisions of chapter seven, article five, of this act, shall, at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and every four years thereafter elect, as borough controller, one person who shall be a competent accountant and an elector of the borough for at least four years prior to his election. The person so chosen shall serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election. (Act 1915, Chap. 8, Art. 1, Sec. 19, P. L. 411.)

The court of quarter sessions shall fill any vacancy occurring in the office of borough controller, and the person so appointed shall serve until the first Monday of January succeeding the municipal election occurring two months after the happening of such vacancy, at which election a successor shall be elected for the unexpired term. (Act 1915, Chap. 8, Art. 2, Sec. 5, P. L. 412.)

†BOROUGH OVERSEERS OF THE POOR.

When Elected and Term of.

9. That on the * * * (Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in odd-numbered years), the qualified electors of each borough and township within this Commonwealth, shall elect two persons overseers of the poor, the one receiving the highest number of votes to hold his office for the term of two years, and the one receiving the next highest number of votes to hold his office for the term of one year, and annually thereafter they shall elect one person overseer of the poor, to hold his office for the term of two years: Provided, That this act shall not apply to counties having county poor-houses managed by directors elected for that purpose, or by the commissioners of such county, nor to poor districts having poor-houses managed by directors of the poor. * * * (Act 1883, Sec. 1, P. L. 66.)

OTHER BOROUGH OFFICERS.

10. For borough assessor, see assessors; borough constable, see constables; borough school director, see school directors; borough tax collector, see borough and township tax collectors; justice of the peace, see justices of the peace.

†See footnotes on Page 643 in reference to borough and township officers.

ARTICLE L.

TOWNSHIPS AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

Division of Townships into Two Classes.

1. The townships now in existence and those to be hereafter created are divided into two classes. Those townships having a population of at least three hundred inhabitants to the square mile shall be townships of the first class. All other townships shall be townships of the second class. (Act 1917, Sec. 15, P. L. 840.)

Townships of First Class Not Having Required Population Shall be Re-Established as Townships of the Second Class.

2. At any time, not less than two years, before the time fixed for taking a decennial census of the United States, whenever twenty or more freeholders residing in any township of the first class shall present their petition to the court of quarter sessions, averring that the township no longer has a population of three hundred to the square mile, and shall give such security as the court may prescribe for the payment of all costs and expenses which may be incurred in any proceedings had upon said petition, the court shall appoint a commissioner to make an enrollment of the inhabitants of the township. The commissioner shall make an enrollment of the inhabitants of such township, and make a report thereof to the court at the next ensuing term. Upon the filing of the report the same shall be confirmed nisi. This confirmation shall become absolute unless excepted to within twenty days thereafter, during which time notice of the said filing and confirmation shall be advertised once a week for three weeks, in a newspaper published within the county, in general circulation in the district to be affected. If exceptions are filed to the report within said twenty days, the court, upon consideration thereof, shall confirm the report or modify the finding. After final confirmation the clerk of the court shall certify to the county commissioners and to the township commissioners the finding, as shown by the proceedings. The costs and expenses of the proceedings, including a reasonable fee for the commissioner, shall be paid by the petitioners or by the township, or partly by each, as the court shall direct. (Act 1917, Sec. 35, P. L. 840.)

The county commissioners in every county of the Commonwealth shall, by proclamation issued prior to the first day of January of each year, designate the townships, if any, which, since the last preceding proclamation, have been ascertained to have less than three hundred inhabitants to the square mile and to be townships of the second class. In all townships so designated the officers provided by this act for townships of the second class shall be chosen at the municipal election then next ensuing; and the township government constituted by this act for townships of the second class shall go into force on the first Monday of December next ensuing such election. (Act 1917, Sec. 36, P. L. 840.)

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS.

How Designated.

3. At any time, not less than one year before the time fixed for taking a decennial census of the United States, whenever the owners of twenty-five per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of any township of the second class shall present their petition to the court of quarter sessions, averring that the population of the township is at least three hundred to the square mile, and shall give such security as the court may prescribe for the payment of all costs and expenses which may be incurred in any procedure had upon said petition, the court shall appoint a commissioner to make an enrollment of the inhabitants of the township. The said commissioner shall make an enrollment of the inhabitants of such township, and make report thereof to the court at the next ensuing term. Upon the filing of the report the same shall be confirmed nisi, which confirmation shall become absolute unless excepted to within twenty days thereafter, during which time notice of the said filing and confirmation shall be advertised in a newspaper published in the county, once a week for three weeks. If exceptions are filed to the report within the said twenty days, the court, upon consideration thereof, shall confirm the report or modify the said finding. After final confirmation the clerk of the court shall certify to the county commissioners the population of the township, as shown by said proceedings. The costs and expenses of the proceedings, including a reasonable fee for the commissioner, shall be paid by the petitioners or by the township, or partly by each, as the court shall direct. (Act 1917, Sec. 30, P. L. 840.)

County Commissioners to Designate Townships of First Class After Each Decennial Census.

4. In addition to the procedure provided by section thirty of this act, the county commissioners of each county shall, following each decennial census of the United States, ascertain from such census whether any township in the county has a population of three hundred inhabitants to the square mile. Before the first day of January following the ascertainment of the population by the decennial census of the United States, the county commissioners shall, by proclamation, designate the townships of the first class, if any have the required population. By proclamation, to be issued prior to the first day of January of each of the intervening years, the county commissioners of each county shall designate the townships, if any, which have been ascertained to come within the said conditions under the procedure provided in section thirty of this act, and to be townships of the first class. All proclamations by the county commissioners shall be advertised in two newspapers published in the county. The cost of the advertisement of any such proclamation shall be paid by the township. (Act 1917, Sec. 31, P. L. 840.)

When Election For Officers Shall be Held.

5. In all townships designated as townships of the first class the officers provided for by this act for townships of the first class shall be chosen at the municipal election then next ensuing, as provided in Chapter five, Article one of this act in such cases, and the township government constituted by this act for townships of the first class shall go into force on the first Monday of January next ensuing said election. At such time all officers provided for townships of the second class shall cease to exist in such township, and the terms of the officers then in office shall expire. (Act 1917, Sec. 32, P. L. 840.)

†See footnotes on page 643 in reference to borough and township officers.

‡For method of division of townships, see Act of April 22, 1905, P. L. 288.

Eligibility of Officers in—To Hold Offices Until Successors are Elected.

6. No person shall be eligible to any office in any township of the first class unless he is an elector of the township for which he is chosen. (Act 1917, Sec. 100, P. L. 840.)
 Officers of townships of the first class shall hold their offices until their successors are elected and qualified. (Act 1917, Sec. 101, P. L. 840.)

Officers to be Elected In.

7. The electors of each township of the first class shall elect (a) at least five township commissioners, or, where there are more than five election districts in any township, then as many as there are election districts, (b) one township treasurer, (c) one township assessor and two assistant assessors, and (d) three township auditors. (Act 1917, Sec. 102, P. L. 840.)

Election and Number of Township Commissioners—Court of Common Pleas to Number All Election Districts Not Numbered.

8. At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and every four years thereafter, there shall be elected, by the qualified voters of each even-numbered election district of townships of the first class, one township commissioner, who need not reside in the election district for which he is elected; in townships of the first class having five or less election districts, the number of commissioners of such township shall be five. The remaining number of commissioners to which the said township is entitled, as aforesaid, including the commissioners now holding office for the odd-numbered election districts of the said township, shall hold over and continue in said office until the first Monday in January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty. At the township election to be held on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in November, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and every four years thereafter, the qualified voters of each odd-numbered election district of every township of the first class shall elect one commissioner, who need not reside in the election district for which he is elected; and the remaining number of commissioners to which the said township is entitled, as aforesaid, shall at the same time be elected by the qualified voters of the whole township. All commissioners hereafter elected shall hold office for the term of four years.

When any township of the first class is organized there shall be elected, at the municipal election following, one township commissioner from each election district, who need not reside in the election district for which he is elected. In any such townships having less than five election districts the number of township commissioners shall be five, and the number of commissioners equal to the difference between five and the number of election districts shall be elected at large. At such election the township commissioners elected in even-numbered districts shall be elected for a term of two years, and the township commissioners elected at large and in odd-numbered districts shall be elected for a term of four years, or vice versa, as the case may be, in order that the terms may harmonize with the elections in townships organized prior to the passage of this act.

After the passage of this act, upon application, the court of common pleas of the proper county shall number all election districts not numbered in townships of the first class, and cause the same to be certified to the county commissioners. (Act 1917, Sec. 110, P. L. 840.)

What Notice of Primary Election or Nominating Caucus for Nomination of Township Commissioner Shall Specify—How Names of Candidates Shall Appear on Ballot.

9. The notice of any primary election, or nominating caucus, convention, or meeting, held for the purpose of nominating candidates for the office of township commissioner, and the notice of any election of township commissioners, shall designate for what election district of the township each commissioner is to be nominated or elected, as the case may be. In case any one or more of the township commissioners is to be elected by vote of the qualified electors of the township at large, the notice shall so state. The ballots to be cast at any election for township commissioners shall designate, under an appropriate heading, the candidate for the office of township commissioner for whom the qualified electors of the election district are entitled to cast their ballots, and under an appropriate heading the candidate or candidates for the office of township commissioner which are to be elected by the electors of the township at large. (Act 1917, Sec. 111, P. L. 840.)

Election and Term of Township Treasurer—Office of Township Auditor Incompatible With That of Treasurer.

10. At the municipal election in the year preceding the expiration of the term of the treasurer now in office, or at the municipal election following the designation of a township of the first class, and at the municipal election every four years thereafter, the qualified electors of each township of the first class shall elect a township treasurer. The township treasurer elected under this section shall hold office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next following his election.

The same person may hold the office of township treasurer and treasurer of the school board, but no township treasurer shall hold the office of township auditor. (Act 1917, Sec. 115, P. L. 840.)

Election and Term of Township Auditors—Office of Constable Incompatible With That of Auditor

11. In every township of the first class there shall be three auditors, who shall hold their office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next following their election. These auditors shall be elected as follows:

In townships now organized, at the municipal election preceding the expiration of the term of any of the auditors now in office; and at the municipal election every two years thereafter, the qualified electors of each township of the first class shall elect one or two auditors, as the case may be, to take the place of those whose terms expire on the first Monday of January next following such election.

In all townships hereafter designated as townships of the first class, the qualified electors of such townships shall, at the municipal election next following such designation, elect three auditors. Two of the auditors so elected shall hold office for a term of four years, and one for a term of two years. The ballots at any such election shall designate the term for which each auditor is elected. At each municipal election following the electors of such township shall elect one or two auditors, as the case may be, to take the place of those whose terms expire on the first Monday of January next following such election.

No auditor shall at the same time hold the office of constable. (Act 1917, Sec. 125, P. L. 840.)

Filling of Vacancy in Office of Township Commissioner.

12. When a vacancy occurs in the office of township commissioner in any township of the first class, by reason of death, resignation, removal from the township, or otherwise, the court of quarter sessions, upon the petition of ten qualified voters of the district in which the vacancy occurs, may appoint a qualified voter of the township to fill such vacancy. If such petition is not presented to the court within thirty days after such vacancy occurs, the board of township commissioners of the township may appoint a qualified voter of the township to fill the vacancy. In either event the person so appointed shall hold office for the unexpired term of the person whose place he is appointed to fill. (Act 1917, Sec. 130, P. L. 840.)

Township Commissioners to Fill Vacancy in Office of Township Treasurer.

13. The board of township commissioners of townships of the first class may fill any vacancy occurring in the office of township treasurer by death, resignation, removal from the township, or otherwise. The person so appointed shall hold office for the unexpired term of the person whose place he is appointed to fill. (Act 1917, Sec. 131, P. L. 840.)

Court of Quarter Sessions to Fill Vacancy in Office of Township Auditor.

14. When a vacancy occurs in the office of township auditor in any township of the first class, by reason of death, resignation, removal from the township, or otherwise, the court of quarter sessions shall appoint a suitable person to fill such vacancy for the unexpired term of the person whose place he is appointed to fill. (Act 1917, Sec. 132, P. L. 840.)

Filling of Vacancy in Office of Township Assessor and Assistant Assessor.

15. Vacancies in the office of assessor or assistant assessors in township of the first class shall be filled in the manner now provided by law. (Act 1917, Sec. 133, P. L. 840.)

†TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS.

How Created.

16. The courts of quarter sessions may, upon the presentation of a petition erect new townships of the second class out of parts of two or more townships, so as to suit the convenience of the inhabitants thereof. (Act 1917, Sec. 20 P. L. 840.)

Eligibility of Officers In.

17. No person shall be eligible to any office in any township of the second class unless he is an elector of the township for which he is chosen. (Act 1917, Sec. 140, P. L. 840.)

†Officers to be Elected In.

18. The electors of each township of the second class shall elect (a) three township supervisors, (b) one township assessor, (c) three township auditors, and (d) one tax collector. (Act 1917, Sec. 141, P. L. 840.)

Election, Number and Term of Township Supervisors.

19. At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and at the municipal election every two years thereafter, the qualified electors of each township of the second class shall elect one township supervisor. All township supervisors elected under this section shall hold their office for a term of six years from the first Monday of December next following their election. (Act 1917, Sec. 145, P. L. 840.)

Whenever a township of the second class is created by the division of a township of the first or second class, under the provisions of chapter three, article four of this act; or whenever a township of the second class is created by re-establishment from a township of the first class, as provided in chapter three, article three of this act; or when a township of the second class is erected under the provisions of chapter three, article one of this act, and, in the latter case, the court so orders,—the qualified electors of such township shall, at the next ensuing municipal election, elect three township supervisors, one for a term of two years, one for a term of four years, and one for a term of six years. The ballot shall designate the term for which each township supervisor is elected. The township supervisors so elected shall hold office from the first Monday of December next following their election.

Biennially thereafter, at each succeeding municipal election, the electors of such township of the second class shall elect one township supervisor for a term of six years, to serve from the first Monday of December next following such election. (Act 1917, Sec. 146, P. L. 840.)

Election and Term of Township Auditors—Office of Constables Incompatible With That of Auditor—Court of Quarter Sessions to Fill Vacancy in Office of Auditor.

20. At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and at the municipal election every two years thereafter, the qualified electors of each township of the second class shall elect one township auditor. All township auditors elected under this section shall hold office for a term of six years from the first Monday of December next following their election.

No auditor shall at the same time hold the office of constable. (Act 1917, Sec. 150, P. L. 840.) In all townships of the second class now organized, which have been electing township auditors for four year terms, an auditor shall be elected at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, for a term of six years, commencing on the first Monday of December next succeeding his election. At every biennial municipal election thereafter an auditor shall be elected, in each of such townships, for a term of six years from the first Monday of December next succeeding his election.

†See footnotes on page 643 in reference to borough and township officers.

If at any time any of such townships shall be without the required number of auditors provided by this act for townships of the second class, vacancies shall exist, and the court of quarter sessions shall appoint an auditor or auditors, to fill such vacancies, the auditors so appointed shall hold office until their successors are elected and qualified under the provisions of this section. (Act 1917, Sec. 151, P. L. 840.)

Whenever a township of the second class is created by the division of a township of the first or second class, under the provisions of chapter three, article four of this act; or whenever a township of the second class is created by re-establishment from a township of the first class, as provided in chapter three, article three of this act; or when a township of the second class is erected, under the provisions of chapter three, article one of this act, and, in the latter case, the court so orders,—the qualified electors of such township shall at the next ensuing municipal election, elect three township auditors, one for a term of two years, one for a term of four years, and one for a term of six years. The ballot shall designate the term for which each township auditor is elected. The township auditors so elected shall hold office from the first Monday of December next following their election.

Biennially thereafter, at each succeeding municipal election, the electors of such township of the second class shall elect one township auditor for a term of six years, to serve from the first Monday of December next following such election. (Act 1917, Sec. 152, P. L. 840.)

Filling Vacancy in Office of Township Supervisor.

21. If the electors of any township of the second class shall fail to choose a township supervisor, or if any person elected to such office shall neglect or refuse to serve therein, or if a vacancy shall occur in the office by death, resignation or otherwise, the court of quarter sessions shall, upon the presentation of a petition signed by a supervisor and not less than ten voters who are owners of real estate in the township, appoint a person to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term of the person whose place he is appointed to fill.

In all cases where a vacancy occurs in the board of township supervisors from any cause, and within a reasonable time thereafter, no petition for the appointment of a person to fill such vacancy has been presented to the court, the two remaining supervisors may appoint a successor to fill the office for the unexpired term. When a vacancy is filled by the remaining supervisors, they shall, within fifteen days thereafter, certify such appointment to the clerk of quarter sessions. (Act 1917, Sec. 180, P. L. 840.)

Court of Quarter Sessions to Fill Vacancy in Office of Township Auditor.

22. When a vacancy occurs in the office of township auditor in any township of the second class by reason of death, resignation, removal from the township, or otherwise, the court of quarter sessions shall appoint a suitable person to fill such vacancy for the unexpired term of the person whose place he is appointed to fill. (Act 1917, Sec. 181, P. L. 840.)

Filling of Vacancy in Office of Township Assessor.

23. Vacancies in the office of assessor in townships of the second class shall be filled in the manner now provided by law. (Act 1917, Sec. 182, P. L. 840.)

OTHER TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

24. For township assessors, see assessors; township overseers, see borough overseers; township constable, see constables; township school director, see school directors; township tax collector, see borough and township tax collectors; justice of the peace, see justices of the peace.

ARTICLE LI.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

Courts to Try and Determine Contested Elections—No Law to Apply to Contests Arising Prior to its Passage.

1. The trial and determination of contested elections of electors of President and Vice-President, members of the General Assembly, and of all public officers, whether State, judicial, municipal or local, shall be by the courts of law, or by one or more of the law judges thereof; the General Assembly shall, by general law, designate the courts and judges by whom the several classes of election contests shall be tried, and regulate the manner of trial and all matters incident thereto; but no such law assigning jurisdiction, or regulating its exercise, shall apply to any contest arising out of an election held before its passage. (Art. 8, Sec. 17, Constitution.)

Classification of Contested Elections.

2. The several classes of elections which may be contested in this Commonwealth are hereby distinguished and designated, as follows, to wit:

I. The Governor and Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth.

II. Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, and all officers of this Commonwealth (except Governor and Lieutenant-Governor), who now are or hereafter shall be required to be elected by the qualified voters of the State at large.

III. The judges of the several courts of record, to be learned in the law, other than judges of the Supreme Court.

IV. All other officers (excepting members of the General Assembly), whether elected by the qualified voters of counties, cities, townships, boroughs, wards, school districts or any other division of the State. (Act 1874, Sec. 1, P. L. 208.)

OF GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

Joint Committee of General Assembly to Try and Determine Contested Elections of First Class.

3. Cases of the first class shall be tried and determined by a committee selected from both houses of the General Assembly, in the manner and under the regulations hereinafter prescribed. (Act 1874, Sec. 2, P. L. 209.)

Joint Committee of General Assembly to Try and Determine Contested Elections of Governor and Lieutenant-Governor.

4. Contested elections of Governor and Lieutenant-Governor shall be tried and determined by a committee to be selected from both houses of the General Assembly, and formed and regulated in the following manner: (Act 1874, Sec. 20, P. L. 213.)

Mode of Procedure for Commencement of Proceedings for Trial and Determination of Contested Elections of First Class.

5. Upon the petition, in writing, of at least one hundred qualified electors of the Commonwealth, accompanied by the affidavit, taken and subscribed by at least twenty of the petitioners, before some person having authority to administer oaths, that the facts set forth are true to the best of their knowledge and belief, and a certificate from the prothonotary of the county or counties where the petitioners reside, that they are all qualified electors, being presented to the President of the Senate within ten days from the organization of the Legislature next succeeding the election complained of, he shall immediately give information thereof to both houses; such petition being read in each house, shall be laid on the table without any question taken thereon, until the two houses shall proceed thereon in manner following: (Act 1874, Sec. 21, P. L. 214.)

Joint Meeting of Legislature and Selection of Committee on Part of Senate and House in Trials of Contested Elections of the First Class.

6. The Senate and House of Representatives shall, on a day and hour to be agreed on between them, which day shall be within five days of the reception of the petition, as aforesaid, shall convene in the hall of the House of Representatives, where the petition shall be read by the Clerk of the Senate; the names of the members of each house shall then be called over by the respective clerks, and a quorum of each house being present, a joint committee shall be formed as follows:

I. The names of all the Senators present, except the President pro tempore, shall be written on distinct pieces of paper, as nearly alike as may be, each of which shall be rolled up and put into a box by the Clerk of the House of Representatives, and placed on the Speaker's table.

II. The Clerk of the Senate having shaken and intermixed the said papers, shall draw them out one by one, and put them alternately into three boxes, also placed on the Speaker's table.

III. When the whole number shall be thus distributed, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall shake and intermix the papers in each box, and shall draw alternately from each box the papers so rolled up, and shall deliver them singly to the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

IV. The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall open the said papers singly, and read aloud the names on each, and then deliver the papers singly to the President of the Senate, who shall place them openly on the table.

V. A member of each house, to be designated by the respective presiding officers, shall take down in writing the names so called, and shall each of them repeat aloud the name so written, until the number of twelve names be drawn out and written down. (Act 1874, Sec. 22, P. L. 214.)

The like proceedings shall then be had for drawing twenty-five members of the House of Representatives for the purpose: Provided,

I. That the duties herein enjoined upon the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall be performed by the Clerk of the Senate.

II. That the duties enjoined upon the Clerk of the Senate shall be performed by the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

III. That the duties hereinbefore enjoined upon the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall be performed by the presiding officer of the Senate.

IV. That the duties hereinbefore enjoined upon the President of the Senate shall be performed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, whose name shall not be placed in the box. (Act 1874, Sec. 23, P. L. 214.)

How Members of Committee Drawn May be Set Aside by Parties to Contest.

7. If any objection be made by either of the parties to any member so drawn by lot, such members shall be discharged, and another name be drawn to supply the place, and so on until the whole number of twelve Senators and twenty-five members of the House of Representatives shall be completed; and in all cases the members drawn in place of those objected to, shall be in like manner liable to be set aside, and others shall be drawn in their places; but if so many be set aside by reason of objections, as aforesaid, that there shall not remain more than the number aforesaid, then no further objection shall be admitted. (Act 1874, Sec. 24, P. L. 215.)

When Committee Has Been Selected the Names of Persons not Drawn to be Called Out and Corrections Made—No Objection Can be Made After Committee is Sworn.

8. When the number aforesaid shall be completed, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall draw out one by one the names of the remaining members of the Senate, and deliver them singly to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who shall unfold and read them aloud; and the Clerk of the Senate shall, in like manner, draw out the names of the remaining members of the House of Representatives, and deliver them singly to the Speaker of the Senate, who shall unfold them and read them aloud; and if any unfairness or mistakes shall then be discovered therein, the whole proceedings shall be set aside, and the same shall be renewed in manner and form hereinbefore directed; but after the committee is sworn, no objection for such cause shall be received. (Act 1874, Sec. 25, P. L. 215.)

How Committee Selected as Aforesaid to be Reduced to Four Senators and Nine Representatives.

9. When the proceedings aforesaid shall be concluded, a list of the twelve members of the Senate and a separate list of the twenty-five members of the House of Representatives so drawn shall be given to each of the parties, who shall immediately withdraw to some adjoining room, with a clerk or member appointed by the joint vote of members present, where they shall proceed to strike off alternately the names upon such list, until the number shall be reduced to four members of the Senate and nine of the House of Representatives. (Act 1874, Sec. 26, P. L. 215.)

Until Committee is Selected no Member Whose Name Shall Have Been Drawn to Leave the Conference Room.

10. On the parties withdrawing to form such select committee, the members of both houses shall continue convened, and the members whose names shall have been drawn out of the boxes shall not depart the conference room without leave, until the time and place for the meeting of the select committee shall be fixed as hereinafter provided. (Act 1874, Sec. 27, P. L. 215.)

Names of Committee Finally Selected to be Delivered to Presiding Officer of Senate Within One Hour and Shall Then Be Sworn.

11. Within one hour from the time of withdrawing as aforesaid, the parties shall deliver to the presiding officer of the Senate the names of the said four members of the Senate and nine of the House of Representatives remaining on the list, who shall then respectively take an oath or affirmation, to be administered by the presiding officer of the Senate, to try the matter of the petition and to give a true judgment thereon, according to the evidence, unless the committee shall be dissolved. (Act 1874, Sec. 28, P. L. 215.)

Time and Place and Meeting of Committee.

12. The time and place for the meeting of the select committee so appointed shall then be directed by the joint vote of the members of both houses, which time shall be within forty-eight hours of the appointment. (Act 1874, Sec. 29, P. L. 216.)

When a Member of the Committee May be Excused from Attendance at Meeting.

13. If any person appointed a member of such select committee shall, at the time of such appointment, swear or affirm that he cannot, without great inconvenience, serve on such committee, he shall be excused, and in such case another shall be substituted. But if any member of such committee shall neglect to attend upon the committee, his name shall be reported in writing to the house of which he shall be a member, and, unless satisfactory reasons be given for his non-attendance, he shall be reprimanded by the presiding officer of the house of which he is a member. (Act 1874, Sec. 30, P. L. 216.)

The Chief Justice of Supreme Court to Preside Over Meetings of Committee.

14. The select committee so chosen shall be presided over by the chief justice of the Supreme Court, who shall decide questions regarding the admissibility of evidence, and he shall, upon request of the committee, pronounce his opinion upon other questions of law involved in the trial; but he shall not have a vote on the final determination of the case. Immediately after the appointment of the select committee aforesaid, the presiding officer of the Senate shall notify the chief justice of the Supreme Court thereof, and he shall immediately attend the meetings of the committee, as the presiding officer thereof. (Act 1874, Sec. 31, P. L. 216.)

When Sitzings of Committee Shall be Held.

15. The select committee shall sit from day to day, Sundays excepted, at such hours as shall not interfere with their attendance in the Legislature; but unless nine of their number be present, the committee, after waiting one hour, shall adjourn to the next day; and if the number of the committee shall unavoidably be reduced to less than nine members and shall so continue for the space of three days, Sundays excepted, the committee shall be dissolved, and there shall be another chosen in manner aforesaid: Provided, That when the two houses shall stand adjourned for more than three days, the committee may adjourn to the same time. (Act 1874, Sec. 32, P. L. 216.)

Powers of Said Committee.

16. The select committee shall have power to send for persons, papers and records, and to compel the attendance of and examine all witnesses who may come before them, upon oath or affirmation, which the chief justice of the Supreme Court, or clerk of the committee, may administer in their presence, and to decide not only on the validity of such contested election, but also which of the candidates had the greatest number of legal votes. (Act 1874, Sec. 33, P. L. 216.)

Committee May Compel Unqualified Voter to Disclose for Whom he Voted.

17. When it is proven to the satisfaction of said committee that any person, not a legally qualified voter, voted at any such contested election, it shall be lawful for said committee to compel said voter to disclose, under oath, for which of the respective candidates he voted; but when the committee examines the witness on oath as to the person or persons for whom he voted, and said witness, on such examination, discloses the names of the persons for whom he voted at such election, he shall not afterwards be presented for having illegally voted at such election. (Act 1874, Sec. 34, P. L. 216.)

Regulations and Proceedings of Said Committee.

18. The doors of the room in which the select committee shall meet shall remain open during the examination of witnesses, but may be shut at any other time; all determinations required to be made by such committee shall be by a majority of the whole number appointed; and as soon as the committee shall have agreed upon the same, two reports thereof shall be made in writing, one of which shall be delivered to the presiding officer of the Senate, and the other to the Speaker of the House of Representatives; which reports shall be entered on the Journals of the respective houses, and shall be final and conclusive. (Act 1874, Sec. 35, P. L. 217.)

Report of Committee to be Final.

19. If the committee, or a majority thereof as aforesaid, shall report that either of the candidates had the greatest number of legal votes, and ought to be admitted to the office, such candidate shall thereupon be entitled to such office. (Act 1874, Sec. 36, P. L. 217.)

When Election is Declared Void Writes to Issue for New Election.

20. If the committee, or a majority thereof as aforesaid, shall report that such election or return is invalid, a new election shall take place on the day of the general election ensuing, agreeably to the Constitution, of which the presiding officer of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives shall immediately give notice, by their joint writ directed to the sheriffs of the respective counties; and the sheriffs of the respective counties shall give due notice thereof according to law. (Act 1874, Sec. 37, P. L. 217.)

OF PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS AND STATE OFFICERS EXCEPT GOVERNOR AND
LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

Contested Elections of the Second Class to be Tried and Determined by the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

21. Cases of the second class shall be tried and determined by the court of common pleas of Dauphin county; and for the purpose of hearing and determining the complaint in the petition in which cases, the court of common pleas of the Twelfth judicial district shall notify to sit with it on the hearing of such complaint two president judges, learned in the law, residing nearest to the court house of the said judicial district; and the judges so notified shall appear and sit as part of the said court on the hearing, trial and determination of such petition. Act 1874, Sec. 3, P. L. 209.)

Decree of Court to be Entered of Record—Party Receiving Highest Number of Votes to be Commissioned.

22. After the hearing of the said case, the said judges shall without unnecessary delay, decide which of the candidates voted for received the greatest number of legal votes, and is entitled to the office; which decision shall be entered of record to the case in the said court, and a certified copy thereof shall, within five days from the rendering thereof, be delivered to the Secretary of the Commonwealth; whereupon the person who, by the decision of the court, shall appear to have received the largest number of votes, shall be entitled to the office, and be commissioned accordingly. (Act 1874, Sec. 4, P. L. 209.)

In Case of Contested Election of Judges, Appeal Allowed on Constitutional Question.

23. When the election of a judge of the Supreme Court, or a judge of any subordinate court of record, required to be learned in the law, shall be contested, if the trial and determination of such election contest shall involve the true construction of any provision of the Constitution, or if the decision shall depend on any question arising upon the Constitution, an appeal shall lie from the decision of the court or judges empowered to try such contested election to the Supreme Court. (Act 1878, Sec. 1, P. L. 204.)

OF JUDGES, EXCEPT JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Contested Elections of the Third Class to be Conducted by the Court of Common Pleas of County Wherein Persons Returned as Elected Shall Reside.

24. Contested elections of president or additional law judges of any of the judicial districts of this Commonwealth, shall be tried and determined before the court of common pleas of the county where the person returned as elected shall reside, in manner following: (Act 1874, Sec. 5, P. L. 209.)

Mode of Procedure for Commencement of Proceedings for Trial and Determination of Contested Election of the Third Class.

25. Upon the petition in writing of at least fifty qualified electors of the district for which the person whose election is contested was returned as elected, accompanied by the affidavit of not less than ten of such petitioners, being presented in due form to the Attorney General of the Commonwealth, complaining of an undue election or false return of any president or additional law judge of any judicial district of the Commonwealth, the Attorney General shall immediately notify the Governor thereof, who shall, without delay, direct the three president judges residing nearest to the court house of the county composing the district, or if more than one county composes the judicial district, then those nearest the court house of the most populous county of the district, to convene, without delay, the court of common pleas of such county, and proceed to hear and determine the complaint of the said petition; and after such hearing the said judges shall with no unnecessary delay decide which of the candidates voted for received the greatest number of legal votes, and is entitled to the office; which decision shall be entered of record to the case in said court, and a certified copy thereof shall, within five days from the rendering of such decision, be transmitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth; whereupon the person, who, by the said decision, shall appear to have received the largest number of votes, shall be entitled to the office, and commissioned accordingly: Provided, No order shall be taken on such petition, unless it shall be presented to the Attorney General within thirty days after the election complained of. (Act 1874, Sec. 6, P. L. 209.)

Contests of elections are wholly statutory, and no appeal lies from the judgment of the trial court unless expressly authorized.

In an election contest instituted by petition of electors to the Attorney General, and the appointment of a special court under section six of the act of May 19, 1874, no appeal lies except where a constitutional question is involved, when the case may be appealed under the act of June 12, 1878.

An appeal in such a case will be quashed where it appears that the rules applied by the court below, in so far as they involved constitutional questions, were in favor of the appellant. Whether the rules laid down were applied correctly to the case of each particular vote offered or challenged did not raise any constitutional question, but merely one of fact.

Under the act of June 12, 1878, what the Supreme Court is authorized to review is the soundness of the law as declared by the court below to have been their guide in reaching a decision. *Lyon v. Dunn*, 198 Pa. 90.

Jurisdiction Where There is More Than One Court of Common Pleas in the District.

26. In any contested election of any president or additional law judge in any judicial district, where there is more than one court of common pleas, the court of the next highest number to the court for which the person whose election is contested is returned as elected, if there be one higher, and if not, the one next lower, shall perform all the duties required of the three president judges, as prescribed in the foregoing section. (Act 1874, Sec. 7, P. L. 210.)

When Appeal is Allowed in Contested Elections of Judges.

27. When the election of a judge of the Supreme Court, or a judge of any subordinate court of record, required to be learned in the law, shall be contested, if the trial and determination of such election contest shall involve the true construction of any provision of the Constitution, or if the decision shall depend on any question arising upon the Constitution, an appeal shall lie from the decision of the court or judges empowered to try such contested election to the Supreme Court. (Act 1878, Sec. 1, P. L. 204.)

Manner of Taking Appeal.

28. Such appeal may be taken by any person whose right to the office was tried and determined, or by any person aggrieved by the decision, within thirty days after the decision of the judges shall have been entered of record to the case in the court of common pleas. The appeal shall be filed in the prothonotary's office of the proper district, but may be heard by the said Supreme Court in any district; and it shall be the duty of said court to hear and decide the same, without delay. (Act 1878, Sec. 2, P. L. 205.)

Duties of Court Trying Contest.

29. To this end, it is hereby made the duty of the judges in the court of common pleas trying such election contest to first, find separately and explicitly the facts deemed by them material to the decision, and also such other facts as any party to the contest may request them in writing to ascertain; and to, second, answer such points of law as may be submitted to them. (Act 1878, Sec. 3, P. L. 205.)

Supreme Court to Decide Who Received Highest Number of Votes—Commission to Issue to Person Declared Elected.

30. The said Supreme Court, having decided the constitutional question involved in such election contest, shall thereupon proceed to decide and declare which of the candidates voted for received the greatest number of legal votes and is entitled to the office, and shall cause their decision to be certified to the Secretary of the Commonwealth; whereupon, the person who, by the decision of the said Supreme Court, shall appear to have received the largest number of legal votes, shall be entitled to the office and be commissioned accordingly. (Act 1878, Sec. 4, P. L. 205.)

OF STATE SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES.

Contested Elections of Senators and Members to be Tried by Court of Common Pleas of Their Respective Counties.

31. Contested elections of Senators and members of the House of Representatives shall be tried and determined by the court of common pleas of the county where the person returned as such shall reside, in the manner following: (Act 1874, Sec. 11, P. L. 211.)

Mode of Procedure for Commencement of Proceedings for Trial and Determination of Contested Elections of Members of General Assembly.

32. Upon petition in writing of at least twenty qualified electors of the Senatorial district, in case of a Senator, and of the county, in case of a member of the House of Representatives, complaining of an undue election or false return of any Senator or Representative, the court, if in session, or the president judge thereof if in vacation, shall immediately appoint a suitable time for the hearing in open court of such complaint; and if the court is not in session, the president judge to whom such complaint is made shall direct the court to convene for that purpose, notice of which shall be given to the person returned at least ten days before such hearing; but no order shall be taken on such petition, unless it be accompanied by the affidavit of at least five of the petitioners, taken before a person qualified to administer oaths or affirmations, setting forth that the facts there stated are true to the best of their knowledge and belief, and unless such petition shall be presented within thirty days of the election complained of; that on the trial of contested elections of Senators and members of the House of Representatives, the petitioners complaining of the election and the person returned as elected, shall be the parties thereto. (Act 1874, Sec. 12, P. L. 211.)

Powers and Duties of Court Trying Contested Elections of Members of General Assembly.

33. The court of common pleas to which a petition shall be presented, as aforesaid, contesting the right of a Senator or member of the House of Representatives to the seat for which he may have been returned as elected, shall have authority to compel the attendance of any officer of the election complained of, and of any person capable of testifying concerning the same; and also to compel the production of all books, papers, tally lists, tickets, ballot-boxes and all other documents which may be required at such hearing, in like manner and to the same extent as in other cases litigated before such court, to appoint commissioners to take testimony, and to proceed without delay, postponing for the purpose, if necessary all other business, to the hearing and determination of such case. (Act 1874, Sec. 13, P. L. 211.)

Court to Decide Without Delay Who is Entitled to Certificate of Election.

34. After the hearing, as aforesaid, the court shall, without unnecessary delay, decide which of the candidates voted for received the greatest number of legal votes, and is entitled to the certificate of election. (Act 1874, Sec. 14, P. L. 212.)

Decision of Court to be Given Speaker of Proper House—Mode of Procedure and Final Determination Upon Petition of Party Aggrieved.

35. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall on the day of the meeting of the next General Assembly, or if in session, then immediately upon its reception, deliver to the Speaker of the proper house the certified copy of the decision of the court aforesaid; any claimant to a seat in either branch of the Legislature, who shall feel aggrieved by the decision of the court in his case, may present his petition to the proper house, within ten days after the meeting of the Legislature, or within ten days after the decision shall have been made in his case, if the Legislature shall then be in session, setting forth his claim to the seat; which petition shall have appended thereto the affidavit of the petitioner, setting forth that he verily believes that he was duly elected to the seat, and that the statements set forth in his petition are just and true, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and said petition shall also be signed by at least twenty qualified electors of the proper county or district, at least five of whom shall make affidavit that the facts set forth in said petition are true to the best of their knowledge and belief; such petition, when presented, shall be referred to a standing committee on elections, which committee shall proceed to hear the claims of the contestant and respondent, and report the facts and a resolution expressing the decision of the committee for the consideration of the house; and the vote of the proper house on the claims of the contestant and respondent shall be final: Provided, That no resolution deciding such question shall be adopted, unless it shall receive the votes of a majority of all the members elected to the house considering the same. (Act 1874, Sec. 15, P. L. 212.)

OF COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

Contested Elections of the Fourth Class to be Tried and Determined by the Court of Quarter Sessions.

36. Cases of the fourth class shall be tried and determined by the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the county in which the election contested shall be held. (Act 1874, Sec. 16, P. L. 212.)

GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

Powers of Court on Trial of Contested Elections.

37. The proper court or judge shall have power to compel the attendance of any election officer or other person as a witness, and may also compel the production of all books, papers, tally-lists, returns of election, other documentary or record evidence, at discretion, for use on the trial, and may issue subpoenas and attachments for these purposes, as in other cases of proceedings in the courts of this Commonwealth, and all such books, papers, documents, ballots, boxes and records shall be returned to the proper custody. Certified copies of all election papers, assessments, registers of votes and records, duly authenticated by the person having custody thereof, shall be competent evidence and prima facie proof of their contents; but the party against whom the same shall be produced shall have the right to compel the attendance of the person who certifies them for cross-examination. Examiners to take and report evidence may be appointed, and reasonable notice of the time and place of taking the same shall be prescribed by the court or judge and served upon the opposite party. (Act 1874, Sec. 8, P. L. 210.)

In examining the returns of an election the whole returns are to be taken, and the omissions, if any, in any one part of them are to be supplied from what appears in the others. When election officers fail to set out upon the triplicate return sheet or in the open returns the terms for which several candidates for the office of school director were respectively voted for, this may be corrected and supplied by the tally-lists which show such terms. *Commonwealth v. Fletcher*, 180 Pa. 456.

The Supreme Court will not reverse an order of the quarter sessions dismissing exceptions to the report of an examiner in an election contest, and refusing a petition that the report should be recommitted to the examiner, where it appears that the decree is sustained by the facts as found, and that the investigation before the examiner covered the matters alleged as a ground for recommitment. *In re Lyon's and Smith's Election*, 199 Pa. 505.

Limit of Time Allowed Certain Contestants for Taking of Testimony.

38. That hereafter in all contested elections, except of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, and all other officers of this Commonwealth who now are or hereafter shall be required to be elected by the qualified voters of the State at large, the time to be consumed in taking testimony in court before an examiner or examiners appointed for that purpose shall not exceed ninety days in any one case, no matter whether such testimony be taken in court or before an examiner or examiners, or partly in court and partly before an examiner or examiners, and said testimony shall be taken in the following order, to wit: A period of time not exceeding forty days shall be allowed the contestant for this purpose; a succeeding period of time, not exceeding forty days, shall be allowed for said purpose to the person returned as elected; and the contestant may take testimony in rebuttal during ten days, immediately succeeding the time allowed the person returned as elected for taking testimony. * * * (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 103.)

Cost After Limit of Time, Disposition of—No Costs to be Paid Until Final Determination of Contest.

39. * * * For any testimony taken after the limit of time herein fixed, no contest court shall have the power to charge any costs to any district, county, city, township, borough, ward, school district, or municipality, nor shall they be under any liability for the payment of the same, but the said court may order the contestant, petitioners, or person returned elected, to pay the costs, as in its discretion it is deemed just and proper.

Provided, That no costs shall be paid out of the treasury of any district, county, city, township, borough, ward, school district or municipality in any such contest until the same has been finally determined; and no costs, accruing or chargeable in any case after the limit of time herein fixed, shall be paid by the proper district, county, city, township, borough, ward, school district, or municipality, nor shall they be under any liability for the payment of the same. (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 103.)

Compensation of Witnesses and Officers in Contested Election Cases.

40. Witnesses and officers shall be paid the same fees as are now or hereafter shall be fixed by law for similar services in the county in which the trial shall be held, but witnesses whose votes are shown to be illegal shall receive no witness fees or mileage. * * * (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 118.)

Liability for and Apportionment of Costs in Contested Election of Judges, County, Borough, Township and Municipal Officers—Petitioner to File a Bond, Conditions of Bond.

41. * * * In contested elections of president or additional law judges, and of county, borough, township, municipal officers, or school directors, or school controllers, if the contestant or contestants fail to establish his or their right to the office to which he or they claim to have been elected, the petitioners and each and every of them shall be jointly and severally liable for all the costs, and the same may be collected as debts of like amount are by law collectible, or payment thereof may be enforced by attachment. In case the contestant or contestants establish his or their right to the office in either of the above named cases, the costs shall be paid by the proper district, county, borough, township, municipality or school district. Whenever a petition to contest an election in any of said cases shall be presented to the court, it shall be the duty of said petitioners, within ten days thereafter, to file a bond signed by at least five of the said petitioners in such sum as the said court, or any judge thereof during vacation, shall designate, with sureties to be approved by the said court or judge, conditioned for the payment of all costs which may accrue in said contested election proceeding in case the said petitioners by decree of said court shall be adjudged liable to pay said costs, and if the said bonds shall not be filed, as herein provided, the said petition to contest the election shall be dismissed. * * * (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 118.)

Whenever, in contested elections of president or additional law judges, and of county, borough, township or municipal officers, if any court or judge shall have heretofore decided, or shall hereafter decide, that the complaint was not, or is not, without probable cause, the said court or judge is hereby authorized, and shall apportion all the costs among the proper districts, counties, cities, townships, boroughs, wards, school districts or municipalities of the whole district in which contest is had, in such way as said court or judge shall think just; and to compel by order the payment of such amounts so apportioned to each by the properly constituted authorities of each other of the proper districts, counties, cities, townships, boroughs, wards, school districts or municipalities, as the payment of debts by the same can now be enforced. (Act 1876, Sec. 1, P. L. 148.)

Liability for Costs in Contested Elections of President and State Officers.

42. * * * In contested elections of electors of President and Vice-President, and State officers whose jurisdiction extends over the State, and Senators and members of the House of Representatives, if the court or judge shall decide that the complaint is without probable cause, the petitioners and every of them shall be jointly and severally liable for all the costs, and the same may be collected as debts of like amount are by law collectible, or payment thereof may be enforced by attachment. In contested elections of electors of President and Vice-President, and State officers whose jurisdiction extends over the State, and Senators and members of the House of Representatives, as aforesaid, in which the court or judge shall not decide that the complaint is without probable cause, the Commonwealth shall be liable for all costs, and the same shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated, on bills certified to be correct by the proper court or judge, upon examination and approval of the Auditor General. (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 118.)

Court May Appoint Stenographers and Order Matter to be Printed—Compensation for These Services.

43. The proper court or judge shall have power to appoint phonographic reporters, if necessary, to take the testimony, and may order printing of such matters as may be necessary during the trial; and all bills for such reports and printing, certified to be reasonable and correct by the court or judge, shall be a part of the costs, and collectible as other costs in the case: Provided, That all printing required in cases of the second and third classes, shall be done by the State Printer, at contract prices; and in all other cases, the prices to be paid for such reporting and printing shall be fixed in the order providing therefor, and no more than the amount thus fixed shall be paid in any case. (Act 1874, Sec. 10, P. L. 211.)

Who Shall Preside on Trials of Contested Elections—Powers and Duties of Court.

44. No judge shall sit on the trial of a case in which he shall be a party. In any case where, by reason of incompetency or any disability to act, there shall be no law judge of the district in which any contest shall arise present, and able as well as qualified to act, the judge, learned in the law residing nearest the court house of the county in which, by the provisions of this act, the trial in any such case is required to be had, except in cases otherwise provided in this act, shall preside on the trial, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authority, and discharge all the duties granted to or imposed upon the regular judges of the said courts in cases wherein they are qualified and required to act by the provisions of this law. Any law judge, who is hereby authorized to preside in any such case, and any president or other judge, learned in the law, of the proper court, shall have full power to hold any of the said courts, by this act required to try any such contested election case, without the assistance of the associate justices, or either of them, of such courts not learned in the law. And all of the said courts and judges hereby required to try any contested election case shall have plenary power to make, issue and enforce all necessary orders, rules, process and decrees, for a full and proper understanding and final determination and enforcement of the decision of every such case, according to the course of practice in similar cases under the laws of this Commonwealth, or which may be necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of this act. (Act 1874, Sec. 17, P. L. 212.)

How Commencement of Proceedings Shall be Effected in Cases of Contested Elections.

45. The commencement of proceedings in every case shall be by petition, which shall be made and filed, as herein required, within thirty days after the day of election. The petition shall concisely set forth the cause of complaint, showing wherein it is claimed the election is undue or illegal, and after filing shall not be amended unless such amendment shall be allowed by the proper court or judge after notice to the other party and hearing, and if allowed reasonable time shall be given to answer. In cases of the second class the petition shall be signed by at least one hundred qualified electors who voted at the election contested, in cases of the third class by at least fifty such electors, and in cases of the fourth class by at least twenty-five, and shall be verified by at least five of the petitioners by affidavit taken and subscribed before some person authorized by the laws of this Commonwealth to administer oaths, setting forth that they verily believe the facts stated therein are true, that according to the best of their knowledge and belief the election was undue or illegal, and the return thereof not correct, and that the petition to contest the same is made in good faith. The petition shall be presented to the court or law judge having jurisdiction, except where otherwise provided in this act, and if it shall be adjudged sufficient it

shall be filed of record in the proper court, and thereupon a time shall be fixed for hearing. Notice of the filing of the petition with a copy thereof shall be served upon the person whose right of office shall be contested, together with a rule to answer at the time fixed for hearing, which notice copy and rule shall be served such length of time before the day fixed for hearing, as the said court or judge shall require, not exceeding forty days, in cases of the second and third classes, and in all other cases not exceeding thirty days. (Act 1874, Sec. 18, P. L. 213.)

A petition was filed to contest the election of a borough officer, which averred that many illegal ballots were cast, and counted against the contesting candidate, and if they had not been counted the contestant would have been elected; the petition, however, failed to aver expressly that said illegal votes were cast for the candidate who was declared elected, and also omitted to state the number of such illegal votes or the whole number of votes cast: Held, that the petition was defective and insufficient, and was properly quashed. *Zerby v. Snare*, 107 Pa. 183.

Proceedings to contest elections are regulated by statute and should be so construed by the courts as to protect the elective franchise. The petition should aver plainly and distinctly such facts, which if sustained by proof, would require the court to set aside the result. It should, in the language of the act of May 19, 1874, P. L. 208, "concisely set forth the cause of complaint, showing wherein it is claimed the election is undue or illegal." This is all the statute requires, and the court is not authorized to require more by construction. This will give the respondent sufficient information of the charges of illegality which he is required to meet, and he is entitled to nothing more. *Cole's Election*, 223, Pa. 271.

Witnesses not Permitted to Withhold Testimony in Contested Election Cases.

46. In trials of contested elections and in proceedings for the investigation of elections no person shall be permitted to withhold his testimony upon the ground that it may criminate himself or subject him to public infamy; but such testimony shall not afterwards be used against him in any judicial proceeding except for perjury in giving such testimony. (Art. 8, Sec. 10, Constitution.)

* * * In trials of contested elections, and in all proceedings for the investigation of elections, no person shall be permitted to withhold his testimony upon the ground that he may criminate himself, or subject him to public infamy; but such testimony shall not afterwards be used against him in any judicial proceeding, except for perjury in giving such testimony. (Act 1874, Sec. 19, P. L. 213.)

Governor to Issue Commission Though Election be Contested.

47. Whenever it shall appear by the returns of election laid before the Governor, by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, as now required by law, that any person has been duly elected to the office of prothonotary, clerk of the courts, recorder of deeds or register of wills, judge, or any other officer receiving a commission from the Governor, in any of the several counties of this Commonwealth, it shall be the duty of the Governor to issue a commission to such person, notwithstanding that the election of such person to any or either of said offices may be contested, in the manner now provided by law: Provided, That whenever it shall appear by the decision of the proper tribunal having jurisdiction of said contested election, that the person to whom said commission shall have issued, has not been legally elected to the office for which he has been commissioned, then a commission shall issue to the person who shall appear legally elected to said office; the issuing of which commission shall nullify and make void the commission already issued, and all power and authority under said commission first issued, shall thereupon cease and determine: Provided further, That this act shall not in any manner affect any contest now pending. (Act 1889, Sec. 1, P. L. 60.)

In Case of Contest Mistakes in Affidavit May be Corrected or Deficiencies Supplied.

48. * * * Provided, That in case any person is allowed to vote at an election, who is not registered, but makes an affidavit which by reason of the failure to fully observe the requirements of this section is insufficient, in any contest growing out of said election it shall be lawful to correct any mistakes or supply any deficiencies in such affidavit, so as to show that the said person was in fact a qualified voter; but this shall not apply to non-registered voters who make no affidavit, or one which makes no attempt to comply with the law. (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 254.)

In Case of Contest and Ballots Cast are Found Defective the Election shall be Declared Invalid—How Vacancies Thus Occurring are to be Filled.

49. Whenever in any contested election the tribunal trying the case shall decide that the ballots used in one or more election districts were, by reason of the omission, addition, misplacing, mis-spelling or misstatement of one or more titles of offices, or names of candidates, or parties or policies represented by them, so defective as to the office in contest as to be calculated to mislead the voters in regard to any of the candidates nominated for said office, and that the defective condition of the said ballots may have affected the result of the entire election for said office, the said tribunal shall declare the election to be invalid as regards the said office, and shall report their decision to the proper officer or officers who are now by law authorized to fill vacancies occurring in such office, who, upon receipt of such notice, shall without delay proceed to appoint a suitable person or persons to fill the vacancies thus created, and the person or persons so appointed, shall continue in office until the next election succeeding his appointment at which such office is now by law required to be filled. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 23.)

ARTICLE LII.

†ELECTION CRIMES AND PENALTIES—POLITICAL ASSESSMENTS.

Assessment of Public Officers by Campaign Committees for Political Purposes Prohibited—Penalty.

1. It shall be unlawful for any committee, or member thereof, directly or indirectly, to demand of any public officer, subordinate or employee, holding any office or position of honor, trust or profit in this Commonwealth, or otherwise engaged or empowered in the service of this State, or from any officer, subordinate or employee, in any way engaged or employed in the

†See also Enrollment of Voters, Article I; Personal Registration, Articles II, III and IV; Primary Elections, Article V; Non-Partisan Nominations, Article VII; and Election Expenses, Article XXXIV.

service of any city or county of this State, any assessment or percentage of any money, property or their equivalent in anything of value, with the understanding, either expressed or implied, that the same may or shall be used for any political purpose whatsoever. (Act 1883, Sec. 1, P. L. 96.)

Any person or persons violating any of the foregoing provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars. (Act 1883, Sec. 2, P. L. 96.)

Assessment of Public Officers for Political Purposes by Heads of Departments Prohibited—Penalty.

2. It shall be unlawful for any officer of this Commonwealth or of any county thereof, or for any mayor or head of department or other officer of any city of this Commonwealth, to make or cause or knowingly permit to be made any assessment upon the pay, wages or salary of any officer or employee appointed by or holding office or employment under him for any political or party purpose whatsoever, or to make or cause or knowingly permit to be made any demand for the payment or gift of any money or other valuable thing to any committee, organization or person for use in any manner for any political or party purpose: Provided, however, That nothing in this act contained shall prevent any officer, or other employee appointed as aforesaid, from making a voluntary contribution to any committee or organization for legitimate political and campaign purposes. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 275.)

Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in the court of quarter sessions of the proper county, be punished by imprisonment in the county prison for a term of not more than one year, and by fine of not more than one thousand dollars, either or both, as the said court shall impose. (Act 1897, Sec. 2, P. L. 275.)

Assessment of Officers, Clerks or Employees in Cities of First Class by Officers and Employees, for Political Purposes Prohibited—Penalty.

3. * * * No officer, clerk, or employee under the government of such city shall directly or indirectly demand, solicit, collect or receive, or be in any manner concerned in demanding, soliciting, collecting, or receiving, any assessment, subscription, or contribution, whether voluntary or involuntary, intended for any political purpose whatever. No police officer or fireman of such city shall pay or give any money or valuable thing or make any subscription or contribution, whether voluntary or involuntary, for any political purpose whatever.

Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and forfeit his office. (Act 1919, Sec. 23, P. L. 622.)

Any police officer or fireman who shall violate any of the provisions of (this) section * * * shall also be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars and not more than three thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1919, Sec. 26, P. L. 623.)

†BRIBERY.

Bribery at Nominating Conventions or Primary Elections a Misdemeanor—Penalty.

4. If a candidate for any office within this Commonwealth shall, directly or indirectly, give, offer or promise to give, or procure any other person to give, offer or promise to give, to any elector, any gift or reward in money, goods or other valuable thing, or any security for the payment or the delivery of money, goods or other valuable thing or any office, emolument or employment, on condition, express or implied, that such elector shall cast, give, retain or withhold his vote, or use his influence at a nominating election or delegate election, or cast, give or substitute another to cast or give, his vote or use his influence at a nominating convention, for or against the nomination of any particular candidate for nomination, so as to procure such person to be voted for, at any election to take place, the person so hiring, procuring, influencing, abetting, endeavoring or offering, either directly, or indirectly, through others, their aids or abettors, to procure the person to be voted for by such electors, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars and be imprisoned for a period not exceeding three months. (Act 1881, Sec. 1, P. L. 70.)

This act is constitutional: *Leonard v. Commonwealth*, 112 Pa. 607; s. c. 17 W. N. C. 481. *Commonwealth v. Bell*, 145 Pa. 374. It is within the meaning of Art. VII, Sec. 9, of the Constitution: *Leonard v. Commonwealth*, 112 Pa. 607. And the offence of bribery at delegate elections or nominating conventions which this act is designed to punish is within the "offence of bribery" referred to in Art. III, Sec. 32, of the Constitution. *Commonwealth v. Bell*, 145 Pa. 374.

A candidate is one who seeks or aspires to some office or privilege, or who offers himself for the same; he does not become a candidate after a nomination only, but is such at any time while he is seeking the office. *Leonard v. Commonwealth*, 112 Pa. 607; s. c. 17 W. N. C. 481.

Acceptance of Bribe at Primary Elections by Any Elector a Misdemeanor—Penalty.

5. If any elector, authorized to vote at any public election afterwards to take place within this Commonwealth, for any office, shall, directly or indirectly, accept or receive from any person desiring to be nominated as a candidate for office, or from the friends of any such person, any gift or reward in money, goods or other valuable thing, or any office or employment, under an agreement or promise, express or implied, that such elector shall give or withhold his vote for the nomination of such a person as a candidate for office at such election, or shall accept or receive the promise of any person, that he shall thereafter receive any gift or reward in money, goods, position or other valuable thing, if he will vote for the nomination of such a person as a candidate for office, and shall thereafter vote for the nomination of such person, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall pay a fine, not exceeding three hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for a term of time not exceeding three months. (Act 1881, Sec. 2, P. L. 71.)

†See also Article V, Primary Elections; and Article VII, Non-Partisan Nominations.

Solicitation of Bribe at Primary Elections by any Elector a Misdemeanor—Penalty.

6. If any elector shall, directly or indirectly, offer to give his vote, or his influence, at any nominating election, delegate election or nominating convention, to any person desiring to be nominated as a candidate for office, or to the friends of any such person, in consideration, that for such vote or influence, he is to receive any gift or reward in money, goods or other valuable thing or any office or employment, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall pay a fine, not exceeding three hundred dollars, and undergo a period of imprisonment not exceeding three months. (Act 1881, Sec. 3, P. L. 71.)

Fraudulently Voting at Primary Elections a Misdemeanor—Penalty.

7. If any person not qualified to vote at a general election, shall vote at a nominating election held by any political party, or if any person shall procure, advise or induce such disqualified person to so vote, or if any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise vote more than once on the same day for the nomination of a candidate, or shall fraudulently vote more than one ticket for the same candidate at the same time, or if any person shall advise or procure another so to do, he or they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be fined, not exceeding the sum of two hundred dollars, and imprisoned for a term of time not exceeding three months. (Act 1881, Sec. 4, P. L. 71.)

Acceptance or Solicitation of Bribe by Delegate to Nominating Convention a Misdemeanor—Penalty.

8. In all cases where a person is elected or chosen, or shall act as a delegate to a convention to make nominations for offices, and shall receive, accept or solicit any bribe in money, goods or thing of value, or any office or position, as an inducement to make or join in any nomination for any person to be voted for as an officer, or candidate for office, or shall in like manner and for like reason, agree to abstain from voting for any particular person, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, and be imprisoned not exceeding three months. (Act 1881, Sec. 5, P. L. 71.)

Acceptance or Solicitation of Bribe by Member of Return Board or Executive Committee a Misdemeanor—Penalty.

9. Any person, elected, chosen or acting as a member of the county or executive committee of any party, or as a judge of a return-board to count up and cast the vote polled at a primary election, held to make nominations for office, or any person appointed a clerk of such return-board, who shall directly or indirectly accept, receive or solicit money, office, appointment, employment, testimonial, reward or other thing of value, or the promise of all or either of them, to influence his vote or action in the discharge, performance or non-performance of any act, duty or obligation pertaining to such office, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for a time not exceeding three months. * * * (Act 1881, Sec. 6, P. L. 72.)

Attempting to Bribe or Intimidate any Member of Return Board or Executive Committee a Misdemeanor—Penalty.

10. * * * Any person or persons who shall directly or indirectly by offer or promise of money, office, appointment, employment, testimonial, reward or other thing of value, or who shall by threats or intimidation, endeavor to influence a member of a county or executive committee of any party, a judge or clerk of any return-board, in the discharge, performance or non-performance of any act, duty or obligation pertaining to such office, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of two hundred dollars and to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding six months. (Act 1881, Sec. 6, P. L. 72.)

Cheating Electors by Furnishing them with Fraudulent Tickets a Misdemeanor—Penalty.

11. Any person who shall furnish or supply to any elector of this Commonwealth, at any of the polls or voting places, any ballot or ticket falsely representing it to contain names not thereon with the intent and purpose of detaching said voter out of his express choice, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall pay a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. Provided This act shall apply to both general and primary elections. (Act 1882 Sec. 1, P. L. 92.)

Bribery of Elector and Acceptance of Bribe by at Certain Elections.

12. Any person who shall give or promise or offer to give an elector any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his vote at any election held for the purpose of voting on an amendment to the Constitution, or any other public purpose, or for withholding the same, or who shall give or promise to give such consideration to any other person or party for such elector's vote, or for the withholding thereof, and any elector who shall receive or agree to receive for himself or for another, any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his vote at such election or for withholding the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and undergo imprisonment not exceeding one year. (Act 1889, Sec. 1, P. L. 162.)

Penalty for Acceptance of Bribe from Electors.

13. If any elector, authorized to vote at any public election, shall directly or indirectly, accept or receive from any person, any gift or reward in money, goods or other valuable thing, under an agreement or promise, express or implied, that such elector shall give his vote for any particular candidate or candidates at such election, or shall accept or receive the promise of any person that he shall thereafter receive any gift or reward, in money, goods or other valuable thing, any office, appointment or employment, public or private, or any personal or pecuniary advantage whatsoever, under such an agreement or promise, express or implied, such elector shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction of either of the said offenses, be sentenced to pay a fine, not exceeding one hundred dollars, and undergo an imprisonment, not exceeding six months. (Act 1880, Sec. 50, P. L. 396.)

Penalty for Corruptly Influencing and Intimidating Electors.

14. Any person who shall, directly or indirectly, give, or offer to give any such gift or reward to any such elector, with the intent to induce him to vote for any particular candidate or candidates at such election, or shall, directly or indirectly, procure or agree to give any such gift or reward to such elector, with the intent aforesaid, or shall, with the intent to influence or intimidate such elector to give his vote for any particular candidate or candidates at such election, give, offer or promise to give to such elector, any office, place, appointment or employment, or threaten such elector with dismissal or discharge from any office, place, appointment or employment, public or private, then held by him, in case of his refusal to vote for any particular candidate or candidates at such election, the person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and undergo an imprisonment, not exceeding two years. (Act 1860, Sec. 51, P. L. 396.)

Corrupt Solicitation of Public Officers Defined—Penalty Therefor.

15. Any person or persons who shall, directly or indirectly, by offer or promise of money, office, appointment, employment, testimonial, or other thing of value, or who shall, by threats or intimidation, endeavor to influence any member of the General Assembly, State, county, election, municipal, or other public officer, in the discharge, performance or non-performance of any act, duty or obligation pertaining to such office, shall be guilty of the offense of corrupt solicitation, and liable to indictment for a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and to undergo imprisonment not exceeding two years, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 1, P. L. 115.)

DESTROYING, ALTERING OR REMOVING ELECTION PAPERS.

Penalty for Defacing, Altering or Destroying Election Papers.

16. If any person shall embezzle, or unlawfully deface, alter, change, substitute or destroy any ticket, list of voters, tally-paper, or certificate, taken or made at any election, as aforesaid, he shall, on conviction, suffer imprisonment for a term not less than twelve months, nor more than three years, at the discretion of the court, and be fined in any sum not less than one hundred, nor more than one thousand dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 106, P. L. 542.)

Penalty for Destroying Certificates of Nomination, Nomination Papers or Other Papers Appertaining Thereto.

17. Any person who shall falsely make or wilfully deface or destroy any certificate of nomination, or nomination paper, or any part thereof, or any letter of withdrawal, or file any certificate of nomination, or nomination paper, or letter of withdrawal, knowing the same or any part thereof to be falsely made, or suppress any certificate of nomination, or nomination paper, or any part thereof, which has been duly filed, or forge, or falsely made the official endorsement on any ballot, or wilfully destroy or deface any ballot, or wilfully delay the delivery of any ballots, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1893, Sec. 32, P. L. 434.)

Penalty for Destroying List of Candidates, Cards of Instructions or Specimen Ballots or Removing Election Supplies.

18. Any person who shall, prior to an election, wilfully deface or destroy any list of candidates posted in accordance with the provisions of this act, or who, during an election, shall wilfully deface, tear down, remove or destroy any card of instruction, or specimen ballot, printed or posted for the instruction of voters, or who shall, during an election, wilfully remove or destroy any of the supplies or conveniences furnished to enable a voter to prepare his ballot, or shall wilfully hinder the voting of others, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than three months, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1893, Sec. 31, P. L. 434.)

INTERFERENCE WITH, INTIMIDATION OR ASSAULT OF ELECTION OFFICERS AND VOTERS.

Penalty for Obstructing Election Officers, Blocking up Window and Raising Disturbances at Election—Additional Penalty when Offender is not a Resident or Voter.

19. If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officers of an election under this act, from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty; or shall block up or attempt to block up the window, or avenue to any window where the same may be holding; or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election; or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly, or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any time not less than one, nor more than twelve months. And if it shall be shown to the court, where the trial of such offense shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offense was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than one hundred, nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months, nor more than two years. (Act 1839, Sec. 110, P. L. 543.)

Penalty for Intimidating Officers and Voters, by Persons not of the District.

20. * * * Any person who shall, on the day of any election, visit a polling-place in any election district at which he is not entitled to vote, and shall use any intimidation or violence for the purpose of preventing any officer of election from performing the duties required of him by law, or for the purpose of preventing any qualified voter of such district exercising his right to vote, or from exercising his right to challenge any person offering to vote, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 19, P. L. 40.)

Penalty for Interference at Elections by Persons not Qualified.

21. If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeably to law (except the sons of qualified citizens), shall appear at any place of election, for the purpose of issuing tickets, or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall, on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offense, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months. (Act 1839, Sec. 121, P. L. 546.)

Penalty for Assaulting Electors at or Near Polls.

22. Any person who shall unlawfully strike, wound or commit any assault and battery upon the person of any elector, at or near any election poll, during the holding of any election, shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, he shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars, or more than five hundred, and be imprisoned for a term not less than three months, or more than one year. (Act 1870, Sec. 9, P. L. 55.)

FRAUDULENT VOTING.**Penalty for Attempting to Vote by Persons not Citizens.**

23. If any person not a citizen of this Commonwealth, shall vote or attempt to vote, at any special, general or presidential election, held in this Commonwealth, he shall be guilty of felony, and on conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine, not exceeding five hundred dollars, and undergo an imprisonment by separate or solitary confinement at labor, not less than two, nor more than five years. (Act 1870, Sec. 6, P. L. 54.)

Penalty for Procuring Person not a Citizen to Vote.

24. If any person shall, through solicitation, invitation, or device, persuade or prevail on any person, not a citizen of this Commonwealth to vote, or attempt to vote, at any special, general or presidential election in this Commonwealth, or shall, by any means, aid, encourage or abet any such attempt, the person so offending shall be guilty of felony, and on conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine, not exceeding five hundred dollars, and undergo an imprisonment, by separate or solitary confinement at labor, not less than two, nor more than five years. (Act 1870, Sec. 7, P. L. 54.)

Penalty for Voting by Persons not Qualified Electors, or Aiding or Procuring Same to Vote.

25. If any person, not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election within this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person, knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person or persons so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding five years. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 261.)

Penalty for Voting at More than one Election District, Voting Twice or Procuring Persons so to do.

26. If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together, with the intent to illegally vote, or shall vote the same, or if any person shall advise and procure another so to do, he or they so offending, shall, on conviction be fined in any sum not less than fifty, nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding five years. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 257.)

Penalty for False Swearing.

27. If any person shall wilfully and corruptly make or procure any person to make falsely any oath or affirmation, required or authorized by this act, such person shall suffer such penalties and disabilities as are incurred on conviction of wilful and corrupt perjury, or subordination of perjury. (Act 1839, Sec. 124, P. L. 546.)

Penalty for Cheating Electors by Furnishing them with Fraudulent Tickets.

28. Any person who shall furnish or supply to any elector of this Commonwealth, at any of the polls or voting places, any ballot or ticket falsely representing it to contain names not thereon, with the intent and purpose of defrauding said voter out of his expressed choice shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and on conviction, shall pay a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed one year, one or both, or either at discretion of the court: Provided, This act shall apply to both general and primary elections. (Act 1883, Sec. 1, P. L. 92.)

Penalty for Uttering Forged Receipts or Certificates.

29. If any person shall knowingly publish, utter or make use of any forged or false receipt or certificate, with intent to impose the same upon or deceive any inspector or judge, at any election as aforesaid, such person shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty, or more than five hundred dollars, and suffer imprisonment not less than six months, nor more than two years. (Act 1839, Sec. 125, P. L. 546.)

NEGLECT OR REFUSAL OF OFFICERS TO PERFORM DUTIES.**Penalty on Officers for Neglect or Refusal to Perform Duties.**

30. If any officer or officers required to perform any duty by the provisions of this act, shall neglect or refuse to perform the same, he or they so offending, shall be considered and adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than twenty, nor more than two hundred dollars, and where the duties required of any officer herein named are the same as those required by the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement, the penalties inflicted by said act, for violation of such duty, be and the same are hereby extended to the duty herein required. (Act 1840, Sec. 15, P. L. 688.)

Penalty for Neglect of Public Officers to Properly Perform their Duties.

31 Any public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by this act, who shall negligently or wilfully fail to perform such duty, or who shall negligently or wilfully perform it in such a way as to hinder the objects of this act, or who shall negligently or wilfully violate any of the provisions thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1893, Sec. 33, P. L. 434.)

SALE OR FURNISHING OF LIQUOR ON ELECTION DAYS.

Sale or Furnishing of Liquor on Election Day by Keepers of Public Houses. Prohibited.

32 It shall not be lawful for any person or persons keeping a public house or drinking place, either licensed or unlicensed to sell spirituous or malt liquors as a drink, to sell, furnish or give away, to be used as a drink, any spirituous or malt liquors, wine or any other intoxicating beverage, on any part of any day set apart, or to be set apart for any general or special election, by the citizens in any election district or division within this Commonwealth, where an election is in progress during the hours when, by law, in said district, the election polls are required to be kept open. (Act 1872, Sec. 1, P. L. 24.)

Penalty for Sale or Furnishing of Liquor on Election Day by Keepers of Public Houses.

33 Any person violating any of the provisions of the first section of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be subject to imprisonment in the jail of the proper county, for a term not more than one hundred days, and in addition to the above, shall also be subject to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars and costs, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1872, Sec. 2, P. L. 24.)

Constables to Return to Court Names of Persons Selling or Furnishing Liquor on Election Day.

34 It shall be the duty of the constables of the several townships, wards and boroughs of this Commonwealth, under the same penalty as mentioned in section second, to make return to the next court of quarter sessions of the proper county, the name or names of any person or persons offending under the first section of this act. Provided, Nothing herein shall prevent any other person or persons from prosecuting for such offense. (Act 1872, Sec. 3, P. L. 24.)

Penalty for Sale or Furnishing of Liquors by any Person on Election Day.

35 It shall not be lawful for any person, with or without license, to furnish by sale, gift or otherwise to any person any spirituous, vinous, malt or brewed liquors, on any day upon which elections are now or hereafter may be required to be held, nor on Sunday, nor at any time to a minor or a person of known intemperate habits, or a person visibly affected by intoxicating drink, either for his or her use, or for the use of any other person, or to sell or furnish liquors to any person on a pass book on order on a store, or to receive from any person any goods, wares, merchandise or provisions in exchange for liquors, shall be held and deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof the offender shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and undergo an imprisonment of not less than twenty nor more than ninety days. (Act 1887, Sec. 17, P. L. 113.)

WAGERS ON ELECTION.

Betting on Elections Prohibited.

36 Wagering or betting on the event of an election, held under the Constitution or laws of the United States, or the Constitution or laws of this Commonwealth, are hereby prohibited, and all contracts or promises founded thereon are declared to be entirely null and void. (Act 1817, Sec. 1, P. L. 204.)

A wager on the result of a primary election is not within this act. Commonwealth v. Wells, 110 Pa. 463, s. c. 17 W. N. C. 164.

Money lent in New Jersey, to bet on the Presidential election, may be recovered in Pennsylvania, in the absence of any proof that betting on elections is against the law of New Jersey. Scott v. Duffy, 14 Pa. 18.

Penalty for Wagering on Election.

37 If any person shall * * * lay any wager or bet, or make any promise or engagement for the payment of money or the transfer of any other valuable thing, dependent on the event of such election (held under the Constitution or laws of the United States or Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth), or on the success of any candidate or candidates nominated for public office, he shall, on conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions or other court having similar jurisdiction, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined in any sum not exceeding the whole amount of the sum betted by all the parties to the wager, nor less sum than twenty dollars. * * * (Act 1817, Sec. 2, P. L. 204.)

Penalty for Making or Offering to Make Wager on Election.

38 If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet. (Act 1839, Sec. 115, P. L. 544.)

A wager on the result of a primary election is not within the prohibition of this act: the words "any election," apply only to elections of public officers; and the act of June 29, 1881, P. L. 128, does not operate to bring primary elections within the purview of this act. Commonwealth v. Wells, 110 Pa. 466, a. c. 17 W. N. C. 164.

Duty of Certain Officers to Prosecute Persons Betting on Election.

39. It shall be the duty of every judge, sheriff, mayor, alderman, justice of the peace or constable, knowing of any person having offended against the provisions of the 115th section of this act, to commence proceedings against the person so offending; and it shall be the duty of the grand juries of the respective counties within this Commonwealth to make a presentment of all such offenses coming within their knowledge. (Act 1839, Sec. 116, P. L. 544.)

Directors of the Poor to Sue for and Recover Amount of Such Wagers.

40. It shall be the duty of the several constituted authorities having care and charge of the poor in the respective counties, districts and townships of this Commonwealth, knowing or being informed, under oath, of any person or persons having made any bet or wager of any land, goods, money or thing of value, on the result of any election within this Commonwealth, or deposited the same in the hands of any person within their respective counties, districts or townships, to bring suit in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the use of the poor of such county, district or townships, against such depositor or stakeholder, where said bet is deposited in the hands of a third; or against the party winning said bet, when the same is not deposited, for the recovery of the amount so bet; and if, on the trial, it shall be made appear, that said lands, goods, money or thing of value was bet on the result of any election within this Commonwealth, said guardians, directors or overseers of the poor shall be entitled to recover the amount or value thereof for the use of the poor, from said stakeholder, or person winning said bet, where there is no stakeholder: Provided, Said suit is brought within two years from the time of making said bet. And the stakeholder is hereby prohibited, during said time, to pay over the amount so bet to either of the parties, and shall be liable for the same, whether such bet is paid over or delivered to the parties, or either of them, or not, and the party winning shall in like manner be liable to the payment of the whole amount so bet, where the same is received by him; and said bet, or the value thereof, may be recovered as debts of like amount are by law recoverable. And if said guardians, directors or overseers of the poor shall neglect or refuse to bring such suit, they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not less than the amount so bet, nor more than double the amount. (Act 1839, Sec. 118, P. L. 545.)

This is a condition, not a limitation; if the directors of the poor do not sue within two years, the losing party may recover back his deposit from the stakeholder. *Forscht v. Green*, 53, Pa. 138.

MISCELLANEOUS CRIMES AND PENALTIES.

Penalty for Printing, Posting or Distributing any Libelous Circular with Intent to Defeat any Candidate.

41. Whoever writes, prints, posts or distributes, or causes to be written, printed, posted or distributed, a circular or poster, cartoon or other written or printed paper which is designed or tends to injure or defeat any candidate for nomination or election to public office, by reflecting upon his personal character or political action, unless the same shall be published in a newspaper avowedly responsible therefor, or unless there appears upon such circular, poster or paper, in a conspicuous place, either the names of the chairman and secretary, or at least the names of two officers of the political or other organization issuing the same, or the name of some duly registered elector with description of his election district, as responsible therefor, shall be punished by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in jail not exceeding six months, or both, and if the statements are untrue the person so offending shall also be deemed guilty of libel and may be prosecuted in the civil or criminal courts, or both, therefor. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 389.)

How Fines and Forfeitures Imposed by Act of 1839 to be Recovered—Limitation of Suits.

42. Every specific fine or forfeiture imposed by this act, may be recovered by action of debt, in the name of the Commonwealth, as debts of like amount are by law recoverable, or by indictment in the court of quarter sessions of the proper county; and where the fine and forfeiture is not specific, the proceeding shall be by indictment in the quarter sessions of the proper county: Provided, That all such suits and prosecutions shall be instituted within one year next after the cause thereof shall accrue, unless otherwise herein provided. (Act 1839, Sec. 128, P. L. 547.)

Penalty for Participating in Political Parades after Dark Ten Days Before Election in Philadelphia.

43. It shall not be lawful for any political organization to parade through the streets of the city of Philadelphia after dark, within ten days next preceding any general election. (Act 1867, Sec. 1, P. L. 1129.)

Any person violating the provisions of this act, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars, and an imprisonment not exceeding sixty days. (Act 1867, Sec. 2, P. L. 1129.)

Officers, Clerks and Employees of Cities of the First Class Prohibited from Taking Active Part in Political Movements and Elections—Punishment for.

44. No officer, clerk, or employee of any city of the first class, or of any department, trust, or commission thereof, shall be a member of, or delegate or alternate to, any political convention, nor shall he be present at any such convention except in the performance of his official duty. No officer, clerk, or employee of any city of the first class, or of any department, trust, or commission thereof, shall serve as a member of, or attend the meetings of, any committee of any political party, or take any active part in political management or in political campaigns, or use his office to influence political movements or influence the political action of any other officer, clerk, or employee of any such city, department, trust, or commission. No officer, clerk, or employee of any city of the first class shall in any way or manner interfere with the conduct of any election, or the preparation therefor at the polling-place, or with the election officers while counting the vote or returning the ballot-boxes, books, and papers to the place provided by law for that purpose, or be within any polling-place save only for the purpose of marking and depositing his ballot as speedily as it reasonably can be done, or be within fifty feet thereof, except for purposes of ordinary travel or residence, during the period of time, beginning with one hour preceding the opening of the polls for holding such election and ending with the time when the election officers shall have finished counting the votes and have left the polling-place for the purpose of depositing the ballot-boxes and papers in the place provided by law for that purpose, excepting only police officers, who may temporarily approach or enter the polling-place in order to make any arrest permitted by law or for the purpose of preserving order, and in each such case only long enough to accomplish the duties aforesaid, after which the said officers shall at once withdraw. * * *

* * * Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and forfeit his office. (Act 1919, Sec. 23, P. L. 622.)

Any police officer or fireman who shall violate any of the provisions of (this) section * * * shall also be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars and not more than three thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1919, Sec. 26, P. L. 623.)

ARTICLE LIII.

ELECTION EXPENSES OF CANDIDATES FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR OR REPRESENTATIVE.

"Political Committee" Defined.

1. That the term "political committee" under the provisions of this act shall include the national committees of all political parties and the national congressional campaign committees of all political parties and all committees, associations, or organizations which shall in two or more States influence the result or attempt to influence the result of an election at which Representatives in Congress are to be elected. (Sec. 1, Act of Congress, June 25, 1910.)

Political Committee to Have Chairman and Treasurer—Treasurer to Keep a Detailed Account of all Receipts and Expenditures.

2. That every political committee as defined in this act shall have a chairman and a treasurer. It shall be the duty of the treasurer to keep a detailed and exact account of all money or its equivalent received by or promised to such committee or any member thereof, or by or to any person acting under its authority or in its behalf, and the name of every person, firm, association, or committee from whom received, and of all expenditures, disbursements, and promises of payment or disbursement made by the committee or any member thereof, or by any person acting under its authority or in its behalf, and to whom paid, distributed, or disbursed. No officer or member of such committee, or other person acting under its authority or in its behalf, shall receive any money or its equivalent, or expend or promise to expend any money on behalf of such committee, until after a chairman and treasurer of such committee shall have been chosen. (Sec. 2, Act of Congress, June 25, 1910.)

Receipts or Expenditures in Excess of Ten Dollars to be Evidenced by a Receipted Bill.

3. That every payment or disbursement made by a political committee exceeding ten dollars in amount be evidenced by a receipted bill stating the particulars of expense, and every such record, voucher, receipt, or account shall be preserved for fifteen months after the election to which it relates. (Sec. 3, Act of Congress, June 25, 1910.)

Treasurer of Political Committee to be Advised of all Contributions, Given in Behalf of such Committee—To Keep a Detailed Account of All Contributions with Name and Post Office Address of Contributor.

4. That whoever, acting under the authority or in behalf of such political committee, whether as a member thereof or otherwise, receives any contribution, payment, loan, gift, advance, deposit, or promise of money or its equivalent shall, on demand, and in any event within five days after the receipt of such contribution, payment, loan, gift, advance, deposit, or promise, render to the treasurer of such political committee a detailed account of the same, together with the name and address from whom received, and said treasurer shall forthwith enter the same in a ledger or record to be kept by him for that purpose. (Sec. 4, Act of Congress, June 25, 1910.)

Treasurer of Political Committee to File Detailed Statement of Receipts and Expenditures Before and After Election—Statement to be open to Public Inspection and Preserved—With Whom Treasurer's Statement Shall be Filed.

5. That the treasurer of every such political committee shall, not more than fifteen days and not less than ten days next before an election at which Representatives in Congress are to be elected in two or more States, file in the office of the Clerk of the House of Representatives at Washington, District of Columbia, with said clerk, an itemized detailed statement; and on each sixth day thereafter until such election said treasurer shall file with said clerk a supplemental itemized detailed statement. Each of said statements shall conform to the requirements of the following sections of this act, except that the supplemental statement herein required need not contain any item of which publicity is given in a previous statement. Each of said statements shall be full and complete, and shall be signed and sworn to by said treasurer.

It shall also be the duty of said treasurer to file a similar statement with said clerk within thirty days after such election, such final statement also to be signed and sworn to by said treasurer and to conform to the requirements of the following section of this act. The statements so filed with the Clerk of the House shall be preserved by him for fifteen months and shall be a part of the public records of his office and shall be open to public inspection. (Sec. 5, Act of Congress, June 25, 1910; as amended by Act of Congress, Aug. 19, 1911.)

What Statement of Treasurer of Political Committee Shall Contain.

6. That the statements required by the preceding section of this act shall state:

First. The name and address of each person, firm, association, or committee who or which has contributed, promised, loaned, or advanced to such political committee, or any officer, member, or agent thereof, either in one or more items, money or its equivalent of the aggregate amount or value of one hundred dollars or more, and the amount or sum contributed, promised, loaned, or advanced by each.

Second. The aggregate sum contributed, promised, loaned, or advanced to such political committee, or to any officer, member, or agent thereof, in amounts of less than one hundred dollars.

Third. The total sum of all contributions, promises, loans, and advances received by such political committee or any officer, member, or agent thereof.

Fourth. The name and address of each person, firm, association, or committee to whom such political committee, or any officer, member, or agent thereof, has distributed, disbursed, contributed, loaned, advanced, or promised any sum of money or its equivalent of the amount or value of ten dollars or more, stating the amount or sum distributed, disbursed, contributed, loaned, advanced, or promised to each, and the purpose thereof.

Fifth. The aggregate sum distributed, disbursed, contributed, loaned, advanced, or promised by such political committee, or any officer, member, or agent thereof, where the amount or value of such distribution, disbursement, loan, advance, or promise to any one person, firm, association, or committee in one or more items is less than ten dollars.

Sixth. The total sum disbursed, distributed, contributed, loaned, advanced, or promised by such political committee, or any officer, member, or agent thereof. (Sec. 6, Act of Congress, June 25, 1910; as amended by Act of Congress, Aug. 19, 1911.)

Persons, Firms, Associations or Committees Expending Fifty Dollars or More, Except to Political Committees, for Influencing or Controlling Election for Representative in Congress to File Statement.

7. That every person, firm, association, or committee, except political committees as hereinbefore defined, that shall expend or promise any sum of money or other thing of value amounting to fifty dollars or more for the purpose of influencing or controlling, in two or more States, the result of an election at which Representatives to the Congress of the United States are elected, unless he or it shall contribute the same to a political committee as hereinbefore defined, shall file the statements of the same under oath, as required by section six of this Act, in the office of the Clerk of the House of Representatives, at Washington, District of Columbia, which statements shall be held by said Clerk in all respects as required by section five of this Act. (Sec. 7, Act of Congress, June 25, 1910.)

"Candidate" Defined—To File Statement of Receipts and Expenditures Before and After Primary and General Elections—What Statement Shall Contain—Time of Filing—What Shall Not be Regarded as Campaign Expenditures—With Whom Statement Shall be Filed.

8. The word "candidate" as used in this section shall include all persons whose names are presented for nomination for Representative or Senator in the Congress of the United States at any primary election or nominating convention, or for indorsement or election at any general or special election held in connection with the nomination or election of a person to fill such office, whether or not such persons are actually nominated, indorsed, or elected.

Every person who shall be a candidate for nomination at any primary election or nominating convention, or for election at any general or special election, as Representative in the Congress of the United States, shall, not less than ten nor more than fifteen days before the day for holding such primary election or nominating convention, and not less than ten nor more than fifteen days before the day of the general or special election at which candidates for Representatives are to be elected, file with the Clerk of the House of Representatives at Washington, District of Columbia, a full, correct, and itemized statement of all moneys and things of value received by him or by anyone for him with his knowledge and consent, from any source, in aid or support of his candidacy, together with the names of all those who have furnished the same in whole or in part; and such statement shall contain a true and itemized account of all moneys and things of value given, contributed, expended, used, or promised by such candidate, or by his agent, representative, or other person for and in his behalf with his knowledge and consent, together with the names of all those to whom any such gifts, contributions, payments, or promises were made, for the purpose of procuring his nomination or election.

Every person who shall be a candidate for nomination at any primary election or nominating convention, or for indorsement at any general or special election, or by the legislature of any State, as Senator in the Congress of the United States, shall, not less than ten nor more than fifteen days before the day for holding such primary election or nominating convention, and not less than ten nor more than fifteen days before the day of the general or special election at which he is seeking indorsement, and not less than five nor more than ten days before the day upon which the first vote is to be taken in the two houses of the legislature before which he is a candidate for election as Senator, file with the Secretary of the Senate at Washington, District of Columbia, a full, correct, and itemized statement of all moneys and things of value received by him or by anyone for him with his knowledge and consent, from any source, in aid or support of his candidacy, together with the names of all those who have furnished the same in whole or in part; and such statement shall contain a true and itemized account of all moneys and things of value given, contributed, expended, used, or promised by such candidate, or by his agent, representative, or other person for and in his behalf with his knowledge and consent, together with the names of all those to whom any and all such gifts, contributions, payments, or promises were made for the purpose of procuring his nomination or election.

Every such candidate for nomination at any primary election or nominating convention, or for indorsement or election at any general or special election, or for election by the legislature of any State, shall, within fifteen days after such primary election or nominating convention, and within thirty days after any such general or special election, and within thirty days after the day upon which the legislature shall have elected a Senator, file with the Clerk of the House of Representatives or with the Secretary of the Senate, as the case may be, a full, correct, and itemized statement of all moneys and things of value received by him or by anyone for him with his knowledge and consent, from any source, in aid or support of his candidacy, together with the names of all those who have furnished the same in whole or in part; and such statement shall contain a true and itemized account of all moneys and things of value given, contributed, expended, used, or promised by such candidate, or by his agent, representative, or other person for and in his behalf with his knowledge and consent, up to, on, and after the day of such primary election, nominating convention, general or special election, or election by the legislature, together with the names of all those to whom any and all such gifts, contributions, payments, or promises were made for the purpose of procuring his nomination, indorsement, or election.

Every such candidate shall include therein a statement of every promise or pledge made by him, or by any one for him with his knowledge and consent or to whom he has given authority to make any such promise or pledge, before the completion of any such primary election or nominating convention or general or special election or election by the legislature, relative to the appointment or recommendation for appointment of any person to any position of trust, honor, or profit, either in the county, State, or Nation, or in any political subdivision thereof, or in any private or corporate employment, for the purpose of procuring the support of such person or of any person in his candidacy, and if any such promise or pledge shall have been made the name or names, the address or addresses, and the occupation or occupations, of the person or persons to whom such promise or pledge shall have been made, shall be stated, together with a description of the position relating to which such promise or pledge has been made. In the event that no such promise or pledge has been made by such candidate, that fact shall be distinctly stated.

No candidate for Representative in Congress or for Senator of the United States shall promise any office or position to any person, or to use his influence or to give his support to any person for any office or position for the purpose of procuring the support of such person, or of any person, in his candidacy; nor shall any candidate for Senator of the United States give, contribute, expend, use, or promise any money or thing of value to assist in procuring the nomination or election of any particular candidate for the legislature of the State in which he resides, but such candidate may, within the limitations and restrictions and subject to the requirements of this act, contribute to political committees having charge of the disbursement of campaign funds.

No candidate for Representative in Congress or for Senator of the United States shall give, contribute, expend, use, or promise, or cause to be given, contributed, expended, used, or promised, in procuring his nomination and election, any sum, in the aggregate, in excess of the amount which he may lawfully give, contribute, expend, or promise under the laws of the State in which he resides: Provided, That no candidate for Representative in Congress shall give, contribute, expend, use, or promise any sum, in the aggregate, exceeding five thousand dollars in any campaign for his nomination and election; and no candidate for Senator of the United States shall give, contribute, expend, use, or promise any sum, in the aggregate, exceeding ten

thousand dollars in any campaign for his nomination and election: Provided further, That money expended by any such candidate to meet and discharge any assessment, fee, or charge made or levied upon candidates by the laws of the State in which he resides, or for his necessary personal expenses, incurred for himself alone, for travel and subsistence, stationery and postage, writing or printing (other than in newspapers), and distributing letters, circulars, and posters, and for telegraph and telephone service, shall not be regarded as an expenditure within the meaning of this section, and shall not be considered any part of the sum herein fixed as the limit of expense and need not be shown in the statements herein required to be filed.

The statements herein required to be made and filed before the general election, or the election by the legislature at which such candidate seeks election, need not contain items of which publicity is given in a previous statement, but the statement required to be made and filed after said general election or election by the legislature shall, in addition to an itemized statement of all expenses not theretofore given publicity, contain a summary of all preceding statements.

Any person, not then a candidate for Senator of the United States, who shall have given, contributed, expended, used, or promised any money or thing of value to aid or assist in the nomination or election of any particular member of the legislature of the State in which he resides, shall, if he thereafter becomes a candidate for such office, or if he shall thereafter be elected to such office without becoming a candidate therefor, comply with all of the provisions of this section relating to candidates for such office, so far as the same may be applicable; and the statement herein required to be made, verified, and filed after such election shall contain a full, true, and itemized account of each and every gift, contribution, expenditure, and promise whenever made, in any wise relating to the nomination or election of members of the legislature of said State, or in any wise connected with or pertaining to his nomination and election of which publicity is not given in a previous statement. (Sec. 8, Act of Congress, Aug. 19, 1911.)

Every statement herein required shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the candidate, taken before an officer authorized to administer oaths; and the depositing of any such statement in a regular post office, directed to the Clerk of the House of Representatives, or to the Secretary of the Senate, as the case may be, duly stamped and registered, within the time required herein, shall be deemed a sufficient filing of any such statement under any of the provisions of this Act. (Sec. 8, Act of Congress, Aug. 19, 1911; as amended, Aug. 23, 1912.)

Act Not to be Construed to Annul State Laws.

9. This act shall not be construed to annul or vitiate the laws of any State, not directly in conflict herewith, relating to the nomination or election of candidates for the offices herein named, or to exempt any such candidate from complying with such State laws. (Sec. 8, Act of Congress, Aug. 19, 1911.)

Postage, Telegraph, Telephone, Traveling and Personal Expenses Spent by Individuals from Private Funds in Connection with the Election of Representatives in Congress May be Incurred Without Violating Act.

10. That any person may in connection with such election incur and pay from his own private funds for the purpose of influencing or controlling, in two or more States, the results of an election at which Representatives to the Congress of the United States are elected, all necessary personal expenses for his traveling, for stationery, and postage, and for telegraph and telephone service without being subject to the provisions of this Act. (Sec. 8, Act of Congress, June 25, 1910; re-numbered Sec. 9 and amended by Act of Congress, Aug. 10, 1911.)

Legal Expenses in Connection with Contested Elections for Representatives in Congress Unlimited.

11. That nothing contained in this Act shall limit or affect the right of any person to spend money for proper legal expenses in maintaining or contesting the results of any election. (Sec. 9, Act of Congress, June 25, 1910; Section re-numbered, Sec. 10 by Act of Congress, Aug. 19, 1911.)

Penalty for Violating Provisions of Act.

12. That every person wilfully violating any of the foregoing provisions of this act shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. (Sec. 10, Act of Congress June 25, 1910; Sec. re-numbered Sec. 11, by Act of Congress, Aug. 19, 1911.)

Penalty for Soliciting, Promising, Offering or Giving any Money, or Thing of Value for Voting or Withholding of Vote For or Against any Candidate for United States Senator or Representatives, at a Primary, General or Special Election.

13. That whoever shall promise, offer, or give, or cause to be promised, offered, or given, any money or other thing of value, or shall make or tender any contract, undertaking, obligation, gratuity, or security for the payment of money or for the delivery or conveyance of anything of value to any person, either to vote or withhold his vote or to vote for or against any candidate, or whoever solicits, accepts, or receives any money or other thing of value in consideration of his vote for or against any candidate for Senator or Representative or Delegate in Congress at any primary or general or special election, shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. (Sec. 1, Act of Congress, Oct. 16, 1918.)

NATIONAL PARTY OFFICERS, CANDIDATES AND PLATFORMS—1916.

THE DEMOCRATIC.

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Chairman—*Homer S. Cummings, Stamford, Connecticut.

Vice-Chairmen—†J. Bruce Kremer, Butte, Montana; Samuel B. Amidon, Wichita, Kansas.

Secretary—Carter Glass, Lynchburg, Virginia.

Treasurer—Wilbur W. Marsh, Waterloo, Iowa.

Eastern Headquarters—30 East Forty-second Street, New York, New York.

Western Headquarters—Karpen Building, Chicago, Illinois.

National Committeeman from Pennsylvania—A. Mitchell Palmer, Stroudsburg, Monroe County.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION

convened at St. Louis, Missouri, Wednesday, June 14, 1916, and adjourned June 16th. William F. McCombs, of New York, New York, was made temporary chairman; and Ollie M. James, of Marion, Kentucky, was made the permanent chairman. Nominated for President: Woodrow Wilson, of Trenton, New Jersey; for Vice-President: Thomas R. Marshall, of Indianapolis, Indiana. Adopted on June 16th the following

PLATFORM:

The Democratic Party, in national convention assembled, adopts the following declaration to the end that the people of the United States may both realize the achievements wrought by four years of Democratic administration and be apprised of the policies to which the party is committed for the further conduct of national affairs.

RECORDS OF ACHIEVEMENT.

We indorse the administration of Woodrow Wilson. It speaks for itself. It is the best exposition of sound Democratic policy at home and abroad.

We challenge comparison of our record, our keeping of pledges and our constructive legislation, with those of any party of any time.

We found our country hampered by special privilege, a vicious tariff, obsolete banking laws and an inelastic currency. Our foreign affairs were dominated by commercial interests for their selfish ends. The Republican Party, despite repeated pledges, was impotent to correct abuses which it had fostered. Under our administration, under a leadership which has never faltered, these abuses have been corrected, and our people have been freed therefrom.

Our archaic banking and currency system, prolific of panic and disaster under Republican administrations—long the refuge of the Money Trust—has been supplanted by the Federal Reserve Act, a true democracy of credit under Government control, already proved a financial bulwark in a world crisis, mobilizing our resources, placing abundant credit at the disposal of legitimate industry and making a currency panic impossible.

We have created a Federal Trade Commission to accommodate the perplexing questions arising under the anti-trust laws so that monopoly may be strangled at its birth and legitimate industry encouraged. Fair competition in business is now assured.

We have effected an adjustment of the tariff, adequate for revenue under peace conditions, and fair to the consumer and to the producer. We have adjusted the burdens of taxation so that swollen incomes bear their equitable share. Our revenues have been sufficient in times of world stress, and will largely exceed the expenditures for the current fiscal year.

We have lifted human labor from the category of commodities and have secured to the workingman the right of voluntary association for his protection and welfare. We have protected the rights of the laborer against the unwarranted issuance of writs of injunction, and have guaranteed to him the right of trial by jury in cases of alleged contempt committed outside the presence of the court.

We have advanced the parcels post to genuine efficiency, enlarged the Postal Savings System, added 10,000 rural delivery routes and extensions, thus reaching 2,500,000 additional people, improved the Postal Service in every branch, and for the first time in our history placed the post-office system on a self-supporting basis, with actual surplus in 1913, 1914 and 1916.

*Vice Vance C. McCormick, who resigned February 26, 1919.

†Elected February 26, 1919.

ECONOMIC FREEDOM.

The reforms which were most obviously needed to clear away special privilege, prevent unfair discrimination and release the energies of men of all ranks and advantages, have been effected by recent legislation. We must now remove, as far as possible, every remaining element of unrest and uncertainty from the path of the business men of America, and secure for them a continued period of quiet, assured and confident prosperity.

TARIFF.

We reaffirm our belief in the doctrine of a tariff for the purpose of providing sufficient revenue for the operation of the Government economically administered and unreservedly indorse the Underwood tariff law as truly exemplifying that doctrine. We recognize that tariff rates are necessary subject to change to meet changing conditions in the world's production and trade. The events of the last two years have brought about many momentous changes. In some respects their effects are yet conjectural and wait to be disclosed, particularly in regard to our foreign trade.

Two years of a war which has directly involved most of the chief industrial nations of the world and which has indirectly affected the life and industry of all nations, are bringing about economic changes more varied and far-reaching than the world has ever before experienced. In order to ascertain just what those changes may be, the Democratic Congress is providing for a non-partisan tariff commission to make impartial and thorough study of every economic fact that may throw light either upon our past or upon our future fiscal policy with regard to the imposition of taxes on imports or with regard to the changed and changing conditions under which our trade is carried on. We cordially indorse this timely proposal and declare ourselves in sympathy with the principle and purpose of shaping legislation within that field in accordance with clearly established facts rather than in accordance with the demands of selfish interest or upon information provided largely, if not exclusively, by them.

AMERICANISM.

The part which the United States will play in the new day of international relationships that is now upon us will depend upon our preparation and our character. The Democratic Party, therefore, recognizes the assertion and triumphant demonstration of the indivisibility and coherent strength of the Nation as the supreme issue of this day in which the whole world faces the crisis of manifold change. It summons all men of whatever origin or creed who would count themselves Americans, to join in making clear to all the world the unity and consequent power of America. This is an issue of patriotism. To taint it with partisanship would be to defile it. In this day of test, America must show itself not a Nation of partisans but a Nation of patriots. There is gathered here in America the best of the blood, the industry and the genius of the world, the elements of a great race and a magnificent society to be welded into a mighty and splendid Nation.

Whoever, actuated by the purpose to promote the interest of a foreign power, in disregard of our own country's welfare or to injure this Government in its foreign relations or cripple or destroy its industries at home, and whoever by arousing prejudices of a racial, religious or other nature creates discord and strife among our people so as to obstruct the wholesome process of unification, is faithless to the trust which the privileges of citizenship repose in him and is disloyal to his country. We, therefore, condemn as subversive of this Nation's unity and integrity, and as destructive of its welfare, the activities and designs of every group or organization, political or otherwise, that has for its object the advancement of the interest of a foreign power, whether such object is promoted by intimidating the Government, a political party, or representatives of the people, or which is calculated and tends to divide our people into antagonistic groups and thus to destroy that complete agreement and solidarity of the people and that unity of sentiment and purpose so essential to the perpetuity of the Nation and its free institutions. We condemn all alliances and combinations of individuals in this country of whatever nationality or descent, who agree and conspire together for the purpose of embarrassing or weakening our Government or of improperly influencing or coercing our public representatives in dealing or negotiating with any foreign power. We charge that such conspiracies among a limited number exist and have been instigated for the purpose of advancing the interests of foreign countries to the prejudice and detriment of our own country. We condemn any political party which, in view of the activity of such conspirators, surrenders its integrity or modifies its policy.

PREPAREDNESS.

Along with the proof of our character as a nation must go the proof of our power to play the part that legitimately belongs to us. The people of the United States love peace. They respect the rights and covet the friendship of all other nations. They desire neither any additional territory nor any advantage which can not be peacefully gained by their skill, their industry, or their enterprise; but they insist upon having absolute freedom of national life and policy, and feel that they owe it to themselves and to the role of spirited independence which it is their sole ambition to play, that

they should render themselves secure against the hazard of interference from any quarter, and should be able to protect their rights upon the seas or in any part of the world. We, therefore, favor the maintenance of an army fully adequate to the requirements of order, of safety and of the protection of the Nation's rights; the fullest development of modern methods of seacoast defense and the maintenance of an adequate reserve of citizens trained to arms and prepared to safeguard the people and territory of the United States against any danger of hostile action which may unexpectedly arise; and a fixed policy for the continuous development of a Navy worthy to support the great naval traditions of the United States and fully equal to the international tasks which this Nation hopes and expects to take a part in performing. The plans and enactments of the present Congress afford substantial proof of our purpose in this exigent matter.

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.

The Democratic administration has throughout the present war scrupulously and successfully held to the old paths of neutrality and to the peaceful pursuit of the legitimate objects of our national life which statesmen of all parties and creeds have prescribed for themselves in America since the beginning of our history. But the circumstances of the last two years have revealed necessities of international action which no former generation can have foreseen. We hold that it is the duty of the United States to use its power, not only to make itself safe at home, but also to make secure its just interests throughout the world, and, both for this end and in the interest of humanity, to assist the world in securing settled peace and justice. We believe that every people has the right to choose the sovereignty under which it shall live; that the small states of the world have a right to enjoy from other nations the same respect for their sovereignty and for their territorial integrity that great and powerful nations expect and insist upon; and that the world has a right to be free from every disturbance of its peace that has its origin in aggression or disregard of the rights of peoples and nations; and we believe that that time has come when it is the duty of the United States to join with the other nations of the world in any feasible association that will effectively serve those principles, to maintain inviolate the complete security of the highway of the seas for the common and unhindered use of all nations.

The present administration has consistently sought to act upon and realize in its conduct of the foreign affairs of the nation the principle that should be the object of any association of the nations formed to secure the peace of the world and the maintenance of national and individual rights. It has followed the highest American traditions. It has preferred respect for the fundamental rights of smaller States even to property interests, and has secured the friendship of the people of such States for the United States by refusing to make a mere material interest an excuse for the assertion of our superior power against the dignity of their sovereign independence. It has regarded the lives of its citizens and the claims of humanity as of greater moment than material rights, and peace as the best basis for the just settlement of commercial claims. It has made the honor and ideals of the United States its standard alike in negotiation and action.

PAN-AMERICAN CONCORD.

We recognize now, as we have always recognized, a definite and common interest between the United States and the other peoples and Republics of the Western hemisphere in all matters of national independence and free political development. We favor the establishment and maintenance of the closest relations of amity and mutual helpfulness between the United States and the other Republics of the American continents for the support of peace and the promotion of a common prosperity. To that end we favor all measures which may be necessary to facilitate intimate intercourse and promote commerce between the United States and our neighbors to the south, and such international understandings as may be practicable and suitable to accomplish these ends.

We commend the action of the Democratic administration in holding the Pan-American Financial Conference at Washington in May, 1915, and organizing the International High Commission which represented the United States in the recent meeting of representatives of the Latin American Republics at Buenos Aires, April, 1916, which have so greatly promoted the friendly relations between the people of the Western hemisphere.

MEXICO.

The Monroe Doctrine is reasserted as a principle of Democratic faith. That doctrine guarantees the Independent Republics of the two Americas against aggression from another continent. It implies, as well, the most scrupulous regard upon our part for the sovereignty of each of them. We court their good will. We seek not to despoil them. The want of a stable, responsible government in Mexico, capable of repressing and punishing marauders and bandit bands, who have not only taken the lives and seized and destroyed the property of American citizens in that country, but have insolently invaded our soil, made war upon and murdered our people thereon, has rendered it necessary to temporarily occupy, by our armed forces, a portion of

the territory of that friendly State. Until, by the restoration of law and order therein, a repetition of such incursions is improbable, the necessity for their remaining will continue. Intervention, implying as it does military subjugation, is revolting to the people of the United States, notwithstanding the provocation to that course has been great and should be resorted to, if at all, only as a last recourse. The stubborn resistance of the President and his advisers to every demand and suggestion to enter upon it, is creditable alike to them and to the people in whose name he speaks.

MERCHANT MARINE.

Immediate provisions should be made for the development of the carrying trade of the United States. Our foreign commerce has in the past been subject to many unnecessary and vexatious obstacles in the way of legislation of Republican Congresses. Until the recent Democratic tariff legislation, it was hampered by unreasonable burdens of taxation. Until the recent banking legislation, it had at its disposal few of the necessary instrumentalities of international credit and exchange. Until the formulation of the pending act to promote the construction of a merchant marine, it lacked even the prospect of adequate carriage by sea. We heartily indorse the purpose and policy of the pending shipping bill and favor all such additional measures of constructive or remedial legislation as may be necessary to restore our flag to the seas and to provide further facilities for our foreign commerce, particularly such laws as may be requisite to remove unfair conditions of competition in the dealing of American merchants and producers with competitors in foreign markets.

CONSERVATION.

For the safeguarding and quickening of the life of our own people we favor the conservation and development of the natural resources of the country through a policy which shall be positive rather than negative, a policy which shall not withhold such resources from development but which, while permitting and encouraging their use, shall prevent both waste and monopoly in their exploitation, and we earnestly favor the passage of acts which will accomplish these objects, reaffirming the declaration of the platform of 1912 on this subject.

The policy of reclaiming our arid lands should be steadily adhered to.

THE ADMINISTRATION AND THE FARMER.

We favor the vigorous prosecution of investigations and plans to render agriculture more profitable and country life more healthful, comfortable and attractive, and we believe that this should be a dominant aim of the Nation as well as of the States. With all its recent improvement farming still lags behind other occupations in development as a business, and the advantages of an advancing civilization have not accrued to rural communities in a fair proportion. Much has been accomplished in this field under the present administration, far more than under any previous administration. In the Federal Reserve Act of the last Congress and the Rural Credits Act of the present Congress, the machinery has been created which will make credit available to the farmer constantly and readily, placing him at last upon a footing of equality with the merchant and the manufacturer in securing the capital necessary to carry on his enterprises. Grades and standards necessary to the intelligent and successful conduct of the business of agriculture have also been established or are in the course of being established by law. The long-needed Cotton Futures Act, passed by the Sixty-third Congress, has now been in successful operation for nearly two years. A Grain Grades Bill, long needed, and a Permissive Warehouse Bill, intended to provide better storage facilities and to enable the farmer to obtain certificates upon which he may secure advances of money, have been passed by the House of Representatives, have been favorably reported to the Senate, and will probably become law during the present session of the Congress. Both Houses have passed a good-roads measure which will be of far-reaching benefit to all agricultural communities. Above all, the most extraordinary and significant progress has been made, under the direction of the Department of Agriculture, in extending and perfecting practical farm demonstration work which is so rapidly substituting scientific for empirical farming. But it is also necessary that rural activities should be better directed through cooperation and organization, that unfair methods of competition should be eliminated and the conditions requisite for the just, orderly and economical marketing of farm products created. We approve the Democratic administration for having emphatically directed attention for the first time to the essential interests of agriculture involved in farm marketing and finance, for creating the Office of Markets and Rural Organization in connection with the Department of Agriculture, and for extending the cooperative machinery necessary for conveying information to farmers by means of demonstration. We favor continued liberal provision, not only for the benefit of production, but also for the study and solution of problems of farm marketing and finance and for the extension of existing agencies for improving country life.

GOOD ROADS.

The happiness, comfort and prosperity of rural life, and the development of the city, are alike conserved by the construction of public highways. We, therefore, favor national aid in the construction of post roads and roads for military purposes.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT.

We hold that the life, health and strength of the men, women and children of the Nation are its greatest asset, and that in the conservation of these the Federal Government, wherever it acts as the employer of labor, should both on its own account and as an example, put into effect the following principles of just employment:

1. A living wage for all employees.
2. A working day not to exceed eight hours, with one day of rest in seven.
3. The adoption of safety appliances and the establishment of thoroughly sanitary conditions of labor.
4. Adequate compensation for industrial accidents.
5. The standards of the "Uniform Child Labor Law" wherever minors are employed.
6. Such provisions for decency, comfort and health in the employment of women as should be accorded the mothers of the race.
7. An equitable retirement law providing for the retirement of superannuated and disabled employes of the civil service, to the end that a higher standard of efficiency may be maintained.

We believe also that the adoption of similar principles should be urged and applied in the legislation of the States with regard to labor within their borders and that through every possible agency the life and health of the people of the Nation should be conserved.

LABOR.

We declare our faith in the Seamen's Act, passed by the Democratic Congress, and we promise our earnest continuance of its enforcement.

We favor the speedy enactment of an effective Federal Child Labor Law, and the regulation of the shipment of prison-made goods in interstate commerce.

We favor the creation of a Federal Bureau of Safety in the Department of Labor, to gather facts concerning industrial hazards, and to recommend legislation to prevent the maiming and killing of human beings.

We favor the extension of the powers and functions of the Federal Bureau of Mines.

We favor the development upon a systematic scale of the means, already begun under the present administration, to assist laborers throughout the Union to seek and obtain employment, and the extension by the Federal Government of the same assistance and encouragement as is now given to agricultural training.

We heartily commend our newly established Department of Labor for its fine record in settling strikes by personal advice and through conciliating agents.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

We favor a thorough reconsideration of the means and methods by which the Federal Government handles questions of public health to the end that human life may be conserved by the elimination of loathsome diseases, the improvement of sanitation, and the diffusion of a knowledge of disease prevention.

We favor the establishment by the Federal Government of tuberculosis sanitariums for needy tubercular patients.

SENATE RULES.

We favor such alteration of the rules of procedure of the Senate of the United States as will permit the prompt transaction of the Nation's legislative business.

ECONOMY AND THE BUDGET.

We demand careful economy in all expenditures for the support of the Government, and to that end favor a return by the House of Representatives to its former practice of initiating and preparing all appropriation bills through a single committee chosen from its membership, in order that responsibility may be centered, expenditures standardized and made uniform, and waste and duplication in the public service as much as possible avoided. We favor this as a practicable first step toward a budget system.

CIVIL SERVICE.

We reaffirm our declarations for the rigid enforcement of the Civil Service laws.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

We heartily indorse the provisions of the bill, recently passed by the House of Representatives, further promoting self-government in the Philippine Islands as being in fulfillment of the policy declared by the Democratic Party in its last National platform, and we reiterate our indorsement of the purpose of ultimate independence for the Philippine Islands, expressed in the preamble of that measure.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

We recommend the extension of the franchise to the women of the country by the States upon the same terms as to men.

PROTECTION OF CITIZENS.

We again declare the policy that the sacred rights of American citizenship must be preserved at home and abroad, and that no treaty shall receive the sanction of our Government which does not expressly recognize the absolute equality of all our citizens irrespective of race, creed or previous nationality, and which does not recognize the right of expatriation. The American Government should protect American citizens in their rights not only at home but abroad, and any country having a Government should be held to strict accountability for any wrongs done them, either to person or to property. At the earliest practicable opportunity our country should strive earnestly for peace among the warring nations of Europe and seek to bring about the adoption of the fundamental principle of justice and humanity, that all men shall enjoy equality of right and freedom from discrimination in the lands wherein they dwell.

PRISON REFORM.

We demand that the modern principles of prison reform be applied in our Federal Penal System. We favor such work for prisoners as shall give them training in remunerative occupations so that they may make an honest living when released from prison; the setting apart of the net wages of the prisoner to be paid to his dependent family or to be reserved for his own use upon his release; the liberal extension of the principles of the Federal Parole Law, with due regard both to the welfare of the prisoner and the interests of society; the adoption of the probation system, especially in the case of first offenders not convicted of serious crimes.

PENSIONS.

We renew the declarations of recent Democratic platforms relating to generous pensions for soldiers and their widows and call attention to our record of performance in this particular.

WATERWAYS AND FLOOD CONTROL.

We renew the declaration in our last two platforms relating to the development of our waterways. The recent devastation of the lower Mississippi Valley and several other sections by floods accentuates the movement for the regulation of river flow by additional bank and levee protection below, and diversion, storage and control of the flood waters above, and their utilization for beneficial purposes in the reclamation of arid and swamp lands, and development of water power, instead of permitting the floods to continue as heretofore agents of destruction. We hold that the control of the Mississippi River is a national problem. The preservation of the depth of its waters for purposes of navigation, the building of levees and works of bank protection to maintain the integrity of its channel and prevent the overflow of its valley resulting in the interruption of interstate commerce, the disorganization of the mail service, and the enormous loss of life and property, impose an obligation which alone can be discharged by the National Government.

We favor the adoption of a liberal and comprehensive plan for the development and improvement of our harbors and inland waterways with economy and efficiency so as to permit their navigation by vessels of standard draft.

ALASKA.

It has been and will be the policy of the Democratic Party to enact all laws necessary for the speedy development of Alaska and its great natural resources.

TERRITORIES.

We favor granting to the people of Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico the traditional Territorial government accorded to all Territories of the United States since the beginning of our Government, and we believe that the officials appointed to administer the government of these several Territories should be qualified by previous bona fide residence.

CANDIDATES.

We unreservedly indorse our President and Vice-President, Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, and Thomas Riley Marshall of Indiana, who have performed the functions of their great offices faithfully and impartially, and with distinguished ability.

In particular we commend to the American people the splendid diplomatic victories of our great President, who has preserved the vital interests of our Government and its citizens, and kept us out of war.

Woodrow Wilson stands to-day the greatest American of his generation.

CONCLUSION.

This is a critical hour in the history of America, a critical hour in the history of the world. Upon the record above set forth, which shows great constructive achievement in following out a consistent policy for our domestic and internal development; upon the record of the Democratic administration, which has maintained the honor, the dignity and the interests of the United States, and at the same time, retained the respect and friendship of all the nations of the world; and upon the great policies for the future strengthening of the life of our country, the enlargement of our national vision and the ennobling of our international relations, as set forth above, we appeal with confidence to the voters of the country.

THE PROGRESSIVE.

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Victor Murdock, Wichita, Kansas.

Vice-Chairman—Matthew Hale, Boston, Massachusetts.

Secretary—O. K. Davis, Washington, District of Columbia.

Treasurer—E. H. Hooker, New York, New York.

Headquarters—209 Madison Avenue, New York, New York.

National Committeeman from Pennsylvania—William Flinn, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION

convened at Chicago, Illinois, Wednesday, June 7, 1916, and adjourned June 10, 1916. Raymond Robins, of Chicago, Illinois, was made temporary and, subsequently, permanent chairman. Nominated for President: *Theodore Roosevelt, of Oyster Bay, New York; for Vice-President, John M. Parker, of New Orleans, Louisiana. Adopted on June 9th the following

PLATFORM:

This is the year of decision for the Nation's future. As we now decide, so we shall go forward in righteousness and power, or backward in degradation and weakness.

Of necessity we deal now with the foundations of our national life. We are facing elemental facts of force, of right and wrong, of extreme national peril. Our present choice of path will be irrevocable. The tradition of isolation has been ended. The United States is now part of a world system of civilization. We stand or fall as we prepare now to take our part in peace or war or hold our own therein.

TREATMENT OF CITIZENS.

As members of an international community we are subject to certain basic duties:

To secure the rights and equal treatment of our citizens, native or naturalized, on land and sea, without regard to race, creed or nativity;

To guard the honor and uphold the just influence of our Nation;

To maintain the integrity of international law.

These are the cornerstones of civilization. We must be strong to defend them. We earnestly desire to keep the peace, but there are higher things which we must keep if we would keep the faith as Washington and Lincoln kept it. Peace at the price of submission and cowardice is not desirable, nor is it the peace of justice which alone would make it permanent. Supine submission to the invasion of our rights or indifference to the wrongs of weaker nations will not long maintain peace, nor will mere threat of action enforce our rights under international law.

*Withdrew as a candidate for President, June 22, 1916. The Progressive National Committee met in Chicago June 26, 1916, and, after having received the letter of Theodore Roosevelt withdrawing as a candidate for President, endorsed Charles Evans Hughes, the Republican nominee.

There must be an unflinching determination and a personal ability to defend our rights and to fulfill our international obligations. In such a readiness lies the sure safeguards of both National honor and continued peace. Failure to deal firmly and promptly with the menace of Mexican disorders has brought conditions worse than warfare and has weakened our national self-respect. Every resource of government should forthwith be used to end those conditions, and protect from outrage the lives, honor and property of American men and women in Mexico.

Whatever our country can legitimately do to attain peace for war stricken Europe and to aid in the procurement of equal rights, without discrimination because of race or creed to all men in all lands, should be done.

Adequate provision for the common defense has become the task of foremost national concern. We must be ready in spirit, arms and industry. Preparation in arms requires:

A navy restored to at least second rank in battle efficiency;

A regular army of 250,000 men, fully armed and trained, as a first line of land defense.

A system of military training adequate to organize with promptness, behind that first line of the army and navy, a citizen soldiery, supplied, armed and controlled by the national government.

In our democracy every male citizen is charged with the duty of defending his country. This duty is not new. It has existed from the foundation of the government. Under modern conditions it cannot be performed without military training; service without training means slaughter and disaster.

DISLOYALTY IS DENOUNCED.

Beneath the structure of military and economic strength there must be a unified spirit of cosmopolitan people, a deep loyalty and undivided allegiance to America—the land which has welcomed us and our immigrant forefathers. Back of any adequate national preparedness in arms or in industry, must remain the democratic soul of an undivided people, determined to keep America's great heritage and traditions unflinching in first place.

American problems must be faced and solved solely in the light of American ideals. American political action must be taken in the service of American ends. Unwavering patriotism and unflinching fidelity to America is the only spirit which should animate our citizens. If in this melting pot of a hundred nations the children of any fail to find our common destiny worthy of common devotion and defense, we shall sustain irreparable loss of national character.

In this spirit of Americanism, action must be taken for the common defense.

FOR UNIVERSAL SERVICE.

As the Nation has always recognized and exercised the right to enforce compulsory military service in time of war, so should there be universal military training for that service during times of peace.

We believe in preparedness for defense, but never for aggression. We must not sacrifice the lives of men for the glory or gain of military conquest. And we believe that the women of the country who share with men the burdens of government in times of peace and make equal sacrifice in times of war, should be given the full political right of suffrage by both Federal and State action. Arms alone cannot maintain a nation. Of far greater prominent importance must stand a national industry efficient for the general welfare—a prosperity justly distributed, a national life organized in all points for national ends. Four years ago this party was born of a nation's awakened sense of these fundamental truths. In the platform then adopted we set forth our position on public questions. We here reaffirm the declarations there made on national issues.

A nation to survive must stand for the principles of social and industrial justice. We have no right to expect continued loyalty from an oppressed class.

We must remove the artificial causes of the high cost of living; prevent the exploitation of men, women and children in industry by extension of the workmen's compensation law to the full limit permitted under the Constitution and by a thorough-going child labor law; protect the wage-earner; and by a properly regulated system of rural credits encourage the farmer and give to the landless to require more land.

A country must be worth living in to be worth fighting for.

WILL INSURE PROSPERITY.

To make possible social justice, to maintain our position in peace and war, we must insure business and industrial prosperity. This can be done:

By a regulation of industry aimed at promoting its growth and prosperity and a just distribution of its returns and a healthy expansion of foreign trade.

By a conservation and development of our national resources for the good of all;

By the re-establishment of our merchant marine;

By the development of a system of interstate national highways;

By making a new standard of governmental efficiency through a complete civil service system, a national budget and the destruction of "pork-barrel" legislation;

By the creation of a permanent, expert tariff commission, with a view of intelligently and scientifically adjusting the tariff, so as to build up, rather than destroy, American industry.

FOR PROTECTIVE TARIFF.

The protective system is essential to our national prosperity. Tremendous new pressures will be thrown upon our industries after the war by the highly mobilized production of Europe. At all times conditions of competition must be equalized between our own and foreign countries. We can only get the protection we need through the use of exact and complete knowledge, unaffected by prejudice or politics. We can secure that knowledge at all times, and when need it, only through such a commission.

The industrial issues are chiefly national. The present and certain future make it imperative that the regulation and promotion of industry, and especially of transportation and foreign trade, be national, not local. Only Federal power can work justice to capital and labor throughout the Nation. Only national authority can mobilize industry for defense as the Nation's needs demand it.

We have set forth in this platform plain essentials of national existence. They are not new in principle. Most men agree with them. Any man may propose them. The urgent and immediate need is for their performance. We have had ample experience with the promiser; with words and the bitter taste of words retracted. We must choose a man who, not alone by words, but by past deeds, gives guarantee that he can and will make these things good.

The issue is one of men. In the midst of world changes unparalleled in history, we cannot forecast the problems which will confront our government during the war and at its end.

NEEDS MAN WHO ACTS.

We, therefore, need as President a leader who knows the nations; a man who acts. If we continue longer to stand for words as above deeds, for fancies as above facts, we shall receive and merit the fate that surely awaits the man or people who do not face the truth.

We will meet and work with any man or party who sees the Nation's need and puts forward a leader fit to meet it. We will accept no less, in plan or in the man, and we solemnly charge upon any who place partisan politics above country the responsibility for a nation's future, sacrificed to self interests and spoils.

THE REPUBLICAN.

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

*Chairman—Will H. Hays, Sullivan, Indiana.

Secretary—James B. Reynolds, Washington, District of Columbia.

†Treasurer—Fred W. Upham, Chicago, Illinois.

Eastern Headquarters—452 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York.

Western Headquarters—Conway Building, 111 West Washington Street, Chicago, Illinois.

National Committeeman from Pennsylvania—Boies Penrose, 1331 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION

convened at Chicago, Illinois, Wednesday, June 7, 1916, and adjourned June 10th. Warren G. Harding, of Marion, Ohio, was made temporary, and, subsequently, permanent chairman. Nominated for President: Charles E. Hughes, of New York, New York; for Vice-President, Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indianapolis, Indiana. Adopted on June 8th the following

PLATFORM:

In 1861 the Republican Party stood for the Union. As it stood for the Union of States, it now stands for a united people, true to American ideals, loyal to American traditions, knowing no allegiance except to the Constitution, to the Government and to the flag of the United States.

We believe in American policies at home and abroad.

*Elected February 13, 1918, to succeed William R. Willcox, who resigned February 12, 1918.

†Elected February 13, 1918, to succeed Cornelius Bliss, Jr., New York, New York, who resigned February 12, 1918.

PROTECTION OF AMERICAN RIGHTS.

We declare that we believe in and will enforce the protection of every American citizen in all the rights secured to him by the Constitution, by treaties and the law of nations, at home and abroad, by land and sea. These rights, which, in violation of the specific promise of their party made at Baltimore in 1912, the Democratic President and the Democratic Congress have failed to defend, we will unflinchingly maintain.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

We desire peace, the peace of justice and right, and believe in maintaining a strict and honest neutrality between the belligerents in the great war in Europe. We must perform all our duties and insist upon all our rights as neutrals without fear and without favor. We believe that peace and neutrality, as well as the dignity and influence of the United States, cannot be preserved by shifty expedients, by phrase-making, by performances in language, or by attitudes ever changing in an effort to secure groups of voters. The present administration has destroyed our influence abroad and humiliated us in our own eyes. The Republican Party believes that a firm, consistent, and courageous foreign policy, always maintained by Republican presidents in accordance with American traditions, is the best, as it is the only true way, to preserve our peace and restore us to our rightful place among the nations.

We believe in the pacific settlement of international disputes, and favor the establishment of a world court for that purpose.

MEXICO.

We deeply sympathize with the fifteen million people of Mexico who for three years have seen their country devastated, their homes destroyed, their fellow citizens murdered and their women outraged, by armed bands of desperadoes led by self-seeking, conscienceless agitators who, when temporarily successful in any locality, have neither sought nor been able to restore order or establish and maintain peace.

We express our horror and indignation at the outrages which have been and are being perpetrated by these bandits upon American men and women who were or are in Mexico by invitation of the laws and of the government of that country and whose rights to security of person and property are guaranteed by solemn treaty obligations. We denounce the indefensible methods of interference employed by this administration in the internal affairs of Mexico and refer with shame to its failure to discharge the duty of this country as next friend to Mexico, its duty to other powers who have relied upon us as such friend, and its duty to our citizens in Mexico, in permitting the continuance of such conditions, first by failure to act promptly and firmly, and second, by lending its influence to the continuation of such conditions through recognition of one of the factions responsible for these outrages.

We pledge our aid in restoring order and maintaining peace in Mexico. We promise to our citizens on and near our border, and to those in Mexico, wherever they may be found, adequate and absolute protection in their lives, liberty and property.

MONROE DOCTRINE.

We reaffirm our approval of the Monroe Doctrine, and declare its maintenance to be a policy of this country essential to its present and future peace and safety and to the achievement of its manifest destiny.

LATIN AMERICA.

We favor the continuance of Republican policies which will result in drawing more and more closely the commercial, financial and social relations between this country and the countries of Latin America.

PHILIPPINES.

We renew our allegiance to the Philippine policy inaugurated by McKinley, approved by Congress and consistently carried out by Roosevelt and Taft. Even in this short time it has enormously improved the material and social conditions of the Islands, given the Philippine people a constantly increasing participation in their Government and, if persisted in, will bring still greater benefits in the future.

We accepted the responsibility of the Islands as a duty to civilization, and the Filipino people. To leave with our task half done, would break our pledges, injure our prestige among nations, and imperil what has already been accomplished.

We condemn the Democratic administration for its attempt to abandon the Philippines, which was prevented only by the vigorous opposition of Republican members of Congress, aided by a few patriotic Democrats.

RIGHTS OF EXPATRIATION.

We reiterate the unqualified approval of the action taken in December, 1911, by the President and Congress to secure with Russia, as with other countries, a treaty that will recognize the absolute right of expatriation and prevent all discrimination of whatever kind between American citizens whether native born or alien, and regardless of race, religion or previous political allegiance. We renew the pledge to observe this principle and to maintain the right of asylum, which is neither to be surrendered nor restricted, and we unite in the cherished hope that the war which is now desolating the world may speedily end, with a complete and lasting restoration of brotherhood among the nations of the earth and the assurance of full equal rights, civil and religious, to all men in every land.

PROTECTION OF THE COUNTRY.

In order to maintain our peace and make certain the security of our people within our own borders the country must have not only adequate but thorough and complete national defenses ready for any emergency. We must have a sufficient and effective Regular Army, and a provision for ample reserves, already drilled and disciplined, who can be called at once to the colors when the hour of danger comes.

We must have a Navy so strong and so well proportioned and equipped, so thoroughly ready and prepared, that no enemy can gain command of the sea and effect a landing in force on either our Western or our Eastern coast. To secure these results we must have a coherent and continuous policy of national defense, which even in these perilous days the Democratic Party has utterly failed to develop, but which we promise to give to the country.

TARIFF.

The Republican Party stands now, as always, in the fullest sense for the policy of tariff protection to American industries and American labor and does not regard an anti-dumping provision as an adequate substitute.

Such protection should be reasonable in amount but sufficient to protect adequately American industries and American labor and so adjusted as to prevent undue exactions by monopolies or trusts. It should, moreover, give special attention to securing the industrial independence of the United States as in the case of dye stuffs.

Through wise tariff and industrial legislation our industries can be so organized that they will become not only a commercial bulwark but a powerful aid to national defense.

The Underwood tariff act is a complete failure in every respect. Under its administration imports have enormously increased in spite of the fact that intercourse with foreign countries has been largely cut off by reason of the war, while the revenues of which we stand in such dire need have been greatly reduced.

Under the normal conditions which prevailed prior to the war it was clearly demonstrated that this Act deprived the American producer and the American wage earner of that protection which enabled them to meet their foreign competitors, and but for the adventitious conditions created by the war, would long since have paralyzed all forms of American industry and deprived American labor of its just reward.

It has not in the least degree reduced the cost of living, which has constantly advanced from the date of its enactment. The welfare of our people demands its repeal and the substitution of a measure which in peace as well as in war will produce ample revenue and give reasonable protection to all forms of American production in mine, forest, field and factory.

We favor the creation of a tariff commission with complete power to gather and compile information for the use of Congress in all matters relating to the tariff.

BUSINESS.

The Republican Party has long believed in the rigid supervision and strict regulation of the transportation and of the great corporations of the country. It has put its creed into its deeds, and all really effective laws regulating the railroads and the great industrial corporations are the work of Republican Congresses and Presidents. For this policy of regulation and supervision the Democrats, in a stumbling and piecemeal way, are undertaking to involve the Government in

business which should be left within the sphere of private enterprise and in direct competition with its own citizens, a policy which is sure to result in waste, great expense to the tax payer and in an inferior product.

The Republican Party firmly believes that all who violate the laws in regulation of business, should be individually punished. But prosecution is very different from persecution, and business success, no matter how honestly attained, is apparently regarded by the Democratic Party as in itself a crime. Such doctrines and beliefs choke enterprise and stifle prosperity. The Republican Party believes in encouraging American business, as it believes in and will seek to advance all American interests.

RURAL CREDITS.

We favor an effective system of Rural Credits as opposed to the ineffective law proposed by the present Democratic administration.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

We favor the extension of the Rural Free Delivery system and condemn the Democratic administration for curtailing and crippling it.

MERCHANT MARINE.

In view of the policies adopted by all the maritime nations to encourage their shipping interests, and in order to enable us to compete with them for the ocean-carrying trade, we favor the payment to ships engaged in the foreign trade of liberal compensation for services actually rendered in carrying the mails, and such further legislation as will build up an adequate American Merchant Marine and give us ships which may be requisitioned by the Government in time of national emergency.

We are utterly opposed to the Government ownership of vessels as proposed by the Democratic Party, because Government-owned ships, while effectively preventing the development of the American Merchant Marine by private capital, will be entirely unable to provide for the vast volume of American freights and will leave us more helpless than ever in the hard grip of foreign syndicates.

RAILROADS.

Interstate and intrastate transportation have become so interwoven that the attempt to apply two and often several sets of laws to its regulation has produced conflicts of authority, embarrassment in operation and inconvenience and expense to the public.

The entire transportation system of the country has become essentially national. We, therefore, favor such action by legislation or if necessary, through an amendment to the Constitution of the United States as will result in placing it under complete Federal control.

ECONOMY AND A NATIONAL BUDGET.

The increasing cost of the national government and the need for the greatest economy of its resources in order to meet the growing demands of the people for government service call for the severest condemnation of the wasteful appropriations of this democratic administration, of its shameless raids on the treasury, and of its opposition to and rejection of President Taft's oft repeated proposals and earnest efforts to secure economy and efficiency through the establishment of a simple business-like budget system to which we pledge our support and which we hold to be necessary to effect any real reform in the administration of national finances.

CONSERVATION.

We believe in a careful husbandry of all the natural resources of the nation—a husbandry which means development without waste; use without abuse.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

The Civil Service Law has always been sustained by the Republican Party, and we renew our repeated declarations that it shall be thoroughly and honestly enforced and extended wherever practicable. The Democratic Party has created since March 4, 1913, thirty thousand offices outside of the Civil Service law at an annual cost of forty-four million dollars to the tax payers of the country.

We condemn the gross abuse and misuse of the law by the present Democratic administration and pledge ourselves to a reorganization of this service along lines of efficiency and economy.

TERRITORIAL OFFICIALS.

Reaffirming the attitude long maintained by the Republican Party, we hold that officials appointed to administer the government of any territory should be bona fide residents of the territory in which their duties are to be performed.

LABOR LAWS.

We pledge the Republican Party to the faithful enforcement of all Federal laws passed for the protection of labor. We favor vocational education; the enactment and rigid enforcement of a Federal child labor law; the enactment of a generous and comprehensive workmen's compensation law, within the commerce power of Congress, and an accident compensation law covering all Government employes. We favor the collection and collation, under the direction of the Department of Labor, of complete data relating to industrial hazards for the information of Congress, to the end that such legislation may be adopted as may be calculated to secure the safety, conservation and protection of labor from the dangers incident to industry and transportation.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The Republican Party reaffirming its faith in government of the people, by the people, for the people, as a measure of justice to one-half the adult people of the country, favors the extension of the suffrage to women, but recognizes the right of each state to settle this question for itself.

Such are our principles, such are our "purposes and policies." We close as we began. The times are dangerous and the future is fraught with perils. The great issues of the day have been confused by words and phrases. The American spirit, which made the country and saved the union, has been forgotten by those charged with the responsibility of power. We appeal to all Americans, whether naturalized or native-born, to prove to the world that we are Americans in thought and in deed, with one loyalty, one hope, one aspiration. We call on all Americans to be true to the spirit of America, to the great traditions of their common country, and above all things, to keep the faith.

THE SOCIALIST.

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Morris Hillquit, 30 Church Street, New York, New York.
Executive Secretary and Treasurer—Adolph Germer, 4447 Irving Park Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois.

Headquarters—803 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

National Committeemen from Pennsylvania—Charles A. Maurer, 517 Elm Street, Reading, Berks County; Charles W. Ervin, 1326 Arch Street, Philadelphia; Gertrude Breslau Fuller, 60 Mont Clair Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

The Socialist Party of 1917 did not hold a National Convention, the nomination of candidates for office and drafting of platform having been transacted by referendum of the membership. Nominated for President: Allan L. Benson, of Yonkers, New York; for Vice-President: George R. Kirkpatrick, of Newark, New Jersey. Adopted the following

PLATFORM:

In the midst of the greatest crisis and bloodiest struggle of all history the Socialist Party of America reaffirms its steadfast adherence to the principles of international brotherhood, world peace and industrial democracy.

The great war which has engulfed so much of civilization and destroyed millions of lives is one of the natural results of the capitalist system of production.

The Socialist Party, as the political expression of the economic interests of the working class, calls upon them to take a determined stand on the question of militarism and war, and to recognize the opportunity which the Great War has given them of forcing disarmament and furthering the cause of industrial freedom.

An armed force in the hands of the ruling class serves two purposes: To protect and further the policy of imperialism abroad and to silence by force the protest of the workers against industrial despotism at home. Imperialism and militarism plunged

Europe into this world-war. America's geographical and industrial situation has kept her out of the cataclysm. But Europe's extremity has been the opportunity of America's ruling class to amass enormous profits. As a result, there is a surfeit of capital which demands the policy of imperialism to protect and further investments abroad. Hence the frenzy of militarism into which the ruling class has made every attempt to force the United States.

The workers in Europe were helpless to avert the war because they were already saddled with the burden of militarism. The workers in the United States are yet free from this burden and have the opportunity of establishing a working class policy and program against war. They can compel the government of the United States to lead the way in an international movement for disarmament and to abandon the policy of imperialism which is forcing the conquest of Mexico and must, if carried out, eventually plunge the United States into a world-war.

The working class must recognize the cry of preparedness against foreign invasion as a mere cloak for the sinister purpose of imperialism abroad and industrial tyranny at home. The class struggle, like capitalism, is international. The proletariat of the world has but one enemy, the capitalist class, whether at home or abroad. We must refuse to put into the hands of this enemy an armed force even under the guise of a "democratic army," as the workers of Australia and Switzerland have done.

Therefore the Socialist Party stands opposed to military preparedness, to any appropriations of men or money for war or militarism, while control of such forces through the political state rests in the hands of the capitalist class. The Socialist Party stands committed to the class war, and urge upon the workers in the mines and forests, on the railways and ships, in factories and fields, the use of their economic and industrial power, by refusing to mine the coal, to transport soldiers, to furnish food or other supplies for military purposes, and thus keep out of the hands of the ruling class the control of armed forces and economic power, necessary for aggression abroad and industrial despotism at home.

The working class must recognize militarism as the greatest menace to all efforts toward industrial freedom, and regardless of political or industrial affiliations must present a united front in the fight against preparedness and militarism.

Hiduous as they are, the horrors of the far-stretched battlefield of the old world are dwarfed by the evil results of the capitalist system, even in normal times. Instead of being organized to provide all members of society with an abundance of food, clothing and shelter, and the highest attainable freedom and culture, industry is at present organized and conducted for the benefit of a parasitic class. All the powers of government, and all our industrial genius, are directed to the end of securing to the relatively small class of capitalist investors the largest amount of profits which can be wrung from the labor of the ever-increasing class whose only property is muscle and brain, manual and mental labor power.

The dire consequences of this system are everywhere apparent. The workers are oppressed and deprived of much that makes for physical, mental and moral well-being. Year by year poverty and industrial accidents destroy more lives than all the armies and navies in the world.

To preserve their privilege and power is the most vital interest of the possessing class, while it is the most vital interest of the working class to resist oppression, improve its position, and struggle to obtain security of life and liberty. Hence there exists a conflict of interests, a social war within the Nation, which can know neither truce nor compromise. So long as the few own and control the economic life of the Nation the many must be enslaved, poverty must coexist with riotous luxury, and civil strife prevail.

The Socialist Party would end these conditions by reorganizing the life of the Nation upon the basis of Socialism. Socialism would not abolish private property, but greatly extend it. We believe that every human being should have and own all the things which he can use to advantage, for the enrichment of his own life, without imposing disadvantage or burden upon any other human being. Socialism admits the private ownership and individual direction of all things, tools, economic processes and functions which are individualistic in character, and requires the collective ownership and democratic control and direction of those which are social or collectivistic in character.

We hold that this country cannot enjoy happiness and prosperity at home and maintain lasting peace with other nations, so long as its industrial wealth is monopolized by a capitalist oligarchy. In this, as in every other campaign, all special issues arising from temporary situations, whether domestic or foreign, must be subordinated to the major issue—the need of such a reorganization of our economic life as will remove the land, the mines, forests, railroads, mills and factories, all the things required for our physical existence, from the clutches of industrial and financial freebooters and place them securely and permanently in the hands of the people.

If men were free to labor to satisfy their desires there could be in this country neither poverty nor involuntary unemployment. But the men in this country are not free to labor to satisfy their desires. The great industrial population can labor only when the capitalist class, who own the industries, believe they can market their product at a profit. The needs of millions are subordinated to the greed of a few. The situation is not unlike that of a pyramid balanced upon its apex. Oftentimes this pyramid tumbles and industrial depression comes. There was such a crash in 1907. If the capitalist owners had been willing to get out of the way, industry could have been revived in a day. But the capitalist owners are never willing to get out

of the way. Their greeds come first—the people's needs, if at all, afterward. Therefore business did not quickly revive after the industrial depression of 1907. Mr. Taft was elected to bring good times, but in four years failed to bring them. Mr. Wilson was elected to bring good times, but not all of the measures he advocated had the slightest effect upon industry. The European war has brought to this country tremendous orders for military supplies and has created a period of prosperity for the few. For the masses of the people there is but an opportunity to work hard for a bare living, which is not prosperity, but slavery. As against the boast of the present national administration that its political program, now fully in force, has brought prosperity to the masses, we call attention to the statement of the Federal Public Health Service that \$800 a year is required to enable a family to avoid physical deterioration through lack of decent living conditions, that more than half of the families of working men receive less than that amount, that nearly a third receive less than \$500 a year, and that one family in twelve receives less than \$300 a year.

The capitalist class, for a great many years, has been trying to saddle upon this country a greater army and a greater navy. A greater army is desired to keep the working class of the United States in subjection. A greater navy is desired to safeguard the foreign investments of American capitalists and to "back up" American diplomacy in its efforts to gain foreign markets for American capitalists. The war in Europe, which diminished and is still diminishing the remote possibility of European attack upon the United States, was nevertheless seized upon by capitalists and by unscrupulous politicians as a means of spreading fear throughout the country, to the end that, by false pretenses, great military establishments might be obtained. We denounce such "preparedness," as both false in principle, unnecessary in character and dangerous in its plain tendencies toward militarism. We advocate that sort of social preparedness which expresses itself in better homes, better bodies and better minds, which are alike the products of plenty and the necessity of effective defense in war.

The Socialist Party maintains its attitude of unalterable opposition to war.

We reiterate the statement that the competitive nature of capitalism is the cause of modern war, and that the co-operative nature of Socialism is alone adapted to the task of ending the war by removing its causes. We assert, however, that even under the present capitalist order, additional measures can be taken to safeguard peace, and to this end, we demand:

MEASURES TO INSURE PEACE.

(1) That all laws and appropriations for the increase of the military and naval forces of the United States shall be immediately repealed.

(2) That the power be taken from the President to lead the Nation into a position which leaves no escape from war. No one man, however exalted in official station, should have the power to decide the question of peace or war for a nation of a hundred millions. To give one man such power is neither democratic nor safe. Yet the President exercises such power when he determines what shall be the Nation's foreign policies and what shall be the nature and tone of its diplomatic intercourse with other nations. We, therefore, demand that the power to fix foreign policies and conduct diplomatic negotiations shall be lodged in Congress and shall be exercised publicly, the people reserving the right by referendum to order Congress, at any time, to change its foreign policy.

(3) That no war shall be declared or waged by the United States without a referendum vote of the entire people, except for the purpose of repelling invasion.

(4) That the Monroe Doctrine shall be immediately abandoned as a danger so great that even its advocates are agreed that it constitutes perhaps our greatest single danger of war. The Monroe Doctrine was originally intended to safeguard the peace of the United States. Though the Doctrine has changed from a safeguard to a menace, the capitalist class still defends it for the reason that our great capitalists desire to retain South and Central America as their private trade preserve. We favor the cultivation of social, industrial and political friendship with all other nations in the western hemisphere, as an approach to a world confederation of nations, but we oppose the Monroe Doctrine because it takes from our hands the peace of America and places it in the custody of any nation that would attack the sovereignty of any state in the western world.

(5) That the independence of the Philippine Islands be immediately recognized as a measure of justice both to the Filipinos and to ourselves. The Filipinos are entitled to self-government; we are entitled to be freed from the necessity of building and maintaining enough dreadnoughts to defend them in the event of war.

(6) The government of the United States shall call a congress of all neutral nations to mediate between the belligerent powers in an effort to establish an immediate and lasting peace without indemnities, or forcible annexation of territory, and based on a binding and enforceable international treaty, which shall provide for concerted disarmament on land and at sea and for an International Congress with power to adjust all disputes between nations, and which shall guarantee freedom and equal rights to all oppressed nations and races.

WORKING PROGRAM.

As general measures calculated to strengthen the working class in its fight for the realization of its ultimate aim, the Co-operative Commonwealth, and to increase its power of resistance against capitalist oppressions, we advocate and pledge ourselves and our elected officers to the following program:

POLITICAL DEMANDS.

1. Unrestricted and equal suffrage for men and women.
2. The immediate adoption of the so-called "Susan B. Anthony amendment" to the constitution of the United States granting the suffrage to women on equal terms with men.
3. The adoption of the initiative, referendum and recall and of proportional representation, nationally as well as locally.
4. The abolition of the Senate and of the veto power of the President.
5. The election of the President and the Vice-President by direct vote of the people.
6. The abolition of the present restriction upon the amendment of the constitution so that that instrument may be made amendable by a majority of the voters in the country.
7. The calling of a convention for the revision of the constitution of the United States.
8. The abolition of the power usurped by the Supreme Court of the United States to pass upon the constitutionality of legislation enacted by Congress. National laws to be repealed only by Act of Congress or by referendum vote of the whole people.
9. The immediate curbing of the power of the courts to issue injunctions.
10. The election of all judges of the United States Courts for short terms.
11. The free administration of the law.
12. The granting of the right of suffrage in the District of Columbia with representation in Congress and a democratic form of municipal government for purely local affairs.
13. The extension of democratic government to all United States territory.
14. The freedom of press, speech and assemblage.
15. The increase of the rates of the present income tax and corporation tax and the extension of inheritance taxes, graduated in proportion to the value of the estate and to nearness of kin—the proceeds of these taxes to be employed in the socialization of industry.
16. The enactment of further measures for general education and particularly for vocational education in useful pursuits. The Bureau of Education to be made a department.
17. The enactment of further measures for the conservation of health and the creation of an independent department of health.
18. The abolition of the monopoly ownership of patents and the substitution of collective ownership, with direct rewards to inventors by premiums or royalties.

COLLECTIVE OWNERSHIP.

1. The collective ownership and democratic management of railroads, telegraphs and telephones, express service, steamboat lines and all other social means of transportation and communication and of all large-scale industries.
2. The immediate acquirement by the municipalities, the states or the federal government, of all grain elevators, stock yards, storage warehouses and other distributing agencies, in order to relieve the farmer from the extortionate charges of the middlemen and to reduce the present high cost of living.
3. The extension of the public domain to include mines, quarries, oil wells, forests and water power.
4. The further conservation and development of natural resources for the use and benefit of all the people:
 - (a) By scientific forestation and timber protection.
 - (b) By the reclamation of arid and swamp tracts.
 - (c) By the storage of flood waters and the utilization of water power.
 - (d) By the stoppage of the present extravagant waste of the soil and the products of mines and oil wells.
 - (e) By the development of highway and waterway systems.
5. The collective ownership of land wherever practicable, and in cases where such ownership is impracticable, the appropriation by taxation of the annual rental value of all land held for speculation or exploitation.
6. All currency shall be issued by the Government of the United States and shall be legal tender for the payment of taxes and impost duties and for the discharge of public and private debts. The Government shall lend money on bonds to counties and municipalities at a nominal rate of interest for the purpose of taking over or establishing public utilities and for building or maintaining public roads and highways, and public schools—up to 25 per cent. of the assessed valuation of such counties or municipalities. Said bonds are to be repaid in twenty equal and annual installments, and the currency issue for that purpose by the Government is to be cancelled and destroyed serially as the debt is repaid. All banks and banking institutions shall be owned by the Government of the United States or by the States.

7. Government relief of the unemployed by the extension of all useful public works. All persons employed on such work to be engaged directly by the Government under a work day of not more than eight hours and at not less than the prevailing union wages. The Government also to establish employment bureaus; to lend money to States and municipalities without interest for the purpose of carrying on public works, to contribute money to unemployment funds of labor unions and other organizations of workers, and to take such other measures within its power as will lessen the wide spread misery of the workers caused by the mis-rule of the capitalist class.

INDUSTRIAL DEMANDS.

The conservation of human resources, particularly of the lives and well-being of the workers and their families:

1. By shortening the work day in keeping with the increased productiveness of machinery.
2. By securing the freedom of political and economic organization and activities.
3. By securing to every worker a rest period of not less than a day and a half in each week.
4. By securing a more effective inspection of workshops, factories and mines.
5. By forbidding the employment of children under eighteen years of age.
6. By forbidding the interstate transportation of the products of child labor and of all uninspected factories and mines.
7. By establishing minimum wage scales.
8. By abolishing official charity and substituting a non-contributory system of old age pensions, a general system of insurance by the state of all its members against unemployment and invalidism, and a system of compulsory insurance by employers of their workers, without cost to the latter, against industrial diseases, accidents and death.
9. By establishing mothers' pensions.

THE PROHIBITION.

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Virgil G. Hinshaw, Chicago, Illinois.
 Vice-Chairman—W. G. Calderwood, Minneapolis, Minnesota.
 Secretary—Mrs. Frances E. Beauchamp, Lexington, Kentucky.
 Treasurer—H. P. Faris, Clinton, Missouri.
 Headquarters—326 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.
 National Committeemen from Pennsylvania—Byron E. P. Prugh, Harrisburg, Dauphin County; David B. McCalmont, Franklin, Venango County.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION

convened at Saint Paul, Minneapolis, Tuesday, July 18, 1916, and adjourned July 21st. Daniel A. Poling, of Columbus, Ohio, was made temporary chairman; and Robert H. Patton, of Springfield, Illinois, was made the permanent chairman. Nominated for President: Frank J. Hanly, of Indianapolis, Indiana; for Vice-President: Ira J. Landrith, of Baltimore, Maryland. Adopted on July 21st the following

PLATFORM:

The Prohibition Party, assembled in its Twelfth National Convention in the City of Saint Paul, Minnesota, on this twenty-first day of July, 1916, thankful to Almighty God for the blessings of liberty, grateful for our institutions and the multiplying signs of early victory for the cause for which the party stands, in order that the people may know the source of its faith and the basis of its action, should it be clothed with governmental power, challenges the attention of the Nation and asks the votes of the people on this Declaration of Principles.

PROHIBITION.

We denounce the traffic of intoxicating liquors. We believe in its abolition. It should be made a crime,—not a business,—and ought not to have governmental sanction.

We demand,—and, if given power, we will effectuate the demand,—that the manufacture, importation, exportation, transportation and sale of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes shall be prohibited.

To the accomplishment of this end, we pledge the exercise of all governmental power—the enactment of statutes and the amendment of constitutions, State and National. Only by a political party committed to this purpose can such policy be made effective. We call upon all voters, believing in the destruction of the drink traffic, to place the Prohibition Party in power on this issue, as a necessary step in the solution of the liquor problem.

SUFFRAGE.

The right of citizens of the United States to vote should not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex. We declare in favor of the enfranchisement of women by amendments to State and Federal Constitutions.

We condemn the Republican and Democratic Parties for their failure to submit, to the States, an equal suffrage amendment to the National Constitution.

We remind the four million women voters that, in 1872, we declared for their political rights, the first so to do, and we invite their co-operation in electing the Prohibition Party to power.

PEACE AND PREPAREDNESS.

We are committed to the policy of peace and friendliness to all nations. We are opposed unalterably to the wasteful military program of the Democratic and Republican Parties. Militarism protects no worthy institution. It endangers them all and violates the high principles which have brought us as a Nation to the present hour. We are for a constructive program in preparedness for peace. We declare for, and will promote, a World Court, to which national differences shall be submitted, so maintained as to give its decrees binding force.

We will support a compact among nations to dismantle navies and disband armies; but, until such World Court and compact are established, we pledge ourselves to maintain an effective army and navy and to provide coast defenses entirely adequate for national protection.

We are opposed to universal military service and to participation in the rivalry which has brought Europe to the shambles and now imperils the civilization of the race.

Private profit, so far as constitutionally possible, should be taken out of the manufacture of war munitions and all war equipment.

In normal times, we favor the employment of the army in vast reclamation plans; in reforesting hills and mountains; in building State and National highways; in the construction of an inland waterway from Florida to Maine; in opening Alaska and in unnumbered other projects, which will make our soldiers constructive builders of peace. For such service there should be paid an adequate, industrial wage.

Those units of our navy which are capable of being converted into merchantmen and passenger vessels should be constructed with that purpose in view, and chiefly so utilized in times of peace.

We condemn the political parties, which for more than thirty years have allowed munition and war equipment manufacturers to plunder the people and to jeopardize the highest interests of the Nation by furnishing honey-combed armor plate and second rate battleships, which the Navy League now declares are wholly inadequate.

We will not allow the country to forget that the first step toward physical, economic, moral and political preparedness is the enactment of National Prohibition.

MEXICO AND THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Mexico needs not a conqueror, but a good Samaritan. We are opposed to the violation of the sovereignty of the Mexican people, and we will countenance no war of aggression against them. We pledge the help of this country on the suppression of lawless bands of marauders and murderers, who have taken the lives of American citizens, on both sides of the border, as well as of Mexicans in their own country.

The lives and property of our citizens, when about their lawful pursuits, either in the United States or in Mexico, must and will be protected. In the event of a breakdown of government across the border, we would use, in the interests of civilization, the force necessary for the establishment of law and order.

In this connection we affirm our faith in the Monroe Doctrine, proclaimed in the early days of the Nation's life and unswervingly maintained for nearly a hundred years.

We cannot claim the benefits of the Doctrine and refuse to assume or discharge the responsibilities and the duties which inhere therein and flow therefrom.

These duties have long been unmet in Mexico. We should meet them now, acting, not for territory, not for conquest or for ourselves alone, but for and with all the nations of North and South America.

The Democratic Party has blundered and four years ago the Republican Party evaded, and passed on, the problem it now seeks the opportunity to solve.

THE PHILIPPINES.

The abandonment of the Philippines at this time would be an injustice to them and a violation of our plain duty. As soon as they are prepared for self-government, by education and training, they should be granted their independence on terms just to themselves and us.

TARIFF AND RECIPROCITY.

The countries at war are preparing for a fierce industrial struggle to follow the cessation of hostilities. As a matter of commercial economy, international friendliness, business efficiency, and as a help to peace, we demand that reciprocal trade treaties be negotiated with all nations with which we have trade relations.

A Commission of specialists, free from the control of any party, should be appointed, with power to gather full information on all phases of the questions of tariff and reciprocity, and to recommend such legislation as it deems necessary for the welfare of American business and labor.

MERCHANT MARINE.

The necessity of legislation to enable American shipbuilders or owners to meet foreign competition, on the most favorable terms, is obvious.

Materials for construction should be admitted free of duty.

The purchase of ships abroad, when low prices invite, should be allowed and, when so purchased, should be admitted to American registry.

Harbor rules and charges and navigation laws should not be onerous, but favorable to the highest degree.

Liberal payment should be made by the Government for carrying mails and for transport services.

All shipping from the United States to any of our possessions should be reserved to ships of American registry.

The people should not overlook the fact that the effect of Nation-wide Prohibition, on labor and industry generally, will be such as to lower the cost of shipbuilding per unit and, at the same time, permit the payment of higher wages. The increased volume of trade and commerce, which will result when the wastage of the liquor traffic is stopped, will quicken our shipping on every sea and send our flag on peaceful missions into every port. This is urged as an incidental effect of wise action on the liquor question, but is none the less to be desired and will aid in the solution of the problem of our merchant marine.

CIVIL SERVICE.

In order that the public service may be of the highest standard, the Government should be a model employer in all respects. To enforce the civil service law, in spirit as well as in letter, all promotions should be non-political, based only upon proven fitness; all recommendations for demotions or removals from the service should be subjected to the review of a non-partisan board or commission.

The merit system should be extended to cover all postmasters, collectors of revenue, marshals and other such public officials whose duties are purely administrative.

We reaffirm our allegiance to the principle of secure tenure of office, during good behavior and capable effort, as the means of obtaining expert service. We declare for the enactment of an equitable retirement law for disabled and superannuated employes, in return for faithful service rendered, in order to maintain a high degree of efficiency in public office.

LABOR AND CAPITAL.

Differences between capital and labor should be settled through arbitration, by which the rights of the public are conserved, as well as those of the disputants. We declare for the prohibition of child labor in factories, mines and workshops; an eight-hour maximum day, with one day of rest in seven; more rigid sanitary requirements and such working conditions as shall foster the physical and moral well-being of the unborn; the protection of all who toil by the extension of Employers' Liability Acts; the adoption of safety appliances for the protection of labor and for laws that will promote the just division of the wealth which labor and capital jointly produce. Provision should be made for those who suffer from industrial accidents and occupational diseases.

SOCIAL JUSTICE.

We stand for justice to humanity and for its rights, safety and development; we believe in the equality of all before the law; in old-age pensions and insurance against unemployment and in help for needy mothers, all of which could be provided from what is now wasted for drink.

AGRICULTURE.

While it is admitted that grain and cotton are fundamental factors in our national life, it cannot be denied that proper assistance and protection are not given these commodities at terminal markets, in the course of interstate commerce.

We favor and pledge our efforts to obtain public grain elevators at necessary terminal markets, such elevators to be owned and operated by the Federal Government, also to secure Federal grain inspection under a system of civil service and to abolish any Board of Trade, Chamber of Commerce, or other place of gambling in grain or trading in "options" or "futures" or "short-selling," or any other form of so-called speculation, wherein products are not received or delivered, but wherein so-called contracts are settled by the payment of "margins" or "differences" through clearing houses or otherwise.

This Party stands committed to free and open markets, based upon legitimate supply and demand, absolutely free from questionable practices of market manipulation. We favor government ware-houses for cotton at proper terminals where the interests of producers so require; and the absolute divorce of all railroad elevators or ware-houses owned by railroad companies, whether for public or private use, from operation or control by private individuals in competition with the public in merchandising grain, cotton and other farm products.

We furthermore endorse all proper co-operative methods which tend toward broader and better markets for producer and consumer.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP.

Public utilities and other resources, which are natural monopolies, now are exploited for personal gain under a monopolistic system. We demand the ownership or control of such utilities by the people and their operation and administration in the interests of all.

FREE INSTITUTIONS.

We stand for the preservation and development of our free institutions and for absolute separation of church and state, with the guaranty of full religious and civil liberty.

DEPARTMENTAL DECISIONS.

Departmental decisions ought not to be final, but the rights of the people should be protected by provision for court review.

CONSERVATION.

We reaffirm our declarations in favor of conservation of forests, water power and other natural resources.

EFFICIENCY.

We pledge a business-like administration of the Nation's affairs; the abolition of useless offices, bureaus and commissions; economy in the expenditure of public funds; efficiency in governmental service; and the adoption of the budget system.

The President should have power to veto any single item or items of an appropriation bill.

We condemn, and agree when in power to remedy, that which is known as "pork barrell" legislation, by which millions of dollars have been appropriated for rivers where there is no commerce, harbors where there are no ships and public buildings where there is no need.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

We favor uniform marriage and divorce laws, the extermination of polygamy and the complete suppression of the traffic in girls and women.

SINGLE PRESIDENTIAL TERM.

We are in favor of a single presidential term of six years.

RULE OF THE PEOPLE.

We favor the initiative, referendum and recall.

AMERICANISM.

We stand for Americanism. We believe this country was created for a great mission among the nations of the earth. We rejoice in the fact that it has offered asylum to the oppressed of other lands and to those, more fortunately situated, who yet wished to improve their condition. It is the land of all peoples and belongs not to any one,—it is the heritage of all. It should come first in the affection of every citizen, and he who loves another land more than this is not fit for citizenship here; but he is a better citizen, who, loving his country, has reverence for the land of his fathers, and gains from its history and traditions that which inspires him to nobler service to the one in which he lives.

The Federal Government should interest itself in helping the newcomer into that vocation and locality where he shall most quickly become an American. Those, fitted by experience and training for agricultural pursuits, should be encouraged to develop the millions of acres of rich and idle land.

CONCLUSION.

This is the day of opportunity for the American people. The triumph of neither old political party is essential to our safety or progress. The defeat of either will be no public misfortune. They are one party. By age and wealth, by membership and traditions, by platforms and in the character of their candidates, they are the Conservative Party of the United States.

The Prohibition Party, as the promoter of every important measure of social justice presented to the American people in the last two generations, and, as the originator of nearly all such legislation, remains now the only great Progressive Party.

The patriotic voters, who compose the Republican and Democratic Parties, can, by voting the Prohibition ticket this year, elect the issue of National Prohibition.

To those, of whatever political faith, who have the vision of a land redeemed from drink, we extend a cordial invitation to join with us in carrying the banner of Prohibition to Nation-wide victory.

THE SOCIALIST LABOR.

(In Pennsylvania, the Socialist Labor Party was Known as the Industrialist Party.)

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Secretary—Arnold Peterson, 45-51 Rose Street, New York, New York.

Treasurer—William A. Walters, 45-51 Rose Street, New York, New York.

Headquarters—45-51 Rose Street, New York, New York.

National Committeeman from Pennsylvania—George G. Anton, 4310 Otter Street, Philadelphia.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION

convened at New York, New York, Saturday, April 29, 1916, and adjourned May 3d. Arthur Elmer Reimer, of Boston, Massachusetts, was made temporary chairman of the convention. Nominated for President: Arthur Elmer Reimer, of Boston, Massachusetts; for Vice-President: Caleb Harrison, of Chicago, Illinois. Adopted on April 29th the following

PLATFORM:

The Socialist Labor Party, in national convention assembled, reaffirming its previous platform declarations, reasserts the right of man to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.

We hold that the purpose of government is to secure every citizen the enjoyment of this right; but taught by experience we hold furthermore that such right is illusory to the majority of the people, to wit, the working class, under the present system of economic inequality that is essentially destructive of their life, their liberty, and their happiness.

We hold that the true theory of economics is that the means of production must be owned, operated, and controlled by the people in common. Man cannot exercise his right to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness without the ownership of the land on, and the tool with which to work. Deprived of these, his life, his liberty and his fate fall into the hands of that class which owns these essentials for work and production.

We hold that the existing contradiction between social production and capitalist appropriation—the latter resulting from the private ownership of the natural and social opportunities—divides the people into two classes; The Capitalist Class and the Working Class; throws society into the convulsions of the Class Struggle; and perverts government in the interests of the Capitalist Class.

Thus Labor is robbed of the wealth it alone produces, is denied the means of self-employment, and, by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessities of life.

Against such a system the Socialist Labor Party raises the banner of revolt, and demands the unconditional surrender of the Capitalist Class.

In place of such a system the Socialist Labor Party aims to substitute a system of social ownership of the means of production, industrially administered by the Working Class,—the workers to assume control and direction as well as operation of their industrial affairs.

This solution of necessity requires the organization of the Working Class as a class upon revolutionary political and industrial lines.

We therefore call upon the wage workers to organize themselves into a revolutionary political organization under the banner of the Socialist Labor Party; and to organize themselves likewise upon the industrial field into a revolutionary industrial union in keeping with their political aims.

And we also call upon all other intelligent citizens to place themselves squarely upon the ground of Working Class interests, and join us in this mighty and noble work of human emancipation, so that we may put summary end to the existing barbarous class conflict by placing the land and all the means of production, transportation, and distribution into the hands of the people as a collective body, and substituting the Co-operative Commonwealth for the present state of planless production, industrial war and social disorder—a commonwealth in which every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

RESOLUTION ON PREPAREDNESS.

Whereas, The conflict of economic interests of groups of capitalists in different countries that are compelled to seek foreign markets and to attempt to dominate the world market, makes war between nations actual or ever imminent, and

Whereas, The workers are exploited and robbed in times of peace at home, and in times of war are compelled to slaughter their fellow workers in other lands in order to force a market for the wealth produced by them but of which they are robbed by the capitalists; and

Whereas, The working class can have no possible interest in the quarrels of the robber class over division or disposition of the wealth stolen from the workers; and no set of circumstances can justify the sending of one country's proletariat to slaughter the proletariat of another country in defense of capitalism in any form whatever; and

Whereas, Under the rule of capitalism as expressed in government by the Political State there are but two Nations—the Working Class and the Capitalist Class; and as, broadly speaking, the interests of the capitalist class are common internationally, so are the interests of the workers common internationally;

Therefore, We recognize in the military "preparedness" program of the owning class a movement hostile to the interests and lives of the working people and maintain that the only "national defense" program worthy of the workers' attention is the kind that contemplates defense of their own class interests against the only real enemy, which is the capitalist class, irrespective of country; and to prepare by organization politically and industrially to seize the power of government and take possession of industries in all countries to the end that Socialism shall be established, thus establishing community of economic interests of the peoples of all countries and races, which must result in abolishing wars together with the cause of wars, forever.

The Socialist Labor Party also holds that pending the time of the complete overthrow of the capitalist wage system, the working classes of the world will not be in a position to make wars impossible, no matter how much they may be imbued with the spirit and ideas of internationalism, anti-militarism and anti-patriotism, unless they build up in their respective countries economic organizations on revolutionary industrial union lines. These organizations in order to be effective for the purpose must be sufficiently strong to enable the workers,—in case their governments attempt again to plunge the world into war—to prevent mobilization of troops, ammunitions, and other war supplies by paralyzing the mines, and all means of communication, transportation and all industries where ammunition and other war supplies are manufactured.

RESOLUTION ON ECONOMIC ORGANIZATION.

Whereas, There exists today in the United States two conceptions of what an economic organization of Labor should be; and

Whereas, One conception—that held by the American Federation of Labor and kindred unions—is that the organization should concede the right of capitalists to own and control industry, and should be built upon narrow craft lines for the sole purpose of protecting its members in their employment and of securing petty improvements in the conditions of Labor, thus becoming a mere "watch-your-job-and-boost-your-pay" organization; and

Whereas, The other conception—that held only by the Workers' International Industrial Union—is that the economic organization of Labor should deny the right of capitalism to continue in the ownership and control of industry and that it should be built upon industrial lines, not only with the aim of more effectively co-operating in the daily struggle against the employing class, but for the supreme purpose of taking possession of the industries and operating them in the interests of society as a whole; and

Whereas, "Neutrality" toward economic organizations of Labor on the part of a political party of Socialism is equivalent to neutrality toward organizations that endorse and support the system of private ownership of the social means of producing wealth, the system which the party is fighting; and

Whereas, The bona fide or revolutionary Socialist Movement needs the economic as well as the political organization of Labor, the latter for propaganda and as a civilized means of registering public opinion through the ballot; the former as the only conceivable organized force without which all ballot is impotent, and which force is essential for ultimately locking out the capitalist class from the industries; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Socialist Labor Party, do all in its power to show the fallacy of craft unionism, and urge the workers to organize industrially on the principles of the Workers' International Industrial Union.

RESOLUTION ON CONDUCT DURING STRIKES.

Resolved, That the Socialist Labor Party, while retaining its right to criticise and expose all wrongfully constructed and conducted labor organizations, and exercising its duty to do so, emphatically maintains its position that it is the duty of every member of the party to stand on the side of the workmen whenever a bona fide strike or other conflict for improved conditions of labor occurs, either as a spontaneous action of the workers or as a result of action taken by any labor organization whatever.

STATE PARTY OFFICERS, CANDIDATES AND PLATFORMS—1918.

THE REPUBLICAN.

THE STATE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—William E. Crow, Uniontown, Fayette County.
Secretary—W. Harry Baker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Treasurer—Charles Johnson, Norristown, Montgomery County.
Headquarters—506 South Broad Street, Philadelphia.

CANDIDATES.

The Republican Party candidates nominated at the primaries held on Tuesday, May 21, 1918, were as follows: For Governor: William C. Sproul, Nether Providence Township, P. O. Chester, Delaware County; Lieutenant-Governor: Edward E. Beidleman, 1225 Market Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County; Secretary of Internal Affairs: James F. Woodward, Fifth Avenue, McKeesport, Allegheny County; Four (4) Representatives in Congress-at-Large: William J. Burke, 1213 Resaca Street, Pittsburgh, N. S., Allegheny County; Thomas S. Crago, 312 West Franklin Street, Waynesburg, Greene County; Mahlon M. Garland, 232 West Swissvale Avenue, Edgewood, Allegheny County; Anderson H. Walters, 111 Walnut Street, Johnstown, Cambria County.

The Republican State Committee convened at Philadelphia, Friday, June 14, 1918, at which meeting, the officers of the Committee were elected. The State Committee did not adopt a platform; the nominee for Governor, William C. Sproul, ran on his primary election platform.

THE DEMOCRATIC.

THE STATE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—*Lawrence H. Rupp, Allentown, Lehigh County.
Secretary—Warren R. VanDyke, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Treasurer—Sedgwick Kistler, Lock Haven, Clinton County.
Headquarters—9 North Second Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

CANDIDATES.

The Democratic Party candidates nominated at the primaries held on Tuesday, May 21, 1918, were, as follows: For Governor: Eugene C. Bonniwell, 3311 Baring Street, Philadelphia; Lieutenant-Governor: J. Washington Logue, 3906 Spruce Street, Philadelphia; Secretary of Internal Affairs: Asher R. Johnson, 292 Congress Street, Bradford, McKean County; Four (4) Representatives in Congress-at-Large: Joseph F. Gorman, 46 South West Street, Allentown, Lehigh County; Fred Ikeler, 325 Market Street, Bloomsburg, Columbia County; J. Calvin Strayer, 204 Carlisle Avenue, York, York County; Samuel R. Tarner, 15 Mawhinney Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

The Democratic State Committee convened at Harrisburg, Wednesday, June 19, 1918, at which meeting, the officers of the Committee were elected, and a Committee consisting of seven members of the State Committee was appointed to draft platform and submit the report thereof to a subsequent meeting of the State Committee.

PLATFORM.

The State Committee reconvened at Harrisburg, Saturday, September 14, 1918, at which time, the Platform Committee made the following report which was adopted:

PREAMBLE.

The Democratic Party in Pennsylvania, represented by the Democratic State Committee, presents to the people the following record of achievements and it declares the ensuing principles of government as the policies by which it is guided in order that those who approve of this record and these principles may participate actively in the government of the Commonwealth and of the Country by supporting for public office candidates of the Democratic Party in the State of Pennsylvania.

*Elected September 4, 1918, to succeed George R. McLean of Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, who resigned September 4, 1918.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESIDENT.

We ardently express our pride and confidence in the leadership of our President, Woodrow Wilson. In the most crucial period of the world's history he stands pre-eminent in foresight, comprehension, courage and initiative, the veritable field-marshal of freedom in the prevention of despotism from dominating the earth and in the preservation of liberty and popular government of its people. His extraordinary ability to voice the aspirations and purposes of democracy, his clear, definite view of the correct finality of the war, and his swift and unswerving course to that end have made him the chieftain of the twenty-eight nations fighting for justice and humanity, and the trustee of the hopes of their millions and millions of people.

ENDORSEMENT OF CONGRESS.

We also declare our admiration of the prompt and patriotic action of Congress in accurately solving the great problems of statesmanship continually confronting it. Tested, as no previous body of legislators in the history of the republic have been tested, by the magnitude, variety and novelty of the momentous questions before them, these Nestors of the nation steadily have held us on a high and wisely chosen course through the channels of unprecedented war.

LEADERSHIP IN THE WAR.

Destiny has placed upon the Democratic Party the obligation of leadership in the greatest war ever waged by the nation or by the world. When the conflict burst upon us it was the sagacious President of the United States, Woodrow Wilson, who, piercing the masques and disguises with which the Germanic empires sought to conceal the true purpose of their onslaught against the peace of the world, first announced to mankind that the concerted attack of Teutonism was not to punish Serbia but that in reality it represented the assault of arrogant autocracy determined to destroy democracy; that it was feudalism, modernly organized, endeavoring to re-establish itself with the Emperor of Germany as the over-lord of the entire world. Consolidating with singular clarity the motives which united the twenty-eight nations in the greatest alliance of all times, in the grand army of all ages, Woodrow Wilson, uttered the martial maxim of democracy by which this mighty host in arms is guided and by which this epochal struggle in future ages will be comprehended: "We seek the reign of law, based upon the consent of the governed and sustained by the organized opinion of mankind."

The Democratic Party thus personified in the President of the United States, in his associates in executive offices, and in the wise and vigorous majority in Congress, has met the obligation of leadership in this national and world-wide crisis with a genius, force and skill unequalled by any party in the history of nations at war.

Under their fast and faultless direction, one million and eight hundred thousands of our soldiers are overseas, another million is crossing, and many millions are being mobilized, while our navy has been so expanded that today in ships and personnel it is a magnificent armada, the second sea-power in the world. War, thus insolently and suddenly flung upon us, a quiet, peaceful people, unused to the methods and temper of warfare, has been met by the most marvelous, scientific mobilization of men and materials in the history of the world.

To our soldiers and sailors we send congratulations and proud and fervent greetings. They have justified manifold the great confidence which we, prompted by tradition, have placed in their valor. They have met the troops of Teutonism and reversed the progress of the war. The advance of battle today is swiftly towards Berlin. The fierce fighting spirit of our soldiers and sailors is not animated by a lust of carnage but it is fired by the realization that they are exacting retribution for the unspeakable cruelties perpetrated by German arms, German airplanes and German submarines, and by the realization that they are waging the final war in the age-long struggle of mankind for justice and freedom. We pledge to them our united support in every effort to the accomplishment of victory and we promise them in the days of their glorious home-coming such rewards that not one warrior among them will have just cause to say that his country is ungrateful.

The people of Pennsylvania, in company with their fellow citizens throughout the Union, stand face to face with the supreme test of American citizenship. The success of our army and navy calls for the aid of every man and woman in this Commonwealth, all giving bountifully of their fortune, their wisdom and their work. Woodrow Wilson, the guiding genius of all, must be encouraged, strengthened and enthused for the stupendous task still before him. We appeal therefore to the voters of Pennsylvania to fortify the President of the United States by electing throughout the State the Democratic candidates for Congress in order that the executive and the legislative branches of government may present an organized, co-operating effective combination of power, statesmanship thus matching our soldiery in swiftness and harmony of action and winning the war, speedily and conclusively, under Woodrow Wilson.

DEMOCRACY'S LABOR RECORD.

In a country of magnificent resources the most important resource is productive labor. The Democratic Party has kept faith with those who toil. Through the initiative of Woodrow Wilson and the strong, straightforward action of Democratic Congresses more reforms for labor have been accomplished than have characterized any previous administrative period in the legislative annals of the Republic. Not only have a group of progressive labor laws been written upon the statute books but salutary measures have been put in force by the executive officials of the government. The record of the Republican Party in this respect has been a vast morass of pledges preached in party platforms but bleak and barren of performances. The Democratic Party has more than fulfilled every pledge. It has meted out substantial economic justice. It not only has improved the conditions under which labor works but it has bettered the conditions under which labor lives. In proof thereof we present the actual record of the Democratic Party as guardians of the interests of American labor.

To the Democratic Party labor owes:

1. The establishment of the period of eight hours as a standard working day;
2. The creation of the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation for the adjustment of great railway and industrial disputes without recourse to strikes and lockouts;
3. The prevention of the abuse of writs of injunction;
4. The adoption of a comprehensive compensation law in order that workmen and their families promptly and automatically may be compensated for accident and death resulting from occupation;
5. The prohibition of human labor from being classed as a commodity or article of commerce;
6. The restriction of punishments for alleged contempts of court, and the extension thereto of trial by jury in all cases where the alleged contempt did not occur in the immediate presence of the court;
7. The specific enumeration of the acts which labor legally may commit in furtherance of its contention in a labor dispute;
8. The prohibition of funds, appropriated for prosecution of violations of the anti-trust laws, from being used to prosecute laborers for acts committed in furtherance of their legitimate functions;
9. The establishment of new safety and experimental stations for the Bureau of Mines in order to enable it to extend its work of safeguarding miners;
10. The extension of federal boiler inspection so as to apply also to locomotive engines and tenders;
11. The bestowal upon sailors of the right to terminate their employment because of unsatisfactory wages or conditions when their vessel is in a safe port;
12. The exclusion from interstate commerce of all articles produced by the labor of children. This law has been declared unconstitutional but the Democratic Party is pledged to the re-enactment of its principle in constitutional form.

DEMOCRACY'S PLEDGE TO LABOR.

Notwithstanding this record of achievements the program of the Democratic Party in behalf of labor is not complete. We champion the creation of a State commission to study the subject of wages in order that a minimum wage may be obtained by law in all industries. We believe that there should be a special extension in the laws of the Commonwealth for the protection of the women and minors now forced by war to perform work previously done by men, and whose presence in the ranks of toil is destined to remain long after the war has terminated.

We commend the system in operation in many enterprises throughout the State by which labor, in accordance with a system of bonuses, participates in the profits of production and we declare this principle to be a mighty stride in the promotion of economic justice and industrial peace. We applaud the appointment of practical representatives of labor upon the industrial councils and commissions of the nation and we declare that similar appointments should characterize like bodies in the State of Pennsylvania.

We favor the amendment of the Pennsylvania compensation law in order that the operation of the act may be more swift in behalf of the beneficiary, that the percentage of compensation may be increased, and that its provisions may be extended to all disability which arises from occupational disease.

To such a program of legislation for labor in Pennsylvania we pledge the support of the Democratic members of the State Legislature and upon this pledge we particularly ask for the support of the voters of the State for Democratic candidates for State offices.

POLITICAL EQUALITY FOR WOMEN.

We hold that the question involved in the general political enfranchisement of women no longer is debatable. Demonstration in many states throughout the Union has supplemented speculation and proven the soundness of the proposition that women by natural right are entitled to vote and to hold public office equally with men.

In ratifying this principle we further recognize the supreme services rendered by women in this war. They not only have accomplished efficiently the work which in previous conflicts has been performed by women but courageously they have taken

STATE PARTY OFFICERS, CANDIDATES AND PLATFORMS.

places in activities however dangerous, laborious and severe, and there toiling have discharged tasks hitherto considered exclusively the work of men. Such achievements intensify the demand that the fictitious disabilities imposed upon women by law shall be removed.

REFORM IN EDUCATION.

We direct, betimes, the attention of the public to the coming of a new era in public education. At the close of the war Pennsylvania will be called upon to provide educational facilities in accordance with new conditions. A world must be rebuilt. The builders to a large extent are the boys and girls now in school who will reach maturity during the reconstruction period. In numbers they exceed our armies. Their work is equally important. Their training and equipment cannot be less. We advocate for them and for our returning soldiers the establishment of trade and vocational schools as an extension of our public school system so that the youth of Pennsylvania hereafter may not be sent into life with the meagre and scattered knowledge represented by a common and high school education but that they may be given, besides, a specific and thorough training in a practical, profitable and useful occupation.

We recommend laws which will organize systematically and sensibly the profession of public teaching in order that teachers may be appointed by virtue of scholastic and executive qualifications, that they may advance upon merit, that they may be adequately paid, secure in their tenure of position and that they may be pensioned when disabled by age.

Finally, we pledge our support of liberal appropriations to our normal schools and to our colleges and universities whose extraordinary services through their highly specialized men and women this war has made singularly conspicuous and whose presence in abundance the country will need after the war more than ever before.

CONSTITUTIONAL REVISION.

Forty-five years have elapsed since the adoption of the present constitution of Pennsylvania. During this long and eventful period many conditions that confronted its framers have disappeared, many new methods of government have been devised, and in some respects the intentions sought in our constitution actually have been defeated by the changes wrought by time. Evidence of the need of a revision is to be found in the group of proposed amendments annually submitted to the voters. We declare in favor of the assembling of a constitutional convention in order that our basic body of law may be so revised that the people may enjoy modern privileges which now are denied to them through the operation of an obsolete State constitution.

HOME RULE FOR CITIES.

We protest against the unnecessary restrictions imposed upon the governments of our cities by prohibitions in their charters and in the statutes of the Commonwealth. The modern theory of sound municipal government contemplates home rule to the utmost extent compatible with orderly and uniform State government. We demand, therefore, that the restrictions which unjustifiably hobble and cripple the administration of the cities of Pennsylvania shall be removed.

MINE CAVE-INS.

The Democratic Party vigorously sustains the people residing in the coal sections of the State in their demand that the State government shall extend to them its full engineering force to prevent further loss of property and jeopardy of life by the sinking of the surface of the earth above improperly and inadequately constructed mines.

IMPROVED COUNTRY HIGHWAYS.

The amazing growth of traffic along public highways due to the expansion of agriculture calls for the extension of the State's highway system so that all farming communities may be connected with their markets by improved public roads.

FLOODS AND WATERWAYS.

The need for the greater utilization of the State's water resources becoming more and more apparent through the exigencies of war, we pledge our efforts to the creation of and the carrying out of plans for the complete regulation of rivers in the State for the prevention of floods and as an aid to transportation.

CONCLUSION.

Upon this statement of pledges redeemed by the enactment of corresponding laws and upon this enumeration of principles which we are striving to have reduced to law the Democratic Party in Pennsylvania calls upon the voters of the Commonwealth to sustain the administration of Woodrow Wilson and to secure a similar administration in this State by electing to office candidates of the Democratic Party throughout the Commonwealth.

THE SOCIALIST.

THE STATE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Roy F. Hoverter, Reading, Berks County.
 Executive Secretary—Treasurer—Birch Wilson, Reading, Berks County.
 Headquarters—440 Washington Street, Reading, Berks County.

CANDIDATES.

The Socialist Party candidates nominated at the primaries held on Tuesday, May 21, 1918, were, as follows: For Governor: Charles Schl, 2820 North Nineteenth Street, Philadelphia; Lieutenant-Governor: Dalton T. Clarke, 170 Wilson Avenue, Washington, Washington County; Secretary of Internal Affairs: William Adams, 614 Swissvale Avenue, Wilkinsburg, Allegheny County; Four (4) Representatives in Congress-at-Large: Cora M. Bixler, 481 West King Street, P. O. 27 Penn Square, Lancaster, Lancaster County; John C. Euler, 2668 Myrtle Street, Erie, Erie County; Henry W. Schlegel, 407 Turner Street, Allentown, Lehigh County; Harry T. Vaughn, 50 Main Street, Wheatland, Mercer County.

PLATFORM:

The Socialist Party of Pennsylvania, met in State Convention at Reading, Saturday and Sunday, March 2 and 3, 1918, at which a platform was adopted and submitted to a referendum vote of the membership in May, 1918. The platform as adopted is, as follows:

We, the Socialist Party of Pennsylvania, make our appeal to the voters of the State to support our candidates upon the principles laid down in the platform and program herein set forth.

We meet at a time of great national crisis. The world we were accustomed to has been destroyed. Our political liberties have been wiped out; the State Legislature, by combined action of Republicans, Democrats and reformers, has destroyed our social legislation secured after long years of untiring effort. The ruling class has seized the opportunity to coin the crisis into unheard of dividends at the expense of the government and nation, resulting in additional suffering among the masses. The industrial masters have shown themselves utterly incapable of social service; so that from every standpoint of public good, the time has come for the government to take over the great industries and operate them efficiently; the time has come when the people must assume complete control of the means of existence in order that all political and economic autocracy may be overthrown and universal democracy established.

EXISTING CONDITIONS.

The greatest problem the people face today is that of earning their livelihood. Through the constant rise in prices, the introduction of machinery and more efficient processes, the speeding up of work, the closing of avenues of employment by the wiping out of business concerns, it becomes ever harder for the masses of our people to make both ends meet. Sickness and untimely death readily overtake the bread-winners, children are torn from school and thrust into the labor market, while employment and poverty menace the welfare of the whole working class.

This is true no less of the toilers of the field than of the factory. It applies almost equally to the farm laborer, the tenant farmer and the owner of the small farm. Set upon by the different trusts which furnish modern appliances and supplies, which transport and dispose of the farm product, the farmers of small means and the laborers who share their burdens, carry all the cares of big business and reap none of the rewards. As a consequence, an exceedingly large part of the farmers work mortgaged land in this highly productive agricultural state of ours.

Likewise the men and women of the professions, and those whose meagre savings and long hours of effort are invested in small concerns, are little better off than working people and stand in constant fear of being squeezed out by the concentration of the larger corporations and trusts.

In short, the chief benefit of the increased cost of living, of industrial improvement and progress, flows to the handful of capitalists who own the larger tracts of land, natural resources, factories, stores and means of transportation and who, by their control over these agencies and banking facilities, control the livelihood of the rest of the people, whom they exploit for their own private gain.

THE REAL ISSUE.

The issue is, therefore, drawn between the working class, the great majority of the people, who by their labor of brain and brawn do the necessary work of the State, as against the capitalist class, the small group who, by their ownership as private property of the State's industries, live upon unearned wealth taken from labor.

The Socialist Party alone represents the working class. Its purpose is to end the existing economic and social injustice, and to bring in a higher order by raising the condition of those who toil and making opportunity equal to all.

The capitalist class accumulate vast property and power because they are favored by the policies of the other parties, Republican, Democratic and reform alike. These parties serve different factions of capitalists, but, taken together, they serve the capitalist class as a whole.

It was with the assistance of these parties that the corporations and trusts were developed, by being granted every manner of legislative, executive and judicial protection, enabling them to grow and flourish, so that they now exact tribute from the bulk of the people of the State.

EVILS WE SUFFER.

In their greed for profits, the masters of industry have poisoned our food and polluted our streams, endangering the health of many communities. They have given us the tenement of the slums in place of the home, the factory in place of the school and playground, the house of shame in place of the family hearth. They have made their workshops human slaughter houses and breeding dens for tuberculosis and other dread diseases. They have laid a premium upon the toil of little children and choked up the fountains of mother love. They have, by fraud and violence, stolen enormous tracts of public domain and destroyed the forests. The toil they take from the once independent farmer makes it difficult for him to hold the younger generation which the country sorely needs. They have, by the use of labor-saving devices, made of the mechanic a mere machine tender. They have throttled education, monopolized the discoveries and inventions of science, perverted the arts, subsidized the press and corrupted the rostrum. The masters of industry are the masters of the people.

DESTROYING OUR LIBERTIES.

Because the legislature, executive officers and courts of the Commonwealth have heretofore responded to the beck and call of the corporations and trusts, the injunction has become a powerful factor in labor troubles, the rights of free speech and free press have been ignored, while working people who have gone on strike to improve their hard lot have been cowed by extraordinary armed force in the shape of a State constabulary resembling the cossacks of old Russia.

We feel the same revulsion as did the founders of our republic against the quartering of troops among us in time of peace, and believe that to the several communities should be reserved the maintenance of their peace and good order. We, therefore, favor the repeal of the act authorizing the state constabulary.

We are also unalterably opposed to governors employing the power of martial law in labor disputes, and pledge ourselves to be ever on the alert to preserve the political rights bequeathed to us by centuries of struggle and sacrifice.

PROGRAM OF THE PARTY.

We also pledge ourselves, when in office:

To extend the suffrage to women, because any part of the people disfranchised is thereby enslaved;

To abolish poll-tax and establish a system of inheritance and income taxes to take all unearned wealth for State use;

To grant self-government to municipalities over local matters;

To establish the initiative, which is the right of the people to say the first word in legislation;

To establish the referendum, which is the right of the people to say the last word in legislation;

To establish the recall, which is the right of the people to remove untrustworthy officials;

To provide for the free administration of justice;

To make appropriations only to institutions in which the State has a share of control, and to improve the public school system;

To stamp out disease and foster education;

To have State work done by the State;

To establish income, inheritance and other taxes so that all unearned wealth may be taken over for State use;

To assist the farmers in raising sufficient food stuffs to be sold at reasonable prices, by forcing down the cost of agricultural implements, seed and fertilizer, insuring proper transportation and encouraging the movement of well-paid competent farm labor;

To provide for State insurance: to pay adequate compensation to employees injured at work and the families of those killed; also, against illness, invalidity, old age and unemployment; to exercise the right of eminent domain to take over land held out of use, and to assist the unemployed by public work at such fair wages and conditions of labor as will set an example to private employers;

To establish in the industries of the State a working week of not more than forty-eight hours, equal pay for equal service, at a minimum wage high enough to abolish child labor altogether;

To assist the workers in building up their labor unions, expecting them to bind their unions together in ever greater solidarity, so that they may use such power in united class action for their immediate benefit and final emancipation from wage slavery;

To safeguard in every way the well-being of the masses who toil against the class which exploits them.

THE SOCIALIST GOAL.

At the same time we point out that the evils which the people suffer in Pennsylvania are similar to those in other States and Nations, and that they will not be entirely removed until the nation and the world are carried for Socialism.

Socialism is that higher form of civilization wherein the means of existence necessary to us all, such as the lands, mines, mills and railroads, now owned by the capitalist class, will be owned and operated by the people together, so that goods will be made for common use instead of for private gain, so that there will be neither classes nor class rule, and so that there will no longer be the buying and selling of human labor.

We, the Socialist Party of Pennsylvania, therefore reaffirm our loyalty and devotion to the principles of International Socialism, as set forth in the platform of the Socialist Party of America, and pledge ourselves to work unceasingly to win the powers of government in order to close the reign of the money lords and bring forth the world-wide Socialist republic.

RESOLUTIONS:

PEACE RESOLUTION.

In conformity with the Memorial and Proclamation of the National Executive Committee on our attitude toward the war, and accepting as they do the overtures of the President of the United States for a democratic peace, we, the Socialist Party of Pennsylvania, in convention assembled, ask that a Peace Conference be now called; that it meet upon the basis of the Russian Revolutionary formula of "No forcible annexations, no punitive indemnities, and the right of each nationality to its own development;" that such peace terms include complete disarmament of all nations; the permission of representatives of the people to sit at the peace proceedings; and that, as a preliminary, there be the release in this country of all prisoners whose offense is only that of conscientious obedience to the tradition of political liberty so dear to the American Nation.

MOONEY RESOLUTION.

No more despotic attack has been made upon the leaders of the organized labor movement in recent years than the attempt to railroad to the gallows Thomas Mooney and his co-defendants in San Francisco. Of the complete innocence of the men and women there is now no reasonable doubt, an investigating committee appointed by the President of the United States having exposed the outrageous frame-up against them. We therefore call for the immediate release of Thomas Mooney and his co-defendants, and pledge ourselves to support them to the limit of our resources.

ON MILITARY TRAINING IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Whereas, The capitalist class is making determined and persistent efforts to use the public schools for the military training of children and for the inculcation of the military spirit; therefore be it

Resolved, That we are opposed to all efforts to force military training into the public schools, and that we recommend the introduction instead of a system of thorough and progressive courses in physical training.

ON TEMPERANCE.

The manufacture and sale for profit of intoxicating and adulterated liquors leads directly to many serious social evils. Intemperance in the use of alcoholic liquors weakens the physical, mental and moral powers.

We hold, therefore, that any excessive indulgence in intoxicating liquors by members of the working class is a serious obstacle to the triumph of our class, since it impairs the vigor of the fighters in the political and economic struggle, and we urge the members of the working class to avoid any indulgence which might impair their ability to wage a successful political and economic struggle, and so hinder the progress of the movement for their emancipation.

We do not believe that the evils of alcoholism can be eradicated by repressive measures or any extension of the police powers of the capitalist state. Alcoholism is a disease of which capitalism is the chief cause. Poverty, overwork and overworry necessarily result in intemperance on the part of the victim. To abolish the wage system with all its evils is the surest way to eliminate the evils of alcoholism and the traffic in intoxicating liquors.

THE PROHIBITION.

THE STATE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Byron E. P. Prugh, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Secretary—Charles L. Rummel, Shippensburg, Cumberland County.
 Treasurer—Thomas H. Hamilton, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 Headquarters—212 North Third Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

CANDIDATES.

The Prohibition Party candidates nominated at the primaries held on Tuesday, May 21, 1918, were, as follows: For Governor: E. J. Fithian, Oak Hill, Oakland Avenue, Grove City, Mercer County; Lieutenant-Governor: F. E. Whittlesey, 202 West Church Street, Corry, Erie County; Secretary of Internal Affairs: Thomas H. Hamilton, 312 South Seventeenth Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County; Four (4) Representatives in Congress-at-Large: *H. F. Dittman, 2108 West Ontario Street, Philadelphia; Albert Gaddis, North Union Township, P. O. Uniontown, Fayette County; Elisha Kent Kane, Hamlin Township, P. O. Kushequa, McKean County; E. L. McKee, 1926 Perrysville Avenue, Pittsburgh, N. S., Allegheny County.

The Prohibition Party of Pennsylvania in State Convention assembled this 12th day of February, 1918, recognizing Almighty God as supreme over men and nations, and Jesus Christ, His Son, as King of kings, and worthy to be crowned Lord of all, do hereby adopt the following declaration of principles as our

PLATFORM:

1. We stand for the complete abolition of the manufacture, sale, importation, exportation and transportation of all alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes and for the ratification of the pending National Constitutional Prohibition Amendment for the securing of this abolition; we believe further, that no party should be entrusted with the reins of government that does not openly stand for this abolition.

2. As patriotic Americans we stand by the President in his endeavor to lead us to victory over German Autocracy; and we urge him to use at once the power vested in him by Congress and rid our Country of the Brewery and Drinking Place, which are the Kaiser's most powerful American Allies.

3. We declare for Woman Suffrage and believe that the right of suffrage should be based upon morality and intelligence.

4. We stand for the enactment of such laws as will always place human rights above property rights; and insist that the inalienable rights of womanhood and childhood be still more securely safe-guarded.

5. We stand for compulsory arbitration of controversies between employers and employees.

6. We believe in the public ownership of public utilities.

7. If given the power, we promise a complete revision of the taxation system of the state in accordance with principles of justice and equity.

8. Likewise, we promise a vigorous enforcement of the laws of the State forbidding the defilement of our streams.

9. We also pledge ourselves to legislation providing for a system of durable and permanent highways to be economically constructed and supervised free from partisan influence and control.

10. We favor the conservation of the Sabbath as a day of rest, and advocate the legalizing of Saturday half-holiday as conducive to that result.

11. We stand firmly by the American principle of the absolute separation of church and state, and against the appropriation of public funds to sectarian purposes.

In support of these principles, the Prohibition Party of the State of Pennsylvania invites the co-operation of all good citizens at the polls.

The Prohibition State Committee convened at Harrisburg, Wednesday, June 5, 1918, at which meeting officers of the Committee and an Executive Committee were elected, and the following resolutions were adopted:

1. That we reaffirm our loyalty to the platform adopted by the National Prohibition party, and that which was adopted by our own state convention on February 12, 1918.

2. That in view of the absolute necessity for the conservation of food, fuel and man power, we demand the immediate enactment of bone dry legislation by Congress, and that the President use his great influence with Congress to secure such legislation, in order that the war may come to an early and victorious end.

3. That we declare it to be the policy of the Prohibition party in the coming campaign so far as possible to cooperate with the Pennsylvania Dry Federation or any other body of people intent upon the election of a Legislature that will ratify the prohibition constitutional amendment and enact State-wide prohibition; that where there is a contest between the "wets" and the "drys" in the old parties, our candidates should withdraw and let the old party "dry" candidates' names be placed on our ballots with the hope of helping to dry up the State; where the

*Withdrawn September 21, 1918.

old party candidates are all "wet" we demand and expect that the "drys" shall in return rally round our candidates and endeavor to elect them; where all candidates in the old parties are equally "dry" there will be no call for our endorsement of any.

4. That any form of local option law is especially undesirable at the present time and Prohibitionists are urged to discourage and oppose all proposals for the passage of any local option law by the next Legislature.

THE WASHINGTON.

The Washington Party had no State platform nor headquarters. The candidates nominated at the primaries held on Tuesday, May 21, 1918, were the Republican Party nominees for the offices of Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs; and the four (4) nominees for Representatives in Congress at Large, were, as follows: *William S. Aaron, 1213 Fourteenth Avenue, Altoona, Blair County; Thomas S. Crago, 312 West Franklin Street, Waynesburg, Greene County; †Thomas Robins, 1719 Locust Street, Philadelphia; Anderson H. Walters, 111 Walnut Street, Johnstown, Cambria County.

THE FAIR PLAY.

The Fair Play Party had no State platform nor headquarters. The candidates nominated at the primaries held on Tuesday, May 21, 1918, were the Democratic Party nominees for the offices of Governor and the four nominees for Representatives in Congress-at-Large. This Party had no candidates for the offices of Lieutenant-Governor or Secretary of Internal Affairs.

THE SINGLE TAX.

The Single Tax Party had no State platform nor headquarters. The candidates nominated at the primaries held on Tuesday, May 21, 1918, were, as follows: Governor, Robert C. Macauley, 2416 West Cumberland Street, Philadelphia; Lieutenant-Governor; William R. McKnight, Reinerton, Schuylkill County; Secretary of Internal Affairs: Jerome C. Reis, 1233 West Allegheny Avenue, Philadelphia; Four Representatives in Congress-at-Large: John W. Dix, 1422 North Allison Street, Philadelphia; Oliver McKnight, 213 St. Marks Square, Philadelphia; Calvin B. Power, Fayette City, Fayette County; Lewis Ryan, Ardmore, Montgomery County.

THE ROOSEVELT-PROGRESSIVE.

The Roosevelt-Progressive Party had no State platform nor headquarters. The candidates nominated at the primaries held on Tuesday, May 21, 1918, were, as follows: Governor: ‡J. Denny O'Neil, 1501 Huey Street, McKeesport, Allegheny County; Lieutenant-Governor: ¶Edward E. Beidleman, 1225 Market Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County; Secretary of Internal Affairs: ¶Fred E. Lewis, 436 Walnut Street, Allentown, Lehigh County; Four Representatives in Congress-at-Large: Thomas S. Crago, 312 West Franklin Street, Waynesburg, Greene County; ¶Mablon M. Garland, 232 West Swissvale Avenue, Edgewood, Allegheny County; §M. B. Rich, Pine Creek Township, P. O. Woolrich, Clinton County ¶Anderson H. Walters, 111 Walnut Street, Johnstown, Cambria County.

*Withdraw August 10, 1918.

†Withdraw July 5, 1918.

‡Withdraw August 5, 1918.

¶Withdraw August 26, 1918.

§Withdraw August 1, 1918.

§Withdraw August 17, 1918.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

Date of Next Election for President.

By act of Congress, March 1, 1792, amended January 23, 1845, a uniform day of election for electors of President and Vice-President is fixed for all the States—being the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, every fourth year after a President has been elected. The next election for President occurs Tuesday, November 2, 1920.

*Congressional Elections—Dates of Next, in the Several States.

Alabama,	Nov. 2, 1920	New Jersey,	Nov. 2, 1920
Arizona,	Nov. 2, 1920	New Mexico,	Nov. 2, 1920
Arkansas,	Nov. 2, 1920	New York,	Nov. 2, 1920
California,	Nov. 2, 1920	North Carolina,	Nov. 2, 1920
Colorado,	Nov. 2, 1920	North Dakota,	Nov. 2, 1920
Connecticut,	Nov. 2, 1920	Ohio,	Nov. 2, 1920
Delaware,	Nov. 2, 1920	Oklahoma,	Nov. 2, 1920
Florida,	Nov. 2, 1920	Oregon,	Nov. 2, 1920
Georgia,	Nov. 2, 1920	Pennsylvania,	Nov. 2, 1920
Idaho,	Nov. 2, 1920	Rhode Island,	Nov. 2, 1920
Illinois,	Nov. 2, 1920	South Carolina,	Nov. 2, 1920
Indiana,	Nov. 2, 1920	South Dakota,	Nov. 2, 1920
Iowa,	Nov. 2, 1920	Tennessee,	Nov. 2, 1920
Kansas,	Nov. 2, 1920	Texas,	Nov. 2, 1920
Kentucky,	Nov. 2, 1920	Utah,	Nov. 2, 1920
Louisiana,	Nov. 2, 1920	Vermont,	Nov. 2, 1920
Maine,	Sept. 13, 1920	Virginia,	Nov. 2, 1920
Maryland,	Nov. 2, 1920	Washington,	Nov. 2, 1920
Massachusetts,	Nov. 2, 1920	West Virginia,	Nov. 2, 1920
Michigan,	Nov. 2, 1920	Wisconsin,	Nov. 2, 1920
Minnesota,	Nov. 2, 1920	Wyoming,	Nov. 2, 1920
Mississippi,	Nov. 2, 1920		
Missouri,	Nov. 2, 1920		
Montana,	Nov. 2, 1920		
Nebraska,	Nov. 2, 1920		
Nevada,	Nov. 2, 1920		
New Hampshire,	Nov. 2, 1920		
		Territories.	
		Hawaii,	Nov. 2, 1920
		Porto Rico,	Nov. 2, 1920

*By act of March 3, 1875, elections of Representatives in Congress are required to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1876, and every second year thereafter. Subsequent special acts enable states whose constitutions fix a different date to elect earlier, until they amend their constitutions.

Dates of Next Elections in Pennsylvania for State and County Officers.

OFFICES TO BE FILLED AT MUNICIPAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 4, 1919.

One Judge of the Superior Court (to succeed William H. Keller, appointed by Governor Brumbaugh January 6, 1919, vice John W. Kephart, resigned January 6, 1919.)

Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and of Orphans' Courts whose terms commence on the first Monday in January, 1920.

County Officers whose terms commence on the first Monday in January, 1920.

City, ward, borough, township and election division officers whose terms commence on the first Monday in January, 1920.

OFFICES TO BE FILLED AT GENERAL ELECTION NOVEMBER 2, 1920.

Presidential Electors.

United States Senator (to succeed Boies Penrose, whose term expires on the third day of March, 1921.)

Four Representatives in Congress-at-Large.

One Justice of the Supreme Court (to succeed J. Hay Brown, whose term expires on the first Monday of January, 1921.)

One Judge of the Superior Court (to succeed William B. Linn, appointed by Governor Sproul November 5, 1919, vice J. Henry Williams, who died on October 24, 1919.)

Auditor-General.

State Treasurer.

Representatives in Congress from the several districts.

Senators from odd-numbered districts; and to fill vacancy in the Fiftieth District.

Members of the House of Representatives.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1856 AND 1860.

States.	1856.			1860.			
	Fremont—Republican.	Fillmore—American.	Buchanan—Democrat.	Lincoln—Republican.	Breckinridge—Democrat.	Bell—Union.	Douglass—Democrat.
Alabama, -----		28,552	46,739		48,831	27,875	13,651
Arkansas, -----		10,787	21,910		28,732	20,093	5,227
California, -----	20,691	36,165	53,365	39,173	34,344	6,817	38,518
Connecticut, -----	42,715	2,615	34,995	43,792	14,641	3,291	15,522
Delaware, -----	308	6,175	8,004	3,815	7,337	3,804	1,023
Florida, -----		4,833	6,358		8,543	5,437	367
Georgia, -----		42,228	56,598		51,889	42,886	11,590
Illinois, -----	56,189	37,444	105,348	172,161	2,404	4,913	160,215
Indiana, -----	94,375	22,386	118,670	139,033	12,295	5,306	115,509
Iowa, -----	43,954	9,180	36,107	70,409	1,048	1,763	55,111
Kentucky, -----		67,416	74,642	1,361	53,143	66,058	25,651
Louisiana, -----	314	20,709	22,164		22,681	20,204	7,625
Maine, -----	67,379	3,323	39,080	62,811	6,368	2,046	26,683
Maryland, -----	281	47,460	39,115	2,294	42,482	41,760	5,966
Massachusetts, -----	108,190	19,620	39,240	106,533	5,939	22,331	34,372
Michigan, -----	71,762	1,666	52,136	88,480	805	405	65,657
Minnesota, -----				22,069	748	62	11,920
Mississippi, -----		24,195	35,446		40,797	25,040	3,283
Missouri, -----		48,524	58,164	17,028	31,317	58,372	58,081
New Hampshire, -----	38,345	422	32,789	37,519	2,112	441	22,811
New Jersey, -----	28,338	24,115	46,943	58,324			62,500
New York, -----	276,007	124,604	195,878	362,646			312,731
North Carolina, -----		26,886	48,246		48,539	44,990	
Ohio, -----	187,497	28,126	170,874	231,610	11,403	12,194	18,822
Oregon, -----				5,270	5,006	183	3,951
Pennsylvania, -----	147,286	82,189	230,686	268,030	178,871	12,776	16,765
Rhode Island, -----	11,467	1,675	6,680	12,244			7,707
South Carolina,* -----							
Tennessee, -----		66,178	73,638		64,700	69,274	11,350
Texas, -----		15,639	31,169		47,548	15,438	
Vermont, -----	39,561	545	10,569	33,808	218	1,969	6,849
Virginia, -----	291	60,310	89,706	1,929	74,323	74,681	16,290
Wisconsin, -----	66,090	579	52,843	86,110	888	161	65,021
Total, -----	1,341,040	874,548	1,838,165	1,866,452	847,953	590,631	1,376,157
Plurality, -----			497,125	491,295			
Whole vote, -----		4,053,753			4,680,193		

*Electors chosen by the Legislature.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1864 TO 1876.

States.	1864.		1868.		1872.		1876.	
	Lincoln—Rep.	McClellan—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Seymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Greeley—Lib. Dem.	Hayes—Rep.	Tilden—Dem.
Alabama, -----			76,366	72,086	90,272	79,444	68,230	102,002
Arkansas, -----			2,2152	19,078	41,073	37,927	38,669	58,071
California, -----	62,134	43,841	54,592	54,078	54,020	40,718	79,269	76,464
Colorado, -----							14,154	13,316
Connecticut, -----	44,691	42,285	50,996	47,961	50,638	45,872	59,034	61,934
Delaware, -----	8,155	8,767	7,063	10,980	11,115	10,205	10,752	13,381
Florida, -----							24,327	424,285
Georgia, -----			57,134	102,822	62,715	76,287	50,446	130,988
Illinois, -----	189,996	158,730	250,293	199,143	241,248	184,770	278,232	258,601
Indiana, -----	150,422	130,233	176,552	166,980	186,144	163,437	207,971	213,526
Iowa, -----	89,075	49,596	150,399	74,404	131,233	71,134	171,326	112,121
Kansas, -----	76,441	3,691	31,947	14,019	67,048	32,970	78,322	37,902
Kentucky, -----	27,786	64,301	39,569	115,899	88,816	100,212	97,156	159,690
Louisiana, -----			33,263	80,225	59,975	66,466	75,135	170,508
Maine, -----	68,114	46,892	70,426	42,396	61,422	29,087	66,300	49,823
Maryland, -----	40,153	32,739	30,438	62,357	66,760	67,685	71,980	91,779
Massachusetts, -----	126,742	48,745	136,447	59,408	133,472	59,260	150,063	108,777
Michigan, -----	91,521	74,604	123,550	87,069	136,202	77,027	166,901	141,595
Minnesota, -----	21,060	17,375	43,542	28,072	55,709	35,211	72,962	48,799
Mississippi, -----					81,016	47,191	52,605	112,173
Missouri, -----	72,750	31,678	85,671	59,788	119,196	151,433	145,029	203,077
Nebraska, -----			9,729	5,439	18,245	7,705	31,916	17,554
Nevada, -----	9,826	6,594	6,480	5,218	8,413	6,236	10,383	9,308
New Hampshire, -----	36,400	32,871	38,191	31,224	37,168	31,425	41,539	38,509
New Jersey, -----	60,723	68,024	86,121	83,001	91,611	76,801	103,517	116,982
New York, -----	368,735	361,086	419,883	429,833	440,759	387,279	489,207	521,949
North Carolina, -----			96,226	84,000	94,304	69,474	108,419	125,427
Ohio, -----	265,154	205,568	280,128	228,700	281,852	244,321	330,698	323,182
Oregon, -----	9,888	8,457	10,961	11,125	11,820	7,746	15,206	14,149
Pennsylvania, -----	296,391	276,316	342,280	313,382	349,589	212,041	884,142	366,158
Rhode Island, -----	14,349	8,718	12,903	6,548	13,665	5,329	15,787	10,712
South Carolina, -----			62,301	45,237	72,290	22,903	91,786	90,896
Tennessee, -----			56,757	26,311	83,655	94,391	89,556	133,163
Texas, -----					47,405	66,500	44,803	104,803
Vermont, -----	42,419	13,321	44,167	12,045	41,487	10,947	44,092	20,254
Virginia, -----					93,415	91,440	95,558	139,670
West Virginia, -----	23,152	10,438	20,025	20,306	32,233	29,537	42,698	56,455
Wisconsin, -----	83,453	65,884	108,857	84,710	104,992	86,477	130,068	123,927
Total, -----	2,223,035	1,811,754	3,013,188	2,703,670	3,579,693	2,842,505	4,048,248	4,299,893
Plurality, -----	411,281		309,518		737,188			251,645
Whole vote,* -----	4,034,789		5,716,858		6,457,214		8,856,627	

*In 1872 there was a scattering vote of 35,016, of which 29,408 were cast for Charles O'Connor, "Democratic," and 5,608 for James Black, "Temperance."

†The vote in Florida, as officially announced by the returning board, is given in the table. The Democrats claimed a majority for the Tilden electors in that State on the face of the returns.

‡The vote in Louisiana is given as announced by the Wells returning board, and as it was accepted by the Electoral Commission. The McEnery returning board, after a canvass of the returns from all the counties of the State, gave Tilden, 83,723; Hayes, 77,174.

§In 1876 there was a scattering vote of 93,898, of which 81,740 were cast for Peter Cooper, "Greenback;" 9,522 for Green Clay Smith, "Prohibition," and 2,636 for other persons.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1880 AND 1884.

States.	1880.				1884.			
	Garfield—Rep.	Hancock—Dem.	Weaver—Gr.	Cleveland—Dem.	Blaine—Rep.	Butler—Gr.	St. John—Pro.	
Alabama, _____	56,178	90,687	4,642	92,973	59,144	762	610	
Arkansas, _____	41,661	60,489	4,079	72,927	50,895	1,847	—	
California, _____	80,348	80,426	3,392	89,288	102,416	2,017	2,920	
Colorado, _____	27,450	24,647	1,435	27,603	36,166	1,961	762	
Connecticut, _____	67,073	64,417	868	67,182	65,898	1,685	2,494	
Delaware, _____	14,150	15,183	—	16,976	13,053	10	64	
Florida, _____	23,654	27,964	—	31,769	28,031	—	72	
Georgia, _____	52,648	102,522	481	94,653	47,692	135	168	
Illinois, _____	318,037	277,321	26,358	312,584	337,411	10,849	12,005	
Indiana, _____	232,164	225,528	12,986	244,992	238,480	8,293	3,028	
Iowa, _____	183,904	105,845	32,327	177,316	197,089	—	1,472	
Kansas, _____	121,520	59,789	19,710	90,132	154,406	16,341	4,964	
Kentucky, _____	104,550	147,999	11,498	152,961	118,122	1,693	3,139	
Louisiana, _____	37,994	65,310	439	62,546	46,347	120	338	
Maine, _____	74,039	65,171	4,408	51,656	71,716	3,994	2,143	
Maryland, _____	78,515	93,706	818	96,866	85,748	578	2,827	
Massachusetts, _____	165,205	111,960	4,548	122,352	146,724	24,382	9,925	
Michigan, _____	185,190	131,800	34,795	189,361	192,669	753	18,403	
Minnesota, _____	93,963	53,315	3,267	70,065	111,685	3,583	4,684	
Mississippi, _____	34,854	75,750	5,797	76,510	43,509	—	—	
Missouri, _____	153,567	208,609	35,045	235,988	202,929	—	2,153	
Nebraska, _____	54,979	28,523	3,853	54,391	76,903	—	2,899	
Nevada, _____	8,732	9,611	—	5,578	7,193	26	—	
New Hampshire, _____	44,852	40,794	528	39,187	43,250	552	1,571	
New Jersey, _____	120,555	122,565	2,617	127,778	123,366	3,456	6,153	
New York, _____	555,544	534,511	12,373	563,048	562,001	17,002	25,001	
North Carolina, _____	115,878	124,204	1,136	142,952	125,068	—	454	
Ohio, _____	375,048	340,821	6,456	368,286	400,082	5,170	11,269	
Oregon, _____	20,619	19,948	249	24,604	26,860	726	492	
Pennsylvania, _____	444,713	407,502	20,648	392,785	473,804	16,992	15,283	
Rhode Island, _____	18,195	10,799	236	12,391	19,030	422	928	
South Carolina, _____	58,071	112,312	566	69,764	21,733	—	—	
Tennessee, _____	107,677	128,191	5,910	133,270	124,090	957	1,151	
Texas, _____	57,845	156,228	27,405	223,679	91,701	3,321	3,568	
Vermont, _____	45,090	13,181	1,212	17,331	39,514	785	1,752	
Virginia, _____	84,020	127,976	139	145,497	139,356	—	138	
West Virginia, _____	46,243	57,391	9,079	67,317	63,096	805	939	
Wisconsin, _____	144,397	114,634	7,980	146,459	161,157	4,598	7,656	
Total, _____	4,449,062	4,442,109	307,286	4,911,017	4,848,334	133,815	151,345	
Plurality, _____	6,953	—	—	62,683	—	—	—	
Whole vote, _____	*9,212,022				†10,055,873			

*Includes scattering vote of 13,565, of which 10,305 were cast for Neal Dow, "Prohibition;" 707 for John W. Phelps, "American," and 989 for other persons.

†Includes scattering vote of 11,362.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1888.

States.	Harrison—Rep.	Cleveland—Dem.	Fisk—Pro.	Streeter—Union Lab.
Alabama, -----	57,197	117,320	583	-----
Arkansas, -----	58,752	85,962	614	10,613
California, -----	124,809	117,729	5,761	1,237
Colorado, -----	51,796	37,610	2,210	112
Connecticut, -----	74,584	74,920	4,234	240
Delaware, -----	12,973	16,414	400	-----
Florida, -----	26,659	39,561	403	-----
Georgia, -----	40,453	100,472	1,808	136
Illinois, -----	370,473	348,272	21,695	7,090
Indiana, -----	263,371	261,013	9,881	2,694
Iowa, -----	211,598	179,877	3,550	9,105
Kansas, -----	182,904	102,541	6,452	36,236
Kentucky, -----	155,134	183,800	5,225	622
Louisiana, -----	30,701	85,032	130	39
Maine, -----	73,734	50,482	2,690	1,345
Maryland, -----	99,986	106,168	4,766	1,241
Massachusetts, -----	183,892	151,855	8,641	-----
Michigan, -----	236,387	213,404	20,942	4,542
Minnesota, -----	142,492	104,385	15,311	1,097
Mississippi, -----	30,096	85,471	218	22
Missouri, -----	236,253	261,954	4,540	18,589
Nebraska, -----	108,425	80,552	9,429	4,226
Nevada, -----	7,238	5,326	41	-----
New Hampshire, -----	45,728	43,456	1,592	13
New Jersey, -----	144,344	151,493	7,904	-----
New York, -----	650,338	635,965	30,231	626
North Carolina, -----	134,784	147,902	2,788	32
Ohio, -----	416,054	396,455	24,356	3,496
Oregon, -----	33,293	26,524	1,677	363
Pennsylvania, -----	526,091	446,033	20,947	3,873
Rhode Island, -----	21,969	17,530	1,251	18
South Carolina, -----	13,740	65,825	-----	-----
Tennessee, -----	138,988	158,787	5,969	48
Texas, -----	88,280	234,883	4,749	29,459
Vermont, -----	45,192	16,788	1,459	-----
Virginia, -----	150,438	151,977	1,678	-----
West Virginia, -----	78,364	78,916	595	434
Wisconsin, -----	176,553	155,282	14,277	8,552
Total, -----	5,444,053	5,538,536	248,997	146,100
Plurality, -----	-----	94,483	-----	-----
Whole vote, -----	11,377,686			

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1892.

States.	Cleveland—Dem.	Harrison—Rep.	Weaver—Peoples.	Bidwell—Pro.	Wing—Soc. Lab.
Alabama, -----	138,138	9,197	85,181	239	-----
Arkansas, -----	87,834	46,884	11,831	113	-----
California,* -----	117,908	117,618	25,256	8,056	-----
Colorado,† -----	-----	38,620	53,584	1,638	-----
Connecticut, -----	82,395	77,025	806	4,025	329
Delaware, -----	18,581	18,083	13	565	-----
Florida, -----	30,143	-----	4,843	475	-----
Georgia, -----	129,361	48,305	42,937	983	-----
Idaho,† -----	-----	8,599	10,520	288	-----
Illinois, -----	426,281	399,288	22,207	25,870	-----
Indiana, -----	262,740	255,615	22,208	13,050	-----
Iowa, -----	196,367	219,795	20,595	6,402	-----
Kansas,† -----	-----	157,237	163,111	4,539	-----
Kentucky, -----	175,461	135,441	23,500	6,442	-----
Louisiana,‡ -----	87,922	13,282	13,281	-----	-----
Maine, -----	48,044	62,923	2,381	3,062	-----
Maryland, -----	113,866	92,736	796	5,877	-----
Massachusetts, -----	176,813	202,814	3,210	7,539	676
Michigan,* -----	202,296	222,708	19,892	14,069	-----
Minnesota, -----	100,920	122,823	110,456	29,313	-----
Mississippi, -----	40,237	1,406	10,256	910	-----
Missouri, -----	268,398	226,918	41,213	4,331	-----
Montana, -----	17,581	18,851	7,334	549	-----
Nebraska, -----	24,943	87,227	83,134	4,902	-----
Nevada, -----	714	2,811	7,264	89	-----
New Hampshire, -----	42,081	45,658	292	1,297	-----
New Jersey, -----	171,042	156,068	969	8,131	1,337
New York, -----	654,868	609,350	16,429	38,190	17,956
North Carolina, -----	132,951	100,342	44,736	2,636	-----
North Dakota,*† -----	-----	17,519	17,700	899	-----
Ohio,* -----	404,115	405,187	14,850	26,012	-----
Oregon,* -----	14,243	35,002	\$26,965	2,281	-----
Pennsylvania, -----	452,264	516,011	8,714	25,123	898
Rhode Island, -----	24,335	26,972	228	1,654	-----
South Carolina, -----	54,692	13,345	2,407	-----	-----
South Dakota, -----	9,081	34,883	26,544	-----	-----
Tennessee, -----	138,874	100,331	23,477	4,851	-----
Texas, -----	239,148	81,414	99,688	2,165	-----
Vermont, -----	16,325	37,992	43	1,415	-----
Virginia, -----	163,977	113,262	12,275	2,738	-----
Washington, -----	29,802	36,460	19,165	2,542	-----
West Virginia, -----	84,467	80,293	4,166	2,145	-----
Wisconsin, -----	177,335	170,791	9,909	13,132	-----
Wyoming,† -----	-----	8,454	7,722	530	-----
Total, -----	5,556,533	5,175,577	1,122,045	279,191	21,191
Plurality, -----	380,956	-----	-----	-----	-----
Whole vote, -----	12,154,537				

*In five states the electoral vote was divided: In California and Ohio because the vote for the Cleveland and Harrison electors was so close; in Michigan because by act of legislature each congressional district voted separately for an elector; in Oregon because one of the four candidates for electors on the People's party ticket was also on the Democratic ticket, the result being three Republicans and one People's party elected; in North Dakota because one of the two People's party electors who were elected cast his vote for Cleveland, this causing the electoral vote of the State to be equally divided between Cleveland, Harrison and Weaver.

†In the States of Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, North Dakota and Wyoming the Democrats ran no electoral tickets, and voted for the People's party electoral tickets for the purpose of taking those states from the Republicans. With a few exceptions they also voted for the People's party electors in Nevada.

‡In Louisiana the Republicans and People's party united their vote, each nominating half of the eight candidates for electors, and in the table their aggregate popular vote is divided.

§In Oregon the highest vote for an elector was that cast for the one candidate who was on both the Democratic and People's party tickets. He received 35,813 votes. The next highest was for a Republican candidate for elector, 35,002. This gave the Fusion candidate (who afterwards voted for Weaver) a plurality of 811.

*POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1896.

States.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan and Sewall—Dem.	Levering—Pro.	Palmer—National Dem.	Bryan and Watson—Pro.	Matchett—S. L.	Bentley—Natl.
Alabama, -----	54,787	107,137	2,147	6,462	24,089		
Arkansas, -----	37,512	110,103	889				893
California, -----	145,170	121,629	2,573	1,730	21,744	1,611	1,046
Colorado, -----	26,271	158,674	1,717		2,389	158	386
Connecticut, -----	110,285	56,740	1,808	4,234		1,223	
Delaware, -----	16,804	13,424	355	877			
Florida, -----	11,288	30,683	654	1,778	2,053		
Georgia, -----	60,091	94,232	5,613	2,708			
Idaho, -----	6,324	23,192	197				
Illinois, -----	607,130	464,523	9,796	6,390	1,090	1,147	793
Indiana, -----	323,754	305,753	3,056	2,145		329	2,268
Iowa, -----	289,293	223,741	3,192	4,516		453	352
Kansas, -----	159,345	126,660	1,611	1,209	46,194		620
Kentucky, -----	218,171	217,890	4,781	5,019			
Louisiana, -----	22,037	77,175		1,834			
Maine, -----	89,465	32,201	1,570	1,870	2,487		
Maryland, -----	136,959	104,735	5,918	2,507			136
Massachusetts, -----	278,976	90,530	2,998	11,749	15,181	2,114	
Michigan, -----	293,582	236,714	5,025	6,879			1,995
Minnesota, -----	193,501	139,626	4,365	3,230		915	
Mississippi, -----	5,130	56,363	485	1,071	7,517		
Missouri, -----	304,940	363,667	2,196	2,355		595	293
Montana, -----	10,494	42,537	186				
Nebraska, -----	103,064	115,999	1,243	2,885		183	797
Nevada, -----	1,938	7,802			575		
New Hampshire, -----	57,444	21,271	779	3,520	379	228	49
New Jersey, -----	221,367	133,675	6,614	6,373		3,985	
New York, -----	819,838	551,390	16,052	18,950		17,667	
North Carolina, -----	155,222	174,488	675				247
North Dakota, -----	26,335	20,686	358				
Ohio, -----	525,991	474,882	5,068	1,875	26,015		2,716
Oregon, -----	48,779	46,662	919	977			
Pennsylvania, -----	728,300	427,125	19,274	11,000	6,103	1,683	870
Rhode Island, -----	36,437	14,459	1,160	1,166		558	
South Carolina, -----	9,281	58,798		828			
South Dakota, -----	41,042	41,225	683				
Tennessee, -----	148,773	163,651	3,098	1,951	4,525		
Texas, -----	167,520	290,862	1,786	5,046	79,572		
Utah, -----	13,491	64,607		21			
Vermont, -----	51,127	10,179	733	1,331	458		
Virginia, -----	135,368	154,709	2,350	2,129		108	
Washington, -----	39,153	51,646	968	1,668			148
West Virginia, -----	105,368	94,480	1,216	675			
Wisconsin, -----	268,135	165,523	7,509	4,584			346
Wyoming, -----	10,072	10,369	136		286		
Total, -----	7,107,304	6,292,423	130,753	133,542	240,657	35,545	13,955
Plurality, -----	814,881						
Whole vote, -----							

13,952,179

*There was fusion on the electoral ticket of the Democrats and Populists, and in some instances Silver Republicans, in the following states: Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming. In some of the states like Illinois and Kansas, there were Bryan-Watson tickets run by the Middle-of-the-road Populists.

It was impossible to separate the Populist from the Democratic vote in the states in which there was a fusion of those parties; for the reason that in some of the states, like Illinois, in which the two parties voted for the same electors, but upon separate tickets, county officers, in making returns to the Secretaries of State combined the votes on electors. In such cases the vote classed under the head "Bryan-Watson" was no indication of the strength of the People's party, while at the same time it gave too large a vote to the Democrats.

*POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1900.

States.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	Woolley—Pro.	Barker—Peo.	Debs—Soc. Dem.	Malloney—S. L.	Ellis—U. R.	Leonard—U. O.
Alabama, -----	55,634	56,368	1,407	3,796	928			
Arkansas, -----	44,800	81,142	584	972	27		341	
California, -----	164,755	124,985	5,004		7,554			
Colorado, -----	93,072	122,733	3,790	389	654	714		
Connecticut, -----	102,572	74,014	1,117		1,029	908		
Delaware, -----	22,535	18,863	546		67			
Florida, -----	7,314	28,007	2,234	1,070	601			
Georgia, -----	34,994	81,694	1,394	4,584				
Idaho, -----	27,198	29,414	857	213				
Illinois, -----	597,985	503,061	17,623	1,141	9,687	1,373	672	352
Indiana, -----	336,063	309,584	13,718	1,438	2,374	663	254	
Iowa, -----	307,808	209,265	9,502	613	2,742	259		166
Kansas, -----	185,955	162,601	3,605		1,605			
Kentucky, -----	226,801	234,899	2,814	2,017	770	299		
Louisiana, -----	14,233	53,671						
Maine, -----	65,435	36,823	2,585		878			
Maryland, -----	136,151	122,237	4,574		900	382	145	
Massachusetts, -----	289,147	156,997	6,208		9,716	2,610		
Michigan, -----	316,269	211,685	11,859	837	2,823	903		
Minnesota, -----	190,461	112,901	8,555		3,065	1,329		
Mississippi, -----	5,753	51,706		1,644				
Missouri, -----	374,092	351,922	5,965	4,244	6,128	1,254		
Montana, -----	25,373	37,146	298		708	116		
Nebraska, -----	121,835	114,013	3,655	1,104	523			
Nevada, -----	3,849	6,347						
New Hampshire, -----	54,799	35,489	1,270		790			
New Jersey, -----	221,754	164,879	7,190	691	4,611	2,081		
New York, -----	822,013	678,462	22,077		12,869	12,622		
North Carolina, -----	132,997	157,733	990	737				
North Dakota, -----	35,898	20,523	731	111	520			
Ohio, -----	543,918	474,882	10,203	251	4,847	1,688	4,284	
Oregon, -----	46,526	33,385	2,536	275	1,494			
Pennsylvania, -----	712,665	424,232	27,908	642	4,831	2,936		
Rhode Island, -----	33,784	19,512	1,529			1,423		
South Carolina, -----	3,579	47,233						
South Dakota, -----	54,530	39,544	1,542	339	169			
Tennessee, -----	123,180	145,356	3,882	1,322	284			
Texas, -----	130,641	267,432	2,644	20,981	1,846	162		
Utah, -----	47,069	44,949	204		716	106		
Vermont, -----	42,569	12,849		367	383			
Virginia, -----	115,865	146,080	2,150	63	145	167		
Washington, -----	57,456	44,833	2,363		2,006	866		
West Virginia, -----	119,829	98,807	1,692	268	219			
Wisconsin, -----	265,866	159,285	10,124		7,095	524		
Wyoming, -----	14,482	10,164						
Total, -----	7,219,524	6,358,007	207,429	50,109	95,897	33,425	5,696	518
Plurality, -----	861,517							
Whole vote, -----					13,970,605			

*The vote given above is for the highest elector on each of the several tickets; in a number of states the Democratic vote given is for the fusion ticket consisting of the Democratic, People's and Silver-Republican parties.

*POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1904.

States.	Roosevelt—Rep.	Parker—Dem.	Swallow—Pro.	Watson—Pro.	Debs—Socialist.	Corrigan—S. L.	Miscellaneous and scattering.
Alabama, -----	22,472	79,857	612	5,051	853	-----	-----
Arkansas, -----	46,860	64,434	993	2,318	1,816	-----	-----
California, -----	205,226	89,404	7,380	-----	29,555	-----	326
Colorado, -----	134,687	100,105	3,438	824	4,304	335	-----
Connecticut, -----	111,089	72,909	1,506	495	4,543	575	-----
Delaware, -----	23,712	19,359	607	51	146	-----	-----
Florida, -----	8,514	27,046	-----	1,605	2,337	-----	-----
Georgia, -----	24,003	83,472	654	22,635	197	-----	-----
Idaho, -----	47,783	18,480	1,013	353	4,949	-----	-----
Illinois, -----	632,645	327,636	34,770	6,725	60,225	4,698	836
Indiana, -----	368,289	274,345	23,496	2,444	12,013	1,598	-----
Iowa, -----	307,907	149,141	11,601	2,207	14,847	-----	-----
Kansas, -----	212,995	86,174	7,306	6,253	15,880	-----	-----
Kentucky, -----	205,277	217,170	6,609	2,511	3,602	595	1
Louisiana, -----	5,205	47,747	-----	-----	995	-----	-----
Maine, -----	64,437	27,630	1,510	338	2,106	-----	-----
Maryland, -----	109,497	109,446	2,034	-----	2,247	5	-----
Massachusetts, -----	257,822	165,746	4,276	1,294	13,604	2,359	5
Michigan, -----	364,957	135,392	13,441	1,159	9,042	1,036	-----
Minnesota, -----	216,651	55,187	6,253	2,103	11,692	974	-----
Mississippi, -----	3,168	53,280	-----	1,424	392	-----	-----
Missouri, -----	321,449	296,312	7,191	4,226	13,009	1,674	-----
Montana, -----	34,932	21,773	335	1,520	5,676	208	-----
Nebraska, -----	138,558	52,921	6,323	20,518	7,412	-----	1,181
Nevada, -----	6,867	3,982	-----	-----	925	-----	344
New Hampshire, -----	54,180	33,995	749	83	1,090	-----	-----
New Jersey, -----	245,163	164,567	6,845	3,704	9,587	2,679	-----
New York, -----	859,533	683,981	20,787	7,459	36,883	9,127	-----
North Carolina, -----	82,625	124,124	361	819	125	-----	-----
North Dakota, -----	52,595	14,273	1,140	165	2,617	-----	-----
Ohio, -----	600,095	344,940	19,339	1,401	26,260	2,633	-----
Oregon, -----	60,455	17,465	3,806	753	7,619	-----	-----
Pennsylvania, -----	840,949	335,430	33,717	-----	21,863	2,211	2,568
Rhode Island, -----	41,605	24,839	768	-----	956	488	-----
South Carolina, -----	2,554	52,563	-----	1	-----	21	-----
South Dakota, -----	72,083	21,989	2,965	1,240	3,138	-----	-----
Tennessee, -----	105,309	131,563	1,906	2,506	1,354	-----	-----
Texas, -----	51,242	167,200	4,292	8,062	2,791	421	-----
Utah, -----	62,446	33,413	-----	-----	5,767	-----	40
Vermont, -----	40,459	9,777	792	-----	859	-----	-----
Virginia, -----	47,880	80,648	1,383	359	218	56	-----
Washington, -----	101,540	28,098	3,229	669	10,023	1,592	-----
West Virginia, -----	132,628	100,850	4,604	339	1,574	-----	-----
Wisconsin, -----	280,164	124,107	9,770	530	28,220	223	-----
Wyoming, -----	20,489	8,930	208	-----	1,077	-----	-----
Total, -----	7,028,856	5,081,650	259,042	114,144	402,757	33,509	5,301
Plurality, -----	2,547,206	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Whole vote, -----	-----	-----	-----	13,525,259	-----	-----	-----

*The vote given above is for the highest elector on each of the several tickets.

*POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1908.

States.	Taft—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	Chafin—Pro.	Debs—Soc.	Hisgen—Ind.	Gilhaus—S. L.	Watson—Pro.	Turney—U. C.
Alabama, -----	25,308	74,374	635	1,399	495		1,568	
Arkansas, -----	56,760	87,015	1,194	5,842	289		1,026	
California, -----	214,398	127,492	11,770	23,659	4,278			
Colorado, -----	123,700	120,644	5,559	7,974				
Connecticut, -----	112,815	68,255	2,380	5,113	728	608		
Delaware, -----	25,614	22,071	670	239	30			
Florida, -----	10,654	31,104	1,356	3,747	553		1,946	
Georgia, -----	41,692	72,413	1,059	584	77		16,969	
Idaho, -----	52,621	36,162	1,986	6,400	114			
Illinois, -----	629,932	450,810	29,364	34,711	7,724	1,880	633	400
Indiana, -----	348,993	338,262	18,045	13,476	514	613	1,193	
Iowa, -----	275,210	200,771	9,837	8,287	404		261	
Kansas, -----	197,216	161,209	5,033	12,420	68			
Kentucky, -----	235,711	244,092	5,887	4,660	200	404	333	
Louisiana, -----	8,958	63,568		2,538	82			
Maine, -----	66,987	35,403	1,487		701	1,758	1	
Maryland, -----	116,513	115,908	3,302	2,323	485			
Massachusetts, -----	265,966	155,543	4,379	10,781	19,239	1,018		
Michigan, -----	335,580	175,771	16,974	11,586	760	1,096		63
Minnesota, -----	195,835	109,401	10,114	14,471	425			
Mississippi, -----	4,363	60,287		1,048			1,309	
Missouri, -----	347,203	346,574	4,284	15,431	402	868	1,165	
Montana, -----	32,333	29,326	827	5,855	481			
Nebraska, -----	126,997	131,099	5,179	3,524				
Nevada, -----	16,775	11,212		2,103	436			
New Hampshire, -----	53,144	33,655	905	1,299	554			
New Jersey, -----	265,326	182,567	4,934	10,253	2,922	1,196		
New York, -----	870,070	607,498	22,697	38,451	35,817	3,877		
North Carolina, -----	114,887	136,928	300			250		
North Dakota, -----	57,680	32,885	1,553	2,421	43			
Ohio, -----	572,312	502,721	11,402	33,795	433	720	158	
Oklahoma, -----	110,558	122,406		21,779	274		436	
Oregon, -----	62,530	38,049	2,682	7,339	289			
Pennsylvania, -----	745,779	448,782	35,694	33,914	1,057	1,224		
Rhode Island, -----	43,942	24,706	1,016	1,365	1,105	183		
South Carolina, -----	3,963	62,288		100	42			
South Dakota, -----	67,536	40,266	4,039	2,846	88			
Tennessee, -----	118,195	135,608	360	1,870	332		1,081	
Texas, -----	65,666	217,302	1,634	7,870	115	176	994	
Utah, -----	61,028	42,601		4,895	87			
Vermont, -----	39,552	11,496	802		804			
Virginia, -----	52,573	82,946	1,111	255	51	25	105	
Washington, -----	106,662	58,691	4,700	14,177	249			
West Virginia, -----	137,869	111,418	5,139	3,679	46		16	
Wisconsin, -----	247,747	166,632	11,564	28,164		314		
Wyoming, -----	20,846	14,918	63	1,715	64			
Total, -----	7,678,799	6,409,099	252,919	418,758	82,887	16,040	29,194	463
Plurality, -----	1,269,700							
Whole vote, -----					14,888,159			

*The vote given above is for the highest elector on each of the several tickets.

*POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1912.

States.	Wilson—Democratic.	Taft—Republican.	Chafin—Prohibition.	Debs—Socialist.	Reimer—Socialist Labor.	Roosevelt - Progressive, Bull Moose and Wash- ington.
Alabama, -----	82,438	9,732	-----	3,029	-----	22,680
Arizona, -----	10,324	3,021	265	3,163	-----	6,949
Arkansas, -----	68,838	24,467	898	8,153	-----	21,673
California,† -----	283,436	3,914	£8,366	79,201	-----	283,610
Colorado, -----	114,232	58,386	5,063	16,418	475	32,306
Connecticut, -----	74,561	68,324	2,068	10,056	2,166	34,129
Delaware, -----	22,631	15,997	623	556	-----	8,886
Florida, -----	36,417	4,279	1,854	4,806	-----	4,535
Georgia, -----	93,171	5,191	149	1,025	-----	22,016
Idaho, -----	33,921	32,810	1,537	11,980	-----	25,527
Illinois, -----	404,960	253,446	15,667	81,249	4,039	386,393
Indiana, -----	281,890	151,267	19,249	36,931	-----	192,007
Iowa, -----	185,325	119,805	8,440	16,067	-----	161,819
Kansas, -----	143,663	74,845	-----	26,779	-----	120,210
Kentucky, -----	219,584	115,512	3,233	11,047	956	102,766
Louisiana, -----	60,966	3,834	-----	5,192	-----	9,323
Maine, -----	51,113	26,545	546	2,541	-----	48,466
Maryland, -----	112,674	64,956	2,244	3,996	322	57,789
Massachusetts, -----	173,408	155,948	2,754	12,616	1,102	142,228
Michigan, -----	150,751	152,244	8,934	23,211	1,252	214,582
Minnesota, -----	106,426	64,334	7,886	27,505	2,212	125,856
Mississippi, -----	57,227	1,695	-----	2,061	-----	3,645
Missouri, -----	330,746	207,821	5,380	28,466	1,775	124,371
Montana, -----	27,941	18,512	32	-----	-----	22,456
Nebraska, -----	109,008	54,216	3,883	10,185	-----	72,614
Nevada, -----	7,986	3,196	-----	3,313	-----	5,620
New Jersey, -----	178,559	89,047	2,915	15,928	1,347	145,674
New Hampshire, -----	34,724	32,927	535	1,980	-----	17,794
New Mexico, -----	26,437	17,733	-----	2,859	-----	8,347
New York, -----	655,475	455,428	19,427	63,381	4,251	390,021
North Carolina, -----	144,646	29,277	117	1,025	-----	70,144
North Dakota, -----	29,555	23,090	1,243	6,966	-----	25,726
Ohio, -----	423,153	277,066	11,459	89,930	2,623	229,327
Oklahoma, -----	119,156	90,786	2,185	42,262	-----	-----
Oregon, -----	47,064	34,673	4,360	13,343	-----	37,600
Pennsylvania, -----	395,637	273,360	19,525	83,614	706	444,894
Rhode Island, -----	30,412	27,703	610	2,049	236	16,878
South Carolina, -----	48,357	536	-----	164	-----	1,293
South Dakota,‡ -----	48,942	-----	3,910	4,092	-----	58,811
Tennessee, -----	130,335	59,444	825	3,492	-----	53,725
Texas, -----	219,489	28,530	1,698	24,896	430	26,745
Utah, -----	36,579	42,100	-----	9,023	509	24,174
Vermont, -----	16,354	23,332	1,095	928	-----	22,132
Virginia, -----	90,332	23,288	739	820	50	21,777
Washington, -----	86,840	70,445	9,810	40,134	1,872	113,698
West Virginia, -----	113,046	56,667	4,534	15,336	-----	78,977
Wisconsin, -----	164,228	130,695	8,586	33,481	522	62,460
Wyoming, -----	16,310	14,560	421	2,760	-----	9,232
Total, -----	3,201,196	3,484,884	207,935	890,062	26,842	4,121,908
Plurality, -----	2,166,288	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Whole vote, -----	-----	-----	-----	15,022,827	-----	-----

*The vote given above is for the highest elector on each of the several tickets.

†The Roosevelt electors in California were on the Republican Progressive ticket.

‡There was but one set of Republican Presidential electors in South Dakota and they as electors cast their votes for Theodore Roosevelt for President, and Hiram W. Johnson for Vice-President.

*POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1916.

States.	Wilson—Democratic.	Hughes—Republican.	Benson—Socialist.	Hanly—Prohibition.	Reimer—Socialist Labor.	†Progressive.
Alabama, -----	97,778	28,662	1,916	984	-----	-----
Arizona, -----	33,170	20,524	3,174	1,153	-----	-----
Arkansas, -----	112,186	47,148	6,999	2,015	-----	-----
California, -----	466,289	462,516	43,263	27,713	-----	-----
Colorado, -----	178,816	102,308	10,049	2,763	-----	409
Connecticut, -----	99,786	106,514	5,179	1,789	606	-----
Delaware, -----	24,763	*26,011	480	566	-----	-----
Florida, -----	65,984	14,611	7,814	4,855	-----	-----
Georgia, -----	125,831	11,225	967	-----	-----	20,653
Idaho, -----	70,054	55,368	8,066	1,127	-----	-----
Illinois, -----	950,229	1,152,549	61,394	26,047	2,488	-----
Indiana, -----	334,063	341,005	21,855	16,368	1,659	3,898
Iowa, -----	221,699	280,449	10,976	3,371	459	1,793
Kansas, -----	314,588	277,658	24,685	12,882	-----	-----
Kentucky, -----	268,536	241,283	4,734	3,032	-----	122
Louisiana, -----	79,875	6,466	292	-----	-----	6,349
Maine, -----	64,118	69,506	2,186	595	-----	-----
Maryland, -----	138,359	117,347	2,674	2,903	756	-----
Massachusetts, -----	247,885	268,784	11,658	2,993	1,097	-----
Michigan, -----	286,775	339,097	16,120	8,139	842	-----
Minnesota, -----	179,152	179,544	20,117	7,793	-----	290
Mississippi, -----	80,382	4,253	1,484	-----	-----	520
Missouri, -----	398,032	369,339	14,612	3,884	902	-----
Montana, -----	101,063	66,750	9,564	-----	-----	302
Nebraska, -----	158,827	136,810	10,932	8,105	-----	-----
Nevada, -----	17,776	12,127	3,085	348	-----	-----
New Hampshire, -----	43,779	43,723	1,319	296	-----	-----
New Jersey, -----	211,645	269,352	10,462	3,217	890	-----
New Mexico, -----	33,693	31,097	1,999	312	-----	-----
New York, -----	756,880	865,851	45,985	19,031	2,665	-----
North Carolina, -----	168,383	120,890	490	51	-----	-----
North Dakota, -----	55,206	53,471	997	5,716	-----	-----
Ohio, -----	604,161	514,753	38,092	8,680	-----	-----
Oklahoma, -----	148,113	97,233	45,190	1,646	-----	234
Oregon, -----	120,087	126,813	9,711	4,729	-----	310
Pennsylvania, -----	521,784	703,823	42,638	28,525	419	-----
Rhode Island, -----	40,394	44,568	1,914	470	-----	-----
South Carolina, -----	61,846	1,550	135	-----	-----	162
South Dakota, -----	59,191	64,217	3,760	1,774	-----	-----
Tennessee, -----	153,344	116,114	2,542	147	-----	-----
Texas, -----	286,514	64,999	18,993	1,985	-----	-----
Utah, -----	84,145	54,137	4,460	149	144	111
Vermont, -----	22,708	40,250	798	709	-----	-----
Virginia, -----	102,824	49,356	1,062	883	-----	-----
Washington, -----	183,888	167,244	22,800	6,868	730	-----
West Virginia, -----	140,403	143,124	6,150	-----	-----	-----
Wisconsin, -----	193,042	221,323	27,846	7,165	-----	-----
Wyoming, -----	28,816	21,698	1,453	373	-----	-----
Total, -----	9,125,852	8,553,730	592,421	321,382	13,657	35,153
Plurality, -----	572,122	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Whole vote, -----	118,652,647					

*The vote given above is for the highest elector on each of the several tickets.

†Theodore Roosevelt, nominee for President on the Progressive ticket, withdrew, but John M. Parker, the candidate for Vice-President, remained on the ticket.

‡Includes scattering vote of 10,452, of which 9,659 were cast in New York State on the "American" ticket for Charles Evans Hughes, the Republican nominee for President, and 793 for other persons.

ELECTORAL VOTE BY STATES FOR PRESIDENT—1868 TO 1888.

States.	1868.*		1872.		1876.		1880.		1884.		1888.	
	Grant—Rep.	Seymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Hendricks—Dem.†	Hayes—Rep.	Tilden—Dem.	Garfield—Rep.	Hancock—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Blaine—Rep.	Harrison—Rep.	Cleveland—Dem.
Alabama,	8		10		10	6	10	10				7
Arkansas,	5						6	6	7			7
California,	5		6		6	3	1	5		3	3	
Colorado,												
Connecticut,	5		6		6	3	6		6			6
Delaware,		3	3			3		3	3			3
Florida,	3		4		4			4	4			4
Georgia,		9				11	11	12				12
Illinois,	16		21		21		21			22	22	
Indiana,	13		15		15	15		15			15	
Iowa,	8		11		11		11			13	13	
Kansas,	3		5		5		5			9	9	
Kentucky,		11		8	12			12	13			13
Louisiana,		7			8			8	8			8
Maine,	7		7		7		7			6	6	
Maryland,		7		8	8			8	8			8
Massachusetts,	12		13		13		13			14	14	
Michigan,	8		11		11		11			13	13	
Minnesota,	4		5		5		5			7	7	
Mississippi,			8		8		8		8	9		9
Missouri,	11			6		15	15	16				16
Nebraska,	3		3		3		3			5	5	
Nevada,	3		3		3		3			3	3	
New Hampshire,	5		5		5		5			4	4	
New Jersey,		7	9		9		9	9				9
New York,		33	35		35	35		36			36	
North Carolina,	9		10		10		10	11				11
Ohio,	21		22		22	22				23	23	
Oregon,		3	3		3		3			3	3	
Pennsylvania,	26		29		29		29			30	30	
Rhode Island,	4		4		4		4			4	4	
South Carolina,	6		7		7			7	9			9
Tennessee,	10		12		12		12	12				12
Texas,			8		8		8	13				13
Vermont,	5		5		5		5			4	4	
Virginia,		11			11		11	12				12
West Virginia,	5		5		5		5	6				6
Wisconsin,	8		10		10		10			11	11	
Total,	214	80	286	42	185	184	214	155	219	182	233	168
Number of states voting,	34		37		38		38		38		38	

*Mississippi, Texas and Virginia did not vote in 1868.

†In 1872, Horace Greeley, Democratic and Liberal-Republican candidate for President, having died before the electoral vote was cast, the Greeley electors voted as above for Thomas A. Hendricks, in five states, Kentucky, Georgia and Missouri cast 18 electoral votes for B. Gratz Brown, of Missouri, for President; Georgia, 2 votes for C. J. Jenkins, of Georgia, and Missouri 1 vote for David Davis, of Illinois; and 17 votes irregularly cast were not counted by Congress.

ELECTORAL VOTE BY STATES FOR PRESIDENT—1892 TO 1908.

States.	1892.			1896.		1900.		1904.		1908.	
	Cleveland—Dem.	Harrison—Rep.	Weaver—Pro.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	Roosevelt—Rep.	Parker—Dem.	Taft—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.
Alabama, -----	11				11		11		11		11
Arkansas, -----	8				8		8		9		9
California, -----	5	1		8	1	9		10		10	
Colorado, -----			4		4		4	6			5
Connecticut, -----	6			6		6		7		7	
Delaware, -----	3			3				3		3	
Florida, -----	4				4		4		5		5
Georgia, -----	13				13		13		13		13
Idaho, -----			3		3		3			3	
Illinois, -----	24			24		24		27		27	
Indiana, -----	15			15		15		15		15	
Iowa, -----		13		13		13		13		13	
Kansas, -----			10		10	10		10		10	
Kentucky, -----	13			12	1		13		13		13
Louisiana, -----	8				8		8		9		9
Maine, -----		6		6		6		6		6	
Maryland, -----	8			8		8		1	7	2	6
Massachusetts, -----		15		15		15		16		16	
Michigan, -----	5	9		14		14		14		14	
Minnesota, -----		9		9		9		11		11	
Mississippi, -----	9				9	9			10		10
Missouri, -----	17				17		17	18		18	
Montana, -----		3			3		3	3		3	
Nebraska, -----		8			8	8		8			8
Nevada, -----			3		3		3	3			3
New Hampshire, -----		4		4		4		4		4	
New Jersey, -----	10			10		10		12		12	
New York, -----	36			36		36		39		39	
North Carolina, -----	11				11		11		12		12
North Dakota, -----	1	1	1	3		3		4		4	
Ohio, -----	1	22		23		23		23		23	
Oklahoma, -----											7
Oregon, -----		3	1	4		4		4		4	
Pennsylvania, -----		32		32		32		34		34	
Rhode Island, -----		4		4		4		4		4	
South Carolina, -----	9				9		9		9		
South Dakota, -----		4			4	4		4		4	
Tennessee, -----	12				12		12		12		12
Texas, -----	15				15		15		18		18
Utah, -----					3	3		3		3	
Vermont, -----		4		4		4		4		4	
Virginia, -----	12				12		12		12		12
Washington, -----		4			4	4		5		5	
West Virginia, -----	6			6		6		7		7	
Wisconsin, -----	12			12		12		13		13	
Wyoming, -----		3			3	3		3		3	
Total, -----	277	145	22	271	176	292	155	336	140	321	162
Number of states voting, -----	44			45		45		45		46	

ELECTORAL VOTE BY STATES FOR PRESIDENT—1912 AND 1916.

States.	1912.			1916.	
	Wilson—Democratic.	Taft—Republican.	Roosevelt—Progressive.	Wilson—Democratic.	Hughes—Republican.
Alabama, -----	12			12	
Arizona, -----	3			3	
Arkansas, -----	9			9	
California, -----	2		11	13	
Colorado, -----	6			6	
Connecticut, -----	7				
Delaware, -----	3				3
Florida, -----	6			6	
Georgia, -----	14			14	
Idaho, -----	4			4	
Illinois, -----	29				29
Indiana, -----	15				15
Iowa, -----	13				13
Kansas, -----	10			10	
Kentucky, -----	13			13	
Louisiana, -----	10			10	
Maine, -----	6				6
Maryland, -----	8			8	
Massachusetts, -----	18				18
Michigan, -----			15		15
Minnesota, -----			12		12
Mississippi, -----	10			10	
Missouri, -----	18			18	
Montana, -----	4			4	
Nebraska, -----	8			8	
Nevada, -----	3			3	
New Hampshire, -----	4			4	
New Jersey, -----	14				14
New Mexico, -----	3			3	
New York, -----	45				45
North Carolina, -----	12			12	
North Dakota, -----	5			5	
Ohio, -----	24			24	
Oklahoma, -----	10			10	
Oregon, -----	5				5
Pennsylvania, -----			38		38
Rhode Island, -----	5				5
South Carolina, -----	9			9	
South Dakota, -----			5		5
Tennessee, -----	12			12	
Texas, -----	20			20	
Utah, -----		4		4	
Vermont, -----		4			4
Virginia, -----	12			12	
Washington, -----			7	7	
West Virginia, -----	8			1	7
Wisconsin, -----	13				13
Wyoming, -----	3			3	
Total, -----	435	8	88	277	254
Number of states voting, -----		48			48

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE OF THE UNITED STATES FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT—1789—1916.

Year of election.	*Presidents.				Vice-Presidents.	
	Political Party.	Candidates.	Vote.		Candidates.	Electoral.
			Popular.	Electoral.		
1789		George Washington, -----		69		
		John Adams, -----				34
		John Jay, -----				9
		R. H. Harrison, -----				6
		John Rutledge, -----				6
		John Hancock, -----				4
		George Clinton, -----				3
		Samuel Huntington, -----				2
		John Milton, -----				2
		James Armstrong, -----				1
		Benjamin Lincoln, -----				1
		Edward Telfair, -----				1
		Vacancies, -----		4		4
1792	Federalist, -----	George Washington, -----		132		
	Federalist, -----	John Adams, -----				77
	Republican, -----	George Clinton, -----				50
		Thomas Jefferson, -----				4
		Aaron Burr, -----				1
		Vacancies, -----		3		3
1796	Federalist, -----	John Adams, -----		71		
	Republican, -----	Thomas Jefferson, -----				68
	Federalist, -----	Thomas Pinckney, -----				59
	Republican, -----	Aaron Burr, -----				30
		Samuel Adams, -----				15
		Oliver Ellsworth, -----				11
		George Clinton, -----				7
		John Jay, -----				5
		James Iredell, -----				3
		George Washington, -----				2
		John Henry, -----				2
		S. Johnson, -----				2
		Charles C. Pinckney, -----				1
1800	Republican, -----	Thomas Jefferson, -----		173		
	Republican, -----	Aaron Burr, -----				173
	Federalist, -----	John Adams, -----				65
	Federalist, -----	Charles C. Pinckney, -----				64
		John Jay, -----				1
1804	Republican, -----	Thomas Jefferson, -----		162	George Clinton, -----	162
	Federalist, -----	Charles C. Pinckney, -----		14	Rufus King, -----	14
1808	Republican, -----	James Madison, -----		122	George Clinton, -----	113
		Charles C. Pinckney, -----		47	Rufus King, -----	47
	Federalist, -----	George Clinton, -----		6	John Langdon, -----	9
					James Madison, -----	3
					James Monroe, -----	3
		Vacancy, -----		1		1
1812	Republican, -----	James Madison, -----		128	Elbridge Gerry, -----	131
	Federalist, -----	DeWitt Clinton, -----		89	Jared Ingersoll, -----	86
		Vacancy, -----		1		1
1816	Republican, -----	James Monroe, -----		183	D. D. Tompkins, -----	183
	Federalist, -----	Rufus King, -----		34	John E. Howard, -----	22
					James Ross, -----	5
					John Marshall, -----	4
					Robt. G. Harper, -----	3
		Vacancies, -----		4		4
1820	Republican, -----	James Monroe, -----		231	D. D. Tompkins, -----	218
	Opposition, -----	John Quincy Adams, -----		1	Richard Stockton, -----	8
					Daniel Rodney, -----	4
					Robt. G. Harper, -----	1
					Richard Rush, -----	1
		Vacancies, -----		3		3

*Previous to the election of 1804, each elector voted for two candidates for President; the one receiving the highest number of votes, if a majority, was declared elected President, and the next highest, Vice-President.

†There having been a tie vote, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the 36th ballot, which was as follows: Jefferson—Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont and Virginia—10 states; Burr—Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Rhode Island—4 states; Blank—Delaware and South Carolina—2 states.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE—Continued.

Year of election.	Political Party.	Presidents.		Vice-Presidents.			
		Candidates.	Vote.		Candidates.		
			Popular.	Electoral.			
1824	Republican, ---- Coalition, ---- Republican, ---- Republican, ----	Andrew Jackson, ---- John Quincy Adams, ---- Wm. H. Crawford, ---- Henry Clay, ----	155,872 105,321 44,282 46,587	*99 84 41 37	John C. Calhoun, ---- Nathan Sanford, ---- Nathaniel Macon, ---- Andrew Jackson, ---- M. Van Buren, ---- Henry Clay, ---- Vacancy, ----	182 30 24 13 9 2 1	
1828	Democratic, ---- Nat. Repub., ----	Andrew Jackson, ---- John Quincy Adams, ----	647,231 509,097	178 83	John C. Calhoun, ---- Richard Rush, ---- William Smith, ----	171 83 7	
1832	Democratic, ---- Nat. Repub., ---- Independent, ---- Anti-Mason, ----	Andrew Jackson, ---- Henry Clay, ---- John Floyd, ---- William Wirt, ----	687,502 530,189 33,108 }	219 49 11 7	M. Van Buren, ---- John Sergeant, ---- Henry Lee, ---- Amos Ellmaker, ---- William Wilkins, ----	189 49 11 7 30	
		Vacancies, ----		2		2	
1836	Democratic, ---- Whig, ---- Whig, ---- Whig, ---- Whig, ----	Martin Van Buren, ---- Wm. H. Harrison, ---- Hugh L. White, ---- Daniel Webster, ---- W. P. Magnum, ----	761,549 }	170 73 26 14 11	R. M. Johnson,† ---- Francis Granger, ---- John Tyler, ---- William Smith, ----	147 77 47 23	
1840	Whig, ---- Democratic, ---- Liberty, ----	Wm. H. Harrison, ---- Martin Van Buren, ---- James G. Birney, ----	1,275,017 1,128,702 7,059	234 60 }	John Tyler, ---- R. M. Johnson, ---- Francis Lemoyne, ---- L. W. Tazewell, ---- James K. Polk, ---- George M. Dallas, ---- T. Frelinghuysen, ---- Thomas Morris, ---- Millard Fillmore, ---- Wm. O. Butler, ---- Charles F. Adams, ----	234 48 77 11 1 170 105 163 127	
1844	Democratic, ---- Whig, ---- Liberty, ----	James K. Polk, ---- Henry Clay, ---- James G. Birney, ----	1,337,243 1,299,068 62,300	170 105 }	George M. Dallas, ---- T. Frelinghuysen, ---- Thomas Morris, ---- Millard Fillmore, ---- Wm. O. Butler, ---- Charles F. Adams, ----	170 105 163 127 127	
1848	Whig, ---- Democratic, ---- Free Soil, ----	Lewis Cass, ---- Martin Van Buren, ---- Franklin Pierce, ----	1,220,544 291,263 1,601,474	127 }	Wm. R. King, ---- Wm. A. Graham, ---- George W. Julian, ---- J. C. Breckenridge, ---- Wm. L. Dayton, ---- A. J. Donelson, ---- Hannibal Hamlin, ---- Joseph Lane, ---- Edward Everett, ---- H. V. Johnson, ---- Andrew Johnson, ---- G. H. Pendleton, ----	127 254 42 174 114 8 180 72 39 12 212 21	
1852	Democratic, ---- Whig, ---- Free Dem., ----	Winfield Scott, ---- John P. Hale, ---- James Buchanan, ---- John C. Fremont, ---- Millard Fillmore, ----	1,386,578 156,149 1,838,165 1,341,040 874,548	42 }	George W. Julian, ---- J. C. Breckenridge, ---- Wm. L. Dayton, ---- A. J. Donelson, ---- Hannibal Hamlin, ---- Joseph Lane, ---- Edward Everett, ---- H. V. Johnson, ---- Andrew Johnson, ---- G. H. Pendleton, ----	254 42 174 114 8 180 72 39 12 212 21	
1856	Democratic, ---- Republican, ---- American, ----	James Buchanan, ---- John C. Fremont, ---- Millard Fillmore, ----	1,838,165 1,341,040 874,548	174 114 8	George W. Julian, ---- J. C. Breckenridge, ---- Wm. L. Dayton, ---- A. J. Donelson, ---- Hannibal Hamlin, ---- Joseph Lane, ---- Edward Everett, ---- H. V. Johnson, ---- Andrew Johnson, ---- G. H. Pendleton, ----	174 114 8 180 72 39 12 212 21	
1860	Republican, ---- Democratic, ---- Cons. Union, ---- Ind. Dem., ----	Abraham Lincoln, ---- J. C. Breckenridge, ---- John Bell, ---- S. A. Douglass, ----	1,866,452 847,953 599,631 1,375,157	180 72 39 12	Andrew Johnson, ---- G. H. Pendleton, ---- Schuyler Colfax, ---- F. P. Blair, Jr., ----	212 21 214 80	
1864	Republican, ---- Democratic, ----	Abraham Lincoln, ---- George B. McClellan, ---- States not voting, ----	2,223,035 1,811,754 }	212 21 81	Schuyler Colfax, ---- F. P. Blair, Jr., ----	212 21 81	
1868	Republican, ---- Democratic, ----	Ulysses S. Grant, ---- Horatio Seymour, ---- States not voting, ----	3,013,188 2,703,670 }	214 80 23	Henry Wilson, ---- B. Gratz Brown, ---- George W. Julian, ---- A. H. Colquitt, ---- John M. Palmer, ---- T. E. Bramlette, ---- W. S. Groesbeck, ---- Willis B. Machen, ---- N. P. Banks, ----	214 80 23 5 3 3 1 1	
1872	Republican, ---- Dem. and Lib., ---- Democratic, ---- Temperance, ----	Ulysses S. Grant, ---- Horace Greeley, ---- Charles O'Connor, ---- James Black, ---- Thos. A. Hendricks, ---- B. Gratz Brown, ---- Charles J. Jenkins, ---- David Davis, ----	3,579,693 2,842,505 29,408 5,608 }	286 }	Henry Wilson, ---- B. Gratz Brown, ---- George W. Julian, ---- A. H. Colquitt, ---- John M. Palmer, ---- T. E. Bramlette, ---- W. S. Groesbeck, ---- Willis B. Machen, ---- N. P. Banks, ----	286 47 5 5 3 3 1 1	
1876	Republican, ---- Democratic, ---- Greenback, ---- Prohibition, ----	Not counted, ---- R. B. Hayes, ---- Samuel J. Tilden, ---- Peter Cooper, ---- Green Clay Smith, ---- Scattering, ----		17 4,048,248 4,299,893 81,710 9,522 2,636	185 184 }	Wm. A. Wheeler, ---- T. A. Hendricks, ---- Samuel Cary, ---- G. T. Stewart, ----	185 184 }

*No choice having been made by the electoral college, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the first ballot, which was as follows: Adams—Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island and Vermont—13 states; Jackson—Alabama, Indiana, Mississippi, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Tennessee—7 states; Crawford—Delaware, Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia—4 states.

†No candidate having received a majority of the votes of the electoral college, the Senate elected R. M. Johnson, Vice-President, who received 33 votes; Francis Granger received 16.

‡Eleven states did not vote, viz: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia.

§Three states did not vote, viz: Mississippi, Texas and Virginia.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE—Concluded.

Year of election.	Political Party.	Presidents.		Vice-Presidents.	
		Candidates.	Vote.		Candidates.
			Popular.	Electoral.	
1880	Republican, --- Democratic, --- Greenback, --- Prohibition, --- American, ---	James A. Garfield, --- Winfield S. Hancock, --- James B. Weaver, --- Neal Dow, --- John W. Phelps, --- Scattering, ---	4,449,062 4,442,109 307,286 10,305 707 989	214 155 --- --- --- ---	Chester A. Arthur, --- Wm. H. English, --- B. J. Chambers, --- H. A. Thompson, --- Sam. C. Pomeroy, ---
1884	Democratic, --- Republican, --- Prohibition, --- Greenback, ---	Grover Cleveland, --- James G. Blaine, --- John P. St. John, --- Benjamin F. Butler, --- Scattering, ---	4,911,017 4,848,334 151,345 133,815 11,362	219 182 --- --- ---	T. A. Hendricks, --- John A. Logan, --- William Daniel, --- A. M. West, ---
1888	Republican, --- Democratic, --- Prohibition, --- Union-Labor, ---	Benjamin Harrison, --- Grover Cleveland, --- Clinton B. Fisk, --- Alson J. Streeter, ---	5,444,053 5,533,536 248,997 146,100	233 168 --- ---	Levi P. Morton, --- Allen G. Thurman, --- John A. Brooks, --- Charles E. Cunn- ham, ---
1892	American, --- United Labor, --- Equal Rights, --- Indus. Reform, ---	James L. Curtis, --- Robert H. Cowdrey, --- Belva Lockwood, --- Alfred E. Redstone, ---	---	---	James R. Greer, --- W. H. T. Wakefield, --- Charles S. Wells, --- John Colvin, ---
	Democratic, --- Republican, --- People's, --- Prohibition, --- Socialist Labor, ---	Grover Cleveland, --- Benjamin Harrison, --- James B. Weaver, --- John Bidwell, --- Simon Wing, ---	5,556,533 5,175,577 1,122,045 279,191 21,191	277 145 22 --- ---	Adlai E. Stevenson, --- Whitelaw Reid, --- James G. Field, --- James B. Cranfill, --- C. H. Matchett, ---
	Republican, --- Democratic, --- Prohibition, --- People's, --- Socialist Labor, --- National, --- National Demo- cratic, ---	William McKinley, --- William J. Bryan, --- Joshua Levering, --- William J. Bryan, --- Charles H. Matchett, --- Charles E. Bentley, ---	7,107,304 6,292,423 130,753 240,657 33,545 13,955	271 176 --- --- --- ---	G. A. Hobart, --- Arthur Sewall, --- Hale Johnson, --- T. E. Watson, --- Matthew Maguire, --- J. H. Southgate, ---
1900	Republican, --- Democratic, --- Prohibition, --- Socialist Labor, --- People's, --- Social Democratic, --- Union Reform, --- United Christian, ---	John M. Palmer, --- William McKinley, --- William J. Bryan, --- John G. Woolley, --- Joseph F. Malloney, --- Wharton Barker, --- Eugene V. Debs, --- Seth H. Ellis, --- J. F. R. Leonard, ---	133,542 7,219,524 6,358,007 207,429 33,425 50,109 95,897 5,696 518	---	S. B. Buckner, --- Theodore Roosevelt, --- Adlai E. Stevenson, --- Henry B. Metcalf, --- Valentine Rimmel, --- Ignatius Donnelly, --- Job Harriman, --- Samuel T. Nicholas, --- D. H. Martin, ---
	Republican, --- Democratic, --- Prohibition, --- People's, --- Socialist, --- Socialist Labor, ---	Theodore Roosevelt, --- Alton Brooks Parker, --- Silas C. Swallow, --- Thomas E. Watson, --- Eugene V. Debs, --- Charles H. Corregan, --- Scattering, ---	7,628,856 5,081,200 259,025 114,129 402,774 33,509 5,301	336 140 --- --- --- ---	Charles W. Fairbanks, --- Henry G. Davis, --- George W. Carroll, --- Thomas H. Tibbles, --- Benjamin Hanford, --- William W. Cox, ---
	Republican, --- Democratic, --- Prohibition, --- Socialist, --- Independence, --- Socialist Labor, --- People's, --- United Christian, ---	William H. Taft, --- William J. Bryan, --- Eugene W. Chafin, --- Eugene V. Debs, --- Thomas L. Hisgen, --- August Gilhaus, --- Thomas E. Watson, --- Daniel Braxton Turney, ---	7,678,799 6,409,099 252,919 418,758 82,887 16,040 29,194 463	321 162 --- --- --- ---	James S. Sherman, --- John W. Kern, --- Aaron S. Watkins, --- Benjamin Hanford, --- John Temple Graves, --- Donald L. Munro, --- Samuel W. Williams, --- L. S. Coffin, ---
1912	Democratic, --- Republican, --- Prohibition, --- Socialist, --- Socialist Labor, --- Bull Moose, --- Roosevelt Pro- gressive, --- Progressive, --- Washington, ---	Woodrow Wilson, --- William H. Taft, --- Eugene W. Chafin, --- Eugene V. Debs, --- Arthur E. Reimer, --- Theodore Roosevelt, --- Theodore Roosevelt, --- Theodore Roosevelt, --- Woodrow Wilson, ---	6,291,196 3,484,884 207,935 890,062 26,842 ---	435 8 --- --- --- ---	Thomas R. Marshall, --- James S. Sherman, --- Aaron S. Watkins, --- Emil Seidel, --- August Gilhaus, ---
	Democratic, --- Progressive, --- Republican, --- Socialist, --- Prohibition, --- Socialist Labor, --- Scattering, ---	Charles E. Hughes, --- Allan J. Benson, --- J. Frank Hanly, --- Arthur E. Reimer, ---	9,125,852 35,153 8,553,730 592,421 321,382 13,657 10,452	277 --- 254 --- --- ---	Hiram W. Johnson, --- Thomas R. Marshall, --- John M. Parker, --- Charles W. Fairbanks, --- George R. Kirkpatrick, --- Ira Landrith, --- Caleb Harrison, ---
1916	Democratic, --- Progressive, --- Republican, --- Socialist, --- Prohibition, --- Socialist Labor, --- Scattering, ---	Charles E. Hughes, --- Allan J. Benson, --- J. Frank Hanly, --- Arthur E. Reimer, ---	8,553,730 592,421 321,382 13,657 10,452	254 --- --- ---	Thomas R. Marshall, --- John M. Parker, --- Charles W. Fairbanks, --- George R. Kirkpatrick, --- Ira Landrith, --- Caleb Harrison, ---

POPULAR VOTE OF PENNSYLVANIA FOR PRESIDENT FROM 1789-1916.

Note: The majority of the returns given in the following table have been compiled from the official records on file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Some were obtained from old newspapers, files and other publications issued at the time of the respective elections for which the returns are given. The data obtainable from the early records was so meagre that it was found impossible, in giving the vote for President, to follow any rule, but simply to give the vote as obtained. In several cases the vote given is for the elector receiving the highest vote on each ticket, in one or two cases it is the average vote for each set of electors, but since 1868 the vote for the first elector on the respective tickets is given.

Wednesday, January 7, 1789:

George Washington (seven counties missing), 5,930

Note: The first election for Presidential electors was held on the first Wednesday of January, 1789, under authority of an act passed by the General Assembly on October 4, 1788.

The total of 5,930 given above is the vote cast in all the counties of the State except Allegheny, Bedford, Cumberland, Dauphin, Fayette, Huntingdon and Westmoreland for Edward Hand, the elector receiving the highest vote; the vote of the said counties we have been unable to find.

Tuesday, November 6, 1792:

George Washington, Federalist (Henry electors, four counties missing), 3,479

George Washington, Federalist (Todd electors, four counties missing), 1,097

Note: The vote of 1792 is as taken from the official returns on file in the Secretary of the Commonwealth's office, and is complete except for the counties of Washington, Franklin, Huntingdon and Mifflin, which are missing. George Washington had no opposition for President, though in a majority of the counties two sets of electors were voted for, the set of fifteen which was elected and another of twelve, whilst in many counties local candidates received the entire vote, there being nearly one hundred such persons who received from 1 to 100 votes in the State. William Henry, the first elector on the ticket elected, received a total in the State, four counties missing, of 3,479. William Todd, the first of the set of twelve electors, received a total in the State, four counties missing, of 1,097.

Friday, November 4, 1796:

Thomas Jefferson, Republican, 11,947

John Adams, Federalist, 10,985

1800:

This is the only presidential election at which the electors of Pennsylvania did not have an opportunity of expressing by popular vote their choice for President. The Legislature having failed at the regular session of 1799-1800 to provide for the choosing of presidential electors in 1800, the Governor (Thomas McKean), on the 18th day of October, 1800, issued a proclamation for the assembling of the General Assembly in special session on the 5th day of November, 1800, at the court house in the borough of Lancaster, for the purpose of providing for the selection of presidential electors on behalf of Pennsylvania. The Legislature, after a contest between the two houses as to the method of electing the electors, passed an act, which was approved by the Governor on December 1, 1800, providing for the naming of eight candidates for presidential electors by each House, and the selection of fifteen therefrom at a joint session of the two Houses. On December 2, 1800, the joint session of both Houses was held and the eight nominated by the House and seven of the eight nominated by the Senate, making in all fifteen (the number to which Pennsylvania was then entitled), were elected as presidential electors to represent Pennsylvania, in the choosing of a President and Vice-President in 1800. At the meeting of the electoral college eight of the electors voted for Thomas Jefferson and Aaron Burr, the Republican candidates, and seven for John Adams and C. C. Pinckney, the Federalist candidates.

Friday, November 2, 1804:

Thomas Jefferson, Republican, 22,311

Charles C. Pinckney, Federalist, 1,429

Friday, November 4, 1808:

James Madison, Republican, 42,518

Charles C. Pinckney, Federalist, 11,735

Friday October 30, 1812:

James Madison, Republican, 49,392

De Witt Clinton, Federalist, 29,461

Friday, November 1, 1816:

James Monroe, Republican, 25,609

Rufus King, Federalist, 17,457

Note: Four of the Monroe electors received over 41,000 votes, the highest being 42,495. The vote given is for the first elector on each ticket.

Friday, November 3, 1820:

James Monroe, Republican, 80,313

John Q. Adams, Opposition, 1,893

Friday, October 29, 1824:

Andrew Jackson, Republican, 35,929

John Q. Adams, Coalition, 5,436

William H. Crawford, Republican, 4,182

Henry Clay, Republican, 1,705

Friday, October 31, 1828:

Andrew Jackson, Democratic,	101,652
John Q. Adams, National Republican,	50,848

Friday, November 2, 1832:

Andrew Jackson, Democratic,	91,949
William Wirt, Anti-Mason,	66,689
Henry Clay, National Republican,	} Union,

Friday, November 4, 1836:

Martin Van Buren, Democratic,	91,457
William H. Harrison, Whig,	87,081

Friday, October 30, 1840:

William H. Harrison, Whig,	144,010
Martin Van Buren, Democratic,	143,676
James G. Birney, Liberty,	340

Note: The vote given of 1840 is for the first elector on each of the tickets, and is about the average vote cast for each set of electors. Jacob M. Gemmill, a Van Buren elector, received 143,784 votes, whilst Joseph Ritner, a Harrison elector, received 143,990, making the difference between the highest Van Buren elector and the lowest Harrison elector but 206.

Friday, November 1, 1844:

James K. Polk, Democratic,	167,447
Henry Clay, Whig,	161,125
James G. Birney, Liberty,	3,100

Tuesday, November 7, 1848:

Zachary Taylor, Whig,	185,513
Lewis Cass, Democratic,	171,976
Martin Van Buren, Free Soil,	11,263

Tuesday, November 2, 1852:

Franklin Pierce, Democratic,	198,562
Winfield Scott, Whig,	179,104
John P. Hale, Free Soil Democratic,	8,495
John Broom, Native American,	1,678

Tuesday, November 4, 1856:

James Buchanan, Democratic,	230,686
John C. Fremont, Republican,	203,534
Millard Fillmore, American, (straight ticket),	} Union,
Millard Fillmore, American (straight ticket),	} 26,337

Note: In 1856 Pennsylvania was entitled to twenty-seven presidential electors. The three principal sets of electors voted for were: 1st, The Democratic, in the interest of James Buchanan. 2d, The Union ticket, in the interest of John C. Fremont, Republican, and Millard Fillmore, American. There were twenty-six electors on this ticket, the twenty-seventh name voted for being either that of John C. Fremont or Millard Fillmore. The total vote cast for the twenty-six Union Electors was 203,534. Of the vote for the twenty-seventh elector, John C. Fremont received 147,286, and Millard Fillmore 55,852. The 3d set of electors was a straight ticket in the interest of Millard Fillmore, American, 26,337 votes being cast for said set of electors.

Tuesday, November 6, 1860:

Abraham Lincoln, Republican,	268,030
J. C. Breckenridge, Democratic,	178,871
John Bell, Const. Union,	12,776
Stephen A. Douglass, Ind. Democrat,	16,765

Tuesday, November 8, 1864:

Abraham Lincoln, Republican,	296,391
George B. McClellan, Democratic,	276,316

Tuesday, November 8, 1868:

Ulysses S. Grant, Republican,	342,280
Horatio Seymour, Democratic,	313,382

Tuesday, November 5, 1872:

Ulysses S. Grant, Republican,	349,589
Horace Greeley, Lib. Democratic,	212,041
James Black, Temperance,	1,632

Tuesday, November 7, 1876:

R. B. Hayes, Republican,	384,142
Samuel J. Tilden, Democratic,	366,158
Peter Cooper, Greenback,	7,187
Green Clay Smith, Prohibition,	1,819
Anti-Mason,	83

Tuesday, November 2, 1880:

James A. Garfield, Republican,	444,713
Winfield S. Hancock, Democratic,	407,502
James B. Weaver, Greenback,	20,648
Neal Dow, Prohibition,	1,940
Anti-Mason,	44

Tuesday, November 4, 1884:

Grover Cleveland, Democratic,	392,785
James G. Blaine, Republican,	478,804
Benjamin F. Butler, Greenback,	16,892
John P. St. John, Prohibition,	15,283

Tuesday, November 6, 1888:

Benjamin Harrison, Republican,	526,091
Grover Cleveland, Democratic,	446,633
Clinton B. Fisk, Prohibition,	20,947
Alson J. Streeter, Union Labor,	3,873
James L. Curtis, American,	24

Tuesday, November 8, 1892:

Grover Cleveland, Democratic,	452,264
Benjamin Harrison, Republican,	516,011
James B. Weaver, People's,	8,114
John Bidwell, Prohibition,	25,123
Simon Wing, Socialist Labor,	898

Tuesday, November 3, 1896:

William McKinley, Republican,	726,998	728,300
William McKinley, McKinley-Citizen,	1,302	
William J. Bryan, Democratic,	422,054	427,125
William J. Bryan, Free Silver,	5,071	

Joshua Levering, Prohibition,	19,274
William J. Bryan, People's,	6,103
Charles H. Matchett, Socialist Labor,	1,683
Charles E. Bentley, National,	870
John M. Palmer, Jeffersonian,	11,000

Note: In the case of the Republican and McKinley-Citizen parties in 1896, the electors were the same and were voted for in the interest of McKinley for President, and Hobart for Vice President. In the case of the Democratic and Free-Silver parties the electors were the same and were voted for in the interest of Bryan for President, and Sewall for Vice-President. The People's party electors were in the interest of Bryan for President, but of Watson for Vice-President, and were not the same as the Democratic electors.

Tuesday, November 6, 1900:

William McKinley, Republican,	712,665
William J. Bryan, Democratic,	424,232
John G. Woolley, Prohibition,	27,908
Joseph F. Malloney, Socialist Labor,	2,936
Wharton Barker, People's,	638
Eugene V. Debs, Socialist,	4,831

Tuesday, November 8, 1904:

Theodore Roosevelt, Republican,	840,949
Alton Brooks Parker, Democratic,	335,430
Silas C. Swallow, Prohibition,	33,717
Eugene V. Debs, Socialist,	21,863
Charles Hunter Corregan, Socialist Labor,	2,211
Alton Brooks Parker, Independence,	2,568

Tuesday, November 3, 1908:

William H. Taft, Republican,	745,779
William J. Bryan, Democratic,	448,782
Eugene W. Chaffin, Prohibition,	36,694
Eugene V. Debs, Socialist,	33,914
Thomas L. Hisgen, Independence,	1,057
August Gilhaus, Socialist Labor,	1,224

Tuesday, November 5, 1912:

Woodrow Wilson, Democratic,	395,637
William H. Taft, Republican,	273,360
Eugene W. Chaffin, Prohibition,	19,525
Eugene V. Debs, Socialist,	33,614
Arthur E. Reimer, Industrialist,	706
Theodore Roosevelt, Bull Moose,	60,964
Theodore Roosevelt, Roosevelt Progressive,	33,065
Theodore Roosevelt, Washington,	350,865
444,894	

Tuesday, November 7, 1916:

Woodrow Wilson, Democratic,	521,784
Charles E. Hughes, Republican,	703,823
Allan J. Benson, Socialist,	42,638
J. Frank Hanly, Prohibition,	28,525
Arthur E. Reimer, Industrialist,	419

THE ELECTORAL VOTE OF PENNSYLVANIA— 1789-1916.

FIRST TERM—March 4, 1789, to March 4, 1793.—Number of electors, 10.	
President—George Washington, Virginia,	10
John Adams, Massachusetts,	8
John Hancock, Massachusetts,	2
George Washington elected President and John Adams Vice-President.	
SECOND TERM—March 4, 1793, to March 4, 1797.—Number of electors, 15.	
President—George Washington, Virginia,	15
John Adams, Massachusetts,	14
George Clinton, New York,	1
George Washington and John Adams re-elected.	
THIRD TERM—March 4, 1797, to March 4, 1801.—Number of electors, 15.	
President—John Adams, Massachusetts,	1
Thomas Jefferson, Virginia,	14
Thomas Pinckney, South Carolina,	2
Aaron Burr, New York,	13
John Adams elected President and Thomas Jefferson, Vice-President.	
FOURTH TERM—March 4, 1801, to March 4, 1805.—Number of electors, 15.	
President—Thomas Jefferson, Virginia,	8
Aaron Burr, New York,	8
John Adams, Massachusetts,	7
C. C. Pinckney, South Carolina,	7
The vote for Thomas Jefferson and Aaron Burr being equal, no choice was made by the people. The House of Representatives proceeded to the choice of President, when Thomas Jefferson was elected President, and Aaron Burr, Vice-President.	
FIFTH TERM—March 4, 1805, to March 4, 1809.—Number of electors, 20.	
President—Thomas Jefferson, Virginia,	20
Vice-President—George Clinton, New York,	20
Previous to this election, two persons were voted for, the highest being President, the next Vice-President, the Constitution was amended as it now stands. Thomas Jefferson re-elected President, and George Clinton elected Vice-President.	
SIXTH TERM—March 4, 1809, to March 4, 1813.—Number of electors, 20.	
President—James Madison, Virginia,	20
Vice-President—George Clinton, New York,	20
James Madison elected President, and George Clinton re-elected Vice-President.	
SEVENTH TERM—March 4, 1813, to March 4, 1817.—Number of electors, 25.	
President—James Madison, Virginia,	25
Vice-President—Elbridge Gerry, Massachusetts,	25
James Madison re-elected President, and Elbridge Gerry elected Vice-President.	
EIGHTH TERM—March 4, 1817, to March 4, 1821.—Number of electors, 25.	
President—James Monroe, Virginia,	25
Vice-President—Daniel D. Tompkins, New York,	25
James Monroe elected President, and Daniel D. Tompkins, Vice-President.	
*NINTH TERM—March 4, 1821, to March 4, 1825.—Number of electors, 25.	
President—James Monroe, Virginia,	24
Vice-President—Daniel D. Tompkins, New York,	24
James Monroe re-elected President, and Daniel D. Tompkins, Vice-President.	
TENTH TERM—March 4, 1825, to March 4, 1829.—Number of electors, 28.	
President—Andrew Jackson, Tennessee,	28
Vice-President—John C. Calhoun, South Carolina,	28
Neither candidate for the Presidency having received a majority of the electoral votes, it devolved upon the House of Representatives to choose from the three highest on list voted for, who were Andrew Jackson, Tennessee, John Quincy Adams, Massachusetts, and William H. Crawford, Georgia. John Quincy Adams was chosen.	
John Quincy Adams elected President, and John C. Calhoun, Vice-President.	
ELEVENTH TERM—March 4, 1829, to March 4, 1833.—Number of electors, 28.	
President—Andrew Jackson, Tennessee,	28
Vice-President—John C. Calhoun, South Carolina,	28
Andrew Jackson elected President, and John C. Calhoun re-elected Vice-President.	
TWELFTH TERM—March 4, 1833, to March 4, 1837.—Number of electors, 30.	
President—Andrew Jackson, Tennessee,	30
Vice-President—William Wilkins, Pennsylvania,	30
Andrew Jackson re-elected President, and Martin Van Buren, New York, elected Vice-President.	
THIRTEENTH TERM—March 4, 1837, to March 4, 1841.—Number of electors, 30.	
President—Martin Van Buren, New York,	30
Vice-President—Richard M. Johnson, Kentucky,	30
Martin Van Buren elected President, and Richard M. Johnson, Vice-President.	

*Twenty-five electors were elected but one of the electors died previous to the meeting of the electoral college, making the vote 24 as given.

FOURTEENTH TERM—March 4, 1841, to March 4, 1845.—Number of electors, 30.	
President—William H. Harrison, Ohio,	30
Vice-President—John Tyler, Virginia,	30
William H. Harrison elected President, and John Tyler, Vice-President.	
FIFTEENTH TERM—March 4, 1845, to March 4, 1849.—Number of electors, 26.	
President—James K. Polk, Tennessee,	26
Vice-President—George M. Dallas, Pennsylvania,	26
James K. Polk elected President, and George M. Dallas, Vice-President.	
SIXTEENTH TERM—March 4, 1849, to March 4, 1853.—Number of electors, 26.	
President—Zachary Taylor, Louisiana,	26
Vice-President—Millard Fillmore, New York,	26
Zachary Taylor elected President, and Millard Fillmore, Vice-President.	
SEVENTEENTH TERM—March 4, 1853, to March 4, 1857.—Number of electors, 27.	
President—Franklin Pierce, New Hampshire,	27
Vice-President—William R. King, Alabama,	27
Franklin Pierce elected President, and William R. King, Vice-President.	
EIGHTEENTH TERM—March 4, 1857, to March 4, 1861.—Number of electors, 27.	
President—James Buchanan, Pennsylvania,	27
Vice-President—John C. Breckenridge, Kentucky,	27
James Buchanan elected President, and John C. Breckenridge, Vice-President.	
NINETEENTH TERM—March 4, 1861, to March 4, 1865.—Number of electors, 27.	
President—Abraham Lincoln, Illinois,	27
Vice-President—Hannibal Hamlin, Maine,	27
Abraham Lincoln elected President, and Hannibal Hamlin, Vice-President.	
TWENTIETH TERM—March 4, 1865, to March 4, 1869.—Number of electors, 26.	
President—Abraham Lincoln, Illinois,	26
Vice-President—Andrew Johnson, Tennessee,	26
Abraham Lincoln re-elected President, and Andrew Johnson elected Vice-President.	
TWENTY-FIRST TERM—March 4, 1869, to March 4, 1873.—Number of electors, 26.	
President—Ulysses S. Grant, Illinois,	26
Vice-President—Schuyler Colfax, Indiana,	26
Ulysses S. Grant elected President, and Schuyler Colfax, Vice-President.	
TWENTY-SECOND TERM—March 4, 1873, to March 4, 1877.—Number of electors, 29.	
President—Ulysses S. Grant, Illinois,	29
Vice-President—Henry Wilson, Massachusetts,	29
Ulysses S. Grant re-elected President, and Henry Wilson elected Vice-President.	
TWENTY-THIRD TERM—March 4, 1877, to March 4, 1881.—Number of electors, 29.	
President—Rutherford B. Hayes, Ohio,	29
Vice-President—William A. Wheeler, New York,	29
Rutherford B. Hayes declared President, and William A. Wheeler, Vice-President, by the electoral commission appointed according to act of Congress.	
TWENTY-FOURTH TERM—March 4, 1881, to March 4, 1885.—Number of electors, 29.	
President—James A. Garfield, Ohio,	29
Vice-President—Chester A. Arthur, New York,	29
James A. Garfield elected President, and Chester A. Arthur, Vice-President.	
TWENTY-FIFTH TERM—March 4, 1885, to March 4, 1889.—Number of electors, 30.	
President—James G. Blaine, Maine,	30
Vice-President—John A. Logan, Illinois,	30
Grover Cleveland elected President, and Thomas A. Hendricks, Vice-President.	
TWENTY-SIXTH TERM—March 4, 1889, to March 4, 1893.—Number of electors, 30.	
President—Benjamin Harrison, Indiana,	30
Vice-President—Levi P. Morton, New York,	30
Benjamin Harrison elected President, and Levi P. Morton, Vice-President.	
TWENTY-SEVENTH TERM—March 4, 1893, to March 4, 1897.—Number of electors, 32.	
President—Benjamin Harrison, Indiana,	32
Vice-President—Whitelaw Reid, New York,	32
Grover Cleveland elected President, and Adlai E. Stevenson, Vice-President.	
TWENTY-EIGHTH TERM—March 4, 1897, to March 4, 1901.—Number of electors, 32.	
President—William McKinley, Ohio,	32
Vice-President—Garret A. Hobart, New Jersey,	32
William McKinley elected President, and Garret A. Hobart, Vice-President.	
TWENTY-NINTH TERM—March 4, 1901, to March 4, 1905.—Number of electors, 32.	
President—William McKinley, Ohio,	32
Vice-President—Theodore Roosevelt, New York,	32
William McKinley elected President, and Theodore Roosevelt, Vice-President.	
THIRTIETH TERM—March 4, 1905, to March 4, 1909.—Number of electors, 34.	
President—Theodore Roosevelt, New York,	34
Vice-President—Charles W. Fairbanks, Indiana,	34
Theodore Roosevelt elected President, and Charles W. Fairbanks, Vice-President.	
THIRTY-FIRST TERM—March 4, 1909, to March 4, 1913.—Number of electors, 34.	
President—William H. Taft, Ohio,	34
Vice-President—James S. Sherman, New York,	34
William H. Taft elected President, and James S. Sherman, Vice-President.	
THIRTY-SECOND TERM—March 4, 1913, to March 4, 1917.—Number of electors, 38.	
President—Theodore Roosevelt, New York,	38
Vice-President—Hiram W. Johnson, California,	38
Woodrow Wilson elected President, and Thomas R. Marshall, Vice-President.	
THIRTY-THIRD TERM—March 4, 1917, to March 4, 1921.—Number of electors, 38.	
President—Charles E. Hughes, New York,	38
Vice-President—Charles W. Fairbanks, Indiana,	38
Woodrow Wilson elected President, and Thomas R. Marshall, Vice-President.	

POPULAR VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR OF PENNSYLVANIA—1914-1916.

1914. Boles Penrose, Republican,	499,336	}	519,801	
Personal Liberty,	40,465			
A. Mitchell Palmer, Democratic,			268,415	
Gifford Pinchot, Washington,	202,545	}	269,285	
Bull Moose,	48,875			
Roosevelt Progressive,	17,845			
Frederick W. Whiteside, Socialist,			37,950	
Madison F. Larkin, Prohibition,			17,685	
A. S. Landis, Industrialist,			680	
Scattering,			136	
1916. Ellis L. Orvis, Democratic,			450,106	
Philander C. Knox,	Republican,	662,218	}	680,451
	Roosevelt Progressive,	13,368		
	Keystone,	3,339		
	Personal Liberty,	1,026		
Charles W. Ervin, Socialist,				45,385
Herbert T. Ames, Prohibition,				30,089
William H. Thomas, Industrialist,				1,022
Robert C. Macauley, Single Tax,				1,387
Scattering,				28

POPULAR VOTE FOR GOVERNOR OF PENNSYLVANIA, 1790-1918.

1790. Thomas Mifflin, Democratic,	27,725
Arthur St. Clair, Federal,	2,802
1793. Thomas Mifflin, Democratic,	18,690
F. A. Muhlenberg, Federal,	10,706
1796. Thomas Mifflin, Democratic,	30,020
F. A. Muhlenberg, Federal,	1,011
1799. Thomas McKean, Democratic,	38,036
James Ross, Federal,	32,641
1802. Thomas McKean, Democratic,	47,879
James Ross, of Pittsburgh, Federal,	9,499
James Ross, Federal,	7,638
Scattering,	94
1805. Thomas McKean, Independent Democratic,	43,644
Simon Snyder, Democratic,	38,438
Simon Snyder,	895
1808. Simon Snyder, Democratic,	67,975
James Ross, Federal,	39,575
John Spayd, Federal,	4,006
Scattering,	8
1811. Simon Snyder, Democratic,	52,319
William Tilghman, Federal,	3,609
Scattering,	1,675
1814. Simon Snyder, Democratic,	51,099
Isaac Wayne, Federal,	29,566
George Lattimer, Independent,	910
Scattering,	18
1817. William Findlay, Democratic,	66,331
Joseph Hiester, Federal,	59,272
Scattering,	11
1820. Joseph Hiester, Federal,	67,905
William Findlay, Democratic,	66,300
Scattering,	21
1823. J. Andrew Schulze, Democratic,	89,928
Andrew Gregg, Federal,	64,211
Scattering,	8
1826. J. Andrew Schulze, Democratic,	72,710
John Sergeant, Federal,	1,175
Scattering,	1,174
1829. George Wolf, Democratic,	78,219
Joseph Ritner, Anti-Mason,	61,776
Scattering,	12
1832. George Wolf, Democratic,	91,335
Joseph Ritner, Anti-Mason,	58,165
1835. Joseph Ritner, Anti-Mason,	94,023
George Wolf, Independent Democratic,	65,804
Henry A. Muhlenberg, Democratic,	40,586
1838. David R. Porter, Democratic,	127,825
Joseph Ritner, Anti-Mason,	122,321

1841.	David R. Porter, Democratic,	136,504	
	John Banks, Whig,	113,473	
	F. J. Lamoyne, Abolition,	763	
	Scattering,	23	
1844.	Francis R. Shunk, Democratic,	160,322	
	Joseph Markle, Whig,	156,040	
	F. J. Lamoyne, Abolition,	2,566	
1847.	Francis R. Shunk, Democratic,	146,081	
	James Irvin, Whig,	128,148	
	E. G. Reigart, Native American,	11,247	
	F. J. Lamoyne, Abolition,	1,861	
	Scattering,	6	
1848.	William F. Johnston, Whig,	168,522	
	Morris Longstreth, Democratic,	168,225	
	E. B. Gazzam, Free Soil,	48	
	Scattering,	24	
1851.	William Bigler, Democratic,	186,489	
	William F. Johnston, Whig,	178,034	
	Kimber Cleaver, Native American,	1,850	
	Scattering,	87	
1854.	James Pollock, Whig and American,	203,822	
	William Bigler, Democratic,	166,991	
	B. Rush Bradford, Free Soil,	2,194	
	Scattering,	33	
1857.	William F. Packer, Democratic,	188,846	
	David Wilmot, Free Soil,	146,139	
	Isaac Hazelhurst, American,	28,168	
	Scattering,	12	
1860.	Andrew G. Curtin, Republican,	262,346	
	Henry D. Foster, Democratic,	230,230	
1863.	Andrew G. Curtin, Republican,	269,506	
	George W. Woodward, Democratic,	254,171	
	Scattering,	2	
1866.	John W. Geary, Republican,	307,274	
	Hiestor Clymer, Democratic,	290,096	
1869.	John W. Geary, Republican,	290,552	
	Asa Packer, Democratic,	285,956	
1872.	John F. Hartranft, Republican,	353,287	
	Charles R. Buckalew, Democratic,	317,760	
	S. B. Chase, Prohibition,	1,259	
1875.	John F. Hartranft, Republican,	304,175	
	Cyrus L. Pershing, Democratic,	292,145	
	R. Andley Brown, Prohibition,	15,244	
1878.	Henry M. Hoyt, Republican,	319,567	
	Andrew H. Dill, Democratic,	297,060	
	Samuel R. Mason, National Greenback,	81,758	
	Franklin H. Lane, Prohibition,	3,653	
1882.	Robert E. Pattison, Democratic,	355,791	
	James A. Beaver, Republican,	315,589	
	John Stewart, Independent Republican,	43,743	
	Thomas A. Armstrong, Greenback-Labor,	23,484	
	Alfred C. Pettit, Temperance,	5,196	
1886.	James A. Beaver, Republican,	412,285	
	Chauncey F. Black, Democratic,	369,634	
	Charles S. Wolf, Prohibition,	32,458	
	Robert J. Houston, Greenback,	4,835	
1890.	Robert E. Pattison, Democratic,	464,209	
	George W. Delamater, Republican,	447,655	
	John D. Gill, Prohibition,	16,108	
	T. P. Rynder, Labor,	224	
1894.	Daniel H. Hastings, Republican,	574,801	
	William M. Singerly, Democratic,	333,404	
	Charles L. Hawley, Prohibition,	23,433	
	Jerome T. Ailman, People's,	19,464	
	Thomas H. Grundy, Socialist Labor,	1,733	
	Scattering,	182	
1898.	William A. Stone, Republican,	476,206	
	George A. Jenks, Democratic,	359,300	
	Silas C. Swallow, Prohibition,	125,746	
	People's,	2,058	
	Liberty,	632	
	Honest Government,	4,495	
	J. Mahlon Barnes, Socialist Labor,	4,278	
	Scattering,	32	
1902.	Samuel W. Pennypacker, Republican,	592,867	
	Citizens',	461	
	Robert E. Pattison, Democratic,	436,451	
	Anti-Machine,	9,550	
	Ballot Reform,	4,977	
	Silas C. Swallow, Prohibition,	23,327	
	William Adams, Socialist Labor,	5,155	
	J. W. Slayton, Socialist,	21,910	
	Scattering,	73	
1906.	Edwin S. Stuart, Republican,	501,818	
	Citizens',	4,600	
	Lewis Emery, Jr., Democratic,	301,747	
	Commonwealth,	6,194	
	Lincoln,	145,657	
	Referendum,	781	
	Union Labor,	3,675	
	Homer L. Castle, Prohibition,	24,793	
	James A. Maurer, Socialist,	15,169	
	John Desmond, Socialist Labor,	2,109	
	Scattering,	34	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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1910. John K. Tener, Republican,	412,658 }	415,614
Webster Grim, Workingmen's League,	2,956 }	129,395
Madison F. Larkin, Prohibition,		17,445
John W. Slayton, Socialist,		53,055
George Anton, Industrialist,		802
William H. Berry, Keystone,		382,127
Scattering,		10
1914. Martin G. Brumbaugh, Republican,	532,902 }	588,705
Keystone,	37,847 }	
Personal Liberty,	17,956 }	
Vance C. McCormick, Democratic,	313,553 }	453,880
Washington,	140,327 }	
Joseph B. Allen, Socialist,		40,115
Charles N. Brumm, Bull Moose,		4,031
William Draper Lewis, Roosevelt Progressive,		6,503
Matthew H. Stevenson, Prohibition,		17,467
Caleb Harrison, Industrialist,		533
Scattering,		18
1918. William C. Sproul, Republican,	547,923 }	552,537
Washington,	4,614 }	
Eugene C. Bonniwell, Democratic,	295,718 }	305,315
Fair Play,	9,597 }	
Charles Sehl, Socialist,		18,714
E. J. Pithian, Prohibition,		27,359
Robert C. Macauley, Single Tax,		1,077
Scattering,		33

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, NOVEMBER 3, 1914.

Counties.	A. Mitchell Palmer, Democratic.	Gifford Pinchot, Washington.	Gifford Pinchot, Bull Moose.	Gifford Pinchot, Roosevelt Progressive.	Boies Penrose, Republican.	Boies Penrose, Personal Liberty.	Frederick W. Whiteside, Socialist.	Madison P. Larkin, Prohibition.	A. S. Landis, Industrialist.	Scattering.
Adams, -----	2,861	901	219	63	2,131	12	60	52	3	-----
Allegheny, -----	20,274	24,018	6,732	3,329	49,969	6,337	7,334	1,087	122	-----
Armstrong, -----	1,940	2,290	562	220	3,078	34	244	202	5	-----
Beaver, -----	1,931	3,192	410	142	4,436	36	715	242	1	-----
Bedford, -----	2,084	1,343	285	91	2,320	10	286	99	2	-----
Berks, -----	10,401	*5,166	-----	-----	†7,449	-----	2,885	120	26	-----
Blair, -----	2,689	3,952	1,385	412	6,005	166	696	210	24	-----
Bradford, -----	1,908	2,948	868	309	3,049	21	96	303	7	-----
Bucks, -----	5,510	1,952	334	127	7,168	27	231	88	5	-----
Butler, -----	2,886	1,847	567	275	2,889	167	174	649	4	-----
Cambria, -----	4,115	6,250	1,287	384	6,827	817	515	292	17	-----
Cameron, -----	163	289	82	21	604	5	11	11	1	-----
Carbon, -----	2,434	1,783	392	158	2,425	508	152	36	3	-----
Centre, -----	2,686	1,116	323	140	3,177	14	125	95	-----	-----
Chester, -----	4,342	3,861	589	245	7,303	26	137	135	10	-----
Clarion, -----	2,257	626	527	97	1,581	37	177	156	3	-----
Clearfield, -----	3,084	2,039	1,246	388	3,448	156	700	284	5	-----
Clinton, -----	1,300	1,123	382	159	1,726	509	375	60	1	-----
Columbia, -----	3,491	1,487	455	180	1,663	75	91	117	3	-----
Crawford, -----	3,667	1,223	692	179	3,567	151	538	508	4	-----
Cumberland, -----	4,446	1,440	373	75	4,577	22	177	178	3	-----
Dauphin, -----	6,031	5,225	784	225	12,085	60	806	195	12	1
Delaware, -----	3,607	3,280	468	293	12,402	26	166	167	12	-----
Elk, -----	527	1,042	211	106	1,467	1,721	198	201	9	-----
Erie, -----	4,791	2,056	438	381	6,377	283	1,307	654	24	-----
Fayette, -----	5,844	1,787	967	245	9,173	45	985	439	12	-----
Forest, -----	314	208	198	40	364	9	123	165	-----	-----
Franklin, -----	3,759	1,868	260	120	3,508	26	260	120	5	-----
Fulton, -----	969	127	91	16	560	1	10	12	1	-----
Greene, -----	2,986	328	189	66	1,355	8	66	72	2	-----
Huntingdon, -----	1,112	1,594	555	65	2,143	54	133	71	5	-----
Indiana, -----	1,079	2,100	358	248	2,726	32	284	738	4	-----
Jefferson, -----	1,914	2,017	820	249	2,443	89	277	270	10	-----
Juniata, -----	962	513	159	18	828	8	37	13	6	-----
Lackawanna, -----	9,732	5,213	1,295	299	12,653	169	413	1,016	16	-----
Lancaster, -----	5,625	4,511	1,993	163	15,766	29	392	282	23	-----
Lawrence, -----	1,326	1,969	532	204	2,995	38	702	359	1	-----
Lebanon, -----	2,051	2,371	315	137	3,946	38	196	196	8	-----
Lehigh, -----	7,504	2,369	470	268	6,922	300	741	105	11	-----
Luzerne, -----	12,149	4,598	2,517	1,016	16,613	810	657	580	34	-----
Lycoming, -----	3,624	2,606	769	532	3,210	237	692	415	7	-----
McKean, -----	1,516	1,962	356	149	1,787	21	257	155	12	-----
Mercer, -----	3,306	1,968	760	246	3,469	21	773	802	4	-----
Mifflin, -----	1,106	758	283	54	1,327	26	419	39	1	-----
Monroe, -----	2,562	204	158	48	795	75	12	58	2	-----
Montgomery, -----	8,798	4,263	511	306	14,445	69	678	127	10	1
Montour, -----	699	499	124	61	1,019	20	17	17	2	-----
Northampton, -----	6,471	2,164	412	266	6,378	1,069	388	183	10	-----
Northumberland, -----	4,554	3,433	1,301	360	6,321	78	1,127	205	4	1
Perry, -----	1,056	*952	-----	-----	†1,879	-----	27	16	4	-----
Philadelphia, † -----	34,336	39,984	4,515	1,483	164,519	676	4,138	701	63	102
Pike, -----	560	240	285	14	295	23	16	6	1	-----
Potter, -----	876	1,104	272	132	1,136	12	164	85	3	-----
Schuylkill, -----	7,629	5,219	2,312	708	13,708	518	741	140	13	-----
Snyder, -----	662	787	175	61	1,005	16	24	9	4	-----
Somerset, -----	1,364	2,441	625	142	2,860	42	290	239	8	1
Sullivan, -----	740	239	101	22	685	9	27	75	1	-----
Susquehanna, -----	2,056	1,174	283	104	2,257	18	18	255	1	-----
Tioga, -----	1,139	1,907	605	239	2,332	21	107	216	-----	-----

*Includes the entire vote cast for Gifford Pinchot on the Washington, Bull Moose and Roosevelt Progressive tickets.

†Includes the entire vote cast for Boies Penrose on the Republican and Personal Liberty tickets.

‡Independent votes—Philadelphia County, Boies Penrose, 9; A. M. Palmer, 21.

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, NOVEMBER 3, 1914—Concluded.

Counties.	A. Mitchell Palmer, Democratic.	Gifford Pinchot, Washington.	Gifford Pinchot, Bull Moose.	Gifford Pinchot, Roosevelt Progressive.	Boies Penrose, Republican.	Boies Penrose, Personal Liberty.	Frederick W. Whiteside, Socialist.	Madison F. Larkin, Prohibition.	A. S. Landis, Industrialist.	Scattering.
Union, -----	735	719	253	98	1,170	7	23	26	2	-----
Venango, -----	1,644	1,015	622	202	1,994	70	451	1,246	9	-----
Warren, -----	1,203	1,714	241	117	1,801	11	215	767	8	-----
Washington, -----	4,191	3,825	565	208	7,142	21	801	304	9	-----
Wayne, -----	1,120	1,356	390	147	1,381	39	36	87	1	-----
Westmoreland, -----	5,269	6,093	1,807	651	6,761	4,384	2,332	633	32	-----
Wyoming, -----	1,038	660	102	40	1,054	8	63	96	1	-----
York, -----	10,729	2,547	793	212	9,428	154	662	331	24	-----
Total, -----	266,415	202,545	48,875	17,845	499,336	20,465	37,950	17,685	680	106

SUMMARY.

A. Mitchell Palmer, Democratic, -----	266,415	
A. Mitchell Palmer, scattering, -----	21	
		266,436
Gifford Pinchot, Washington, -----	202,545	
Gifford Pinchot, Bull Moose, -----	48,875	
Gifford Pinchot, Roosevelt Progressive, -----	17,845	
		269,265
Boies Penrose, Republican, -----	499,336	
Boies Penrose, Personal Liberty, -----	20,465	
Boies Penrose, scattering, -----	9	
		519,810
Frederick W. Whiteside, Socialist, -----		37,950
Madison F. Larkin, Prohibition, -----		17,685
A. S. Landis, Industrialist, -----		680
Scattering, -----		106
Total number of votes cast, -----		1,111,932

Penrose's plurality over Pinchot, -----	250,545.
Penrose's plurality over Palmer, -----	253,374.
Pinchot's plurality over Palmer, -----	2,829.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF PENNSYLVANIA FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS, NOVEMBER 7, 1916.*

Counties.	Wilson and Marshall, Democratic.	Hughes and Fairbanks, Republican.	Benson and Kirkpatrick, Socialist.	Hamly and Landrith, Prohibition.	Reimer and Harrison, Industrialist.
Adams,	3,963	3,290	82	184	-----
Allegheny,	52,833	77,483	7,815	2,052	81
Armstrong,	3,590	6,024	316	364	2
Beaver,	5,805	6,864	904	526	4
Bedford,	3,263	3,729	238	112	-----
Berks,	19,267	11,937	3,146	393	26
Blair,	7,002	9,893	491	519	30
Bradford,	3,655	6,178	200	707	2
Bucks,	7,491	9,269	238	172	4
Butler,	4,544	5,458	211	1,351	3
Cambria,	9,416	10,688	725	593	8
Cameron,	452	713	15	25	-----
Carbon,	4,099	4,275	179	138	2
Centre,	4,120	4,392	122	146	1
Chester,	8,514	11,845	204	295	6
Clarion,	3,269	2,595	175	278	1
Clearfield,	6,180	5,676	816	624	3
Clinton,	2,967	2,794	344	82	3
Columbia,	5,785	3,013	116	272	1
Crawford,	5,814	5,487	526	590	3
Cumberland,	6,432	5,296	167	421	3
Dauphin,	11,483	13,954	841	470	4
Delaware,	7,742	16,315	212	464	1
Elk,	2,186	2,829	225	163	2
Erle,	9,641	8,933	1,000	1,035	21
Fayette,	10,416	9,838	849	425	1
Forest,	463	617	110	113	9
Franklin,	5,336	5,674	325	276	1
Fulton,	1,199	802	12	11	-----
Greene,	3,930	2,096	67	83	1
Huntingdon,	2,181	3,806	169	162	1
Indiana,	2,398	4,887	381	808	3
Jefferson,	3,253	4,332	445	341	2
Juniata,	1,497	1,254	32	24	1
Lackawanna,	15,727	17,658	598	764	11
Lancaster,	10,016	20,292	551	1,117	20
Lawrence,	3,966	5,134	602	680	3
Lebanon,	3,821	5,876	211	320	-----
Lehigh,	11,920	10,588	890	300	4
Luzerne,	19,999	25,348	1,249	575	8
Lycoming,	6,640	6,010	1,087	728	8
McKean,	3,161	4,300	487	348	3
Mercer,	6,390	5,866	725	766	4
Mifflin,	1,965	2,105	277	95	1
Monroe,	3,348	1,456	17	65	-----
Montgomery,	13,658	20,431	721	257	5
Montour,	1,530	1,068	16	48	1
Northampton,	11,000	9,610	457	588	4
Northumberland,	9,333	8,722	1,012	305	12
Peru,	2,348	2,575	30	50	1
Philadelphia,	90,800	194,163	4,716	874	48
Pike,	976	598	14	20	-----
Potter,	1,733	2,386	243	179	-----
Schuylkill,	13,396	17,806	909	239	7
Snyder,	1,247	1,797	48	20	-----
Somerset,	2,957	6,008	527	306	2
Sullivan,	1,037	888	21	74	-----
Susquehanna,	3,145	3,891	25	263	3
Tioga,	2,294	5,347	91	316	4
Union,	1,272	1,902	44	57	1
Venango,	3,938	3,856	553	1,060	3
Warren,	2,628	3,413	346	749	5
Washington,	7,747	10,367	1,056	587	2
Wayne,	2,019	2,869	52	197	1
Westmoreland,	13,829	15,283	2,591	1,017	17
Wyoming,	1,444	1,698	41	74	1
York,	16,314	12,276	730	1,268	10
Total,	521,784	703,823	42,638	28,525	419

*The vote given is that cast for the first elector named on each ticket.

SUMMARY OF VOTE OF PENNSYLVANIA FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

Wilson and Marshall, -----	521,784
Hughes and Fairbanks, -----	763,823
Benson and Kirkpatrick, -----	42,038
Hanley and Landrith, -----	28,525
Reimer and Harrison, -----	419
Scattering, -----	103
Total, -----	1,297,292

Scattering—Butler county, 1; Cambria county, 52; Cumberland county, 10; Mifflin county, 1; Northampton county, 1; Philadelphia county, 9; Washington county, 29; total, 103.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF PENNSYLVANIA FOR EACH PRESIDENTIAL ELECTOR—NOVEMBER 7, 1916.

DEMOCRATIC.

WILSON AND MARSHALL.

Samuel S. Feis,	521,784	A. H. Kingsbury,	521,004
Simon P. Light,	521,102	N. M. Edwards,	521,047
Isaiah Sheeline,	521,059	Lloyd B. Skeer,	520,978
Webster Grim,	521,123	John A. Diehl,	521,043
Joseph H. Reilly,	521,086	Samuel Kunkel,	521,039
John L. McKinney,	521,084	Harry S. Bender,	521,053
Joseph L. Galen,	521,078	Allen C. Wiest,	520,966
William Hancock,	521,124	Henry Meyer,	521,027
John E. Hagan,	521,037	James S. Moorhead,	521,015
Henry C. Kline,	521,099	Daniel W. McDonald,	520,974
Emanuel R. Clinton,	521,042	Charles H. Ruhe,	520,964
Theodore F. Jenkins,	521,072	Fred L. Weede,	520,943
Frank B. Rhodes,	521,093	Wesley M. Heiberger,	520,968
Nelson M. Trout,	521,087	Don C. Corbett,	520,943
Jacob Pontz,	521,039	Frank D. McCue,	520,899
Edw. Mirrfield,	521,037	John Voelker,	520,896
John J. Shigo,	521,020	A. P. Burgwin,	520,862
George Ellis,	520,844	Hermann Obermaier,	520,842
William M. Zechman,	521,044	Thomas H. Flynn,	520,840

REPUBLICAN.

HUGHES AND FAIRBANKS.

David B. Oliver,	703,734	Edwin M. Dunham,	703,032
Nathan T. Folwell,	703,107	Horace B. Packer,	703,051
Charles T. Aikens,	703,161	Curtis Q. McWilliams,	702,996
Simon F. Paxtiss,	703,035	D. Edward Long,	703,072
William Finn,	703,101	John Hays,	703,072
Rodman Wansmaker,	703,231	William V. Hughes,	703,304
Ellis A. Gimbel,	703,148	Thomas Shipley,	703,005
Thomas Robins,	703,090	David Howells,	703,013
James Van Buskirk,	703,099	Robert B. Greer,	703,009
Thomas B. Smith,	703,200	Allen F. Cooper,	703,012
Nial C. Brodhead,	703,087	Kerfoot W. Daly,	702,953
Edgar F. Smith,	703,132	Walter Irving Bates,	702,976
William Wayne,	703,087	William Evan Chipman,	702,957
Oscar O. Bean,	703,045	William O. Smith,	702,990
Benjamin S. Schindler,	703,066	Bryan H. Osborne,	702,907
Edwin M. Rine,	703,032	George E. Tener,	702,936
Charles E. Rice,	703,095	Charles A. Rook,	702,747
Edmund D. Smith,	703,091	Nathaniel Spear,	702,701
A. Ellsworth Leinbach,	703,041	Joseph M. Hall,	702,678

SOCIALIST.

BENSON AND KIRKPATRICK.

G. Herbert Ekins,	42,637	W. A. Hall,	42,531
Julius Weisberg,	42,575	Frederick Smith,	42,536
A. L. Wilzer,	42,563	Abram Briggs,	42,532
Harry Ruben,	42,564	Daniel B. Pegley,	42,530
Samuel J. Sloan,	42,557	John B. Lerch,	42,527
V. V. Johnston,	42,561	Charles H. Winebar,	42,519
Charles Sands,	42,558	Charles J. Bauer,	42,527
Robert G. Seaman,	42,557	Harry A. Walther,	42,539
C. J. Turner,	42,564	Horace S. Reis,	42,533
John P. Guyer,	42,544	Harold E. John,	42,525
William F. Euler,	42,546	Jacob L. Chafin,	42,523
J. Elmer Perry,	42,544	Henry J. Nelson,	42,537
Louis Mellinger,	42,557	S. L. Pebley,	42,517
Otto Musselman,	42,556	Charles Lundager,	42,504
Adah Musselman,	42,537	Richard Hawthorne,	42,505
John S. Bensing,	42,538	A. Erberle,	42,502
Walter V. Tyler,	42,534	U. S. Wilson,	42,556
George H. Stegmeier,	42,529	Percy K. Coover,	42,504
W. A. Barrett,	42,555	Harry Welmer,	42,503

PROHIBITION.

HANLY AND LANDRITH.

Harry W. Brown,	28,525	Howard Leopold,	28,436
O. D. Brubaker,	28,446	John A. McConnell,	28,440
B. Budd Cannon,	28,447	E. H. Molly,	28,431
H. F. Dittman,	28,452	Isaac Mondereau,	28,441
J. G. Dixon,	28,449	H. D. Patton,	28,431
A. E. Dreibelbis,	28,442	John Reid,	28,439
W. J. Edleman,	28,454	Robert M. Ramsey,	28,433
R. G. Ferguson,	28,453	Austin J. Rinker,	28,433
John D. Gill,	28,455	Charles L. Rummel,	28,433
John E. Gill,	28,449	Charles Scanlon,	28,435
Albert Gaddis,	28,438	J. K. Schultz,	28,436
William Hager,	28,443	Charles D. Sensenig,	28,423
T. H. Hamilton,	28,454	Matthew H. Stevenson,	28,440
D. G. Hendricks,	28,437	Godfrey Stringer,	28,427
I. W. Huckins,	28,435	T. H. Suckling,	28,431
C. W. Huntingdon,	28,452	Silas C. Swallow,	28,439
Elisha K. Kane,	28,443	J. E. VanVoorhis,	28,425
John D. Killheffer,	28,433	L. A. Walter,	28,434
Madison F. Larkin,	28,440	F. E. Whittlesey,	28,418

INDUSTRIALIST.

REIMER AND HARRISON.

Thomas E. North,	417	A. Weyer,	398
Thomas Yochum,	403	Michael Tuffner,	397
Ed. H. Cowan,	407	Vladimir Ernst,	394
William Krumm,	406	George H. Snyder,	410
William H. Peak,	405	Charles W. Poff,	395
Richard Shield,	407	Wm. H. Orth,	393
A. C. Belgman,	404	L. B. Gerhard,	403
Adam Cleyer,	403	Alvin Rohrbach,	396
Amadio Mori,	394	Thomas Schaeffer,	400
Italo Mori,	395	George Homan,	396
Angelo Reggiani,	398	Robert Weaver,	399
Nazareno Domini,	402	Harry Bellman,	397
Ernesto Luzitti,	398	Frank Knotek,	392
William Adamek,	402	Fritz Wagner,	400
Charles Bosau,	401	Carl Schleicher,	397
K. M. Whitten,	401	J. Hepfinger,	396
C. Durner,	395	Sam Friasin,	396
L. Chun,	398	A. Black,	404
J. Greiselger,	404	Scattering,	144
A. Regeis,	396		

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, NOVEMBER 7, 1916.

Counties.	Ellis L. Orvis, Democratic.	Philander C. Knox, Republican.	Philander C. Knox, Roosevelt Progressive.	Philander C. Knox, Keystone.	Philander C. Knox, Personal Liberty.	Charles W. Ervin, Socialist.	Herbert T. Ames, Prohibition.	William H. Thomas, Industrialist.	Robert C. Macauley, Single Tax.	Scattering.
Adams, -----	3,538	3,025	49	1	1	87	124	0	2	-----
Allegheny, -----	40,093	74,578	2,096	754	297	8,598	2,573	165	240	2
Armstrong, -----	3,052	5,376	135	25	7	322	305	6	7	-----
Beaver, -----	4,391	6,365	233	42	11	917	445	13	23	1
Bedford, -----	2,893	3,574	109	14	6	221	129	4	4	-----
Berks, -----	16,770	10,765	382	46	19	3,778	322	27	23	-----
Blair, -----	5,999	9,165	162	51	28	631	518	41	21	-----
Bradford, -----	2,980	5,449	115	31	2	186	719	4	7	-----
Bucks, -----	6,973	8,854	104	19	3	248	164	4	17	-----
Butler, -----	4,018	4,977	120	13	9	230	1,123	4	5	-----
Cambria, -----	8,287	9,685	282	141	44	804	561	62	62	1
Cameron, -----	334	612	13	2	0	11	33	1	2	-----
Carbon, -----	3,539	3,936	97	17	12	189	184	20	12	-----
Centre, -----	3,984	4,027	53	22	6	126	166	1	2	-----
Chester, -----	7,301	10,779	256	71	59	204	366	21	11	-----
Clarion, -----	3,011	2,243	25	32	4	177	265	2	1	-----
Clearfield, -----	5,243	4,927	156	49	9	888	657	21	26	-----
Clinton, -----	2,728	2,559	58	15	7	352	86	2	4	-----
Columbia, -----	5,237	2,652	82	11	1	116	304	10	17	-----
Crawford, -----	5,837	5,002	152	16	4	556	610	4	10	-----
Cumberland, -----	5,729	5,132	83	12	1	177	404	1	3	-----
Dauphin, -----	9,745	13,485	362	59	18	1,009	543	16	26	1
Delaware, -----	6,909	16,066	212	38	9	239	528	9	27	1
Elk, -----	2,028	2,629	37	4	3	228	192	1	0	-----
Erie, -----	7,543	7,621	178	29	21	1,121	1,180	31	68	-----
Fayette, -----	9,933	9,668	222	6	5	891	476	4	11	-----
Forest, -----	339	523	34	3	0	108	101	0	2	-----
Franklin, -----	4,858	5,385	89	16	6	305	249	4	4	-----
Fulton, -----	1,105	626	10	76	6	11	14	4	1	-----
Greene, -----	3,344	1,786	75	4	0	65	67	2	5	-----
Huntingdon, -----	1,890	3,464	137	24	2	182	162	8	8	-----
Indiana, -----	1,975	4,552	69	65	4	383	843	8	10	1
Jefferson, -----	2,716	3,983	175	54	3	493	359	16	11	-----
Juniata, -----	1,317	1,145	23	3	0	29	27	2	2	-----
Lackawanna, -----	13,582	16,458	28	69	1	542	712	32	40	-----
Lancaster, -----	9,505	19,886	94	11	5	526	1,033	18	4	-----
Lawrence, -----	2,829	4,629	155	24	17	704	693	16	10	-----
Lebanon, -----	3,441	5,430	107	14	7	216	341	6	4	-----
Lehigh, -----	11,185	10,112	182	24	9	982	292	8	14	-----
Luzerne, -----	17,530	22,830	358	150	37	1,343	660	62	90	-----
Lycoming, -----	5,415	4,947	323	53	18	1,036	1,082	4	13	2
McKean, -----	2,396	3,705	209	35	8	493	420	10	14	1
Mercer, -----	5,548	5,303	107	240	8	770	752	10	8	-----
Mifflin, -----	1,595	1,961	31	11	0	275	102	4	5	-----
Monroe, -----	2,807	1,133	15	46	3	28	129	1	2	9
Montgomery, -----	12,920	19,796	170	28	8	733	269	9	71	-----
Montour, -----	1,137	804	37	16	0	20	73	8	5	-----
Northampton, -----	10,209	8,829	207	36	35	482	593	11	17	-----
Northumberland, -----	7,305	7,002	250	221	21	1,074	858	34	27	-----
Perry, -----	2,125	2,399	17	2	3	30	51	1	5	-----
Philadelphia, -----	80,594	190,586	2,488	571	117	4,771	1,140	104	208	3
Pike, -----	829	444	19	1	0	8	23	1	3	-----
Potter, -----	1,255	1,972	122	87	4	238	200	4	6	-----
Schuylkill, -----	11,082	16,282	458	91	24	950	277	38	61	-----
Snyder, -----	1,038	1,510	69	1	2	52	35	3	7	-----
Somerset, -----	2,427	5,255	161	4	2	483	282	3	4	-----
Sullivan, -----	891	734	19	8	1	19	81	1	0	-----
Susquehanna, -----	2,669	3,568	48	11	1	33	244	0	3	-----
Tioga, -----	1,508	4,008	214	37	5	106	399	8	7	-----
Union, -----	1,055	1,573	71	11	1	44	62	3	6	1
Venango, -----	2,797	3,459	149	34	5	608	1,261	6	15	-----
Warren, -----	2,121	2,975	102	15	0	840	732	12	4	-----
Washington, -----	6,974	10,079	231	10	6	1,085	582	5	8	-----
Wayne, -----	1,743	2,519	50	32	4	52	188	6	4	-----
Westmoreland, -----	11,575	14,229	273	92	65	2,706	1,043	58	37	-----
Wyoming, -----	1,297	1,542	41	7	2	33	72	1	4	-----
York, -----	15,083	11,584	178	82	6	704	1,084	17	7	-----
Total, -----	450,106	662,218	13,368	3,839	1,020	45,385	30,089	1,022	1,387	23

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.

Ellis L. Orvis, Democratic, -----		450,108
Philander C. Knox, { Republican, -----	662,218	
{ Roosevelt Progressive, -----	13,368	
{ Keystone, -----	3,839	
{ Personal Liberty, -----	1,026	
	<hr/>	680,451
Charles W. Ervin, Socialist, -----		45,385
Herbert T. Ames, Prohibition, -----		30,089
William H. Thomas, Industrialist, -----		1,022
Robert O. Macauley, Single Tax, -----		1,387
Scattering, -----		23
		<hr/>
		1,208,463

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR STATE TREASURER, NOVEMBER 7, 1916.

Counties.	James M. Cramer, Democratic.	Harmon M. Kephart, Republican.	Harmon M. Kephart, Bull Moose.	Harmon M. Kephart, Keystone.	Harmon M. Kephart, Personal Liberty.	Charles Sehl, Socialist.	E. J. Fithian, Prohibition.	George G. Anton, Industrialist.	James A. Robinson, Single Tax.	Scattering.
Adams, -----	3,772	3,103	33	7	2	83	127	1	2	-----
Allegheny, -----	40,993	73,498	1,316	348	235	8,497	2,794	115	344	1
Armstrong, -----	3,225	5,402	98	13	11	327	345	0	6	-----
Beaver, -----	4,602	6,403	226	19	8	979	515	9	30	-----
Bedford, -----	2,999	3,577	66	18	3	228	130	1	3	-----
Berks, -----	17,531	10,904	258	79	21	3,639	354	26	27	-----
Blair, -----	6,574	9,237	157	39	17	579	458	30	23	-----
Bradford, -----	3,112	5,571	74	36	6	184	720	2	23	-----
Bucks, -----	7,954	8,899	53	43	3	237	182	3	6	-----
Butler, -----	4,111	5,035	52	19	10	227	1,195	3	12	-----
Cambria, -----	9,190	9,406	315	44	50	731	551	15	53	3
Cameron, -----	368	629	9	3	1	14	38	1	0	-----
Carbon, -----	3,767	4,046	83	11	10	194	187	3	9	-----
Centre, -----	3,885	4,187	35	20	2	138	171	0	3	-----
Chester, -----	7,610	10,909	140	40	62	211	407	7	14	-----
Clarion, -----	3,120	2,286	31	13	4	171	280	1	4	-----
Clearfield, -----	5,359	5,111	143	50	9	850	667	6	29	-----
Clinton, -----	2,739	2,619	44	14	8	354	99	4	2	-----
Columbia, -----	5,404	2,691	32	32	3	109	309	1	5	1
Crawford, -----	5,058	5,131	104	12	5	561	674	0	10	-----
Cumberland, -----	5,949	5,198	36	9	1	177	433	0	2	-----
Dauphin, -----	10,145	13,829	186	81	12	1,012	578	9	27	-----
Delaware, -----	7,058	16,131	101	28	5	235	570	5	34	-----
Elk, -----	2,007	2,674	15	8	1	229	207	0	3	-----
Eric, -----	7,857	8,077	74	31	14	1,150	1,247	31	59	-----
Yette, -----	9,942	9,740	116	22	8	880	500	1	10	-----
Forest, -----	368	566	3	3	0	110	99	0	2	-----
Franklin, -----	5,090	5,468	58	10	2	301	264	12	5	-----
Fulton, -----	1,135	639	85	0	0	12	12	0	3	-----
Greene, -----	3,400	1,752	72	3	1	62	76	0	3	-----
Huntingdon, -----	1,986	3,489	121	26	4	178	157	3	12	-----
Indiana, -----	2,058	4,667	29	52	1	308	857	4	10	-----
Jefferson, -----	2,887	4,096	119	13	2	491	373	3	16	-----
Juniata, -----	1,495	1,120	12	10	0	21	22	1	2	-----
Lackawanna, -----	13,601	16,620	52	70	0	523	797	10	17	-----
Lancaster, -----	9,602	19,913	79	7	3	542	1,064	18	2	-----
Lawrence, -----	3,066	4,728	107	16	16	714	754	5	14	-----
Lebanon, -----	3,542	5,483	56	15	7	216	357	1	9	-----
Lehigh, -----	11,536	10,144	120	24	7	954	598	2	16	-----
Luzerne, -----	17,517	22,897	234	90	27	1,339	678	22	68	-----
Lycoming, -----	5,965	5,155	126	61	19	1,094	804	3	14	-----
McKean, -----	2,571	3,863	136	27	5	508	461	5	25	-----
Mercer, -----	5,658	5,476	151	42	3	774	970	6	11	-----
Mifflin, -----	1,703	1,999	22	11	2	278	110	2	5	-----
Monroe, -----	2,841	1,108	30	4	1	17	126	3	6	-----
Montgomery, -----	13,036	19,785	105	26	7	731	234	2	82	-----
Montour, -----	1,256	908	31	24	6	25	75	3	9	-----
Northampton, -----	10,389	8,673	109	15	33	476	606	10	16	-----
Northumberland, -----	7,968	7,628	239	67	19	1,101	370	18	70	-----
Perry, -----	2,197	2,456	13	2	1	27	45	0	2	-----
Philadelphia, -----	80,582	190,387	1,564	537	97	4,741	1,266	70	251	-----
Pike, -----	823	440	10	2	0	10	26	0	3	-----
Potter, -----	1,360	2,152	63	31	3	243	218	2	6	-----
Schuylkill, -----	11,951	16,582	354	51	16	866	282	26	40	-----
Snyder, -----	1,117	1,567	41	7	1	53	33	1	6	-----
Somerset, -----	2,498	5,288	185	4	8	489	295	4	8	-----
Sullivan, -----	923	759	12	6	0	23	73	0	2	-----
Susquehanna, -----	2,766	3,618	33	6	0	25	262	2	2	-----
Tioga, -----	1,644	4,287	166	37	8	107	391	7	13	-----
Union, -----	1,123	1,672	38	6	1	44	64	4	7	-----
Venango, -----	2,911	3,510	79	27	4	594	1,375	4	19	-----
Warren, -----	2,282	3,002	87	10	2	354	727	11	2	-----
Washington, -----	7,185	10,029	160	10	5	1,089	700	2	20	-----
Wayne, -----	1,820	2,536	52	10	2	52	200	2	7	-----
Westmoreland, -----	13,813	12,805	155	24	24	2,584	1,009	26	11	-----
Wyoming, -----	1,313	1,545	35	4	0	35	60	1	7	-----
York, -----	15,079	11,588	157	15	9	766	1,140	14	6	-----
Total, -----	463,503	664,753	9,097	2,443	851	44,963	31,522	583	1,596	5

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR STATE TREASURER.

James M. Cramer, Democratic, -----		463,503
Harmon M. Kephart, { Republican, -----	664,753	
{ Bull Moose, -----	9,097	
{ Keystone, -----	2,443	
{ Personal Liberty, -----	851	
Charles Sehl, Socialist, -----		677,144
E. J. Fithian, Prohibition, -----		44,988
George O. Anton, Industrialist, -----		31,522
James A. Robinson, Single Tax, -----		583
Scattering, -----		1,596
		5
Total number of votes cast, -----		1,219,316

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, NOVEMBER 7, 1916.

Counties.	James B. Murrin, Democratic.	Charles A. Snyder, Republican.	Charles A. Snyder, Bull Moose.	Charles A. Snyder, Keystone.	Charles A. Snyder, Personal Liberty.	Walter V. Tyler, Socialist.	William Repp, Prohibition.	Herman Spital, Industrialist.	William G. Wright, Single Tax.	Scattering.
Adams, -----	3,650	3,110	35	9	1	85	129	2	2	-----
Allegheny, -----	39,598	74,488	1,135	328	235	8,830	3,005	106	301	-----
Armstrong, -----	3,082	5,187	73	19	13	337	337	2	9	-----
Beaver, -----	4,473	6,451	236	24	11	1,021	524	6	19	-----
Bedford, -----	2,964	3,580	71	11	2	136	145	1	7	-----
Berks, -----	17,221	10,980	280	29	20	3,719	383	27	27	-----
Blair, -----	5,946	9,411	158	28	21	683	524	31	21	-----
Bradford, -----	3,064	5,579	67	23	5	202	741	3	16	-----
Bucks, -----	6,989	8,905	45	41	5	253	208	4	11	-----
Butler, -----	4,065	5,042	67	10	10	242	1,185	2	10	-----
Cambria, -----	8,385	9,986	187	46	48	796	630	21	71	-----
Cameron, -----	349	624	10	2	0	15	31	1	0	-----
Carbon, -----	3,666	4,652	72	21	19	205	230	0	6	-----
Centre, -----	3,849	3,970	48	12	3	143	184	0	6	-----
Chester, -----	7,518	10,913	149	38	52	226	461	8	14	-----
Clarion, -----	2,985	2,347	40	16	4	177	306	2	6	-----
Clearfield, -----	5,208	5,076	154	37	17	904	718	3	28	-----
Clinton, -----	2,665	2,625	39	10	2	364	116	8	3	-----
Columbia, -----	5,348	2,694	50	18	2	118	327	0	4	-----
Crawford, -----	4,936	5,133	106	8	0	576	664	1	16	-----
Cumberland, -----	5,751	5,264	48	6	0	191	473	0	6	-----
Dauphin, -----	9,568	13,914	214	68	16	1,124	730	10	33	-----
Delaware, -----	6,976	16,117	96	32	8	255	631	3	43	-----
Elk, -----	1,998	2,681	12	7	1	234	210	0	4	-----
Erie, -----	7,639	8,040	76	20	25	1,154	1,239	41	52	-----
Fayette, -----	9,842	9,780	71	15	6	909	516	1	14	-----
Forest, -----	358	562	4	3	1	114	109	1	1	-----
Franklin, -----	5,056	5,441	44	8	3	302	276	4	6	-----
Fulton, -----	1,118	643	88	0	1	12	11	0	2	-----
Greene, -----	3,447	1,751	67	3	1	62	68	0	5	-----
Huntingdon, -----	1,943	3,535	120	16	2	181	164	4	16	-----
Indiana, -----	1,986	4,671	81	14	2	404	880	2	9	-----
Jefferson, -----	2,805	4,152	119	6	1	517	394	0	14	-----
Juniata, -----	1,392	1,199	16	2	1	27	25	0	4	-----
Lackawanna, -----	14,230	16,175	56	3	1	561	832	11	20	-----
Lancaster, -----	9,545	19,905	74	4	4	547	1,085	18	4	-----
Lawrence, -----	2,543	4,557	108	10	16	1,413	703	3	7	-----
Lebanon, -----	3,539	5,411	40	8	7	217	393	2	9	-----
Lehigh, -----	11,347	10,189	129	33	12	975	322	4	18	-----
Luzerne, -----	17,026	22,579	238	103	25	1,297	750	9	79	-----
Lycoming, -----	5,595	5,273	152	83	22	1,125	811	3	23	-----
McKean, -----	2,537	3,828	127	38	11	521	465	3	17	-----
Mercer, -----	5,523	5,533	76	131	2	826	852	5	8	-----
Mifflin, -----	1,645	2,025	35	8	0	294	106	1	6	-----
Monroe, -----	2,773	1,094	35	5	4	17	144	2	3	-----
Montgomery, -----	12,836	19,922	107	22	13	759	323	2	8	-----
Montour, -----	1,263	873	26	26	2	28	70	2	6	-----
Northampton, -----	10,125	8,812	105	24	40	484	616	10	20	-----
Northumberland, -----	7,405	7,799	289	51	24	1,173	464	13	46	-----
Perry, -----	2,126	2,491	15	1	1	31	58	0	4	-----
Philadelphia, -----	78,511	191,395	1,643	573	107	4,872	1,418	64	268	-----
Pike, -----	806	454	13	0	0	10	26	0	0	-----
Potter, -----	1,230	2,121	83	8	3	164	277	2	7	-----
Schuylkill, -----	10,579	17,631	796	136	66	1,000	376	18	40	-----
Snyder, -----	1,086	1,558	39	8	2	56	33	0	6	-----
Somerset, -----	2,439	5,361	101	9	3	494	316	4	9	-----
Sullivan, -----	919	756	14	2	0	23	79	0	1	-----
Susquehanna, -----	2,742	3,625	29	5	2	26	279	0	2	-----
Tioga, -----	1,624	4,261	182	34	9	113	401	5	15	-----
Union, -----	1,092	1,680	31	5	0	59	71	3	4	-----
Venango, -----	2,827	3,578	75	22	4	631	1,883	6	20	-----
Warren, -----	2,138	3,063	96	9	3	361	765	6	4	-----
Washington, -----	7,038	10,075	173	6	7	1,099	696	2	16	-----
Wayne, -----	1,800	2,543	58	15	1	57	201	1	4	-----
Westmoreland, -----	11,626	14,182	246	55	49	2,709	1,142	23	27	-----
Wyoming, -----	1,303	1,544	26	3	0	34	88	0	4	-----
York, -----	15,198	11,628	152	19	14	764	1,229	15	7	-----
Total, -----	448,856	670,104	9,447	2,389	1,000	47,258	33,298	528	1,579	3

SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR AUDITOR GENERAL.

James B. Murrin, Democratic, -----		448,856
Charles A. Snyder, {Republican, -----	670,104	
{Bull Moose, -----	9,447	
{Keystone, -----	2,389	
{Personal Liberty, -----	1,000	
Walter V. Tyler, Socialist, -----		682,940
William Repp, Prohibition, -----		47,258
Herman Spittal, Industrialist, -----		33,298
William G. Wright, Single Tax, -----		526
Scattering, -----		1,579
		3
Total number of votes cast, -----		1,214,460

OFFICIAL NON-PARTISAN VOTE FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, NOVEMBER 7, 1916.

Counties.	Charles Palmer.	Emory A. Walling.	Scattering.
Adams,	1,874	2,043	1
Allegheny,	23,806	74,347	40
Armstrong,	1,867	3,952	-----
Beaver,	2,822	5,977	-----
Bedford,	2,068	2,784	-----
Berks,	9,600	11,231	-----
Blair,	4,071	7,407	-----
Bradford,	1,771	2,930	-----
Bucks,	3,404	6,446	-----
Butler,	3,084	4,274	-----
Cambria,	5,618	6,279	2
Cameron,	189	338	-----
Carbon,	2,325	2,885	-----
Centre,	2,617	3,651	-----
Chester,	4,100	8,621	1
Clarion,	1,360	2,179	-----
Clearfield,	3,596	3,417	5
Clinton,	1,184	2,251	-----
Columbia,	3,027	1,756	-----
Crawford,	1,758	6,380	1
Cumberland,	3,349	4,085	1
Dauphin,	7,007	9,705	6
Delaware,	6,499	11,281	-----
Elk,	677	2,743	-----
Erie,	2,453	13,893	2
Fayette,	3,756	8,292	-----
Forest,	190	477	-----
Franklin,	3,440	3,540	-----
Fulton,	734	640	-----
Greene,	1,291	1,747	-----
Huntingdon,	1,999	2,052	-----
Indiana,	1,678	3,614	-----
Jefferson,	2,426	2,665	1
Juniata,	760	561	-----
Lackawanna,	5,939	13,975	-----
Lancaster,	5,368	13,390	-----
Lawrence,	2,426	3,988	2
Lebanon,	2,349	3,083	-----
Lehigh,	6,246	8,383	3
Luzerne,	9,007	13,245	-----
Lycoming,	3,526	5,339	1
McKean,	1,735	2,541	-----
Mercer,	3,125	5,293	-----
Mifflin,	1,025	884	1
Monroe,	801	1,423	-----
Montgomery,	7,520	15,431	3
Montour,	772	654	-----
Northampton,	5,288	6,624	-----
Northumberland,	4,333	3,776	1
Perry,	1,255	1,844	-----
Philadelphia,	36,848	183,445	3
Pike,	249	414	-----
Potter,	1,005	1,202	-----
Schuylkill,	8,444	10,406	-----
Snyder,	640	1,109	-----
Somerset,	1,627	3,024	-----
Sullivan,	400	653	-----
Susquehanna,	1,459	2,276	-----
Tioga,	1,609	1,699	-----
Union,	723	866	-----
Venango,	2,190	3,463	-----
Warren,	1,079	2,772	-----
Wayne,	941	1,344	-----
Westmoreland,	8,030	13,125	-----
Wyoming,	769	919	-----
York,	4,252	10,388	3
Total,	250,933	569,046	77

Total number of votes cast for Judge of the Supreme Court, 820,056. Walling's majority, 318,036.

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

Counties.	William C. Sproul, Republican.	William C. Sproul, Washington.	Eugene C. Bonniwell, Democratic.	Eugene C. Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Charles Sehl, Socialist.	E. J. Fithian, Prohibition.	Robert C. Macauley, Single Tax.	Scattering.
Adams, -----	3,160	27	2,620	10	64	122	10	1
Allegheny, -----	50,537	385	27,328	1,819	3,697	2,689	62	3
Armstrong, -----	4,096	39	1,414	28	79	308	8	
Beaver, -----	4,819	44	2,350	98	329	470	22	
Bedford, -----	3,549	38	1,547	8	115	154	4	
Berks, -----	8,444	119	11,930	231	1,752	234	21	
Blair, -----	7,557	70	4,074	74	227	417	26	
Bradford, -----	4,933	37	1,404	19	45	357	8	
Bucks, -----	7,728	54	4,645	36	186	174	4	1
Butler, -----	4,179	40	2,014	39	91	850	6	
Cambria, -----	8,214	119	5,830	224	289	463	45	
Cameron, -----	597	24	234	4	4	33	1	
Carbon, -----	3,077	49	3,142	61	61	120	2	
Centre, -----	3,965	33	2,287	15	38	262	5	
Chester, -----	9,172	107	2,935	36	64	290	12	1
Clarion, -----	1,942	99	1,461	104	46	396	13	
Clearfield, -----	5,135	93	3,636	87	296	646	24	
Clinton, -----	2,364	23	1,471	23	103	115	5	
Columbia, -----	2,823	56	3,746	26	36	206	4	
Crawford, -----	4,553	39	2,801	42	160	793	7	
Cumberland, -----	5,046	30	2,745	38	80	665	6	
Dauphin, -----	13,593	153	5,027	148	288	1,253	31	5
Delaware, -----	14,006	115	3,791	405	127	232	20	b
Elk, -----	1,530	23	1,552	17	93	153	2	
Erie, -----	6,721	63	5,216	98	805	615	30	
Fayette, -----	9,253	45	5,556	54	288	480	13	
Forest, -----	527	3	234	2	35	121	2	1
Franklin, -----	4,607	55	2,631	16	78	274	8	1
Fulton, -----	783	6	774	1	6	17		
Greene, -----	2,009	12	2,677	15	18	91	4	
Huntingdon, -----	3,340	31	997	9	58	107	9	
Indiana, -----	4,310	24	993	28	144	665	5	
Jefferson, -----	3,546	52	1,372	13	122	293	25	
Juniata, -----	1,355	9	785	6	15	86	5	
Lackawanna, -----	11,717	28	10,886	63	224	323	37	2
Lancaster, -----	17,496	42	4,572	70	229	501	12	
Lawrence, -----	3,574	35	1,269	44	139	720	7	
Lebanon, -----	4,891	61	1,661	58	76	181		
Lehigh, -----	7,340	70	7,903	247	301	247	23	
Luzerne, -----	16,391	155	15,119	289	360	503	98	
Lycoming, -----	5,142	119	4,009	102	406	939	27	
McKean, -----	3,257	71	1,544	43	93	371	10	
Mercer, -----	4,897	21	2,702	14	277	1,848	11	
Mifflin, -----	2,137	33	884	7	70	93	6	
Monroe, -----	1,073	210	1,339	26	20	111	10	
Montgomery, -----	15,829	86	7,228	131	383	270	31	2
Montour, -----	942	21	905	15	11	70	7	
Northampton, -----	6,340	124	6,644	653	185	474	21	
Northumberland, -----	6,961	65	5,912	99	301	301	15	
Perry, -----	2,465	4	1,244	10	23	191	6	
Philadelphia, -----	151,964	574	56,421	2,906	3,233	792	145	5
Pike, -----	870	1	511	3	26	36	5	
Potter, -----	1,792	17	725	11	91	116	1	
Schuylkill, -----	12,378	147	11,167	320	293	215	26	
Snyder, -----	1,742	16	607	18	19	75	5	
Somerset, -----	6,098	46	1,581	49	214	316	8	
Sullivan, -----	771	14	615	14	14	92		
Susquehanna, -----	2,896	44	1,368	35	16	200	4	
Tioga, -----	3,801	40	669	18	20	173	3	
Union, -----	1,892	36	645	13	17	99	6	
Venango, -----	3,218	34	1,525	43	139	829	11	
Warren, -----	3,025	33	1,187	19	125	731	7	
Washington, -----	8,707	62	4,034	69	305	558	17	
Wayne, -----	2,335	38	1,205	30	41	194	7	
Westmoreland, -----	10,940	97	8,206	265	508	891	39	
Wyoming, -----	1,278	20	534	23	17	53	1	
York, -----	12,186	149	9,731	56	299	668	22	1
Total, -----	547,923	4,614	295,718	9,597	18,714	27,359	1,077	33

SUMMARY.

William C. Sproul, Republican, -----	547,923	
Washington, -----	4,614	
		552,537
Eugene C. Bonniwell, Democratic, -----	295,718	
Fair Play, -----	9,597	
		305,315
Charles Sehl, Socialist, -----		18,714
E. J. Fithian, Prohibition, -----		27,859
Robert C. Macauley, Single Tax, -----		1,077
Scattering, -----		33
Total number of votes cast, -----		905,035

Sproul's plurality over Bonniwell, 247,221.
Sproul's majority over all, 200,642.

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

Counties	Edward E. Beideman. Republican.	Edward E. Beideman. Washington.	J. Washington Logue. Democratic.	Dalton T. Clarke, Socialist.	F. E. Whittlessey, Prohibition.	William R. McKnight, Single Tax.	Scattering.
Adams, -----	3,023	12	2,547	75	98	18	
Allegheny, -----	52,779	349	23,867	4,190	1,568	342	2
Armstrong, -----	3,934	20	1,420	91	326	18	
Beaver, -----	4,739	27	2,295	269	456	36	
Bedford, -----	3,420	19	1,691	125	127	3	
Berks, -----	8,735	119	11,022	1,959	200	29	
Blair, -----	7,612	55	3,792	330	445	57	
Bradford, -----	4,813	21	1,404	51	371	11	
Bucks, -----	7,671	51	4,591	200	211	8	
Butler, -----	4,107	29	2,039	102	755	15	
Cambria, -----	8,741	88	4,816	436	655	70	
Cameron, -----	591	6	233	6	29	4	
Carbon, -----	3,736	53	2,486	75	145	5	
Centre, -----	3,697	18	2,517	47	242	8	
Chester, -----	8,773	72	3,254	63	309	18	
Clarion, -----	1,620	39	1,957	53	289	19	
Clearfield, -----	4,990	45	3,607	347	586	27	
CClinton, -----	2,195	19	1,516	141	122	12	
Columbia, -----	2,631	34	3,833	53	232	17	
Crawford, -----	4,457	13	2,352	194	706	15	
Cumberland, -----	4,529	15	3,185	88	461	9	
Dauphin, -----	14,234	141	4,823	325	849	49	1
Delaware, -----	14,643	69	3,532	154	358	32	
Elk, -----	2,098	28	876	99	159	3	
Erie, -----	6,571	33	4,779	894	877	36	1
Fayette, -----	9,073	31	5,528	818	487	19	
Forest, -----	495		261	39	103	1	
Franklin, -----	4,430	32	2,871	84	232	5	
Fulton, -----	746	8	763	6	9	3	1
Greene, -----	1,864	2	2,724	23	80	6	
Huntingdon, -----	3,238	22	1,077	63	118	8	
Indiana, -----	4,236	19	1,023	158	636	11	1
Jefferson, -----	3,491	20	1,350	138	270	23	
Juniata, -----	1,277	7	878	17	40	9	
Lackawanna, -----	11,795	22	9,966	283	382	50	
Lancaster, -----	17,390	30	4,502	249	587	16	
Lawrence, -----	3,507	28	1,228	161	651	21	
Lebanon, -----	4,838	36	1,527	86	238	3	
Lehigh, -----	7,795	70	7,244	397	239	29	
Luzerne, -----	16,826	126	13,542	539	604	139	
Lycoming, -----	4,777	83	4,158	459	913	33	
McKean, -----	3,198	54	1,489	122	367	14	
Mercer, -----	4,956	21	2,975	323	1,313	19	
Mifflin, -----	1,954	14	1,057	82	77	5	
Monroe, -----	971	37	1,390	44	148	11	
Montgomery, -----	15,873	72	6,986	392	301	42	1
Montour, -----	910	17	817	10	71	10	
Northampton, -----	6,235	162	6,142	266	819	36	
Northumberland, -----	7,191	57	5,052	372	376	27	
Perry, -----	2,364	4	1,435	17	101	3	
Philadelphia, -----	154,582	698	61,434	3,536	1,105	385	3
Pike, -----	333	1	568	29	23	4	
Potter, -----	1,753	15	793	95	111	8	
Schuylkill, -----	13,414	191	9,119	372	244	58	
Snyder, -----	1,742	15	598	25	46	14	
Somerset, -----	5,955	22	1,546	235	354	24	
Sullivan, -----	719	8	575	16	113		
Susquehanna, -----	2,823	29	1,389	18	203	5	
Tioga, -----	3,689	28	668	33	183	9	
Union, -----	1,800	16	703	19	89	6	
Venango, -----	3,189	20	1,488	121	818	22	
Warren, -----	2,968	28	1,231	141	670	12	
Washington, -----	8,324	25	4,260	380	479	36	
Wayne, -----	2,259	24	1,240	47	205	8	
Westmoreland, -----	10,940	70	7,839	1,071	990	52	
Wyoming, -----	1,215	10	588	19	56	1	
York, -----	11,251	57	10,209	345	824	24	1
Total, -----	550,925	3,560	279,022	21,617	26,087	2,672	11

ELECTION STATISTICS.

SUMMARY.

Edward E. Beldleman, Republican, -----	550,925	
Washington, -----	3,566	
J. Washington Logue, Democratic, -----		554,491
Dalton T. Clarke, Socialist, -----		279,022
F. E. Whittlesey, Prohibition, -----		21,617
William R. McKnight, Single Tax, -----		26,087
Scattering, -----		2,072
		18
Total number of votes cast, -----		883,307

Beldleman's plurality over Logue, 275,369.

Beldleman's majority over all, 225,075.

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS, NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

Counties.	James F. Woodward, Republican.	James F. Woodward, Washington.	Asher R. Johnson, Democratic.	William Adams, Socialist.	T. H. Hamilton, Prohibition.	Jerome C. Reis, Single Tax.	Scattering.
Adams, _____	3,009	8	2,557	71	81	9	—
Allegheny, _____	53,859	360	20,173	4,493	1,776	240	2
Armstrong, _____	3,957	14	1,457	88	282	14	—
Beaver, _____	4,708	26	2,244	387	444	34	—
Bedford, _____	3,401	24	1,716	123	115	1	—
Berks, _____	8,404	79	11,082	2,043	242	28	—
Blair, _____	7,546	34	3,812	336	437	41	—
Bradford, _____	4,774	27	1,399	49	388	6	—
Bucks, _____	7,646	37	4,588	211	194	12	—
Butler, _____	4,109	27	2,100	108	702	9	—
Cambria, _____	8,619	63	4,705	403	693	70	—
Cameron, _____	562	6	231	6	33	2	—
Carbon, _____	3,245	31	2,697	85	140	8	—
Centre, _____	3,661	10	2,695	54	220	2	—
Chester, _____	8,762	63	3,270	73	286	13	—
Clarion, _____	1,681	50	1,781	66	323	8	—
Clearfield, _____	5,045	38	3,607	336	557	21	—
Clinton, _____	2,126	13	1,508	145	119	6	—
Columbia, _____	2,454	17	3,869	50	244	10	—
Crawford, _____	4,308	14	2,942	191	611	12	—
Cumberland, _____	4,763	16	3,249	92	434	4	—
Dauphin, _____	13,654	82	5,023	362	933	47	—
Delaware, _____	14,529	40	3,433	149	423	39	—
Elk, _____	2,056	32	897	101	154	8	—
Erie, _____	6,681	35	4,690	915	711	41	—
Fayette, _____	9,038	29	5,545	309	449	16	—
Forest, _____	499	1	261	40	99	—	—
Franklin, _____	4,408	30	2,913	92	197	5	—
Fulton, _____	730	5	780	8	9	4	—
Greene, _____	1,856	6	2,728	25	76	2	—
Huntingdon, _____	3,194	22	1,068	65	109	6	—
Indiana, _____	4,221	24	966	160	624	2	—
Jefferson, _____	3,498	22	1,366	141	258	12	—
Junata, _____	1,273	3	893	21	34	—	—
Lackawanna, _____	11,577	52	9,968	284	681	53	—
Lancaster, _____	17,339	32	4,474	260	582	18	—
Lawrence, _____	3,492	15	1,264	173	588	14	—
Lebanon, _____	4,841	22	1,509	93	242	2	—
Lehigh, _____	7,693	53	7,329	422	210	30	—
Luzerne, _____	16,480	96	13,885	526	616	108	—
Lycoming, _____	4,618	68	4,190	489	979	82	—
McKean, _____	2,946	51	1,865	115	305	12	—
Mercer, _____	5,020	17	3,049	314	1,131	13	—
Mifflin, _____	1,932	6	1,101	76	66	2	—
Monroe, _____	919	12	1,422	35	144	14	—
Montgomery, _____	15,853	36	6,926	411	292	39	1
Montour, _____	882	5	871	13	75	11	—
Northampton, _____	5,933	65	6,230	300	637	46	—
Northumberland, _____	7,045	35	5,280	408	378	24	1
Perry, _____	2,319	4	1,473	19	77	2	—
Philadelphia, _____	155,005	596	48,881	3,615	1,098	242	2
Pike, _____	329	1	504	31	23	3	—
Potter, _____	1,750	17	683	97	109	6	—
Schuylkill, _____	13,543	85	9,088	398	259	44	—
Snyder, _____	1,727	14	623	21	37	5	—
Somerset, _____	5,920	18	1,581	238	335	14	—
Sullivan, _____	675	3	589	22	117	2	—
Susquehanna, _____	2,806	24	1,409	15	185	1	—
Tioga, _____	3,671	26	694	30	186	6	—
Union, _____	1,811	16	712	19	74	3	—
Venango, _____	3,187	31	1,504	138	779	14	—
Warren, _____	2,985	21	1,229	141	640	8	—
Washington, _____	8,436	26	4,154	347	465	28	—
Wayne, _____	2,254	19	1,247	53	173	6	—
Westmoreland, _____	10,941	63	7,816	1,089	898	37	—
Wyoming, _____	1,177	4	607	19	52	2	—
York, _____	10,951	34	10,427	359	779	21	1
Total, _____	548,389	2,856	274,235	22,374	25,609	1,594	7

ELECTION STATISTICS.

SUMMARY.

James F. Woodward, Republican, -----	548,389	
Washington, -----	2,850	
Asher R. Johnson, Democratic, -----		551,939
William Adams, Socialist, -----		274,235
T. H. Hamilton, Prohibition, -----		22,374
Jerome C. Reis, Single Tax, -----		20,609
Scattering, -----		1,594
		7
Total number of votes cast, -----		875,058
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Woodward's plurality over Johnson, 277,004.		
Woodward's majority over all, 227,420.		

*OFFICIAL NON-PARTISAN VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME AND SUPERIOR COURT,
NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

Counties.	Judges of the Supreme Court.						Judge of the Superior Court.						
	Edwin M. Abbott.	Joseph W. Bouton.	Henry Budd.	Augustus V. Dively.	Edward J. Fox.	John W. Kephart.	Joseph J. Kintner.	Charles B. Lennahan.	Alexander Simpson, Jr.	Scattering.	Stephen H. Huselton.	William David Porter.	Scattering.
Adams.	374	111	79	29	794	1,157	48	122	163	---	888	1,505	---
Allegheny.	4,221	1,970	976	539	4,740	36,745	1,186	9,245	6,283	---	12,398	47,743	---
Armstrong.	362	163	43	73	375	1,652	95	140	379	---	807	2,212	---
Beaver.	513	763	106	37	474	1,654	75	683	742	---	1,236	3,202	---
Bedford.	299	114	53	444	356	2,081	81	96	205	---	668	2,536	---
Berks.	1,473	196	258	142	2,115	5,292	396	1,576	1,250	---	3,075	7,887	---
Blair.	443	316	80	3,170	344	3,363	244	344	587	---	2,167	4,025	---
Bradford.	585	316	68	15	502	1,040	158	300	381	---	966	1,774	---
Bucks.	730	1,412	210	44	1,554	1,333	63	477	852	1	1,311	4,422	1
Butler.	444	272	55	43	962	1,042	56	390	670	---	1,476	3,058	---
Cambria.	320	428	88	383	466	8,591	245	1,072	276	---	2,303	6,906	---
Cameron.	62	143	9	---	---	---	25	46	22	---	131	846	---
Carbon.	391	99	101	21	1,069	942	45	1,066	321	---	1,126	2,315	---
Centre.	362	159	122	84	705	2,127	192	112	310	---	895	2,895	---
Chester.	595	154	216	38	1,231	3,929	116	436	2,051	---	1,372	6,806	---
Clarion.	267	179	43	29	305	1,345	54	743	144	---	545	1,702	---
Clearfield.	466	589	115	144	680	2,313	381	488	610	---	1,386	3,399	---
Clinton.	190	133	45	14	189	618	1,283	160	150	---	736	1,490	---
Columbia.	464	178	127	25	779	793	85	113	223	1	1,130	1,908	1
Crawford.	580	894	114	50	597	1,807	129	187	175	---	1,099	2,846	2
Cumberland.	483	158	96	65	1,233	2,352	114	78	392	---	1,154	3,419	---
Dauphin.	1,274	355	297	143	2,497	8,280	255	411	635	4	3,258	9,508	4
Delaware.	277	232	375	64	1,276	6,633	227	590	3,880	3	1,892	10,467	3
Elk.	117	690	19	20	168	698	49	315	93	---	519	1,247	---
Erie.	628	1,508	136	71	940	3,209	230	1,207	322	1	1,744	3,669	1
Payette.	719	242	175	61	1,018	5,132	139	*720	852	---	2,084	5,182	---

*Two Judges of the Supreme Court to be elected.

OFFICIAL NON-PARTISAN VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME AND SUPERIOR COURT, NOVEMBER 5, 1918—Continued.

Counties.	Edwin M. Abbott.	Joseph W. Bouton.	Henry Budd.	Augustus V. Dively.	Edward J. Fox.	John W. Kephart.	Joseph A. Kintner.	(Charles B. Lenahan.	Alexander Simpson, Jr.	Scattering.	Stephen H. Huselton.	William David Porter.	Scattering.
Forest.	52	179	6	1	98	168	11	11	95	---	140	284	---
Franklin.	356	136	68	50	1,704	1,000	127	131	735	---	1,170	1,573	---
Fulton.	79	45	14	20	262	1,485	16	73	75	---	261	1,605	---
Greene.	232	101	67	23	779	1,064	37	80	181	---	599	1,540	---
Huntingdon.	226	78	51	157	335	1,509	44	90	376	---	581	2,115	---
Indiana.	336	404	76	52	334	2,065	115	148	372	---	1,601	2,411	---
Jefferson.	364	441	72	43	377	1,475	141	170	282	---	1,040	1,898	---
Junata.	189	62	25	34	280	712	29	14	63	---	300	797	---
Lackawanna.	811	248	199	77	561	5,419	275	6,075	896	---	2,191	9,117	---
Lancaster.	702	199	141	69	907	1,162	110	1,425	10,252	---	1,680	12,381	---
Lawrence.	457	181	94	23	611	1,473	64	234	402	---	1,094	2,241	---
Lebanon.	355	88	94	30	637	2,246	45	104	431	---	760	2,860	---
Lehigh.	911	263	158	80	3,383	3,989	173	716	387	---	2,288	5,935	---
Luzerne.	1,487	410	174	102	872	3,068	622	376	1,646	---	5,145	12,623	---
Lycoming.	1,048	589	304	91	688	2,242	292	390	809	---	2,325	3,712	---
McKean.	164	8,504	36	114	119	1,199	23	57	67	---	1,314	2	---
Merger.	826	274	188	62	1,389	1,999	110	407	351	---	1,378	3,715	---
Mifflin.	201	52	51	30	392	1,867	92	30	200	---	406	952	---
Monroe.	208	64	53	8	748	316	110	61	168	---	493	932	---
Montgomery.	1,180	271	503	82	2,321	4,970	181	1,128	4,790	---	2,588	10,829	---
Montour.	121	46	77	25	197	596	35	114	189	---	284	874	---
Northampton.	291	120	70	43	9,249	735	77	345	323	---	2,521	4,869	---
Northumberland.	791	299	264	88	1,041	2,346	200	1,689	694	---	2,157	3,807	---
Perry.	200	88	49	33	454	1,300	84	30	268	---	2	1,473	---
Philadelphia.	6,299	1,069	3,087	403	6,784	35,665	996	15,677	95,226	---	13,997	134,860	---
Pike.	66	30	32	4	89	144	16	51	41	---	115	247	---
Potter.	116	936	17	3	105	171	15	40	140	---	433	715	---
Schuylkill.	1,578	487	315	100	1,902	4,662	399	3,806	1,193	---	2,884	9,004	---
Snyder.	200	60	58	9	137	632	25	25	381	---	926	395	---
Somerset.	298	102	54	111	720	3,035	93	106	136	---	978	2,947	---

Sullivan, -----	108	53	29	7	78	230	41	214	34	256	379	-----
Susquehanna, -----	277	114	40	12	218	907	74	499	392	673	1,369	-----
Tioga, -----	273	466	31	17	200	1,350	67	73	134	603	1,263	-----
Union, -----	153	61	27	14	338	354	25	33	438	339	872	1
Venango, -----	634	446	58	25	389	1,059	79	354	164	1,004	1,772	-----
Warren, -----	224	1,646	57	14	279	423	35	41	131	712	1,186	-----
Washington, -----	833	305	101	44	1,248	2,953	159	694	1,829	1,673	5,253	-----
Wayne, -----	208	71	74	14	149	992	63	278	213	349	1,434	-----
Westmoreland, -----	933	977	255	159	1,737	5,525	263	1,745	2,174	3,192	9,155	-----
Wyoming, -----	61	29	17	9	99	253	203	200	129	276	644	-----
York, -----	749	193	165	93	2,713	7,076	143	880	774	2,535	8,308	3
Total, -----	41,842	27,132	11,135	8,027	70,744	213,664	11,715	77,203	140,309	108,801	413,753	29

SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Edwin M. Abbott, -----	41,842
Joseph W. Bouton, -----	27,132
Henry Budd, -----	11,135
Augustus V. Dively, -----	8,027
Edward J. Fox, -----	70,744
John W. Kephart, -----	213,664
Joseph J. Kintner, -----	11,715
Charles B. Lenahan, -----	77,203
Alexander Simpson, Jr., -----	149,309
Scattering, -----	19
Total number of votes cast, -----	610,880

SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Stephen H. Huselton, -----	108,801
William David Porter, -----	413,753
Scattering, -----	29
Total number of votes cast, -----	522,583
Porter's plurality over Huselton, 304,952.	

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR FOUR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS-AT-LARGE, NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

Counties.	William J. Burke, Republican.	Thomas S. Crago, Republican.	Thomas S. Crago, Washington.	Mahlon M. Garland, Republican.	Anderson H. Walters, Republican.	Anderson H. Walters, Washington.	Joseph F. Gorman, Democratic.	Fred Ikeker, Democratic.	Fred Ikeker, Fair Play.	J. Calvin Strayer, Democratic.	J. Calvin Strayer, Fair Play.	Samuel R. Turner, Democratic.	Samuel R. Turner, Fair Play.
Adams, -----	3,015	2,804	19	2,909	2,855	7	2,476	2,348	10	2,506	11	19,387	7
Allegheny, -----	56,534	49,835	722	53,268	49,576	476	20,684	18,405	464	18,890	445	19,887	983
Armstrong, -----	3,969	3,724	27	3,738	3,738	10	1,497	1,356	16	1,386	415	1,114	16
Beaver, -----	4,768	4,606	22	4,619	4,556	22	2,344	2,186	66	2,222	61	2,107	59
Bedford, -----	3,419	3,368	23	3,472	3,365	22	1,713	1,639	6	1,671	2	1,655	2
Berks, -----	8,332	7,739	347	8,033	7,918	84	10,865	10,425	146	10,554	128	10,378	106
Bucks, -----	7,424	6,999	59	7,076	7,124	50	3,868	3,868	38	3,864	48	3,665	48
Bradford, -----	4,812	4,585	37	4,621	4,615	31	1,398	1,305	10	1,312	13	1,313	17
Bucks, -----	7,618	7,551	47	7,574	7,550	43	4,546	4,534	20	4,549	21	4,519	16
Bulter, -----	4,208	3,893	39	3,942	3,884	28	2,133	1,990	29	2,013	22	2,033	22
Cambria, -----	8,666	8,090	153	8,050	8,582	110	4,842	4,212	96	4,461	102	4,263	81
Cameron, -----	582	548	8	562	547	7	229	216	1	223	1	214	1
Carbon, -----	8,270	8,014	43	8,038	8,094	28	2,715	2,564	68	2,585	67	2,510	56
Centre, -----	3,695	3,517	26	3,588	3,535	13	2,591	2,495	10	2,533	15	2,505	14
Chester, -----	8,692	8,533	42	8,566	8,488	68	3,348	3,133	45	3,245	32	3,110	33
Clarton, -----	1,857	1,698	72	1,597	1,675	96	1,727	1,575	89	1,577	70	1,569	96
Cleaveland, -----	3,045	2,886	193	3,045	2,992	16	3,759	3,176	76	3,323	76	3,206	70
Columbia, -----	2,149	1,972	98	2,034	1,955	16	1,516	1,376	16	1,440	10	1,399	12
Crawford, -----	2,374	2,168	27	2,291	2,226	14	3,635	3,079	44	3,514	13	3,528	18
Cumberland, -----	4,469	4,277	24	4,359	4,149	33	2,913	2,716	51	2,768	56	2,728	42
Dauphin, -----	13,621	13,051	129	13,135	12,949	111	3,292	3,121	84	3,206	23	3,155	20
Delaware, -----	14,247	13,880	137	13,944	13,871	88	5,410	5,091	105	5,325	76	5,113	76
Elk, -----	1,572	1,524	10	1,525	1,465	16	3,797	3,473	78	3,637	68	3,543	61
Erie, -----	6,694	6,268	71	6,309	6,234	31	4,880	4,430	9	4,865	40	4,822	3
Fayette, -----	9,115	8,908	46	8,908	8,655	46	4,761	4,490	57	4,475	40	4,485	40
Forest, -----	4,467	4,285	3	4,478	4,472	3	5,499	5,228	21	5,301	18	5,209	12
Franklin, -----	4,442	4,246	36	4,285	4,258	39	2,933	2,831	2	2,844	1	2,848	12
Fulton, -----	736	686	3	712	700	6	747	722	3	717	13	707	14
Greene, -----	1,811	2,209	26	1,761	1,730	4	2,349	2,349	6	2,368	3	2,359	2
Huntingdon, -----	3,178	3,001	26	3,077	3,042	4	1,084	974	10	1,010	13	988	9
Indiana, -----	4,267	3,919	81	4,106	3,968	46	1,040	934	10	964	13	941	11
Jefferson, -----	3,552	3,360	30	3,325	3,338	26	1,432	1,289	74	1,268	72	1,253	5
Junata, -----	1,260	1,207	6	1,194	1,195	8	896	887	10	841	6	839	5
Lackawanna, -----	11,235	10,781	42	10,707	10,621	136	9,725	9,403	38	9,339	47	9,329	50

Lancaster,	17,359	17,244	24	17,227	17,188	24	4,525	4,423	40	4,445	36	4,400	33
Lawrence,	3,566	3,346	33	3,345	3,328	33	1,344	1,177	26	1,220	15	1,214	13
Lebanon,	4,537	4,555	134	4,700	4,047	33	1,325	1,383	37	1,450	31	1,381	31
Lehigh,	7,808	7,313	88	7,440	7,385	76	7,313	6,669	91	6,838	74	6,742	68
Luzyne,	15,558	14,840	178	14,593	14,773	145	13,372	11,867	117	12,054	133	11,837	182
Lycoming,	4,690	3,858	126	4,176	4,028	95	4,168	3,810	97	3,761	76	3,633	69
McKean,	3,169	2,930	82	2,997	2,943	56	1,531	1,333	21	1,382	13	1,363	18
Mercer,	5,114	4,859	41	4,895	4,807	33	3,201	2,990	18	2,976	14	2,955	12
Mifflin,	1,930	1,795	12	1,838	1,804	21	1,137	1,017	6	1,059	5	1,016	2
Monroe,	882	787	17	803	801	16	1,256	1,118	14	1,136	14	1,151	17
Montgomery,	15,695	15,337	61	15,383	15,380	51	7,098	6,797	49	6,988	45	6,865	42
Montour,	865	776	20	808	780	14	751	872	22	801	15	608	14
Northampton,	5,980	5,562	81	5,706	5,576	84	6,107	5,548	513	5,706	477	5,585	470
Northumberland,	6,716	6,099	115	6,514	6,183	189	4,811	4,881	75	4,608	49	4,717	61
Perry,	2,347	2,264	7	2,264	2,270	7	1,456	1,487	9	1,405	9	1,408	5
Philadelphia,	151,964	151,001	854	151,559	150,334	595	51,557	49,022	1,538	49,856	1,574	49,218	1,515
Pike,	316	301	3	299	299	3	511	488	2	489	2	492	1
Potter,	1,759	1,610	24	1,690	1,675	14	605	676	12	651	3	633	10
Schuylkill,	13,598	12,531	90	12,798	12,852	103	9,279	8,535	157	8,671	154	8,467	158
Snyder,	1,685	1,556	29	1,560	1,574	16	613	545	6	563	8	551	4
Somerset,	5,853	5,821	30	5,648	5,680	25	1,556	1,474	21	1,494	15	1,450	16
Sullivan,	686	586	10	602	582	7	572	522	6	511	7	522	5
Susquehanna,	2,808	2,631	33	2,732	2,692	29	1,413	1,315	18	1,347	8	1,349	12
Tioga,	3,673	3,518	31	3,497	3,525	25	696	610	13	628	15	639	14
Union,	1,756	1,663	20	1,660	1,684	16	669	678	8	618	12	631	4
Verango,	3,273	3,008	53	3,079	3,019	26	1,549	1,345	19	1,454	23	1,382	17
Warren,	2,498	2,781	35	2,814	2,809	29	1,183	1,090	18	1,195	11	1,195	8
Washington,	8,450	8,432	47	8,285	8,286	51	4,053	3,725	90	3,890	92	3,711	94
Wayne,	2,216	2,163	43	2,119	2,140	23	1,221	1,132	19	1,163	13	1,148	20
Westmoreland,	11,080	10,400	136	10,501	10,124	40	7,970	7,310	139	7,586	101	7,541	101
Wyoming,	1,164	1,134	11	1,119	1,132	11	539	513	14	564	12	572	12
York,	10,872	10,561	39	10,633	10,439	23	10,062	9,750	59	10,737	51	9,870	41
Total,	546,373	522,844	5,117	529,510	521,886	3,719	276,836	259,105	4,960	264,070	4,673	260,055	5,010

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS AT LARGE—Continued.

Counties.	Cora M. Bixler, Socialist.	John C. Euler, Socialist.	Henry W. Schlegel, Socialist.	Harry T. Vaughn, Socialist.	O. D. Brubaker, Prohibition.	Albert Gaddis, Prohibition.	Elisha Kent Kane, Prohibition.	E. L. McKee, Prohibition.	John W. Dix, Single Tax.	Oliver McKnight, Single Tax.	Calvin B. Power, Single Tax.	Lewis Ryan, Single Tax.	Scattering.
Adams,	80	69	70	63	118	81	57	81	18	11	12	8	
Allegheny,	4,738	4,503	4,749	4,457	3,433	2,995	2,923	2,756	390	420	269	373	
Armstrong,	91	76	74	76	268	233	230	225	12	12	10	7	
Beaver,	387	375	378	360	439	384	410	397	19	23	21	31	
Bedford,	128	120	116	116	116	98	97	93	8	4	3	7	
Berks,	2,075	2,035	2,041	1,988	287	241	452	213	242	23	25	24	
Blair,	369	291	316	365	609	434	452	420	31	50	33	46	
Bradford,	61	48	46	51	400	360	367	337	16	4	3	5	
Bucks,	207	199	191	189	210	189	203	183	22	12	12	9	
Butler,	101	98	93	94	654	613	693	615	12	10	4	13	
Cambria,	440	357	354	355	805	691	636	569	104	65	70	88	
Cameron,	6	4	3	5	34	31	38	32	3	1		2	
Carbon,	97	78	83	77	153	123	130	108	14	7	10	17	
Centre,	52	43	39	45	227	200	205	192	9	4	6	8	
Chester,	72	66	58	62	389	306	335	274	21	16	11	14	
Clarion,	64	60	60	62	289	234	274	255	10	10	9	9	
Clearfield,	368	324	313	310	665	629	673	517	41	27	22	32	
Clenton,	149	135	130	144	144	118	136	109	15	11	9	16	
Columbia,	54	44	37	57	285	216	226	182	35	7	17	22	
Crawford,	179	181	162	166	573	532	562	513	12	10	5	4	
Cumberland,	103	83	78	77	439	372	383	359	8	8	38	45	
Dauphin,	332	325	313	327	919	720	710	675	48	39	29	37	
Delaware,	177	154	155	147	513	436	453	382	37	41	22	33	
Elk,	108	98	94	96	162	138	140	140	2	5	1	3	
Erie,	922	929	907	882	737	641	689	652	46	38	29	37	
Fayette,	335	289	279	281	455	630	439	406	22	28	18	18	
Forest,	41	39	37	35	99	91	111	96	8	2	7	3	
Franklin,	95	83	86	86	256	198	202	188	3	9	1	3	
Fulton,	8	6	6	6	13	9	10	11	4	4	6	3	
Greene,	23	20	18	19	86	74	67	68	9	6	6	1	
Huntingdon,	70	60	64	64	136	92	98	83	21	16	10	10	
Indiana,	155	156	145	147	653	587	605	592	10	13	5	17	
Jefferson,	151	131	131	127	262	227	262	209	18	20	9	23	
Juniata,	16	13	13	14	50	33	40	35	6	9	7	6	
Lackawanna,	938	275	289	289	429	393	389	345	62	51	41	74	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Lancaster,	258	247	245	242	612	566	573	545	17	16	17	20
Lawrence,	160	146	164	152	533	503	511	521	19	15	2	10
Lebanon,	104	91	88	86	264	220	220	245	9	5	6	33
Lebanon,	400	382	484	355	251	218	238	178	33	24	23	227
Luzerne,	564	487	479	520	814	687	677	694	163	117	183	49
Lycoming,	499	446	455	434	1,128	933	933	984	42	31	37	29
McKean,	137	114	111	118	361	342	342	351	20	24	17	13
Merced,	327	299	291	315	1,081	1,015	1,051	1,020	13	13	7	3
Mifflin,	87	69	68	70	85	69	68	59	3	5	3	9
Monroe,	30	30	20	22	151	116	139	113	13	15	15	9
Montgomery,	465	389	389	401	343	298	318	264	54	48	36	6
Montour,	91	13	13	10	92	71	73	61	7	7	6	12
Northampton,	299	250	280	253	645	595	638	557	30	25	23	30
Northumberland,	432	332	391	310	430	358	401	308	55	31	36	31
Perry,	25	14	14	13	92	63	68	68	10	2	4	8
Philadelphia,	3,689	3,608	3,671	3,586	1,477	1,259	1,415	1,097	285	379	292	336
Pike,	29	28	31	27	20	20	18	19	1	3	3	2
Potter,	101	96	93	94	119	105	142	97	11	9	8	5
Schuylkill,	400	357	382	342	319	247	261	199	48	45	44	78
Snyder,	26	19	20	20	55	32	41	30	9	6	6	7
Somerset,	232	225	214	209	386	334	319	312	13	10	11	14
Sullivan,	21	18	19	14	106	96	102	86	12	1	3	2
Susquehanna,	23	17	15	20	201	200	184	193	17	9	10	13
Tioga,	28	25	25	22	202	177	188	171	17	4	7	18
Union,	24	15	16	14	106	68	66	64	10	7	5	5
Venango,	145	120	118	124	780	744	758	689	13	19	6	11
Warren,	145	127	125	120	627	577	646	589	14	9	7	12
Washington,	365	332	324	324	497	471	467	438	37	38	30	29
Wayne,	57	52	47	44	189	156	158	148	16	7	8	13
Westmoreland,	1,077	1,008	974	980	1,096	894	933	856	61	51	37	36
Wyoming,	25	18	18	20	55	48	50	45	6	24	4	4
York,	367	336	332	325	887	768	787	695	34	16	16	16
Total,	23,273	21,483	21,837	21,143	29,309	25,347	26,473	23,799	2,217	2,006	1,631	2,129
												47

SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS-AT-LARGE.

William J. Burke, Republican,		546,373
Thomas S. Crago, {Republican,	522,844	
{Washington,	5,117	
		527,961
Mahlon M. Garland, Republican,		529,510
Anderson H. Walters, {Republican,	521,896	
{Washington,	3,719	
		525,615
Joseph F. Gorman, Democratic,		276,836
Fred Ikeler {Democratic,	259,106	
{Fair Play,	4,960	
		264,066
J. Calvin Strayer, {Democratic,	264,070	
{Fair Play,	4,673	
		268,743
Samuel R. Turner, {Democratic,	260,055	
{Fair Play,	5,010	
		265,065
Cora M. Bixler, Socialist,		23,273
John O. Euler, Socialist,		21,483
Henry W. Schlegel, Socialist,		21,837
Harry T. Vaughn, Socialist,		21,143
O. D. Brubaker, Prohibition,		29,309
Albert Gaddis, Prohibition,		25,347
Elisha Kent Kane, Prohibition,		26,473
E. L. McKee, Prohibition,		23,799
John W. Dix, Single Tax,		2,217
Oliver McKnight, Single Tax,		2,006
Calvin B. Power, Single Tax,		1,631
Lewis Ryan, Single Tax,		2,129
Scattering,		49

VOTE OF PENNSYLVANIA FOR GOVERNOR, NOVEMBER 5, 1918, BY ELECTION DISTRICTS.

ADAMS COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Abbottstown borough, -----	29	33					
Arendtsville borough, -----	55	24		10			
Bendersville borough, -----	54	10		4	1		
Berwick township, -----	25	69					1
Biglerville borough, -----	83	42		3	3		
Butler township, -----	141	91	2	1	1		
Conewago township, -----	77	111	15	6		4	2
Cumberland township, -----	111	102	2	5	2		
East Berlin borough, -----	71	70	1	4			1
Fairfield borough, -----	50	41		7			
Franklin township, -----	146	145	1	5			
Freedom township, -----	55	40		1			
Germany township, -----	45	79		3			
Gettysburg borough—							
First ward, -----	183	128	1	12	4	2	
Second ward, -----	148	76		4	1	2	
Third ward, -----	140	93		2	1		
Hamilton township, -----	47	40	1				
Hamiltonban township—							
No. 1, -----	120	68	1	2			
No. 2, -----	5	17					
Highland township, -----	48	34		4		1	
Huntington township—							
No. 1, -----	79	56	2	2			
No. 2, -----	26	26		5			
Latimore township, -----	140	57					
Liberty township, -----	53	52		2			
Littlestown borough, -----	176	142	6	3	8		1
McSherrytown borough—							
First ward, -----	18	76	6		1		
Second ward, -----	23	82	17		1		2
Menallen township, -----	216	49	1	10	2		1
Mount Joy township, -----	125	67		8	1		1
Mount Pleasant township—							
No. 1, -----	32	30	1	1			
No. 2, -----	7	58	1		1		1
No. 3, -----	51	72		2			
New Oxford borough, -----	94	69	5	7			
Oxford township, -----	57	83		1		1	
Reading township, -----	84	96		3			
Straban township, -----	138	131					
Tyrone township—							
No. 1, -----	55	25		1			
No. 2, -----	46	23		2			
Union township, -----	39	77		3			
York Springs borough, -----	49	24	1	3			
Soldier's vote, -----	21	12					
Total, -----	3,100	2,020	64	122	27	10	10

Scattering—1.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fifthian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Pittsburgh city—							
First ward—							
First precinct,	58	69					
Second precinct,	28	39	1			7	
Third precinct,	48	66			1	4	
Fourth precinct,	40	42	1	1		5	1
Fifth precinct,	40	48	1	1			
Sixth precinct,	101	19	2			1	
Seventh precinct,	37	45	2		1	1	
Eighth precinct,	49	38	3			6	
Ninth precinct,	80	18	2	1			
Tenth precinct,	54	23	2				
Total,	535	407	11	3	2	24	1
Second ward—							
First precinct,	78	24	3				
Second precinct,	37	15				1	
Third precinct,	82	8					
Fourth precinct,	50	9					
Fifth precinct,	82	6					
Sixth precinct,	139	12	1				
Seventh precinct,	150	10					
Eighth precinct,	130					6	
Ninth precinct,	108	8					
Tenth precinct,	70	6					
Total,	926	98	4			7	
Third ward—							
First precinct,	67	14	2		1	2	
Second precinct,	83	17	2	1			
Third precinct,	46	32				1	
Fourth precinct,	45	9	6				
Fifth precinct,	50	7					
Sixth precinct,	55	2					
Seventh precinct,	56	20	10				
Eighth precinct,	51	30				3	
Ninth precinct,	88	5				2	
Tenth precinct,	44	14	16	1		4	
Eleventh precinct,	79	9	5				
Twelfth precinct,	48	27					
Thirteenth precinct,	29	52	5			1	
Fourteenth precinct,	72	14	4				1
Fifteenth precinct,	38	11	3				
Sixteenth precinct,	75	17	3				
Seventeenth precinct,	51	51	2	1			
Total,	977	331	60	3	1	13	1
Fourth ward—							
First precinct,	15	70	3			10	1
Second precinct,	4	54					
Third precinct,	66	56					1
Fourth precinct,	22	46	1	1			
Fifth precinct,	28	49	2	1			
Sixth precinct,	49	47		2	3	5	1
Seventh precinct,	65	17					
Eighth precinct,	37	27		1		4	2
Ninth precinct,	38	32	3	3			
Tenth precinct,	80	25	1	1			
Eleventh precinct,	54	37		1		6	
Twelfth precinct,	67	28	4	1			
Thirteenth precinct,	81	44	3	5		1	
Fourteenth precinct,	48	34	1			5	
Fifteenth precinct,	54	31	3	1	1	3	2
Sixteenth precinct,	69	37	4		1	2	
Seventeenth precinct,	84	37	1	1			
Eighteenth precinct,	10	98					
Nineteenth precinct,	48	31		2		4	
Twentieth precinct,	38	59		1	1	1	
Total,	957	859	26	21	6	41	7

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fittian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Pittsburgh city—Continued—							
Fifth ward—							
First precinct,	77	24	4			1	
Second precinct,	109	9	10				
Third precinct,	60	26	5			4	
Fourth precinct,	69	19	8				
Fifth precinct,	84	14	1			1	
Sixth precinct,	61	12	5				
Seventh precinct,	74	28	8		1	2	
Eighth precinct,	54	9	6			1	
Ninth precinct,	110	16	2				
Tenth precinct,	59	34	5	2		1	
Eleventh precinct,	104	20	3				
Twelfth precinct,	12	15	2				
Thirteenth precinct,	74	14	1				
Fourteenth precinct,	65	33	4	2	2	2	
Fifteenth precinct,	79	43	4			9	
Sixteenth precinct,	52	44	1	3		3	
Seventeenth precinct,	87	62	2	3		3	
Eighteenth precinct,	68	41	2	6			
Nineteenth precinct,	68	28		3			
Twentieth precinct,	69	34		3		2	1
Total,	1,435	524	73	22	3	29	1
Sixth ward—							
First precinct,	102	8	1				
Second precinct,	129	7					
Third precinct,	90	8	1				
Fourth precinct,	121	17	1				
Fifth precinct,	70	33	2			1	
Sixth precinct,	112	12	1		2		
Seventh precinct,	48	39	3			1	
Eighth precinct,	115	26	1				
Ninth precinct,	73	32	2	1			
Tenth precinct,	133	16	3				
Eleventh precinct,	41	32	1			2	
Twelfth precinct,	86	24					
Thirteenth precinct,	138	28	2				
Fourteenth precinct,	69	4					
Fifteenth precinct,	73	47	1	1			
Total,	1,400	333	19	2	2	4	
Seventh ward—							
First precinct,	59	20		4		3	
Second precinct,	90	19	1	5			1
Third precinct,	81	29	1		1	1	1
Fourth precinct,	89	36	1	3		2	1
Fifth precinct,	80	17			1	2	
Sixth precinct,	70	46		3	1	4	1
Seventh precinct,	75	35	2	4		3	
Eighth precinct,	83	42	2	6		5	
Ninth precinct,	87	21	1	3	1	6	
Tenth precinct,	65	41	1	5	1	2	1
Eleventh precinct,	63	23					
Total,	843	329	9	35	5	30	5
Eighth ward—							
First precinct,	88	9					
Second precinct,	87	32	1	4	1		
Third precinct,	102	33		2			
Fourth precinct,	74	28	1	2		5	
Fifth precinct,	99	52	2	5	1	10	
Sixth precinct,	88	50	3	1	2	6	
Seventh precinct,	42	43	1	2		3	
Eighth precinct,	43	56	9	2	1	4	
Ninth precinct,	78	52	2	3	1	1	
Tenth precinct,	49	54	2	1		5	
Eleventh precinct,	36	69	10				
Twelfth precinct,	35	50	4				
Thirteenth precinct,	49	39	1	1		5	1
Fourteenth precinct,	35	37	6		1	4	
Total,	905	599	42	23	7	43	1

ELECTION STATISTICS.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Pittsburgh city—Continued—							
Ninth ward—							
First precinct, -----	77	45	1				
Second precinct, -----	103	42		1			
Third precinct, -----	71	41	4				1
Fourth precinct, -----	90	30	5		1	1	
Fifth precinct, -----	39	34	1		1	3	
Sixth precinct, -----	91	50	1	2	2	2	
Seventh precinct, -----	56	48	2	1	1	3	
Eighth precinct, -----	80	31	1	1		3	
Ninth precinct, -----	60	57	3			1	
Tenth precinct, -----	41	40	2				
Eleventh precinct, -----	62	40		1			
Twelfth precinct, -----	102	38	1	2		4	
Thirteenth precinct, -----	93	52	5			2	
Fourteenth precinct, -----	51	47	4			3	
Fifteenth precinct, -----	65	40	2	1	1		
Total, -----	1,081	635	29	9	6	22	1
Tenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	47	62	2	1	1	3	
Second precinct, -----	32	67	6	4	1	4	
Third precinct, -----	19	79	1			1	1
Fourth precinct, -----	32	43	3	1		2	
Fifth precinct, -----	62	34	6	4	1	2	
Sixth precinct, -----	52	34	7	1			
Seventh precinct, -----	64	48	1	8			
Eighth precinct, -----	54	33	5	6			
Ninth precinct, -----	35	35	3	3			
Tenth precinct, -----	75	54	9	5		5	
Eleventh precinct, -----	38	22	2	1		2	
Twelfth precinct, -----	59	25	1	1			
Thirteenth precinct, -----	55	46	3	5		5	
Fourteenth precinct, -----	54	35	3	2	3	4	
Fifteenth precinct, -----	58	54	6	3			
Sixteenth precinct, -----	49	34	1	3		4	1
Total, -----	785	705	59	48	6	32	2
Eleventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	75	45	1	5		5	
Second precinct, -----	103	35	2	3	2	2	
Third precinct, -----	99	41	1	4			
Fourth precinct, -----	47	21		2		4	
Fifth precinct, -----	42	29	3	1		3	
Sixth precinct, -----	82	41			2		
Seventh precinct, -----	85	29		5		1	
Eighth precinct, -----	101	31		4	2	2	
Ninth precinct, -----	110	28		7			
Tenth precinct, -----	88	32	3	2			
Eleventh precinct, -----	66	38		8	4	2	
Twelfth precinct, -----	72	17	2	1			
Thirteenth precinct, -----	76	51	3	4			
Fourteenth precinct, -----	77	35	2	6		2	
Fifteenth precinct, -----	61	20		8			
Sixteenth precinct, -----	90	19	1	2	1	2	1
Total, -----	1,274	512	18	62	11	23	1
Twelfth ward—							
First precinct, -----	60	45	6	9			
Second precinct, -----	54	31	2			1	
Third precinct, -----	57	38	4	2	1	4	1
Fourth precinct, -----	51	40	3	1		1	
Fifth precinct, -----	61	15	2	1			
Sixth precinct, -----	55	34	1			6	
Seventh precinct, -----	77	23		1		3	1
Eighth precinct, -----	96	27		1	1	2	
Ninth precinct, -----	82	27	3	4			
Tenth precinct, -----	55	65	20	5		6	
Eleventh precinct, -----	48	42	5	4		8	
Twelfth precinct, -----	75	47	2	2	1	3	1
Thirteenth precinct, -----	53	32	4	1		1	

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Pittsburgh city—Continued—							
Twelfth ward—Concluded—							
Fourteenth precinct, -----	64	54	1	4		3	
Fifteenth precinct, -----	47	44	2	1		2	
Sixteenth precinct, -----	45	39		3		2	
Seventeenth precinct, -----	39	24	1	3		3	
Total, -----	1,019	627	56	42		45	4
Thirteenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	69	46	1	1		3	
Second precinct, -----	70	64	1	1			
Third precinct, -----	50	40	2	4	1	5	
Fourth precinct, -----	56	44	7	5	3	1	1
Fifth precinct, -----	70	47	7	5	1	6	
Sixth precinct, -----	56	33	5	4		1	
Seventh precinct, -----	85	49	2	3	1	1	
Eighth precinct, -----	71	48	2	5			
Ninth precinct, -----	73	47	3	3	2	2	
Tenth precinct, -----	60	32	8	4	1	2	
Eleventh precinct, -----	53	18	2	4	1	3	
Twelfth precinct, -----	54	42	5	6		2	1
Thirteenth precinct, -----	72	38	5	5		1	
Fourteenth precinct, -----	74	36	3	6		2	
Fifteenth precinct, -----	68	32	1	8	1	2	
Sixteenth precinct, -----	69	30	2	4			1
Seventeenth precinct, -----	72	28	7	2	1	2	1
Eighteenth precinct, -----	56	29	4	7			
Nineteenth precinct, -----	38	29	4	2	1		1
Total, -----	1,216	736	71	79	14	33	5
Fourteenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	102	20	3		1	2	1
Second precinct, -----	82	13	1	5		1	1
Third precinct, -----	159	33	1	2	1	6	2
Fourth precinct, -----	17	8	1	2		1	
Fifth precinct, -----	31	15	3	1			
Sixth precinct, -----	125	33	2	4			
Seventh precinct, -----	114	23	4	7	1	3	
Eighth precinct, -----	112	39		2	2	4	
Ninth precinct, -----	78	37	1	2	1	3	
Tenth precinct, -----	77	18		2	1	2	
Eleventh precinct, -----	120	27	2	4	1	2	
Twelfth precinct, -----	133	49		1	1	9	1
Thirteenth precinct, -----	85	11	1	3			
Fourteenth precinct, -----	77	24	1	5	1	2	1
Total, -----	1,312	350	20	40	10	35	6
Fifteenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	100	42	7	11		16	
Second precinct, -----	50	58	1	6		2	2
Third precinct, -----	35	35	5	4		1	1
Fourth precinct, -----	25	37	6	3		3	
Fifth precinct, -----	45	32	2	3	1	3	
Sixth precinct, -----	22	25	2	1		6	1
Seventh precinct, -----	30	32		1		1	
Eighth precinct, -----	61	48	7	5		2	
Ninth precinct, -----	17	28	2	1	1	1	
Tenth precinct, -----	35	45	8	6		8	1
Eleventh precinct, -----	30	47		4		4	
Twelfth precinct, -----	21	57	2	1		3	
Thirteenth precinct, -----	27	56	2	1		3	
Fourteenth precinct, -----	56	42		1			
Fifteenth precinct, -----	19	65					
Total, -----	573	649	44	48	2	53	5
Sixteenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	51	88	2			7	
Second precinct, -----	48	42	4			2	
Third precinct, -----	29	49	5	1	1	1	
Fourth precinct, -----	61	54	7	2			
Fifth precinct, -----	87	87	10	2		2	1

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Pittsburgh city—Continued—							
Sixteenth ward—Concluded—							
Sixth precinct, -----	69	62	-----	-----	1	4	-----
Seventh precinct, -----	40	46	8	1	-----	3	-----
Eighth precinct, -----	114	23	3	-----	-----	3	-----
Ninth precinct, -----	96	42	3	1	-----	-----	-----
Tenth precinct, -----	46	51	3	3	-----	3	1
Eleventh precinct, -----	68	41	-----	-----	-----	9	-----
Twelfth precinct, -----	42	63	6	-----	-----	6	-----
Thirteenth precinct, -----	41	63	5	-----	-----	5	1
Total, -----	772	661	56	10	2	45	3
Seventeenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	55	57	4	3	1	6	-----
Second precinct, -----	44	50	6	-----	-----	9	1
Third precinct, -----	37	52	3	-----	-----	10	-----
Fourth precinct, -----	43	57	12	3	7	10	-----
Fifth precinct, -----	63	46	5	2	-----	4	-----
Sixth precinct, -----	54	51	1	1	-----	3	-----
Seventh precinct, -----	68	65	4	-----	-----	7	1
Eighth precinct, -----	60	36	6	-----	-----	3	-----
Ninth precinct, -----	77	37	3	-----	-----	-----	-----
Tenth precinct, -----	51	40	6	-----	2	4	-----
Eleventh precinct, -----	89	6	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Twelfth precinct, -----	16	31	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Thirteenth precinct, -----	32	41	2	1	3	3	1
Fourteenth precinct, -----	51	54	3	-----	-----	5	-----
Fifteenth precinct, -----	65	52	1	-----	2	1	-----
Sixteenth precinct, -----	28	80	8	-----	-----	2	-----
Seventeenth precinct, -----	59	79	8	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	892	834	72	10	15	67	3
Eighteenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	59	52	8	-----	-----	4	-----
Second precinct, -----	38	40	2	-----	-----	1	-----
Third precinct, -----	67	49	6	3	-----	8	-----
Fourth precinct, -----	74	22	3	3	-----	-----	-----
Fifth precinct, -----	50	53	8	6	-----	4	-----
Sixth precinct, -----	25	38	3	-----	-----	4	-----
Seventh precinct, -----	39	52	10	2	-----	4	-----
Eighth precinct, -----	59	32	1	3	-----	4	-----
Ninth precinct, -----	65	52	4	2	-----	4	-----
Tenth precinct, -----	51	26	4	6	-----	3	-----
Eleventh precinct, -----	32	37	3	-----	-----	2	-----
Twelfth precinct, -----	50	52	7	1	-----	5	-----
Thirteenth precinct, -----	65	45	8	4	-----	4	-----
Fourteenth precinct, -----	52	35	10	2	-----	1	-----
Fifteenth precinct, -----	65	36	7	5	-----	5	1
Sixteenth precinct, -----	33	39	5	6	-----	2	1
Seventeenth precinct, -----	46	18	6	1	-----	-----	1
Eighteenth precinct, -----	20	11	3	1	1	1	-----
Total, -----	890	689	98	45	1	56	3
Nineteenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	36	22	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Second precinct, -----	57	55	8	-----	-----	5	-----
Third precinct, -----	47	44	5	-----	1	4	-----
Fourth precinct, -----	61	55	8	5	-----	-----	-----
Fifth precinct, -----	75	56	5	3	2	4	-----
Sixth precinct, -----	75	53	4	3	1	3	1
Seventh precinct, -----	89	41	4	4	1	3	-----
Eighth precinct, -----	85	31	1	1	-----	-----	-----
Ninth precinct, -----	27	48	2	2	-----	-----	1
Tenth precinct, -----	54	40	1	2	-----	8	-----
Eleventh precinct, -----	67	46	3	5	-----	-----	-----
Twelfth precinct, -----	75	30	2	1	-----	4	-----
Thirteenth precinct, -----	62	42	7	3	-----	-----	-----
Fourteenth precinct, -----	58	37	6	4	-----	2	-----
Fifteenth precinct, -----	79	37	3	3	2	6	-----
Sixteenth precinct, -----	55	26	4	3	-----	2	-----
Seventeenth precinct, -----	71	54	4	3	-----	6	-----
Eighteenth precinct, -----	40	20	-----	2	-----	2	-----
Nineteenth precinct, -----	79	38	5	7	1	9	-----

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Pittsburgh city—Continued—							
Nineteenth ward—Concluded—							
Twentieth precinct, -----	64	35	5	1	-----	-----	-----
Twenty-first precinct, -----	26	24	3	-----	-----	3	-----
Twenty-second precinct, -----	68	31	6	5	-----	1	-----
Twenty-third precinct, -----	63	49	5	2	-----	4	2
Twenty-fourth precinct, -----	41	24	3	4	1	1	-----
Total, -----	1,454	938	92	68	9	67	4
Twentieth ward—							
First precinct, -----	82	52	-----	-----	1	2	-----
Second precinct, -----	63	34	2	1	-----	1	-----
Third precinct, -----	67	44	2	1	-----	1	-----
Fourth precinct, -----	110	16	4	3	-----	6	-----
Fifth precinct, -----	82	6	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Sixth precinct, -----	89	57	7	4	-----	-----	-----
Seventh precinct, -----	54	23	4	4	-----	1	-----
Eighth precinct, -----	53	32	7	4	-----	4	-----
Ninth precinct, -----	138	24	4	-----	-----	-----	-----
Tenth precinct, -----	35	40	3	1	-----	-----	-----
Eleventh precinct, -----	55	39	4	-----	-----	-----	-----
Twelfth precinct, -----	95	48	6	5	2	2	-----
Thirteenth precinct, -----	77	45	1	5	1	1	-----
Fourteenth precinct, -----	72	35	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Fifteenth precinct, -----	50	23	1	4	1	5	-----
Sixteenth precinct, -----	71	55	2	3	1	1	-----
Seventeenth precinct, -----	26	14	-----	5	-----	1	1
Eighteenth precinct, -----	18	7	-----	3	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	1,237	594	47	39	6	26	1
Twenty-first ward—							
First precinct, -----	62	38	2	-----	-----	7	-----
Second precinct, -----	71	38	6	-----	-----	3	-----
Third precinct, -----	88	38	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Fourth precinct, -----	77	45	4	1	2	4	-----
Fifth precinct, -----	101	50	4	-----	-----	-----	-----
Sixth precinct, -----	75	52	4	1	-----	2	1
Seventh precinct, -----	72	46	9	-----	-----	1	-----
Eighth precinct, -----	86	38	4	1	-----	5	1
Ninth precinct, -----	57	57	1	3	1	6	-----
Tenth precinct, -----	59	43	2	1	-----	-----	-----
Eleventh precinct, -----	77	46	1	2	-----	2	-----
Twelfth precinct, -----	69	50	4	2	-----	2	-----
Thirteenth precinct, -----	62	49	6	1	-----	5	-----
Fourteenth precinct, -----	60	43	1	-----	-----	5	-----
Fifteenth precinct, -----	75	42	3	3	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	1,091	675	51	15	3	42	2
Twenty-second ward—							
First precinct, -----	37	46	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Second precinct, -----	85	27	1	2	-----	-----	-----
Third precinct, -----	141	37	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
Fourth precinct, -----	62	53	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
Fifth precinct, -----	33	40	-----	3	-----	-----	-----
Sixth precinct, -----	51	11	1	2	1	-----	-----
Seventh precinct, -----	56	37	1	2	-----	-----	-----
Eighth precinct, -----	115	59	-----	4	-----	1	-----
Ninth precinct, -----	57	37	5	7	-----	-----	-----
Tenth precinct, -----	92	35	4	2	-----	2	-----
Eleventh precinct, -----	49	28	3	1	-----	-----	1
Twelfth precinct, -----	66	40	2	5	-----	2	-----
Total, -----	874	450	19	28	1	5	1
Twenty-third ward—							
First precinct, -----	25	57	3	1	1	7	-----
Second precinct, -----	43	53	2	4	-----	6	-----
Third precinct, -----	31	35	5	1	-----	2	-----
Fourth precinct, -----	77	45	3	-----	-----	-----	-----
Fifth precinct, -----	33	29	1	-----	1	2	-----
Sixth precinct, -----	49	39	4	-----	-----	-----	-----
Seventh precinct, -----	106	36	8	-----	-----	5	-----

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Pittsburgh city—Continued—							
Twenty-third ward—Concluded—							
Eighth precinct,	52	43	8	3			
Ninth precinct,	60	39	6			6	
Tenth precinct,	74	60	1	1		5	
Eleventh precinct,	32	79	8			1	
Twelfth precinct,	34	73	7		1	6	1
Thirteenth precinct,	44	41	5			6	
Fourteenth precinct,	36	56	3	8		3	
Total,	696	678	64	19	3	49	1
Twenty-fourth ward—							
First precinct,	24	13					
Second precinct,	42	62	8			2	
Third precinct,	51	44	1	1		3	
Fourth precinct,	71	32	10			4	
Fifth precinct,	98	27	5		1	2	
Sixth precinct,	55	23	8			1	
Seventh precinct,	47	19	12			1	
Eighth precinct,	40	74	11	1		1	2
Ninth precinct,	70	26	9	1		4	
Tenth precinct,	80	49	8	1		7	1
Eleventh precinct,	61	30	7				
Twelfth precinct,	50	23	8				
Thirteenth precinct,	67	27	9			2	
Fourteenth precinct,	128	17	3	1			
Total,	884	405	99	5	1	27	3
Twenty-fifth ward—							
First precinct,	62	42	1	2			3
Second precinct,	76	33	1	10	1	4	1
Third precinct,	90	49	2	9	2	1	
Fourth precinct,	88	37	6	3		5	
Fifth precinct,	61	57	4	5		1	
Sixth precinct,	97	38					
Seventh precinct,	93	30	2	2	1	2	
Eighth precinct,	62	28	2	7		1	
Ninth precinct,	81	45	4	2			
Tenth precinct,	78	32	5	8	1	1	
Eleventh precinct,	49	42	9	1		8	
Twelfth precinct,	93	40	3	4		4	
Total,	980	473	38	53	5	27	4
Twenty-sixth ward—							
First precinct,	59	36	2	4			
Second precinct,	67	40	2	1		1	
Third precinct,	122	19	3	4		2	
Fourth precinct,	96	36	1	6		1	
Fifth precinct,	35	57	12			4	
Sixth precinct,	88	42	2	7		2	
Seventh precinct,	91	59	2	4		2	1
Eighth precinct,	133	33	1	7	1	7	2
Ninth precinct,	93	33	7	10		2	
Tenth precinct,	90	40	9	3	1	5	1
Eleventh precinct,	61	65	7	1	1	16	
Twelfth precinct,	71	49	11				
Thirteenth precinct,	26	18	14	1	1	3	
Total,	1,030	527	73	48	4	45	4
Twenty-seventh ward—							
First precinct,	105	20	10	1			
Second precinct,	58	44		1		1	
Third precinct,	45	40	4	1		4	
Fourth precinct,	77	32	8	2		2	1
Fifth precinct,	72	22	3			7	
Sixth precinct,	47	39	5	1		3	
Seventh precinct,	71	30	3	1		3	1
Eighth precinct,	105	23	4	6		4	1
Ninth precinct,	82	67	4			8	
Tenth precinct,	120	38	3	1			
Eleventh precinct,	70	45	4	2			

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Pittsburgh city—Concluded—							
Twenty-seventh ward—Concluded—							
Twelfth precinct, -----	81	47	1	3	-----	-----	1
Thirteenth precinct, -----	143	55	4	8	2	-----	-----
Fourteenth precinct, -----	79	17	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Fifteenth precinct, -----	55	19	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	1,210	538	53	27	2	32	4

PITTSBURGH CITY—RECAPITULATION.

First ward, -----	535	407	14	3	2	24	1
Second ward, -----	926	98	4	-----	-----	7	-----
Third ward, -----	977	331	60	3	1	13	1
Fourth ward, -----	957	859	26	21	6	41	7
Fifth ward, -----	1,435	524	73	22	3	29	1
Sixth ward, -----	1,400	333	19	2	2	4	-----
Seventh ward, -----	843	329	9	35	5	30	5
Eighth ward, -----	905	599	42	23	7	43	1
Ninth ward, -----	1,081	635	29	9	6	22	1
Tenth ward, -----	785	705	59	48	6	32	2
Eleventh ward, -----	1,274	512	18	62	11	23	1
Twelfth ward, -----	1,019	627	56	42	3	45	4
Thirteenth ward, -----	1,216	736	71	79	14	33	5
Fourteenth ward, -----	1,312	350	20	40	10	35	6
Fifteenth ward, -----	573	649	44	48	2	53	5
Sixteenth ward, -----	772	661	56	10	2	45	3
Seventeenth ward, -----	892	834	72	10	15	67	3
Eighteenth ward, -----	890	689	98	45	1	56	3
Nineteenth ward, -----	1,454	938	92	68	9	67	4
Twentieth ward, -----	1,237	594	47	39	6	26	1
Twenty-first ward, -----	1,091	675	51	15	3	42	2
Twenty-second ward, -----	874	450	19	28	1	5	1
Twenty-third ward, -----	696	678	64	19	3	49	1
Twenty-fourth ward, -----	884	465	99	5	1	27	3
Twenty-fifth ward, -----	930	473	38	53	5	27	4
Twenty-sixth ward, -----	1,030	527	73	48	4	45	4
Twenty-seventh ward, -----	1,210	538	53	27	2	32	4
Total, -----	27,198	15,216	1,306	864	130	922	73

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
McKeesport city—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	86	8					
Second precinct, -----	55	22		3		2	
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	75	50	8	2		6	
Second precinct, -----	87	33	1	5	2	6	
Third precinct, -----	56	22	2	1	1	3	
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	77	58	4	3	3	2	
Second precinct, -----	80	37	5	2			
Third precinct, -----	57	17	7	6	2	3	
Fourth ward, -----	92	61	4	5		1	
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	73	42	9	2		2	
Second precinct, -----	104	39	8	6	1	1	
Sixth ward—							
First precinct, -----	92	42	5	2	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	83	47	2	3		4	
Third precinct, -----	73	55	2	3		4	
Seventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	137	53	2	16	1	2	
Second precinct, -----	128	61	8	17	3	7	1
Third precinct, -----	114	38	5	16		3	1
Fourth precinct, -----	90	41	17	11	2	1	1
Eighth ward—							
First precinct, -----	66	47	25	6	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	101	74	31	3	1	4	
Ninth ward, -----	97	56	15	20	1	5	1
Tenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	71	57	1	15	1	2	
Second precinct, -----	71	57	9	6	1	5	
Eleventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	19	4	1	3			
Second precinct, -----	104	56	21	20	2	2	1
Total for city, -----	2,082	1,077	192	176	23	67	5
Duquesne city—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	15	18	2			4	1
Second precinct, -----	68	59	5	8		6	
Third precinct, -----	14	42	6	1			1
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	75	51	4	10	1	3	
Second precinct, -----	41	60	6	5		3	
Third ward, -----	32	65	6	6	1	3	1
Boroughs.							
Aspinwall—							
First precinct, -----	105	18	3	8		4	
Second precinct, -----	94	33		2	1		
Third precinct, -----	105	26	7	4	1	2	
Avalon—							
First ward, -----	154	64	3	11	1	1	
Second ward, -----	111	26	2	5			
Third ward, -----	106	33	7	7		6	
Bellevue—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	102	28	1	1	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	161	28	1	1	1	1	
Third precinct, -----	81	18	5	1	1	2	
Second ward, -----	102	31	2	3	1	3	
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	160	43	5	12	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	142	46	2	6	2	4	
Ben Avon—							
First precinct, -----	157	18		6	1	1	2
Second precinct, -----	51	11	3	3		2	1
Ben Avon Heights, -----	14	4					1
Brackenridge—							
First ward, -----	58	54	7	4			
Second ward, -----	63	41	19	10		2	

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Braddock—							
First ward, -----	378	81	11	1			
Second ward, -----	96	84	8	2		4	
Third ward, -----	121	112	10	3		6	
Fourth ward—							
First precinct, -----	70	40	4	9	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	88	57	11	8	2	3	
Bradford Woods, -----	22	4					1
Brentwood, -----	75	49	15	1	2	4	
Bridgeville, -----	110	89	11	7			
Carnegie—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	59	88				1	2
Second precinct, -----	59	57				1	1
Third precinct, -----	76	34	4	4			
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	85	26	1	3			
Second precinct, -----	121	45	11	13		1	
Third precinct, -----	74	28	2	7		4	
Carriek—							
First precinct, -----	86	62	15	5	4	8	
Second precinct, -----	68	42	6	2		5	1
Third precinct, -----	51	70	8	2	1	10	
Fourth precinct, -----	63	41	10	3	1	7	1
Fifth precinct, -----	44	44	3	5		3	
Sixth precinct, -----	95	56	10	3		7	
Chalfant, -----	9	42	7			1	
Cheswick, -----	41	5	2	7			
Clairton, -----	135	51	11	6	2	1	
Coraopolis—							
First ward, -----	58	24	4	3		1	
Second ward, -----	51	43	2	2			
Third ward, -----	105	42	7	18	3		2
Fourth ward, -----	96	21	3	3			
Crafton—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	192	58	4	9	1	3	
Second precinct, -----	61	29	3	4			
Second ward, -----	162	78	1	3			1
Third ward, -----	59	27		4		3	1
Dormont—							
First precinct, -----	90	26	1	6			
Second precinct, -----	83	28	1		1	10	1
Third precinct, -----	75	25	3	2	1	3	
Fourth precinct, -----	108	21	2	6	1	2	
Fifth precinct, -----	109	34	3	11	1	1	
Dravosburg, -----	99	39	2	6		1	
East McKeesport—							
First precinct, -----	70	14	1	7		1	
Second precinct, -----	53	34	5	9	3		1
Third precinct, -----	11	16	12	2			
East Pittsburgh—							
First ward, -----	37	36	2	4		2	
Second ward, -----	78	95	22	4		4	
Third ward, -----	57	50	17		1	4	
Edgewood—							
First precinct, -----	75	20	1	2		2	
Second precinct, -----	114	20	1	2	1	2	2
Third precinct, -----	112	22		4		1	
Edgeworth, -----	104	24	1	1	2	2	2
Elizabeth, -----	181	42	4	11			
Emsworth, -----	118	56	9	3		3	
Etna—							
First ward, -----	86	45	11	1		1	
Second ward, -----	41	51	3			2	
Third ward, -----	72	51	5	1		3	
Glassport—							
First ward, -----	39	10	1	1			
Second ward, -----	82	79	10	9			
Third ward, -----	37	39	7	2	1	1	
Glenfield, -----	51	24	3	2			1
Greentree—							
First precinct, -----	30	16	1	4			
Second precinct, -----	11	9	1	1		2	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Hays, -----	57	52	18	4		8	
Haysville, -----	12	6					
Heidelberg, -----	51	24	4			3	
Homestead—							
First ward, -----	57	67	6	6	1	2	
Second ward, -----	61	80	9	2		4	
Third ward, -----	101	89	19	12		5	1
Fourth ward, -----	111	57	5	5	2	4	
Fifth ward, -----	71	77	6	7	2	4	2
Ingram—							
First precinct, -----	119	46	4	9	1	2	
Second precinct, -----	114	18	1	5	5		
Knoxville—							
First precinct, -----	93	63	3	4		4	1
Second precinct, -----	70	55	8	2	1	5	
Third precinct, -----	90	52	4	8			
Fourth precinct, -----	71	49		3		1	
Fifth precinct, -----	58	19	2		1	7	
Leetsdale, -----	60	42	17	3		3	1
Liberty, -----	35	8	3			1	1
Millvale —							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	24	63	4			2	
Second precinct, -----	37	85	11			3	1
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	62	128	16	2	3	5	
Second precinct, -----	21	41	10	2	1	4	
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	31	75	25		2	5	
Second precinct, -----	32	33	22	3			
Munhall—							
First precinct, -----	91	77	5	3		2	
Second precinct, -----	120	66	6	11	3	3	
Mt. Oliver—							
First precinct, -----	37	56	6			2	
Second precinct, -----	23	64	5	1		9	
Third precinct, -----	31	46	3	2		11	
Fourth precinct, -----	47	42	5	2		9	
Fifth precinct, -----	30	46	4	2		4	1
McKees Rocks—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	46	47	2	3	1	57	2
Second precinct, -----	9	41	5			9	
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	15	98	8				
Second precinct, -----	43	34	5	3			
Third precinct, -----	19	53	5	4		1	
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	42	39	7	2	1	7	
Second precinct, -----	47	74	8	1	1	20	1
North Braddock—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	53	39	22	1		4	
Second precinct, -----	50	38	14			1	
Third precinct, -----	27	30	2			1	1
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	64	51	10	5			
Second precinct, -----	93	57	14	6	3	1	3
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	71	66	8	4	2	2	
Second precinct, -----	63	51	11	3	1	1	
Third precinct, -----	39	39	13	1		1	
North Clairton, -----	37	17	4	1			
Oakdale, -----	86	27	3	4			
Oakmont—							
First precinct, -----	62	15	4	2	1		
Second precinct, -----	85	23	2	3	3	1	2
Third precinct, -----	50	15	2	5	4	1	
Fourth precinct, -----	53	9	3	2		1	1
Osborne, -----	45	6		3			
Pittcairn—							
First precinct, -----	68	88	26	13	2		
Second precinct, -----	64	68	25	9	4	2	1
Third precinct, -----	46	32	9	5	1	1	1
Fourth precinct, -----	18	18	10	1		2	
Fifth precinct, -----	25	26	12	4			
Port Vue, -----	54	30	22	8	1	1	

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Rankin—							
First precinct,	52	58	10	—	1	2	—
Second precinct,	68	36	8	2	—	—	2
Third precinct,	43	18	4	—	—	1	—
Rosslyn Farms,	29	5	—	1	—	—	—
Sewickley—							
First ward,	119	38	1	9	1	1	1
Second ward,	149	11	2	3	—	—	1
Third ward,	156	26	1	5	—	1	3
Sharpsburg—							
First precinct,	39	101	6	—	—	1	—
Second precinct,	58	143	9	3	—	—	—
Third precinct,	84	70	—	1	—	1	—
Fourth precinct,	59	78	4	3	—	1	—
Springdale,	95	54	20	17	—	4	4
Spring Garden,	25	45	14	—	—	3	—
St. Clair—							
First precinct,	42	64	19	1	—	7	—
Second precinct,	13	131	11	—	—	24	—
Third precinct,	45	65	26	1	1	4	—
Fourth precinct,	9	12	—	—	—	—	—
Swissvale—							
First precinct,	41	40	9	2	2	2	1
Second precinct,	96	62	15	12	—	—	1
Third precinct,	87	39	5	3	—	2	2
Fourth precinct,	81	46	19	6	—	5	1
Fifth precinct,	99	77	13	6	1	2	—
Sixth precinct,	50	14	3	2	—	—	—
Tarentum—							
First ward—							
First precinct,	96	13	1	10	—	1	—
Second precinct,	143	28	6	9	—	—	1
Second ward—							
First precinct,	77	16	4	3	—	—	—
Second precinct,	45	36	3	10	—	—	—
Third ward,	77	37	21	2	1	2	—
Thornburg,	30	10	—	—	1	1	—
Turtle Creek—							
First ward—							
First precinct,	110	48	22	12	1	1	—
Second precinct,	45	28	21	3	1	—	—
Second ward,	85	68	33	12	4	2	—
Third ward,	36	46	24	2	—	1	—
Verona—							
First precinct,	32	33	5	3	—	2	—
Second precinct,	44	23	4	9	—	1	—
Third precinct,	64	40	5	6	—	1	—
Versailles,	77	40	4	10	1	—	—
Wall,	16	55	23	4	4	—	—
West Elizabeth,	74	24	5	4	1	—	—
West Homestead,	82	81	14	6	2	1	—
Westview—							
First precinct,	54	38	21	6	1	3	—
Second precinct,	58	52	1	5	1	1	—
Third precinct,	43	26	5	1	—	4	—
Westwood,	28	16	8	5	—	—	—
Whitaker,	22	46	23	3	—	—	—
Wilkinsburg—							
First ward—							
First precinct,	245	46	7	10	2	1	—
Second precinct,	151	42	7	19	1	1	—
Third precinct,	99	32	9	7	2	1	—
Fourth precinct,	45	16	3	6	—	—	1
Second ward—							
First precinct,	95	31	4	9	2	—	—
Second precinct,	101	37	3	4	2	1	—
Third precinct,	124	42	5	12	4	3	1
Fourth precinct,	115	34	—	8	—	—	—
Fifth precinct,	102	30	4	7	—	—	—
Sixth precinct,	118	32	3	5	1	1	2
Third ward—							
First precinct,	157	52	7	20	1	1	—
Second precinct,	108	41	6	11	—	1	—
Third precinct,	151	53	8	15	4	3	—
Fourth precinct,	163	59	9	9	3	1	—

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul. Republican.	Bonniwell. Democratic.	Sehl. Socialist.	Fithian. Prohibition.	Sproul. Washington.	Bonniwell. Fair Play.	Macauley. Single Tax.
Wilmerding—							
First precinct,	74	54	17	17	1	5	—
Second precinct,	62	90	10	11	—	1	1
Third precinct,	23	16	8	—	—	1	1
Fourth precinct,	41	73	32	5	1	5	—
Wilson,	83	31	—	4	—	—	—
Townships.							
Aleppo,	5	16	—	—	—	—	—
Baldwin—							
First precinct,	4	17	1	—	—	—	—
Second precinct,	24	14	8	1	—	2	—
Third precinct,	58	36	13	3	—	2	1
Fourth precinct,	12	19	4	—	—	2	—
Fifth precinct,	36	9	3	—	—	—	—
Sixth precinct,	16	15	1	1	—	—	—
Seventh precinct,	8	3	—	—	—	—	1
Eighth precinct,	25	8	8	2	—	—	—
Ninth precinct,	49	46	2	2	—	2	—
Tenth precinct,	12	9	3	1	—	—	—
Bethel,	68	25	2	3	1	2	—
Braddock—							
First precinct,	48	11	13	1	1	2	—
Second precinct,	27	25	8	1	—	1	—
Chartiers—							
First precinct,	11	11	1	1	—	—	—
Second precinct,	51	36	1	6	—	3	—
Third precinct,	2	4	—	—	—	—	—
Fifth precinct,	34	11	2	1	1	4	—
Sixth precinct,	98	50	4	4	—	3	1
Seventh precinct,	36	20	6	—	—	—	—
Elighth precinct,	29	19	—	3	—	2	—
Collier—							
First precinct,	41	19	—	1	—	2	—
Second precinct,	35	15	—	6	—	—	—
Third precinct,	13	3	—	—	—	—	—
Fourth precinct,	12	6	2	—	—	—	—
Fifth precinct,	13	12	—	—	—	—	—
Crescent,	20	22	6	5	1	—	1
East Deer,	51	24	10	1	—	—	—
Elizabeth—							
First precinct,	27	13	1	2	—	—	—
Second precinct,	17	19	5	1	—	—	—
Third precinct,	33	14	1	—	—	—	—
Fourth precinct,	30	—	—	4	—	1	—
Fifth precinct,	27	25	2	6	—	—	1
Sixth precinct,	31	14	10	3	—	1	—
Seventh precinct,	10	4	—	1	—	—	—
Elighth precinct,	17	12	1	1	1	—	—
Fawn,	56	6	—	2	—	—	—
Finley—							
First precinct,	44	29	1	14	—	—	1
Second precinct,	59	20	2	5	1	—	—
Forward—							
First precinct,	25	10	—	1	—	—	—
Second precinct,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Third precinct,	47	16	—	—	—	1	—
Franklin,	59	27	1	6	—	2	—
Frazer—							
First precinct,	28	9	7	—	—	—	—
Second precinct,	8	7	—	2	—	—	—
Hampton—							
First precinct,	82	34	2	2	—	—	—
Second precinct,	61	7	—	2	2	—	—
Third precinct,	14	1	2	1	—	—	—
Harmar—							
First precinct,	27	8	1	1	—	—	—
Second precinct,	24	5	1	1	—	2	—
Harrison—							
First precinct,	66	50	6	1	1	—	1
Second precinct,	49	36	3	1	1	1	—
Third precinct,	51	12	8	10	—	—	—
Fourth precinct,	55	52	7	—	—	2	—
Fifth precinct,	46	9	7	3	—	1	—
Indiana—							
First precinct,	58	10	5	2	—	3	—
Second precinct,	24	3	—	—	—	—	—
Third precinct,	29	13	1	—	—	—	—

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl., Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Jefferson—							
First precinct,	12	2	10			1	
Second precinct,	9	36	14	1	1		
Third precinct,	25	13	1	2			
Fourth precinct,	46	16	4				
Fifth precinct,	19	16	2				
Sixth precinct,	21	14	1				
Seventh precinct,	18	10			1		
Eighth precinct,	23	9	3	3			
Ninth precinct,	12	7	9				
Kennedy—							
First precinct,	23	1	1	5			
Second precinct,	12	9	1	1			
Kilbuck,	22	4				1	
Leet,	35	21	6	3		4	
Lincoln,	23	14	2				
Lower St. Clair,	12						
McCandless—							
First precinct,	56	18		1			1
Second precinct,	7	35					
Third precinct,	28	17		1	1		
Fourth precinct,	37	7					
Marshall,	47	32	2	2			
Miffin—							
First precinct,	28	11	1			1	
Second precinct,	10	14	8	3	1		1
Third precinct,	14	3					
Fourth precinct,	46	45	9	5	1	3	
Fifth precinct,	12	4	1				
Sixth precinct,	48	31	12			4	1
Seventh precinct,	7	27	8			2	
Eighth precinct,	44	66	21			1	
Ninth precinct,	32	26	5	5	1	2	
Moon—							
First precinct,	45	12	2	1			
Second precinct,	38	9					
Third precinct,	15	5	2				
Fourth precinct,	9	4	2				
Mt. Lebanon—							
First precinct,	110	39	4	8		3	1
Second precinct,	8	6		1		1	
Third precinct,	11	26		2		1	
Neville,	29	6	1	4			
North Fayette—							
First precinct,	9	5		1			
Second precinct,	11	1		8			
Third precinct,	22	11	1				
Fourth precinct,	27	8		1			
Fifth precinct,	56	16	5	7		2	
North Versailles—							
First precinct,	36	18	9	3	1		
Second precinct,	10	7					
Third precinct,	5	6	1				
Fourth precinct,	19	14	6	1			
Fifth precinct,	25	27	7	3		7	
Sixth precinct,	11	40	6	1		2	1
O'Hara—							
First precinct,	67	23	1	5			
Second precinct,	32	20					
Third precinct,	35	46	5				1
Fourth precinct,	25	6	1				
Ohio—							
Patton,	20	14			1		
First precinct,	34	9	1	2			
Second precinct,	21	14	4	3			2
Third precinct,	8	5	14	2		1	
Fourth precinct,	18	28	3	3		1	
Fifth precinct,	20	5	2	1			
Penn—							
First precinct,	52	21	7	2			1
Second precinct,	43	22	15	3			
Third precinct,	28	10	4	4			
Fourth precinct,	19	11	4	2			
Fifth precinct,	56	30	5	2			
Sixth precinct,	52	17	3	4	1		
Pine,	36	24	2	3			

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Plum—							
First precinct,	40	9	1				
Second precinct,	42	9	3	3		1	
Third precinct,	11	17	1		1	2	
Fourth precinct,	51	4		1	1		
Fifth precinct,	11	2	7	2			
Reserve—							
First precinct,	86	39	16	3		5	1
Second precinct,	14	20					
Third precinct,	12	22	2	1		18	
Richland—							
First precinct,	49	8		13			
Second precinct,	57	9	1	7			
Robinson—							
First precinct,	20	5					
Second precinct,	70	19	6	5	2	1	
Third precinct,	15	6					
Fourth precinct,	9	10	2				
Ross—							
First precinct,	61	12	6	4	1		
Second precinct,	50	10	2			1	
Third precinct,	8	7	7	3		1	
Fourth precinct,	68	23	6	1		1	
Fifth precinct,	81	14	1	5	1	1	
Scott—							
First precinct,	60	41	5			1	
Second precinct,	22	11	1	1			
Third precinct,	11	4					
Fourth precinct,	33	8	4		1		
Fifth precinct,	41	16	3	1			
Sewickley,	8	4	2				
Sewickley Heights,	39	15	1				
Shaler—							
First precinct,	55	21	8		1	2	
Second precinct,	87	22	16	2			
Third precinct,	12	13	3			2	
Fourth precinct,	63	17		5		1	
Fifth precinct,	66	12	6				
Sixth precinct,	41	10	1	10		1	
Seventh precinct,	10	17	2			1	
Snowden—							
First precinct,	25	16	2	1		1	
Second precinct,	46	21	7			2	
South Fayette—							
First precinct,	33	99	8	1	1	2	
Second precinct,	13	5		1			
Third precinct,	19	29	1	3		1	
Fourth precinct,	30	3		4	1		
Fifth precinct,	22	6	4	2			
South Versailles,	15	5		1			
Springdale,	24	5			1		
Stowe—							
First precinct,	18	34	2	1		1	
Second precinct,	33	25	4	1		2	
Third precinct,	57	89	14	7		1	
Union,	40	26	6	7	2	4	
Upper St. Clair—							
First precinct,	16	8		1			
Second precinct,	50	6		2			
Versailles—							
First precinct,	44	20	18	4	1		
Second precinct,	15	12	3				
West Deer—							
First precinct,	29	7		3		1	
Second precinct,	21		2	5		1	
Third precinct,	40	4		1			
Fourth precinct,	20	4	3	3			
Wilkins—							
First precinct,	46	28	16	4	1		
Second precinct,	27	26	1	4	2	1	
Third precinct,	7	4	14	1			
Soldiers' vote,	1,056	441	41	32	1		1
Total,	50,537	27,328	3,697	2,689	335	1,819	6

Scattering—3.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fifthian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Apollo borough—							
First ward, -----	118	41	3	8	2	1	
Second ward, -----	83	36		10		1	1
Applewood borough, -----	31	7		1	1		
Atwood borough, -----	16	2		6	1		
Bethel township, -----	44	24	1	3		2	
Boggs township, -----	49	18		2			
Bradys Bend township—							
First district, -----	65	23	2	3			
Second district, -----	51	9	3	3			
Burrell township, -----	33	43	1	3			
Cowanshannock township—							
Eastern district, -----	71	18		3	1		
Western district, -----	83	23	2	3			
Sagamore district, -----	95	12	2	4			
Dayton borough, -----	116	15		8	1		
East Franklin township, -----	63	15	1	8			
Elderton borough, -----	32	12		6	1		
Ford City borough, -----	219	72	8	7	1	2	
Freeport borough, -----	164	87	1	14		2	
Gilpin township, -----	73	52	4				
Hovey township, -----	19	2		2			
Johnetta borough, -----	42	7					
Kiskiminetas township—							
Edmon district, -----	18	15		1	1		
Maysville district, -----	21	11		10			
Spring Church district, -----	32	15	2	2	2		
Sugar Hollow district, -----	31	57		5			
Kittanning borough—							
First ward, -----	116	53	3	2	1	3	
Second ward, -----	169	63	2	12		6	
Third ward, -----	143	56	4	11	8		
Fourth ward, -----	53	20	3	17	2	1	
Kittanning township, -----	31	39	1	3	1		
Leechburg borough—							
First district, -----	144	31		15		2	
Second district, -----	94	32	2	6		2	
Madison township—							
Eastern district, -----	85	4	1				
Western district, -----	104	8	3	4			1
Mahoning township—							
Eastern district, -----	86	26		1		1	
Western district, -----	74	19	6	10			
Manor township—							
Northern district, -----	88	20	1	5	1	1	1
Southern district, -----	51	25	2	12			2
Manorville borough, -----	38	14		1			
North Buffalo township—							
Eastern district, -----	23	1					
Western district, -----	44	13	1	1			
Parker City borough—							
First ward, -----	39	18	1	3			
Second ward, -----	61	16	1	5			
Parks township—							
North Vandergrift district, -----	24	31	3	6			
Western district, -----	16	14		2			
Perry township, -----	48	12		2		1	1
Pine township, -----	47	13		3			
Plumcreek township, -----	75	16	2	5	2		
Rayburn township, -----	33	5	1	4	1		
Redbank township—							
Oak Ridge district, -----	43	8		5			
Redbank district, -----	107	19		5		1	1
Rural Valley borough, -----	76	19	2	2	3		
South Bend township, -----	49	35		8			
South Bethlehem borough, -----	35	10	1	6	1		
South Buffalo township—							
Laneville district, -----	22	17	1	1			
South Buffalo district, -----	72	25		8	1	1	
Sugarcreek township, -----	70	10		3	1		
Valley township, -----	23	7					
Washington township—							
Northern district, -----	38			1	1		1
Southern district, -----	42	7					
Wayne township, -----	88	47		11	8		

ARMSTRONG COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
West Franklin township, -----	40	15	2	7			
West Kittanning borough, -----	46	13	3	3			
Worthington borough, -----	46	5		4	2	1	
Soldiers' vote, -----	46	12	3	2			
Total, -----	4,098	1,414	79	308	39	28	8

BEAVER COUNTY.

Ambridge borough—							
First ward, -----	99	84	19	8	2	2	1
Second ward, -----	163	84	9	8	2	2	4
Third ward, -----	46	35	1		1		
Fourth ward, -----	66	51	10	4		7	1
Alliquippa borough, -----	83	63	11	4		3	
Beaver borough—							
First ward, -----	136	39	1	23		2	
Second ward, -----	118	25	1	16			
Third ward, -----	115	29	4	5	1	1	
Beaver Falls borough—							
First ward, -----	130	57	4	1	1	3	
Second ward, -----	103	32	3	8	1	2	
Third ward, -----	121	71	5	6			1
Fourth ward, -----	102	34	2	6	1	1	
Fifth ward, -----	94	60	19	6		4	
Sixth ward, -----	84	38	8	3			1
Borough township, -----	48	14	5	11		2	1
Brighton township—							
First precinct, -----	28	11		5			1
Second precinct, -----	15	5		2			
Third precinct, -----	23	10				1	
Baden borough, -----	63	12	1	1	1		
Bridgewater borough, -----	81	41	7	11	2		
Big Beaver township—							
First precinct, -----	30	10	1	3	1		
Second precinct, -----	28	1		9	1		
Conway borough, -----	19	24	6	3		1	
College Hill borough, -----	131	47	3	14	1		
Chippewa township, -----	40	11	1	4		1	
Center township, -----	18	15	1	3			
Darlington borough, -----	41	7		1			
Darlington township, -----	98	14	1	10			
Daugherty township, -----	32	10		4			
East Rochester borough, -----	15	10	4	3		1	
Eastvale borough, -----	11	12	3	2			
Economy township—							
South precinct, -----	22	10		1			
North precinct, -----	17	4	1	3			
Franklin township—							
East precinct, -----	21	7	1	5			
West precinct, -----	24	18	3	4		1	
Freedom borough—							
First ward, -----	11	15	4	2			
Second ward, -----	37	44	8	4			2
Third ward, -----	29	34	2	5			
Frankfort Springs borough, -----	5	9		2			
Fallston borough, -----	22	7	4	9	1		
Georgetown borough, -----	24	4		8			
Glasgow borough, -----	18	7		2			
Greene township, -----	56	11	1	12	1		
Harmony township, -----	1	1	1			1	
Hanover township—							
East precinct, -----	37	8		4			1
West precinct, -----	35	16		13			
Hopewell township—							
First precinct, -----	23	9	2	1	2		
Second precinct, -----	38	13		4			
Third precinct, -----	13	20	3	5			1
Hookstown borough, -----	28	15		1			
Homewood borough, -----	15	7	3	2	1		1
Independence township, -----	41	23		4			
Industry township, -----	44	18	1	3	1		1

BEAVER COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Play. Fair.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Koppel borough, -----	50	13	1	2			1
Monaca borough—							
First ward, -----	36	60	6	2			1
Second ward, -----	50	36	5	1	2	3	1
Third ward, -----	38	20	3				
Midland borough, -----	184	86	3	4	3	2	
Moon township—							
First precinct, -----	13	13	7	2	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	12	20	2				
Marion township, -----	6	13		1	3		
New Galilee borough, -----	15	12		8			
North Sewickley township—							
First precinct, -----	23	26	4	13			
Second precinct, -----	29	13		7			
New Sewickley township—							
Feazel district, -----	39	26	1	3			1
Freedom district, -----	13	6	1		1		
New Brighton borough—							
First ward, -----	179	42	2	10	2		
Second ward, -----	144	45	7	7			
Third ward, -----	95	39	6	10		3	
Fourth ward, -----	123	25	7	12	1		1
Fifth ward, -----	92	35	14	20	2	1	1
Ohio township—							
First precinct, -----	18	4		2			
Second precinct, -----	75	13	2	6		1	
Pulaski township, -----	21	18	2	1			
Potter township, -----	17	9	1	1			
Patterson township, -----	29	18	2	6	1	1	
Patterson Heights borough, -----	55	11	1	4	1		
Raccoon township, -----	40	11		9			
Rochester township, -----	20	27	2			1	
Rochester borough—							
First ward, -----	72	55	9	4	3	21	
Second ward, -----	125	79	19	23	2	10	
Third ward, -----	43	41	17	10		1	
Fourth ward, -----	70	41	6	3	1	9	
South Beaver township, -----	69	35	1	5			
South Heights borough, -----	19	16	3	1			
Shippingport borough, -----	21	4		5			
White township, -----	27	13	11	2			
Woodlawn borough—							
First precinct, -----	109	83	4	3			
Second precinct, -----	28	38	1	3			
Third precinct, -----	34	35	4	3		1	
Soldiers' vote, -----	42	13	1	1			
Total, -----	4,819	2,350	329	470	44	98	22

BEDFORD COUNTY.

Bedford borough—							
East ward, -----	131	69		6	8	2	
West ward, -----	106	45		4	1	2	
Bedford township, -----	134	123	4	9		1	
Bloomfield township, -----	63	23	2	2			
Broad Top township, -----	146	48	53		2	1	1
Coaldale borough, -----	35	3	8				
Colerain township, -----	71	61	2	10	4		
Cumberland Valley township, -----	35	71	1	17			
Everett borough, -----	270	41	1	4	1		
Harrison township, -----	101	23		2			
Hopewell borough, -----	56	13	4	3	2		
Hopewell township, -----	150	28	4	1			
Hyndman borough, -----	101	62	11	13			
Juniata township, -----	73	76		3			
Kimmel township, -----	60	83		1		1	1
King township, -----	77	51		1	1		
Liberty township, -----	87	45	6	3			
Lincoln township, -----	53	4	5	3	2		
Londonderry township, -----	99	28		2	1		

BEDFORD COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonntwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonntwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Mann township, -----	40	32		4			
Manns Choice borough, -----	30	33	1				
Monroe township, -----	154	86					
Napier township, -----	118	66	1	6			1
New Paris borough, -----	12	21	2	3	1		
Pleasantville borough, -----	41	5		2	1		
Providence township—							
East, -----	204	19	1	1	1		
West, -----	220	37	3	2	2	1	
Rainsburg borough, -----	31	7			1		
Saxton borough, -----	110	20		23	2		
Schellsburg borough, -----	34	29	1	2			
Snake Spring township, -----	63	27		2			
Southampton towaship—							
No. 1, -----	11	12	1	4			1
No. 3, -----	28	48					
St. Clairsville borough, -----	17	6		1			
St. Clair township—							
East, -----	114	55	1	5			
West, -----	94	28	2	7	3		
Union township, -----	34	9	1	7	3		
Woodbury borough, -----	35	10			2		
Woodbury township, -----	105	28		1			
Woodbury township, South, -----	184	65		5			
Soldiers' vote, -----	19	7					
Total, -----	3,549	1,547	115	154	38	8	4

BERKS COUNTY.

Reading city—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	69	60	6	1	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	67	64	6				1
Third precinct, -----	67	54	12	1	3	1	1
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	30	38	5			1	
Second precinct, -----	26	72	4				
Third precinct, -----	40	63	8			1	
Fourth precinct, -----	57	103	10	1	1	2	
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	98	111	7	2		5	
Second precinct, -----	113	158	21	1	2	3	
Third precinct, -----	69	75	9	2	1	1	
Fourth ward, -----	150	131	17	2		5	
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	76	93	22		2		
Second precinct, -----	23	54	11				
Sixth ward—							
First precinct, -----	62	44	15			4	
Second precinct, -----	101	81	36	2	3	3	
Third precinct, -----	97	136	79	3		1	
Fourth precinct, -----	43	67	15			4	
Fifth precinct, -----	75	103	27	2		2	
Seventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	88	86	8	1	3	5	2
Second precinct, -----	162	120	12	3	2		1
Eighth ward—							
First precinct, -----	82	97	10	1	2	8	
Second precinct, -----	104	153	17	1	3	3	1
Ninth ward—							
First precinct, -----	48	64	13	1		3	1
Second precinct, -----	43	72	10		1	3	1
Third precinct, -----	64	91	17	2		6	
Fourth precinct, -----	62	155	35		1	3	
Tenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	47	123	49	2		3	
Second precinct, -----	96	135	20	4	1	2	
Eleventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	81	134	20	6	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	56	146	34	3	3	8	1
Third precinct, -----	73	124	43	1			

BERKS COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Reading city—Concluded—							
Twelfth ward—							
First precinct,	52	66	19		2	2	
Second precinct,	66	107	22		1	5	
Third precinct,	102	183	68		2	3	1
Fourth precinct,	88	92	16		1	3	
Thirteenth ward—							
First precinct,	58	74	28	3	3	5	
Second precinct,	73	105	29		1	4	
Third precinct,	102	163	34	3	2		1
Fourth precinct,	73	82	50	6			
Fourteenth ward—							
First precinct,	127	52	9	1		1	
Second precinct,	265	185	34	16	2	8	
Third precinct,	19	25	16	4			
Fourth precinct,	179	74	10	4	1	4	1
Fifteenth ward—							
First precinct,	124	140	45	10	1	9	1
Second precinct,	34	40	17	1		3	
Third precinct,	197	118	28	3	4	2	
Fourth precinct,	220	124	33	11	1	3	
Fifth precinct,	61	78	48	1			
Sixth precinct,	22	32	21			1	
Sixteenth ward—							
First precinct,	159	122	14	1	1		
Second precinct,	107	126	63			1	
Third precinct,	131	177	50	2			1
Seventeenth ward—							
First precinct,	70	97	56	2	3	9	
Second precinct,	48	66	22	4			
Third precinct,	78	116	50	2	1	4	1
Fourth precinct,	36	47	32	1	1	1	
Eighteenth ward,	62	39	29	1	2	1	
Total for city,	4,822	5,470	1,435	129	59	148	15
Albany township—							
First precinct,	15	36					
Second precinct,	23	26			1		
Alsace township,	7	42	1				
Alsace township, Lower,	60	69	5	2			
Amity township—							
First precinct,	44	33	1		1		
Second precinct,	61	104	2	4	1		
Bally borough,	10	59		2			
Bechtelsville borough,	15	46	3				
Bern township—							
First precinct,	8	45	1		1		
Second precinct,	10	17	1				
Third precinct,	2	7	1		1		
Bern township, Upper,	24	78	1		1	1	
Bernville borough,	18	56		1	1	2	
Bethel township—							
First precinct,	25	91	1				
Second precinct,	10	22					
Third precinct,	11	20					
Fourth precinct,	10	28		1			
Birdsboro borough—							
East ward,	247	50	1	3		3	1
West ward,	120	15	1				
Boyetown borough,	120	231	15	12	1	6	
Brecknock township—							
First precinct,	7	25	1				
Second precinct,	9	28	5			1	
Caernarvon township,	95	32		1			
Centre township,	25	91	1	1	2	3	
Centreport borough,	4	13					
Colebrookdale township,	25	86	2	1	1	1	
Cumru township—							
First precinct,	20	38	2	5			
Second precinct,	15	41	12				
Third precinct,	12	29					
Fourth precinct,	19	23					
District township,	8	35					
Douglass township—							
First precinct,	30	22				1	
Second precinct,	4	44		1			

BERKS COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Earl township—							
First precinct, -----	2	33	2			1	
Second precinct, -----	6	59	1		1		
Exeter township—							
First precinct, -----	63	95	3		3	1	
Second precinct, -----	27	20	13				
Third precinct, -----	22	27	3				
Fleetwood borough, -----	77	164	6	1	1		
Greenwich township—							
First precinct, -----	2	38	1				
Second precinct, -----	5	65					
Hamburg borough—							
North ward, -----	115	124	10	2			
South ward, -----	71	161	6	2	2	5	
Heidelberg township, -----	10	48		1		1	
Heidelberg township, Lower—							
First precinct, -----	12	23					
Second precinct, -----	18	81				1	1
Heidelberg township, North, -----	13	74	1				
Heidelberg township, South—							
First precinct, -----	23	46		1			
Second precinct, -----	9	34					
Hereford township—							
First precinct, -----	9	41		2			
Second precinct, -----	37	26	1	3			
Jefferson township, -----	18	83	1			1	
Kutztown borough—							
First ward, -----	46	134	1		2	2	
Second ward, -----	47	103		1	4	1	1
Lehartsville borough, -----	3	22					
Longswamp township—							
First precinct, -----	33	54					
Second precinct, -----	51	55				1	
Third precinct, -----	7	25	1				
Maidencreek township, -----	42	160	1	2		1	
Marion township, -----	25	91			1	2	
Maxatawny township—							
First precinct, -----	11	35			1		
Second precinct, -----	32	78			1	3	
Third precinct, -----	21	29		1	1		
Mohnton borough, -----	135	54	9	9	3	3	
Mt. Penn borough, -----	69	81	11	2	4	4	
Muhlenberg township—							
First precinct, -----	56	134	33	5	1	1	1
Second precinct, -----	39	113	16	1	1	2	1
Oley township—							
First precinct, -----	51	97	1	6	1	1	1
Second precinct, -----	15	85	1	3			
Ontelaunee township, -----	35	39	3	1	1	1	
Penn township—							
First precinct, -----	10	49					
Second precinct, -----	6	52	1		1	1	
Perry township, -----	32	125	1	1		3	
Pike township, -----	6	46	3				
Richmond township, -----	19	128	2			2	
Robeson township—							
First precinct, -----	48	24					
Second precinct, -----	34	60	10		1		
Third precinct, -----	5	44				2	
Robesonia borough, -----	31	106			1	5	
Rockland township, -----	7	71	1	1			
Ruscombmanor township, -----	10	64	1				
Shillington borough, -----	107	86	15	4	2	3	
Sinking Spring borough, -----	75	103	7	1			
Spring township—							
First precinct, -----	6	19	1				
Second precinct, -----	47	49	1	1			
Third precinct, -----	16	78	4	1	1	1	
Tilden township—							
First precinct, -----	19	39					
Second precinct, -----	21	35					
Tonton borough, -----	68	105		1	1		
Tulphocken township—							
First precinct, -----	11	94		1			
Second precinct, -----	5	79					
Tulphocken township, Upper, -----	17	163			3		

BERKS COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonnivell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonnivell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Union township—							
First precinct, -----	80	54		1			
Second precinct, -----	17	10					
Washington township—							
First precinct, -----	16	49	1			1	
Second precinct, -----	18	30	1				
Wernersville borough, -----	50	63	2	1	2	4	
West Leesport borough, -----	34	40	1	3	1		
West Reading borough, -----	103	114	59	3	3	2	
Windsor township, -----	2	80			1		
Womelsdorf borough, -----	62	114	9		4	7	
Wyomissing borough, -----	155	64	14	2		2	
Soldiers' vote, -----	95	93	3	7			
Total, -----	8,444	11,930	1,752	234	119	231	21

BLAIR COUNTY.

Altoona city—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	197	66	1	7	3	4	
Second precinct, -----	139	63	4	5			
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	69	35		3		3	
Second precinct, -----	69	60		3		1	
Third precinct, -----	70	53	3	1		2	
Fourth precinct, -----	77	65	2	3			
Fifth precinct, -----	64	67	1	2	1	2	
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	86	98	3	4		1	1
Second precinct, -----	148	113	1	11			
Fourth ward—							
First precinct, -----	142	100	9	5	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	99	86	3	7	3	1	2
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	115	143	1	6			
Second precinct, -----	63	122	7				
Sixth ward—							
First precinct, -----	84	66	5	2		3	
Second precinct, -----	76	57	1	9	1	2	1
Third precinct, -----	89	60	1	3		4	
Fourth precinct, -----	73	53	5	3		2	
Fifth precinct, -----	117	71	6	13	1	1	
Seventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	112	51	4	6	1	2	1
Second precinct, -----	72	42	1	8	2	2	
Third precinct, -----	74	41	3	5		1	
Eighth ward—							
First precinct, -----	81	79	2	2	2	2	
Second precinct, -----	109	102	6	11			
Third precinct, -----	104	52	4	8		1	
Ninth ward—							
First precinct, -----	137	83	1	7	2	1	
Second precinct, -----	112	64	1	3			1
Tenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	92	53	5	4			
Second precinct, -----	131	84	5	7	1	6	1
Eleventh ward, -----	140	61	6	11	4		1
Twelfth ward, -----	136	73	4	10	3	3	1
Total for city, -----	3,080	2,166	95	169	25	45	9
Allegheny township—							
First district, -----	28	13	1	1			
Second district, -----	43	21	3			1	
Third district, -----	12	6		1			
Bennington district, -----	12	8	1				
Antis township—							
First district, -----	92	51	1	7			
Second district, -----	43	15		4		1	

BLAIR COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Blair township—							
Catfish district,	28	11	1	—	—	—	—
East Hollidaysburg district,	51	17	3	—	1	1	2
Bellwood borough,	195	84	1	26	2	4	—
Catharine township,	34	18	—	—	—	—	—
Duncansville borough,	100	38	1	6	2	1	1
Frankstown township—							
First district,	32	4	6	—	—	—	—
Second district,	110	21	6	4	—	1	1
Third district,	26	9	2	2	—	—	1
Freedom township—							
First district,	8	6	1	—	—	—	—
Second district,	82	22	2	2	—	—	—
Gayssport borough,	55	48	—	4	—	—	—
Greenfield township—							
First district,	171	47	2	4	—	—	—
Second district,	20	5	—	2	1	—	—
Hollidaysburg borough—							
First ward,	91	49	1	3	—	—	—
Second ward,	108	37	1	3	—	—	2
Third ward,	38	27	1	2	—	1	—
Fourth ward,	67	43	4	1	1	—	1
Fifth ward,	58	27	3	1	—	2	—
Huston township,	85	37	—	1	—	—	—
Juniata borough—							
First ward,	157	132	9	9	2	1	1
Second ward,	87	82	9	8	2	4	1
Third ward,	32	30	4	4	3	1	—
Fourth ward,	29	16	7	3	1	—	1
Fifth ward,	69	55	4	9	—	2	—
Juniata township—							
First district,	17	22	—	—	1	—	—
Second district,	26	12	—	—	—	—	1
Logan township—							
First district,	57	21	1	1	1	3	1
Second district,	139	87	8	16	5	1	—
Third district,	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fourth district,	102	33	1	5	2	—	—
Fifth district,	100	87	6	9	1	2	—
Sixth district,	29	24	4	4	1	—	1
Seventh district,	25	26	1	2	—	1	—
Eighth district,	91	40	2	2	1	1	1
Ninth district,	44	28	3	4	—	—	—
Martinsburg borough,	101	38	1	3	1	—	—
Newry borough,	25	21	—	—	—	—	—
North Woodbury township—							
First district,	35	23	—	3	—	—	—
Second district,	85	36	—	—	—	—	—
Roaring Spring borough—							
First ward,	141	30	—	2	1	—	—
Second ward,	161	40	1	7	3	—	—
Snyder township,	84	26	4	1	1	—	—
Taylor township,	96	24	—	1	1	—	—
Tyrone township—							
First district,	63	5	—	3	—	—	—
Second district,	31	5	—	—	—	—	—
Tyrone borough—							
First ward,	124	39	2	9	1	—	1
Second ward,	102	32	3	5	2	—	—
Third ward,	118	23	1	12	3	—	—
Fourth ward,	162	54	2	4	2	—	—
Fifth ward,	75	38	2	12	1	—	—
Sixth ward,	167	33	4	13	2	—	—
Seventh ward,	60	12	3	9	—	—	—
Williamsburg borough,	151	34	—	10	—	—	1
Woodbury township,	88	5	—	2	—	—	—
Soldiers' vote,	70	31	4	1	—	—	—
Total,	7,557	4,074	227	417	70	74	26

BRADFORD COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Alba borough,	19	5		1	1		
Albany township,	85	38	1	5	1		1
Armenia township,	25	4					
Asylum township,	57	23	1	4			
Athens borough—							
First ward,	109	27	2	8	1	1	
Second ward,	90	23	1	8			
Third ward,	101	44	1	18		1	
Fourth ward,	66	27	1	18	1		
Athens township—							
First district,	29	29		3			
Second district,	14	15		2			
Third district,	40	28		3			
Fourth district,	7	7	5				
Barclay township,	27	7		1			
Burlington borough,	18	3		2	1	1	
Burlington township,	78	5		2			
Burlington township, West,	58	12		7			
Canton borough—							
First ward,	128	26		8		1	
Second ward,	118	22		7			
Canton township—							
First district,	123	7		7			
Second district,	38	5		6	1	1	
Columbia township—							
First district,	40	9		2			
Second district,	48	12		2			
Franklin township,	50	9		8			
Granville township,	118	8	1	1			
Herrick township,	53	10		4	1		
LeRaysville borough,	55	3		2	2		
LeRoy township,	105	4	1	3			1
Litchfield township,	47	17	3	2			
Monroe borough,	54	12		2			
Monroe township—							
First district,	37	10		1	1		
Second district,	44	14	1	1			
New Albany borough,	53	10		4			
Orwell township,	88	4		2	1		
Overton township,	15	12	2	5			
Pike township—							
First district,	74	2					
Second district,	75	3		4			
Ridgebury township,	52	17		1		1	
Rome borough,	32	5		1			
Rome township,	62	13		2			
Sayre borough—							
First ward,	116	86	3	5			1
Second ward,	116	124	3	15			
Third ward,	29	33	3	9		1	
Fourth ward,	140	66	5	30	3	1	
Sheshequin township,	75	16		9			
Smithfield township,	113	23		14	1	3	
South Creek township,	90	30	2	6	1	2	
South Waverly borough,	32	40	4	4		1	
Springfield township,	94	19		12	2		
Standing Stone township,	33	25		1	2		1
Sylvania borough,	38	3		2			
Terry township,	66	26		1	2		
Towanda borough—							
First ward,	88	46		6		3	
Second ward,	125	53	2	5		1	1
Third ward,	143	25		10	2		
Towanda township,	59	5		1			1
Towanda township, North,	42	9		2			
Troy borough,	159	30	2	9	1		
Troy township—							
First district,	75	12		7			
Second district,	43	10		8	3		
Tuscarora township—							
Eastern district,	54	4		1			
Western district,	47	3		1			
Ulster township—							
First district,	95	19		3	3		
Second district,	27	2		7			
Warren township,	108	18		8			1

BRADFORD COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Rithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Wells township, -----	39	24		4		1	
Wilnot township, -----	94	20		3			1
Windham township, -----	82	18		1			
Wyalusing borough, -----	93	18		7	3		
Wyalusing township—							
First district, -----	61	9		3			
Second district, -----	81	18		5	1		
Wysox township—							
First district, -----	54	14	1	4	2		
Second district, -----	53	10		1			
Soldiers' vote, -----	29	11		1			
Total, -----	4,933	1,404	45	357	37	19	8

BUCKS COUNTY.

Bristol borough—							
First ward, -----	158	79	1	2	2		
Second ward, -----	142	48	2	1	3		1
Third ward, -----	160	69		2	3		
Fourth ward, -----	74	140		2		2	
Fifth ward, -----	101	47			1	1	
Bristol township—							
East district, -----	109	55					
West district, -----	92	47	1	2	1	1	1
Bedminster township—							
East district, -----	122	91	2			1	
West district, -----	106	58	2				
Bensalem township, Upper, -----	72	30	2				
Bensalem township, Lower—							
East district, -----	93	47					
Middle district, -----	69	65	3	2			
West district, -----	78	33					
Bridgeton township, -----	58	45					
Buckingham township—							
Upper district, -----	100	22		1			
Middle district, -----	102	66	1				
Lower district, -----	96	45		5	2		
Chalfont borough, -----	42	28		3	1		
Doylestown borough—							
First ward, -----	149	59	1		1	3	
Second ward, -----	99	85		1		2	
Third ward, -----	215	92	2		3		
Doylestown township—	157	81	1	2			
Dublin borough, -----	42	17					
Durham township—							
Riegelsville district, -----	3	9					
Lehnenburg district, -----	21	20					
Durham district, -----	23	13	1	1			
Falls township—							
Upper district, -----	129	24	2	2	1		1
Lower district, -----	70	14		1			
Haycock township, -----	46	73	5	1			
Hilltown township—							
Blooming Glen district, -----	124	25		1	2		
Hilltown district, -----	78	18		1	2		
Fairhill district, -----	57	42	2	2	1		
Hulmeville borough, -----	76	13		4			
Ivyland borough, -----	41	18		1	1		
Langhorne borough, -----	157	37	1	5			
Langhorne Manor borough, -----	33	3					
Makefield township—							
Lower, -----	132	29	1		1		
Upper, -----	157	29		6			
Middletown township, -----	200	37	3	2	1	1	
Millford township—							
Roseville district, -----	66	36			2		
Trumbauersville district, -----	11	20		2	1		
Roeder district, -----	20	29	1				
Shelly district, -----	47	56		1			
Morrisville borough—							
First ward, -----	67	32	2	2			
Second ward, -----	99	45	6	4			
Third ward, -----	59	32		7			1

BUCKS COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
New Britain township—							
East, -----	91	18	1	2	1		
West, -----	78	13		2			
Newhope borough, -----	139	100		1	3		
Newtown borough—							
First ward, -----	124	48	1	3		1	
Second ward, -----	127	49	2	3			
Newtown township, -----	109	30	4		1		
Nockamixon township—							
Nockamixon district, -----	26	79	3	1			
Revere district, -----	24	45	2	1			
Northampton township, -----	184	88	6	4		1	
Perkasie borough—							
First ward, -----	127	140	23	6			
Second ward, -----	125	105	9	9	4	3	
Third ward, -----	50	41	2				
Plumstead township—							
North district, -----	120	32					
South district, -----	110	46	2		1		
East district, -----	46	28	2				
Quakertown borough—							
First ward, -----	87	81	5	5		2	
Second ward, -----	92	57	5	2		1	
Third ward, -----	89	190	13	1	1	3	
Fourth ward, -----	95	63	4	3	1		
Riegelsville borough, -----	49	56		1		3	
Rockhill township, East, -----	66	72	8		1		
Rockhill township, West—							
Rockhill district, -----	38	47	3	1			
Argus district, -----	10	22	5				
Richland township—							
Upper district, -----	50	46	1	3			
Lower district, -----	58	38	4	2		1	
Riehlantown borough, -----	28	94	1				
Sellersville borough, -----	157	139	22	2		2	
Silverdale borough, -----	24	9		3			
Solebury township—							
Upper district, -----	84	29	1	1	1		
Middle district, -----	50	19		1	3		
Lower district, -----	40	28					
Southampton township—							
Lower, -----	92	38		4			
Upper, -----	103	60	1	4		1	
South Langhorne borough, -----	41	34	1				
Springfield township—							
East district, -----	45	45	1	15	1		
Middle district, -----	28	66		5		2	
West district, -----	33	24	4	3		2	
Telford borough, -----	29	14		5			
Tinicum township—							
Delaware district, -----	34	53	2	1			
Tohickon district, -----	22	39			3		
Tinicum district, -----	18	58	2		1		
Trumbauersville borough, -----	13	125					
Tullytown borough, -----	62	31		1		1	
Warminster township, -----	93	33					
Warrington township, -----	100	49		1			
Warwick township, -----	81	25		1		1	
Wrightstown township, -----	114	27		3	3	1	
Yardley borough, -----	144	58	3	2			
Soldiers' vote, -----	27	17	1	1			
Total, -----	7,728	4,645	186	174	54	36	4

Scattering—1.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Adams township—							
North precinct, -----	29	9		5			
South precinct, -----	34	7	2	9			
Allegheny township, -----	41	6		13			
Brady township, -----	25	9		4			
Buffalo township, -----	98	20		5	1		1

BUTLER COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Butler township—							
First precinct, -----	38	13	1	3			
Second precinct, -----	76	74	11	3	4		1
Third precinct, -----	36	12	1	5			
Center township, -----	73	26		6			
Cherry township—							
North precinct, -----	33	14		3			
South precinct, -----	30	5		1			
Clay township, -----	84	6		10	1		
Clearfield township, -----	27	35		6			
Clinton township, -----	56	7	2	4			
Concord township, -----	48	14	1	24	3		
Connoquenessing township—							
North precinct, -----	46	12		3			
South precinct, -----	28	13		6			
Cranberry township, -----	57	38		12	1	1	
Donegal township, -----	46	55	1	1			
Fairview township, -----	86	12	1	15			
Forward township, -----	49	41	3	14			
Franklin township, -----	63	29		9			
Jackson township—							
East precinct, -----	6	13	1	10	1		
West precinct, -----	42	24	1	3			
Jefferson township, -----	47	22	4	12	1		
Lancaster township, -----	49	32		3			
Marion township, -----	44	44		13	1		
Mercer township, -----	42	19		23			
Middlesex township, -----	75	15	1	7			
Mudycreek township, -----	82	23	2	4			
Oakland township, -----	39	21	3	6		1	
Parker township, -----	73	4	1	9			
Penn township—							
North, -----	29	16	3	4			
South, -----	70	14		14			
Slippery Rock township, -----	56	40	1	22			
Summit township—							
North, -----	27	28	3	6			
South, -----	13	36	2				
Venango township, -----	16	15	2	3			
Washington township—							
North precinct, -----	23	10		2			
South precinct, -----	66	10		7			
Winfield township—							
First precinct, -----	71	19	2	5			
Second precinct, -----	21	6	1	1			
Worth township, -----	52	32	1	30	1		
Butler borough—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	52	71	4	14	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	109	50	1	48	1	2	
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	93	87	1	19		3	1
Second precinct, -----	68	71	1	8	1	9	
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	53	65	4	7	1	2	
Second precinct, -----	109	54	4	15			
Third precinct, -----	52	24	2	17		1	
Fourth ward—							
First precinct, -----	69	51	2	11	2	1	
Second precinct, -----	101	28	1	25	1	1	1
Third precinct, -----	89	60		12	2	2	
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	126	32	1	18	2	1	
Second precinct, -----	115	49	2	28	1	3	
Third precinct, -----	58	32	1	18	2	2	
Fourth precinct, -----	99	41	2	17		1	
Bruin borough, -----	61	8		27	2		
Callery borough, -----	17	12	1	5			1
Cherry Valley borough, -----	6	1		7			
Connoquenessing borough, -----	26	15		16			
Eau Claire borough, -----	21	4		10			
Evansburg borough, -----	125	74	3	37	1	1	1
Fairview borough, -----	17	4		5			
Harmony borough, -----	46	19	2	19		1	
Harriaville borough, -----	34	17		15			
Karns City borough, -----	21	8		5			
Mars borough, -----	66	29		19	2		

BUTLER COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Millerstown borough, -----	75	25	3	8	3		
Petrolia borough, -----	34	11		6			
Portersville borough, -----	27	3		4			
Prospect borough, -----	42	15		11			
Saxonburg borough, -----	18	21	2	1		3	
Slippery Rock borough, -----	32	21	1	18	1		
Valencia borough, -----	30	2	1	7			
West Liberty borough, -----	23	3		4			
West Sunbury borough, -----	28	3		4			
Zellenople borough, -----	115	63	2	17	3	3	
Soldiers' vote, -----	30	19		3			
Total, -----	4,179	2,014	91	850	40	39	6

CAMBERIA COUNTY.

Adams township—							
Dunlo, -----	59	69	13	2		2	1
Elton—							
No. 1, -----	49	6	1	3	2		
No. 2, -----	23	2	3				
Gramlingtown, -----	36	13	3	2		1	
Salix, -----	76	22		4			
St. Michael, -----	23	51	7	1	3	2	
Allegheny township, -----	7	83		1			
Ashville borough, -----	15	37				2	
Barnesboro borough—							
North, -----	69	14	5	4		3	1
South, -----	127	41	5	4	1	2	
Barr township—							
Northeast, -----	3	12	3			14	
Northwest, -----	29	3			1		
South, -----	28	73		1	1	2	2
Blacklick township—							
No. 1, -----	54	17		19	2	2	1
No. 3, -----	79	34		3			
Brownstown borough, -----	15	123	3	1		11	
Cambria township—							
No. 1, -----	61	27		7	1		
Colver, -----	41	12	2				
Carrolltown borough, -----	43	103	1	1	1	3	2
Cassandra borough, -----	18					24	
Chest Springs borough, -----	7	13					
Chest township, -----	15	19	1			2	
Clearfield township, -----	11	59	1	1			
Conemaugh township—							
Lower, -----	28	25		2	1	1	
Upper, -----	17	7	2	3			
Cresson borough, -----	100	141	4	5	2	4	
Cresson township, -----	23	52		1		1	
Croyle township—							
No. 1, -----	30	19	2	4			
No. 2, -----	21	50	3				
No. 3, -----	83	11	2	3	1	1	
No. 4, -----	44	12	3	7	1	4	
Daisytown borough, -----	12	19	5			1	1
Dale borough—							
No. 1, -----	118	51	3	8			
No. 2, -----	98	24	2	8	1	1	1
Dean township, -----	27	15		1			
East Carroll township—							
North, -----	30	39	7		1	1	
South, -----	14	75		2			
East Conemaugh borough—							
No. 1, -----	109	57	1	10	2	4	2
No. 2, -----	122	51	3	11	1	3	1
East Taylor township—							
No. 1, -----	49	7		5	1		
No. 2, -----	31	15	1	6			4
Ebensburg borough—							
Centre ward, -----	76	44		1			
East ward, -----	114	11		7		1	
West ward, -----	69	30		3		1	

CAMBERIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Elder township,	16	44	3	1	1		1
Ferndale borough,	142	28	2	1		1	
Franklin borough,	37	62	2	1		1	
Gallitzin borough,	81	166	6	5		1	1
Gallitzin township—							
East,	20	35	1		2	3	
West,	26	23	1	1		1	
Hastings borough,	74	76	5	2	2	1	1
Jackson township—							
No. 1,	40	16		4			1
Vineo,	33	9	3		1	1	
Johnstown city—							
First ward—							
No. 1,	136	77		1			
No. 2,	123	62	1	2		3	
Second ward,	116	89	4	2			1
Third ward,	15	43			1		
Fourth ward,	49	50		1		1	
Fifth ward,	189	85	6	16	1	1	1
Sixth ward—							
No. 1,	184	78	8		4	3	
No. 2,	164	52	3	10	1	6	
Seventh ward—							
No. 1,	62	70	5	5		5	
No. 2,	150	49	4	7	4	2	
No. 3,	91	30	2	5	2	2	
Eighth ward—							
No. 1,	177	70		6	4	1	1
Roxbury,	152	38	3	8	2	2	1
Ninth ward—							
No. 1,	27	69		1	1	6	
No. 2,	24	120	2	1	1	2	1
Tenth ward,	23	111					1
Eleventh ward,	21	85	3	1			
Twelfth ward,	29	69		1			1
Thirteenth ward,	40	34		4		2	
Fourteenth ward,	18	88		1			
Fifteenth ward,	10	92				2	
Sixteenth ward,	8	186					
Seventeenth ward—							
No. 1,	186	85	4	11	3	2	1
No. 2,	237	80	2	19	5	2	2
No. 3,	104	27	3	8	1	2	1
Eighteenth ward,	93	82	3	13	1	2	
Nineteenth ward,	116	38		20	1		
Twentieth ward,	103	50		14	1	2	1
Twenty-first ward,	92	15		17	1	1	
Total for city,	2,739	2,024	53	174	34	49	12
Lilly borough,	92	125		1	2	3	
Lorain borough,	45	3	6	5		2	
Loretto borough,	8	21					
Lower Yoder township—							
No. 1,	13	4	1	3			
No. 2,	30	17		3			
No. 3,	8	42					1
Middle Taylor township,	29	6		4	1		
Munster township,	11	27		2			
Nanty-Glo borough,	231	85	21	7	11	16	1
Oakhurst borough,	53	14	1	4		1	
Patton borough—							
First ward,	127	98	5	6	3	4	1
Second ward,	27	87	6		1	4	
Portage borough—							
First ward,	152	60	3	2	7	5	1
Second ward,	86	45	4	6	1		
Portage township—							
North,	23	45	1				
South,	43	33	7	2		3	
Reade township—							
East,	66	13	1	2	1		
North,	44	9		1			2
South,	50	28	8	8	2		1
West,	16	12					

CAMBRIA COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Richland township—							
No. 1, -----	27	23	5			1	
No. 2, -----	71	25		4	1		
No. 3, -----	15	8	2	3			
Scalp Level borough, -----	73	11		3		1	
Spangler borough—							
North, -----	28	36	2	1	3	1	
South, -----	44	99	2	4		6	1
Sankertown borough, -----	17	58		1			1
South Fork borough—							
First ward, -----	112	96	6	3		5	
Second ward, -----	140	52	12	10	2	7	
Stonycreek township, -----	50	6		1	2		
Summerhill borough, -----	40	41	3	1	1		
Summerhill township—							
North, -----	28	20	3	3		1	2
South, -----	159	60	8	1	2	4	1
Susquehanna township—							
North, -----	33	10		2	2		
Northwest, -----	59	5			4	1	
South, -----	34	53		3			
West, -----	46	9		7			
Tunnelhill borough, -----	11	29			1		
Upper Yoder township—							
No. 1, -----	81	10		5	1		
No. 2, -----	46	5	2	1	1		
Vintondale borough, -----	92	15		4	1		
Washington township, -----	18	35					
West Carroll township—							
North, -----	45	47	4	1	1	4	1
South, -----	52	49	3	3		1	
Westmont borough, -----	216	69	1	4	2	1	
West Taylor township, -----	46	14		3		1	
White township—							
East, -----	20	7		2			
West, -----	35	8	2	4	2		
Willmore borough, -----	23	15					
Soldiers' vote, -----	83	75	7	2	1		
Total, -----	8,214	5,830	289	463	119	224	45

CAMERON COUNTY.

Driftwood borough, -----	56	20		1			
Emporium borough—							
West ward, -----	113	39	1	3	1	1	
Middle ward, -----	80	49		3	2		
East ward, -----	67	30	1	7	5		1
Gibson township—							
West, -----	24	8	1	2	1		
East, -----	24	10			1		
Grove township, -----	69	32		2	1		
Lumber township, -----	40	12		2	1		
Portage township, -----		5			10		
Shippen township, -----	123	26		13	2	3	
Soldiers' vote, -----	1	3	1				
Total, -----	597	234	4	33	24	4	1

CARBON COUNTY.

Banks township—							
Andenreid district, -----	64	37		2			
Jeanesville district, -----	3	12					
Leviston district, -----	53	36		4			
Park View district, -----	16	85					
Beaver Meadow borough, -----	70	56	2	2			
Bowmanstown borough, -----	38	55		4		1	

CARBON COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Rithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
East Mauch Chunk borough—							
First ward, -----	41	119	4	1	3		
Second ward, -----	62	106	1	4		1	
Third ward, -----	60	62	1	6	2	1	1
East Penn township—							
East Penn district (Ashfield), -----	16	31				1	
Berger district, -----	11	24					
East Side borough, -----	8	6		1			
Franklin township—							
Franklin Independent district, -----	111	65	2	8	1	3	
Harry district, -----	53	31		4			
Long Run district, -----	8	32	1				
Kidder township—							
North district, -----	9	7					
South district, -----		9				1	
Lansford borough—							
East ward—							
First district, -----	153	92	3	3	1	2	
Second district, -----	40	78			1	1	
Middle ward, -----	185	80	1	1	2	2	
West ward, -----	109	153	3	2		6	
Lausanne township, -----	8	6		1			
Lehigh township, -----	12	13		1	1		
Lehighon borough—							
First ward, -----	152	169	3	5	6	4	
Second ward, -----	114	124	3	9	7	2	
Third ward, -----	104	174	2	7	4	9	
Lower Towamensing township—							
Fireline district, -----	5	12		1			
Lehigh Gap district, -----	3	21					
Little Gap district, -----	18	36	1			1	
Millport district, -----	19	53		1			
Mahoning township—							
Jamestown district, -----	24	50	1	1			
Mahoning district, -----	31	23	3		1		
New Mahoning district, -----	35	28		1			
Nis Hollow district, -----	10	12	2				
Packerton district, -----	11	33	1	1	1		
Mauch Chunk township—							
Bloomingdale district, -----	9	9	1				
Hackleberry district, -----	9	18	3			1	
Hauto district, -----	6	18					
Nesquehoning, Eastern district, -----	121	63		1		4	
Nesquehoning, Western district, -----	124	129	1	1	1	1	
Mauch Chunk borough—							
First ward, -----	96	100	3	10	1	1	
Second ward, -----	162	130	4	3	1	5	
Third ward, -----	34	50			1	3	
Packer township—							
Eastern district, -----	11	23		8	2		
Western district, -----	16	4					
Palmerton borough, -----	187	150	3	8	4	6	
Parryville borough, -----	38	18			1		
Penn Forest township, -----	20	13	2	1			
Summit Hill borough—							
First ward, -----	61	77	6				
Second ward, -----	137	57	1		3		
Third ward, -----	121	32	1		1	1	
Towamensing township—							
Eastern district, -----	16	34			1		
Western district, -----	19	27			1		
Weatherly borough—							
First ward, -----	68	43		10	1	2	
Second ward, -----	40	41		1		1	
Third ward, -----	41	57	1	5	1	1	
Fourth ward, -----	18	33		1			
Weissport borough, -----	41	68	2	1			
Soldiers' vote, -----	21	18					
Total, -----	3,077	3,142	61	126	49	61	2

CENTRE COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Bellefonte borough—							
North ward, -----	232	74		8			
South ward, -----	150	89		8	3	2	2
West ward, -----	70	27		7			
Center Hall borough, -----	55	55		4	1	1	
Howard borough, -----	109	29		5	1	1	
Milesburg borough, -----	87	12					
Millheim borough, -----	41	61	1	7			
Phillipsburg borough—							
First ward, -----	107	34	2	6	4	1	
Second ward, -----	149	77	1	8	2	2	
Third ward, -----	117	72	9	7	1	1	
South Phillipsburg borough, -----	42	15		2	1		
Snow Shoe borough, -----	62	37		5			
State College borough, -----	253	73		7	2		
Unionville borough, -----	47	8		3			
Benner township—							
North precinct, -----	38	20	1	3			
South precinct, -----	28	16		1	1		
Boggs township—							
North precinct, -----	25	13		2			
East precinct, -----	38	21		2			
West precinct, -----	87	31	2	9	1		
Burnside township, -----	14	14					
College township, -----	134	54		9			
Curtin township—							
North precinct, -----	44	5		1			
South precinct, -----	33	23					
Ferguson township—							
North precinct, -----	60	46		1			
East precinct, -----	49	63		3			
West precinct, -----	61	24		4			1
Gregg township—							
North precinct, -----	16	22	1	2			
East precinct, -----	30	62		5			
West precinct, -----	65	88	2	13			
Haines township—							
East precinct, -----	36	51	2	3			
West precinct, -----	57	47		9	1		
Half Moon township, -----	68	12		4			
Harris township—							
East precinct, -----	22	29		2			
West precinct, -----	52	34		3		1	
Howard township, -----	57	32					
Huston township, -----	76	25		5	1	1	
Liberty township—							
East precinct, -----	100	21		2			
West precinct, -----	22	7		1		1	
Marion township, -----	40	33	1	4	3		
Miles township—							
East precinct, -----	14	34					
Middle precinct, -----	50	56		8	1		
West precinct, -----	16	30		8			
Patton township, -----	63	12		1			
Penn township, -----	35	103	1	4	2		
Potter township—							
North precinct, -----	23	51	1	4	1		1
South precinct, -----	42	43	1	4	1	1	
West precinct, -----	9	49	1	4			
Rush township—							
North precinct, -----	56	55	4	5			
East precinct, -----	20	22	1			2	
South precinct, -----	82	16		6			
West precinct, -----	40	27	2	3	1		
Snow Shoe township—							
East precinct, -----	88	21		2			
West precinct, -----	34	16	2	5			
Spring township—							
North precinct, -----	63	30		6	2		
South precinct, -----	102	90	1	7	1	1	
West precinct, -----	77	25	3	3			1
Taylor township, -----	70	4		2			
Union township, -----	68	10		14			

CENTRE COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Walker township—							
East precinct, -----	38	23		1	1		
Middle precinct, -----	27	36		1			
West precinct, -----	23	37		2	1		
Worth township, -----	112	18	2	6			
Soldiers' vote, -----	28	13		1			
Total, -----	3,965	2,287	38	262	33	15	5

CHESTER COUNTY.

Atglen borough, -----	65	26		2			
Avondale borough, -----	65	19			1		
Birmingham township, -----	43	18		1			
Bradford township—							
East, -----	52	7		2			
West, -----	77	22				2	
Brandywine township—							
East, -----	83	33		3	1		1
West, -----	45	24	1	1			
Cain, -----	63	16		2			1
Cain township—							
East, -----	27	5		1	1		
West, -----	79	16		1			
Charlestown township, -----	52	7		1			
Coatesville borough—							
First precinct, -----	93	16	1	6	2		
Second precinct, -----	147	37	1	16	2	2	
Third precinct, -----	106	39	1	8	1		1
Fourth precinct, -----	104	29		7			
Fifth precinct, -----	96	44	1	5	3		
Sixth precinct, -----	51	15		6			
Seventh precinct, -----	165	28	2	7	2	2	
Eighth precinct, -----	40	9		1		3	
Ninth precinct, -----	53	10	1	2			
Coventry township, East, -----	105	21	2	2		2	
Coventry township, North—							
East precinct, -----	83	46	5	2	1		
West precinct, -----	86	29	1	2	1		
Coventry township, South, -----	38	33		1			1
Downingtown borough, East—							
East precinct, -----	90	25		2	3		
West precinct, -----	82	28		11	5	1	
Downingtown borough, West—							
North precinct, -----	100	55		1		1	
South precinct, -----	21	39				1	
Easttown township—							
East precinct, -----	92	21		3	3	1	
West precinct, -----	77	21		2	1	1	
Elk township, -----	37	20	1	1			
Elverson borough, -----	49	10		3			
Fallowfield township, East—							
East precinct, -----	72	12	1	6	1		
West precinct, -----	31	7					
Fallowfield township, West, -----	70	36		3	4	1	
Franklin township, -----	35	35		4			
Goshen township—							
East, -----	53	10		2			
West, -----	118	28		4	3		
Highland township, -----	71	17		3	1		
Honeybrook borough, -----	63	39		7			
Honeybrook township, -----	85	25		5	1		
Kennett Square borough, -----	226	74		5	42		
Kennett township, -----	84	23					
London Britain township, -----	34	23		3			
Londonderry township, -----	47	30			1		
London Grove township—							
South precinct, -----	33	23					
Chatham precinct, -----	87	9		2			
Malvern borough, -----	137	15		2			
Marlboro township, East—							
East precinct, -----	40	8	2				
West precinct, -----	66	6		1	1		

CHESTER COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Marlboro township, West, -----	78	16	-----	1	-----	-----	1
Nantmeal township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East, -----	61	37	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
West, -----	61	15	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
New Garden township, -----	134	31	1	5	-----	-----	1
Newlin township, -----	46	13	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
New London township, -----	77	24	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Nottingham township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East, -----	122	55	1	3	-----	-----	-----
West, -----	70	27	-----	2	1	-----	-----
Oxford borough—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East precinct, -----	119	42	-----	9	-----	-----	-----
West precinct, -----	123	37	-----	4	1	-----	-----
Oxford township, Lower—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East precinct, -----	68	18	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
West precinct, -----	54	23	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Oxford township, Upper, -----	100	32	-----	7	-----	-----	-----
Parkesburg borough—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
North precinct, -----	93	15	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
South precinct, -----	126	45	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Penn township, -----	69	16	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Pennsbury township, -----	44	8	-----	-----	1	-----	-----
Phoenixville borough—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
First ward—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
North precinct, -----	48	24	1	-----	-----	1	-----
South precinct, -----	57	16	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Second ward—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East precinct, -----	57	24	2	-----	-----	-----	-----
West precinct, -----	161	33	-----	-----	-----	-----	1
Third ward—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
North precinct, -----	87	25	1	3	-----	-----	-----
South precinct, -----	181	29	2	1	-----	2	-----
Fourth ward—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East precinct, -----	22	34	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
West precinct, -----	12	39	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	19	168	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Sixth ward—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East precinct, -----	83	7	-----	2	2	-----	-----
West precinct, -----	75	26	3	3	-----	-----	-----
Pikeland township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East, -----	60	31	2	3	2	1	1
West, -----	77	45	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Pocopson township, -----	65	12	-----	-----	1	-----	-----
Sadsbury township, -----	64	18	-----	3	-----	-----	-----
Sadsbury township, West, -----	64	8	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Schuylkill township, -----	123	28	1	-----	2	-----	1
Spring City borough—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
First ward, -----	54	15	1	4	-----	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	52	8	2	-----	-----	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	95	24	1	4	1	1	-----
Fourth ward, -----	91	17	1	3	-----	-----	-----
Thornbury township, -----	11	4	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Tredyffrin township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East precinct, -----	149	22	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Middle precinct, -----	92	21	1	2	-----	1	-----
West precinct, -----	110	33	1	2	-----	-----	-----
Uwehlan township, -----	53	15	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Uwehlan township, Upper, -----	65	46	-----	3	1	-----	-----
Valley township, -----	150	6	2	-----	-----	-----	-----
Vincent township, East—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East precinct, -----	76	14	-----	4	-----	-----	-----
West precinct, -----	47	25	1	9	-----	-----	-----
Vincent township, West, -----	44	42	-----	8	3	-----	-----
Wallace township, -----	79	25	1	-----	-----	2	-----
Warwick township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East precinct, -----	56	12	3	5	-----	-----	-----
West precinct, -----	51	11	-----	6	-----	-----	-----
West Grove borough, -----	57	40	-----	2	-----	1	-----
Westtown township, -----	59	11	-----	3	1	-----	-----
Whiteland township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East, -----	49	17	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
West, -----	59	14	-----	2	1	-----	-----
Willistown township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
North precinct, -----	51	15	-----	2	1	1	-----
South precinct, -----	44	29	1	-----	-----	-----	-----

CHESTER COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
West Chester borough—							
First precinct, -----	98	31	3	2	1	2	
Second precinct, -----	76	13	3	1		3	
Third precinct, -----	67	5			1		
Fourth precinct, -----	72	11	1			1	
Fifth precinct, -----	157	51	1	3			
Sixth precinct—							
First division, -----	158	17	1	10	1		1
Second division, -----	86	16	1	3			1
Seventh precinct, -----	132	20	1	2	2	1	
Eighth precinct, -----	128	26	2				1
Ninth precinct, -----	148	65		3		1	
Soldiers' vote, -----	47	13	1	1			
Total, -----	9,172	2,935	64	290	107	36	12

Scattering—1.

CLARION COUNTY.

	61	31		6	1	1	
Ashland township, -----							
Beaver township—							
Lower, -----	13	64		5	3	5	
Upper, -----	33	17	2	3	7	2	1
Brady township, -----	10	8	1			1	
Callensburg borough, -----	24	11				3	
Clarion borough—							
First, -----	67	53	1	13	8	10	1
Second, -----	101	52	1	15			
Third, -----	46	32	1	15	4	4	1
Clarion township, -----	70	37	1	9			
Curtsville borough, -----	10	12		6	2	3	
East Brady borough, -----	95	64	4	13	4	9	
Edensburg borough, -----	64	39	2	16		3	1
Elk township, -----	49	54		21	3	2	1
Farmington township—							
North, -----	11	17		2	1	6	
South, -----	17	4		7	1		
West, -----	68	13		32			
Highland township, -----	24	14		5	7	1	2
Hawthorne borough, -----	34	20		9	1	3	
Knox township, -----	12	54					1
Licking township, -----	20	42		2	3	5	
Limestone township—							
Upper, -----	33	52		4			1
Lower, -----	70	46		3			
Madison township—							
East, -----	26	14	2	27	1	1	
West, -----	11	21		4	2	4	
Millcreek township, -----	38	20		4	5	1	
Monroe township, -----	42	49		8	3	3	1
New Bethlehem borough, -----	117	46	3	16	12	10	1
Paint township, -----	25	10		2	1	1	
Perry township—							
North, -----	49	42	1	12			
South, -----	29	27	19	5			
Piney township, -----	36	20		11	2	2	
Porter township—							
East, -----	27	16	1				
West, -----	65	43	1	7			1
Redbank township—							
East, -----	29	43		6	1	4	
West, -----	44	19	2	4	6	4	
Richland township—							
East, -----	22	37		2			
West, -----	34	28	1	2	5	4	
Rimersburg borough, -----	68	16	1	21	2	3	1
Salem township, -----	42	48	2	15	4	3	
Shippensburg borough, -----	47	25		8	3	4	
Sligo borough, -----	61	18		14			
St. Petersburg borough, -----	32	22		7	5	1	
Strattanville borough, -----	27	23		12	2	1	
Toby township, -----	33	38		16			

CLARION COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Washington township—							
East, -----	55	9	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
West, -----	36	80	-----	4	-----	-----	-----
Soldiers' vote, -----	15	11	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	1,942	1,461	46	396	99	104	13

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Brisbin borough, -----	63	21	-----	4	-----	1	-----
Burnside borough, -----	54	10	2	4	-----	-----	-----
Chester Hill borough, -----	63	22	-----	3	-----	-----	-----
Clearfield borough—							
First ward, -----	143	100	2	13	5	3	-----
Second ward, -----	187	125	1	17	7	3	1
Third ward, -----	181	120	4	27	3	3	3
Fourth ward, -----	80	86	2	10	1	1	-----
Coalport borough, -----	86	28	2	9	-----	1	1
Curwensville borough—							
First ward, -----	108	57	1	8	1	1	1
Second ward, -----	111	87	2	6	2	2	-----
DuBois borough—							
First ward, -----	130	148	4	3	-----	-----	-----
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	132	59	2	24	3	4	-----
Second precinct, -----	107	42	1	14	6	3	-----
Third ward, -----	143	50	-----	24	2	-----	-----
Fourth ward, -----	128	68	5	21	-----	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	75	125	4	11	3	3	1
Glen Hope borough, -----	16	11	-----	5	-----	-----	-----
Gramplan borough, -----	60	38	4	6	3	3	-----
Houtzdale borough, -----	131	102	1	5	-----	9	-----
Irvona borough, -----	36	27	1	18	1	-----	-----
Lumber City borough, -----	23	19	-----	6	-----	-----	-----
Mahaffey borough, -----	76	47	-----	9	-----	-----	-----
Newburg borough, -----	19	6	-----	3	-----	-----	-----
New Washington borough, -----	8	6	-----	1	-----	1	-----
Osceola borough, -----	156	139	3	20	5	3	1
Ramey borough, -----	93	30	3	2	6	2	-----
Troutville borough, -----	11	28	-----	3	-----	1	-----
Wallaceton borough, -----	24	10	1	6	-----	-----	-----
Westover borough, -----	33	16	-----	9	1	-----	-----
Beccaria township—							
Blain City precinct, -----	25	23	4	1	-----	-----	1
Beccaria precinct, -----	51	15	5	-----	1	1	-----
Irvona precinct, -----	29	17	2	7	1	2	-----
Utahville precinct, -----	47	10	20	3	-----	-----	-----
Bell township—							
Southern precinct, -----	25	33	1	22	1	-----	-----
Summit precinct, -----	20	10	1	6	-----	-----	-----
Bigler township, -----	241	83	2	2	1	6	-----
Bloom township, -----	20	10	1	2	2	-----	-----
Boggs township—							
Stoneville precinct, -----	11	11	-----	3	1	-----	-----
Blue Ball precinct, -----	50	27	3	7	2	-----	1
Bradford township—							
Jackson precinct, -----	37	9	-----	7	-----	-----	1
Bigler precinct, -----	37	27	-----	4	1	-----	-----
Woodland precinct, -----	48	25	1	10	1	-----	-----
Brady township—							
Helvetia precinct, -----	12	17	3	1	1	5	1
Luthersburg precinct, -----	27	75	2	5	1	2	-----
Troutville precinct, -----	4	37	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Burnside township—							
East Ridge precinct, -----	40	17	-----	14	-----	-----	-----
New Washington precinct, -----	22	7	-----	2	1	-----	-----
Patchinville precinct, -----	41	15	-----	5	1	-----	1
Chest township, -----	98	22	-----	7	-----	-----	-----
Covington township, -----	13	69	1	-----	-----	-----	-----

CLEARFIELD COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul. Republican.	Bonniwell. Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macomber, Single Tax.
Cooper township—							
Kylertown precinct, -----	39	31	1	11	2		1
Peale precinct, -----	7	4	1				
Cooper precinct, -----	69	63	35	3		2	
Wineburn precinct, -----	126	49	26	22	3	1	1
Decatur township—							
Centre precinct, -----	51	20	1	8			
Graham precinct, -----	38	15	2	3	1	2	1
Gearhartville precinct, -----	25	13	7	3			
Kepbart precinct, -----	38	10		15		1	
Ferguson township, -----	20	30	2	8	1		1
Girard township, -----	28	46			1		
Goshen township, -----	25	22		3		2	
Graham township—							
Center Hill precinct, -----	10	18		6			
Graham precinct, -----	22	11		11			
Greenwood township, -----	35	30	1	1	1		
Gulish township—							
Ginter precinct, -----	10	23	19	1	2		
Janesville precinct, -----	62	19	34	5	2		1
Huston township—							
Huston precinct, -----	57	43		5		1	
Tyler precinct, -----	29	9	7	1	1		
Jordan township, -----	82	38	2	5			
Karthauss township—							
Cataract precinct, -----	11	17					
Karthauss precinct, -----	32	38		2			
Knox township—							
Boardman precinct, -----	45	17	1	4	2	2	
Carnwath precinct, -----	11	11	4	1			
New Millport precinct, -----	10	33	1	2	1		
Lawrence township—							
Clearfield precinct, -----	85	96	4	11	2	3	
Glen Richey precinct, -----	43	42	5	6			1
Hillsdale precinct, -----	34	40	2	2	1	1	
Morris township—							
Ashcroft precinct, -----	27	52	2				1
Allport precinct, -----	35	17	2	4	3		
Morrisdale precinct, -----	123	41	5	2	1	1	
Munsons precinct, -----	31	38	2	2	1		1
Penn township, -----	46	43	4	8		2	2
Pike township—							
Curwensville precinct, -----	63	43	4	11	1		
Olanta precinct, -----	13	38	3	3			1
Sandy township—							
Falls Creek precinct, -----	14	19	1	1			
Sabula precinct, -----	25	7	1	9	1		
Clear Run precinct, -----	24	3		3			
Sandy precinct, -----	91	73	11	29		3	1
Oklahoma precinct, -----	29	47	3	7		2	
Union township, -----	22	21	2	17		1	
Woodward township—							
Sanborn precinct, -----	18	12		7			
Sterling precinct, -----	15	7		2	1		
North Houtzdale precinct, -----	21	12	1				
West Houtzdale precinct, -----	119	34	6	2	1	3	
Moran precinct, -----	9	24	3				
Soldiers' vote, -----	48	30		2			
Total, -----	5,135	3,536	296	646	93	87	24

CLINTON COUNTY.

Allison township, -----	36	21	5	2			
Avis borough, -----	55	34	6	21	2	1	1
Bald Eagle township, -----	40	13	1	8	1		2
Beech Creek borough, -----	57	30	1	2	1		
Beech Creek township, -----	32	31	2				
Castanea township, -----	29	17	1		2		
Chapman township—							
First district, -----	54	39		3			
Second district, -----	28	25	4	3			

CLINTON COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Colebrook township, -----	17	12					
Crawford township, -----	28	20	1	1			
Dunnstable township, -----	21	24	3	2			
Flemington borough, -----	65	22	4	6	2		
Gallagher township, -----	13	7					
Greene township, -----	87	45	2				
Grugan township, -----	11	2					
Keating township—							
East, -----	9	14	1				
West, -----	10	1					
Lamar township, -----	124	43		2	1	1	
Leidy township, -----	43	8	1				
Lock Haven city—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	108	71	5	4			
Second district, -----	83	28	3	4	1	3	
Second ward, -----	143	91	6	3	2	1	
Third ward, -----	171	74	1	5	3	4	
Fourth ward, -----	186	103	10	8	1	4	
Logan township, -----	36	66	3	6			1
Loganton borough, -----	36	21		4			
Mill Hall borough, -----	133	33	3	2			
Noyes township—							
East district, -----	20	16				1	
West district, -----	28	18	2				
Pine Creek township—							
First district, -----	28	21	4	1			
Second district, -----	61	12			2		
Porter township, -----	76	30		6			
Renovo borough—							
East ward, -----	73	144	2	1		2	1
Middle ward, -----	80	99	2	5	4	1	
West ward, -----	124	127	7	3	3		
South Renovo borough, -----	56	54	14	2	1	1	
Wayne township, -----	44	17	5	4	2	3	
Woodward township, -----	59	28	4	5		1	
Soldiers' vote, -----	25	10		1			
Total, -----	2,364	1,471	103	115	28	23	6

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

	16	62					
Beaver township, -----	16	62					
Benton borough, -----	83	80	1	1	2		
Benton township, -----	18	90	1	1	1		
Berwick borough—							
Northeast, -----	189	114		28	13		1
Southeast, -----	137	71		10	7	1	
Northwest, -----	119	88	2	3			
Southwest, -----	78	44	1	3			
Bloom township—							
First, -----	124	87		7	2	1	
Second, -----	149	125	1	11	3	2	
Third, -----	200	171	2	11	3	2	
Fourth, -----	105	175	4	15	1		
Briarcreek borough, -----	22	29	3	1	1	2	
Briarcreek township—							
East, -----	74	82	4	11		1	
West, -----	17	42		4			
Catawissa township, -----	16	45		3			
Catawissa borough, -----	204	172		7		3	
Centralla borough—							
First, -----	27	129		3			
Second, -----	45	73				1	
Centre township—							
North, -----	24	47		3			
South, -----	31	29	1	1			
Cleveland township, -----	31	67	1				

COLUMBIA COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Conyngnam township—							
Northeast, -----	4	53				1	
Northwest, -----	48	19	1	2	3		
West—							
No. 1, -----	38	21		1			
No. 2, -----	13	12					
Southwest, -----	11	63				1	
Southeast, -----	2	76					
Fishing Creek township—							
East, -----	46	71		3		2	
West, -----	10	38				1	
Franklin township, -----	11	51					
Greenwood township—							
East, -----	39	58		7			
West, -----	27	59		1			
Hemlock township—							
North, -----	25	51		1	2		
South, -----	19	17		1			
Jackson township, -----	22	65			1	1	
Locust township—							
North, -----	7	33		1			
South, -----	28	73	1	3		1	
Madison township, -----	20	86		8			
Main township, -----	11	72					
Mifflin township, -----	47	136	2	2	1		
Millville borough, -----	72	47		9	1		
Montour township, -----	31	64	1	1	2		
Mt. Pleasant township, -----	20	44		2			
Orange township, -----	22	32		2			1
Orangeville borough, -----	56	40	2	2			
Pine township—							
North, -----	26	43	1	3			
South, -----	20	29	1				
Roaring Creek township, -----	38	41		1			
Scott township—							
East, -----	61	78		4	1	1	1
West, -----	31	51		4			
Sugarloaf township—							
North, -----	19	67		3			
South, -----	11	56		3	2		
Stillwater borough, -----	6	22	1	1	1		
West Berwick borough—							
First ward, -----	193	130	5	7	3	3	1
Second ward, -----	74	93		9	6		
Soldiers' vote, -----	32	33		2			
Total, -----	2,823	3,746	36	206	56	26	4

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Meadville city—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	121	66	6	9	1	3	
Second precinct, -----	129	74	5	13	4	9	1
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	119	76	3	31	1	2	
Second precinct, -----	123	65	8	20	4	4	
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	52	98	13	9		3	
Second precinct, -----	165	90	8	15	2	5	1
Fourth ward, -----	81	118	10	8		4	1
Fifth ward, -----	37	20	3	2			
Titusville city—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	113	52	1	10			1
Second district, -----	68	33	4	3		1	
Second ward—							
First district, -----	118	33	3	15			
Second district, -----	96	90	10	12	1	1	1
Third ward, -----	36	56					1
Fourth ward, -----	51	64	2	5	1		
Blooming Valley borough, -----	15	7		4			
Cambridge Springs borough, -----	174	60		33	1	1	
Centerville borough, -----	30	9			1	1	

CRAWFORD COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fifthian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Cochranon borough, -----	57	40		29		1	
Conneaut Lake borough, -----	42	17	2	4	1		
Conneautville borough, -----	127	35	1	10			1
Geneva borough, -----	7	20	1	5			
Hydetown borough, -----	24	27		6			
Linesville borough, -----	80	61	3	33	1		
Riceville borough, -----	20				1		
Saegertown borough, -----	80	21	2	10			
Spartansburg borough, -----	64	17	1	10			
Springboro borough, -----	46	24	1	25			
Townville borough, -----	34	5		10	2		
Venango borough, -----	24	32		2			
Woodcock borough, -----	5	18		1			
Athens township, -----	82	35		2			
Beaver township, -----	73	24		6	1		
Bloomfield township, -----	99	35	2	12			
Cambridge township, -----	60	44	2	8	1		
Conneaut township, -----	95	58	1	14			
Cussewago township, -----	104	47	1	14	2		
Fairfield township, -----	40	33	1	13			
Fairfield township, East, -----	30	31	2	3			
Fallowfield township—							
East, -----	66	50	3	13		1	
West, -----	43	23	1	44			
Greenwood township, -----	75	53	1	20			
Hayfield township, -----	108	76	1	14		1	
Mead township—							
East, -----	44	35	3	5			
West, -----	74	92	14	8	1	3	
Oil Creek township, -----	60	23	6	10	1		
Pine township, -----	32	16	1	10			
Randolph township, -----	83	43	4	34	3		
Richmond township, -----	125	57	2	16			
Rockdale township, -----	69	46	1	8	1		
Rome township, -----	61	27	2	33		1	
Sadsbury township, -----	87	30	1	8			
Shenango township—							
North, -----	41	40		24			
South, -----	56	38	3	31			
West, -----	33	13		1			
Waparta township, -----	58	32	2	3			
Spring township, -----	130	23		24			
Steuben township, -----	53	26	1	4	1		
Summerhill township, -----	66	45	1	7			
Summit township, -----	85	67	2	10	2		
Troy township, -----	87	50		6	2		
Union township, -----	45	20	5	4			
Venango township, -----	39	23		5			
Vernon township, -----	127	100	8	14	2		
Wayne township, -----	47	31	2	12		1	
Woodcock township, -----	63	78		16	1		
Soldiers' vote, -----	32	20		3			
Total, -----	4,553	2,801	160	793	39	42	7

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Camp Hill borough, -----	178	53	3	14	3		1
Carlisle borough—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	180	75	1	5	1	4	
Second precinct, -----	122	57		16			
Second ward, -----	142	82	1	8	2	9	
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	143	59		11	1		
Second precinct, -----	120	72	1	16		3	
Fourth ward—							
First precinct, -----	173	48	1	10	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	117	48	1	9			
Fifth ward, -----	166	73	1	18			
Cook township, -----	11	1					

CUMBERLAND COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sprout, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sprout, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Dickinson township—							
Upper precinct, -----	23	20		3			1
Lower precinct, -----	33	28		3			
South precinct, -----	22	29		3			1
East Pennsboro township—							
Upper First precinct, -----	57	44	12	4		1	
Upper Second precinct, -----	74	86	14	26	1	2	
Lower precinct, -----	86	40	1	17		2	
Frankford township—							
Upper precinct, -----	29	49		2			
Lower precinct, -----	25	31		6			
Hampden township, -----	48	32	1	8	1		
Hopewell township, -----	44	47	2	4	1	1	
Lemoine borough—							
First precinct, -----	105	42		18		1	
Second precinct, -----	98	24	1	17			
Lower Allen township—							
Elkwood precinct, -----	154	65	1	23	1	3	
Slate Hill precinct, -----	50	21	1	7	1		
Lower Millin township, -----	36	44		3			
Mechanicsburg borough—							
First ward, -----	104	36	1	19	1	1	
Second ward, -----	125	57	1	19			
Third ward, -----	89	28	1	2	2		
Fourth ward, -----	96	34	1	6	1	1	
Fifth ward, -----	92	43	1	22	1	1	
Middlesex township, -----	98	43		7			1
Monroe township, -----	156	33	3	10			
Mt. Holly Springs borough, -----	116	64	1	6			
Newburg borough, -----	25	19		3		1	
New Cumberland borough, -----	191	57	5	31	2		
Newton township—							
North precinct, -----	52	59		8			
South precinct, -----	20	30	2	26	1	1	
Newville borough—							
North ward, -----	93	63		9	2	2	
South ward, -----	65	37	1	6	1		
North Middleton township, -----	58	34		12			
Penn township, -----	96	74	1	16			
Shippensburg borough—							
East ward, -----	64	62	5	21			1
Middle ward, -----	112	62	4	27			1
West ward, -----	98	56		22			
Shippensburg township, -----	45	18	1	6			
Shiremanstown borough, -----	89	24		11	1		
Silver Spring township—							
First precinct, -----	69	48		7			
Second precinct, -----	69	65	2	15			
Southampton township—							
Upper First precinct, -----	35	32	1	7			
Upper Second precinct, -----	16	13		2			
Lower precinct, -----	26	34	1	4	1		
South Middleton township—							
Upper precinct, -----	51	38	1	2	1		
Lower precinct, -----	147	91	1	11			
Third precinct, -----	15	8					
Upper Allen township, -----	62	39		13			
Upper Millin township, -----	20	37	1	1			
West Fairview borough, -----	139	56	1	15	1	3	
West Pennsboro township—							
Upper precinct, -----	42	46	1	6			
Lower precinct, -----	74	61		16	1	1	
Wormleysburg borough, -----	78	48		19	1		
Soldiers' vote, -----	47	26	1	2			
Total, -----	5,046	2,745	80	635	30	38	6

Scattering—5.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

	Sproul. Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Harrisburg city—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	43	29	—	1	—	—	—
Second precinct, -----	146	40	1	5	1	2	2
Third precinct, -----	152	56	2	11	1	5	—
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	67	16	—	1	—	—	—
Second precinct, -----	52	31	—	2	—	—	—
Third precinct, -----	135	39	3	17	—	1	—
Fourth precinct, -----	115	48	—	13	2	—	—
Fifth precinct, -----	218	51	5	26	—	2	—
Sixth precinct, -----	181	59	—	23	—	—	—
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	77	44	3	1	—	—	1
Second precinct, -----	55	33	2	5	1	4	—
Third precinct, -----	51	23	—	4	2	1	—
Fourth ward—							
First precinct, -----	194	29	—	12	4	1	—
Second precinct, -----	251	90	1	24	—	4	1
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	99	43	—	3	—	—	—
Second precinct, -----	128	42	—	11	1	2	—
Third precinct, -----	132	57	3	18	3	—	1
Fourth precinct, -----	142	71	1	15	—	—	1
Sixth ward—							
First precinct, -----	189	89	3	13	2	1	—
Second precinct, -----	148	64	2	15	—	4	—
Third precinct, -----	70	27	1	6	—	1	—
Seventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	53	72	—	1	1	1	—
Second precinct, -----	236	35	1	2	—	1	—
Third precinct, -----	102	25	—	—	1	2	—
Fourth precinct, -----	163	74	2	11	3	2	—
Fifth precinct, -----	101	55	6	9	1	2	1
Sixth precinct, -----	126	56	1	7	—	1	1
Eighth ward—							
Third precinct, -----	247	44	7	18	4	2	—
Fourth precinct, -----	164	30	—	2	—	—	—
Fifth precinct, -----	173	34	—	29	2	2	—
Ninth ward—							
First precinct, -----	89	53	—	—	—	—	—
Second precinct, -----	154	85	3	9	2	2	—
Third precinct, -----	129	72	3	8	1	5	1
Fourth precinct, -----	103	42	1	8	1	1	—
Fifth precinct, -----	186	41	—	25	1	3	—
Sixth precinct, -----	147	48	1	12	3	—	—
Seventh precinct, -----	136	54	1	20	1	—	—
Eighth precinct, -----	112	34	1	22	5	1	—
Ninth precinct, -----	135	30	1	18	3	4	—
Tenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	238	60	5	25	1	—	1
Second precinct, -----	178	111	9	42	3	2	1
Third precinct, -----	88	60	6	17	2	3	—
Fourth precinct, -----	173	97	6	31	6	7	—
Eleventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	121	52	1	12	—	—	—
Second precinct, -----	98	80	2	26	—	2	—
Third precinct, -----	142	65	1	20	1	—	1
Fourth precinct, -----	124	33	1	17	4	1	—
Twelfth ward—							
First precinct, -----	93	30	1	7	1	1	1
Second precinct, -----	182	69	5	23	3	1	—
Third precinct, -----	144	80	1	15	—	4	—
Thirteenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	110	26	4	13	2	3	—
Second precinct, -----	143	53	10	14	2	2	—
Fourteenth ward, -----	67	45	1	15	1	—	—
Total for city, -----	7,087	2,726	108	704	72	83	13
Berrysburg borough, -----	55	8	—	14	—	—	—
Conewago township, -----	97	6	1	—	—	—	—
Dauphin borough, -----	55	24	4	10	—	—	—

DAUPHIN COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Derry township—							
First precinct, -----	59						
Second precinct, -----	97	6	1	4	1	1	
Third precinct, -----	239	37	1	5			
East Hanover township, -----	141	20		1			
Elizabethville borough, -----	149	57	3	27	1	2	2
Gratz borough, -----	74	13		5	2	1	
Halifax borough, -----	98	59	1	13		2	
Halifax township, -----	93	36		17	1		
Highepsire borough, -----	111	79	23	36	3	4	
Hummelstown borough—							
First precinct, -----	181	37	2	17	2		
Second precinct, -----	124	39	1	8	2		
Jackson township, -----	75	44		11			
Jefferson township, -----	15	6	1	2	1	1	
Londonderry township, -----	94	13	1	4	1		1
Lower Paxton township, -----	198	43	2	11	1	2	
Lower Swatara township, -----	65	10					
Lykens borough—							
East ward, -----	64	41	10	6		1	2
West ward, -----	126	68	31	3	3	4	1
Lykens township, -----	75	15		8			
Middletown borough—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	39	23	2	3			1
Second precinct, -----	87	58	3	6	1	2	1
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	115	46	7	11	3		
Second precinct, -----	124	42	4	12	2	1	2
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	67	20	2	8	2		2
Second precinct, -----	107	34	5	13	1		
Middle Paxton township—							
First precinct, -----	65	32		5			
Second precinct, -----	36	3		2			
Mifflin township, -----	58	19		6			
Millersburg borough—							
First ward, -----	206	36	1	16	2	1	
Second ward, -----	164	45		17	7		
Paxtang borough, -----	96	18		14	1	1	
Penbrook borough, -----	181	52	3	23	1	1	
Reed township, -----	20	8					
Royalton borough—							
First ward, -----	13	25					1
Second ward, -----	50	30	2	5			
Rush township, -----	11	3					
South Hanover township, -----	144	12		6		1	
Steeltown borough—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	40	12	2	7	2		
Second precinct, -----	87	137	1		2		
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	52	44	1	5	2	1	
Second precinct, -----	93	29	4	16	5	1	1
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	153	43		13	2	1	
Second precinct, -----	206	47	3	8	3	8	2
Third precinct, -----	18	3		2			
Fourth ward, -----	70	152	6	18	4	3	
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	33	39			3	1	
Second precinct, -----	66	29	1	8		1	
Susquehanna township—							
North precinct, -----	81	41	2	10		1	
South precinct, -----	207	53	7	18	2	3	
East precinct, -----	153	40	2	15	4	2	
West precinct, -----	19	6	1	1		1	
Swatara township—							
First precinct, -----	47	19	1	4	1	3	1
Second precinct, -----	122	27	3	6	1	1	1
Third precinct, -----	74	35		15	2		
Fourth precinct, -----	30	2	1	1			
Fifth precinct, -----	54	28	2	4		1	
Uniontown borough, -----	43	16			2	2	
Upper Paxton township, -----	126	61	1	4	1		
Washington township, -----	103	23		4			
Wayne township, -----	21	28		4			

DAUPHIN COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
West Hanover township, -----	75	14	1	1	1		
West Londonderry township, -----	37	5	3	1			
Wiconisco township—							
First precinct, -----	60	20	15	13	3	1	
Second precinct, -----	64	33	10	11		2	
Williamstown borough—							
East ward, -----	134	45	1	3		2	
West ward, -----	121	43			1	3	
Williams township—							
East precinct, -----	22	5					
West precinct, -----	57	12		3	2	2	
Soldiers' vote, -----	176	39	1	5			
Total, -----	13,593	5,027	288	1,253	153	148	31

Scattering—5.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Aldan borough, -----	164	20	6	2	4	4	
Aston township—							
Chester Heights precinct, -----	48	11		1			
Crozer ville precinct, -----	50	51	1		1	3	
Lower precinct, -----	53	5			1		
Rockdale precinct, -----	51	26			3	8	
Upper precinct, -----	17	19			1	1	
Bethel township, -----	72	9		1	1		
Birmingham township, -----	112	19		3			
Chester township—							
First precinct, -----	57	14		1		2	
Second precinct, -----	45	10					
Chichester township, Upper, -----	97	25	1	3	1	1	
Chichester township, Lower—							
Linwood precinct, -----	83	52		5	1	19	1
Lower Trainer precinct, -----	115	9		2			
Upper Trainer precinct, -----	35	23		1			
Clifton Heights borough—							
East ward, -----	17	61					
Middle ward, -----	132	110	6	1			
West ward, -----	55	39					
Collingdale borough—							
East ward, -----	103	77	2		3	7	
West ward, -----	150	41	5	4	2	1	
Colwyn borough, -----	172	72	3	8	2		
Concord township—							
Northern precinct, -----	117	12	1				
Southeastern precinct, -----	52	5		1	1		
Southwestern precinct, -----	55	5		5	1		
Darby borough—							
First ward, -----	134	69	1	7		117	
Second ward, -----	121	51	2	3	2	12	1
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	194	52	3	10	2		2
Second precinct, -----	73	49	10	5	1	2	
Darby township—							
Folcroft precinct, -----	165	13			2		
Glenolden precinct, -----	32	4			1	1	
Okeola precinct, -----	78	10					
Darby township, Upper—							
Cardington precinct, -----	87	20					
East Lansdowne precinct, -----	13	3					
Fernwood precinct, -----	64	51			1	13	
Lower Keystone precinct, -----	121	24	2	1			
Garrettford precinct, -----	274	58	1	2	3	4	
Upper Keystone precinct, -----	226	35		4		1	
Oak Hill precinct, -----	43	36					
Primos precinct, -----	43	15					
Southeastern precinct, -----	21	3		1	2		
East Lansdowne borough, -----	133	55	1	2	3	4	
Eddystone borough, -----	185	80	4	1			
Edgemont township, -----	56	26			2		
Glenolden borough, -----	203	34	1	5	2	3	4

DELAWARE COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Benniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonnivell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Haverford township—							
Coopertown precinct, -----	40	3	1	2	1		
Eagle precinct, -----	44	14				3	
Llanerch precinct, -----	186	20		3	4		
Oakmont precinct, -----	227	23			1		
Preston precinct, -----	154	29		2	1	1	
Southeastern precinct, -----	95	40	1			2	1
Lansdowne borough—							
Eastern precinct, -----	237	27	2	5	5	1	
Southern precinct, -----	89	37	1	3			
Western precinct, -----	182	10	1	4		1	
Marcus Hook borough—							
First ward, -----	47	23	1	2			
Second ward, -----	49	18	1	3			
Third ward, -----	179	62	1	3	2	5	1
Marple township, -----	127	18				1	
Media borough—							
Northern precinct, -----	127	16	1				
Southern precinct, -----	131	27	2	2		2	
Eastern precinct, -----	137	21	1	3	1	1	
Western precinct, -----	142	15		5	2	2	
Middletown township—							
Blackhorse precinct, -----	99	23	1	2	2		
Elwyn precinct, -----	77	6	1	4		1	
Glen Riddle precinct, -----	81	23					
Millbourne borough, -----	65	18	2				
Morton borough, -----	136	30	3	1	2		
Newtown township, -----	107	26		2			
Norwood borough—							
First precinct, -----	220	20	1	5	2		
Second precinct, -----	112	24		2	2		
Providence township, Nether—							
Lower precinct, -----	123	12			2		1
Upper precinct, -----	105	26	1	5	3		
Providence township, Upper—							
Lower precinct, -----	57	4			2	1	
Upper precinct, -----	94	4		2			
Prospect Park borough, -----	303	41	2	4	4		
Radnor township—							
Eastern precinct, -----	164	47					
Middle precinct, -----	83	45				3	1
Northern precinct, -----	144	36	1	5	2	2	1
Radnor precinct, -----	53	19					
Southern precinct, -----	193	19		2	1	1	1
Ridley township—							
Fairview precinct, -----	78	30	4			1	
Folsom precinct, -----	126	8	2		1		
Kedron precinct, -----	47	18	1			1	
Leiperville precinct, -----	62	93	1	1			
Ridley Park borough—							
Northern precinct, -----	156	19	1	1	1	1	
Southern precinct, -----	134	13		2			
Rutledge borough, -----	111	16	6	5		3	1
Sharon Hill borough, -----	212	37	4	1		1	
Springfield township—							
Northern precinct, -----	72	10		1			
Southern precinct, -----	63	6	1				
Swarthmore borough, -----	295	20	5	4	6		3
Thornbury township, -----	110	17		5			1
Tinicum township, -----	62	112	5			5	
Upland borough—							
First precinct, -----	86	29	1				
Second precinct, -----	85	15	2		1		
Third precinct, -----	122	16		3	2		
Yeadon borough, -----	118	35		1			
Chester city—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	140	20		1	5	2	
Second precinct, -----	212	21		6		3	
Third precinct, -----	135	38	1	1			
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	142	43		2		3	
Second precinct, -----	143	21					
Third precinct, -----	135	34		5	1	1	

DELAWARE COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Chester city—Concluded—							
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	153	22			3	3	
Second precinct, -----	138	28	2	2	2	1	
Third precinct, -----	68	34	2	2			
Fourth ward—							
First precinct, -----	118	29				4	
Second precinct, -----	152	29		3			
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	80	44			2	9	
Second precinct, -----	69	40	2			1	
Third precinct, -----	109	27		2	1	1	1
Sixth ward—							
First precinct, -----	142	28		5	1	2	
Second precinct, -----	81	29	1				
Third precinct, -----	139	25	1	3	1	1	
Seventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	152	25		2		2	
Second precinct, -----	141	75	4	7	1	4	
Third precinct, -----	89	42		1	1	1	
Fourth precinct, -----	142	18	1	6			
Eighth ward—							
First precinct, -----	102	35	1	2	3	10	
Second precinct, -----	53	21				45	
Third precinct, -----	34	37				38	
Ninth ward—							
First precinct, -----	106	9	1			1	
Second precinct, -----	98	63					
Third precinct, -----	115	15				21	
Fourth precinct, -----	149	16				1	
Tenth ward—							
First precinct, -----	186	7		3		1	
Second precinct, -----	196	13					
Third precinct, -----	45	34		1		4	
Eleventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	107	23		1			
Second precinct, -----	48	24					
Third precinct, -----	99	78		3	1		
Total for city, -----	4,048	1,046	16	58	22	159	1
Soldiers' vote, -----	100	22	3	1			
Total -----	14,606	3,791	127	232	115	405	20

Scattering—5.

ELK COUNTY.

Benzette township—							
Benzette, -----	43	15		2			
Dents Run, -----	12	9		1			
Benzinger township, -----	5	199	4				
Fox township, -----	82	110	18	21	5	6	
Highland township, -----	69	36	6	5		1	
Horton township, -----	39	89	1	13			
Jay township—							
Caledonia, -----	19	17	4	1	1		
Weedville, -----	58	93	2	1		1	
Jones township—							
Wilcox, -----	167	60	2	3			1
Instanter, -----	9	4		1			
Glen Hazel, -----	17	4		1			
Millstone township, -----	7	10	1	5	1		
Ridgway township—							
Ridgway, -----	42	18		3	1		
Rolfe, -----	55	15	3	1		1	
Spring Creek township—							
East, -----	6	49					
West, -----	22	11		2			
Johnsonburg borough, -----	278	140	4	21	1	1	1
Ridgway borough—							
First ward, -----	44	40		5		1	
Second ward, -----	64	50	4	12	2		
Third ward, -----	107	28	7	15	1		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

ELK COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Ridgway borough—Concluded—							
Fourth ward, -----	103	74	4	18	2	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	101	37	1	19	1	-----	-----
St. Marys borough, -----	172	432	32	2	7	6	-----
Soldiers' vote, -----	15	18	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	1,536	1,552	93	153	23	17	2

ERIE COUNTY.

Albion borough, -----	104	73	24	8	1	1	1
Amity township, -----	43	11	1	7	1	-----	-----
Concord township, -----	35	24	1	8	2	1	-----
Conneaut township—							
East district, -----	52	15	7	4	1	-----	1
West district, -----	46	4	6	2	-----	-----	2
Corry city—							
First ward, -----	88	36	10	15	1	3	-----
Second ward, -----	88	53	1	10	-----	1	-----
Third ward—							
First district, -----	58	42	3	10	1	-----	1
Second district, -----	56	28	2	15	-----	-----	-----
Fourth ward—							
First district, -----	47	36	2	5	1	-----	-----
Second district, -----	38	20	2	13	1	-----	-----
Cranesville borough, -----	17	28	7	6	-----	-----	-----
Elgin borough, -----	25	10	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Edinboro borough, -----	83	22	-----	7	2	-----	-----
Elk Creek township—							
North district, -----	15	13	-----	2	-----	-----	1
South district, -----	50	16	2	5	-----	-----	-----
East Springfield borough, -----	53	8	-----	2	-----	1	-----
Erie city—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	95	105	17	11	1	4	-----
Second district, -----	86	96	10	1	-----	-----	-----
Third district, -----	19	77	2	-----	-----	-----	-----
Fourth district, -----	53	85	13	5	-----	1	1
Fifth district, -----	34	82	-----	-----	-----	3	-----
Sixth district, -----	55	91	8	5	-----	2	-----
Second ward—							
First district, -----	14	99	1	1	-----	2	1
Second district, -----	47	66	5	1	-----	-----	-----
Third district, -----	19	103	12	-----	-----	-----	1
Fourth district, -----	57	227	19	1	1	-----	1
Fifth district, -----	41	104	15	1	1	1	-----
Sixth district, -----	58	113	22	2	-----	-----	-----
Seventh district, -----	21	135	5	1	-----	-----	1
Eighth district, -----	18	51	7	1	1	1	-----
Third ward—							
First district, -----	45	71	5	3	-----	-----	-----
Second district, -----	72	41	-----	3	1	1	-----
Third district, -----	118	59	3	5	1	2	1
Fourth district, -----	52	41	7	-----	-----	1	1
Fifth district, -----	45	34	3	3	-----	-----	-----
Sixth district, -----	74	67	11	11	-----	1	-----
Seventh district, -----	48	104	5	1	-----	-----	-----
Eighth district, -----	149	62	4	4	2	7	2
Ninth district, -----	63	70	3	2	-----	-----	-----
Fourth ward—							
First district, -----	88	75	21	2	-----	1	-----
Second district, -----	128	40	-----	2	1	-----	-----
Third district, -----	33	59	1	-----	-----	2	1
Fourth district, -----	47	100	23	2	1	2	-----
Fifth district, -----	95	33	8	3	1	2	2
Sixth district, -----	68	63	3	3	1	6	-----
Seventh district, -----	105	86	6	3	-----	-----	1

ERIE COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Boniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Boniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Erie city—Concluded—							
Fifth ward—							
First district,	41	42	24	—	—	3	—
Second district,	45	92	10	5	—	3	—
Third district,	92	125	39	1	3	4	1
Fourth district,	38	43	9	6	1	—	1
Fifth district,	47	124	38	2	—	4	—
Sixth district,	51	79	40	2	—	—	—
Seventh district,	82	70	12	10	—	—	—
Sixth ward—							
First district,	88	73	18	3	1	6	—
Second district,	61	101	17	2	1	2	—
Third district,	98	88	30	13	—	2	1
Fourth district,	60	106	66	4	—	6	3
Fifth district,	81	71	52	13	—	—	—
Sixth district,	64	77	17	13	1	3	—
Total for city,	2,698	3,570	611	151	19	72	19
Fairview township,							
Fairview borough,	87	28	3	8	—	—	—
Franklin township,	45	30	1	2	—	—	—
Girard township—	93	11	1	10	—	—	—
North district,	131	52	4	17	2	5	—
South district,	53	13	2	5	5	—	—
Girard borough,	114	50	3	11	—	1	—
Greene township—							
First district,	25	27	8	1	—	—	—
Second district,	40	18	1	4	1	1	—
Greenfield township,	54	8	6	6	—	—	1
Harbour Creek township—							
East district,	115	36	6	6	2	—	—
West district,	31	13	1	1	1	—	—
LeBoeuf township,	74	64	—	6	—	—	1
Mill Village borough,	31	22	—	1	—	—	1
McKean township,	65	33	6	9	—	—	—
Middleboro borough,	30	20	—	3	1	—	—
Mill Creek township—							
First district,	57	43	11	8	—	—	—
Second district,	71	89	15	6	—	3	—
Third district,	94	19	5	15	1	—	1
Fourth district,	34	58	5	2	—	1	—
Fifth district,	61	11	4	2	—	—	—
Sixth district,	28	9	1	3	—	—	—
North East township,	200	61	1	13	2	—	1
North East borough—							
First ward,	162	46	4	7	3	1	—
Second ward,	201	40	10	16	1	1	—
Plateau borough,	24	7	—	2	—	1	—
Summit township,	34	17	4	—	—	1	—
Springfield township,	121	15	5	6	4	—	—
Union township,	92	21	—	18	—	—	—
Union City borough—							
First ward,	145	53	3	38	4	2	—
Second ward,	150	72	1	27	7	—	—
Venango township,	60	12	—	19	—	—	—
Wattsburg borough,	38	11	—	6	—	—	—
Wayne township—							
East district,	47	14	—	6	1	—	—
West district,	37	13	1	23	1	1	—
Waterford township—							
East district,	54	12	1	6	—	—	—
West district,	62	10	—	2	—	—	—
Waterford borough,	104	21	1	5	2	—	—
Washington township,	153	21	—	23	—	1	—
Wesleyville borough,	54	27	4	5	—	—	—
Soldiers' vote,	45	50	8	4	—	—	—
Total,	6,721	5,216	805	615	63	98	30

FAYETTE COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Belleverson borough, -----	149	69	3	7	1		2
Brownsville borough, -----	306	71	1	12			
Brownsville township, -----	42	20	1	2			
Bullskin township-----							
First district, -----	73	82	5	8			
Second district, -----	47	32	3	9			
Third district, -----	9	9	1	3			
Connellsville borough-----							
First ward, -----	140	34		5		1	
Second ward, -----	91	70	3	5			
Third ward, -----	133	95	3	10			
Fourth ward, -----	100	72	2	8		1	1
Fifth ward, -----	117	82	4	11		3	
Sixth ward, -----	241	38		2			
Seventh ward, -----	220	29	2	8	5	2	
Connellsville township-----							
First district, -----	17	4	1	1		1	
Second district, -----	104	31	4	2		1	
Dawson borough, -----	81	53	10	3			
Dunbar borough, -----	103	57	5	3			
Dunbar township-----							
First district, -----	68	72	1	1			
Second district, -----	77	48	3	17	1	1	
Third district, -----	120	121	2				
Fourth district, -----	13	17		1		1	
Fifth district, -----	40	46		2		1	
Sixth district, -----	28	44					
Everson borough, -----	70	70	6	5			
Fairchance borough, -----	125	90		9			1
Fayette City borough, -----	175	57	13	6			
Franklin township-----							
First district, -----	87	20			1		
Second district, -----	89	33	3	1			
Third district, -----	87	52					
Georges township-----							
First district, -----	50	65		3			
Second district, -----	95	80		3	1	1	
Third district, -----	102	65	5				
Fourth district, -----	15	162	1	4			1
German township-----							
First district, -----	85	54	2	4	1		
Second district, -----	80	47	1				
Third district, -----	94	15	2	2	1		
Fourth district, -----	55	50	2	3			1
Fifth district, -----	89	34		1		1	
Sixth district, -----	78	42	1	3	2	2	
Seventh district, -----	35	24		4			
Henry Clay township-----							
First district, -----	86	58		4	1		
Second district, -----	25	18		10	1		
Jefferson township-----							
First district, -----	97	33		1			
Second district, -----	107	41	8	2		1	
Lower Tyrone township-----							
First district, -----	42	28	3	2			1
Second district, -----	23	17	5	6			
Luzerne township-----							
First district, -----	140	21			2		
Second district, -----	28	27		2		2	
Third district, -----	81	33		3			1
Fourth district, -----	38	16		1			
Fifth district, -----	85	28	3	1			
Sixth district, -----	28	12	1	4			1
Markleysburg borough, -----	30	12					
Masontown borough, -----	112	59	3	2			
Menallen township-----							
First district, -----	59	42	5	1	1	1	
Second district, -----	46	58	1	1		1	
Third district, -----	93	83	2	10	3	2	
Nicholson township-----							
First district, -----	38	56	1	6			
Second district, -----	38	39	1	7			
Third district, -----	41	20	5	1			

FAYETTE COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
North Union township—							
First district, -----	83	115	6	6	1		
Second district, -----	118	95	7	8		1	1
Third district, -----	20	32	11	2			
Fourth district, -----	75	58	8	6			
Fifth district, -----	46	35		2		1	
Oblopple borough, -----	51	12		2			
Perry township—							
First district, -----	97	84	4	19		2	
Second district, -----	36	22	3	1			
Third district, -----	111	73	4	11			
Fourth district, -----	14	35	3	2			
Point Marion borough, -----	142	96	6	6	2	1	
Redstone township—							
First district, -----	141	25	1	1			
Second district, -----	53	37	6				
Third district, -----	135	196	3	2			
Fourth district, -----	73	21		1	1		
Saltlick township—							
First district, -----	42	40	4	3		1	
Second district, -----	43	67		4		1	
Smithfield borough, -----	62	30	3	9			
South Brownsville borough—							
First ward, -----	163	45	1	3	3	2	
Second ward, -----	132	37		5	1		
Third ward, -----	122	35		10			
South Connellsville borough, -----	144	59	11	14			
South Union township—							
First district, -----	94	105	1	5			
Second district, -----	50	54	9	3			
Third district, -----	31	104	7	8		1	
Springfield township—							
First district, -----	83	63	1	2			
Second district, -----	122	25	1	7			
Springhill township—							
First district, -----	153	40	2	5			
Second district, -----	114	76	1	3		2	
Third district, -----	29	46	1	3			
Stewart township, -----	105	25					
Uniontown borough—							
First ward, -----	168	91	3	3	3	4	
Second ward, -----	230	84	9	15	1	2	
Third ward, -----	168	70	2	10		4	1
Fourth ward, -----	163	45	2	2			
Fifth ward, -----	216	66	4	9			
Sixth ward, -----	157	75	3	8	1	2	
Seventh ward, -----	127	61	2	12			1
Eighth ward, -----	136	98	5	13	2	2	
Upper Tyrone township—							
First district, -----	92	48		2	1	1	
Second district, -----	28	60	3	3			
Vanderbilt borough, -----	85	58	4	2	3	1	1
Washington township—							
First district, -----	104	49	9	5	2	2	
Second district, -----	39	19	7	1			
Wharton township—							
First district, -----	77	34		2	2		
Second district, -----	59	37	1				
Soldiers' vote, -----	29	20	2	3	1	1	
Total, -----	9,253	5,556	288	480	45	54	13

FOREST COUNTY.

Barnett township—							
Clarington, -----	22	13		3			1
Cooksburg, -----	9	2					
Redclyffe, -----	16	8		3			
Green township—							
Upper, -----	5	2	1	1			
Lower, -----	32	17	4	12			1

FOREST COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Harmony township—							
Upper,	29	14	1	6			
Lower,	11	16	1	1			
Hickory township,	68	43	11	33			
Howe township—							
Brookston,	34	9		2			
Lynch,	9	11	1	3			
Jenks township—							
Duhring,	20	3		1			
Marienville,	55	37	4	16			
Kingsley township—							
Mayburg,	7	2		3			
Kellettsville,	78	15	7	15			
Newtown,	10	6	3	4			
Tionesta township,	33	17	2	8			
Tionesta borough,	86	25		10			
Soldiers' vote,	6	2					
Total,	527	234	35	121	3	2	2

Scattering—1.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Antrim township—							
First district,	36	25	1	3			
Second district,	65	29		1		1	
Third district,	86	58		2			
Fourth district,	44	74	3	3		1	
Fifth district,	67	45				1	
Chambersburg borough—							
First ward—							
First precinct,	92	42	2	7	1	1	
Second precinct,	119	43	1	7	3	1	
Second ward—							
First precinct,	126	37	1	2	3		
Second precinct,	170	64	4	8	3		1
Third ward—							
First precinct,	118	68	4	5	4	1	
Second precinct,	155	83	5	11	7		1
Fourth ward—							
First precinct,	142	48	3	8			
Second precinct,	63	43		1		1	1
Fifth ward,	63	43	5	7			
Fannett township—							
Dry Run district,	108	34		9	2		
Concord district,	31	55		6			
Sulphur Springs district,	25	27		6			
Greencastle borough—							
First ward,	102	57	1	3	3	2	
Second ward,	113	51		9	2		
Greene township—							
First district,	89	42		4			
Second district,	69	35		14			
Third district,	63	25					
Guilford township—							
First district,	59	20		6			
Second district,	52	21		1			
Third district,	41	31	2	1			
Fourth district,	92	58		3			
Fifth district,	11	14					
Hamilton township—							
First district,	44	31	1				
Second district,	25	33		2			
Third district,	13	26		2	1		
Letterkenny township—							
First district,	114	83	1	3			
Second district,	13	8					
Lurgan township,	64	73	3	6		2	
Mercersburg borough,	187	54		7			1
Metal township—							
First district,	47	23				1	
Second district,	34	8		1			
Third district,	35	38		2			

FRANKLIN COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Boniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Boniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Mont Alto borough, -----	51	29	1	9			
Montgomery township—							
First district, -----	36	26					
Second district, -----	61	44	1	1		1	1
Third district, -----	29	24					
Fourth district, -----	17	26					
Peters township—							
First district, -----	40	26		2		2	
Second district, -----	55	26		2			
Third district, -----	82	35		4	2		1
Fourth district, -----	56	14	2	2	1		
Quincy township—							
First district, -----	55	81	8	3	2		1
Second district, -----	8	23					
Third district, -----	24	23	14	2	1		
Fourth district, -----	14	20					
St. Thomas township—							
First district, -----	25	36		1			
Second district, -----	77	55	1	9			
Third district, -----	53	20			2		
Southampton township—							
Mt. Rock district, -----	65	32	1	11			
Orrstown district, -----	45	38		9			
Warren township, -----	27	22					
Washington township—							
First district, -----	42	17					
Second district, -----	106	49	2	2			
Third district, -----	22	10	1	8			
Fourth district, -----	56	35	1	3	2		
Waynesboro borough—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	119	81	2	8	1		
Second precinct, -----	120	42	1	13	7	1	
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	115	57		4	1		
Second precinct, -----	84	57		3	1		
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	110	36	2	5	2		
Second precinct, -----	102	69	2	9	2		
Third precinct, -----	106	68	2	14	2		
Soldiers' vote, -----	28	11					
Total, -----	4,607	2,681	78	274	55	16	8
Scattering—1.							

FULTON COUNTY.

Ayr township, -----	96	121	2	2	2	1	
Belfast township, -----	69	64		3			
Bethel township, -----	71	63	1	2			
Brush Creek township, -----	59	43		2			
Dublin township, -----	80	63		2			
Licking Creek township, -----	58	84	1	1			
McConnellsburg borough, -----	82	39		2	1		
Taylor township, -----	72	67	1	1	1		
Thompson township, -----	38	84					
Todd township, -----	54	47		1	1		
Union township, -----	60	50			1		
Wells township, -----	38	45	1	1			
Soldiers' vote, -----	6	4					
Total, -----	783	774	6	17	6	1	

GREENE COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonnivell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonnivell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Aleppo township, -----	94	83					
Carmichaels borough, -----	72	30		2			
Center township--							
East, -----	108	125	1				
West, -----	42	68				1	
Clarksville borough, -----	26	17		4	1		
Cumberland township--							
No. 1, -----	149	93	1	2			
No. 2, -----	26	17	1	2			
Dunkard township--							
Lower, -----	41	71	2	5			
Upper, -----	17	70	1		1	1	
East Waynesburg borough, -----	50	93		5		5	
Franklin township--							
East, -----	43	154	1	1		1	
West, -----	33	86	1	2	2		1
Gilmore township, -----	60	75					
Graysville borough, -----	27	34					
Greensboro borough, -----	41	27		5	2		
Greene township, -----	40	41		1	1		
Jackson township, -----	72	72		1			
Jefferson borough, -----	31	38					
Jefferson township, -----	59	74		2			
Monongahela township, -----	59	46	1	7	1		
Morgan township, -----	58	53		1			
Morris township, -----	54	106	1	1		3	
Mt. Morris borough, -----	41	21					
New Freeport borough, -----	16	20					
Perry township, -----	64	120	2	4			
Rices Landing borough, -----	29	26	2	10			2
Richhill township, -----	132	177	1	4	2	1	
Springhill township, -----	74	90		1			
Washington township--							
Ruffs Creek, -----	21	66		1			
Sycamore, -----	12	33					
Wayne township--							
East, -----	42	82		1			
West, -----	48	114		3			
Waynesburg borough, North--							
No. 1, -----	52	57		2	1	2	
No. 2, -----	88	82	3	8			
Waynesburg borough, South--							
No. 1, -----	56	98		2		1	
No. 2, -----	88	99		5			
Whiteley township, -----	29	117		4	1		
Soldiers' vote, -----	26	12		1			1
Total, -----	2,009	2,677	18	91	12	15	4

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

Alexandria borough, -----	48	27		4			
Ardenheim, -----	7	11	1				1
Barree township, -----	46	18	1	1	2		
Birmingham borough, -----	27					1	
Broad Top City borough, -----	24	8	16	1			
Calvin, -----	45	3					
Carbon township, -----	32	14	2	1			
Cass township, -----	30	2					
Cassville township, -----	19	3			1		
Clay township, -----	37	14					
Coalmont borough, -----	70	4	4	3			
Cromwell township, -----	44	33		1			
Dudley borough, -----	49	17					
Franklin township, -----	64	11					
Grantaville, -----	46	4		3	1		
Henderson township, -----	14	6		1			
Hill Valley borough, -----	20	4					
Hopewell township, -----	20	1	1	3			1

HUNTINGDON COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Huntingdon borough—							
First ward, -----	116	37	2	5			
Second ward, -----	202	52	2	5	4	1	
Third ward, -----	194	49	1	6	1	1	1
Fourth ward, -----	181	79	6	15	8	3	1
Jackson township, -----	60	24					
Jacobs, -----	6						
Juniata township, -----	21	4		1			
Latta Grove, -----	44						
Lincoln township, -----	49	5	2	2	1		
Logan township, -----	14	10	1	2			
Mapleton borough, -----	82	18	1	1	1		
Marklesburg borough, -----	24	3	1				3
Mill Creek borough, -----	20	13	6	1			
Miller township, -----	20	8		1	1		
Morris township, -----	25	11					
Mount Union borough—							
First ward, -----	62	23		3			
Second ward, -----	86	19		6	1		
Third ward, -----	205	32		6			
Mount Union district, -----	57	21	2	1			1
North Brady, -----	40	5			1		
North Dublin, -----	47	25					
North Porter, -----	18	3					1
North Tell, -----	41	37					
North Warriorsmark, -----	137	11		2			
Oneida township, -----	37	8					
Orbisonia borough, -----	75	35	1		2		
Penn township, -----	32	19		4			
Petersburg borough, -----	54	33	1	2			
Puttstown, -----	9	4		2			
Rockhill borough, -----	55	10		3			
Saltillo borough, -----	34	15		4			
Shade Gap borough, -----	14	1					
Shirley township, -----	37	18		1			
Shirleysburg borough, -----	24	13		2			
Smithfield township, -----	79	14	1	2	1		
South Brady, -----	17	5	1	1		1	
South Dublin, -----	39	5					
South Porter, -----	73	18		3		1	
South Tell, -----	12	26					
South Warriorsmark, -----	8	4		2			
Springfield township, -----	52	4	1				
Spruce Creek township, -----	30	17	2				
Three Springs borough, -----	35	4	2	2			
Todd township, -----	69	1			3		
Union township, -----	39	2		1			
Valley Point, -----	9	3					
Walker township, -----	58	21	1	1	2		
West township, -----	36	15	1		1		
Wood township, -----	48	7	1	1		1	
Soldiers' vote, -----	28	15		1			
Total, -----	3,340	997	58	107	31	9	9

INDIANA COUNTY.

Armagh borough, -----	12	4		2			
Armstrong township—							
No. 1, -----	35	7		26			
No. 2, -----	40	7		10			
Banks township—							
No. 1, -----	49	6		10	1		
No. 2, -----	35	0		5	2		
Blacklick township—							
No. 1, -----	45	4		1	1		
No. 2, -----	21	9	5	3			
Blairsville borough—							
First ward, -----	68	10	8	5			
Second ward, -----	88	34	8	3		1	
Third ward, -----	146	34	7	13	1	1	
Brushvalley township—							
No. 1, -----	66	4		9	1		
No. 2, -----	10	5		1			1

INDIANA COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Buffington township—							
No. 1, -----	39	1					
No. 2, -----	23	7	2	1			
No. 3, -----	34	7					
Burrell township—							
No. 1, -----	49	13	20	25		1	
No. 2, -----	38	8	16	4			
No. 3, -----	16	5	1	1	1		
Canoe township—							
No. 1, -----	57	31		13	1	1	
No. 2, -----	39	11		17			
Center township—							
No. 1, -----	35	5	4	19			
No. 2, -----	63	12	2	6			
No. 3, -----	97	24	9	6			
Cherryhill township—							
No. 1, -----	94	14		19			
No. 2, -----	31	1		3			
Cherrytree borough,	42	22	1	5			
Clymer borough,	114	32	1	17	2	2	
Conemaugh township—							
No. 1, -----	23	20	1	3			
No. 2, -----	49	4		7			
No. 3, -----	30	17		6			
No. 4, -----	35	9	2	2			
Creekside borough,	36	20		7		2	
Glen Campbell borough,	76	51	14	15		2	1
Grant township,	84	13	1	21	1		
Green township—							
No. 1, -----	65	9	1	11			
No. 2, -----	95	8		7		1	
No. 3, -----	62	19	4	9	1	1	
No. 4, -----	39	5	1	9			
Homer City borough,	113	22	5	22			
Indiana borough—							
First ward, -----	123	34	3	9		2	
Second ward, -----	158	29	1	8		1	1
Third ward, -----	248	40	3	37	2	1	
Fourth ward, -----	162	23		10	1	1	
Jacksonville borough,	18	4		5			
Mahoning township—							
East, -----	88	10	2	25			
West, -----	82	7	1	9			
North, -----	85	15	1	13	2		
South, -----	112	14	1	11			
Marion Center borough,	61	2	3	16			
Mechanicsburg borough,	23	2		4	1		
Montgomery township,	103	42	3	38	1	1	
Pine township—							
No. 1, -----	24	11					
No. 2, -----	106	17		2		2	
Plumville borough,	42	3	2	4			
Rayne township—							
No. 1, -----	88	10	1	15			
No. 2, -----	45	22		9	1	1	
Saltsburg borough,	86	50	1	13			1
Shelocta borough,	12	7		3			
Smicksburg borough,	31	5		2			
Washington township,	70	27	1	17		1	
Wheatfield township, East—							
No. 1, -----	23	4	1	5			
No. 2, -----	32	8		2			
Wheatfield township, West—							
No. 1, -----	57	16	2	14		3	
No. 2, -----	48	4		1			1
No. 3, -----	18	5		5			
No. 4, -----	13	2		2			
White township,	111	23	3	14	3	2	
Young township—							
No. 1, -----	47	11		1			
No. 2, -----	29	8		17	1		
No. 3, -----	74	7	2	7		1	
Soldiers' vote,	30	11		4			
Total, -----	4,316	993	144	665	24	28	5

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Barnett township, -----	28	1					
Beaver township--							
North, -----	36	28		2	1		
South, -----	19	8		3			
Bell township--							
North, -----	19	14	4	4			1
South, -----	36	33	1	8			1
Big Run borough, -----	67	26		7			10
Brockwayville borough, -----	148	19	1	7	2		
Brookville borough--							
First, -----	202	58	3	15	5		
Second, -----	145	49	2	5			
Clover township, -----	40	13	1	2	2		1
Corsica borough, -----	38	6		4			
Eldred township--							
First, -----	56	38		3			
Second, -----	22	15		2			
Falls Creek borough, -----	66	21	4	22	2		
Gaskill township, -----	30	19	2	5			
Heath township, -----	12	3		6		1	
Henderson township--							
East, -----	6	28	4	2			
West, -----	22	26	3	5			
Knox township--							
East, -----	107	13	4	4		1	3
West, -----	47	26	4	1			
McCalmont township--							
First, -----	15	6		12			
Second, -----	25	13	1	1	1		
Third, -----	64	38	19	5			
Oliver township--							
First, -----	45	12		1			
Second, -----	40	4	1		1		
Third, -----	22	8		3			
Perry township--							
First, -----	33	15		5	2		
Second, -----	39	12		6			
Third, -----	49	13	1	6			1
Pinecreek township--							
East, -----	18	26	2	1			
West, -----	75	16	2	4			1
Polk township, -----	42	2		2			
Porter township, -----	42	19	2	2	1		
Punxsutawney borough--							
First ward, -----	139	52	4	8			
Second ward, -----	96	52	3	11	1		
Third ward, -----	129	60	1	17	2	3	1
Fourth ward, -----	100	50	7	8	1	4	2
Fifth ward, -----	53	38	2	6		3	
Sixth ward, -----	73	31	8	4			1
Reynoldsville borough--							
First, -----	86	34	3	3	3		
Second, -----	111	55	3	3			1
Third, -----	43	33	1	1			
Ringgold township, -----	92	34		4			
Rose township, -----	80	37	2	4	1		
Snyder township, -----	79	6	2	7			1
Summerville borough, -----	74	12	1	7			
Sykesville borough, -----	119	42	2	4			
Union township, -----	44	24		3	1		
Warsaw township--							
East, -----	66	9		2	1		
West, -----	43	5		2	1		
Washington township--							
East, -----	42	2		10	1		
North, -----	53	5	5	7	1		
West, -----	18	16		5			
Winslow township--							
First, -----	26	17	3	3			
Second, -----	29	29	1	8			
Third, -----	35	5	1				
Fourth, -----	44	16	1	3	2	1	
Worthville borough, -----	13	8		1			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

JEFFERSON COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Boniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fittbrian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Boniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Young township, North—							
First, -----	19	88	1	1			
Second, -----	82	15	5				
Young township, South, -----	31	8	5	4			
Soldiers' vote, -----	38	11					1
Total, -----	3,546	1,372	122	293	32	13	25

JUNIATA COUNTY.

Beale township, -----	67	49					
Black Log district, -----	4	8					
Delaware township, -----	117	26	2	1		1	
East Waterford district, -----	33	12					
Fayette township, -----	191	42	2	6			
Fermanagh township, -----	89	49			2	1	3
Greenwood township, -----	18	37		6	1		
Lack township, -----	28	43		8			
Mifflin borough, -----	67	66	1	6	1	1	
Mifflintown borough, -----	123	67	1	13	2	2	
Milford township, -----	70	59		4			1
Monroe township, -----	69	90	2	11			
Port Royal borough, -----	51	44		3			
Spruce Hill township, -----	64	33	1	4			
Susquehanna township, -----	46	5	5	1	1		
Thompsontown borough, -----	50	14				1	
Turbett township, -----	48	36		16	2		1
Tuscarora township, -----	48	63		4			
Walker township, -----	148	41	1	9			
Soldiers vote, -----	14	1					
Total, -----	1,355	785	15	86	9	6	6

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Archbald borough—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	76	144	6	1		1	1
Second district, -----	26	190	3				
Second ward, -----	21	314			1	1	1
Third ward, -----	11	190					
Benton township, -----	99	38		20			
Blakely borough—							
First ward, -----	207	26	1	6	2		
Second ward, -----	241	42		5		2	
Third ward, -----	119	49	3	7			1
Carbondale township—							
Northeast district, -----	10	40			1		
Northwest district, -----	23	26					
South district, -----	6	32	1				1
Carbondale city—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	217	35	2	3			
Third district, -----	18	131					1
Second ward—							
First district, -----	72	17		1			
Second district, -----	45	49	1	1			
Third district, -----	2	48					
Third ward—							
First district, -----	56	58					
Second district, -----	87	54	1	1		1	
Third district, -----	3	47		1			
Fourth district, -----	128	17	1	5			
Fourth ward—							
First district, -----	11	84					
Second district, -----	7	37				1	1
Third district, -----	3	82					

LACKAWANNA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Boniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Boniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Carbondale city—Concluded—							
Fifth ward—							
First district,	209	32	3	6			
Second district,	7	45					
Sixth ward—							
First district,	123	36	2	5			
Second district,	5	34					
Total for city,	993	806	10	23		2	2
Clarks Green borough,	47	1					
Clarks Summit borough,	168	38	1	9			
Clifton township,	10	9					
Covington township,	82	18	1	2			
Dalton borough,	83	27		9			
Dickson City borough—							
First ward,	98	166	4	1			
Second ward,	92	118					2
Third ward,	166	113	1	1			
Dunmore borough—							
First ward—							
First district,	78	64		2			
Second district,	17	130					
Third district,	49	114	2	2		1	
Second ward—							
First district,	13	100					
Second district,	19	137					
Third district,	20	84					
Third ward—							
First district,	17	75		2	1		1
Second district,	80	42		1			
Third district,	67	42	1	2		1	
Fourth ward,	3	49					
Fifth ward,	12	61	1				
Sixth ward—							
First district,	78	89	1	3			
Second district,	130	31	2	5	1	1	1
Third district,	25	127					
Fourth district,	20	102	1				
Elmhurst borough	34	19	1	1			1
Fell township—							
First district,	13	25					
Second district,	21	83		1	1		1
Third district,	25	64	1	2			
Fourth district,	22	9					
Glenburn borough,	34	3		4			
Gouldsboro borough,	6	2					
Greenfield township,	53	4	3				
Jefferson township,	43	18	1	6		1	
Jermyn borough—							
First ward,	101	34		2			
Second ward,	125	28	1	3			
Third ward,	46	57		1			
Lackawanna township—							
First district,	13	235	2				
Second district,	7	106	1				
La Plume borough,	42	8		4			
Lehigh township,	20	4	1				
Madison township,	76	8		7			
Mayfield borough—							
First ward,	61	20		2			
Second ward,	73	43					
Third ward,	10	38					
Moosie borough—							
First ward,	96	30		5			
Second ward,	21	38					1
Third ward,	60	46					
Fourth ward,	33	47		1			
Moscow borough,	89	39		3	1		
Newton township,	71	30		4	1	2	
North Abington township,	24	9	1				
Old Forge borough—							
First ward,	65	57	4		1		
Second ward,	55	44					
Third ward,	109	116	1		1		
Fourth ward,	45	55	2	2			1

LACKAWANNA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Old Forge borough—Concluded—							
Fifth ward, -----	37	15	1				
Sixth ward, -----	128	129	2	2			1
Olyphant borough—							
First ward, -----	10	278	2			1	
Second ward, -----	106	163	3	3	2	1	
Third ward—							
First district, -----	36	164	1				1
Second district, -----	25	2	1				
Fourth ward, -----	109	121	1	1			
Ransom township—							
First district, -----	25	11		11		1	
Second district, -----	8	2	1			1	
Roaring Brook township, -----	14	6					
Scott township, -----	101	22	1	5	2		
Seranton city—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	119	57	5	7			
Second district, -----	148	28		10			
Third district, -----	91	35	1	5			
Fourth district, -----	67	35		2	1		
Fifth district, -----	52	52	4	1			
Sixth district, -----	71	20		13	1	1	1
Second ward—							
First district, -----	102	60	1				
Second district, -----	42	59	5	1			
Third district, -----	127	22	1	5			
Fourth district, -----	46	56					1
Fifth district, -----	12	56					
Sixth district, -----	90	47	7	3			
Third ward—							
First district, -----	6	94	1				
Second district, -----	4	75					
Fourth ward—							
First district, -----	112	20	1	1			
Second district, -----	96	20	1				
Third district, -----	90	47	1	2			1
Fourth district, -----	119	39	2	1		2	
Fifth district, -----	84	15	3				
Fifth ward—							
First district, -----	92	32	2	3		2	
Second district, -----	95	41					1
Third district, -----	93	43	2	1	1		
Fourth district, -----	165	52	1	1			
Sixth ward—							
First district, -----	7	139	1	1			
Second district, -----	15	51					
Third district, -----	129	30	1	1	1	1	1
Seventh ward—							
First district, -----	6	60					
Second district, -----	10	18					
Third district, -----	3	84					
Eighth ward—							
First district, -----	35	35	1				
Second district, -----	48	32					
Ninth ward—							
First district, -----	57	32	2	1			
Second district, -----	74	48	3	4		1	2
Third district, -----	102	34		2		2	
Fourth district, -----	115	25		5			
Tenth ward—							
First district, -----	89	44	6	4		1	1
Second district, -----	154	34	3	2	4	1	
Third district, -----	138	34	6	4	1	3	
Eleventh ward—							
First district, -----	73	94	7	1		8	
Second district, -----	40	120	4				
Third district, -----	29	30					
Twelfth ward—							
First district, -----	38	99	3				
Second district, -----	21	81					1
Thirteenth ward—							
First district, -----	76	66	1	2			1
Second district, -----	84	44		2	1	2	
Third district, -----	52	13		2			
Fourth district, -----	124	19		9		1	

LACKAWANNA COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Scranton city—Concluded—							
Fourteenth ward—							
First district, -----	44	34					
Second district, -----	18	47					1
Fifteenth ward—							
First district, -----	106	56	3	1			
Second district, -----	109	51	2	2			3
Third district, -----	103	34	5	3			
Sixteenth ward—							
First district, -----	35	29	3			1	
Second district, -----	70	65	3	2	1		
Seventeenth ward—							
First district, -----	116	43				3	
Second district, -----	111	51	3	2			
Third district, -----	116	64	1	1		2	
Fourth district, -----	121	81	1	5			
Eighteenth ward, -----	17	88	1				
Nineteenth ward—							
First district, -----	76	92	3				
Second district, -----	33	90	4				
Third district, -----	63	101	9				
Fourth district, -----	55	76	6			8	1
Twentieth ward—							
First district, -----	20	77					
Second district, -----	40	90					
Third district, -----	21	54	1				
Fourth district, -----	21	76	3	1			
Twenty-first ward—							
First district, -----	47	44					
Second district, -----	172	77	2	5			1
Third district, -----	98	41	2	1		1	
Fourth district, -----	55	77	2				
Twenty-second ward, -----	95	66	1	1			1
Total for city, -----	5,207	3,879	131	120	11	40	15
South Abington township—							
First district, -----	24	1		4			
Second district, -----	15	2		1			
Third district, -----	50	18	1	4			
Spring Brook township, -----	43	3	1				
Taylor borough—							
First ward, -----	27	48	2				
Second ward, -----	122	34	1	2			
Third ward, -----	131	47	2	4			
Fourth ward, -----	112	40	3	1		3	
Fifth ward, -----	123	16	1	4	1		1
Sixth ward—							
First district, -----	72	33	2				
Second district, -----	18	56					1
Throop borough, -----	119	222	4				2
Vandling borough, -----	85	90	2				
Waverly borough, -----	54	9		7			
West Abington township, -----	37	4		1			
Winton borough—							
First ward, -----	19	26				4	
Second ward, -----	23	189		1			
Third ward, -----	14	182			1		
Soldiers' vote, -----	185	173	1	3			
Total, -----	11,717	10,886	224	323	28	63	37

Scattering—2

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Lancaster city—							
First ward, -----	184	53	2	1			
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	199	52		1			
Second precinct, -----	226	77	1	1	1	6	
Third ward, -----	269	85	5	3	1		
Fourth ward, -----	351	93	9	5	1	2	

LANCASTER COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fifthian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Lancaster city—Concluded—							
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	200	70	1	6	2	1	2
Second precinct, -----	186	50		5		5	1
Sixth ward—							
First precinct, -----	180	49		1		2	
Second precinct, -----	370	101	4	16			
Third precinct, -----	307	74	3	2		1	
Seventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	395	145	1	12	1	7	
Second precinct, -----	202	167	7	3		1	
Third precinct, -----	214	90	2	2	2	2	
Eighth ward—							
First precinct, -----	262	192	10				
Second precinct, -----	267	296	10	3		4	
Third precinct, -----	180	130	5	1		6	
Ninth ward—							
First precinct, -----	125	76	6	4		5	
Second precinct, -----	113	46	3	7		1	
Third precinct, -----	317	112	4	6	4	1	
Total for city, -----	4,541	1,958	73	79	12	44	3
Adamstown borough, -----	61	23	7	12			
Akron borough, -----	96	11	4	9			
Bart township, -----	102	35		5			
Brecknock township—							
Bowmansville, -----	95	19					
Muddy Creek, -----	39	11	3	1			
Caernarvon township, -----	143	38		3			
Christiana borough, -----	153	27		13			
Clay township, -----	247	9		5			
Cocalico township, East, -----	192	33	17	12			
Cocalico township, West—							
Blainsport, -----	51	35	2				
Schoeneck, -----	136	11	2			3	
Colerain township, -----	150	42		4	1		
Columbia borough—							
First ward, -----	112	57		4		1	
Second ward, -----	75	32			1	1	
Third ward, -----	35	49		2			1
Fourth ward, -----	196	60		7		1	
Fifth ward, -----	109	39	1	1			
Sixth ward, -----	96	70	2	9	1	1	
Seventh ward, -----	60	52		7		1	
Eighth ward, -----	31	27	1				
Ninth ward, -----	28	42	1	4			
Conestoga township, -----	157	8		1			
Conoy township, -----	179	29	4	10			1
Denver borough, -----	118	31	14	1			
Donegal township, East—							
Lincoln School House, -----	89	35					
Maytown, -----	125	41	5	3			
Springville, -----	93	10		4			
Donegal township, West, -----	132	31	2	9			
Drumore township, -----	128	32		8			
Drumore township, East, -----	130	29		7			
Earl township—							
New Holland, -----	114	11		4			
Martindale, -----	64	3		4			
Earl township, East—							
Blue Ball, -----	206	18		12	1		
Terre Hill, -----	95	4					
Earl township, West—							
Earlville, -----	147	22		2			
Farmersville, -----	67	4	2				
Eden township, -----	57	19	2	3		1	
Elizabeth township, -----	113	19					
Elizabethtown borough, -----	374	90	5	14			1
Ephrata borough—							
First ward, -----	134	8	8	7			
Second ward, -----	101	20	27	13			
Third ward, -----	66	14	5	5			
Fourth ward, -----	77	9	3	5			

LANCASTER COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Ephrata township—							
Akron, ———	56	2		2			
Lincoln, ———	141	14	5	1			
Murrell, ———	72	15	7	1			
Fulton township, ———	175	27		5		1	
Hempfield township, East—							
Landisville, ———	151	16		2			
Petersburg, ———	176	7		5			
Rohrerstown, ———	138	19	1	4			
Hempfield township, West—							
Mountville, ———	39	20					1
Northwestern, ———	32	17	1				
Norwood, ———	56	11		1			
Silver Springs, ———	108	16					
Lampeter township, East, ———	284	26		10			
Lampeter township, West, ———	276	14		1	1	1	
Lancaster township, ———	213	18		1	2	2	
Leacock township, ———	221	30		3			
Leacock township, Upper, ———	167	22		9		2	1
Lititz borough—							
First ward, ———	291	45	5	25		1	
Second ward, ———	184	20	3	7	2		
Little Britain township, ———	131	63		6	2		
Manheim borough—							
First ward, ———	130	31	2	5			1
Second ward, ———	197	30	1	1		1	
Third ward, ———	54	20		2			
Manheim township—							
Northern district, ———	148	34		1		3	
Southern district, ———	182	61		3			1
Manor township—							
Indiantown, ———	191	3		6			
Manor New, ———	65	17		5			
Millersville, ———	302	20		10			1
Marietta borough—							
First ward, ———	48	47					
Second ward, ———	90	46	1	5			
Third ward, ———	63	46				2	
Martie township, ———	198	46		7	1		
Mt. Joy borough—							
East ward, ———	146	33	1	6			
West ward, ———	141	21		14	3		
Mt. Joy township—							
Lower, ———	61	8		7			
Milton Grove, ———	71	4			1	1	
Upper, ———	69	6	1	1	1		
Mountville borough, ———	148	17		4		1	
New Holland borough, ———	201	38	4	9	3		1
Paradise township, ———	241	54		2			
Penn township—							
Junction, ———	46	2		5			
South Penn, ———	77	7					
Unionville, ———	87	27		1			
Pequea township, ———	140	2		4		2	
Providence township, ———	195	19		1			
Quarryville borough, ———	94	57		3			
Raphe township—							
Newtown, ———	44	4		1	2		
Sporting Hill, ———	72	6		4			
Stricklers School House, ———	55	5					
Union Square, ———	75	9					
Sadsbury township, ———	80	21		2			
Salisbury township—							
Cambridge, ———	134	11			1		
Gap, ———	169	46		3	3		
Spring Garden, ———	89	3		2			
White House, ———	99	15		3			
Strasburg borough—							
First ward, ———	38	12					
Second ward, ———	51	14					
Third ward, ———	53	4					
Strasburg township, ———	197	20		2	2		
Torre Hill borough, ———	107	13	1	6	1		
Warwick township—							
Warwick, ———	140	26	1				
East Warwick, ———	199	21		1			

LANCASTER COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Washington borough—							
Upper ward, -----	16	31		3			
Lower ward, -----	12	29					
Soldiers' vote, -----	76	23			1		
Total, -----	17,496	4,572	229	561	42	76	12

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

New Castle city—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	112	34		11	4	3	
Second district, -----	14	12		1		1	
Third district, -----	46	16	1	3			
Second ward—							
First district, -----	90	29	1	3	2	2	
Second district, -----	210	37	2	29	3	4	
Third district, -----	70	28		13		2	
Fourth district, -----	148	25	1	23			1
Third ward—							
First district, -----	133	42		21			
Second district, -----	66	22	3	19	2	1	
Third district, -----	87	17	7	10		1	
Fourth ward—							
First district, -----	54	28	3	14			
Second district, -----	59	31	1	7		5	
Third district, -----	83	32	9	21			
Fourth district, -----	79	14	6	13	2	2	
Fifth ward—							
First district, -----	45	37	1	7		1	
Second district, -----	50	25	4	11			
Third district, -----	27	12	7	2			
Sixth ward—							
First district, -----	65	54	11	12	1		
Second district, -----	65	27	4	6		4	1
Seventh ward—							
First district, -----	77	101	3	26	2	4	
Second district, -----	4	7	1				
Eighth ward—							
First district, -----	37	43	3	1			
Second district, -----	35	20		4			
Total for city, -----	1,944	693	77	257	16	30	2
Bessemer borough, -----	31	19		2		1	
Ellwood City borough—							
First ward, -----	84	31	6	22	2	2	
Second ward, -----	84	25	2	27		1	
Third ward, -----	79	36	5	23		1	
Fourth ward, -----	42	13	12	7			1
Enon Valley borough, -----	36	14		11		2	
New Wilmington borough, -----	89	9		12			
South New Castle borough, -----	14	7	1	5			
Volant borough, -----	25	2		3			
Wampum borough, -----	51	28	1	1			
Big Beaver township—							
First district, -----	37	4		5		1	
Second district, -----	11	2	1	3	1		
Third district, -----	22	8	1	1			
Hickory township—							
First district, -----	31	23		17	1		
Second district, -----	22	9	2	8			
Little Beaver township, -----	60	11	1	4			
Mahoning township—							
First district, -----	62	21	1	8	4		
Second district, -----	33	6		11			
Neshannock township—							
First district, -----	41	2		4			
Second district, -----	19	6		6			
North Beaver township—							
First district, -----	77	12	1	15			
Second district, -----	35	7		3			
Third district, -----	13	7		4			
Fourth district, -----	33	8		11			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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LAWRENCE COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fifthian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Perry township—							
First district, -----	24	4	1	9			
Second district, -----	29	4		11	1		
Plain Grove township—							
First district, -----	54	2		20			
Second district, -----	19	4	1	9			
Pulaski township—							
First district, -----	62	13	1	10			
Second district, -----	59	19		20	2		
Scott township, -----	54	16		45	2		
Shenango township—							
First district, -----	18	11	1	1			
Second district, -----	45	14	1	6			1
Third district, -----	21	20	6				
Fourth district, -----	28	9	1	9		2	
Slippery Rock township—							
First district, -----	58	3	1	16	2		
Second district, -----	44	2	1	8	1		1
Third district, -----	25	3		5		1	
Taylor township, -----	33	12	1	6			
Union township—							
First district, -----	40	32	9	6			1
Second district, -----	41	9		6			
Third district, -----	15	8	1	4	1	2	1
Washington township—							
First district, -----	14	10	1	10	1		
Second district, -----	9	10		9			
Wayne township—							
First district, -----	36	11	1	4			
Second district, -----	29	7	4	5	1		
Third district, -----	33	6	1	7			
Fourth district, -----	6	4	2	6			
Fifth district, -----	11		2				
Wilmington township—							
First district, -----	38	7		6			
Second district, -----	23	5	2	10		1	
Soldiers' vote, -----	29	21		3			
Total, -----	3,574	1,269	139	720	35	44	7

LEBANON COUNTY.

Lebanon city—						
First ward—						
East, -----	150	55	2	8	1	2
West, -----	198	74	1	5	1	2
Second ward, -----	184	70	5	2	6	3
Third ward, -----	87	48	2	2	4	1
Fourth ward, -----	160	56	1	3	2	3
Fifth ward—						
East, -----	233	114		18	2	8
West, -----	192	84	1	8	2	6
Sixth ward, -----	105	50		4	1	2
Seventh ward, -----	136	48	2	14	2	5
Eighth ward, -----	45	14		1	1	
Ninth ward, -----	30	18	1	1		
Total for city, -----	1,520	631	15	66	22	32
Jonestown borough, -----	117	10	2	4	1	
Richland borough, -----	69	46	1	1		2
Myerstown borough—						
North, -----	117	69	2	7		1
South, -----	83	50		6	1	4
Lebanon Independent borough, -----	117	55	7	4		1
Palmyra borough—						
East, -----	242	42	2	16	4	
West, -----	129	28		10	4	3
Annyville township, -----	281	49		21	5	4
West Lebanon township, -----	70	32		3	2	2
Cold Spring township, -----	5					
East Hanover township, -----	148	9		3	4	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

LEBANON COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Union township—							
Green Point, -----	48	4			2	1	
Bordnersville, -----	108	9		1	2		
North Londonderry township, -----	37	3		2	1		
South Londonderry township—							
Campbelltown, -----	50	10		3			
Lawn, -----	76	10		2	1		
North Annville township, -----	99	8		4	1		
South Annville township, -----	110	9		3			
Bethel township—							
Fredericksburg, -----	135	55	2	4			
Mount Zion, -----	32	41		1		1	
Cornwall township, -----	108	14	2				
North Cornwall township, -----	54	51	2	5	2		
West Cornwall township, -----	101	26		1		1	
Heidelberg township—							
Schaefferstown, -----	140	76		2	1	2	
Kleinfeltersville, -----	74	14	4		1		
North Lebanon township—							
East, -----	47	36	2	1	1		
West, -----	123	27	2	1			
South Lebanon township—							
South, -----	59	23		1			
North, -----	169	79	1	3	2	3	
Mill Creek township—							
Newmanstown, -----	150	28	27	1	2	1	
Millbach, -----	74	23	2	2			
Jackson township—							
North, -----	53	46			1		
South, -----	41	25		1			
Swatara township, -----	76	15	1	1	1		
Soldiers' vote, -----	29	9	2	1			
Total, -----	4,891	1,661	76	181	61	58	

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Allentown city—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	88	84	5	2	1	7	
Second district, -----	85	101	3	1		1	
Second ward—							
First district, -----	35	60	4	1	1	1	
Second district, -----	65	83	4	1	1	4	
Third district, -----	53	74	1	1		5	
Third ward—							
First district, -----	114	166	3		1	5	
Second district, -----	59	103	2	1		4	
Fourth ward—							
First district, -----	93	97	5	5	1	3	1
Second district, -----	108	112	7	2	1	6	
Fifth ward, -----	141	159	1	4	2	7	
Sixth ward—							
First district, -----	25	112	4				
Second district, -----	7	90	2			3	
Seventh ward—							
First district, -----	197	110	1	5	1	7	1
Second district, -----	153	132	8	3		1	
Eighth ward—							
First district, -----	91	97	5	9		6	1
Second district, -----	126	106	3	7	3	4	
Third district, -----	128	152	3	10	5	5	3
Fourth district, -----	86	93	8	5		2	1
Fifth district, -----	136	100	9	9	1	1	1
Ninth ward—							
First district, -----	62	151	9	3		7	1
Second district, -----	101	153	1	6	1	2	
Tenth ward—							
First district, -----	92	100	6	3	4	6	
Second district, -----	52	103	5	3	2	12	
Third district, -----	106	142	9	11	4	9	
Fourth district, -----	56	91	9	2	1		2

LEHIGH COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Boniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Boniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Allentown city—Concluded—							
Eleventh ward—							
First district, -----	170	93	1	4		2	
Second district, -----	182	139	3	2		2	
Third district, -----	162	127		5	5	10	
Fourth district, -----	73	38		1	1		
Twelfth ward, -----	75	155	12	3	2	6	
Thirteenth ward—							
First district, -----	199	148	11	7	1	10	
Second district, -----	88	37		1		4	
Fourteenth ward—							
First district, -----	46	115	11	5		3	
Second district, -----	38	71	6	1	1	3	1
Total for city, -----	3,336	3,643	162	123	40	148	12
Bethlehem borough—							
Tenth ward, -----	55	67	3	1		6	
Eleventh ward, -----	130	103	6	5		5	
Twelfth ward, -----	133	101	6	4	1	1	
Catasauqua borough—							
First ward, -----	119	149	3	2		9	
Second ward, -----	106	78	2	2	5	3	
Third ward, -----	45	121			1	4	
Fourth ward, -----	136	33	2	1		1	
Coplay borough, -----	109	104	5	1	2	2	
Hanover township—							
Rittersville district, -----	142	169	12	3			
Upper district, -----	14	32			1		
Heidelberg township, -----	129	32			2	1	
North Whitehall township—							
Eastern district, -----	18	48		1			
Middle district, -----	45	89					
Western district, -----	63	71	4	5			
Slatington borough—							
First ward, -----	203	69	3	3	1	3	
Second ward, -----	143	58	6	4		3	
Third ward, -----	138	75		6		6	
Washington township—							
Eastern district, -----	43	19		3	2	1	2
Southern district, -----	88	27		2		1	
Western district, -----	99	40	16	7	1	1	
Whitehall township—							
Lower district, -----	111	117	5	4	1	3	
Eastern district, -----	62	98	2	1		3	1
Middle district, -----	76	86	7	1			
Western district, -----	74	70		2	1	2	
Hokendauqua district, -----	105	63	2	1			
Alburtis borough, -----	49	62		1			
Coopersburg borough, -----	63	82		3	1	2	
Emaus borough—							
First district, -----	109	200	5	4	1	2	1
Second district, -----	85	127	5	5		2	2
Fountain Hill borough, -----	94	115	8	2	1	7	1
Lower Milford township, -----	62	85		3		1	1
Lowhill township, -----	48	62					
Lower Macungie township—							
East Macungie district, -----	33	73	1	2		1	
East Texas district, -----	67	98		3	1	2	
Upper district, -----	22	23					
Lynn township—							
Jacksonville district, -----	37	55		1	1	1	1
Lynnville district, -----	39	52					
New Tripoli district, -----	110	42			2		
Macungie borough, -----	67	87		8	1	2	
Salisbury township—							
Eastern district, -----	60	109	6	4		5	1
Mountainville district, -----	73	97	1	3		7	
South Allentown borough, -----	65	98	14	8		3	
South Whitehall township—							
Northern district, -----	47	103	1	2		1	
Southern district, -----	54	65		4		4	
Upper Macungie township—							
Upper district, -----	40	140	1		1	1	
Lower district, -----	35	79	2	1		2	

LEHIGH COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Play. Fair.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Upper Milford township—							
Eastern district, -----	39	66		3			
Western district, -----	54	67	1		1		
Upper Saucon township—							
Northern district, -----	63	91			2	1	
Southern district, -----	89	124	5	2			
Weisenberg township, -----	47	70	1	1			1
Soldiers' vote, -----	63	66	4	2			
Total, -----	7,340	7,903	301	217	70	247	23

LUZERNE COUNTY.

First Legislative District.							
Butler township—							
Upper Lehigh district, -----	28			1	2		
Freeland borough—							
First ward, -----	90	37		1	1	1	
Second ward, -----	70	11		1		2	
Third ward, -----	60	8		1		1	
Fourth ward, -----	89	40		2	1		
Fifth ward, -----	49	86		2			
Sixth ward, -----	30	44					
Foster township—							
Sandy Run district, -----	36	2	1	1		1	
South district, -----	18	26					1
North district, -----	24	18					
Pond Creek district, -----	16	3					
Drifton district, -----	17	17					
Woodside district, -----	33	29					
Hazle Brook district, -----	33	3					
East district, -----	14	3					
North West district, -----	43	10					
Hazle township—							
First district (Jeddo), -----	55	41					
Second district (Ebervale), -----	6	5	1	1		2	
Third district (Milnesville), -----	45	20					
Fourth district (Harleigh), -----	11	9	1		1		
Fifth district (Alter St., Hazle-							
ton), -----	2	15	3	1			
Sixth district (Harwood), -----	34	12					
Seventh district (Beaver Brook), -----	29	27					
Eighth district (Jeansville), -----	50	22		2			
Tenth district (Stockton), -----	10	9				1	
Eleventh district (Drifton), -----	44	41		1			
Twelfth district (Latimer), -----	57	43	1	2			
Thirteenth district (Humboldt), -----	10	12			1		
Fourteenth district (Cranberry), -----	7	11					
Hazleton city —							
First ward, -----	63	45	1			1	
Second ward, -----	67	38			1	1	
Third ward—							
First district, -----	55	21		1		2	
Second district, -----	67	31		1		2	1
Fourth ward, -----	57	52		2		1	
Fifth ward, -----	50	33		2			1
Sixth ward, -----	38	22			2		
Seventh ward, -----	100	24		5	1		
Eighth ward, -----	138	26	1	3	2	1	
Ninth ward—							
First district, -----	54	39	2	3		3	1
Second district, -----	90	42		1		1	
Tenth ward, -----	121	61	2	1	1	2	
Eleventh ward, -----	209	39	1	6	3	2	
Twelfth ward—							
First district, -----	56	117	3	1	1		
Second district, -----	27	53		1			
Third district, -----	41	21	1	4		1	
Thirteenth ward, -----	43	59					2
Fourteenth ward, -----	50	132					1
Fifteenth ward, -----	41	30	2			2	
Jeddo borough, -----	38	11					1

LUZERNE COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
West Hazleton borough—							
First ward, -----	42	27	3	1			
Second ward, -----	69	26	3	4		2	
Third ward, -----	27	102	3	1		2	1
Total, -----	2,558	1,710	29	53	15	31	9
Second Legislative District.							
Ashley borough—							
First ward, -----	192	83	1	6	1	4	
Second ward, -----	102	53		6		4	
Third ward, -----	28	130	6				1
Black Creek township—							
First district, -----	29	40			2		
Second district, -----	36	3					
Third district, -----	28	17	4				
Bear Creek township, -----	7	4					
Buck township, -----	8	2					
Butler township—							
First district, -----	50	20	1	3			
Third district, -----	44	10					
Conyngham borough, -----	47	45		3	1		
Dorrance township, -----	26	35		1	1		
Denison township—							
First district, -----	38	10		1	1		
Second district, -----	10	4					
Third district, -----							
Fairview township, -----	35	34	2	1	6		
Hollenback township, -----	52	15					
Hanover township—							
North district, -----	28	35	2				1
South district, -----	48	228		2	3	2	
Third district, -----	4	53					
Fourth district, -----	48	88	2				1
Fifth district, -----	19	64	2			1	
Sixth district, -----	50	46		1			
Seventh district, -----	50	87	5		1		
Laurel Run borough—							
First district, -----	48	31					
Second district, -----	21	1				1	
Nescopeck township—							
East district, -----	29	17		1			
West district, -----	14	6					
Nescopeck borough—							
First district, -----	29	29	2	7			
Second district, -----	30	17		8	2		
Third district, -----	19	22		4			
Nuangola borough, -----	10	6					
Sugarloaf township—							
North district, -----	22	11	1	3	1		
South West district, -----	29	12			1		1
East district, -----	17	8	1	1	1		
Sugar Notch borough—							
East district, -----	43	53	1	3			
Middle district, -----	9	84	3				
West district, -----	16	89	1				
Wright township, -----	23	17	2	1			
Warrior Run borough, -----	68	47	1			3	
White Haven borough—							
North ward, -----	46	52	1			1	
South ward, -----	80	47		1		1	
Wilkes-Barre township—							
North district, -----	5	26					1
South district, -----	43	57					
First Middle district, -----	4	109			1		
Second Middle district, -----	9	163		7			
Total, -----	1,593	2,010	38	60	22	18	5
Third Legislative District.							
Avoca borough—							
First ward, -----	28	78				2	
Second ward, -----	97	112				1	
Third ward, -----	29	81	1				
Dupont borough, -----	85	43				12	
Hughestown borough, -----	94	59		2		1	

LUZERNE COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Jenkins township—							
North district, -----	13	197	2			1	2
South district, -----	17	93	8			1	1
Middle district, -----	4	123		1			
Fourth district, -----	25	20	1				
Fifth district, -----	24	1			1		
Lafin borough, -----	16	12				2	
Miners Mills borough—							
First ward, -----	42	84	2				
Second ward, -----	14	115	1	3			
Parsons borough—							
North district, -----	118	175	1	1			
North West district, -----	16	20		2		1	
South district, -----	141	63					
Pittston township—							
North district, -----		10					
East district, -----	7	8				1	
South district, -----	8	66				1	
Fourth district, -----	7	85					
Pittston city—							
First ward, -----	5	127					
Second ward, -----	6	64				1	1
Third ward, -----	20	151	1		1		
Fourth ward, -----	50	88	3	5		2	
Fifth ward, -----	15	151	1				
Sixth ward—							
First district, -----	41	113	1	1			1
Second district, -----	48	55					
Seventh ward, -----	67	116	1			1	1
Eighth ward, -----	4	94					
Ninth ward, -----	36	95					
Tenth ward, -----	131	110	1	4			1
Eleventh ward, -----	40	193		1			
Plains township—							
First district, -----	42	20		2			
Second district, -----	51	42		1		1	
Third district, -----	72	27					1
Fifth district, -----	10	92					
Sixth district, -----	39	77					
Seventh district, -----	56	19		1		3	
Eighth district, -----	11	14	2				
Ninth district, -----	33	14					1
Tenth district, -----	6	57	1				
Yatesville borough, -----	46	5					
Total, -----	1,614	3,175	27	24	2	31	11
Fourth Legislative District.							
Conyngham township—							
North district, -----	35	59	2		2	2	
East district, -----	5	6					
Middle district, -----	11	26	1	1		1	1
South district, -----	24	12	1	2	1		
Fairmount township—							
East district, -----	36	5		1			
West district, -----	31	15		3			
Middle district, -----	19	6		3			
Hunlock township—							
North district, -----	38	6		4	1		
South district, -----	21	10			4	1	
Huntington township—							
North district, -----	25	19	1	2	2	1	
South district, -----	25	8		4			
Middle district, -----	44	8		2			
Harveyville, -----	19	6		1			
Nanticoke borough—							
First ward, -----	56	52	1	1		2	2
Second ward, -----	31	55	2	1	1		
Third ward, -----	4	11	1				
Fourth ward, -----	11	61	1		1		
Fifth ward, -----	193	82	2	1	5	4	1
Sixth ward, -----	21	52	1	2		2	2
Seventh ward, -----	70	45	1	1	1	1	2
Eighth ward, -----	97	30	0		1	2	1
Ninth ward, -----	57	71	3		1	3	1
Tenth ward, -----	67	50					

LUZERNE COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Boniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Boniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Nanticoke borough—Concluded—							
Eleventh ward, -----	105	173	4	1	1	3	1
Twelfth ward, -----	55	63	4	1		2	2
Thirteenth ward, -----	29	64	1	1		1	
New Columbus borough, -----	13	10	1	1			
Newport township—							
First West district, -----	43	161	3		1	1	3
Second West district, -----	54	143		1		2	
Middle district, -----	121	79		2	1		2
Fourth district, -----	68	58					
Fifth district, -----	58	46	1	1			1
Ross township—							
East district, -----	41	8		6			
West district, -----	27	17	2	2	1		
North district, -----	18	11	1		1		
Slocum township, -----	25	10	2		1		
Shickshinny borough—							
First ward, -----	29	27		1	1		
Second ward, -----	36	25		2	1		
Third ward, -----	44	25		3	1		
Fourth ward, -----	24	17	2	2	2	1	
Union township—							
North district, -----	27	17			1		
South district, -----	18	13	1	3			
Salem township—							
South East district, -----	20	28	1	2	1		
South West district, -----	62	19		3		1	
North East district, -----	14	8		3		1	
North district, -----	7	7	3		1		
Total, -----	1,887	1,726	52	68	33	31	19
Fifth Legislative District.							
Edwardsville borough—							
First ward, -----	83	97	5	2	2		
Second ward, -----	24	53	5	2			
Third ward, -----	50	53		1		1	1
Fourth ward, -----	79	35	4	2			1
Fifth ward, -----	33	11	3				1
Sixth ward, -----	46	18		2		3	
Seventh ward, -----	72	14	1	1		1	2
Kingston borough—							
First ward, -----	192	45	2	6	1		
Second ward, -----	171	160	5	6		4	
Third ward, -----	96	43		3	2		
Fourth ward, -----	22	35	2				2
Fifth ward, -----	14	56	6		1	1	
Larksville borough—							
First ward, -----	19	132	1	2		1	
Second ward, -----	15	63	1				
Third ward, -----	8	86	1			1	2
Fourth ward, -----	61	24	1		1	2	4
Fifth ward, -----	46	43	4	1			1
Sixth ward, -----	13	55	1	1			1
Seventh ward, -----	49	97	4	1			
Plymouth borough—							
First ward, -----	118	59	3	3		2	
Second ward, -----	89	22	5			2	
Third ward, -----	23	82	7	1			
Fourth ward, -----	48	62	1	2		9	
Fifth ward, -----	110	55	1	1		1	
Sixth ward, -----	94	61	2	1	2		
Seventh ward, -----	70	32	1			1	
Eighth ward, -----	56	28					2
Ninth ward, -----	102	32	1	1	1	2	
Tenth ward, -----	47	34		1	1	2	
Eleventh ward, -----	116	23		1	1	1	2
Twelfth ward, -----	51	28	1	2	2	1	
Thirteenth ward, -----	32	15					
Plymouth township—							
First West district, -----	9	35				5	
Second West district, -----	16	31					
Third West district, -----	61	21		1			
Fourth West district, -----	31	39	1				

LUZERNE COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fittsian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Plymouth township—Concluded—							
Fifth West district, -----	9	7					
Sixth West district, -----	17	109					
Total, -----	2,278	1,838	70	44	14	40	19
Sixth Legislative District.							
Courtdale borough, -----	38	10	1	1	1	1	1
Dallas borough, -----	66	13		7		2	
Dallas township—							
North district, -----	20	20	1	1			
South district, -----	37	11	2	1			
Dorranceton borough—							
First ward, -----	122	26		13	1	2	
Second ward, -----	67	27	1	4			1
Third ward, -----	150	23	1	5			2
Fourth ward, -----	116	52	3	3		3	
Duryea borough—							
First ward, -----	53	42	1		1	2	1
Second ward, -----	112	59	4				1
Third ward, -----	52	54	1	1	1	2	1
Fourth ward, -----	55	39	4			2	
Fifth ward, -----	31	43	1	3		1	1
Exeter borough—							
First ward, -----	18	10		4			
Second ward, -----	61	46	2		3	2	
Third ward, -----	94	73	3		1	6	2
Exeter township, -----	33	6		4			
Franklin township, -----	38	14	2	8	2		
Forty Fort borough—							
First ward, -----	104	15	2	4		2	
Second ward, -----	81	25	1	8	1	3	
Third ward, -----	48	20		5	1		
Jackson township, -----	20	19		1	1		1
Kingston township—							
North East district, -----	17	5	1	10		1	
North West district, -----	48	12		10	1		
South West district, -----	50	18		9	3		
Lehman township—							
South West district, -----	9	3	1				
North East district, -----	10	4		6			
Middle district, -----	34	11		8			
Lake township—							
North district, -----	19	17	4		2		
Middle district, -----	14	23	7	9	1		
South district, -----	27	14		5			
Luzerne borough—							
First ward, -----	56	57		2	1		
Second ward, -----	83	50			2		1
Third ward, -----	63	41	3		1	2	
Fourth ward, -----	30	28	6		1	1	
Pringle borough—							
First district, -----	6	40	1				
Second district, -----	14	12	3	1			1
Swoversonville borough—							
First ward, -----	41	44			1		1
Second ward, -----	15	38					1
Third ward, -----	26	36					
West Pittston borough—							
First district, -----	82	13	1		1	1	
Second district, -----	82	18		2			
Third district, -----	89	17		1			
Fourth district, -----	69	14	2	2	2	1	
Fifth district, -----	88	14		1		2	
Sixth district, -----	168	11		2			1
Seventh district, -----	107	15		5			1
Eighth district, -----	59	9		3			
Ninth district, -----	90	14	2	3			
Wyoming borough—							
First ward, -----	55	57	6	2	2	2	1
Second ward, -----	70	35		3			
Third ward, -----	88	15	5	4		1	
West Wyoming borough, -----	83	38	2	9		1	
Total, -----	3,051	1,367	78	171	29	45	18

LUZERNE COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Seventh Legislative District.							
Wilkes-Barre city—							
First ward—							
First district,	59	53		2	1	1	
Second district,	91	99	1	2		5	
Second ward—							
First district,	31	238	3				
Second district,	34	203	2	2			
Third ward—							
First district,	48	71	5	4			
Second district,	33	59	2	3	3	1	2
Third district,	69	60	2			1	
Fourth district,	35	44		2	1	3	1
Fourth ward,	137	73	1	4	2	2	1
Fifth ward—							
First district,	30	45			2	3	
Second district,	37	72	2	3		3	
Sixth ward—							
First district,	75	80	4			4	
Second district,	65	32		1		1	
Third district,	68	25	1	1		1	
Seventh ward,	70	34					
Eighth ward—							
First district,	44	88		1		6	
Second district,	41	62			2	4	
Ninth ward—							
First district,	87	40	1	3	1	1	
Second district,	88	81		2	3	5	
Third district,	51	30			2		1
Tenth ward—							
First district,	162	63		3	5	3	2
Second district,	88	49		1	3	2	
Eleventh ward—							
First district,	30	53		2	1	2	
Second district,	30	62			1	2	
Third district,	37	48	1	1		6	
Twelfth ward—							
First district,	145	73	1	3	4	3	1
Second district,	55	26	1	4	1	4	
Third district,	86	20		2	1	2	
Fourth district,	35	16				1	
Thirteenth ward—							
First district,	32	75	3			6	2
Second district,	102	77	1	4			1
Third district,	93	50	1	1	1		
Fourth district,	44	74	1		1	4	
Fifth district,	59	118	6	1	1	2	1
Fourteenth ward—							
First district,	70	149		1			
Second district,	30	20	3		1	1	1
Third district,	133	26	4	5	2	2	
Fourth district,	76	48	2	3		1	
Fifth district,	85	99	1	1			1
Fifteenth ward—							
First district,	137	67	2	2		3	
Second district,	102	49	2	3		3	
Third district,	239	73	3	7			
Sixteenth ward—							
First district,	80	65				2	
Second district,	30	56	6				1
Third district,	137	121	2	4			1
Fourth district,	48	51	2	3	1	4	1
Total,	3,339	3,267	66	83	40	93	17
Soldiers' vote,	71	86					
Grand total of county,	16,391	15,119	369	503	155	289	98

LYCOMING COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Anthony township, -----	14	12		26	1		
Armstrong township, -----	10	13		1			
Bastress township, -----	2	15			1		
Brady township, -----	30	12		7			1
Brown township—							
First precinct, -----	14	8		3		1	
Second precinct, -----	7	12		3			
Cascade township—							
First precinct, -----	12	19		1			
Second precinct, -----	11	10		1	1		
Clinton township—							
First precinct, -----	57	51	7	6	1		1
Second precinct, -----	33	23	2	3	1	2	
Cogan House township—							
First precinct, -----	48	8	2	7			
Second precinct, -----	27	19		1	1	2	
Cummings township, -----	9	18		3			
DuBoistown borough, -----	28	27	7	8			
Eldred township, -----	43	16	1	13	2	3	
Fairfield township, -----	26	24	1	10			
Franklin township, -----	17	48	1	5	2	1	
Gamble township, -----	31	15		19			1
Hepburn township, -----	25	40		3	1	2	
Hughesville borough—							
First ward, -----	68	70	3	14	2		
Second ward, -----	69	72	1	19	2	1	
Jackson township, -----	25	18		6		1	
Jersey Shore borough—							
First ward, -----	139	44	1	10	1	2	
Second ward, -----	144	64	3	12	5	5	1
Third ward, -----	83	39	6	25	3	2	
Fourth ward, -----	73	31	5	41	5	1	
Jordan township, -----	25	81	1	12	2		1
Lewis township, -----	29	20		15			
Limestone township, -----	53	35		3	2		2
Loyalsock township—							
First precinct, -----	206	109	17	39	4	3	1
Second precinct, -----	102	89	13	29			2
Lycoming township, -----	15	36	1	6	1		
McHenry township, -----	13	22		2			
McIntyre township, -----	78	34	1	3		1	1
McNett township—							
First precinct, -----	16	22		6			
Second precinct, -----	18	4		2			1
Mifflin township, -----	20	15		7			
Mill Creek township, -----	16	15			1	1	
Montoursville borough—							
First ward, -----	82	27	7	16	3		
Second ward, -----	90	49	1	14	2	1	1
Montgomery borough, -----	172	122	4	16	8	2	
Moreland township, -----	18	52		5			
Muncy borough—							
First ward, -----	61	45		10			
Second ward, -----	54	23		7		1	
Third ward, -----	61	52	1	5			
Muncy Creek township, -----	47	92	1	4	2		
Muncy township, -----	40	55		11	3	1	
Nippenose township, -----	22	25	2	6	1	1	
Old Lycoming township, -----	16	10		7		1	
Penn township, -----	18	53	1	1			
Platt township, -----	26	8	1	11	1		
Picture Rocks borough, -----	56	32	1	17	5	1	
Pine township—							
First precinct, -----	18	10		1			
Second precinct, -----	22	7	1	1			
Plunketts Creek township, -----	24	7	1	3		1	
Porter township, -----	40	19	3	12			
Salladasburg borough, -----	15	11		12			
Shrewsbury township, -----	19	29		6	1	1	
South Williamsport borough—							
First ward, -----	74	70	7	11	1	4	
Second ward, -----	105	91	24	25	4	1	
Third ward, -----	43	57	28	10	1	1	
Susquehanna township, -----	21	8		3		2	

LYCOMING COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Upper Fairfield township—							
First precinct, -----	21	14	2	20	1	2	-----
Second precinct, -----	14	11		3	-----	-----	-----
Washington township, -----	42	48		11	-----	1	1
Watson township, -----	17	6		5	-----	-----	-----
Wolf township, -----	22	48	1	3	2	-----	-----
Woodward township, -----	69	21	2	15	1	1	1
Williamsport city—							
First ward, -----	107	110	25	13	1	4	-----
Second ward, -----	99	112	10	9	1	3	1
Third ward, -----	180	163	9	22	3	2	3
Fourth ward, -----	102	89	11	16	1	1	-----
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	131	69	4	3	1	-----	-----
Second precinct, -----	83	138	7	7	2	6	-----
Sixth ward—							
First precinct, -----	60	52	9	5	2	1	-----
Second precinct, -----	118	100	18	33	2	-----	-----
Seventh ward, -----	243	127	21	44	9	5	5
Eighth ward—							
First precinct, -----	114	96	10	22	1	6	1
Second precinct, -----	88	133	14	14	1	4	-----
Ninth ward, -----	96	119	25	12	2	5	1
Tenth ward, -----	128	78	37	38	1	2	-----
Eleventh ward, -----	107	64	12	17	4	4	1
Twelfth ward, -----	200	75	11	30	7	2	-----
Thirteenth ward, -----	257	132	22	19	6	2	-----
Total for city, -----	2,113	1,690	245	298	44	52	12
Soldiers' vote, -----	61	37	2	8	-----	-----	-----
Grand total, -----	5,142	4,009	406	939	119	102	27

McKEAN COUNTY.

Annin township, -----	56	27	1	12	1	-----	-----
Bradford city—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	77	29	1	1	-----	2	-----
Second district, -----	41	28	3	1	-----	1	-----
Second ward—							
First district, -----	138	51	1	12	2	4	1
Second district, -----	72	46	-----	5	2	-----	1
Third ward—							
First district, -----	100	28	4	8	1	-----	1
Second district, -----	102	62	4	12	2	3	2
Fourth ward, -----	187	98	5	36	1	2	-----
Fifth ward, -----	68	62	9	8	1	1	-----
Sixth ward, -----	110	68	4	20	1	1	-----
Bradford township—							
First district, -----	64	30	2	16	-----	1	-----
Second district, -----	25	19	-----	12	-----	-----	-----
Ceres township, -----	67	16	-----	6	-----	-----	1
Corydon township—							
First district, -----	15	1	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Second district, -----	3	2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Eldred borough, -----	69	41	2	14	-----	-----	-----
Eldred township, -----	50	34	2	6	-----	-----	-----
Foster township—							
First district, -----	44	30	-----	9	2	-----	-----
Second district, -----	29	30	1	8	1	-----	-----
Hamilton township—							
First district, -----	97	10	7	5	7	1	-----
Second district, -----	8	7	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Hamlin township—							
First district, -----	88	32	5	2	1	1	-----
Second district, -----	40	5	-----	1	1	1	-----
Third district, -----	24	5	-----	14	4	-----	-----

McKEAN COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Ritbian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Kane borough—							
First ward, -----	120	99	3	10		1	
Second ward, -----	125	72	4	6	1		1
Third ward, -----	156	41	6	10	10	1	
Fourth ward, -----	111	57	5	12	2	1	1
Keating township—							
First district, -----	59	41		9	2	1	
Second district, -----	27	13		12			
Third district, -----	27	18	1	1			
Lafayette township—							
First district, -----	10	27		1			
Second district, -----	3	6		1		1	
Third district, -----	13	6		4	5	1	
Fourth district, -----	15	5		1	1		
Lewis Run borough, -----	25	17		6	1		
Liberty township, -----	84	34	5	13	4		
Mt. Jewett borough, -----	107	49	5	8	7	12	
Norwich township—							
First district, -----	58	25		2	1		
Second district, -----	2	10					
Third district, -----	101	27	1	4	1		
Otto township—							
First district, -----	49	17		5		1	
Second district, -----	34	17	3	10	1	2	
Port Allegany borough, -----	193	81	6	15	3	1	
Sergeant township—							
First district, -----	39	19		2			
Second district, -----	9	7		3		2	1
Smethport borough, -----	191	58		11	2		
Wetmore township, -----	101	20	3	14	3	1	1
Soldiers' vote, -----	21	16					
Total, -----	3,257	1,544	93	371	71	43	10

MERCER COUNTY.

Clarksville borough, -----	19	1		5			
Coolspring borough, -----	64	21		43		1	
Deer Creek township, -----	18	20	1	23			
Delaware township, -----	58	44	2	43	1		
East Lackawannock township, -----	42	9		25			
Fairview township, -----	63	12	4	31			
Farrell borough—							
First ward, -----	123	38	2				
Second ward, -----	104	39	2	7			
Third ward, -----	41	15	2	4			1
Fourth ward, -----	117	43	4	5	1		
Fifth ward, -----	32	17	4				
Findley township, -----	52	26	1	31			1
Fredonia borough, -----	56	16	3	16			
French Creek township, -----	36	23	6	34		1	
Greene township, -----	28	32	1	18			
Greenville borough—							
First precinct, -----	39	60	5	12			
Second precinct, -----	109	65	1	25	2		
Third precinct, -----	124	59	2	33			
Fourth precinct, -----	88	85	2	20			
Fifth precinct, -----	85	80	15	40			2
Sixth precinct, -----	41	57	4	12		1	
Grove City borough—							
First ward, -----	53	10		66			
Second ward, -----	71	23		132		2	
Third ward, -----	57	20	4	97	1	1	
Fourth ward, -----	68	13	5	96			
Hempfield township, -----	54	56	4	28		1	
Hickory township—							
Northeast, -----	22	7	3	6			
Northwest—							
No. 1, -----	12	16	7	3			
No. 2, -----	39	30	6	1			
Southeast, -----	25	18	3	12			
Southwest, -----	47	27	4	6			
Jackson township, -----	45	51	4	29			

MERCER COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Jackson Center borough, -----	30	19	1	4			
Jamestown borough, -----	75	39	1	18	1		
Jefferson township—							
East, -----	24	27	1	12			
West, -----	39	5		4			
Lackawannock township, -----	62	11	2	28			1
Lake township, -----	50	18	2	19			
Liberty township, -----	28	18		34			
Mercer borough—							
North, -----	97	33	2	33			
South, -----	114	37	2	32	1	1	
Mill Creek township, -----	35	24	7	37			
New Lebanon borough, -----	20	4		7			
New Vernon township, -----	40	11	3	24			
Otter Creek township, -----	29	25	1	4			1
Perry township, -----	69	65	7	18	1		
Pine township, -----	55	24		75			
Pymatuning township, -----	35	44	1	34			
South Pymatuning township—							
No. 1, -----	29	8	8	3			1
No. 2, -----	27	25	9	4			1
No. 3, -----	21	1					
Salem township, -----	38	12		24			
Sandy Creek township, -----	68	23		5		1	
Sandy Lake borough, -----	85	31		25			
Sandy Lake township, -----	67	30	3	36			
Sharon borough—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	73	99	3	8			1
Second precinct, -----	118	46	9	1			
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	85	44	8	17			
Second precinct, -----	104	58	8	23		1	
Third precinct, -----	59	41	4	14		1	
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	165	79	4	14	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	134	92	10	16	1		
Fourth ward—							
First precinct, -----	145	78	11	15			
Second precinct, -----	164	80	1	33	3		2
Sharpsville borough—							
First ward, -----	37	21	1	4			
Second ward, -----	82	70	7	12	3		
Third ward, -----	39	61	7	14			
Sheakleyville borough, -----	12	6		8	1		
Shenango township—							
East, -----	48	11		6			
West, -----	48	10	1	7	1		
Springfield township—							
East, -----	39	21		38			
West, -----	48	33	1	25			
Stoneboro borough, -----	101	65	24	14	1		
Sugar Grove township, -----	23	35		26	1		
West Salem township—							
East—							
No. 1, -----	32	23		7			
No. 2, -----	33	23	1	7			
West, -----	29	16	3	4	1	1	
West Middlesex borough, -----	83	33	6	24		1	
Wheatland borough, -----	39	39	17	3			
Wilmington township, -----	42	8		7			
Wolf Creek township, -----	38	6		39			
Worth township—							
North, -----	35	4		27			
South, -----	20	11		41			
Soldiers' vote, -----	52	15		11			
Total, -----	4,897	2,702	277	1,848	21	14	11

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Armagh township—							
New, -----	89		1	2	11		
Old, -----	143	49	9	1	1		
Bratten township, -----	61	50		2			
Brown township, -----	144	51	2	2			
Burnham borough, -----	142	48	5	7	3		1
Decatur township—							
East, -----	64	13		2			
West, -----	63	30		1	1		
Derry township—							
East, -----	31	10	1	1			
North, -----	25	8	1	1	1		
South, -----	51	15	1	9			
West, -----	88	35	22	10	5		
Granville township—							
East, -----	53	55	5	1		1	
West, -----	61	16		1			
Lewistown borough—							
First ward, -----	72	47	1	3	1		
Second ward, -----	86	44	3	1	1	1	
Third ward, -----	73	37		10	2	1	1
Fourth ward, -----	139	51		7	2	1	1
Fifth ward, -----	209	73	7	11			1
Sixth ward, -----	71	43	8	7	2	1	1
McVeytown borough, -----	58	24	1	4			
Menno township—							
East, -----	14	13					
West, -----	51	19			1	1	
Newton Hamilton borough, -----	41	23	1	2	1		
Oliver township, -----	78	29		1			1
Union township, -----	154	48		2	1	1	
Wayne township—							
East, -----	43	37	2	2			
West, -----	15	1		1			
Soldiers' vote, -----	18	12		2			
Total, -----	2,137	884	70	93	33	7	6

MONROE COUNTY.

Barrett township, -----	31	78		5	13	1	1
Chestnuthill township, -----	39	82	3	9	10	3	
Coolbaugh township—							
Eastern district, -----	26	34			2		
Western district, -----	35	52	1		2	1	2
Delaware Water Gap borough, -----	22	47		1	6	2	
East Stroudsburg borough—							
First district, -----	47	37		6	5	2	
Second district, -----	63	38		7	3		
Third district, -----	85	60		9	10	2	
Fourth district, -----	33	28		1	13		1
Eldred township, -----	5	59		1			
Hamilton township—							
Northern district, -----	41	50		2	3	1	
Southern district, -----	24	46		7	11	1	1
Jackson township, -----	40	42		3	2		
Middle Smithfield township, -----	19	71	2	2	6	1	2
Paradise township, -----	26	33	1	3	15		
Pocono township, -----	26	60	2	9	5		
Polk township, -----	19	79		1	11	2	
Price township, -----	5	12			1		
Ross township, -----	12	39	4	7	3	5	
Smithfield township, -----	30	59		4	5	1	
Stroud township—							
Northern district, -----	11	37					
Middle district, -----	27	21	1	3	7	1	1
Southern district, -----	13	16		1	2	1	
Stroudsburg borough—							
First ward, -----	53	37	2	3	11	1	
Second ward, -----	97	58	1	7	15		

MONROE COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sprout, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sebl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sprout, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Stroudsburg borough—Concluded—							
Third ward, -----	80	54	-----	6	20	-----	1
Fourth ward, -----	43	42	-----	5	8	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	60	33	3	6	7	-----	-----
Tobyhanna township—							
Eastern district, -----	23	16	-----	2	10	1	1
Western district, -----	13	10	-----	1	3	-----	-----
Tunkhannock township, -----	17	5	-----	-----	1	-----	-----
Soldiers' vote, -----	8	13	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	1,073	1,339	20	111	210	26	10

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

First Legislative District.							
Bryn Athyn, -----	14	25	-----	-----	1	4	-----
Hatboro borough, -----	125	53	1	5	1	-----	1
Jenkintown borough—							
First ward, -----	116	98	-----	3	-----	2	-----
Second ward, -----	122	53	1	3	-----	1	-----
Third ward, -----	108	16	-----	3	2	-----	-----
Narberth borough, -----	322	82	4	9	1	3	-----
Rockledge borough, -----	91	39	6	-----	-----	2	-----
Abington township—							
Abington district, -----	114	46	-----	-----	-----	1	1
Crestmont district, -----	118	35	2	2	-----	-----	-----
Noble district, -----	64	8	1	1	-----	1	-----
North Glenside district, -----	51	20	1	1	1	-----	-----
Weldon district, -----	203	73	2	2	-----	-----	1
Lower district, -----	43	9	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Fourth district, -----	104	52	1	2	1	2	1
Cheltenham township—							
Elkins Park district, -----	157	31	-----	1	2	2	-----
Melrose Park district, -----	214	37	-----	1	1	1	1
Lower East district, -----	198	56	4	3	1	4	-----
Cheltenham township, West—							
First district, -----	187	40	1	7	-----	3	-----
Second district, -----	131	42	2	4	-----	-----	-----
Third district, -----	150	42	3	-----	1	-----	-----
Horsham township, -----	116	64	1	3	-----	-----	-----
Lower Merion township—							
Upper district, -----	139	36	-----	-----	1	-----	-----
Lower district, -----	78	18	2	1	-----	-----	-----
Merion district, -----	131	14	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
Haverford district, -----	101	43	-----	1	-----	1	-----
Rosemont district, -----	92	22	-----	-----	1	2	-----
Bryn Mawr—							
East district, -----	141	33	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
West district, -----	133	55	3	1	1	1	-----
North Ardmore district, -----	207	95	1	2	-----	6	-----
South Ardmore district, -----	217	65	2	2	1	2	-----
West Ardmore district, -----	191	76	3	1	2	1	1
East district, -----	67	42	8	2	-----	2	-----
Bala district, -----	178	28	1	1	1	2	1
Cynwyd district, -----	241	37	2	2	-----	2	-----
Moreland township—							
Upper district, -----	173	96	1	1	-----	1	-----
Lower district, -----	122	40	-----	-----	-----	5	1
Springfield township—							
East district, -----	97	56	1	-----	1	2	-----
West district, -----	97	57	-----	3	2	2	-----
Third district, -----	41	12	1	-----	-----	1	-----
Total, -----	5,194	1,746	50	71	22	57	8
Second Legislative District.							
Bridgeport borough—							
First ward, -----	107	71	-----	2	-----	1	1
Second ward, -----	17	103	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	28	112	-----	1	1	3	-----
Conshohocken borough—							
First ward, -----	72	138	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	64	60	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	163	55	-----	-----	-----	4	1
Fourth ward, -----	128	77	2	1	-----	-----	-----
Fifth ward, -----	231	45	-----	1	-----	2	-----

MONTGOMERY COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Norristown borough—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	117	62				2	1
Second district, -----	110	23	1	1	1	1	
Second ward—							
First district, -----	101	31	2				
Second district, -----	105	36		2			
Third ward, -----	139	63		1	1	1	
Fourth ward—							
First district, -----	67	75	1	1	1	2	
Second district, -----	70	92	3	1			
Fifth ward, -----	93	83	1	1	1	4	
Sixth ward—							
First district, -----	321	81	3	3		3	
Second district, -----	98	21	1	2			
Seventh ward—							
First district, -----	90	31		1			
Second district, -----	191	45	5	6		1	1
Eighth ward, -----	225	21	1	2	1		
Ninth ward, -----	97	61	1	4			
Tenth ward—							
First district, -----	117	26			1	1	1
Second district, -----	220	29	4				
Eleventh ward, -----	239	39	2	9	3	3	1
Total for Norristown, -----	2,400	819	25	33	9	18	4
West Conshohocken borough—							
First ward, -----	70	40					
Second ward, -----	44	38					
Third ward, -----	82	53		1			
East Norriton township, -----	66	23		1	1	2	
West Norriton township, -----	117	35	2	1			1
Plymouth township—							
East district, -----	67	45	1	3	1		2
West district, -----	63	21		2			
Upper Merion township—							
Upper district, -----	97	30		1	1		
Lower district, -----	70	16		1		1	1
Total, -----	3,936	1,781	30	48	13	31	10
Third Legislative District.							
Ambler borough—							
First ward, -----	131	72		2	1	2	
Second ward, -----	101	22		2			
Third ward, -----	106	15		3	1	2	1
Collegeville borough, -----	75	30		1			
Hatfield borough, -----	71	46	3	4		5	
Lansdale borough—							
East ward, -----	178	81		4		1	
West ward, -----	236	59	5	4	3		1
South ward, -----	107	39	1	1	1	1	
North Wales borough—							
First ward, -----	71	31	5	1	1	1	
Second ward, -----	66	24		1			
Third ward, -----	83	31	1	2			
Royersford borough—							
First ward, -----	62	11					
Second ward—							
First district, -----	116	31	3	5	1		
Second district, -----	35	16	2		1		
Third ward, -----	66	19	4		3		
Fourth ward, -----	93	22	3	6	1		
Schwenksville borough, -----	57	20					
Souderton borough, -----	252	94	18	6	2	6	
Trappe borough, -----	63	23		2			
West Telford borough, -----	99	39	3				
Franconia township—							
North district, -----	59	18	2	1		1	
South district, -----	67	15	1				
Hatfield township—							
Upper district, -----	40	12		1			
Lower district, -----	85	21	4	2		1	2
Lower Gwynedd township, -----	97	54	1	6		2	
Lower Providence township, -----	161	53	3	3		1	1
Lower Salford township—							
East district, -----	98	27		1	1		
West district, -----	94	7					
Montgomery township, -----	55	32	6				

MONTGOMERY COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonhwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonhwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Perkiomen township, -----	93	23	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Skippack township, -----	136	20	-----	2	1	-----	-----
Towamencin township, -----	145	16	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Upper Dublin township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East district, -----	46	19	-----	3	1	-----	-----
Lower district, -----	51	8	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
North district, -----	101	25	1	-----	-----	1	-----
South district, -----	66	22	1	1	-----	-----	-----
Upper Gwynedd township, -----	131	36	2	-----	1	2	-----
Upper Providence township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Trappe district, -----	57	9	-----	1	1	-----	-----
Mingo district, -----	65	23	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Mont Clare district, -----	131	32	1	7	1	-----	-----
Oaks district, -----	69	23	-----	4	-----	-----	-----
Whitemarsh township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East district, -----	96	38	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
West district, -----	123	38	-----	1	-----	-----	1
Middle district, -----	98	29	-----	2	1	-----	-----
Whitpain township, -----	142	81	1	-----	1	-----	-----
Worcester township, -----	190	36	2	3	1	-----	-----
Total, -----	4,554	1,447	71	84	24	23	6
Fourth Legislative District.	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East Greenville borough, -----	84	125	19	1	4	-----	-----
Greenlane borough, -----	19	42	2	1	-----	1	-----
Pennsburg borough, -----	65	125	3	1	2	4	-----
Pottstown borough—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
West ward, -----	126	120	6	6	-----	1	1
Second ward, -----	131	87	7	8	3	2	-----
Third ward, -----	85	53	6	3	-----	1	-----
Fourth ward, -----	71	34	6	-----	2	-----	1
Fifth ward, -----	130	105	35	10	1	3	1
Sixth ward, -----	153	71	19	1	1	-----	-----
Seventh ward, -----	96	33	19	-----	-----	-----	-----
Eighth ward, -----	143	146	12	6	-----	-----	-----
Ninth ward, -----	141	121	12	9	2	-----	-----
Tenth ward, -----	97	102	21	2	-----	1	1
Red Hill borough, -----	25	88	5	-----	-----	-----	-----
Douglass township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East district, -----	19	43	4	2	-----	-----	-----
West district, -----	15	84	7	1	1	1	-----
Frederick township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East district, -----	42	43	-----	-----	-----	1	1
West district, -----	22	71	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
Limerick township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
First district, -----	56	57	-----	2	1	-----	-----
Second district, -----	38	50	-----	1	-----	-----	1
Third district, -----	63	65	1	1	1	-----	-----
Lower Pottsgrove township, -----	59	68	3	2	1	-----	-----
Marlborough township, -----	32	91	20	1	1	-----	-----
New Hanover township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East district, -----	26	51	4	-----	-----	-----	-----
West district, -----	23	48	1	1	1	-----	-----
Salford township, -----	22	58	2	1	-----	1	-----
Upper Hanover township—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
First district, -----	10	41	-----	-----	4	1	-----
Second district, -----	19	45	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Third district, -----	56	16	-----	2	2	-----	-----
Upper Pottsgrove township, -----	21	18	7	2	-----	-----	-----
Upper Salford township, -----	49	63	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
West Pottsgrove township, -----	77	41	2	1	-----	-----	-----
Soldiers' vote, -----	136	44	1	1	-----	-----	1
Total, -----	2,009	2,210	225	66	27	17	6
Grand total of county, -----	15,829	7,228	383	270	86	131	31
Scattering—2.	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Anthony township, -----	30	91	-----	1	1	-----	-----
Cooper township, -----	19	26	-----	-----	2	-----	1
Danville borough—	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
First ward, -----	176	149	-----	10	3	5	1
Second ward, -----	149	71	1	11	1	1	1
Third ward, -----	158	147	1	7	3	4	1
Fourth ward, -----	117	96	3	7	-----	-----	-----
Derry township, -----	33	53	2	5	1	1	-----

MONTOUR COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Liberty township, -----	40	53	1	6			1
Limestone township, -----	33	41	1	3	2	1	2
Mahoning township, -----	84	54		4	2	1	
Mayberry township, -----	8	15	1	3			
Valley township, -----	45	47	1	9	2		
Washington borough, -----	16	26			2	1	
West Hemlock township, -----	29	28		4	2	1	
Soldiers' vote, -----	5	3					
Total, -----	942	905	11	70	21	15	7

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Easton city—							
First ward, -----	68	41	2	2	2	41	
Second ward, -----	129	73	1	1		4	
Third ward—							
Northern district, -----	172	88	3	3	4	8	
Southern district, -----	149	82		2	4	7	
Fourth ward—							
Eastern district, -----	58	107	4	4	2	18	1
Western district, -----	115	112	2	12	1	10	
Fifth ward, -----	91	78	1	3		12	
Sixth ward—							
Eastern district, -----	71	64		2		3	
Western district, -----	113	103	1	4	1	6	
Seventh ward, -----	143	82	7	13	3	6	
Eighth ward—							
Eastern district, -----	130	80	3	5	3	4	
Western district, -----	149	109	13	2	4	8	
Ninth ward, -----	47	70	1	3		10	1
Tenth ward, -----	108	186	5	4	6	14	1
Eleventh ward, -----	125	88	4	4	4	7	
Twelfth ward, -----	109	63	2	2		1	
Total for city, -----	1,777	1,426	49	63	34	159	3
Bethlehem city—							
First ward—							
Northern district, -----	71	94	1		1	13	1
Southern district, -----	61	85	4	3		10	
Second ward—							
Middle district, -----	48	61	3	3	3	5	1
Northern district, -----	15	30		1		26	
Southern district, -----	19	78			1	4	
Third ward, -----	29	123	1	1		43	
Fourth ward, -----	14	100	2	2	1	76	1
Fifth ward, -----	17	52	4	2		10	1
Sixth ward, -----	94	47		1	1	3	
Seventh ward, -----	149	110	3	5	1	6	
Eighth ward, -----	93	130	3	2	5	7	1
Ninth ward—							
First district, -----	60	66	3	5	1		
Second district, -----	107	86	4	10	1	5	
Third district, -----	72	54	1	6	6	4	
Allen township—							
Middle district, -----	6	16					
Upper district, -----	27	40				1	
Bangor borough—							
First ward, -----	100	40	1	9	2	18	
Second ward, -----	63	49	3	23		8	
Third ward, -----	143	33	3	24	3	7	
Fourth ward, -----	70	20	6	21	1	6	
Bath borough, -----	82	80	3	4		12	
Bethlehem township—							
Eastern district, -----	37	45		1	2		
Monocacy district, -----	85	96	5	6	2	5	
Western district, -----	37	48		2		2	1
Bushkill township—							
Bushkill Centre district, -----	18	34		4		2	
Cherry Hill district, -----	29	61		2			1
Clearfield district, -----	29	27					1

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Chapman borough, -----	17	13		3			
East Allen township—							
Eastern district, -----	21	28				2	
Western district, -----	15	27	1				
East Bangor borough, -----	99	16		13	3	2	
Forks township—							
Lower district, -----	23	59		2		1	
Upper district, -----	12	45	1	2	1	5	
Freemansburg borough, -----	42	71	1	2	3	5	
Glendon borough, -----	34	36	1	1			
Hanover township, -----	5	40					
Hellertown borough, -----	92	114	1	2	1	2	
Lehigh township—							
Central district, -----	24	42		7	1	3	
Danville district, -----	49	23	1	1		1	
Penn district, -----	20	23		7			
Treichlers district, -----	29	30		1			
Northwest district, -----	8	17	2	1		2	
Lower Mt. Bethel township—							
Lower district, -----	41	62		3		4	1
Upper district, -----	7	43	1	3	2	1	
Lower Nazareth township, -----	39	60		4	1	2	
Lower Saucon township—							
Hellertown district, -----	34	96	2	1	1	4	
Leiths district, -----	13	50	1				
Lower Saucon district, -----	13	26		1		1	
Selders district, -----	31	42	2			2	
Shimers district, -----	3	24				2	
Wassergass district, -----	18	32	1	1	1		
Moore township—							
Beersville district, -----	28	33		1			
Eastern district, -----	27	35		1		1	
Kleck district, -----	20	50		2		1	
Pt. Phillips district, -----	15	35	1	2			
Nazareth borough—							
First ward, -----	85	104	1	4	3	2	
Second ward, -----	84	103	2	6	2	4	
Third ward, -----	33	81	3	2	1	4	
Northampton borough—							
First ward, -----	46	80		6		4	
Second ward, -----	115	173	1	5	3	11	1
Third ward, -----	59	119		4	3	5	
North Catasauqua borough, -----	105	151	1	1	1	7	1
Northampton Heights borough, -----	24	39		2		3	
Palmer township, -----	45	63	5	5	2	17	
Pen Argyl borough—							
First ward, -----	59	22	3	9		6	
Second ward, -----	105	9	3	23	2	3	
Third ward, -----	149	50	11	32			2
Plainfield township—							
Belfast district, -----	44	27	1	19	1	4	
Delabole district, -----	43	10	2	2	1		
Kesslersville district, -----	32	32		7			
Plainfield Church district, -----	17	18		2			
Portland borough, -----	32	50		8	1	2	
Roseto borough, -----	36	17	2	1	3	1	1
Stockertown borough, -----	16	35		1		1	1
Tatamy borough, -----	31	28	1	1	3	31	1
Upper Mt. Bethel township—							
Centreville district, -----	29	46		7	1		
Johnsonville district, -----	8	28	2	6	1	2	
North Bangor district, -----	15	28	5	4		5	1
Slateford district, -----	12	10		1	3	2	
Williamsburg district, -----	29	80	1	7		2	
Upper Nazareth township, -----	15	65					
Walnutport borough, -----	66	44	1	1		25	
Washington township—							
Lower district, -----	64	82	1	6	1	2	
Upper district, -----	13	13	2	4	2		1
West Easton borough, -----	52	72	2			11	
Williams township—							
Eastern district, -----	50	26	1	3			
Middle district, -----	20	19	2			1	
Upper district, -----	32	22	1	1	1		
Western district, -----	7	37				1	

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Wilson township—							
First district, -----	175	161	13	11	7	10	-----
Second district, -----	93	91	2	5	3	11	-----
Wind Gap borough, -----	87	27	-----	16	1	3	-----
Soldiers' vote, -----	72	75	1	4	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	6,340	6,614	185	474	124	653	21

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Coal township—							
Big Mountain district, -----	14	1	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
East district, -----	36	22	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Edgewood district, -----	125	55	4	2	-----	-----	-----
Excelsior district, -----	39	34	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Garfield district, -----	61	73	5	-----	-----	-----	-----
Johnson City district, -----	62	90	3	2	-----	-----	-----
Lincoln district, -----	37	42	4	-----	-----	-----	-----
Marshallton district, -----	22	121	2	-----	1	1	-----
Sagon district, -----	17	14	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Springfield district, -----	60	90	4	-----	2	1	-----
South district, -----	19	8	1	2	-----	-----	-----
Uniontown district, -----	89	20	1	5	1	-----	-----
West district, -----	58	55	1	4	-----	-----	-----
Delaware township—							
East district, -----	37	22	-----	3	-----	-----	-----
South district, -----	29	32	1	1	-----	-----	-----
West district, -----	48	40	-----	3	-----	-----	1
East Cameron township, -----	31	42	-----	3	1	1	-----
East Chillisquaque township, -----	40	38	-----	7	1	1	-----
Gearhart township, -----	36	24	1	2	1	-----	-----
Herndon borough, -----	60	48	1	13	4	-----	-----
Jackson township, -----	31	40	2	2	-----	1	-----
Jordan township—							
North district, -----	10	34	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
South district, -----	16	25	-----	2	-----	1	-----
Kulpmont borough—							
First precinct, -----	57	97	6	1	1	1	-----
Second precinct, -----	92	66	-----	1	1	1	-----
Lewis township, -----	31	67	2	1	1	-----	-----
Little Mahanoy township, -----	10	19	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Lower Augusta township, -----	21	31	1	2	-----	-----	-----
Lower Mahony township—							
East district, -----	47	38	1	3	-----	2	-----
West district, -----	103	26	3	-----	1	-----	-----
Marion Heights borough, -----	85	47	-----	-----	1	-----	1
McEwensville borough, -----	22	11	4	4	1	-----	-----
Milton borough—							
First ward, -----	92	61	2	4	5	-----	1
Second ward, -----	110	72	4	4	-----	1	-----
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	95	78	-----	4	1	-----	-----
Second precinct, -----	119	63	1	12	3	4	-----
Fourth ward, -----	149	67	7	17	4	1	-----
Fifth ward, -----	99	47	20	10	2	-----	-----
Mt. Carmel borough—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	129	69	1	3	-----	3	1
Second precinct, -----	105	48	-----	4	-----	-----	-----
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	132	44	1	2	-----	-----	-----
Second precinct, -----	67	110	1	-----	-----	-----	1
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	121	121	3	1	-----	-----	1
Second precinct, -----	93	88	1	1	-----	-----	-----
Third precinct, -----	61	42	2	-----	-----	-----	1
Fourth ward—							
First precinct, -----	138	58	5	4	-----	-----	-----
Second precinct, -----	76	119	4	5	-----	-----	-----
Mt. Carmel township—							
Diamond district, -----	6	35	2	-----	-----	-----	-----
East district, -----	7	10	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Exchange district, -----	15	89	2	1	-----	-----	1

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Rithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Mt. Carmel Township—Concluded.							
First district, -----	11	137	3	-----	1	-----	-----
Natalie district, -----	23	3	-----	-----	1	-----	-----
Second district, -----	14	85	8	-----	-----	3	-----
West district, -----	30	47	1	1	-----	-----	-----
Northumberland borough—							
First ward, -----	94	63	1	1	1	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	125	88	4	4	-----	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	87	55	2	1	-----	-----	1
Point township, -----	35	30	-----	5	2	-----	-----
Ralpho township, -----	89	81	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Riverside borough, -----	39	34	2	2	-----	-----	-----
Rockefeller township, -----	40	33	2	4	-----	1	-----
Rush township—							
East district, -----	26	33	1	2	-----	-----	-----
West district, -----	40	41	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Shamokin borough—							
First ward, -----	106	68	3	6	1	5	1
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	47	99	1	-----	-----	1	-----
Second precinct, -----	128	39	3	9	3	-----	1
Third ward, -----	175	35	-----	4	2	5	-----
Fourth ward—							
First precinct, -----	117	60	2	5	2	-----	-----
Second precinct, -----	66	109	5	3	-----	-----	-----
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	79	113	4	1	-----	1	1
Second precinct, -----	127	131	2	2	-----	2	-----
Sixth ward, -----	141	92	9	4	2	4	-----
Seventh ward, -----	139	63	3	4	1	9	-----
Eighth ward, -----	110	24	1	3	1	1	-----
Ninth ward, -----	141	55	-----	3	2	3	-----
Tenth ward, -----	75	35	4	1	-----	2	-----
Total for Shamokin, -----	1,451	923	37	45	14	33	3
Shamokin township, -----	71	50	3	5	1	-----	1
Snydertown borough, -----	29	25	-----	3	-----	-----	-----
Sunbury borough—							
First ward, -----	108	90	2	4	1	4	-----
Second ward, -----	126	122	2	1	-----	-----	-----
Third ward, -----	126	110	17	9	-----	7	-----
Fourth ward, -----	118	71	10	2	-----	5	-----
Fifth ward, -----	131	134	20	5	-----	10	-----
Sixth ward, -----	67	94	14	5	1	1	-----
Seventh ward, -----	67	98	13	10	3	3	1
Eighth ward, -----	187	146	14	6	2	2	-----
Ninth ward, -----	105	111	12	6	2	4	-----
Turbotville borough, -----	41	38	1	1	-----	-----	-----
Turbot township, -----	32	50	1	1	-----	2	-----
Upper Augusta township, -----	61	31	2	3	-----	1	-----
Upper Mahanoy township, -----	5	61	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Washington township, -----	10	44	4	-----	1	-----	-----
Watson township borough—							
First ward, -----	101	82	5	5	1	-----	-----
Second ward, -----	109	84	9	18	1	-----	-----
West Cameron township, -----	2	19	-----	-----	-----	-----	1
West Chillisauque township, -----	81	52	-----	2	1	2	-----
Zerbe township—							
East district, -----	63	67	5	4	-----	1	-----
West district, -----	90	45	1	5	-----	-----	-----
Soldiers' vote, -----	62	37	1	2	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	6,961	5,912	301	301	65	99	15

PERRY COUNTY.

Blain borough, -----	37	32	-----	4	-----	-----	-----
Bloomfield borough, -----	118	33	-----	9	-----	-----	-----
Buffalo township, -----	50	28	-----	4	-----	-----	1
Carroll township, -----	88	44	-----	3	-----	-----	1
Centre township, -----	78	42	-----	4	-----	2	-----
Duncannon borough, -----	252	53	2	17	1	1	-----

PERRY COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Greenwood township, -----	79	14	2	1			
Howe township, -----	26	16		1			
Jackson township, -----	52	63	1				1
Juniata township, -----	80	43	1	8			1
Landisburg borough, -----	40	12					
Liverpool borough, -----	84	34		2			
Liverpool township, -----	71	24					
Madison township, -----	85	47		2			
Marysville borough, -----	169	116	3	30			1
Miller township, -----	18	9	1	1			
Millerstown borough, -----	69	35	1	3			
New Buffalo borough, -----	9	8					
Newport borough—							
First ward, -----	107	38	1	16			
Second ward, -----	138	44	2	9	1	2	
Oliver township, -----	67	41	1	3	1	1	
Penn township, -----	108	12	1	2			
Rye township, -----	25	26	1	11			
Sandy Hill borough, -----	78	24	1	3			
Saville township, -----	146	91	1	6		2	1
Spring township, -----	73	90	2	18		1	
Toboyne township—							
First district, -----	43	70	1	1			
Second district, -----	8	11					
Tuscarora township, -----	48	25	1	5	1	1	
Tyrone township, -----	123	62	1	9			
Watts township, -----	13	21	1	1			
Wheatfield township, -----	68	23		1			
Soldiers' vote, -----	15	10	1				
Total, -----	2,465	1,244	28	191	4	10	6

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

First ward—							
First district, -----	79	21	1				
Second district, -----	124	17	2			1	
Third district, -----	73	49	1				
Fourth district, -----	96	52	1				
Fifth district, -----	76	19	2			1	
Sixth district, -----	96	2	3				
Seventh district, -----	84	12	7				
Eighth district, -----	72	2	3			1	
Ninth district, -----	112	15	1				
Tenth district, -----	111	18	1			1	
Eleventh district, -----	48	20	2			5	
Twelfth district, -----	126	6	1				
Thirteenth district, -----	121	5	6				
Fourteenth district, -----	114	15	17				
Fifteenth district, -----	114	30	22				
Sixteenth district, -----	116	41	2			2	
Seventeenth district, -----	97	52	1				
Eighteenth district, -----	69	49	1			1	
Nineteenth district, -----	118	11	5				
Twentieth district, -----	89	15	8			1	
Twenty-first district, -----	89	5	9				
Twenty-second district, -----	94	9	10			1	
Twenty-third district, -----	72	25	2				
Twenty-fourth district, -----	80	29	1			2	
Twenty-fifth district, -----	126	23	1			1	
Twenty-sixth district, -----	99	17					
Twenty-seventh district, -----	145	15	5				
Twenty-eighth district, -----	59	14	9			1	
Twenty-ninth district, -----	95	43	1			1	
Thirtieth district, -----	167	16	30			1	
Thirty-first district, -----	82	18					
Total, -----	3,043	695	153			20	
Second ward—							
First district, -----	59	9					
Second district, -----	66	33					
Third district, -----	82	14					

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fittbrian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Second ward—Concluded—							
Fourth district, -----	146	14	1			2	
Fifth district, -----	106	11	2				
Sixth district, -----	59	2	20				
Seventh district, -----	130	7					
Eighth district, -----	108	1	1				
Ninth district, -----	125	5	1			1	
Tenth district, -----	138	2	1			1	
Eleventh district, -----	138	5				1	
Twelfth district, -----	127	2	1				
Thirteenth district, -----	51	5	1				
Fourteenth district, -----	108	7	4				
Fifteenth district, -----	103	3	1				
Sixteenth district, -----	118	4					
Seventeenth district, -----	185	3					
Eighteenth district, -----	106	6					
Nineteenth district, -----	124	3					
Twentieth district, -----	111	4					
Twenty-first district, -----	90	3					
Twenty-second district, -----	119	9					
Twenty-third district, -----	162	4					
Twenty-fourth district, -----	145	8				1	
Total, -----	2,706	161	33			6	
Third ward—							
First district, -----	13	81					
Second district, -----	51	19					
Third district, -----	67	24					
Fourth district, -----	93	9	2				
Fifth district, -----	47	13	2				
Sixth district, -----	90	22	6				
Seventh district, -----	72	2	1				
Eighth district, -----	56	7	1				
Ninth district, -----	68	23					
Tenth district, -----	91	6					
Eleventh district, -----	51	18	2				
Twelfth district, -----	70	35					
Thirteenth district, -----	36	11				1	
Fourteenth district, -----	50	8					
Fifteenth district, -----	140	11	1			1	
Sixteenth district, -----	76	17			1	1	
Seventeenth district, -----	58	9					
Eighteenth district, -----	117	9				2	
Total, -----	1,246	324	15		1	5	
Fourth ward—							
First district, -----	36	8					
Second district, -----	64	7			2	2	
Third district, -----	71	42				4	
Fourth district, -----	84	7	2				
Fifth district, -----	74	2	1				
Sixth district, -----	104	1	1				
Seventh district, -----	109	9	1				
Eighth district, -----	69	7					
Ninth district, -----	91	15	1				
Tenth district, -----	84	3					
Eleventh district, -----	106	9					
Twelfth district, -----	97		1				
Thirteenth district, -----	79	4	1				
Fourteenth district, -----	161	18					
Fifteenth district, -----	199						
Sixteenth district, -----	115	6					
Seventeenth district, -----	205	4				1	
Eighteenth district, -----	187	2	1				
Total, -----	1,938	145	9		2	7	
Fifth ward—							
First district, -----	62	38			1		
Second district, -----	55	17	1				
Third district, -----	105	6	6				
Fourth district, -----	58	32	1				
Fifth district, -----	37	18					
Sixth district, -----	38	7				7	

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl. Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Fifth ward—Concluded—							
Seventh district, -----	52	6					
Eighth district, -----	77	5	1				
Ninth district, -----	92	25	3				
Tenth district, -----	94	3	4				
Eleventh district, -----	76	11	2				
Twelfth district, -----	68		1			1	
Thirteenth district, -----	94	17	9			2	
Fourteenth district, -----	14	1					
Fifteenth district, -----	84	4					
Sixteenth district, -----	69	3	1			1	
Seventeenth district, -----	116	18					
Eighteenth district, -----	27	9					
Total, -----	1,218	220	29		1	11	
Sixth ward—							
First district, -----	10	22	1			7	
Second district, -----	35	42		1		3	
Third district, -----	17	77				4	
Fourth district, -----	21	104	1			2	
Fifth district, -----	17	13	2			22	
Sixth district, -----	23	47	1			5	
Seventh district, -----	36	42	1			1	
Eighth district, -----	67	45	2			7	
Ninth district, -----	49	61	1			5	
Total, -----	275	456	9	1		55	
Seventh ward—							
First district, -----	187	2	1				
Second district, -----	79	23					
Third district, -----	63	13				2	
Fourth district, -----	142	9	2				1
Fifth district, -----	146					2	
Sixth district, -----	139					4	
Seventh district, -----	147	2	1				
Eighth district, -----	175	9					
Ninth district, -----	149	7				3	
Tenth district, -----	152	5	1			1	
Eleventh district, -----	87	4					
Twelfth district, -----	150	1					
Thirteenth district, -----	210					4	
Fourteenth district, -----	89	15	1	1	9	1	
Fifteenth district, -----	326	3					
Sixteenth district, -----	106	16	1			2	
Seventeenth district, -----	142	5				3	
Eighteenth district, -----	194	8				1	
Nineteenth district, -----	182	5	2	2		2	
Twentieth district, -----	100	7				1	
Twenty-first district, -----	116	12					
Twenty-second district, -----	130	24					
Twenty-third district, -----	90	13	1			1	
Twenty-fourth district, -----	83	37					
Twenty-fifth district, -----	121	37					
Twenty-sixth district, -----	130	11		2			1
Twenty-seventh district, -----	136	4					
Total, -----	3,771	272	10	5	9	27	2
Eighth ward—							
First district, -----	141	6				1	
Second district, -----	161	9					
Third district, -----	252	11	2				
Fourth district, -----	34	7					
Fifth district, -----	54	11					
Sixth district, -----	78	7				7	
Seventh district, -----	120	4					
Eighth district, -----	197	14					
Ninth district, -----	152	16				1	
Tenth district, -----	112	7	1		1		
Eleventh district, -----	45	8					
Twelfth district, -----	85	5					
Thirteenth district, -----	63	20					
Fourteenth district, -----	66	21				3	

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Eighth ward—Concluded—							
Fifteenth district, -----	55	8					
Sixteenth district, -----	85	20				2	
Seventeenth district, -----	53	4	1				
Total, -----	1,755	178	4		1	14	
Ninth ward—							
First district, -----	18	5				2	1
Second district, -----	13	11				3	
Third district, -----	36	9	1				
Fourth district, -----	43	22					
Fifth district, -----	51	15					
Sixth district, -----	16	4					
Seventh district, -----	61	13					
Eighth district, -----	41	12	1				
Ninth district, -----	63	16					
Tenth district, -----	69	19					
Eleventh district, -----	22	2				1	
Twelfth district, -----	44	6				20	
Total, -----	477	134	2			26	1
Tenth ward—							
First district, -----	103	13					
Second district, -----	63	4	2	1		2	
Third district, -----	176	9					
Fourth district, -----	152	17					
Fifth district, -----	51	6					
Sixth district, -----	60	9	1			1	
Seventh district, -----	86	8				1	
Eighth district, -----	84	12				2	
Ninth district, -----	118	7				3	
Tenth district, -----	90	4					
Eleventh district, -----	64	19	2			1	
Twelfth district, -----	100	15				1	
Thirteenth district, -----	90	14	1			1	
Fourteenth district, -----	97	19	1	1		1	
Fifteenth district, -----	98	28	1				
Sixteenth district, -----	140	41		1	1		
Seventeenth district, -----	54	12					
Eighteenth district, -----	49	27					
Nineteenth district, -----	62	9					
Twentieth district, -----	106	19				2	
Twenty-first district, -----	35	22					
Total, -----	1,878	314	8	3	1	15	
Eleventh ward—							
First district, -----	84	13					
Second district, -----	64	5					
Third district, -----	59	4				1	
Fourth district, -----	45	44	1			1	
Fifth district, -----	111	13					
Sixth district, -----	86	18					
Seventh district, -----	173	4					
Eighth district, -----	130	6	2			1	
Ninth district, -----	84	15			15		1
Tenth district, -----	84	7	3			3	
Total, -----	920	129	6		15	6	1
Twelfth ward—							
First district, -----	35	18				2	
Second district, -----	125	27					
Third district, -----	193	5					
Fourth district, -----	164	6	1			1	
Fifth district, -----	138	2					
Sixth district, -----	63	18	2			1	
Seventh district, -----	52	43	1			8	1
Eighth district, -----	179	5	1			1	
Ninth district, -----	85	22					
Tenth district, -----	84	10	2				
Eleventh district, -----	69	8	2				

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sprunl. Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sprunl. Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Twelfth ward—Concluded—							
Twelfth district,	58	8	1				
Thirteenth district,	106	11					
Fourteenth district,	67	8	12			1	
Total,	1,405	191	22			14	1
Thirteenth ward—							
First district,	108	9	2				
Second district,	168	4	2				
Third district,	73	3					
Fourth district,	105	17					
Fifth district,	61	3	1				
Sixth district,	130	4	2				
Seventh district,	95	17				2	
Eighth district,	111	6					1
Ninth district,	67	19	4			2	
Tenth district,	111	10	2			1	
Eleventh district,	161	14	2				
Twelfth district,	174	18	1			2	
Thirteenth district,	147	3	6			1	
Fourteenth district,	116	6	2				1
Fifteenth district,	93	9	1		1		
Sixteenth district,	87	7	2				
Seventeenth district,	109	18					
Eighteenth district,	74	3					
Nineteenth district,	84	14	1			5	
Twentieth district,	90	4	2			1	
Twenty-first district,	69	3	1			2	
Total,	2,233	191	31		1	16	2
Fourteenth ward—							
First district,	218	6				1	
Second district,	107	3					
Third district,	51	12					
Fourth district,	31	11				1	
Fifth district,	225	10				1	
Sixth district,	85	30	1				
Seventh district,	82	14		1			
Eighth district,	99	46	1	1			
Ninth district,	118	61	5	1		2	
Tenth district,	83	29					
Eleventh district,	146	14	1			3	1
Twelfth district,	165	37	2			6	
Thirteenth district,	136	11				1	
Fourteenth district,	128	23	2			3	
Fifteenth district,	182	14	2				
Sixteenth district,	165	17	3				
Seventeenth district,	215	12	2				
Eighteenth district,	188	6					
Nineteenth district,	206	11	1				
Twentieth district,	137	11	1			1	
Total,	2,707	378	21	2		19	1
Fifteenth ward—							
First district,	30	29				3	
Second district,	35	19				1	
Third district,	110	39				2	
Fourth district,	101	21	1	1		2	
Fifth district,	60	40		1			
Sixth district,	76	29	3				
Seventh district,	86	69	1			1	
Eighth district,	66	20					
Ninth district,	102	45			4		
Tenth district,	82	62	1				1
Eleventh district,	41	23			2	4	
Twelfth district,	94	77	1	1			1
Thirteenth district,	69	47	2				
Fourteenth district,	71	30					
Fifteenth district,	73	24	1		1	1	
Sixteenth district,	101	90	4				
Seventeenth district,	94	30	3			1	
Eighteenth district,	23	43		1	1	2	
Nineteenth district,	19	64				1	
Twentieth district,	34	45					

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonnwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonnwell, Play. Fair	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Fifteenth ward—Concluded—							
Twenty-first district,	79	37	1			2	1
Twenty-second district,	51	51	1		2	4	
Twenty-third district,	96	59	3			1	
Twenty-fourth district,	106	36					
Twenty-fifth district,	102	51			1		
Twenty-sixth district,	89	53	1	1	1	1	
Twenty-seventh district,	10	2					
Twenty-eighth district,	99	56		2			
Twenty-ninth district,	46	28					
Thirtieth district,	3	9					
Thirty-first district,	76	45		3		1	
Thirty-second district,	85	40				3	
Thirty-third district,	77	67			2	3	
Thirty-fourth district,	63	48				2	
Thirty-fifth district,	24	19	1			1	
Thirty-sixth district,	5	27					
Thirty-seventh district,	16	7	1			1	
Thirty-eighth district,	4	10					
Thirty-ninth district,	54	45	1				
Fortieth district,	151	55	6	2		4	
Forty-first district,	115	75			1	7	
Forty-second district,	83	54				5	
Forty-third district,	118	116	2	1		3	
Forty-fourth district,	62	105				5	
Total,	2,981	1,941	34	13	15	67	3
Sixteenth ward—							
First district,	21	9					
Second district,	26	22		1			
Third district,	101	37	1				
Fourth district,	61	16	2				
Fifth district,	49	13	4				
Sixth district,	59	29				3	
Seventh district,	70	18					
Eighth district,	77	17				2	
Ninth district,	89	17	4				1
Tenth district,	65	8					
Eleventh district,	94	6	2			2	
Twelfth district,	82	18			1		
Thirteenth district,	49	34	5		1	2	
Fourteenth district,	66	31	5			3	
Fifteenth district,	59	36	4			3	
Sixteenth district,	89	6	2			1	
Seventeenth district,	112	22				3	
Total,	1,169	339	29	1	2	19	1
Seventeenth ward—							
First district,	101	9				3	
Second district,	74	31	1				
Third district,	78	37		1		6	
Fourth district,	44	44	4			2	
Fifth district,	48	48	1		1	1	
Sixth district,	81	18					1
Seventh district,	36	36	1				
Eighth district,	34	18	1			4	
Ninth district,	39	27				1	
Tenth district,	55	10	2			1	
Eleventh district,	54	17		1			
Twelfth district,	91	10					
Thirteenth district,	55	18					
Fourteenth district,	50	58	2	1		4	
Fifteenth district,	32	52	4	1			
Sixteenth district,	98	18	5				
Seventeenth district,	28	37				2	
Eighteenth district,	56	57	7			1	
Total,	1,054	545	28	4	1	25	1

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Eighteenth ward—							
First district,	41	14				1	
Second district,	82	37				4	
Third district,	108	24	2			2	
Fourth district,	104	49	2			2	
Fifth district,	107	42		1		3	1
Sixth district,	94	37				3	
Seventh district,	67	46	1			3	
Eighth district,	102	73				4	
Ninth district,	94	31		1		1	
Tenth district,	67	23				1	
Eleventh district,	122	46	3			1	
Twelfth district,	108	40		1	2		
Thirteenth district,	129	56	1	1			
Fourteenth district,	126	57	1	1		2	
Fifteenth district,	66	36					
Sixteenth district,	110	75		1		2	
Seventeenth district,	148	42	1	2	2	2	
Eighteenth district,	123	49		1		1	
Nineteenth district,	160	34	1	1	1	3	
Twentieth district,	55	26		2		1	
Twenty-first district,	44	46			1	25	
Twenty-second district,	125	44	2	1	1		1
Twenty-third district,	7	3					
Twenty-fourth district,	29	38	1				
Twenty-fifth district,	60	33	1		1		
Twenty-sixth district,	94	30	1		1	2	
Twenty-seventh district,	51	51	1				
Twenty-eighth district,	120	38					
Twenty-ninth district,	63	31				2	
Total,	2,516	1,151	18	13	9	63	2
Nineteenth ward—							
First district,	63	33	2			2	
Second district,	73	63	4		1	1	
Third district,	87	35					
Fourth district,	65	37	1			1	
Fifth district,	64	102	2				
Sixth district,	157	10	1				
Seventh district,	65	28	3			1	
Eighth district,	88	54	5				
Ninth district,	130	36	2			1	
Tenth district,	88	94	7			1	
Eleventh district,	95	50	1	2		2	
Twelfth district,	58	59	2				
Thirteenth district,	136	19					
Fourteenth district,	136	66	3		1	10	
Fifteenth district,	120	60	4				1
Sixteenth district,	106	63	1				
Seventeenth district,	148	33	5			2	
Eighteenth district,	91	63	5				
Nineteenth district,	110	30	3				
Twentieth district,	168	29				3	
Twenty-first district,	180	27	1			1	
Twenty-second district,	112	60	3			1	
Twenty-third district,	193	37	1				
Twenty-fourth district,	108	54	3	1		2	
Twenty-fifth district,	100	68	4	1		1	
Twenty-sixth district,	94	91	1			1	
Twenty-seventh district,	113	59	6	2			
Twenty-eighth district,	127	49	7	1		1	
Twenty-ninth district,	133	72	2			1	1
Thirtieth district,	169	58	2				
Thirty-first district,	136	34	1	1		2	
Thirty-second district,	89	38	1	1	1	2	1
Thirty-third district,	92	62	4			4	
Thirty-fourth district,	112	37	2		2	5	
Thirty-fifth district,	102	65	8	2	1	8	
Thirty-sixth district,	161	38	2			3	
Thirty-seventh district,	109	71	4		1	1	
Thirty-eighth district,	123	65	3		2	2	
Thirty-ninth district,	136	37	1			2	
Fortieth district,	137	25	2			2	
Forty-first district,	137	55	2			2	

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Nineteenth ward—Concluded—							
Forty-second district, -----	115	59	2	1	1	3	-----
Forty-third district, -----	119	62	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Forty-fourth district, -----	77	16	2	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	5,041	2,197	115	12	10	68	3
Twentieth ward—							
First district, -----	150	5	4	-----	-----	-----	-----
Second district, -----	101	12	7	-----	-----	-----	-----
Third district, -----	268	10	2	-----	1	-----	-----
Fourth district, -----	191	10	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Fifth district, -----	228	5	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
Sixth district, -----	160	21	1	-----	1	-----	-----
Seventh district, -----	134	14	-----	-----	1	1	-----
Eighth district, -----	150	15	2	1	1	-----	-----
Ninth district, -----	92	33	2	1	-----	1	-----
Tenth district, -----	100	19	2	-----	-----	-----	-----
Eleventh district, -----	265	24	3	1	-----	-----	-----
Twelfth district, -----	93	37	8	-----	-----	-----	-----
Thirteenth district, -----	93	36	-----	2	1	5	-----
Fourteenth district, -----	130	35	2	-----	-----	1	-----
Fifteenth district, -----	169	12	3	-----	-----	1	-----
Sixteenth district, -----	165	16	1	-----	-----	1	-----
Seventeenth district, -----	48	44	4	-----	-----	-----	-----
Eighteenth district, -----	180	23	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Nineteenth district, -----	146	13	8	-----	-----	-----	-----
Twentieth district, -----	155	22	3	1	-----	-----	-----
Twenty-first district, -----	99	54	3	-----	1	1	-----
Twenty-second district, -----	72	45	1	-----	-----	3	-----
Twenty-third district, -----	116	16	-----	-----	-----	7	1
Twenty-fourth district, -----	144	30	5	1	-----	-----	-----
Twenty-fifth district, -----	124	36	1	-----	2	-----	-----
Twenty-sixth district, -----	162	24	1	-----	-----	4	-----
Twenty-seventh district, -----	111	21	9	-----	-----	-----	-----
Twenty-eighth district, -----	160	42	1	-----	-----	3	-----
Twenty-ninth district, -----	203	16	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Thirtieth district, -----	108	24	5	1	-----	-----	-----
Thirty-first district, -----	116	31	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
Thirty-second district, -----	191	20	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Thirty-third district, -----	90	24	4	-----	-----	-----	-----
Thirty-fourth district, -----	92	26	3	1	1	-----	-----
Thirty-fifth district, -----	98	45	5	1	-----	-----	-----
Thirty-sixth district, -----	95	56	2	-----	-----	-----	-----
Thirty-seventh district, -----	113	21	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
Thirty-eighth district, -----	131	14	3	1	-----	2	-----
Thirty-ninth district, -----	101	47	9	2	8	25	1
Fortieth district, -----	108	8	6	-----	-----	1	-----
Total, -----	5,452	1,006	113	14	17	56	2
Twenty-first ward—							
First district, -----	61	42	3	-----	-----	7	-----
Second district, -----	49	76	4	-----	-----	-----	-----
Third district, -----	26	90	-----	-----	-----	2	-----
Fourth district, -----	12	59	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Fifth district, -----	54	59	1	1	-----	5	1
Sixth district, -----	99	33	-----	2	-----	1	-----
Seventh district, -----	61	46	2	-----	-----	4	-----
Eighth district, -----	31	34	-----	1	-----	2	-----
Ninth district, -----	86	60	4	2	-----	6	-----
Tenth district, -----	63	32	-----	-----	-----	13	-----
Eleventh district, -----	141	63	1	-----	1	-----	-----
Twelfth district, -----	95	44	-----	-----	-----	5	-----
Thirteenth district, -----	93	104	-----	2	1	-----	-----
Fourteenth district, -----	80	75	2	-----	1	5	-----
Fifteenth district, -----	112	54	1	1	-----	2	-----
Sixteenth district, -----	178	29	4	2	-----	-----	-----
Seventeenth district, -----	122	75	-----	-----	-----	5	-----
Eighteenth district, -----	142	53	1	1	2	2	-----
Nineteenth district, -----	73	26	-----	1	-----	45	-----
Twentieth district, -----	128	25	1	1	1	1	-----
Twenty-first district, -----	117	77	2	3	-----	35	-----
Twenty-second district, -----	120	35	-----	1	1	1	1
Twenty-third district, -----	140	54	3	-----	1	7	-----
Twenty-fourth district, -----	126	28	-----	-----	1	-----	-----

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Twenty-first ward—Concluded—							
Twenty-fifth district,	130	36	1	1	1	14	—
Twenty-sixth district,	128	48	2	1	—	6	1
Twenty-seventh district,	114	43	3	2	—	—	—
Twenty-eighth district,	142	41	1	—	1	4	—
Twenty-ninth district,	163	49	3	1	2	5	—
Thirtieth district,	110	37	—	1	—	2	—
Total,	2,996	1,530	39	25	13	179	4
Twenty-second ward—							
First district,	123	49	2	2	1	1	—
Second district,	138	50	—	1	2	4	—
Third district,	108	42	2	1	—	1	—
Fourth district,	76	66	1	—	1	5	—
Fifth district,	116	35	2	3	1	—	—
Sixth district,	114	37	1	2	1	2	—
Seventh district,	120	48	—	—	—	1	—
Eighth district,	69	37	1	—	—	—	—
Ninth district,	55	26	—	—	—	—	—
Tenth district,	114	14	1	—	—	—	—
Eleventh district,	108	28	1	1	1	5	—
Twelfth district,	198	36	—	1	2	4	1
Thirteenth district,	130	38	3	—	—	1	—
Fourteenth district,	179	26	—	—	1	3	1
Fifteenth district,	168	111	2	—	—	24	—
Sixteenth district,	148	27	1	3	2	—	1
Seventeenth district,	195	34	3	3	1	1	—
Eighteenth district,	146	37	2	3	4	1	—
Nineteenth district,	189	48	1	4	6	2	—
Twentieth district,	76	56	—	2	4	1	—
Twenty-first district,	104	65	—	—	3	3	—
Twenty-second district,	126	74	5	—	1	3	—
Twenty-third district,	133	46	4	1	—	—	—
Twenty-fourth district,	88	23	3	—	—	1	—
Twenty-fifth district,	125	41	1	1	1	1	—
Twenty-sixth district,	147	54	3	1	2	2	1
Twenty-seventh district,	233	36	1	—	—	1	—
Twenty-eighth district,	80	30	—	—	1	1	—
Twenty-ninth district,	215	46	1	1	3	2	—
Thirtieth district,	137	22	2	—	1	1	—
Thirty-first district,	92	14	—	—	1	2	—
Thirty-second district,	175	16	—	—	—	1	—
Thirty-third district,	93	22	1	1	1	1	—
Thirty-fourth district,	156	35	—	—	—	3	—
Thirty-fifth district,	110	43	2	2	2	3	—
Thirty-sixth district,	174	37	2	2	4	2	—
Thirty-seventh district,	231	74	1	4	2	1	—
Thirty-eighth district,	132	45	—	2	—	—	—
Thirty-ninth district,	120	50	2	2	1	2	—
Fortieth district,	147	20	—	—	1	—	—
Forty-first district,	160	96	—	3	2	1	—
Forty-second district,	134	43	—	1	2	3	1
Forty-third district,	94	13	—	—	1	—	—
Forty-fourth district,	118	64	2	1	—	1	—
Forty-fifth district,	116	63	1	—	1	1	—
Forty-sixth district,	168	36	2	2	4	3	—
Forty-seventh district,	147	22	—	4	4	1	1
Forty-eighth district,	129	27	1	2	1	1	—
Forty-ninth district,	173	20	—	1	2	3	—
Fiftieth district,	86	45	1	—	4	3	—
Fifty-first district,	125	39	2	1	1	1	—
Fifty-second district,	98	15	1	—	—	1	—
Fifty-third district,	114	24	2	—	5	—	1
Fifty-fourth district,	78	20	—	—	2	—	1
Total,	7,122	2,159	63	58	76	105	8
Twenty-third ward—							
First district,	108	72	2	1	—	1	—
Second district,	70	64	2	1	—	3	—
Third district,	108	102	7	—	—	4	—
Fourth district,	57	52	1	1	—	13	—
Fifth district,	81	35	2	—	—	2	—
Sixth district,	81	59	—	1	—	3	—

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Twenty-third ward—Concluded—							
Seventh district, -----	138	20				2	
Eighth district, -----	98	33		1	3	3	
Ninth district, -----	162	51		1		2	1
Tenth district, -----	99	62	2	1	1	4	
Eleventh district, -----	70	34	3			3	
Twelfth district, -----	56	62	1	1	1	4	
Thirteenth district, -----	31	31	5	2		66	
Fourteenth district, -----	149	35	1	1	1		
Fifteenth district, -----	117	56	2	3		8	2
Sixteenth district, -----	174	63	1	1	1	5	
Seventeenth district, -----	152	92	2	1	1	2	
Eighteenth district, -----	163	99	3	2	2	8	
Nineteenth district, -----	61	48	1				
Twentieth district, -----	54	46	1	1			
Twenty-first district, -----	63	60	3	1	1	2	
Twenty-second district, -----	142	58					
Twenty-third district, -----	84	74			1	2	
Twenty-fourth district, -----	132	45	1	1	2	1	
Twenty-fifth district, -----	137	46	3	2	1	3	
Twenty-sixth district, -----	152	31		1	4	1	
Total, -----	2,616	1,433	43	24	19	142	3
Twenty-fourth ward—							
First district, -----	109	39		1	2	1	
Second district, -----	92	85					
Third district, -----	104	67				1	1
Fourth district, -----	44	84				3	
Fifth district, -----	155	44	2	1	3	2	
Sixth district, -----	103	37	1		1	2	
Seventh district, -----	173	70	1				
Eighth district, -----	145	64					
Ninth district, -----	88	69	1			4	1
Tenth district, -----	124	49		2	1		
Eleventh district, -----	98	97		1			
Twelfth district, -----	70	68				6	
Thirteenth district, -----	73	81	2	2	1	2	1
Fourteenth district, -----	82	27	4	2		1	
Fifteenth district, -----	107	53	1				
Sixteenth district, -----	154	77	3	2		5	1
Seventeenth district, -----	92	70		1			
Eighteenth district, -----	69	70	3				
Nineteenth district, -----	97	73				4	
Twentieth district, -----	123	39	1				
Twenty-first district, -----	153	54	1	2	1	2	
Twenty-second district, -----	126	44		2	1	4	
Twenty-third district, -----	94	33		1	1	8	
Twenty-fourth district, -----	100	54		2	1	2	1
Twenty-fifth district, -----	125	62		4			1
Twenty-sixth district, -----	95	20				32	
Twenty-seventh district, -----	114	24	2			1	
Twenty-eighth district, -----	173	80	5	2	2	2	1
Twenty-ninth district, -----	113	43	3	3			
Thirtieth district, -----	135	73	8	1	1	3	1
Thirty-first district, -----	114	29	1	2	1	1	
Thirty-second district, -----	159	43				2	
Thirty-third district, -----	107	48	1	1	1	2	
Thirty-fourth district, -----	56	79				2	
Thirty-fifth district, -----	88	56	1	3	1	4	
Thirty-sixth district, -----	61	39	25				
Thirty-seventh district, -----	103	36				2	
Thirty-eighth district, -----	36	11		1		1	
Thirty-ninth district, -----	89	40	2	1	1		
Fortieth district, -----	54	25	27				
Total, -----	4,197	2,156	95	37	19	99	8
Twenty-fifth ward—							
First district, -----	101	50		1		5	
Second district, -----	73	50	2			8	
Third district, -----	167	57	2		1	6	
Fourth district, -----	118	165		1		9	
Fifth district, -----	98	69	3			7	
Sixth district, -----	104	59				43	
Seventh district, -----	39	15	1			1	
Eighth district, -----	66	96				29	1

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sprout, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sprout, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Twenty-fifth ward—Concluded—							
Ninth district,	69	22					
Tenth district,	148	22				16	
Eleventh district,	41	70				5	
Twelfth district,	93	120	2			9	
Thirteenth district,	122	50	3	1		3	
Fourteenth district,	89	22	4	1		12	
Fifteenth district,	75	53	2			3	
Sixteenth district,	111	41		2	1	3	
Seventeenth district,	131	81	1	2		11	
Eighteenth district,	107	69	4	2		7	
Nineteenth district,	110	22					1
Twentieth district,	69	37	1				
Twenty-first district,	169	64	7	1		3	
Twenty-second district,	82	38	1	1		2	
Twenty-third district,	90	32	4			5	
Twenty-fourth district,	135	91				8	
Twenty-fifth district,	103	51	5	1	2	1	
Twenty-sixth district,	141	38	4			19	
Twenty-seventh district,	125	50	3			3	1
Twenty-eighth district,	107	36	2			1	
Twenty-ninth district,	35	97	2			12	1
Thirtieth district,	140	71	3	1		7	
Thirty-first district,	97	82	3			2	
Thirty-second district,	58	83	1	1		7	1
Total,	3,216	1,843	60	15	4	247	5
Twenty-sixth ward—							
First district,	127	18	5			1	
Second district,	77	37	3		1	1	
Third district,	119	16					
Fourth district,	106	6	2				
Fifth district,	102	16		1		2	
Sixth district,	97	13	1				
Seventh district,	96	4					
Eighth district,	103	19					
Ninth district,	106	29	3	1			
Tenth district,	95	23	1	1	4		1
Eleventh district,	136	17					
Twelfth district,	124	30			1	1	
Thirteenth district,	137	27	2		1	2	
Fourteenth district,	88	30					
Fifteenth district,	102	63	2			1	
Sixteenth district,	102	3	1				
Seventeenth district,	129	19			3		
Eighteenth district,	98	23	2	1		3	
Nineteenth district,	159	5				1	
Twentieth district,	107	17		1			
Twenty-first district,	158	11	1		1		
Twenty-second district,	124	38			1		
Twenty-third district,	97	20				3	
Twenty-fourth district,	91	31	4				
Twenty-fifth district,	112	37	1				
Twenty-sixth district,	114	35			2	2	
Twenty-seventh district,	172	66				9	
Twenty-eighth district,	83	60					
Twenty-ninth district,	119	78	1	1			1
Thirtieth district,	138	89	2		1	2	
Thirty-first district,	120	77	3				
Thirty-second district,	62	43	2		1	2	
Thirty-third district,	103	48		2	2	2	
Thirty-fourth district,	145	70				1	
Thirty-fifth district,	123	103	4	2	1	5	
Thirty-sixth district,	126	81	1				1
Thirty-seventh district,	148	125	2	1			
Thirty-eighth district,	205	97				1	
Thirty-ninth district,	165	59	2	1	2	1	
Total,	4,609	1,583	45	11	21	40	3
Twenty-seventh ward—							
First district,	156	26					
Second district,	153	10					
Third district,	157	24					
Fourth district,	121	21					
Fifth district,	161	25		3		1	

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Borniwell, Democratic.	S. H. Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Borniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Twenty-seventh ward—Concluded—							
Sixth district,	96	11					
Seventh district,	167	20		1			
Eighth district,	132	19	1			4	
Ninth district,	116	33					
Tenth district,	150	17					
Eleventh district,	157	45	2		1	2	
Twelfth district,	129	42				3	
Thirteenth district,	104	30		2	1	3	
Fourteenth district,	147	34	1	1	2	1	2
Fifteenth district,	145	28	1	1	2	1	
Sixteenth district,	68	16			1		
Seventeenth district,	100	19	1	1		1	
Total,	2,199	420	6	9	7	18	2
Twenty-eighth ward—							
First district,	116	49	6			1	
Second district,	104	101	4		2	1	
Third district,	137	84	1	1		2	
Fourth district,	68	39	2	3			
Fifth district,	116	52	5	2	2	4	1
Sixth district,	37	96	1	1		23	
Seventh district,	129	58	4	1	1	2	
Eighth district,	68	55	1	1	1	2	
Ninth district,	105	85	1		3	2	
Tenth district,	92	87	3	1		2	
Eleventh district,	156	69		1	2	2	
Twelfth district,	107	61	5			4	
Thirteenth district,	118	33	1			4	
Fourteenth district,	167	75	7	2	1	3	
Fifteenth district,	165	43	10				
Sixteenth district,	59	52					
Seventeenth district,	76	75	4	1		4	
Eighteenth district,	116	81	4		2	4	
Nineteenth district,	83	85	3			3	
Twentieth district,	143	85	3			4	
Twenty-first district,	138	69	2		3	1	
Twenty-second district,	178	88	5	1		3	
Twenty-third district,	132	73	1	1		1	
Twenty-fourth district,	127	76	10			1	
Twenty-fifth district,	141	65	11	1	1	11	
Twenty-sixth district,	132	54	13		4	3	
Twenty-seventh district,	128	63	3	2		1	
Twenty-eighth district,	55	61	5	1		2	3
Twenty-ninth district,	92	65	9		2	1	
Thirtieth district,	55	59	6			5	
Thirty-first district,	110	63	14			2	
Thirty-second district,	127	43	10				
Thirty-third district,	123	111	6		1	12	
Thirty-fourth district,	103	76	8			8	
Thirty-fifth district,	89	40	7		1	1	
Thirty-sixth district,	111	81	7	10		11	1
Total,	3,943	2,426	181	30	29	130	5
Twenty-ninth ward—							
First district,	168	39	6	1		1	
Second district,	147	46	2	2			
Third district,	132	55	2	2			
Fourth district,	118	96	1			5	
Fifth district,	140	56	2	2		2	
Sixth district,	106	63	3			4	
Seventh district,	77	64				6	
Eighth district,	92	63		1		8	
Ninth district,	82	64	4			3	
Tenth district,	74	67	3			3	
Eleventh district,	126	56	5	2		4	
Twelfth district,	157	70	5			3	
Thirteenth district,	133	51	24			6	
Fourteenth district,	82	52	4			6	
Fifteenth district,	120	60	5	1		4	
Sixteenth district,	89	52	14			7	
Seventeenth district,	198	56	8	1	2	3	1
Eighteenth district,	103	5	15			10	
Nineteenth district,	106	101	34	1		6	1
Twentieth district,	177	33	2	1		5	

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl. Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Twenty-ninth ward—Concluded—							
Twenty-first district,	88	59	6	—	2	6	—
Twenty-second district,	128	74	8	—	1	5	—
Twenty-third district,	146	37	6	—	—	6	—
Total,	2,789	1,294	159	14	5	107	2
Thirtieth ward—							
First district,	192	47	—	—	—	16	—
Second district,	131	11	—	—	—	3	—
Third district,	275	3	1	—	—	—	—
Fourth district,	254	16	—	—	—	—	—
Fifth district,	279	4	—	—	—	—	—
Sixth district,	161	4	—	—	—	—	—
Seventh district,	150	5	—	—	—	22	—
Elghth district,	139	9	1	—	—	11	—
Ninth district,	193	7	—	2	—	—	—
Tenth district,	137	14	—	—	—	1	—
Eleventh district,	179	17	1	—	—	1	—
Twelfth district,	166	24	1	—	—	1	—
Thirteenth district,	100	23	—	—	4	3	—
Fourteenth district,	221	20	—	—	—	—	—
Fifteenth district,	99	55	—	—	—	1	—
Sixteenth district,	97	80	2	—	—	4	—
Seventeenth district,	165	56	—	2	1	6	—
Eighteenth district,	155	29	—	—	—	1	—
Nineteenth district,	115	81	1	—	—	7	—
Twentieth district,	93	63	1	—	1	9	—
Twenty-first district,	54	57	—	—	1	—	—
Twenty-second district,	143	59	1	—	—	6	—
Twenty-third district,	124	42	—	—	—	3	—
Total,	3,622	729	9	4	7	89	—
Thirty-first ward—							
First district,	141	29	1	—	—	—	1
Second district,	103	30	—	—	—	—	—
Third district,	108	39	2	1	1	—	—
Fourth district,	134	51	2	—	1	—	1
Fifth district,	109	60	1	—	—	4	—
Sixth district,	40	84	—	1	1	3	—
Seventh district,	86	40	3	1	1	3	1
Elghth district,	98	24	—	—	—	1	—
Ninth district,	112	51	4	1	—	—	1
Tenth district,	92	30	6	—	2	2	—
Eleventh district,	169	46	—	—	—	—	—
Twelfth district,	114	42	5	—	1	1	—
Thirteenth district,	83	26	1	—	—	—	—
Fourteenth district,	189	25	2	—	1	3	—
Fifteenth district,	190	64	—	—	1	1	—
Sixteenth district,	82	63	1	1	—	1	—
Seventeenth district,	99	49	3	—	1	2	—
Eighteenth district,	138	30	1	—	—	—	—
Nineteenth district,	124	25	—	—	—	4	—
Twentieth district,	102	37	3	—	—	2	—
Twenty-first district,	113	49	2	2	—	2	1
Twenty-second district,	85	38	1	—	—	2	—
Twenty-third district,	70	78	1	—	—	1	—
Twenty-fourth district,	45	56	3	—	—	27	1
Twenty-fifth district,	54	79	—	—	—	—	—
Twenty-sixth district,	96	45	—	—	—	—	—
Twenty-seventh district,	77	29	—	1	—	—	1
Twenty-eighth district,	79	17	—	—	—	2	—
Twenty-ninth district,	56	43	—	—	—	8	1
Thirtieth district,	65	48	2	—	—	—	—
Total,	2,997	1,332	44	8	10	69	8
Thirty-second ward—							
First district,	148	47	2	—	2	1	—
Second district,	95	42	1	—	1	—	—
Third district,	117	43	—	—	—	—	—
Fourth district,	136	38	1	1	—	5	—
Fifth district,	65	30	—	—	—	2	—
Sixth district,	67	28	1	1	—	2	—
Seventh district,	137	46	2	—	2	1	—

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sprui, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sprui, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Thirty-second ward—Concluded—							
Eighth district, -----	136	53	2		1	2	
Ninth district, -----	130	52	6	1	2	14	
Tenth district, -----	118	42			1	2	
Eleventh district, -----	115	29	5	1		1	
Twelfth district, -----	88	38	1	3		3	
Thirteenth district, -----	87	33	1		1	3	
Fourteenth district, -----	82	38		1		1	
Fifteenth district, -----	106	40	5		3	2	1
Sixteenth district, -----	122	43	1	1			
Seventeenth district, -----	121	53	1				
Eighteenth district, -----	68	32				2	1
Nineteenth district, -----	67	40	2				
Twentieth district, -----	117	72	3		2	5	
Twenty-first district, -----	77	106	2			4	
Twenty-second district, -----	154	64	1		1	3	
Twenty-third district, -----	107	102	2	3	1		
Twenty-fourth district, -----	68	57	3			1	
Twenty-fifth district, -----	117	84	3	1		3	
Twenty-sixth district, -----	171	61	6	1			
Twenty-seventh district, -----	121	69	6		1	2	
Twenty-eighth district, -----	95	29	12	1	1		
Twenty-ninth district, -----	127	29	12				
Thirtieth district, -----	127	17	16			1	
Thirty-first district, -----	104	31	10				
Thirty-second district, -----	121	17	8				
Total, -----	3,511	1,505	117	15	19	60	2
Thirty-third ward—							
First district, -----	164	18					
Second district, -----	89	47	2			1	
Third district, -----	63	73	1				
Fourth district, -----	209	33	5	2		6	
Fifth district, -----	97	71	2				
Sixth district, -----	68	61	1	1		2	
Seventh district, -----	109	41	7				
Eighth district, -----	144	84	2			2	
Ninth district, -----	216	49					
Tenth district, -----	167	62	3	1		1	1
Eleventh district, -----	107	54	5				
Twelfth district, -----	121	87				1	
Thirteenth district, -----	186	62	8			3	
Fourteenth district, -----	152	74	7	2			1
Fifteenth district, -----	120	57	9	2	1	1	
Sixteenth district, -----	127	39	6	1		1	
Seventeenth district, -----	183	82	2	2			
Eighteenth district, -----	120	66	2	1			
Nineteenth district, -----	175	127	11				
Twentieth district, -----	69	52	2			1	
Twenty-first district, -----	193	76	7	3		7	
Twenty-second district, -----	113	50	5	1		2	
Twenty-third district, -----	84	34					1
Twenty-fourth district, -----	167	52	3	1		3	
Twenty-fifth district, -----	185	34	2				
Twenty-sixth district, -----	91	69	10	4		4	
Twenty-seventh district, -----	128	52	13	1		3	
Twenty-eighth district, -----	158	62	5			2	
Twenty-ninth district, -----	130	90	4	1		4	
Thirtieth district, -----	210	53	10	3		2	
Thirty-first district, -----	94	67	4		1	3	
Thirty-second district, -----	113	83	10			10	
Thirty-third district, -----	101	46	9	1			
Thirty-fourth district, -----	248	56	8			19	
Thirty-fifth district, -----	74	82	2	1		1	
Thirty-sixth district, -----	66	57	15	5		3	
Thirty-seventh district, -----	77	48	7	1		1	
Thirty-eighth district, -----	123	55	11	1	1	2	
Thirty-ninth district, -----	55	38	2				
Total, -----	5,096	2,343	202	35	3	85	3

ELECTION STATISTICS.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul. Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl. Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Thirty-fourth ward—							
First district,	131	36					
Second district,	89	71		1	2		
Third district,	99	77	2	1		1	
Fourth district,	83	75	1	7		2	
Fifth district,	63	113	1	1	1	2	
Sixth district,	127	66	1	1			
Seventh district,	85	49	2			2	
Eighth district,	79	66	3			3	
Ninth district,	98	46	2	1	1	2	
Tenth district,	70	56	6	4	3	16	2
Eleventh district,	139	48	2	1			
Twelfth district,	108	48	6	1			
Thirteenth district,	91	44	3				
Fourteenth district,	148	96	5	2	1	3	
Fifteenth district,	112	46	2	1			
Sixteenth district,	146	59	1				
Seventeenth district,	126	64	2	1		1	
Eighteenth district,	140	53	2	1	1		1
Nineteenth district,	101	20		3		3	
Twentieth district,	254	55	2	1	2	2	
Twenty-first district,	136	51	1	1		1	
Twenty-second district,	178	64	2	6	1	3	1
Twenty-third district,	103	38	4	1			
Twenty-fourth district,	108	35	1	1	3	2	
Twenty-fifth district,	89	56	6	6	1	5	
Twenty-sixth district,	180	72	1	2		2	
Twenty-seventh district,	154	59	4	2	3	1	
Twenty-eighth district,	162	70	2	3			
Twenty-ninth district,	158	77	3	1	2	5	
Thirtieth district,	118	55	2	1	2	3	
Thirty-first district,	123	60	3	1			
Thirty-second district,	83	41	3	1	1	1	
Thirty-third district,	111	70	3	4		2	
Thirty-fourth district,	130	33			1	1	
Thirty-fifth district,	116	73	1		4	1	
Thirty-sixth district,	82	54	3	1	1	1	
Thirty-seventh district,	121	55				1	
Thirty-eighth district,	126	53	3	3	3	3	
Thirty-ninth district,	103	17	2			1	
Fortieth district,	112	46	6	2	2	6	
Forty-first district,	95	19		1	2	2	
Forty-second district,	74	43	2				
Forty-third district,	121	42	1		1	3	
Forty-fourth district,	60	43		1		1	
Total,	5,112	2,414	96	71	38	82	7
Thirty-fifth ward—							
First district,	85	18				1	
Second district,	88	49				3	
Third district,	99	29		4	3		
Fourth district,	58	15					
Fifth district,	102	29	9	1			
Sixth district,	72	16	1	1			
Seventh district,	116	28	1			1	
Eighth district,	30	22		1	1	1	
Ninth district,	231	38	4	2	1	5	
Tenth district,	93	59	8				
Eleventh district,	96	48	8	8	3	2	
Twelfth district,	216	59	24	4	2	5	
Total,	1,286	410	54	21	10	18	
Thirty-sixth ward—							
First district,	170	12	1				
Second district,	202	19					
Third district,	207	43					
Fourth district,	118	43			1	2	
Fifth district,	109	49				2	
Sixth district,	145	29					
Seventh district,	199	28	1	1			
Eighth district,	154	17	1				
Ninth district,	151	9	1				
Tenth district,	132	13	1				

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Thirty-sixth ward—Concluded—							
Eleventh district,	193	10	1				
Twelfth district,	130	21	1			1	
Thirteenth district,	153	21	1				
Fourteenth district,	140	40					
Fifteenth district,	90	52			1	1	
Sixteenth district,	108	79	2		2	1	
Seventeenth district,	94	64	1	1		1	
Eighteenth district,	160	169	1	1			
Nineteenth district,	140	31	4				
Twentieth district,	115	20	3			1	
Twenty-first district,	82	115		1	2	11	
Twenty-second district,	93	45	1			3	
Twenty-third district,	165	50	1				1
Twenty-fourth district,	104	71	2			1	
Twenty-fifth district,	88	63	1	1		2	1
Twenty-sixth district,	107	97	4			3	1
Twenty-seventh district,	85	22			1		
Twenty-eighth district,	82	40			2	5	
Twenty-ninth district,	157	49	1			1	
Thirtieth district,	125	62	1			3	
Thirty-first district,	97	115	2		1	2	
Thirty-second district,	188	91	3	3		4	
Thirty-third district,	129	107	6	1		6	
Total,	4,417	1,689	41	9	10	50	3
Thirty-seventh ward—							
First district,	101	55	3	2		2	
Second district,	67	44	1			2	1
Third district,	79	50				4	
Fourth district,	120	34				1	
Fifth district,	182	96	5	1		1	1
Sixth district,	114	54	2			3	
Seventh district,	93	53	6		1	3	
Eighth district,	81	46	2	2		5	1
Ninth district,	137	47	4	2			
Tenth district,	132	30	4	1	1		
Eleventh district,	121	69	3	3		1	
Twelfth district,	262	66	1	2		1	
Thirteenth district,	97	70					
Fourteenth district,	151	36		2	3	2	
Fifteenth district,	106	69	4	1		2	
Sixteenth district,	138	43	4	2		2	
Seventeenth district,	71	42	4		1		
Eighteenth district,	94	32	1			32	
Nineteenth district,	89	43	3	2		4	
Twentieth district,	149	42	1	1		1	
Twenty-first district,	72	38	2		1	1	
Twenty-second district,	48	40	4	1	1	2	
Total,	2,444	1,089	54	22	8	69	3
Thirty-eighth ward—							
First district,	81	78	2	1	1	5	
Second district,	122	120	1			6	1
Third district,	117	64	2	6	1		
Fourth district,	134	52	1	4		7	
Fifth district,	183	52		1	2	2	
Sixth district,	187	60	1	6			
Seventh district,	89	86	5	2		2	
Eighth district,	84	43	6	1			
Ninth district,	75	68	7			2	
Tenth district,	127	71		1		4	
Eleventh district,	109	41					
Twelfth district,	159	53	4	2			3
Thirteenth district,	75	50	2		1		
Fourteenth district,	44	24				1	
Fifteenth district,	131	60	2				
Sixteenth district,	75	11	1	1	1	1	
Seventeenth district,	147	82	1	1	1	2	
Eighteenth district,	164	73	3	3	1	1	
Nineteenth district,	83	38	1				
Twentieth district,	210	49	1			6	
Twenty-first district,	159	42	3	1	1	1	
Twenty-second district,	31	95		1		2	

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax
Thirty-eighth ward—Concluded—							
Twenty-third district, -----	181	35	1	6	4	3	1
Twenty-fourth district, -----	71	24		1	1		
Twenty-fifth district, -----	102	72	4	3		2	
Twenty-sixth district, -----	33	91	1			5	
Twenty-seventh district, -----	114	71	4	1		3	
Twenty-eighth district, -----	139	172	3		3	4	
Twenty-ninth district, -----	180	95	9			4	1
Thirtieth district, -----	163	58	4				
Thirty-first district, -----	116	55	2				
Thirty-second district, -----	157	71	2	1			
Thirty-third district, -----	124	84	2	1	1	3	
Thirty-fourth district, -----	97	68	4		1	4	
Thirty-fifth district, -----	146	88	2	3			
Thirty-sixth district, -----	215	71	5	1	1		
Thirty-seventh district, -----	87	29			4	3	1
Thirty-eighth district, -----	85	27	1		2	3	
Thirty-ninth district, -----	128	32	1	4	2	5	
Fortieth district, -----	124	78	4	1			
Forty-first district, -----	121	81			3	5	
Forty-second district, -----	55	55	2	1		2	
Forty-third district, -----	132	66	6	1		1	1
Total, -----	5,156	2,753	100	55	32	89	8
Thirty-ninth ward—							
First district, -----	119	28	1			2	
Second district, -----	130	20	3				
Third district, -----	207	35	12			2	
Fourth district, -----	156	16	38		1		
Fifth district, -----	79	12	2				
Sixth district, -----	65	58	4				
Seventh district, -----	186	60	4				
Eighth district, -----	128	32	26			2	
Ninth district, -----	106	4	4				
Tenth district, -----	115	21	9				1
Eleventh district, -----	53	21	34				
Twelfth district, -----	157	22	4				
Thirteenth district, -----	178	31	3				
Fourteenth district, -----	40	40	3		1	51	
Fifteenth district, -----	189	33	2			2	
Sixteenth district, -----	107	63	3	1			
Seventeenth district, -----	78	27	3			2	
Eighteenth district, -----	95	35	19			1	
Nineteenth district, -----	121	10	12			1	1
Twentieth district, -----	183	39	8				
Twenty-first district, -----	159	25					
Twenty-second district, -----	182	28	16			1	
Twenty-third district, -----	138	35	8			2	
Twenty-fourth district, -----	176	92	3	2			
Twenty-fifth district, -----	54	52		1		3	
Twenty-sixth district, -----	142	15	5				1
Twenty-seventh district, -----	65	16	23			1	
Twenty-eighth district, -----	179	74	45	1			
Twenty-ninth district, -----	99	28	4			2	
Thirtieth district, -----	90	81	1			3	
Thirty-first district, -----	165	104	5			4	
Thirty-second district, -----	103	37	41				
Thirty-third district, -----	133	66	7	1		10	
Thirty-fourth district, -----	128	27	27				
Thirty-fifth district, -----	215	78	1	1			
Total, -----	4,523	1,365	380	7	2	89	3
Fortieth ward—							
First district, -----	92	52	2	3			
Second district, -----	102	47	1		1	1	
Third district, -----	138	58	2				
Fourth district, -----	144	42	2			4	
Fifth district, -----	255	51	2	2			
Sixth district, -----	99	52	1	2	2		
Seventh district, -----	79	60	4		1	1	
Eighth district, -----	160	63	2	2		3	
Ninth district, -----	111	61	2	2		2	
Tenth district, -----	209	74	12				
Eleventh district, -----	101	106	3				
Twelfth district, -----	104	32	2	1	1	1	

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Fortieth ward—Concluded—							
Thirteenth district, -----	123	62	5				1
Fourteenth district, -----	155	44	1	1			
Fifteenth district, -----	138	28	5	4		2	
Sixteenth district, -----	81	44	7	2	1		1
Seventeenth district, -----	109	31	2				1
Eighteenth district, -----	145	10					
Nineteenth district, -----	120	38		1	1	2	
Twentieth district, -----	142	39	3				
Twenty-first district, -----	178	72	3				
Twenty-second district, -----	157	80	1			1	
Twenty-third district, -----	168	115		1		3	
Twenty-fourth district, -----	179	44		1	1	1	
Twenty-fifth district, -----	105	72	1	1		4	
Twenty-sixth district, -----	166	73	2	1	1	1	
Twenty-seventh district, -----	133	42	3	1			
Twenty-eighth district, -----	142	43	1				
Twenty-ninth district, -----	162	107	6	1	2	7	
Thirtieth district, -----	119	52	5			1	
Thirty-first district, -----	106	42	4				1
Thirty-second district, -----	184	48	1		1	2	
Thirty-third district, -----	181	03		1			1
Thirty-fourth district, -----	169	49	1			1	
Thirty-fifth district, -----	119	52	3	2	1	3	
Thirty-sixth district, -----	165	78	1	3			
Thirty-seventh district, -----	90	56		1	2		
Total, -----	5,122	2,092	91	33	15	42	5
Forty-first ward—							
First district, -----	237	59	12		1	1	
Second district, -----	193	66	1			1	
Third district, -----	44	36	2	1	1	2	
Fourth district, -----	46	20	1			4	
Fifth district, -----	157	46	2	3		2	
Sixth district, -----	222	64	3	6	1	2	
Seventh district, -----	245	92	1	2		3	
Eighth district, -----	91	59	1			3	
Ninth district, -----	131	21		1		2	
Tenth district, -----	107	21					
Eleventh district, -----	98	21				1	
Twelfth district, -----	104	30	1	2	1		
Thirteenth district, -----	124	56				9	
Fourteenth district, -----	118	30	1	1		5	
Total, -----	1,917	621	25	16	4	35	
Forty-second ward—							
First district, -----	106	40	7	1		2	1
Second district, -----	179	45	5	1	3	3	
Third district, -----	276	73	1	3	4	2	
Fourth district, -----	161	46	6	2	3	1	
Fifth district, -----	120	53	3	1		1	
Sixth district, -----	82	100	8	3		6	1
Seventh district, -----	168	84	13	2	2	3	
Eighth district, -----	136	26	2	1	2	2	
Ninth district, -----	154	48	4	3	1	3	
Tenth district, -----	106	32	4	1	3	6	
Eleventh district, -----	143	19	3		1	4	
Twelfth district, -----	235	86	2	2	2	3	1
Thirteenth district, -----	99	43			1	1	1
Fourteenth district, -----	168	94				10	
Fifteenth district, -----	76	27	3	6	1	16	
Sixteenth district, -----	103	72	1	2	3	5	
Seventeenth district, -----	200	48		3	3	3	
Eighteenth district, -----	121	78	12	1	5	4	
Nineteenth district, -----	112	36	3			1	
Twentieth district, -----	161	57					
Twenty-first district, -----	144	125	9	4	1	5	
Twenty-second district, -----	162	70					
Twenty-third district, -----	118	56	8	1			
Twenty-fourth district, -----	102	54	2	4			
Twenty-fifth district, -----	132	86	13	2	3	3	
Twenty-sixth district, -----	174	54	13				
Twenty-seventh district, -----	177	46	4	2			
Twenty-eighth district, -----	100	41				1	

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Forty-second ward—Concluded—							
Twenty-ninth district, -----	167	46	3		1		
Thirtieth district, -----	145	26	4	1	2	3	
Thirty-first district, -----	154	91	9	3	1	2	
Thirty-second district, -----	157	54	1	1	2	3	
Thirty-third district, -----	130	32	2		1	2	
Thirty-fourth district, -----	148	59	5	2			1
Total, -----	4,916	1,891	150	52	45	95	5
Forty-third ward—							
First district, -----	89	68	4			18	
Second district, -----	84	59	4	1		1	
Third district, -----	69	56	4			1	
Fourth district, -----	99	79	1	1		5	1
Fifth district, -----	112	46	2	1		5	
Sixth district, -----	82	72	5		1	3	
Seventh district, -----	69	55	4	1			
Eighth district, -----	84	82	6			13	
Ninth district, -----	130	93				9	
Tenth district, -----	141	41	3	1	1	1	
Eleventh district, -----	79	73	6			14	
Twelfth district, -----	87	96	8	1		5	
Thirteenth district, -----	85	54	5	1	1	13	
Fourteenth district, -----	98	61	8			6	
Fifteenth district, -----	143	61	3	2	1	2	
Sixteenth district, -----	138	89	5		2	7	
Seventeenth district, -----	98	59	3		2	5	
Eighteenth district, -----	77	39	5		1	2	
Nineteenth district, -----	89	62	11			1	
Twentieth district, -----	110	69	3			5	
Twenty-first district, -----	131	37	1	1		7	
Twenty-second district, -----	114	69	3	2	1	4	
Twenty-third district, -----	128	72	3	1		5	
Twenty-fourth district, -----	130	42	2	3	2	4	1
Twenty-fifth district, -----	98	95	5	1	4	11	2
Twenty-sixth district, -----	162	87	2	2	2	6	
Twenty-seventh district, -----	152	81	13	1	1	18	
Twenty-eighth district, -----	81	41	6	2	1	2	1
Twenty-ninth district, -----	57	58	4			13	
Thirtieth district, -----	105	54	2			6	
Thirty-first district, -----	88	49	6			1	
Thirty-second district, -----	91	50	4			4	
Thirty-third district, -----	68	69	3	3			
Thirty-fourth district, -----	139	60	10			3	
Thirty-fifth district, -----	147	60	9	1	2	6	2
Thirty-sixth district, -----	147	44	3			1	
Thirty-seventh district, -----	81	70	12			13	
Thirty-eighth district, -----	54	29	1	1		4	1
Thirty-ninth district, -----	77	33	5			3	1
Fortieth district, -----	99	47	9	2	1	3	1
Forty-first district, -----	106	57	8	2		6	
Forty-second district, -----	99	53	3		1	4	
Forty-third district, -----	74	62	12			11	
Forty-fourth district, -----	107	38	4	2	3	2	2
Forty-fifth district, -----	43	32	5		2	2	
Forty-sixth district, -----	96	32	1				
Total, -----	4,616	2,735	226	33	29	255	12
Forty-fourth ward—							
First district, -----	179	23	1	1		4	
Second district, -----	97	40	1		3	1	
Third district, -----	77	92					
Fourth district, -----	66	69	1	1		3	1
Fifth district, -----	176	5					
Sixth district, -----	58	71				2	
Seventh district, -----	84	49	5			5	
Eighth district, -----	108	28	2	2		1	
Ninth district, -----	49	57					
Tenth district, -----	39	60		1		1	
Eleventh district, -----	80	70			1	1	
Twelfth district, -----	64	27	3	1		2	1
Thirteenth district, -----	92	46	2			1	
Fourteenth district, -----	160	11	1	1		1	
Fifteenth district, -----	45	21	1			2	
Sixteenth district, -----	84	48					1

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fifthian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Forty-fourth ward—Concluded—							
Seventeenth district, -----	47	82					
Eighteenth district, -----	152	73	2		3	3	
Nineteenth district, -----	47	86	3	1	1	2	
Twentieth district, -----	56	53	2			6	
Twenty-first district, -----	97	69	2	1		2	
Twenty-second district, -----	108	67	5	5	1		1
Twenty-third district, -----	81	88		4			
Twenty-fourth district, -----	70	56	1	4	1		
Twenty-fifth district, -----	122	56	2				
Twenty-sixth district, -----	113	37	1	1	2	1	1
Twenty-seventh district, -----	42	53	1			1	1
Twenty-eighth district, -----	71	65	2	1	1	8	
Twenty-ninth district, -----	67	48	2		1		
Thirtieth district, -----	83	71	1	2		2	
Thirty-first district, -----	72	77	1		5	5	
Thirty-second district, -----	118	9	2				
Thirty-third district, -----	79	30		1		3	
Thirty-fourth district, -----	27	77	1		1		
Total, -----	2,994	1,824	44	27	20	57	6
Forty-fifth ward—							
First district, -----	132	38	3		1	3	
Second district, -----	144	45	2	2			
Third district, -----	115	74	1		1		
Fourth district, -----	141	66	5	2			1
Fifth district, -----	101	25					
Sixth district, -----	149	72					
Seventh district, -----	89	43	2			8	
Eighth district, -----	202	47	3			6	
Ninth district, -----	156	29	3	1			
Tenth district, -----	191	49	4	1		1	
Eleventh district, -----	160	65	3	1			
Twelfth district, -----	114	28					
Thirteenth district, -----	88	24	1	1	1	2	
Fourteenth district, -----	39	21					
Fifteenth district, -----	95	61	3				
Sixteenth district, -----	152	42	13	2		1	
Seventeenth district, -----	148	51	5		1	1	1
Eighteenth district, -----	89	71	4				
Nineteenth district, -----	124	23	5				
Twentieth district, -----	87	37	1				
Twenty-first district, -----	114	54					
Total, -----	2,628	965	58	10	4	22	2
Forty-sixth ward—							
First district, -----	179	60	2	5	3	1	
Second district, -----	224	21					
Third district, -----	123	26	1	1	1		
Fourth district, -----	199	33				1	1
Fifth district, -----	112	31	6		2		
Sixth district, -----	139	39	2	2			
Seventh district, -----	138	44	3	3	1	2	
Eighth district, -----	184	71	4	2	2	3	
Ninth district, -----	227	59	3	1			1
Tenth district, -----	150	77		1		3	
Eleventh district, -----	104	52		1			
Twelfth district, -----	130	84	1		1	1	
Thirteenth district, -----	154	68	2	3	1		
Fourteenth district, -----	169	21	2	2		1	
Fifteenth district, -----	151	32	1	2	2		
Sixteenth district, -----	167	50	2	2			
Seventeenth district, -----	226	35	2	3	1		
Eighteenth district, -----	98	22	2	2			
Nineteenth district, -----	95	18			3	1	
Twentieth district, -----	175	21					
Twenty-first district, -----	164	41	3			2	
Twenty-second district, -----	110	30	1	1			
Twenty-third district, -----	124	50	3				
Twenty-fourth district, -----	74	44	1	2		2	
Twenty-fifth district, -----	112	19	2	1			
Twenty-sixth district, -----	149	50	1	1		2	
Twenty-seventh district, -----	143	43	7		1		
Twenty-eighth district, -----	93	17	3		1	1	

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Forty-sixth ward—Concluded—							
Twenty-ninth district, -----	53	48					
Thirtieth district, -----	190	25		1	3	1	
Thirty-first district, -----	120	26					1
Thirty-second district, -----	124	40					
Thirty-third district, -----	111	33	3				
Thirty-fourth district, -----	126	42	2	1	1	2	
Thirty-fifth district, -----	121	19	1	1			
Thirty-sixth district, -----	120	23		2	3	2	2
Thirty-seventh district, -----	128	70	1			3	2
Thirty-eighth district, -----	88	40	1		1		
Thirty-ninth district, -----	117	64	2	4			
Fortieth district, -----	137	29	2				
Forty-first district, -----	114	48			2	2	
Forty-second district, -----	121	34	1	1	1		
Forty-third district, -----	107	41		2		1	1
Forty-fourth district, -----	119	47	1	1	1		
Forty-fifth district, -----	105	28			2	2	
Forty-sixth district, -----	154	56	3				
Forty-seventh district, -----	108	31		1		3	
Forty-eighth district, -----	106	24	1			2	1
Forty-ninth district, -----	93	47	1				
Fiftieth district, -----	83	21		1			
Fifty-first district, -----	121	35					
Fifty-second district, -----	128	36	1	3			1
Fifty-third district, -----	97	11	1				
Fifty-fourth district, -----	101	25		2		1	
Fifty-fifth district, -----	56	20	1				
Fifty-sixth district, -----	100	21	3				
Fifty-seventh district, -----	117	34					
Total, -----	7,316	2,197	79	56	34	39	11
Forty-seventh ward—							
First district, -----	160	17	1	1		1	1
Second district, -----	107	23				2	
Third district, -----	152	16					
Fourth district, -----	107	33				5	
Fifth district, -----	56	33					
Sixth district, -----	85	34		1		3	
Seventh district, -----	102	40	1	2		1	
Eighth district, -----	110	29	1	1			
Ninth district, -----	132	47	1		1	1	
Tenth district, -----	77	31				2	
Eleventh district, -----	140	12					
Twelfth district, -----	132	32		2		1	
Thirteenth district, -----	70	69	1		1		
Fourteenth district, -----	85	41	1			1	
Fifteenth district, -----	107	43					
Sixteenth district, -----	150	35	3		1	3	
Seventeenth district, -----	144	26				1	
Eighteenth district, -----	69	33	4				
Nineteenth district, -----	169	4	1			1	
Twentieth district, -----	136	44					
Twenty-first district, -----	194	15	1				
Twenty-second district, -----	144	9					
Twenty-third district, -----	105	33	1	2			
Twenty-fourth district, -----	139	48	1			1	
Twenty-fifth district, -----	99	6					
Twenty-sixth district, -----	156	15	2				
Total, -----	3,124	768	19	9	3	23	1
Forty-eighth ward—							
First district, -----	161	64	5			4	
Second district, -----	131	76	1				
Third district, -----	83	55				3	
Fourth district, -----	37	81				3	
Fifth district, -----	29	147					
Sixth district, -----	73	60		1			
Seventh district, -----	124	47				2	
Eighth district, -----	174	94			1	2	1
Ninth district, -----	110	29	1	1		1	1
Tenth district, -----	70	60	3	1		2	
Eleventh district, -----	207	22		1		4	
Twelfth district, -----	113	51	2			1	

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Pithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Forty-eighth ward—Concluded—							
Thirteenth district, -----	96	51	1	4	-----	3	-----
Fourteenth district, -----	165	80	1	-----	1	2	-----
Fifteenth district, -----	162	37	2	1	-----	3	-----
Sixteenth district, -----	115	24	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Seventeenth district, -----	139	53	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Eighteenth district, -----	150	84	2	-----	1	1	-----
Total, -----	2,139	1,115	18	11	3	31	2

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—RECAPITULATION.

First ward, -----	3,043	665	153	-----	-----	20	-----
Second ward, -----	2,706	164	33	-----	-----	6	-----
Third ward, -----	1,246	324	15	-----	1	5	-----
Fourth ward, -----	1,938	145	9	-----	2	7	-----
Fifth ward, -----	1,218	220	29	-----	1	11	-----
Sixth ward, -----	275	456	9	1	-----	56	-----
Seventh ward, -----	3,771	272	10	5	9	27	2
Eighth ward, -----	1,755	178	4	-----	1	14	-----
Ninth ward, -----	477	134	2	-----	-----	26	1
Tenth ward, -----	1,878	314	8	3	1	15	-----
Eleventh ward, -----	920	129	6	-----	15	6	1
Twelfth ward, -----	1,405	191	22	-----	-----	14	1
Thirteenth ward, -----	2,233	191	31	-----	1	16	2
Fourteenth ward, -----	2,707	378	21	-----	-----	19	1
Fifteenth ward, -----	2,981	1,941	34	13	15	67	3
Sixteenth ward, -----	1,169	339	29	1	2	19	1
Seventeenth ward, -----	1,054	545	28	4	1	25	1
Eighteenth ward, -----	2,516	1,151	18	13	9	63	2
Nineteenth ward, -----	5,041	2,197	115	12	10	68	3
Twentieth ward, -----	5,452	1,006	113	14	17	56	2
Twenty-first ward, -----	2,996	1,530	39	25	13	179	4
Twenty-second ward, -----	7,122	2,159	63	58	76	105	8
Twenty-third ward, -----	2,616	1,433	43	24	19	142	3
Twenty-fourth ward, -----	4,197	2,156	95	37	19	99	8
Twenty-fifth ward, -----	3,216	1,843	60	15	4	247	5
Twenty-sixth ward, -----	4,609	1,583	45	11	21	40	3
Twenty-seventh ward, -----	2,199	420	6	9	7	18	2
Twenty-eighth ward, -----	3,943	2,426	181	30	29	130	5
Twenty-ninth ward, -----	2,789	1,294	159	14	5	107	2
Thirtieth ward, -----	3,622	729	9	4	7	89	-----
Thirty-first ward, -----	2,997	1,332	44	8	10	69	8
Thirty-second ward, -----	3,511	1,505	117	15	19	60	2
Thirty-third ward, -----	5,096	2,343	202	35	3	85	3
Thirty-fourth ward, -----	5,112	2,414	96	71	38	82	7
Thirty-fifth ward, -----	1,286	410	54	21	16	18	-----
Thirty-sixth ward, -----	4,417	1,689	41	9	10	50	3
Thirty-seventh ward, -----	2,444	1,089	54	22	8	69	3
Thirty-eighth ward, -----	5,155	2,753	100	55	32	89	8
Thirty-ninth ward, -----	4,523	1,365	380	7	2	89	3
Fortieth ward, -----	5,122	2,062	91	33	15	42	5
Forty-first ward, -----	1,917	621	25	16	4	35	-----
Forty-second ward, -----	4,916	1,891	150	52	45	95	5
Forty-third ward, -----	4,616	2,735	226	33	29	255	12
Forty-fourth ward, -----	2,994	1,824	44	27	20	57	6
Forty-fifth ward, -----	2,628	965	58	10	4	22	2
Forty-sixth ward, -----	7,316	2,197	79	55	34	39	11
Forty-seventh ward, -----	3,124	768	19	9	3	23	1
Forty-eighth ward, -----	2,139	1,115	18	11	3	31	2
Soldiers' vote, -----	1,556	800	46	7	-----	-----	4
Total, -----	151,964	56,421	3,233	792	574	2,906	145

Scattering—5.

PIKE COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl. Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Blooming Grove township, -----	14	23		1			
Delaware township, -----	43	51		4	1		2
Dingman township, -----	13	25	3	5			1
Greene township, -----	50	46	5	12		1	1
Lackawaxen township, -----	22	29	11	3			1
Lehman township, -----	29	40		1			
Matamoras borough, -----	97	97	3	6		1	
Milford borough, -----	59	71	2	3			
Milford township, -----	11	9		1			
Palmyra township, -----	15	18	1				
Porter township, -----		9					
Shohola township, -----	8	59	1			1	
Westfall township, -----	8	28					
Soldiers' vote, -----	1	6					
Total, -----	370	511	26	36	1	3	5

POTTER COUNTY.

Abbott township, -----	26	39		1			
Alleghany township, -----	45	11		3			
Austin borough, -----	83	53					
Bingham township, -----	63	10	6	17			
Clara township, -----	5	2	3	3			
Coudersport borough—							
First ward, -----	86	44	7	4			
Second ward, -----	149	87	8	7	1	3	
Eulalia township—							
East Fork district, -----	15	1					
Eulalia district, -----	41	13	2		1		
Galeton borough—							
First ward, -----	73	38		6	1	3	
Second ward, -----	113	55		9		1	
Genesee township, -----	114	30		2			
Harrison township, -----	179	7		4			
Hebron township, -----	24	15	4	1	1		
Hector township, -----	61	5		3			
Homer township, -----	8	7					
Keating township, -----	19	14	1	2	1		
Lewisville borough, -----	63	24	1	17	2		
Oswayo borough, -----	34	11	1				
Oswayo township, -----	29	13		1			
Pike township, -----	28	6		1			
Pleasant Valley township, -----	15	9					
Portage township, -----	20	12					
Roulette township, -----	81	75	44	2			
Sharon township—							
North, -----	27	9	6	5	1		1
South, -----	37	25	1	3	1		
Shinglehouse borough, -----	134	43	5	13	2		
Stewardson township, -----	14	1					
Summit township, -----	19	2			2		
Sweden township, -----	47	16	1	3	1	2	
Sylvania township, -----	24	11		5	1		
Ulysses township, -----	62	22			2	2	
West Branch township, -----	29	6	1	2			
Wharton township, -----	16	6		1			
Soldiers' vote, -----	9	3		1			
Total, -----	1,792	725	91	116	17	11	1

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Ashland borough—							
First ward, -----	103	119	3			6	
Second ward, -----	119	139			7	7	
Third ward, -----	48	143	5			5	
Fourth ward, -----	122	118	7	3	2	1	1
Fifth ward, -----	59	80	5	2		1	

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Auburn borough, -----	138	53	1	-----	1	2	-----
Barry township-----							
North, -----	40	5	-----	-----	1	-----	-----
East, -----	36	10	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
West, -----	25	4	1	5	-----	-----	-----
Blythe township-----							
Cumbola, -----	8	107	-----	-----	-----	2	-----
Silver Creek, -----	8	43	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Kaskawilliam, -----	1	20	-----	-----	1	-----	-----
Butler township-----							
North, -----	9	64	-----	-----	-----	2	-----
South, -----	31	38	3	-----	-----	2	-----
East, -----	2	151	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
West, -----	9	6	4	-----	-----	-----	-----
Butler township, Northwest-----							
Lavelle, -----	23	12	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
Locustdale, -----	26	20	2	1	-----	2	-----
Branch township, -----	124	40	6	4	-----	4	-----
Brunswick township-----							
East, -----	54	50	1	1	1	1	-----
West, -----	36	71	-----	2	-----	2	-----
Cass township-----							
North, -----	9	197	-----	-----	-----	6	-----
South, -----	35	153	-----	1	-----	13	-----
Southeast, -----	26	33	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Southwest, -----	13	49	-----	-----	1	-----	-----
Coaldale borough-----							
East, -----	48	145	6	1	-----	1	1
Middle, -----	97	103	5	-----	-----	3	-----
West, -----	41	17	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Cressona borough-----							
North, -----	71	50	1	2	-----	-----	-----
South, -----	101	38	-----	4	-----	3	-----
Delano township, -----	82	24	-----	1	1	1	-----
Eldred township-----							
East, -----	14	14	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
West, -----	103	22	-----	3	-----	-----	1
Foster township, -----	20	84	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Frackville borough-----							
North, -----	-----	88	11	-----	84	-----	4
Middle, -----	184	60	1	2	-----	13	-----
South, -----	118	38	-----	2	1	6	-----
Fralley township, -----	63	31	2	3	-----	2	-----
Gilberton borough-----							
East, -----	85	132	2	-----	-----	8	-----
Middle, -----	12	61	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
West, -----	20	211	-----	1	-----	1	-----
Girardville borough-----							
East, -----	56	149	1	3	-----	-----	1
Middle, -----	127	122	4	3	-----	3	1
West, -----	50	87	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Gordon borough, -----	113	65	2	1	-----	2	-----
Hegins township-----							
East, -----	115	82	7	6	3	1	-----
West, -----	123	45	3	4	1	-----	-----
Hubley township, -----	77	23	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Kline township-----							
Lofty, -----	10	4	-----	-----	1	-----	-----
Honeybrook, -----	16	83	1	-----	-----	1	-----
Landingville borough, -----	20	23	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Mahanoy City borough-----							
First ward-----							
First precinct, -----	69	145	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Second precinct, -----	112	166	2	1	1	2	-----
Second ward, -----	181	138	1	1	-----	3	-----
Third ward, -----	143	93	1	1	1	2	-----
Fourth ward, -----	136	98	6	3	-----	5	-----
Fifth ward-----							
First precinct, -----	230	118	2	1	1	3	-----
Second precinct, -----	163	95	7	2	-----	1	-----
Mahanoy township-----							
Coles No. 1, -----	22	43	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
Coles No. 2, -----	38	20	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Hills, -----	37	44	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Jacksons, -----	23	62	1	-----	-----	2	-----
Lanigans, -----	91	49	1	-----	1	1	-----
Morea, -----	43	20	-----	1	-----	-----	-----

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sebl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Mahanoy township, West—							
Brownsville, -----	19	34	1				
Raven Run, -----	19	28					
Lost Creek, -----	48	124		3			
William Penn, -----	85	32					
Mahantongo township, -----	20	50	2	3	2	1	
Manheim township, North—							
Browns, -----	8	11		2	1	4	
Adamsdale, -----	30	25		2		1	
Mellots, -----	38	36	1			1	
McDermotts, -----	12	14				1	
Manheim township, South—							
Old, -----	25	19					
New, -----	19	37					1
Mechanicsville borough, -----	57	14				1	
McAdoo borough, -----	85	213	8				2
Middleport borough, -----	35	68				2	
Minersville borough—							
First ward, -----	172	94	9	1		2	2
Second ward, -----	90	71	4	2		5	
Third ward, -----	37	27	4			6	
Fourth ward, -----	55	91	3	2		2	1
Mt. Carbon borough, -----	1	43				2	
New Castle township—							
North, -----	15	47		2			
South, -----	46	44		1			
Mt. Lafee, -----	2	49					
New Philadelphia borough, -----	63	143	2				
New Ringgold borough, -----	24	18				1	
Norwegian township—							
Currans, -----	22	44				1	
Hanneys, -----	9	28					
East, -----	19	51		1			
Orwigsburg borough, -----	247	108		2		19	
Palo Alto borough—							
East, -----	22	69	2				
West, -----	35	78	1	2			
Pinegrove township—							
East, -----	22	108	1				
Ravine, -----	59	53	4			1	
West, -----	49	6	1	2			
Pinegrove borough, -----	159	128	3	17			
Port Carbon borough, -----	257	113	3	3		8	
Port Clinton borough, -----	22	35					
Porter township—							
North, -----	35	8		1			
East, -----	88	9		3		1	
West, -----	18	17	2			3	
Orwin, -----	65	5	1	4	1	2	
Reinerton, -----	54	12		2	2		1
Pottsville borough—							
First ward, -----	204	71			4	10	
Second ward, -----	265	138	1	4	1	6	
Third ward, -----	322	160	1	5	2	12	
Fourth ward, -----							
First precinct, -----	134	57		1	2	2	
Second precinct, -----	192	106	3	2	2	6	
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	212	115	2	2			2
Second precinct, -----	218	73	1				
Sixth ward—							
First precinct, -----	82	67	1			4	
Second precinct, -----	106	69			1	4	
Seventh ward, -----	121	138	4	4	3	5	
Total for Pottsville, -----	1,796	994	13	18	15	49	2
Rahn township, -----	11	8					
Reilly township—							
Branchdale, -----	31	86			1		1
Newtown, -----	24	41	2				
Blackwood, -----	18	10	2				
Ringtown borough, -----	46	42		2	1		
Rush township—							
East, -----	5	11					
West, -----	29	15		1		3	
Quakake, -----	52	15	1		1	2	

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fifthian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Ryan township—							
Locust Valley, -----	23	4	1				
Lakeside, -----	19	15		4			
St. Clair borough—							
North, -----	115	94				6	
Middle, -----	135	97	6			2	
South, -----	163	122	1				1
Schuykill Haven borough—							
North, -----	133	78		4	1	8	
East, -----	236	76	1	12	2		
South, -----	141	63		4	1		
West, -----	10	22	1				
Schuykill township—							
Patterson, -----	44	19					1
Tuscarora, -----	29	35				1	
Shenandoah borough—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	118	165	11	1	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	58	133	10	1		1	
Second ward, -----	112	90	7			1	
Third ward, -----	302	174	9	2	1	1	1
Fourth ward—							
First precinct, -----	48	155	5		1		
Second precinct, -----	179	129	2				
Fifth ward—							
First precinct, -----	94	118	5	1			
Second precinct, -----	108	116	24			3	
Tamaqua borough—							
North, -----	165	116	5	4		4	
East, -----	243	198	3	7	1	14	1
Middle, -----	128	143	1	3		6	
South, -----	175	137	3	2	1	19	
Tower City borough—							
First precinct, -----	126	18	2	4			
Second precinct, -----	146	35	4	4			
Tremont borough—							
East, -----	78	111		1	1	1	
West, -----	57	81	7	4			
Tremont township, -----	40	43	1				
Union township, -----	53	17	1	2			
Union township, North—							
Nuremburg, -----	47	18		1			
Zionsgrove, -----	21	22					
Union township, East—							
Brandonville, -----	35	9				1	
Sheppton, -----	103	70	3				
Walker township—							
East, -----	7	26					
West, -----	32	6		3	1		
Washington township—							
North, -----	35	35					1
South, -----	39	56		2			
Wayne township—							
North, -----	77	33	1	1	2	3	
South, -----	21	64	1				
West Penn township—							
Northeast, -----	37	18					
Southeast, -----	42	30		1		1	
Northwest, -----	31	43		1		1	
Southwest, -----	20	19			1		
Soldiers' vote, -----	141	106					1
Total, -----	12,378	11,167	293	215	147	320	26

SNYDER COUNTY.

Adams township, -----	71	18	2	1	1	1	1
Beaver township, -----	28	15			1		
Beaver township, West—							
No. 1, -----	58	3		1			
No. 2, -----	137	17		4	3		
Beavertown borough, -----	90	14	2	2		2	
Center township, -----	108	8	2	6	1	2	1

SNYDER COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Chapman township, -----	33	64		2			1
Franklin township—							
East, -----	27	9	1	1			
West, -----	72	7		1	4		
Jackson township, -----	49	46		1			
Middleburg borough, -----	123	36		2	1	3	
Middlecreek township, -----	67	67		4		2	
Monroe township, -----	123	45	2	6	1	2	
Penn township, -----	96	40		3			
Perry township, -----	70	32	1	5		1	1
Perry township, West, -----	39	30	1	1			1
Selinsgrove borough, -----	227	61	4	10	1	1	
Spring township, -----	109	25	1	11			
Washington township, -----	162	56	3	2	1	4	
Union township, -----	111	22	2	11	2		
Soldiers' vote, -----	2	1		1			
Total, -----	1,742	607	10	75	16	18	5

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Addison borough, -----	30	16				1	
Addison township, -----	78	71		4	1	1	1
Allegheny township, -----	42	45	3	2			
Benson borough, -----	30	4	2	2	3		
Berlin borough, -----	147	77	1	29	1	1	
Boswell borough, -----	105	36		3		1	
Black township, -----	93	8			3		
Brothers Valley township, -----	236	39	2	22	2		
Casselman borough, -----	20	2	2	1			
Central City, -----	12	8		4		3	
Conemaugh township—							
No. 1, -----	134	9	5	2			
No. 2, -----	74	11	1				
No. 3, -----	84	30	1	9	1	2	
Confluence borough, -----	126	29	3	17			1
Elk Lick township, -----	174	83	38	4		2	
Fairhope township, -----	18	13	1				
Garrett borough, -----	55	18	18	10	2	3	1
Greenville township, -----	75	22	3	1			
Hooversville borough, -----	76	16	28	18	2		
Jefferson township, -----	92	22		2			
Jenner township—							
No. 1, -----	236	86	2	2	1	2	1
No. 2, -----	77	11	3	4	1	1	
Jennertown borough, -----	18	6					
Larimer township, -----	51	9		7			
Lincoln township, -----	168	21	3	4			
Lower Turkeyfoot township, -----	84	19				1	
Middlecreek township, -----	94	8		2			
Meyersdale borough—							
No. 1, -----	267	91	9	13		6	1
No. 2, -----	116	22	10	4	1	1	1
Milford township, -----	120	8	1	1		1	
Northampton township, -----	53	34	2	2			
New Baltimore borough, -----	11	16			1		
New Centreville borough, -----	19	5					
Ogle township, -----	15	2	1				
Paint borough, -----	95	11	5	4	1		
Paint township—							
No. 1, -----	77	2	1	1			
No. 2, -----	93	10		2			
No. 3, -----	39	5		1	1		
Quemahoning township—							
No. 1, -----	168	14		9		1	
No. 2, -----	13	1	2	9		1	
Rockwood borough, -----	195	37	2	9	1	1	
Salisbury borough, -----	122	63	3	2			
Shade township—							
No. 1, -----	51	14	2	4			
No. 2, -----	87	13	2	2			
Shanksville borough, -----	29	7		15		1	
Somerfield borough, -----	14	13		3			

SOMERSET COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Somerset borough, -----	378	106	6	15	6	5	
Somerset township—							
No. 1, -----	257	65	4	11	2	7	1
No. 2, -----	231	32	2	3	1		
Southampton township, -----	32	14		1			
Stonycreek township, -----	205	17		2			
Stoyestown borough, -----	73	10		12			
Summit township, -----	203	89	11	11	2		
Upper Turkeyfoot township, -----	124	8		4	1	1	
Ursina borough, -----	33	10		2			
Wellersburg borough, -----	19	12	4	2			
Windber borough—							
East, -----	165	35	19	7	3	3	
West, -----	345	89	7	15	8	3	1
Soldiers' vote, -----	36	11	5	1			
Total, -----	6,098	1,581	214	316	46	49	8

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Bernice precinct, -----	107	66	5	2	1	1	
Cherry township, -----	71	163	2	1			
Colley township, -----	22	14		1			
Davidson township, -----	71	74		5	3		
Dushore borough, -----	86	68	1	2	1		
Eagles Mere borough, -----	17	17		1	1	6	
Elkland township, -----	74	25		40	1	2	
Forksville borough, -----	20	1		2	1		
Forks township, -----	26	52	2	17	1	1	
Fox township, -----	61	7	2	8	2		
Hillsgrove township, -----	52	18		5		1	
Jamison City precinct, -----	4	3					
Laporte borough, -----	18	15		2		2	
Laporte township, -----	21	22		2	2		
Lopez precinct, -----	109	33	1	2	1		
Mt. Vernon precinct, -----	6	14					
Ringdale precinct, -----		13					
Shrewsbury township, -----	4	7	1	1		1	
Soldiers' vote, -----	2	3		1			
Total, -----	771	615	14	92	14	14	

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

Apolacon township, -----	11	18				2	
Ararat township, -----	47	7		7		1	
Auburn township—							
South, -----	62	17		8		2	
East, -----	35	24			2		
West, -----	38	15		4			
Bridgewater township, -----	106	33		9	2	1	
Brooklyn township, -----	90	24		2	1		
Choconut township, -----	5	23					
Clifford township—							
East, -----	39			1		1	
West, -----	66	18		6			
Dimock township, -----	61	35		6	1		1
Dundaff borough, -----	14	6		4			
Forest Lake borough, -----	52	7	1	3			
Forest City borough—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	35	19	2			2	
Second district, -----	50	34	1	1	1		
Second ward—							
First district, -----	33	23		3			1
Second district, -----	66	37	5				
Franklin township, -----	46	25		3	1	2	
Friendsville borough, -----	5	8					

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Gibson township—							
East, -----	75	4		11	3		
West, -----	40	2		5			
Great Bend township, -----	57	18		3			
Great Bend borough, -----	53	62	1	1			
Hallstead borough, -----	97	78		3		1	
Harford township—							
Harford district, -----	89	36		5	4		
Kingsley district, -----	39	10			1		
Harmony township—							
First district, -----	16	6	1	2	1		
Second district, -----	13	11		10			
Herrick township, -----	38	15		7			
Hopbottom borough, -----	37	29		1			
Jackson township, -----	78	10		11	2	1	
Jessup township, -----	51	7		7	2		
Lanesboro borough, -----	54	24		4	1	2	
Lathrop township, -----	51	17		2			
Lenox township—							
South, -----	42	13		1		1	1
East, -----	44	11		1	1		
West, -----	26	18		4		1	
Liberty township, -----	42	18		3	3		
Little Meadows borough, -----	17	9	1				
Middletown borough, -----	27	32	1	1		2	
Montrose borough—							
First ward, -----	74	23		2			
Second ward, -----	70	18		1	1		
Third ward, -----	82	27		2	1	1	
New Milford township, -----	84	50		3	1		
New Milford borough, -----	75	37		1			
Oakland township, -----	28	7		2	2		
Oakland borough, -----	70	29	1	3	1		
Rush township—							
East, -----	74	11		6	1		
West, -----	42	17			1		
Silver Lake township, -----	20	46		1		2	
Springville township, -----	118	25		1	2	1	
Susquehanna borough—							
First ward, -----	22	74	1			6	
Second ward, -----	19	77		2		2	1
Third ward, -----	94	54	1	6	1	2	
Fourth ward, -----	60	34		4	3		
Thompson township, -----	38	20		5	1		
Thompson borough, -----	38	6		12	2	1	
Uniondale borough, -----	38	8		10	1		
Soldiers' vote, -----	9	4					
Total, -----	2,896	1,363	16	200	44	35	4

TIOGA COUNTY.

Bloss township, -----	161	23		1	1		
Blossburg borough, -----	144	64		5	2	3	
Brookfield township, -----	89	14	3	3			
Charleston township, -----	195	12		11	1		
Chatham township, -----	56	12		6	2		
Clymer township, -----	88	8		6	3	1	1
Covington township, -----	80	5					
Deerfield township, -----	60	11		11	6		
Delmar township—							
North district, -----	108	13		3			
South district, -----	83	15	1		2		
Duncan township, -----	55	11	4	1		1	
Elk township—							
North district, -----	14	3		1			
South district, -----	24	7		1	1		
Elkland borough, -----	91	35		1			1
Elkland township, -----	6						
Farlington township, -----	60	12	1	2			
Gaines township, -----	76	10		1			
Hamilton township, -----	134	15	1	3	3	2	
Jackson township, -----	121	29		9	1		

TIOGA COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Knoxville borough, -----	99	16	-----	10	-----	1	-----
Lawrence township, -----	52	8	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Lawrenceville borough, -----	53	8	-----	5	-----	-----	-----
Liberty township, -----	67	32	-----	6	-----	1	-----
Liberty borough, -----	27	13	-----	2	-----	3	-----
Mansfield borough, -----	178	25	2	13	3	-----	-----
Middlebury township, -----	138	9	-----	2	1	-----	-----
Morris township, -----	80	21	1	6	-----	-----	-----
Nelson township, -----	58	13	-----	4	2	-----	-----
Osecola borough, -----	45	8	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Putnam township, -----	54	8	-----	6	-----	-----	-----
Richmond township, -----	143	15	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Roseville borough, -----	16	10	-----	2	-----	-----	-----
Rutland township, -----	60	12	1	3	-----	-----	-----
Shippen township, -----	44	7	2	3	1	-----	-----
Sullivan township, -----	146	8	-----	9	4	-----	-----
Tioga township, -----	74	12	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Tioga borough, -----	49	5	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Union township—							
North district, -----	59	5	-----	4	1	-----	-----
South district, -----	53	5	-----	4	1	-----	-----
Ward township, -----	25	2	-----	-----	1	1	-----
Wellsboro borough—							
First ward, -----	227	38	1	9	1	1	-----
Second ward, -----	187	26	-----	3	1	2	1
Westfield township—							
No. 1, -----	55	11	-----	1	1	1	-----
No. 2, -----	50	2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Westfield borough, -----	139	31	2	8	1	1	-----
Soldiers' vote, -----	25	13	1	1	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	3,801	633	20	173	40	18	3

UNION COUNTY.

Buffalo township—							
No. 1, -----	98	29	-----	1	1	-----	-----
No. 2, -----	70	16	2	4	-----	-----	-----
East Buffalo township, -----	135	51	1	4	1	-----	-----
West Buffalo township, -----	58	31	-----	5	-----	-----	-----
Gregg township, -----	79	43	1	10	-----	-----	1
Hartley township, -----	137	50	2	-----	2	-----	-----
Hartleton borough, -----	23	9	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Kelly township—							
No. 1, -----	76	13	-----	2	7	1	-----
No. 2, -----	71	17	-----	1	3	-----	1
Lewis township, -----	169	26	-----	1	1	-----	1
Lewisburg borough—							
North ward, -----	176	50	-----	7	1	4	-----
South ward, -----	121	36	1	11	2	2	1
West ward, -----	111	23	1	4	2	2	-----
Limestone township, -----	78	38	-----	2	2	-----	-----
Mifflinburg borough—							
East ward, -----	129	45	2	14	2	2	-----
West ward, -----	89	36	1	16	3	-----	1
New Berlin borough, -----	41	32	-----	2	1	-----	-----
Union township, -----	70	36	1	3	6	1	-----
White Deer township—							
No. 1, -----	30	13	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
No. 2, -----	70	18	4	8	1	-----	-----
No. 3, -----	57	16	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
No. 4, -----	51	8	1	1	1	1	1
Soldiers' vote, -----	13	6	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	1,892	645	17	99	36	13	6

VENANGO COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Boniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Boniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Allegheny township, -----	6	9	4	6			
Canal township, -----	25	23	2	19			
Cherrytree township, -----	31	20		6	1		
Cooperstown borough, -----	25	15		1			
Cranberry township—							
First district, -----	21	10	6	9		1	
Second district, -----	48	10		10			1
Third district, -----	57	8		15		2	
Fourth district, -----	39	17	1	24		1	
Fifth district, -----	25	6	6	11		1	
Clinton township, -----	50	33	1	19			
Clintonville borough, -----	35	23		11			
Cornplanter township—							
First district, -----	28	12	2	2	1	1	
Second district, -----	8	10					
Third district, -----	4	15		7	1		
Fourth district, -----	30	12	3	3			
Fifth district, -----	21	7	2	6	1		
Emlenton borough, -----	92	34	4	24	2	1	
Franklin city—							
First ward—							
First district, -----	193	64	2	20	5	2	
Second district, -----	141	70	36			1	
Second ward—							
First district, -----	163	69		29		2	1
Second district, -----	151	49	6	20	3	7	1
Third ward, -----	105	47	3	26	3	2	1
Frenchcreek township—							
First district, -----	11	37		8	1		
Second district, -----	16	8	2	4			
Irwin township—							
First district, -----	45	12		28			
Second district, -----	46	19		10	1		
Jackson township, -----	25	15	1	4		1	
Mineral township, -----	26	8	2	23	1		
Oakland township, -----	36	37	1	8			
Oil City—							
First ward, -----	100	92		20			1
Second ward, -----	29	37	1			1	
Third ward, -----	31	26	5	6	1	2	
Fourth ward, -----	324	77	5	45	2	2	1
Fifth ward, -----	120	41	4	17	1	4	
Sixth ward, -----	63	43	6	19		3	2
Seventh ward, -----	121	68	2	11		1	
Eighth ward, -----	45	68	1	5		2	
Ninth ward, -----	75	15		21			1
Tenth ward, -----	55	36	7	30		2	1
Oil Creek township, -----	24	21	3	2	1		
Polk borough, -----	43	24	1	19		1	
Pinegrove township, -----	55	20	1	35		1	
Pleasantville borough, -----	61	31		8			
Plum township, -----	43	7		8	1	1	
President township, -----	11	4		7			
Rouseville borough, -----	49	27		21	1		
Richland township—							
First district, -----	31	9		13	1		
Second district, -----	40	5		13	7		
Rockland township—							
First district, -----	36	11	6	14	1		
Second district, -----	19	3		10			
Third district, -----	11	2		4			
Sandycreek township, -----	23	7		26			
Sugarcreek township—							
First district, -----	124	66	8	60	2		
Second district, -----	32	7	3	11			1
Third district, -----	19	14	1	3		1	
Scrubgrass township, -----	35	13		20			
Utica borough, -----	22	12	1	9			
Victory township, -----	18	6		3	1		
Soldiers' vote, -----	54	28		3			
Total, -----	3,218	1,525	139	526	34	43	11

WARREN COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Warren borough—							
First ward, -----	152	38	3	20	5		
Second ward, -----	88	24	1	19	1		
Third ward, -----	128	33	3	14		5	
Fourth ward, -----	102	98	6	14		3	1
Fifth ward, -----	168	69	8	86	4	2	
Sixth ward—							
First district, -----	126	91	21	47	3		
Second district, -----	58	38	14	40	3		
Seventh ward, -----	97	44	3	11			
Eighth ward, -----	147	62	6	45	2	2	1
Youngsville borough, -----	163	36	2	47	4	1	
Tidioute borough, -----	124	49	4	22	2		
Columbus borough, -----	22	23	1	5			
Clarendon borough, -----	83	33		12			1
Bear Lake borough, -----	26	8		2			
Sugar Grove borough, -----	34	5	1	19		1	
Grand Valley borough, -----	32	11		5			
Brokenstraw township—							
First district, -----	34	19	3	6			
Second district, -----	52	18			1		
Conewango township—							
First district, -----	107	39	3	24			
Second district, -----	22	22	2	10			
Columbus township, -----	34	27	2	6			
Corydon township—							
First district, -----	29	10	4	5			
Second district, -----	7	4		1			
Cherry Grove township, -----	19	1		3			
Deerfield township, -----	16	12					
Elk township, -----	43	9	1	6			
Eldred township, -----	48	4		12			
Freehold township—							
First district, -----	62	7	3	3			
Second district, -----	36	3	5	2			
Farmington township, -----	79	16		16		1	1
Glade township—							
First district, -----	25	12		5			
Second district, -----	13	9	1	5			
Kinzua township, -----	37	16		22	1		
Limestone township, -----	20	14	5				
Mead township—							
First district, -----	32	16		12			
Second district, -----	16	9	1	1			
Third district, -----	24	18		3	1		
Pine Grove township—							
First district, -----	69	35	1	12	1	1	
Second district, -----	46	12	1	6			
Pleasant township, -----	32	25		3			
Pittsfield township—							
First district, -----	58	6		19			
Second district, -----	50	6		16		1	
Sugar Grove township—							
First district, -----	22	9		7			
Second district, -----	64	8	1	29	2		
Spring Creek township—							
First district, -----	33	7	1	3		1	
Second district, -----	20	7		9			
Third district, -----	13	3	1	11			1
Sheffield township—							
First district, -----	161	64	9	46	2		
Second district, -----	36	7	1	11	1		
South West township—							
First district, -----	25	10	1	1			
Second district, -----	32	7		4			
Triumph township, -----	27	15	4	5		1	2
Watson township, -----	6	8		2			
Soldiers' vote, -----	33	11	2	3			
Total, -----	3,025	1,187	125	731	33	19	7

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Allen township—							
First,	25	29	1	3			
Second,	6	2	3				
Amwell township—							
First,	73	39		14			
Second,	94	25		14	2		
Beallsville borough,	46	21		8			
Bentleyville borough,	132	41	7	5			2
Blaine township,	52	35		4	1		
Buffalo township,	57	40	1	3			
Burgettstown borough,	102	50	3	11		1	
California borough,	189	38	9	12	1		
Canonsburg borough—							
First ward,	92	55	5	16	1		
Second ward—							
First precinct,	53	16		1			
Second precinct,	115	36	1	13		2	1
Third ward,	80	24	9	4	2		
Canton township—							
First,	83	18	2	5			
Second,	49	18	1	3			
Carroll township—							
First,	26	23	5	2			
Second,	36	15		5			
Cecil township—							
First,	47	6					
Second,	52	7	2	1	2		
Third,	27	7	2				
Fourth,	30	9	1	2	1		
Fifth,	90	6	1				
Sixth,	23	9	3	3			
Centerville borough—							
First,	89	18		3	1		
Second,	26	26	1	4			
Charleroi borough—							
First,	154	160	1	3	1	8	
Second,	108	56	1	7		3	
Third,	86	45	3	3			
Fourth,	88	94	1	2		14	1
Fifth,	68	42	8	3		2	
Sixth,	51	63	10	2	1	2	
Chartiers township—							
First,	21	6					
Second,	36	6	5	1			
Third,	48	27		5			
Fourth,	43	14	1	1	2		
Fifth,	22	6	1				
Claysville borough,	83	48	2	9			
Coal Center borough,	26	36	3	1			
Cokeburg borough,	35	17	1				
Cross Creek township—							
First,	40	18		1			
Second,	14	14	2				
Third,	29	21		2			
Doomston borough,	35	18		1			
Donegal township—							
First,	103	44		8			1
Second,	38	15	1				
Donora borough—							
First,	68	41	7	9		1	
Second,	168	46	5	2	3		
Third,	78	40	2	2		1	
Fourth,	75	41	5	1	3		
Fifth,	84	28	4	3			
Dunlevy,	20	15	1	1			
East Bethlehem township,	119	62	5	8			1
East Finley township—							
First,	50	31		1	1		
Second,	37	28					1
East Pike Run township—							
First,	20	24	4		1		1
Second,	84	17	9	2	2		
Third,	25	18	12	2			
Fourth,	42	5	1	1			
East Washington borough,	208	31	1	7	4	2	2
Fleo borough,	25	17	3				
Ellsworth borough,	56	16	2	1			

WASHINGTON COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fittian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Fallowfield township—							
First, -----	45	21		10	1		
Second, -----	12	9	5	1			
Third, -----	29	7					
Finleyville borough, -----	56	24	1	1		2	
Hanover township—							
First, -----	24	10	2	7			
Second, -----	24	9					
Third, -----	33	15		10			
Fourth, -----	20	21		4			
Hopewell township—							
First, -----	26	10		1			
Second, -----	51	7		5			
Houston borough, -----	92	30	5	1		1	
Independence township—							
First, -----	40	12		5			
Second, -----	45	10	2				
Third, -----	21	5		1			
Jefferson township, -----	54	34		2			
Long Branch borough, -----	24	6		5			
Marianna borough, -----	49	22	4	2	1		
Midway borough, -----	56	19	2	4			
Monongahela City—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	30	43	2	2	1	5	
Second precinct, -----	30	25	1				1
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	36	25		4	1	1	
Second precinct, -----	86	53	1	6	1		
Third precinct, -----	63	15	2	4			
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	88	40		8	1	2	1
Second precinct, -----	135	51		11	2	1	
Morris township, -----	77	72		7	2		
Mt. Pleasant township—							
First, -----	95	37	1	7	2	1	
Second, -----	20	17	2		1		
Third, -----	30	7	1	4			
McDonald borough—							
First, -----	127	42	3	9	1	1	
Second, -----	73	36	2	4		2	
New Eagle borough, -----	55	34	6	4		2	
North Charleroi borough, -----	76	74	4	8	1		
North Franklin township, -----	87	25	1				
North Strabane township—							
First, -----	60	27		4	2		
Second, -----	34	21		7			
Nottingham township—							
First, -----	23	41		6			
Second, -----	16	17		1			
Peters township—							
First, -----	58	24		11	1	1	
Second, -----	56	22		3			
Robinson township—							
First, -----	24	13		3			
Second, -----	31	8	1	3			
Third, -----	46	17	2	2	1		1
Roseoe borough, -----	48	52	15	5		1	
Smith township—							
First, -----	49	18	4	4	1		
Second, -----	29	11	1				
Third, -----	7	2	6				
Fourth, -----	22	9					1
Fifth, -----	34	10	2	1			1
Somerset township—							
First, -----	26	10					
Second, -----	37	6					
Third, -----	20	6					
South Franklin township, -----	71	30		1			
South Strabane township—							
First, -----	23	17	2	5			
Second, -----	38	11		1			
Third, -----	34	21					
Fourth, -----	20	18	4	2			
Spears borough, -----	23	17	2	3			
Stockdale borough, -----	17	28		2			
Twilight borough, -----	24	4		5			

WASHINGTON COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Union township—							
First, -----	50	31		10			
Second, -----	30	8	1	1			
Third, -----	42	13	1				
West Alexander borough, -----	65	16		1	1		
West Bethlehem township—							
First, -----	96	51	1	8	1		
Second, -----	71	53		6		1	
West Brownsville borough, -----	62	71	3	5		3	
West Finley township—							
First, -----	44	57		2			
Second, -----	44	17		1	1		
West Middletown borough, -----	30	10		3			
West Pike Run township, -----	71	39	7				
Washington borough—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	46	41			1	1	
Second precinct, -----	51	57	2	2	1		
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	54	25	6	8		2	
Second precinct, -----	133	61	3	7			1
Third ward—							
First precinct, -----	68	27	2	5			
Second precinct, -----	118	6		1			
Fourth ward—							
First precinct, -----	61	30			1	2	
Second precinct, -----	63	23	1	2			
Fifth ward, -----	144	46	2	5	1		
Sixth ward—							
First precinct, -----	109	53	3	12	2	1	
Second precinct, -----	73	12	1	6	1	1	
Seventh ward—							
First precinct, -----	146	69	4	9			1
Second precinct, -----	99	37	4	8			
Eighth ward—							
First precinct, -----	112	30	7	18	1	2	
Second precinct, -----	75	33	3	6			
Soldiers' vote, -----	93	27	4	3			
Total, -----	8,707	4,034	305	558	62	69	17

WAYNE COUNTY.

Berlin township—							
First, -----	50	15		4		1	1
Second, -----	25	24		6	1	1	
Bethany borough, -----	17	6		1		1	
Buckingham township—							
First, -----	22	10		1			
Second, -----	19	24		1			
Third, -----	24	2					
Canaan township, -----	44	15		1			
Cherry Ridge township, -----	42	42		1			1
Clinton township—							
First, -----	61	17		10	2		
Second, -----	28	11	4				
Damascus township—							
First, -----	55	24		5	4	1	
Second, -----	37	8		4			1
Third, -----	48	29		11	4		
Fourth, -----	13	14					
Fifth, -----	35	3		1			
Dreher township, -----	77	37		4	2	1	
Dyberry township, -----	68	22		8	1		
Hawley borough, -----	130	155	5	5	1	4	
Honesdale borough, -----	270	136	8	7	6	3	1
Lake township, -----	123	19	1	26			1
Lebanon township, -----	50	14		4	1		
Lehigh township, -----	55	15					
Manchester township—							
First, -----	56	15			1		
Second, -----	37	10					
Mount Pleasant township, -----	88	101		6	2		
Oregon township, -----	35	16	2	3		1	

WAYNE COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonnivell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonnivell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Palmyra township, -----	10	52			1	3	
Paupack township, -----	29	18					
Preston township—							
First, -----	62	47		12	1		
Second, -----	54	12		11	2	1	
Prompton borough, -----	23	9					
Salem township, -----	97	24	5	11	2	2	
Scott township—							
First, -----	28	12					
Second, -----	30	16	1	6			
South Canaan township, -----	56	16		12	1	1	1
Starrucca borough, -----	36	10		6	1		
Sterling township, -----	75	9		5	1	2	
Texas township—							
First, -----	74	19		3	1	1	
Second, -----	54	74	3	6	1	2	
Third, -----	43	11	4	3		2	
Fourth, -----	41	76	5	6		3	
Waymart borough, -----	82	17	2	2			1
Soldiers' vote, -----	12	5	1				
Total, -----	2,335	1,205	41	194	38	30	7

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Adamsburg borough, -----	19	9		1	1	1	
Arnold borough, -----	118	194	13	10		2	
Arona borough, -----	35	14	11	11		1	
Avonmore borough, -----	49	52	8	9		1	
Bolivar borough, -----	63	13	1	3	1		
Derry borough—							
First ward, -----	69	41	2	2		3	2
Second ward, -----	53	72	1	7		5	1
Third ward, -----	52	41		3		1	2
Donegal borough, -----	12	12		1			
East Vandergrift borough, -----	8	44	2	1			
Export borough, -----	41	39	5	4	2	6	
Greensburg borough—							
First ward, -----	193	104	3	8	5	2	1
Second ward, -----	144	99	1	10	5	2	
Third ward, -----	58	56	1	5		2	1
Fourth ward, -----	139	91	6	10	4	4	2
Fifth ward, -----	150	115	13	18	2	3	
Sixth ward, -----	84	25	4	3			
Seventh ward, -----	135	78	4	1	2	3	
Eighth ward, -----	56	60	4	6		1	
Hyde Park borough, -----	26	38	4	1	1	2	
Irwin borough—							
First district, -----	28	50	1	3			1
Second district, -----	108	40	6	9	1	2	
Third district, -----	149	55	17	7	1	1	
Jeannette borough—							
First ward, -----	95	153	5	6	1	19	
Second ward, -----	125	65	6	15	2	2	
Third ward, -----	54	119	7	5		9	
Fourth ward, -----	28	90	4	2			
Fifth ward, -----	24	90	5	2		29	
Latrobe borough—							
First ward, -----	59	109	14		1	3	
Second ward, -----	150	86	4	6		3	1
Third ward, -----	160	77	3	5	1	3	
Fourth ward, -----	103	63	4	6		2	
Fifth ward, -----	82	45	2	2			1
Sixth ward, -----	50	57	6	3			1
Ligonier borough, -----	193	58		13	1		
Livermore borough, -----	12	3		2			
Madison borough, -----	26	6	1	10		2	
Manor borough, -----	49	52	7	6	1	2	

WESTMORELAND COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Monessen borough—							
First ward—							
First precinct, -----	71	99	8	4		3	
Second precinct, -----	91	125	12	3		2	
Second ward—							
First precinct, -----	150	96	1	1		1	
Second precinct, -----	89	46	0	5			
Third ward, -----	92	120	3	3		2	
Mount Pleasant borough—							
First ward, -----	135	46	4	7	1	2	
Second ward, -----	131	83	2	7	1	6	
Third ward, -----	96	86	11	10		9	1
New Alexandria borough, -----	46	6		8			
New Florence borough, -----	53	20		3			
New Kensington borough—							
First ward, -----	47	86	12	7		1	
Second ward, -----	69	115	11	4		4	
Third ward, -----	116	50	1	8	3	1	
Fourth ward, -----	108	82	13	16	1	2	
New Salem borough, -----	50	22	1	2			
North Bellevernon borough, -----	117	61	1	16		1	
North Irwin borough, -----	35	41	9				
Parnassus borough—							
First district, -----	101	32	2	12	3	3	
Second district, -----	71	43	15	9			
Penn borough, -----	37	42	5	6	3	1	
Scottdale borough—							
First ward, -----	163	50	4	4	2		
Second ward, -----	153	28	3	15	3		
Third ward, -----	132	36	1	12			1
Fourth ward, -----	45	44	3	3	1	2	
Seward borough, -----	42	24		2			
Smithton borough, -----	37	49	14	2		1	
South Greensburg borough, -----	90	55	24	5		4	2
Southwest Greensburg borough, -----	134	104	6	15			1
Suterville borough, -----	32	56	3	1			
Trafford borough, -----	86	68	36	18			
Vandergrift borough—							
First ward, -----	131	51	3	10	2	3	1
Second ward, -----	184	62		14	3	2	1
Third ward, -----	170	41	1	9			
Fourth ward, -----	95	24	2	12	2		
Fifth ward, -----	99	40		13			
West Newton borough—							
First ward, -----	115	60	3	8			
Second ward, -----	97	75	11	6		1	
Youngstown borough, -----	24	26	5				
Youngwood borough, -----	95	108	10	11	4	3	
Allegheny township—							
No. 1, Shearers, -----	29	15		1			
No. 2, McKees, -----	15	6					
No. 3, Sobers, -----	29	29		5	1		
No. 4, Stewarts, -----	22	19		3			
No. 5, -----	6	5					
Bell township—							
Perrysville, -----	13	20	1	4			
Salina, -----	45	36	2	3	3		
Cook township, -----	74	28	3	9			1
Derry township—							
Alters, -----	28	16	2	1			
Bairdstown, -----	25	23		1			
Bradenville, -----	51	63	6	2			
Brant, -----	15	26		5			
Cokeville, -----	20	2	13	4			
Cooperstown, -----	27	22	2	2		1	
Millwood, -----	25	25	1	1		1	1
New Derry, -----	41	56	4	1			
Saxmans, -----	17	62	10	1			
Scalp Level, -----	43	51	2	2		1	
Simpsons, -----	24	15		5			3
Donegal township—							
Four Mile Run, -----	10	14	1	6		1	
Indian Creek, -----	30	16	2	6			

WESTMORELAND COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Schl. Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
East Huntingdon township—							
Bessemer No. 1,	18	35					1
Bessemer No. 2,	51	24	1	3			
Ruffsedale,	56	55		6			
Stoner,	43	34	4	7	1		
Strohms,	48	60	3	3		3	1
Whites,	58	27	3	7			
Fairfield township—							
Fairfield,	34	4		1			
North Fairfield,	38	17		3	1		
South Fairfield,	51	8	1	1			
Franklin township—							
Manordale,	25	23	10	4		2	
Murrysville,	69	21	4	9			
Sardis,	23	17	1	3			
Hempfield township—							
No. 1,	22	17		4			
No. 2,	38	45	4	4	3		
No. 3,	31	13	1	1			
No. 4,	33	26	1	1			
No. 5,	89	80	8	6		2	1
No. 6,	25	8	3		1	1	
No. 7,	17	12					
No. 8,	36	19	1	1			1
Adamsburg,	22	14	4	2	1		
Grapeville,	52	45	7	1		1	
Haydenville,	22	29	3	2			1
Middletown,	42	25	15	14	1		
New Stanton,	82	44	10	12	1	1	
Weavers Old Stand,	22	17	15	4	2		
Wegley,	10	11	10	2			
Ligonier township—							
Idle Park,	34	10	3				
Laughlinstown,	30	14	4	3			
North Ligonier,	79	20	6	3			
South Ligonier,	55	12		2			1
Lower Burrell township—							
Edgecliff,	31	23	2	4		1	
Martin,	40	11	4			1	
Valley Heights,	41	15	5	3		1	
Loyalhanna township,	36	22	1	2			
Mount Pleasant township—							
Bridgeport,	33	30	1	3	1		
Hecla,	57	30	4	1	1	3	
Laurel Run,	25	13	7	7			
Mammoth,	39	61		2			
Pleasant Valley,	13	17		2	1		
Ridge View,	21	33	5	2		1	
Spring Garden,	109	17	4	1			
United,	40	139	3		1		
North Huntingdon township—							
Cavettsville,	13	13	6	4			
Hahntown,	70	73	29	5			
Jacksonville,	46	32	11	10			
Larimer,	26	82	18	4	1	1	1
Robbins,	25	5	2	1			
Shafton,	33	69	22	4	1		
Westmoreland City,	46	69	21	5			
Penn township—							
Boquet,	27	29	1	1	1	1	1
Claridge,	28	50	16	5			
Fort Pitt,	74	96	25	10	2	2	
Harrison City,	39	37	13	6			
Oak Grove,	17	14	9	3			
Rostraver township—							
Concord,	45	18	3	4			
Cross Roads,	91	52	15	8	2	3	
La Grange,	14	18					
Pricedale,	31	61	1	6	1		
Webster,	70	52	3	13	1	6	
Wireton,	17	46	4	1			
Salem township—							
Five Points,	36	20		3		1	
Steeles,	23	8		7			
Hugus,	25	17		3			
Mechlings,	20	19	1				
New Salem,	27	15					

WESTMORELAND COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macaulay, Single Tax.
Sewickley township—							
Cowansburg, -----	26	5	2				
Gratztown, -----	35	27	5				
Herminie, -----	167	70	10	9	1	1	1
Logan, -----	33	21	5				
Rillton, -----	23	31		3			
Sewickley, -----	58	16		4			
Yohoghany, -----	28	9	1				
South Huntingdon township—							
Hixon, -----	16	3		3			
Jacobs Creek, -----	20	24	4	1			
Mineral, -----	15	32	12	3			
Port Royal, -----	3	28	4			1	
South Huntingdon, -----	49	26	3	2	2		1
Wayne, -----	36	14	3	11	1		
Yukon, -----	36	34	6	1			1
St. Clair township—							
Seward, -----	9	5					
St. Clair, -----	25	12	1				
Unity township—							
Beatty, -----	19	76				46	
Crabtree, -----	38	21				1	1
Dennison, -----	31	23	1				
Gravel Hill, -----	46	36	2	1	1		
Kuhns, -----	13	16	2				
Mutual, -----	14	26	2				1
Pleasant Unity, -----	71	41	2	7			
West Latrobe, -----	8	53	4		1	3	
Whitney, -----	42	67	2	2	1	2	
Upper Burrell township, -----	26	11		2	1		
Washington township—							
Beamers, -----	23	5		3			
North Washington, -----	61	30	5	14			
Oaklands X Roads, -----	31	14		2		2	
Soldiers' vote, -----	123	76	1	7			1
Total, -----	10,940	8,206	968	89	97	265	39

WYOMING COUNTY.

Braintrim township, -----	27	8		1	1		
Clinton township, -----	32	14	1	1			
Eaton township, -----	82	20		4	1	2	
Exeter township, -----	8	8		1		1	
Factoryville borough, -----	87	17		1	2		
Falls township—							
No. 1, -----	30	22	1	1		1	
No. 2, -----	39	29					
Forkston township, -----	61	6		1	1		
Laceyville borough, -----	51	10	1	5	1		
Lemon township, -----	51	15		2	2		
Mehoopany township, -----	63	32	1	3	1	2	
Meshoppen borough, -----	63	34		10	1		
Meshoppen township, -----	37	13		1			
Monroe township, -----	32	12	4		1		
Nicholson borough, -----	84	35					
Nicholson township, -----	47	9	3	1		2	
North Branch township, -----	19	13	1				
Northumberland township, -----	49	18					
Noxen township, -----	30	31	3	8	1	1	
Overfield township, -----	30	18					
Tunkhannock borough—							
First ward, -----	48	36		2		4	
Second ward, -----	82	35		3	1	2	
Third ward, -----	36	15			1		
Fourth ward, -----	18	8					1
Tunkhannock township, -----	52	32	2	5	2		
Washington township, -----	57	20		3	2	1	
Windham township, -----	54	22			2	2	
Soldiers' vote, -----	9	2					
Total, -----	1,278	534	17	53	20	23	1

YORK COUNTY.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonnivell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonnivell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
First Legislative District.							
York city—							
First ward—							
First district,	75	154		2	2		
Second district,	105	114	6	4		1	1
Second ward,	165	123	2	2	2	5	
Third ward,	96	39	2	1		1	
Fourth ward,	199	94	7				
Fifth ward,	183	98	10	9	2	1	
Sixth ward—							
First district,	144	96	6	7	3	1	
Second district,	193	116	4	15			
Seventh ward,	213	152	9	5	1	1	
Eighth ward—							
First district,	121	120	9	3			
Second district,	94	98	5	4		2	
Third district,	120	64	6	7	3		
Ninth ward—							
First district,	154	55	5	7	3	1	
Second district,	194	92	8	6	1	2	
Third district,	119	98	6	2	2		
Fourth district,	171	118	4	17	3	2	
Fifth district,	113	77	4	6	1		
Tenth ward—							
First district,	62	99	2	6			
Second district,	162	137	10	10	1	3	1
Eleventh ward—							
First district,	164	87	8	5	3		
Second district,	127	89	3	6	4		
Third district,	163	114	5	10	2	2	
Twelfth ward—							
First district,	307	238	11	17	9	4	
Second district,	167	72	5	8	2		1
Third district,	248	144	11	14	6	6	
Thirteenth ward,	156	104	10	8			
Total for city,	4,015	2,792	158	181	52	32	3
Second Legislative District.							
Carroll township,	72	44		6			1
Conewago township—							
First district,	65	64	1	12			1
Second district,	83	18			1		
Dillsburg borough,	123	73		6			
Dover borough,	36	68	1	4	2		1
Dover township,	116	209		17			
East Manchester township,	123	63	1	13	1	2	
Fairview township—							
First district,	66	26		3	1		
Second district,	86	79	3	7			1
Franklin township,	99	29	1	17			
Franklintown borough,	40	13		2			
Goldsboro borough,	59	26		6	1	1	
Hellam borough,	53	41		8			
Hellam township—							
First district,	65	37		7			
Second district,	82	31		1			
Lewisberry borough,	42	2		4			
Manchester borough,	81	33	2	11		2	
Manchester township—							
First district,	155	40		6	2		
Second district,	41	69	2	1		1	
Monaghan township,	48	64	2	8			
Mount Wolf borough,	91	18	1	11			
Newberry township—							
First district,	136	39	1	10	2		1
Second district,	82	46		7			
North York borough—							
First district,	98	61	4	6			
Second district,	97	47	3	14	3	1	
Springettsbury township—							
First district,	56	46	1	2			
Second district,	84	48	5	9			
Warrington township,	168	82		4			1
Washington township,	89	84					
Wellsville borough,	26	17					

YORK COUNTY—Continued.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Pfithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington.	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macauley, Single Tax.
Wrightsville borough—							
First ward, -----	98	46		5	3		
Second ward, -----	63	14					
Third ward, -----	112	22		2	1		
York Haven borough, -----	89	47		1			
Total, -----	2,824	1,637	28	210	17	7	6
Third Legislative District.							
Chanceford township—							
First district, -----	50	44	1	2			1
Second district, -----	32	83	3	2			
Third district, -----	77	104		3		1	1
Cross Roads borough, -----	28	6		1			
Dallastown borough, -----	186	174	1	6	4	1	
Delta borough, -----	80	35		2			
East Hopewell township, -----	99	40		3		1	
East Prospect borough, -----	58	7		1			
Fawn township, -----	108	78	1	19	1	1	
Fawn Grove borough, -----	31	27			4		
Felton borough, -----	63	19		3			
Hopewell township, -----	70	113		3			1
Loganville borough, -----	42	26		2	1		
Lower Chanceford township—							
First district, -----	103	29		6	2		
Second district, -----	89	71	1	3	15		
Lower Windsor township—							
First district, -----	59	15		9	1		1
Second district, -----	88	9		2			
Third district, -----	143	28	1				
North Hopewell township, -----	96	60	1	1	1		
Peach Bottom township, -----	146	107		8	2		
Red Lion borough—							
First district, -----	104	60		2	9	1	
Second district, -----	120	74	1	4	1		
Third district, -----	186	88	1	3			
Springfield township, -----	95	108		4	1		
Stewartstown borough, -----	84	77		2			
Windsor borough, -----	72	76	1	17			
Windsor township—							
First district, -----	76	88		5	1		1
Second district, -----	128	39	3	10	1		
Winterstown borough, -----	29	14		2			
Yoe borough, -----	56	16	2	11	2		
York township—							
First district, -----	25	30	3	1	1		
Second district, -----	71	78	3	1	1		
Third district, -----	47	83	3	6			
Fourth district, -----	8	44	1				
Yorkana borough, -----	25	17		1	1		
Total, -----	2,840	1,961	27	145	43	5	5
Fourth Legislative District.							
Codorus township—							
First district, -----	16	71		1			
Second district, -----	16	126					
Third district, -----	14	65	4	1	5	1	
Glen Rock borough, -----	113	119	2	2	3	2	
Hanover borough—							
First ward, -----	200	149	5	7			1
Second ward, -----	140	79	1	2	5		
Third ward, -----	169	125	4	9	1		
Fourth ward, -----	132	110	3	6	1	1	
Fifth ward, -----	137	156	5	10		2	
Heidelberg township, -----	59	118	1	9	1	1	
Jackson township, -----	92	141	5	2			
Jefferson borough, -----	19	44			4		1
Manheim township, -----	20	157	1	1			
New Freedom borough, -----	57	86		8			
New Salem borough, -----	7	39		4			1
North Codorus township—							
First district, -----	45	139	2		1	1	1
Second district, -----	21	129	3		1		
Paradise township, -----	59	123	2	8			

YORK COUNTY—Concluded.

	Sproul, Republican.	Bonniwell, Democratic.	Sehl, Socialist.	Fithian, Prohibition.	Sproul, Washington,	Bonniwell, Fair Play.	Macanley, Single Tax.
Penn township—							
First district, -----	84	134	2	4			
Second district, -----	63	126		4	2	1	1
Third district, -----	67	66	1	1			1
Rail Road borough, -----	24	19		1	2		
Seven Valley borough, -----	41	38	1	1			
Shrewsbury borough—							
North ward, -----	32	21		2			
South ward, -----	30	45		1			1
Shrewsbury township—							
First district, -----	57	74		4			
Second district, -----	41	52		2			
Springgarden township—							
First district, -----	165	52		9	4		1
Second district, -----	63	78	1	6	1		
Spring Grove borough, -----	65	110	14	2		1	
West Manchester township—							
First district, -----	56	73	3	5			
Second district, -----	130	94	8	26	2		
West Manheim township, -----	47	130		3			
West York borough—							
First district, -----	113	124	0	10	3		
Second district, -----	90	82	6	9	1	2	
Total, -----	2,433	3,292	83	161	37	12	8
Soldiers' vote, -----	74	49	3	1			
Grand total, -----	12,186	9,731	299	698	149	56	22

Scattering—1.

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN THE SIXTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

FIRST DISTRICT.

	William S. Vare, Rep.	William S. Vare, Wash.	William S. Vare, T. Meet.	Paul B. Cassidy, Dem.	John Leonard Silvey, Soc.	Harvey McCort, Pro.	Harvey McCort, R. Prog.
Philadelphia—							
First ward, -----	3,061		4	640	149		5
Seventh ward, -----	3,694	6	1	281	10	4	1
Twenty-sixth ward, -----	4,406	20	13	1,589	49	28	20
Thirtieth ward, -----	3,619	8		884	10	9	1
Thirty-sixth ward, -----	4,336	13	9	1,558	61	19	9
Thirty-ninth ward, -----	4,539	7	2	1,301	444	11	8
Forty-eighth ward, -----	2,111	6	2	986	23	27	2
Soldiers' vote, -----	267	3		107	5	12	1
Total, -----	26,027	62	31	7,146	751	110	46
Vare's majority, -----	18,067						

SECOND DISTRICT.

	George S. Graham, Rep.	George S. Graham, Wash.	George S. Graham, T. Meet.	John H. Berkley, Dem.	Harry Seidman, Soc.	William Denick, Pro.
Philadelphia—						
Eighth ward, -----	1,784	1	1	136	4	
Ninth ward, -----	514			104	8	3
Tenth ward, -----	1,898		1	251	10	2
Thirteenth ward, -----	2,259			158	33	
Fourteenth ward, -----	2,708			361	18	2
Fifteenth ward, -----	3,288	26	8	1,379	38	18
Twentieth ward, -----	5,506	44	2	929	130	16
Thirty-seventh ward, -----	2,474	9	5	962	63	30
Soldiers' vote, -----	60			15		
Total, -----	20,486	75	17	4,295	302	71
Graham's majority, -----	15,916					

THIRD DISTRICT.

	J. Hampton Moore, Rep.	J. Hampton Moore, Pro.	J. Hampton Moore, Wash.	J. Hampton Moore, T. Meet.	William A. Hayes, Dem.	John Fuchs, Soc.
Philadelphia—						
Second ward, -----	2,712	1			128	34
Third ward, -----	1,343	4			206	16
Fourth ward, -----	1,933		1	1	113	9
Fifth ward, -----	1,266	2	1	2	148	28
Sixth ward, -----	263	2			406	8
Eleventh ward, -----	945	1			84	6
Twelfth ward, -----	1,421				182	24
Sixteenth ward, -----	1,199	4		1	283	27
Seventeenth ward, -----	1,078	7	3	3	475	38
Eighteenth ward, -----	2,611	25	9	2	1,032	26
Nineteenth ward, -----	5,103	29	9	1	1,961	128
Soldiers' vote, -----	117				38	4
Total, -----	19,991	75	23	10	5,046	348
Moore's majority, -----	14,705					

FOURTH DISTRICT.

	George W. Edmonds, Rep.	George W. Edmonds, Wash.	George W. Edmonds, T. Meet.	Joseph E. Fabian, Dem.	Jacob H. Root, Soc.	John S. Hay, Pro.
Philadelphia—						
Twenty-eighth ward, -----	4,060	96	13	2,170	201	28
Twenty-ninth ward, -----	2,925	24	3	1,098	211	21
Thirty-second ward, -----	3,462	36		1,473	125	19
Thirty-eighth ward, -----	5,265	43	33	2,445	127	54
Forty-seventh ward, -----	3,155	8	2	631	21	16
Soldiers' vote, -----	113			27		2
Total, -----	18,920	267	60	7,874	685	140
Edmonds' majority, -----	10,488					

ELECTION STATISTICS.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

	Peter E. Costello, Rep.	Peter E. Costello, Soc.	Emanuel R. Chittos, Dem.
Philadelphia—			
Twenty-third ward, -----	2,575	51	1,389
Twenty-fifth ward, -----	3,258	42	1,817
Thirty-first ward, -----	3,027	31	1,288
Thirty-third ward, -----	5,193	171	2,158
Thirty-fifth ward, -----	1,202	35	408
Forty-first ward, -----	1,961	26	583
Forty-third ward, -----	4,527	208	2,435
Forty-fifth ward, -----	2,635	49	885
Soldiers' vote, -----	118		46
Total, -----	24,556	613	10,987
Costello's majority, -----	14,182		

SIXTH DISTRICT.

	George P. Darrow, Rep.	George P. Darrow, Pro.	John K. Laughlin, Dem.	John Fisler, Wash.	John Fisler, R. Prog.	John Fisler, T. Meet.
Philadelphia—						
Twenty-first ward, -----	3,072	28	1,285	19	18	11
Twenty-second ward, -----	7,088	64	2,112	62	28	37
Twenty-fourth ward, -----	4,265	44	2,021	23	13	11
Twenty-seventh ward, -----	2,153	5	429	9	9	4
Thirty-fourth ward, -----	5,087	73	2,306	36	22	25
Fortieth ward, -----	5,056	50	2,032	25	13	15
Forty-second ward, -----	4,955	72	1,723	42	29	33
Forty-fourth ward, -----	3,076	29	1,568	19	13	6
Forty-sixth ward, -----	7,103	71	2,184	51	30	28
Soldiers' vote, -----	188	2	62	10	2	
Total, -----	41,987	439	15,722	296	177	170
Darrow's majority, -----	26,011					

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

	Thomas S. Butler, Rep.	James G. Milbourn, Dem.	Howard B. Melody, Soc.	Luther S. Kaufman, Pro.	Scattering.
Chester county, -----	9,177	3,105	61	238	3
Delaware county, -----	14,705	3,597	166	345	3
Total, -----	23,882	6,702	227	583	6
Butler's majority, -----	10,364				

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

	Henry Winfield Watson. Rep.	Harry E. Grim. Dem.	Harry E. Grim. Fair Play.	Elmer H. Young. Soc.	Theodore Koons. Pro.	Scattering.
Bucks county, -----	7,582	4,796	28	196	176	1
Montgomery county, -----	16,545	7,329	60	411	350	16
Total, -----	23,127	12,125	88	607	526	17
Watson's majority, -----	9,764					

NINTH DISTRICT.

	William W. Grisct. Rep.	Austin E. McCullough. Dem.	S. S. Watts. Pro.
Lancaster county, -----	17,398	4,537	618
Grist's majority, -----	12,243		

TENTH DISTRICT.

	John R. Farr. Rep.	John R. Farr. Pro.	John R. Farr. Wash.	Patrick McLane. Dem.	Patrick McLane. Fair Play.	Edward Robling. Soc.
Lackawanna county, -----	11,225	324	15	11,699	66	217
McLane's plurality, -----				201		

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

	Edmund N. Carpenter. Rep.	Edmund N. Carpenter. Pro.	Edmund N. Carpenter. Wash.	John J. Casey. Dem.	John J. Casey. Soc.	John J. Casey. R. Prog.	John J. Casey. Fair Play.
Luzerne county, -----	15,592	839	74	15,179	850	407	111
Casey's plurality, -----				42			

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

	John Reber. Rep.	James J. Moran. Dem.	James J. Moran. Fair Play.	F. C. Clarke. Soc.
Schuykill county, -----	13,500	9,546	166	353
Reber's majority, -----	3,486			

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

	J. Wilmer Fisher. Rep.	J. Wilmer Fisher. Wash.	J. Wilmer Fisher. R. Prog.	Arthur G. Dewalt. Dem.	Arthur G. Dewalt. Fair Play.	L. Birch Wilson, Jr. Soc.	E. J. Fithian. Pro.
Berks county, -----	2,112	244	31	11,500	82	2,025	173
Lehigh county, -----	7,091	99	31	7,987	117	372	165
Total, -----	15,203	343	62	19,577	199	2,397	338
Dewalt's majority, -----				1,433			

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Louis T. McFadden. Rep.	A. M. Cornell. Dem.	William Shellenberger. Soc.	Edwin P. Young. Pro.	Scattering.
Bradford county, -----	4,836	1,563	34	382	-----
Susquehanna county, -----	2,900	1,431	14	194	1
Wayne county, -----	2,315	1,265	53	179	-----
Wyoming county, -----	1,216	614	16	52	-----
Total, -----	11,267	4,873	117	807	1
McFadden's majority, -----	5,469	-----	-----	-----	-----

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Edgar R. Kiess. Rep.	Edgar R. Kiess. Pro.	Charles E. Spotts. Dem.	P. A. McGowan. Soc.	Scattering.
Clinton county, -----	2,330	88	1,536	118	-----
Lycoming county, -----	4,959	867	4,432	410	1
Potter county, -----	1,837	100	726	96	-----
Tioga county, -----	3,798	174	678	29	-----
Total, -----	12,924	1,229	7,372	653	1
Kiess' majority, -----	6,127	-----	-----	-----	-----

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Albert W. Dwy. Rep.	John V. Leshner. Dem.	J. S. Ray. Soc.	W. W. Hafner. Pro.	Scattering.
Columbia county, -----	2,858	3,932	23	161	2
Montour county, -----	1,077	916	-----	-----	-----
Northumberland county, -----	6,851	6,218	312	290	5
Sullivan county, -----	723	716	16	89	1
Total, -----	11,509	11,782	351	546	8
Leshner's plurality, -----	-----	273	-----	-----	-----

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Benjamin K. Focht. Rep.	Scott S. Leiby. Dem.	Scott S. Leiby. Pro.	George Bingham. Soc.	Scattering.
Franklin county, -----	4,126	3,278	191	82	3
Fulton county, -----	783	796	7	8	2
Huntingdon county, -----	3,026	1,334	81	61	3
Juniata county, -----	1,232	999	30	19	
Mifflin county, -----	1,877	1,233	49	67	1
Perry county, -----	2,297	1,630	44	9	1
Snyder county, -----	1,631	614	119	20	
Union county, -----	1,730	846	97	23	1
Total, -----	16,762	16,730	618	298	11
Focht's majority, -----	5,105				

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Aaron S. Kreider. Rep.	John W. Coldren. Soc.	John A. Sprengle. Pro.	Scattering.
Cumberland county, -----	5,290	162	791	
Dauphin county, -----	14,621	689	1,811	55
Lebanon county, -----	5,070	172	303	16
Total, -----	24,981	1,023	2,905	71
Kreider's majority, -----	20,982			

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

	John M. Rose. Rep.	John M. Rose. Pro.	John M. Rose. Wash.	John M. Rose. R. Prog.	Bernard J. Clark. Dem.	R. G. Seaman. Soc.
Bedford county, -----	3,419	119	19	4	1,734	108
Blair county, -----	7,136	433	46	10	4,448	271
Cambria county, -----	8,139	576	90	45	5,915	343
Total, -----	18,694	1,128	155	59	11,857	722
Rose's majority, -----	7,457					

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

	Edward S. Brooks. Rep.	Edward S. Brooks. Wash.	Andrew R. Brodbeck. Dem.	Andrew R. Brodbeck. Pro.	C. Wm. Thompson. Soc.	Scattering.
Adams county, -----	3,432	14	2,485	58	63	2
York county, -----	11,876	40	10,490	483	328	1
Total, -----	15,308	54	12,984	541	394	6
Brooks' majority, -----	1,437					

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

	Evan J. Jones. Rep.	Evan J. Jones. Soc.	Evan J. Jones. Wash.	William E. Tobias. Dem.	Harry W. Brown. Pro.	Scattering.
Cameron county, -----	587	8	2	264	22	
Centre county, -----	3,566	36	8	2,864	149	
Clearfield county, -----	4,680	371	24	4,122	335	
McKean county, -----	3,200	146	45	1,708	253	1
Total, -----	12,033	561	79	8,963	809	1
Jones' majority, -----	2,897					

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

	Edward E. Robbins. Rep.	Edward E. Robbins. Pro.	George H. McWhorter. Dem.	George H. McWhorter. Fair Play.	Max Cenis. Soc.
Butler county, -----	4,295	509	2,151	26	94
Westmoreland county, -----	11,716	640	7,558	169	933
Total, -----	16,011	1,149	9,709	195	1,027
Robbins' majority, -----	6,229				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

	Samuel A. Kendall. Rep.	Bruce F. Sterling. Dem.	Bruce F. Sterling. Pro.	Louis S. Mellinger. Soc.
Fayette county, -----	7,323	7,892	357	255
Greene county, -----	1,953	2,906	39	17
Somerset county, -----	5,274	2,494	341	187
Total, -----	14,550	13,292	737	459
Kendall's majority, -----	62			

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

	Henry W. Temple. Rep.	Henry W. Temple. Pro.	William M. Hartman. Dem.	Walter V. Tyler. Soc.
Beaver county, -----	4,891	346	2,262	393
Lawrence county, -----	3,807	398	1,127	508
Washington county, -----	9,105	304	3,989	332
Total, -----	17,803	1,048	7,398	1,033
Temple's majority, -----	10,420			

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

	Milton W. Shreve. Rep.	Milton W. Shreve. Wash.	Milton W. Shreve. R. Prog.	Charles N. Crosby. Dem.	Ralph W. Tillotson. Soc.	William H. Kerschner. Pro.	Scattering.
Crawford county, -----	4,196	47	10	3,533	153	433	1
Erie county, -----	6,803	91	17	5,233	915	467	9
Total -----	10,999	138	27	8,766	1,068	900	10
Shreve's majority, -----	424						

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

	Francis A. March, Jr. Rep.	Francis A. March, Jr. Wash.	Henry J. Steele. Dem.	Henry J. Steele. Fair Play.	John B. Lerch. Soc.	Delbert Strader Bach- man. Pro.	Delbert Strader Bach- man. I. Prog.
Carbon county, -----	2,965		3,026		67	369	
Monroe county, -----	762	96	1,256	26	21	324	90
Northampton county, -----	5,572	74	6,502	523	224	865	317
Pike county, -----	310	2	529	5	25	61	9
Total, -----	9,609	172	11,313	559	337	1,619	416
Steele's plurality, -----			2,091				

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

	Nathan L. Strong. Rep.	Nathan L. Strong. Pro.	Don C. Corbett. Dem.	Frank H. Brantlinger. Soc.	Scattering.
Armstrong county, -----	4,141	216	1,415	89	
Clarion county, -----	1,827	209	1,876	90	
Indiana county, -----	4,227	545	1,025	162	3
Jefferson county, -----	3,639		1,370	133	
Total, -----	13,834	970	5,686	444	3
Strong's majority, -----	8,671				

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

	Willis J. Hulings. Rep.	Willis J. Hulings. Wash.	Earl H. Beshln. Dem.	Earl H. Beshln. Pro.	M. V. Ball. Soc.	Scattering.
Elk county, -----	2,169	30	918	134	105	1
Forest county, -----	471	1	309	92	31	
Mercer county, -----	4,786		3,679	780	248	
Venango county, -----	3,370	46	1,683	597	101	
Warren county, -----	2,804	20	1,564	611	152	7
Total, -----	13,360	91	8,153	2,214	637	8
Hulings' majority, -----	2,739					

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

	Stephen G. Porter. Rep.	Stephen G. Porter. Dem.	Stephen G. Porter. Wash.	Henry Peter. Soc.	C. G. Porter. Pro.
Allegheny county (part), -----	14,822	4,175	48	1,138	1,222
Stephen G. Porter's majority, -----	16,685				

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

	M. Clyde Kelly. Rep.	M. Clyde Kelly. Dem.	M. Clyde Kelly. Pro.	M. Clyde Kelly. Wash.	M. Clyde Kelly. R. Prog.	H. J. Lohr. Soc.
Allegheny county (part), -----	14,383	5,536	1,534	75	31	2,262
Kelly's majority, -----	19,297					

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

	John M. Morin. Rep.	John M. Morin. Dem.	John M. Morin. Wash.	John M. Morin. R. Prog.	William A. Prosser. Soc.	F. C. Brittain. Pro.
Allegheny county (part), -----	11,390	2,629	49	13	773	560
Morin's majority, -----	12,748					

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

	Guy E. Campbell. Rep.	Guy E. Campbell. Dem.	Guy E. Campbell. Wash.	Guy E. Campbell. R. Prog.	John W. Slayton. Soc.	William C. Wallace. Pro.
Allegheny county (part), -----	14,391	6,044	102	30	1,553	1,458
Campbell's majority, -----	17,556					

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN THE SIXTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, MARCH 4, 1919, TO FILL VACANCY.

*TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

	John M. Jamison, Rep.	John H. Wilson, Dem.
Westmoreland county, -----	7,778	7,218
Butler county, -----	1,943	2,930
Total, -----	9,721	10,148
Wilson's majority, -----		427

*Election held to fill vacancy caused by death of Edward E. Robbins, January 25, 1919.

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE OF
PENNSYLVANIA, BY SENATORIAL DISTRICTS,
NOVEMBER 7, 1916, AND NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

FIRST DISTRICT, 1916.

	Richard T. McSorley. Dem.	William Irwin, Wash.	William Irwin, Key.	Edwin H. Vare, Rep.	James F. Lynch, Soc.
Philadelphia—					
First ward, -----	1,357	22		3,413	154
Twenty-sixth ward, -----	2,423	87	11	5,938	81
Thirty-sixth ward, -----	2,437	143	15	5,907	108
Thirty-ninth ward, -----	2,898	48		5,700	277
Forty-eighth ward, -----	1,716	100	9	2,694	53
Soldiers' vote, -----	1			38	
Total, -----	10,832	400	35	23,690	673
Vare's majority, -----				11,750	

SECOND DISTRICT, 1918.

	Samuel W. Salus, Rep.	Samuel W. Salus, Wash.	Samuel W. Salus, T. Meet.	John R. Lynch, Jr., Dem.	Elizabeth M. Baer, Soc.	Walter J. Weiss, R. Prog.
Philadelphia—						
Second ward, -----	2,710			154	34	76
Third ward, -----	1,186			209	15	2
Fourth ward, -----	1,920			121	12	4
Seventh ward, -----	3,683	7	3	283	10	5
Eighth ward, -----	1,768	1		151	5	26
Ninth ward, -----	479			111	5	10
Thirtieth ward, -----	3,596	8	2	691	8	3
Soldiers' vote, -----	396		3	134	5	
Total, -----	15,738	14	8	1,854	94	126
Salus' majority, -----	13,688					

THIRD DISTRICT, 1916.

	James P. Cummiskey, Jr. Dem.	James P. McNichol, Wash.	James P. McNichol, Rep.	James P. McNichol, Key.	James P. McNichol, P. Lib.	J. A. Getzow, Soc.	Scattering.
Philadelphia—							
Fifth ward, -----	182	2	1,943	3	2	21	-----
Sixth ward, -----	395	1	471	1	-----	16	-----
Tenth ward, -----	411	15	2,589	4	1	16	-----
Eleventh ward, -----	150	3	1,189	-----	-----	14	-----
Twelfth ward, -----	321	5	1,530	-----	-----	33	-----
Thirteenth ward, -----	376	24	2,016	1	-----	53	-----
Fourteenth ward, -----	581	12	2,492	1	-----	36	-----
Sixteenth ward, -----	489	3	1,329	1	1	35	-----
Eighteenth ward, -----	1,582	13	2,874	5	2	126	14
Soldiers' vote, -----	2	-----	18	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	4,489	78	16,451	15	6	355	14
McNichol's majority, -----	-----	-----	11,692	-----	-----	-----	-----

FOURTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Edward W. Patton, Rep.	Edward W. Patton, Pro.	James J. Campbell, Dem.	Walter A. Evitts, Soc.	John B. Taylor, Wash.	John B. Taylor, T. Meet.	E. B. Taylor, R. Prog.
Philadelphia—							
Twenty-fourth ward, -----	4,203	49	1,973	118	73	33	11
Twenty-seventh ward, -----	2,214	14	390	5	15	3	1
Thirty-fourth ward, -----	5,004	75	2,313	105	87	22	19
Fortieth ward, -----	5,073	51	2,006	105	51	25	12
Forty-fourth ward, -----	3,070	29	1,538	55	45	14	4
Forty-sixth ward, -----	7,134	77	2,132	96	117	56	24
Soldiers' vote, -----	41	-----	9	-----	1	-----	-----
Total, -----	26,739	295	10,366	484	389	147	71
Patton's majority, -----	15,577	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

FIFTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	Richard V. Farley, Dem.	Richard V. Farley, Wash.	David Martin, Rep.	David Martin, Key.	David Martin, P. Lib.	Alphons Olbrich, Soc.	Scattering.
Philadelphia—							
Seventeenth ward, -----	679	5	1,343	2	-----	44	-----
Nineteenth ward, -----	2,927	29	6,187	76	24	191	-----
Twentieth ward, -----	1,818	25	5,837	23	1	187	-----
Thirty-first ward, -----	1,918	38	3,775	74	3	86	-----
Thirty-seventh ward, -----	1,432	24	2,940	50	3	87	1
Soldiers' vote, -----	17	-----	37	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total, -----	8,791	121	20,119	225	31	596	1
Martin's majority, -----	-----	-----	10,833	-----	-----	-----	-----

SIXTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	George Woodward, Rep.	George Woodward, Wash.	George Woodward, R. Prog.	George Woodward, T. Meet.	Paul Kelly, Dem.	A. G. Clayton, Soc.
Philadelphia—						
Twenty-first ward, -----	3,103	40	12	13	1,245	50
Twenty-second ward, -----	7,113	109	23	46	2,114	73
Thirty-eighth ward, -----	5,319	39	23	29	2,393	135
Forty-second ward, -----	5,033	75	15	32	1,595	181
Soldiers' vote, -----	98	2			23	1
Total, -----	20,639	265	78	120	7,370	440
Woodward's majority, -----	13,322					

SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	Elmer W. Nittinger, Dem.	John M. Amweg, Wash.	Augustus F. Daix, Jr., Rep.	Augustus F. Daix, Jr., R. Prog.	Augustus F. Daix, Jr., P. Lib.	Henry F. Demitrowitz, Soc.
Philadelphia—						
Fifteenth ward, -----	2,130	127	4,428	24	7	69
Twenty-eighth ward, -----	3,352	178	5,190	72	16	274
Twenty-ninth ward, -----	1,516	32	4,154	64	3	160
Thirty-second ward, -----	2,064	192	4,840	57		163
Forty-seventh ward, -----	1,081	21	3,787	41	9	49
Soldiers' vote, -----	10	2	27			
Total, -----	10,153	552	22,426	258	35	715
Daix's majority, -----			11,299			

EIGHTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	George Gray, Rep.	George Gray, Pro.	George Gray, T. Meet.	Edwin K. Borie, Dem.	Vivian Frank Gable, Soc.	Vivian Frank Gable, Wash.	James T. Nulty, F. P.
Philadelphia—							
Twenty-third ward, -----	2,446	57	8	1,407	61	52	164
Twenty-fifth ward, -----	3,285	16	3	1,601	70	19	271
Thirty-third ward, -----	5,117	35	9	2,080	234	68	68
Thirty-fifth ward, -----	1,254	20	3	379	51	15	18
Forty-first ward, -----	1,910	19	4	553	40	18	40
Forty-third ward, -----	4,473	69	18	2,291	310	86	239
Forty-fifth ward, -----	2,629	9	5	847	63	2	79
Soldiers' vote, -----	68			17	5	2	3
Total, -----	21,182	225	50	9,175	834	232	882
Gray's majority, -----	10,304						

NINTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	John H. Benner, Dem.	Benjamin F. James, Wash.	William C. Sproul, Rep.	Ernest A. Magnin, Soc.	C. W. R. Smith, Pro.	Scattering.
Delaware county, -----	6,700	212	16,478	230	636	5
Sproul's majority, -----			8,665			

TENTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	Clarence J. Buckman, Rep.	W. Elmer Savacool, Dem.	W. Elmer Savacool, Fair Play.	John H. Nase, Soc.	Scattering.
Bucks county, -----	7,712	4,668	26	218	2
Buckman's majority, -----	2,798				

ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	George W. Sassaman, Dem.	Henry U. Kistner, Wash.	Henry U. Kistner, Rep.	Howard M. Moser, Soc.
Berks county, -----	17,100	861	10,523	4,315
Sassaman's majority, -----	1,401			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

TWELFTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	James S. Boyd. Rep.	Harvey Christman. Dem.	Claude B. Armstrong. Soc.	C. W. Rambo. Pro.	Joseph Jennings. Single Tax.	Scattering.
Montgomery county, -----	16,034	6,809	406	468	1	21
Boyd's majority, -----	8,329					

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Joseph H. Long. Dem.	Joseph H. Long. Wash.	John G. Homsher. Rep.	James McCann. Soc.	J. M. Templin. Pro.
Lancaster county, -----	6,426	99	13,517	263	645
Homsher's majority, -----			6,084		

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Wallace J. Barnes. Rep.	Wallace J. Barnes. Pro.	Wallace J. Barnes. Wash.	John Purdy Cope. Dem.	Hugh O'Donnell. Soc.
Carbon county, -----	3,157			3,148	90
Monroe county, -----	928	263	18	1,531	35
Pike county, -----	316	30	1	569	27
Wayne county, -----	2,219	327	28	1,320	34
Total, -----	6,620	620	47	6,568	186
Barnes' majority, -----	533				

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	George D. Herbert. Dem.	William N. Yates, Wash.	Edward E. Beideman. Rep.	Raymond Breach, Soc.	T. H. Hamilton. Pro.	Scattering.
Dauphin county, -----	8,148	3,629	13,139	882	348	1
Beideman's majority, -----			131			

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Horace W. Schantz. Rep.	Horace W. Schantz. Wash.	Horace W. Schantz. R. Prog.	Ira T. Erdman. Dem.	Charles Young. Soc.
Lehigh county, -----	8,057	251	33	7,221	355
Schantz's majority, -----	765				

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	E. W. Garber, Dem.	Horace L. Haldeman, Rep.	Jesse Weidler, Soc.	O. L. Von Nieda. Pro.	Scattering.
Lebanon county, -----	3,641	5,492	215	337	2
Lancaster county (part), -----	3,143	6,451	279	423	
Total, -----	6,784	11,923	494	760	2
Haldeman's majority, -----		3,883			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Thomas A. H. Hay. Rep.	Thomas A. H. Hay. Pro.	Thomas A. H. Hay. Wash.	W. Clayton Hackett. Dem.	W. Clayton Hackett. Fair Play.	Noah T. Walter. Soc.
Northampton county, -----	5,453	819	63	6,634	577	277
Hackett's majority, -----				599		

NINETEENTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	John R. Thomas. Dem.	John R. Thomas. Wash.	T. Lawrence Eyre. Rep.	William H. H. Davis. Pro.	P. E. Jefferis, Single Tax.
Chester county, -----	8,143	1,019	10,209	592	1
Eyre's majority, -----			454		

TWENTIETH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Asa K. DeWitt. Rep.	Asa K. DeWitt. Dem.	Asa K. DeWitt. Soc.	Asa K. DeWitt. Pro.	Asa K. DeWitt. Wash.
Luzerne county (part), -----	7,190	5,818	370	153	20

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT, 1916.

	Sterling R. Catlin. Dem.	Sterling R. Catlin. Wash.	Sterling R. Catlin. Rep.	Sterling R. Catlin. Pro.	Frank P. Lesahn. Soc.
Luzerne county (part), -----	9,599	519	11,442	299	730
Catlin's majority, -----			21,129		

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT, 1918.

	Albert Davis. Rep.	Albert Davis. Surface Protection.	Thomas F. Harrison. Dem.	Thomas F. Harrison. Fair Play.	Bert Jones. Soc.	Madison F. Larkin. Pro.
Lackawanna county, -----	12,888	73	9,787	27	191	349
Davis' majority, -----	2,607					

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT, 1916.

	Frank G. VanDyke, Dem.	Edward E. Jones. Wash.	Edward E. Jones. Rep.	William Shellenberger, Soc.	Henry W. Champlin, Pro.	Scattering.
Bradford county, -----	3,105	310	5,542	194	683	1
Susquehanna county, -----	2,692	132	3,721	28	239	
Wyoming county, -----	1,240		1,690	35	74	
Total, -----	7,037	442	10,953	257	996	1
Jones' majority, -----			3,104			

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	William Decker. Rep.	William Decker. Pro.	William Decker. Soc.	Charles W. Sones. Dem.	J. E. Kahler. Soc.	Scattering.
Columbia county, -----	2,609	200		3,974	37	3
Lycoming county, -----	4,053	1,086	1	5,408	343	
Montour county, -----	827	93		1,074	8	
Sullivan county, -----	702	118		705	22	1
Total, -----	8,191	1,497	1	11,161	410	4
Sones' majority, -----				1,058		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	William R. Longstreet, Dem.	William R. Longstreet, Pro.	William R. Longstreet, L. O.	William R. Longstreet, Prog.	Frank E. Baldwin, Rep.	J. D. Blair, Soc.	Scattering.
McKean county, -----	2,392	838	162	129	3,810	469	
Potter county, -----	1,205	495	109	73	2,218	229	1
Tioga county, -----	1,621	1,029	709	279	3,833	82	
Total, -----	5,218	2,362	980	481	9,861	780	1
Baldwin's majority, -----					39		

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Charles E. Donahue, Rep.	Charles E. Donahue, Wash.	W. Wayne Hindman, Dem.	W. Wayne Hindman, Soc.	W. Wayne Hindman, Pro.
Cameron county, -----	592	9	233	17	29
Clarion county, -----	1,585	39	2,237	231	104
Clinton county, -----	2,453	25	1,287	195	80
Elk county, -----	2,100	36	861	140	146
Forest county, -----	475		430		
Total, -----	7,205	109	5,051	583	358
Donahue's majority, -----	1,322				

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	W. C. McConnell, Dem.	W. C. McConnell, Rep.	John T. MacMullen, Wash.	John T. MacMullen, Pro.	Percy M. Hood, Soc.	Scattering.
Northumberland county, -----	7,851	7,823	953	475	1,276	4
Snyder county, -----	938	1,631	102	33	74	
Union county, -----	918	1,724	177	75	76	2
Total, -----	9,907	10,678	1,232	533	1,426	6
McConnell's majority, -----		17,338				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	George Marlow. Rep.	George Marlow. Pro.	George Marlow. Wash.	Henry Wasbers. Dem.	Daniel L. Ernst. Soc.	Scattering.
York county, -----	11,500	1	117	10,328	458	15
Marlow's majority, -----	817					

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	Patrick J. Graham. Dem.	Charles A. Snyder. Rep.	Edward Derringe. Soc.
Schuylkill county, -----	11,340	17,905	1,176
Snyder's majority, -----		5,389	

THIRTIETH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Plymouth W. Snyder. Rep.	Plymouth W. Snyder. Pro.	Plymouth W. Snyder. Wash.	Thomas J. Forbes. Dem.	Thomas J. Forbes. Soc.
Blair county, -----	6,659	469	25	4,764	220
Huntingdon county, -----	3,247	112	9	1,132	51
Total, -----	9,906	591	34	5,896	271
Snyder's majority, -----	4,364				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT, 1916.

	Scott S. Leiby, Dem.	Scott S. Leiby, Wash.	Franklin Martin, Rep.	Frank Hosler, Soc.	J. L. Pandel, Pro.	Scattering.
Cumberland county, -----	5,833	87	5,430	167	400	1
Juniata county, -----	1,421	17	1,176	28	27	
Mifflin county, -----	1,630	29	2,043	271	158	1
Perry county, -----	2,334	26	2,375	21	33	
Total, -----	11,218	159	11,024	487	618	2
Leiby's plurality, -----	353					

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT, 1916.

	William E. Crow, Rep.	William M. Rhodes, Dem.	Charles Gause, Soc.	H. L. Robinson, Pro.
Fayette county, -----	9,612	5,210	296	583
Crow's majority, -----	3,523			

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT, 1916.

	Thomas J. Brereton, Dem.	C. William Beales, C. Wash.	C. William Beales, C. Rep.	A. K. Whistler, Soc.	H. S. Montfort, Pro.
Adams county, -----	3,305	253	3,540	77	105
Franklin county, -----	5,103	274	5,381	299	213
Total, -----	8,408	527	8,921	376	318
Beales' majority, -----			346		

THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Summerfield J. Miller. Rep.	Matthew Savage. Dem.	F. S. David. Soc.	W. H. Watt. Pro.	Scattering.
Centre county, -----	3,631	2,689	49	200	
Clearfield county, -----	5,043	3,753	322	529	1
Total, -----	8,674	6,433	371	729	1
Miller's majority, -----	1,140				

THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	Horace A. Tompkins. Dem.	Horace A. Tompkins, Union.	F. H. Barker, Wash.	F. H. Barker, Rep.	F. H. Barker, Pro.	William Welsh, Soc.	Scattering.
Cambria county, -----	10,770	179	221	8,623	428	753	1
Tompkins' majority, -----	823						

THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	John S. Miller. Rep.	John S. Miller. Dem.	John S. Miller. Pro.	Andrew Lindstrom. Soc.
Bedford county, -----	3,442	1,689	96	137
Fulton county, -----	738	769	10	5
Somerset county, -----	5,963	1,529	293	245
Total, -----	10,143	3,987	399	387
Miller's majority, -----	14,142			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	R. M. Matson. Dem.	W. B. Adams, Wash.	Wilbur P. Graff, Rep.	Emil Anderson, Soc.	Will A. Dible, Pro.
Indiana county, -----	1,899	94	4,966	389	829
Jefferson county, -----	2,730	330	4,193	510	341
Total, -----	4,629	424	9,159	899	1,170
Graff's majority, -----			2,037		

THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	M. G. Leslie, Rep.	Thomas A. Joyce, Dem.	Herman Richter, Soc.	George E. Briggs, Pro.
Allegheny county (part), -----	8,616	3,342	475	405
Leslie's majority, -----	4,394			

THIRTY-NINTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Edward M. Clifford, Dem.	James B. Weaver, Rep.	C. A. McGuire, Soc.	B. F. P. Prugh, Pro.
Westmoreland county, -----	11,566	15,096	2,584	1,080
Weaver's plurality, -----		3,530		

FORTIETH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Cadwallader M. Barr. Rep.	Cadwallader M. Barr. Dem.	Cadwallader M. Barr. Pro.	Cadwallader M. Barr. Wash.	James A. Fox. Soc.
Allegheny county (part), -----	7,937	3,118	457	60	1,359
Barr's majority, -----	10,222				

FORTY-FIRST DISTRICT, 1918.

	Joseph Heineman. Dem.	J. Frank Graff. Wash.	J. Frank Graff. Rep.	C. J. Moore. Soc.	George B. Lambert. Pro.
Armstrong county, -----	3,007	285	5,650	325	283
Butler county, -----	4,219	269	4,966	226	1,120
Total, -----	7,226	554	10,616	551	1,403
Graff's majority, -----			1,990		

FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT, 1918.

	Morris Einstein. Rep.	Morris Einstein. Wash.	C. L. Mohnney. Dem.	C. L. Mohnney. Pro.	John C. Sunday. Soc.
Allegheny county (part), -----	6,569	46	3,316	330	685
Einstein's majority, -----	2,284				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT, 1916.

	Hill Burgwin. Dem.	Charles J. Magee. Wash.	Charles J. Magee. Rep.	Charles J. Magee. R. Prog.	H. P. Hunter. Soc.	H. Rea Garber. Pro.
Allegheny county (part), -----	5,043	159	11,260	82	1,253	542
Magee's majority, -----			4,663			

FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	W. Crawford Murdoch. Rep.	W. Crawford Murdoch. R. Prog.	Carl D. Smith. Dem.	Carl D. Smith. Pro.	W. J. Wright. Soc.
Allegheny county (part), -----	12,032	96	5,663	1,207	991
Murdoch's majority, -----	4,267				

FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	W. P. McGervey. Dem.	William E. Sankey. Wash.	William E. Sankey. R. Prog.	Norman E. Whitten. Rep.	H. E. Springer. Soc.	H. W. Coad. Pro.
Allegheny county (part), -----	8,501	1,013	315	12,894	1,863	654
Whitten's majority, -----				548		

FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Joseph A. Herron. Rep.	Joseph W. Stewart. Dem.	Joseph W. Stewart. Pro.	Scattering.
Greene county, -----	1,796	2,940	48	3
Washington county, -----	8,550	4,244	327	17
Total, -----	10,346	7,184	375	20
Herron's majority, -----	2,767			

FORTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	Hugh Ferguson, Dem.	W. D. Craig, Wash.	W. D. Craig, Rep.	Frank Linderman, Soc.	L. A. Walter, Pro.	Scattering.
Beaver county, -----	4,825	533	6,840	873	393	1
Lawrence county, -----	2,988	509	4,750	680	600	
Total, -----	7,813	1,042	11,590	1,553	993	1
Craig's majority, -----			2,272			

FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Marshall Phipps. Rep.	Marshall Phipps. Wash.	W. P. Ferring. Dem.	W. P. Ferring. Pro.	Charles Goldthwaite. Soc.	Scattering.
Venango county, -----	3,461	47	1,449	650	119	
Warren county, -----	3,011		1,882		131	5
Total, -----	6,472	47	3,331	650	250	5
Phipps' majority, -----	2,283					

ELECTION STATISTICS.

FORTY-NINTH DISTRICT, 1916.

	Martin C. Cornell, Dem.	Charles F. Austin, Wash.	Charles F. Austin, Pro.	Miles R. Nason, Rep.	Howard Eisaman, Soc.
Erie county, -----	7,959	301	1,203	8,414	1,129
Nason's plurality, -----				455	

FIFTIETH DISTRICT, 1918.

	James M. Campbell, Rep.	Raymond E. Smith, Dem.	Raymond E. Smith, Pro.	Raymond E. Smith, Wash.	Richard Crawshaw, Soc.	Scattering.
Crawford county, -----	4,494	2,902	586	25	183	1
Mercer county, -----	5,127	3,143	1,143	28	307	
Total, -----	9,621	6,045	1,728	53	490	1
Campbell's majority, -----	1,304					

VOTE FOR SENATORS TO FILL VACANCIES.

*THIRD DISTRICT, 1918.

	William J. McNichol, Rep.	John M. Hauger, Dem.	Harry Tutelman, Soc.	Frank H. Stockhouse, Pro.
Philadelphia--				
Fifth ward, -----	1,200	146	31	2
Sixth ward, -----	274	398	10	1
Tenth ward, -----	1,917	244	10	6
Eleventh ward, -----	774	81	4	
Twelfth ward, -----	1,419	181	30	
Thirteenth ward, -----	2,269	162	35	1
Fourteenth ward, -----	2,716	366	27	3
Sixteenth ward, -----	1,208	289	33	1
Eighteenth ward, -----	2,591	1,001	30	83
Soldiers' vote, -----	55	21		4
Total, -----	14,483	2,883	210	101
McNichol's majority, -----	11,289			

*Election held November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by death of James P. McNichol, on November 14, 1917.

*NINTH DISTRICT, 1919.

	Richard J. Baldwin, Rep.	Albert B. Maris, Dem.	Albert B. Maris, Soc.	Albert B. Maris, Pro.	Scattering.
Delaware county, -----	4,703	620	1	267	6
Baldwin's majority, -----	3,899				

†FIFTEENTH DISTRICT, 1919.

	Frank A. Smith, Rep.	L. Vernon Fritz, Dem.	J. L. Yoder, Soc.	Sam. Young, Soc.	Oscar Baker, Pro.	Scattering.
Dauphin county, -----	7,638	3,623	1	1	1	5
Smith's majority, -----	4,007					

‡TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT, 1918.

	Robert D. Heaton, Rep.	Robert D. Heaton, Dem.	Joseph Chuchinis, Soc.
Schuylkill county, -----	15,110	7,359	589
Heaton's majority, -----	21,880		

*Election held February 25, 1919, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of William C. Sproul, on January 20, 1919.

†Election held February 25, 1919, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Edward E. Beidleman, on January 20, 1919.

‡Election held November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Charles A. Snyder, on April 30, 1917.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

*FORTY-FIRST DISTRICT, 1918.

	W. Fred Turner, Rep.	James E. Marshall, Dem.
Armstrong county, -----	3,741	1,928
Butler county, -----	3,894	2,785
Total, -----	7,635	4,711
Turner's majority, -----	2,924	

†FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT, 1918.

	William W. Mearkle, Rep.	Michael B. Donnelly, Dem.	James Devlins, Soc.	I. G. Beam, Pro.	Peter J. Donahoe, Wash.
Allegheny county (part), -----	7,085	2,924	452	336	314
Mearkle's majority, -----	3,059				

*Election held November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by death of J. Frank Graff, on June 6, 1918.

†Election held November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by death of Charles A. Magee, on March 13, 1917.

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF PENNSYLVANIA, NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

ADAMS COUNTY.

C. Arthur Griest, R.,	2,790	Jacob I. Herster, D.,	2,572
C. Arthur Griest, P.,	60	Charles M. Krumrine, S.,	73
	2,850	Charles W. Bucher, L. L.,	530

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		7th Dist.—	
Thomas Paul Geary, R.,	3,406	Charles A. Michel, R.,	2,997
Thomas Paul Geary, D.,	558	James Wettach, R.,	2,974
		D. I. Jamison, D.,	935
Joseph C. Marcus, R.,	3,964	T. F. Shuster, D.,	823
William J. Sullivan, D.,	3,294	Emil Limbach, S.,	268
Leon Arkin, S.,	873	Harry McDonald, S.,	240
Nathan Malyn, S.,	187	E. E. Ihrig, P.,	117
H. Wesley Lynch, P.,	172	A. E. McClelland, P.,	107
W. W. Sipe, P.,	64		
James W. McFedrick, W.,	52	8th Dist.—	
James W. McFedrick, R.,	99	Edward M. Hough, R.,	4,721
P.,	24	Edward M. Hough, W.,	34
			4,755
Benjamin L. Steinberg, W.,	123	William F. Stadtlander, R.,	4,224
Benjamin L. Steinberg, R. P.,	91	William F. Stadtlander, D.,	1,330
	10	William F. Stadtlander, W.,	38
			5,592
2d Dist.—		George A. Strine, D.,	1,401
William J. McCaig, R.,	4,335	William H. Lynch, S.,	318
William J. McCaig, W.,	27	Edward C. Schumm, S.,	379
		James A. Chambers, P.,	434
John C. Sullivan, R.,	4,293	Sebastian Tishue, P.,	256
John C. Sullivan, W.,	31		
		9th Dist.—	
P. J. Doherty, D.,	4,324	Sydney G. Willson, R.,	2,048
P. G. Morgan, D.,	1,279	James H. Payne, D.,	1,049
Julius Demar, S.,	1,187	James H. Payne, P.,	269
Martin Dreger, S.,	191		
G. B. Cain, P.,	165	Joseph A. Barton, S.,	1,318
E. M. Douglass, P.,	155		220
	166	10th Dist.—	
3d Dist.—		Carl C. Baldrige, R.,	6,748
John Laufer, R.,	1,056	William H. Martin, R.,	6,897
John Laufer, W.,	10	William H. Martin, P.,	768
			7,665
James J. Lally, D.,	1,066	Samuel J. McKim, R.,	6,695
James A. Martin, S.,	728	Samuel J. McKim, P.,	981
A. P. McAdams, P.,	41	Samuel J. McKim, W.,	48
	104		7,724
4th Dist.—		William N. Barnhart, D.,	4,113
Edward B. Goehring, R.,	3,111	William N. Barnhart, P.,	774
Edward B. Goehring, R. P.,	17		4,887
		David G. Colclaser, S.,	1,207
James F. McShane, D.,	3,128	D. S. Connor, S.,	1,232
James F. McShane, F. P.,	33	Charles A. Fike, S.,	1,340
		Scattering,	12
Martin Weber, S.,	1,089		
L. H. Campbell, P.,	94	11th Dist.—	
L. H. Campbell, W.,	392	W. Heber Dithrich, R.,	8,106
		John H. W. Simpson, R.,	7,976
5th Dist.—		Joseph G. Steedle, R.,	7,915
Harry B. Todd, R.,	2,640	Joseph G. Steedle, W.,	85
Frank F. Schellenberg, D.,	1,204		8,000
P. W. Fuller, S.,	176	William C. Wagner, R.,	8,053
W. H. Daughenbaugh, P.,	237	William Bowden, D.,	3,942
Charles Ross, W.,	434	Robert S. Flanegin, D.,	3,750
		Thomas J. Higgins, D.,	3,659
6th Dist.—		Miles B. Layton, Jr., D.,	3,568
Albert G. Krugh, R.,	5,948	Earl O. Gunther, S.,	988
Albert G. Krugh, W.,	50	Jerry V. McMunn, S.,	697
		W. W. Noonling, S.,	861
William J. Mangan, R.,	5,998	Frederic Thompson, S.,	874
William J. Mangan, D.,		William Geer, P.,	963
William J. Mangan, W.,	23	William Geer, W.,	84
			1,047
George H. Soffel, R.,	7,536	H. B. Lewis, P.,	843
George H. Soffel, W.,		James M. Norris, P.,	461
		James M. Norris, W.,	85
Adam Forster, D.,	6,002		546
Frank J. B. Werling, D.,	2,357	Harry H. Wolfe, P.,	734
Waiter G. Pope, S.,	2,180	Harvey F. Botsford, W.,	847
William Rinkhoff, S.,	570		
Howard E. Springer, S.,	569	12th Dist.—	
William W. Barclay, P.,	514	Nelson McVicar, R.,	6,281
Roy O. Eichleay, P.,	514	Nelson McVicar, P.,	429
A. Devoe P. Miller, P.,	482	Nelson McVicar, W.,	28
	507		6,738

ELECTION STATISTICS.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Concluded.

John W. Vickerman, R.,	5,962	Peter Nussbaumer, D.,	2,477
John W. Vickerman, P.,	555	George J. Shaffer, D.,	2,393
John W. Vickerman, W.,	35	D. C. Bergman, S.,	652
	6,552	J. Earl Henish, S.,	572

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Charles F. Armstrong, R.,	3,971	Albert E. Curry, R.,	3,788
Charles F. Armstrong, S.,	146	Albert E. Curry, D.,	1,172
Charles F. Armstrong, P.,	239	Albert E. Curry, S.,	88
	4,356	Albert E. Curry, P.,	225
		John L. Murray, D.,	5,273
		Scattering,	1,441
			1

BEAVER COUNTY.

Charles H. Kennedy, R.,	4,754	Robert T. McCoy, D.,	2,477
Charles H. Kennedy, P.,	378	Robert T. McCoy, F. P.,	87
	5,132	Henry H. Wilson, D.,	2,241
John G. Marshall, R.,	4,612	Henry H. Wilson, F. P.,	79
John G. Marshall, P.,	436		2,320
John G. Marshall, W.,	13	C. R. Shrum, S.,	363
	5,061	C. N. Snell, S.,	333

BEDFORD COUNTY.

Edgar R. Smith, R.,	3,381	Warren S. Hoenstine, D.,	1,845
Edgar R. Smith, S.,	99		
Edgar R. Smith, P.,	1		
	3,481		

BERKS COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		2d Dist.—	
James E. Norton, R.,	4,586	Daniel A. Rothenberger,	
James E. Norton, W.,	58	R.,	3,376
	4,644	Daniel A. Rothenberger,	
Irvin E. Seaman, R.,	4,193	D.,	5,632
Walter A. Ringler, D.,	4,992		9,008
William H. Straus, D.,	4,419	Wilson G. Sarig, R.,	3,318
James H. Maurer, S.,	2,923	Wilson G. Sarig, D.,	5,813
J. Henry Stump, S.,	2,678		9,131
Louis A. Rickert, W.,	69	John E. Troxel, R.,	3,397
		Cyrus K. Brendle, D.,	6,035
		Howard M. Moser, S.,	444
		Fred Slabach, S.,	385
		Charles R. Yerger, S.,	493

BLAIR COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		2d Dist.—	
Fred A. Bell, R.,	2,965	Simon F. Zook, R.,	4,109
Fred A. Bell, P.,	237	Simon F. Zook, P.,	209
Fred A. Bell, W.,	9		4,318
	3,211	Charles A. Marks, D.,	1,824
Thomas E. Kearns, D.,	2,274	Charles A. Marks, W.,	22
John Griffith, S.,	120		1,846
2d Dist.—		Jacob E. Miller, D.,	1,785
Samuel McCurdy, R.,	4,384	Charles W. Rhoads, S.,	182
Samuel McCurdy, P.,	222	William F. Ross, S.,	168
	4,606		

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Charles P. Dewey, R.,	4,724	William S. Lafferty, D.,	1,545
Charles P. Dewey, S.,	81	George D. Stephens, D.,	1,299
Charles P. Dewey, P.,	303	Worthy Arthur, S.,	58
Charles P. Dewey, W.,	18	C. P. Howland, P.,	525
	5,126	C. P. Howland, W.,	46
W. Worth Jennings, R.,	4,570		571

BUCKS COUNTY.

W. Albertson Haines, R.,	7,592	Dennis Fluck, S.,	210
William Krause, R.,	7,567	Charles Smith, S.,	202
Andrew J. Scarborough, D.,	4,690	Harry Neamand, P.,	287
Charles A. Schlachter, D.,	4,535	William R. Stuckert, P.,	259

BUTLER COUNTY.

Victor A. Barnhart, R.,	4,183	William C. Pindley, D.,	1,987
Victor A. Barnhart, P.,	499	Donald R. Urquhart, D.,	2,130
	4,682	W. D. Altman, S.,	119
George I. Woner, R.,	4,105	A. J. Kurtz, S.,	113
George I. Woner, P.,	547	Scattering,	2
	4,652		

CAMBERIA COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		William G. Griffith, R.,	4,527	
J. Ross Horne, R.,	2,473	William G. Griffith, P.,	575	
J. Ross Horne, S.,	71	William G. Griffith, W.,	50	5,152
J. Ross Horne, P.,	194			
	2,738	William J. Brawley, D.,		3,867
William J. Gompers, D.,	2,348	James Feeley, S.,		375
2d Dist.—		Amos B. Murphy, S.,		296
William Davis, R.,	5,357	Edmund James, P.,	920	
William Davis, D.,	2,420	Edmund James, W.,	311	
	7,777	Edmund James, R. P., ..	51	
		P. J. Rodden, R. P.,		1,282
				61

CAMERON COUNTY.

C. Jay Goodnough, R.,	594	J. R. Klees, D.,	273
C. Jay Goodnough, W.,	12	J. R. Klees, P.,	22
	606		295

CARBON COUNTY.

Harry Zanders, R.,	3,541	Scattering,	11
Harry Zanders, D.,	2,526		
	6,067		

CENTRE COUNTY.

Ives L. Harvey, R.,	3,910	John Noll, D.,	2,342
Ives L. Harvey, S.,	135		
Ives L. Harvey, P.,	240		
	4,285		

CHESTER COUNTY.

Harry C. Graham, R.,	8,380	Maurice G. Yeager, D.,	3,214
Maris M. Hollingsworth, R.,	8,524	Carl O. Benner, P.,	721
George R. North, R.,	8,450	Samuel Buckwalter, P.,	646
Charles B. Criswell, D.,	3,406	Harry C. Thomas, P.,	544
Michael J. Murphy, D.,	3,172	Scattering,	1

CLARION COUNTY.

Norman C. Ball, R.,	1,706	S. C. Hepler, S.,	117
E. Marion Sweitzer, D.,	1,892		
E. Marion Sweitzer, P.,	282		
	2,174		

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Donald D. Miller, R.,	5,138	William J. Hoover, D.,	3,452
Joseph E. Phillips, R.,	4,277	John P. Rogers, D.,	3,382
Joseph E. Phillips, P.,	1,085	Nelson Custo, S.,	322
Joseph E. Phillips, W.,	34	James Goss, S.,	345
	5,398	Joseph Reilley, S.,	305
Arthur H. Pidgion, R.,	4,768	Dallas B. Kirk, P.,	540
Arthur H. Pidgion, W.,	112	George T. Underwood, P.,	543
	4,880	Alonzo Mouthrop, W.,	139
Green W. Bell, D.,	3,565	Scattering,	1

CLINTON COUNTY.

Richard S. Quigley, R.,	2,325	Lewis Treglow, D.,	1,508
Richard S. Quigley, S.,	151		
Richard S. Quigley, P.,	98		
	2,574		

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Lewis J. Mensch, R.,	2,356	J. Bruce Hess, P.,	347
Charles A. Shaffer, D.,	4,032	J. Bruce Hess, W.,	35
Charles A. Shaffer, S.,	39		382
	4,071		

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

John A. Bolard, R.,	4,281	William L. Metzenbacher, D.,	3,016
John A. Bolard, W.,	22	William L. Metzenbacher, P.,	433
	4,303		3,449
H. H. Finney, R.,	4,346	Frank W. Atwood, S.,	196
P. C. Harned, D.,	2,885	Vinton Buist, S.,	159
P. C. Harned, P.,	407	L. O. McLane, W.,	78
	3,292	Scattering,	5

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Ross L. Beckley, R.,	4,846	Abraham L. Line, S.,	86
William C. Bowman, R.,	4,715	L. S. Beam, P.,	294
Horace C. Barner, D.,	3,306	Davidson W. Lindsey, P.,	275
P. L. Beistline, D.,	3,369	Scattering,	10
Frank Hosler, S.,	86		

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		2d Dist.—	
Albert Millar, R.,	6,424	David J. Bechtold, R.,	6,198
David I. Miller, R.,	6,493	Ira E. Ulsh, R.,	6,002
A. Ramsey S. Black, D.,	4,111	William R. Bottomley,	
A. Ramsey S. Black, P.,	431	D.,	2,499
	4,542	William R. Bottomley,	
G. Willis Hartman, D.,	3,679	P.,	522
G. Willis Hartman, P.,	418		3,021
	4,097	Charles W. McCoy, D.,	2,430
Amos Groff, S.,	113	Charles W. McCoy, P.,	541
L. G. Smith, S.,	139		2,971
		W. Waller Schreffler, S.,	186
		Charles E. Weidner, S.,	181
		Scattering,	16

DELAWARE COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		F. Greenwood, S.,	137
William T. Ramsey, R.,	3,957	Walter N. Lodge, S.,	132
John S. Crego, D.,	776	Henry F. Miller, P.,	491
Daniel G. Hendricks, P.,	492	Henry F. Miller, W., ...	83
			574
2d Dist.—		J. H. Paschall, P.,	571
William C. Alexander, R.,	10,174	John B. Simpson, W.,	182
Harry H. Heyburn, R.,	10,003	Scattering,	7
Louis C. Emmons, D.,	2,709		
Harvey T. Ogden, D.,	2,812		

ELK COUNTY.

John M. Flynn, R.,	2,088	Scattering,	16
John M. Flynn, D.,	877		
	2,965		

ERIE COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		Charles Emmert, S.,	364
William J. Willert, R.,...	1,739	T. H. C. Noll, P.,	99
William J. Willert, P.,...	102		
	1,841	3d Dist.—	
George N. Dumbeck, D.,	1,581	Howard P. Shunk, R.,	3,714
O. G. Crawford, S.,	346	Leon E. Markham, D.,	1,586
Scattering,	8	Melvin J. Smith, S., ...	195
		Melvin J. Smith, P., ...	674
2d Dist.—		Melvin J. Smith, W., ...	37
Joseph M. Schilling, R.,...	1,120	Melvin J. Smith, R. P.,...	11
Joseph M. Schilling, D.,...	1,763		917
Joseph M. Schilling, R.			
P.,	4		
	2,887		

FAYETTE COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		Duncan Sinclair, R.,	6,182
Merchant L. Collier, R.,	2,944	Reuben Howard, D.,	3,801
A. J. Gans, D.,	1,934	Thomas D. Schuyler, D.,	3,616
A. J. Gans, P.,	133	Thomas D. Schuyler, P.,	216
	2,067		3,832
Robert G. Benson, S.,	76	J. Buell Snyder, D.,	3,704
2d Dist.—		J. Percy Frazier, S.,	252
Ernest R. Kooser, R.,	6,238	James Greece, S.,	217
Russell B. McIntyre, R.,	6,200	Frank B. Patterson, S.,	243

FOREST COUNTY.

Ira M. Fox, R.,	526	Lewis Behrens, S.,	81
H. M. McKean, D.,	272		
H. M. McKean, P.,	98		
	370		

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Loudon Francis Benchoff, R.,	4,594	I. G. Rider, D.,	2,975
Loudon Francis Benchoff, W.,	55	Benjamin Danzberger, S.,	112
	4,649	Albert Hoover, S.,	129
Frank S. Magill, R.,	4,355	Scattering,	7
Frank S. Magill, P.,	227		
Frank S. Magill, W.,	30		
	4,612		

FULTON COUNTY.

George A. Comerer, R.,	930	Scattering,	1
Clem Chesnut, D.,	688		
Clem Chesnut, P.,	17		
	705		

GREENE COUNTY.

D. M. Garrison, R.,	2,415	George B. Drake, P.,	86
John C. Hampson, D.,	2,420		

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

Lawrence N. Crum, R.,	3,323	Scattering,	2
Harry Brewster, D.,	1,115		

INDIANA COUNTY.

John Thomas Davis, R.,	4,185	J. F. Fitzpatrick, D.,	1,191
John Thomas Davis, P.,	557	Davis A. Palmer, S.,	145
	4,742	Scattering,	1

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Thomas T. Millin, R.,	3,574	Charles A. Morris, D.,	1,415
Thomas T. Millin, P.,	222	Carl P. Anderson, S.,	147
	3,796	R. C. Mallory, S.,	133
George W. Stevenson, R.,	3,431	Scattering,	6
George W. Stevenson, D.,	1,132		
George W. Stevenson, P.,	161		
	4,724		

JUNIATA COUNTY.

John H. Shellenberger, R.,	1,330	Isaiah D. Musser, D.,	937
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LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		Davis Weiss, S.,	103
David Fowler, R.,	1,834	W. S. Bartlett, P.,	135
William J. Morris, D.,	1,079	4th Dist.—	
William J. Morris, F. P.,	6	Michael J. Ruddy, R.,	1,451
	1,085	Michael J. Ruddy, D.,	2,330
Humphrey Penhale, S.,	32		3,781
George Hart, P.,	1	5th Dist.—	
2d Dist.—		William W. Jones, R.,	2,359
Hugh A. Dawson, R.,	2,095	Patrick J. McHale, D.,	2,252
Hugh A. Dawson, D.,	828	Patrick J. McHale, F. P.,	10
	2,923		2,262
Robert Snyder, S.,	75	6th Dist.—	
George Hart, P.,	157	Home Smith, P.,	8
3d Dist.—		David F. Davis, R.,	2,620
Frederick C. Ehrhardt,		David F. Davis, S.,	55
R.,	1,976	David F. Davis, P.,	82
Frederick C. Ehrhardt,			2,757
D.,	832	Philip Schwarz, D.,	1,496
	2,808		

LANCASTER COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		John A. DeHoff, D.,	2,597
Aaron B. Hess, R.,	4,508	Edgar R. Ebersole, D.,	2,607
William E. Kegel, D.,	1,875	Horace L. Skiles, D.,	2,572
Benjamin H. Heller, P.,	250	John F. Sload, D.,	2,543
2d Dist.—		Harlan S. Gatchell, P.,	518
G. Graybill Diehm, R.,	12,764	W. D. Marburger, P.,	556
Joseph T. Evans, R.,	12,679	Simon B. Minnich, P.,	513
Michael R. Hoffman, R.,	12,689	Ross H. Rohrer, P.,	496
Harry L. Rhoads, R.,	12,679		

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Charles G. Jordan, R.,	3,656	Thomas W. Humphrey, D.,	1,269
Charles G. Jordan, P.,	377	Thomas M. Shaffer, D.,	1,114
	4,033	Alex Parks, S.,	187
Robert L. Wallace, R.,	3,657		
Robert L. Wallace, P.,	388		
	4,045		

LEBANON COUNTY.

Charles T. Hickernell, R.,	4,745	Frank Bedger, S.,	92
L. Saylor Zimmerman, R.,	4,563	Cyrus Hickernell, S.,	93
Peter R. Boltz, D.,	1,703	Calvin J. Rhen, P.,	417
A. E. Gobble, D.,	1,519	Scattering,	12
A. E. Gobble, P.,	1		
A. E. Gobble, W.,	89		
	1,609		

LEHIGH COUNTY.

1st Dist.—			Jacob Schiffer, S.,	124
Charles A. Reber, R., ..	3,536		Joseph Matchette, P., ..	98
Charles A. Reber, R. P., ..	23		Joseph Matchette, W., ..	15
		3,559		113
Frank A. Michael, D.,	2,939		3d Dist.—	
Sylvester W. Kratzer, S.,	189		Albert E. Rinn, R.,	1,847
2d Dist.—			Albert E. Rinn, D.,	2,262
Samuel J. Evans, R.,	2,485			4,109
James P. Brady, D.,	2,066		Roscoe Hartzell, S.,	117

LUZERNE COUNTY.

1st Dist.—			5th Dist.—	
Conrad G. Miller, R., ..	2,186		T. C. Edwards, R.,	1,830
Conrad G. Miller, D., ..	1,453		Richard Powell, D.,	2,006
Conrad G. Miller, S., ..	40		Richard Powell, S.,	112
		3,679	Richard Powell, P.,	285
Edgar H. Kresge, P.,	199		Richard Powell, W.,	34
Edgar H. Kresge, W.,	109		Richard Powell, F. P., ..	29
Edgar H. Kresge, R. P., ..	8			2,466
		316	6th Dist.—	
2d Dist.—			John McKay, R.,	2,946
George W. Houck, R., ..	1,577		John McKay, D.,	889
George W. Houck, P., ..	78		John McKay, S.,	170
		1,655	John McKay, P.,	169
Peter Murphy, D.,	1,721		John McKay, R. P.,	7
Peter Murphy, S.,	82			4,181
Peter Murphy, W.,	5		A. E. Rapson, W.,	343
		1,808	7th Dist.—	
3d Dist.—			Richard Aston, R.,	3,047
Patrick H. Wynne, R., ...	1,451		Richard Aston, P.,	125
Patrick H. Wynne, D., ...	2,968		Richard Aston, W.,	14
Patrick H. Wynne, S., ...	27			3,186
		4,446	Robert B. MacCallum, R.,	4,282
4th Dist.—			James W. Brislin, D.,	3,052
Joseph F. Cohan, P.,		182	James W. Brislin, S.,	219
Thomas J. Morgan, R., ...	1,889		James W. Brislin, W., ..	20
Thomas J. Morgan, S., ...	97			3,291
Thomas J. Morgan, P., ...	118		Thomas Finnerty, D., ...	1,520
Thomas J. Morgan, W., ...	7		Thomas Finnerty, S., ...	156
		2,111	Thomas Finnerty, F. P., ..	27
Anthony Swovick, D.,		1,822		1,703
			Alfred E. Burnaford, P.,	374

LYCOMING COUNTY.

Charles F. Bidelspacher, R., ..	4,550		Edgar H. Maitland, D.,	3,692
Charles F. Bidelspacher, P., ..	969		Edgar H. Maitland, P.,	826
		5,519		4,518
W. Clyde Harer, R.,	5,011		Harry R. Billman, S.,	425
W. Clyde Harer, P.,	1		William A. Stroup, S.,	348
		5,012	Scattering,	5
Malcolm MacMillan, D.,		4,280		

McKEAN COUNTY.

Charles W. Catlin, R.,	2,961		Frank P. Isherwood, D.,	1,817
Charles W. Catlin, P.,	383		Frank P. Isherwood, P.,	369
Charles W. Catlin, W.,	40			2,186
		3,384	William J. McEnteer, D.,	1,384
John A. Fitzgibbon, R.,	2,847		J. Blair, S.,	109
John A. Fitzgibbon, S.,	197			
John A. Fitzgibbon, W.,	59			
		3,103		

MERCER COUNTY.

Edward L. Allum, R.,	4,990		John W. Canon, D.,	3,633
John F. Bigler, R.,	4,902		John W. Canon, P.,	843
John F. Bigler, P.,	763			4,476
		5,605	Charles F. King, D.,	2,880
			W. E. Ashe, S.,	320
			N. H. Reese, S.,	291

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

Charles G. Corbin, R.,	1,861	A. B. Harbst, S.,	70
W. Robert Homan, D.,	1,269		

MONROE COUNTY.

Alvin O. Sieg, R.,	1,131	Edwin T. Kunkle, S.,	167
Alvin O. Sieg, D.,	1	Edwin T. Kunkle, P.,	235
	1,132	Edwin T. Kunkle, W.,	20
Edwin T. Kunkle, D.,	1,252		1,074

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		Andrew E. Hildebeitel,	
Harold C. Pike, R.,	5,167	D.,	1,518
Henry J. Norton, Jr., D.,	1,764	Andrew E. Hildebeitel,	
Charles DeMass, P.,	76	F. P.,	19
Charles F. Mebus, W.,	82		1,537
Scattering,	6	Robert M. Work, S.,	65
2d Dist.—		John L. Doan, P.,	103
Jacob Hamilton, R.,	4,157	Henry H. Fetterolf, W.,	70
John J. Cronin, D.,	1,446	Frank E. Martin, S. T.,	12
John J. Cronin, F. P.,	8	Scattering,	7
	1,454	4th Dist.—	
Arthur J. Vail, P.,	76	Harry S. Mack, R.,	2,027
Samuel Roberts, W.,	124	Joseph E. Blanck, D.,	2,184
Samuel Roberts, F. P.,	1	Enoch Squibb, S.,	234
	125	Henry C. Lutz, P.,	100
Scattering,	4	Henry C. Lutz, W.,	12
3d Dist.—			112
Isalah T. Haldeman, R.,	4,411	Scattering,	4

MONTOUR COUNTY.

Levi V. Beyer, R.,	801	William Kase West, D.,	1,135
Levi V. Beyer, P.,	108		
	909		

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Victor J. Abel, R.,	5,522	Reuben H. Trach, D.,	6,047
John N. Hoffman, R.,	5,169	Reuben H. Trach, F. P.,	520
John N. Hoffman, P.,	887		6,567
John N. Hoffman, W.,	53	Jesse Grim, S.,	303
		James P. Marsch, S.,	274
Martin L. Parsons, R.,	5,255	Robert L. Wilson, S.,	266
William M. Benninger, D.,	5,888	William Powick, P.,	870
William M. Benninger, F. P.,	509	John Wilhelm, P.,	795
		Daniel H. Harris, W.,	80
Samuel Hutchison, D.,	6,045	Herbert T. Werner, W.,	87
Samuel Hutchison, F. P.,	495		
	6,540		

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Noble Clements, R.,	6,636	Anthony J. Neary, D.,	4,886
Daniel W. Helt, R.,	6,366	William B. Koch, S.,	424
Daniel W. Helt, P.,	347	Ellis Lloyd, S.,	337
		Ed. G. Renn, S.,	341
William W. Robertson, R.,	6,713	Raymond B. Hughes, P.,	596
Charles A. Ambrose, D.,	6,653	S. B. Kniss, P.,	683
George W. Hetrick, D.,	5,684	Scattering,	7
	4,960		

PERRY COUNTY.

Clark M. Bower, R.,	2,361	Scattering,	1
James O. Gray, D.,	1,558		

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

1st Dist.—			Thomas J. Minnick, Jr., D.,	1,958
Leopold C. Glass, R.,	7,681		A. F. Itunor, P.,	36
John Mehring, R.,	7,684		Harry Walker, P.,	33
Peter P. Kennedy, D.,	1,922		James F. Donahue, T. M.,	27
Peter P. Kennedy, P.,	8		11th Dist.—	
	1,930		Richard Curry, R.,	3,748
Henry Posner, D.,	1,795		Richard Curry, F. P.,	28
Harry Fisher, S.,	539			3,776
Charles Mazer, S.,	544		Edwin N. Manning, D.,	1,510
2d Dist.—			12th Dist.—	
Charles C. A. Baldi, Jr.,	2,748		James A. Bennett, R.,	5,165
R.,			Matthew Patterson, R.,	5,090
Charles C. A. Baldi, Jr.,	116		Thomas J. Kelly, D.,	2,012
D.,			Frank P. McKee, D.,	1,954
Charles C. A. Baldi, Jr.,			A. Olbueh, S.,	130
T. M.,	2,864		Christian Sauters, S.,	131
	41		Harry Derbyshire, P.,	37
Emanuel Kline, S.,			Harry Derbyshire, W.,	19
3d Dist.—				56
Nicholas Di Lemmo, R.,	4,327		Abraham H. Weir, P.,	24
Nicholas Di Lemmo, F.	25		Abraham H. Weir, W.,	7
				31
	4,352		13th Dist.—	
Julius J. Levis, R.,	4,330		Max Aron, R.,	6,731
Julius J. Levis, F. P.,	19		Clinton A. Sowers, R.,	6,744
			Granville L. Detweiler, D.,	1,238
Jacob Lieberman, D.,	517		Jacob Lutz, D.,	1,118
Ralph Ponzulla, D.,	623		D. Leof, S.,	177
L. A. Goldberg, S.,	60		14th Dist.—	
Julius D. Love, S.,	57		William J. Hamilton, R.,	3,134
4th Dist.—			William J. Hamilton, F.	186
James V. Lafferty, R.,	2,606		P.,	
James V. Lafferty, W.,	2		William J. Hamilton, T.	8
James V. Lafferty, T. M.,	1			3,328
			James Fagan, D.,	1,206
	2,609		Ezra Tyson, S.,	52
Harry A. McDermott, D.,	581		Robert O. Lane, P.,	40
5th Dist.—			Wilby B. Herhuger, W.,	24
Edwin R. Cox, R.,	11,019		15th Dist.—	
Edwin R. Cox, T. M.,	37		Robert A. Bucher, R.,	12,022
			Robert A. Bucher, W.,	130
Byron A. Milner, R.,	10,948		Robert A. Bucher, R. P.,	36
Byron A. Milner, T. M.,	23		Robert A. Bucher, T. M.,	167
				12,355
Edward W. Wells, R.,	10,931		Edwin Stott, R.,	11,492
Edward W. Wells, T. M.,	23		Edwin Stott, P.,	214
				11,706
	10,954		Joseph P. Lodge, D.,	3,805
Daniel M. Bowles, D.,	3,863		Charles C. Russell, D.,	3,638
William B. Gannon, D.,	3,861		John P. Clark, S.,	265
Joseph A. McLaughlin, D.,	3,902		J. William Kellner, S.,	257
Earl Kelchner, S.,	130		Sidney M. Earle, P.,	168
Charles Kelly, S.,	130		Sidney M. Earle, W.,	83
Boyd K. Perkinson, S.,	129		Sidney M. Earle, R. P.,	24
William Adams, P.,	71		Sidney M. Earle, T. M.,	66
William Adams, W.,	46			341
			16th Dist.—	
M. C. Leng, P.,	33		James A. Dunn, R.,	5,672
W. E. Ulery, P.,	71		James A. Dunn, F. P.,	177
W. E. Ulery, W.,	81		James A. Dunn, T. M.,	22
				5,871
	152		J. Albert Bolin, D.,	2,216
Harry C. Brown, W.,	52		Albert G. Wohl, S.,	139
6th Dist.—			W. A. Hughes, P.,	119
Daniel J. Neary, R.,	3,725		George G. Campbell, W.,	194
Daniel J. Neary, D.,	233		17th Dist.—	
Daniel J. Neary, S.,	1		Theodore Campbell, R.,	12,222
Daniel J. Neary, R. P.,	2		James J. Heffernan, R.,	12,084
			James J. Heffernan, W.,	82
	3,961			12,166
7th Dist.—			William T. Wallace, R.,	11,909
William J. Crawford, R.,	3,623		William T. Wallace, W.,	175
John J. Carey, D.,	659		William T. Wallace, T.	56
G. Edward Dickerson, P.,	36			12,140
8th Dist.—			John B. Albany, D.,	5,729
William F. Rorke, R.,	6,859		Ewell G. Davis, D.,	5,611
William F. Rorke, D.,	620		William P. McMonagle, D.,	5,611
William F. Rorke, W.,	1		John J. Finnerty, S.,	371
			Bernett Kerman, S.,	289
John R. K. Scott, R.,	792		W. A. Robinson, S.,	286
William T. Connor, D.,	720		I. M. Doran, P.,	178
William T. Connor, S.,	69		Frank Gray, P.,	306
William T. Connor, W.,	2		Frank Gray, W.,	146
			Frank Gray, T. M.,	57
	7,480			509
	6,796		I. W. Hucksins, P.,	162
Thomas S. Hewitt, S.,	76		J. J. Kelly, T. M.,	82
9th Dist.—			Joseph B. Chamberslain, S. T.,	30
Herman Dilsheimer, Sr., R.,	2,353		Frederick E. Mayer, S. T.,	21
E. Abrams, P.,	7		Thomas J. Wilson, S. T.,	28
10th Dist.—				
William J. Brady, R.,	3,363			
William J. Brady, F. P.,	126			
	3,489			
Alexander Colville, R.,	2,823			
Alexander Colville, F. P.,	61			
Alexander Colville, T. M.,	8			
	2,892			
William J. Henry, D.,	1,256			

SNYDER COUNTY.

John I. Woodruff, R.,	1,655	G. W. Knight, D.,	757
John I. Woodruff, S.,	20		
	<u>1,675</u>		

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Paul D. Clutton, R.,	5,915	John P. Statler, R.,	5,751
Paul D. Clutton, D.,	1,452	John P. Statler, P.,	304
Paul D. Clutton, P.,	276		
	<u>7,643</u>	Peter W. Levy, D.,	6,055
		Eber K. Cockley, S.,	1,553
		Herman G. Lepley, S.,	258
			<u>254</u>

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Frank Horton Ingham, R., .	582	G. Eugene Bown, P.,	486
Frank Horton Ingham, D., .	469	Scattering,	2
	<u>1,051</u>		

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

Allan D. Miller, R.,	2,735	Elmer J. Whitney, D.,	1,607
Allan D. Miller, P.,	185	Scattering,	1
	<u>2,920</u>		

TIOGA COUNTY.

Frank E. Snyder, R.,	3,681	George W. Williams, R., ...	3,631
Frank E. Snyder, D.,	639	George W. Williams, D., ...	637
Frank E. Snyder, S.,	24	George W. Williams, P., ...	176
Frank E. Snyder, P.,	181		
	<u>4,525</u>		<u>4,444</u>

UNION COUNTY.

Harry Miller Showalter, R.,.	1,703	Frank Allen, D.,	850
Harry Miller Showalter, P.,.	116	J. I. Nuse, S.,	16
Harry Miller Showalter, W.,.	16	Scattering,	1
	<u>1,835</u>		

VENANGO COUNTY.

Joseph T. Foster, R.,	3,225	Frank V. Mallery, R.,	3,562
Joseph T. Foster, D.,	1,440	Frank V. Mallery, P.,	750
Joseph T. Foster, P.,	582		
	<u>5,247</u>	Custer W. Ross, S.,	4,052
		George F. Rowland, S.,	211
			<u>180</u>

WARREN COUNTY.

Williston P. Wood, R.,	3,162	James W. Neilly, D.,	1,202
Williston P. Wood, W.,	36	James W. Neilly, P.,	558
	<u>3,198</u>	A. W. Reeves, S.,	1,760
			<u>142</u>

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

David M. Curran, R.,	8,013	Charles C. Hughes, S.,	341
J. Add Sprowls, R.,	8,031	Walter Wallace, S.,	325
George T. Walker, R.,	8,549	William Caldwell, P.,	400
Cornelius Carson, D.,	4,760	C. L. McKee, P.,	449
J. W. Manon, D.,	4,743	J. L. Milligan, P.,	290
George R. Norris, D.,	3,875	Scattering,	16
Harry Delbarre, S.,	349		

WAYNE COUNTY.

Edward E. Kinsman, R.,	2,297	P. J. Keary, D.,	1,222
Edward E. Kinsman, P.,	310		
Edward E. Kinsman, W.,	22		
	<u>2,629</u>		

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		2d Dist.—	
John B. Coldsmith, R.,...	3,028	Benjamin F. Bungard, R.,	7,645
John B. Coldsmith, P.,...	116	Benjamin F. Bungard, P.,	609
	<u>3,144</u>		<u>8,254</u>
Thomas M. Whiteman, R.,	2,910	Howard W. Day, R., ...	7,891
Thomas M. Whiteman, P.,	121	Howard W. Day, P., ...	627
	<u>3,031</u>		<u>8,518</u>
George B. Bryson, D., ..	2,256	J. Grant McGeary, R.,..	7,515
George B. Bryson, F. P.,	118	J. Grant McGeary, P.,..	621
	<u>2,374</u>		<u>8,136</u>
C. A. Sherrick, D.,	2,085	Harry I. Arnold, D.,	5,945
C. A. Sherrick, F. P., ..	131	Sam E. Patterson, D.,	5,839
	<u>2,216</u>	David R. Shepler, D.,	6,185
Charles Cunningham, S.,	196	Harry Eckard, S.,	850
Francis Uncapher, S.,	163	E. S. Miller, S.,	842
		W. H. Temme, S.,	764

WYOMING COUNTY.

Oscar D. Stark, R.,	1,232
Oscar D. Stark, D.,	584
	<u>1,816</u>

YORK COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		3d Dist.—	
Robert S. Spangler, R.,..	3,702	Thomas E. Brooks, R.,	2,631
Robert S. Spangler, P.,..	191	Thomas E. Brooks, W.,	15
	<u>3,893</u>		<u>2,646</u>
Oscar O. Ettline, D.,	3,125	J. M. Flinchbaugh, D.,..	2,263
H. Ellsworth Myers, S.,	223	J. M. Flinchbaugh, P.,..	97
Scattering,	2		<u>2,360</u>
2d Dist.—		John Tome, S.,	34
Calvin E. Cook, R.,	2,793	4th Dist.—	
Calvin E. Cook, W.,	5	Harry A. Bechtold, R.,..	2,082
	<u>2,798</u>	Harry A. Bechtold, W.,..	3
John L. May, D.,	1,774		<u>2,085</u>
H. Ellsworth Myers, S.,	34	Henry E. Lanius, D., ..	3,563
W. J. Gemmill, P.,	141	Henry E. Lanius, P., ..	138
			<u>3,701</u>
		Mervin Spangler, S.,	97

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, 1919.

PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE, JUDICIAL AND DIPLOMATIC OFFICERS.

THE EXECUTIVE.

President—WOODROW WILSON, New Jersey,	Salary.
Secretary to the President—JOSEPH P. TUMULTY, New Jersey,	\$75,000
Vice-President—THOMAS RILEY MARSHALL, Indiana,	7,500
	12,000

THE CABINET.*

Secretary of State—ROBERT LANSING, New York,	12,000
Secretary of the Treasury—CARTER GLASS, Virginia,	12,000
Secretary of War—NEWTON DIEHL BAKER, Ohio,	12,000
Attorney-General—A. MITCHELL PALMER, Pennsylvania,	12,000
Postmaster General—ALBERT SIDNEY BURLESON, Texas,	12,000
Secretary of the Navy—JOSEPHUS DANIELS, North Carolina,	12,000
Secretary of the Interior—FRANKLIN KNIGHT LANE, California,	12,000
Secretary of Agriculture—DAVID FRANKLIN HOUSTON, Missouri,	12,000
Secretary of Commerce—JOSHUA WILLIS ALEXANDER, Missouri,	12,000
Secretary of Labor—WILLIAM BAUCHOP WILSON, Pennsylvania,	12,000

PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENT OFFICERS.

Department of State.

Undersecretary—Frank L. Polk, New York,	7,500
Assistant Secretary—William Phillips, Massachusetts,	5,000
Second Assistant Secretary—Alvey A. Adee, District of Columbia,	4,500
Third Assistant Secretary—Breckinridge Long, Missouri,	4,500
Director of the Consular Service—Wilbur J. Carr, New York,	4,500
Chief Clerk—Ben G. Davis, Nebraska,	3,000
Solicitor—Lester H. Woolsey New York,	5,000
Foreign Trade Adviser—Julius G. Lay (Consular Service—Acting Adviser), District of Columbia,	8,000
Chief, War Board Section—Lawrence Bennett, New York,	5,000
Chief, Bureau of Accounts and Disbursing Clerk—William McNeir, Michigan,	2,300
Chief, Bureau of Appointments—Miles M. Shand, New Jersey,	2,250
Chief, Consular Bureau—Herbert C. Hengstler (Acting), Ohio,	3,000
Chief, Bureau of Correspondence—Margaret M. Hanna,	2,250
Chief, Diplomatic Bureau—Sydney Y. Smith, District of Columbia,	3,000
Chief, Bureau of Indexes and Archives—David A. Salmon (Acting), Connecticut,	2,100
Chief, Bureau of Rolls and Library—John A. Tonner, Ohio,	4,500
Chief, Division of Far Eastern Affairs—John VanA. MacMurray, District of Columbia,	2,000
Chief, Division of Latin American Affairs—Hallett Johnson (Diplomatic Service, Acting), New Jersey,	3,000
Chief, Division of Passport Control—Richard W. Flournoy, Jr. (Acting), Maryland,	2,000
Chief, Division of Western European Affairs—Albert B. Ruddock (Diplomatic Service Acting), Illinois,	4,500
Chief, Division of Foreign Intelligence—Philip H. Patchin, Iowa,	4,500
Chief, Division of Mexican Affairs—(Vacancy),	3,000
Chief, Division of Near Eastern Affairs—Albert H. Putney (Consular Service, Acting), Illinois,	4,500
Chief, Division of Russian Affairs—Basil Niles, Pennsylvania,	2,000
Private Secretary to the Secretary—Alexander C. Kirk, Illinois,	

Treasury Department.

Assistant Secretary in charge of customs—Norman H. Davis, Tennessee,	5,000
Assistant Secretary in charge of public buildings and miscellaneous—James H. Moyle, Utah,	5,000
Assistant Secretary in charge of fiscal bureaus—Russell C. Leffingwell, New York,	5,000
Assistant Secretary in charge of Bureaus of Internal Revenue and War Risk Insurance—Jouett Shouse, Kansas,	5,000
Assistant Secretary in charge of Foreign Loan Bureau—Albert Rathbone, Virginia,	5,000
Assistant to the Secretary—George R. Cooksey, District of Columbia,	4,000
Chief Clerk—Paul F. Myers, New Jersey,	2,500
Assistant Superintendent—E. H. Jemison, Delaware,	3,000
Chief, Division of Appointments—James E. Harper, South Carolina,	4,000
Chief, Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants—Charles H. Miller, Massachusetts,	3,000
Chief, Division of Public Moneys—Harry P. Huddleson, Indiana,	4,000
Chief, Division of Customs—George W. Ashworth, Maryland,	2,500
Chief, Division of Printing and Stationery—Frederick F. Weston, Iowa,	3,500
Chief, Division of Loans and Currency—Charles N. McGroarty, Alabama,	2,500
Chief, Division of Mail and Files—S. M. Gaines, Kentucky,	5,000
Coast Guard—Captain Commandant—William P. Reynolds, California,	\$12 per diem
Special Agent—Joseph W. Wheatley, District of Columbia,	5,000
Solicitor of the Treasury—Lawrence Becker, Indiana,	5,000
Supervising Architect—James A. Wetmore (Acting), New York,	6,000
Director, Bureau of Engraving and Printing—James L. Wilmeth, Arkansas,	4,000
Chief of Secret Service Division—W. H. Moran, District of Columbia,	6,000
Comptroller of the Treasury—Walter W. Warwick, Ohio,	4,500
Assistant Comptroller—Charles M. Foree, Kentucky,	4,000
Register of Treasury—William S. Elliott, Georgia,	4,000
Auditor for Treasury Department—Samuel Patterson, Nebraska,	

*Arranged in the order of succession named in the Presidential Succession Act of January 19, 1886, but the Secretaries of Agriculture, of Commerce and of Labor are not included in said Act, as their departments were made executive departments and the Secretaries cabinet officers after the passage of the Succession Act.

	Salary.
Auditor for War Department—James L. Baity, Missouri,	\$4,000
Auditor for Interior Department—David C. Reay, West Virginia,	4,000
Auditor for Navy Department—Edward Luckow, Wisconsin,	4,000
Auditor for State and other Departments—Edward D. Hearne, Delaware,	4,000
Auditor for Post Office Department—Charles A. Kram, Pennsylvania,	5,000
Treasurer of the United States—John Burke, North Dakota,	8,000
Assistant Treasurer—Robert G. Hand, Mississippi,	3,600
Superintendent, National Bank Redemption Agency—Edwin W. Wilson, Maryland,	3,500
Comptroller of Currency—John Skelton Williams, Virginia,	5,000
Commissioner of Internal Revenue—Daniel C. Roper, South Carolina,	6,500
Solicitor of Internal Revenue—Arthur A. Ballantine, Massachusetts,	5,000
Director of the Mint—Raymond T. Baker, Nevada,	5,000
Surgeon General Public Health Service—Rupert Blue, South Carolina,	6,000
Director, Bureau of War Risks—R. G. Cholmeley-Jones, New York,	5,000

War Department.

Assistant Secretary—Benedict Crowell, Ohio,	5,000
Assistant and Chief Clerk—John C. Scofield, Georgia,	4,000
Private Secretary to Secretary of War—Ralph A. Hayes, Ohio,	2,500
Chief of Staff—General Peyton C. March, Pennsylvania,	10,000
The Adjutant General—Major General Peter C. Harris, Georgia,	8,000
Judge Advocate General—Major General Enoch H. Crowder, Missouri,	8,000
Inspector General—Major General John L. Chamberlain, New York,	8,000
Quartermaster General—Major General Harry L. Rogers, Michigan,	8,000
Surgeon General—Major General Merritte W. Ireland, Indiana,	8,000
Chief of Engineers—(Vacancy),	8,000
Chief of Ordnance—Major General Clarence C. Williams, Georgia,	8,000
Chief of Bureau of Insular Affairs—Major General Frank McIntyre, Alabama,	8,000
Chief Signal Officer—Major General George O. Squier, Michigan,	8,000
Chief of Coast Artillery—Major General Frank W. Coe, Kansas,	8,000
Chief of Field Artillery—Major General William J. Snow, New Jersey,	8,000
Chief of Militia Bureau—Major General Jesse McCl. Carter, Missouri,	8,000
Director of Air Service—Major General Charles T. Menoher, Pennsylvania,	8,000

Department of Justice.

Solicitor-General—Alexander C. King, Georgia,	10,000
Assistant to the Attorney General—C. B. Ames, Oklahoma,	9,000
Assistant Attorney General—Bert Hanson, New York (in Customs Division, New York City),	8,000
Assistant Attorney General—William L. Frierson, Tennessee,	7,500
Assistant Attorney General—Frank Davis, Jr., Ohio,	7,500
Assistant Attorney General—Frank K. Nebeker, Utah,	7,500
Assistant Attorney General—Robert P. Stewart, South Dakota,	7,500
Assistant Attorney General—Thomas J. Spellacy, Connecticut,	7,500
Assistant Attorney General—(Vacancy),	7,500
Solicitor for the Interior Department—Charles D. Mahaffie, Oregon,	5,000
Solicitor for the Post Office Department—William H. Lamar, Maryland,	5,000
Solicitor for the Department of State—Lester Hood Woolsey, New York,	5,000
Solicitor of the Treasury—Lawrence Becker, Indiana,	5,000
Solicitor of the Department of Commerce—(Vacancy),	5,000
Solicitor of the Department of Labor—John W. Abercrombie, Alabama,	5,000
Solicitor of Internal Revenue—Robert N. Miller, Kentucky,	5,000
Attorney in charge of Titles—Charles S. Lawrence, Tennessee,	3,500
Attorney in charge of Pardons—James A. Finch, New York,	3,600
Chief Clerk and General Administration Agent—Charles E. Stewart, Alabama,	4,000
Private Secretary and Assistant to the Attorney General—Robert T. Scott, Virginia,	3,600
Superintendent of Prisons—Denver S. Dickerson, Nevada,	4,000
Appointment Clerk—Charles B. Sornborger, Vermont,	2,000
Disbursing Clerk—James H. Mackey, Colorado,	2,500
Director, Bureau of Investigation—William J. Flynn, New York,	7,500
Chief, Bureau of Investigation—Frank Burke, New York,	4,000
Attorney in charge of Land Litigation, D. C.—Henry H. Glassie, Maryland,	5,000

Post Office Department.

First Assistant Postmaster General—John C. Koons, Maryland,	5,000
Second Assistant Postmaster General—Otto Praeger, Texas,	5,000
Third Assistant Postmaster General—Alexander M. Dockery, Missouri,	5,000
Fourth Assistant Postmaster General—James I. Blakslee, Pennsylvania,	5,000
Chief Clerk, Post Office Department—Ruskin Mardle, Texas,	4,000
Private Secretary to the Postmaster General—Robert E. Cowart, Texas,	2,500
Solicitor for Post Office Department—William H. Lamar, Maryland,	5,000
Senior Assistant Attorney—Horace J. Donnelly, District of Columbia,	2,750
Purchasing Agent—James A. Edgerton, New Jersey,	4,000
Chief Inspector—George M. Sutton, Missouri,	4,000
Appointment Clerk—Robert S. Regar, Pennsylvania,	2,000
Disbursing Clerk—William M. Mooney, Ohio,	2,250
Superintendent, Division of Postmasters Appointments—Charles R. Hodges, Texas,	3,000
Superintendent, Division of Post Office Service—Goodwin D. Ellsworth, North Carolina,	4,000
Assistant Superintendent, Division of Post Office Service—William S. Ryan, New York,	3,000
Superintendent, Division of Dead Letters—Marvin M. McLean, Texas,	2,500
Superintendent, Division of Rural Mails—George L. Wood, Maryland,	3,000
Superintendent, Division of Equipment and Supplies—J. King Pickett, Alabama,	3,000
Director, Postal Savings System—Carter B. Keene, Maine,	4,800
General Superintendent, Division of Railway Mail Service—William I. Denning, Georgia,	4,000
Superintendent, Division of Foreign Mails—Robert L. Maddox, Kentucky,	3,000
Superintendent, Division of Railway Adjustments—James B. Corridon, District of Columbia,	3,000
Superintendent, Division of Finance—William B. Buffington, Pennsylvania,	2,250
Superintendent, Division of Stamps—William C. Flitch, New York,	2,750
Superintendent, Division of Money Orders—Charles E. Matthews, Oklahoma,	2,750
Superintendent, Division of Registered Mails—Leighton V. B. Marschall, Kentucky,	2,500
Superintendent, Division of Classification—William C. Wood, Kansas,	2,750

Navy Department.

	Salary.
Assistant Secretary—Franklin D. Roosevelt, New York,	\$5,000
Chief Clerk—Frank S. Curtis, Ohio,	3,000
Chief of Naval Operations—Admiral Robert E. Coontz, Missouri,	10,900
Chief, Bureau of Navigation—Rear Admiral Thomas Washington, North Carolina,	8,000
Chief, Bureau of Yards and Docks—Rear Admiral Charles W. Parks, Massachusetts,	8,000
Chief, Bureau of Ordnance—Rear Admiral Ralph Earle, Massachusetts,	8,000
Chief, Bureau of Construction and Repair—Rear Admiral David W. Taylor, Virginia,	8,000
Chief, Bureau of Steam Engineering—Rear Admiral Roberts S. Griffin, Virginia,	8,000
Chief, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts—Rear Admiral Samuel McGowan, South Carolina,	8,000
Chief, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery—Rear Admiral William C. Braisted, Michigan,	8,000
Judge Advocate General—Rear Admiral George R. Clark, Ohio,	8,000
Solicitor—Graham Egerlon, Tennessee,	4,000
Director of Naval Intelligence—Rear Admiral Albert P. Niblack, Indiana,	8,000
Hydrographer—Rear Admiral Edward Simpson, District of Columbia,	6,000
Commandant of the Marine Corps—Major General George Barnett, Wisconsin,	8,000

Department of the Interior.

First Assistant Secretary—Alexander T. Vogelsang, California,	5,000
Assistant Secretary—Selden G. Hopkins, Wyoming,	4,500
Solicitor for the Department—Charles D. Mahaffie, Oregon,	5,000
Assistant to the Secretary—John W. Hallowell, Massachusetts,	2,750
Special Assistant to the Secretary—Herbert Kaufman, New York,	\$1.00 per year
Administrative Assistant to the Secretary—Joseph J. Cotter, District of Columbia, ..	3,600
Chief Clerk of the Department—Ezekiel J. Ayers, New Jersey,	4,000
Private Secretary to the Secretary of the Interior—Ralph Evans, Massachusetts,	2,500
Commissioner of General Land Office—Clay Tallman, Nevada,	5,000
Commissioner of Indian Affairs—Cato Sells, Texas,	5,000
Commissioner, Bureau of Pensions—(Vacancy),	5,000
Commissioner of Patents—James T. Newton, Georgia,	5,000
Commissioner, Bureau of Education—Philander P. Claxton, Tennessee,	5,000
Director of the Geological Survey—George Otis Smith, Maine,	6,000
Director and Chief Engineer of the Reclamation Service—Arthur P. Davis, Kansas,	7,500
Director of the Bureau of Mines—Vannoy H. Manning, Mississippi,	6,000
Director, National Park Service—Stephen T. Mather, Illinois,	4,500
Chairman and Chief Engineer of Alaskan Engineering Commission—Colonel Frederick Mears, U. S. Army,	15,000

Department of Agriculture.

Assistant Secretary—James R. Riggs, Indiana,	5,000
Assistant to the Secretary—Floyd R. Harrison, Virginia,	3,600
Assistant to the Secretary—Alonzo E. Taylor, Colorado,	2,750
Private Secretary to the Secretary—Harrison F. Fitts, New York,	2,500
Chief Clerk—Robert M. Reese, District of Columbia,	3,500
Appointment Clerk—Percy L. Gladmon, District of Columbia,	2,000
Chief, Office of Farm Management—Henry C. Taylor, Wisconsin,	5,000
Solicitor—William M. Williams, Alabama,	5,000
Chief, Weather Bureau—Charles F. Marvin, Ohio,	5,000
Assistant Chief, Weather Bureau—Charles C. Clark, Pennsylvania,	3,250
Chief, Bureau of Animal Industry—John R. Molter, Pennsylvania,	5,000
Chief, Bureau of Plant Industry—William A. Taylor, Michigan,	5,000
Associate Chief, Bureau of Plant Industry—Karl F. Kellerman, Ohio,	4,500
Forester, Forest Service—Henry S. Graves, Connecticut,	5,000
Associate Forester—Albert F. Potter, Arizona,	4,500
Chief, Bureau of Chemistry—Carl L. Alsberg, Massachusetts,	5,000
Assistant Chief—Walter G. Campbell, Kentucky,	4,500
Chief, Bureau of Soils—Milton Whitney, Maryland,	4,000
Chief, Bureau of Crop Estimates—Leon M. Estabrook, Texas,	4,000
Assistant Chief, Bureau of Crop Estimates—Nat C. Murray, Ohio,	3,750
Chief, Bureau of Entomology—Leland O. Howard, New York,	5,000
Assistant Chief, Bureau of Entomology—Charles L. Marlatt, Kansas,	4,500
Chief, Biological Survey—E. W. Nelson, Arizona,	4,000
Assistant Chief, Biological Survey—Walter C. Henderson, Montana,	3,600
Chief, Division of Accounts and Disbursements—Almerico Zappone, District of Columbia, ..	4,000
Director, States Relation Service—Alfred C. True, Connecticut,	4,500
Chief, Bureau of Public Roads—Thomas H. MacDonald, Iowa,	6,000
Acting Chief, Bureau of Markets—George Livingston, Ohio,	4,000
Assistant Chief, Bureau of Markets—Herbert C. Marshall, New York,	4,000
Librarian—Miss Claribel R. Barnett, New York,	2,000

Department of Commerce.

Assistant Secretary of Commerce—Edwin F. Sweet, Michigan,	5,000
Private Secretary to Secretary—Victor L. Lowe, District of Columbia,	2,500
Assistant to Secretary—George R. Dickson, District of Columbia,	2,750
Private Secretary to Assistant Secretary—Alfred E. Wild, Jr., District of Columbia, ..	2,100
Confidential Clerk to Secretary—Naomi Eaton, Missouri,	1,800
Chief Clerk and Superintendent—E. W. Libbey, District of Columbia,	3,000
Disbursing Clerk—Charles E. Molster, Ohio,	3,000
Chief of Appointment Division—Clifford Hastings, Washington,	2,500
Chief, Division of Publications—Thomas F. McKeon, New York,	2,500
Chief, Division of Supplies—Francis M. Shore, Ohio,	2,100
Director of Census—Sam L. Rogers, North Carolina,	7,500
Director, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce—Philip B. Kennedy, New York, ..	6,000
Director, Bureau of Standards—S. W. Stratton, Illinois,	6,000

	Salary.
Commissioner, Bureau of Fisheries—Hugh M. Smith, District of Columbia,	\$6,000
Commissioner, Bureau of Lighthouses—George R. Putnam, Iowa,	5,000
Superintendent, Coast and Geodetic Survey—E. Lester Jones, Virginia,	6,000
Commissioner, Bureau of Navigation—E. T. Chamberlain, New York,	4,000
Supervising Inspector General, Steamboat-Inspection Service—George Uhler, Pennsylvania,	5,000

Department of Labor.

Assistant Secretary—Louis F. Post, Illinois,	5,000
Solicitor—John W. Abercrombie, Alabama,	5,000
Chief Clerk—Samuel J. Gompers, New York,	3,000
Disbursing Clerk—George W. Love, Illinois,	3,000
Commissioner General of Immigration—Anthony Caminetti, California,	5,000
Chief, Division of Information, Bureau of Immigration—Terrence V. Powderly, Pennsylvania,	3,500
Commissioner of Naturalization—Richard K. Campbell, Virginia,	4,000
Commissioner of Labor Statistics—Royal Meeker, New Jersey,	5,000
Chief, Children's Bureau—Miss Julia C. Lathrop, Illinois,	5,000
Director of Industrial Housing and Transportation—LeRoy K. Sherman, Illinois,	7,000
Director of Conciliation—Hugh L. Kervin, Pennsylvania,	5,000
Director of Employment—John B. Densmore, Montana,	6,000
Director, Women's Bureau—Miss Mary Anderson, Illinois,	5,000

The Library of Congress.

Librarian of Congress—Herbert Putnam,	6,500
Chief Assistant Librarian—Appleton Prentiss Clark Griffin,	4,000
Chief Clerk—Allen Richards Boyd,	2,500
Secretary—Jessica Louise Farnum,	1,800
Superintendent of Reading Room—Frederick W. Ashley,	3,000
Chief of Division of Bibliography—Hermann Henry Bernard Meyer,	3,000
Chief of Card Division—Charles Harris Hastings,	3,000
Chief of Catalogue Division—Charles Martel,	3,000
Chief Classifier—Clarence W. Perley,	2,000
Chief of Division of Documents—Henry J. Harris,	3,000
Chief of Division of Manuscripts—Charles Moore (in charge),	3,000
Chief of Division of Maps and Charts—Philip Lee Phillips,	3,000
Chief of Music Division—Walter R. Whittlesey (in charge),	3,000
Chief of Order Division—William Adams Slade (in charge),	2,500
Chief of Periodical Division—Yale Oldknow Millington (in charge),	2,000
Chief of Division of Prints—Richard Austin Rice (Acting),	2,000
Law Librarian—Gilbert Hirsch,	1,000
Semitic Division—Israel Schapiro (in charge),	1,500
Register of Copyrights—Thorvald Solberg,	4,000
Assistant Register of Copyrights—Arthur Crisfield,	3,000
Superintendent of Library Building and Grounds—Frank L. Averill,	3,600
Chief Clerk of Library Building and Grounds—Wade H. Rabbitt,	2,000

Government Printing Office.

Public Printer—Cornelius Ford, New Jersey,	6,000
Deputy Public Printer—Daniel V. Chisholm, South Carolina,	4,500
Chief Clerk—John L. Alverson, Kentucky,	2,750
Private Secretary—Joseph P. O'Lone, New Jersey,	2,500
Purchasing Agent—Edward S. Moores, Wisconsin,	3,600
Superintendent of Work—T. Frank Morgan, Virginia,	3,600
Accountant—Russell O. Beene, Tennessee,	2,500
Superintendent of Documents—Josiah H. Brinker, Mississippi,	3,500

Interstate Commerce Commission.

Commissioner—Chairman, Clyde B. Aitchison, Oregon,	10,000
Commissioner—Edgar E. Clark, Iowa,	10,000
Commissioner—Charles C. McChord, Kentucky,	10,000
Commissioner—Balthasar H. Meyer, Wisconsin,	10,000
Commissioner—Henry C. Hall, Colorado,	10,000
Commissioner—Winthrop M. Daniels, New Jersey,	10,000
Commissioner—Robert W. Woolley, Virginia,	10,000
Commissioner—Joseph B. Eastman, Massachusetts,	10,000
Secretary—George B. McGinty, Georgia,	5,000
Assistant Secretary—Alfred Holmead, District of Columbia,	3,600
Assistant to the Secretary—Thomas A. Gillis, Pennsylvania,	2,640
Chief Clerk and Purchasing Agent—William M. Lockwood, District of Columbia,	3,000

United States Civil Service Commission.

Commissioner—President, Martin A. Morrison, Indiana,	5,000
Commissioner—George R. Wales, Vermont,	5,000
Commissioner—(Vacancy),	5,000
Chief Examiner—(Vacancy),	3,500
Secretary—John T. Doyle, Virginia,	2,500

The Panama Canal, Washington Office.

General Purchasing Officer and Chief of Office—A. L. Flint, Ohio,	4,620
Chief Clerk, Purchasing Department—E. D. Anderson, Missouri,	4,000
Assistant to the Chief of Office—Ray L. Smith, Illinois,	3,200
Assistant Auditor—Benjamin F. Harrah, Illinois,	4,000
Inspecting Engineer—W. A. E. Doying, New York,	4,400
Appointment Clerk—E. E. Weise, Wisconsin,	2,400

The Panama Canal, on the Isthmus.

	Salary.
Governor—Colonel Chester Harding, U. S. Army, Alabama,	\$10,000
Engineer of Maintenance—Lieutenant Colonel J. J. Morrow, U. S. Army, Pennsylvania,	7,500
Chief Quartermaster—R. K. Morris, Missouri,	7,000
Auditor—Homer A. A. Smith, Colorado,	7,000
Chief Health Officer—Colonel H. C. Fisher, M. C., U. S. Army, District of Columbia,	7,000
Executive Secretary—Cloyd A. McIlvaine, Ohio,	6,000

FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD.

The Federal Reserve Board was created by an Act of Congress approved December 23, 1913. Under this Act twelve cities known as Federal Reserve Cities are established, and the (continental) United States is divided into twelve geographical districts, each district containing one of the reserve cities. The twelve districts and their respective reserve cities are, as follows:

District No. 1. Boston, Massachusetts.	District No. 7. Chicago, Illinois.
District No. 2. New York, New York.	District No. 8. St. Louis, Missouri.
District No. 3. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.	District No. 9. Minneapolis, Minnesota.
District No. 4. Cleveland, Ohio.	District No. 10. Kansas City, Missouri.
District No. 5. Richmond, Virginia.	District No. 11. Dallas, Texas.
District No. 6. Atlanta, Georgia.	District No. 12. San Francisco, California.

	Expiration of Commission.	Salary.
Governor—W. P. G. Harding, Birmingham, Alabama,	Aug. 10, 1922	\$12,000
Vice-Governor—Albert Strauss, New York, New York,	Oct. 26, 1928	12,000
Adolph Caspar Miller, Berkeley, California,	Aug. 10, 1924	12,000
Charles S. Hamlin, Boston, Massachusetts,	Aug. 10, 1926	12,000
Henry A. Moehlenpah, Wisconsin,	Aug. 10, 1920	12,000
Carter Glass, Secretary of the Treasury, member ex-officio,		
John Skelton Williams, Comptroller of the Currency, member ex-officio,		\$7,000
Secretary—W. T. Chapman,		6,000
Assistant Secretary—R. G. Emerson,		3,600
General Counsel—George L. Harrison, Washington, District of Columbia,		8,500
Fiscal Agent—William M. Imlay,		4,000

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF PHILADELPHIA.

Richard L. Austin, Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent.

Henry B. Thompson, Deputy Chairman.

Arthur E. Post, Assistant Federal Reserve Agent.

E. Pusey Passmore, Governor.

Edwin S. Stuart, Deputy Governor.

William H. Hutt, Deputy Governor.

William A. Dyer, Cashier.

Thomas Gamon, Jr., Assistant Cashier.

C. A. Mollenherry, Assistant Cashier.

W. J. Davis, Assistant Cashier.

James M. Toy, Assistant Cashier.

R. M. Miller, Jr., Assistant Cashier.

Frank W. Labold, Assistant Cashier.

Board of Directors.

Class.	Name.	Residence.	Term Expires.	Group.
A	Joseph Wayne, Jr., ---	Philadelphia, -----	Dec. 31, 1920	1
	Francis Douglas, ---	Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, -----	Dec. 31, 1921	2
	M. J. Murphy, -----	Clarks Green, Lackawanna County, -----	Dec. 31, 1919	3
B	Alba B. Johnson, ---	Philadelphia, -----	Dec. 31, 1919	1
	Edwin S. Stuart, ---	Philadelphia, -----	Dec. 31, 1920	2
	Charles K. Haddon, ---	Camden, New Jersey, -----	Dec. 31, 1921	3
C	Henry B. Thompson, ---	Wilmington, Delaware, -----	Dec. 31, 1919	--
	Richard L. Austin, ---	Philadelphia, -----	Dec. 31, 1920	--
	Charles C. Harrison, ---	Philadelphia, -----	Dec. 31, 1921	--

FEDERAL FARM LOAN BUREAU.

The Federal Farm Loan Bureau was created by an Act of Congress approved July 17, 1916. Under this Act twelve cities known as Federal Land Bank Cities are established, and the (continental) United States, excluding Alaska, is divided into twelve districts, each district containing one of the Federal Land Bank Cities. The twelve districts and their respective Federal Land Bank Cities are, as follows:

District No. 1—Springfield, Massachusetts.	District No. 7—Saint Paul, Minnesota.
District No. 2—Baltimore, Maryland.	District No. 8—Omaha, Nebraska.
District No. 3—Columbia, South Carolina.	District No. 9—Wichita, Kansas.
District No. 4—Louisville, Kentucky.	District No. 10—Houston, Texas.
District No. 5—New Orleans, Louisiana.	District No. 11—Berkeley, California.
District No. 6—Saint Louis, Missouri.	District No. 12—Spokane, Washington.

FEDERAL FARM LOAN BOARD.

	Expiration of Commission.	Salary.
Chairman—Carter Glass, Secretary of the Treasury, Virginia, .....	.....	.....
Farm Loan Commissioner and Executive Officer—George W. Norris, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania,	1920	\$10,000
Asbury F. Lever, Lexington, South Carolina,	1924	10,000
W. S. A. Smith, Sioux City, Iowa,	1922	10,000
Charles E. Lobdell, Great Bend, Kansas,	1926	10,000
Secretary—William W. Flannagan, Montclair, New Jersey, .....	.....	4,500

†Less pay of rank.

‡In addition to \$5,000 as Comptroller of Currency.

JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

The court holds annual sessions at Washington, commencing on the first Monday in October.

	Appointed from.	Commission.	Salary.
Chief Justice—Edward D. White,	Louisiana,	Dec. 12, 1910,	\$15,000
Justice—Joseph McKenna,	California,	Jan. 21, 1898,	14,500
Justice—Oliver Wendell Holmes,	Massachusetts,	Dec. 4, 1902,	14,500
Justice—William R. Day,	Ohio,	Feb. 24, 1903,	14,500
Justice—Willis VanDevanter,	Wyoming,	Dec. 16, 1910,	14,500
Justice—Mashon Pitney,	New Jersey,	Mar. 13, 1912,	14,500
Justice—James C. McReynolds,	Tennessee,	Aug. 20, 1914,	14,500
Justice—Louis D. Brandeis,	Massachusetts,	June 1, 1916,	14,500
Justice—John H. Clarke,	Ohio,	Aug. 1, 1918,	14,500
Clerk—James D. Maher,	District of Columbia,	Oct. 20, 1913,	6,000
Marshal—Frank K. Green,	District of Columbia,	Jan. 5, 1915,	4,500
Reporter—Ernest Knaebel,	Colorado,	Oct. 31, 1913,	5,700

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

Chief Justice—Edward K. Campbell, Alabama,	8,000
Judge—Fenton W. Booth, Illinois,	7,500
Judge—George E. Dowley, Indiana,	7,500
Judge—James Hay, Virginia,	7,500
Judge—Samuel J. Graham, Pennsylvania,	7,500
Chief Clerk—(Vacancy),	3,500
Assistant Clerk—Fred C. Kleinschmidt, District of Columbia,	2,500
Auditors—Marvin Farrington, Colorado,	3,600
Charles F. Kincheloe,	3,400
Walter H. Mohling,	2,000

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.

Third Circuit—Meeting at Philadelphia.

Associate Justice—Maiden Pitney, Morristown, New Jersey,	8,500
Judge—Joseph Burlington, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania,	8,500
Judge—Victor B. Woolley, Wilmington, Delaware,	8,500
Judge—Thomas G. Haight, Jersey City, New Jersey,	8,500
Clerk—Saunders Lewis, Jr., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania,	3,500

UNITED STATES COURT OF CUSTOMS APPEALS.

Presiding Judge—Robert M. Montgomery, Michigan,	8,500
Judge—James F. Smith, California,	8,500
Judge—Orion M. Barber, Vermont,	8,500
Judge—Marion DeVries, California,	8,500
Judge—George E. Martin, Ohio,	8,500
Clerk—Arthur B. Shelton, Maryland,	3,500
Assistant Clerk—Charles M. Ayer, Michigan,	2,000
Marshal—Frank H. Briggs, Maine,	3,000
Reporter—Alex. H. Clark, Alabama,	2,500

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Eastern District.

The district is composed of the counties of Berks, Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Lancaster, Lehigh, Montgomery, Northampton, Philadelphia and Schuylkill.

Sessions are held at Philadelphia. Jury trials in criminal causes commence on the second Monday in March, June, December, and third Monday in September; civil causes on the second Monday in February, April, October and November.

Judges—J. Whitaker Thompson, Bryn Mawr, Montgomery County, appointed June 5, 1912,	6,000
Oliver B. Dickinson, Chester, Delaware County, appointed March 31, 1914, ..	6,000
United States Attorney—Francis Fisher Kane, Philadelphia,	6,000
Assistant United States Attorneys—Edward S. Kremp, Reading, Berks County, ...	3,600
Webster S. Achey, Doylestown, Bucks County,	2,500
Special Assistant United States Attorneys—Robert J. Sterrett, Philadelphia,	4,000
T. Henry Walnut, Philadelphia,	3,500
Ernest Harvey, Philadelphia,	3,250
Todd Daniel, Philadelphia, .....	.....
Charles F. DaCosta, Philadelphia,	\$1.00 per year
Marshal—Frank J. Noonan, Mahanoy City, Schuylkill County,	4,000
Clerk—George Brodbeck, Philadelphia,	Fees.

Middle District.

The District is composed of the Counties of Adams, Bradford, Cameron, Carbon, Centre, Clinton, Columbia, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lackawanna, Lebanon, Luzerne, Lycoming, Mifflin, Monroe, Montour, Northumberland, Perry, Pike, Potter, Snyder, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Tioga, Union, Wayne, Wyoming and York.

Sessions commence as follows:

At Sunbury, second Monday of January.

At Williamsport, first Monday of June.

At Scranton, second Monday of March and third Monday of October.

At Harrisburg, first Monday of May and December.

	Salary.
Judge—Charles B. Wiltner, Sunbury, Northumberland County, appointed March 1, 1911,	\$7,500
Clerk to District Judge—A. F. Slater, Sunbury, Northumberland County,	1,640
United States Attorney—Rogers L. Burnett, Stroudsburg, Monroe County,	4,500
Assistant District Attorneys—John M. McComi, Scranton, Lackawanna County,	2,750
J. E. Sickler, Scranton, Lackawanna County,	2,040
Marshal—James S. Magee, New Bloomfield, Perry County,	4,000
Chief Deputy—Herman F. Reich, Sunbury, Northumberland County,	2,240
Deputies—James O. Shearer, Milton, Northumberland County,	1,680
Harvey T. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County,	1,260
Henry W. Zeidler, Scranton, Lackawanna County,	1,260
S. W. Hafford, Scranton, Lackawanna County,	2,000
Clerks—George C. Scheuer, Scranton, Lackawanna County,	4,000
Robert S. Lohman, Scranton, Lackawanna County,	1,450

Western District.

The district is composed of the Counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Crawford, Elk, Erie, Fayette, Forest, Greene, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, McKean, Mercer, Somerset, Venango, Warren, Washington and Westmoreland.

Sessions commence, as follows:

At Pittsburgh, first Monday of May and second Monday of November.

At Erie, third Monday of March and September.

Judges—Charles P. Orr, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County,	6,000
W. H. S. Thomson, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County,	6,000
District Attorney—E. Lowry Humes, Meadville, Crawford County,	4,500
Assistant District Attorneys—John M. Henry, 1015 Chelton Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County,	2,500
Van A. Barrickman, 362 Stratford Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County,	2,500
D. S. Horne, Ingram, Allegheny County,	2,500
Special Assistants—Edward F. Duffy, Crafton, Allegheny County,	2,500
Augustus P. Burgwin, 515 Roslyn Place, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County,	2,500
David L. Starr, Bellevue, Allegheny County,	2,500
Marshal—John F. Short, Clearfield, Clearfield County,	4,000
Clerk—J. Wood Clark, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County,	4,500

THE ARMY.

LIST OF GENERAL OFFICERS.

Name.	Date of Rank.	Appointed From.	Salary.
Generals.			
John J. Pershing (Perm.),	Sept. 3, 1919,	Missouri,	\$13,500
Peyton C. March (Emerg.),	May 20, 1918,	Pennsylvania,	10,000
Lieutenant Generals.			
Hunter Liggett,	Oct. 16, 1918,	Pennsylvania,	9,000
Robert L. Bullard,	Oct. 16, 1918,	Alabama,	9,000
Major Generals.			
Leonard Wood,	Aug. 8, 1903,	Massachusetts,	8,000
John F. Morrison,	May 15, 1917,	New York,	8,000
Charles G. Morton,	May 15, 1917,	Massachusetts,	8,000
William L. Sibert,	May 15, 1917,	Alabama,	8,000
Edwin F. Glenn,	Aug. 5, 1917,	North Carolina,	8,000
Charles J. Bailey,	Aug. 5, 1917,	New York,	8,000
George Bell, Jr.,	Aug. 5, 1917,	District of Columbia,	8,000
Francis J. Kernan,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Florida,	8,000
John Biddle,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Michigan,	8,000
Joseph T. Dickman,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Ohio,	8,000
Henry T. Allen,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Kentucky,	8,000
Clarence R. Edwards,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Ohio,	8,000
Chase W. Kennedy,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Ohio,	8,000
Omar Bundy,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Indiana,	8,000
Harry C. Hale,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Illinois,	8,000
Samuel D. Sturgis,	Aug. 5, 1917,	North Dakota,	8,000
David C. Shanks,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Virginia,	8,000
William M. Wright,	Aug. 5, 1917,	New Jersey,	8,000
Joseph E. Kuhn,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Kansas,	8,000
George W. Read,	Nov. 28, 1917,	Iowa,	8,000
Andre W. Brewster,	Nov. 28, 1917,	Pennsylvania,	8,000
Charles H. Muir,	Nov. 28, 1917,	Michigan,	8,000
Charles T. Menoher,	Nov. 28, 1917,	Pennsylvania,	8,000
William G. Haan,	Dec. 17, 1917,	Indiana,	8,000
James H. McRae,	April 12, 1918,	Georgia,	8,000
Ernest Hinds,	April 12, 1918,	Alabama,	8,000
Charles S. Farnsworth,	April 12, 1918,	Pennsylvania,	8,000
James W. McAndrew,	April 12, 1918,	Pennsylvania,	8,000
Edward F. McGlachlin, Jr.,	April 12, 1918,	Wisconsin,	8,000
Edward M. Lewis,	June 26, 1918,	Indiana,	8,000
William S. Graves,	June 26, 1918,	Texas,	8,000
William J. Snow,	June 26, 1918,	New Jersey,	8,000

MAJOR GENERALS—Concluded.

Name.	Date of Rank.	Appointed From.	Salary.
James G. Harbord,	June 26, 1918,	U. S. Army,	\$8,000
Charles P. Summerall,	June 26, 1918,	Florida,	8,000
Henry G. Sharpe,	July 12, 1918,	New York,	8,000
Jesse McI. Carter,	Aug. 8, 1918,	Missouri,	8,000
Grote Hutcheson,	Aug. 8, 1918,	Ohio,	8,000
Robert L. Howze,	Aug. 8, 1918,	Texas,	8,000
William S. McNair,	Aug. 8, 1918,	Michigan,	8,000
John L. Hines,	Aug. 8, 1918,	West Virginia,	8,000
Henry P. McCain,	Aug. 27, 1918,	Mississippi,	8,000
William H. Hay,	Oct. 1, 1918,	Florida,	8,000
Henry Jervey,	Oct. 1, 1918,	South Carolina,	8,000
Clement A. F. Flagler,	Oct. 1, 1918,	Iowa,	8,000
George W. Burr,	Mar. 5, 1919,	Missouri,	8,000

Brigadier Generals.

Harry F. Hodges,	Mar. 4, 1915,	Massachusetts,	6,000
John W. Ruckman,	July 20, 1916,	Illinois,	6,000
Francis H. French,	Sept. 30, 1916,	Indiana,	6,000
Charles G. Treat,	Oct. 18, 1916,	Wisconsin,	6,000
Henry C. Hodges, Jr.,	May 15, 1917,	District of Columbia,	6,000
Adelbert Cronkhite,	May 15, 1917,	Arizona,	6,000
William H. Sage,	May 15, 1917,	New York,	6,000
Richard M. Blatchford,	May 15, 1917,	New York,	6,000
William J. Nicholson,	Aug. 5, 1917,	District of Columbia,	6,000
Wills P. Richardson,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Texas,	6,000
Benjamin A. Poore,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Massachusetts,	6,000
Richmond P. Davis,	Aug. 5, 1917,	North Carolina,	6,000
George A. Bethel,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Ohio,	6,000
George G. Gatlery,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Maine,	6,000
Andrew Hero, Jr.,	Aug. 5, 1917,	Louisiana,	6,000
William W. Harts,	Dec. 17, 1917,	Illinois,	6,000
William C. Davis,	Dec. 17, 1917,	New York,	6,000
Francis C. Marshall,	Dec. 17, 1917,	Wisconsin,	6,000
Harry H. Bandholtz,	Dec. 17, 1917,	Michigan,	6,000
Edwin B. Babbitt,	Feb. 12, 1918,	Washington,	6,000
John D. Barrette,	Feb. 21, 1918,	Iowa,	6,000
Arthur Johnson,	April 12, 1918,	Minnesota,	6,000
Johnson Hagood,	April 12, 1918,	South Carolina,	6,000
Frank T. Hines,	April 18, 1918,	Utah,	6,000
Samuel D. Rockenbach,	June 26, 1918,	Missouri,	6,000
William D. Connor,	June 26, 1918,	Iowa,	6,000
Andrew Moses,	June 26, 1918,	Texas,	6,000
Robert C. Davis,	June 26, 1918,	Pennsylvania,	6,000
George V. H. Moseley,	June 26, 1918,	Illinois,	6,000
Richard C. Marshall, Jr.,	June 26, 1918,	Virginia,	6,000
Douglas MacArthur,	June 26, 1918,	Wisconsin,	6,000
Fox Conner,	Aug. 8, 1918,	Mississippi,	6,000
Marlborough Churchill,	Aug. 8, 1918,	Massachusetts,	6,000
Frank R. McCoy,	Aug. 16, 1918,	Pennsylvania,	6,000
William S. Scott,	Oct. 1, 1918,	Texas,	6,000
Charles B. Drake,	Oct. 1, 1918,	Pennsylvania,	6,000

LIST OF STAFF OFFICERS.

Major Generals.

The Adjutant General—			
Peter C. Harris,	Sept. 1, 1918,	Georgia,	\$8,000
The Inspector General—			
John L. Chamberlain,	Oct. 6, 1917,	New York,	8,000
Judge Advocate General—			
Enoch H. Crowder,	Oct. 6, 1917,	Maine,	8,000
Quartermaster General—			
Harry L. Rogers,	July 22, 1918,	Michigan,	8,000
Surgeon General—			
Merritte W. Ireland,	Oct. 4, 1918,	Indiana,	8,000

MAJOR GENERALS—Concluded.

Name.	Date of Rank.	Appointed From.	Salary.
Chief of Engineers— (Vacancy),			\$8,000
Chief of Ordnance— Clarence C. Williams,	July 16, 1918, Georgia,		8,000
Chief Signal Officer— George O. Squier,	Oct. 6, 1917, Michigan,		8,000
Chief, Bureau of Insular Affairs— Frank McIntyre,	Oct. 6, 1917, Alabama,		8,000
Chief of Coast Artillery— Frank W. Coe,	May 24, 1918, Kansas,		8,000

BRIGADIER GENERALS.

Judge Advocate General's Department.

Edward A. Kreger,	Feb. 18, 1918, Iowa,	6,000
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Quartermaster Corps.

Charles R. Krauthoff,	July 15, 1919, U. S. Army,	6,000
Herbert M. Lord,	July 15, 1919, Maine,	6,000

Medical Corps.

Walter D. McCaw,	Mar. 5, 1919, Virginia,	6,000
Robert E. Noble,	Mar. 5, 1919, Alabama,	6,000

Air Service.

William Mitchell,	Oct. 1, 1918, Wisconsin,	6,000
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THE NAVY.
Active List.

Name.	Present Duty.	Address.	Salary.
Robert E. Conitz,	Chief of Naval Operations,	Washington, D. C.,	\$10,000
Albert Greaves,	Commander-in-Chief, Asiatic Fleet,	Asiatic Station, via San Francisco, Cal.,	10,000
Henry B. Wilson,	Commander-in-Chief, Atlantic Fleet,	Care Postmaster, New York City,	10,000
Hugh Rodman,	Commander-in-Chief, Pacific Fleet,	Care Postmaster, San Francisco, Cal.,	10,000
Vice Admirals.			
Hilary P. Jones,	Commander Squadron Two, Division Three, Atlantic Fleet,	Care Postmaster, New York City,	9,000
Clarence S. Williams,	Commander Squadron One, Pacific Fleet,	Care Postmaster, San Francisco, Cal.,	9,000
William L. Rodgers,	Commander Division One, Asiatic Fleet,	Asiatic Station, via San Francisco, Cal.,	9,000
Rear Admirals.			
Wythe M. Parks,	General Inspector of Machinery for Navy,	Philadelphia, Pa.,	8,000
Henry T. Mayo,	Member of General Board, Navy Department,	Washington, D. C.,	8,000
Reynold T. Hall,	Inspector of Machinery—William Cramp and Son,	Philadelphia, Pa.,	8,000
Albert G. Winterhalter,	Member General Board, Navy Department,	Washington, D. C.,	8,000
Augustus F. Fiechter,	Commandant Fifth Naval District,	Charleston, S. C.,	8,000
Robert O. Dunn,	Commandant First Naval District,	Boston, Mass.,	8,000
Albert W. Grant,	Commandant Navy Yard, Washington, District of Columbia, and Superintendent, Naval Gun Factory,	Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.,	8,000
James H. Glennon,	Commandant, Third Naval District,	New York, N. Y.,	8,000
Henry S. Knapp,	Commander Naval Forces Operating in European Waters,	Care Postmaster, New York City,	8,000
Harry M. Lase,	Commander Train, Atlantic Fleet,	Care Postmaster, New York City,	8,000
Robert S. Malloy,	Navy Instructor, Engineering Manual, Brooklyn District,	New York, N. Y.,	8,000
Robert S. Griffin,	Chief of Bureau of Stores, Engineering Navy Department,	Washington, D. C.,	8,000
George E. Burd,	Industrial Manager, Navy Yard, New York,	Navy Yard, New York,	8,000
James H. Oliver,	Navy Operations Navy Department,	Washington, D. C.,	8,000
William S. Sims,	President Naval War College,	Newport, Rhode Island,	8,000
Thomas Snowden,	Military Governor, San Domingo,	San Domingo,	8,000
Albert P. Niblack,	Director of Naval Intelligence,	Navy Department, Washington, D. C.,	8,000
John A. Hoogevert,	Superintendent, Naval Observatory,	Washington, D. C.,	8,000
William B. Fletcher,	Commandant Fourteenth Naval District,	Naval Station, Hawaii,	8,000
Marbury Johnston,	Commandant Fifteenth Naval District,	Canal Zone,	8,000
Edwin A. Anderson,	Commandant Navy Yard, Charleston, South Carolina,	Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C.,	8,000
Thomas W. Kincaid,	Head of Engineering Experiment Station,	Annapolis, Maryland,	8,000
William S. Smith,	Special Duty, Navy Department,	Washington, D. C.,	8,000

ACTIVE LIST—Concluded.

Name.	Present Duty.	Address.	Salary.
Spencer S. Wood,	Commander Train, Pacific Fleet.	Care Postmaster, San Francisco, Cal.,	\$8,000
Joseph W. Jayne,	Commandant Twelfth Naval District.	San Francisco, Cal.,	\$8,000
Charles W. Dyson,	Bureau of Steam Engineering, Navy Department.	Washington, D. C.,	\$2,000
John D. McDonald,	Commandant, Navy Yard, New York.	New York, N. Y.,	\$2,000
William R. Shoemaker,	Commanding Division Two, Pacific Fleet.	Care Postmaster, San Francisco, Cal.,	\$2,000
Joseph Strauss,	Commander Mine Force, Atlantic Fleet.	Care Postmaster, New York City,	\$2,000
Edward W. Eberle,	Commander Division Five, Atlantic Fleet.	Care Postmaster, New York City,	\$2,000
Robert E. Coontz,	Commander Division Six, Pacific Fleet.	Care Postmaster, San Francisco, Cal.,	\$2,000
George R. Clark,	Judge Advocate General of Navy.	Washington, D. C.,	\$2,000
Harold P. Norton,	Member of Naval Examining and Refitting Board, Navy Department.	Washington, D. C.,	\$2,000
Gustav Kaemmerling,	Inspector of Machinery, New York Shipbuilding Company.	Camden, New Jersey,	\$2,000
Alexander S. Halstead,	Commander Naval Forces in France.	Care Postmaster, New York City,	\$2,000
Roger Welles,	Commander Division Four, Atlantic Fleet.	Care Postmaster, New York City,	\$2,000
Charles F. Finkett,	Commander Squadron Three, Atlantic Fleet.	Care Postmaster, New York City,	\$2,000
William H. Bullard,	Director Naval Communications, Navy Department.	Washington, D. C.,	\$2,000
Isidor V. Owen,	Governor, Virgin Islands and Commandant.	Care Postmaster, New York City,	\$2,000
Philip Andrews,	Commanding Naval Forces Eastern Mediterranean.	St. Thomas, Virgin Islands,	\$2,000
Josiah S. McKeon,	Navy Operations, Navy Department.	Care Postmaster, New York City,	\$2,000
Benton C. Decker,	Commandant Seventh Naval District.	Washington, D. C.,	\$2,000
Mark L. Bristol,	Senior Officer, Present, Turkey.	London, England,	\$2,000
Newton A. McCully,	Member on Commission on Naval Terms.	London, England,	\$2,000
Henry F. Bryan,	Senior Member Naval Commission to Brazil.	London, England,	\$2,000
Andrew T. Long,	Naval Liaison Officer, Supreme War Council.	Paris, France,	\$2,000
Thomas Washington,	Chief of Bureau of Navigation.	Washington, D. C.,	\$2,000
Guy H. Burrage,	Naval Operations, Navy Department.	Washington, D. C.,	\$2,000
Ashley H. Robertson,	Naval War College.	Washington, D. C.,	\$2,000
Carlo B. Brittain,	Chief of Staff, Commander-in-Chief, Atlantic Fleet.	Newport, Rhode Island,	\$2,000
Samuel S. Robinson,	Commandant First Naval District, Navy Yard and Station.	Care Postmaster, New York City,	\$2,000
Charles F. Hughes,	Commandant Navy Yard, Philadelphia Pa.	Philadelphia, Pa.,	\$2,000
Henry A. Wiley,	Commanding Squadron Two, Division Four, Pacific Fleet.	Care Postmaster, San Francisco, Cal.,	\$2,000
Benjamin C. Bryan,	Commandant Navy Yard and Station.	Charleston, S. C.,	\$2,000
William L. Howard,	Commandant Naval Station, Cavite, P. I.	Cavite, P. I.,	\$2,000
George W. Kline,	Member of Board of Inspection and Survey, Navy Department.	Washington, D. C.,	\$2,000
Archibald H. Scales,	Superintendent Naval Academy, Station, Great Lakes, Ill., and Commandant	Annapolis, Maryland,	\$2,000
Frederic B. Bassett, Jr.,	Commanding Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill., and Commandant	Great Lakes, Ill.,	\$2,000
Richard H. Jackson,	Commanding Mines Detachment, U. S. Fleet,	Care Postmaster, New York City,	\$2,000
Edward Simpson,	Hydrographer, Navy Department.	Washington, D. C.,	\$2,000
Clarence A. Carr,	Naval Inspector, Machinery Mine Sweepers,	New York City, N. Y.,	\$2,000
Harry A. Field,	Commandant Thirtieth Naval District.	Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Washington,	\$2,000
Casey B. Morgan,	Commandant Sixteenth Naval District.	Naval Station, Cavite, P. I.,	\$2,000
Lloyd H. Chandler,	Instructor Naval War College.	Newport, Rhode Island,	\$2,000

PRINCIPAL DIPLOMATIC OFFICERS.

Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.

Country.	Residence.		Salary.
Argentina,	Buenos Aires,	Frederic Jessup Stimson, Massachusetts,	\$11,000
Belgium,	Brussels,	Brand Whitlock, Ohio,	17,500
Brazil,	Rio de Janeiro,	Edwin V. Morgan, New York,	17,500
Chile,	Santiago,	Joseph H. Shea, Indiana,	17,500
France,	Paris,	Hugh Campbell Wallace, Washington, ...	17,500
Great Britain,	London,	John William Davis, West Virginia, ...	17,500
Italy,	Rome,	Peter Augusta Jay, Rhode Island (charge),	17,500
Japan,	Tokyo,	Roland S. Morris, Pennsylvania,	17,500
Mexico,	Mexico City,	Henry P. Fletcher, Pennsylvania,	17,500
Peru,	Lima,	William E. Gonzales, South Carolina, ...	17,500
Spain,	Madrid,	Joseph E. Willard, Virginia,	17,500

Envoys Extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary.

Bolivia,	La Paz,	G. Abbot Maginnis, Utah,	10,000
Bulgaria,	Sofia,	Charles S. Wilson, Maine (charge), ...	10,000
China,	Peking,	Charles D. Tenney, Massachusetts (charge),	12,000
Colombia,	Bogota,	Hoffman Philip, New York,	10,000
Cuba,	Havana,	Boaz W. Long, New Mexico,	12,000
Czecho-Slovakia, ...	Prague,	Richard Crane, Illinois,	12,000
Denmark,	Copenhagen,	Arthur A. F. Schoenfeld, District of Columbia (charge),	10,000
Dominican Republic, .	Santo Domingo, ...	William W. Russell, District of Columbia,	10,000
Ecuador,	Quito,	Charles S. Hartman, Montana,	10,000
Greece,	Athens,	Garrett Droppers, Massachusetts,	10,000
Guatemala,	Guatemala,	Benton McMillin, Tennessee,	10,000
Haiti,	Port au Prince, ...	Arthur Bailly-Blanchard, Louisiana, ...	10,000
Honduras,	Tegucigalpa,	T. Sambola Jones, Louisiana,	10,000
Netherlands,	The Hague,	Franklin Mott Gunther, Virginia (charge),	10,000
Nicaragua,	Managua,	Benjamin L. Jefferson, Colorado,	10,000
Norway,	Christiana,	Albert G. Schmedeman, Wisconsin,	10,000
Panama,	Panama,	William J. Price Kentucky,	10,000
Paraguay,	Asuncion,	Daniel F. Mooney, Ohio,	10,000
Persia,	Teheran,	John L. Caldwell, Kansas,	10,000
Poland,	Warsaw,	Hugh S. Gibson, California,	12,000
Portugal,	Lisbon,	Thomas H. Birch, New Jersey,	10,000
Roumania,	Bucharest,	Charles J. Vopicka, Illinois,	10,000
Salvador,	San Salvador,	Frank E. Arnold, Pennsylvania (charge),	10,000
Serbs, Croats and Slo- venes, Kingdom of,	Belgrade,	H. Percival Dodge, Massachusetts,	10,000
Siam,	Bangkok,	J. Donald C. Rodgers, Pennsylvania (charge),	10,000
Sweden,	Stockholm,	Ira Nelson Morris, Illinois,	10,000
Switzerland,	Berne,	James G. Bailey, Kentucky (charge), ...	10,000
Uruguay,	Montevideo,	Robert Emmett Jeffery, Arkansas,	10,000
Venezuela,	Caracas,	Preston McGoodwin, Oklahoma,	10,000

Minister Resident and Consul-General.

Liberia,	Monrovia,	Joseph L. Johnson, Ohio,	5,000
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Agent and Consul-General.

Morocco,	Tangier,	Maxwell Blake, Missouri,	7,500
Egypt,	Cairo,	Hampson Gary, Texas,	6,500

PRINCIPAL U. S. GOVERNMENT OFFICERS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Assistant Treasurer of the United States.

John Brooke Evans, Philadelphia, salary, \$5,000.

Superintendent of the United States Mint.

Adam M. Joyce, Philadelphia, salary, \$4,500.

Naval Officer of Customs.

Lot W. Reiff, Philadelphia, salary, \$5,000.

Collectors of Customs.

William H. Berry, Philadelphia, salary, \$8,000.

George H. Rowley, Pittsburgh, salary, \$4,500.

Surveyor of Customs.

Charles R. Kurtz, Philadelphia, salary, \$5,000.

Appraisers of Merchandise.

Albert L. Moise, Philadelphia, salary, \$4,000.

(Vacancy), Pittsburgh, salary, \$3,000.

Assistant Appraiser of Merchandise.

Harry Nichols, Philadelphia, salary, \$2,500.

Special Examiner of Drugs.

Thomas O. Cooper, Philadelphia, salary, \$1,800.

Commissioner of Immigration.

Elmer E. Greenawalt, Philadelphia, salary, \$4,500.

Collectors of Internal Revenue.

First District—Ephraim Lederer, Philadelphia, salary, \$6,000. District composed of the Counties of Adams, Bedford, Berks, Blair, Bucks, Chester, Cumberland, Dauphin, Delaware, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lancaster, Lebanon, Lehigh, Millin, Montgomery, Perry, Philadelphia, Schuylkill, Snyder and York.

Twelfth District—Fred C. Kirkendall, Scranton, Lackawanna County, salary \$5,500. District composed of the Counties of Bradford, Carbon, Centre, Clinton, Columbia, Luzerne, Lackawanna, Lycoming, Monroe, Montour, Northampton, Northumberland, Pike, Potter, Susquehanna, Sullivan, Tioga, Union, Wayne and Wyoming.

Twenty-third District—C. Gregg Lowellyn, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, office, Pittsburgh; salary, \$6,000. District composed of the Counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Cambria, Cameron, Clarion, Clearfield, Crawford, Erie, Elk, Forest, Fayette, Greene, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, McKean, Mercer, Somerset, Venango, Warren, Washington and Westmoreland.

LIGHTHOUSE SERVICE—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

Name.	Position.	Headquarters.	Salary.
B. B. Dorry,	Superintendent,	Philadelphia, ...	\$3,000
Gideon W. Hitchens,	First Assistant Superintendent,	Philadelphia, ...	2,280
C. A. Lamy,	Assistant Superintendent,	Philadelphia, ...	1,740
G. Carleton Wenzell,	Chief Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	1,920
Horace H. Owen,	Draftsman,	Philadelphia, ...	1,500
Harry F. Morton,	Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	1,620
Joseph A. Hill,	Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	1,200
Laura de Brinn,	Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	960
Gideon Littleton,	Foreman,	Philadelphia, ...	1,380
John H. Neal,	Mechanician,	Philadelphia, ...	1,500
Harry W. Commean,	Messenger,	Philadelphia, ...	720

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

Name.	Position.	Headquarters.	Salary.
Augustin R. Smith,	Shipping Commissioner,	Philadelphia, ...	\$2,400
Michael J. McKenna,	Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	1,440
Edward J. McGrogan,	Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	1,600
Daniel F. Sullivan,	Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	1,000
Clement Mowbray,	Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	1,000

STEAMBOAT INSPECTION SERVICE—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

R. A. Sargent,	Local Inspector of Hulls,	Philadelphia, ...	2,700
John E. Wilson,	Local Inspector of Boilers,	Philadelphia, ...	2,700
Hugh MacPherson,	Assistant Inspector of Hulls,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
Frank H. Denke,	Assistant Inspector of Hulls, f.....	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
George H. Toon,	Assistant Inspector of Hulls,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
James M. Wheeler,	Assistant Inspector of Hulls,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
Harry S. Miller,	Assistant Inspector of Hulls,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
William A. Suggs,	Assistant Inspector of Hulls,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
A. T. Rudolph Berger,	Assistant Inspector of Hulls,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
James H. Durborough,	Assistant Inspector of Boilers,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
Christian C. Stricker,	Assistant Inspector of Boilers,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
Harvey K. Carter,	Assistant Inspector of Boilers,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
Alexander M. Monsell,	Assistant Inspector of Boilers,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
Wilfred Dougherty,	Assistant Inspector of Boilers,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
Samuel A. Mills,	Assistant Inspector of Boilers,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
George L. Taylor,	Assistant Inspector of Boilers,	Philadelphia, ...	2,350
Harry F. Kabernagle,	Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	1,400
Miss Minnie Eblson,	Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	1,000
Miss Maude I. Stockbridge, ..	Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	900
Charles J. O'Donnell,	Clerk,	Philadelphia, ...	1,000
Joseph N. J. Seltzer,	Assistant Inspector of Boilers,	Coatesville, ...	*2,500
Ruth S. Woodward,	Clerk,	Coatesville, ...	†1,000
Daniel J. Dougherty,	Supervising Inspector,	Pittsburgh, ...	3,450
Edward Maurer,	Local Inspector of Hulls,	Pittsburgh, ...	2,100
George E. Berry,	Local Inspector of Boilers,	Pittsburgh, ...	2,100
Harry Layfield,	Assistant Inspector of Boilers,	Pittsburgh, ...	*2,500
(Vacancy),	Assistant Inspector of Boilers,	Pittsburgh, ...	2,100
Henry Lindsay,	Clerk,	Pittsburgh, ...	1,500

*Detailed from New York City.

†Detailed from Baltimore, Maryland.

THE SIXTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

(Began March 4, 1919, and ends March 4, 1921.)

The salary of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives is \$12,000 per annum. The salary of a Senator or Representative is \$7,500 per annum.

THE SENATE.

President, Thomas R. Marshall, D., Indiana.
 President pro tempore, Albert B. Cummins, R., Des Moines, Iowa.
 Secretary, George A. Sanderson, R., Chicago.
 Sergeant-at-Arms, David S. Barry, R., Michigan.

ALABAMA.

1919. John H. Bankhead, D., Jasper. 1921. Oscar W. Underwood, D., Birmingham.

ARIZONA.

1923. Henry F. Ashurst, D., Prescott. 1921. Marcus A. Smith, D., Tucson.

ARKANSAS.

1921. William F. Kirby, D., Little Rock. 1919. Joseph T. Robinson, D., Lonoke.

CALIFORNIA.

1921. James D. Phelan, D., San Francisco. 1923. Hiram W. Johnson, R., San Francisco.

COLORADO.

1921. Charles S. Thomas, D., Denver. 1925. Lawrence C. Phipps, R., Denver.

CONNECTICUT.

1921. Frank B. Brandegee, R., New London. 1923. George P. McLean, R., Simsbury.

DELAWARE.

1923. Josiah O. Wolcott, D., Dover. 1925. Lewis H. Ball, R., Marshallton.

FLORIDA.

1923. Park Trammell, D., Tallahassee. 1921. Duncan U. Fletcher, D., Jacksonville.

GEORGIA.

1925. William J. Harris, D., Cedartown. 1921. Hoke Smith, D., Atlanta.

IDAHO.

1925. William E. Borah, R., Boise. 1921. John F. Nugent, D., Boise.

ILLINOIS.

1925. Medill McCormick, R., Chicago. 1921. Lawrence Y. Sherman, R., Springfield.

INDIANA.

1923. Harry S. New, R., Indianapolis. 1921. James E. Watson, R., Rushville.

IOWA.

1921. Albert B. Cummins, R., Des Moines. 1925. William S. Kenyon, R., Fort Dodge.

KANSAS.

1925. Arthur Capper, R., Topeka. 1921. Charles Curtis, R., Topeka.

KENTUCKY.

1925. A. Owsley Stanley, D., Henderson. 1921. J. Crepps Wickliffe Beckham, D., Frankfort.

LOUISIANA.

1925. Joseph E. Ransdell, D., Lake Providence. 1921. Edward James Gay, D., Plaquemine.

MAINE.

1923. Frederick Hale, R., Portland. 1925. Bert M. Fernald, R., West Poland.

MARYLAND.

1923. Joseph I. France, R., Port Deposit. 1921. John Walter Smith, D., Snow Hill.

MASSACHUSETTS.

1925. David I. Walsh, D., Fitchburg. 1923. Henry Cabot Lodge, R., Nahant.

MICHIGAN.

1925. Truman H. Newberry, R., Grosse Pointe Farms. 1923. Charles E. Townsend, R., Jackson.

MINNESOTA.

1925. Knute Nelson, R., Alexandria. 1923. Frank B. Kellogg, R., Saint Paul.

MISSISSIPPI.

1923. John Sharp Williams, D., Yazoo City. 1925. Pat Harrison, D., Gulfport.

MISSOURI.

1923. James A. Reed, D., Kansas City. 1921. Selden Palmer Spencer, R., Saint Louis.

MONTANA.

1925. Thomas J. Walsh, D., Helena. 1923. Henry L. Myers, D., Hamilton.

NEBRASKA.

1925. George W. Norris, R., McCook. 1923. Gilbert M. Hitchcock, D., Omaha.

NEVADA.

1921. Charles B. Henderson, D., Elko. 1923. Key Pittman, D., Tonopah.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

1921. George H. Moses, R., Concord. 1925. Henry Wilder Keyes, R., Haverhill.

NEW JERSEY.

1923. Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, R., Raritan. 1925. Walter E. Edge, R., Atlantic City.

NEW MEXICO.

1925. Albert B. Fall, R., Three Rivers. 1923. Andrieus A. Jones, D., East Las Vegas.

NEW YORK.

1923. William M. Calder, R., Brooklyn. 1921. James W. Wadsworth, Jr., R., Groveland.

NORTH CAROLINA.

1921. Lee S. Overman, D., Salisbury. 1925. Furnifold M. Simmons, D., Newbern.

NORTH DAKOTA.

1921. Asle J. Gronna, R., Lakota. 1923. Porter J. McCumber, R., Wahpeton.

OHIO.

1921. Warren G. Harding, R., Marion. 1923. Atlee Pomerene, D., Canton.

OKLAHOMA.

1921. Thomas P. Gore, D., Lawton. 1925. Robert L. Owen, D., Muskogee.

OREGON.

1925. Charles L. McNary, R., Salem. 1921. George E. Chamberlain, D., Portland.

PENNSYLVANIA.

1923. Philander Chase Knox, R., Pittsburgh. 1921. Boies Penrose, R., Philadelphia.

RHODE ISLAND.

1923. Peter G. Gerry, D., Warwick. 1925. LeBaron B. Colt, R., Bristol.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

1925. Nathaniel B. Dial, D., Laurens. 1921. Ellison DuRant Smith, D., Florence.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

1925. Thomas Sterling, R., Vermilion. 1921. Edwin S. Johnson, D., Yankton.

TENNESSEE.

1925. John K. Shields, D., Knoxville. 1923. Kenneth McKellar, D., Memphis.

TEXAS.

1923. Charles A. Culberson, D., Dallas. 1925. Morris Sheppard, D., Texarkana.

UTAH.

1923. William H. King, D., Salt Lake City. 1921. Reed Smoot, R., Provo City.

VERMONT.

1921. William P. Dillingham, R., Montpelier. 1923. Carroll S. Page, R., Hyde Park.

VIRGINIA.

1923. Claude A. Swanson, D., Chatham. 1925. (Vacancy.)

WASHINGTON.

1923. Miles Poindexter, R., Spokane. 1921. Wesley L. Jones, R., Seattle.

WEST VIRGINIA.

1923. Howard Sutherland, R., Elkins. 1925. Davis Elkins, R., Morgantown.

WISCONSIN.

1923. Robert M. La Follette, R., Madison. 1921. Irvine L. Lenroot, R., Superior.

WYOMING.

1925. Francis E. Warren, R., Cheyenne. 1923. John B. Kendrick, D., Cheyenne.

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans,	49
Democrats,	46
Vacancy,	1
Total,	96

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker, Frederick H. Gillett, R., Massachusetts.

Clerk of the House, William Tyler Page, R., Maryland.

Sergeant-at-Arms, Joseph G. Rodgers, R., Pennsylvania.

ALABAMA.

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|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1. John McDuffie, D., Monroeville. | 6. William B. Oliver, D., Tuscaloosa. |
| 2. S. Hubert Dent, Jr., D., Montgomery. | 7. Lilius B. Rainey, D., Gadsden. |
| 3. Henry B. Steagall, D., Ozark. | 8. Edward B. Almon, D., Tusculmbia. |
| 4. Fred L. Blackmon, D., Anniston. | 9. George Huddleston, D., Birmingham. |
| 5. J. Thomas Hedin, D., Lafayette. | 10. William B. Bankhead, D., Jasper. |

ARIZONA.

At Large.

Carl Hayden, D., Phoenix.

ARKANSAS.

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|---|--|
| 1. Thaddens H. Caraway, D., Jonesboro. | 5. Henderson M. Jacoway, D., Dardanelle. |
| 2. William A. Oldfield, D., Batesville. | 6. Samuel M. Taylor, D., Pine Bluff. |
| 3. John N. Tillman, D., Fayetteville. | 7. William S. Goodwin, D., Warren. |
| 4. Otis Wingo, D., De Queen. | |

CALIFORNIA.

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| 1. Clarence F. Lea, D., Santa Rosa. | 7. Henry E. Barbour, R., Fresno. |
| 2. John E. Raker, D., Alturas. | 8. Hugh S. Hersman, D., Gilroy. |
| 3. Charles F. Curry, R., Sacramento. | 9. Charles H. Randall, Pro., Los Angeles. |
| 4. Julius Kahn, R., San Francisco. | 10. Henry Z. Osborne, R., Los Angeles. |
| 5. John I. Nolan, R., San Francisco. | 11. William Kettner, D., San Diego. |
| 6. John A. Elston, R., Berkeley. | |

COLORADO.

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| 1. William N. Vaile, R., Denver. | 3. Guy U. Hardy, R., Canon City. |
| 2. Charles B. Timberlake, R., Sterling. | 4. Edward T. Taylor, D., Glenwood Springs. |

CONNECTICUT.

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| 1. Augustine Lonergan, D., Hartford. | 4. Schuyler Merritt, R., Stamford. |
| 2. Richard P. Freeman, R., New London. | 5. James P. Glynn, R., Winsted. |
| 3. John Q. Tilson, R., New Haven. | |

DELAWARE.

At Large.

Caleb R. Layton, R., Georgetown.

FLORIDA.

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|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Herbert J. Drane, D., Lakeland. | 3. John H. Smithwick, D., Pensacola. |
| 2. Frank Clark, D., Gainesville. | 4. William J. Sears, D., Kissimmee. |

GEORGIA.

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| 1. James W. Overstreet, D., Sylvania. | 7. Gordon Lee, D., Chickamauga. |
| 2. Frank Park, D., Sylvester. | 8. Charles H. Brand, D., Athens. |
| 3. Charles R. Crisp, D., Americus. | 9. Thomas M. Bell, D., Gainesville. |
| 4. William C. Wright, D., Newnan. | 10. Carl Vinson, D., Milledgeville. |
| 5. William D. Upshaw, D., Atlanta. | 11. William C. Lankford, D., Douglas. |
| 6. James W. Wise, D., Fayetteville. | 12. William W. Larsen, D., Dublin. |

IDAHO.

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|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Burton L. French, R., Moscow. | 2. Addison T. Smith, R., Twin Falls. |
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ILLINOIS.

At Large.

William E. Mason, R., Chicago.

Richard Yates, R., Springfield.

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| 1. Martin B. Madden, R., Chicago. | 14. William J. Graham, R., Aledo. |
| 2. James R. Mann, R., Chicago. | 15. Edward J. King, R., Galesburg. |
| 3. William W. Wilson, R., Chicago. | 16. Clifford Ireland, R., Peoria. |
| 4. John W. Rainey, D., Chicago. | 17. Frank L. Smith, R., Dwight. |
| 5. Adolph J. Sabath, D., Chicago. | 18. Joseph G. Cannon, R., Danville. |
| 6. James McAndrews, D., Chicago. | 19. William B. McKinley, R., Champaign. |
| 7. Niels Juul, R., Chicago. | 20. Henry T. Rainey, D., Carrollton. |
| 8. Thomas Gallagher, D., Chicago. | 21. Loren E. Wheeler, R., Springfield. |
| 9. Fred A. Britten, R., Chicago. | 22. William A. Rodenberg, R., East St. Louis. |
| 10. Carl R. Chindblom, R., Chicago. | 23. Edwin B. Brooks, R., Newton. |
| 11. Ira C. Copley, R., Aurora. | 24. Thomas S. Williams, R., Louisville. |
| 12. Charles E. Fuller, R., Belvidere. | 25. Edward E. Denison, R., Marion. |
| 13. John C. McKenzie, R., Elizabeth. | |

INDIANA.

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| 1. Oscar R. Lohring, R., Evansville. | 8. Albert H. Vestal, R., Anderson. |
| 2. Oscar E. Bland, R., Linton. | 9. Fred S. Purnell, R., Attica. |
| 3. James W. Dunbar, R., New Albany. | 10. William R. Wood, R., La Fayette. |
| 4. John S. Benham, R., Benham. | 11. Milton Kraus, R., Peru. |
| 5. Everett Sanders, R., Terre Haute. | 12. Louis W. Fairfield, R., Angola. |
| 6. Richard N. Elliott, R., Connersville. | 13. Andrew J. Hickey, R., Laporte. |
| 7. Merrill Moores, R., Indianapolis. | |

IOWA.

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| 1. Charles A. Kennedy, R., Montrose. | 7. Cassius C. Dowell, R., Des Moines. |
| 2. Harry E. Hull, R., Williamsburg. | 8. Horace M. Townner, R., Corning. |
| 3. Burton E. Sweet, R., Waverly. | 9. William R. Green, R., Council Bluffs. |
| 4. Gilbert N. Haugen, R., Northwood. | 10. E. J. Dickinson, R., Algona. |
| 5. James W. Good, R., Cedar Rapids. | 11. William D. Boies, R., Sheldon. |
| 6. C. William Ramseyer, R., Bloomfield. | |

KANSAS.

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| 1. Daniel R. Anthony, Jr., R., Leavenworth. | 5. James G. Strong, R., Blue Rapids. |
| 2. Edward C. Little, R., Kansas City. | 6. Hays B. White, R., Mankato. |
| 3. Philip P. Campbell, R., Pittsburg. | 7. J. N. Tinscher, R., Medicine Lodge. |
| 4. Homer Hoch, R., Marion. | 8. William A. Ayres, D., Wichita. |

KENTUCKY.

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| 1. Alben W. Barkley, D., Paducah. | 7. James C. Cantrill, D., Georgetown. |
| 2. David H. Kincheloe, D., Madisonville. | 8. King Swope, R., Danville. |
| 3. Robert Y. Thomas, Jr., D., Central City. | 9. William J. Fields, D., Olive Hill. |
| 4. Ben Johnson, D., Bardstown. | 10. John W. Langley, R., Pikeville. |
| 5. Charles F. Ogden, R., Anchorage. | 11. John M. Rousion, R., Barbourville. |
| 6. Arthur B. Rouse, D., Burlington. | |

LOUISIANA.

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|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. James O'Connor, D., New Orleans. | 5. Riley J. Wilson, D., Harrisonburg. |
| 2. H. Garland Dupre, D., New Orleans. | 6. Jared Y. Sanders, D., Bogalusa. |
| 3. Whitmell P. Martin, D., Thibodaux. | 7. Ladislav Lazaro, D., Washington. |
| 4. John T. Watkins, D., Minden. | 8. James B. Aswell, D., Natchitoches. |

MAINE.

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| 1. Louis B. Goodall, R., Sanford. | 3. John A. Peters, R., Ellsworth. |
| 2. Wallace H. White, Jr., R., Lewiston. | 4. Ira G. Hersey, R., Houlton. |

MARYLAND.

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|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1. William N. Andrews, R., Cambridge. | 4. J. Charles Linthicum, D., Baltimore. |
| 2. Carville D. Benson, D., Halethorp. | 5. Sydney E. Mudd, R., La Plata. |
| 3. Charles P. Coady, D., Baltimore. | 6. Frederick N. Zihlman, R., Cumberland. |

MASSACHUSETTS.

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| 1. Allen T. Treadway, R., Stockbridge. | 9. Alvan T. Fuller, R., Malden. |
| 2. Frederick H. Gillett, R., Springfield. | 10. Peter F. Tague, D., Boston. |
| 3. Calvin D. Paige, R., Southbridge. | 11. George H. Tinkham, R., Boston. |
| 4. Samuel E. Winslow, R., Worcester. | 12. James A. Gallivan, D., Boston. |
| 5. John Jacob Rogers, R., Lowell. | 13. Robert Luce, R., Waltham. |
| 6. Willfred W. Felkin, R., Essex. | 14. Richard Olney, D., Dedham. |
| 7. Michael F. Phelan, D., Lynn. | 15. William S. Greene, R., Fall River. |
| 8. Frederick W. Dallinger, R., Cambridge. | 16. Joseph Walsh, R., New Bedford. |

MICHIGAN.

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| 1. Frank E. Doremus, D., Detroit. | 8. Joseph W. Fordney, R., Saginaw. |
| 2. Earl C. Michener, R., Adrian. | 9. James C. McLaughlin, R., Muskegon. |
| 3. John M. C. Smith, R., Charlotte. | 10. Gilbert A. Currie, R., Midland. |
| 4. Edward L. Hamilton, R., Niles. | 11. Frank D. Scott, R., Alpena. |
| 5. Carl E. Mapes, R., Grand Rapids. | 12. W. Frank James, R., Hancock. |
| 6. Patrick H. Kelley, R., Lansing. | 13. Charles A. Nichols, R., Detroit. |
| 7. Louis C. Cramton, R., Lapeer. | |

MINNESOTA.

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| 1. Sydney Anderson, R., Lanesboro. | 6. Harold Knutson, R., St. Cloud. |
| 2. Franklin F. Ellsworth, R., Mankato. | 7. Andrew J. Volstead, R., Granite Falls. |
| 3. Charles R. Davis, R., St. Peter. | 8. William L. Carss, D., Proctor. |
| 4. Oscar E. Koller, Ind. Rep., St. Paul. | 9. Halvor Steenerson, R., Crookston. |
| 5. Walter H. Newton, R., Minneapolis. | 10. Thomas D. Schall, R., Minneapolis. |

MISSISSIPPI.

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| 1. Ezekiel S. Candler, D., Corinth. | 5. William W. Venable, D., Meridian. |
| 2. Hubert D. Stephens, D., New Albany. | 6. Paul B. Johnson, D., Hattiesburg. |
| 3. Benjamin G. Humphreys, D., Greenville. | 7. Percy E. Quinn, D., McComb City. |
| 4. Thomas U. Slisson, D., Winona. | 8. James W. Collier, D., Vicksburg. |

MISSOURI.

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| 1. Milton A. Romjue, D., Macon. | 9. Champ Clark, D., Bowling Green. |
| 2. William W. Rucker, D., Keytesville. | 10. Cleveland Newton, R., St. Louis. |
| 3. (Vacancy.) | 11. William L. Igoe, D., St. Louis. |
| 4. Charles F. Booher, D., Savannah. | 12. Leonidas C. Dyer, R., St. Louis. |
| 5. William T. Bland, D., Kansas City. | 13. Marion E. Rhodes, R., Potosi. |
| 6. Clement C. Dickinson, D., Clinton. | 14. Edw. D. Hays, R., Cape Girardeau. |
| 7. Samuel C. Major, D., Fayette. | 15. Isaac V. McPherson, R., Aurora. |
| 8. William L. Nelson, D., Columbia. | 16. Thomas L. Rubey, D., Lebanon. |

MONTANA.

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|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. John M. Evans, D., Missoula. | 2. Carl W. Riddick, R., Lewistown. |
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NEBRASKA.

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|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. C. Frank Reavis, R., Falls City. | 4. Melvin O. McLaughlin, R., York. |
| 2. Albert W. Jefferis, R., Omaha. | 5. William E. Andrews, R., Hastings. |
| 3. Robert E. Evans, R., Dakota City. | 6. Moses P. Kinkaid, R., O'Neill. |

NEVADA.

At Large.

Charles Robley Evans, D., Goldfield.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

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| 1. Sherman E. Burroughs, R., Manchester. | 2. Edward H. Wasson, R., Nashua. |
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NEW JERSEY.

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| 1. William J. Browning, R., Camden. | 7. Amos H. Radcliffe, R., Paterson. |
| 2. Isaac Bacharach, R., Atlantic City. | 8. Cornelius A. McGlennon, D., East Newark. |
| 3. Thomas J. Scully, D., South Amboy. | 9. Daniel F. Minahan, D., Orange. |
| 4. Elijah C. Hutchinson, R., Trenton. | 10. Frederick R. Lehlbach, R., Newark. |
| 5. Ernest R. Ackerman, R., Plainfield. | 11. John J. Eagan, D., Weehawken. |
| 6. John R. Ramsey, R., Hackensack. | 12. James A. Hamill, D., Jersey City. |

NEW MEXICO.

At Large.

Benigno C. Hernandez, R., Tierra Amarilla.

NEW YORK.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Frederick C. Hicks, R., Port Washington. | 22. Anthony J. Griffin, D., New York City. |
| 2. Charles P. Caldwell, D., Forest Hills. | 23. Richard F. McKiniry, D., New York City. |
| 3. John MacCrate, R., Brooklyn. | 24. James V. Ganly, D., New York City. |
| 4. Thomas H. Cullen, D., Brooklyn. | 25. James W. Husted, R., Peekskill. |
| 5. John B. Johnston, D., Brooklyn. | 26. Edmund Platt, R., Poughkeepsie. |
| 6. Frederick W. Rowe, R., Brooklyn. | 27. Charles B. Ward, R., Debruce. |
| 7. James P. Maher, D., Brooklyn. | 28. Rollin B. Sanford, R., Albany. |
| 8. William E. Cleary, D., Brooklyn. | 29. James S. Parker, R., Salem. |
| 9. David J. O'Connell, D., Brooklyn. | 30. Frank Crowther, R., Schenectady. |
| 10. Reuben L. Haskell, R., Brooklyn. | 31. Bertrand H. Snell, R., Potsdam. |
| 11. Daniel J. Riordan, D., New York City. | 32. Luther W. Mott, R., Oswego. |
| 12. Henry M. Goldfogle, D., New York City. | 33. Homer P. Snyder, R., Little Falls. |
| 13. Christopher D. Sullivan, D., New York City. | 34. William H. Hill, R., Johnson City. |
| 14. Fiorello H. LaGuardia, R., New York City. | 35. Walter W. Magee, R., Syracuse. |
| 15. Peter J. Dooling, D., New York City. | 36. Norman J. Gould, R., Seneca Falls. |
| 16. Thomas F. Smith, D., New York City. | 37. Alanson B. Houghton, R., Corning. |
| 17. Herbert C. Pell, Jr., D., New York City. | 38. Thomas B. Dunn, R., Rochester. |
| 18. John F. Carew, D., New York City. | 39. Archie D. Sanders, R., Stafford. |
| 19. Joseph Rowan, D., New York City. | 40. S. Wallace Dempsey, R., Lockport. |
| 20. Isaac Siegel, R., New York City. | 41. Clarence MacGregor, R., Buffalo. |
| 21. Jerome F. Donovan, D., New York City. | 42. James M. Mead, D., Buffalo. |
| | 43. Daniel A. Reed, R., Dunkirk. |

NORTH CAROLINA.

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|--|--|
| 1. John H. Small, D., Washington. | 6. Hannibal L. Godwin, D., Dunn. |
| 2. Claude Kitchin, D., Scotland Neck. | 7. Leonidas D. Robinson, D., Wadesboro. |
| 3. Samuel M. Brinson, D., Newbern. | 8. Robert L. Doughton, D., Laurel Springs. |
| 4. Edward W. Fou, D., Smithfield. | 9. Clyde R. Hoey, D., Shelby. |
| 5. Charles M. Stedman, D., Greensboro. | 10. Zebulon Weaver, D., Asheville. |

NORTH DAKOTA.

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| 1. John M. Baer, R., Fargo. | 3. James H. Sinclair, R., Kenmare. |
| 2. George M. Young, R., Valley City. | |

OHIO.

1. Nicholas Longworth, R., Cincinnati.
2. Ambrose B. B. Stephens, R., North Bend.
3. Warren Gard, D., Hamilton.
4. Benjamin F. Welty, D., Lima.
5. Charles J. Thompson, R., Defiance.
6. Charles C. Kearns, R., Batavia.
7. Simon D. Fess, R., Yellow Springs.
8. R. Clint Cole, R., Findlay.
9. Isaac R. Sherwood, D., Toledo.
10. Israel M. Foster, R., Athens.
11. Edwin D. Ricketts, R., Logan.
12. Clement Brumbaugh, D., Columbus.
13. James T. Begg, R., Sandusky.
14. Martin L. Davey, D., Kent.
15. C. Ellis Moore, R., Cambridge.
16. Roscoe C. McCulloch, R., Canton.
17. William A. Ashbrook, D., Johnstown.
18. Frank Murphy, R., Steubenville.
19. John G. Cooper, R., Youngstown.
20. Charles A. Mooney, D., Cleveland.
21. John Joseph Babka, D., Cleveland.
22. Henry I. Emerson, R., Cleveland.

OKLAHOMA.

1. Everett B. Howard, D., Tulsa.
2. William W. Hastings, D., Tahlequah.
3. Charles D. Carter, D., Ardmore.
4. Tom D. McKown, D., Ada.
5. John William Harreld, R., Oklahoma City.
6. Scott Ferris, D., Lawton.
7. James V. McClintic, D., Snyder.
8. Dick T. Morgan, R., Woodward.

OREGON.

1. Willis C. Hawley, R., Salem.
2. Nicholas J. Sinnott, R., The Dalles.
3. Clifton N. McArthur, R., Portland.

PENNSYLVANIA.

At Large.

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|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Thomas S. Crago, R., Waynesburg. | Anderson H. Walters, R., Johnstown. |
| Mahlon M. Garland, R., Pittsburgh. | William J. Burke, R., Pittsburgh. |
1. William S. Vare, R., Philadelphia.
 2. George S. Graham, R., Philadelphia.
 3. * (Vacancy).
 4. George W. Edmonds, R., Philadelphia.
 5. Peter E. Costello, R., Philadelphia.
 6. George P. Darrow, R., Philadelphia.
 7. Thomas S. Butler, R., West Chester.
 8. Henry W. Watson, R., Langhorne.
 9. William W. Griest, R., Lancaster.
 10. Patrick McLane, D., Scranton.
 11. John J. Casey, D., Wilkes-Barre.
 12. John Reber, R., Pottsville.
 13. Arthur C. Dewait, D., Allentown.
 14. Louis T. McFadden, R., Canton.
 15. Edgar R. Kiess, R., Williamsport.
 16. John V. Leshar, D., Sunbury.
 17. Benjamin K. Focht, R., Lewisburg.
 18. Aaron S. Kreider, R., Annville.
 19. John M. Rose, R., Johnstown.
 20. Edward S. Brooks, R., York.
 21. Evan J. Jones, R., Bradford.
 22. † John H. Wilson, D., Butler.
 23. Samuel A. Kendall, R., Meyersdale.
 24. Henry W. Temple, R., Washington.
 25. Milton W. Shreve, R., Erie.
 26. Henry J. Steele, D., Easton.
 27. Nathan L. Strong, R., Brookville.
 28. Willis J. Hulings, R., Oil City.
 29. Stephen G. Porter, R., Pittsburgh.
 30. M. Clyde Kelly, Ind. Rep., Braddock.
 31. John M. Morin, R., Pittsburgh.
 32. Guy E. Campbell, D., Crafton.

RHODE ISLAND.

1. Clark Burdick, R., Newport.
2. Walter R. Stiness, R., Cowesett.
3. Ambrose Kennedy, R., Woonsocket.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

1. Richard S. Whaley, D., Charleston.
2. James F. Byrnes, D., Aiken.
3. Fred H. Dominick, D., Newberry.
4. Samuel J. Nicholls, D., Spartansburg.
5. William F. Stevenson, D., Cheraw.
6. Philip H. Stoll, D., Kingstree.
7. Edward C. Mann, D., Orangeburg.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

1. Charles A. Christopherson, R., Sioux Falls.
2. Royal C. Johnson, R., Aberdeen.
3. Harry L. Gandy, D., Rapid City.

TENNESSEE.

1. Sam R. Sells, R., Johnson City.
2. J. Will Taylor, R., LaFollette.
3. John A. Moon, D., Chattanooga.
4. Cordell Hull, D., Carthage.
5. Ewin Lamar Davis, D., Tullahoma.
6. Joseph W. Byrns, D., Nashville.
7. Lemuel P. Padgett, D., Columbia.
8. Thetus W. Sims, D., Linden.
9. Finis J. Garrett, D., Dresden.
10. Hubert F. Fisher, D., Memphis.

TEXAS.

1. Eugene Black, D., Clarksville.
2. John C. Box, D., Jacksonville.
3. James Young, D., Kaufman.
4. Sam Rayburn, D., Bonham.
5. Hatton W. Summers, D., Dallas.
6. Rufus Hardy, D., Corsicana.
7. Clay Stone Briggs, D., Galveston.
8. Joe H. Eagle, D., Houston.
9. Joseph J. Mansfield, D., Columbus.
10. James P. Buchanan, D., Brenham.
11. Tom Connally, D., Marlin.
12. Fritz Garland Lanham, D., Fort Worth.
13. Lucian W. Parrish, D., Henrietta.
14. Carlos Bee, D., San Antonio.
15. John N. Garner, D., Uvalde.
16. C. B. Hudspeth, D., El Paso.
17. Thomas L. Blanton, D., Abilene.
18. Marvin Jones, D., Amarillo.

*Vacancy caused by resignation of J. Hampton Moore, on January 4, 1920.

†Elected March 4, 1919, to fill vacancy caused by death of Edward E. Robbins, on January 25, 1919.

UTAH.

1. Milton H. Welling, D., Fielding.
2. James H. Mays, D., Salt Lake City.

VERMONT.

1. Frank L. Greene, R., St. Albans.
2. Porter H. Dale, R., Island Pond.

VIRGINIA.

1. Schuyler Otis Bland, D., Newport News.
2. Edward E. Holland, D., Suffolk.
3. Andrew J. Montague, D., Richmond.
4. Walter A. Watson, D., Jennings Ordinary.
5. Edward W. Saunders, D., Rockymount.
6. James P. Woods, D., Roanoke.
7. Thomas W. Harrison, D., Winchester.
8. R. Walton Moore, D., Fairfax.
9. C. Bascom Slemp, R., Big Stone Gap.
10. Henry D. Flood, D., Appomattox.

WASHINGTON.

1. John F. Miller, R., Seattle.
2. Lindley H. Hadley, R., Bellingham.
3. Albert Johnson, R., Hoquiam.
4. John W. Summers, R., Walla Walla.
5. J. Stanley Webster, R., Spokane.

WEST VIRGINIA.

1. M. M. Neely, D., Fairmont.
2. George M. Bowers, R., Martinsburg.
3. Stuart F. Reed, R., Clarksburg.
4. Harry C. Woodyard, R., Spencer.
5. Wells Goodykoontz, R., Williamson.
6. Leonard S. Echols, R., Charleston.

WISCONSIN.

1. Clifford E. Randall, R., Kenosha.
2. Edward Voigt, R., Sheboygan.
3. James G. Monahan, R., Darlington.
4. John C. Kleczka, R., Milwaukee.
5. (Vacancy.)
6. Florian Lampert, R., Oshkosh.
7. John J. Esch, R., La Crosse.
8. Edward E. Browne, R., Waupaca.
9. David G. Classon, R., Oconto.
10. James A. Frear, R., Hudson.
11. Adolphus P. Nelson, R., Grantsburg.

WYOMING.

At Large.

Frank W. Mondell, R., Newcastle.

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans,	238
Democrats,	191
Prohibition,	1
Independent Republicans,	2
Vacancies,	3
Total,	435

TERRITORIES.

ALASKA.

George B. Grigsby, D., Juneau.

HAWAII.

J. Kuhio Kalaniana'ole, R., Waikiki.

PHILIPPINES.

Resident Commissioners.

Jaime C. De Veyra, Natl., Leyte.

Teodoro R. Yangco, Natl., Zambeales.

PORTO RICO.

Resident Commissioner.

Felix C. Dairla, Unionist, Manati.

STATE AND TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS.

States and Territories.	Capitals.	Governors.	Term—years.	Term expires.	Salary.
STATES.					
Alabama, -----	Montgomery, ---	Thomas F. Kilby, D., -----	4	Jan., 1923	\$7,500
Arizona, -----	Phoenix, -----	Thomas E. Campbell, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	6,500
Arkansas, -----	Little Rock, -----	Charles H. Brough, D., -----	2	Jan., 1921	4,000
California, -----	Sacramento, -----	William D. Stephens, R., -----	4	Jan., 1923	10,000
Colorado, -----	Denver, -----	Oliver H. Shoup, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	5,000
Connecticut, -----	Hartford, -----	Marcus H. Holcomb, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	5,000
Delaware, -----	Dover, -----	John G. Townsend, Jr., R., -----	4	Jan., 1921	4,000
Florida, -----	Tallahassee, -----	Sidney J. Catts, D., -----	4	Jan., 1921	6,000
Georgia, -----	Atlanta, -----	Hugh M. Dorsey, D., -----	2	June, 1921	5,000
Idaho, -----	Boise, -----	D. W. Davis, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	5,000
Illinois, -----	Springfield, -----	Frank O. Lowden, R., -----	4	Jan., 1921	12,000
Indiana, -----	Indianapolis, -----	James P. Goodrich, R., -----	4	Jan., 1921	8,000
Iowa, -----	Des Moines, -----	William L. Harding, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	5,000
Kansas, -----	Topeka, -----	Henry J. Allen, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	5,000
Kentucky, -----	Frankfort, -----	Edwin P. Morrow, R., -----	4	Dec., 1923	6,500
Louisiana, -----	Baton Rouge, --	Ruffin G. Pleasant, D., -----	4	May, 1920	7,500
Maine, -----	Augusta, -----	Carl E. Milliken, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	5,000
Maryland, -----	Annapolis, -----	Emerson C. Harrington, D., -----	4	Jan., 1920	4,500
Massachusetts, -----	Boston, -----	Calvin Coolidge, R., -----	1	Jan., 1920	10,000
Michigan, -----	Lansing, -----	Albert E. Sleeper, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	5,000
Minnesota, -----	St. Paul, -----	J. A. A. Burnquist, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	7,000
Mississippi, -----	Jackson, -----	Theodore G. Bilbo, D., -----	4	Jan., 1920	5,000
Missouri, -----	Jefferson City, -----	Frederick D. Gardner, D., -----	4	Jan., 1921	5,000
Montana, -----	Helena, -----	Samuel V. Stewart, D., -----	4	Jan., 1921	7,500
Nebraska, -----	Lincoln, -----	Samuel R. McKelvie, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	2,500
Nevada, -----	Carson City, -----	Emmet D. Boyle, D., -----	4	Jan., 1923	7,200
New Hampshire, -----	Concord, -----	John H. Bartlett, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	3,000
New Jersey, -----	Trenton, -----	William N. Runyan, R., -----	3	Jan., 1920	10,000
New Mexico, -----	Santa Fe, -----	O. A. Larrazolo, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	5,000
New York, -----	Albany, -----	Alfred E. Smith, D., -----	2	Jan., 1921	10,000
North Carolina, -----	Raleigh, -----	Thomas W. Bickett, D., -----	4	Jan., 1921	6,500
North Dakota, -----	Bismarck, -----	Lynn J. Frazier, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	5,000
Ohio, -----	Columbus, -----	James M. Cox, D., -----	2	Jan., 1921	10,000
Oklahoma, -----	Oklahoma City, -----	J. B. A. Robertson, D., -----	4	Jan., 1923	4,500
Oregon, -----	Salem, -----	B. W. Olcott, R., -----	4	Jan., 1923	5,000
Pennsylvania, -----	Harrisburg, -----	William C. Sproul, R., -----	4	Jan., 1923	*10,000
Rhode Island, -----	Providence, -----	R. Livingston Beeckman, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	8,000
South Carolina, -----	Columbia, -----	Robert A. Cooper, D., -----	2	Jan., 1921	3,000
South Dakota, -----	Pierre, -----	Peter Norbeck, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	3,000
Tennessee, -----	Nashville, -----	A. H. Roberts, D., -----	2	Jan., 1921	4,000
Texas, -----	Austin, -----	William P. Hobby, D., -----	2	Jan., 1921	4,000
Utah, -----	Salt Lake City, -----	Simon Bamberger, D., -----	4	Jan., 1921	6,000
Vermont, -----	Montpelier, -----	Horace F. Graham, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	3,000
Virginia, -----	Richmond, -----	Westmoreland Davis, D., -----	4	Feb., 1922	5,000
Washington, -----	Olympia, -----	Louis F. Hart, R., -----	4	Jan., 1921	6,600
West Virginia, -----	Charleston, -----	John J. Cornwell, D., -----	4	Mar., 1921	5,000
Wisconsin, -----	Madison, -----	Emanuel L. Phillip, R., -----	2	Jan., 1921	5,000
Wyoming, -----	Cheyenne, -----	Robert D. Carey, R., -----	4	Jan., 1923	4,000
TERRITORIES.					
Alaska,† -----	Juneau, -----	Thomas Riggs, Jr., D., -----	4	April, 1922	7,000
Hawaii,† -----	Honolulu, -----	Charles J. McCarthy, D., -----	4	June, 1922	7,000
Philippines, -----	Manila, -----	Francis Burton Harrison, -----	-----	Indefinite	20,000
Porto Rico,† -----	San Juan, -----	Arthur Yager, D., -----	-----	Indefinite	10,000

*After January, 1923, salary will be \$18,000.

†Governors nominated by the President and confirmed by the Senate.

North Carolina.	Bien,---	Wednesday after first Monday of January.	Jan.	5, 1921.	60 days.	2	\$4 per diem.
North Dakota.	Bien,---	Tuesday after first Monday of January.	Jan.	4, 1921.	60 days.	2	5 per diem.
Ohio.	Bien,---	First Monday of January.	Jan.	3, 1921.	None.	2	1,000 per annum.
Oklahoma.	Bien,---	Tuesday after first Monday of January.	Jan.	4, 1921.	60 days.	2	6 per diem.
Oregon.	Bien,---	Second Monday of January.	Jan.	10, 1921.	60 days.	2	3 per diem.
Pennsylvania.	Bien,---	First Tuesday of January.	Jan.	4, 1921.	None.	2	1,500 per session.
Porto Rico.	Ann.,---	Second Monday of February.	Feb.	9, 1920.	60 days.	2	5 per diem.
Rhode Island.	Ann.,---	First Tuesday of January.	Jan.	6, 1920.	60 days.	2	5 per diem.
South Carolina.	Ann.,---	Second Tuesday of January.	Jan.	13, 1920.	40 days.	2	200 per session.
South Dakota.	Bien,---	First Tuesday after first Monday of January.	Jan.	4, 1921.	60 days.	2	5 per diem.
Tennessee.	Bien,---	First Monday of January.	Jan.	3, 1921.	75 days.	2	4 per diem.
Texas.	Bien,---	Second Tuesday of January.	Jan.	11, 1921.	60 days.	2	5 per diem.
Utah.	Bien,---	Second Monday of January.	Jan.	10, 1921.	60 days.	2	4 per diem.
Vermont.	Bien,---	First Wednesday after first Monday of January.	Jan.	11, 1921.	None.	2	4 per diem.
Virginia.	Bien,---	Second Wednesday of January.	Jan.	10, 1921.	60 days.	2	500 per session.
Washington.	Bien,---	Second Monday of January.	Jan.	12, 1921.	45 days.	2	5 per diem.
West Virginia.	Bien,---	Second Wednesday of January.	Jan.	12, 1921.	None.	2	4 per diem.
Wisconsin.	Bien,---	Second Tuesday of January.	Jan.	11, 1921.	40 days.	2	500 per annum.
Wyoming.	Bien,---	Second Tuesday of January.	Jan.	11, 1921.	40 days.	2	8 per diem.

PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Year of qualification.	Name.	Politics.	Birthplace.	Residence.	Born.	Died.	Term of Service.
1789	George Washington.	---	Westmoreland county, Va.,	Virginia.	1732	1799	8 years.
1797	John Adams.	Fed.,	Quincy, Mass.,	Massachusetts,	1735	1826	4 years.
1801	Thomas Jefferson.	Rep.,	Shadwell, Va.,	Virginia.	1743	1826	8 years.
1809	James Madison.	Rep.,	Port Conway, Va.,	Virginia.	1751	1836	8 years.
1817	James Monroe.	Rep.,	Westmoreland county, Va.,	Virginia.	1758	1831	8 years.
1825	John Quincy Adams.	Rep.,	Quincy, Mass.,	Massachusetts,	1767	1848	4 years.
1829	Andrew Jackson.	Dem.,	Union county, N. C.,*	Tennessee.	1767	1845	8 years.
1837	Martin Van Buren.	Dem.,	Kinderhook, N. Y.,	New York.	1782	1862	4 years.
1841	William Henry Harrison.	Whig.	Berkley, Va.,	Ohio.	1773	1841	1 month.
1841	John Tyler.	Dem.,	Greenway, Va.,	Virginia.	1790	1862	3 years.
1845	James Knox Polk.	Dem.,	Mecklenburg county, N. C.,	Tennessee.	1795	1849	4 years.
1849	Zachary Taylor.	Whig.	Orange county, Va.,	Louisiana.	1784	1850	1 year.
1850	Millard Fillmore.	Whig.	Sumnerhill, N. Y.,	New York.	1796	1874	2 years.
1853	Franklin Pierce.	Dem.,	Hillsboro, N. H.,	New Hampshire.	1800	1879	7 months.
1857	James Buchanan.	Dem.,	Cone Gap, Pa.,	Pennsylvania.	1804	1869	4 years.
1861	Abraham Lincoln.	Rep.,	Larue county, Ky.,	Illinois.	1809	1865	4 years.
1865	Andrew Johnson.	Rep.,	Raleigh, N. C.,	Tennessee.	1808	1875	3 years.
1869	Ulysses S. Grant.	Rep.,	Point Pleasant, O.,	Illinois.	1822	1885	8 years.
1877	Rutherford B. Hayes.	Rep.,	Delaware, O.,	Ohio.	1822	1893	4 years.
1881	James A. Garfield.	Rep.,	Cuyahoga county, O.,	Ohio.	1831	1881	6 months.
1885	Chester A. Arthur.	Rep.,	Fairfield, Vt.,	New York.	1831	1886	3 years.
1889	Grover Cleveland.	Dem.,	Caldwell, N. J.,	New York.	1839	1908	4 years.
1893	Benjamin Harrison.	Rep.,	North Bend, O.,	Indiana.	1833	1901	4 years.
1897	Grover Cleveland.	Dem.,	Caldwell, N. J.,	New York.	1837	1908	4 years.
1897	William McKinley.	Rep.,	Niles, O.,	Ohio.	1843	1901	6 months.
1901	Theodore Roosevelt.	Rep.,	New York City, N. Y.,	New York.	1858	1919	4 years.
1909	William Howard Taft.	Rep.,	Cincinnati, Ohio.	Ohio.	1857	1930	7 years.
1913	Woodrow Wilson.	Dem.,	Staunton, Virginia.	New Jersey.	1857	1919	4 years.

* Jackson claimed to have been born in South Carolina; but Parton has produced documentary evidence showing that he was born in North Carolina, near the South Carolina line.

** Died in office, April 4, 1841, when Vice-President Tyler succeeded him taking the oath of office April 6, 1841.

† Died in office, July 9, 1860, when Vice-President Fillmore succeeded him taking the oath of office July 10, 1860.

‡ Assassinated April 14, 1866, when Vice-President Johnson succeeded him taking the oath of office April 15, 1865.

§ Assassinated July 2, 1881, and died September 19, 1881, when Vice-President Arthur succeeded him taking the oath of office at New York, September 20, 1881.

|| Assassinated September 6, 1901, and died September 14, 1901. Vice-President Roosevelt succeeded him, taking the oath of office at Buffalo, N. Y., on September 14, 1901.

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Year of qualification.	Name.	Politics.	Birthplace.	Residence.	Born.	Died.	Term of Service.
1789	John Adams,	Fed.,	Quincy, Mass.,	Massachusetts,	1735	1796	8 years.
1797	Thomas Jefferson,	Rep.,	Shadwell, Va.,	Virginia,	1743	1826	4 years.
1801	Aaron Burr,	Rep.,	Newark, N. J.,	New York,	1756	1836	4 years.
1805	George Clinton (a),	Rep.,	Ulster county, N. Y.,	New York,	1739	1812	7 years, 1 month, 16 days.
1813	Elbridge Gerry (a),	Rep.,	Marblehead, Mass.,	Massachusetts,	1744	1814	1 year, 8 months, 19 days.
1817	Daniel C. Tompkins,	Rep.,	Scarsdale, N. Y.,	New York,	1774	1825	8 years.
1825	John C. Calhoun, (c),	Rep.,	Abbeville, S. C.,	South Carolina,	1782	1850	7 years, 9 months, 24 days.
1833	Martin Van Buren,	Dem.,	Kinderhook, N. Y.,	New York,	1782	1862	4 years.
1837	Richard M. Johnson,	Dem.,	Louisville, Ky.,	Kentucky,	1780	1860	4 years.
1841	John Tyler (d),	Dem.,	Greenway, Va.,	Virginia,	1790	1862	1 month.
1845	George M. Dallas,	Dem.,	Philadelphia, Pa.,	Pennsylvania,	1792	1864	4 years.
1849	Millard Fillmore (e),	Whig,	Sumnerhill, N. Y.,	New York,	1800	1874	1 year, 4 months, 4 days.
1853	William R. King (b, a),	Dem.,	Samson county, N. C.,	Alabama,	1786	1853	1 month, 14 days.
1857	John C. Breckenridge,	Dem.,	Lexington, Ky.,	Kentucky,	1821	1875	4 years.
1861	Hannibal Hamlin	Rep.,	Paris, Maine	Maine,	1809	1891	4 years.
1865	Andrew Johnson (f),	Rep.,	Raleigh, N. C.,	Tennessee,	1808	1875	1 month, 11 days.
1869	Schuyler Colfax,	Rep.,	New York City, N. Y.,	Indiana,	1823	1885	2 years, 8 months, 18 days.
1873	Henry Wilson (a),	Rep.,	Farmington, N. H.,	Massachusetts,	1812	1875	4 years.
1877	William A. Wheeler,	Rep.,	Malone, N. Y.,	New York,	1819	1887	6 months, 15 days.
1881	Chester A. Arthur (g),	Rep.,	Fairfield, Vt.,	New York,	1830	1886	8 months, 21 days.
1885	Thomas A. Hendricks (a),	Dem.,	Shortham, Vt.,	Indiana,	1819	1885	4 years.
1889	Levi P. Morton,	Rep.,	Muskingum county, O.,	New York,	1824	1914	4 years.
1893	Adlai E. Stevenson	Dem.,	Christian county, Ky.,	Illinois,	1835	1914	2 years, 8 months, 17 days.
1897	Garret A. Hobart (h),	Rep.,	Long Branch, N. J.,	New Jersey,	1844	1899	6 months, 10 days.
1901	Theodore Roosevelt (i),	Rep.,	New York City, N. Y.,	New York,	1858	1919	4 years.
1905	Charles W. Fairbanks,	Rep.,	Unionville Center, O.,	Indiana,	1852	1918	3 years, 7 months, 26 days.
1909	James S. Sherman (j),	Rep.,	Utica, New York,	New York,	1855	1912	
1913	Thomas R. Marshall,	Dem.,	North Manchester, Indiana,	Indiana,	1854		

(a) Died in office.

(b) Ex-Office as President pro tem. of the Senate.

(c) Resigned December 28, 1882.

(d) Became President by death of William Henry Harrison.

(e) Became President by death of Taylor.

(f) Became President by death of Lincoln.

(g) Became President by death of Garfield.

(h) Died in office November 21, 1899.

(i) Became President by death of McKinley.

(j) Died in office October 30, 1912.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT FROM PENNSYLVANIA, 1783 TO 1919.

Name.	Date of appointment.	Born.	Died.
PRESIDENTS.			
Prior to the Adoption of the Constitution.			
Thomas Mifflin, -----	Nov. 3, 1783	1744	1800
Arthur St. Clair, -----	Feb. 2, 1787	1734	1818
PRESIDENT.			
Under the Constitution.			
James Buchanan, -----	1857-1861	1791	1868
VICE-PRESIDENT.			
George M. Dallas, -----	1845-1849	1792	1864
SECRETARIES OF STATE.			
Timothy Pickering,* -----	1795-1800	1745	1829
James Buchanan, -----	1845-1849	1791	1868
Jeremiah S. Black, -----	1860-1861	1810	1883
Philander Chase Knox, -----	1909-1913	1853	-----
SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY.			
Albert Gallatin, -----	1801-1814	1761	1849
Alexander J. Dallas, -----	1814-1817	1759	1817
Richard Rush, -----	1825-1829	1780	1859
Samuel D. Ingham, -----	1829-1831	1773	1860
William J. Duane, -----	1833	1780	1835
Walter Forward, -----	1841-1843	1786	1852
William M. Meredith, -----	1849-1850	1799	1873
SECRETARIES OF WAR.			
Timothy Pickering, -----	1795	1745	1829
James M. Porter, -----	1843-1844	1793	1862
William Wilkins, -----	1844-1845	1779	1865
Simon Cameron, -----	1861-1862	1799	1889
Edwin M. Stanton, -----	1862-1868	1814	1870
J. Donald Cameron, -----	1876-1877	1833	1918
SECRETARIES OF THE NAVY.			
William Jones, -----	1813-1814	1760	1831
Adolph E. Borie, -----	1809	1809	1880
SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.			
T. M. T. McKennan, -----	1850	1794	1852
POSTMASTERS GENERAL.			
Timothy Pickering, -----	1791-1795	1745	1829
James Campbell, -----	1853-1857	1812	1892
John Wanamaker, -----	1889-1893	1838	-----
Charles Emory Smith, -----	1898-1902	1842	1968

*Pickering having refused to resign as Secretary of State was discharged by President Adams, May 12, 1800.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT FROM PENNSYLVANIA—
Concluded.

Name.	Term of Service.	Born.	Died.
ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.			
William Bradford, -----	1794-1795	1755	1795
Richard Rush, -----	1814-1817	1780	1850
Henry D. Gilpin, -----	1840-1841	1801	1860
Jeremiah S. Black, -----	1857-1860	1810	1883
Edwin M. Stanton, -----	1860-1861	1814	1869
Wayne MacVeagh, -----	1881	1833	1917
Benjamin H. Brewster, -----	1881-1885	1816	1888
Philander Chase Knox, -----	1901-1904	1853	-----
A. Mitchell Palmer, -----	1919	1872	-----
SECRETARY OF LABOR.			
William Bauchop Wilson, -----	1913-1919	1862	-----
ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.			
James Wilson, -----	1789-1798	1742	1798
Henry Baldwin, -----	1830-1846	1779	1846
Robert C. Grier, -----	1846-1870	1794	1870
William Strong, -----	1870-1880	1808	1895
George Shiras, Jr., -----	1892-1902	1832	1916
PRESIDENTS PRO TEM. OF THE SENATE.			
William Bingham, -----	1797	1729	1808
James Ross, -----	1797-1799	1761	1847
Andrew Gregg, -----	1809	1755	1835
SPEAKERS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.			
F. A. Muhlenberg, -----	1789-1791	1750	1801
F. A. Muhlenberg, -----	1793-1795	-----	-----
Galusha A. Grow, -----	1861-1863	1823	1907
Samuel J. Randall, -----	1876-1881	1828	1890
CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE COURT OF CLAIMS.			
Joseph Casey, -----	1863-1870	1814	1879

THE CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

Place and Time of Sessions.

Philadelphia, Pa.,	Sept. 5, 1774, to Oct. 26, 1774
Philadelphia, Pa.,	May 10, 1775, to Dec. 12, 1776
Baltimore, Md.,	Dec. 20, 1776, to March 4, 1777
Philadelphia, Pa.,	March 4, 1777, to Sept. 18, 1777
Lancaster, Pa.,	Sept. 27, 1777,
York, Pa.,	Sept. 30, 1777, to June 27, 1778
Philadelphia, Pa.,	July 2, 1778, to June 21, 1783
Princeton, N. J.,	June 30, 1783, to Nov. 4, 1783
Annapolis, Md.,	Nov. 26, 1783, to June 3, 1784
Trenton, N. J.,	Nov. 1, 1784, to Dec. 24, 1784
New York City,	Jan. 11, 1785, to Nov. 4, 1785
New York City,	Nov. 7, 1785, to Nov. 3, 1786
New York City,	Nov. 6, 1786, to Oct. 30, 1787
New York City,	Nov. 5, 1787, to Oct. 21, 1788

Delegates to the Congress from Pennsylvania.

Andrew Allen,	1775-76	Thomas Mifflin,	1782-84
John Armstrong,	1778-80	Charles Morris,	1783-84
John Armstrong,	1787-88	Robert Morris,	1776-78
Samuel Atlee,	1778-82	Joseph Montgomery,	1780-82
John Bayard,	1785-87	John Montgomery,	1783-84
Edward Biddle,	1774-76	John Morton,	1774-77
Edward Biddle,	1778-79	Frederick A. Muhlenberg,	1778-80
William Bingham,	1787-88	Richard Peters,	1782-83
Matthew Clarkson,	1785-86	Charles Petit,	1785-87
William Clingan,	1777-79	J. Read,	1787-88
George Clymer,	1776-78	Joseph Reed,	1777-78
George Clymer,	1780-83	Samuel Rhoads,	1774-75
John Dickinson,	1774-76	Daniel Roberdeau,	1777-79
Thomas Fitzsimmons,	1782-83	George Ross,	1774-77
Benjamin Franklin,	1775-76	Benjamin Rush,	1776-77
Joseph Galloway,	1774-75	James Searle,	1778-80
Joseph Gardner,	1784-85	William Shippen,	1778-80
Edward Hand,	1784-85	James Smith,	1776-78
William Henry,	1784-86	Jonathan B. Smith,	1777-78
Charles Humphreys,	1774-76	Thomas Smith,	1780-82
Jared Ingersoll,	1780-81	Arthur St. Clair,	1785-87
William Irvine,	1786-88	George Taylor,	1776-77
David Jackson,	1785-86	Thomas Willing,	1775-76
Timothy Matlack,	1780-81	James Wilson,	1775-78
James McLene,	1779-80	James Wilson,	1782-83
Samuel Meredith,	1787-88	James Wilson,	1785-87
Thomas Mifflin,	1774-76	Henry Wynkoop,	1779-83

SESSIONS OF CONGRESS.

1st Congress from.....	1789 to 1791	34th Congress from.....	1855 to 1857
2d Congress from.....	1791 to 1793	35th Congress from.....	1857 to 1859
3d Congress from.....	1793 to 1795	36th Congress from.....	1859 to 1861
4th Congress from.....	1795 to 1797	37th Congress from.....	1861 to 1863
5th Congress from.....	1797 to 1799	38th Congress from.....	1863 to 1865
6th Congress from.....	1799 to 1801	39th Congress from.....	1865 to 1867
7th Congress from.....	1801 to 1803	40th Congress from.....	1867 to 1869
8th Congress from.....	1803 to 1805	41st Congress from.....	1869 to 1871
9th Congress from.....	1805 to 1807	42d Congress from.....	1871 to 1873
10th Congress from.....	1807 to 1809	43d Congress from.....	1873 to 1875
11th Congress from.....	1809 to 1811	44th Congress from.....	1875 to 1877
12th Congress from.....	1811 to 1813	45th Congress from.....	1877 to 1879
13th Congress from.....	1813 to 1815	46th Congress from.....	1879 to 1881
14th Congress from.....	1815 to 1817	47th Congress from.....	1881 to 1883
15th Congress from.....	1817 to 1819	48th Congress from.....	1883 to 1885
16th Congress from.....	1819 to 1821	49th Congress from.....	1885 to 1887
17th Congress from.....	1821 to 1823	50th Congress from.....	1887 to 1889
18th Congress from.....	1823 to 1825	51st Congress from.....	1889 to 1891
19th Congress from.....	1825 to 1827	52d Congress from.....	1891 to 1893
20th Congress from.....	1827 to 1829	53d Congress from.....	1893 to 1895
21st Congress from.....	1829 to 1831	54th Congress from.....	1895 to 1897
22d Congress from.....	1831 to 1833	55th Congress from.....	1897 to 1899
23d Congress from.....	1833 to 1835	56th Congress from.....	1899 to 1901
24th Congress from.....	1835 to 1837	57th Congress from.....	1901 to 1903
25th Congress from.....	1837 to 1839	58th Congress from.....	1903 to 1905
26th Congress from.....	1839 to 1841	59th Congress from.....	1905 to 1907
27th Congress from.....	1841 to 1843	60th Congress from.....	1907 to 1909
28th Congress from.....	1843 to 1845	61st Congress from.....	1909 to 1911
29th Congress from.....	1845 to 1847	62d Congress from.....	1911 to 1913
30th Congress from.....	1847 to 1849	63d Congress from.....	1913 to 1915
31st Congress from.....	1849 to 1851	64th Congress from.....	1915 to 1917
32d Congress from.....	1851 to 1853	65th Congress from.....	1917 to 1919
33d Congress from.....	1853 to 1855	66th Congress from.....	1919 to 1921

SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Name.	State.	Congress.	Born.	Died.
1 Frederick A. Muhlenberg,-----	Pennsylvania,-----	First,-----	1750	1801
2 Jonathan Trumbull,-----	Connecticut,-----	Second,-----	1740	1809
Frederick A. Muhlenberg,-----	Pennsylvania,-----	Third,-----	1750	1801
3 Jonathan Dayton,-----	New Jersey,-----	Fourth,-----	1760	1824
Do.-----	do.-----	Fifth,-----		
4 Theodore Sedgwick,-----	Massachusetts,-----	Sixth,-----	1746	1813
5 Nathaniel Macon,-----	North Carolina,-----	Seventh,-----	1757	1837
Do.-----	do.-----	Eighth,-----		
Do.-----	do.-----	Ninth,-----		
6 Joseph B. Varnum,-----	Massachusetts,-----	Tenth,-----	1750	1821
Do.-----	do.-----	Eleventh,-----		
7 Henry Clay,-----	Kentucky,-----	Twelfth,-----	1777	1852
Do.-----	do.-----	Thirteenth,-----		
8 Langdon Cheves,-----	South Carolina,-----	Thirteenth (2d Sess.),-----	1776	1857
Henry Clay,-----	Kentucky,-----	Fourteenth,-----	1777	1852
Do.-----	do.-----	Fifteenth,-----		
Do.-----	do.-----	Sixteenth,-----		
9 John W. Taylor,-----	New York,-----	Sixteenth (2d Sess.),-----	1784	1854
10 Philip P. Barbour,-----	Virginia,-----	Seventeenth,-----	1783	1841
Henry Clay,-----	Kentucky,-----	Eighteenth,-----	1777	1852
John W. Taylor,-----	New York,-----	Nineteenth,-----	1784	1854
11 Andrew Stevenson,-----	Virginia,-----	Twentieth,-----	1784	1857
Do.-----	do.-----	Twenty-first,-----		
Do.-----	do.-----	Twenty-second,-----		
Do.-----	do.-----	Twenty-third,-----		
12 John Bell,-----	Tennessee,-----	Twenty-third (2d Sess.),-----	1797	1869
13 James K. Polk,-----	do.-----	Twenty-fourth,-----	1795	1849
Do.-----	do.-----	Twenty-fifth,-----		
14 Robert M. T. Hunter,-----	Virginia,-----	Twenty-sixth,-----	1809	1887
15 John White,-----	Kentucky,-----	Twenty-seventh,-----	1805	1845

SPEAKERS, UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Concluded.

Name.	State.	Congress.	Born.	Died.
16 John W. Jones, -----	Virginia, -----	Twenty-eighth, -----	1805	1848
17 John W. Davis, -----	Indiana, -----	Twenty-ninth, -----	1799	1850
18 Robert C. Winthrop, -----	Massachusetts, -----	Thirtieth, -----	1809	1894
19 Howell Cobb, -----	Georgia, -----	Thirty-first, -----	1815	1868
20 Linn Boyd, -----	Kentucky, -----	Thirty-second, -----	1800	1859
Do. -----	do. -----	Thirty-third, -----		
21 Nathaniel P. Banks, -----	Massachusetts, -----	Thirty-fourth, -----	1816	1894
22 James L. Orr, -----	South Carolina, -----	Thirty-fifth, -----	1822	1873
23 William Pennington, -----	New Jersey, -----	Thirty-sixth, -----	1796	1862
24 Galusha A. Grow, -----	Pennsylvania, -----	Thirty-seventh, -----	1823	1907
25 Schuyler Colfax, -----	Indiana, -----	Thirty-eighth, -----	1823	1885
Do. -----	do. -----	Thirty-ninth, -----		
Do. -----	do. -----	Fortieth, -----		
26 James G. Blaine, -----	Maine, -----	Forty-first, -----	1830	1893
Do. -----	do. -----	Forty-second, -----		
Do. -----	do. -----	Forty-third, -----		
27 Michael C. Kerr, -----	Indiana, -----	Forty-fourth, -----	1827	1870
28 Samuel J. Randall, -----	Pennsylvania, -----	Forty-fourth (2d Sess.), -----	1828	1890
Do. -----	do. -----	Forty-fifth, -----		
Do. -----	do. -----	Forty-sixth, -----		
29 J. Warren Keifer, -----	Ohio, -----	Forty-seventh, -----	1836	
30 John G. Carlisle, -----	Kentucky, -----	Forty-eighth, -----	1835	1910
Do. -----	do. -----	Forty-ninth, -----		
Do. -----	do. -----	Fiftieth, -----		
31 Thomas B. Reed, -----	Maine, -----	Fifty-first, -----	1839	1902
32 Charles F. Crisp, -----	Georgia, -----	Fifty-second, -----	1845	1896
Do. -----	do. -----	Fifty-third, -----		
Thomas B. Reed, -----	Maine, -----	Fifty-fourth, -----	1839	1902
Do. -----	do. -----	Fifty-fifth, -----		
33 David B. Henderson, -----	Iowa, -----	Fifty-sixth, -----	1840	1906
Do. -----	do. -----	Fifty-seventh, -----		
34 Joseph G. Cannon, -----	Illinois, -----	Fifty-eighth, -----	1836	
Do. -----	do. -----	Fifty-ninth, -----		
Do. -----	do. -----	Sixtieth, -----		
Do. -----	do. -----	Sixty-first, -----		
35 Champ Clark, -----	Missouri, -----	Sixty-second, -----	1850	
Do. -----	do. -----	Sixty-third, -----		
Do. -----	do. -----	Sixty-fourth, -----		
Do. -----	do. -----	Sixty-fifth, -----		
36 Frederick H. Gillett, -----	Massachusetts, -----	Sixty-sixth, -----	1851	

Note.—Speakers elected pro tempore are not included in the above table. The figures prefixed indicate the number of Speakers, not the sequence of their official terms.

U. S. SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES FROM PENNSYLVANIA SINCE 1789 AND THEIR TERM OF SERVICE.

SENATORS.

William Maclay,	1789-1791	Daniel Sturgeon,	1839-1851
Robert Morris,	1789-1795	Simon Cameron,	1845-1849
Albert Gallatin,	1793-1794	James Cooper,	1849-1855
James Ross,	1794-1803	Richard Brodhead,	1851-1857
William Bingham,	1795-1801	William Bigler,	1855-1861
John P. G. Muhlenberg,	1801	Simon Cameron,	1857-1861
George Logan,	1801-1807	David Wilmot,	1861-1863
Samuel Maclay (resigned January 4, 1809),	1801-1809	Edgar Cowan,	1861-1867
Andrew Gregg,	1803-1809	Charles E. Buckalew,	1863-1869
Michael Leib,	1807-1813	Simon Cameron,	1867-1877
Abner Loebe,	1809-1814	John Scott,	1869-1875
Jonathan Roberts,	1813-1819	William A. Wallace,	1875-1881
Walter Lowrie,	1814-1821	J. Donald Cameron,	1877-1897
William Findlay,	1819-1825	John I. Mitchell,	1881-1887
William Marks,	1821-1827	Matthew Stanley Quay,	1887-1899
Isaac D. Barnard,	1825-1831	Boies Penrose,	1897-1919
George Mifflin Dallas,	1827-1831	*Matthew Stanley Quay,	1901-1904
William Wilkins,	1831-1833	†Philander Chase Knox (resigned March 4, 1909),	1904-1909
Samuel McKean,	1831-1834	†George T. Oliver,	1909-1917
James Buchanan,	1833-1839	Philander Chase Knox,	1917-1919
	1834-1845		

REPRESENTATIVES.

Name.	Congress.	Name.	Congress.
Acheson, Ernest F.,	54-60	Bayne, Thomas M.,	45-51
Adams, Robert (elected Dec. 19, 1893, vice O'Neill, deceased; died June 1, 1906),		Beale, Joseph G.,	60
Acker, E. L.,	53-59	Beales, C. William,	64
Addams, William,	42	Beatty, William,	25-26
Ahl, John A.,	19-20	Beaumont, Andrew,	23-24
Ainey, William D. B., (elected November 7, 1911, vice George W. Kipp, deceased),	35	Beeson, Henry W.,	27
Albright, Charles,	62-63	Beltzhoover, Frank E.,	46-47, 52-53
Allison, James,	43	Benner, George J.,	55
Allison, John,	18	Beshlin, Earl H., (elected November 6, 1917, vice O. D. Bleakley, resigned),	65
Allison, Robert,	32-34	Bibbighaus, Thomas M.,	32-33
Amerman, Lemuel,	22	Biddle, Charles J.,	37
Ancona, S. E.,	52	Biddle, Richard,	25-26
Anderson, William,	37-39	Bidlack, Benjamin A.,	27-28
Anderson, Isaac,	11, 13-15	Biery, J. S.,	43
Anderson, Samuel,	8-9	Billmeyer, Alexander, (elected November 4, 1902, vice Rufus K. Polk, deceased),	57
Anthony, Joseph B.,	23-24	Bingham, Henry H., (died March 23, 1912),	46-62
Armstrong, James,	3	Binney, Horace,	23
Armstrong, William H.,	41	Black, Henry,	26-27
Arnold, William Carlile,	54-55	Black, James,	28-29
Ash, Michael W.,	24	Blair, Samuel S.,	36-37
Atkinson, Louis E.,	48-52	Blanchard, John,	29-30
Babbitt, Elijah,	36-37	Bleakley, Orrin D., (designed April 3, 1917),	65
Bachman, R. K.,	46	Boden, Alexander,	15-16
Bailey, Joseph,	37-38	Bonde, Thomas,	7
Bailey, Warren W.,	63-64	Bound, Franklin,	49-50
Baldwin, Henry,	15-17	Bowman, Charles C., (unseated by contest December 12, 1912),	62
Banks, John,	22-24	Boyer, B. M.,	30-40
Barber, Laird H.,	56	Boyle, Charles E.,	48-49
Barchfeld, Andrew J.,	59-64	Bradshaw, Samuel C.,	34
Barclay, Charles F.,	60-61	Brady, Jasper E.,	30
Barclay, David,	34	Brainard, Samuel M.,	43
Bard, David,	4-5, 8-13	Breck, Samuel,	18
Barker, A. A.,	39	Bridges, Samuel A.,	30, 33-45
Barlow, Stephenson,	20	Brodbeck, Andrew R.,	63, 65
Barnitz, Charles A.,	23		
Barr, Samuel F.,	47-48		
Bates, Arthur L.,	57-62		

*After taking seventy-nine ballots, the Legislature of 1899 failed to elect a successor to M. S. Quay whose term of office expired March 4, 1899. On April 21, 1899, he was appointed by the Governor until the next meeting of the Legislature, or until his successor was duly elected and qualified. The United States Senate on April 24, 1900, by a vote of 33 to 32 refused to accept the commission given him by the Governor. On January 15, 1901, he was elected by the Legislature for the balance of the term which commenced March 4, 1899.

†Philander Chase Knox was appointed by Governor Pennypacker, June 10, 1904, to fill vacancy caused by death of Matthew Stanley Quay, on May 28, 1904, and was elected by the Legislature on January 18, 1905, to fill the balance of the unexpired term and for a full term of six years from March 4, 1905.

‡George T. Oliver was elected by the Legislature on March 17, 1909, to fill the unexpired term of Philander Chase Knox, who resigned March 4, 1909.

Name.	Congress.	Name.	Congress.
Brodhead, J. Davis,	60	Dalzell, John,	50-62
Brodhead, Richard,	28-30	Danner, Joel B.,	31
Brooks, Edward S.,	66	Darlington, Edward,	23-25
Broom, Jacob,	34	Darlington, Isaac,	15
Broomal, John M.,	38-40	Darlington, Smedley,	50-51
Brosius, Marriott (died March 16, 1901),	51-57	Darlington, William,	14, 16-17
Brown, Charles,	27-30	Darragh, Cornelius,	28-29
Brown, James W.,	58	Darrow, George P.,	64-66
Brown, Jeremiah,	27-28	Davenport, Samuel A.,	55-56
Brown, John,	17-18	Davenport, Stanley W.,	56
Brown, Robert,	6-13	Davidson, James J., (died Jan. 2, 1897, before being qualified),	55
*Brown, William M.,	64	Davies, Edward,	25-26
Brown, William W.,	48-49	Davis, John,	26
Brumm, Charles N., (resigned January 4, 1909),	47-50, 54-55, 59-60	Davis, Roger,	12-13
Brunner, David B.,	51-52	Davis, William Morris,	37
Buchanan, Andrew,	24-25	Dawson, John L.,	32-33, 38-39
Buchanan, James,	17-21	Deemer, Elias,	57-59
Bucher, John C.,	22	Denison, Charles (deceased during term),	38-40
Buckalew, Charles R.,	50-51	Denison, George,	16-17
Buffington, Joseph,	28-29	Denny, Harmer,	21-24
Bunnell, Franklin C.,	42, 49-50	Dersheim, Frank L.,	63
Burd, George,	22-23	Dewalt, Arthur G.,	64-66
Burke, Henry (deceased during term),	57-58	Dewart, Lewis,	22
Burke, James Francis,	59-63	Dewart, William L.,	35
Burke, William J.,	66	Dick, John,	33-35
Burnside, Thomas,	14	Dick, S. B.,	46
Butler, Chester,	29-31	Dickerman, Charles H.,	58
Butler, Thomas S.,	55-66	Dickey, John,	28-30
Cadwallader, John,	34	Dickey, Jesse C.,	31
Cake, Henry L.,	40-41	Dickey, Oliver J.,	41-42
Calvin, Samuel,	31	Difenderfer, Robert E.,	62-63
Campbell, Guy E.,	65-66	Dinnick, Milo M.,	31-32
Campbell, James H.,	34, 36-37	Dinnock, William H.,	35-36
Campbell, Jacob M.,	45, 47-49	Dinock, Davis, Jr.,	27
Campbell, John H.,	29	Donley, Joseph B.,	40-41
Campbell, Thompson,	32	Donohoe, Michael,	62-63
Carr, Wooda N.,	63	Dresser, Solomon R.,	58-59
Casey, John J.,	63-64, 66	Drum, Augustus,	23
Casey, Joseph,	31	Duncan, William A. (deceased during term),	48
Cassel, H. Burd (elected November 5, 1901, vice Marriott Brosius, deceased),	57-60	Eckert, George N.,	30
Castor, George A., (elected February 16, 1904, vice Henry Burke, deceased); (died February 19, 1906),	58-59	Edie, John R.,	34-35
Cessna, John,	41-43	Edmonds, George W.,	63-66
Chambers, George,	23-24	Edwards, John,	26-27
Chandler, Joseph R.,	31-33	Edwards, Samuel,	16-19
Chapman, Henry,	35	Egbert, A.,	44
Chapman, John,	5	Ege, George,	4
Clark, Henry A.,	65	Elliott, Mortimer F.,	48
Clark, M. S.,	16	Ellis, William Cox,	18
Clark, William,	33-34	Erdman, Constantine J.,	53-54
Clay, Joseph,	8-10	Erdman, Jacob,	29
Clymer, George,	1	Ermentrout, Daniel (deceased during term),	47, 50, 55-56
Clymer, Heister,	43-46	Errett, Russell,	45-48
Cochran, A. G.,	44	Evans, Alvin,	57-58
Codding, James H.,	54-55	Evans, Isaac N.,	45-49
Coffroth, A. H.,	38-39, 46	Evans, Joshua,	21-22
Coleman, William H.,	64	Everhart, James B.,	48-49
Collins, F. D.,	44-45	Everhart, William,	33
†Connell, William,	55-58	Ewing, John H.,	20
Connelly, Daniel W.,	48	Farr, John R.,	62-65
Conrad, Frederick,	8-9	Farrelly, John W.,	30
Conrad, John,	13	Farrelly, Patrick,	17-19
†Cook, Joel (elected November 5, 1907, vice John E. Reyburn, resigned); (died December 15, 1910),	60-61	Findlay, James,	19-22
Cooper, Allen F.,	58-61	Findlay, John,	18-19
Cooper, James,	26-27	Findlay, William,	2-5, 8-14
Cooper, Thomas B.,	37	Finney, Darwin A.,	40
Costello, Peter E.,	64-66	Fisher, Horatio G.,	46-47
Coulter, Richard,	20-23	Fitzsimmons, Thomas,	1-3
Covode, John,	34-37, 40-41	Fleeger, George W.,	49
Crago, Thomas S.,	62, 64-66	Florence, Thomas B., (deceased),	32-35
Craig, Alex. K. (succeeded Andrew J. Stewart, unseated by contest),	52	Focht, Benjamin K.,	60-62, 64-66
Craig, Samuel A.,	51	Foerderer, Robert H. (died during term, July 28, 1903),	57-58
Crawford, Thomas H.,	21-22	Ford, James,	21-22
Crawford, William,	11, 14	Fornace, Joseph,	26-27
Creely, John V.,	42	Forrest, Thomas,	16-17
Crouch, Edward,	12-13	Forward, Chauncey,	19-21
Culbertson, W. C.,	51	Forward, Walter,	17-18
Culver, C. V.,	39	Foster, Henry D.,	28-29, 42
Curtin, Andrew G.,	47-49	Foulkrod, William W.,	60-61
Curtis, Carlton B.,	32-33, 43	Freedley, John,	30-31
Dale, Thomas H.,	59	Freeman, Chapman, (deceased during term),	40-45

*William M. Brown elected November 3, 1914, as a member of the 64th Congress, and died January 31, 1915, before taking oath of office.

†William Connell served a part of the 58th Congress having succeeded George Howell, unseated by contest February 16, 1904.

‡Joel Cook, re-elected November 8, 1910, as a member of the 62d Congress, and died before taking oath of office.

Name.	Congress.	Name.	Congress.
Fullerton, David,	18	Ingersoll, Charles J.,	18, 27-29
Galbraith, John,	23-24, 28	Ingersoll, Joseph R.,	24, 28-30
Gallatin, Albert,	4-6	Ingham, Samuel D.,	13-15, 17-20
Gamble, James,	32-33	Irvin, Alexander,	30
Garland, Mahlon M.,	64-66	Irvin, James,	27-28
Garner, Alfred B.,	61	Irvine, William,	3
Garvin, William S.,	28	Irwin, Jared,	13-14
Gaston, Athelston,	56	Irwin, Thomas,	21
Gerry, James,	26-27	Irwin, W. W.,	27
Getz, J. Lawrence,	40-42	Jack, Summers M.,	56-57
Gillilan, Calvin W.,	41	Jack, William,	27
Gillespie, B. P.,	52	Jackson, Oscar L.,	49-50
Gillis, James,	35	Jacobs, Israel,	2
Gilmore, Alfred,	31-32	Jadwin, Cornelius C.,	47
Gilmore, John,	21-22	James, Francis,	26-27
Glasgow, Hugh,	13-14	Jenkins, Robert,	10-11
Glouinger, John,	12	Jenks, George A.,	44
Glossbrenner, A. J.,	39-40	Jenks, Michael H.,	28
Godshalk, William,	48-47	Johnson, Philip,	37-39
Graham, George S.,	63-66	Jones, Evan J.,	66
Graham, William H.,	55-57, 59-61	Jones, J. Glancy (resigned),	32-35
Green, Henry D. (elected November 7, 1899, vice Daniel Ermentrout, deceased),	56-57	Jones, Owen,	85
Green, Innis,	20-21	Jones, William,	7
Gregg, Andrew,	2-9	Jordan, Edwin J. (elected February 19, 1895, vice Myron B. Wright, deceased),	53
Gregg, Curtis H.,	62	Junkin, B. F.,	36
Griest, William W.,	61-66	Keim, George M.,	25-27
Griffin, Isaac,	13-14	Keim, William H. (vice Jones, resigned),	35
Griffith, Samuel,	42	Keister, Abraham L.,	63-64
Griswold, Matthew,	52-54	Kelly, James,	9-10
Gross, Samuel,	16-17	Kelly, M. Clyde,	63, 65-66
Grow, Galusha A.,	32-37, 53-57	Kelley, William D. (died January 9, 1890),	37-51
Gustine, Amos,	27	Kendall, Samuel A.,	66
Hahn, John,	14	Kerr, James,	51
Haldeman, Richard J.,	41-42	Kerr, John,	13-14
Hale, James T.,	36-38	Ketchum, W. W.,	44
Hall, Chapin,	36	Kiess, Edgar R.,	63-66
Hall, James K. P.,	56-57	Killinger, John W.,	36-37, 42, 45-46
Hall, Norman,	50	King, Adam,	20-22
Hallowell, Edwin,	52	King, Henry,	22-23
Halterman, Frederick,	54	Kipp, George W. (died July 25, 1911),	60, 62
Hamilton, John,	9	Kirkpatrick, William S.,	55
Hammond, Robert H.,	25-26	Kittera, John W.,	2-6
Hampton, Moses,	30-31	Kittera, Thomas,	19
Hanna, John A.,	5-8	Klingensmith, John, Jr.,	24-25
Harmer, Alfred C. (died during term, March 6, 1900),	42-43, 45-56	Kline, Marcus C. L.,	58-59
Harper, Francis J.,	25	Klotz, Robert,	46-47
Harper, James,	23-24	Koontz, William H.,	39-40
Harris, Robert,	18-19	Knight, Jonathan,	34
Harrison, S. S.,	23-24	Krebs, John,	19
Hart, Joseph J.,	54	Kreider, Aaron S.,	63-66
Hartley, Thomas,	1-6	Kremer, George,	18-20
Hartman, Jesse L.,	62	Kribbs, G. F.,	52-53
Hays, Samuel L.,	28	Kuhn, Joseph H.,	32
Heaton, Robert D.,	64-65	Kulp, Monroe H.,	54-55
Heiner, Daniel B.,	53-54	Kunkle, John C.,	34-35
Heistand, John A.,	49-50	Kurtz, William H.,	32-33
Heister, John,	10	Lacock, Abner,	12
Heister, Isaac E.,	33	Lafean, Daniel F.,	58-62, 64
Heister, Joseph,	5-9, 14-16	Landry, James,	35
Heister, William,	23-24	Langham, Jonathan N.,	61-63
Hemphill, Joseph,	7, 16-19, 21	Laporte, John,	23-24
Henderson, Joseph,	23-24	Lawrence, George V.,	39-40, 48
Henderson, Samuel,	13	Lawrence, Joseph (died April 17, 1842),	19-20, 27
Henry, Thomas,	25-27	Lazear, Jesse,	37-38
Hibshman, Jacob,	16	Lee, Robert E.,	62-63
Hickman, John,	34-37	Lee, Isaac,	21
Hicks, Josiah D.,	53-55	Lefever, Joseph,	12
Hiestor, Daniel,	1-4	Lehman, William E.,	37
Hiestor, Joseph,	6-11	Leib, Michael,	6-9
Hill, Thomas,	19	Leib, Owen D.,	29
Hines, William H.,	53	Leidy, Paul,	35
Hoge, John (vice William Hoge, resigned),	8	Leiper, George G.,	21
Hoge, William (resigned),	7-8, 10	Leisenring, John,	54
Hook, Enos,	26	Lenahan, John T.,	60
Hopkins, Albert C.,	52-53	Leonard, Fred C.,	54
Hopkins, James H.,	44-48	Leshor, John V.,	63-66
Hopkinson, Joseph,	14-15	Levin, Lewis C.,	29-31
Hopwood, Robert F.,	64	Lewis, Fred E.,	63
Horn, Henry,	22	Lewis, Robert J.,	57
Hornbeck, John W. (deceased during term),	30	Liebel, Michael, Jr.,	64
Hostetter, Jacob,	16	Lilly, Mial E.,	59
Howe, John W.,	31-32	Lilly, William (died December 1, 1893),	53
Howe, Thomas M.,	32-33	Logan, Henry,	24-25
Howell, George (unseated by contest, February 10, 1904),	58	Logue, J. Washington,	63
Huble, Edward B.,	24-25	Longenecker, Henry C.,	86
Huff, George F.,	52-54, 58-61	Lower, Christian,	8
Hullings, Willis J.,	63, 66	Lucas, John B. C.,	8
Humphreys, Jacob,	16	Lyle, Aaron,	11-14
Hyneman, John M.,	12-13	Lynch, John,	50
Hrie, Peter,	31-22		

Name.	Congress.	Name.	Congress.
Mackey, L. A.,	44-45	Mutchler, William (died June 23, 1893),	44, 48, 51, 53
Macleanahan, James X.,	31-32	Myers, Amos,	38
Macley, Samuel,	4	Myers, Leonard,	38-43
Macley, William,	14-15	Naylor, Charles,	25-26
Macley, William P.,	14-16	Negley, James S.,	41-43, 49
Maffet, James T.,	50	Nes, Henry (deceased during term),	28, 30-31
Magee, John A.,	43	Newhard, Peter,	28-27
Mahon, Thaddeus M.,	53-59	Nicholas, Thomas D.,	60-61
Maish, Levi,	44-45, 50-51	North, S. Taylor,	64
Mann, Job,	24, 30-31	Ogle, Alexander,	15
Mann, Joel K.,	22-23	Ogle, Andrew J.,	31
Marchand, A. G.,	26-27	Ogle, Charles,	25-27
Marchand, David,	15-16	Olmsted, Marlin E.,	55-62
Markley, Philip S.,	18-19	O'Neill, Charles (died November 25, 1893),	38-41, 43-53
Marr, Alan,	21	Orr, Robert,	19-20
Matthews, Charles,	62	Osborn, Edwin S.,	40-51
McAleer, William,	52-53, 55-56	Osmer, J. H.,	46
McAllister, Archibald,	38	Overton, Edward, Jr.,	45-46
McClenahan, Blair,	5	Packer, Asa,	33-34
McCleane, Moses,	29	Packer, Horace B.,	55-56
McClelland, William,	42	Packer, John B.,	41-44
McCormick, H. C.,	50-51	Palmer, A. Mitchell,	61-63
McCoey, Robert,	22	Palmer, Henry W.,	57-59, 61
McCreary, George D.,	58-62	Parker, Andrew,	32
McCreary, William,	21	Patterson, George R. (died March 21, 1906),	57-59
McCulloch, George,	27	Patterson, Thomas,	15-18
McCulloch, John,	33	Patton, Charles E.,	62-63
McCulloch, Thomas,	16	Patton, John,	37-50
McCullough, Welty,	50	Patton, John D.,	48
McDowell, Alexander,	53	Pawling, Levi,	15
McFadden, Louis T.,	64-66	Paynter, Lemuel,	25-26
McHenry, John G. (died December 27, 1912),	60-62	Pearce, John J.,	34
Mellvain, Abraham R.,	28-30	Pearson, John L.,	24
McJunkin, E.,	42-43	Pettriken, David,	25-26
McKean, Samuel,	18-20	Pettis, S. Newton,	40
McKenna, T. M. T.,	22-25, 27	Phelp, Darwin,	41
McKentry, Jacob K.,	36	Phillips, John,	17
McKnight, Robert,	36-37	Phillips, Henry M.,	35
McLane, Patrick,	66	Phillips, Thomas W.,	53-54
McLaughlin, Joseph,	65	Philson, Robert,	16
McNair, John,	32-33	Plumer, Arnold,	25-27
McPherson, Edward,	36-37	Plumer, George,	17-19
McSherry, James,	17	Piper, William,	12-15
Mercur, Ulysses,	30-42	Pitman, Charles W.,	31
Meyers, Benjamin F.,	42	Polk, Rufus K. (died March 5, 1902),	56-57
Middleswarth, Ner,	33	Pollock, James,	28-30
Miller, Daniel H.,	18-21	Porter, H. Kirke,	58
Miller, George F.,	39-40	Porter, Stephen G.,	62-66
Miller, Jesse,	24	Post, George A.,	48
Miller, Samuel H.,	47-48, 64	Poter, John,	9-11
Miller, William H.,	38	Potter, William W.,	25
Milward, John,	34	Potts, David, Jr.,	22-25
Milward, William,	36	Powell, Joseph,	44
Milnor, James,	12	Pratt, Charles C.,	61
Milnor, William,	10-11, 14, 17	Pugh, John,	9-10
Miner, Charles,	19-20	Purviance, Samuel A.,	34-35
Mitchell, James S.,	17, 19	Ramsey, Alexander,	28-29
Mitchell, John,	19-20	Ramsey, Robert,	23-27
Mitchell, John I.,	45-46	Ramsey, William (died in 1831),	20-22
Montgomery, Daniel,	10	Ramsey, William S. (died before second term),	26-27
Montgomery, John G. (deceased before term),	35	Randall, Samuel J. (died April 13, 1890),	38-51
Montgomery, William,	3	Ray, J. Warren,	51
Montgomery, William,	85-86	Rea, John,	8-11, 13
Moon, Reuben O. (elected November 3, 1903, vice Robert H. Foerderer, deceased),	59-62	Read, Almon H.,	27
Moore, Henry D.,	31-32	Reading, John R.,	41
Moore, J. Hampton (elected November 6, 1906, vice George A. Castor, deceased; resigned January 4, 1920),	59-66	Reber, John,	66
Moore, Robert,	15-16	Reed, Charles M.,	28
Moore, Samuel,	16-17	Reed, Robert R.,	31
Moore, W. S.,	43	Reilly, James B.,	41-45, 51-53
Moorhead, James K.,	36-40	Reilly, John,	44
Morin, John M.,	63-66	Reily, Luther,	25
Morrell, D. J.,	40-41	Reily, Wilson,	85
Morrell, Edward de V.,	57-59	Reyburn, John E. (vice Kelley, deceased); (elected November 6, 1906, vice Robert Adams, deceased); (resigned March 30, 1907),	51-54, 59
Morris, Edward Joy,	28, 35-37	Reyburn, William Stuart (elected May 23, 1911, vice Joel Cook, deceased),	62
Morris, Matthias,	24-25	Reynolds, John,	25-27
Morris, Samuel W.,	25-26	Reynolds, John M.,	59-61
Morrison, John A.,	32	Richards, Jacob,	8-10
Mosgrove, James,	47	Richards, John,	4
Muhlenberg, Frederick A.,	1-4	Richards, Mathias,	10-11
Muhlenberg, Henry A.,	21-25	Richmond, H. L.,	43
Muhlenberg, Henry A. (died January 9, 1854),	33	Rife, John W.,	51-52
Muhlenberg, John P. G.,	1, 3, 6	Ritchie, David,	33-35
Murray, John,	15-16		
Murray, Thomas,	17		
Mutchler, Howard (elected July 25, 1893, vice William Mutchler, deceased),	53-57		

Name.	Congress.	Name.	Congress.
Ritter, John,	28-29	Sutherland, Joel B.,	20-24
*Robbins, Edward E. (died January 25, 1919),	55, 65	Swanwick, John,	4-5
Robbins, John, Jr.,	31-33, 44	Swope, John A.,	48-49
Roberts, Anthony E.,	34-35	Tannehill, Adamson,	12
Roberts, Jonathan,	12-13	Tarr, Christian,	15-16
Robinson, David F.,	34	Taylor, A. W.,	43
Robinson, John B.,	52-54	Taylor, C. N.,	40
Rodman, William,	12	Temple, Henry W., (elected November 2, 1915, vice William M. Brown, deceased)	63-66
Rogers, Thomas J.,	15-18	Templeton, Thomas W.,	65
Rose, John M.,	65-66	Tener, John K.,	61
Ross, John,	11-15	Thayer, M. Russell,	38-39
Ross, Sobieski,	43-44	Thomas, Alexander,	18-19
Ross, Thomas,	31-32	Thomas, Richard,	4-6
Rothermel, John H.,	60-63	Thompson, James,	20, 31
Rowland, Charles H.,	64-65	Thompson, John M.,	43-45
Rupley, Arthur R.,	63	Thropp, Joseph E.,	56
Russell, James M.,	27	Tod, John,	17-18
Russell, Samuel L.,	33	Todd, Lemuel,	34-43
Ryan, James W.,	56	Toland, George,	25-27
Ryon, John W.,	46	Townsend, Charles C.,	51
Samuel, E. W.,	59	Townsend, Washington,	41-44
Say, Benjamin,	10	Tracy, Henry W.,	38
Scofield, Glenn W.,	38-43	Trout, Michael C.,	33
Schneebell, Gustav A.,	59	Turney, Jacob,	44-45
Schwartz, John,	36	Tyson, Job R.,	34
Scott, John,	21	Udree, Daniel,	13, 16, 18
Scott, John R. K.,	64-65	Van Augen, Daniel M.,	40-41
Scott, Thomas,	1, 3	Van Horn, Espy,	19-20
Scott, William L.,	49-50	Van Horn, Isaac,	7-8
Scranton, George W.,	36-37	Vaux, Richard (vice Randall, deceased),	51
Scranton, Joseph A.,	47, 49, 51, 53-54	Vare, William S. (elected April 24, 1912, vice Henry H. Bingham, deceased),	62-66
Scull, Edward,	50-52	Verree, John P.,	36-37
Sergeant, John,	14-17, 20, 25, 27	Wagener, D. D.,	23-27
Seybert, Adam,	11-13, 15	Wain, Robert,	5-6
Shallenberger, W. S.,	45-47	Walker, R. J. C.,	47
Sheakley, James,	44	Wallace, James M.,	14-16
Sheffer, Daniel,	25	Wallace, John W.,	37-44
Sherwood, H.,	42	Walters, Anderson H.,	63, 66
Shiras, George, 3d,	58	Wanger, Irving P.,	53-61
Shoemaker, Lazarus D.,	42-43	Ward, William,	45-47
Shonk, George W.,	52	Watmough, John G.,	22-23
Showalter, Joseph B. (elected April 20, 1897, vice James J. Davidson, deceased),	55-57	Watson, Henry W.,	64-66
Shreve, Milton W.,	63, 66	Watson, Lewis F. (died August 25, 1890),	45-47, 51
Shull, Joseph H.,	58	Wayne, Isaac,	18
Sibley, Joseph C.,	53-54, 56-59	Westbrook, John,	27
Sill, Thomas H.,	21	Wheeler, Nelson P.,	60-61
Sipe, William A.,	53	White, Alexander C.,	49
Simonton, William,	26-27	White, Harry,	45-46
Sitgraves, Samuel,	4-5	Whitehill, James,	13
Slaymaker, Amos,	13	Whitehill, John,	8-9
Smile, John,	3, 6-12	Whitehill, Robert,	9-13
Smith, A. Herr,	43-48	Whiteside, John,	14-15
Smith, George,	11-12	Wilkins, William,	28
Smith, Isaac,	13	Williams, Morgan B.,	55
Smith, John T.,	28	Williams, Thomas,	38-40
Smith, Samuel,	9-10	Wilmot, David,	29-31
Smith, Samuel A.,	21-22	Wilson, Henry,	18-19
Smith, Thomas,	14	Wilson, James,	18-20
Smith, William O.,	58-59	Wilson, John H. (elected March 4, 1919, vice Edward E. Robbins, deceased),	66
Snyder, John,	27	Wilson, S. F.,	39-40
Sowden, William H.,	49-50	Wilson, Thomas,	13-14
Spangler, Jacob,	15	Wilson, William,	14-15
Speer, Peter M.,	62	Wilson, William B.,	60-62
Speer, R. Milton,	42-43	Wise, Morgan R.,	46-47
Stahle, James A.,	54	Wittle, William H.,	33
Stanton, W. H.,	44	Wolf, George,	18-20
Steele, Henry J.,	64-66	Wolverton, S. P.,	52-53
Stenger, W. S.,	44-45	Wood, Alan W.,	44
Sterigere, John B.,	20-21	Wood, John,	38
Sterling, Bruce F.,	65	Woods, Henry,	2-7
Stephens, Philander,	21-22	Woods, John,	14
Stephenson, James S.,	19-20	Woodward, George W.,	40-41
Stevens, Thaddeus (deceased during term),	31-32, 36-40	Woomer, Ephraim M.,	53-54
Stewart, Andrew,	17-20, 22-23, 28-29	Worman, Ludwig,	17
Stewart, Andrew J. (unseated by contest),	52	Wright, Charles F.,	56-58
Stewart, John,	6-8	Wright, Hendrick B.,	33, 37, 46
Stewart, William,	35-36	Wright, Myron B. (died November 13, 1894),	51-53
Stiles, John D.,	37-38, 41	Wynkoop,	1
Stone, Charles W. (vice Watson, deceased),	51-55	Yardley, Robert M.,	50-51
Stone, William A.,	52-55	Yocum, S. H.,	46
Storm, John B.,	42-43, 48-49	Yost, Jacobs,	28-29
Straub, Christian M.,	53	Young, James Rankin,	55-57
Strawbridge, J. D.,	43	Ziegler, Edward D.,	56
Strom, John,	29-30		
Strong, Nathan L.,	65-66		
Strong, William,	30-31		
Strouse, Myer,	38-39		
Sturtevant, John C.,	55		

*Edward E. Robbins re-elected November 5, 1918, as a member of the 66th Congress, and died before taking oath of office.

GOVERNORS AND OFFICERS OF COLONIES ON THE DELAWARE AND OF THE PROVINCE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT.

GOVERNORS AND DIRECTORS OF NEW NETHERLANDS AND OF THE DUTCH ON THE DELAWARE.

	Term of Service.
Cornelius Jacobson May, director,	1624-1625
William Van Hulst, Director,	1625-1626
Peter Minuit, Governor,	1626-1633
David Pieterzen De Vries, Governor,	1632-1633
Wouter Van Twiller, Governor,	1633-1638
Sir William Kieft, Governor,	1638-1647
Peter Stuyvesant, Governor,	1647-1664

GOVERNORS OF THE SWEDES ON THE DELAWARE.

Peter Minuit,	1638-1641
Peter Hollender,	1641-1643
John Printz,	1643-1653
John Pappegova,	1653-1654
John Claude Rysingh,*	1654-1655

(*Captured by Peter Stuyvesant, 1655.)

DOMINION OF THE DUTCH.

Peter Stuyvesant, Governor of New Netherlands and of the settlements on the Delaware, ..	1655-1664
Andreas Hudde, Commissary,	1655-1657
John Paul Jacquet, Director,	1655-1657

(The Colony divided into that of the City and Company, 1657.)

COLONY OF THE CITY.

Jacob Alrichs,	1657-1659
Alexander D'Hinoyossa,	1659-1663

COLONY OF THE COMPANY.

Goeran Van Dyck,	1657-1658
William Beekman,	1658-1663

COLONY UNITED.

Alexander D'Hinoyossa,	1663-1664
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(Settlements captured by the English, 1664.)

DOMINION OF THE DUKE OF YORK.

Colonel Richard Nicholls, Governor,	1664-1667
Robert Carr, Deputy Governor,	1664-1667
Robert Needham (Commander on the Delaware),	1664-1668
Colonel Francis Lovelace,	1667-1673
Captain John Carr (Commander on the Delaware),	1668-1673

(Colonies captured by the Dutch, 1673.)

DOMINION OF THE DUTCH.

Anthony Colve, Governor of the Netherlands,	1673-1674
Peter Alrichs, Deputy Governor of the Colonies on the west side of the Delaware,	1673-1674

(Colonies recaptured by the English, 1674.)

DOMINION OF THE ENGLISH.

Sir Edmund Andross,	1674-1681
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(The commanders on the Delaware during this period were Captain Edmund Cantwell, John Collier, Christopher Billop and Anthony Brockholst.)

PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT.

			Term of Service.
William Penn, Proprietor,			1681-1693
William Markham, Deputy Governor,	June,	1681—Oct.	24, 1682
William Penn, Proprietor and Governor,	Oct.	24, 1682—June,	1684
The Council (Thomas Lloyd, President),	Aug.,	1684—Dec.,	1686
1. Thomas Lloyd,	} Five Commissioners appointed by Penn, .. Dec.,	1686—Dec.,	1688
2. Robert Turner,			
3. Arthur Cook,			
4. John Simcock,			
5. John Eckley,			
Captain John Blackwell, Deputy Governor,	Dec.,	1688—Jan.,	1690
The Council (Thomas Lloyd, President),	Jan.,	1690—March,	1691
Thomas Lloyd, Deputy Governor of Province,	March,	1691—April	26, 1693
William Markham, Deputy Governor of Lower Counties, }			
Under the Crown of England,			1693-1694
Benjamin Fletcher, Governor of New York, Governor,	April	26, 1693—March,	1695
William Markham, Deputy Governor,	April	27, 1693—March,	1695
William Penn, Proprietor,			1695-1718
William Markham, Deputy Governor,	March,	1695—Dec.,	1699
1. Dr. John Goodson, } Deputies to Deputy Governor Markham,		March,	1695
2. Samuel Carpenter, }			
William Penn, Proprietor and Governor,	Dec.,	1699—Nov.,	1701
Andrew Hamilton, Lieutenant Governor (died),	Nov.	14, 1701—April,	1703
The Council (Edward Shippen, President),	April,	1703—Feb.,	1704
John Evans, Lieutenant Governor,	Feb.,	1704—Feb.,	1709
Charles Gookin, Lieutenant Governor,	Feb.,	1709—May,	1717
Sir William Keith, Lieutenant Governor,	May,	1717—July,	1718
John Penn, Richard Penn and Thomas Penn, Proprietors,			1718-1746
Sir William Keith, Lieutenant Governor,	July,	1718—July,	1726
Patrick Gordon, Lieutenant Governor,	July,	1726—Aug.,	1736
The Council (James Logan, President),	Aug.,	1736—Aug.,	1738
George Thomas, Lieutenant Governor,	Aug.,	1738—May,	1746
(John Penn died 1746; Richard Penn died 1771, when John Penn, his son, together with Thomas Penn, became sole proprietors),			1746-1776
George Thomas, Lieutenant Governor,	May,	1746—May,	1747
The Council (Anthony Palmer, President),	May,	1746—Nov.,	1748
James Hamilton, Lieutenant Governor,	Nov.,	1748—Oct.,	1754
Robert Hunter Morris, Deputy Governor,	Oct.,	1754—Aug.,	1756
William Denny, Lieutenant Governor,	Aug.,	1756—Oct.,	1759
James Hamilton, Lieutenant Governor,	Oct.,	1759—Nov.,	1763
John Penn (son of Richard Penn), Lieutenant Governor,	Nov.,	1763—April,	1771
The Council (James Hamilton, President),	April,	1771—Oct.,	1771
Richard Penn (brother of John Penn), Lieutenant Governor,	Oct.,	1771—Aug.,	1773
John Penn, Lieutenant Governor,	Aug.,	1773—July,	1776

GOVERNMENT OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA DURING THE REVOLUTION.

CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE OF SAFETY.

Term of
Service.

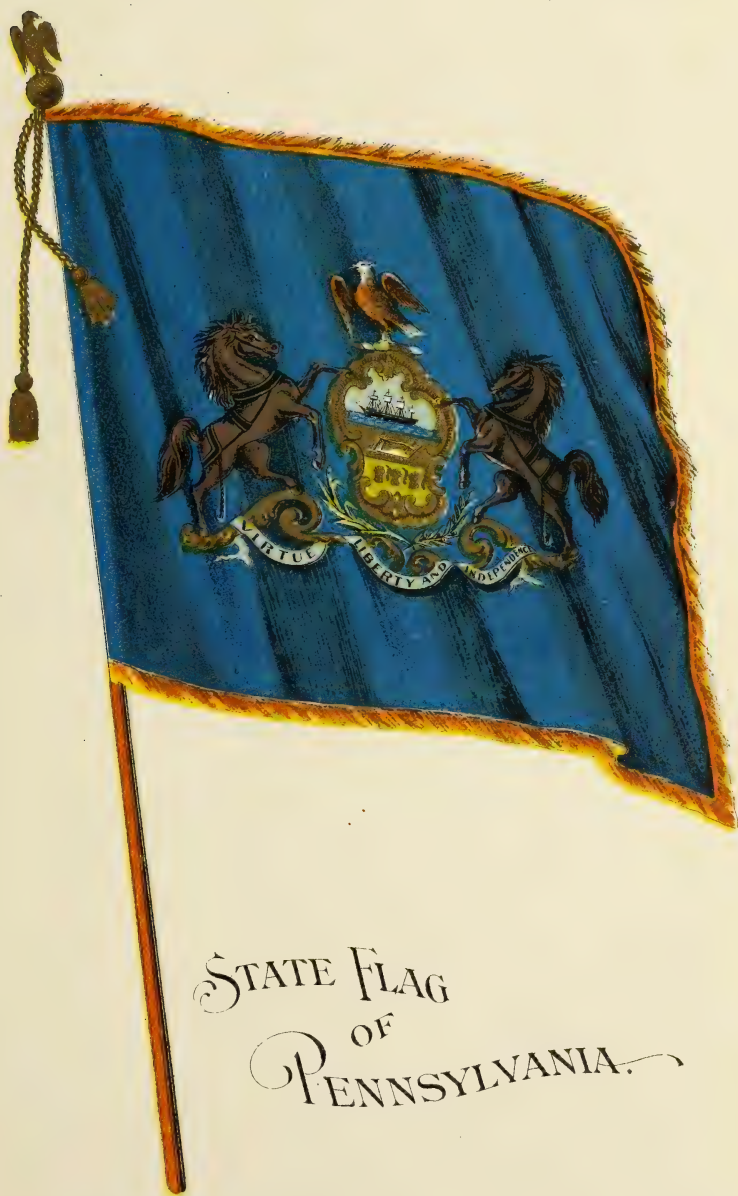
Benjamin Franklin,Sept. 17, 1776—March, 1777

PRESIDENTS OF THE SUPREME EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Thomas Wharton, Jr.,	March 5, 1777—May 23, 1778	23, 1778
George Bryan, V. P., acting Vice-Pres. Wharton, deceased,	May 23, 1778—Dec. 1, 1778	1, 1778
Joseph Reed,	Dec. 1, 1778—Oct. 8, 1781	8, 1781
William Moore,	Nov. 14, 1781—Oct. 8, 1782	8, 1782
John Dickinson,	Nov. 7, 1782—Oct. 18, 1785	18, 1785
Benjamin Franklin,	Oct. 18, 1785—Oct. 14, 1788	14, 1788
Thomas Mifflin,	Nov. 5, 1788—Dec. 20, 1790	20, 1790

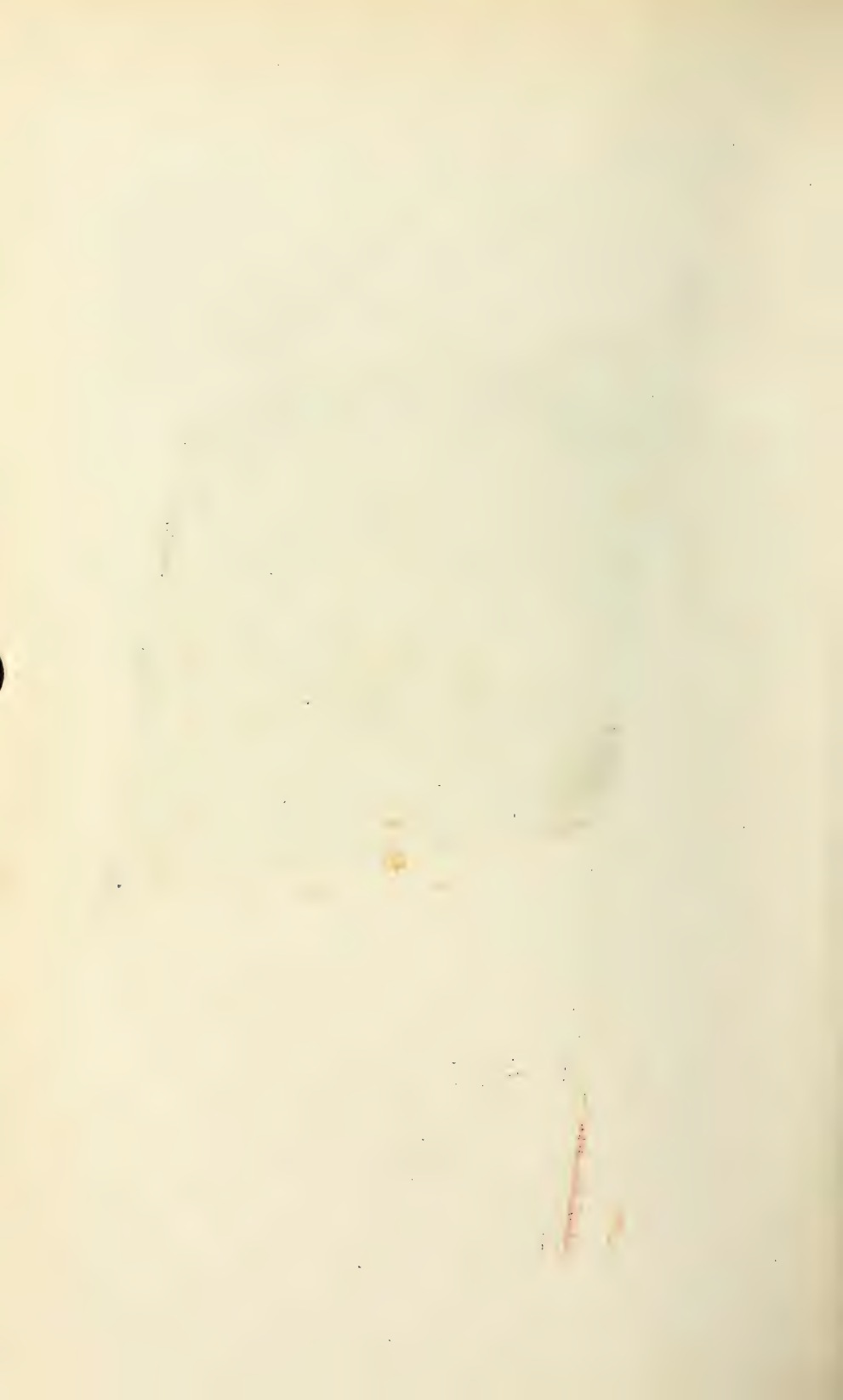
VICE-PRESIDENTS.

George Bryan (resigned),	March 5, 1777—Oct. 11, 1779	11, 1779
Matthew Smith (resigned),	Oct. 11, 1779—Nov. 15, 1779	15, 1779
William Moore,	Nov. 15, 1779—Nov. 14, 1781	14, 1781
James Potter,	Nov. 15, 1781—Nov. 7, 1782	7, 1782
James Ewing,	Nov. 7, 1782—Nov. 6, 1784	6, 1784
James Irvine (resigned),	Nov. 6, 1784—Oct. 10, 1785	10, 1785
Charles Biddle,	Oct. 10, 1785—Oct. 31, 1787	31, 1787
Peter Muhlenberg (resigned),	Oct. 31, 1787—Oct. 14, 1788	14, 1788
David Redick,	Oct. 14, 1788—Nov. 5, 1788	5, 1788
George Ross,	Nov. 5, 1788—Dec. 21, 1790	21, 1790



STATE FLAG
OF
PENNSYLVANIA.

SIZE OF FLAG SIX FEET SIX INCHES FLY
AND SIX FEET ON STAFF.



GOVERNORS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Name.	Term of Service.	Born.	Died.
Under the Constitution of 1790.			
Thomas Mifflin, -----	Dec. 21, 1790-Dec. 17, 1799,	Jan. 10, 1744,	Jan. 20, 1800
Thomas McKean, -----	Dec. 17, 1799-Dec. 20, 1808,	Mar. 19, 1734,	June 24, 1817
Simon Snyder, -----	Dec. 20, 1808-Dec. 16, 1817,	Nov. 5, 1759,	Nov. 9, 1819
William Findlay, -----	Dec. 16, 1817-Dec. 19, 1820,	June 20, 1768,	Nov. 12, 1846
Joseph Hiester, -----	Dec. 19, 1820-Dec. 16, 1823,	Nov. 18, 1752,	June 10, 1832
John Andrew Shulze, -----	Dec. 16, 1823-Dec. 15, 1829,	July 19, 1775,	Nov. 18, 1852
George Wolfe, -----	Dec. 15, 1829-Dec. 15, 1835,	Aug. 12, 1777,	Mar. 11, 1840
Joseph Ritner, -----	Dec. 15, 1835-Jan. 15, 1839,	Mar. 25, 1780,	Oct. 16, 1869
Under the Constitution of 1838.			
David Rittenhouse Porter, -----	Jan. 15, 1839-Jan. 21, 1845,	Oct. 31, 1788,	Aug. 6, 1867
Francis Rawn Shunk, -----	Jan. 21, 1845-July 9, 1848, (Resigned July 9, 1848.)	Aug. 7, 1788,	July 20, 1848
William Freame Johnston,* -----	July 26, 1848-Jan. 20, 1852, (Vice Shunk, resigned.)	Nov. 29, 1808,	Oct. 25, 1872
William Bigler, -----	Jan. 20, 1852-Jan. 16, 1855,	Jan. 11, 1814,	Aug. 9, 1880
James Pollock, -----	Jan. 16, 1855-Jan. 19, 1858,	Sept. 11, 1810,	April 19, 1890
William Fisher Packer, -----	Jan. 19, 1858-Jan. 15, 1861,	April 2, 1807,	Sept. 27, 1870
Andrew Gregg Curtin, -----	Jan. 15, 1861-Jan. 15, 1867,	April 22, 1817,	Oct. 7, 1894
John White Geary, -----	Jan. 15, 1867-Jan. 21, 1873,	Dec. 30, 1819,	Feb. 8, 1873
John Frederick Hartranft, -----	Jan. 21, 1873-Jan. 18, 1876,	Dec. 16, 1830,	Oct. 17, 1889
Under the Constitution of 1873.			
John Frederick Hartranft, -----	Jan. 18, 1876-Jan. 21, 1879,	Dec. 16, 1830,	Oct. 17, 1889
Henry Martyn Hoyt, -----	Jan. 21, 1879-Jan. 16, 1883,	June 8, 1830,	Dec. 1, 1892
Robert Emory Pattison, -----	Jan. 16, 1883-Jan. 18, 1887,	Dec. 8, 1850,	Aug. 1, 1904
James Adams Beaver, -----	Jan. 18, 1887-Jan. 20, 1891,	Oct. 21, 1837,	Jan. 31, 1914
Robert Emory Pattison, -----	Jan. 20, 1891-Jan. 15, 1895,	Dec. 8, 1850,	Aug. 1, 1904
Daniel Hartman Hastings, -----	Jan. 15, 1895-Jan. 17, 1899,	Feb. 26, 1849,	Jan. 9, 1903
William A. Stone, -----	Jan. 17, 1899-Jan. 20, 1903,	April 18, 1846,	Living.
Samuel W. Pennypacker, -----	Jan. 20, 1903-Jan. 15, 1907,	April 9, 1843,	Sept. 2, 1916
Edwin S. Stuart, -----	Jan. 15, 1907-Jan. 17, 1911,	Dec. 28, 1853,	Living.
John K. Tener, -----	Jan. 17, 1911-Jan. 19, 1915,	July 25, 1863,	Living.
Martin G. Brumbaugh, -----	Jan. 19, 1915-Jan. 21, 1919,	April 14, 1862,	Living.
William C. Sproul, -----	Jan. 21, 1919, -----	Sept. 16, 1870,	Living.

*There was an interregnum from July 9, 1848, to July 26, 1848. Johnston did not take the oath of office until July 26, 1848.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

(Under the Constitution of 1873.)

Name.	Term of Service.	Born.	Died.
John Latta, -----	Jan. 19, 1875-Jan. 21, 1879,	Mar. 2, 1836,	Feb. 15, 1913
Charles W. Stone, -----	Jan. 21, 1879-Jan. 16, 1883,	June 29, 1843,	Aug. 15, 1912
Chauncey Forward Black, -----	Jan. 16, 1883-Jan. 18, 1887,	Nov. 24, 1839,	Sept. 2, 1904
William T. Davies, -----	Jan. 18, 1887-Jan. 20, 1891,	Dec. 20, 1831,	Sept. 21, 1912
Louis Arthur Watres, -----	Jan. 20, 1891-Jan. 15, 1895,	April 21, 1851,	Living.
Walter Lyon, -----	Jan. 15, 1895-Jan. 17, 1899,	April 27, 1853,	Living.
John P. S. Gobin, -----	Jan. 17, 1899-Jan. 20, 1903,	Jan. 26, 1837,	May 1, 1910
William M. Brown, -----	Jan. 20, 1903-Jan. 15, 1907,	Sept. 20, 1850,	Jan. 31, 1915
Robert S. Murphy, -----	Jan. 15, 1907-Jan. 17, 1911,	Oct. 18, 1861,	June 24, 1912
John M. Reynolds, -----	Jan. 17, 1911-Jan. 19, 1915,	Mar. 5, 1848,	Living.
Frank B. McClain, -----	Jan. 19, 1915-Jan. 21, 1919,	April 14, 1864,	Living.
Edward E. Beidleman, -----	Jan. 21, 1919, -----	July 8, 1873,	Living.

EXECUTIVE CONTROLLERS—EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

(By the Act of June 12, 1919, P. L. 449, this office was abolished.)

	When Commissioned.
Thomas F. Bell (resigned January 17, 1911), -----	Aug. 10, 1909
Samuel C. Todd, -----	Jan. 17, 1911

SECRETARIES OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

	When Commissioned.
Joseph Shippen (under the old Government).	
Timothy Matlack,	Mar. 6, 1777
John Armstrong, Jr.,	Mar. 25, 1783
Charles Biddle,	Oct. 23, 1787
Alexander James Dallas (resigned April 27, 1801),	Jan. 19, 1791
Thomas McKean Thompson,	April 28, 1801
Nathaniel B. Bolleau,	Dec. 20, 1808
Thomas Sergeant (resigned July 6, 1819),	Dec. 16, 1817
Samuel D. Ingham,	July 6, 1819
Andrew Gregg,	Dec. 19, 1820
Molton C. Rogers (resigned January 2, 1826),	Dec. 16, 1823
Isaac D. Barnard (resigned November 28, 1827),	Jan. 22, 1826
Calvin Blythe,	Nov. 28, 1827
Samuel McKean,	Dec. 16, 1829
James Findley,	Dec. 17, 1833
Thomas H. Burrowes,	Dec. 15, 1835
Francis R. Shunk,	Jan. 15, 1839
Anson V. Parsons (resigned February 16, 1843),	Jan. 25, 1842
Charles McClure,	Feb. 20, 1843
Jesse Miller,	Jan. 21, 1845
Townsend Haines,	July 29, 1848
Alexander L. Russell,	Jan. 25, 1850
Francis W. Hughes (resigned March 14, 1853),	Jan. 21, 1852
Charles A. Black,	Mar. 14, 1853
Andrew G. Curtin,	Jan. 17, 1855
William M. Heister,	Jan. 19, 1858
Eli Slifer,	Jan. 16, 1861
Francis Jordan,	Jan. 16, 1867
Matthew S. Quay (resigned May 2, 1878),	Jan. 22, 1873
John Blair Linn,	May 15, 1878
Matthew S. Quay (resigned November 3, 1882),	Jan. 30, 1879
Francis Jordan,	Nov. 4, 1882
William S. Stenger,	Jan. 17, 1883
Charles W. Stone (resigned November 30, 1890),	Jan. 18, 1887
Jacob H. Longenecker,	Dec. 1, 1890
William F. Harrity,	Jan. 20, 1891
Frank Reeder (resigned September 8, 1897),	Jan. 15, 1895
David Martin,	Sept. 11, 1897
William W. Grist,	Jan. 18, 1899
Frank M. Fuller (died July 10, 1905),	Jan. 21, 1903
Robert McAfee,	July 27, 1905
Cyrus E. Woods,	Jan. 19, 1915

DEPUTY SECRETARIES OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

James Trimble,	Mar. 12, 1791
(Mr. Trimble served as Assistant Secretary of the Supreme Executive Council from 1777 until his appointment as Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth—his official connection with the government embraced a period of fifty-nine years, and until 1836.)	
Joseph Wallace,	Jan. 14, 1836
Henry Petriken,	Jan. 21, 1845
Edwin W. Hutter (resigned May 6, 1843),	Jan. 22, 1842
Thomas L. Wilson,	Jan. 12, 1844
Henry Petriken,	Jan. 21, 1845
Alexander L. Russell,	Aug. 7, 1848
A. W. Benedict,	Feb. 7, 1850
Ellisha S. Goodrich,	Mar. 14, 1853
John M. Sullivan,	Jan. 17, 1855
Henry L. Dittenbach,	Jan. 19, 1858
Samuel B. Thomas,	Jan. 18, 1861
William H. Armstrong,	May 26, 1863
William W. Hays,	May 1, 1866
Isaac B. Gara,	Jan. 16, 1867
James M. Weakley,	May 12, 1869
Adam C. Reinhoel,	Jan. 1, 1872
John Blair Linn,	April 10, 1873
Thomas McCamant,	May 15, 1878
J. R. McAfee,	Feb. 1, 1879
John C. Shumaker,	Jan. 22, 1883
Jacob H. Longenecker,	Jan. 31, 1887
Charles M. Clement,	Dec. 1, 1890
A. L. Tilden,	Feb. 3, 1891
James E. Barnett (resigned Oct. 18, 1897),	July 1, 1895
Richard E. Cochran,	Oct. 20, 1897
Lewis E. Beitler (resigned March 1, 1911),	Mar. 2, 1899
William Hertzler,	July 1, 1911
Frederic A. Godcharles (temporary leave of absence Oct. 1, 1918, to Feb. 22, 1919),	Oct. 1, 1915
George D. Thorn (acting),	Oct. 1, 1918

ATTORNEYS-GENERAL OF PENNSYLVANIA.

When Commissioned.	When Commissioned.
William Bradford, Jr., June 9, 1791	Cornelius Darrah, Jan. 4, 1849
Jared Ingersoll, Aug. 20, 1791	Thomas E. Franklin, April 28, 1851
Joseph B. McKean, May 19, 1800	James Campbell (resigned March 8, 1853), Jan. 21, 1852
Mahlon Dickerson, July 22, 1808	Thomas E. Franklin, Jan. 17, 1855
Walter Franklin, Jan. 9, 1809	Francis W. Hughes, Mar. 14, 1853
Joseph Reed, Oct. 2, 1810	John C. Knox, Jan. 19, 1858
Richard Rush, Jan. 26, 1811	Samuel A. Purviance, Jan. 16, 1861
Jared Ingersoll, Dec. 13, 1811	William M. Meredith, June 3, 1861
Amos Ellmaker, Dec. 21, 1816	Benjamin Harris Brewster (re-signed Oct. 25, 1869), Jan. 16, 1867
Thomas Sergeant, 1819	F. Carroll Brewster, Oct. 26, 1869
Thomas Elder, Dec. 20, 1820	Samuel E. Dimmick (died Oct. 11, 1875), Jan. 22, 1873
Frederick Smith, Dec. 18, 1823	George Lear, Dec. 7, 1875
Calvin Blythe, Feb. 6, 1828	Henry W. Palmer, Feb. 26, 1879
Amos Ellmaker, May 6, 1828	Lewis C. Cassidy, Jan. 17, 1883
Philip S. Marclay, Aug. 17, 1829	William S. Kirkpatrick, Jan. 18, 1887
Samuel Douglass, Feb. 10, 1830	W. U. Hensel, Jan. 20, 1891
Ellis Lewis, Jan. 29, 1833	Henry C. McCormick, Jan. 15, 1895
George M. Dallas, Oct. 14, 1833	John P. Elkin, Jan. 18, 1899
James Todd, Dec. 18, 1835	Hampton L. Carson, Jan. 21, 1903
William B. Reed, Mar. 27, 1838	Moses Hampton Todd, Jan. 16, 1907
Cvid F. Johnson, Jan. 15, 1839	John C. Bell, Jan. 17, 1911
John K. Kane (resigned), Jan. 21, 1845	Francis Shunk Brown, Jan. 19, 1915
John M. Reed (resigned), June 23, 1846	William I. Schaffer, Jan. 21, 1919
Benjamin Champneys, Dec. 18, 1846	
James Cooper (resigned Dec. 30, 1848), July 31, 1848	

FIRST DEPUTY ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

Jesse E. B. Cunningham (resigned March 1, 1915),	April 30, 1913
William H. Keller (resigned January 6, 1919),	May 10, 1915
Robert S. Gawthrop,	Jan. 28, 1919

DEPUTY ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

(By the Act of April 29, 1913, P. L. 131, this office was changed to First Deputy Attorney-General, and by the Act of May 6, 1915, P. L. 279, the offices of five Deputy Attorneys-General were created).

B. F. Etter, Jan. 1, 1867	Frederic W. Fleitz (resigned July 1, 1909), Jan. 18, 1899
James W. M. Newlin, July 6, 1867	Jesse E. B. Cunningham, July 1, 1909
Lewis Wain Smith, Aug. 1, 1868	William M. Hargest, May 10, 1915
Joseph M. McClure, Nov. 3, 1869	Joseph L. Kun, May 10, 1915
James Starr, Sept. 1, 1871	Horace W. Davis (resigned December 18, 1917), July 1, 1915
John C. Knox, Jr., Nov. 1, 1871	Emerson Collins, Oct. 14, 1915
Lyman D. Gilbert, Mar. 21, 1873	Harry K. Daugherty, Oct. 17, 1917
Robert Snodgrass, Jan. 16, 1882	Edmund K. Trent, Jan. 1, 1918
John F. Sanderson, Mar. 11, 1887	Bernard J. Myers, Jan. 28, 1919
James A. Stranahan, Jan. 21, 1891	William I. Swoope, Jan. 28, 1919
John P. Elkin (resigned Sept. 10, 1897), Jan. 16, 1895	Frank M. Hunter, June 14, 1919
Wilbur F. Reeder, Sept. 11, 1897	

ASSISTANT DEPUTY ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

(By the Act of April 29, 1913, P. L. 131, this office was changed to Second Deputy Attorney-General).

Jesse E. B. Cunningham,	April 1, 1907
William M. Hargest,	July 22, 1909

SECOND DEPUTY ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

(By the Act of May 6, 1915, P. L. 279, this office was abolished).

William M. Hargest,	April 30, 1913
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SECOND ASSISTANT DEPUTY ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

(By the Act of April 29, 1913, this office was changed to Third Deputy Attorney-General.)

	When Commissioned.
William N. Trinkle,	Mar. 16, 1911

THIRD DEPUTY ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

(By the Act of May 6, 1915, P. L. 279, this office was abolished).

William N. Trinkle (resigned August 5, 1913),	April 30, 1913
Morris Wolf,	Sept. 23, 1913

AUDITORS-GENERAL OF PENNSYLVANIA.

UNDER APPOINTMENT BY THE GOVERNOR.

John Donaldson,	April 12, 1789
Jonathan B. Smith,	April 19, 1794
Samuel Bryan,	July 1, 1795
George Duffield,	Oct. 13, 1801
John Kean,	Oct. 15, 1805
Richard M. Crain,	Dec. 21, 1808
George Bryan,	May 2, 1809
James Duncan (vice Bryan, resigned),	April 2, 1821
David Mann,	May 3, 1824
Daniel Sturgeon,	May 3, 1830
Nathaniel P. Hobart,	May —, 1836
George R. Espy,	May 6, 1839
William F. Packer,	May 4, 1842
John N. Purviance,	May 1, 1845

BY ELECTION OF THE PEOPLE.

	Term of Service.
Ephraim Banks,	1851-1857
Jacob Frye, Jr.,	1857-1860
Thomas E. Cochran,	1860-1863
Isaac Slenker,	1863-1868
John F. Hartranft,	1868-1872
David Stanton elected 1871, died before assuming office. By direction of the Legislature, John F. Hartranft continued in office until December, 1872.)	
Harrison Allen,	1872-1875
Justus F. Temple,	1875-1878
William P. Schell,	1878-1881
John A. Lemon,	1881-1884
Jerome B. Niles,	1884-1887
A. Wilson Norris (died May 21, 1888),	1887-1888
Thomas McCamant (vice Norris, deceased),	1888-1889
Thomas McCamant,	1889-1892
David McMurtrie Gregg,	1892-1895
Amos H. Mylin,	1895-1898
Levi B. McCauley,	1898-1901
Edmund B. Hardenbergh,	1901-1904
William P. Snyder,	1904-1907
Robert K. Young,	1907-1910
A. B. Sisson,	1910-1913
Archibald W. Powell,	1913-1917
Charles A. Snyder,	1917-1919

DEPUTY AUDITORS-GENERAL.

	When Appointed.
Sam Matt. Fridy,	July 6, 1895
Thomas A. Crichton (resigned June 30, 1911),	May 7, 1907
Chauncey P. Rogers, Jr. (died December 10, 1918),	July 1, 1911
Charles E. Willock (resigned February 23, 1917),	Aug. 1, 1913
Charles Johnson,	Sept. 15, 1917

ASSISTANT DEPUTY AUDITORS-GENERAL.

James V. Murray (resigned November 1, 1914),	Aug. 1, 1913
L. Floyd Hess (resigned May 1, 1917),	Aug. 1, 1915
Fred T. MacDonald,	Aug. 1, 1917

STATE TREASURERS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

ELECTED BY THE LEGISLATURE.

	When Elected.		When Elected.
David Rittenhouse,	1777	John Banks,	1847
Christian Febiger,	1789	Arnold Plummer,	1848
Peter Baynton,	1797	Gideon J. Ball,	1849
Jacob Carpenter,	1801	John M. Bickel,	1850
Isaac Weaver,	1802	Joseph Bailey,	1854
William Findley,	1807	Elh Slifer,	1855
R. M. Crain,	1817	Henry S. Magraw,	1856
John B. Trevor,	1820	Elh Slifer,	1859
William Clark,	1821	Henry D. Moore,	1861
Alexander Mahon,	1827	William V. McGrath,	1863
Joseph Lawrence,	1835	Henry D. Moore,	1864
Daniel Sturgeon,	1836	William H. Kemble,	1865
Almon H. Reed,	1840	W. W. Irwin,	1868
John Gilmore,	1841	Robert W. Mackey,	1869
Job Mann,	1842	W. W. Irwin,	1870
James Ross Snowden,	1845	Robert W. Mackey,	1871

ELECTED BY THE PEOPLE.

Term of Service.		Term of Service.	
Robert W. Mackey, ...	1874-1876	Samuel M. Jackson,	1894-1896
Henry Rawle,	1876-1878	Benjamin J. Haywood,	1896-1898
Amos C. Noyes,	1878-1880	James S. Beacom,	1898-1900
Samuel Butler,	1880-1882	James E. Barnett,	1900-1902
Silas M. Bailey,	1882-1884	Frank G. Harris,	1902-1904
William Livsey,	1884-1886	William L. Mathues,	1904-1906
M. S. Quay (a),	1886-1887	William H. Berry,	1906-1908
William Livsey (b),	1887-1888	John O. Sheatz,	1908-1910
William B. Hart (c),	1888-1889	Jeremiah A. Stober (e),	1910-1913
William Livsey (d),	1889-1890	Charles Frederick Wright (f),	1913-1917
Henry K. Boyer,	1890-1892	Robert K. Young,	1917-1919
John W. Morrison,	1892-1894	Harmon M. Kephart,	1917-1919

LAND DEPARTMENT UNDER THE PROVINCE AND
COMMONWEALTH.

UNDER THE PROVINCE.

SURVEYORS GENERAL.

	When Commissioned.
Silas Crispen, appointed,	1681
Thomas Holme,	Feb. 18, 1682
Edward Pennington,	Feb. 26, 1698
Thomas Fairman,	Oct. 29, 1702

COMMISSIONERS OF PROPERTY.

From November 10, 1701, Commissioners of Property transacted the business of the Land Office, to wit:

Edward Shippen.	Thomas Story.
Griffith Owen.	James Logan.

SURVEYORS GENERAL.

Jacob Taylor,	Nov. 26, 1706
Benjamin Eastburn,	Oct. 29, 1733
William Parsons,	Aug. 27, 1741
Nicholas Scull,	June 14, 1748
John Lukens,	Dec. 8, 1761

(a) Resigned August 24, 1887, to take effect when successor appointed.

(b) Appointed September 6, 1887, to fill unexpired term of M. S. Quay.

(c) Died in office November 9, 1889.

(d) Appointed November 13, 1889, to fill unexpired term of William B. Hart, ending the first Monday of May, 1890.

(e) Died January 10, 1910, before taking oath of office.

(f) Appointed by Governor Stuart, April 11, 1910, to fill vacancy caused by the death of Jeremiah A. Stober, on January 10, 1910, whose term of office would have commenced on May 2, 1910.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

SECRETARIES OF THE LAND OFFICE.

	When Commissioned.
William Markham,	1687
John Georges,	April 12, 1733
Richard Peters,	Nov. 24, 1748
William Peters,	Nov. 1, 1760
James Tilghman,	1769

KEEPERS OF THE GREAT SEAL.

Thomas Lloyd,	Oct. 27, 1683
Thomas Story,	April 25, 1700
Edward Shippen,	Feb. 13, 1705
Thomas Griffiths, Griffith Owen and James Logan, Deputies,	Nov. 3, 1727
Lynford Lardner,	Dec. 12, 1746
Richard Hockley,	Mar. 28, 1758
Edward Physick,	Jan. 1, 1769

MASTERS OF ROLLS.

Thomas Lloyd,	Oct. 27, 1683
William Markham,	1688
Thomas Lloyd,	July 5, 1690
Patrick Robinson,	June 25, 1694
David Lloyd, in office,	Dec. 7, 1697-8
Thomas Story,	April 25, 1700
Griffith Owen, Dep.,	May 11, 1702
Morris Lisle, Dep.,	Feb. 13, 1705
Charles Brockden,	May 28, 1715
William Parr,	Sept. 28, 1767
John Morris, Jr.,	Mar. 22, 1777

REGISTERS GENERAL OF WILLS.

Christopher Taylor,	Oct. —, 1682
Robert Turner,	} Commissioners in place of Taylor, deceased,
William Frampton,	
William Southbee,	
	May 5, 1686

James Claypoole, Sr.,	Sept. 9, 1686
Thomas Ellis,	July 9, 1687
William Markham,	Aug. 14, 1688
Governor John Blackwell,	Nov. 8, 1688-9
Robert Turner, in office,	Dec. 16, 1690-1
Samuel Jennings,	Oct. 5, 1692
Lieutenant-Governor William Markham,	July 20, 1693
John Moore, in office,	Mar. 7, 1700
William Markham,	Mar. 29, 1703
Governor John Evans,	April 27, 1704
Peter Evans,	Dec. 17, 1708-9
Governor Charles Gookin,	Nov. 7, 1710
Benjamin Mayne,	July 28, 1712
Peter Evans,	July 3, 1713
Doctor Thomas Graeme,	May 13, 1724
Peter Evans, in office,	Dec. 6, 1725
William Plumstead,	June 19, 1745
Benjamin Chew,	Aug. 14, 1765

RECEIVERS GENERAL.

John Blackwell,	Sept. 25, 1689
Samuel Jennings,	July 15, 1690
Robert Turner,	June 2, 1693
James Logan,	Oct. 29, 1701
Francis Steele,	Jan. 30, 1714
James Steele,	Dec. 16, 1732
Lynford Lardner,	Aug. 8, 1741
Richard Hockley,	Mar. 28, 1753
Edward Physick,	Jan. 1, 1769

UNDER THE COMMONWEALTH.

SECRETARIES OF THE LAND OFFICE.

David Kennedy,	April 10, 1781
James Tilghman,	Nov. 8, 1782
David Kennedy,	April 21, 1785
John Hall (vice Kennedy, deceased),	Aug. 1, 1796
Nathan Lufborough,	Dec. 9, 1799
Tench Coxe,	Jan. 3, 1800
Andrew Ellicott,	Oct. 1, 1801
John Cochran,	April 4, 1809
William Clark,	May 11, 1818
James Brady,	May 11, 1821
Joshua Dickerson,	May 11, 1824
Samuel Workman,	May 11, 1830
John Gebart,	May 10, 1836
John Klingensmith, Jr.,	May 10, 1839
William Hopkins,	May 10, 1842

(The office of Secretary of Land Office was abolished by the act of the 17th day of April, 1843, and the duties devolved upon the Surveyor General.)

MASTERS OF ROLLS.

	When Commissioned.
Matthew Irwin,	Mar. 14, 1785
Timothy Matlack,	April 14, 1800
(The office of Master of Rolls was abolished by act of 29th March, 1809; the books and papers were placed in charge of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the Secretary of the Land Office.)	

RECEIVERS GENERAL.

Francis Johnston,	April 9, 1791
Frederick A. Muhlenberg,	Jan. 8, 1800
John McKissick,	June 11, 1801
(The act of March 20, 1809, abolished the office of Receiver General of the Land Office and directed the books, et cetera, to be taken in charge by the Secretary of the Land Office, and all moneys due on lands to be paid to the State Treasurer.)	

COMPTROLLERS GENERAL.

John Nicholson,	Nov. 8, 1782
John Donaldson,	April 12, 1794
Samuel Bryan,	Oct. 13, 1801
George Duffield,	Oct. 15, 1805

ESCHEATORS GENERAL.

Henry Osborne,	Feb. 20, 1781
John Nicholson,	Oct. 2, 1787
Clement Biddle,	Nov. 25, 1795
William N. Irvine,	Sept. 14, 1815
(Office abolished in 1821 and duties transferred to Auditor-General.)	

SURVEYORS GENERAL.

(Under Appointment by the Governor.)

John Lukens,	April 10, 1781
Daniel Brodhead,	Nov. 5, 1789
Samuel Cochran,	April 23, 1800
Andrew Porter,	May 10, 1809
Richard T. Leech (vice Porter deceased),	Dec. 7, 1813
Jacob Spangler,	Feb. 13, 1818
Samuel Cochran,	May 11, 1821
Gabriel Hiester,	May 11, 1824
Jacob Spangler,	May 11, 1830
John Taylor,	May 10, 1836
Jacob Salade,	May 10, 1839
John Laporte,	May 10, 1845

(Elected under Act of April 9, 1850.)

	Term of Service.
J. Porter Brawley,	1851-1857
John Rowe,	1857-1860
William H. Keim,	1860-1861
Henry Souther,	1861-1863
James P. Barr,	1863-1866
Jacob M. Campbell,	1866-1872
Robert B. Beath,	1872-1875

SECRETARIES OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

(The Constitution of 1873, by the merging of the Surveyor General's Office with the Bureau of Statistics, created the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs.)

William McCandless,	1875-1879
Aaron K. Dunkle,	1879-1883
J. Simpson Africa,	1883-1887
Thomas J. Stewart,	1887-1891
Thomas J. Stewart (resigned Jan. 16, 1895),	1891-1895
Isaac B. Brown (appointed January 16, 1895, to succeed Thomas J. Stewart, resigned),	1895
James W. Latta,	1895-1899
James W. Latta,	1899-1903
Isaac B. Brown,	1903-1907
Henry Houck (died March 13, 1917),	1907-1917
Paul W. Houck (appointed June 28, 1917, to succeed Henry Houck, deceased),	1917-1919
James F. Woodward,	1919

DEPUTY SECRETARIES OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

(Under Acts of May 8, 1876, P. L. 143, and April 18, 1895, P. L. 38.)

	Term of Service.
J. Simpson Africa,	1876-1879
Lucius Rogers,	1879-1883
J. Wilson Greenland,	1883-1887
Isaac B. Brown (resigned January 16, 1895),	1887-1895
T. Lawrence Eyre (appointed January 16, 1895; resigned May 7, 1895)	1895
Isaac B. Brown,	1895-1903
Theodore B. Klein,	1903-1907
James H. Craig,	1907-1919

SUPERINTENDENTS OF COMMON SCHOOLS.

(From the adoption of the Common School Law, until 1857, the duties of this office were performed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.)

	When Commissioned.
Henry C. Hickok,	1857
Thomas H. Burrows,	1860
Charles R. Coburn,	1863
James P. Wickersham,	1866
James P. Wickersham,	1869
James P. Wickersham,	1872

SUPERINTENDENTS OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

(By the Constitution of 1873, the office of Superintendent of Common Schools was changed to that of Superintendent of Public Instruction.)

James P. Wickersham,	June 1, 1873
E. E. Higbee (died December 13, 1889),	Mar. 17, 1881
D. J. Waller, Jr.,	Mar. 1, 1890
Nathan C. Schaeffer (died March 15, 1919),	June 1, 1893
Thomas E. Finegan,	May 27, 1919

DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF COMMON SCHOOLS
AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

(By the Constitution of 1873, the office of Superintendent of Common Schools was changed to that of Superintendent of Public Instruction.)

	Term of Service.
Henry L. Deiffenbach,	1852-1854
Henry C. Hickok,	1854-1857
S. P. Bates,	1860-1866
Charles R. Coburn,	1866-1869
Henry Houck,	1869-1907
Robert Curry,	1873-1876
W. A. Lindsey,	1876-1882
John Q. Stewart,	1883-1906
Archibald D. Glenn (died March 15, 1918),	1906-1918
Reed B. Teitrick,	1907-1919
Robert M. McNeal (died August 9, 1918),	1918
Charles D. Koch,	1918-1919
J. George Becht,	1919
William D. Lewis,	1919

ADJUTANTS-GENERAL OF PENNSYLVANIA.

(Under the Commonwealth, 1780-1919.)

	When Commissioned.
Josiah Harmar	1793
Peter Baynton,	Feb. 27, 1799
Richard Humpton,	1802
Mahlon Dickerson (resigned July 22, 1808),	Jan. 1, 1805
Thomas McKean, Jr.,	July 23, 1808
William Reed (died June 15, 1813),	Aug. 3, 1811
William N. Irvine, acting,	July 6, 1813
William Duncan,	Sept. 20, 1813
John M. Hyneman (died May 8, 1816),	Aug. 1, 1814
Nathaniel B. Boileau, acting,	Mar. 21, 1816
William N. Irvine,	Oct. 1, 1816
Robert Carr,	Aug. 23, 1821
George B. Porter,	Aug. 4, 1824
Simon Cameron,	Aug. 19, 1829
Samuel Power,	May 3, 1830
William Piper,	Aug. 3, 1836
James K. Moorehead (declined),	Aug. 3, 1839
Adam Diller,	Aug. 12, 1839
George W. Bowman,	July 15, 1845
William H. Irwin,	Nov. 21, 1848
James Keenan (resigned),	Feb. 2, 1852
George W. Bowman,	Oct. 18, 1852
Thomas J. Power,	Oct. 25, 1856
Edwin C. Wilson,	Feb. 5, 1858
Edward M. Biddle,	April 17, 1861
Alexander L. Russell,	Jan. 9, 1862
David B. McCreary,	Oct. 11, 1867
Alexander L. Russell,	Jan. 4, 1870
James W. Letta,	June 1, 1873
Pressly N. Guthrie,	Jan. 16, 1883
Daniel H. Hastings,	Jan. 18, 1887
William McClelland (died February 7, 1892),	Jan. 20, 1891
Alexander Krumbhaar, acting,	Feb. 8, 1892
Walter W. Greenland,	Mar. 8, 1892
Thomas J. Stewart (died September 11, 1917),	Jan. 15, 1895
Frank D. Beary,	Oct. 4, 1917

DEPUTY ADJUTANTS-GENERAL.

	When Appointed.
Frank D. Beary (appointed Adjutant-General, October 4, 1917, vice Thomas J. Stewart, deceased),	Jan. 1, 1912
Jere M. Leaman,	Oct. 26, 1917

INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS.

	When Commissioned.
J. Montgomery Forster,	May 5, 1873
George B. Luper,	May 21, 1891
James H. Lambert,	Jan. 15, 1895
Israel W. Durham (resigned June 30, 1905),	Jan. 18, 1899
David Martin,	July 1, 1905
Samuel W. McCulloch,	Dec. 23, 1909
Charles Johnson (resigned March 30, 1916),	Nov. 15, 1911
Samuel W. McCulloch (acting),	Mar. 31, 1916
J. Denny O'Neil (resigned September 6, 1917),	June 23, 1916
Charles A. Ambler,	Sept. 10, 1917
Thomas B. Donaldson,	May 6, 1919

DEPUTY INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS.

	When Appointed.
L. R. Boggs,	May 24, 1873
George B. Luper,	June 1, 1885
J. Woods Brown,	June 1, 1891
Samuel W. McCulloch (succeeded David Martin as Insurance Commissioner December 23, 1909),	July 1, 1894
Samuel W. McCulloch,	Nov. 15, 1911

FIRE MARSHALS.

(By the Act of July 1, 1919, P. L. 710, the office of State Fire Marshal was transferred to the Department of State Police.)

	When Commissioned.
Joseph L. Baldwin (resigned January 3, 1916),	May 29, 1912
G. Chal. Port (died October 5, 1918),	June 23, 1916
Howard E. Butz,	Oct. 22, 1918

SUPERINTENDENT OF BANKING.

	When Commissioned.
Charles H. Krumbhaar,	Nov. 24, 1891

COMMISSIONERS OF BANKING.

(By the Act of February 11, 1895, the office of Superintendent of Banking was abolished and that of Commissioner created.)

B. F. Gilkeson,	Feb. 12, 1895
Thomas J. Powers (died August 29, 1900),	Feb. 28, 1899
Frank Reeder,	Oct. 3, 1900
Robert McAfee (resigned July 27, 1905),	April 15, 1903
John A. Berkey,	July 27, 1905
William H. Smith (resigned January 15, 1917),	Aug. 13, 1909
Daniel F. Lafean (nomination rejected by Senate June 28, 1917),	April 24, 1917
Daniel F. Lafean (reappointed after adjournment of Legislature),	July 9, 1917
John S. Fisher,	May 2, 1919

DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT AND DEPUTY COMMISSIONERS OF BANKING.

(By the Act of February 11, 1895, the office of Deputy Superintendent of Banking was abolished and that of Deputy Commissioner created; and by the Act of May 21, 1919, the office of Deputy Commissioner of Banking was abolished, and the offices of First, Second and Third Deputies were created.)

	When Appointed.
F. Asbury Awl,	Nov. 24, 1891
John W. Morrison,	April 1, 1895

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF BANKING.

John W. Morrison,	May 28, 1919
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SECOND DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF BANKING.

Peter G. Cameron,	July 1, 1919
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THIRD DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF BANKING.

(This office was not filled at the time of going to press.)

SECRETARIES OF AGRICULTURE.

	When Commissioned.
Thomas J. Edge,	Mar. 21, 1895
John Hamilton (resigned February 18, 1903),	Apr. 24, 1899
N. B. Critchfield,	Feb. 24, 1903
Charles E. Patton (nomination rejected by Senate June 28, 1917),	Oct. 15, 1915
Charles E. Patton (reappointed after adjournment of Legislature),	July 9, 1917
Frederik Rasmussen,	May 8, 1919

DEPUTY SECRETARIES OF AGRICULTURE.

John Hamilton (resigned April 24, 1899),	When Commissioned. Oct. 1, 1895
A. L. Martin (resigned November 30, 1915),	April 24, 1899
Charles E. Carothers,	When Appointed. Jan. 25, 1916

COMMISSIONERS OF FORESTRY.

J. T. Rothrock,	When Commissioned. Sept. 14, 1895
Robert S. Conklin,	May 28, 1904

DEPUTY COMMISSIONERS OF FORESTRY.

Robert S. Conklin,	April 1, 1903
Irvin C. Williams,	June 1, 1904

FACTORY INSPECTORS.

(By the Act of June 2, 1913, the office of Factory Inspector was abolished and that of Commissioner of Labor and Industry created.)

William H. Martin,	Nov. 1, 1889
Robert Watchorn,	May 29, 1891
James Campbell,	Jan. 15, 1895
John C. Delaney,	Feb. 3, 1903
C. V. Hartzell,	Jan. 6, 1913

COMMISSIONERS OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

John Price Jackson,	June 4, 1913
Walter McNichols (acting),	Oct. 28, 1918
Clifford B. Connelley (acting),	April 23, 1919
Clifford B. Connelley,	Nov. 13, 1919

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BOARD.

Harry A. Mackey (designated as chairman September 20, 1915),	July 12, 1915
James W. Leech (nomination rejected by Senate June 28, 1917),	July 12, 1915
John A. Scott (resigned December 1, 1919),	July 12, 1915
James W. Leech (reappointed after adjournment of Legislature),	July 9, 1917
Paul W. Houck,	July 21, 1919
Benjamin Jarrett,	Dec. 1, 1919

MANAGER, STATE WORKMEN'S INSURANCE BOARD.

William J. Roney,	When Appointed. Jan. 1, 1917
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ASSISTANT MANAGERS, STATE WORKMEN'S INSURANCE BOARD.

Albert L. Allen (resigned September 15, 1919),	Sept. 22, 1915
John G. Bingeman,	Jan. 15, 1920

CHIEFS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

James E. Roderick (died February 4, 1918),	When Commissioned. April 16, 1903
Seward Button,	Feb. 9, 1918

DEPUTY CHIEF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

(Prior to the Act of March 1, 1905, the office was designated Assistant Chief of the Department of Mines.)

Frank Hall,	When Appointed. June 1, 1903
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COMMISSIONERS OF HEALTH.

Samuel G. Dixon (died February 26, 1918),	When Commissioned. June 8, 1905
Edward Martin,	Mar. 1, 1919

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH.

John D. McLean,	June 25, 1919
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STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSIONERS.

Joseph W. Hunter,	June 24, 1903
Edward M. Bigelow (resigned March 30, 1915),	June 1, 1911
Robert J. Cunningham (died April 26, 1916),	April 14, 1915
Frank B. Black (resigned August 15, 1917),	July 1, 1916
J. Denny O'Neill,	Sept. 6, 1917
Lewis S. Sadler,	Jan. 21, 1919

ASSISTANT STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSIONER.

George H. Biles,	Mar. 11, 1919
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FIRST DEPUTY STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSIONERS.

(Prior to the Act of May 31, 1911, this office was designated Deputy State Highway Commissioner; and by the Act of March 11, 1919, P. L. 12, the office of First Deputy State Highway Commissioner was abolished.)

Roy D. Beman,	July 2, 1907
Joseph W. Hunter,	June 28, 1911

SECOND DEPUTY STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSIONERS.

(The Act of April 15, 1903, authorizing the appointment of an Assistant State Highway Commissioner, was repealed by the Act of May 1, 1905, and the Assistant State Highway Commissioner, authorized by Act of May 1, 1905, was not appointed until December 1, 1906.

Prior to the Act of May 31, 1911, this office was designated Assistant State Highway Commissioner; and by the Act of March 11, 1919, P. L. 12, the office of Second Deputy State Highway Commissioner was abolished.)

George Statler,	July 28, 1903
Roy D. Beman,	Dec. 1, 1906
Guert W. Ensign,	July 2, 1907
E. A. Jones (resigned May 28, 1915),	July 29, 1911
George H. Biles,	June 1, 1915

TOWNSHIP COMMISSIONER OF STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT.

Joseph W. Hunter,	When Commissioned. Mar. 11, 1919
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CHIEF ENGINEERS OF STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT.

Samuel D. Foster (resigned April 7, 1915),	June 19, 1911
William D. Uhler,	April 7, 1915

SUPERINTENDENTS OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

(Prior to the Act of March 26, 1895, which enlarged the duties and powers of the office, the Superintendent was not commissioned by the Governor, but was elected by the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings, and was removable at the pleasure of said Board.)

John C. Delaney,	Mar. 28, 1895
T. Lawrence Eyre,	April 24, 1899
James M. Shumaker,	Jan. 21, 1903
Samuel B. Rambo (resigned January 1, 1917),	Feb. 13, 1907
George A. Shreiner,	May 12, 1917
Thomas W. Templeton,	June 25, 1919

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

(By the Act of June 16, 1919, P. L. 482, this office was abolished.)

	When Appointed.
George C. Keim (resigned August 31, 1911),	June 1, 1907
James C. Patterson,	Sept. 1, 1911

DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

(This office was not filled at the time of going to press.)

ASSISTANT DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

(This office was not filled at the time of going to press.)

SUPERINTENDENTS OF PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING.

	When Commissioned.
Alexander K. McClure,	Feb. 7, 1855
Erkuries Beatty,	Jan. 8, 1856
Oramel Barrett,	Jan. 21, 1858
Charles D. Hinceline,	Mar. 4, 1859
William P. I. Painter,	Mar. 22, 1861
Titus T. Worth,	May 8, 1862
Lewis H. Funk,	May 30, 1863
John Youngman,	July 15, 1867
John McCurdy,	July 15, 1871
Joshua W. Jones,	July 20, 1874
William Hayes Grier,	Aug. 14, 1883
Barton D. Evans,	July 1, 1889
William Hayes Grier,	April 1, 1892
Thomas Robinson (resigned May 1, 1898),	May 1, 1895
Thomas M. Jones,	May 1, 1898
Thomas G. Sample,	Jan. 25, 1899
A. Nevin Pomeroy (resigned January 1, 1917),	Mar. 24, 1903
D. Edward Long (nomination rejected by Senate June 28, 1917),	Feb. 26, 1917
D. Edward Long (reappointed after adjournment of Legislature),	July 9, 1917
Robert C. Miller,	Mar. 26, 1919

DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING.

(This office was not filled at the time of going to press.)

STATE LIBRARIANS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

(Prior to the Act of 28th of February, 1816, there were three distinct libraries—that of the Executive Department, the Senate and the House. By this Act the three libraries were consolidated, making a single library, and the appointment of a Librarian by the joint library committee of the Legislature was authorized. The Act of May 23, 1919, reorganizing the State Library, changes the title of the office of State Librarian to State Librarian and Director of the Museum.)

John Fisher,	1816
William Musgrave (died January 7, 1832),	1819
James Wright,	Mar. 2, 1832
George R. Espy,	1839
E. P. Hughes,	1841
Henry K. Strong,	1842
Seth Salisbury,	1845
James Johnston,	1849
Thomas C. MacDowell,	Jan. 16, 1850
James Martin,	Jan. 28, 1852
William T. Sanders,	Jan. 15, 1853
(The Act of January 25, 1854, placed the power of appointment in the hands of the Governor.)	
Rev. William R. Dewitt,	Feb. 25, 1854
Wein Forney,	Mar. 16, 1863
Rev. Obadiah H. Miller,	April 1, 1872
Rev. Charles L. Ehrenfeld (resigned September 15, 1882),	Feb. 4, 1878
Rev. Charles J. Little (resigned October 1, 1885),	Sept. 15, 1882
Edward Stuck,	Oct. 1, 1885
William Henry Egle, M. D.,	Mar. 3, 1887
George E. Reed (resigned October 25, 1902),	Jan. 31, 1899
Thomas Lynch Montgomery,	Feb. 3, 1903

DIRECTOR OF THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU.

James N. Moore,	July 22, 1909
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SUPERINTENDENTS OF STATE POLICE.

John C. Groome,	July 1, 1905
George F. Lumb (resigned as acting superintendent December 31, 1919),	June 3, 1919

DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF STATE POLICE.

	When Appointed.
George F. Lumb (appointed acting Superintendent of State Police, October 20, 1917),	Jan. 1, 1908
Leon S. Pitcher (resigned December 31, 1919),	May 1, 1918
Lynn G. Adams,	Jan. 1, 1920

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.

	When Commissioned.
William E. Meehan (resigned September 1, 1911),	June 2, 1903
Nathan R. Buller (nomination rejected by Senate June 28, 1917),	Jan. 1, 1908
John Y. Boyd (resigned February 7, 1911),	Aug. 5, 1911
Nathan R. Buller (reappointed after adjournment of Legislature),	July 9, 1917

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

(By the Act of July 26, 1913, the Railroad Commission was abolished and the Public Service Commission created.)

Nathaniel Ewing,	Jan. 1, 1908
Charles N. Mann (died March 7, 1912),	Jan. 1, 1908
John Y. Boyd (resigned February 7, 1911),	Jan. 1, 1908
Milton J. Brecht,	Feb. 7, 1911
Samuel W. Pennypacker,	May 14, 1912

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSIONERS.

Nathaniel Ewing, Chairman, (died March 28, 1914),	July 1, 1913
S. LaRue Tone,	July 1, 1913
Samuel W. Pennypacker (designated as Chairman January 2, 1915),	July 1, 1913
Emory R. Johnson,	July 1, 1913
Milton J. Brecht,	July 1, 1913
Charles Frederick Wright,	July 1, 1913
Frank M. Wallace,	July 1, 1913
Walter H. Gaither,	Jan. 2, 1915
William D. B. Ainey (designated as Chairman August 20, 1915),	May 20, 1915
Edgar R. Kiess (declined the appointment June 9, 1915),	May 20, 1915
John Monaghan (resigned June 16, 1916),	May 20, 1915
Milton J. Brecht,	May 20, 1915
William A. Magee (resigned August 15, 1917),	May 20, 1915
John S. Rilling,	May 20, 1915
Samuel W. Pennypacker (died September 2, 1916),	May 20, 1915
Thomas B. Smith, (resigned August 31, 1915),	Aug. 18, 1915
Michael J. Ryan,	Jan. 22, 1916
James Alcorn,	June 16, 1916
Robert K. Young (nomination rejected by Senate June 28, 1917),	June 27, 1917
Robert K. Young (reappointed after adjournment of Legislature), (died September 12, 1917),	July 9, 1917
William A. Magee,	May 27, 1918
Harold M. McClure (died March 1, 1919),	July 2, 1918
James S. Benn,	April 30, 1919
John W. Reed,	April 30, 1919
Samuel M. Clement,	Feb. 11, 1919
Sidney Ray Shelby,	Feb. 11, 1919

WATER SUPPLY COMMISSIONERS.

John F. Whitworth (resigned Nov. 30, 1906),	June 20, 1905
John Birkinbine (died May 14, 1915),	June 20, 1905
Henry M. Brackenridge,	June 20, 1905
Thomas J. Lynch,	Nov. 20, 1906
Frederic W. Fleitz (resigned March 1, 1913),	July 9, 1909
Benjamin K. Focht (resigned March 1, 1915),	April 9, 1913
Robert A. Zentmyer,	Aug. 23, 1915
Oliver S. Kelsey,	Dec. 1, 1915
Charles E. Dorworth,	Jan. 9, 1920

STATE GEOLOGIST.

George H. Ashley, When Commissioned.
Sept. 1, 1919

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

	Commencement of Term of Service.	
Dr. Nicholas Moore,	4th 6th mo., 1684	
James Harrison (declined),	14th 7th mo., 1685	
Arthur Cook,	31st 1st mo., 1686	
John Simcock,	21st 9th mo., 1690	
Andrew Robeson,	May 29, 1692	
John Guest,	20th 6th mo., 1701	
William Clarke,	1703	
John Guest,	1705	
Roger Mompesson,	April 17, 1706	
Joseph Growden,	Nov. 20, 1707	
David Lloyd,	Feb. 15, 1717	
Isaac Norris (declined),	April 3, 1731	
James Logan,	Aug. 20, 1731	
Jeremiah Langhorne,	Aug. 13, 1739	
John Kinsey (died May 11, 1750),	April 5, 1743	
William Allen,	Sept. 20, 1750	
Benjamin Chew,	April 9, 1774	
Joseph Reed (declined),	Mar. 20, 1777	
Thomas McKean (vacated December 16, 1799),	July 28, 1777; July 20, 1784; Dec. 18, 1791	
Edward Shippen,	Dec. 18, 1799	
William Tilghman,	Mar. 1, 1806	
John Bannister Gibson,	May 18, 1827; Nov. 19, 1838	
Jeremiah S. Black,	Nov. 17, 1851	
Ellis Lewis,	Dec. 1, 1854; Jan. 5, 1855	
Walter H. Lowrie,	Dec. 7, 1857	
George W. Woodward (resigned November 20, 1867),	Dec. 7, 1863	
James Thompson,	Dec. 2, 1867	
John Meredith Read,	Dec. 2, 1872	
Daniel Agnew,	Dec. 1, 1873	
George Sharswood,	Jan. 6, 1879	
Ulysses Mercur (died June 6, 1887),	Jan. 1, 1883	
Isaac G. Gordon,	June 6, 1887	
Edward M. Paxson (resigned February 21, 1893),	Jan. 7, 1889	
James P. Sterrett,	Feb. 21, 1893	
Henry Green (died August 16, 1900),	Jan. 1, 1900	
J. Brewster McCollum (died October 4, 1903),	Aug. 17, 1900	
James T. Mitchell,	Oct. 5, 1903	
D. Newlin Fell,	Jan. 3, 1910	
J. Hay Brown,	Jan. 4, 1915	

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES.

William Welsh,	4th 6th mo., 1684
William Wood,	4th 6th mo., 1684
Robert Turner,	4th 6th mo., 1684
John Eckley,	4th 6th mo., 1684
William Clarke,	10th 7th mo., 1684
James Claypoole,	14th 7th mo., 1685
Arthur Cooke,	14th 7th mo., 1685
John Cann,	31st 1st mo., 1686
John Simcock,	20th 1st mo., 1686
James Harrison,	20th 1st mo., 1686
Joseph Growden,	2d 2d mo., 1690
Peter Alicks,	7th 5th mo., 1690
Thomas Wynne,	7th 5th mo., 1690
Griffith Jones,	21st 9th mo., 1690
Edward Blake,	21st 9th mo., 1690
William Salway,	May 20, 1693
Anthony Morris,	Aug. 10, 1694
Cornelius Empston,	About 1698
Edward Shippen,	About 1699
William Biles,	About 1699
Robert French,	20th 6th mo., 1701
Caleb Pusey,	20th 6th mo., 1701
Thomas Masters,	20th 6th mo., 1701
Samuel Finney,	1702
John Guest,	April 10, 1704
Jasper Yeates,	April 10, 1704
William Trent,	April 10, 1704
Richard Hill,	Mar. 18, 1711
Jonathan Dickinson,	Mar. 18, 1711
George Roche,	June 10, 1715
Robert Assheton,	June 12, 1716
Jeremiah Langhorne,	Sept. 20, 1726
Dr. Thomas Graeme,	April 9, 1731
Thomas Griffiths,	Aug. 13, 1739
William Till,	April 5, 1743
Lawrence Growden,	Sept. 20, 1750

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES—Concluded.

	Commencement of Term of Service.
Caleb Cowpland,	Sept. 20, 1750
William Coleman,	April 8, 1758
Alexander Steadman,	Mar. 21, 1764
John Lawrence,	Sept. 14, 1767
Thomas Willing,	Sept. 14, 1767
John Morton,	April 20, 1774
William Augustus Alee,	April 2, 1777; Aug. 16, 1777; Aug. 9, 1784
John Evans,	April 3, 1777
George Bryan,	April 3, 1780
Jacob Rush,	Feb. 26, 1784
Edward Shippen,	Jan. 31, 1791
Jasper Yeates,	Mar. 21, 1791
William Bradford, Jr.,	Aug. 20, 1791
Thomas Smith,	Jan. 31, 1794
Hugh Henry Brackenridge (died June 25, 1816),	Dec. 18, 1800
John Bannister Gibson,	June 27, 1816; Nov. 17, 1851
Thomas Duncan,	Mar. 14, 1817
Molton Cropper Rogers,	April 15, 1826; Jan. 1, 1842; Jan. 25, 1842
Charles Huston,	April 17, 1826
Horace Binney (declined),	May 18, 1827
John Tod (died February 23, 1830),	May 25, 1827
Frederick Smith,	Jan. 31, 1828
John Ross,	April 9, 1830
John Kennedy,	Nov. 23, 1830
Thomas Sergeant,	Feb. 3, 1834
Thomas Burnside,	Jan. 2, 1845; Feb. 22, 1845
Richard Coulter,	Sept. 17, 1846; Feb. 17, 1847
Thomas S. Bell,	Nov. 10, 1846; Mar. 5, 1847
George Chambers,	April 10, 1851
Ellis Lewis,	Nov. 17, 1851
Walter H. Lowrie,	Nov. 17, 1851
Richard Coulter,	Sept. 17, 1846; Feb. 17, 1847
George W. Woodward,	May 8, 1852; Nov. 9, 1852
John C. Knox,	May 23, 1853; Nov. 11, 1853
Jeremiah S. Black,	Nov. 13, 1854
James Armstrong,	April 6, 1857
James Thompson,	Nov. 6, 1857
William Strong,	Nov. 6, 1857
William A. Porter,	Jan. 20, 1858
Gaylord Church,	Oct. 22, 1858
John M. Reed,	Nov. 12, 1858
Daniel Agnew,	Nov. 5, 1863
George Sharswood,	Nov. 6, 1867
Henry W. Williams (vice Strong, resigned),	Oct. 1, 1868; Dec. 5, 1868
Henry W. Williams (elected),	Nov. 19, 1869
Ulysses Mercur (died June 6, 1887),	Nov. 8, 1872
Isaac G. Gordon,	Nov. 5, 1873
Edward M. Paxson,	Dec. 3, 1874
Warren J. Woodward,	Dec. 3, 1874
James P. Sterrett (vice Williams, deceased),	Feb. 26, 1877
John Trunkay (died June 24, 1888),	Dec. 6, 1877
James P. Sterrett,	Dec. 6, 1878
Henry Green (vice Woodward, deceased),	Sept. 29, 1879
Henry Green,	Dec. 2, 1880
Silas M. Clark (died Nov. 20, 1891),	Dec. 21, 1882
Henry W. Williams (vice Mercur, deceased),	Aug. 19, 1887
Henry W. Williams (died January 25, 1899),	Dec. 22, 1887
Alfred Hand (vice Trunkay, deceased),	July 31, 1888
J. Brewster McCollum,	Dec. 18, 1888
James T. Mitchell,	Dec. 18, 1888
Christopher Heydrick (vice Clark, deceased),	Nov. 28, 1891
John Dean (died May 25, 1905),	Dec. 19, 1892
Samuel Gustine Thompson (vice Paxson, resigned),	Mar. 3, 1893
D. Newlin Fell,	Jan. 1, 1894
J. Hay Brown (vice Williams, deceased),	Sept. 25, 1899
J. Hay Brown,	Jan. 1, 1900
S. Leslie Mestrezat (died April 28, 1918),	Jan. 1, 1900
William P. Potter (vice Green, deceased),	Sept. 25, 1900
William P. Potter (died April 14, 1918),	Jan. 6, 1902
Samuel Gustine Thompson (vice McCollum, deceased),	Nov. 25, 1903
John P. Elkin (died October 3, 1915),	Jan. 2, 1905
John Stewart (vice Dean, deceased),	June 8, 1905
John Stewart,	Jan. 1, 1908
Robert von Moschzisker,	Jan. 3, 1910
Robert S. Frazer,	Jan. 4, 1915
Emory A. Walling (vice Elkin, deceased),	Jan. 3, 1916
Emory A. Walling,	Jan. 1, 1917
Alexander Simpson, Jr. (vice Potter, deceased),	May 20, 1918
Edward J. Fox (vice Mestrezat, deceased),	June 17, 1918
John W. Kephart,	Jan. 6, 1919

JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT.

PRESIDENT JUDGES.

	When Commissioned.
Charles E. Rice,	June 28, 1895; Dec. 19, 1895; Dec. 19, 1905
George B. Orlady,	Dec. 9, 1915

JUDGES.

James A. Beaver (died January 31, 1914),	June 28, 1895; Dec. 19, 1895; Dec. 19, 1905
Howard J. Reeder (died December 28, 1898),	June 28, 1895; Dec. 19, 1895; Dec. 19, 1895
George B. Orlady,	June 28, 1895; Dec. 19, 1895; Dec. 9, 1915
John J. Wickham (died June 18, 1898),	June 28, 1895; Dec. 19, 1895
Edward N. Willard (resigned September 1, 1897),	June 28, 1895; Dec. 19, 1895
Henry J. McCarthy,	June 28, 1895
Peter P. Smith,	Dec. 19, 1895
Wm. W. Porter (vice Willard, resigned), (resigned Jan. 27, 1903), Sept. 14, 1897; Dec. 27, 1898	
William D. Porter,	July 6, 1898; Dec. 27, 1898; Dec. 14, 1908; Jan. 6, 1919
Dimmer Beeber,	Jan. 2, 1899
John I. Mitchell (resigned November 28, 1902),	Dec. 6, 1899
Thomas A. Morrison,	Dec. 30, 1902; Dec. 16, 1903
John J. Henderson,	Mar. 11, 1903; Dec. 16, 1903; Jan. 5, 1914
John B. Head,	Dec. 19, 1905; Dec. 9, 1915
John W. Kephart (resigned January 6, 1919),	Jan. 5, 1914
Frank M. Trexler,	Feb. 6, 1914; Dec. 15, 1914
J. Henry Williams (died October 24, 1919),	Dec. 9, 1915
William H. Keller,	Jan. 6, 1919
William Linn,	Nov. 5, 1919

SPEAKERS AND PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE OF THE SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

SPEAKERS.

This list does not include those elected to supply vacancies.)

When Elected.	When Elected.
Richard Peters,	1791
Samuel Powell,	1792
Anthony Morris,	1794
William Bingham,	1795
Robert Hare,	1798
John Wood,	1800
Samuel Maclay,	1802
Robert Whitehill,	1804
James Brady,	1806
Presley C. Lane,	1807
John Todd,	1815
Isaac Weaver,	1817
William Marks, Jr.,	1821
Thomas Burnside,	1825
Alexander Mahon,	1826
Daniel Sturgeon,	1828
William G. Hawkins,	1830
Jesse R. Burden,	1833
Thomas Ringland,	1834
Jacob Kerr,	1835
T. S. Cunningham,	1836
Jesse R. Burden,	1837
Charles B. Penrose,	1838
William T. Rodgers,	1840
Ebenezer Kingsbury, Jr.,	
Charles B. Penrose,	1841
J. H. Ewing,	
John Strohman,	1842
William Heister,	
Benjamin Crispin,	1843
William Bigler,	1844
William P. Wilcox,	1845
Daniel L. Sherwood,	1846
Charles Gibbons,	1847
William Williamson,	1848
William F. Johnston,	
George Darile,	1849
Valentine Best,	1850
Benjamin Mathias,	1851
John H. Walker,	1852
Thomas Carson,	1853
Maxwell McCaslin,	1854
William H. Heister,	1855
William M. Piatt,	1856
David Taggart,	1857
William H. Welsh,	1858
John Cresswell, Jr.,	1859
William M. Francis,	1860
Robert M. Palmer,	1861
Louis W. Hall,	1862
George V. Lawrence,	1863
John P. Penny,	1864
William J. Turrell,	1865
David Fleming,	1866
Louis W. Hall,	1867
James L. Graham,	1868
Wilmer Worthington,	1869
Charles H. Stinson,	1870
William A. Wallace,	1871
James S. Rutan,	1872
George H. Anderson,	1873
Butler B. Strang,	1874

PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE.

(The office of Speaker abolished and President and President pro tempore created by Constitution of 1873.)

	When Elected.		When Elected.
George H. Cutler,	Jan. 5, 1875	Samuel J. M. McCarrell,	June 8, 1895
E. W. Davis,	Mar. 18, 1875	Re-elected,	Jan. 5, 1897
Re-elected,	Jan. 4, 1876	Daniel S. Walton,	July 1, 1897
John C. Newmyer,	May 5, 1876	William P. Snyder,	Jan. 3, 1899
Re-elected,	Jan. 2, 1877	Re-elected,	April 20, 1899
Thomas V. Cooper,	Mar. 23, 1877	Re-elected,	Jan. 1, 1901
Re-elected,	Jan. 1, 1878	John M. Scott,	June 27, 1901
Andrew Jackson Herr,	May 4, 1878	Re-elected,	Jan. 6, 1903
Re-elected,	Jan. 7, 1879	William C. Sproul,	April 16, 1903
John Lamon,	June 6, 1879	Re-elected,	Jan. 3, 1905
William I. Newell,	Jan. 4, 1881	Cyrus E. Woods,	April 13, 1905
Hugh McNeill,	June 9, 1881	Re-elected,	Jan. 1, 1907
John Edgar Reyburn,	Jan. 2, 1883	A. E. Sisson,	May 16, 1907
Amos H. Mylin,	June 6, 1883	Re-elected,	Jan. 5, 1909
Re-elected,	Jan. 6, 1885	William E. Crow,	April 15, 1909
George Handy Smith,	June 12, 1885	Re-elected,	Jan. 3, 1911
Re-elected,	Jan. 4, 1887	George M. Wertz,	May 25, 1911
John C. Grady,	May 19, 1887	Daniel P. Gerberich,	Jan. 7, 1913
Re-elected,	Jan. 1, 1889	Charles H. Kline,	June 27, 1913
Boies Penrose,	May 9, 1889	Re-elected,	Jan. 5, 1915
Re-elected,	Jan. 6, 1891	Edward E. Beidleman,	May 20, 1915
J. F. S. Gobin,	May 28, 1891	Re-elected,	Jan. 2, 1917
Re-elected,	Jan. 3, 1893	Clarence J. Buckman,	June 28, 1917
C. Wesley Thomas,	June 1, 1893	Re-elected,	Jan. 7, 1919
Re-elected,	Jan. 1, 1895	Frank E. Baldwin,	June 26, 1919

SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF PENNSYLVANIA.

	When Elected.		When Elected.
William Bingham,	1791	E. B. Chase,	1854
Gerardus Wynkoop,	1793	Henry K. Strong,	1855
George Latimer,	1794	Richard L. Wright,	1856
Cadwalader Evans,	1799	J. Lawrence Getz,	1857
Isaac Weaver, Jr.,	1800	A. B. Longaker,	1858
Simon Snyder,	1804	W. C. A. Lawrence,	1859
Charles Porter,	1806	W. C. A. Lawrence,	1860
Simon Snyder,	1807	Elisha W. Davis,	1861
James Engle,	1809	John Rowe,	1862
John Weber,	1810	John Cessna,	1863
John Todd,	1812	Henry C. Johnson,	1864
Robert Smith (resigned February, 1814),	1813	Arthur G. Olmsted,	1865
John St. Clair (vice Smith),	1814	James R. Kelley,	1866
Jacob Holgate,	1815	John P. Glass,	1867
Rees Hill,	1816	Elisha W. Davis,	1868
William Davidson,	1818	John Clark,	1869
Rees Hill,	1819	Butler B. Strang,	1870
Joseph Lawrence,	1820	James H. Webb,	1871
John Gilmore,	1821	William Elliott,	1872
Joseph Lawrence,	1822	William Elliott,	1873
Joel B. Sutherland,	1825	H. H. McCormick,	1874
Joseph Ritner,	1828	Samuel P. Patterson,	1875
Ner Middleswarth,	1828	E. Reed Myer,	1877
Frederick Smith,	1830	Henry M. Long,	1879
John LaPorte,	1832	Benjamin L. Hewitt,	1881
James Findley, *	1833	John E. Fauce,	1883
Samuel Anderson,	1833	James L. Graham,	1885
William Patterson,	1834	Henry K. Boyer,	1887
James Thompson,	1835	Henry K. Boyer,	1889
Ner Middleswarth,	1838	Caleb C. Thompson,	1891
Lewis Dewart,	1837	Caleb C. Thompson,	1893
William Hopkins,	1839	Henry F. Walton,	1895
William A. Crabb,	1841	Henry K. Boyer (resigned Jan. 17, 1898),	1897
J. Ross Snowden,	1842	John R. Farr,	1899
H. B. Wright,	1843	William T. Marshall,	1901
J. Ross Snowden,	1844	Henry F. Walton,	1903
Findley Patterson,	1845	Henry F. Walton,	1905
Findley Patterson,	1846	Frank B. McClain,	1907
James Cooper,	1847	John F. Cox,	1909
William F. Packer,	1848	John F. Cox (died November 6, 1911),	1911
William F. Packer,	1849	Milton W. Shreve, †	1911
John S. McCalmont,	1850	George E. Alter,	1913
John Cessna,	1851	Charles A. Ambler,	1915
John S. Rhey,	1852	Richard J. Baldwin,	1917
William P. Schell,	1853	Robert S. Spangler,	1919

*Resigned and appointed Secretary of the Commonwealth.

†As Chairman of Judiciary General Committee of House of Representatives succeeded John F. Cox, deceased, as Speaker, on December 5, 1911.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF PENNSYLVANIA, 1870 TO 1919.

SENATE.

*Term of Service.

Adams, James L., Allegheny, (elected November 2, 1909, vice John W. Crawford, deceased),	1909-12
Adams, Robert, Jr., Philadelphia,	1883-86
Agnew, Franklin H., Beaver,	1883-86
Albright, Edwin, Lehigh,	1871-76
Alexander, Cyrus T., Centre,	1870-82
Alexander, James B., Philadelphia,	1873-75
Alexander, Joseph, Clearfield,	1871-74
Alexander, W. Scott, Fulton,	1887-90
Allen, Harrison, Warren,	1880-82
Allen, O. C., Warren,	1882-86
Allen, Robert P., Lycoming,	1876-78
Anderson, George H., Allegheny,	1874-76
Anderson, George K., Crawford,	1874-76
Andrews, William H., Crawford,	1895-98
Arnholt, Michael A., Allegheny,	1881-84
Aull, William F., Allegheny,	1883-86
Baker, Jesse M., Delaware,	1883-86
Baldwin, Frank E., Potter,	1909-12,
Baldwin, Richard J., Delaware, (elected February 25, 1919, vice William C. Sprad, resigned),	1917-19
Barnes, Wallace J., Wayne,	1893-96
Barr, Cadwallader M., Allegheny,	1919
Bates, S. D., Union, Adams,	1889-92
Bechtel, O. P., Schuylkill,	1917-19
Becker, Ellwood, Philadelphia,	1874-76
Beidelman, William, Northampton,	1891-88
Beidelman, Edward E., Dauphin, (resigned January 20, 1919),	1913-19
Beckelbach, William H., Philadelphia,	1901-04
Betts, W. W., Clearfield,	1887-90
Biddis, John D., Pike,	1883-86
Billingfelt, Esaias, Lancaster,	1867-72
Blewitt, Edward T., Lackawanna,	1907-10
Boggs, Henry A., Cambria,	1881-88
Boland, Jacob, Crawford,	1903-06
Boyd, Albert D., Fayette,	1899-1902
Boyd, James S., Montgomery,	1919
Boyer, T. J., Clearfield,	1876
Braggins, F. H., Mercer,	1876

Brant, Matthias, Greene,	1899-1902
Brewer, W. U., Franklin,	1915-18
Brodhead, A. G., Carbon,	1878-78
Brooke, A. Jones, Delaware,	1875-78
Brown, Charles L., Philadelphia,	1868-70
Brown, Gerard C., York,	1870-72
Brown, Henry R., Montgomery,	1873-75
Brown, John H., Westmoreland,	1875-78
Brown, W. S., Northampton,	1878-80
Brown, William M., Lawrence,	1883-88
Brunner, F. R., Berks,	1887-90
Buckner, Clarence J., Bucks,	1885-88
Buckner, John F., Washington, (elected November 7, 1889, vice Alexander I. Hawkins deceased),	1851-56, 1858, 1870-72
Burke, William J., Allegheny (resigned January 1, 1918),	1897-69,
Bursett, Chaorton, Monroe,	1867-69,
Bussey, H. G., York,	1867-69,
Butterfield, Henry, Erie,	1867-69,
Calpin, Patrick F., Lackawanna,	1907-10, 1919
Campbell, James M., Mercer, (died June 11, 1919),	1907-10, 1919
Cattlin, Sterling R., Luzerne, (died March 23, 1919),	1905-19
Chalfant, Thomas, Montour,	1873-75
Chestnut, James, Cumberland,	1875-78
Chiselm, H. C., Huntingdon,	1875-78
Clark, Henry A., Erie, (elected November 8, 1911, vice A. E. Slason, resigned),	1897-1900
Clarke, James C., Westmoreland,	1911-16
Cochran, John, Philadelphia,	1875-80
Cochran, J. Henry, Lycoming,	1878-81
Collman, John P., Schuylkill,	1895-1910
Collins, F. B., Luzerne,	1875-78
Connell, George, Philadelphia,	1872-74
Cooper, Henry, Allegheny,	1860-71
Cooper, Thomas V., Delaware, (resigned in 1889),	1911-14
Corbet, William L., Clarion,	1874-89
Coxe, Eckley B., Luzerne, (elected November 2, 1880, declined to take oath January 4, 1881; re-elected February 15, 1881),	1881-84
Coyle, John J., Schuylkill,	1895-98
Craig, Allen, Carbon,	1876
Craig, William David, Beaver,	1876-82
Craig, William David, Beaver,	1917-19

*By Section 2, Article 2 of the Constitution of 1873, the term of service of Members of the General Assembly begins on the first day of December after their election. The term of service, as given in the above table, is from the date of taking the oath of office, which is usually on the first Tuesday of January succeeding their election.

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Crawford, D. M., Juniata, 1871-73	Fisher, John S., Indiana, 1906	
Crawford, John W., Allegheny, (died June 30, 1909), 1877-80	Fitch, L. F., Northumberland, (died January 15, 1914), 1877-80	
Crawford, W. R., Venango, 1897-1909	Fitch, L. F., Susquehanna, (resigned March 7, 1902), 1905-16	
Critchfield, N. B., Somerset, 1891-94	Finn, William, Allegheny, 1897-1900	
Croft, Frank P., Montgomery, 1891-98	Focht, Benjamin K., Union, 1877-80	
Crouse, Jacob P., Philadelphia, (elected March 14, 1889, vice Henry S. Taylor, deceased), 1875-76	Fox, John E., Dauphin, Greene, 1885-99	
Crow, William E., Fayette, 1889-98	Freeland, Benjamin N., Greene, 1901-04	
Cummings, Henry H., Warren, 1907-19	Fruit, James S., Mercer, 1901-12	
Cunningham, Robert J., Allegheny, (resigned May 11, 1908), 1899-1906	Gable, Vivian Frank, Philadelphia, (elected January 9, 1906, vice Horatio B. Hackett, deceased), 1903-06	
Cutler, George H., Erie, 1873-75	Gazzam, Joseph M., Allegheny, 1893-96	
Dachrodt, Jacob, Northampton, 1887-90	Gerberich, Daniel P., Lebanon, 1893-96	
Daix, Augustus F., Jr., Philadelphia, 1903-06	Gibson, Perry A., Erie, 1893-96	
Danner, Thomas D., Northampton, 1877-84	Gliffin, John, Allegheny, (resigned January 16, 1899), 1906	
Davis, William T., Bradford, 1919	Gobin, J. P. S., Lebanon, 1877-80	
Davis, Albert, Lackawanna, 1872-76	Gocherich, John M., Allegheny, 1885-89	
Davis, Elisha W., Philadelphia, 1867-73	Gocherich, John M., Allegheny, 1903-06	
Dechert, R. P., Philadelphia, 1871-72	Gordon, James Gay, Philadelphia, 1881-84	
Delamater, George B., Crawford, 1871-73	Grady, John C., Philadelphia, 1913-18	
Delamater, George W., Crawford, 1887-90	Graft, J. Frank, Armstrong, (died June 6, 1918), 1917-19	
Develler, Jones, Montgomery, 1877-78	Graft, Wilbur P., Indiana, 1863-74	
Devlin, Charles P., Philadelphia, 1889	Graham, James L., Allegheny, 1901-06	
Devitt, Arthur G., Lehigh, 1903-1910	Gransback, Henry, Philadelphia, (elected November 6, 1900, vice George W. Holzwarth, deceased), 1919	
DeWitt, Asa K., Luzerne, 1911-19	Gray, George, Philadelphia, 1872	
Dill, Andrew H., Union, (resigned in 1878), 1871-78	Gray, Henry W., Philadelphia, * 1889-90	
Dumling, George M., Clearfield, 1907-10	Green, Henry D., Berks, 1877-84	
Dumaine, Charles E., Clinton, 1901-19	Greer, John M., Butler, 1877-80	
Dunkle, Aaron K., Philadelphia, 1873-75	Grim, Webster, Berks, 1878-82	
Dunkle, Aaron K., Philadelphia, 1868-75	Grod, Frederic, Somerset, 1893-96	
Duncan, C. M., Franklin, 1866, 1868, 1869-75	Groff, John C., Chester, 1885-86	
Dunlap, William B., Beaver, 1891-94	Hager, William H., Northumberland, 1895-1902	
Durham, Israel W., Philadelphia, (elected February 16, 1897, vice Boies Penrose, resigned), (elected November 3, 1908, vice John M. Scott, resigned), (died June 28, 1909), 1897-98, 1909	Hackett, W. Clayton, Northampton, 1915-19	
Eby, Milton, Lancaster, 1897-1900	Haldeman, Horace L., Lancaster, 1917-19	
Edmiston, Robert S., Bradford, 1901-08	Hall, Harry Alvan, Elk, (resigned June 1893), 1901-93	
Einstein, Morris, Allegheny, 1919	Hall, James K. P., Elk, 1879-86	
Elliott, William, Philadelphia, (died in 1880), 1879-80	Hall, John G., Elk, 1893-91	
Emery, Lewis, Jr., McKean, 1881-88	Hardenbergh, E. B., Wayne, (resigned May 6, 1901), 1909-10	
Endley, James W., Somerset, 1911-18	Harlan, A. D., Chester, (resigned June 29, 1891), 1883-86	
Engelman, David, Northampton, 1877-78	Harper, Thomas B., Montgomery, (elected February 16, 1909, vice Algonson B. Roberts, deceased), (died May 18, 1910), 1903	
Ermentrout, Daniel, Berks, 1874-80	Harrison, John T., Philadelphia, (died December 18, 1903), 1899-10	
Evans, Henry S., Chester, 1871-72	Hart, William W., Lycoming, 1893-86	
Everhart, James B., Chester, 1877-83	Hawkins, Alexander L., Washington, (died July 18, 1899, before being qualified), 1899	
Eyre, T. Lawrence, Philadelphia, 1913-16	Hawley, E. B., Susquehanna, 1899	
Fanley, Richard V., Philadelphia, 1877-78	Hays, James W., Greene, 1877-78	
Fertig, John, Crawford, 1870-72	Hays, Thomas, Butler, 1876-78	
Findlay, Hiram, Somerset, 1877-79	Heacock, Joseph, Montgomery, 1909-12	
Fisher, Horatio G., Huntingdon, 1877-79		

* Unseated by contest.

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Robinson, John K., Juniata, 1868-70.	Sones, Charles W., Lycoming, 1897-11.	1907-11
Rockwell, Delos, Bradford, 1875-76.	Sproul, William C., Delaware, (resigned January 20, 1919), 1897-1919.	1881-96
Rodgers, Elliott, Allegheny, 1907-10.	Stanton, William H., Luzerne, 1875-76.	1883-86
Roebuck, P. J., Lancaster, 1875-80.	St. Clair, Thomas, Indiana, 1877-80.	1909-19
Rooncy, James, Susquehanna, 1891-94.	Steel, Samuel S., Allegheny, 1864-65.	1897-1908
Ross, Abner, Greene, (elected January 3, 1886, vice Alexander Patton, deceased), 1885-86.	Steinman, John M., Lancaster, (died August 17, 1889), 1885-89.	1895-1901
Ross, George, Bucks, 1887-88.	Stewart, Alexander, Franklin, 1891-93.	1877-80
Ross, James H., York, 1870-72.	Stewart, John, Franklin, 1881-82.	1883-86
Rowland, G. Frank, Pike, (died October 2, 1907), 1870-84.	Stewart, Joseph V., Greene, 1911-18.	1885-88
Rowland, George H., Pike, 1870-84.	Stiles, Harry G., Lehigh, 1896-1902.	1907-10
Rowland, Lafayette, Pike, 1870-84.	Stinson, Jacob C., Cambria, (died April 2, 1913), 1897-1903.	1863-70
Rowland, Mikes, Pike, (elected November 3, 1908, vice G. Frank Rowland, deceased), 1893-98.	Stinson, Charles H., Montgomery, 1899-1906.	1875-78
Royer, Lewis, Monticeny, 1909-10.	Stoner, Jeremiah A., Lancaster, 1877-78.	1883-86
Rutan, James S., } Allegheny, 1870-72.	Strang, B. B., Tioga, 1873-78.	1887-89
Salus, Samuel W., Philadelphia, 1887-90.	Sutton, William Henry, Montgomery, 1887-89.	1907-10
Sassaman, George W., Berks, 1911-19.	Taylor, Henry S., Philadelphia, (died February 6, 1889), 1897-80.	1891-96
Saylor, Henry D., Montgomery, 1917-19.	Templeton, Chambers O., Blair, 1897-10.	1875-78
Schantz, Horace W., Lehigh, 1895-98.	Thomas, C. Wesley, Philadelphia, (resigned March 19, 1898), 1903-06.	1879-82
Schnatterly, Thomas B., Fayette, 1915-19.	Thomas, Daniel J., Schuylkill, 1891-96.	1876
Scott, John M., Philadelphia, (resigned September 29, 1908), 1870-82.	Thomas, Joseph, Bucks, 1879-82.	1885-92
Scott, W. J., Luzerne, 1897-1900.	Thomas, P. D., Forest, 1876.	1913-16
Semans, George B., Luzerne, 1877-82.	Thompson, Alexander F., Dauphin, 1897-1908.	1905-12
Selheimer, John B., Mifflin, 1885-88.	Thompson, Joseph H., Beaver, 1915-19.	1877-78
Sennich, William H., Allegheny, 1913-16.	Thompson, Oscar E., Chester, 1877-78.	1869-71
Sensenich, Chester D., Westmoreland, 1877-80.	Torbert, W. L., Schuylkill, 1877-78.	1919
Seymour, C. H., Tioga, 1881-84.	Turner, S. G., Luzerne, 1877-80.	1907-11
Shearer, Edward H., Berks, 1881-84.	Turner, W. Fred, Armstrong, (elected November 5, 1918, vice J. Frank Graff, deceased), 1907-11.	1881-86
Sheatz, John O., Philadelphia, (elected November 5, 1912, vice Ernest L. Tustin, resigned), 1913-14.	Tustin, Ernest L., Philadelphia, (resigned December 15, 1911), 1907-11.	1883-86
Shopard, Jesse S., Philadelphia, (elected February 16, 1904, vice John T. Harrison, deceased), 1904-06.	Upperman, John, Allegheny, 1909-19.	1897-1908
Shields, Moses, Wyoming, 1909-12.	Vandergrift, C. S., Jr., Bucks, 1895-1901.	1877-80
Shimer, S. C., Northampton, 1875-76.	Vare, Edwin H., Philadelphia, 1909-19.	1883-86
Shortt, Charles M., Warren, 1895-98.	Vare, George A., Philadelphia, (died February 28, 1908), 1897-1908.	1885-88
Showalter, J. B., Butler, 1889-92.	Vaughan, James C., Lackawanna, (died August 8, 1901), 1895-1901.	1877-80
Shull, J. H., Monroe, 1887-90.	Waidell, W. B., Chester, 1877-80.	1897-1902
Sill, James, Erie, 1881-84.	Wadhams, E. C., Luzerne, 1877-80.	1883-86
Sisson, A. F., Erie, (resigned March 14, 1910), 1901-10.	Wagner, S. C., Cumberland, 1863-75.	1885-88
Slon, H. K., Indiana, 1889-92.	Wallace, William A., Clearfield, 1907-10.	1870-76
Smiley, Charles H., Perry, 1881-84.	Walling, Emory A., Erie, 1895-98.	1911-18
Smith, Frank A., Dauphin, (elected February 25, 1919, vice Edward E. Beidleman, resigned), 1919.	Waream, Joseph, Mifflin, 1895-98.	1889-1902
Smith, George Handy, Philadelphia, 1876-86.	Warfel, John B., Lancaster, 1907-10.	1883-86
Smith, Raymond E., Crawford, 1915-18.	Warner, Elmer, Carbon, 1874-76.	1897-1902
Smith, William Wallace, Philadelphia, (died August 27, 1917), 1915-17.	Wasbers, Henry, York, 1876-78.	1885-90
Smith, Winfield S., Lancaster, 1891-94.	Washburn, O. R., Crawford, 1876-78.	1875-76
Snyder, Charles A., Schuylkill, (resigned April 30, 1917), 1909-17.	Wates, L. A., Lackawanna, 1875-76.	1875-76
Snyder, Plymouth W., Blair, 1915-19.	Watson, M. C., Schuylkill, 1875-76.	1875-76
Snyder, William P., Chester, (resigned April 30, 1904), 1893-1904.	Watson, W. W., Susquehanna, 1915-19.	1875-76
	Watt, W. W., Philadelphia, 1915-19.	1872-74
	Weakley, James H., Cumberland, 1872-74.	

Term of Service	Term of Service
Weaver, James B., Westmoreland, 1917-19	Wilson, J. H., Clarion, 1917-19
Weingartner, George T., Lawrence, 1909-12	Winslow, R. C., Jefferson, 1917-19
Weiss, Samuel, Lebanon, (elected February 21, 1899, vice J. P. S. Golin, resigned)	Wolf, Clarence, Philadelphia, 1875-76
Weller, John S., Bedford, 1899-1904	Wolverton, S. P., Northumberland, (elected November 5, 1878, vice Andrew H. Dill, resigned), 1899-1902
Wentz, John A., Montgomery, 1899-1902	Wood, E. A., Allegheny, 1879-88
Wertz, George M., Cambria, 1909-12	Woods, Cyrus E., Westmoreland, 1875-76
White, Harry, Indiana, 1863	Woods, J. M., Mifflin, 1901-08
White, Samuel P., Beaver, 1895-98, 1903-06	Woods, William S., Allegheny, 1889-93
Whitten, Norman A., Allegheny, 1917-19	Woodward, George, Philadelphia, 1903-06
Willert, David A., Allegheny, (died January 26, 1912), 1905-12	Wright, George W., Mercer, 1919
Williams, Andrew G., Butler, 1901-04	Yankle, William A., Montgomery, 1877-80
Williams, George W., Toga, (elected January 22, 1907, vice Myron Matson, deceased), 1874-76	Yerkes, Harman, Bucks, 1874-78
Williams, Morgan B., Luzerne, 1885-88	Yutz, Enoch D., Somerset, 1875-78
Williams, W. McKnight, Huntingdon, 1887-90	Zern, Jacob G., Carbon, 1903-06

Term of Service	Term of Service
Weaver, James B., Westmoreland, 1917-19	Wilson, J. H., Clarion, 1917-19
Weingartner, George T., Lawrence, 1909-12	Winslow, R. C., Jefferson, 1917-19
Weiss, Samuel, Lebanon, (elected February 21, 1899, vice J. P. S. Golin, resigned)	Wolf, Clarence, Philadelphia, 1875-76
Weller, John S., Bedford, 1899-1904	Wolverton, S. P., Northumberland, (elected November 5, 1878, vice Andrew H. Dill, resigned), 1899-1902
Wentz, John A., Montgomery, 1899-1902	Wood, E. A., Allegheny, 1879-88
Wertz, George M., Cambria, 1909-12	Woods, Cyrus E., Westmoreland, 1875-76
White, Harry, Indiana, 1863	Woods, J. M., Mifflin, 1901-08
White, Samuel P., Beaver, 1895-98,	Woods, William S., Allegheny, 1889-93
Whitten, Norman A., Allegheny, 1903-06	Woodward, George, Philadelphia, 1903-06
Willert, David A., Allegheny, (died January 26, 1912), 1917-19	Wright, George W., Mercer, 1919
Williams, Andrew G., Butler, 1905-12	Yankle, William A., Montgomery, 1877-80
Williams, George W., Toga, (elected January 22, 1907, vice Myron Matson, deceased), 1901-04	Yerkes, Harman, Bucks, 1874-76
Williams, Morgan B., Luzerne, 1907-08	Yutz, Enoch D., Somerset, 1874-78
Williams, W. McKnight, Huntingdon, 1885-88	Zern, Jacob G., Carbon, 1875-78
	1887-90

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

	Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Abbett, B. Franklin, Philadelphia,	1883-84	Anderson, David M., Washington, (died February 16, 1903),	1893-96,
Abbott, Edwin M., Philadelphia,	1911-12	Anderson, D. R., Bedford,	1901-03
Abrams, Elias, Philadelphia,	1891-1902	Anderson, J. Harry, Luzerne,	1879
Achenbach, George A., Clinton,	1875-76	Anderson, William, Schuylkill,	1911-12
Ackerly, A. I., Luzerne,	1877-80	Andre, Nicholas, Berks,	1899-1900
Ackerman, Adam C., Philadelphia,	1897-1900	Andrews, Truman O., Erie,	1875-78
Ackerman, Henry S., Westmoreland,	1881-82	Andrews, W. A. T., Crawford,	1905-06
Ackley, Perrin Ross, Sullivan,	1881-82	Andrews, William H., Crawford,	1895-96
Adair, Alexander, Philadelphia,	1866-70	Austin, George, York,	1893-94
Adams, James L., Allegheny, (resigned November 16, 1909),	1897-1900	App, D. Norman, Snyder,	1875-76
Adams, James W., Susquehanna,	1907-09	Apple, Andrew G., Crawford,	1907-10
Adams, Thomas H., Huntington,	1883-84	Arensberg, Louis F., Fayette,	1887-88
Adams, William L., Luzerne,	1913-16	Armstrong, Alvin E., McKean,	1901-04
Adams, Edmund J., Philadelphia, (resigned February 7, 1910),	1909-10	Armstrong, Charles F., Armstrong,	1870
Agnew, J. B., Forest,	1875-78	Arner, Leslie P., Clarion,	1919
Alman, Jerome T., Juniata, (elected March 30, 1907, vice William C. Pomeroy, deceased),	1907-12	Arnold, Harry H., Clarion,	1903-06
Alman, Sylvanus C., Philadelphia,	1899-1900	Arnold, John S., Perry,	1913-09
Akers, Clarence R., Fulton,	1911-12	Aron, Max, Philadelphia, (elected March 28, 1913, vice John H. Riebel, deceased),	1901-02
Albert, Henry T., Potter,	1915-18	Arthur, John E., Philadelphia,	1913-19
Albert, Joseph J., Northampton,	1909-10	Ash, Joseph R., Philadelphia,	1918-18
Albright, Adam, Philadelphia,	1870-73	Ashcomb, E. S., Bedford,	1873-74
Allen, G. Milton, Clearfield,	1915-16	Ashtuead, William B., Philadelphia, (elected November 5, 1889, vice C. Wesley Thomas, resigned),	1885-86
Alexander, Cassius L., Erie,	1897-1902	Aston, Richard, Luzerne,	1890
Alexander, Joseph, Clearfield,	1876-78	Ayers, E. J., Bradford,	1917-18
Alexander, William Cloud, Delaware,	1899-1900	Bachert, W. M., Schuylkill,	1883-84
Alexander, W. K., Centre,	1889-90	Bachman, Daniel, Carbon,	1889-92
Allen, Abraham L., Philadelphia,	1909-10	Bachman, F. M., Lebanon,	1877-78
Allen, E. E., Indiana,	1911-14	Bachman, P. S., Northampton,	1887-88
Allen, Frank, Philadelphia,	1875-76	Bactus, John C., McKean,	1875-76
Allen, George W., Allegheny,	1873-74	Bacon, Robert, Carbon,	1905-06
Allen, George W., Warren,	1897-98	Baer, B. C., Berks,	1885-88
Allen, J. B., Dauphin,	1903-06	Bailey, Charles L., Dauphin,	1873-76
Allison, Jonathan, Washington,	1907-09	Bailey, E. W., Chester,	1889-92
Allison, William M., Centre,	1910	Bain, John W., Philadelphia,	1873-74
Alum, Edward L., Mercer,	1889-90,	Barclay, D. P., Cameron,	1875-78
Alsip, Joseph T., Bedford,	1903-06	Bakeoven, George A., Philadelphia,	1875-78
Alter, George E., Allegheny,	1909-14	Baker, Charles L., Montgomery,	1891-93
Altman, William, Jefferson,	1886-88	Baker, George Plummer, Washington,	1915-18
Altworth, Henry S., Lackawanna,	1913-14	Baker, Jesse M., Delaware,	1889-92
Amblor, Charles A., Montgomery,	1913-16	Bald, Lewis C., Warren,	1901-04
Amesman, Lemuel, Lackawanna,	1895-96	Bald, Charles C. A. Jr., Philadelphia,	1917-19
Amesman, Charles D., Clearfield,	1869-70	Baldige, A. C., Allegheny,	1917-19
Ames, Frederick W., Crawford,	1903-10	Baldwin, C. J., Lancaster,	1887-92
Ammerman, Jesse C., Montour,	1903-10	Baldwin, Charles T., Beaver,	1895-98
Ammerman, R. Scott, Montour,	1903-04	Baldwin, George A., Beaver,	1911-14
Amisler, Cornelius W., Forest,	1903-04	Baldwin, Richard J., Delaware,	1895-1900,
Anderson, Benjamin F., Allegheny,	1903-04	Baldwin, S. R., Allegheny,	1879-82

*Unseated by contest.

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Ballentine, J. W., Allegheny, 1872-73.	Beer, W. A., Clarion, 1889-90.	
Balslev, George J., Franklin, (died April 13, 1887), 1887.	Beidleman, Edward E., Dauphin, 1889-90.	
Balthaser, Francis W., Berks, 1903-06.	Bell, A. W., Armstrong, 1879-80.	
Banks, Lucien, Juniata, 1879-80.	Bell, Frederick A., Blair, 1885-88.	
Barclay, George A., Cameron, 1885-88.	Bell, Green W., Clearfield, 1897-98.	
Barclay, James L., Lycoming, 1885-86.	Bell, Gruber H., Mifflin, 1897-98.	
Bardsley, William, Philadelphia, (died April 7, 1875), 1875.	Bell, John C., Mercer, 1897-98.	
Bare, John S., Huntingdon, 1893-94.	Bell, Sylvester D., Butler, 1897-98.	
Barker, Thomas H., Montgomery, 1897-98.	Benchfor, Loudon Francis, Franklin, 1911-12.	
Barner, Horace C., Cumberland, 1913-14.	Bender, Hillfortous K., Northampton, 1881-82.	
Barnes, W. E., Dauphin, 1887-90.	Bendict, Willis B., Warren, 1915-16.	
Barnes, W. F., Susquehanna, 1883-84.	Benn, Wallace B., Allegheny, 1889-90.	
Barnett, Samuel J., York, 1915-16.	Bennett, A. D., Clearfield, 1889-90.	
Barnett, W. G., Washington, 1875-76.	Bennett, Emerson, Philadelphia, 1889-90.	
Barnhart, Frank F., Cambria, 1907-10.	Bennett, James A., Philadelphia, 1889-90.	
Barnhart, Simon J., York, 1885-88.	Bennett, John A., Westmoreland, 1889-90.	
Barnhart, Victor A., Butler, 1919.	Bennett, Michael Smith, Philadelphia, 1889-90.	
Barnhart, W. R., Westmoreland,* 1903-06.	Benninger, William M., Northampton, 1889-90.	
Barrett, A. Clark, Susquehanna, 1879-80.	Benson, Edward R., McKean, 1889-90.	
Barrett, John E., Lackawanna, 1909-12.	Bentley, Charles A., Washington, 1889-90.	
Barman, John H., Montgomery, 1885-86.	Berg, Henry Wilson, Montgomery, 1889-90.	
Barton, William J., Allegheny, 1911-14.	Berg, James Juniata, 1889-90.	
Barton, William J., Philadelphia, 1889-90.	Berg, Henry Wilson, Montgomery, 1889-90.	
Bator, Harry W., Philadelphia, 1889-90.	Bernhardt, Milton N., Lehigh, 1889-90.	
Bator, Harry W., Berks, 1889-90.	Bernhardt, Dallas, Fulton, (elected March 2, 1897, vice P. McCauley Cook, deceased), 1889-90.	
Bates, Frederick, Crawford, 1873-74.	Bentzel, Cleon N., Lancaster, (resigned December 31, 1915), 1915-16.	
Bates, George, Mifflin, 1860.	Berry, John M., Washington, 1889-90.	
Bates, H. S., Crawford, 1889-90.	Berry, Peter, Forest, 1889-90.	
Bayle, Harry T., Philadelphia, (resigned February 4, 1916), 1916-17.	Betts, Charles M., Philadelphia, 1889-90.	
Bayle, Samuel B., Erie, 1909-10.	Beyer, Frederick, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beach, J. Howard, Wayne, 1873-74.	Beyer, Frederick, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beach, L. C., Crawford, 1885-86.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beacom, James S., Westmoreland, 1889-90.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beam, William H., Philadelphia, (elected November 5, 1889, vice Augustin S. Roberts, resigned), 1889-90.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Bean, Theodore W., Montgomery, 1889-90.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beans, Joshua, Berks, 1889-90.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beardslee, E. B., Susquehanna, 1871-72.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beatty, Alexander S., Crawford, 1889-90.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beatty, Charles S., Fayette, 1889-90.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beaver, Thomas K., Juniata, 1889-90.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Bechtold, David J., Dauphin, 1917-19.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beck, Allen S., Berks, 1889-90.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beck, J. Edward, Franklin, 1915-16.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beck, William F., Northampton, 1903-04.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beck, William K., Lackawanna, 1893-94.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Becker, Christ L., Schuylkill, 1913-16.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Beckley, Ross L., Cumberland, 1919.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Bedford, J. Claude, Philadelphia, 1901-02.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	
Bedford, Richard, Sullivan, 1874-76.	Bier, Louis, Philadelphia, (resigned February 8, 1916), 1916-17.	

*Unseated by contest.

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Brostus, Hiram H., Jefferson, 1913-16	Burnett, Eugene A., Cumberland, 1913-14	Burnett, Eugene A., Cumberland, 1913-14
Brostus, William H., Lancaster, 1901-06	Burnett, Rogers L., Monroe, 1917-18	Burnett, Rogers L., Monroe, 1917-18
Broughal, Lawrence J., Northampton, 1893-94	Burnite, David C., Dauphin, 1899-1902	Burnite, David C., Dauphin, 1899-1902
Brower, Calvin W., Schuylkill, 1889-90	Burns, Henry, Philadelphia, 1873	Burns, Henry, Philadelphia, 1873
Brower, M. Lewis, Philadelphia, 1881-82	Burns, James R., Erie, 1885-88	Burns, James R., Erie, 1885-88
Brown, D. S., Columbia, 1877-78	Burns, Robert, Philadelphia, 1907-10	Burns, Robert, Philadelphia, 1907-10
Brown, Francis E., Union, 1899-1900	Burrell, Luther A., Mercer, 1895-96	Burrell, Luther A., Mercer, 1895-96
Brown, George K., Luzerne, 1913	Burrill, Philo, Susquehanna, 1891-94	Burrill, Philo, Susquehanna, 1891-94
Brown, Hartford P., Beaver, 1877-90	Burt, Titus W., Potter, 1891-92	Burt, Titus W., Potter, 1891-92
Wallace J. Boyd, deceased	Burton, John H., Montgomery, 1879-80	Burton, John H., Montgomery, 1879-80
Brown, H. Wallace, Crawford, 1881-82	Burton, John H., Bucks, 1900-10	Burton, John H., Bucks, 1900-10
Brown, Isaac B., Erie, 1889-92	Bushong, Robert G., Berks, 1877-80	Bushong, Robert G., Berks, 1877-80
Brown, Jefferson L., Elk, 1881-84	Butler, Samuel, Chester, 1874-76	Butler, Samuel, Chester, 1874-76
Brown, John B., Lawrence, 1889-90	Butler, W. B., Cumberland, 1874, 1881-84	Butler, W. B., Cumberland, 1874, 1881-84
Brown, John J., Adams, (died in 1889), 1889	Butterfield, Henry, Erie, 1874, 1881-84	Butterfield, Henry, Erie, 1874, 1881-84
Brown, John D., Crawford, 1901-02	Buttermore, Smith, Fayette, 1874, 1881-84	Buttermore, Smith, Fayette, 1874, 1881-84
Brown, Paul W., Warren, 1895-96	Byrne, John R., Fayette, 1901-02	Byrne, John R., Fayette, 1901-02
Brown, R. B., Clarion, 1869-70	Caffrey, P. F., Luzerne, 1875-76	Caffrey, P. F., Luzerne, 1875-76
Brown, Thomas, Jefferson, 1875-76	Cairns, Andrew A., Philadelphia, (resigned May 9, 1903), 1903	Cairns, Andrew A., Philadelphia, (resigned May 9, 1903), 1903
Brown, Thomas, Clinton, 1899-1902	Calder, Howard L., Dauphin, (died April 29, 1901), 1901	Calder, Howard L., Dauphin, (died April 29, 1901), 1901
Brown, W. C., Indiana, 1875-76	Caldwell, George H., Mercer, 1887-88	Caldwell, George H., Mercer, 1887-88
Brown, W. W., Erie, 1873	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Brownlee, Thomas B. H., Washington, 1873	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Brunbaugh, H. Atlee, Blair, 1873	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Brunner, Isaac, Lycoming, 1873	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Brungerd, W., Clinton, 1873	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Bruniges, Martin, Lycoming, 1873	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Bruniges, Stanley R., Washington, 1897-98	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Bryson, William, Columbia, 1897-98	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Bucher, Robert A., Philadelphia, 1873	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Buck, John, Cambria, 1873	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Buck, P. H., Bradford, 1873	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Buckley, Seth, Philadelphia, 1873	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Buckman, Clarence J., Bucks, 1903-06	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Buckman, George W., Philadelphia, 1909-10	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Buckwalter, Joseph W., Perry, 1877-78	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Buffington, A. J., Washington, 1893-96	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Bulger, James, Allegheny, 1869-70	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Bullard, O. Flagg, Delaware, 1887-90	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Bullitt, William C., Philadelphia, 1877-78	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Bunch, William, Jr., Philadelphia, 1883-84	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Bunch, Benjamin F., Westmoreland, 1889-92	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Bunn, William M., Philadelphia, 1915-16	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Burchfield, Theodore, Blair, 1868-70	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Burchinell, W. K., Huntingdon, 1881-84	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Burdick, William E., McKean, 1874	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Burgess, William, Franklin, 1889-94	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Burke, Edward T., Luzerne, 1877-80	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Burke, Michael T., Lackawanna, 1901-04	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Burke, Michael, Lackawanna, 1897-98	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Burke, Nicholas, Lackawanna, 1907-08	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82
Burkholder, D. K., Lancaster, 1872-73	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82	Caldwell, S. Woods, Clinton, (elected February 15, 1881, vice John C. C. Whaley, deceased), 1881-82

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Carpenter, Anson G., Wyoming, 1887-88	Clyde, Samuel D., Delaware, 1887-88	
Carroll, John S., Fayette, 1887-88	Clymer, Isaac, Bucks, 1887-88	
Carson, Cornelius, Washington, 1907-13	Colman, J. C., Bradford, 1899-12	
Carson, Cornelius, Washington, 1907-13	Cochran, Harry, Fayette, 1897-98	
Carson, John W., Franklin, 1897-98	Cochran, S. B., Armstrong, 1897-98	
Carson, John W., Beaver, 1905-08	Colburn, Harry, Philadelphia, 1889-96	
Carson, Joseph M., Allegheny, 1875-76	Colburn, A. J., Somerset, 1879-86	
Carter, Thomas, Allegheny, 1911-13	Coldsmith, John B., Westmoreland, 1879-86	
Casert, John J., Luzerne, 1875-78	Cole, Francis, Adams, 1879-86	
Cassell, H. Burr, Lancaster, (resigned November 30, 1901), 1899-1901	Collier, James C., Adams, 1889-90	
Cassidy, Michael, Carbon, 1879-82	Collamer, Daniel M., Philadelphia, 1899-92	
Cassidy, William L., Philadelphia, 1893-94	Collins, Merchant L., Fayette, 1893-94	
Castner, Lewis M., Lycoming, 1899-1904	Collins, Bryan S., Sullivan, 1893-94	
Cattin, Charles W., McKean, 1899-1904	Collins, Emerson, Lycoming, 1893-94	
Caugheny, John, Beaver, 1919	Collins, James, Luzerne, 1893-94	
Cessna, John, Bedford, (died December 13, 1893), 1850-51, 1892-93, 1893	Collins, Samuel, Philadelphia, 1893-94	
Chadwick, Robert, Delaware, 1887-88	Collins, Vincent A., Adams, 1893-94	
Chaffee, Warren, Erie, 1887-88	Colville, Alexander, Philadelphia, (resigned April 28, 1903), 1899-1903, 1919	
Chalfant, Thomas, Montour, 1887-88	Conley, Franklin A., Montgomery, 1893-96	
Chalfant, Thomas J., Allegheny, 1867-71	Conly, Watson, Philadelphia, 1870	
Chamberlain, J. F., Bradford, 1857, 1868-70	Compton, John B., Crawford, 1895-96	
Chamberlain, William E., Tioga, 1868-70	Connell, Alexander T., Lackawanna, 1895-96	
Chapin, S. F., Erie, 1901-04	Connell, Horatio P., Philadelphia, 1895-96	
Chapman, Richard, Northampton, 1875-78	Connell, John, Philadelphia, 1883-90	
Chase, John H., Potter, Northampton, 1889-92	Connell, Thomas F., Philadelphia, 1907-12	
Chase, John H., Potter, Northampton, 1889-92	Conner, Thomas F., Philadelphia, 1901-02	
Cheeseman, Samuel L., Butler, 1913-14	Conner, Patrick, Philadelphia, 1911-19	
Chestnut, Clem, Fulton, 1917-18	Conner, William, Allegheny, (resigned December 30, 1911), 1909-11	
Chester, David S. B., Philadelphia, 1899-1902	Conrad, Augustus P., Luzerne, 1913-14	
Childsey, Charles F., Northampton, 1897-98	Conrad, John A., Berks, 1871-73	
Christian, J. L., Sullivan, 1897-1900	Conrad, Joseph B., Berks, 1876-78	
Christian, J. L., Sullivan, 1897-1900	Conrad, M. V. B., Philadelphia, 1875-76	
Christian, Samuel, Philadelphia, 1907-08	Conrad, David H., Philadelphia, 1895-98	
Christian, Samuel, Montgomery, 1915-18	Conrad, George T., Philadelphia, 1879-80	
Christian, R. R., Dauphin, 1875-76	Cour, Patrick, Schuylkill, 1887-88	
Christy, B. C., Allegheny, 1874-76	Cour, Patrick, Schuylkill, 1887-88	
Christman, H. G., Franklin, 1885-88	Cowley, Adam S., Schuylkill, 1887-88	
Church, S. W., Allegheny, 1885-88	Cowley, Adam S., Schuylkill, 1887-88	
Church, Thomas, Union, 1869-70	Cook, Calvin E., York, 1887-88	
Church, Thomas, Union, 1869-70	Cook, Lawrence B., Allegheny, 1887-88	
Clancy, James, Philadelphia, 1893-1912	Cook, P. McCauley, Fulton, (died January 31, 1897), 1897	
Clark, George H., Philadelphia, 1881-84	Cook, William J., Philadelphia, 1901-02	
Clark, James V., Washington, 1899-1902	Cooke, George W., Wyoming, 1887-88	
Clark, John G., Washington, 1899-1902	Coolbaugh, M. Frank, Monroe, 1887-88	
Clarke, D. C., Philadelphia, 1870-80	Cooper, A. F., Bradford, 1871	
Clarke, S. D., Lawrence, 1871	Cooper, A. F., Indiana, 1887-90	
Clay, A. A., Elk, 1887-90	Cooper, Samuel S., Schuylkill, 1913-14	
Claycomb, A. D., Blair, 1883-86	Cooper, Thomas S., Delaware, (died December 19, 1909), 1870-72, 1901-09	
Clayton, James H., Franklin, 1883-86	Cope, Fred H., Chester, 1901-06	
Cleary, William B., Luzerne, 1911-14	Cope, Fred H., Chester, 1901-06	
Clements, Noble, Northumberland, 1917-19	Cora, E. A., J. Luzerne, 1889-92, 1897-1902	
Clemon, John, Philadelphia, 1869-71	Cora, George, Luzerne, 1870-71	
Cloud, John, Philadelphia, 1869-71	Corn, Charles Grant, Mifflin, 1870-71	
Clutton, Paul D., Somerset, 1919	Correll, James B., Lycoming, 1897-98	

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Correll, William P., Chester, (died October 8, 1901),	Cunningham, John, Philadelphia,	1907-19.
Cotter, P. R., McKean, (died April 6, 1901),	Cunningham, J. M., Montgomery,	1895-96.
Cotton, Emmett E., Allegheny,	Curran, David M., Washington,	1900-10.
Couchman, Frank D., Potter,	Currier, Jonathan, Clearfield,	1885-88.
Courtney, David D., Lancaster,	Curry, Albert E., Armstrong,	1905-08.
Cowan, James E. O., Westmoreland,	Curry, Richard, Philadelphia, (elected February 19, 1901, vice William F. Stewart, deceased),	1907-14.
Cox, John F., Allegheny (died November 6, 1911),	Curtin, Henry F., Centre,	1919.
Cox, John F., Allegheny (died November 6, 1911),	Curtin, Henry F., Philadelphia,	1907-19.
Coyne, Francis R., Lackawanna,	Curtis, William N., Wayne,	1895-96.
Craig, David Lawrence,	Cushall, Philip M., Crawford,	1900-10.
Craig, Edward M., Philadelphia,	Cypert, Henry, Clarion,	1893-96.
Craig, John, Carbon, Philadelphia,	Dalley, S. D., Philadelphia,	1897-99.
Craighead, S. Judson, Indiana,	Dale, James A., York,	1893-94.
Craven, Frank, Washington,	Dale, Richard T., Westmoreland,	1872-73.
Crawford, Albert, Philadelphia,	Dale, William, Westmoreland,	1909-12.
Crawford, J. C., Juniata,	Dallas, James G., Mercer,	1907-18.
Crawford, Joel, Armstrong, (resigned March 8, 1902),	Danahy, B., Witman, Montgomery,	1893-94.
Crawford, William J., Philadelphia,	Daniel, Samuel, Philadelphia,	1911-12.
Creasy, William T., Columbia,	Daniel, Samuel, Philadelphia,	1893-96.
Critz, D. H., Lehigh,	Daniel, Samuel, Philadelphia,	1872-73.
Cressler, Jacob, Indiana,	Daniel, James E., Fayette,	1879-84.
Cressman, Warren F., Bucks,	Darlington, Al., Chester,	1875-76.
Cribbs, Hyatt M., Allegheny,	Dart, B., Samuel, Bucks,	1870.
Cribbs, John L., Clarion,	Daughtery, Harry K., Mercer,	1871-73.
Crilly, Hugh E., Lehigh,	Davis, Albert, Lackawanna,	1872-73.
Criste, Peter J., Northumberland,	Davis, A. C., Lackawanna,	1901-04.
Criswell, George S., Venango,	Davis, Arthur H., Philadelphia, (elected April 14, 1891),	1911-14.
Crittenden, W. W., Potter,	Davis, David F., Lackawanna,	1879-80.
Crockett, Philip H., Philadelphia,	Davis, Elias, Schuylkill,	1891-92.
Croghan, Michael, Luzerne,	Davis, Elisia W., Venango,	1915-19.
Croner, Horace W., Allegheny,	Davis, Ephraim L., Forest,	1887-92.
Croner, J. J., Fulton,	Davis, John Thomas, Indiana,	1860-61.
Crone, Wesley F., Schuylkill,	Davis, Louis H., Montgomery,	1879-80.
Crosby, Henry J., Philadelphia,	Davis, Richard, Fayette,	1881-84.
Cross, S. J., Beaver,	Davis, S. T., Lancaster,	1883-84.
Crothers, Samuel, Philadelphia,	Davis, Thomas, Cambria,	1901-04.
Croust, John J., Philadelphia,	Davis, William, Cambria,	1887-88.
Cruikshank, James, Montour,	Davis, William H. H., Chester,	1907-08.
Cruise, John, Philadelphia, (elected November 3, 1891, vice James Franklin, resigned),	Dawick, James, Philadelphia, (resigned July 7, 1909),	1911-12.
Crum, John A., Venango,	Dawson, Hugh A., Lackawanna,	1907-10.
Crum, Lawrence N., Huntingdon,	Dean, Howard J., Westmoreland,	1915-19.
Crumling, Harris L., York,	Dean, Jacob J., Lawrence,	1919.
Curtison, W. M., Allegheny,	Dean, William A., Northumberland,	1917-18.
Cutler, Lafayette J., Bradford,	Decker, Robert R., Philadelphia,	1887-88.
Cumtler, Charles C., Dauphin,	Deegan, William N., Lehigh,	1907-10.
Cummings, John, Snyder,	Deegan, Charles A., Allegheny,	1907-10.
Cummings, John V., Philadelphia,	Deek, Isaac Z., Berks,	1882-84.
	De Fries, Joseph, Hutton, Warren,	1883-86.
	De Haven, William, Montgomery,	1913-14.
	Deininger, Jerome B., Lebanon,	1905-06.
		1870.

	Term of Service.		Term of Service.
DeLacey, P., Luzerne.	1870-74	Doty, Edmund S., Bedford.	1899-1900, 1903-04
Dell, James G., Huntington.	1872-78	Dougherty, C. H., Philadelphia.	1883-88
Deming, J. C., York.	1887-90	Dougherty, Robert, Armstrong.	1883-88
Demsey, Benjamin F., Lackawanna.	1897-90	Douglas, James L., Berks.	1871-78
Demsey, Richard A., McKean.	1897-1900	Douglas, William S., Philadelphia.	1893-96
Dennis, H. C., Lancaster.	1879-80	Douthett, Adam M., Butler.	1893-96
Dence, John X., Schuylkill.	1893-94	Douthett, David B., Butler.	1901-02
Denison, Arthur W., Warren.	1897-98	Doutt, Nelson M., Forest.	1913-14
Deputy, Charles, Philadelphia.	1881-82	Dowdy, John, Cambridge.	1877-78
Dershon, David V., Crawford.	1881-82	Dove, James C., Philadelphia.	1900-10
Detzel, Frank J., Erie.	1907-08, 1907-12	Dove, M. P., Huntingdon.	1879-80
DeVelin, John B., Philadelphia.	1897-98	Drake, George Brent, Greene.	1917-18
DeVenus, James, Philadelphia.	1881-82	Drake, Henry E., Berks.	1899-1902
DeVenus, P. P., Huntington.	1881-82	Dravo, John N., Beaver.	1887-90
Dewey, Jacob C., York.	1873-74	Drinkhouse, John H., Philadelphia.	(resigned February 23, 1916), 1915-16
Deweese, James, Philadelphia.	1873-74	Drum, George W., Luzerne.	1879-80
Dewey, Charles P., Bradford.	1877-80	Drum, Philip L., Luzerne.	1901-02
Dewitt, A. T., Northumberland.	1875-76, 1889-1900	Duffy, George W., York.	1907-08
Dewood, J. L., Venango.	1885-86	Dry, Benjamin, Berks.	1873-76
Dexarmon, T. Robert, Fayette.	1875-78	Dubs, Daniel S., York.	1885-86
Dick, M. M., Westmoreland.	1887-90	Dudley, Robert, Westmoreland.	1871
Dickerson, J. W., Bedford and Fulton.	1873-74	Dugan, J. F., Lackawanna.	1883-84
Dickey, J. M., Venango.	1873-74	Dugan, N. L., Fayette.	1883
Dickinson, Bayard T., Dauphin.	1887-90	Dumbauld, Horatio S., Fayette.	1899-1900
Dickson, James E., Dauphin.	1913-14	Duncan, John S., Washington.	1871
Dicks, William Howard, Adams.	1887-88	Dunham, E. M., Sullivan.	1877-78
Diefendorfer, Ralph E., Lehigh.	1915-16	Dunkle, John C., Huntingdon.	1879-80
Diehlm, G. Graybill, Lancaster.	1883-84	Dunlap, H. Thomas, Philadelphia.	1893-98
Dietrick, D. F., Lycoming.	1919	Dunn, George B., Huntingdon.	1903-06
Dicht, John M., Butler.	1907-08	Dunn, James, Cambria.	1909-12
Di Lemmo, Nicholas, Philadelphia.	1869-70	Dunn, James A., Philadelphia.	1913-19
Dill, A. B., Adams.	1870	Dunsmore, Andrew B., Tioga.	(resigned October 12, 1909), 1905-09
Dill, A. H., Union.	1870	Durling, A. J., Carbon.	1885-88
Dilshelmer, Herman, Sr., Philadelphia.	1870-74	Duttera, Charles H., Adams.	1875-76
Dinnick, W. H., Wayne.	1885-86	Eaton, E. U., Potter.	1899-1900
Dinan, Thomas, Lycoming.	1870-74	Eaton, Arthur B., Philadelphia.	1893-96
Dindinger, John, Butler.	1889-90	Ealer, Albert J., Southampton.	1903-04
Dingee, Samuel C., Philadelphia.	1889-91	Earley, Charles B., Elk.	1883-86
Dittrich, W. Heber, Allegheny.	1891-93	Eaton, Charles B., Philadelphia.	1877-80
Dixon, George R., Elk.	1895-1902	Eaton, E. U., Potter.	1903-06
Dodds, William, Allegheny.	1915-16	Eberhart, David C., York.	1891-92
Dodge, George W., Potter.	1889-90	Eberhart, Gilbert L., Beaver.	1877-78
Donahoe, J. Wilfred, Schuylkill.	1881-82	Eberly, P. M., Lancaster.	1873-74
Donahoe, William, Bedford.	1881-82	Ebert, Horace M., Montgomery.	1913-18
Donahue, Eugene, Schuylkill.	1889-92	Eck, John S., Perry.	1891-96
Donahue, John B., Philadelphia.	1889-92	Eck, Milton, Lancaster.	1883-86
Donaldson, W. B., Washington.	1877-78	Eckels, George M. D., Cumberland.	1883-86
Donaldson, James, Schuylkill.	1917-18		
Donley, William, Westmoreland.	1883-84		
Donly, J. T., Butler.	1911-14		
Donnelly, Lewis E., Perry.	1878-80		
Dorrance, Benjamin, Tioga.	1878-80		

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
1891-92.	Eckert, G. Morris, Cumberland,	Enright, Patrick F., Northampton,
1887-88	Eckert, H. T., Northumberland,	Enright, Samuel I., Philadelphia,
1876-78	Edge, John P., Chester,	Eppey, William, York,
1905-06	Edlis, Adolph, Allegheny,	Erden, Ira T., Lehigh,
1897-1900	Edmiston, Robert S., Bradford,	Erden, William B., Lehigh,
1899-1904	Edwards, Frank G., Bucks,	Ervin, Bruno, Philadelphia,
1887-88	Edwards, Henry J., Lawrence,	Ervin, A. J., Northampton,
1881-82	Edwards, Joseph J., Schuylkill,	Eshbach, Horace W., Montgomery,
1879-80	Edwards, Mathew, Allegheny,	Eshelman, John B., Lancaster,
1872,	Egan, Thomas, Schuylkill,	1881-82
1873-74	Elhardt, Frederick C., Lackawanna	Esler, James M., Allegheny, (resigned December 27, 1907),
1905-19	Eichenberger, William C., Philadelphia	1903-07
1907-14	Eichner, John, Philadelphia,	Etter, John, Lebanon
1887-88	Eider, A. R., Philadelphia,	Etter, George H., Lancaster,
1879-80	Eider, E. J., Pike,	Evans, John J., Lehigh,
1875-76	Eldred, E. J., Clinton, Lycoming and Potter,	Evans, Clay W., Schuylkill,
1854,	Elkin, John P., Indiana,	Evans, David C., Bedford,
1877-80	Elliot, C. V., Tioga,	Evans, David M., Luzerne,
1881-82	Elliot, Andrew J., Armstrong,	Evans, George A., Erie,
1887-90	Elliot, William, Northumberland,	Evans, Joseph, Jr., York,
1881-82	Elliot, William, Philadelphia,	Evans, Joseph T., Luzerne,
1881-82	Ellis, Charles H., Susquehanna,	Evans, Lewis H., Chester,
1895-98	Ellis, George W., Lebanon,	Evans, Pennel C., Northampton,
1870-71	Ellis, James, Schuylkill,	Evans, Samuel J., Lehigh,
1883-84	Ellsworth, F. W., Crawford,	Evans, William, Chester,
1891-92	Ellsworth, John K., Westmoreland,	Everhart, J. C., Blair,
1872	Elzasser, George A., Philadelphia,	Eves, George S., Lycoming,
1897-98	Ely, Anthony S., Lebanon,	Evling, John S. N., Philadelphia, (resigned January 22, 1914),
1913-14	Ely, Harry B., Wayne,	Fabel, Joseph, Monroe,
1875-76	Ely, John F., Westmoreland,	Fackler, James L., Bucks,
1906-08	Embley, M. A., Franklin,	Fackler, W. H., Philadelphia,
1879-80	Emerson, John L., Crawford, (elected January 11, 1906, vice Frank P. Ray, deceased),	Fager, Edward H., Philadelphia,
1897-98	Emery, David, Crawford,	Fahy, Edward H., Philadelphia, (resigned January 16, 1902), died June 1, 1913,
1881-84	Emery, James D., Mercer,	Fair, E. Willis, Westmoreland,
1901-02	Emery, John N., Lawrence,	Fake, L. S., York,
1879-80	Emery, John P., Venango,	Falkenbury, Samuel, Susquehanna,
1887-88	Emery, Lewis, Jr., McKean,	Falls, H. C., Lawrence,
1883-84	Emhart, John, Philadelphia,	Farber, George, Lackawanna,
1911-12	Emley, William, Philadelphia,	Farley, Harvey N., Wayne,
1875-76	Embury, Edwin R., Carbon, (died May 21, 1912),	Farr, John R., Lackawanna,
1870-71	Embury, James W., Somerset,	Farr, John T., Philadelphia,
1883-86	Endsley, William, Somerset,	Farrar, John, Washington,
1871	Engelbert, Anton F., Dauphin,	Farrrell, John F., Clearfield,
1899-1900	Engelman, David, Northampton,	Faulkner, John E., Bradford,
1871	Engelman, Joseph P., Northampton,	Fauce, John E., Philadelphia,
1889-90	Engle, Henry M., Lancaster,	Faust, Samuel, Montgomery,
1889-1900	Engler, John, Lycoming,	Fay, Joseph B., Philadelphia,
1889-90	English, Edmund, Jefferson,	Fay, Thomas J., Philadelphia,
1911-12	English, John A. J., Philadelphia,	Feeney, William, Washington,

Term of Service	Term of Office
Barman, George J., Luzerne,	1891-94
Barman, Joseph, Butler,	1891-94
Barstow, W. Ross, Clearfield,	1895-98
Bartzel, Rein K., Lehigh,	1903-06
Barvey, Jres L., Centre,	1891-92
Barvey, James A., Carbon,	1870-72
Barvey, James G., Luzerne,	1890-92
Barvey, John C., Luzerne,	1893-96
Barvey, John J. C., Montgomery,	1881-82
Barwick, M. B., Philadelphia,	1885-86
Baslet, S. H., Forest,	1877
Basel, J. A., Philadelphia,	1883-86
Basel, J. C., Philadelphia,	1883-90
Basen, William, Venango,	1875-76, 1883-84, 1899-1900
Baskins, Charles A., York,	1895-96
Baworth, Henry W., Luzerne,	1877-78
Baxes, A. C., Allegheny,	1881-84
Baxes, Amos W., Erie,	1875-76
Baxes, Joseph, Allegheny,	1903-04
Baxes, Timothy D., Lackawanna,	1889-92
Bays, F. W., Venango,	1901-02
Bays, Morris M., York,	1883-84
Bays, Thomas, Butler,	1874
Bazlett, William H., Philadelphia,	1895-98
Beagy, John M., Dauphin,	1909-12
Beagy, Michael J., Luzerne,	1907-08
Beath, Herman H., Allegheny,	1887-88
Becht, Herman L., Philadelphia,	1917-18
Beckman, William B., Bradford,	1885-88
Beckner, William D., Montgomery,	1915-19
Beffman, James J., Philadelphia,	1873-74
Begeman, George E., Bucks,	1893-1900
Beidelbaugh, Milton, Lancaster,	1913-14
Beidinger, Willis B., Philadelphia,	1873-74
Beiges, George W., York,	1899-1902
Beil, Philip H., Northampton,	1877-78
Beiler, W. G., Armstrong,	1899-1902
Beisher, W. G., Westmoreland, (resigned May 27, 1903); (died May 4, 1905),	1903, 1905
Beltrich, Aaron S., Snyder,	1887-90
Beller, F. B., Lehigh,	1877-80
Belt, Daniel W., Northumberland,	1917-19
Bemmeringer, Charles J., Somerset,	1913-14
Benderson, John H., Allegheny,	1905-06
Berry, James T., Indiana,	1911-12
Berry, Samuel, Cambria,	1872-74
Berry, Thomas J., Philadelphia,	1901-02
Berry, William, Erie,	1875-78
Bereter, Isaac, Adams,	1871-72
Bereter, Frank J., Wyoming,	1913-16
Berman, George C., Berks,	1879-82
Berman, Charles W., Snyder,	1881-82
Berman, Martin E., Sullivan,	1883-84
Berr, David S., Dauphin,	1877-78
Berr, E. B., Lancaster,	1870-72
Berrod, William G., Snyder,	1890-92
Bersch, John G., Montgomery,	1899-1900
Bersch, McClellan, Philadelphia,	1891-94
Bershey, M. L., Dauphin,	1895-96
Bershey, Washington L., Lancaster,	1880-90
Bertzler, William, Juniata,	1893-95
Bertzler, Jacob B., Berks,	1905-06
Beselbarth, Charles F., Allegheny,	1901-02
Bess, Aaron B., Lancaster,	1911-19
Bess, Frederick H., Philadelphia,	1901-02
Bess, H. N., Clarion,	1891-94
Bettick, Jerome, Juniata,	1874-76
Bewitt, Benjamin L., Blair, (died March 10, 1894),	1871-72, 1879-82
Beyburn, George E., Delaware,	1893-94
Beyburn, Harry H., Delaware,	1913-19
Bibbman, Charles T., Lebanon,	1907-18
Bibbman, John W., Chester,	1919
Bickman, George W. B., Philadelphia,	1887-90
Bickman, John W., Lackawanna,	1895-96
Biehli, William J., Schuylkill,	1881-82
Biehli, Thomas J., Schuylkill,	1888-88
Bieinbotham, U. Frank, Fayette,	1909-10
Biebrand, William S., Adams,	1873-74
Biebrand, William S., Adams,	1877-78
Bill, A. H., Lycoming,	1901-02
Bill, George C., Susquehanna,	1906
Bill, Hugh A., Philadelphia, (elected January 9, 1906; vice Byron E. Wrigley, resigned),	1879-82
Bill, John, Indiana,	1875-80
Bill, J. M., Philadelphia,	1877-78
Bill, R. M., Fayette,	1877-78
Bill, Theodore, Lycoming,	1877-78
Billis, Elisha L., Bradford,	1879-80
Billis, Robert W., McKean,	1882-84
Bimmelrich, S. H., Union,	1877-78
Bindenach, Christian E., Bucks,	1879-80
Bines, E. P., Mercer,	1882-84
Bines, J. P., Mercer,	1881-82
Bines, W. H., Luzerne,	1879-80
Bitchcock, Andrew B., Toga,	1877-80
Bitchcock, C. A., Erie,	1882-84
Bitchcock, C. A., Erie,	1877-78
Bobb, Alfred F., Lackawanna,	1894-1902
Bobb, Daniel K., Berks,	1911-14
Bockenberry, W. R., Butler,	1893-96
Bockley, Irvin K., Cameron,	1885-90
Bofa, Jacob P., Montour,	1875-78
Boffer, Isaac, Lebanon,	1862-65

***Unseated by contest.**

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Hoffman, George S., Mifflin, 1867-76	Huhler, Raymond A., Luzerne, 1915-16	
Hoffman, Michael R., Lancaster, 1867-76	Hughes, James W., Bedford, 1883-86	
Hogue, Nicholas, Allegheny, 1883-84	Hughes, M. B., Luzerne, 1885-88	
Holmann, Edward E., Cambria, 1903-06	Hugus, John, Westmoreland, 1877-78	
Hoke, John W., Franklin, 1903-06	Huhn, Henry, Schuylkill, 1861	
Holcomb, Lorrie R., Luzerne, (resigned April 13, 1905), 1868-69	Huhn, John R., Philadelphia, 1875-78	
Holgate, James, Philadelphia, 1879-80	Huhn, Samuel, Philadelphia, 1903-10	
Holland, John B., Washington, 1875-78	Hulick, Willis J., Venango, (resigned September 17, 1913), 1913	
Holland, John M., Lackawanna, 1885-88	Hulmes, E. Lowry, Crawford, 1883-84	
Hollenbach, George C., Montgomery, 1893-96	Humphreys, Edward, Schuylkill, 1869-71	
Hollenbeck, C. Potter, 1915-18	Humphreys, James, Butler, 1885-88	
Hollman, Frank P., Cambria, 1875-78	Humphreys, M. S., Allegheny, 1889-92	
Hollingsworth, Maris M., Chester, 1879-82	Humphreys, W. T., Tioga, 1866-67, 1866-67, 1881-82	
Holt, J. H., Centre, 1889-92	Hungarford, Charles A., Susquehanna, 1851-52, 1854, 1856, 1872	
Holmes, John G., Lancaster, 1901-08	Hunsecker, C. L., Lancaster, 1903-04, 1907-08	
Hong, M. C., Philadelphia, 1868-70	Hunt, Joseph S., Northampton, 1883-84	
Hood, Charles F., Fayette, 1881-84	Hunt, A. B., Westmoreland, 1895-06	
Hood, William H., Dauphin, 1871	Hunter, Benjamin F., Centre, 1897-10	
Hoofnagle, William H., Chester, 1871	Hunter, David, Jr., Allegheny, 1875	
Hoopes, S. H., 1911-12	Hunter, J. A., Armstrong, 1907-08, 1911-12	
Hoover, E. S., Clearfield, 1883-84	Hunter, James N., Schuylkill, 1877-78	
Hoover, E. S., Lancaster, 1895-98	Hunter, R. L., Fulton, 1911-12	
Hopwood, George, Fayette, 1909-10	Hunter, Robert P., Armstrong, 1903-06	
Hortlacher, Fred. H., Lehigh, 1911-12	Hunter, Silas, Mercer, 1869-70	
Hornell, Harry G., Fayette, 1883-86	Huntington, E. P., Potter, 1919	
Horne, J. Ross, Cambria, 1915-18	Huntz, George R., York, 1901-06	
Horne, Nathaniel, Cambria, 1887-1902	Hutchinson, Samuel, Northampton, 1885-86	
Horne, D. Harry, Fayette, 1897-1902	Hurt, Herman G., Philadelphia, 1875-78	
Horton, William H., Elk, 1883-86	Huter, Fred T., Columbia, 1907	
Hosack, George M., Allegheny, 1883-94	Imboden, John, Lebanon, (died July 18, 1910), 1910	
Hosack, William, Indiana, 1883-94	Ingram, Frank Horton, (resigned May 31, 1907), 1907	
Hoskins, Francis L., Erie, 1869-1902	Ireland, Joseph B., Philadelphia, 1858, 1877-78	
Hoskiss, Aaron, York, (resigned April 20, 1905), 1875-76	Irvine, William, Butler, 1913-14	
Hosletter, William H., Lebanon, 1887-88	Irvine, George, Blair, 1875-76	
Hothersall, S. J., Philadelphia, 1903-06	Irvine, Harry M., Armstrong, 1885-88	
Houch, John D., Pike, 1903-06	Irvine, William H., Blair, 1913-14	
Houch, Paul W. R., Schuylkill, 1917-19	Ismberg, S. B., Blair, 1917-18	
Houch, Thomas R., Lehigh, 1873	Isler, Charles N., Allegheny, 1915-18	
Hough, Edward M., Allegheny, 1879-80	Isherwood, Frank P., McKean, 1877-78	
Houston, George, Lehigh, 1905-14	Jack, Milton S., Armstrong, 1875-78	
Houston, George W., Lebanon, 1913-14	Jackson, B. Rush, Sullivan, 1903-06	
Howard, Josiah, Cameron, 1915-18	Jackson, E. W., Mercer, 1911-14	
Howard, Reuben, Fayette, 1877-78	Jackson, Frank W., Armstrong, 1877-78	
Howarth, William J., Allegheny, 1885-86	Jackson, H. Clark, Wayne, 1905-08	
Howe, A. R., Wayne, 1897-1904	Jackson, John, Wyoming, 1901-04	
Howell, Howell, Bradford, 1879-82	Jacoby, Abram, Philadelphia, 1891-96	
Howe, Henry S., Lycoming, 1905-06	James, Edmund, Cambria, 1904	
How, John A. F., Clarion, 1897-1904	James, Edward, Jr., Lackawanna, (died March 15, 1904), 1904	
Hoyer, Isaac, Montgomery, 1879-82	James, Henry F., Venango, 1891-96	
Hoyt, Louis T., Bradford, 1905-06		

Term of Service	Name	Term of Service	Name	Term of Service	
1874-76	James, Robert E., Northampton.	1877-78	Kaiser, John C., Allegheny, (resigned January 11, 1913).	1913-14	Kane, Michael P., Fayette.
1879-80	Jameson, J. Miles, Bucks.	1881-84	Kaler, Levi B., Chester.	1885-86	Kanther, Robert J., Schuylkill.
1881-84	Jarecki, Gustav, Erie.	1885-86	Kane, Michael P., Fayette.	1891-94	Karns, Russell, Sullivan.
1885-88	Jeffrey, Plummer E., Chester.	1891-92	Kaufman, Frederick S., Lebanon.	1893-84	Kaufman, Benjamin, Schuylkill.
1891-95	Jeffrey, William R., Luzerne.	1895-98	Kaufman, C. C., Lancaster.	1917-19	Kaufman, John M., Schuylkill.
1895-98	Jenkins, Stauben, Luzerne.	1875-76	Kaufman, N. S., Berks.	1875-76	Kaufman, W. M., Lebanon.
1901-02	Jennings, Bishop Worth, Sullivan.	1891-02	Kavanaugh, Paul, Philadelphia.	1891-02	Kayser, R. R., York.
1909-10	Jennings, W. Worth, Bradford.	1891-02	Kayser, William, Philadelphia.	1891-02	Kearns, John, Allegheny.
1875-76	John, Jesse J., Northumberland.	1895-06	Kearns, John F., Philadelphia.	1891-02	Keech, Joseph C., Chester.
1891-02	Johns, David B., Allegheny.	1909-12	Keech, B. O., Westmoreland.	1875-78	Keefer, Cyrus T., Franklin.
1891-02	Johnson, Albert W., Union.	1891-02	Keefer, B. O., Westmoreland.	1877-78	Kegan, Harry V., Philadelphia.
1891-02	Johnson, C. Ben, Luzerne.	1891-02	Keen, George S., J. Dauphin, (elected November 31, 1911).	1891-02	Keen, W. H. Clay, Dauphin, (elected November 31, 1893, vice John A. Landenslager, resigned).
1891-02	Johnson, Charles J., Schuylkill, (died March 25, 1906).	1891-02	Keene, Frederick E., Philadelphia, (resigned May 18, 1912).	1894-95	Keene, S. W., Luzerne.
1891-02	Johnson, C. Victor, Crawford.	1891-02	Keight, A. Emory, Berks.	1897-98	Keifer, A. T. C., Berks.
1891-02	Johnson, David D., Fayette.	1891-02	Keiler, Frank J., Schuylkill.	1897-98	Keile, Thomas, Philadelphia.
1891-02	Johnson, E. S., McKean.	1891-02	Keiper, Edward S., Dauphin.	1897-98	Keister, Daniel L., Dauphin.
1891-02	Johnson, Harry C., Crawford.	1891-02	Keister, Jeremiah N., Juniata.	1897-98	Kelley, Joseph, Mifflin.
1891-02	Johnson, Irwin N., Northampton.	1891-02	Kelley, James, Fulton.	1897-98	Kelly, John, Philadelphia.
1891-02	Johnson, J. C., Cameron.	1891-02	Kelly, John P., Lackawanna.	1897-98	Kelly, M. Clyde, Allegheny.
1891-02	Johnson, Robert, Philadelphia.	1891-02	Kelsey, Oliver S., Clinton.	1897-98	Kemper, John S., Lancaster.
1891-02	Johnson, R. V., Washington.	1891-02	Kendall, Samuel M., Allegheny.	1897-98	Kenna, Edward M., Berks.
1891-02	Johnson, William W., Mercer.	1891-02	Kennedy, Charles H., Berks.	1897-98	Kennedy, David S., Allegheny.
1891-02	Johnson, James C., Philadelphia.	1891-02	Kennedy, George W., Schuylkill.	1897-98	Kennedy, James A., Philadelphia.
1891-02	Jones, Benjamin, Philadelphia.	1891-02	Kennedy, John E., Philadelphia.	1897-98	Kennedy, John H., Philadelphia.
1891-02	Jones, Charles S., Potter.	1891-02	Kennedy, John H., Philadelphia.	1897-98	Kennedy, Michael, Mercer.
1891-02	Jones, C. S. W., Blair.	1891-02	Kennedy, Michael H., Allegheny.	1897-98	Kennedy, Michael L., Beaver.
1891-02	Jones, David M., Luzerne.	1891-02	Kennedy, Thomas L., Beaver.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, David M., Allegheny.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, Edward E., Susquehanna.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, George T., Philadelphia.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, Griffin E., Luzerne.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, G. Von Paul, Philadelphia.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, Henry M., Susquehanna.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, John A., Philadelphia.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, John Robert, Schuylkill.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, John William, Philadelphia.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, N. L., Jr., Philadelphia.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, S. S., Luzerne.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, William D., Jr., Delaware.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, William E., Schuylkill.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, William K., Potter.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jones, William C., Lackawanna.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jordan, Charles G., Lawrence.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Jordan, Samuel J., Lackawanna.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Judge, George, Philadelphia.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Judge, Thomas P., Luzerne.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Kahl, John W., Clarion.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Kahl, A. J., Lycoming.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Kahler, W. N., Perry.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Kahn, John B., York.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.
1891-02	Kahn, John B., York.	1891-02	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.	1897-98	Kephart, Harmon M., Fayette.

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
1903-04	Keppler, J. W., Centre.	Knight, Erwin F., Philadelphia.
1889-90	Keppel, Samuel B., Berks.	Knight, F. H. H., Clarion.
1891-94	Kerbaugh, William Chester, Luzerne.	Knight, F. Paul, Bucks.
1909-10	Kerkelager, Milton W., Philadelphia.	Knipe, F. M., Montgomery.
1895-98	Kern, Alvin J., Lehigh.	Knittle, J. B., Columbia.
1895-98	Kern, William H., Montgomery.	Knowland, John, Allegheny.
1911-14	Kern, Charles M., York.	Knox, William C. N., Westmoreland.
1895-98	Kerr, John H., Allegheny.	Kochersperger, J. N., Philadelphia.
1870-71	Kershner, John D., Schuylkill.	Kohr, Adam E., York, (elected January 9, 1906, vice Aaron Hostetter, resigned).
1897-98	Kessler, Frederick A., Pike.	
1897-1900	Keyser, William, Bedford.	Koons, D. B., Luzerne.
1875-76	Keyser, William H., Philadelphia, (resigned January 28, 1901).	Koontz, William H., Somerset.
1885-98	Kidd, William H., Philadelphia.	Kooser, Ernest R., Fayette.
1877-78	Kierstead, J. O., Luzerne.	Kopp, Richard M., Allegheny.
1905-10	Kiess, Edgar R., Lycoming.	Kramer, Aaron G., Clearfield.
1891-92	Kimble, E. F., Wayne.	Kramer, J. C., Carbon.
1877-78	Kimble, N. B., Lycoming.	Kramlich, Milton J., Lehigh.
1875-76	Kimmel, A. W., Indiana.	Kratz, C. Tyson, Montgomery.
1867,	Kinnett, James, Lehigh.	Kratz, Henry W., Montgomery.
1877-80	Kincaid, S. E., Berks.	Krause, Willard S., Philadelphia, (elected November 12, 1919).
1905-06	King, Albert, Bedford.	
1872-73	King, Charles F., Schuylkill.	Kraus, J. S., Northumberland.
1893-94	King, Charles S., Clearfield.	Kreps, J. F., Westmoreland.
1895-98	King, John W., Lycoming.	Kreps, W. C., Franklin.
1878	King, M. Edgar, Blair.	Krickbaum, William B., Columbia.
1903	Kingston, Harry T., Philadelphia, (resigned April 16, 1903).	Kriesen, Albert G., Allegheny.
1893-96	Kinney, F. L., Bradford.	Krich, William B., Allegheny.
1909-12	Kinney, Eugene, Monroe.	
1891-92	Kinney, Marshall G., Philadelphia.	Kubach, John, Wayne.
1887-88	Kinney, W. S., Bradford.	Kuhn, Harry P., Allegheny.
1919	Kinsman, Edward E., Wayne.	Kuhn, Isaac Newton, Greene.
1893-96	Kipp, John A., Pike.	Kuhn, Ellsworth G. M., Lehigh.
1907-10	Kirby, Edwin J., Allegheny.	Kunkel, George, Dauphin, (resigned April 16, 1903).
1879-80	Kirk, S. C., Schuylkill.	Kunkle, Edwin T., Monroe.
1901-04	Kirk, S. Wesley, Fulton.	Kuser, David H. G., Berks.
1906	Kirkbride, Charles E., Allegheny, (elected January 9, 1903, vice John Francis, resigned).	Kutz, C. W., Northampton.
1901-04	Kirker, William B., Allegheny.	Labar, L. G., Chester.
1873	Kisner, E. P., Luzerne.	Lack, Thomas, H., Westmoreland.
1874-76	Kistler, William, Monroe.	Lafferty, James H., Westmoreland.
1913-16	Kitts, Miles B., Erie, (resigned March 9, 1916).	Lafferty, James V., Philadelphia.
1881-84	Klein, Theodore B., Lebanon.	Lafferty, Samuel M., Allegheny.
1905-06	Klepper, W. Howard, Clinton.	Lafferty, Willis S., Bradford.
1877-78	Kline, Charles H., Allegheny.	Laitley, Thomas H., Jr., Greene.
1915-16	Kline, W. J., Westmoreland.	Lambert, Lewis C., Somerset.
1911-12	Klinger, George E., Northumberland.	Lamon, John, Philadelphia.
1909-12	Klingerman, Eckley W., Schuylkill.	Landon, John H., Lancaster.
1881-82	Klunpp, Frank J., Allegheny.	Landis, Joseph H., Dauphin.
1907-10	Kneass, Christian, Philadelphia.	Landis, Josiah M., Montgomery.
1883-86	Knepper, Amos W., Somerset.	Lane, Franklin H., Huntington.
		Lanis, Henry E., York.
		Lantz, Andrew, Greene.

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Lapine, Charles O., Allegheny, 1877-86.	Lesh, Jacob A., Berks, 1905-06.	
Lardin, Frank M., Fayette, 1869-70.	Lesh, Alexander, Allegheny, (resigned January 8, 1914), 1914-15.	
Larje, Andrew Allegheny, 1875-76.	Leslie, Horace E., Allegheny, 1913-14.	
Larje, S. P., Allegheny, 1875-76.	Leskins, Ollie M., Allegheny, 1911-14.	
Larkins, George W., Armstrong, 1911-13.	Leveque, A. D., Philadelphia, 1872-73.	
Larrabee, D. C., Potter, 1877-78.	Levis, Julius J., Philadelphia, 1919-20.	
Larrabee, M. J., Susquehanna, 1899-1900.	Levis, David W., Clarion, 1903-10.	
Larzelere, John, Montgomery, 1913-14.	Levis, E. D., Bradford, 1899-1900.	
Lattaw, Elmer B., Armstrong, 1872-73.	Levis, Leonard, Bradford, 1891-92.	
Latta, John, Westmoreland, 1881-84.	Levis, Linus M., Jefferson, 1917-18.	
LaTouche, John S., Lackawanna, 1893-94.	Levis, Tryon, Delaware, 1871.	
Laubach, Palmer, Philadelphia, 1893-94.	Levis, T. D., Lackawanna, 1879-80.	
Laucks, John R., Berks, 1917-18.	Levis, T. H. B., Luzerne, 1875-76.	
Laucks, Samuel S., York, 1891-93.	Liggett, James, Berks, 1879-82.	
Laudenslager, J. A., Dauphin, (resigned July 19, 1893), 1891-93.	Light, Jeremiah H., Franklin, 1911-14.	
Lauer, Alexander A., Philadelphia, 1915-16.	Linderman, John, Montgomery, 1883-84.	
Laughlin, William, Philadelphia, (resigned April 30, 1903), (resigned May 31, 1905), 1903-1905.	Lindsay, Fred B., Wyoming, 1911-12.	
Lauler, John, Allegheny, 1915-19.	Lindsay, W. M., Warren, 1877-78.	
Law, Edward, Philadelphia, 1879-82.	Lindsay, Edward Sherman, Warren, 1915-16.	
Law, James B., Montgomery, 1875-78.	Lingle, W. C., Cambria, 1899-1900.	
Lawrence, Andrew J., Beaver, 1897-98.	Linton, Josiah, Philadelphia, 1907-08.	
Lawrence, George V., Washington, 1893-96.	Linton, Robert A., Philadelphia, 1899-1902.	
Lawshe, John, Clearfield, 1872-73.	Lipschutz, Ephraim, Philadelphia, 1915-16.	
Lawson, John B., Clarion, 1872-73.	Little, George F., Philadelphia, 1905-06.	
Leach, J. Granville, Philadelphia, (elected November 2, 1875, vice William Barsdley, deceased), 1875-76.	Little, E. R., Wyoming, 1874.	
Leard, M. K., Indiana, 1899-1902.	Littley, William, Philadelphia, 1893-96.	
Leary, Frank J., Erie, 1917-18.	Lloyd, John R., Philadelphia, 1893-96.	
Leary, M. A., Schuylkill, 1885-86.	Lockwood, L. M., Clarion, 1877-78.	
Leatherman, D. M., Washington, 1871-72.	Lodge, H., Philadelphia, 1875-76.	
Leavitt, Leonard, Bucks, (elected November 2, 1875, vice Charles Willett, deceased), 1871-72.	Lottus, Thomas W., Luzerne, 1875-76.	
Leckorn, Simon, Franklin, 1876-78.	Logan, S. J., Crawford, 1875-76.	
Lee, Andrew, Philadelphia, 1875-76.	Lohan, William P., Philadelphia, 1907-08.	
Lee, James D., Philadelphia, 1887-88.	Lohr, Robert W., Somerset, 1917-18.	
Lee, Nelson, Wyoming, 1889-90.	Lomax, Franklin F., Bradford, 1913-14.	
Leeds, William R., Philadelphia, 1885-86.	Long, F. B., Somerset, 1870.	
Leh, Oliver E., Lehigh, 1887-88.	Long, Henry M., Allegheny, 1875-80.	
Leh, Howard E., Northampton, 1891-92.	Long, James E., Jefferson, 1881-82.	
Leib, Howard E., Schuylkill, 1897.	Long, William H., York, 1877-78.	
Leidig, John B., Cumberland, 1870-71.	Longaker, Montgomery S., Montgomery, 1870.	
Leigh, John W., Philadelphia, 1875-80.	Longenecker, J. H., Bedford, 1875-80.	
Leighner, John M., Butler, 1885-86.	Longsdorf, Charles L., Adams, 1881-82.	
Leighty, E. C., Westmoreland, 1879-80.	Longwell, Robert H., Jefferson, 1893-98.	
Lenon, Michael B., Allegheny, 1887-90.	Loomis, Milton O., Bradford, 1877-78.	
Lenker, Valentine, Dauphin, 1913-14.	Loral, George H., Berks, 1889-90.	
Lenner, William W., Dauphin, 1893-98.	Lorsch, S. A., Schuylkill, 1881-84.	
Lennon, Michael J., Lehigh, 1870-71.	Losey, George T., Tioga, 1889-92.	
Leonard, W. B., Carbon, 1879-82.	Loucks, D. M., York, 1873-74.	
Lersch, W. A., Northampton, 1889-92.	Loudenslager, C. J., Schuylkill, 1875-76.	
Lesh, Nathan M., Monroe, 1881-82.	Love, Andrew W., Westmoreland, 1915-16.	
	Loveland, Solomon M., Mercer, 1881-82.	

*Unseated by contest.

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
McAlister, Theodore, Adams,	1895-96	McCullough, William H., Allegheny,
McAndrews, James F., Lackawanna,	1907-10	McCune, Adley C., Fayette,
McAndrews, John P., Luzerne,	1899-1900	McCune, Seth R., Blair,
McAulis, James, Lawrence,	1899-1902	McCurdy, Samuel, Blair,
McArdle, Joseph H., Philadelphia,	1911-18	McDermott, John, Jr., Philadelphia,
McAsey, James, Luzerne,	1875-76	McDermott, Peter, Clearfield,
McAteer, H. J., Huntingdon,	1870-71	McDonald, Henry, Philadelphia,
McAvoy, William A., Puttadelpia,	1885-86	McDonald, Joseph, Cambria,
McBride, Thomas, Philadelphia, (died February 10, 1908),	1907-08	McDonald, M. E., Lackawanna,
McCabe, J. E., Beaver,	1883-84	McDonald, William J., Allegheny,
McCachran, Robert, Jr., Cumberland,	1879-82	McDonough, James A., Fulton, (died June 14, 1909),
McCahey, J. J., Philadelphia,	1885-86	McDowell, James D., Franklin,
McCaig, William J., Allegheny,	1913-19	McDowell, Thomas R., Chester,
McCandless, Guy P., Allegheny,	1899-1902	McElhany, William W., Allegheny,
McCandless, W. H., Lawrence,	1879-80	McElroy, Joseph M., McKean,
McCarron, Charles, Luzerne,	1877-78	McElroy, Samuel, Jr., Allegheny,
McCarthy, William J., Philadelphia,	1909-10	McFarlan, G. S., Berks,
McCarthy, Charles A., Wayne,	1887	McFarlane, George L., Allegheny,
McClain, John A., Philadelphia,	1903-04	McGaughey, John, Indiana,
McClain, Frank B., Lancaster,	1895-1910	McGaughey, John, Westmoreland,
McClarren, Robert M., Allegheny,	1881-84	McGiffin, Norton, Washington,
McCleary, John, Philadelphia, (resigned December 31, 1891),	1891	McGill, W. R., Crawford,
McCleary, John B., Philadelphia,	1877-78	McGough, Thomas, Venango,
McClellan, William J., York,	1891-82	McGough, George, Philadelphia,
McClintock, John, Philadelphia,	1913-16	McGowan, Howard G., Berks,
McClintock, Joseph H., Mifflin,	1891-94	McGowan, William, Lancaster,
McCluskey, Richard, Philadelphia,	1879-82	McHenry, E. J., Columbia,
McClung, Horace A., Allegheny,	1909-12	McIntire, Charles A., Allegheny,
McClure, John K., Beaver,	1913-16	McIntyre, Russell B., Fayette,
McClure, W. J., Adams,	1877-78	McIntyre, William, Mercer,
McCullough, James M., Butler,	1915-18	McJunkin, Ira, Butler,
McCouncil, Calvin Brice, Mercer,	1897-1900	McKay, James Clyde, Crawford,
McCouncil, James, Philadelphia,	1901-04	McKay, John, Luzerne, (died May 15, 1919),
McCouncil, James, Mercer,	1879-80	McKay, Arthur, Beaver,
McCouncil, F. A., Lawrence,	1891-94	McKean, James A., McKean,
McCouncil, William W., Chester,	1871-72	McKee, David, Butler,
McCord, Ira D., Chester, (resigned September 17, 1907),	1889-90	McKee, J. W., Armstrong,
McCormick, George, Westmoreland,	1873-74	McKinnon, Francis, Schuylkill,
McCormick, H. H., Allegheny,	1883-84	McKinnon, M. J., York,
McCormick, James, Montour,	1877-78	McKinnon, Samuel I., Allegheny,
McCormick, John T., Centre,	1891-94	McKinstry, John H., Venango,
McCoy, Charles E., Philadelphia,	1881-82	McKinstry, E. C., Berks,
McCracken, G. W., Lawrence,	1870-73	McLane, Labazare O., Crawford,
McCraen, D. B., Erie,	1866-67	McLarn, J. H., Washington,
McCrea, R. D., Venango,	1873-74	McLaughlin, Daniel, Cambria,
McCrum, J. J., Crawford,	1883-84	McLean, Thompson, Westmoreland,
McCullagh, William L., Allegheny,	1907-08	
McCullough, John, Philadelphia,	1885-86	
McCullough, Michael, Berks,	1873-74, 1873-74	

*Unseated by contest.

Term of Service.		Term of Service.	
1883-84	Mitchell, Stanley N., Allegheny,	1913-14	Morrow, Alexander, Lehigh,
1883-84	Mohr, George G., Union,	1891-92	Morrow, John W., Indiana,
1903-06	Mohr, W. Frank, Berks,	1897-98	Morrow, Matthew M., Blair,
1903-06	Molineux, William S., Philadelphia,	1897-98	Morrow, O. F., Venango,
1881-86	Molloy, Joseph C., Philadelphia,	1887-90	Morse, Willard D., Bradford,
1870	Monaghan, Charles J., Schuylkill,	1905-06	Morse, George W., Bradford,
1899-98	Mong, John, Clarion,	1907-10	Moses, George W., Cambria,
1897-98	Mongolian, James J., Philadelphia,	1911-14	Moses, George W., Cambria,
1875-76	Montgomery, Edward, Philadelphia,	1885-88	Mott, M. D., Luzerne,
1870-71	Montgomery, Robert, Northumberland,	1907-14	Mouthroop, Abner S., Clearfield,
1900-01	Montgomery, Thomas W., Huntingdon,	1905-10	Moyer, Daniel H., Lebanon,
1881-82	Montgomery, W. R., Mercer,	1899-1904	Moyles, Jonas F., Lehigh,
1900-10	Montgomery, William S., Lycoming,	1891-94	Muehlbauer, Charles A., Allegheny,
1870-71	Mooney, John, Philadelphia,	1891-94	Muhl, Conrad, Philadelphia, (elected January 9, 1906, vice George W. Minter, Sr., resigned),
1879-80	Mooney, Thomas, Lackawanna,	1891-95	Mulhearn, Edward M., Carbon,
1871-72	Moore, A. P., Lawrence,	1906-08	Mulkie, John R., Erie,
1903-04	Moore, Alonzo R., Potter,	1889-90	Mullancy, John J., Philadelphia,
1880-80	Moore, Charles, Montgomery,	1899-1902	Mullin, Henry H., Cameron,
1893-98	Moore, Daniel F., Chester,	1889-90	Mullin, W. Scott, Bedford,
1893-98	Moore, Franklin R., Philadelphia,	1903-04	Mumma, Frank G., Susquehanna,
1883-86	Moore, Frank N., Bradford,	1889-92	Mumma, W. W., Cumberland,
1883-88	Moore, George W., Allegheny,	1875-76	Murphy, John R., Allegheny,
1881-82	Moore, Harry, Allegheny,	1905-08	Murphy, Peter, Luzerne,
1877-80	Moore, H. C., Bucks,	1879-82	Murray, Samuel D., Westmoreland,
1885-1900	Moore, James N., Butler,	1913-19	Murray, A. W., Centre,
1901-08	Moore, John P., Allegheny,	1887-88	Murray, Henry H., Allegheny,
1895-98	Moore, Linus W., Susquehanna,	1913-14	Musser, Isiah D., Juniata,
1893	Moore, Robert J., Philadelphia, (resigned June 21, 1893),	1877-78	Myer, E. Reed, Bradford,
1893	Moore, Ziba T., Philadelphia, (resigned July 1, 1897, also June 1, 1903),	1873-74	Myers, Ellis Jaeger, York, (elected January 9, 1906, vice Albert J. Matson, resigned),
1897, 1903	Morahan, John J., Luzerne,	1906	Myers, Ephraim, Adams,
1897-98	Morford, Nathan, Mercer,	1885-86	Myers, Harry Russell, Washington,
1872-73	Morgan, Alexander E., Philadelphia,	1915-16	Myers, Henry S., Philadelphia,
1883-84	Morgan, E. S. N., Lawrence,	1889-92	Myers, Leonard N., Snyder,
1874-78	Morgan, George, Philadelphia,	1881-82	Myers, Levi M., York,
1883-86	Morgan, John W., Schuylkill,	1903-04	Myers, Robert L., Cumberland,
1874-78	Morgan, Theodore, Mercer,	1899-1904	Myers, S. B., Venango,
1917-18	Morgan, Thomas F., Luzerne,	1879-82	Mylin, Amos H., Lancaster,
1917-19	Morgan, W. S., Somerset,	1873-76	Nattinger, Thomas W., Huntingdon,
1883-86	Morris, James G., Susquehanna,	1883-84	Nakel, Ernest, Lehigh,
1879-80	Morris, John F. L., Philadelphia,	1890-1902	Nason, E. K., Erie,
1909-12	Morris, O. G., Montgomery,	1875-80	Neall, Alfred C., Philadelphia,
1871-73	Morris, Thomas G., Philadelphia,	1885-88	Near, Daniel G., Philadelphia,
1903-06	Morris, Ellis, Lawrence,	1917-19	Near, John F., Luzerne,
1881-84	Morrison, J. Howard, Philadelphia,	1889-90	
1891-92	Morrison, John W., Allegheny,		
1881-84	Morrison, John W., Berks,		
1907-08	Morrison, Levi, Mercer,		
1899-1902	Morrison, William F., Westmoreland,		
1903-06	Morrison, W. P., Lawrence,		
1889-92	Morrison, William S., Beaver,		

Term of Service.	Term of Service.	Term of Service.	Term of Service.
Nehinger, Alfred K., Dauphin, 1881-82	O'Brien, David F., Schuylkill, 1881-82	O'Brien, George F., Luzerne, 1901-02	O'Brien, George F., Luzerne, 1874
Neib, Charles W., Allegheny, 1901-02	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	O'Connor, William P., Northumberland, 1883-86
Neely, Samuel, Westmoreland, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Ogden, Joseph F., Wyoming, 1913-14
Neely, A. M., Clarion, 1883-86	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Okell, Frank T., Lackawanna, 1881-82
Neely, Howard, Allegheny, 1913-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Olivier, M. W., Crawford, 1887-90
Neely, J. Upton, Adams, 1887-90	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	O'Lanahan, Dennis, Lackawanna, 1915-16
Neff, George W., Fayette, 1887-90	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	O'Malley, Charles P., Lackawanna, 1870-84
Neill, William, Philadelphia, 1915-16	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	O'Neill, Frederick Hugh, Philadelphia, 1882-84
Nelson, Isaac, Crawford, 1870-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	O'Neill, Harry, Philadelphia, 1877-78
Nelson, William M., Wayne, 1870-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	O'Neill, John, Allegheny, 1889-94
Nesbit, John Woods, Allegheny, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	O'Neill, Pat., Philadelphia, 1907-08
Nesbit, William L., Northumberland, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orme, Seth, Schuylkill, 1915-16
Nesbit, William L., Northumberland, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Ormsby, J. W., Mercer, 1872
Neville, William, Montgomery, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Newbaker, J. B., Northumberland, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Newbaker, Philip C., Montour, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Newbury, Grant, Northumberland, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Newell, James, Philadelphia, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Newhard, Robert M., Delaware, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Newman, A. Scott, Bradford, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Newmyer, John C., Allegheny, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Newton, Lloyd S., Potter, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Newton, Asa, Bradford, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Nicholas, Francis M., Luzerne, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Nichols, F. R., Crawford, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Nichols, Harry, Philadelphia, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Nichols, Henry, Allegheny, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Nicholson, R. J., Jefferson, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Nickoll, William, Philadelphia, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Niles, Jerome B., Tioga, 1881-84	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Nisbet, William W., Allegheny, (resigned September 3, 1901), 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Nisley, Joseph H., Dauphin, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Nissley, John C., Dauphin, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Noble, Joseph E., Bedford, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Noble, Orange, Erie, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Noble, Orange, Erie, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Noelitt, Charles B., Philadelphia, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Noeker, James A., Schuylkill, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Noll, John, Centre, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Noll, Samuel M., Lebanon, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Norris, J. H., Clearfield, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Norris, George R., Chester, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
North, James H., McKean, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
North, Herman H., Tioga, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
North, James, Juniata, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
North, S. Taylor, Jefferson, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Northrup, N. C., Lackawanna, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Norton, James E., Berks, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Norton, James E., Berks, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Norton, William C., Wayne, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Noyes, Amos C., Clinton, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Noyes, L. Harry R., Philadelphia, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Nyce, Samuel E., Montgomery, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Oaks, Albert J., Cambria, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14
Ober, E. Frank, Dauphin, 1890-1901	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1911-14	O'Brien, James A., Philadelphia, 1874	Orr, Thomas, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1911-14

*Unseated by contest.

Term of Service.		Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Sherwood, D. L., Northumberland, 1877-80	Smith, Aaron, Berks, 1877-80	Sherrill, George E., York, 1877-80	Smith, A. C., Dauphin, 1877-80	Sherrill, George E., York, 1877-80
Sherwood, J. Frank, Philadelphia, 1877-80	Smith, Asa G., W. Berks, 1877-80	Sherwood, J. Frank, Philadelphia, 1877-80	Smith, Asa G., W. Berks, 1877-80	Sherwood, J. Frank, Philadelphia, 1877-80
Shields, D. G., Allegheny, 1875-76	Smith, A. M., Snyder, 1875-76	Shields, D. G., Allegheny, 1875-76	Smith, A. M., Snyder, 1875-76	Shields, D. G., Allegheny, 1875-76
Shields, Moses, Wyoming, 1875-76	Smith, C. A., Pike, 1875-76	Shields, Moses, Wyoming, 1875-76	Smith, C. A., Pike, 1875-76	Shields, Moses, Wyoming, 1875-76
Shields, William D., Forest, 1907-08	Smith, Clement N., Crawford, 1875-88	Shields, William D., Forest, 1907-08	Smith, Clement N., Crawford, 1875-88	Shields, William D., Forest, 1907-08
Shiffer, Adam, Northampton, 1889-92	Smith, Edgar R., Bedford, 1907-19	Shiffer, Adam, Northampton, 1889-92	Smith, Edgar R., Bedford, 1907-19	Shiffer, Adam, Northampton, 1889-92
Shillito, John L., York, 1889-92	Smith, Edmund B., Allegheny, 1907-10	Shillito, John L., York, 1889-92	Smith, Edmund B., Allegheny, 1907-10	Shillito, John L., York, 1889-92
Shiras, George, Id., Allegheny, 1877-78	Smith, Frank L., Pike, 1907-19	Shiras, George, Id., Allegheny, 1877-78	Smith, Frank L., Pike, 1907-19	Shiras, George, Id., Allegheny, 1877-78
Shock, Daniel, Blair, 1877-78	Smith, Frederick B., Tioga, 1887-1900	Shock, Daniel, Blair, 1877-78	Smith, Frederick B., Tioga, 1887-1900	Shock, Daniel, Blair, 1877-78
Shoemaker, A. J., Monroe, 1885-86	Smith, George A., Bedford and Fulton, 1875-76	Shoemaker, A. J., Monroe, 1885-86	Smith, George A., Bedford and Fulton, 1875-76	Shoemaker, A. J., Monroe, 1885-86
Shoemaker, Harry J., Bucks, 1887-90	Smith, George F., Chester, 1879-80	Shoemaker, Harry J., Bucks, 1887-90	Smith, George F., Chester, 1879-80	Shoemaker, Harry J., Bucks, 1887-90
Shoemaker, Joseph A., Montgomery, 1911-14	Smith, George F., Philadelphia, 1873-74	Shoemaker, Joseph A., Montgomery, 1911-14	Smith, George F., Philadelphia, 1873-74	Shoemaker, Joseph A., Montgomery, 1911-14
Shoemaker, Merriam P., Westmoreland, 1879-80	Smith, George Handy, Philadelphia, 1875-78	Shoemaker, Merriam P., Westmoreland, 1879-80	Smith, George Handy, Philadelphia, 1875-78	Shoemaker, Merriam P., Westmoreland, 1879-80
Shoener, John T., Schuylkill, 1875-78	Smith, Jacob W., Carbon, 1891-92	Shoener, John T., Schuylkill, 1875-78	Smith, Jacob W., Carbon, 1891-92	Shoener, John T., Schuylkill, 1875-78
Shook, J. J., Luzerne, 1915-16	Smith, James, Northampton, 1915, (resigned June 2, 1915), 1915, 1917-18	Shook, J. J., Luzerne, 1915-16	Smith, James, Northampton, 1915, (resigned June 2, 1915), 1915, 1917-18	Shook, J. J., Luzerne, 1915-16
Shoop, Harry B., Cumberland, 1883-84	Smith, Jefferson W., Philadelphia, 1879-80	Shoop, Harry B., Cumberland, 1883-84	Smith, Jefferson W., Philadelphia, 1879-80	Shoop, Harry B., Cumberland, 1883-84
Short, Alfred, Erie, Warren, 1887-88	Smith, John B., Luzerne, 1889-1902	Short, Alfred, Erie, Warren, 1887-88	Smith, John B., Luzerne, 1889-1902	Short, Alfred, Erie, Warren, 1887-88
Shortt, W. H., Warren, 1895-96	Smith, John H., Greene, 1889-92	Shortt, W. H., Warren, 1895-96	Smith, John H., Greene, 1889-92	Shortt, W. H., Warren, 1895-96
Shovalter, Harry M., Union, 1875-76	Smith, John M., Philadelphia, (resigned January 22, 1892), 1891-92	Shovalter, Harry M., Union, 1875-76	Smith, John M., Philadelphia, (resigned January 22, 1892), 1891-92	Shovalter, Harry M., Union, 1875-76
Shover, Milton W., Erie, 1875-76	Smith, John W., Bedford, 1883-84	Shover, Milton W., Erie, 1875-76	Smith, John W., Bedford, 1883-84	Shover, Milton W., Erie, 1875-76
Shuey, Daniel C., Schuylkill, 1875-76	Smith, Joseph, Westmoreland, 1899-1900	Shuey, Daniel C., Schuylkill, 1875-76	Smith, Joseph, Westmoreland, 1899-1900	Shuey, Daniel C., Schuylkill, 1875-76
Shugert, S. T., Centre, 1875-76	Smith, Joseph W., Clinton, 1915-18	Shugert, S. T., Centre, 1875-76	Smith, Joseph W., Clinton, 1915-18	Shugert, S. T., Centre, 1875-76
Shuler, Joseph, Perry, 1875-76	Smith, Lee, Fayette, 1899-1900	Shuler, Joseph, Perry, 1875-76	Smith, Lee, Fayette, 1899-1900	Shuler, Joseph, Perry, 1875-76
Shull, Elias, Northampton, (elected November 2, 1875, vice Andrew Snyder, deceased), 1876	Smith, Lorenzo, Philadelphia, 1899-1900	Shull, Elias, Northampton, (elected November 2, 1875, vice Andrew Snyder, deceased), 1876	Smith, Lorenzo, Philadelphia, 1899-1900	Shull, Elias, Northampton, (elected November 2, 1875, vice Andrew Snyder, deceased), 1876
Shumaker, James M., Cambria, 1901-02	Smith, Oliver W., Northampton, 1876	Shumaker, James M., Cambria, 1901-02	Smith, Oliver W., Northampton, 1876	Shumaker, James M., Cambria, 1901-02
Shuman, J. L., Lancaster, 1874	Smith, Robert, Philadelphia, 1874	Shuman, J. L., Lancaster, 1874	Smith, Robert, Philadelphia, 1874	Shuman, J. L., Lancaster, 1874
Shunk, Howard P., Erie, 1917-19	Smith, Robert H., Philadelphia, 1874	Shunk, Howard P., Erie, 1917-19	Smith, Robert H., Philadelphia, 1874	Shunk, Howard P., Erie, 1917-19
Shurtock, W. C., Beaver, 1899-1902	Smith, Samuel H., Fayette, 1895-98	Shurtock, W. C., Beaver, 1899-1902	Smith, Samuel H., Fayette, 1895-98	Shurtock, W. C., Beaver, 1899-1902
Shutt, Harry B., York, 1887-88	Smith, Spencer H., Berks, 1872-73	Shutt, Harry B., York, 1887-88	Smith, Spencer H., Berks, 1872-73	Shutt, Harry B., York, 1887-88
Sieger, Amendes, Lehigh, 1881-82	Smith, Stephen J., Berks, 1877-80	Sieger, Amendes, Lehigh, 1881-82	Smith, Stephen J., Berks, 1877-80	Sieger, Amendes, Lehigh, 1881-82
Siggins, John, Jr., Warren, 1879-80	Smith, S. J., Indiana, 1895-98	Siggins, John, Jr., Warren, 1879-80	Smith, S. J., Indiana, 1895-98	Siggins, John, Jr., Warren, 1879-80
Silverthorn, M. H., Erie, 1879-80	Smith, Sylvester S., Cameron, 1895-98	Silverthorn, M. H., Erie, 1879-80	Smith, Sylvester S., Cameron, 1895-98	Silverthorn, M. H., Erie, 1879-80
Simon, Charles W., Allegheny, 1907-10	Smith, Thomas R., Philadelphia, 1895-98	Simon, Charles W., Allegheny, 1907-10	Smith, Thomas R., Philadelphia, 1895-98	Simon, Charles W., Allegheny, 1907-10
Simpson, Warren H., Huntington, 1915-19	Smith, William C., Bedford, 1895-98	Simpson, Warren H., Huntington, 1915-19	Smith, William C., Bedford, 1895-98	Simpson, Warren H., Huntington, 1915-19
Smclair, Duncan, Fayette, 1883-84	Smith, William F., Philadelphia, 1895-98	Smclair, Duncan, Fayette, 1883-84	Smith, William F., Philadelphia, 1895-98	Smclair, Duncan, Fayette, 1883-84
Smek, Joseph, Philadelphia, 1895-98	Smith, William O., Jefferson, (elected November 5, 1889, vice F. A. Weaver, resigned), 1889-92	Smek, Joseph, Philadelphia, 1895-98	Smith, William O., Jefferson, (elected November 5, 1889, vice F. A. Weaver, resigned), 1889-92	Smek, Joseph, Philadelphia, 1895-98
Snipe, John E., Fulton, 1903-06	Smith, William S., Crawford, 1895-98	Snipe, John E., Fulton, 1903-06	Smith, William S., Crawford, 1895-98	Snipe, John E., Fulton, 1903-06
Slater, Wallace A., Schuylkill, 1870-71	Smith, Winfred S., Lancaster, 1881-84	Slater, Wallace A., Schuylkill, 1870-71	Smith, Winfred S., Lancaster, 1881-84	Slater, Wallace A., Schuylkill, 1870-71
Skinner, G. W., Franklin, 1889-93	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Skinner, G. W., Franklin, 1889-93	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Skinner, G. W., Franklin, 1889-93
Slack, Alfred, Allegheny, 1881-82	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Slack, Alfred, Allegheny, 1881-82	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Slack, Alfred, Allegheny, 1881-82
Slater, John F., Philadelphia, (resigned February 27, 1902), 1871	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Slater, John F., Philadelphia, (resigned February 27, 1902), 1871	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Slater, John F., Philadelphia, (resigned February 27, 1902), 1871
Sloman, H. K., Indiana, 1897-98	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Sloman, H. K., Indiana, 1897-98	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Sloman, H. K., Indiana, 1897-98
Sloman, James G., Washington, 1883-84	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Sloman, James G., Washington, 1883-84	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Sloman, James G., Washington, 1883-84
Slocum, Salvador, Crawford, 1883-84	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Slocum, Salvador, Crawford, 1883-84	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Slocum, Salvador, Crawford, 1883-84
Smiley, Alfred W., Clarion, 1887-90	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Smiley, Alfred W., Clarion, 1887-90	Smith, David, Philadelphia, (resigned January 3, 1902), 1881-84	Smiley, Alfred W., Clarion, 1887-90

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Snyder, Charles A., Schuylkill.	Staving, Charles E., Allegheny.	1899-1900
Snyder, Charles R., Philadelphia.	Stayer, Andrew S., Blair.	1903-08
Snyder, Daniel J., Westmoreland.	Stuck, George, Lycoming.	1905-06
Snyder, Edith G., Lancaster.	Stuckel, Robert, Lehigh.	1915-18
Snyder, Frank E., Luzerne.	Steedle, Joseph G., Allegheny.	1881-84
Snyder, Frank L., Luzerne.	Steel, Samuel A., Allegheny.	1883-84
Snyder, F. W., Schuylkill.	Steele, J. Irvine, Schuylkill.	1919
Snyder, James M., Bucks.	Steele, M. M., Armstrong.	1809-1900
Snyder, Jeremiah, Northumberland.	Stees, Thomas A., Allegheny.	1870
Snyder, John D., Perry.	Stees, Frederick E., Schuylkill.	1883-84
Snyder, Plymouth W., Blair.	Stees, James A., Cumberland.	1877-78
Snyder, William P., Chester.	Stegmair, George J., Luzerne.	1907-08
Soffel, George H., Allegheny.	Stehman, John M., Lancaster.	1911-14
Somerhan, Sumner, Allegheny.	Stein, Abram C., Allegheny.	1891-92
Sones, John E., Schuylkill.	Stein, George W., Philadelphia.	1919
Sonder, Joseph R., Philadelphia.	Steinbach, George W., Lancaster.	1917-18
Sowers, Clinton A., Philadelphia.	Steinmetz, Jacob L., Lancaster.	1915-18
Shang, George H., Bedford.	Steinmetz, A. P., Susquehanna.	1887-88
Shangler, Benjamin K., Cumberland.	Stephens, A. W., Wyoming.	1919
Shangler, Robert S., York.	Stephens, John W., Washington.	1875-78
Spatz, Charles B., Berks.	Sterker, S. D., Bradford.	1895-98
Spears, A. G., Mercer.	Sterling, Bruce F., Fayette.	1913-19
Speer, David, Franklin.	Sterling, Philip, Philadelphia.	1897-1900
Speer, Peter M., Venango.	Sterling, R. L., Beaver.	1877-78
Speicher, Morris W., Somerset.	Stern, Isadore, Philadelphia.	1909-12
Speir, Lyman B., Mercer.	Stern, George, Jr., Philadelphia.	1897-98
Speiser, Maurice J., Philadelphia.	Sterrett, David, McKean.	1917-18
Spence, Edward, Beaver.	Stevens, Adam.	1889-90
Spencer, Nelson J., Wayne.	Stevens, Atherton B., Wayne.	1913-14
Spicer, J. W., Philadelphia.	Stevens, Cyrus Lee, Bradford.	1881-82
Spilling, Frank, Philadelphia, (resigned July 15, 1914).	Stevens, George H., Westmoreland.	1915-16
Spongler, J. W., Berks.	Stevens, William H., Huntingdon.	1875-76
Sponsler, W. H., Perry.	Stevens, George W., Jefferson.	1913-14
Spratt, Thomas E., Philadelphia.	Stevenson, Silas, Lawrence.	1883-86
Sprows, J. Add., Washington.	Stevenson, William F., Mifflin.	1887-88
Sprowls, W. W., Washington.	Stewart, Andrew J., Fayette.	1897-98
Squibb, Elmer E., Berks.	Stewart, Joseph, Allegheny.	1875-78
Squier, Arthur H., Wyoming.	Stewart, John Q., Lawrence.	1907-08
Staures, Isaac, Tioga.	Stewart, Samuel E., Allegheny.	1899-1900
Stodds, J. Lewis, Allegheny.	Stewart, Samuel E., Blair.	1889-90
Stackpole, E. H., H., Mifflin.	Stewart, Thomas J., Montgomery.	1885-86
Stadlander, F., Allegheny.	Stewart, William F., Philadelphia, (died December 1, 1900).	1881-1900
Stahle, E. W., Adams.	Stier, G. M., Northampton.	1873
Stall, Harry E., Blair.	Stine, Edwin S., Schuylkill, (resigned April 15, 1909).	1909
Staples, R. S., Monroe.	Stinson, Jacob C., Cambria.	1893-96
Staples, S. S., Luzerne.	Stites, Fletcher W., Montgomery.	1917-18
Stark, Oscar D., Wyoming.	Stober, Jeremiah A., Lancaster.	1889-91
Starr, George W., Erie.	Stocking, James S., Washington, (resigned October 30, 1891).	1885-86
Statler, John P., Somerset.	Stocksleger, S. S., Adams.	1917-18
	Stofflet, Robert A., Northampton.	

[illegible]

Term of Service.		Term of Service.
Toner, James L., Westmoreland, 1874-76	Wadsworth, Edward D., Philadelphia, 1889-1902	
Toner, William, Luzerne, 1874-76	Wagner, H. C., Lehigh, 1889-90	
Toot, Edward W., Snyder, 1907-08	Wagner, John S., Berks, 1891-92	
Towler, S. S., Forst, 1891-94	Wagner, William C., Allegheny, 1891-92	
Town, Samuel, P., Philadelphia, 1899-1900	Walbright, S. J., Allegheny, 1913-14	
Townsend, C. W., Washington, 1881-82	Walworth, W. S., Butler, 1873	
Townsend, E. W., Washington, 1883-84	Walk, James W., Philadelphia, 1887-90	
Tracy, Reuben H., Northampton, 1907-12	Walker, A. B., Wyoming, 1891-71	
Tracy, E. G., Bradford, 1913-16	Walker, Alexander, Allegheny, 1879-82	
Trout, E. A., Erie, 1875-76	Walker, George T., Washington, 1919	
Trout, Amos, Westmoreland, 1882-84	Walker, James, Lehigh, 1917-19	
Troxell, Henry G., Lycoming, 1907-08	Walker, James A., Philadelphia, 1877-80	
Truby, Jacob, Clarion, 1901-04	Walker, J. D., Allegheny, 1883-84	
True, Eugene H., Susquehanna, 1879-80	Walker, John W., Erie, 1891-94	
Tubbs, Charles, Toga, 1885-88	Walker, Thomas, Lebanon, 1905-06	
Tubbs, William S., Dauphin, 1873-74	Walker, Robert A., Clarion, 1917-19	
Tunis, William B., Philadelphia, 1881-84	Wallace, Robert L., Lawrence, 1909-12	
Turner, William W., Philadelphia, 1909-12	Wallace, Samuel, Allegheny, 1880	
Turner, W. Fred, Armstrong, 1880	Wallace, William T., Philadelphia, 1919	
Tutton, Edmund M., Bradford, 1901-04	Walnut, T. Henry, Philadelphia, 1911-14	
Twibill, A. George Holland, Philadelphia, 1887-88	Walsh, William, Philadelphia, 1913-16	
Tyler, C. W., Crawford, 1915-16	Walsh, Charles, Franklin, 1915-18	
Tyler, Harry B., Philadelphia, 1881-82	Walter, H. G., Lebanon, 1899-90	
Tyler, Harvey, Susquehanna, 1891-92	Walter, Y. S., Delaware, 1877-80	
Uhler, W. H., Schuylkill, 1870	Walters, Milton H., Montgomery, 1891-92	
Ulerich, William W., Westmoreland, (died February 26, 1914), 1911-14	Walton, Henry F., Philadelphia, 1903-06	
Uman, Ansel, Lycoming, 1872	Walton, Joseph H., Allegheny, 1879	
Usher, William H., Dauphin, 1913-14	Walton, William D., Lawrence, 1911-16	
Usher, Ira E., Dauphin, 1879-80	Waltz, D. B., Lycoming, (died August 31, 1895), 1883-84	
Underwood, N. F., Wayne, 1897	Wanner, A. B., Berks, 1875-76	
Urich, Isaac K., Lebanon, (died October 14, 1918), 1915-18	Ward, William B., Blair, 1909-11	
Van derstee, T. J., Columbia, 1879-84	Ward, William B., Blair, 1911	
Vandyke, William S., Westmoreland, 1901-02	Warden, J. S., Westmoreland, 1879-80	
Van Kirk, H. J., Washington, 1883-84	Ware, Seymour D., Erie, 1907-10	
Van Vorre, John, Lycoming, 1887-88	Warner, Henry, Allegheny, 1871	
Vare, Edwin H., Philadelphia, (resigned July 1, 1897), 1891-96	Warner, G. W., Cameron, 1887	
Vare, George A., Philadelphia, 1907-06	Watson, Edgic L., Butler, 1900-12	
Vasbinder, Curtis B., Jefferson, 1905-16	Watkins, James E., Lackawanna, 1915-16	
Vaughan, Henry, Philadelphia, 1886-88	Watson, George F., Forest, 1879-80	
Vinsel, Barney, Clarion, 1915-16	Watson, Harry, Mercer, 1913-14	
Voterman, John W., Allegheny, 1879-80	Watson, Edward, Luzerne, 1911-12	
Vogel, N., Allegheny, 1885-88	Watts, Edward, Luzerne, 1907-10	
Vogels, William H., Philadelphia, 1872-76, 1881-82, 1915-18	Wedge, Eli, Westmoreland, 1893	
Vogels, Russell T., Philadelphia, 1915-18	Wayne, William, Chester, 1881-86	
Voorhees, Frank B., Clarion, 1911-12	Wayne, William, Chester, 1903-06	
Voorhees, Charles E., Philadelphia, 1897-1902	Weaver, A. H., Allegheny, 1877-78	
Waddell, Thomas, Luzerne, (died March 14, 1902), 1874	Weaver, Barton W., Lancaster, 1890-1902	
Waddell, W. Sullivan, 1880-90	Weaver, Benjamin, Allegheny, 1903-04	
Wade, Hamilton, Philadelphia, 1909-10	Weaver, David E., Allegheny, 1889-96	

*Unseated by contest.

Term of Service.		Term of Service.	
Weaver, Francis A., Jefferson, (resigned in 1889),	1889	White, Rodney L., Potter,	1889-1900
Weaver, James B., Westmoreland,	1915-16	White, Upton H., Philadelphia,	1889-92
Weaver, James F., Centre,	1877-78	White, William H., Allegheny,	1889-90
Webb, James H., Bradford,	1867-71	White, W. R., Adams,	1879-80
Webb, T. A., Mifflin,	1903-06	Whitman, Thomas M., Westmoreland,	1919
Weber, P. S., Clearfield,	1889-92	Whittingham, Alexander J., Philadelphia,	1889-1900
Weber, W. Wayne, Berks,	1907-08	Whitley, B. B., Erie,	1889-92
Wedell, Edward P., Westmoreland,	1907-10	Whitman, William F., Venango,	1889-90
Wedge, Jacob H., Berks,	1895-98	Whitson, Lorenzo, Wyoming,	1871
Weida, George A., Montgomery,	1903-06	Whitson, George, Lancaster,	1903-06
Weile, William, Allegheny,	1883-84	Whitten, Charles E., Westmoreland,	1915-16
Weild, William, Philadelphia,	1885-86	Whitten, Norman A., Allegheny,	1905-08
Weiler, Jerry N., Carbon,	1897-98	Wickersham, Frank B., Dauphin,	1917-18
Weimer, Asa A., Lebanon,	1915-18	Wickman, Gustave A., Allegheny,	1872
Weingartner, George T., Lawrence,	1905-08	Wilcox, A. L., Elk,	1877-78
Weir, William T., Jr., Philadelphia,	1915-16	Wilcox, D. H., Schuylkill,	1873-74
Weiss, Webster C., Northampton,	1895-98	Wilcox, Emmett H., Erie,	1895-96
Weishaar, George W., Philadelphia,	1893-94	Wildman, Augustus, Dauphin,	1913-16
Weist, John, York,	1879-82	Wile, Frank G., Montgomery,	1891-92
Weist, John, York,	1879-82	Wiley, John F., Lancaster,	1870-71
Welch, Everett C., Somerset,	1911-12	Wilkinson, Harry, Bucks,	1889-1902
Weller, John C., Somerset,	1903-04	Will, Allen S., Somerset,	1877-78
Welliver, Lloyd W., Montour,	1895-98	Willard, Fred W., Philadelphia, (resigned December 30, 1915),	1915
Wells, D. A., Pike,	1871	Willard, Walter, Philadelphia,	1901-04
Wells, Edward W., Philadelphia,	1907-10	Willard, William J., Erie,	1919
Wells, J. Walter, Potter,	1897-98	Willert, Augustus, Bucks,	1887-90
Weish, George W., York,	1873	Willert, Charles, Bucks, (died in April, 1875),	1875
Weish, John, Philadelphia,	1879-82	Willitt, William U., Allegheny,	1903-04
Weiss, John, F., Schuylkill,	1901-02	Williams, Andrew G., Butler,	1891-92
Wells, C. L., Beaver,	1875-76	Williams, Charles, York,	1885-86
Went, Jacob E., Forest,	1893-98	Williams, D. D., Crawford,	1871
Wertheimer, Emanuel, Allegheny,	1893-94	Williams, Edward H., Luzerne,	1900-10
West, David, Berks,	1895-98	Williams, George W., Philadelphia,	1897-1900
West, Joseph G., Chester,	1891-94	Williams, George W., Toga,	1911-19
West, William Kase, Montour,	1915-19	Williams, John M., Armstrong,	1909-10
Westbrook, Jacob G., Pike, (died April 26, 1902),	1857-58	Williams, John P., Crawford,	1917-18
Westbrook, Lafayette, Pike,	1867-68	Williams, John T., Lackawanna,	1885-88
Westfall, William, Potter,	1881-82	Williams, Martin, Clarion,	1874-75
Wettach, James, Allegheny,	1881-82	Williams, Muhlenberg, Cumberland,	1873
Wetzell, John H., Centre,	1913-16	Williams, Richard, Luzerne,	1871-72
Weyand, Jacob, Beaver,	1899-1900	Williams, S. Marshall, Bedford,	1897-98
Wheeler, Charles M., Erie,	1893-96	Williams, Thomas H., Carbon,	1895-96
Wheeler, E. A., Mercer,	1891-94	Williams, T. J., Westmoreland,	1885-86
Wheeler, N. P., Forest,	1870-71	Williams, Thomas R., Northumberland,	1909-10
Wherry, Samuel M., Cumberland,	1879-80	Williams, William L., Luzerne,	1889-90
Whitaker, Samuel A., Chester,	1887-94	Williams, W. W., Susquehanna,	1875-76
White, Alex. H., Philadelphia,	1913-18	Williamson, Charles W., Lycoming,	1887-88
White, D. N., Allegheny,	1883-84	Wilson, Sydney G., Allegheny,	1919
White, J. B., Warren,	1870-72	Wilson, H. F., Philadelphia,	1879-80
White, J. E., Warren,	1879-80	Wilson, Henry I., Jefferson,	1913-16
White, J. Burns, Franklin,	1885-86	Wilson, John C., Lycoming,	1893-06
White, J. Irvin, Huntington,	1887-88	Wilson, John C., Lycoming,	1897-98
White, Patrick J., Lackawanna, (died December 16, 1903),	1903		

LENGTH OF SESSIONS OF THE LEGISLATURE 1776 TO 1919.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION OF 1776.

I—1. November	28, 1776—September	18, 1777.
2. September	25, 1777—October	13, 1777.
II—1. October	27, 1777—April	21, 1778.
2. May	13, 1778—September	11, 1778.
III—1. October	26, 1778—December	5, 1778.
2. February	1, 1779—October	10, 1779.
IV—1. October	25, 1779—March	25, 1780.
2. May	10, 1780—September	23, 1780.
V—1. October	23, 1780—April	10, 1781.
2. May	24, 1781—June	26, 1781.
3. September	4, 1781—October	2, 1781.
VI—1. October	22, 1781—December	28, 1781.
2. February	11, 1782—April	16, 1782.
3. August	1, 1782—September	20, 1782.
VII—1. October	28, 1782—December	4, 1782.
2. January	15, 1783—March	22, 1783.
3. August	14, 1783—September	26, 1783.
VIII—1. October	27, 1783—December	9, 1783.
2. January	13, 1784—April	1, 1784.
3. July	20, 1784—September	29, 1784.
IX—1. October	25, 1784—December	24, 1784.
2. February	1, 1785—April	8, 1785.
3. August	23, 1785—September	23, 1785.
X—1. October	24, 1785—December	22, 1785.
2. February	25, 1786—April	8, 1786.
3. August	22, 1786—September	27, 1786.
XI—1. October	25, 1786—December	30, 1786.
2. February	20, 1787—March	29, 1787.
3. September	4, 1787—September	29, 1787.
XII—1. October	22, 1787—November	29, 1787.
2. February	19, 1788—March	29, 1788.
3. September	2, 1788—October	4, 1788.
XIII—1. October	27, 1788—November	22, 1788.
2. February	3, 1789—March	28, 1789.
3. August	18, 1789—September	30, 1789.
XIV—1. October	26, 1789—December	9, 1790.
2. February	2, 1790—April	6, 1790.
3. August	24, 1790—September	3, 1790.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION OF 1790.

(Extra or special sessions marked.*)

XV—December	7, 1790—April	13, 1791.
*August	23, 1791—September	30, 1791.
XVI—December	6, 1791—April	10, 1792.
XVII—December	4, 1792—April	11, 1793.
*August	27, 1793—September	5, 1793.
XVIII—December	3, 1793—April	22, 1794.
*September	1, 1794—September	23, 1794.
XIX—December	2, 1794—April	20, 1795.
XX—December	3, 1795—April	4, 1796.
XXI—December	6, 1796—April	5, 1797.
*August	28, 1797—August	29, 1797.
XXII—December	5, 1797—April	5, 1798.
XXIII—December	4, 1798—April	11, 1799.
XXIV—December	3, 1799—March	17, 1800.
*November	5, 1800—December	—, 1800.
XXV—December	—, 1800—February	27, 1801.
XXVI—December	1, 1801—April	6, 1802.
XXVII—December	7, 1802—April	4, 1803.
XXVIII—December	6, 1803—April	3, 1804.
XXIX—December	4, 1804—April	4, 1805.
XXX—December	3, 1805—March	31, 1806.
XXXI—December	2, 1806—April	13, 1807.
XXXII—December	1, 1807—March	28, 1808.
XXXIII—December	6, 1808—April	4, 1809.
XXXIV—December	5, 1809—March	20, 1810.
XXXV—December	4, 1810—April	2, 1811.
XXXVI—December	3, 1811—March	31, 1812.
XXXVII—December	1, 1812—March	29, 1813.
XXXVIII—December	7, 1813—March	28, 1814.
XXXIX—December	6, 1814—March	13, 1815.
XL—December	5, 1815—March	19, 1816.
XLI—December	3, 1816—March	25, 1817.
XLII—December	2, 1817—March	24, 1818.
XLIII—December	1, 1818—March	30, 1819.
XLIV—December	7, 1819—March	28, 1820.
XLV—December	5, 1820—April	3, 1821.
XLVI—December	4, 1821—April	2, 1822.
XLVII—December	3, 1822—April	1, 1823.

XLVIII—December	2, 1823—March	30, 1824.
XLIX—December	7, 1824—March	12, 1825.
L—December	6, 1825—April	11, 1826.
LI—December	5, 1826—April	17, 1827.
LII—December	4, 1827—April	15, 1828.
LIII—December	2, 1828—April	24, 1829.
*November	3, 1829—December	1, 1829.
LIV—December	1, 1829—April	7, 1830.
LV—December	7, 1830—April	5, 1831.
LVI—December	7, 1831—April	12, 1832.
LVII—December	4, 1832—April	9, 1833.
LVIII—December	3, 1833—April	15, 1834.
LIX—December	2, 1834—April	15, 1835.
LX—December	1, 1835—June	16, 1836.
LXI—December	6, 1836—April	4, 1837.
LXII—December	5, 1837—April	17, 1838.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION OF 1838.

LXIII—December	4, 1838—June	25, 1839.
LXIV—January	7, 1840—June	12, 1840.
LXV—January	1, 1841—May	4, 1841.
LXVI—January	4, 1842—July	26, 1842.
LXVII—January	3, 1843—April	18, 1843.
LXVIII—January	2, 1844—April	29, 1844.
LXIX—January	7, 1845—April	16, 1845.
LXX—January	6, 1846—April	22, 1846.
LXXI—January	5, 1847—March	16, 1847.
LXXII—January	4, 1848—April	11, 1848.
LXXIII—January	2, 1849—April	10, 1849.
LXXIV—January	1, 1850—May	15, 1850.
LXXV—January	7, 1851—April	15, 1851.
LXXVI—January	6, 1852—May	4, 1852.
LXXVII—January	4, 1853—April	19, 1853.
LXXVIII—January	3, 1854—May	9, 1854.
LXXIX—January	2, 1855—May	8, 1855.
LXXX—January	1, 1856—April	22, 1856.
LXXXI—January	6, 1857—May	22, 1857.
*October	6, 1857—October	13, 1857.
LXXXII—January	5, 1858—April	22, 1858.
LXXXIII—January	4, 1859—April	14, 1859.
LXXXIV—January	3, 1860—April	3, 1860.
LXXXV—January	1, 1861—April	18, 1861.
*April	20, 1861—May	16, 1861.
LXXXVI—January	7, 1862—April	11, 1862.
LXXXVII—January	6, 1863—April	15, 1863.
LXXXVIII—January	5, 1864—April	25, 1864.
LXXXIX—January	3, 1865—March	24, 1865.
XC—January	2, 1866—April	12, 1866.
XCI—January	1, 1867—April	11, 1867.
XCII—January	7, 1868—April	14, 1868.
XCIII—January	5, 1869—April	16, 1869.
X CIV—January	4, 1870—April	7, 1870.
XCV—January	3, 1871—May	27, 1871.
XCVI—January	2, 1872—April	4, 1872.
XCVII—January	7, 1873—April	10, 1873.
XCVIII—January	6, 1874—May	15, 1874.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION OF 1873.

XCIX—January	5, 1875—March	18, 1875.
C—January	4, 1876—May	5, 1876.
CI—January	2, 1877—March	23, 1877.
CII—January	1, 1878—May	24, 1878.
CIII—January	7, 1879—June	6, 1879.
CIV—January	4, 1881—June	8, 1881.
CV—January	2, 1882—June	6, 1882.
*June	7, 1882—December	6, 1883.
CVI—January	6, 1885—June	12, 1885.
CVII—January	4, 1887—May	19, 1887.
CVIII—January	1, 1889—May	9, 1889.
CIX—January	6, 1891—May	23, 1891.
†October	13, 1891—November	11, 1891.
CX—January	3, 1893—June	1, 1893.
CXI—January	1, 1895—June	8, 1895.
CXII—January	6, 1897—July	1, 1897.
CXIII—January	3, 1899—April	20, 1899.
CXIV—January	1, 1901—June	27, 1901.
CXV—January	6, 1903—April	16, 1903.
CXVI—January	3, 1905—April	13, 1905.
*January	15, 1906—February	15, 1906.
CXVII—January	1, 1907—May	16, 1907.
CXVIII—January	5, 1909—April	15, 1909.
CXIX—January	3, 1911—May	25, 1911.
CXX—January	7, 1913—June	27, 1913.
CXXI—January	5, 1915—May	20, 1915.
CXXII—January	2, 1917—June	28, 1917.
CXXIII—January	7, 1919—June	26, 1919.

*Extra or special sessions.

†Extra session of Senate.

JUDGES OF THE COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

No. of district.	DISTRICTS AND JUDGES.	Date of Expiration of Commission.			Post Office.
1	PHILADELPHIA.				
	Court No. 1.				
	F. Anedee Bregy, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), --	1st Mon. of Jan., 1928.			Philadelphia.
	John M. Patterson, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1924.			do.
	William H. Shoemaker, R., -----	do. do. 1926.			do.
	Court No. 2.				
	Norris S. Barratt, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),--	do. do. 1924.			do.
	Henry Nathan Wessel, R., (Non-Part.), ---	do. do. 1926.			do.
	Joseph P. Rogers, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1926.			do.
	Court No. 3.				
	Charles B. McMichael, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), --	do. do. 1928.			do.
	William C. Ferguson, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1928.			do.
	Howard A. Davis, R., -----	do. do. 1922.			do.
	Court No. 4.				
	Charles Y. Audenried, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),	do. do. 1928.			do.
	Thomas D. Finletter, R., -----	do. do. 1926.			do.
	Joseph P. McCullen, D., -----	do. do. 1920.			do.
	Court No. 5.				
	J. Willis Martin, P. J., R., -----	do. do. 1922.			do.
	William H. Staake, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1928.			do.
	John Monaghan, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1928.			do.
2	LANCASTER COUNTY.				
	Charles I. Landis, P. J., R., -----	do. do. 1920.			Lancaster.
	Aaron B. Hassler, R., -----	do. do. 1926.			do.
3	NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.				
	Russell C. Stewart, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),	do. do. 1928.			Easton.
	William M. McKeen, D., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1926.			do.
4	TIOGA COUNTY.				
	Sevellon F. Channel, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),	do. do. 1926.			Wellsboro.
5	ALLEGHENY COUNTY.				
	John D. Shafer, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), ---	do. do. 1928.			Pittsburgh.
	Marshall Brown, R., -----	do. do. 1922.			do.
	James R. MacFarlane, R., (Non-Part.), ---	do. do. 1924.			do.
	Thomas J. Ford, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1928.			do.
	John C. Haymaker, R., -----	do. do. 1920.			do.
	John A. Evans, R., -----	do. do. 1920.			do.
	Joseph M. Swearingen, R., (Non-Part.), ---	do. do. 1928.			do.
	Thomas D. Carnahan, R., (Non-Part.), ---	do. do. 1928.			do.
	Josiah Cohen, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1928.			do.
	Ambrose B. Reid, D.-K., -----	do. do. 1922.			do.
	James McF. Carpenter, R., (Non-Part.), ---	do. do. 1926.			do.
	Henry G. Wasson, R., -----	do. do. 1920.			do.
	Charles H. Kline, R., -----	do. do. 1920.			do.
	Stephen Stone, R., -----	do. do. 1920.			do.
6	ERIE COUNTY.				
	Uriah P. Rossiter, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),	do. do. 1926.			Erie.
	Edward L. Wittelsey, R., (Non-Part.), ---	do. do. 1928.			do.
7	BUCKS COUNTY.				
	William O. Ryan, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),	do. do. 1924.			Doylestown.
8	NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.				
	Herbert W. Cummings, P. J., D., -----	do. do. 1922.			Sunbury.
	Fred. B. Moser, R., -----	do. do. 1922.			do.
9	CUMBERLAND COUNTY.				
	Sylvester B. Sadler, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),	do. do. 1926.			Carlisle.
10	WESTMORELAND COUNTY.				
	Alexander D. McConnell, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),	do. do. 1926.			Greensburg.
	Daniel J. Snyder, R., -----	do. do. 1920.			do.

JUDGES OF THE COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS—Continued.

No. of district.	DISTRICTS AND JUDGES.	Date of Expiration of Commission.			Post Office.
11	LUZERNE COUNTY. Henry A. Fuller, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), -- John M. Garman, D., ----- Seligman J. Strauss, D., ----- Peter A. O'Boyle, D., ----- J. B. Woodward, D., (Non-Part.), -----	1st Mon. of Jan., 1928, do. do. 1920, do. do. 1922, do. do. 1922, do. do. 1924,			Wilkes-Barre. do. do. do. do.
12	DAUPHIN COUNTY. George Kunkel, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), ----- Samuel J. M. McCarrell, R., (Non-Part.), ---	do. do. 1924, do. do. 1928,			Harrisburg. do.
13	GREENE COUNTY. J. W. Ray, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1926,			Waynesburg.
14	FAYETTE COUNTY. John Q. Van Swearingen, P. J., R., (Non-Part.) Edmund H. Reppert, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1928, do. do. 1926,			Uniontown. do.
15	CHESTER COUNTY. William Butler, Jr., P. J., R., (Non-Part.), J. Frank E. Hause, D., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1928, do. do. 1926,			West Chester. do.
16	SOMERSET COUNTY. Francis J. Kooser, P. J., R., -----	do. do. 1920,			Somerset.
17	UNION AND SNYDER COUNTIES. Albert W. Johnson, P. J., R., -----	do. do. 1922,			Lewisburg, Union County.
18	CLARION COUNTY. G. G. Sloan, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1924,			Clarion.
19	YORK COUNTY. Nevin M. Wanner, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), - N. Sargent Ross, R., -----	do. do. 1926, do. do. 1922,			York. do.
20	HUNTINGDON, BEDFORD AND MIFFLIN COUNTIES. Thomas F. Bailey, P. J., D., (Non-Part.),	do. do. 1926,			Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.
21	SCHUYLKILL COUNTY. Harry Oliver Bechtel, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), Richard Henry Koch, R., ----- Charles E. Berger, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1928, do. do. 1922, do. do. 1928,			Pottsville. do. do.
22	WAYNE COUNTY. Alonzo T. Searle, P. J., R., -----	do. do. 1922,			Honesdale.
23	BERKS COUNTY. Gustav A. Endlich, P. J., D., ----- George Washington Wagner, D., -----	do. do. 1920, do. do. 1920,			Reading. do.
24	BLAIR COUNTY. Thomas J. Baldrige, P. J., R., -----	do. do. 1922,			Hollidaysburg.
25	CLINTON, CAMERON AND ELK COUNTIES. Robert B. McCormick, P. J., D., (Non-Part.)	do. do. 1928,			Lock Haven, Clinton County.
26	COLUMBIA AND MONTGOMERY COUNTIES. John G. Harman, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), --	do. do. 1928,			Bloomsburg, Columbia County.
27	WASHINGTON COUNTY. John Add McIlvaine, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), James I. Brownson, R., -----	do. do. 1928, do. do. 1920,			Washington. do.
28	VENANGO COUNTY. George S. Criswell, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),--	do. do. 1926,			Franklin.
29	LYCOMING COUNTY. Harvey W. Whitehead, P. J., D., -----	do. do. 1922,			Williamsport.
30	CRAWFORD COUNTY. Thomas J. Prather, P. J., D., (Non-Part.),	do. do. 1928,			Meadville.

JUDGES OF THE COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS—Continued.

No. of district.	DISTRICTS AND JUDGES.	Date of Expiration of Commission.			Post Office.
31	LEHIGH COUNTY. Clinton A. Groman, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), (Vacancy.)	1st Mon. of Jan., 1924,			Allentown.
32	DELAWARE COUNTY. Isaac Johnson, P. J., R., ----- William B. Broomall, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do.	do. do.	1922, 1923,	Media. do.
33	ARMSTRONG COUNTY. J. W. King, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), -----	do.	do.	1924,	Kittanning.
34	SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY. Andrew B. Smith, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), --	do.	do.	1923,	Montrose.
35	MERCER COUNTY. James A. McLaughry, P. J., R., (Non-Part.)	do.	do.	1926,	Mercer.
36	BEAVER COUNTY. George A. Baldwin, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),	do.	do.	1926,	Beaver.
37	WARREN AND FOREST COUNTIES. W. D. Hinckley, P. J., R., -----	do.	do.	1922.	Warren, Warren County.
38	MONTGOMERY COUNTY. Aaron S. Swartz, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), -- John Faber Miller, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do.	do. do.	1923, 1926,	Norristown. do.
39	FRANKLIN COUNTY. W. Rush Gillan, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), ---	do.	do.	1926,	Chambersburg.
40	INDIANA COUNTY. J. N. Langham, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), ---	do.	do.	1926,	Indiana.
41	JUNIATA AND PERRY COUNTIES. Jeremiah N. Keller, P. J., D., -----	do.	do.	1920.	Mifflintown, Ju- niata County.
42	BRADFORD COUNTY. William Maxwell, P. J., R., -----	do.	do.	1922,	Towanda.
43	MONROE AND PIKE COUNTIES. Samuel E. Shull, P. J., D., -----	do.	do.	1920,	Stroudsburg, Mon- roe County.
44	WYOMING AND SULLIVAN COUNTIES. Charles E. Terry, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), --	do.	do.	1926,	Tunkhannock, Wy- oming County.
45	LACKAWANNA COUNTY. Henry M. Edward, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), -- Edward C. Newcomb, D., ----- James J. O'Neill, D., -----	do. do. do.	do. do. do.	1924, 1922, 1920.	Seranton. do. do.
46	CLEARFIELD COUNTY. Singleton Bell, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), -----	do.	do.	1924,	Clearfield.
47	CAMBERIA COUNTY. Marlin Bingham Stephens, P. J., R., ----- Francis J. O'Connor, D., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do.	do. do.	1922, 1924,	Ebensburg. do.
48	McKEAN COUNTY. Joseph W. Bouton, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), --	do.	do.	1924,	Smethport.
49	CENTRE COUNTY. Henry C. Quigley, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), --	do.	do.	1926,	Bellefonte.
50	BUTLER COUNTY. Aaron E. Reiber, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), ---	do.	do.	1924,	Butler.
51	ADAMS AND FULTON COUNTIES. Donald P. McPherson, P. J., R., (Non-Part.)	do.	do.	1926,	Gettysburg, Adams County.
52	LEBANON COUNTY. Charles V. Henry, P. J., R., -----	do.	do.	1922,	Lebanon.
53	LAWRENCE COUNTY. S. Plummer Emery, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),	do.	do.	1926,	New Castle.
54	JEFFERSON COUNTY. Charles Corbet, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), -----	do.	do.	1926,	Brookville.

JUDGES OF THE COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS—Concluded.

No. of district.	DISTRICTS AND JUDGES.	Date of Expiration of Commission.	Post Office.
55	POTTER COUNTY. Albert S. Heck, P. J., Prog., (Non-Part.),	1st Mon. of Jan., 1924,	Coudersport.
56	CARBON COUNTY. Laird H. Barber, P. J., D., (Non-Part.),	do. do. 1924,	Mauch Chunk.

JUDGES OF ORPHANS' COURTS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

DISTRICTS AND JUDGES.	Date of Expiration of Commission.	Post Office.
PHILADELPHIA.		
Joseph F. Lamorelle, P. J., R., (Non-Part.),	1st Mon. of Jan., 1928,	Philadelphia.
Edward A. Anderson, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1928,	do.
Charles Francis Gummey, R., -----	do. do. 1922,	do.
John M. Gest, R., -----	do. do. 1922,	do.
George Henderson, R., -----	do. do. 1920,	do.
BERKS COUNTY.		
Harry D. Schaeffer, P. J., D., (Non-Part.),	do. do. 1926,	Reading.
ALLEGHENY COUNTY.		
J. J. Miller, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1924,	Pittsburgh.
Thomas P. Trimble, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1924,	do.
H. Walton Mitchell, R., -----	do. do. 1920,	do.
LACKAWANNA COUNTY.		
M. F. Sando, P. J., D., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1924,	Scranton.
LANCASTER COUNTY.		
Eugene G. Smith, P. J., R., -----	do. do. 1922,	Lancaster.
LUZERNE COUNTY.		
Andrew M. Freas, P. J., D., -----	do. do. 1922,	Wilkes-Barre.
SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.		
MacHenry Wilhelm, P. J., R., -----	do. do. 1920,	Pottsville.
WESTMORELAND COUNTY.		
Charles D. Copeland, P. J., D., -----	do. do. 1922,	Greensburg.
MONTGOMERY COUNTY.		
William F. Solly, P. J., R., -----	do. do. 1922,	Norristown.
FAYETTE COUNTY.		
James C. Work, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1928,	Uniontown.
CAMBRIA COUNTY.		
Samuel Lemon Reed, P. J., R., -----	do. do. 1920,	Ebensburg.
WASHINGTON COUNTY.		
(Vacancy.)		

JUDGES OF MUNICIPAL COURT OF PHILADELPHIA.

JUDGES.	Date of Expiration of Commission.	Post Office.
Charles L. Brown, P. J., R., (Non-Part.), --	1st Mon. of Jan., 1924,	Philadelphia.
James E. Gorman, D., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1924,	do.
Eugene C. Bonniwell, D., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1924,	do.
Utley E. Crane, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1924,	do.
William Gray Knowles, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1924,	do.
H. Gilbert Cassidy, D., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1924,	do.
Raymond MacNeille, R., (Non-Part.), -----	do. do. 1926,	do.
Charles E. Bartlett, R., -----	do. do. 1920,	do.
Thomas F. McNichol, R., -----	do. do. 1920,	do.

JUDGES OF COUNTY COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

JUDGES.	Date of Expiration of Commission.	Post Office.
Richard A. Kennedy, P. J., R., -----	1st Mon. of Jan., 1922,	Pittsburgh.
Charles F. McKenna, R., -----	do. do. 1922,	do.
David M. Miller, R., -----	do. do. 1922,	do.
James Byron Drew, R., -----	do. do. 1922,	do.
Thomas C. Jones, R., -----	do. do. 1920,	do.

TIMES FOR HOLDING COURTS IN THE COUNTIES OF PENNSYLVANIA—1919-1920.

ADAMS COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth Monday of January, April and August, and second Monday of November.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of January and March; third Monday of May, June, September and October; first Monday of December.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—First and fourth Mondays of January; first Friday of February; fourth Monday and fourth Friday of April; third Monday of June; fourth Monday of August; third Monday of October; second Monday and third Friday of November.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourteen Judges—four terms of court; January, April, July and October.

QUARTER SESSIONS—January, February, March, May, June, September, October, November, and December.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of each month except July and August.

ORPHANS' COURT—Three Judges—ten terms of court; January, February, March, April, May, June, September, October, November and December.

RETURN DAYS—The first Monday of each month is return day for Summons cases—Executions the first Monday of each month, except August and September. September is on the second Monday. No return day in August.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—First and second weeks of March, June, September and December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Third week of March, June, September and December.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of February, May, August and November.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each month.

MOTION DAYS—Monday and Wednesday afternoons of each week of court.

BEAVER COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of January, two weeks; fourth Monday of April, two weeks; third Monday of October, two weeks; third Monday of November, one week.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Second Monday of March, June, September, and December.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Thursday of January; first Tuesday of February, March, April, May, June, July and August; second Tuesday of September; first Tuesday of October; first Wednesday of November; first Tuesday of December.

ORPHANS' COURT—First Wednesday of February and May; second Wednesday of August; first Wednesday of November.

EQUITY COURT—First Thursday of March; first Wednesday of June; second Wednesday of September; first Wednesday of December.

NATURALIZATION COURT—First Monday of February; first Tuesday of September.

RETURN DAYS—Second Monday of January and February; first Monday of March; second Monday of April and May; first Monday of June; second Monday of July, August, September, October and November; first Monday of December.

BEDFORD COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of January and April; first Monday of September; second Monday of November.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Third Monday of January and April; first Monday of September; second Monday of November.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Wednesday after the fourth Monday of February and May; first Wednesday after the third Monday of October; first Tuesday after the third Monday of December.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as other courts.

RETURN DAYS—First, second, third and fourth Monday of intermediate months.

NATURALIZATION COURT—Tuesday of November term.

BERKS COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second and third Monday of January; second Monday of February, March, April, May, June, August, September, October, November and December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Third Monday of March; second Monday of June, September and December, and if necessary upon special order of court, on the third Monday of June and December, or such other times as may be appointed.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Friday of January; second Friday of February and March; first Friday of April and May; second Friday of June; first Friday of September and October; second Friday of November; first Friday of December.

ORPHANS' COURT—First Monday of each month, excepting July, and for current business every Saturday, excepting during the months of July and August.

EQUITY COURT—Second Monday of February; last Monday of May and August, and second Monday of November.

RETURN DAYS—Second Monday of each month, excepting July.

NATURALIZATION COURT—Fourth Saturday of February; third Saturday of April; fourth Saturday of June, September and December.

BLAIR COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of January and March; third Monday of June; first Monday of October—Criminal court to continue until fourth Monday of January if necessary. Civil causes to begin fourth Monday of January and continue two weeks.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Second Monday of January and March; third Monday of June; first Monday of October.

ARGUMENT COURT—Second Monday of February; first Monday of May; fourth Monday of August and November.

ORPHANS' COURT—Second Monday of January and March; third Monday of June; first Monday of October.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each month, first day of each term, and the day next preceding the last day of the term.

Special week of civil causes begins on the third Monday of May. Equity courts begin on the second Monday of May and first Monday of December.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

1919.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday of February, May, September and December. At Troy, fourth Monday of March and October.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of February, May, September and December. Grand Jury meets third Monday of January, April, August and November.

ARGUMENT COURT—Third Monday of January, April, August and November.

ORPHANS' COURT—First Monday of February, May, September and December.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each regular term and second Monday of each intermediate month and the next day preceding the last day of each regular term. Constables make their returns the third Monday of January, April, August and November.

1920.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday of February, May, September and December. At Troy, fourth Monday of March and October.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of February, May, September and December. Grand Jury meets third Monday of January and April, and the fourth Monday of August and November.

ARGUMENT COURT—Third Monday of January and April, and the fourth Monday of August and November.

ORPHANS' COURT—First Monday of February, May, September and December.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each regular term and second Monday of each intermediate month and the next day preceding the last day of each regular term. Constables make their returns the third Monday of January and April and the fourth Monday of August and November.

BUCKS COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of January, April and October.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Second Monday of March; first Monday of June; second Monday of September and December.

ARGUMENT COURT—Third Monday of February, May and June; second Monday of November.

ORPHANS' COURT—Every day during regular term.

NATURALIZATION—First Monday of February and second Monday of July.

RETURN DAYS—Third Monday of January and February; second Monday of March; third Monday of April and May; first Monday of June; second Monday of July; first Monday of August; second Monday of September; third Monday of October; second Monday of November and December.

BUTLER COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—No set time, but such time as the court may appoint to try the cases that may be at issue.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of March, June, September and December.

ARGUMENT COURT—First and fourth week of quarter sessions terms, and other times court may direct.

ORPHANS' COURT—Time appointed by court.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of March, June, September and December; second Monday of any intermediate month; and Friday of the second week of the term months of March, June, September and December.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday of March, June, September, and December.
 QUARTER SESSIONS AND OYER AND TERMINER—Second Monday of March, June, September and December.
 ARGUMENT COURT—Whenever fixed by the Court.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Hearings whenever fixed by the Court.
 RETURN DAYS—For summons, first day of each term, first Monday of each month, any Friday in term, excepting summons in partition, which is made returnable first day of term. For scire facias, first day of each term, second Monday of each intermediate month. For motions and petitions, first Tuesday in every month, except July.

CAMERON COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of January, April, July and October.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.
 ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of each month.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.
 RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each regular term and fourth Monday of every intermediate month except August.

CARBON COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth Monday of January, April and October, each, one week; third Monday of June.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—Second Monday of January, April, June and October.
 ARGUMENT COURT—At discretion of court.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Same as Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions.
 RETURN DAYS—Second Monday of every month.

CENTRE COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth Monday of February; third Monday of May; fourth Monday of September and second Monday of December.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.
 ARGUMENT COURT—Second Tuesday of January and April; third Tuesday of June and November.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.
 RETURN DAYS—At regular term days and first Monday of each month.

CHESTER COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of February and May; third Monday of October.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—Last Monday of January, April and August, and first Monday of October.
 ARGUMENT COURT—Second Monday of March, June and September, and first Monday of December.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Last Monday of January, April and August; first Monday of October; second Monday of March, June and September; first Monday of December.
 EQUITY COURT—Third Monday of March, June and September; second Monday of December.
 RETURN DAYS—Each original writ has its own return day under a special act of Assembly, approved April 5, 1862. Executions are returnable on the last day of the term, to wit: Last Monday of January, April and August and first Monday of October.
 NATURALIZATION COURT—Fourth Monday of March, June and September; third Monday of December.

CLARION COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday following the fourth Monday of February, May and August; second Monday of December.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—Fourth Monday of February, May and August; first Monday of December.
 ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday following the fourth Monday of February and August, second Monday following fourth Monday of May and second Monday following the first Monday of December.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Same as quarter sessions.
 RETURN DAYS—Each Monday and Friday of the regular term of Court, and the second, third or fourth Monday of any intermediate month.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of February, May, September and December.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of February, May, September and December.
 ARGUMENT COURT—Second Monday of January, March, June and October.
 EQUITY COURT—Second Wednesday of January, March, June and October.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Any time during regular term.
 NATURALIZATION COURT—Third Monday of January and third Friday of June.
 RETURN DAYS—Regular term and first Monday of intervening months.

CLINTON COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of January, April, July and October.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.
 ARGUMENT COURT—First Wednesday after the first Monday of each month.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.
 NATURALIZATION COURT—First Wednesday after the first Monday of June and December.
 RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each regular term and fourth Monday of every intermediate month, except August.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday of February and May; third Monday of September; first Monday of December.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.
 ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of January; third Monday of March; first Monday of April; second Monday of June; first Monday of September and November.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.
 RETURN DAYS—First Monday and second Friday of each term; fourth Monday of each intermediate month.

*CRAWFORD COUNTY.

1919.

COMMON PLEAS—Third and fourth Mondays of January; fourth Monday of March; second and fourth Mondays of October; second Monday of December.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—Second and third Mondays of February, May, September and November.
 ARGUMENT COURT—Civil List—Fourth Monday of February, May, September and November.
 EQUITY TRIAL LIST—First Monday of April and November.
 NATURALIZATION COURT—Fourth Monday of May and November.
 RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each month; second Monday of February, May, September and November and Fridays of each regular term.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of February, May, October and December.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of February, May, October and December.
 ARGUMENT COURT—Second Tuesday of January; first Tuesday of March; second Tuesday of April; third Tuesday of May and June; second Tuesday of September; third Tuesday of October and November.
 ORPHANS' COURT—First Tuesday of March; fourth Tuesday of April; third Tuesday of June; fourth Tuesday of September and November.
 RETURN DAYS—First Monday of every month.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of January; second and fourth Mondays of February; second Monday of April; first and second Mondays of May; first Monday of October; third Monday of November.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—Second Monday of January; third Monday of March; second Monday of June; fourth Monday of September.
 ARGUMENT COURT—Fourth Tuesday of January; third Monday of February; fourth Tuesday of March, April, May and June; second Tuesday of July and October; fourth Tuesday of November and December.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Fourth Tuesday of January, March and June; second Tuesday of October.
 RETURN DAYS—Quarterly—Second Monday of January; third Monday of March; second Monday of June; fourth Monday of September. Monthly—Fourth Monday of January, February, March, April, May, June, August, September, October, November and December.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of March and December; second Monday of October.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of March, June and December; third Monday of September.
 ARGUMENT COURT—Fourth Monday of February; second Monday of April and October; third Monday of November.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Same as other courts.
 RETURN DAYS—For executions—Fourth Monday of each month and first Monday of each regular term. For commencement of actions—Second, third and fourth Monday of each month, and first Monday of regular terms.

ELK COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday of January, April, July and October.
 QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.
 ARGUMENT COURT—First Tuesday after first Monday of each month, except months in which regular terms of court are held.
 ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.
 RETURN DAYS—Fourth Monday of each month except August and the months in which regular terms are held.

*Times for holding courts in 1920 not fixed at time of going to press.

ERIE COUNTY.

1919-1920.

REGULAR TERMS OF COURT—Second Monday of February, May, September and November, each, two weeks.

ADJOURNED COURTS—For the trial of civil cases: Second Monday of January, first Monday of March, June, October and December, respectively, to continue two weeks each.

ADJOURNED COURTS—For hearing arguments and for the trial of equity cases: Last Monday of January, February, March, May, June, September, October and November, respectively, to continue until the lists are disposed of.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday of March, June, September and December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—Time of holding set by judge.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of March, June, September and December; first, second, third and fourth Mondays of all other months.

FOREST COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth Monday of February and May; third Monday of September and November.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—Fourth Thursday of June; third Tuesday of December.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each month except months of regular term.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of February; first Monday of May; second Monday of October and December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of February; fourth Monday of April; first Monday of October and December.

ARGUMENT COURT—Fourth Tuesday of February, April, August and October.

ORPHANS' COURT—Fourth Tuesday of January, March and May; third Tuesday of June; fourth Tuesday of September.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday in each month; fourth Monday of April and fourth Tuesday of August; each regular term is a return day for return of sheriff sales of real estate, as well as Saturday of the first week of the term.

FULTON COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Tuesday following the second Monday of January; third Monday of March; Tuesday following the second Monday of June, and the first Monday of October.

QUARTER SESSIONS, ARGUMENT AND ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—The first day of each term and first Monday of each month.

GREENE COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of March, June, September and December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of March, June, September and December.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of each intermediate month.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as quarter sessions.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each term or first, second, third and fourth Monday of each intermediate month.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday of February and December; second Monday of May; third Monday of September.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Thursday after the first Monday of January; first Monday of March; fourth Monday of June, and third Monday of October.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

NATURALIZATION COURT—First Monday of June.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of every month, first Monday of each term and last Friday of each term.

INDIANA COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth week of March, June, September and December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First week of March, June, September and December. Grand Jury meets first week; trial court the second week.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of February; second Monday of May; fourth Monday of August and first Monday of November.

ORPHANS' COURT—First Monday of March, June, September and December.

NATURALIZATION COURT—First Wednesday of March, July and December.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each month.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth Monday of January, April, August and November.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Second Monday of January, April, August and November.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of March; third Monday of May, September and December; also at special times fixed by court.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—Second Monday of each month.

JUNIATA COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of February; fourth Monday of April; first Monday of September and December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—Fourth Tuesday of February; second Tuesday of June; third Tuesday after the first Monday of September and December.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as argument court.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each month and first Monday of each regular term.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of January, three weeks; third Monday of March, last Monday of April, first Monday of June, fourth Monday of September, first Monday of November, each, two weeks.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Fourth Monday of January, fifth Monday of March, second Monday of May, first Monday of October, third Monday of November, each, two weeks.

ARGUMENT COURT—Second Monday of February and April; fourth Monday of May; third Monday of October; first Monday of December, each, one week.

EQUITY COURT—First Monday of January; second Monday of March; third Monday of April and September; fourth Monday of October, each, one week.

ORPHANS' COURT—Second Monday of January; third Monday of March; fourth Monday of April; first Monday of June; fourth Monday of September; first Monday of November, each, two weeks.

RETURN DAYS—Last Saturday in each calendar month, except in July and August, when not otherwise provided by Act of Assembly, Orphans' Court or special order.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth and fifth Monday of January; second Monday of March; fourth Monday of April; first Monday of May; fourth Monday of September; second and third Monday of October; fourth Monday of November; first Monday of December; one week, each.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Third Monday of January and April; second Monday of September; third Monday of November; one week, each.

ARGUMENT COURT—Third Monday of March, June, September and December; one week, each; also at such other times as may be ordered by the court.

EQUITY COURT—First Monday of March and October: one week, each. All cases to be put at issue for jury trial must be placed on the issue list at least thirty days before the week of trial.

ORPHANS' COURT—Third Monday of January, February, March, April, May, June, August, September, October, November and December.

NATURALIZATION COURT—Saturday preceding the first Monday of March and October.

RETURN DAYS—The third Monday of the months of January, February, March, April, May, June, August, September, October, November and December.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—No regular terms for trial of civil causes. Court fixes them when necessary.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of March, June, September and December, lasting two weeks or more.

ARGUMENT COURT—First week of March, June, September and December.

NATURALIZATION COURT—First Thursday of June and December.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each month.

LEBANON COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of January, March and November, first Monday of May and October; second Monday of November; each term continuing one week.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of March and June; third Monday of September; second Monday of December; each term continuing one week.

ARGUMENT COURT—Fourth Monday of January, February, March, April, May, June, September, October, November and the third Monday of December.

ORPHANS' COURT—On all court days.

NATURALIZATION COURT—Fourth Monday of January.

RETURN DAYS—Third Monday of January, February, April, May, July, September, October and November; first Monday of March and June; second Monday of December; no return day in August.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third and fourth Mondays of January; fourth Monday of April; first Monday of May; third and fourth Mondays of October; first Monday of November.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of January; second Monday of April; fourth Monday of June; first Monday of October.

ARGUMENT COURT—Third Mondays of May and December.

ORPHANS' COURT—Third Wednesdays of May and December.

NATURALIZATION COURT—First Wednesday after third Monday of June; third Monday of December.

RETURN DAYS—All writs issued for the commencement of actions may be made returnable on the first day of next term, or the first Monday of any intermediate month, at the election of the parties suing out the writ, provided the same is issued ten days before the return day.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second, third and fourth Monday of January and March; first, second, third and fourth Monday of May; last Monday of June and September; first, second and third Monday of October and December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First, second and third Monday of January; last Monday of March; first Monday of April; first, second and third Monday of June; second, third and fourth Monday of September; second and third Monday of November.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of February; last Monday of March and May; first Monday of August; last Monday of September; second Monday of December.

EQUITY COURT—Fourth Monday of January and March; third Monday of May; fourth Monday of July and September; first Monday of December.

ORPHANS' COURT—Second and third Monday of January; third Monday of February; fourth Monday of March; first Monday of May; fourth Monday of June; first Tuesday of September; third Monday of October; first Monday of December.

NATURALIZATION COURT—First Monday of January and March; fourth Monday of April and June; first Tuesday of September; fourth Monday of November.

RETURN DAYS—Second Monday of January and March; first Monday of May; last Monday of June; second and last Monday of September; first Monday of December.

*LYCOMING COUNTY.

1919.

COMMON PLEAS—Third and Fourth Monday of March; second Monday of June; third and fourth Monday of October.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of March and June; second Monday of September; first Monday of December.

ARGUMENT COURT—Second Monday of January; first Monday of May and October; third Monday of November.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as argument court.

NATURALIZATION COURT—Fourth Monday of February; third Tuesday of June.

EQUITY COURT—Third Monday of January; second Monday of May and October.

RETURN DAYS—Fourth Monday of each month, except August, and the first Monday of the regular terms.

*McKEAN COUNTY.

1919.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of April; second Monday of September.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Fourth Monday of February; first Monday of June and October; second Monday of December.

ARGUMENT COURT—Second Tuesday of January; third Thursday of May; first Thursday of September; third Tuesday of October.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as other courts.

NATURALIZATION COURT—Third Monday of May.

RETURN DAYS—All writs issued for the commencement of actions may, at the election of the party issuing the same, be made returnable on the first day of the next term or on the fourth Monday of any intermediate month.

MERCER COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of February, March, May, November; second Monday of December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Third Monday of January, April, June and October.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of each month and on the first Monday of first week of regular terms.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as argument court.

NATURALIZATION COURT—First Tuesday of May; last Monday of September.

RETURN DAYS—Third Monday of January, April, June and October.

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of January; first Monday of May; last Monday of August and October.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—Fourth Monday of February; first Thursday after the first Monday of June, second Monday of October and third Monday of December.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—Each regular term of common pleas, and the fourth Monday of each intervening month.

MONROE COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of February; fourth Monday of September, and second Monday of May and December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of every month.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—Second Monday of January, March, April, June, July, August, October and November.

*Times for holding courts in 1920 not fixed at time of going to press.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

1919.

COMMON PLEAS—February 24; March 3; April 28; September 22, 29; November 24.

QUARTER SESSIONS—February 10; April 14; June 9; September 8; November 10.

ARGUMENT COURT—January 13; March 10; May 12; October 13; December 8.

ORPHANS' COURT—Weeks beginning February 10, 24; March 3; April 14, 28; June 9; Sept. 8, 22, 29; November 10, 24; and the following days: January 2, 3, 6, 8, 10, 17, 20, 22, 24, 27, 29, 31; February 3, 5, 7, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28; March 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 17, 19, 21, 24, 26, 28, 31; April 2, 4, 7, 9, 11, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 29, 30; May 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 12, 14, 16, 19, 21, 23, 26, 28, 31; June 2, 4, 6, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 18, 20, 23, 25, 27, 30; July 1; August 1; September 3, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 17, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 30; October 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 13, 15, 17, 20, 22, 24, 27, 29, 31; November 3, 5, 7, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 21, 25, 26, 28, 29; December 1, 3, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 17, 19, 22, 24, 26, 29, 31.

RETURN DAYS—January 13; February 10; March 7, 10; April 14; May 2, 12; June 9, 27; September 8; October 3, 13; November 10, 28; December 8.

1920.

COMMON PLEAS—February 23, March 1, April 26, September 27, October 4, November 22.

QUARTER SESSIONS—February 9, April 12, June 14, September 13, November 8.

ARGUMENT COURT—January 12, March 8, May 10, October 11, December 13.

ORPHANS' COURT—During the regular terms of Court of Common Pleas; and also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each and every week except during July and August, July first and August first.

Return Days—January 12, February 9, March 8, April 12, May 10, June 14, September 13, October 11, November 8, December 13.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth Monday of February and May; first Monday of October; third Monday of December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—Last Saturday of January, March, April and June; second Saturday of September and November.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as Common Pleas.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday or second Friday of next term, or fourth Monday of any intermediate month.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second and third Monday of January; third Monday of April; second and third Monday of May; second Monday of October; and third Monday of November.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Second Monday of February, April, June, September and December.

ARGUMENT COURT—Every Monday after the second Monday of September and before the second Monday of July following, when the court is not otherwise engaged in jury trials and equity cases.

ORPHANS' COURT—Second Monday of every month except August.

EQUITY COURT—Fourth Monday of March; second Monday of November.

REGULAR COURT—Second Monday of February, April, June, July, September, November and December.

ADDITIONAL COURTS—Are held on the second Monday of January, May and October.

NATURALIZATION COURT—First Monday of May and December.

RETURN DAYS—All writs for the commencement of actions, and all writs of scire facias are returnable on the first Monday of the next term, or on the second Monday of any intermediate month.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday of January; fourth Monday of March; first Monday of June; first Monday of October.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of February; third Monday of May; fourth Monday of September; first Monday of December.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of March; third Monday of June; second Monday of September; first Monday of November.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as Quarter Sessions.

RETURN DAYS—Regular—First day of each session of quarter sessions. Interlocutory—Second Monday of each month.

PERRY COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of January; second Monday of April; first Monday of August; third Monday of November.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Tuesday of March and June; second Tuesday of September and December.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as argument court.

EQUITY COURT—First Wednesday of March and June; third Wednesday of September and December.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each term and first Monday of each month.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

1919-1920.

Courts of Common Pleas Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 (Five courts, three judges in each court and two court rooms for each court).

COMMON PLEAS—Courts are in session daily during the whole year excepting from second week in July to third Monday of September.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Nos. 1, 2 and 3. Term begins first Monday of each month.

ORPHANS' COURT—Five judges, four rooms, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4: Terms begin first Monday of January, April, July and October. The audit list held first two weeks of each month, except August and September. The argument lists held third week of each month, except July, August and September. The motion list every Saturday, except August and September.

JURY TRIALS—Held in two rooms of each court at same time, averaging twenty-one weeks in each room during each of the terms of March, September and December.

ARGUMENT AND MOTION DAYS—In the courts of common pleas the entire June term is devoted to arguments and motions. Every Monday is a motion day and days are appointed for the several argument lists.

RETURN DAYS—Common Pleas—First Monday of each month and third Monday of September; also weekly return days, first, second, third and fourth Mondays of each month, except for scire facias and summons ground rent, which is first and third Mondays of each month.

PIKE COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of February, May, September and December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as Common Pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—Same as Common Pleas.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as Common Pleas.

RETURN DAYS—Third Monday of each month.

POTTER COUNTY.

1919.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday of March; second Monday of June and September; third Monday of December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—Second Thursday of February; third Thursday of March and May; fifth Thursday of August; second Thursday of November.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

NATURALIZATION COURT—At the August argument term, and at no other time.

RETURN DAYS—First day of the next term or the fourth Monday of any intermediate month.

1920.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday of March, second Monday of June and September, third Monday of December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as Common Pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—Second Thursday of February, third Thursday of March and May, fourth Thursday of August, first Thursday of November.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as Common Pleas.

NATURALIZATION COURT—At the August argument term, and at no other time.

RETURN DAYS—First day of the next term or the fourth Monday of any intermediate month.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of January, March and May; fourth Monday of September and November, two weeks, each term.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of January, March and May; third Monday of June; second Monday of September and November; two weeks, each term.

ARGUMENT COURT—Every Monday (except during vacation).

ORPHANS' COURT—First Monday of January, March, May, July and second Monday of September and November.

NATURALIZATION COURT—Second Monday of June and December.

RETURN DAYS—First return day, first Monday of January, March, May, July; second Monday of September and November, respectively. Second return day, next day preceding the last day of each term aforesaid.

SNYDER COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth Monday of February; first Monday of June and October; second Monday of December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—No regular time fixed by court.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—Monday of each term and fourth Monday of each intermediate month.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of January, March and October.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of February, May, September and December.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday of each month.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as Common Pleas.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of February, May, September and December; second, third and fourth Monday of intermediate months.

SULLIVAN COUNTY.
1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth Monday of March, second Monday of June, first Monday of September, third Monday of November.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—Same as common pleas.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—First day of each term.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.
1919.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth Monday of January; third Monday of April, August and November. **QUARTER SESSIONS**—Fourth Monday of January, and second Monday of April, August and November.

ARGUMENT COURT—Last Monday of March, July and October, and second Monday of January; also the first Monday of each month.

ORPHANS' COURT—Fourth Monday of January; second Monday of April, August and November.

RETURN DAYS—Fourth Monday of January; second Monday of April, August and November.

1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth Monday of January, third Monday of April, August and November. **QUARTER SESSIONS**—Fourth Monday of January and second Monday of April, August and November.

ARGUMENT COURT—Last Monday of March, July and October, and second Monday of January; also the first Monday of each month.

ORPHANS' COURT—During entire term of both common pleas, quarter sessions and over and terminer as above.

RETURN DAYS—Fourth Monday of January; second Monday of April, August and November; also the first Monday of all other months and Friday preceding the last day of each term.

TIOGA COUNTY.
1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Fourth Monday of January, May, September and November.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—The week following each term of court; also first Monday of January, March, April, May, July, September, November and December.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—Fourth Monday of any intermediate month except the month of July.

UNION COUNTY.
1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of January and March; third Monday of May and September.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—No regular time. The days are fixed from time to time to suit the convenience of the court and attorneys.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of every month and on Monday and Friday of each regular term of court.

VENANGO COUNTY.
1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of January; first Monday of March and April; second Monday of May; first Monday of December.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Fourth Monday of January, April and August; third Monday of November.

ARGUMENT COURT—Second Monday of February; first Monday of June; second Monday of September and December.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

DIVORCE COURT—Second Tuesday of February; fourth Monday of May; third Monday of September; second Monday of December.

NATURALIZATION COURT—Third Monday of March; second Monday of September.

RETURN DAYS—First and fourth Mondays of January, April and August; first and third Mondays of November; first, second, third and fourth Mondays of all other months.

***WARREN COUNTY.**
1919.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of February; second Monday of June; fourth Monday of October.

QUARTER SESSIONS—First Monday of March, June, September and December.

ARGUMENT COURT—Second Monday of January; third Monday of February; first Monday of March; second Monday of April; third Monday of May; fourth Monday of June; second Monday of September; fourth Monday of October and November; third Monday of December.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

NATURALIZATION COURT—Third Tuesday of March; second Tuesday of September.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each month.

*Times for holding courts in 1920 not fixed at time of going to press.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Second Monday of February and May; third Monday of August; second Monday of November.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Tuesday of January and April; third Tuesday of June and September.

EQUITY COURT—Second Tuesday of January and April; fourth Tuesday of June and September, each continuing for one week.

JURY TRIALS—The first six weeks of the February, May and November terms, and the first two weeks of the August term.

NATURALIZATION COURT—Third Monday of January and April; last Monday of June and first Monday of October.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of each month.

MOTION AND RULE DAYS—Every Monday during the year except the six Mondays immediately preceding the third Monday of August.

WAYNE COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of January; second Monday of March; third Monday of June; fourth Monday of October.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—Second Monday of each month except regular term months.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as common pleas.

RETURN DAYS—Second Monday of each month except when courts are held at regular terms.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—First Monday of February; second Monday of May, each five weeks; last Monday of August, two weeks; second Monday of November, five weeks. Time may be enlarged by order of court as the state of business may require.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT COURT—First Monday after close of regular term.

ORPHANS' COURT—Stated sessions of Audit Court begin on the first Thursday of each month and continue until list is heard; Argument Court is held on the first Saturday of each month; general return days for returns to orders of sale, inquisitions in partition, et cetera, are fixed for the second Saturday preceding the first Saturday of each month; motions of a general nature heard at all sessions.

RETURN DAYS—First day of every term, and first, second, third and fourth Mondays of every month; of orphans' court, the first Saturday of each term of common pleas.

WYOMING COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of January, two weeks; second Monday of April, two weeks; third Monday of June, one week; first Monday of October, two weeks.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Same as common pleas.

ARGUMENT AND EQUITY COURT—Third Monday of May; first Monday of August; second Monday of November.

ORPHANS' COURT—Same as other courts.

RETURN DAYS—First day of each term and the Friday before the last day of each term.

YORK COUNTY.

1919-1920.

COMMON PLEAS—Third Monday of January; first Monday of February and March; third Monday of September; second Monday of October; third Monday of November and December; each, one week.

QUARTER SESSIONS AND OYER AND TERMINER—First Monday of January, two weeks; third Monday of April, one week; fourth Monday of August, two weeks; fourth Monday of October, one week.

ARGUMENT COURT—Second Monday of February; third Monday of March; second Monday of April; first Monday of June; fourth Monday of September; second Monday of December; each, one week.

EQUITY COURT—Third Monday of February; first Monday of May; third Monday of September and December; each, one week.

NATURALIZATION COURT—Second Monday of June.

RETURN DAYS—First Monday of February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October and December.

List of County Officers—1919.

(R., D., Pro., K., W., Prog., or I., following names, indicates politics.)

ADAMS COUNTY—GETTYSBURG.

Associate Judges—E. P. Miller, Pro.; W. Howard Dicks, D.
 Sheriff—Howard J. Hartman, R.
 Prothonotary—G. Harry Roth, R.
 Register and Recorder—Charles W. Gardner, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—William D. Sheely, D.
 Court Stenographer—Henry C. Demming.
 Treasurer—Brady M. Sefton, R.
 District Attorney—Raymond F. Topper, R.
 Commissioners—Harry B. Slagle, D.; Harry J. March, D.; Edward C. Keefer, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—G. Allen Yohe, D.
 Warden of Prison—John W. Hartman, R.
 Jury Commissioners—J. T. McIntire, D.; G. R. Haverstock, R.
 Poor Directors—Peter P. Eisenhart, D.; Clinton A. Rife, D.; M. A. L. Trostle, R.
 Auditors—Robert D. Myers, D.; George B. Auginbaugh, R.; A. J. Holtzworth, D.
 Surveyor—S. Miley Miller, D.
 Coroner—Albert Wooley, D.
 Solicitor—S. S. Neely, D.
 Road Viewers—Peter Kready, R.; Hanson W. Lihtner, R.; Charles W. Hikes, R.; S. Miley Miller, D.; Cicero W. Stoner, D.; Robert E. Wible, R.; M. J. Ehrhart, D.; R. P. Lupp, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Norman J. King, D.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. William Archibald McClean, Mrs. Donald P. McPherson, Mrs. William Rebert, Mrs. W. S. Adams, Mrs. William Himes, Jr., Mrs. Jacob R. Lischy, Mrs. Elmer Buckey.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—PITTSBURGH.

Sheriff—William S. Haddock, R.
 Prothonotary—William B. Kirker, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—William Conner, R.
 Recorder—John D. Graham, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—William R. Bailey, R.
 Court Stenographers—Edwin L. Allen, A. W. Bowman, Alex. Callow, E. J. Donnelly, C. T. Fulwood, C. F. Johnston, J. F. Loer, Frank E. Pelton, F. K. Martin, R. F. Abele, Karl E. Hirsch, L. E. Orr, Albert C. Hirsch, W. F. Berger, William H. McGary.
 Treasurer—Edward D. Frieberthausner, R.
 District Attorney—Harry H. Rowand, R.
 Assistant District Attorneys—Robert M. Gibson, R.; Homer N. Young, R.; Harry A. Estep, R.; J. E. Little, R.; A. B. Hay, R.; Samuel H. Gardner, R.; William E. Walsh, R.; George F. P. Langfitt, R.; John D. Meyer, R.; Herman E. Soffel, R.
 Commissioners—Addison C. Gumbert, R.; Frank J. Harris, R.; Gilbert F. Myer, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—W. S. McClatchey, R.
 Prison Inspectors—John D. Shafer, R.; Marshall Brown, R.; James R. MacFarlane, R.; Thomas J. Ford, R.; John C. Haymaker, R.; J. McF. Carpenter, R.; J. P. Moore, R.; A. C. Gumbert, R.; F. J. Harris, R.; G. F. Myer, D.; William S. Haddock, R.; E. V. Babcock, R.
 Warden of Prison—Edward Lewis, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Percy F. Smith, R.; P. F. Brennan, D.
 Poor Directors—A. P. Roderus, R.; Andrew S. Miller, R.; J. Clyde Miller, R.
 County Controller—John P. Moore, R.
 County Engineer—J. G. Chalfant, R.
 Coroner—Samuel C. Jamison, R.
 Solicitors—Beatty, Magee and Martin, R.
 Road Viewers—W. H. Graham, R.; R. M. Kopp, R.; William M. McJunkin, R.; W. W. Murray, R.; Henry Ochse, R.; Edwin E. Phillips, R.; Charles W. Reamer, R.; John G. Silveus, R.; E. Z. Smith, D.
 Sealers of Weights and Measures—G. B. Moore, R.; A. Fulton, R.; Thomas Howard, R.; W. D. Reese, R.; W. C. Hamilton, R.; Arthur C. Drum, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Miss Eleanor Hanson, Mrs. Marcus Spiro, Mrs. John W. Thomas, Mrs. William D. Phelan, Mrs. P. W. Morgan, Mrs. Edward Worcester, Miss Mary E. Bakewell.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY—KIT TANNING.

Sheriff—Charles V. Dinger, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—I. T. Campbell, R.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—W. E. McGarvey, R.
 Court Stenographer—J. D. Daugherty.
 Treasurer—W. C. McGregor, R.
 District Attorney—Clarence O. Morris, R.
 Commissioners—W. H. Jack, R.; C. H. Truby, R.; Will Heckman, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—F. M. McIlwain, R.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—H. G. Shafer, R.; D. P. Davis, D.
 Auditors—J. O. Reddinger, R.; J. C. Moore, R.; Joseph Blair, D.
 Surveyor—Wade H. Mast, R.
 Coroner—H. B. Stone, R.
 Solicitor—S. H. McCain, R.
 Road Viewers—E. E. Lawson, D.; W. G. Aye, D.; O. S. Marshall, D.; A. R. Orr, D.; A. M. Hindman, D.; J. Frank. Stoops, R.; Joseph S. Snyder, R.; A. M. Mateer, D.; Martin L. Schreckengost, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—W. J. Dixon, R.

BEAVER COUNTY—BEAVER.

Sheriff—James P. Bryan, D.
 Prothonotary—J. C. McCandless, R.
 Register and Recorder—George W. Sweney, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—Will H. Hamilton, R.
 Court Stenographer—Elmer Lyons.
 Treasurer—Garrett T. Bentle, R.
 District Attorney—Louis E. Graham, R.
 Commissioners—E. L. Johnson, R.; J. O. Brown, R.; Fred O. Javens, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—John H. Greer, Jr., R.
 Prison Inspectors—The President Judge, the County Commissioners and the Sheriff.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—J. T. Mecklem, R.; D. C. Braden, I.
 Poor Directors—The County Commissioners.
 Auditors—John W. Reed, R.; D. A. Moore, R.; B. Frank Kidd, D.
 Surveyor—Michael Baker, R.
 Coroner—John M. Jackson, R.
 Solicitors—Charles H. Stone, R.; John A. Elliott, R.
 Road Viewers—R. W. Darragh, R.; C. R. Eckert, D.; H. S. McGoun, R.; George W. Carey, R.;
 D. W. Denton, R.; W. A. Freed, D.; T. J. Bell, R.; Hugh Leeper, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—C. T. McKain, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Edna B. McClure, Mrs. Charlotte S. Noss, Mrs. Amelia
 A. Solomon, Mrs. Nellie G. MacConnell, Mrs. Mary E. Eckles, Mrs. Jeannette N. Allen, Mrs.
 Clara E. Manning.

BEDFORD COUNTY—BEDFORD.

Associate Judges—Anthony Sammel, W.; S. Albert Cessna, R.
 Sheriff—Andrew Dodson, R.
 Prothonotary, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—Charles R. Mock, R.
 Register and Recorder—William B. Mock, R.
 Court Stenographer—William H. Faries.
 Treasurer—Charles L. Longenecker, R.
 District Attorney—Harry C. James, R.
 Commissioners—Thomas C. Bradley, R.; Nevin Diehl, D.; Albert R. Layton, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—George R. Shuck, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Josiah Hissong, R.; George C. Eicholtz, D.
 Poor Directors—Samuel S. Baker, R.; George Hillegass, R.; Samuel Campbell, R.
 Auditors—W. Scott Snyder, R.; F. P. Barton, D.; Ralph Hoover, R.
 Surveyor—(Vacancy.)
 Coroner—J. G. Hanks, R.
 Solicitor—John N. Minnich, R.
 Road Viewers—Emory D. Claar, D.; Howard Cessna, W.; Lewis W. Pittman, R.; Samuel B.
 Fluke, W.; Barton Jay, D.; David W. Prosser, W.; J. S. Martin, D.; W. S. Madore, W.;
 Daniel H. Shuss, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Ira M. Long, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. L. B. Shaw, Miss L. D. Shuck, Mrs. A. C. Blackburn, Mrs.
 E. L. Smith, Mrs. H. Frank Gump, Jr., Mrs. Frank Wisegarver.

BERKS COUNTY—READING.

Sheriff—James J. Merkel, D.
 Prothonotary—William G. Hintz, D.
 Register—James W. Wertz, D.
 Recorder—Jacob R. Meck, D.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—William M. Dunkelberger, D.
 Clerk of Orphans' Court—George G. Baker, D.
 Court Stenographers—J. Newton Rhoads, H. L. Christ, Harry S. Craumer.
 Treasurer—Erwin C. Gery, D.
 District Attorney—Wilson S. Rothermel, D.
 Assistant District Attorneys—David F. Mauger, D.; Paul N. Schaeffer, D.
 Commissioners—Harry Matthews, D.; J. Calvin Herbine, D.; Daniel G. Gabel, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Ralph G. Matthews, D.
 Prison Inspectors—Daniel C. Brumbach, D.; Edgar H. Bush, D.; J. Clinton Bach, D.; John H.
 Blindine, R.; W. Daniel Cleaver, R.; Howard W. Dippery, R.
 Warden of Prison—Daniel B. Hill, D.
 Jury Commissioners—M. D. Anthony, D.; Walter K. Coleman, R.
 Poor Directors—Horace D. Rothermel, D.; George Focht, D.; Edwin B. Stoudt, D.
 County Controller—Cyrus J. Rhode, D.
 Surveyor—Monroe Driebelbis, D.
 Coroner—Seymour T. Schmehl, D.
 Solicitor—Ira G. Kutz, D.
 Road Viewers—Daniel D. Fisher, D.; Daniel K. Flannery, D.; James H. High, R.; Morgan M.
 Kalbach, D.; E. J. Morris, D.; Edwin G. Ruth, D.; William A. Schall, D.; George W. Weida,
 D.; W. M. Zechman, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—James W. Krick, D.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Isaac Hiester, Mrs. Daniel Ancona, Mrs. Charles C. Boyer,
 Mrs. Solon D. Bausher, Mrs. A. D. Nelson, Mrs. Frances E. Beard, Mrs. George Greenawalt,
 Investigator—Miss Blanche A. Zieber.

BLAIR COUNTY—HOLLIDAYSBURG.

Sheriff—William H. Orr, R.
 Prothonotary, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—Guy R. Lingafelt, R.
 Register and Recorder—George C. Irwin, R.
 Court Stenographer—J. Foster Meck.
 Treasurer—Daniel S. Brumbaugh, D.
 District Attorney—Marion D. Patterson, R.
 Commissioners—R. F. Bankert, R.; G. W. Selwitz, R.; Calvin Walter, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—C. H. Edwards, R.
 Prison Inspectors—W. H. Schwartz, R.; H. J. Cornman, R. (Vacancy.)
 Warden of Prison—John B. Riddle, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Martin L. McCartney, R.; Rudolph D. Stoltz, D.
 County Controller—T. William Tobias, R.
 Surveyor—J. Luden Henry, R.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

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Coroner—W. T. Blackburn, R.
Solicitor—J. Lee Plummer, R.
Road Viewers—S. I. Stoner, R.; W. B. Manley, R.; J. L. Henry, R.; J. B. Stahl, R.; T. T. Shirk, R.; Harvey J. Linton, R.
Sealer of Weights and Measures—George Cramer, R.
Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Maude Eberle Piper, Mrs. Genevieve A. Esterline, Mrs. Cordelia Selwitz, Miss Susan O. Taylor, Mrs. Drucilla Law, Mrs. Mary Ramsey Holliday, Mrs. Helen Graves Runkel Smith.

BRADFORD COUNTY—TOWANDA.

Sheriff—E. W. Wheeler, R.
Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Perry F. Estell, R.
Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Wilson F. Voorhis, R.
Court Stenographer—Joseph G. Pratt.
Treasurer—A. C. Blackwell, R.
District Attorney—David J. Fanning, R.
Commissioners—J. L. Ellsworth, R.; John A. Ruggles, R.; Charles A. Crandall, W.
Clerk to Commissioners—Fred R. Prince, R.
Warden of Prison—E. W. Wheeler, R.
Jury Commissioners—Daniel Hinchey, R.; Edward Watkins, (R.) Pro.
Poor Directors—J. L. Ellsworth, R.; John A. Ruggles, R.; Charles A. Crandall, W.
Auditors—D. H. Aird, R.; William A. Smith, R.; M. P. Brennan, D.
Surveyor—E. E. Bull, R.
Coroner—A. B. Lyon, R.
Solicitor—Rodney A. Mercur, R.
Road Viewers—Harold C. Carpenter, R.; William M. Kennedy, D.; Benjamin Kuykendall, R.; Clyde Anthony, R.; John W. Pomeroy, R.; Floyd I. Bradford, R.; Vine Crandall, R.; N. F. Walker, D.; J. W. Stone, R.
Sealer of Weights and Measures—Robert F. Adam, R.
Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. F. H. Hagerman; Mrs. L. T. McFadden, Mrs. Henry Van Dyne, Mrs. O. L. Haverly, Mrs. John C. Mather, Mrs. John W. Coddington, Mrs. E. D. Lewis.

BUCKS COUNTY—DOYLESTOWN.

Sheriff—Charles H. Gantz, R.
Prothonotary—Ulysses G. Loux, R.
Register—Oscar O. Bean, R.
Recorder—Horace G. Reeder, R.
Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Joseph C. Slack, R.
Clerk of Orphans' Court—Charles Brown, R.
Court Stenographer—George O. Calvert.
Treasurer—Elmer E. Althouse, R.
District Attorney—Hiram Keller, R.
Commissioners—Watson Davis, R.; Allen Zetty, R.; Joseph Gulden, D.
Clerk to Commissioners—Washington Cadwallader, R.
Warden of Prison—Thomas Hart, R.
Jury Commissioners—James Nolan, R.; William W. Barrett, D.
Poor Directors—J. Howard Paxson, R.; John Birkey, R.; Reuben G. Detweiler, R.
Auditors—Joseph Palmer, R.; Moses Rice, R.; Harry D. Borst, D.
Surveyor—Edward W. Utz, R.
Coroner—Howard P. White, R.
Solicitor—Henry A. James, R.
Road Viewers—Franklin H. Bean, R.; Rowland W. Flack, R.; William Stuckert, R.; Harry J. Arnold, R.; Henry Wilkinson, R.; Thomas C. Knowles, R.; John C. Cornell, D.; Webster Grim, D.; Michael J. Wheeler, D.
Sealer of Weights and Measures—Linford C. Cornell, R.

BUTLER COUNTY—BUTLER.

Sheriff—George W. Stoner, R.
Prothonotary—James T. McCandless, R.
Register and Recorder—W. E. McClung, R.
Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—John M. Negley, R.
Court Stenographer—Ed. Riddle.
Treasurer—Elgie E. McCandless, R.
District Attorney—Howard I. Painter, R.
Commissioners—J. N. Maharg, R.; S. C. Moore, R.; Fred J. Winters, D.
Clerk to Commissioners—W. Marks Starr, R.
Warden of Prison—George W. Stoner, R.
Jury Commissioners—Edward Gilceland, D.; J. H. Kepple, R.
Auditors—E. P. Critchlow, D.; John N. Allison, R.; Sherman Gallagher, R.
Surveyor—R. K. Horn, R.
Coroner—J. Charles Dengler, R.
Solicitor—Benjamin R. Williams, R.
Road Viewers—George Robinson, R.; Charles H. Miller, R.; F. M. Harper, R.; James B. Mitchell, R.; A. S. Hindman, D.; George Bachman, D.; H. J. McBride, D.; S. M. Leslie, R.
Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. T. C. Campbell, Mrs. J. H. Troutman, Mrs. William B. Turner, Mrs. J. M. Galbreath, Mrs. J. E. Stoops, Miss Margaret F. Irwin, Mrs. J. S. Bean.

CAMBERIA COUNTY—EBENSBURG.

Sheriff—Roscoe C. Custer, R.
Prothonotary—George Walker Williams, R.
Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Sherman Tibbott, R.
Recorder—Daniel W. Good, R.
Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Frank C. Robb, R.
Court Stenographers—Frank C. Sharbaugh, Harry A. Englehart, Jr.
Treasurer—John A. Gunn, R.
District Attorney—D. P. Weimer, R.
Assistant District Attorneys—Robert C. Hoerle, R.; Clarence E. Davis, R.
Commissioners—T. Stanton Davis, R.; E. W. Baumgardner, R.; Harry B. Hefley, D.
Clerk to Commissioners—James McClune, R.
Warden of Prison—Edward H. Knee, R.
Jury Commissioners—Robert S. Lytle, R.; Philip S. Gordon, D.
Poor Directors—John L. Evans, R.; Robert Barclay, R.; John H. Mechling, R.
County Controller—Herman T. Jones, R.
Surveyor—O. P. Thomas, R.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Coroner—Clyde A. Fitzgerald, R.
 Solicitor—Walter Jones, R.
 Road Viewers—A. M. Shoemaker, R.; S. E. Dickey, R.; J. D. Ritter, R.; L. R. Owen, R.;
 Philip Caulfield, D.; John H. Horrocks, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Thomas Powell, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Nan McL. Deulinger, Mrs. Richard Mitchell, Miss Sarah
 M. Gallaher, Mrs. W. O. Cameron, Mrs. Minnie S. Dewart, Mrs. Maude Bolder.

CAMERON COUNTY—EMPORIUM.

Associate Judges—J. A. Barclay, R.; Henry Auchu, R.
 Sheriff—George Barker, Jr., R.
 Prothonotary, Register, Recorder, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—W.
 J. Leavitt, R.
 Court Stenographer—Miss Bessie McCloskey.
 Treasurer—V. K. Corbett, R.
 District Attorney—Fred A. Johnson, R.
 Commissioners—S. P. Kreider, R.; George Minard, D.; J. A. Fisher, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Frank L. Miller, R.
 Jury Commissioners—J. B. Haynes, R.; Riley Warner, D.
 Auditors—Claude E. Lyon, R.; George E. Wylie, D.; T. E. Fulton, R.
 Coroner—H. S. Falk, R.
 Solicitors—Johnson and McNarney, R.
 Road Viewers—Jay P. Felt, R.; John McDonald, R.; C. J. Howard, R.; Bernard Egan, D.; F. W.
 Yentzer, D.; N. A. Ostrum, D.; J. A. Dice, W.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Frank Wheaton, D.

CARBON COUNTY—MAUCH CHUNK.

Sheriff—Elmer S. Levan, R.
 Prothonotary—H. S. Stout, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—William Arner, D.
 Recorder—T. E. Evans, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—E. V. Kuehner, R.
 Court Stenographer—E. E. Leonard.
 Treasurer—Henry J. Brobst, D.
 District Attorney—Chester G. Setzer, R.
 Commissioners—James Walker, R.; J. T. Mulhearn, D.; Thomas B. Craig, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—J. F. Corkill, D.; John McFadden, D.
 Jury Commissioners—M. D. Stenler, D.; W. Penn Griffith, R.
 Poor Directors—E. F. Warner, D.; J. E. Wasser, D.
 Auditors—E. J. Blose, D.; George Stimmel, D.; S. J. Williams, R.
 Surveyor—Isaac Granger, D.
 Coroner—Ira E. Freyman, R.
 Solicitor—William G. Thomas, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Robert G. Hongen, R.

CENTRE COUNTY—BELIEFONTE.

Sheriff—George H. Yarnell, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—D. R. Foreman, D.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Frank Sasserman, R.
 Recorder—W. H. Brown, R.
 Court Stenographer—Gilbert H. Burrows.
 Treasurer—David Chambers, R.
 District Attorney—James C. Furst, R.
 Commissioners—William H. Noll, Jr., D.; D. A. Grove, D.; Isaac Miller, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—H. N. Meyer, D.
 Jury Commissioners—Joseph A. Emerick, D.; John D. Decker, R.
 Auditors—R. R. Hartsock, R.; C. H. Gramley, R.; S. H. Hoy, D.
 Surveyor—A. C. Dale, R.
 Coroner—John Sebring, Jr., D.
 Solicitor—N. B. Spangler, D.
 Road Viewers—M. Ward Fleming, R.; John J. Bower, D.; W. M. Grove, D.; Snyder Miller, R.
 A. C. Dale, R.; H. P. Barris, R.; L. E. Swartz, R.; Kline Woodring, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Deemer Pierce, D.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. John S. Walker, Miss Mary H. Linn, Mrs. L. W. Nuttall,
 Mrs. G. S. Frank, Mrs. G. G. Pond.

CHESTER COUNTY—WEST CHESTER.

Sheriff—Clarence M. Ortlip, R.
 Prothonotary—Howard S. Conner, R.
 Register—Lewis H. Miller, R.
 Recorder—Jesse H. Kirk, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—Benjamin L. Few, R.
 Court Stenographer—Walter H. Lewis.
 Treasurer—George E. Wilson, R.
 District Attorney—Truman D. Wade, R.
 Assistant District Attorney—Harris L. Sproat, R.
 Commissioners—David M. Golder, R.; John E. Baldwin, R.; Frank J. Elston, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—John Parker, R.
 Prison Inspectors—Wilmer T. Nields, D.; J. Howard Lunis, D.; Alger C. Whitcraft, R.
 William P. Sharpless, R.; Michael J. Murphy, D.
 Warden of Prison—John L. Clower, R.
 Jury Commissioners—James W. Townsend, R.; William J. Fahy, D.
 Poor Directors—Charles L. Huston, R.; Swithin Shortlidge, R.; Levi S. Thomas, R.
 County Controller—George S. Dewees, R.
 Surveyor—Nathan R. Rambo, R.
 Coroner—John S. Garrett, R.
 Solicitor—Thomas Lack, R.

Road Viewers—R. T. Cornwell, R.; Chester C. Campbell, R.; Harry Hause, D.; Eugene C. Mercer, R.; Wilmer B. Cox, R.; William F. Gilmore, R.; Thomas F. Furry, R.; William C. Andrews, D.; W. E. Bushong, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Charles C. Townsend, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Miss Sarah Paiste, Mrs. Isaac J. Tustin, Mrs. Anna R. Dickey, Mrs. Helen C. Pyle, Miss Jennie B. Fetters, Mrs. Charles P. Lukens, Mrs. J. Douglass Perkins.

CLARION COUNTY—CLARION.

Sheriff—H. Less Carson, D.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—D. E. Elliott, D.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—F. D. Hays, D.
 Court Stenographer—Camilla E. Wilson.
 Treasurer—B. W. Thompson, D.
 District Attorney—D. M. Geist, D.
 Commissioners—Jacob Stahlman, D.; Frank McCall, D.; B. F. Frill, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Ried Cyphert, D.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—Henry C. Faller, D.; F. S. Corbett, R.
 Poor Directors—Jacob Stahlman, D.; Frank McCall, D.; B. F. Frill, R.
 Auditors—Adam Wentling, D.; E. P. Eisenman, D.; J. I. Dunlap, R.
 Surveyor—S. T. Mortimer, D.
 Coroner—C. W. Stewart, D.
 Solicitor—A. A. Geary, D.
 Road Viewers—S. T. Mortimer, D.; J. J. Wolf, R.; J. M. Owens, R.; W. J. Geary, D.; S. K. Clarke, R.; J. M. McLaughlin, R.; I. F. Mong, R.; H. W. B. McCall, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—R. B. Keck, D.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pension Fund—Mrs. G. F. Whitmer, Miss Anna Graham, Mrs. W. I. McDowell, Mrs. W. H. Houghton, Miss Hannah Fox, Mrs. J. C. Craig, Mrs. G. B. Fasenmeyer.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY—CLEARFIELD.

Sheriff—A. M. Gorman, D.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—John H. Moore, R.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—E. B. Chase, R.
 Court Stenographer—Hugh Gaulin.
 Treasurer—A. L. Kline, R.
 District Attorney—John C. Arnold, R.
 Commissioners—Jesse E. Dale, R.; H. A. Spencer, R.; Austin Haney, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—L. C. Norris, R.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—Carl A. Anderson, R.; A. Y. Straw, D.
 Poor Directors—The County Commissioners.
 Auditors—T. E. Moore, R.; J. N. Bain, R.; Samuel Reed, D.
 Surveyor—E. D. Billotte, D.
 Coroner—James I. Pollum, R.
 Solicitors—W. C. Miller, R.; H. B. Hartswick, R.
 Road Viewers—A. G. Kramer, D.; Frank Hutton, R.; H. A. Reese, D.; J. S. Michaels, D.; E. D. Billotte, D.; J. L. Spangler, D.; G. K. Weber, D.; J. E. Fry, D.; A. L. Edwards, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Thomas Lowell, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Mary McLaren, Mrs. William Gould, Mrs. A. B. Mosser, Mrs. D. E. Hibner, Mrs. A. E. Leitzinger, Mrs. H. I. Merris, Mrs. L. C. Norris.

CLINTON COUNTY—LOCK HAVEN.

Associate Judges—J. Harris Mussina, D.; James M. Miller, R.
 Sheriff—William Rathgeber, D.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Isaac Rumberger, D.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Philip S. Kift, D.
 Court Stenographer—Miss Bessie L. McCloskey.
 Treasurer—William T. Knecht, R.
 District Attorney—Howard M. Council, R.
 Commissioners—J. L. Kemmerer, D.; Robert Myers, R.; Adam Dickey, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—W. L. VanDyke, R.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—Charles W. Reed, R.; John H. Hamilton, D.
 Auditors—W. G. Berry, R.; W. D. Kintzing, R.; George J. Ardner, D.
 Surveyor—E. E. Ball, R.
 Coroner—L. L. Liken, R.
 Solicitor—H. S. Furst, R.
 Road Viewers—W. E. Shaffer, D.; F. C. Gross, D.; John Brown, D.; W. P. Mitchell, D.; Charles E. Ball, R.; John A. Robb, D.; George L. McCloskey, R.; R. Hayes Stewart, R.; G. W. A. MacDonald, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—R. H. Clark, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Sidney D. Furst, Mrs. Ross W. Barrows, Mrs. C. R. Good, Mrs. A. N. Stevenson, Mrs. H. F. McFarland.

COLUMBIA COUNTY—BLOOMSBURG.

Associate Judges—M. H. Rhodes, D.; E. H. Sloan, D.
 Sheriff—Joseph W. Hiday, D.
 Prothonotary, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—John F. Watson, D.
 Register and Recorder—George E. Clemens, D.
 Court Stenographer—William B. Linville, D.
 Treasurer—Charles R. Nagle, D.
 District Attorney—Warren S. Sharpless, D.
 Commissioners—D. F. Knittle, D.; Charles E. Welliver, D.; H. J. Pursel, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Charles E. Smith, D.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—Charles H. Reice, D.; George H. Dent, R.
 Poor Directors—Lloyd B. Skeer, D.; William M. Lemon, D.; (Vacancy.)
 Auditors—David E. Yeager, D.; William Krickbaum, D.; E. H. B. Abbett, R.
 Surveyor—(Vacancy.)
 Coroner—Edward L. Davis, D.
 Solicitor—H. R. Stees, D.
 Road Viewers—A. F. Deaner, D.; Wesley Morris, D.; Eli Ohl, D.; W. H. Eyer, R.; D. W. Parker R.; (Two vacancies.)
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Harry C. Taylor, D.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Paul E. Wirt, Mrs. Charles A. Shaffer, Miss Elizabeth Lowry, Mrs. Helen M. Holloway, Mrs. William H. Rhawn, Miss Ella Greene Stewart, Mrs. H. M. Smith.

CRAWFORD COUNTY—MEADVILLE.

Sheriff—O. H. Palmer, Pro.
 Prothonotary—V. L. Greeley, R.
 Register and Recorder—William A. Thompson, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—C. A. Breakiron, R.
 Court Stenographer—Gordon Miller.
 Treasurer—Oscar H. Rondebush, D.
 District Attorney—Albert L. Thomas, D.
 Commissioners—A. E. Lilley, R.; H. C. Wasson, R.; M. G. Beatty, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Floyd G. Altenburg, R.
 Jury Commissioners—J. D. Barr, R.; L. S. Brown, D.
 Poor Directors—The County Commissioners.
 Auditors—William M. Cares, R.; Thomas J. Patten, R.; K. D. Henry, D.
 Surveyor—(Vacancy.)
 Coroner—William E. Byham, R.
 Solicitor—James D. Roberts, R.
 Road Viewers—C. B. McDowell, D.; W. A. Doane, I.; Curtis L. Webb, D.; J. S. Tillotson, D.; Aaron H. Wiard, R.; J. S. Johnson, R.; James Patterson, D.; W. A. Clemens, P.; Joseph Harrison, P.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—William P. Benner, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. A. J. Affantranger, Mrs. W. M. Johnson, Mrs. W. H. Gram, Mrs. Frank C. Smith, Mrs. Samuel Grumbine, Mrs. D. W. Spaulding, Mrs. W. P. Burlingham.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY—CARLISLE.

Sheriff—Ephraim L. Adams, D.
 Prothonotary—Stewart C. Graham, R.
 Register—J. J. Totton, D.
 Recorder, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—W. Frank Hartzell, R.
 Court Stenographer—J. Earl Quigley.
 Treasurer—Robert W. Peffer, D.
 District Attorney—George E. Lloyd, D.
 Commissioners—David G. Bishop, R.; A. E. Sieber, R.; L. H. Brehm, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Joseph A. Beattie, R.
 Warden of Prison—W. H. Peffer, D.
 Jury Commissioners—W. L. Otstot, R.; John C. Tritt, D.
 Poor Directors—A. L. Bierbower, R.; J. Morris Miller, R.; George W. Bretz, D.
 Auditors—William Dosh, R.; St. Elmo Getter, R.; Charles A. Brehm, D.
 Surveyor—Clark A. Bryan, R.
 Coroner—J. H. Deardorf, D.
 Solicitor—Caleb S. Brinton, R.
 Road Viewers—W. B. Oyler, D.; Hugh Craig, R.; Addison M. Bowman, D.; A. A. Thumma, R.; J. L. Young, R.; J. M. Durbin, D.; M. P. Moore, R.; J. H. Nickey, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—(Vacancy.)
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Mary Mullin Bosler, Mrs. Margaret Crall, Mrs. Belle Swope, Miss Margaret Moser, Mrs. John Sweeney.

DAUPHIN COUNTY—HARRISBURG.

Sheriff—William W. Caldwell, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Charles E. Pass, R.
 Register—Edward Fisher, R.
 Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—James E. Lentz, R.
 Court Stenographer—Frank J. Roth; (Vacancy.)
 Treasurer—Mark Mumma, R.
 District Attorney—Michael E. Stroup, R.
 Assistant District Attorneys—Frank B. Wickersham, R.; Robert T. Fox, R.
 Commissioners—Henry M. Stine, R.; Charles C. Cumbler, R.; Harry C. Wells, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Clarence Snyder, R.
 Prison Inspectors—Lane S. Hart, R.; B. Frank Ober, R.; Harry M. Fairchild, R.; William B. Meetch, R.; A. L. Etter, R.
 Warden of Prison—John J. Hargest, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Aaron M. Hoffman, R.; Gustav A. Gelsel, D.
 Poor Directors—B. Frank Snively, R.; John Lehr, R.; Jacob Farver, R.
 County Controller—Henry W. Gough, R.
 Surveyor—Warren J. Daniels, R.
 Coroner—Jacob Eckinger, R.
 Solicitor—Philip S. Moyer, R.
 Road Viewers—E. Earl Graeff, R.; Harry Fahnestock, R.; Paul G. Smith, R.; E. Clark Cowden, R.; Oliver C. Bishop, R.; Henry O. Smith, R.; Joseph W. Umberger, R.; William Look, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Harry A. Bover, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Lyman D. Gilbert, Mrs. Mercer B. Tate, Mrs. David Kaufman, Mrs. David E. Tracy, Mrs. Robert M. Rutherford, Mrs. John H. Lehr, Mrs. D. P. Deatrick.

DELAWARE COUNTY—MEDIA.

Sheriff—Albert R. Granger, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—J. Harvey Smith, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Theodore F. Kreeger, Jr., R.
 Recorder—W. I. R. McClenachan, R.
 Court Stenographer—John G. Brown.
 Treasurer—Richardson Shoemaker, R.
 District Attorney—John B. Hannum, Jr., R.
 Assistant District Attorneys—William Taylor, R.; William McCarter, R.
 Commissioners—Jesse D. Pierson, R.; William N. Povel, R.; Thomas F. Feeley, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—James S. Rodgers, R.
 Prison Inspectors—J. Herbert Ogden, R.; Joseph M. Rogers, R.; E. Marshall Harvey, R.; George J. Johnston, D.; William H. Crawford, R.
 Warden of Prison—George W. Allen, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Leroy Allen, R.; Thomas J. Canfield, D.
 Poor Directors—Arthur H. Martin, R.; George T. Wadas, R.; Clark Baldwin, R.
 County Controller—Orion L. Davis, R.
 Surveyor—Alonzo D. Yocum, R.
 Coroner—Charles H. Drewes, R.
 Solicitor—Isaac E. Johnson, R.
 Road Viewers—Henry Pleasant, R.; Joseph Chadwick, R.; Samuel D. Clyde, R.; Frank P. Willits, R.; Garnett Pendleton, R.; Samuel R. Beit, R.; Irwin D. Wood, R.; John M. Broomall, Jr., R.; John Taylor Wolfenden, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—O. N. Smith, R.

ELK COUNTY—RIDGWAY.

Associate Judges—Thomas B. Gillouly, D.; Harry R. Hyde, D.
 Sheriff—Harris J. Bixler, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—C. F. Dickinson, D.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—M. O'Connor, D.
 Court Stenographer—Miss Bessie McCloskey.
 Treasurer—Burket T. Darr, D.
 District Attorney—Fred W. McFarlin, D.
 Commissioners—T. H. Ludden, D.; W. M. Thomas, R.; Joseph Wiesner, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—John Nissel, D.
 Prison Inspectors—The County Commissioners.
 Warden of Prison—John W. Healy, D.
 Jury Commissioners—Edmund G. Beck, D.; Thomas J. Harrigan, D.
 Poor Directors—The County Commissioners.
 Auditors—A. S. Horton, D.; J. W. Beck, D.; Arthur Johnson, R.
 Surveyor—A. H. Shafer, D.
 Coroner—Sens E. Hayes, D.
 Solicitor—Eugene H. Baird, D.
 Road Viewers—A. H. Shafer, D.; B. E. Willard, D.; Fred W. McFarlin, D.; John Hau, D.; T. H. Burt, D.; John Nagle, D.; Philip Dixon, D.; E. N. Wallis, R.; A. L. McGovern, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—L. G. Schoening, D.

ERIE COUNTY—ERIE.

Sheriff—Guy H. Fox, R.
 Prothonotary—James B. Yard, R.
 Register and Recorder—R. H. Howell, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—Ross H. Cutter, R.
 Court Stenographer—Ira E. Briggs.
 Treasurer—Thomas H. Flower, R.
 District Attorney—Robert J. Firman, R.
 Assistant District Attorney—C. Arthur Blass, R.
 Commissioners—Joseph F. Rogan, D.; T. W. Waterhouse, R.; William C. Kraemer, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Joseph C. Williams, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Angus D. Brennan, D.; Harry B. Himrod, R.
 Poor Directors—John W. Lloyd, R.; W. S. Kimball, R.; Charles F. Loesel, R.
 County Controller—Joseph E. Leslie, R.
 Surveyor—C. C. Hill, R.
 Coroner—C. M. Cardot, R.
 Solicitor—J. C. Thomas, R.
 Road Viewers—John B. Eichenlaub, D.; A. A. Freeman, D.; J. Ph. McCreary, R.; S. H. Ingham, R.; J. S. Salsbury, R.; J. C. Williams, D.; Thomas Pickering, R.; Thomas C. Miller, R.; R. H. Arbuckle, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Judd R. Miller, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Morris Guth, Mrs. Johanna A. Royer, Mrs. John Hamberger, Mrs. Orin Hatch, Mrs. Blanche C. Drew, Mrs. Kate Wurzbach, Mrs. Uriah P. Rossiter.

FAYETTE COUNTY—UNIONTOWN.

Sheriff—Thomas L. Howard, R.
 Prothonotary—George M. Rathmell, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Henry R. Titterington, R.
 Recorder—H. C. Hays, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Richard Davis, R.
 Court Stenographers—Drusilla Cox, Margaret McGovern, Katherine Reagan.
 Treasurer—George Orvil Rush, R.
 District Attorney—S. John Morrow, R.
 Assistant District Attorney—H. George May, R.
 Commissioners—George Hoover, D.; Logan Rush, R.; George Hibbs, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Robert Powell, R.
 Warden of Prison—Hugh A. Gorley, R.
 Jury Commissioners—George A. Hackney, R.; James G. Crossland, D.
 Poor Directors—E. E. Davidson, R.; Andrew Glover, R.; William H. Rankin, R.
 County Controller—Harry Kissinger, R.
 Surveyor—Edward McCollough, R.
 Coroner—S. H. Baum, R.
 Solicitor—Lynn V. Phillips, R.
 Road Viewers—William H. Binns, R.; J. V. E. Ellis, R.; J. H. Landenberger, R.; J. Hiram Miller, R.; Fred D. Munsen, R.; William D. Sherrick, D.; William S. McClay, D.; D. E. Bane, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—W. J. Callaghan, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. J. French Kerr, Mrs. W. P. Clark, Mrs. Charles P. Chick, Mrs. Joseph Rosenbaum, Mrs. R. D. Mason, Miss Perie J. Abraham, Mrs. Milton A. McCormick.

FOREST COUNTY—TIONESTA.

Associate Judges—Lyman Cook, R.; James G. Carson, Pro.
 Sheriff—Charles Clark, R.
 Prothonotary, Register, Recorder, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—S. R. Maxwell, R.
 Court Stenographer—Frank C. Whiting.
 Treasurer—J. H. Russell, D.
 District Attorney—A. C. Brown, R.
 Commissioners—J. C. Scowden, R.; W. H. Brazee, R.; William Blum, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—S. M. Henry, R.
 Warden of Prison—Archie Clark, R.
 Jury Commissioners—G. E. Burhen, R.; J. P. Kelley, D.
 Poor Directors—The County Commissioners.
 Auditors—G. H. Warden, R.; J. G. Jamieson, R.; W. A. Korb, D.
 Surveyor—D. W. Clark, D.
 Coroner—M. C. Kerr, D.
 Solicitor—M. A. Carringer, R.
 Road Viewers—D. W. Clark, D.; Jacob Smearbaugh, R.; T. F. Ritchey, D.; F. F. Whittekin, R.; S. H. Cook, R.; J. J. Haight, R.; W. H. Pickens, R.

FRANKLIN COUNTY—CHAMBERSBURG.

Sheriff—Enos H. Horst, R.
 Prothonotary—W. S. Kolb, R.
 Register and Recorder—William Stover, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—Paul D. Tarner, R.
 Court Stenographer—Milton G. McDowell, R.
 Treasurer—H. H. Shockey, R.
 District Attorney—C. H. Clippinger, R.
 Commissioners—Daniel Gilbert, R.; Amos M. Welker, R.; Ross S. Gordon, D.
 Clerks to Commissioners—J. Ernest Potter, R.; Lewis B. Snyder, R.
 Jury Commissioners—D. L. Greenawalt, R.; J. Milton Wallech, D.
 Poor Directors—M. R. Brown, R.; J. H. Mayer, R.; Jacob W. Lehman, R.
 Auditors—D. F. Haulman, R.; William B. Keefer, R.; Abram Baker, D.
 Surveyor—John R. McElroy, R.
 Coroner—John H. Kinter, R.
 Solicitors—Ruthrauff and Nicklas, R.
 Road Viewers—John D. Rice, R.; James Sweeney, D.; Abram Hassler, R.; A. Lincoln Brindle, R.; George Steiger, R.; Garnet Gehr, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—F. A. Foreman, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Laura E. Shearer, Mrs. Ione J. Byron, Mrs. Sarah E. Shook, Mrs. Belle McL. Pomeroy, Mrs. Mary A. Corbett, Mrs. Mary Ellen Long, Mrs. Lillian B. Hoke.

FULTON COUNTY—McCONNELLSBURG.

Associate Judges—George B. Mock, D.; William Mellott, D.
 Sheriff—Job L. Garland, D.
 Prothonotary, Register, Recorder, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—B. Frank Henry, D.
 Court Stenographer—Henry C. Demming.
 Treasurer—Leonard Bivens, D.
 District Attorney—S. W. Kirk, D.
 Commissioners—Frank M. Lodge, D.; Charles W. Schooley, D.; Albert K. Nesbit, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Lewis Harris, D.
 Jury Commissioners—Jacob Hess, D.; Thomas T. Cromer, R.
 Auditors—Harry Marshall, D.; Biddis Lynch, D.; William Rank, R.
 Surveyor—F. P. Plessinger, D.
 Solicitor—John P. Sipes, D.
 Road Viewers—D. H. Patterson, R.; Job Truax, D.; W. B. Ranck, R.; A. M. Corbin, R.; John W. Hoop, D.; M. R. Shaffner, R.; John R. Jackson, R.; George B. Mock, D.; F. P. Plessinger, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—W. G. Wink, D.

GREENE COUNTY—WAYNESBURG.

Sheriff—J. E. Adamson, D.
 Prothonotary—A. H. Seals, D.
 Register and Recorder—Milton B. Finch, D.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—James McCracken, D.
 Court Stenographer—W. R. Hoge.
 Treasurer—Jerome B. Guthrie, D.
 District Attorney—David R. Huss, D.
 Commissioners—Daniel Six, D.; George Moore, D.; J. Sheridan Johnson, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Albert King, D.
 Warden of Prison—J. E. Adamson, D.
 Jury Commissioners—G. F. Grove, D.; W. M. Roberts, R.
 Poor Directors—Hubert Huffman, D.; Henry McNeely, D.; John M. Church, D.
 Auditors—John Westfall, D.; Charles E. Haines, D.; E. E. Kuhn, R.
 Surveyor—T. B. Dinsmore, D.
 Coroner—G. M. Howard, D.
 Solicitor—Edward Martin, R.
 Road Viewers—Jesse R. Scott, D.; Charles H. Cree, R.; G. F. Headley, R.; John Stephens, D.; J. C. Huffman, D.; Charles S. Carter, D.; Charles C. Rush, D.; R. B. Coen, D.; Frank Furman, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—David Wells, D.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY—HUNTINGDON.

Associate Judges—William B. McCarthy, Prog.-R.; Edward M. Beers, Prog.-R.
 Sheriff—John A. Steele, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—George W. Wright, R.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Xopher C. Beck, R.
 Court Stenographer—Miss Mary Jackson.
 Treasurer—H. W. Harrison, R.
 District Attorney—Chester D. Fetterhoof, R.
 Commissioners—Adam J. Black, R.; Josiah C. Hall, D.; Selea Cutshall, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—A. A. Wible, W.
 Jury Commissioners—J. D. Crotsley, R.; W. S. Miller, D.
 Poor Directors—James V. Stevens, R.; J. R. Edwards, R.; Simon Moore, R.
 Auditors—David B. Query, R.; J. A. Brandt, D.; S. H. Beaver, R.
 Coroner—F. L. Schum, R.
 Solicitor—R. A. Orblson, R.
 Road Viewers—F. S. Brewster, R.; C. H. Whittaker, R.; S. G. Rudy, R.; William Low, R.; T. Smith Mitchell, R.; J. M. Blair, R.; C. T. Evans, R.; R. G. Miller, D.; J. C. Mierley, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—George B. Hecneane, D.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Mary P. Oriady, Mrs. Amelia H. Brumbaugh, Mrs. Lillian Bernhardt, Mrs. Mary A. Kyper, Mrs. John S. Summerville, Mrs. Nancy Taylor Newland, Mrs. Charles Reed.

INDIANA COUNTY—INDIANA.

Sheriff—H. A. Boggs, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Walter H. Ayers, R.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—J. Clair Longwill, R.
 Court Stenographer—Miss Maude McGuire.
 Treasurer—F. M. Smith, R.

District Attorney—Wilmer H. Wood, R.
 Commissioners—J. M. Marshall, R.; W. B. Wagner, R.; A. P. Lowry, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—H. R. Wiley, R.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—William F. George, R.; W. B. Stahl, D.
 Poor Directors—The County Commissioners.
 Auditors—R. J. Hood, R.; John D. Adamson, R.; Miles Young, D.
 Surveyor—G. T. McCrea, R.
 Coroner—H. B. Buterbaugh, R.
 Solicitors—John L. Getty, R.; D. R. Tomb, D.
 Road Viewers—Thomas Sutton, R.; G. T. McCrea, R.; Francis Elkin, R.; R. C. Doty, R.; J. A. Condon, R.; J. E. Elrick, D.; John M. Carson, R.; J. L. Orr, R.; John D. Thompson, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—D. W. Simpson, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. M. Ella Elkin, Mrs. S. J. Telford, Mrs. S. W. Rose; Mrs. Helen McKeage Finsthwait, Mrs. Mary S. George, Mrs. Harry Mauk, Mrs. Mary B. Rhodes.

JEFFERSON COUNTY—BROOKVILLE.

Sheriff—Marvin G. Mayes, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Blake E. Irvin, R.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—William G. Buffington, R.
 Court Stenographer—Miss Ida V. Finney.
 Treasurer—Glenn Shaffer, R.
 District Attorney—Jesse C. Long, R.
 Commissioners—John G. North, R.; W. S. Sibley, R.; Harry L. Grube, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—I. M. Swartz, R.
 Jury Commissioners—W. T. Pifer, D.; H. E. Minich, R.
 Poor Directors—The County Commissioners.
 Auditors—W. W. Dick, R.; S. M. Shields, R.; N. H. Deiner, D.
 Surveyor—J. Frank Arthurs, R.
 Coroner—N. C. Mills, R.
 Solicitor—C. Z. Gordon, R.
 Road Viewers—Lex N. Mitchell, R.; Lewis G. Brosius, R.; Samuel S. Stormer, R.; W. A. Johns, R.; Edward Johnston, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—P. J. Casey, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Howard Ley, Mrs. M. R. Brown, Mrs. William Enterline, Mrs. C. R. Hall, Mrs. Anna L. Snedden, Miss Jennie Brown, Mrs. Myrta Harshaw.

JUNIATA COUNTY—MIFFLINTOWN.

Associate Judges—John A. Kohler, D.; A. J. Beyer, R.
 Sheriff—J. M. Cargill, D.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer—S. B. Murray, D.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—S. C. Stoner, D.
 Court Stenographer—Joseph F. Cummings, D.
 Treasurer—H. I. Lauer, D.
 District Attorney—J. J. Patterson, R.
 Commissioners—W. W. Gray, R.; S. B. Ernest, R.; W. A. Kinzer, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—James Wilson, R.
 Jury Commissioners—A. B. Neely, D.; Charles C. Speece, R.
 Auditors—H. B. Shellenberger, R.; Ed. K. Stump, R.; Warren M. Kohler, D.
 Surveyor—W. F. McCahan, D.
 Coroner—R. Bradford Brown, R.
 Solicitor—Will L. Hoopes, R.
 Road Viewers—B. F. Burchfield, D.; Wilberforce Schwoyer, R.; J. A. Martin, R.; J. S. McCullough, D.; George P. McConnell, D.; W. B. L. Gilson, D.; Samuel Schlegel, R.; Joseph Sieber, R.; C. C. Shellenberger, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—R. H. Brown, R.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY—SCRANTON.

Sheriff—J. R. Schlager, R.
 Prothonotary—John B. Griffiths, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—T. W. Beynon, R.
 Recorder—Peter W. Haas, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—G. C. Davis, R.
 Court Stenographers—H. H. Coston, W. D. Coston, M. J. Moffit.
 Treasurer—David R. John, R.
 District Attorney—George W. Maxey, R.
 Assistant District Attorneys—Frank P. Benjamin, R.; John Owens, R.; Harold Scragg, R.
 Commissioners—Morgan Thomas, R.; John Von Bergen, R.; P. J. Boland, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Benjamin Eynon, R.
 Warden of Prison—David R. Jones, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Luther Lewis, R.; Thomas Boland, D.
 County Controller—Charles P. Savage, R.
 Surveyor—Francis O. Stone, R.
 Coroner—Norman White, R.
 Solicitor—Herbert L. Taylor, R.
 Road Viewers—Joseph P. Phillips, R.; William Vanston, R.; John J. Toohey, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—W. J. Matthews, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Willard Matthews, Mrs. C. B. Penman, Mrs. R. P. Gleason, Mrs. W. W. Paterson, Mrs. Edward Sturge, Mrs. John J. O'Boyle, Miss Florence E. Robertson.

LANCASTER COUNTY—LANCASTER.

Sheriff—C. G. Garber, R.
 Prothonotary—A. E. Leaman, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Samuel O. Frantz, R.
 Recorder—A. C. Welchans, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Aaron Hoober, R.
 Court Stenographers—Walter A. Miller; Charles M. Reiling; Frank T. Thurlow.
 Treasurer—John F. Mentzer, R.
 District Attorney—Sumner V. Hosterman, R.
 Assistant District Attorney—J. W. Brown, R.

Commissioners—Samuel W. Diller, R.; J. E. Shirk, R.; D. F. Magee, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—David Swope, R.
 Prison Inspectors—Adam Sweigart, R.; Thomas H. Erb, R.; George G. Lindsay, R.; James M. Paxson, R.; M. G. Brubaker, R.; Daniel Heilman, R.
 Warden of Prison—J. Carson Obetz, R.
 Jury Commissioners—James B. Jefferies, D.; Eli S. Good, R.
 Poor Directors—Walter Jones, R.; Samuel H. Boyd, R.; Frank B. Bausman, R.; A. S. Brubaker, R.; M. K. Christ, R.; D. H. Denlinger, R.
 County Controller—Enos E. Mowrer, R.
 Auditor—John B. Graybill, R.
 Surveyor—Alfred Wood, R.
 Coroner—E. R. Miller, R.
 Solicitor—J. Roland Kinzer, R.
 Road Viewers—George W. Hensel, D.; Amos G. Hamaker, R.; Henry H. Koser, R.; Willis G. Kendig, R.; H. Reist Landis, R.; Martin N. Brubaker, R.; William B. Bishop, R.; Edwin C. Diller, D.; George A. Lane, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—John A. Leinbach, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. William N. Appel, Mrs. James D. Landis, Mrs. J. Hay Brown, Mrs. T. C. Evans, Mrs. William L. Bucher, Mrs. H. Burd Cassel, Mrs. Charles F. Hager.

LAWRENCE COUNTY—NEW CASTLE.

Sheriff—Joseph H. Boyd, D.
 Prothonotary, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—S. E. Crawford, R.
 Register and Recorder—John T. Brinton, R.
 Court Stenographer—A. E. Mornes.
 Treasurer—Albert W. Harbison, R.
 District Attorney—George W. Muse, R.
 Commissioners—Robert M. Leslie, R.; H. L. Clark, R.; George McFarland, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—James R. Lamoree, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Milo Gibson, R.; William M. Houk, D.
 Auditors—John M. Robinson, R.; S. R. Baldwin, R.; William J. Eakin, P.
 Surveyor—(Vacancy).
 Coroner—Herman D. Boyles, R.
 Solicitor—William McElwee, Jr.
 Road Viewers—J. Elder Bryan, James W. Rhodes, Hugh L. Stewart, Harvey E. McGoun, Charles A. McCready, Wilbur Anderson, Clinton B. White, James P. Caldwell, R.; Samuel A. Roclofs.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—W. A. Brown, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. John A. Gelbach, Mrs. S. Y. Douds, Miss Alice Hope, Mrs. A. E. Mornes, Mrs. J. V. Cunningham, Mrs. H. C. Turner.

LEBANON COUNTY—LEBANON.

Sheriff—William L. Brunner, R.
 Prothonotary—Charles S. Havard, R.
 Register—John L. Sherk, R.
 Recorder and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—John G. Zimmerman, R.
 Clerk of Orphans' Court—John Boger, R.
 Court Stenographer—John Ruth.
 Treasurer—Frank S. Rader, R.
 District Attorney—Dawson W. Light, R.
 Commissioners—William J. Noll, R.; Levi J. Gilbert, R.; E. J. Hartman, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Robert B. Light, R.
 Warden of Prison—Samuel Trafford, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Adolphus F. Lohse, R.; Aaron Rittle, D.
 Poor Directors—Simon Tice, R.; John H. Reedy, R.; Milton Long, R.
 Auditors—Frank Ulrich, R.; Arthur Hostetter, R.; Charles Bowman, D.
 Surveyor—L. N. Rothermel, R.
 Coroner—John J. Light, R.
 Solicitor—Eugene D. Siegrist, R.
 Road Viewers—Dawson W. Light, R.; Roy M. Bowman, R.; J. H. Wilhelm, R.; J. A. Loose, R.; John S. Kreider, R.; A. Z. Miller, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Harry G. Walker, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Howard C. Shirk, Mrs. Charles V. Henry, Mrs. Clark Seltzer, Miss Flora Killinger, Miss Kate Bollman, Mrs. Harry J. Shenk.

LEHIGH COUNTY—ALLENTOWN.

Sheriff—Alfred Deifer, D.
 Prothonotary—Ambrose J. Heller, D.
 Register—John S. Seifing, D.
 Recorder—Jacob Kern, D.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Charles Schoenley, R.
 Clerk of Orphans' Court—Robert Norgang, R.
 Court Stenographer—E. D. Reinhard, R.
 Treasurer—D. R. Sell, D.
 District Attorney—Richard W. Iobst, D.
 Commissioners—Frank Werley, R.; Edwin Donecker, R.; Oscar Henninger, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Harry Weinert, D.
 Prison Inspectors—Thomas J. Fretz, D.; P. N. Frantz, D.
 Warden of Prison—James Garman, D.
 Jury Commissioners—Adam Noll, R.; Edwin Rabenold, D.
 Poor Directors—Frank Guth, D.; Sylvester Woodring, D.; A. P. Roth, D.
 County Controller—Cyrus Dilcher, D.
 Surveyor—Harvey Walbert, D.
 Coroner—Frederick R. Bausch, R.
 Solicitor—Francis J. Gildner, R.
 Road Viewers—George Kuhl, D.; Fred Schlechter, D.; John J. Peter, D.; Charles Webb, W.; Tighman Moyer, R.; Allen J. Focht, D.; Franklin M. Frederick, D.; John Beidler, D.; John Sieger, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Harry Biery, D.

LUZERNE COUNTY—WILKES-BARRE.

Sheriff—George F. Buss, D.
 Prothonotary—Evan J. Williams, Jr., R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—William E. Morgan, R.
 Recorder—Stephen C. Hartman, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—George Wagner, R.
 Court Stenographers—Samuel E. Innes, Harry E. Geddes, Joseph Phillips, Warren Yeisley, E. A. Scott, John J. Mangan, Miss Grace Lynch, Miss McCrane, Miss Mabel Young.
 Treasurer—Joseph F. Gillis, D.
 District Attorney—Frank P. Slattery, D.
 Assistant District Attorneys—Anthony T. Walsh, D.; John S. Lopatto, D.; Leo Schwartzkopf, D.; Edward Shortz, Jr., D.; A. L. Turner, D.
 Commissioners—Cornelius Gallagher, D.; M. J. McLaughlin, D.; R. Alvin Beisel, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—James McKeown, D.
 Prison Inspectors—Cornelius Gallagher, D.; M. J. McLaughlin, D.; R. Alvin Beisel, R.; L. B. Butler, D.; William C. Price, R.
 Warden of Prison—Michael F. Whalen, D.
 Jury Commissioners—Peter C. Gorman, R.; Edmund Bevan, D.
 Poor Directors—Maurice C. Gaertner, R.; Stanley W. Davenport, D.; George K. Brown, D.; James L. Reilly, D.
 County Controller—Fuller R. Hendershot, K.
 Surveyor—Charles Miles, R.
 Coroner—Charles Ashley, R.
 Solicitor—William S. McClean, Jr., D.
 Road Viewers—Philip L. Drum, R.; James F. McCabe, R.; James E. Roderick, Jr., R.; Harry Myers, R.; John Sturdevant, R.; F. C. Wintermute, R.; John Dombrowski, R.; Michael Laphy, R.; J. J. Murray, D.; Elias Cohen, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Anthony O'Donnell, D.; James J. Judge, D.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. L. L. Lubrecht, Miss Ella M. Bowman, Mrs. A. C. Campbell, Mrs. George Galland, Mrs. P. F. Joyce, Mrs. H. L. Whitney, Miss Anna C. Halsey.

LYCOMING COUNTY—WILLIAMSPORT.

Sheriff—Charles E. Spring, D.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—William P. Wilson, R.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—James M. Rook, D.
 Court Stenographers—Gilbert S. Burrows, Lillian M. Hyman.
 Treasurer—Harry D. Achenbach, D.
 District Attorney—Charles F. Greevy, D.
 Commissioners—Charles W. Myers, D.; John G. Durrwachter, D.; Joseph H. Nicely, R.
 Clerks to Commissioners—L. O. Bower, D.; R. M. Bubb, D.
 Jury Commissioners—Nate Brion, D.; William A. Gheer, R.
 Auditors—George W. Wagner, D.; Fred R. Applegate, R.; A. H. Hill, D.
 Surveyor—Evan Russell, R.
 Coroner—George L. Schneider, D.
 Solicitor—W. E. Ritter, D.
 Road Viewers—Evan Russell, R.; W. E. Ritter, D.; Robert K. Keeder, D.; Charles F. Ulmer, D.; James G. Seely, D.; C. B. Riddell, D.; W. Monroe Houseknecht, D.; Robert K. Eger, D.; T. F. Gahan, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Charles F. Durrwachter, D.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. William R. Peoples, Mrs. James K. Boak, Mrs. S. P. Henderson, Mrs. Howard Cheyney, Mrs. A. L. Pepperman, Mrs. Charles J. Cummings, Mrs. Newton C. Chatham.

McKEAN COUNTY—SMETHPORT.

Sheriff—E. W. Jones, R.
 Prothonotary—B. F. Starsky, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—J. B. Eastman, R.
 Recorder—H. M. Choate, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—James A. Lindsey, R.
 Court Stenographers—Frank C. Whitting, Hallie A. Walker.
 Treasurer—Frank Potter, R.
 District Attorney—Thomas B. Wilson, R.
 Commissioners—A. M. Marsh, R.; O. S. Gahagan, R.; Thomas Flaherty, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—A. R. Anderson, R.
 Jury Commissioners—W. H. Morrison, R.; R. C. Pollock, D.
 Poor Directors—The County Commissioners.
 Auditors—F. A. Burdick, D.; Warley Gifford, D.
 Coroner—S. D. Heffner, R.
 Solicitor—C. W. Shattuck, R.
 Road Viewers—Harvey G. Berkhouse, W.; C. M. Colegrove, R.; Dennie Davis, R.; C. S. King, R.; Edward Martin, R.; Thomas H. Morrison, R.; F. M. Webster, R.; F. M. Wright, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—R. P. Yerdon, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Helen G. Morrison, Mrs. Mary D. Howden, Mrs. Fantine R. Burdick, Mrs. Blanche Phillips, Miss Ann Davis, Mrs. Emma G. Bovaird, Miss Margaret W. Martin.

MERCER COUNTY—MERCER.

Sheriff—J. W. Gibson, R.
 Prothonotary—William H. Jones, R.
 Register, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—George Stambaugh, R.
 Recorder—Edward J. Schadle, R.
 Court Stenographer—John C. Morse.
 Treasurer—John F. McConnell, R.
 District Attorney—W. G. Barker, D.
 Commissioners—Thomas D. Beatty, R.; A. W. Bell, R.; W. E. Cossitt, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Malcolm M. Simons, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Jerry Welk, D.; Robert Fruit, R.
 Poor Directors—G. W. Crawford, R.; W. E. McIntyre, D.; John Griffin, R.
 Auditors—J. W. Black, D.; J. B. Morrow, R.; Clarence Harrison, R.
 Surveyor—M. W. Jenkins, R.
 Coroner—Howard J. McBride, R.
 Solicitor—Guy Thorne, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—W. S. McConnell, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Harry K. Daugherty, Mrs. George Stevens, Mrs. P. M. Butler, Mrs. J. D. Dennison, Mrs. S. T. Dean, Miss Helen R. Adams.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

MIFFLIN COUNTY—LEWISTOWN.

Associate Judges—George W. Sheary, R.; C. A. Brown, R.
 Sheriff—Merrill A. Davis, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Stewart M. Peters, R.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—William B. Rodgers, R.
 Court Stenographer—Samuel H. Hays.
 Treasurer—M. Luther McClintic, R.
 District Attorney—L. J. Durbin, D.
 Commissioners—W. M. Baker, R.; Robert C. Houser, D.; George W. Dunmire, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—A. K. McManigle, R.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—Frank C. Kerr, D.; Albert W. Nale, R.
 Poor Directors—George W. Carson, D.; Thomas C. Hazlett, D.; William J. Burns, R.
 Auditors—J. Harry Sides, D.; Thomas G. Beaver, R.; John S. Groff, D.
 Surveyor—John C. Swigart, D.
 Coroner—J. W. Mitchell, R.
 Solicitor—A. Reed Hayes, D.
 Road Viewers—John T. Wilson, R.; John C. Swigart, D.; William T. McCoy, R.; E. Bruce Alexander, D.; Leo F. Treaster, D.; D. B. McWilliams, D.; W. J. Kearns, D.; William P. Rhodes, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Elmer E. Dippery, D.

MONROE COUNTY—STROUDSBURG.

Associate Judges—James H. Graves, R.; Harrison Christman, D.
 Sheriff—Philip S. Dreher, R.
 Prothonotary, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—C. A. Coleman, D.
 Register and Recorder—Eugene Altomose, D.
 Court Stenographer—Elizabeth G. Martin.
 Treasurer—Frank Edinger, D.
 District Attorney—Ira A. LaBar, D.
 Commissioners—Thomas Shiffer, D.; Owen Neyhart, D.; J. D. Haggerty, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Robert D. Depuy, D.
 Jury Commissioners—John H. Wagner, D.; Frank Besecker, D.
 Auditors—Joseph Shupp, D.; Harry Hamblin, D.; J. M. Doll, D.
 Surveyor—John L. Westbrook, D.
 Solicitor—Chester H. Rhodes, D.
 Road Viewers—T. Y. Hoffman, R.; Cicero Gearhart, D.; Bush Miller, D.; John H. Warner, D.; Homer Shupp, D.; William H. Bittenbender, D.; Harry K. McNeal, D.; Wesley J. Price, D.; John L. Westbrook, D.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY—NORRISTOWN.

Sheriff—Louis A. Nagle, R.
 Prothonotary—Harvey S. Frederick, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Robert C. Miller, R.
 Recorder—T. Darlington Buckwalter, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—James A. Stretch, R.
 Court Stenographer—E. Dodd Condit.
 Treasurer—John H. Rex, R.
 District Attorney—J. Aubrey Anderson, R.
 Assistant District Attorneys—Abraham H. Hendricks, R.; Frank X. Renninger, R.
 Commissioners—Roy A. Hatfield, R.; William Warner Harper, R.; Harman Y. Bready, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Daniel F. Stout, R.
 Prison Inspectors—Samuel Roberts, R.; Harry B. Tyson, R.; P. Y. Eisenberg, R.; J. Jay Corson, R.; J. K. Weaver, R.; Alfred Wright, R.
 Warden of Prison—Lemuel Roberts, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Walter H. Jenkins, R.; Francis D. Fryer, D.
 Poor Directors—Samuel Yeakle, R.; Jacob H. Ehst, R.; J. Horace Ziegler, R.
 County Controller—William D. Heebner, R.
 Surveyor—James Cresson, R.
 Coroner—William Neville, R.
 Solicitor—Frens Styer, R.
 Road Viewers—Thomas S. Gillin, D.; Alvin C. Alderfer, R.; Elwood Rhoads, R.; Walter M. Shaw, R.; Muscoe M. Gibson, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—William G. Hower, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Oliver F. Lenhardt, Mrs. John B. Kennedy, Miss Kate H. Brustar, Miss Lillian Jones, Mrs. Theodore B. Culver, Mrs. Dora W. Zweier, Mrs. Lillian M. Hillegas.

MONTOUR COUNTY—DANVILLE.

Associate Judges—James L. Brannen, D.; Simon K. Hoffman, D.
 Sheriff—Harvey G. Wagner, D.
 Prothonotary, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—John C. Peifer, D.
 Register and Recorder—William L. Sidler, D.
 Court Stenographer—William B. Linville.
 Treasurer—A. E. Seidel, D.
 District Attorney—Charles V. Amerman, D.
 Commissioners—William Quigg, R.; W. Thomas Madden, D.; James Ryan, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Horace C. Blue, D.
 Jury Commissioners—Matthew Maus, R.; Robert C. Auten, D.
 Auditors—Henry Wireman, R.; W. Clinton Robbins, D.; W. T. Dyer, D.
 Surveyor—A. B. Bobb, D.
 Solicitor—R. Scott Ammerman, D.
 Road Viewers—William L. Gouger, R.; Thomas VanSant, D.; Charles Ploch, D.; Charles H. Rishel, R.; W. V. Oglesby, R.; William L. Sidler, D.; Thomas C. Welsh, D.; Thomas H. Benfield, D.; Allen Watson, D.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—William Mouser, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Stuart M. Curry, Mrs. W. L. McClure, Mrs. Edward Sayre Gearhart, Mrs. Benjamin L. Diehl, Mrs. I. H. Jennings, Mrs. Amelia Swentek, Mrs. Mary Murray.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY—EASTON.

Sheriff—Irwin Peter Richards, R.
 Prothonotary—Thomas A. L. Hay, D.
 Register—Herbert Davilas Snyder, D.
 Recorder—Henry Lerch, D.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Llewellyn David Ritter, D.
 Clerk of Orphans' Court—William Sinwell, D.
 Court Stenographers—R. H. Rudolph, C. W. Kaepfel, H. J. Kuebler.
 Treasurer—Harry S. Meyers, D.
 District Attorney—Frank P. McCluskey, D.
 Assistant District Attorney—Robert Evan James, D.
 Commissioners—E. P. Buzzard, R.; E. P. Peifer, R.; A. H. Woodring, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Robert Eugene Ritter, D.
 Prison Inspectors—Oliver La Bar, D.; H. J. Osterstock, D.; J. E. McBride, D.; O. D. Schaeffer, R.; Amos Turner, R.
 Warden of Prison—Richard F. Pascoe, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Robert Beers, D.; Allen J. Clifton, R.
 Poor Directors—Richard H. Johnson, D.; Quintus H. Wagner, D.; Morris J. King, D.
 County Controller—Robley D. Walter, D.
 Surveyor—Daniel Miller, R.
 Coroner—David F. Bachman, D.
 Solicitor—Thomas McKeen Chidsey, R.
 Road Viewers—A. C. LaBarre, D.; Orrin Serfass, R.; Horace J. Miller, D.; George Hess, D.; Peter E. Seip, D.; Thomas J. McFall, D.; Cyrus C. Marsh, R.; Titus Rudy, R.; J. J. Clewell, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Noah Dietrich, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. C. E. Gold, Miss Esther D. Bixler, Mrs. C. K. Williams, Mrs. E. C. Nagle, Mrs. John E. Stocker, Mrs. R. P. Hutchinson, Mrs. S. D. Thaefer.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY—SUNBURY.

Sheriff—Reese Jeremiah, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Edgar Summers, D.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—John I. Carr, D.
 Court Stenographers—Joseph Cummings, W. H. Ferries.
 Treasurer—John H. Glass, R.
 District Attorney—Frank H. Strouss, D.
 Assistant District Attorney—Stephen L. Gribbons, D.
 Commissioners—Fred R. Dornsife, D.; John Roach, R.; S. Harry McKinney, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Charles Tressler, D.
 Warden of Prison—Wallace Barr, D.
 Jury Commissioners—Charles Klinger, D.; C. H. Raudenbush, R.
 County Controller—Oswald Kreamer, R.
 Surveyor—Samuel May, D.
 Coroner—Fred P. Steck, D.
 Solicitor—J. A. Welsh, D.
 Road Viewers—A. F. John, R.; George E. Keefer, D.; Samuel E. May, R.; Harry Armstrong, R.; James Dailey, D.; John C. Moore, R.; Ambrose Young, D.; C. W. Clement, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—W. F. McGovern, D.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Frank A. Gable, Mrs. Richard H. Simmons, Miss Annie Schabo, Mrs. Mary E. MacDonald, Mrs. J. Hunter Miles, Mrs. Daniel Powers, Mrs. Frank H. Strouss.

PERRY COUNTY—NEW BLOOMFIELD.

Associate Judges—W. A. Meiser, D.; George E. Boyer, R.
 Sheriff—D. L. Kistler, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—H. W. Robinson, D.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—W. F. Swartz, R.
 Court Stenographer—J. F. Cummings.
 Treasurer—Charles S. Brunner, R.
 District Attorney—James M. McKee, R.
 Commissioners—Jonathan Snyder, R.; J. C. Hench, R.; A. R. Thompson, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Charles J. Swartz, R.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—John Dunkleberger, D.; L. Scott McKeehan, R.
 Poor Directors—E. R. Loy, R.; S. A. Shope, R.; George W. Dunkle, R.
 Auditors—D. R. Kane, R.; S. Maurice Shuler, R.; H. Russell Campbell, D.
 Surveyor—G. C. Palm, R.
 Coroner—G. W. Gault, D.
 Solicitor—James W. Shull, R.
 Road Viewers—Scott S. Leiby, D.; John C. Motter, R.; J. L. L. Bucke, R.; L. E. Donnelly, D.; J. A. Wright, R.; David Stambaugh, D.; J. Ross Satzler, D.; Frank S. Waggoner.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—D. H. Meck, R.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—PHILADELPHIA.

Sheriff—Harry C. Ransley, R.
 Prothonotary—Henry F. Walton, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—James B. Sheehan, R.
 Recorder—James M. Hazlett, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Thomas W. Cunningham, R.
 Treasurer—Frederick J. Shoyer, R.
 District Attorney—Samuel P. Rotan, R.
 Assistant District Attorneys—William Findlay Brown, R.; Joseph T. Taulane, R.; John H. Maurer, R.; J. Gay Gordon, Jr., D.; George A. Welsh, R.; Charles E. Fox, R.; Michael F. McCullough, R.; Maurice J. Speiser, R.; Franklin E. Barr, R.; Charles F. Kelley, R.
 Commissioners—George F. Holmes, W.; Harry Kuenzel, R.; Henry Starr, Richardson, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Windom D. Bryant, R.
 Prison Inspectors—Joseph M. Reeves, R.; J. Warner Hutchins, R.; Andrew Gray, R.; Benjamin W. Snyder, R.; Louis Fleisher, R.; James J. Ryan, R.; Thomas R. Patton, R.; Joseph P. M. Baldi, R.; William V. McGrath, R.; Charles H. Smith, R.; S. Pemberton Hutchinson, R.
 Warden of Prison—Fred A. Cooke, R.
 County Controller—John M. Walton, R.
 Receiver of Taxes—W. Freeland Kendrick, R.
 Coroner—William R. Knight, Jr., R.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Solicitor—John P. Connelly, R.
 Road Viewers—Charles W. Boger, R.; William J. Kerns, R.; Alfred Gratz, R.; Francis S. Cantrell, Jr., R.; J. Parker Norris, Jr., R.; Robert B. Scott, R.; John J. Green, D.; Fred W. Willard, R.; Harry Mace, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Max Mayer, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. H. Gordon McCouch, Miss Agnes Kelly, Mrs. M. W. Ketchum, Miss Anna F. Davies, Mrs. M. H. Biernbaum, Mrs. Charles J. Rhodes; Mrs. Franklin Spencer Edmonds.

PIKE COUNTY—MILFORD.

Associate Judges—G. E. Swartwood, D.; George A. Knealing, D.
 Sheriff—Daniel B. Olmsted, D.
 Prothonotary, Register, Recorder, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—Theodore H. Baker, D.
 Treasurer—Frederick A. Beck, D.
 District Attorney—George R. Bull, D.
 Commissioners—E. J. Darragh, D.; H. M. Rosencrance, D.; Asa B. Martin, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—James H. Heller, D.
 Warden of Prison—George Smith, D.
 Jury Commissioners—Ernest C. Wood, D.; Harry Eager, R.
 Auditors—Frank W. Cross, D.; Charles A. Foster, D.; Walter V. Dingman, R.
 Surveyor—Frank Schorr, D.
 Coroner—J. Henry Ludwig, D.
 Solicitor—J. H. Van Etten, W.
 Road Viewers—George L. Nusce, D.; Arthur Rohman, D.; John A. Kipp, D.; Frank Schorr, D.; Ephraim Shay, D.; Samuel Marsch, D.; Alfred Marvin, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—George E. Darragh, D.

POTTER COUNTY—COUDERSPORT.

Sheriff—Irrving E. Veley, W.
 Prothonotary, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—Lloyd S. Newton, R.
 Register and Recorder—Charles E. Spoor, R.
 Court Stenographers—Mrs. O. V. Corsaw, Ada Hurr.
 Treasurer—Joseph Bernard, R.
 District Attorney—Charles C. Van DeBoe, R.
 Commissioners—Henry J. Theis, D.; Frank H. Schadenburger, D.; Henry S. Bartoo, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Frank Howland, D.
 Jury Commissioners—D. E. Goodenough, R.; Charles F. Schaar, D.
 Poor Directors—The County Commissioners.
 Auditors—Edgar Crandall, R.; W. C. Rennells, R.; Arch W. Snyder, D.
 Surveyor—Leon H. Cole, R.
 Coroner—R. B. Knight, D.
 Solicitor—W. F. Du Bois, R.
 Road Viewers—Maurice Smith, R.; Irving C. Lewis, R.; W. L. Lillibridge, D.; W. G. Kline, R.; Art S. Burt, D.; F. M. Burfield, R.; Lyman Burt, D.; S. M. Conable, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—William C. Klein, D.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Flora B. Crittenden, Mrs. E. R. Gustin, Mrs. Lucy Smith, Mrs. F. E. Baldwin, Mrs. J. Walter Wells, Mrs. Nellie V. Pfeiffer, Mrs. Jennie White.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY—POTTSVILLE.

Sheriff—Joseph Wyatt, R.
 Prothonotary—James R. Walton, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Frank C. Ball, R.
 Recorder—Joseph F. Carr, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Fred. D. Freudenberger, R.
 Court Stenographers—H. C. Wilson, H. E. Greager, Decatur Moore.
 Treasurer—William A. Adamson, R.
 District Attorney—C. A. Whitehouse, R.
 Assistant District Attorneys—E. J. Maginnis, R.; L. B. Edwards, R.; George M. Paxson, R.
 Commissioners—William S. Leib, R.; E. C. Brobst, R.; T. J. McDonald, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—T. J. Evans, R.
 Warden of Prison—George H. Morgan, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Frank Bausum, R.; James Manley, D.
 Poor Directors—Charles H. Heine, R.; M. H. Brennan, D.; William A. Womer, R.
 County Controller—J. E. Kantner, R.
 Surveyor—Joseph W. Geary, R.
 Coroner—George H. Moore, R.
 Solicitor—Charles A. Snyder, R.
 Road Viewers—J. A. Sones, R.; Charles Smith, R.; Edward Nahf, R.; Clinton Rishel, R.; S. G. Crawford, R.; G. H. Robinhold, R.; F. A. Brown, R.; E. A. Beddall, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—R. Bruce Clayton, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Paul W. Houck, Mrs. Robert D. Heaton, Mrs. H. O. Bechtel, Mrs. David A. Holland, Mrs. C. M. Bordner, Mrs. A. P. Seligman, Miss Helen F. Toole.

SNYDER COUNTY—MIDDLEBURG.

Associate Judges—J. Frank Keller, R.; John Field, D.
 Sheriff—Charles S. Mattern, R.
 Prothonotary, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—William J. Treaster, R.
 Register and Recorder—Edwin Charles, R.
 Court Stenographer—W. H. Faries.
 Treasurer—L. F. Gemberling, R.
 District Attorney—Harry A. Coryell, R.
 Commissioners—H. A. Bowersox, R.; O. B. Sanders, R.; L. F. Hummel, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Thomas F. Shambach, R.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—Harvey F. Boyer, R.; J. O. Longacre, D.
 Auditors—Frank H. Seaman, R.; John A. Wetzell, R.; George A. Shetterly, D.
 Surveyor—John M. Boyer, R.
 Coroner—A. J. Herman, R.
 Solicitor—M. I. Potter, R.
 Road Viewers—William K. Miller, R.; Jay G. Weiser, D.; H. H. Grimm, R.; R. C. Fiss, D.; Henry Richter, R.; C. L. Wetzell, R.; Allen Sechrist, R.; Jesse Cornelius, D.; Albert Stetler, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—P. Scott Ritter, R.

SOMERSET COUNTY—SOMERSET.

Sheriff—Lester G. Wagner, R.
 Prothonotary—Jonas M. Cook, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Charles I. Shaver, R.
 Recorder—John E. Custer, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Daniel W. Weller, R.
 Court Stenographer—Jacob J. Walker.
 Treasurer—John W. Rephorn, R.
 District Attorney—Virgil R. Saylor, R.
 Commissioners—C. H. Shockey, R.; William J. Glessner, Joseph B. Miller, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—L. M. Phillips, D.
 Jury Commissioners—John S. Shafer, R.; Chauncey M. Fisher, D.
 Poor Directors—E. K. Suder, R.; Jacob C. Deltz, R.; John C. Miller, R.
 Auditors—Charles W. Brennison, D.; Edwin L. Fox, R.; Joseph C. Miller, R.
 Surveyor—Ireneus S. Pile, R.
 Coroner—Henry S. Kimmel, R.
 Solicitor—Charles Ealy, R.
 Road Viewers—L. C. Colborn, R.; Rufus E. Meyers, R.; John A. Hartman, R.; William M. Schrock, R.; J. E. Johnson, R.; F. H. Meyers, R.; Roscoe Welley, R.; William P. Hay, D.; James B. Colborn, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—W. H. Sanner, R.

SULLIVAN COUNTY—LAPORTE.

Associate Judges—Dennis Keefe, D.; E. S. Chase, R.
 Sheriff—James C. Caven, R.
 Prothonotary, Register, Recorder, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—Albert F. Heess, R.
 Court Stenographer—Gilbert S. Burrows.
 Treasurer—Reed G. Frutchey, R.
 District Attorney—Jairus H. Thayer, D.
 Commissioners—Roland S. Martin, R.; Charles H. Warren, R.; James E. Fogarty, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—F. W. Meylert, R.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—Carr H. Jones, R.; F. M. Crossley, D.
 Auditors—R. W. Mason, R.; Thomas J. Cavanaugh, D.; Walter Reinbold, R.
 Surveyor—W. C. Mason, R.
 Coroner—Carl M. Bradford, R.
 Solicitor—F. W. Meylert, R.
 Road Viewers—John E. Cronin, R.; Edward L. Sweeney, D.; Frank H. Ingham, R.; P. W. Hunsinger, D.; John Litzelman, D.; William T. Moore, R.; Walter H. Laurensen, R.; W. C. Mason, R.; E. S. Chase, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Nelson Cox, R.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY—MONTROSE.

Sheriff—Harry E. Taylor, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Fred A. Mack, R.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Edwin C. Rogers, R.
 Court Stenographer—Arthur Head.
 Treasurer—John F. Moffatt, R.
 District Attorney—John Ferguson, R.
 Commissioners—Frank H. Ball, R.; T. D. Jones, R.; Harmon A. Stone, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—John J. Birney, R.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—Pyrr Williams, R.; James J. O'Neill, D.
 Auditors—D. D. Foster, R.; Hugh Jones, R.; Earl Hendrickson, D.
 Surveyor—Morris Tingley, R.
 Coroner—C. R. Knapp, R.
 Solicitor—William A. Titworth, R.
 Road Viewers—C. H. Tutthill, R.; Philip Wheaton, D.; M. E. Birchard, R.; F. M. Gray, R.; F. M. Gardiner, R.; Charles L. VanScoten, R.; C. M. Lewis, R.; John V. Meehan, D.; Lee R. Bolles, P.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—W. G. Comstock, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Henry F. Manzer, Mrs. Lee R. Bolles, Mrs. R. E. McMicken, Miss Verna Beardslee, Mrs. E. N. Townsend, Mrs. Mary Mooney, Mrs. Franklin M. Gardner.

TIOGA COUNTY—WELLSBORO.

Sheriff—Fred S. Husted, R.
 Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—Edson J. Catlin, R.
 Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—William S. Woodhouse, R.
 Court Stenographer—Mrs. O. V. Corsaw.
 Treasurer—Otis H. Evans, R.
 District Attorney—Norman B. Leslie, R.
 Commissioners—R. E. Cleveland, R.; James Crawford, R.; S. O. Putnam, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Charles Plaisted, D.
 Jury Commissioners—Charles Weeks, R.; A. T. Porter, D.
 Poor Directors—R. E. Cleveland, R.; James Crawford, R.; S. O. Putnam, D.
 Auditors—C. T. Baldwin, R.; Frank Reinwald, D.; R. C. Kelts, R.
 Surveyor—E. B. Beaumont, R.
 Coroner—W. F. White, D.
 Solicitor—David Cameron, R.
 Road Viewers—Ernest H. Green, R.; Thomas E. Bowen, R.; Frank J. Campbell, R.; John A. Vandergrift, D.; E. D. Fisher, D.; John Ludlam, R.; Morris D. Howe, R.; George T. Hatherill, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—William Swartwood, R.

UNION COUNTY—LEWISBURG

Associate Judges—Thomas M. Shively, R.; A. K. Dieffenderfer, R.
 Sheriff—Charles M. Renner, R.
 Prothonotary, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—C. Dale Wolfe, R.
 Register and Recorder—Ambrose B. Wagner, R.
 Court Stenographer—William H. Faries.
 Treasurer—M. D. Grove, R.

District Attorney—Curtis C. Leshar, D.

Commissioners—W. J. Ruhl, R.; Henry A. Danowsky, R.; B. O. Brown, D.

Clerk to Commissioners—Ruth W. Wainwright, R.

Prison Inspector—C. A. Gundy, D.

Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.

Jury Commissioners—Blaine Kauffman, R.; Harry S. Mitchell, D.

Auditors—John F. Brouse, R.; Martin J. Spotts, R.; Wilson Groover, D.

Surveyor—E. B. Riehl, R.

Solicitor—Cloyd Steininger, R.

Road Viewers—Philip B. Linn, R.; David L. Glover, R.; Calvin M. Hayes, R.; Homer Smith, D.; Peter Young, R.; Samuel B. Miller, D.; Willard S. Moyer, R.; John Try, R.; William Shuck, R.

Sealer of Weights and Measures—Charles Glover, R.

Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. E. M. Heim, Mrs. M. R. Calkins, Mrs. C. M. Hayes, Miss Annie B. Moore, Mrs. C. M. Rooke, Mrs. Evelyn Gundy, Mrs. John P. Ruhl.

VENANGO COUNTY—FRANKLIN.

Sheriff—James C. Harrah, R.

Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—W. W. Davison, R.

Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—H. Gordon Johnson, R.

Court Stenographer—J. Verner Wrightnour.

Treasurer—John N. Mark, R.

District Attorney—Lee A. McCracken, R.

Commissioners—P. H. Culbertson, D.; Fred Gates, R.; John L. Shaffer, R.

Clerk to Commissioners—J. A. Chadwick, R.

Jury Commissioners—C. J. First, R.; A. W. Shorts, R.

Poor Directors—The County Commissioners.

Auditors—Joseph H. Bell, R.; J. R. Dodds, R.; F. M. Keene, D.

Surveyor—H. B. Melat, R.

Coroner—J. W. Osenider, R.

Solicitor—Harold T. Parker, R.

Road Viewers—H. B. Melat, R.; William J. Magee, R.; William Hilands, R.; John E. Cunningham, R.; W. P. Wolford, R.; John N. Pritchard, R.; John L. Mattox, R.; W. B. Griffen, R.; Thomas L. Haylett, D.

Sealer of Weights and Measures—R. A. Pringle, D.

Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. O. D. Bleakley, Mrs. Mary D. Campbell, Mrs. Thomas Nesbit, Mrs. August Morck, Mrs. E. R. Boyle, Mrs. Jesse H. Wilson, Mrs. Harry B. Mitchell.

WARREN COUNTY—WARREN.

Associate Judges—J. W. Hughes, R.; A. W. Mumford, R.

Sheriff—W. W. Muir, R.

Prothonotary and Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—C. A. Clark, R.

Register, Recorder and Clerk of Orphans' Court—Henry H. Bassett, R.

Court Stenographer—Frank C. Whitting.

Treasurer—E. D. Stewart, R.

District Attorney—L. C. Eddy, R.

Commissioners—A. C. Mook, R.; E. M. Lowe, R.; S. A. Cramer, D.

Clerk to Commissioners—Addison White, R.

Prison Inspectors—The County Commissioners.

Jury Commissioners—Frank W. Engle, R.; G. W. Bauer, D.

Poor Directors—The County Commissioners.

Auditors—W. J. Farnsworth, R.; H. A. Fuelhart, R.; Mac Olney, D.

Surveyor—D. F. A. Wheelock, R.

Coroner—L. E. Chapman, R.

Solicitor—John Siggins, Jr., R.

Road Viewers—W. S. Clark, R.; W. J. Knupp, D.; William H. Allen, R.; Alson Rogers, W.; A. D. Manley, R.; W. E. Gilbert, R.; Horace A. Crary, R.; W. E. Henderson, R.

Sealer of Weights and Measures—Gerald C. Wright, R.

WASHINGTON COUNTY—WASHINGTON.

Sheriff—Frank B. Wickerham, R.

Prothonotary—A. V. Lewis, R.

Register—Boyd C. Parshall, R.

Recorder—August Valentour, R.

Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—W. S. Lockhart, R.

Court Stenographers—Alice E. Jones, William H. McEnrue.

Treasurer—W. H. Alexander, R.

District Attorney—Isaac W. Baum, R.

Assistant District Attorney—Howard W. Hughes, R.

Commissioners—John O. Watson, R.; Thomas Hill, R.; A. P. Barnum, D.

Clerk to Commissioners—H. R. Campbell, R.

Warden of Prison—David Creigh, R.

Jury Commissioners—J. Warren Vankirk, R.; James E. McLoney, D.

Poor Directors—W. W. Hawkins, R.; George A. Adams, R.; R. C. Buchanan, R.

County Controller—Thomas J. Underwood, R.

Surveyor—George W. Chaney, R.

Coroner—James T. Heffran, R.

Solicitor—James P. Eagleson, R.

Road Viewers—Grant E. Hess, R.; William Wylie, R.; R. J. McCleery, R.; James W. Walker, R.; C. C. Dunn, R.; John S. Lee, R.; William S. Sheplar, D.; A. R. McClurg, D.; John M. F. Hana, D.

Sealer of Weights and Measures—O. Evans Mikesell, R.

Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Elizabeth C. Fish, Miss Sue Jewett Johns, Mrs. Olive W. Grace, Miss Mary Jeannette Dickson, Mrs. Agnes J. Byers, Mrs. John C. Judson, Mrs. C. C. Wright.

WAYNE COUNTY—HONESDALE.

Sheriff—N. B. Spencer, R.

Prothonotary, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—A. E. Swoyer, R.

Register and Recorder—W. B. Leshar, R.

Court Stenographer—Arthur Head.

Treasurer—Frank C. Kimble, D.
 District Attorney—M. E. Simons, R.
 Commissioners—Earl Rockwell, R.; Neville Holgate, D.; Charles Herrman, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—George J. Knorr, D.
 Warden of Prison—The Sheriff.
 Jury Commissioners—Samuel Saunders, D.; F. E. Cariton, R.
 Auditors—Leroy Gilpin, R.; W. O. Avery, R.; E. R. Bodie, D.
 Surveyor—Isaac B. Sandercock, R.
 Coroner—P. B. Peterson, W.
 Solicitor—M. J. Hanlan, D.
 Road Viewers—Isaac B. Sandercock, R.; A. V. Tyter, Pro.; W. A. Gaylord, R.; C. M. Betz, R.; E. C. Mumford, R.; M. L. Skinner, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—G. S. Thompson, R.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY—GREENSBURG.

Sheriff—John P. Kilgore, D.
 Prothonotary—W. Dick Hunter, R.
 Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court—E. A. Cremer, R.
 Recorder—Harry S. Miller, R.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions—James B. Gallagher, R.
 Court Stenographers—J. Frank Beatty, Samuel B. Foight.
 Treasurer—A. D. Miller, R.
 District Attorney—Nevin A. Cort, R.
 Assistant District Attorneys—William T. Dom, Jr., R.; R. E. Best, R.; T. G. Taylor, R.
 Commissioners—W. Dick Reamer, R.; George W. Deeds, D.; Berkey H. Boyd, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—M. F. Null, R.
 Warden of Prison—John B. Nichols, R.
 Jury Commissioners—Ed. Chambers, R.; J. L. Mitchell, D.
 Poor Directors—W. Harry Austraw, R.; John M. Bash, D.; John Singer, R.
 County Controller—John S. Sell, R.
 Surveyor—Burgess Ross, R.
 Coroner—James Harkins, R.
 Solicitor—William S. Rial, R.
 Road Viewers—W. A. Kunkle, R.; Luke Lonergan, D.; W. H. Matthews, R.; J. W. Barnett, R.; A. M. Dick, D.; S. M. Ankney, D.; George Sprague, D.; Warner Utts, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Harry E. Rinehart, R.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. U. J. Sheets, Mrs. T. E. McConnell, Mrs. John S. Duvall, Mrs. Isabel Donnelly, Mrs. D. H. Stoner, Mrs. Harry F. Bovard, Mrs. Mollie McKean Johnston.

WYOMING COUNTY—TUNKHANNOCK.

Associate Judges—Kiah C. Mott, Prog.; Fred I. Wheelock, R.
 Sheriff—J. Harmon Gearhart, D.
 Prothonotary, Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—C. O. George, R.
 Register and Recorder—William Connell, D.
 Court Stenographer—Gilbert S. Burrows.
 Treasurer—Marble Gay, R.
 District Attorney—Edward B. Farr, R.
 Commissioners—Able D. Gardner, R.; Harvey W. Place, D.; Harvey P. Bunnell, D.
 Clerk to Commissioners—Asa S. Keeler, D.
 Jury Commissioners—William Hobbs, D.; Percy R. Brunges, R.
 Auditors—Elmer S. Furman, R.; W. R. Dewolf, R.; Andrew J. Dailey, D.
 Surveyor—Edward Stone, R.
 Coroner—George M. Kinner, R.
 Solicitor—Asa S. Keeler, D.
 Road Viewers—B. W. Lewis, R.; Harvey Sickler, D.; Oscar Ross, D.; Fred L. Herman, D.; Omar H. Allen, R.; E. C. Pratt, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—William McKune, D.

YORK COUNTY—YORK.

Sheriff—William D. Haas, D.
 Prothonotary—Robert S. Frey, R.
 Register—Edward Bupp, D.
 Recorder—Edward B. Newman, D.
 Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions and of Orphans' Court—Tempeth J. Little, D.
 Court Stenographer—Henry C. Demming.
 Treasurer—A. F. Fix, D.
 District Attorney—C. W. Albert Rochow, D.
 Assistant District Attorney—J. Thurman Atkins, D.
 Commissioners—John D. Jenkins, D.; Franklin P. Lauer, D.; Whorley J. Neff, R.
 Clerk to Commissioners—M. H. Seitz, D.
 Jury Commissioners—Clinton M. Spatz, D.; Alexander Monroe, R.
 Poor Directors—M. Luther Hess, D.; John J. Laudes, R.; George E. Ness, D.
 County Controller—Frederick S. Bartschlagler, D.
 Surveyor—E. E. Allen, D.
 Coroner—Eus Henry Jones, D.
 Solicitor—Ray P. Siswood, D.
 Road Viewers—John W. Heller, D.; McClean Stock, R.; William F. Fry, D.; John G. Heistand, D.; Amos E. Rieker, Charles R. Bartol, D.; Albert W. Brandt, R.
 Sealer of Weights and Measures—Reuben G. Lauer, D.
 Trustees for Mothers' Pensions—Mrs. Margaret McCall, Mrs. Helen Logan, Mrs. Schall Smith, Mrs. H. S. Weidner, Mrs. P. W. Emerton, Miss Salome Baker, Miss Blanche E. Stauffer.

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA LIBRARY

JUN 15 1920

MAYORS OF CITIES OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Cities.	Mayors.	Salary.	Term Expires.
First Class:			
Philadelphia,	Thomas B. Smith,	\$12,000	January, 1920
Second Class:			
Pittsburgh,	Edward V. Babcock,	10,000	January, 1922
Scranton,	Alexander T. Connell,	5,000	January, 1922
Third Class:			
Allentown,	Albert L. Reichenbach,	3,000	January, 1920
Altoona,	Charles E. Rhodes,	3,000	January, 1920
Bethlehem,	Archibald Johnston,	2,500	January, 1922
Bradford,	Hugh H. North,	500	January, 1920
Butler,	Joseph A. Heineman,	1,200	January, 1922
Carbondale,	John T. Loftus,	1,200	January, 1920
Chester,	W. S. McDowell,	2,500	January, 1920
Coatesville,	Albert H. Swing,	500	January, 1920
Connellsville,	John Duggan,	500	January, 1922
Corry,	Cassius L. Alexander,	500	January, 1922
DuBois,	A. J. Haag,	500	January, 1920
Duquesne,	James S. Crawford,	1,200	January, 1922
Easton,	D. W. Nevin,	1,200	January, 1920
Erie,	Miles B. Kitts,	3,000	January, 1920
Franklin,	John P. Emery,	500	January, 1922
Harrisburg,	Daniel L. Keister,	3,000	January, 1920
Hazleton,	Henry W. Heidenreich,	1,200	January, 1922
Johnstown,	Louis Franke,	3,000	January, 1920
Lancaster,	Harry L. Trout,	3,000	January, 1920
Lebanon,	George T. Spang,	1,200	January, 1920
Lock Haven,	John T. Cupper,	600	January, 1920
McKeesport,	George H. Lysle,	2,500	January, 1922
Meadville,	E. W. Lawrence,	500	January, 1922
Monongahela,	A. L. McVicker,	500	January, 1920
New Castle,	A. D. Newell,	2,500	January, 1920
Oil City,	William Agnew,	1,200	January, 1920
Pittston,	James J. Kennedy,	1,500	January, 1922
Pottsville,	F. Pierce Mortimer,	1,200	January, 1922
Reading,	Edward H. Filbert,	3,500	January, 1920
Titusville,	Charles B. Morgan,	500	January, 1920
Uniontown,	John D. Carr,	500	January, 1920
Wilkes-Barre,	John V. Kosek,	3,500	January, 1920
Williamsport,	Archibald M. Hoagland,	2,500	January, 1920
York,	E. S. Hugentugler,	2,500	January, 1920

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DIGEST OF UNITED STATES POSTAL REGULATIONS.

(As compiled by the Post-Office Department, Washington, D. C.)

GENERAL GUIDE TO CLASSIFICATION OF DOMESTIC MAIL MATTER.

FIRST-CLASS

Includes all written matter, all matter closed against inspection, and all matter, though printed, which has the nature of actual and personal (individual) correspondence, except that certain writing or printing may be placed upon matter of the second, third, and fourth classes without increasing the rate. (See section 2.)

SECOND-CLASS

Includes all newspapers and periodicals which bear the authorized statement: "Entered at the post-office as second-class mail matter." (See sections 2 and 4.)

THIRD-CLASS

Includes all printed matter upon paper not having the nature of actual personal correspondence, except newspapers, and periodicals bearing the statement: "Entered at the post office as second-class matter." (See sections 2 and 4.)

Exceptions:—Miscellaneous printed matter (not books), weighing more than 4 pounds shall be included in matter of the fourth-class (parcel post), and after March 16, 1914, books weighing more than eight ounces shall be included in the fourth-class (parcel post).

FOURTH-CLASS—(Parcel Post.)

Includes all merchandise and all other matter not comprehended in the first, second, and third-classes. (See sections 2 and 4.)

NOTE.—Matter of a higher class enclosed with matter of a lower class subjects the whole package to the higher rate.

SECTION 1.

Domestic Mail Matter.

Domestic mail matter includes all matter deposited in the mails for local delivery, or for transmission from one place to another within the United States, or to or from or between the possessions of the United States.

Porto Rico and Hawaii are included in the term "United States." The Philippine Archipelago, Guam, Tutuila (including all adjacent islands of the Samoan group, which are possessions of the United States), and the Canal Zone are included in the term, "Possessions of the United States." The term "Canal Zone" includes all the territory purchased from the Republic of Panama, embracing the "Canal Zone" proper and the islands in the Bay of Panama named Perico, Naos, Culebra and Flamenco.

Domestic rates of postage also apply to mail matter sent from the United States to Canada, Mexico, Cuba, the Republic of Panama, and the United States postal agency at Shanghai, China, and matter addressed to officers or members of the crew of vessels of war of the United States. The domestic rate applies also to letters, but not other articles, addressed to Great Britain, Ireland, Newfoundland, Dominican Republic, New Zealand, Bahamas, Barbados, British Guiana, British Honduras, Dutch West Indies, Leeward, Danish West Indies, Trinidad, including Tobago and Windward Islands, including Grenada, St. Vincent, Grenadines, St. Lucia.

SECTION 2.

Classification and Postage Rates.

Domestic mail matter is divided into four classes:

FIRST CLASS.—Rate, 2 cents for each ounce or fraction. Limit of weight, 70 pounds for parcels mailed for delivery within the first, second, and third zones, and 50 pounds for all other zones. United States postal cards, 1 cent each; post cards, 1 cent each.

Includes: Letters, United States postal cards, post cards manufactured by private persons (see sec. 7), all matter sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, and all matter wholly or partly in writing, whether sealed or unsealed. Except manuscript copy accompanying proof-sheets or corrected proof-sheets of the same and the writing authorized by law to be placed upon matter of the other classes.

NOTE.—Typewriting and carbon and letterpress copies thereof are written matter and subject to the first-class rate. A printed communication having the character of actual personal correspondence is regarded as a letter. (See section 8.)

See section 3 for exceptions to prepayment.

SECOND-CLASS.—Unsealed.—Rate, 1 cent for each 4 ounces or fraction. Full prepayment required. No limit of weight.

This is the rate which applies to newspapers and other periodical publications bearing the printed statement: "Entered at the post-office as second-class matter," etc., when they are mailed by the public.

For permissible additions see section 4; wrapping, section 13.

NOTE.—The rates of postage on and the conditions applicable to second-class matter, when mailed by publishers or news agents, are not treated in this Digest.

THIRD-CLASS.—Unsealed.—Rate, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction. Full prepayment required. Miscellaneous printed matter (not books), becomes fourth class (parcel post) matter when packages weigh in excess of four (4) pounds.

Includes: Books weighing 8 ounces or less, newspapers and periodicals not admitted to the second-class, circulars, miscellaneous printed matter on paper not having the nature of personal

correspondence and weighing four pounds or less, and proof-sheets, corrected proof-sheets, and manuscript copy accompanying the same, and all matter in point print or raised characters used by the blind.

For permissible additions see section 4; wrapping, section 13.

FOURTH-CLASS—(DOMESTIC PARCEL POST) matter embraces all other matter, including farm and factory products, not now embraced in either the first, second or third class, not exceeding 70 pounds when mailed for delivery within the first, second, and third zones and not exceeding 50 pounds when mailed for delivery in the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth zones. Parcels cannot exceed 84 inches in length and girth combined and cannot contain matter of a perishable nature within a period reasonably required for transportation and delivery.

The following table governs the postal rate on parcels to the different zones.

Weight in pounds.	Local.	Zones.							
		1st Up to 50 miles.	2d 50 to 150 miles.	3d 150 to 300 miles.	4th 300 to 600 miles.	5th 600 to 1000 miles.	6th 1000 to 1400 miles.	7th 1400 to 1800 miles.	8th Over 1800 miles.
1	-----	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.06	\$0.07	\$0.08	\$0.09	\$0.11
2	-----	.06	.06	.06	.08	.11	.14	.17	.21
3	-----	.06	.07	.07	.10	.15	.20	.25	.31
4	-----	.07	.08	.08	.12	.19	.26	.33	.41
5	-----	.07	.09	.09	.14	.23	.32	.41	.51
6	-----	.08	.10	.10	.16	.27	.38	.49	.61
7	-----	.08	.11	.11	.18	.31	.44	.57	.71
8	-----	.09	.12	.12	.20	.35	.50	.65	.81
9	-----	.09	.13	.13	.22	.39	.56	.73	.91
10	-----	.10	.14	.14	.24	.43	.62	.81	1.01
11	-----	.10	.15	.15	.26	.47	.68	.89	1.11
12	-----	.11	.16	.16	.28	.51	.74	.97	1.21
13	-----	.11	.17	.17	.30	.55	.80	1.05	1.31
14	-----	.12	.18	.18	.32	.59	.86	1.13	1.41
15	-----	.12	.19	.19	.34	.63	.92	1.21	1.51
16	-----	.13	.20	.20	.36	.67	.98	1.29	1.61
17	-----	.13	.21	.21	.38	.71	1.04	1.37	1.71
18	-----	.14	.22	.22	.40	.75	1.10	1.45	1.81
19	-----	.14	.23	.23	.42	.79	1.16	1.53	1.91
20	-----	.15	.24	.24	.44	.83	1.22	1.61	2.01
21	-----	.15	.25	.25	.46	.87	1.28	1.69	2.11
22	-----	.16	.26	.26	.48	.91	1.34	1.77	2.21
23	-----	.16	.27	.27	.50	.95	1.40	1.85	2.31
24	-----	.17	.28	.28	.52	.99	1.46	1.93	2.41
25	-----	.17	.29	.29	.54	1.03	1.52	2.01	2.51
26	-----	.18	.30	.30	.56	1.07	1.58	2.09	2.61
27	-----	.18	.31	.31	.58	1.11	1.64	2.17	2.71
28	-----	.19	.32	.32	.60	1.15	1.70	2.25	2.81
29	-----	.19	.33	.33	.62	1.19	1.76	2.33	2.91
30	-----	.20	.34	.34	.64	1.23	1.82	2.41	3.01
31	-----	.20	.35	.35	.66	1.27	1.88	2.49	3.11
32	-----	.21	.36	.36	.68	1.31	1.94	2.57	3.21
33	-----	.21	.37	.37	.70	1.35	2.00	2.65	3.31
34	-----	.22	.38	.38	.72	1.39	2.06	2.73	3.41
35	-----	.22	.39	.39	.74	1.43	2.12	2.81	3.51
36	-----	.23	.40	.40	.76	1.47	2.18	2.89	3.61
37	-----	.23	.41	.41	.78	1.51	2.24	2.97	3.71
38	-----	.24	.42	.42	.80	1.55	2.30	3.05	3.81
39	-----	.24	.43	.43	.82	1.59	2.36	3.13	3.91
40	-----	.25	.44	.44	.84	1.63	2.42	3.21	4.01
41	-----	.25	.45	.45	.86	1.67	2.48	3.29	4.11
42	-----	.26	.46	.46	.88	1.71	2.54	3.37	4.21
43	-----	.26	.47	.47	.90	1.75	2.60	3.45	4.31
44	-----	.27	.48	.48	.92	1.79	2.66	3.53	4.41
45	-----	.27	.49	.49	.94	1.83	2.72	3.61	4.51
46	-----	.28	.50	.50	.96	1.87	2.78	3.69	4.61
47	-----	.28	.51	.51	.98	1.91	2.84	3.77	4.71
48	-----	.29	.52	.52	1.00	1.95	2.90	3.85	4.81
49	-----	.29	.53	.53	1.02	1.99	2.96	3.93	4.91
50	-----	.30	.54	.54	1.04	2.03	3.02	4.01	5.01
51	-----	.30	.55	.55	1.06	-----	-----	-----	-----
52	-----	.31	.56	.56	1.08	-----	-----	-----	-----
53	-----	.31	.57	.57	1.10	-----	-----	-----	-----
54	-----	.32	.58	.58	1.12	-----	-----	-----	-----
55	-----	.32	.59	.59	1.14	-----	-----	-----	-----

Weight in pounds.	Local.	Zones.							
		1st Up to 50 miles.	2d 50 to 150 miles.	3d 150 to 300 miles.	4th 300 to 600 miles.	5th 600 to 1000 miles.	6th 1000 to 1400 miles.	7th 1400 to 1800 miles.	8th Over 1800 miles.
56	.33	.60	.60	1.16					
57	.33	.61	.61	1.18					
58	.34	.62	.62	1.20					
59	.34	.63	.63	1.22					
60	.35	.64	.64	1.24					
61	.35	.65	.65	1.26					
62	.36	.66	.66	1.28					
63	.36	.67	.67	1.30					
64	.37	.68	.68	1.32					
65	.37	.69	.69	1.34					
66	.38	.70	.70	1.36					
67	.38	.71	.71	1.38					
68	.39	.72	.72	1.40					
69	.39	.73	.73	1.42					
70	.40	.74	.74	1.44					

First zone includes approximately 50 miles distance.

Second zone includes approximately 150 miles distance.

Third zone includes approximately 300 miles distance.

Fourth zone includes approximately 600 miles distance.

Fifth zone includes approximately 1,000 miles distance.

Sixth zone includes approximately 1,400 miles distance.

Seventh zone includes approximately 1,800 miles distance.

Eighth zone includes all outside the seventh zone.

The above table applies to parcels weighing in excess of four ounces, fractions of pounds being considered full pounds. On parcels weighing four ounces or less the rate is one cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce regardless of distance. Books weighing eight ounces or less shall be charged at the rate of one cent for each two ounces or fraction of two ounces; on all in excess of eight ounces the rates as shown in the table shall be charged. Miscellaneous printed matter weighing in excess of four (4) pounds, shall be charged according to zone rates. Printed matter (not books) weighing four (4) pounds or less shall be charged at the rate of one cent for each two (2) ounces or fraction of two ounces.

(NOTE.)—All fourth-class (parcel post) matter should be marked to indicate if same is perishable or fragile.

Parcel post packages cannot be registered but can be insured at the following rates:

When the value of the parcel does not exceed \$5.00.....	3 cents.
When the value of the parcel does not exceed 25.00.....	5 cents.
When the value of the parcel does not exceed 50.00.....	10 cents.
When the value of the parcel does not exceed 100.00.....	25 cents.

The charges on a package will be collected on delivery and returned to the sender by money order upon payment of 10 cents in addition to the regular postage providing that the amount to be collected does not exceed \$50.00, and a fee of 25 cents in stamps provided the amount to be remitted does not exceed \$100.00. Such a parcel becomes automatically insured up to \$50, and \$100 according to whether 10 or 25 cents fee is paid.

Upon every parcel or package transported from one point in the United States to another by parcel post on which the postage amounts to 25 cents or more, there shall be paid a tax of one cent for each 25 cents, or fractional part thereof charged for such transportation, to be paid by the consignor.

Insurance and C. O. D. fees the payment of which is evidenced by postage stamps being affixed, do not constitute postage on such matter.

The tax on fourth-class matter referred to is not applicable to parcels on which the postage amounts to less than 25 cents. On a parcel subject to 25 cents postage the tax is one cent; on parcels on which the postage amounts to from 26 cents to 50 cents the tax is two cents each, and so on. Parcels must not be accepted for mailing unless both the required postage and tax are fully prepaid.

Special Internal Revenue Stamps shall be used to pay the tax, which will be sold by postmasters to their patrons. Ordinary postage stamps are not to be used to pay this War Tax.

For permissible additions see section 4; wrapping, section 13.

SECTION 3.

Prepayment of Postage.

Postage on all domestic mail matter must be prepaid in full at the time of mailing by stamps affixed, except as follows:

(a) Letters for Soldiers, Sailors and Marines may be transmitted in the mails, without prepayment of postage. Letters of soldiers, sailors and marines connected with the American Expeditionary Forces may be mailed free of postage, provided they bear in the upper left hand corner the name of the soldier, sailor or marine, together with the designation of the service to which he belongs, as, for instance, Private John Doe, United States Army, United States Navy, or United States Marine Corps, as the case may be.

(b) A letter bearing only a special-delivery stamp. This provision applies to special-delivery letters only. (See section 19.)

(c) First-class matter, prepaid one full rate, 2 cents.

NOTE.—In each of the above cases the matter will be forwarded to destination and the unpaid postage collected on delivery at single rates only.

(d) Matter of the second and third classes mailed in quantities of not less than 300 identical pieces upon which postage is paid in money, and 250 identical pieces of matter of the fourth class upon which postage is paid in money.

NOTE.—Postage—Due stamps, internal-revenue stamps, or embossed stamps cut from stamped envelopes, or stamps cut from postal cards will not be accepted in payment of postage.

SECTION 4.

Permissible Additions to Original Matter.

NOTE.—The words "personal" or "to be called for," and other directions as to delivery, and requests for forwarding or return upon prepayment of new postage, are permissible as part of the address on second, third, or fourth-class matter. (Parcel Post.)

Additions to Second-Class Matter.

1. ON THE WRAPPER, or the matter itself, there may be written or printed (1) the name and address of the sender, preceded by the word "from;" (2) the name and address of the person to whom sent; (3) the words "sample copy" or "marked copy," or both, as the case may be.
2. ON THE MATTER itself the sender may (1) place all that is permitted on the wrapper; correct typographical errors in the text; designate by marks, not by words, a word or passage in the text to which it is desired to call attention.
3. Other writing will subject the package to the first-class rate.
4. To be entitled to the transient second-class rate copies of newspapers or periodical publications must be complete. Partial or incomplete copies are third-class matter.

Additions to Third-Class Matter.

5. ON THE WRAPPER, envelope, or the tag or label attached thereto, or upon the matter itself, there may be written or printed the name, occupation, and residence or business address of the sender, preceded by the word "from;" there may also be printed on the wrapper, envelope, or the tag or label attached thereto, any matter allowable as third-class, but there must be left on the address side a space sufficient for a legible address, postmark, and the necessary postage stamps.
6. The words "please send out," or "post up," or other similar directions or requests, not a part of the address, nor necessary to effect delivery, may not be written upon the wrapper of third-class matter or upon the matter itself without subjecting it to postage at the letter rate.
7. ON THE MATTER itself the sender may place all that is permitted on the wrapper, and may make marks other than by written or printed words to call attention to any word or passage in the text, and may correct any typographical errors. There may also be written or printed upon the blank leaves of any book, or upon any photograph, or other matter of the third-class, a simple manuscript dedication or inscription not of the nature of personal correspondence. A serial number written or impressed upon third-class matter does not effect its classification.
8. WRITTEN DESIGNATION OF CONTENTS, such as "book," "printed matter," "photo," is permissible upon the wrapper of mail matter of the third class.
9. ENCLOSURES.—A single card bearing the written name and address of the sender, or an envelope bearing a written or printed name and address of the sender may be enclosed with a circular, catalogue, or other third-class matter without affecting the classification thereof.
10. PUBLIC LIBRARY BOOKS, otherwise allowable at the third-class rate, may bear any printed or written mark which may reasonably be construed as a necessary inscription for the purpose of a permanent library record.
11. ADDITIONAL IMPRINTING, by hand stamp, upon third-class matter will not affect its classification as such except when the added matter is in itself personal or converts the original matter into a personal communication; but when such appears to be the fact, the presentation at one time at the post-office window or other depository designated by the postmaster of not less than 20 perfectly identical copies separately addressed and unsealed will be sufficient evidence of impersonal character to entitle such matter to the third-class rate.
12. CORRECTIONS IN PROOF-SHEETS include the alteration of the text and insertion of new matter, as well as the correction of typographical and other errors. Includes also marginal instructions to the printer necessary to the correction of the matter or its proper appearance in print. Part of an article may be entirely rewritten if that be necessary for correction. Corrections must be upon the margin of or attached to the proof-sheets. Manuscript of one article cannot be enclosed with proof or corrected proof-sheets of another except at the first-class rate.

Additions to Fourth-Class Matter.

13. ON THE WRAPPER, envelope, tag, or label, in addition to the name and address of the addressee, there must be written or printed the name, and residence, or business address of the sender preceded by the word "from," and there may be any marks, numbers, names, or letters for the purpose of description. On the address side or face of the package there must be left a space sufficient for a legible address, postmark, and the necessary postage stamps.
14. ON THE MATTER itself, or upon the tag or label attached thereto, may be written or printed any matter authorized to be placed on the wrapper. Such words as "Dear Sir," "My Dear Friend," "Your Truly," "Sincerely Yours," "Merry Christmas," "Happy New Year," "With Best Wishes," and "Do Not Open Until Christmas," or words to that effect, written upon third-class matter are permissible inscriptions.
15. WRITTEN DESIGNATION OF CONTENTS, such as "samples," "candy," "cigars," are permissible upon the wrapper of mail matter of the fourth class.
16. INCLOSURES. With a package of fourth-class matter, prepaid, at the proper rate for that class, the sender may inclose a written or printed invoice showing the name and address of the sender and of the addressee; the names and quantities of articles inclosed, together with inscriptions indicating "for purpose of description," the price, style, stock number, size, and quality of the articles; the order or file number, date of order, and date and manner of shipment; and the initials or name of the salesman, or of the person by whom the articles were packed or checked. A single card bearing the written name of the sender and such inscription as "Merry Christmas," "Happy New Year," "With Best Wishes," etcetra, may also be enclosed with fourth-class matter without affecting its classification.

SECTION 5.

Drop Letters.

1. A "drop" letter is one addressed for delivery at the office where mailed.
2. Drop letters are subject to postage at the rate of 2 cents each ounce or fraction thereof, except at offices where there is no city, rural or star route delivery. At such offices the drop rate on letters is one cent an ounce or fraction thereof.
3. There is no drop rate on mail matter other than letters.
4. A request upon a drop letter for its return to the writer at some other post office, if unclaimed, can not be respected unless it has been prepaid with one full rate (2 cents) of postage.
5. Letters mailed at a post office for delivery to patrons thereof by star-route carrier, and those deposited for mailing in boxes along a star-route or rural free-delivery route, are subject to postage at the rate of 2 cents an ounce or fraction thereof.

SECTION 6.

United States Postal Cards.

Postal cards are furnished at the postage value represented by the stamp impressed thereon; single postal cards for domestic and foreign correspondence at 1 cent and 2 cents each, respectively, and reply (double) postal cards at 2 cents and 4 cents each, respectively.

ADDITIONS.—Government postal cards may bear written, printed, or other additions as follows:

(a) Addresses on postal cards may be either written, printed, or affixed thereto.
(b) Advertisements, illustrations, or writing may appear on the back of the card and on the left third of the face.

(c) The face of the card may be divided by a vertical line placed approximately one-third of the distance from the left end of the card; the space to the left of the line to be used for the message, but the space to the right for the address only.

UNAUTHORIZED ADDITIONS.—The addition to a postal card of matter other than as above authorized will subject it, when mailed, to postage at the letter rate, if wholly or partly in writing, or at the rate for added matter, if it bears no writing. In such case the postage value of the stamp impressed on the card will not be impaired.

INTERNATIONAL POSTAL CARDS.—The United States international 2-cent single and reply postal cards should be used for correspondence with foreign countries, except Canada, Cuba, Mexico, and Republic of Panama, to which the domestic 1-cent single and reply cards are available; but when these international cards can not be obtained, it is allowable to use the United States domestic 1-cent single and reply postal cards with 1-cent United States adhesive postage stamps affixed thereto.

REMAILING.—Used postal cards conforming to the conditions prescribed for post cards may be remailed upon prepayment of 1 cent postage with stamp affixed.

REPLY OR DOUBLE POSTAL CARDS.—Either half of a domestic reply postal card may be used separately. Such postal cards should be folded before mailing, and the initial half should be detached when the reply half is mailed for return. If the initial half of a double postal card be not detached when the reply half is mailed for return, the card is subject to postage according to the character of the message. The enclosure in a double postal card of unauthorized matter annuls its privileges as a postal card.

SECTION 7.

Post Cards (Private Mailing Cards).

TRANSMISSIBLE, WHEN AND WHERE.—Post cards manufactured by private persons, consisting of an unfolded piece of cardboard in quality and weight substantially like the Government postal card, not exceeding in size approximately $3\frac{3}{16} \times 5\frac{3}{16}$ inches, nor less than approximately $2\frac{1}{4} \times 4$ inches, bearing either written or printed messages, are transmissible without cover in the domestic mails (including the possessions of the United States), and to Canada, Cuba, Mexico, Republic of Panama, and city of Shanghai (China), at the postage rate of 1 cent each, to be paid by stamps affixed.

Advertisements and illustrations may appear on the back of the card and on the left half of the face. The right half of the face must be reserved for the address, postage stamps and postmark.

NON-CONFORMING CARDS, RATE.—Cards which do not conform to the foregoing conditions are chargeable with postage at the letter rate, if wholly or partly in writing, or at the third-class rate, if entirely in print.

UNDER COVER, RATE.—Cards mailed under cover of sealed envelopes (transparent or otherwise), are chargeable with postage at the first-class rate; if inclosed in unsealed envelopes, they are subject to postage at the first-class rate if wholly or partly in writing, or the third-class rate if entirely in print—to be prepaid with stamps affixed to the envelope. Stamps affixed to matter inclosed in envelopes are not recognized in payment of postage thereon.

Double or reply post cards each portion of which conforms in size and quality, to the foregoing conditions are subject to 1 cent postage on each portion. The conditions pertaining to double postal cards, are also applicable to double post cards.

Folded advertising cards, and other matter entirely in print, arranged with a detachable part for use as a post card, are mailable as third-class matter.

SECTION 8.

Third-Class Matter.

Printed matter under the following conditions is third-class matter:

PRINTED MATTER DEFINED.—Printed matter is the reproduction upon paper by any process, except handwriting and typewriting, not having the character of actual personal correspondence, of words, letters, characters, figures, or images, or any combination thereof. Matter produced by the photographic process (including blueprints) is printed matter.

CIRCULARS.—A circular is defined by law to be a printed letter which, according to internal evidence, is being sent in identical terms to several persons. A circular may bear a written, typewritten or hand-stamped date, name and address of persons addressed and of the sender, and corrections of mere typographical errors.

Where a name (except that of the addressee or sender), date (other than that of the circular), figure, or anything else is written, typewritten, or hand-stamped in the body of the circular for any other reason than to correct a genuine typographical error, it is subject to postage at the first-class (letter) rate, whether sealed or unsealed.

EXCEPTION.—If such name, date, or other matter be hand-stamped, and not of a personal nature, the character of the circular as such is not changed thereby. (See also "Additional Imprioting," par. 11, section 4.)

REPRODUCTIONS or imitations of handwriting and typewriting obtained by means of the printing press, neostyle, hectograph, electric pen, or similar processes, will be treated as third-class matter—provided they are mailed at the post-office window or other depository designated by the postmaster in a minimum number of 20 perfectly identical, unsealed copies separately addressed. If mailed in a less quantity they will be subject to the first-class rate.

SECTION 9.

Letters of and Reading Matter for the Blind.

LETTERS.—Under special legislation all letters written in point print or raised characters used by the blind are mailable as third-class matter; that is, when mailed unsealed, they are chargeable with postage at the rate of 1 cent for each 2 ounces or fraction.

READING MATTER.—Books, pamphlets and other reading matter in raised characters for the use of the blind, which contain no advertising or other matter whatever, when sent by or returned to a public library or public institution for the blind, are entitled to transmission in the mails free, under the following conditions: When mailed by a public library or public institution for the blind the matter must be sent as a loan to a blind reader. When mailed for return to a public library or public institution for the blind the sender must be a blind reader. The matter must be wrapped so that it may be easily examined. On the upper left-hand corner of the envelope or wrapper containing the matter the printed or written name and address of the sender (whether public library, public institution for the blind, or blind reader) must appear, and on the upper right-hand corner the word "Free" over the words "Reading matter for the blind." The weight of a package must not exceed 4 pounds except in case of a single volume, which must not exceed 10 pounds.

SECTION 10.

Seeds, Bulbs and Roots.

1. Samples of flour, rolled oats, pearled barley, dried peas, and beans in which the germ is destroyed, cut flowers, dried plants, and botanical specimens, not susceptible of propagation, and nuts and seeds (such as the coffee bean) used exclusively as food, are subject to the regular Parcel Post rates—see table. (See paragraphs 6 and 9, section 13.)

2. Seeds, bulbs, roots, scions, and plants are fourth-class matter and therefore subject to rates as given in parcel post table when in excess of 8 ounces. When not in excess of 8 ounces the third-class rate (one cent for each 2 ounces) applies.

SECTION 11.

Delivery of Mail Matter.

1. The delivery of letters is controlled by rules and regulations of the Post-Office Department; the object of which is to insure and facilitate such delivery to the persons for whom the letters are intended. In the case of registered letters, the persons applying for them, if not known, will be required to prove their identity.

2. When a letter arrives at a post-office addressed to one person in the care of another, and the postmaster has received no instructions from the person for whom it is intended, it is his duty to deliver it to the first of the two persons named in the address who may call for it.

3. Parents or guardians may control the delivery of mail addressed to minors, except when they do not depend upon parent or guardian for support.

For Special Delivery, see section 19.

SECTION 12.

Unmailable Matter.

Unmailable domestic matter; that is, matter which is prohibited admission to the mails under any circumstances, includes:

1. All matter illegible, incorrectly, or insufficiently addressed.

2. All transient second-class matter and all matter of the third and fourth-classes not wholly prepaid; and letters and other first-class matter not prepaid one full rate—2 cents.

3. All matter exceeding the limit of weight or size prescribed by law.

4. All matter harmful in its nature, as poisons, explosives or inflammable articles, matches, live or dead (but not stuffed) animals (see par. 8, sec. 13), and reptiles, fruits or vegetables liable to decomposition before arrival or destination, guano, or any article exhaling a bad odor, vinous, spirituous or malt liquors, and liquids, liable to explosion, spontaneous combustion, or ignition by shock or jar, such as kerosene oil, naphtha and benzine.

5. All obscene, lewd, or lascivious matter, and every article or thing intended, designed or adapted for any indecent or immoral purpose, or for the prevention of conception or procuring abortion.

6. Postal, post, or other cards mailed without wrappers and all matter bearing upon the outside cover or wrapper or upon its face any delineations, epithets, terms, or language of an indecent, lewd, lascivious, obscene, libelous, scurrilous, defamatory or threatening character, or calculated by the terms or manner or style of display, and obviously intended to reflect injuriously upon the character of another.

7. All matter concerning any lottery, so called gift enterprise, or other enterprises of chance, or concerning schemes devised for the purpose of obtaining money or property under false pretenses and liquor advertisements in certain states.

SECTION 13.

Wrapping of Mail Matter.

1. All mail matter should be so wrapped as to safely bear transmission without breaking, or injuring mail bags or the contents of mail bags or the persons of those handling them.

2. Second, third and fourth-class matter must be so wrapped or enveloped that the contents may be examined easily by postal officials. When not so wrapped, or when bearing or containing writing not authorized by law, the matter will be treated as of the first-class.

3. Harmful articles of the fourth-class not absolutely excluded from the mails may be transmitted when packed in accordance with the following regulations:

(a) When not liquid or liquefiable, they must be placed in a bag, box, or removable envelope, or wrapping, made of paper, cloth, or parchment.

(b) Such bag, box, envelope, or wrapping must again be placed in a box or tube made of metal or some hard wood, with sliding clasp or screw lid.

(c) In cases of articles liable to break, the inside box, bag, envelope or wrapping must be surrounded by sawdust, cotton or other elastic substance.

4. Admissible liquids and oils, pastes, salves, or other articles easily liquefiable, will be accepted for mailing regardless of distance when they conform to the following conditions:

(a) When in glass bottles, the quantity must not exceed sixteen ounces, liquid measure. The bottle must be very strong and must be enclosed in a block or tube of metal, wood, papier-mache, or similar material; and there must be provided between the bottle and the block or tube a cushion of cotton, felt, or other absorbent. The block or tube, if of wood, must be at least three-sixteenths of an inch thick in its thinnest part; if of papier-mache or similar material, it must be at least one-eighth of an inch thick for bottles holding 8 ounces or less, and at least three-sixteenths of an inch thick for bottles holding more than 8 ounces. The block or tube must be rendered water-tight by an application of paraffine or other suitable substance.

(b) When in a metal container, the weight of the parcel must not exceed the parcel post limit. The container must be hermetically sealed and enclosed in a strong box, and securely wrapped.

(c) Pastes, salves, etc., not easily liquefiable, will be accepted for mailing when enclosed in water-tight metal containers and placed in a strong pasteboard or wooden box and securely wrapped.

5. Where sharp-pointed instruments are offered for mailing the points must be capped or incased so that they may not by any means be liable to cut through their enclosure, and where they have blades such blades must be bound with wire so that they shall remain firmly attached to each other and within their handles or sockets. Needles must be enclosed in metal or wooden cases so that they can not by any means prick through or pass out of their enclosures.

6. Seeds or other articles not prohibited, which are liable from their form or nature to loss or damage unless specially protected, must be put up in sealed envelopes made of material sufficiently transparent to show the contents without opening.

7. Ink powders, pepper, snuff, or other powders not explosive, or any pulverized dry substances not poisonous, may be sent in the mails when enclosed in the manner prescribed herein for liquids, or when enclosed in metal, wooden or papier-mache cases in such secure manner as to render the escape of any particles of dust from the package by ordinary handling of the mails without breaking; the method of packing to be subject to the approval of the General Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service.

8. Queen bees and their attendant bees, the "Australian lady bird," other live insects when addressed to the Secretary of Agriculture, at Washington, D. C., and to directors of agricultural experiment colleges, and dried insects and dried reptiles, may be sent in the mails when so put up as to render it practically impossible that the package shall be broken in transit, or the persons handling the same be injured, or the mail bags or their contents soiled. Live day-old chicks shall be accepted for mailing, without insurance or C. O. D. privileges, when the package in which they are contained is properly prepared and can be delivered to the addressee within 72 hours from the time of mailing. Live fowls and live domestic animals shall be accepted for mailing (without insurance or c. o. d. privilege) when securely crated and properly crated and can be delivered to the addressee within 48 hours from the time of mailing; such mailing shall not apply on any star or rural route, but shall be confined exclusively to rural motor vehicle truck routes and country motor express routes, and then only when delivery can be effected on the route where mailed or on a connecting rural motor vehicle truck route or country motor express route.

9. No specific mode of packing is prescribed for samples of flour, but they should be put up in such manner as to certainly avoid risk of the package breaking or cracking or the flour being scattered in the mails, and if this be not done the samples will be excluded.

10. Proprietary articles of merchandise (not in themselves unavailable), however, such as pills, fancy soaps, tobacco, etc., put up in fixed quantities by the manufacturer, for sale by himself or others, or for samples, which may be sealed in such manner as to properly protect the articles, but to allow examination of each package in its simplest mercantile or sample form, will be accepted for mailing at the fourth-class rate of postage.

See also "Unavailable Matter," section 12.

SECTION 14.

Forwarding Mail Matter.

1. First-class matter only can be forwarded from one post-office to another without a new prepayment of postage. This includes letters and other first-class matter prepaid one full rate (2 cents), parcels fully prepaid at the first-class rate, postal cards, post cards (private mailing cards), and official matter.

2. A new prepayment of postage on matter of the second, third and fourth-classes must be made by the addressee, or some one for him, every time it is forwarded, as follows:

3. Second-class matter, 1 cent for each 4 ounces or fraction. Third-class matter, the same rates as were chargeable thereon when originally mailed. Fourth-class matter, will be charged at the zone rate from the office of forwarding.

4. EXCEPTIONS.—Mail matter of the second, third and fourth-classes addressed to a discontinued post-office may, when the office to which such mail is ordered sent by the Department is not convenient for the addressees, be transmitted to such office as they may designate without additional charge.

5. Patrons of any office who, on account of the establishment of or change in rural free-delivery service, receive their mail from the rural carrier of another office, may have their mail matter of the second, third, and fourth-classes sent to the latter office for delivery by the rural carrier without a new prepayment or postage, provided they first file with the postmaster at the former office a written request to have their mail so sent. This is not to be construed as "forwarding" within the meaning of the law. Mail matter of all classes addressed to persons in the service in the United States (civil, military, or naval), whose change of address is caused by official orders will be transmitted until it reaches the addressee without a new prepayment of postage.

For forwarding of Registered matter, see par. 2, section 22.

SECTION 15.

Return of Mail Matter.

1. The only kind of domestic mail matter that is returnable to the sender without additional postage for such service, when undeliverable, is letters and other first-class matter prepaid one full rate (2 cents); official matter mailed under penalty envelope or frank, and double postal cards, but not single postal cards nor post cards, except those for local delivery (private mailing cards).

2. First-class matter indorsed "After — days, return to —, —," if not deliverable, will be returned at the expiration of the time indicated on the envelope or wrapper. If no time be set for return the matter will be returned at the end of:

Five days if intended for delivery by village or rural carrier.

Ten days if intended for general delivery service at an office having city-carrier service.

Fifteen days from offices not having city-carrier service, unless intended for delivery by village or rural carrier.

City carriers' returns of first-class ordinary mail bearing the senders' return requests, which are not deliverable at the street addresses placed thereon by the senders, shall be given directory service and, if addresses, the correctness of which is reasonably certain, are not found, such mail shall be returned at once to the senders without regard to the number of days specified or implied by the return cards thereon. Such mail shall not be placed in the general delivery nor held to await call.

3. Unclaimed letters bearing the card of hotel, school, college, or other public institution, which has evidently been printed upon the envelopes to serve as a mere advertisement, will not be returned to the place designated unless there is also a request therefor.

4. Second, third, and fourth-class matter is returnable to the sender only upon new prepayment of postage at the rate of 1 cent for each 4 ounces or fraction for second-class matter, and for third and fourth-class matter the rate with which it is chargeable when originally mailed.

5. When undelivered mail matter of the third and fourth-class is of obvious value, the sender, if known, shall be given the opportunity of prepaying the return postage or accepting delivery to himself, or upon his order, at the office where it is held upon the payment of 1 cent for each card notice given him. If the requisite postage (in either postage stamps or money) be received within two weeks, or if the matter be from Alaska, within ninety days, or if it be from other remote places within four weeks, the matter will be returned. Otherwise it will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

6. The sender of second, third, and fourth-class matter not of obvious value can cause a notice of nondelivery to be sent to him by placing thereon the following request:

"If not delivered within — days, postmasters will please notify —, who will provide return postage."

7. Whenever the senders of undeliverable second, third, or fourth-class matter bearing the above request habitually fail to redeem the pledge to provide return postage, postmasters will inform them that thereafter no notice to remit the same will be sent.

For return of Registered matter, see par. 3, section 22.

SECTION 16.

Postage Due.

1. Matters of the first-class prepaid one full rate, 2 cents, will be dispatched with the amount of deficient postage rated thereon, to be collected on delivery.

2. The weight of matter at the mailing office determines the amount of postage chargeable thereon, and therefore the amount of due postage rated at the mailing office on short-paid matter will be collected on delivery at the office of address.

NOTE.—A decided down weight is required to subject matter to an additional rate of postage.

3. Mail matter (including that of the first-class charged with the deficient postage at the mailing office) inadvertently reaching its destination without full prepayment of postage will be rated with the postage due thereon by the receiving postmaster. The deficient postage will be collected of the addressee on delivery.

4. On all matter which, through inadvertence, has been transmitted in the mails and reaches its destination without any evidence of prepayment of postage, double rate due postage will be required. Unpaid "drop letters," soldier's, sailor's, and marine's letters properly indorsed (see par. (a), section 3), are excepted from this rule, the single rate only being required, except mail sent by soldiers, sailors or marines mailed abroad, which shall be transmitted in the mails free of charge.

5. Mail matter (except special delivery letters—see exception (b), section 3), reaching its destination bearing stamps other than ordinary postage stamps (see par. 10, section 18), and in lieu thereof, will be treated as wholly unpaid, and double rate due postage will be required thereon.

6. On ship letters not fully prepaid with United States ordinary postage stamps at double the regular rate, due postage for the deficiency will be required of the addressee on delivery.

7. Due postage must be paid in money, and postage-due stamps corresponding in amount must be affixed to the matter by the postmaster before delivery.

SECTION 17.

Miscellaneous Items.

ADDRESS.—Mail matter should be addressed legibly and completely. The name of the addressee, the post-office, and the State must be given. If the addressee resides in a city having free delivery, the house number and street, or the post-office box, if known, should be given. If the addressee resides on a rural free-delivery route, the number of the route, if known, should be given. If the matter is intended for delivery through the general delivery at the post-office, the words "General Delivery" should be added.

To secure return in case of nondelivery because of misdirection, insufficient payment of postage, or other causes, the sender's name should be written or printed in the upper left-hand corner of the mail matter. (See "Return of Mail Matter," section 15.)

Postage stamps should be placed upon the upper right-hand corner of the address side of all mail matter, care being taken that they are securely affixed.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.—All mail matter advertised as nondeliverable is subject by law to a charge of 1 cent in addition to the regular postage.

COMPLAINTS.—All complaints regarding the service should be addressed to the postmaster, and whenever possible they should be accompanied with the envelope or wrapper of the piece of mail matter to which the complaint refers. Complaints in general should likewise be addressed to the postmaster; but when that course is manifestly improper under the circumstances, they should be addressed to the Postmaster-General, Washington, D. C.

CONCEALED MATTER.—For knowingly concealing or enclosing any matter of a higher class in that of a lower class, and depositing or causing the same to be deposited for conveyance by mail at a less rate than would be charged for both such higher and lower class, the offender will be liable for every such offense to a fine of \$10.

CURRENCY.—Postmasters are not required to accept as payment for postage stamps, any currency which may be so mutilated as to be uncurrent or as to render its genuineness doubtful. Nor are they required to receive more than 25 cents in copper or nickel coins in any one payment nor to affix stamps to letters, nor to make change, except as a matter of courtesy. They must not give credit for postage.

DEAD LETTERS.—All inquiries relative to mail matter known to have been sent to the Dead-Letter Office should be addressed to the First Assistant Postmaster-General, Dead Letter Office; and in such cases the letter of inquiry must state to whom and what post-office the article was addressed, and give the name and full address of the writer or sender, the date and place of mailing, and a brief description of the contents. If it is known when the missing matter was sent to the Dead Letter Office, the date and the reason for sending should be given. If registered, the registry number should be furnished.

THIN ENVELOPES, or those made of weak or poor, unsubstantial paper, should not be used, especially for large packages. Being often handled and subjected to pressure and friction in the mail bags, such envelopes are frequently torn open or burst, without fault of those who handle them. It is best to use United States stamped envelopes, which are on sale at all post-offices, whenever it is convenient and practicable to do so. (See "Stamped Envelopes," section 18.)

TRANSIENT LETTERS.—Letters addressed to persons temporarily sojourning in a city where the free delivery system is in operation should be marked "Transient" or "General delivery," if not addressed to a street and number or some other designated place of delivery.

HOTEL MATTER.—That is, matter addressed for delivery at hotels—should be returned to the post-office as soon as it is evident that it will not be claimed. Proprietors of hotels, officers of clubs, and boards of trade, or exchanges should not hold unclaimed letters longer than ten days, except at the request of the person addressed, and should redirect them for forwarding if the present address is known; otherwise they should be returned to the post-office.

Proprietors of hotels should omit the return request from envelopes supplied gratuitously to their guests, and persons using such envelopes should be careful to designate what disposition should be made thereof in case they can not be delivered.

LISTS OF NAMES.—Postmasters are forbidden to furnish lists of names of persons receiving mail at their post-offices.

LOST MAIL.—All inquiries by the public relative to lost or missing mail matter of every description, either foreign or domestic, ordinary or registered, should be addressed to the postmaster, who will forward the complaint to the proper officer of the Department. An early report is advised, as the chance of recovery is thereby increased.

MUTILATED CURRENCY addressed to the Treasurer of the United States for redemption may be registered free, when the package is presented at the post-office before sealing and certain conditions (which will be made known by the postmaster) are there complied with, but the postage thereon must be prepaid at letter rates.

OVERCHARGES.—Postmasters can not remit supposed overcharges on mail matter. In case of dispute, the person to whom the matter is addressed should deposit the extra postage in money with the postmaster, taking a receipt therefor. If upon investigation by the Department it is found that the extra postage is not properly chargeable the postmaster will be directed to refund the deposit.

PENSIONERS' OATHS.—Fourth-class postmasters and rural carriers are required to administer oaths to pensioners and their witnesses in the execution of pension vouchers, and have authority to receive from the pensioners for each voucher a sum not exceeding 25 cents.

PERIODICAL PUBLICATIONS.—The Post-Office Department does not determine questions regarding the liability of a subscriber for the subscription price of a publication. Publications for which the addressee is not a subscriber, and which are not desired, may be refused and not removed from the post-office, or be returned to the postmaster endorsed "Refused." A subscriber to a publication should promptly notify the publisher of any change in his address.

PRIVATE LETTER BOXES.—Patrons in cities where letter carriers are employed are advised to provide letter boxes at business places or private residences, thereby saving much delay in the delivery of mail matter.

PUBLIC LETTER BOXES.—The malicious injury or destruction of any letter box or other receptacle established by the Postmaster-General for the receipt or delivery of mail matter, or the wilful theft, destruction, or defacement of any matter contained in such box or receptacle is a penal offense, for which the offender is liable to a fine of not more than \$1,000, or imprisonment for not more than three years.

SECTION 18.

Miscellaneous Information Concerning Postage Stamps, Postal Cards, and Stamped Envelopes.

1. Only the kinds and denominations of postage stamped paper for which there is a demand are kept on sale at the smaller post-offices. All the kinds and denominations issued by the Department may be purchased at offices of the first-class. Special delivery stamps are kept by all postmasters.

2. All postage stamps issued by the United States since 1860 are good for postage.

3. The Department can not furnish information as to the value of rare stamps over their face.

4. Postage-due stamps are used by postmasters to witness the collection of postage on short-paid matter. These stamps are not good for prepayment of postage and are not sold to the public.

5. Internal revenue stamps are neither good for postage nor redeemable by the Post-Office Department.

6. United States postage stamps are good for postage in Guam, Hawaii, Porto Rico, and Tutuila, but not in the Philippine Islands or in the Panama "Canal Zone." Postage stamps overprinted "Philippines" or "Canal Zone, Panama," are not good for postage or redeemable in the United States.

7. **POSTAGE STAMPS**.—The Department issues postage stamps of the following denominations: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 20, 25, 30, 50-cent and \$1, \$2 and \$5 and Special Delivery.

8. The Post-office Department does not buy or deal in canceled stamps, or those that have been used.

9. Postage stamps that are mutilated, or defaced in any way, can not be accepted for postage. 10. Stamps cut or otherwise severed from postal cards, embossed United States stamped envelopes, or newspaper wrappers are not redeemable or good for postage.

11. Postage stamps are neither redeemable from purchasers nor exchangeable for those of other denominations or any other stamped paper.

12. Postage stamps should not be used for making remittances. They may be lost or may adhere in transit, and such use tends to disorganize the proper equalization of postmasters' compensation under the law. Ample registry and money-order facilities are provided for the safe transmission of funds by mail. (See sections 20 and 22, and 23 and 24.)

13. No postage-stamped paper is sold by the Department direct; it must be bought of postmasters.

14. **BOOKS OF POSTAGE STAMPS**.—1-cent, 2-cent and 3-cent postage stamps bound in book form are on sale at all post-offices throughout the country at an advance of 1 cent over the postage value. The pages are of six stamps each. They are furnished in the following forms:

Book of twenty-four 1-cent stamps, price 25 cents.

Book of twelve 2-cent stamps, price 25 cents.

Book of twenty-four 2-cent stamps, price 49 cents.

Book of forty-eight 2-cent stamps, price 97 cents.

Book of ninety-six 1-cent stamps, price 97 cents.

Book of twenty-four 1-cent stamps and twenty-four 2-cent stamps, price 78 cents.

15. **POSTAL CARDS** are furnished at the postage value represented by the stamp impressed thereon.

16. Single postal cards for foreign correspondence are furnished at 2 cents each, and double (reply) postal cards at 4 cents each, respectively.

17. Domestic single cards are furnished in sheets of 60 each, when so desired, for printing purposes. (See also section 6.)

18. UNITED STATES STAMPED ENVELOPES.—The Department issues twelve different sizes of stamped envelopes, including three sizes of window envelopes, the smallest 2½ by 5½, the largest 4½ by 10½ inches, in three qualities and five colors of paper, as follows: First quality, white and amber; second quality, buff and blue; third quality, manilla. The denominations are 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 cent. A diagram of sizes and schedule of prices may be consulted at any post office.

19. Stamped newspaper wrappers are issued in 1-cent and 2-cent denominations, and in two sizes.

20. When stamped envelopes are purchased in lots of 500, or its multiple, of a single size, quality and denomination, the Department will, upon request, print the purchaser's return card without extra charge. Return cards are not printed on newspaper wrappers or postal cards.

21. Unused stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers, when presented in a substantially whole condition, will be redeemed by postmasters at their face value either in postage stamps, stamped envelopes, or postal cards, but stamped envelopes bearing a printed return card will be redeemed only from original purchasers.

SECTION 19.

Special Delivery.

1. A Special-delivery stamp, or ten cents' worth of ordinary stamps in addition to the lawful postage, secures the immediate delivery of any piece of mail matter, at any United States post-office within the letter-carrier limits of city delivery offices and within a mile limit of any other post-office. When ordinary stamps are used to obtain immediate delivery of mail the words "Special Delivery" must be written or printed on the envelope or covering directly below but never on the stamps.

2. Hours of delivery: From 7 a. m. to 11 p. m., at all city-delivery offices, and from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. at all other offices, or until after the arrival of the last mail at night, provided that be not later than 9 p. m. Special-delivery mail must be delivered on Sundays as well as on other days, if post-office is open on Sundays.

3. If special-delivery matter fails of delivery because there is no person at the place of address to receive it, the matter is returned to the post-office and delivered in the ordinary mail.

4. Special-delivery matter may be forwarded, but is not entitled to special-delivery at the second office of address unless forwarded on a general forwarding request before attempt at delivery has been made at the post-office of original address.

5. A special-delivery stamp does not give a piece of mail matter any other security than that given to ordinary mail matter.

6. Rural letter-carriers are required to deliver special-delivery mail to the residences of patrons of their routes if they live within one-half mile of the routes. Special-delivery matter addressed to patrons of rural free delivery who reside more than one-half mile from the routes will be placed in the box of the addressee in the same manner as ordinary mail.

SECTION 20.

Registry System.

Valuable Matter Should be Registered.

Registry Fee, 10 Cents.

1. Registered mails reach every post-office in the world. The system insures safe transit and correct delivery. Parcel post matter must be insured and not registered.

2. In case of loss, the sender or owner of a registered article prepaid at the letter rate of postage, mailed at, and addressed to a United States post office, is indemnified for its value up to \$50. Third-class registered mail is indemnified for its value up to \$25.

3. Valuable letters and sealed parcels, and those which the sender wishes positively to know have been correctly delivered, should be registered.

The registry fee is 10 cents for each separate letter, or sealed parcel in addition to the postage both to be fully prepaid with postage stamps attached to the letter or parcel.

4. Any piece of mail matter may be registered at any post-office or station thereof, and by any rural free-delivery carriers. In residential districts of cities, letters and packages of first-class matter that are not cumbersome on account of size, shape, or weight can be registered by letter carriers at the house door as safely as if brought to the post-office.

5. In order to have a letter or parcel registered it is necessary merely to have it properly prepared, addressed, and stamped, and the name and address of the sender written or printed on it. It should be handed to the postmaster, clerk or carrier who will write out a registration receipt for the sender.

6. Unsealed parcels cannot be registered but can be insured. See section 2.

SECTION 21.

The Advantages of Registering Mail Matter.

1. A receipt is given to the sender for every piece registered.

2. A second receipt from the addressee or his authorized agent, acknowledging delivery, is returned to the sender in every case without extra charge, providing same is requested at time of mailing. This receipt is, under the law, prima facie evidence of delivery.

Note.—If the article is addressed to a foreign country no receipt from the addressee is returned to the sender unless the words "Return Receipt Demanded" are written or stamped across the face of the letter or parcel.

3. Registered matter is handled under special conditions and by bonded employes, and such matter is the object of extraordinary care from the moment it is registered. A complete chain of records and receipts from the point of mailing to the point of delivery enables the accurate tracing of every piece of registered mail.

4. In case of loss of a valuable registered letter (or package prepaid at the letter rate) the sender should make application for indemnity to the postmaster at the office where the piece was mailed, or at the office of its address. The postmaster will furnish a blank form for that purpose.

SECTION 22.

Rules of the Registry Service.

1. Registered mail is deliverable only to the addressee or upon his written order, or to the person in whose care it is addressed, or to some responsible person who is in the habit of receiving ordinary mail for the addressee unless directions are given to the contrary. The sender may, however, restrict delivery to the addressee in person by indorsing upon the envelope or wrapper the words "Deliver to addressee only." The words "Personal" or "Private" do not so restrict delivery. Persons applying for registered mail, if unknown, will be required to prove their identity.

2. Registered mail will be forwarded upon the written or telegraphic order of the addressee—first-class matter immediately and without extra charge; other matter upon prepayment of the postage chargeable by law for forwarding. No additional registry fee is chargeable for forwarding or returning registered matter.

3. Undelivered registered mail is returned to the sender's address after thirty days, or such other period as may be specified in a return request on the envelope or wrapper. First-class matter is returned without extra charge; in accordance with the provisions of section 15, other matter upon prepayment of the return postage.

4. When the sender of registered mail desires to reclaim or recall it, at any time before its delivery, application for this purpose must be made to the mailing postmaster.
(See also "Delivery of Mail Matter," section 11.)

SECTION 23.

Postal Money-Order System.

Money Orders, How Obtained.

SAFE TRANSMISSION.—The Money Order System is intended to promote public convenience, and provides an absolutely safe and convenient means of transmitting money.

APPLICATION.—The process of obtaining a money order is to fill in a simple form, called an "application," which form is furnished free of charge and to present such application at the money-order branch of the post-office, or one of its stations, where, upon payment of the sum to be sent and of the small fee exacted, a money order will be drawn for any desired amount (but no single order for more than \$100), payable at any money-order office in the United States designated by the applicant. When a larger sum than \$100 is to be sent, additional orders may be obtained.

At all of the larger post-offices, those of the first, second, and third-classes, and at many of the smaller ones, international money orders may also be obtained, payable in almost any part of the world.

IDENTIFICATION.—The person who presents an order for payment must be prepared to prove his identity. In case of payment to the wrong person the Department will see that the amount is made good to the owner, provided the wrong payment was not brought about through fault on the part of the remitter, payee, or indorsee. Money orders may be deposited in bank for collection.

POWER OF ATTORNEY.—A money order may be paid upon a written order or power of attorney from the payee, as well as upon his indorsement.

INDORSEMENTS.—More than one indorsement on a money order is prohibited by law. One or more additional names, however, may be written upon the back of orders for purpose of identification of payee, or guaranty of genuineness of signature of the payee or indorsee. But if the holder is the second or any subsequent indorsee, to obtain the amount he must surrender the order and make application for a duplicate or a warrant to be issued in place thereof by the Department. The stamp impressions which banks ordinarily place upon money orders left with or sent to them for collection are not regarded as indorsements transferring ownership of the orders or within the meaning of the statute which prohibits more than one indorsement.

REPAYMENT.—A domestic order may be repaid at the office of issue within one year from the last day of the month of its issue.

Money orders will be paid at any office in the United States, if presented within 30 days after date of issue, upon proper identification. After 30 days orders will be paid only at the office drawn upon.

INVALID ORDERS.—An order which has not been paid or repaid within one year from the last day of the month of its issue is invalid and not payable. The owner, however, may obtain payment of the amount thereof by making application, through the postmaster at any money-order office, to the Department, for a warrant for the said amount. The invalid order, if in the owner's possession, must be forwarded with the application.

LOST ORDERS.—In all cases of lost orders the remitter, payee, or indorsee may make application, through either the office at which the original was issued or the office on which the original was drawn, for a duplicate to be issued in lieu thereof.

No charge is made for the issue of a duplicate order, nor for the issue of a warrant for the amount of an invalid order.

Money Orders—Domestic Rates.

Fees for money orders payable in the United States (which includes Guam, Hawaii, Porto Rico and Tutuila, Samoa); or payable in Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, Canada, Canal Zone (Isthmus of Panama), Cuba, New Foundland, at the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai (China), in the Philippine Islands, or the following islands in the West Indies: Antigua, Bahamas, Barbados, Dominica, Grenada, Jamaica, Martinique, Monsterrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Trinidad and Tobago, and Virgin Islands.

For sums not exceeding \$2.50,	3 cents.
From \$2.51 to \$5,	5 cents.
From \$5.01 to \$10,	8 cents.
From \$10.01 to \$20,	10 cents.
From \$20.01 to \$30,	12 cents.
From \$30.01 to \$40,	15 cents.
From \$40.01 to \$50,	18 cents.
From \$50.01 to \$60,	20 cents.
From \$60.01 to \$75,	25 cents.
From \$75.01 to \$100,	30 cents.

The maximum amount for which a single Money Order may be drawn in the United States is \$100.00.

Money Orders—Foreign Rates.

There is no limitation to the number of International Orders that may be issued, in one day, to a Remitter, in favor of the same payee. Use the International Form for these orders.

For orders from \$00.01 to \$10,	10 cents.
From \$10.01 to \$20,	20 cents.
From \$20.01 to \$30,	30 cents.
From \$30.01 to \$40,	40 cents.
From \$40.01 to \$50,	50 cents.
From \$50.01 to \$60,	60 cents.
From \$60.01 to \$70,	70 cents.
From \$70.01 to \$80,	80 cents.
From \$80.01 to \$90,	90 cents.
From \$90.01 to \$100,	1 dollar.

SECTION 24.

Alphabetical List of Articles in Domestic Mail Matter and Rates of Postage.

NOTE.—A complete alphabetical list of mailable matter could not be furnished within the limits of a publication of this kind. This list contains only the articles most generally dispatched in the mails.

Domestic Rates of Postage.

- Class 1 (sealed or unsealed), 2 cents for 1 ounce or fraction.
 Class 2 (unsealed, transient), 1 cent for each 4 ounces or fraction.
 Class 3 (unsealed), 1 cent for each 2 ounces or fraction.
 Class 4 (unsealed), see section 2.

Article.	Class.	Article.	Class.
Advertising cards combined with post cards (see par. 10, section 7),	3d.	Cigars, -----	4th.
Advertising signs printed on other material than paper, -----	4th.	Circulars, printed (see section 8),	3d.
Albums, autograph, without writing, -----	4th.	Clippings (see Newspaper clippings),	3d.
Albums, autograph, with writing, -----	1st.	Cloth, samples of, -----	4th.
Albums, photograph, -----	4th.	Coin, -----	4th.
Almanacs, -----	3d.	Coin holders, card, blank, -----	4th.
Animals, stuffed, -----	4th.	Crayon pictures or drawings, framed or unframed, -----	4th.
Architectural designs, printed, -----	3d.	Cuts, wood and metal, -----	4th.
Architectural designs, containing writing (see Drawings), -----	1st.	Cuttings of plants or trees, -----	4th.
Artificial flowers, -----	4th.	Daguerreotypes, -----	4th.
Assessment notices, wholly in print, -----	3d.	Designs, wholly in print on paper, -----	3d.
Assessment notices, partly in writing, -----	1st.	Diplomas, blank, -----	3d.
Baggage checks, metal, -----	4th.	Diplomas, filled out in writing, -----	1st.
Bees, queen (see "Wrapping," paragraph 8, section 13), -----	4th.	Drawings (pen or pencil), without writing, framed or unframed, -----	4th.
Bills, wholly or partly in writing, -----	1st.	Drawings or plans containing written words, letters, or figures indicating size, price, dimensions, etc., -----	1st.
Blank account books, -----	4th.	Electrotype plates, -----	4th.
Blank books, with written entries, -----	1st.	Engravings, when framed, -----	4th.
Blank cards, -----	4th.	Engravings and wood cuts, impressions from, printed on paper, -----	3d.
Blind, indented or perforated sheets of paper containing characters which can be read by the, unsealed (see section 9), -----	3d.	Engravings and wood cuts on wood or metal base, -----	4th.
Blueprints, -----	3d.	Envelopes, mailed in bulk, -----	4th.
Books, printed, when under 8 ounces, -----	3d.	Flour, samples of (see paragraph 1, section 10), -----	4th.
Books, printed, when in excess of 8 ounces, -----	4th.	Flowers, cut or artificial, -----	4th.
Botanical specimens, not susceptible of being used in propagation, -----	4th.	Fruit, dried, -----	4th.
Bulbs, -----	4th.	Geological specimens, -----	4th.
Calendars, printed on paper, -----	3d.	Grain, samples of, -----	4th.
Calendars, printed on material other than paper, -----	4th.	Herbs, dried, -----	4th.
Candies, -----	4th.	Honey, in comb, -----	4th.
Carbon copies of typewritten paper, -----	1st.	Insects, dried, -----	4th.
Card games, -----	4th.	Invitations, printed or engraved containing no other writing than date and name and address of person addressed and sender, -----	3d.
Cards, blank, -----	4th.	Labels, written, -----	1st.
Cards, Christmas, Easter, etc., printed on paper, -----	3d.	Letterpress copies of handwritten or typewritten matter, -----	1st.
Cards, Christmas, Easter, etc., printed on material other than paper, -----	4th.	Liquids (see Wrapping of mail matter, section 13), -----	4th.
Cards, visiting, bearing written name, -----	1st.	Liquors, ardent, vinous, spirituous, or malt, unmailable, -----	---
Catalogues, when under 8 ounces, -----	3d.	Lithographs, -----	3d.
Catalogues, when in excess of 8 ounces, -----	4th.	Magazines or newspapers, mailed by the public (see Second-class matter, section 2), 1 cent for each 4 ounces or fraction, -----	2d.
Certificates, blank, -----	3d.	Manuscript or typewritten copy, without proof sheets, -----	1st.
Certificates, filled out in writing, -----	1st.	Manuscript copy, accompanied with proof sheets, -----	3d.
Check books, blank, -----	4th.		
Checks, blank, -----	3d.		
Checks, in writing, canceled or uncanceled, -----	1st.		
Chestnuts, -----	4th.		
Chromos, printed on paper, -----	3d.		

Alphabetical List of Articles in Domestic Mail Matter and Rates of Postage—Concluded.

Article.	Class.	Article.	Class.
Maps, printed on cloth, -----	4th.	Posters, printed on cloth, -----	4th.
Maps, printed on paper, with the necessary mountings, -----	3d.	Posters, printed on paper, -----	3d.
Medals or coins, -----	4th.	Price lists, printed, containing written figures changing individual items, -----	1st.
Merchandise, samples of, -----	4th.	Price lists, wholly in print, -----	3d.
Metals, -----	4th.	Printed matter on other material than paper, -----	4th.
Minerals, -----	4th.	Printing, samples of, -----	3d.
Miscellaneous printed matter weighing in excess of 4 pounds, -----	4th.	Proof sheets, printed, corrected, with or without manuscript, -----	3d.
Music books, -----	3d.	Receipts, printed with written signatures, -----	1st.
Newspaper clippings, with name and date of paper stamped or written in, -----	3d.	Receipts, partially printed, with writing, -----	1st.
Newspapers or magazines, mailed by the public (see Second-class matter, section 2), 1 cent for each 4 ounces or fraction, -----	2d.	Roots, -----	4th.
Nuts, in natural state, -----	4th.	Rulers, wooden or metal, -----	4th.
Paintings, framed or unframed, -----	4th.	Seeds, -----	4th.
Paper, blank, -----	4th.	Sheet music, -----	3d.
Patterns, printed or unprinted, -----	4th.	Shorthand or stenographic notes, -----	1st.
Photographic negatives (glass or films), -----	4th.	Soap (see paragraph 10, section 13), -----	4th.
Photographs, mounted or unmounted, -----	4th.	Tags, -----	4th.
Plans and architectural designs, printed, -----	3d.	Tintypes, -----	4th.
Plants for propagating purposes, -----	4th.	Typewritten matter, original letter-press and manifold copies thereof, -----	1st.
Postage stamps, canceled or uncanceled, -----	3d.	Valentines, printed on paper, -----	3d.
Post cards, printed, -----	3d.	Valentines printed on other material than paper, -----	4th.
		Wall paper, -----	4th.

SECTION 25.

Foreign Mail Matter and Rates of Postage.

Classification.

Articles for or from foreign countries (except Canada, Mexico, Cuba and the Republic of Panama), are classified as "letters," "post-cards," "printed matter," "commercial or business papers," and "samples of merchandise."

This is known as the "Postal Union" classification of mail matter. There is no provision in the Postal Union mails for merchandise other than samples. (See "Parcels Post," section 37.) A package of merchandise sealed and prepaid in full at the letter rate is, however, transmitted in the Postal Union mails to destination as a "letter." The right of its entry into the foreign country is determined by the administration of the country of destination.

Prohibited articles (see section 27), if mailed sealed against inspection, will not be delivered although they reach their destination.

NOTE.—Mail matter for Hawaii, Porto Rico, the Philippines, the Islands of Guam, and Tutuila, the "Canal Zone," and the United States postal agency at Shanghai, China, is subject to the domestic rates and conditions. (See section 1.)

Articles addressed for delivery at places in North China are transmissible in the mails for the United States postal agency at Shanghai, but articles for the places other than Shanghai, are subject to the postage rates named in section 28.

SECTION 26.

Canada, Cuba, Mexico and the Republic of Panama.

Articles of every kind or nature which are admitted to the domestic mails of the United States will be admitted under the same conditions to the mails for Canada, Cuba, Mexico and the Republic of Panama, except that commercial papers and bona fide trade samples (including samples of liquids and fatty substances) are transmissible in the regular mails at the postage rate and subject to the conditions applicable to those articles in Postal Union mails, and also that packages—other than single volumes of printed books—the weight of which exceeds 4 pounds 6 ounces are excluded from mails for Canada, Mexico, Cuba and the Republic of Panama. Sealed packages, other than letters in their usual and ordinary form, are unmailable to Canada, Cuba, Mexico and the Republic of Panama.

The postage rate applicable to second-class matter for Canada, is one cent for each 4 ounces or fraction of 4 ounces; and to plants, seeds, etc., one cent an ounce or fraction of an ounce.

SECTION 27.

Great Britain and Germany.

The domestic rate applies to letters, but not other articles, addressed to Great Britain, Ireland, Newfoundland, Dominican Republic, New Zealand, (and to letters for Germany dispatched only by steamers which land the mails at German ports), Bahamas, Barbados, British Guiana, British Honduras, Dutch West Indies, Leeward, Danish West Indies, Trinidad, including Tobago, and Windward Islands, including Grenada, St. Vincent, Grenadines and St. Lucia.

SECTION 28.

Prohibited Articles.

The transmission of the following articles is absolutely prohibited in the mails for foreign countries under any circumstances, viz.: Publications which violate the copyright laws of the country of destination; packets (except single volumes of printed books for Mexico, Canada, Cuba, the Republic of Panama, Shanghai, and Salvador, and second-class matter for Canada, Cuba, Mexico, the Republic of Panama, and Shanghai) which exceed 4 pounds 6 ounces in weight; poisons; explosives or inflammable substances; live or dead (not dried) animals; insects (except bees) and reptiles; fruits and vegetables which quickly decompose, and substances which exhale a bad odor; lottery tickets or circulars; all obscene or immoral articles, and all articles which may destroy or damage the mails or injure persons handling them.

SECTION 29.

Rates of Postage.

The rates of postage applicable to all foreign countries other than those above mentioned, are as follows:

	Cents.
Letters, for the first ounces or less,	5
And for each additional ounce or fraction of an ounce,	3
Single postal cards (including souvenir cards), each,	2
Double post cards (including souvenir cards), each,	4
Printed matter of all kinds for each 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces,	1
Commercial papers, for the first 10 ounces or less,	5
And for each additional 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces,	1
Samples of merchandise, for the first 4 ounces or less,	2
And for each additional 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces,	1
Registration fee in addition to postage,	10

Postage must be prepaid on all articles other than letters at least in part. Double the amount of postage deficient will be collected upon the delivery of articles upon which postage has not been prepaid in full.

A "reply coupon" may be purchased (price, six cents) at post-offices, which upon presentation at a post-office in the principal countries in the Postal Union, will entitle the person presenting it to receive (without charge) a postage stamp equivalent to a 5 cent United States stamp. By this arrangement a person in the United States can furnish his correspondent with a postage stamp with which to prepay postage on a reply to his letter.

SECTION 30.

Rate of postage, 5 cents for the first ounce, and 3 cents for each additional ounce or fraction of an ounce.

The postal conventions do not define the term "letter," but it is held that a package upon which postage at the letter rate has been prepaid in full was intended by the sender to be sent as a letter; and when it does not contain prohibited articles is required to be considered and treated as a "letter." Consequently packages addressed to foreign countries, except Canada, Cuba, Mexico and the Republic of Panama (see section 26), which are fully prepaid at the rate of postage applicable to letters for the countries to which the packages are addressed, are allowed to be forwarded by mail to their destinations, even though they contain articles of miscellaneous merchandise which are not sent as bona fide trade samples.

NOTE.—Articles other than letters, in their usual and ordinary form, on their arrival at the exchange post office of the country of destination, will be inspected by customs officers of that country, who will levy the proper customs duties upon any articles found to be dutiable under the laws of that country and not prohibited transmission in the mails.

SECTION 31.

United States Postal Cards.

The United States International 2-cent single and 4-cent (reply) postal cards should be used for correspondence with foreign countries, except Cuba, Canada, and Mexico, the Republic of Panama, and Shanghai, to which the domestic single and double 2-cent cards are mailable; but when these cards can not be obtained, it is allowable to use the United States domestic 1-cent single or 2-cent (reply) postal cards with 1-cent on the single and 2-cent on the double cards United States adhesive postage stamps attached thereto.

By special arrangement with the Canadian Post-Office Department, Canadian postal cards mailed in the United States bearing United States postage stamps (domestic rate), and United States postal cards mailed in Canada bearing Canadian postage stamps, are transmissible in the mails and deliverable without further charge.

POST CARDS.—Private mailing cards are transmissible to foreign countries at the rate of 2 cents each, provided they conform to the conditions prescribed for similar cards in our domestic mails. If entirely in print and bear no personal message they may be sent at the rate of 2 cents each. (See Post cards, section 7.) To Canada, Mexico, Cuba, the Republic of Panama, and Shanghai, they may be sent at a rate of 1 cent each.

NOTE.—"Reply" post cards (private mailing-cards) are unauthorized and therefore unmailable as such.

SECTION 32.

Printed Matter.

Rate of postage, 1 cent for each 2 ounces or fraction. Limit of weight, 4 pounds 6 ounces. Limit of size, 18 inches in any direction, except that "rolls" may measure 30 inches in length by 4 inches in diameter.

Includes newspapers and periodical works, books stitched and bound, pamphlets, sheets of music, visiting cards, address cards, proofs of printing with or without the manuscripts relating thereto, papers with raised points for the use of the blind, engravings, photographs, and albums containing photographs, pictures, drawings, plans, maps, catalogues, prospectuses, announcements and notices of various kinds, whether printed, engraved, lithographed, or autographed and in general all impressions or reproductions obtained upon paper, parchment or cardboard, by means of printing, engraving, lithographing, and autographing, or any other mechanical process easy to recognize, except the copying-press and the typewriter.

Facsimile copies of manuscript or typewriting obtained by a mechanical process (polygraphy, chromography, etc.), are assimilated to "prints;" but in order to pass at the reduced postage they must be mailed at the post-office windows, and in the minimum number of 20 perfectly identical copies.

(Permissible additions, see section 35.)

SECTION 33.

Commercial Papers.

Rate of postage, for the first ten ounces or less, 5 cents; and for each additional 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces, 1 cent. Limit of weight, 4 pounds 6 ounces.

Includes all instruments or documents written or drawn wholly or partly by hand, which have not the character of an actual and personal correspondence, such as papers of legal procedure, deeds of all kinds drawn up by public functionaries, waybills or bills of lading, invoices, the various documents of insurance companies, copies of or extracts from deeds under private signature, written or stamped or unstamped paper, scores or sheets of manuscript music, manuscript of books or of articles for publication in periodicals, forwarded separately, original and corrected tasks of pupils, excluding all comment on work.

(Permissible additions, see section 35.)

SECTION 34.

Samples of Merchandise.

Rate of postage, for the first 4 ounces or less, 2 cents; and for each additional 2 ounces, or fraction of 2 ounces, 1 cent. Limit of weight, 12 ounces. Limit of size, 12 x 8 x 4 inches. (See "Parcel Post," section 37.)

Packages of miscellaneous merchandise for foreign countries (except Canada, Mexico, Cuba, the Republic of Panama and the United States Agency at Shanghai, (China) are restricted to bona fide trade samples or specimens having no salable or commercial value in excess of that actually necessary for their use as samples or specimens.

Goods sent for sale, in execution of an order, or as gifts, however small the quantity may be, are not admissible at the sample rate and conditions.

Pairs of articles such as gloves, shoes, etc., but not such as suspenders or drawers, are not transmissible by mail to foreign countries as "samples of merchandise," but one article of a pair may be so transmitted. (See "Parcel Post," section 37.)

Samples of merchandise must conform to the following conditions:

(1) They must be placed in bags, boxes or removable envelopes in such a manner as to admit of easy inspection; (2) they must not have any salable value nor bear any manuscript other than the name or profession of the sender, the address of the addressee, a manufacturer's or trade mark, numbers, prices, and indications relating to the weight or size of the quantity to be disposed of, and words which are necessary to precisely indicate the origin and nature of the merchandise; (3) packages containing samples must not exceed 350 grams (12 ounces) in weight, or the following dimensions: 30 centimeters (12 inches) in length, 20 centimeter (8 inches) in breadth, and 10 centimeters (4 inches) in depth; except that when in the form of a roll a package of samples may measure not to exceed 30 centimeters (12 inches) in length and 15 centimeters (6 inches) in diameter.

Samples of liquids, fatty substances, and powders, whether coloring or not (except such as are dangerous, inflammable, explosive, or exhale a bad odor), and also live bees, specimens of natural history, and articles of glass are admitted to the mails, provided they conform to the following conditions, viz: (1) Liquids, oils, and fatty substances which easily liquefy must be placed in thick glass bottles hermetically sealed; the bottles must be placed in a wooden box, which can be opened without withdrawing tacks, nails, or screws, containing sufficient spongy matter to absorb the contents if the bottles should break; and this wooden box must be enclosed in a case of metal or wood with a screw top, or of strong and thick leather, in order that it may be easily opened for examination of the contents. If perforated wooden blocks are used measuring at least 2½ millimeters (one-tenth inch) in the thinnest part, sufficiently filled with absorbent material and furnished with a lid, it is not necessary that the blocks should be enclosed in a second case. (2) Fatty substances which do not easily liquefy, such as ointments, resin, etc., must be enclosed in a box or bag of linen, parchment, etc., and then placed in an outside box of wood, metal, or strong, thick leather. (3) Dry powders, whether coloring or not, must be enclosed in boxes or stout envelopes, which are placed in an outside bag of linen or parchment.

Samples of articles composed of glass or other fragile substances must be packed so as to preclude the possibility of injury to postal employees or the correspondence, in case the article should break.

Packages containing articles of merchandise may be sent to Cuba, Canada, Mexico, Republic of Panama, and Shanghai, at the postage rate, and subject to the conditions applicable to "fourth-class matter" in the domestic mails, except that the limit of weight is 4 pounds, 6 ounces and the 8th zone rate of postage applies.

(Permissible additions, see section 35.)

SECTION 35.

Permissible Additions and Enclosures.

Packets of printed matter, commercial papers, and samples must not contain any letter or manuscript note having the character of an actual and personal correspondence, and must be made up in such manner as to admit of being easily examined. The following manuscript additions may be made to "prints;" the name, business, and residence of the sender; to visiting cards, the title and address of the sender, and congratulations, thanks, etc., not to exceed five words; the date of dispatch; the necessary corrections on proofs of printing, and the "copy" may be enclosed with the proof; correction of errors in printing other than proof; the erasure and underscoring of certain words; the insertion or correction of figures in price lists, advertisements, trade circulars, and prospectuses; the insertion of the name of the traveler, the date and place of his intended visit, in notices concerning the trips of commercial travelers; the dates of sailing on notices relating to the sailing of vessels; the name of the person invited, the date, object, and place, on cards of invitation and notices of meetings; a dedication on books, journals, photographs, Christmas and New Year's cards; fashion plates, maps, etc., may be painted; to cuttings from journals, the title, date, number, and address of the journal from which they were cut may be added; an invoice may be attached to the article to which it relates.

No manuscript additions other than those above indicated are allowed upon "prints."

It is permitted to enclose in the same package samples of merchandise, prints, and commercial papers, but subject to the following conditions: (1) That each class of articles taken singly shall not exceed the limits which are applicable to it as regards weight and size. (2) That the total weight of the package must not exceed 2 kilograms (4 pounds 6 ounces). (3) That the minimum charge shall be 5 cents when the package contains commercial papers, and 2 cents when it consists of printed matter and samples.

SECTION 32.

Miscellaneous Conditions Affecting Matter Mailed to Foreign Countries.

1. **PREPAYMENT OF POSTAGE.**—Ordinary letters for any foreign country (except Canada, Mexico, or the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai, (China), will be forwarded whether any postage is prepaid on them or not. All other matter must be prepaid at least partially.

2. **UNMAILABLE MATTER.**—All articles prohibited from domestic mails are also excluded from circulation in the mails for or from foreign countries. (See also "Prohibited articles," section 28; "Samples of merchandise," section 34.)

3. **WRAPPING.**—All matter to be sent in the mails at less than the letter rates of postage must be securely wrapped and so that it can be easily examined at the office of delivery, as well as at the mailing office, without damaging the wrapper. (See also "Samples of merchandise," section 34.)

4. **POSTAGE DUE.**—The letter "T" stamped on the wrapper of an article received in the mails from a foreign country indicates that it was considered in that country as not fully prepaid and that additional postage is to be collected on delivery. An "O" at the side of the postage stamp indicates that the stamps were of no value for prepayment of postage in the country in which the article was mailed. Wholly unpaid letters are liable to a charge of 10 cents per one-half ounce (double the prepaid rate); and insufficiently paid articles of all kinds are liable to a charge of double the amount of the short payment, which amount is indicated by the stamp "Due—cents" or "U. S. charge to collect—cents" impressed thereon at the United States exchange post-office which received the article from abroad, and is required to be collected by the postmaster who delivers the article, and who should affix thereto postage-due stamps of the value of the amount collected.

In the case of unpaid letters or short-paid matter of any kind the deficient postage will be collected by the postmaster by whom the article is delivered.

5. **FORWARDING.**—Mail matter of all kinds received from any foreign country, including Canada, Mexico, Cuba and the Republic of Panama, is required to be forwarded, at the request of the addressee, from one post-office to another, and—in the case of articles other than parcel-post packages—to any foreign country without additional charge for postage. (See "Postage due," par. 4, section 36.)

6. **RETURN.**—Letters bearing the return card of the sender on which the postage is fully prepaid will be returned, if undeliverable, without extra charge.

SECTION 37.

Registered Matter.

Letters and parcels (except Parcel-post packages for Australia, Barbados, Curacao, Dutch Guiana, France, French Guiana, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain, Greece, Guadeloupe, Italy, Martinique, The Netherlands, Uruguay and Society Islands), addressed to foreign countries if admissible to the Postal Union Mails, may be registered under the same conditions, as those addressed to domestic destinations. The registry fee in every case is ten (10) cents, in addition to lawful postage, and both must be fully prepaid. (See "Registry System," Sections 20 to 22.)

DELIVERY.—Registered articles addressed to or received from foreign countries are delivered according to the rules of the country of address.

RETURN RECEIPT.—If a registry return receipt from the addressee is desired, a demand therefor, as "Return receipt demanded," must be written or stamped by the sender upon the face of the envelope or wrapper.

INDEMNITY.—In case of loss of a registered article mailed in or addressed to a foreign country embraced in the Universal Postal Union, except in case of force majeure (beyond control), the sender, or at his request the addressee, is entitled to an indemnity for its value up to fifty francs, approximately ten dollars.

SECTION 38.

Parcel Post.

ADMISSIBLE MATTER.—Any article admissible to the domestic mails of the United States may be sent, in unsealed packages, by "Parcel-Post" to the following-named countries (but to those countries only):

Algeria.
 Argentine.
 Australia.
 *Austria.
 Bahamas.
 Barbados.
 *Belgium.
 Bermuda.
 Bolivia.
 Brazil.
 British Guiana.
 British India.
 Chile.
 China.
 Colombia.
 Corsica.
 Costa Rica.
 Curacao.
 Danish West Indies.
 Denmark.
 Dominican Republic.
 Dutch Guiana.
 Ecuador.
 Egypt.
 France.
 French Guiana.
 French West Indies.
 *Germany.
 Gibraltar.
 Great Britain, including Ireland.
 *Greece.
 Guadeloupe.
 Guatemala.
 Haiti.
 Honduras (British).

Honduras (Republic of).
 Hong Kong.
 *Hungary.
 Iceland.
 Italy.
 Jamaica.
 Japan.
 Leeward Islands.
 Liberia.
 Luxembourg.
 Martinique.
 Mesopotamia.
 Mexico.
 *Netherlands.
 Newfoundland.
 New Zealand.
 Nicaragua.
 *Norway.
 Palestine.
 Paraguay.
 Panama.
 Peru.
 Portugal.
 Salvador.
 Siam.
 Society Islands.
 Spain.
 *Sweden.
 Trinidad, including Tobago.
 Tunis.
 Turks Island.
 Union of South Africa.
 Uruguay.
 Venezuela.
 Windward Islands.

*Parcel-Post suspended during war.

SEALED RECEPTACLES.—The presence in an unsealed parcel of sealed receptacles containing mailable articles which can not be safely transmitted in unsealed receptacles, shall not render the parcel unavailable, provided the contents of the sealed receptacles are plainly visible, or are unmistakably indicated by the method of packing or by a precise statement on the covers. But such sealed receptacles shall not be admitted to the parcel-post unless inclosed in an outside cover open to inspection.

SIZE AND WEIGHT OF PACKAGES.—A package must not measure more than greatest length, 3½ feet; greatest length and girth combined 6 feet, except to Colombia to which the greatest length of parcels is limited to 2 feet, with the greatest girth at 4 feet.

Limit of weight for a single parcel 11 pounds, except to Ecuador, Mexico, Republic of Panama, and El Salvador, to which the weight limit is 20 pounds, and except to Brazil, British Honduras, Colombia, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Peru, and the Republic of Honduras, to which the weight limit is 22 pounds. In the case of parcels for and from non-steam served places in China, while they may weigh 11 pounds, they must not exceed one cubic foot in volume.

POSTAGE.—For all countries, the postage rate is 12 cents a pound or fraction of a pound, except to Algeria, British India, Corsica and Tunis, Egypt, Palestine and Mesopotamia and Paraguay, regarding which see the U. S. Postal Guide.

INDEMNITY.—Under the conventions with Chile, Mexico and El Salvador, the sender of a registered parcel-post package is entitled, in case of loss, damage, or rifling, to an indemnity equal to the amount of the actual loss incurred, but not exceeding the equivalent of 50 francs, that is, approximately \$9.65.

REGISTRATION.—The sender of a parcel addressed to any of the countries named in the table at the head of this section, except Barbados, Dutch Guiana, Great Britain, the Netherlands, France and Uruguay, may have the same registered by paying a registry fee of 10 cents, and will receive the "Return receipt," without special charge therefor, when envelope or wrapper is marked "Return receipt requested."

PLACE OF MAILING.—Matter intended for Parcel-Post must not be posted in a letter box, but must be taken to the post-office and presented to the postmaster, or person in charge, for inspection.

DIRECTIONS ON PACKAGES.—In addition to name and full address of the person to whom sent, the package must bear the words "Parcel Post" in the upper left-hand corner, with the name and address of the sender.

PROHIBITED MATTER.—Any matter which is declared unavailable in the domestic mails is also denied transmission as "parcel-post" mail.

PROHIBITIONS.—Parcels for foreign countries cannot be insured nor sent C. O. D. For prohibitions and observations applicable to the service for each country see U. S. Postal Guide.

CUSTOMS DECLARATION.—A customs declaration, furnished by the postmaster, must be properly filled out and firmly attached to the cover of the package in such a manner that it does not seal or close the package, so that it can be easily opened. A special form of customs declaration must be made in duplicate for each parcel sent to France by parcel post.

LETTERS PROHIBITED.—A letter or communication of the nature of personal correspondence must not accompany, be written on, or enclosed with any parcel. If such be found, the letter will be placed in the mails if separable, and if the communication be inseparably attached, the whole parcel will be rejected. If, however, any such should inadvertently be forwarded, the country of destination will collect upon the letter or letters double the letter rate of postage prescribed by the Universal Postal Convention.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.—The Post-Office Department can not state what articles are liable to customs duties in foreign countries, and consequently does not exclude articles of merchandise from the mails for foreign countries, because they may be liable to customs duties in the countries to which they are addressed.

Customs duties can not be prepaid by the senders of dutiable articles; they will be collected of addressees if the articles are delivered.

Dutiable articles forwarded to the United States from foreign countries are delivered to addressees at Post-Offices of destination upon compliance with certain conditions, and the payment of the duties levied thereon.

SECTION 39.

Postal Savings System.

Object.

1. The Postal Savings System is established by authority of the Act of Congress approved June 25, 1910, for the purpose of providing facilities for depositing savings at interest, with the security of the United States Government for repayment.

Safety.

2. The faith of the United States is solemnly pledged to the payment of deposits (made in postal savings depository offices), with accrued interest thereon, as provided by the postal savings act.

Who May Deposit.

3. An account may be opened and deposits made by any person of the age of 10 years or over in his or her own name, or by a married woman in her own name and free from any control or interference by her husband.

4. Deposits will be accepted only from individuals, and no account will be opened in the name of any corporation, association, society, firm or partnership, or in the name of two or more persons jointly. No account will be opened in the name of one person in trust for or on behalf of another person or persons.

5. A person may open a postal savings account at any depository post office, but no person may at the same time have more than one postal savings account either at the same office or at different offices.

6. All accounts shall be opened in person by the depositor or his authorized representative. After opening an account, a depositor may forward subsequent deposits to the post office by registered mail or by money order made payable to the postmaster.

No Charges to Depositors.

7. No charges or fees are collected or required from depositors in connection with the opening of accounts or the subsequent deposit or withdrawal of moneys.

How to Open an Account.

8. When a person applies to open an account, he shall furnish the necessary information to enable the postmaster to fill out an application, which the depositor will then be required to sign.

Deposits.

9. Deposits are evidenced by postal savings certificates issued in fixed denominations of \$1, \$2, \$5, \$10, \$20, \$50, \$100, \$200 and \$500, each bearing the name of the depositor, the number of his account, the date of issue, and the name of the depository office.

10. No account may be opened for less than \$1, nor will fractions of a dollar be accepted for deposit. (See paragraph 16 relative to postal savings cards and stamps.)

11. No person is permitted to have a total balance to his credit at any time of more than \$2500 exclusive of accumulated interest.

12. Postal savings certificates are not transferable or negotiable, and are payable only to the person to whom issued, except as provided in paragraphs 27, 28 and 29.

13. On opening an account a depositor is supplied with an envelope in which he may keep his savings certificates. This envelope bears information for his guidance, and a blank ledger record on which an account of his deposits and withdrawals may be kept.

14. If a postal savings certificate is lost or destroyed the depositor should notify the postmaster. Upon compliance by the depositor with the necessary requirements, a new certificate will be issued by the Third Assistant Postmaster General if deemed proper.

15. Postmasters are not permitted to receive issued postal savings certificates for safe-keeping.

Postal Savings Cards and Stamps.

16. Amounts less than \$1 may be saved for deposit by purchasing 10-cent postal savings cards and 10-cent postal savings stamps. Each postal savings card bears blank spaces in which such stamps may be affixed from time to time. A postal savings card with nine postal savings stamps affixed will be accepted as a deposit of \$1 either in opening an account or in adding to an existing account or will be redeemed for cash.

17. Postal savings cards and stamps are not valid for postage, and postmasters will not exchange them for postage stamps nor exchange postage stamps for postal savings cards or stamps.

Interest.

18. Interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum will be allowed on the amount represented by each postal savings certificate, payable annually. Interest will not be paid for any fraction of a year.

19. Deposits will bear interest from the 1st day of the month next following that in which made.

20. Interest will continue to accrue annually on a postal savings certificate as long as it remains outstanding, certificates being valid until paid, without limitations as to time.

21. Compound interest is not allowed on an outstanding certificate, but a depositor may withdraw interest accrued and make a new deposit, subject to the restriction that deposits at interest will not be received for less than \$1.

Withdrawals.

22. A depositor may at any time withdraw the whole or any part of the deposits to his credit, with any interest payable thereon, by surrendering, at the office of issue, postal savings certificates, properly indorsed, for the amount to be withdrawn.

23. A depositor presenting a certificate for payment in full shall indorse it in the presence of the postmaster or his representative and surrender it. The postmaster or his representative, upon being satisfied as to the depositor's identity, will then make payment.

24. When a depositor desires to withdraw only a part of the amount represented by any certificate, the postmaster will cancel the certificate and issue a new certificate or certificates covering the amount remaining on deposit, which will bear interest from the 1st day of the following month.

25. When a depositor desires to withdraw the interest payable on any certificate, he will be required to give his receipt for the amount of the interest paid. The postmaster will enter on the back of the certificate the date of the interest payment.

Deposits Not Made in Person.

26. When a depositor, for good and sufficient reason, is unable to appear in person to make an additional deposit, the amount to be deposited may be sent by a representative or forwarded by registered mail, or by a money order made payable to the postmaster. New accounts can not be opened by mail, but a person who desires to open an account and is unable to appear at the post office may forward the money by a representative, who will be provided with an application form, which shall be properly filled out by the intending depositor.

Withdrawals Not Made in Person.

27. When, for good and sufficient reason, a depositor is unable to appear in person to make a withdrawal, a blank order for the purpose will be furnished upon his application by mail or at the request of his representative. When the order has been properly filled out and signed by the depositor, his signature witnessed by a disinterested person, and the order returned to the postmaster, together with each certificate to be paid properly indorsed, payment will be made to the depositor's representative, or a money order covering the amount withdrawn, less the money-order fee, will be forwarded to the depositor.

28. When a depositor who is unable to appear in person desires to withdraw the interest payable on any certificate, the blank order furnished will be accompanied by a receipt for the interest to be paid. Upon return of such papers, properly signed by the depositor, the postmaster will make payment as provided in paragraph 27.

Death of Depositor.

29. In case of the death of a depositor the amount standing to his credit will be paid to the executor or administrator of his estate upon compliance with necessary requirements. In case of the death of a depositor intestate, where no formal administration is desired by his relatives, the Third Assistant Postmaster General may authorize the postmaster, upon obtaining an affidavit in proper form, to pay the amount to the persons entitled under the State laws to receive it.

Account of Woman Who Marries.

30. A woman who opens an account and afterwards marries should present her postal savings certificates to the postmaster at the issuing office in order that the certificates may be indorsed as payable to her in her new name. The postmaster will receive no further deposits from a woman who marries and fails to comply with this requirement.

Postal Savings Bonds.

31. A depositor may exchange the whole or any part of his deposits in sums of \$20, or any multiple of \$20 up to and including \$500, for United States registered or coupon bonds bearing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after one year from date of issue, and both principal and interest being payable 20 years from such date in United States gold coin. The exchange may be made as of January 1 and July 1 of each year.

32. A depositor desiring to convert his postal savings deposits into bonds on January 1 and July 1 of any year shall make application to the postmaster at least one month previously on a form which will be supplied in triplicate for the purpose. At the time of making application the depositor shall indorse and surrender postal savings certificates covering the amount of the bonds desired, and the postmaster will give him a receipt for the certificates. When the bonds applied for have been issued by the Secretary of the Treasury, he will forward them to the depositor. The exchange is considered as taking effect on the date when the bonds begin to bear interest (January 1 or July 1), and any yearly interest due on the certificates surrendered will be paid by the postmaster on or after that date.

33. Postal savings deposits which have been exchanged for bonds are not counted as a part of the maximum of \$2500 allowed one depositor, and there is no limitation upon the amount of postal savings bonds which may be acquired by a depositor.

34. Postal savings bonds are exempt from all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under State, municipal, or local authority.

35. Postal savings bonds can be procured only by the surrender of postal savings deposits and will not be issued to persons who are not depositors, but whether in registered or coupon form they may, after receipt by the depositor, be sold or transferred at any time. A leaflet containing additional information concerning postal savings bonds may be obtained from the postmaster.

Information.

36. Further information concerning the Postal Savings System may be obtained by application at any depository post office or by addressing the Third Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Postal Savings, Washington, D. C.

LETTER CARRIER POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Allentown, Lehigh co.
 Altoona, Blair co.
 Ambler, Montgomery co.
 Ambridge, Beaver co.
 *Annville, Lebanon co.
 Ardmore, Montgomery co.
 Ashland, Schuylkill co.
 Athens, Bradford co.
 Bangor, Northampton co.
 Beaver, Beaver co.
 Beaver Falls, Beaver co.
 Bedford, Bedford co.
 Bellefonte, Centre co.
 *Bellwood, Blair co.
 *Berlin, Somerset co.
 Berwick, Columbia co.
 Bethlehem, Northampton co.
 Blairsville, Indiana co.
 Bloomsburg, Columbia co.
 Braddock, Allegheny co.
 Bradford, McKean co.
 *Bridgeport, Montgomery co.
 *Bridgeville, Allegheny co.
 Bristol, Bucks co.
 Brookville, Jefferson co.
 Brownsville, Fayette co.
 Bryn Mawr, Montgomery co.
 *Burgettstown, Washington co.
 Butler, Butler co.
 Cambridge Springs, Crawford co.
 Canonsburg, Washington co.
 Canton, Bradford co.
 Carbondale, Lackawanna co.
 Carlisle, Cumberland co.
 Carnegie, Allegheny co.
 Catasauqua, Lehigh co.
 *Catawissa, Columbia co.
 Chambersburg, Franklin co.
 Charleroi, Washington co.
 Chester, Delaware co.
 *Clairton, Allegheny co.
 Clarion, Clarion co.
 Clearfield, Clearfield co.
 Coatesville, Chester co.
 Columbia, Lancaster co.
 Connellsville, Fayette co.
 Conshohocken, Montgomery co.
 Coraopolis, Allegheny co.
 Corry, Erie co.
 Coudersport, Potter co.
 Cresson, Cambria co.
 *Curwensville, Clearfield co.
 Danville, Montour co.
 Darby, Delaware co.
 Donora, Washington co.
 Doylestown, Bucks co.
 DuBois, Clearfield co.
 *Dunbar, Fayette co.
 Duquesne, Allegheny co.
 Easton, Northampton co.
 East Pittsburgh, Allegheny co.
 East Stroudsburg, Monroe co.
 Elizabeth, Allegheny co.
 *Elizabethtown, Lancaster co.
 Ellwood City, Lawrence co.
 Emporium, Cameron co.
 *Ephrata, Lancaster co.
 Erie, Erie co.
 *Everett, Bedford co.
 *Fairchance, Fayette co.
 Farrell, Mercer co.
 Ford City, Armstrong co.
 Franklin, Venango co.
 *Freeland, Luzerne co.
 Galeton, Potter co.
 *Gallitzin, Cambria co.
 Gettysburg, Adams co.
 *Girardville, Schuylkill co.
 *Glassport, Allegheny co.
 *Greencastle, Franklin co.
 Greensburg, Westmoreland co.
 Greenville, Mercer co.
 Grove City, Mercer co.
 Hanover, York co.
 Harrisburg, Dauphin co.
 *Hawley, Wayne co.
 Hazleton, Luzerne co.
 Hershey, Dauphin co.
 Hollidaysburg, Blair co.
 Homestead, Allegheny co.
 Honesdale, Wayne co.
 *Hummelstown, Dauphin co.
 Huntingdon, Huntingdon co.
 Indiana, Indiana co.
 Irwin, Westmoreland co.
 Jeannette, Westmoreland co.
 Jenkintown, Montgomery co.
 Jersey Shore, Lycoming co.
 Johnstown, Cambria co.
 Kane, McKean co.
 Kennett Square, Chester co.
 Kittanning, Armstrong co.
 Lancaster, Lancaster co.
 Lansdale, Montgomery co.
 Lansdowne, Delaware co.
 Lansford, Carbon co.
 Latrobe, Westmoreland co.
 Lebanon, Lebanon co.
 Leighton, Carbon co.
 Lewisburg, Union co.
 Lewistown, Millin co.
 Lititz, Lancaster co.
 Lock Haven, Clinton co.
 McDonald, Washington co.
 McKeesport, Allegheny co.
 McKees Rocks, Allegheny co.
 Mahanoy City, Schuylkill co.
 *Manheim, Lancaster co.
 Marcus Hook, Delaware co.
 *Marietta, Lancaster co.
 *Masontown, Fayette co.
 Mauch Chunk, Carbon co.
 Meadville, Crawford co.
 Mechanicsburg, Cumberland co.
 Media, Delaware co.
 Mercer, Mercer co.
 Meyersdale, Somerset co.
 Middletown, Dauphin co.
 *Millinburg, Union co.
 *Millintown, Juniata co.
 *Milford, Pike co.
 Millersburg, Dauphin co.
 Milton, Northumberland co.
 Minersville, Schuylkill co.
 Monaca, Beaver co.
 Monessen, Westmoreland co.
 Monongahela, Washington co.
 Montrose, Susquehanna co.
 Mount Carmel, Northumberland co.
 *Mount Joy, Lancaster co.
 Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland co.
 *Mount Pocono, Monroe co.
 Mount Union, Huntingdon co.
 Muncy, Lycoming co.
 *Myerstown, Lebanon co.
 Nanticoke, Luzerne co.
 *Natrona, Allegheny co.
 Nazareth, Northampton co.
 New Brighton, Beaver co.
 New Castle, Lawrence co.
 New Kensington, Westmoreland co.
 *Newport, Perry co.
 Norristown, Montgomery co.
 Northampton, Northampton co.
 North East, Erie co.
 *Northumberland, Northumberland co.
 Oakmont, Allegheny co.
 Oil City, Venango co.
 Olyphant, Lackawanna co.
 *Orwigsburg, Schuylkill co.
 Palmerton, Carbon co.
 Palmyra, Lebanon co.
 *Parkesburg, Chester co.
 *Peckville, Lackawanna co.
 *Perkasie, Bucks co.
 Philadelphia, Philadelphia co.
 Phillipsburg, Centre co.
 Phoenixville, Chester co.
 *Pine Grove, Schuylkill co.
 Pittsburgh, Allegheny co.
 Pittston, Luzerne co.
 Plymouth, Luzerne co.
 *Point Marion, Fayette co.
 *Portage, Cambria co.

*Offices having village delivery.

LETTER CARRIER POST OFFICES—Concluded.

Pottstown, Montgomery co.
 Pottsville, Schuylkill co.
 Pymatuning, Jefferson co.
 Quakertown, Bucks co.
 Reading, Berks co.
 Red Lion, York co.
 Renovo, Clinton co.
 Ridgway, Elk co.
 *Roaring Spring, Blair co.
 Rochester, Beaver co.
 Rochersford, Montgomery co.
 *Saint Clair, Schuylkill co.
 Saint Marys, Elk co.
 Sayre, Bradford co.
 Schuylkill Haven, Schuylkill co.
 Scottdale, Westmoreland co.
 Scranton, Lackawanna co.
 *Selinsgrove, Snyder co.
 Sewickley, Allegheny co.
 Shamokin, Northumberland co.
 Sharon, Mercer co.
 *Sharpsville, Mercer co.
 Shenandoah, Schuylkill co.
 *Shickshinny, Luzerne co.
 Shippensburg, Cumberland co.
 Slatington, Lehigh co.
 Smethport, McKean co.
 Somerset, Somerset co.
 *South Brownsville, Fayette co.
 *South Fork, Cambria co.
 *Spring City, Chester co.
 State College, Centre co.
 Steelton, Dauphin co.
 Stroudsburg, Monroe co.
 Sunbury, Northumberland co.
 Susquehanna, Susquehanna co.

Swarthmore, Delaware co.
 Tamaqua, Schuylkill co.
 Tarentum, Allegheny co.
 *Tidioute, Warren co.
 Titusville, Crawford co.
 Towanda, Bradford co.
 *Tower City, Schuylkill co.
 *Troy, Bradford co.
 Tunkhannock, Wyoming co.
 Tyrone, Blair co.
 Union City, Erie co.
 Uniontown, Fayette co.
 Vandergrift, Westmoreland co.
 Verona, Allegheny co.
 Warren, Warren co.
 Washington, Washington co.
 *Watsonstown, Northumberland co.
 Wayne, Delaware co.
 Waynesboro, Franklin co.
 Waynesburg, Greene co.
 *Weatherly, Carbon co.
 Wellsboro, Tioga co.
 West Chester, Chester co.
 Westgrove, Chester co.
 *White Haven, Luzerne co.
 Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne co.
 *Williamsburg, Blair co.
 Williamsport, Lycoming co.
 *Williamstown, Dauphin co.
 Wilmerding, Allegheny co.
 Windber, Somerset co.
 Woodlawn, Beaver co.
 *Wrightsville, York co.
 York, York co.

*Offices having village delivery.

LIST OF POST OFFICES LOCATED IN GOVERNMENT
BUILDINGS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Allentown.
Altoona.
Beaver Falls.
Bedford
Berwick.
Braddock. ~
Bradford.
Bristol.
Butler.
Carbondale.
Carlisle
Carnegie.
Chambersburg.
Charlertoi.
Chester.
Connellsville.
Corry.
Eastor.
East Pittsburgh.
Erie.
Gettysburg.
Greensburg.
Hanover.
Harrisburg.
Hazleton.
Homestead.
Huntingdon.
Indiana.
Johnstown.

Lancaster.
Lebanon.
McKeesport.
Meadville.
Media.
Monessen.
Monongahela.
New Brighton.
New Castle.
Norristown.
Oil City.
Philadelphia.
Pittsburgh.
Pottsville.
Punxsutawney.
Reading
Ridgway.
Scranton.
Sewickley.
Shamokin.
Sharon.
Steelton.
Titusville.
Washington.
West Chester.
Wilkes-Barre.
Williamsport.
York.

LIST OF PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA WITH SALARIES OF POSTMASTERS.

The classification of post offices is fixed by law, and the Postmaster General has no discretion in the premises.

First, second and third-class postmasters are appointed by the President, subject to confirmation by the Senate, and are commissioned for four years. But if the revenues of third-class offices relegate them to fourth-class, the term of the incumbent appointed by the President ceases, and an appointment by the Postmaster General will be made.

The salaries of some postmasters are fixed by law and cannot be increased by any increase of business, while the majority of the salaries of Presidential postmasters are adjusted on the basis of the gross receipts accruing at the respective offices for the four quarters ending March 31, of each year, to take effect at the beginning of the next fiscal year, to-wit, July 1, ensuing.

Fourth-class postmasters are appointed by the Postmaster General, and their term of tenure has no specified limit, and under the law their compensation consists of—

1. All the box rents, if there are any.

2. Commissions on the amount of postage due stamps, ordinary postage stamps, stamped envelopes, postal cards and newspapers and periodical stamps canceled on matter actually mailed at their offices, and on amounts received from sales of waste paper, dead newspapers, printed matter and twine sold, at the following rates: On the first \$50 or less, 100 per cent.; on the next \$100 or less, 60 per cent.; on the next \$200 or less, 50 per cent.; on the excess above \$350, 40 per cent.

In no case is the compensation of a postmaster of this class to exceed \$250 in any one quarter.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Abington, -----	Montgomery, -----	3	\$1,000
Albion, -----	Erie, -----	3	1,000
Alexandria, -----	Huntingdon, -----	3	1,100
Aliquippa, -----	Beaver, -----	3	1,700
Allentown, -----	Lehigh, -----	1	3,700
Altoona, -----	Blair, -----	1	3,500
Amblar, -----	Montgomery, -----	2	2,500
Ambridge, -----	Beaver, -----	2	2,500
Annaville, -----	Lebanon, -----	3	1,900
Apollo, -----	Armstrong, -----	2	2,300
Archbald, -----	Lackawanna, -----	3	1,500
Ardmore, -----	Montgomery, -----	2	2,800
Ariel, -----	Wayne, -----	3	1,500
Arnold, -----	Westmoreland, -----	3	1,600
Arnot, -----	Tioga, -----	3	1,100
Ashland, -----	Schuylkill, -----	2	2,400
Athens, -----	Bradford, -----	2	2,400
Auburn, -----	Schuylkill, -----	3	1,100
Austin, -----	Potter, -----	3	1,500
Avella, -----	Washington, -----	3	1,300
Avondale, -----	Chester, -----	3	1,500
Avonmore, -----	Westmoreland, -----	3	1,500
Bala, -----	Montgomery, -----	3	1,100
Bangor, -----	Northampton, -----	2	2,500
Barnesboro, -----	Cambria, -----	2	2,200
Bath, -----	Northampton, -----	3	1,400
Beatty, -----	Westmoreland, -----	3	1,100
Beaver, -----	Beaver, -----	2	2,400
Beaverdale, -----	Cambria, -----	3	1,400
Beaver Falls, -----	Beaver, -----	1	3,200
Bedford, -----	Bedford, -----	2	2,500
Bellefonte, -----	Centre, -----	2	2,700
Belle Vernon, -----	Fayette, -----	2	2,000
Belleville, -----	Mifflin, -----	3	1,500
Bellwood, -----	Blair, -----	3	1,700
Bentleyville, -----	Washington, -----	3	1,500
Benton, -----	Columbia, -----	3	1,500
Berlin, -----	Somerset, -----	3	1,700
Berwick, -----	Columbia, -----	2	2,700
Berwyn, -----	Chester, -----	2	2,000
Bethlehem, -----	Northampton, -----	1	3,500
Big Run, -----	Jefferson, -----	3	1,200
Birdsboro, -----	Berks, -----	2	2,000
Black Hick, -----	Indiana, -----	3	1,300
Blair Station, -----	Allegheny, -----	3	1,400
Blairsville, -----	Indiana, -----	2	2,400
Bloomsburg, -----	Columbia, -----	2	2,800
Blossburg, -----	Tioga, -----	3	1,800
Blue Ridge Summit, -----	Franklin, -----	3	1,500
Bolivar, -----	Westmoreland, -----	3	1,400
Boswell, -----	Somerset, -----	3	1,000

LIST OF PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Boyetown,	Berks,	2	\$2,200
Brackebridge,	Allegheny,	2	2,000
Braddock,	Allegheny,	1	3,100
Bradford,	McKean,	1	3,200
Bridgeport,	Montgomery,	2	2,700
Bridgeville,	Allegheny,	2	2,100
Bristol,	Bucks,	2	2,800
Brockwayville,	Jefferson,	3	1,800
Brookville,	Jefferson,	2	2,500
Brownsville,	Fayette,	2	2,400
Bryn Mawr,	Montgomery,	2	2,700
Buck Hill Falls,	Monroe,	3	1,500
Burgettstown,	Washington,	3	1,900
Burnham,	Mifflin,	3	1,700
Butler,	Butler,	1	3,200
Cairnbrook,	Somerset,	3	1,100
California,	Washington,	2	2,200
Cambridge Springs,	Crawford,	2	2,300
Camp Hill,	Cumberland,	3	1,300
Canadensis,	Monroe,	3	1,000
Canonsburg,	Washington,	2	2,800
Canton,	Bradford,	2	2,200
Carbondale,	Lackawanna,	2	2,800
Carlisle,	Cumberland,	1	3,000
Carmichaels,	Somerset,	3	1,200
Carnegie,	Allegheny,	2	2,600
Carrolltown,	Cambria,	3	1,500
Castle Shannon,	Allegheny,	3	1,100
Catasauqua,	Lehigh,	2	2,400
Catawissa,	Columbia,	3	1,700
Center Hall,	Centre,	3	1,200
Centerville,	Crawford,	3	1,200
Centralia,	Columbia,	3	1,300
Chambersburg,	Franklin,	1	3,100
Charleroi,	Washington,	2	2,700
Cheltenham,	Montgomery,	3	1,500
Cherry Tree,	Indiana,	3	1,500
Chester,	Delaware,	1	3,500
Cheswick,	Allegheny,	3	1,700
Chicora,	Butler,	3	1,600
Christiana,	Lancaster,	3	1,500
Clairton,	Allegheny,	3	1,900
Clarendon,	Warren,	3	1,600
Clarion,	Clarion,	2	2,500
Clarks Summit,	Lackawanna,	3	1,500
Claysburg,	Blair,	3	1,200
Claysville,	Washington,	3	1,600
Clearfield,	Clearfield,	2	2,900
Clifton Heights,	Delaware,	3	1,700
Clymer,	Indiana,	3	1,700
Coaldale,	Schuylkill,	3	1,600
Coalport,	Clearfield,	3	1,800
Coatesville,	Chester,	1	3,100
Cochranon,	Crawford,	3	1,600
Collegeville,	Montgomery,	3	1,700
Columbia,	Lancaster,	2	2,600
Colver,	Cambria,	3	1,400
Confluence,	Somerset,	3	1,500
Conneaut Lake,	Crawford,	3	1,400
Conneautville,	Crawford,	3	1,800
Connellsville,	Fayette,	1	3,100
Conshohocken,	Montgomery,	2	2,500
Conway,	Beaver,	3	1,000
Coopersburg,	Lehigh,	3	1,300
Coplay,	Lehigh,	3	1,300
Coraopolis,	Allegheny,	2	2,500
Cornwells Heights,	Bucks,	3	1,200
Corry,	Frie,	1	3,100
Coudersport,	Potter,	2	2,500
Cresco,	Monroe,	3	1,200
Cresson,	Cambria,	2	2,400
Cressona,	Schuylkill,	3	1,100
Crum Lynne,	Delaware,	3	1,500
Curwensville,	Clearfield,	2	2,200
Cynwyd,	Montgomery,	3	1,800
Dalsytown,	Washington,	3	1,000
Dallas,	Luzerne,	3	1,100
Dallastown,	York,	3	1,500
Dalton,	Lackawanna,	3	1,200

LIST OF PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Danville, -----	Montour, -----	2	\$2,600
Darby, -----	Delaware, -----	2	2,500
Dawson, -----	Fayette, -----	3	1,500
Dayton, -----	Armstrong, -----	3	1,600
Delaware Water Gap, -----	Monroe, -----	3	1,800
Delmont, -----	Westmoreland, -----	3	1,000
Delta, -----	York, -----	3	1,500
Denver, -----	Lancaster, -----	3	1,500
Derry, -----	Westmoreland, -----	3	1,900
Devon, -----	Chester, -----	3	1,600
Dillsburg, -----	York, -----	3	1,500
Donora, -----	Washington, -----	2	2,600
Downingtown, -----	Chester, -----	3	1,600
Doylestown, -----	Bucks, -----	2	2,400
Dravosburg, -----	Allegheny, -----	3	1,500
Drexel Hill, -----	Delaware, -----	3	1,100
Driftwood, -----	Cameron, -----	3	1,100
DuBois, -----	Clearfield, -----	1	3,100
Dunbar, -----	Fayette, -----	3	1,800
Duncannon, -----	Perry, -----	3	1,700
Duquesne, -----	Allegheny, -----	2	2,500
Dushore, -----	Sullivan, -----	3	1,500
Eagles Mere, -----	Sullivan, -----	3	1,200
East Brady, -----	Clarion, -----	3	1,800
East Downingtown, -----	Chester, -----	3	1,900
East Greenville, -----	Montgomery, -----	3	1,400
East McKeesport, -----	Allegheny, -----	3	1,300
Easton, -----	Northampton, -----	1	3,500
East Pittsburgh, -----	Allegheny, -----	1	3,300
East Stroudsburg, -----	Monroe, -----	2	2,500
Ebensburg, -----	Cambria, -----	2	2,500
Edinboro, -----	Erie, -----	3	1,700
Eldred, -----	McKean, -----	3	1,700
Elizabeth, -----	Allegheny, -----	3	1,600
Elizabethtown, -----	Lancaster, -----	2	2,300
Elizabethville, -----	Dauphin, -----	3	1,500
Elkland, -----	Tioga, -----	3	1,800
Elk Lick, -----	Somerset, -----	3	1,400
Ellsworth, -----	Washington, -----	3	1,400
Ellwood City, -----	Lawrence, -----	2	2,600
Elverson, -----	Chester, -----	3	1,000
Emaus, -----	Lehigh, -----	3	1,700
Emlenton, -----	Venango, -----	2	2,100
Emporium, -----	Cameron, -----	2	2,500
Enon Valley, -----	Lawrence, -----	3	1,000
Ephrata, -----	Lancaster, -----	2	2,100
Erie, -----	Erie, -----	1	3,800
Evans City, -----	Butler, -----	3	1,700
Everett, -----	Bedford, -----	2	2,200
Everson, -----	Fayette, -----	3	1,100
Export, -----	Westmoreland, -----	3	1,400
Factoryville, -----	Wyoming, -----	3	1,400
Fairchance, -----	Fayette, -----	3	1,600
Falls Creek, -----	Clearfield, -----	3	1,400
Farrell, -----	Mercer, -----	2	2,600
Fayette City, -----	Fayette, -----	3	1,700
Finleyville, -----	Armstrong, -----	3	1,100
Fleetwood, -----	Berks, -----	3	1,600
Ford City, -----	Armstrong, -----	2	2,200
Forest City, -----	Susquehanna, -----	3	1,900
Fort Washington, -----	Montgomery, -----	3	1,100
Foxburg, -----	Clarion, -----	3	1,100
Frackville, -----	Schuylkill, -----	3	1,700
Franklin, -----	Venango, -----	1	3,100
Fredericktown, -----	Washington, -----	3	1,400
Fredonia, -----	Mercer, -----	3	1,200
Freedom, -----	Beaver, -----	2	2,300
Freeland, -----	Luzerne, -----	2	2,200
Freeport, -----	Armstrong, -----	2	2,000
Fullerton, -----	Lehigh, -----	3	1,400
Galeton, -----	Potter, -----	2	2,100
Gallitzin, -----	Cambria, -----	3	1,700
Gap, -----	Lancaster, -----	3	1,300
Garrett, -----	Somerset, -----	3	1,100
Genesee, -----	Potter, -----	3	1,000
Gettysburg, -----	Adams, -----	1	3,100
Girard, -----	Erie, -----	3	1,700
Girardville, -----	Schuylkill, -----	3	1,700

LIST OF PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Glassport,	Allegheny,	2	\$2,000
Glen Campbell,	Indiana,	3	1,200
Glenlyon,	Luzerne,	3	1,200
Glen Olden,	Delaware,	3	1,600
Glen Rock,	York,	3	1,600
Glenside,	Montgomery,	2	2,100
Grampian,	Clearfield,	3	1,100
Great Bend,	Susquehanna,	3	1,100
Greencastle,	Franklin,	3	1,800
Greensburg,	Westmoreland,	1	3,360
Greenville,	Mercer,	1	3,000
Grove City,	Mercer,	2	2,700
Halifax,	Dauphin,	3	1,400
Hallstead,	Susquehanna,	3	1,500
Hamburg,	Berks,	2	2,300
Hanover,	York,	2	2,900
Harmony,	Butler,	3	1,100
Harriman,	Bucks,	2	2,200
Harrisburg,	Dauphin,	1	5,060
Harrisville,	Butler,	3	1,100
Hastings,	Cambria,	3	1,600
Hathoro,	Montgomery,	3	1,600
Haverford,	Montgomery,	2	2,400
Hawley,	Wayne,	3	1,900
Hazleton,	Luzerne,	1	3,200
Hellertown,	Northampton,	3	1,500
Hermine,	Westmoreland,	3	1,400
Herdon,	Northumberland,	3	1,000
Hershey,	Dauphin,	2	2,400
Hoboken,	Allegheny,	3	1,100
Holidaysburg,	Blair,	2	2,400
Hollisopple,	Somerset,	3	1,100
Homer City,	Indiana,	3	1,800
Homestead,	Allegheny,	1	3,100
Honesdale,	Wayne,	2	2,700
Honey Brook,	Chester,	3	1,500
Hooversville,	Somerset,	3	1,300
Hop Bottom,	Susquehanna,	3	1,200
Hopewell,	Bedford,	3	1,300
Houston,	Washington,	3	1,300
Houtzdale,	Clearfield,	3	1,900
Howard,	Centre,	3	1,400
Hughesville,	Lycoming,	3	1,700
Hummelstown,	Dauphin,	3	1,700
Huntingdon,	Huntingdon,	2	2,900
Hyndman,	Bedford,	3	1,300
Imperial,	Allegheny,	3	1,000
Indiana,	Indiana,	1	3,000
Irwin,	Westmoreland,	2	2,500
Jamestown,	Mercer,	3	1,500
Jeannette,	Westmoreland,	2	2,900
Jenkintown,	Montgomery,	2	2,400
Jermyn,	Lackawanna,	3	1,500
Jersey Shore,	Lycoming,	2	2,400
Jessup,	Lackawanna,	3	1,400
Johnsonburg,	Elk,	2	2,300
Johnstown,	Cambria,	1	3,500
Kane,	McKean,	2	2,700
Kennett Square,	Chester,	2	2,500
Kittanning,	Armstrong,	2	2,000
Knox,	Clarion,	3	1,600
Knoxville,	Tioga,	3	1,500
Koppel,	Beaver,	3	1,000
Kulpmont,	Northumberland,	3	1,000
Kutztown,	Berks,	2	2,160
Laceyville,	Wyoming,	3	1,500
Lancaster,	Lancaster,	1	3,600
Landisville,	Lancaster,	3	1,500
Langeloth,	Washington,	3	1,000
Langhorne,	Bucks,	3	1,700
Lansdale,	Montgomery,	2	2,500
Lansdowne,	Delaware,	2	2,300
Lansford,	Carbon,	2	2,500
Lapark,	Lancaster,	3	1,500
Latrobe,	Westmoreland,	1	3,000
Lawrenceville,	Tioga,	3	1,200
Lebanon,	Lebanon,	1	3,200
Leechburg,	Armstrong,	2	2,400

LIST OF PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Leetsdale,	Allegheny,	3	\$1,700
Lehighton,	Carbon,	2	2,400
Lemoyne,	Cumberland,	3	1,600
Lester,	Delaware,	3	1,000
Lewisburg,	Union,	2	2,600
Lewistown,	Mifflin,	2	2,800
Ligonier,	Westmoreland,	3	1,900
Lily,	Cambria,	3	1,500
Lincoln University,	Chester,	3	1,000
Linesville,	Crawford,	3	1,700
Lititz,	Lancaster,	2	2,200
Littlestown,	Adams,	3	1,600
Liverpool,	Perry,	3	1,000
Lock Haven,	Clinton,	2	2,800
Lock No. 4,	Washington,	3	1,000
Loysville,	Perry,	3	1,000
Ludlow,	McKean,	3	1,200
Lykens,	Dauphin,	3	1,800
Lyndora,	Butler,	3	1,600
McAdoo,	Schuylkill,	3	1,300
McConnellsburg,	Fulton,	3	1,500
McDonald,	Washington,	2	2,300
McKeesport,	Allegheny,	1	3,300
McKees Rocks,	Allegheny,	2	2,700
McSherrystown,	Adams,	3	1,200
Macungie,	Lehigh,	3	1,300
Madera,	Clearfield,	3	1,400
Mahaffey,	Clearfield,	3	1,600
Mahanoy City,	Schuylkill,	2	2,000
Malvern,	Chester,	3	1,900
Manheim,	Lancaster,	2	2,200
Manor,	Westmoreland,	3	1,300
Mansfield,	Tioga,	2	2,200
Marcus Hook,	Delaware,	2	2,400
Marianna,	Washington,	3	1,300
Marienville,	Forest,	3	1,200
Marietta,	Lancaster,	2	2,000
Marion Center,	Indiana,	3	1,300
Markleton,	Somerset,	3	1,200
Mars,	Butler,	3	1,500
Martinsburg,	Blair,	3	1,500
Marysville,	Perry,	3	1,300
Masontown,	Fayette,	3	1,800
Matamoras,	Pike,	3	1,200
Mauch Chunk,	Carbon,	2	2,500
Mayport,	Clarion,	3	1,000
Meadville,	Crawford,	1	3,200
Mechanicsburg,	Cumberland,	2	2,400
Media,	Delaware,	2	2,500
Mercer,	Mercer,	2	2,400
Mercersburg,	Franklin,	2	2,000
Merion Station,	Montgomery,	3	1,400
Meshoppen,	Wyoming,	3	1,600
Meyersdale,	Somerset,	2	2,400
Middleburg,	Snyder,	3	1,400
Middletown,	Dauphin,	2	2,500
Midland,	Beaver,	2	2,400
Midway,	Washington,	3	1,100
Mifflin,	Juniata,	3	1,500
Mifflinburg,	Union,	2	2,100
Mifflintown,	Juniata,	3	1,600
Millford,	Pike,	3	1,700
Millersburg,	Dauphin,	2	2,300
Millersstown,	Perry,	3	1,400
Millersville,	Lancaster,	3	1,300
Mill Hall,	Clinton,	3	1,400
Millville,	Columbia,	3	1,300
Millroy,	Mifflin,	3	1,300
Milton,	Northumberland,	2	2,900
Minersville,	Schuylkill,	2	2,300
Mohnton,	Berks,	3	1,100
Monaca,	Beaver,	2	2,100
Monessen,	Westmoreland,	2	2,800
Monongahela,	Washington,	2	2,700
Mont Alto,	Franklin,	3	1,200
Montgomery,	Lycoming,	3	1,900
Montoursville,	Lycoming,	3	1,700
Montrose,	Susquehanna,	2	2,300

PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES.

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LIST OF PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Moore's,	Delaware,	3	\$1,400
Morris Run,	Tioga,	3	1,000
Morrisville,	Bucks,	3	1,800
Morton,	Delaware,	3	1,200
Moseow,	Lackawanna,	3	1,200
Mount Carmel,	Northumberland,	2	2,600
Mount Holly Springs,	Cumberland,	3	1,000
Mount Jewett,	McKean,	3	1,700
Mount Joy,	Lancaster,	2	2,000
Mount Pleasant,	Westmoreland,	2	2,400
Mount Pocono,	Monroe,	3	1,600
Mount Union,	Huntingdon,	2	2,500
Muncy,	Lycoming,	2	2,400
Myerstown,	Lebanon,	3	1,900
Nanticoke,	Luzerne,	2	2,500
Nanty Glo,	Cambria,	3	1,500
Narberth,	Montgomery,	2	2,260
Natrona,	Allegheny,	3	1,700
Nazareth,	Northampton,	2	2,400
Nescopeck,	Luzerne,	3	1,100
Nesquehoning,	Carbon,	3	1,600
New Albany,	Bradford,	3	1,200
New Alexandria,	Westmoreland,	3	1,300
New Bethlehem,	Clarion,	2	2,400
New Bloomfield,	Perry,	3	1,600
New Brighton,	Beaver,	2	2,700
New Castle,	Lawrence,	1	3,400
New Cumberland,	Cumberland,	3	1,800
Newell,	Fayette,	3	1,000
New Florence,	Westmoreland,	3	1,400
New Freedom,	York,	3	1,500
New Holland,	Lancaster,	3	1,900
New Hope,	Bucks,	3	1,500
New Kensington,	Westmoreland,	1	3,100
New Milford,	Susquehanna,	3	1,400
New Oxford,	Adams,	3	1,500
Newport,	Perry,	3	1,900
New Salem,	Fayette,	3	1,400
Newton Hamilton,	Mifflin,	3	1,500
Newtown,	Bucks,	3	1,900
Newville,	Cumberland,	3	1,800
New Wilmington,	Lawrence,	3	1,600
Nicholson,	Wyoming,	3	1,500
Norristown,	Montgomery,	1	3,300
Northampton,	Northampton,	2	2,100
North East,	Frie,	2	2,400
North Girard,	Erie,	3	1,500
Northumberland,	Northumberland,	3	1,900
North Wales,	Montgomery,	2	2,000
Norwood Station,	Delaware,	3	1,400
Oakdale,	Allegheny,	3	1,700
Oakmont,	Allegheny,	2	2,300
Oaks,	Montgomery,	3	1,500
Ogontz,	Montgomery,	3	1,300
Oil City,	Venango,	1	3,300
Olyphant,	Lackawanna,	2	2,300
Orbisonia,	Huntingdon,	3	1,100
Orwigsburg,	Schuylkill,	3	1,700
Osceola Mills,	Clearfield,	3	1,900
Oxford,	Chester,	2	2,200
Palmerton,	Carbon,	2	2,200
Palmyra,	Lebanon,	2	2,000
Paoli,	Chester,	3	1,600
Paradise,	Lancaster,	2	2,700
Parkers Landing,	Armstrong,	3	1,900
Parkesburg,	Chester,	3	1,800
Parnassus,	Westmoreland,	3	1,600
Patton,	Cambria,	2	2,300
Peckville,	Lackawanna,	3	1,600
Pen Argyl,	Northampton,	2	2,200
Penbrook,	Dauphin,	3	1,200
Pencoyd,	Montgomery,	3	1,400
Pennsburg,	Montgomery,	3	1,600
Perkasie,	Bucks,	2	2,000
Perryopolis,	Fayette,	3	1,100
Petersburg,	Huntingdon,	3	1,100

LIST OF PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Philadelphia, -----	Philadelphia, -----	1	\$8,000
Philipsburg, -----	Centre, -----	2	2,660
Phoenixville, -----	Chester, -----	2	2,000
Pine Grove, -----	Schuylkill, -----	3	1,700
Pitcairn, -----	Allegheny, -----	2	2,300
Pittsburgh, -----	Allegheny, -----	1	6,000
Pittston, -----	Luzerne, -----	1	3,200
Pleasantville, -----	Venango, -----	3	1,300
Plymouth, -----	Luzerne, -----	2	2,500
Point Marion, -----	Fayette, -----	3	1,900
Poik, -----	Venango, -----	3	1,400
Pomeroy, -----	Chester, -----	3	1,000
Portage, -----	Cambria, -----	2	2,100
Port Allegany, -----	McKean, -----	2	2,100
Port Carbon, -----	Schuylkill, -----	3	1,500
Portland, -----	Northampton, -----	3	1,000
Port Royal, -----	Juniata, -----	3	1,300
Pottstown, -----	Montgomery, -----	1	3,100
Pottsville, -----	Schuylkill, -----	1	3,200
Punxsutawney, -----	Jefferson, -----	2	2,800
Quakertown, -----	Bucks, -----	2	2,400
Quarryville, -----	Lancaster, -----	3	1,600
Radnor, -----	Delaware, -----	3	1,000
Reading, -----	Berks, -----	1	3,700
Red Lion, -----	York, -----	3	1,800
Reedsville, -----	Mifflin, -----	3	1,200
Renovo, -----	Clinton, -----	2	2,400
Republic, -----	Fayette, -----	3	1,500
Reynoldsville, -----	Jefferson, -----	2	2,300
Richland, -----	Lebanon, -----	3	1,100
Ridgway, -----	Elk, -----	2	2,700
Ridley Park, -----	Delaware, -----	3	1,800
Rimersburg, -----	Clarion, -----	3	1,600
Roaring Spring, -----	Blair, -----	3	1,700
Robesonia, -----	Berks, -----	3	1,100
Rochester, -----	Beaver, -----	2	2,600
Rockwood, -----	Somerset, -----	3	1,700
Roscoe, -----	Washington, -----	3	1,200
Rosemont, -----	Montgomery, -----	3	1,700
Rossiter, -----	Indiana, -----	3	1,300
Roulette, -----	Potter, -----	3	1,300
Rouseville, -----	Venango, -----	3	1,000
Royersford, -----	Montgomery, -----	2	2,400
Saegerstown, -----	Crawford, -----	3	1,400
Sagamore, -----	Armstrong, -----	3	1,100
Saint Benedict, -----	Cambria, -----	3	1,400
Saint Clair, -----	Schuylkill, -----	3	1,700
Saint Davids, -----	Delaware, -----	3	1,400
Saint Marys, -----	Elk, -----	2	2,600
Saltsburg, -----	Indiana, -----	3	1,700
Sandy Lake, -----	Mercer, -----	3	1,500
Saxton, -----	Bedford, -----	3	1,600
Sayre, -----	Bradford, -----	2	2,500
Schuylkill Haven, -----	Schuylkill, -----	2	2,300
Schwenkville, -----	Montgomery, -----	3	1,500
Scottdale, -----	Westmoreland, -----	2	2,700
Scranton, -----	Lackawanna, -----	1	5,000
Seelyville, -----	Wayne, -----	3	1,700
Selinsgrove, -----	Snyder, -----	3	1,800
Sellersville, -----	Bucks, -----	2	2,000
Sewickley, -----	Allegheny, -----	2	2,600
Shamokin, -----	Northumberland, -----	1	3,100
Sharon, -----	Mercer, -----	1	3,200
Sharon Hill, -----	Delaware, -----	3	1,500
Sharpsville, -----	Mercer, -----	2	2,300
Sheffield, -----	Warren, -----	2	2,000
Shenandoah, -----	Schuylkill, -----	2	2,700
Shickshinny, -----	Luzerne, -----	3	1,600
Shinglehouse, -----	Potter, -----	3	1,500
Shippensburg, -----	Cumberland, -----	2	2,500
Shippensville, -----	Clarion, -----	3	1,200
Sinking Spring, -----	Berks, -----	3	1,200
Six Mile Run, -----	Bedford, -----	3	1,300
Slatington, -----	Lehigh, -----	2	2,100
Sligo, -----	Clarion, -----	3	1,200
Slippery Rock, -----	Butler, -----	3	1,700
Smethport, -----	McKean, -----	2	2,400

LIST OF PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Smithfield,	Fayette,	3	\$1,400
Smithton,	Westmoreland,	3	1,300
Somerset,	Somerset,	2	2,500
Souderton,	Montgomery,	3	1,800
South Brownsville,	Fayette,	2	2,200
South Fork,	Cambria,	3	1,300
Spangler,	Cambria,	3	1,400
Spartansburg,	Crawford,	3	1,300
Springboro,	Crawford,	3	1,400
Spring City,	Chester,	3	1,900
Springdale,	Allegheny,	3	1,600
Spring Grove,	York,	3	1,800
Starjunction,	Fayette,	3	1,200
State College,	Centre,	2	2,700
Steelton,	Dauphin,	2	2,600
Stewartstown,	York,	3	1,500
Stoneboro,	Mercer,	3	1,000
Stowe,	Montgomery,	3	1,500
Stoyestown,	Somerset,	3	1,100
Strasburg,	Lancaster,	3	1,100
Stroudsburg,	Monroe,	2	2,600
Sugargrove,	Warren,	3	1,200
Summerville,	Jefferson,	3	1,200
Sunnithill,	Carbon,	3	1,500
Sunbury,	Northumberland,	1	3,100
Susquehanna,	Susquehanna,	2	2,300
Swarthmore,	Delaware,	2	2,400
Sykesville,	Jefferson,	3	1,250
Tamaqua,	Schuylkill,	2	2,000
Tarentum,	Allegheny,	2	2,000
Telford,	Montgomery,	3	1,400
Thompstontown,	Juniata,	3	1,100
Tidioute,	Warren,	3	1,700
Tioga,	Tioga,	3	1,400
Tionesta,	Forest,	3	1,500
Titusville,	Crawford,	2	2,900
Tobyhanna,	Monroe,	3	1,500
Topton,	Berks,	3	1,200
Towanda,	Bradford,	2	2,500
Tower City,	Schuylkill,	3	1,500
Trafford,	Westmoreland,	3	1,600
Tremont,	Schuylkill,	3	1,500
Trevorton,	Northumberland,	3	1,250
Troy,	Bradford,	2	2,100
Tullytown,	Bucks,	3	1,100
Tunkhannock,	Wyoming,	2	2,100
Tyrone,	Blair,	1	3,400
Ulster,	Bradford,	3	1,100
Ulysses,	Potter,	3	1,200
Union City,	Erie,	2	2,400
Uniontown,	Fayette,	1	3,300
Valencia,	Butler,	3	1,000
Vanderbilt,	Fayette,	3	1,300
Vandergrift,	Westmoreland,	2	2,500
Vandergrift Heights,	Westmoreland,	3	1,600
Vernfield,	Montgomery,	3	1,500
Verona,	Allegheny,	2	2,300
Villanova,	Delaware,	3	1,400
Vintondale,	Cambria,	3	1,200
Volant,	Lawrence,	3	1,300
Walnutport,	Northampton,	3	1,000
Wampum,	Lawrence,	3	1,700
Warren,	Warren,	1	3,300
Washington,	Washington,	1	3,300
Waterford,	Erie,	3	1,500
Watsonstown,	Northumberland,	3	1,800
Waymart,	Wayne,	3	1,300
Wayne,	Delaware,	2	2,400
Waynesboro,	Franklin,	2	2,900
Waynesburg,	Greene,	2	2,500
Weatherly,	Carbon,	3	1,700
Webster,	Westmoreland,	3	1,000
Weissport,	Carbon,	3	1,100
Wellsboro,	Tioga,	2	2,500
Wernersville,	Berks,	3	1,700
Wesleyville,	Erie,	3	1,200
West Alexandria,	Washington,	3	1,300
West Bridgewater,	Beaver,	3	1,100

PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES.

LIST OF PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES—Concluded.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
West Brownsville, -----	Washington, -----	3	\$1,600
West Chester, -----	Chester, -----	1	3,200
West Elizabeth, -----	Allegheny, -----	3	1,000
Westfield, -----	Tioga, -----	3	1,800
Westgrove, -----	Chester, -----	2	2,300
West Middlesex, -----	Mercer, -----	3	1,200
West Newton, -----	Westmoreland, -----	2	2,100
West Pittsburg, -----	Lawrence, -----	3	1,200
White Haven, -----	Luzerne, -----	3	1,900
Wilcox, -----	Elk, -----	3	1,400
Wilkes-Barre, -----	Luzerne, -----	1	3,700
Williamsburg, -----	Blair, -----	3	1,700
Williamsport, -----	Lycoming, -----	1	3,600
Williamstown, -----	Dauphin, -----	3	1,700
Willow Grove, -----	Montgomery, -----	3	1,600
Wilmerding, -----	Allegheny, -----	2	2,700
Wilson, -----	Allegheny, -----	3	1,500
Winburne, -----	Clearfield, -----	3	1,200
Windber, -----	Somerset, -----	2	2,400
Windgap, -----	Northampton, -----	3	1,200
Womelsdorf, -----	Berks, -----	3	1,500
Woodland, -----	Clearfield, -----	3	1,200
Woodlawn, -----	Beaver, -----	2	2,500
Wrightsville, -----	York, -----	3	1,600
Wyalusing, -----	Bradford, -----	3	1,600
Wyncote, -----	Montgomery, -----	3	1,800
Wynnewood, -----	Montgomery, -----	3	1,100
Wyomissing, -----	Berks, -----	3	1,500
Yardley, -----	Bucks, -----	3	1,400
Yatesboro, -----	Armstrong, -----	3	1,100
Yeagertown, -----	Mifflin, -----	3	1,100
York, -----	York, -----	1	3,500
Youngsville, -----	Warren, -----	3	1,700
Youngwood, -----	Westmoreland, -----	3	1,700
Zellenople, -----	Butler, -----	3	1,700

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA.

ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED.

(Corrected to November 30, 1919.)

Money-order offices are indicated by an asterisk (*); international money-order offices by a dagger (†); summer offices by a double dagger (§); rural stations by parallel lines (||). Named stations are in parentheses.

All stations issue and cash money-orders, register letters and parcels, and sell postal supplies. Lettered and named stations, in addition, receive, deliver and dispatch mail matter.

Money orders must be drawn only on the main office, or branch offices, not on stations, but may be cashed at either the main office, branch office or any station of such office.

*Aaronsburg,	Centre.	*Amsbury,	Cambria.
*Abbottstown,	Adams.	*Amyville,	Westmoreland.
†Abington,	Montgomery.	*Analomink,	Monroe.
*Abrams,	Montgomery.	*Andalusia,	Bucks.
*Academia,	Juniata.	*Andersonburg,	Perry.
*Academy Corners,	Tioga.	Anderson Creek,	Clearfield.
*Ackermanville,	Northampton.	*Andover,	Fulton.
*Acme,	Westmoreland.	*Andreas,	Schuylkill.
*Acosta,	Somerset.	*Andrews Settlement,	Potter.
*Adah,	Fayette.	*Angels,	Wayne.
*Adamsburg,	Westmoreland.	†Anita,	Jefferson.
*Adamsdale,	Schuylkill.	†Annville,	Lebanon.
*Adamstown,	Lancaster.	*Anselma,	Chester.
*Adamsville,	Crawford.	*Ansonia,	Tioga.
*Addingham,	Delaware.	*Ansonville,	Clearfield.
*Addison,	Somerset.	*Antes Fort,	Lycoming.
*Adelaide,	Fayette.	*Antrim,	Tioga.
*Adelia,	Wayne.	†Apollo,	Armstrong.
*Adrian,	Armstrong.	*Aquashicola,	Carbon.
*Airville,	York.	*Aquetong,	Bucks.
*Aitch,	Huntingdon.	*Ararat,	Susquehanna.
*Akeley,	Warren.	*Arcadia,	Indiana.
*Akersville,	Fulton.	†Archbald,	Lackawanna.
*Akron,	Lancaster.	*Arcola,	Montgomery.
*Alba,	Bradford.	*Ardara,	Westmoreland.
*Albany,	Berks.	*Arden Mines,	Washington.
†Albion,	Eric.	†Ardmore,	Montgomery.
*Albrightsville,	Carbon.	*Arendtsville,	Adams.
*Alburtis,	Lehigh.	*Argentine,	Butler.
*Aldan,	Delaware.	*Argus,	Bucks.
*Alden,	Luzerne.	†Ariel,	Wayne.
*Aldenville,	Wayne.	*Aristes,	Columbia.
*Alderson,	Luzerne.	*Armagh,	Indiana.
*Aleppo,	Greene.	†Armbrust,	Westmoreland.
†Alexandria,	Huntingdon.	†Arnold,	Westmoreland.
*Alford,	Susquehanna.	†Arnot,	Tioga.
*Alice,	Westmoreland.	*Arona,	Westmoreland.
*Alicia,	Fayette.	*Arrow,	Somerset.
*Alinda,	Perry.	*Arroyo,	Elk.
†Alliquippa,	Beaver.	†(Arsenal),	Allegheny.
*Allen,	Cumberland.	*Artemas,	Bedford.
*Allensport,	Washington.	*Arthurs,	Clarion.
*Allensville,	Millin.	*Asaph,	Tioga.
†Allentown,	Lehigh.	*Ashbourne,	Montgomery.
*Allenwood,	Union.	Asherton,	Northumberland.
*Allison,	Fayette.	*Ashfield,	Carbon.
*Allison Park,	Allegheny.	†Ashland,	Schuylkill.
*Allport,	Clearfield.	†Ashley,	Luzerne.
*Almedia,	Columbia.	*Ashville,	Cambria.
*Almont,	Bucks.	*Askam,	Luzerne.
*Aitenwald,	Franklin.	*Aspers,	Adams.
*Aithom,	Warren.	*Atglen,	Chester.
†Atona,	Blair.	†Athens,	Bradford.
Branch Post offices:		*Athol,	Berks.
*East Atona.		*Atlantic,	Crawford.
*El Dorado.		*Atlas,	Northumberland.
†Juniata.		*Atlasburg,	Washington.
*Lakemont.		*Atwood,	Armstrong.
*Alum Bank,	Bedford.	†Auburn,	Schuylkill.
*Alum Rock,	Clarion.	†Audenried,	Carbon.
*Alverda,	Indiana.	*Audubon,	Montgomery.
*Alverton,	Westmoreland.	*Aultman,	Indiana.
*Amaranth,	Fulton.	†Austin,	Potter.
*Ambersen,	Franklin.	*Austinburg,	Tioga.
†Ambler,	Montgomery.	*Autumn Leaves,	Wayne.
†Ambridge,	Beaver.	†Avella,	Washington.
*Amity,	Washington.	†Aviation,	Allegheny.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

*Avis,	Clinton.	*Berrysburg,	Dauphin.
†Avoca,	Luzerne.	†Berwick,	Columbia.
*Avon,	Lebanon.	*Berwindsdale,	Clearfield.
†Avondale,	Chester.	†Berwyn,	Chester.
†Avonmore,	Westmoreland.	*Bessemer,	Lawrence.
*Bachmanville,	Dauphin.	*Bethany,	Wayne.
*Backus,	McKean.	*Bethayres,	Montgomery.
*Baden,	Beaver.	*Bethel,	Berks.
*Baggaley,	Westmoreland.	†Bethlehem,	Northampton.
*Bainbridge,	Lancaster.	Stations:	
*Bair,	York.	†Elliott Heights.	
*Baird,	Allegheny.	†Moravian.	
*Baird,	Bedford.	*Betula,	McKean.
*Bakers Summit,	Allegheny.	*Bever,	Indiana.
*Bakerstown,	Somerset.	*Bidwell,	Fayette.
*Bakersville,	Montgomery.	*Big Cove Tannery,	Fulton.
†Bala,	Berks.	*Bigler,	Clearfield.
*Bally,	Northampton.	*Biglerville,	Adams.
†Bangor,	Fayette.	†Big Run,	Jefferson.
*Banning,	Pike.	*Billmeyer,	Lancaster.
Baoba,	Blair.	*Bingen,	Northampton.
*Barbara,	Lancaster.	*Bingham,	McKean.
*Bareville,	Warren.	*Birchardville,	Susquehanna.
*Barnes,	Cambria.	*Birchrunville,	Chester.
†Barnesboro,	Chester.	*Bird in Hand,	Lancaster.
*Barneston,	Schuylkill.	†Birdsboro,	Berks.
*Barnesville,	Cumberland.	*Birdville,	Allegheny.
*Barnitz,	Chester.	*Birmingham,	Huntingdon.
*Barnsley,	Huntingdon.	*Bittersville,	York.
*Barree,	Somerset.	*Bitumen,	Clinton.
*Barronvale,	Lancaster.	*Blackgap,	Franklin.
*Bart,	Berks.	†Black Lick,	Indiana.
*Barto,	Monroe.	Blacklog,	Juniata.
*Bartonsville,	Lancaster.	*Blain,	Perry.
*Bartville,	Northampton.	*Blainsport,	Lancaster.
†Bath,	Lancaster.	*Blair,	Blair.
*Bausman,	Jefferson.	*Blairs Corners,	Clarion.
*Baxter,	Luzerne.	*Blairs Mills,	Huntingdon.
*Beach Haven,	Wayne.	†Blair Station,	Allegheny.
*Beachlake,	Somerset.	†Blairsville,	Indiana.
*Beachly,	Allegheny.	*Blakeslee,	Monroe.
†Beading,	Washington.	*Blanchard,	Centre.
*Beallsville,	Somerset.	*Blandburg,	Cambria.
*Beams,	Luzerne.	*Blandon,	Berks.
*Bear Creek,	Northumberland.	*Bloomingdale,	Luzerne.
*Bear Gap,	Warren.	*Bloomington,	Bucks.
*Bear Lake,	Lancaster.	*Bloomington,	Pike.
*Beartown,	Westmoreland.	*Blossburg,	Columbia.
†Beatty,	Beaver.	†Blossburg,	Tioga.
†Beaver,	Luzerne.	*Blue Ball,	Lancaster.
*Beaver Brook,	Cambria.	*Blue Bell,	Montgomery.
†Beaverdale,	Beaver.	†Blue Ridge Summit,	Franklin.
†Beaver Falls,	Carbon.	*Blythedale,	Allegheny.
*Beaver Meadows,	Snyder.	*Boalsburg,	Centre.
†Beaver Springs,	Snyder.	*Boardman,	Clearfield.
*Beavertown,	Clearfield.	*Bodines,	Lycoming.
*Beccaria,	Berks.	*Bohemia,	Pike.
*Bechtelsville,	Bedford.	*Boiling Springs,	Cumberland.
†Bedford,	Bucks.	†Bollivar,	Westmoreland.
*Bedminster,	Clinton.	*Boltz,	Indiana.
*Beech Creek,	Northampton.	*Booneville,	Clinton.
*Belfast,	Montgomery.	*Boothwyn,	Delaware.
*Belfry,	Somerset.	*Boston,	Allegheny.
*Bell,	Centre.	†Boswell,	Somerset.
†Bellefonte,	Fayette.	*Boward,	Butler.
†Belle Vernon,	Mifflin.	*Bowers,	Berks.
†Belleville,	Allegheny.	*Bowersville,	Jefferson.
†Bellevue,	Philadelphia.	*Bowerton,	Allegheny.
*Bellevue-Stratford,	McKean.	*Bowmansdale,	Cumberland.
*Bells Camp,	Clearfield.	*Bowmantown,	Carbon.
*Bells Landing,	Blair.	*Bowmansville,	Lancaster.
†Bellwood,	Cambria.	*Boys Mills,	Wayne.
*Belsano,	Adams.	*Boyers,	Butler.
*Bendersville,	Elk.	†Boyertown,	Berks.
*Benezette,	Snyder.	*Boynton,	Somerset.
*Benfer,	Northampton.	*Bracken,	Cambria.
*Benningers,	Centre.	†Brackenridge,	Allegheny.
*Benore,	Washington.	*Brackney,	Susquehanna.
†Bentleyville,	Columbia.	†Braddock,	Allegheny.
†Benton,	Montgomery.	*Bradenville,	Westmoreland.
*Bergey,	Berks.	†Bradford,	McKean.
*Berks,	Somerset.	Station:	
†Berlin,		*Kendall Creek.	
Stations:		Bradwoods,	Allegheny.
†East End.		*Braeburn,	Westmoreland.
†Goodtown.		*Branch Dale,	Schuylkill.
*Bermudian,	Adams.	*Branchton,	Butler.
*Berne,	Berks.	*Brandamore,	Chester.
*Bernharts,	Berks.	*Brandonville,	Schuylkill.
*Bernice,	Sullivan.	*Brandt,	Susquehanna.
*Bernville,	Berks.		

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

- Brandy Camp, Elk.
 *Brandywine Summit, . Delaware.
 *Brave, Greene.
 *Braznell, Fayette.
 *Breezewood, Bedford.
 *Breitingsville, Lehigh.
 *Bressler, Dauphin.
 *Brier Creek, Columbia.
 *Brickchurch, Armstrong.
 *Brickerville, Lancaster.
 † (Bridesburg), Philadelphia.
 † Bridgeport, Montgomery.
 *Bridge-ton, York.
 † Bridgeville, Allegheny.
 *Bridge-water, Bucks.
 *Brier Hill, Fayette.
 *Brillhart, York.
 *Brislin, Clearfield.
 † Bristol, Bucks.
 Branch Post Office:
 Harriman.
 *Bristoria, Greene.
 *Broad Ford, Fayette.
 *Broad Mountain, Schuylkill.
 *Broad Top, Huntingdon.
 *Broadway, Luzerne.
 *Brockport, Elk.
 *Brockton, Schuylkill.
 † Brockwayville, Jefferson.
 *Brodbecks, York.
 *Brodheads-ville, Monroe.
 *Brogueville, York.
 *Brompton, Lycoming.
 *Brookland, Potter.
 *Brooklyn, Susquehanna.
 *Brookside, Lycoming.
 *Brookston, Forest.
 † Brookville, Jefferson.
 *Broomall, Delaware.
 † Broughton, Allegheny.
 *Brownfield, Fayette.
 *Brownsburg, Bucks.
 *Brownstown, Lancaster.
 † Browns-ville, Fayette.
 *Bruce-ton, Allegheny.
 *Bruin, Butler.
 *Bruner Run, Fayette.
 *Brunnerville, Lancaster.
 *Brush Valley, Indiana.
 † Bryn Athyn, Montgomery.
 † Bryn Mawr, Montgomery.
 † Buck Hill Falls, Monroe.
 *Buckhorn, Columbia.
 *Buckingham, Bucks.
 *Buckingham Valley, Bucks.
 *Buckmanville, Bucks.
 *Buck Mountain, Schuylkill.
 *Buck Run, Chester.
 *Bucks-ville, Bucks.
 *Buena Vista, Allegheny.
 * Buena Vista Spring, Franklin.
 *Buffalo, Washington.
 *Buffalo Mills, Bedford.
 *Bulger, Washington.
 *Bunkertown, Juniata.
 *Bunola, Allegheny.
 *Burdine, Allegheny.
 † Burgettstown, Washington.
 *Burlington, Bradford.
 *Burmont, Delaware.
 † Burnham, Mifflin.
 *Burnside, Clearfield.
 *Burnt Cabins, Fulton.
 *Burtville, Potter.
 *Bushkill, Pike.
 * (Bustleton), Philadelphia.
 † Butler, Butler.
 *Buttonwood, Lycoming.
 *Butz-town, Northampton.
 † Byrnedale, Elk.
 *Cabot, Butler.
 *Cadis, Bradford.
 *Cadogan, Armstrong.
 *Cains, Lancaster.
 † Cairnbrook, Somerset.
 *Calcium, Berks.
 † California, Washington.
 *Callensburg, Clarion.
 *Callery, Butler.
 † Calumet, Westmoreland.
 † Calvert, Lycoming.
 *Calvin, Huntingdon.
 *Cambra, Luzerne.
 *Cambridge, Lancaster.
 † Cambridge Springs, Crawford.
 *Cameron, Cameron.
 *Cammal, Lycoming.
 *Campbelltown, Lebanon.
 Campbellville, Sullivan.
 † Camp Hill, Cumberland.
 *Camptown, Bradford.
 † Canadensis, Monroe.
 *Cannelton, Beaver.
 *Canoe-creek, Blair.
 † Canonsburg, Washington.
 † Canton, Bradford.
 † Carbondale, Lackawanna.
 *Cardington, Delaware.
 *Carley Brook, Wayne.
 † Carlisle, Cumberland.
 *Carlisle Springs, Cumberland.
 *Carlton, Mercer.
 † Carmichaels, Greene.
 † Carnegie, Allegheny.
 *Carn-wath, Clearfield.
 † Carrolltown, Cambria.
 † (Carson), Allegheny.
 *Carter Camp, Potter.
 *Carversville, Bucks.
 * (Cascade), Erie.
 *Cashtown, Adams.
 *Cassandra, Cambria.
 *Cassel-man, Somerset.
 *Cassville, Huntingdon.
 *Castanea, Clinton.
 † Castle Shannon, Allegheny.
 † Catasauqua, Lehigh.
 † Catawissa, Columbia.
 *Catfish, Clarion.
 *Cecil, Washington.
 *Cedar Run, Lycoming.
 *Cedars, Montgomery.
 *Cementon, Lehigh.
 *Centennial, Adams.
 *Center, Perry.
 *Center Bridge, Bucks.
 † Center Hall, Centre.
 † Center Moreland, Wyoming.
 *Centerport, Berks.
 *Center Square, Montgomery.
 *Center Valley, Lehigh.
 † Centerville, Crawford.
 *Central City, Somerset.
 † Centralia, Columbia.
 *Cereal, Westmoreland.
 *Cessna, Bedford.
 *Chadds Ford, Delaware.
 *Chadds Ford Junction, Chester.
 *Chalfont, Bucks.
 *Chalkhill, Fayette.
 † Chambersburg, Franklin.
 † Chambersville, Indiana.
 *Champion, Fayette.
 *Chandlers Valley, Warren.
 *Chaneysville, Bedford.
 Chapel, Berks.
 *Chapman Quarries, Northampton.
 *Chapmans Run, Bedford.
 † Charleroi, Washington.
 † Charman, Franklin.
 *Charteroak, Huntingdon.
 *Chatham, Chester.
 *Chatham Run, Clinton.
 *Cheat Haven, Fayette.
 † Cheltenham, Montgomery.
 *Cherrygrove, Warren.
 † Cherry Tree, Indiana.
 *Cherry Valley, Washington.
 *Cherryville, Northampton.
 † Chester, Delaware.
 *Chester Heights, Delaware.
 *Chester Springs, Chester.
 † (Chestnut Hill), Philadelphia.
 *Chestnut Level, Lancaster.
 *Chestnut Ridge, Fayette.
 *Chest Springs, Cambria.
 † Cheswick, Allegheny.
 *Cheyney, Delaware.
 *Chickasaw, Armstrong.
 † Chicora, Butler.
 *Childs, Lackawanna.
 *Choconut, Susquehanna.
 † Christiana, Lancaster.
 *Christmans, Carbon.
 *Churchtown, Lancaster.
 *Churchville, Bucks.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

*Cisna Run,	Perry.	*Coolspring,	Jefferson.
*Cito,	Fulton.	†Coopersburg,	Lehigh.
Claghorn,	Indiana.	*Coopersstown,	Venango.
†Clairton,	Allegheny.	*Cooper Tract,	Forest.
*Clarence,	Centre.	†Coplay,	Lehigh.
†Clarendon,	Warren.	*Coral,	Indiana.
†Claridge,	Westmoreland.	†Corapolis,	Allegheny.
*Clarington,	Forest.	†(Corliss),	Allegheny.
†Clarion,	Clarion.	Corning,	Lehigh.
*Clark,	Mercer.	*Cornplanter,	Warren.
*Clarksburg,	Indiana.	†Cornwall,	Lebanon.
*Clarks Green,	Lackawanna.	†Cornwells Heights,	Bucks.
*Clarks Mills,	Mercer.	†Corry,	Erie.
†Clarks Summit,	Lackawanna.	*Corsica,	Jefferson.
*Clarksville,	Greene.	*Cortez,	Lackawanna.
Claussville,	Lehigh.	*Corydon,	Warren.
*Clay,	Lancaster.	*Coryville,	McKean.
†Claysburg,	Blair.	*Cossart,	Chester.
†Claysville,	Washington.	*Costello,	Potter.
*Clayton,	Berks.	†Coudersport,	Potter.
*Claytonia,	Butler.	*Coudley,	Clearfield.
†Clearfield,	Clearfield.	*Coulters,	Allegheny.
*Clear Ridge,	Fulton.	*Coupon,	Cambria.
*Clear Spring,	York.	†Courtney,	Washington.
*Clearville,	Bedford.	*Cove Forge,	Blair.
†Cleona,	Lebanon.	*Covington,	Tioga.
*Clermont,	McKean.	*Cowan,	Union.
*Cliff Mine,	Allegheny.	*Cowanessque,	Tioga.
*Clifford,	Susquehanna.	*Cowansville,	Armstrong.
†Clifton Heights,	Delaware.	*Crabtree,	Westmoreland.
*Climax,	Clarion.	†Crafton,	Allegheny.
*Clinton,	Allegheny.	*Craigsville,	Armstrong.
*Clintondale,	Clinton.	*Craley,	York.
*Clintonville,	Venango.	*Cramer,	Indiana.
*Cloe,	Jefferson.	*Cranberry,	Venango.
Clovertop,	Fayette.	*Cranesville,	Erie.
*Cly,	York.	*Creamery,	Montgomery.
*Clyde,	Indiana.	*Creeside,	Indiana.
*Clymer,	Indiana.	†Creighton,	Allegheny.
†Coal Bluff,	Washington.	†Crenshaw,	Jefferson.
†Coal Center,	Washington.	*Cresco,	Monroe.
†Coaldale,	Schuylkill.	†Cresson,	Cambria.
*Coal Glen,	Jefferson.	†Cressona,	Schuylkill.
†Coalport,	Clearfield.	Crisp,	Westmoreland.
*Coal Valley,	Allegheny.	*Crooked Creek,	Tioga.
†Coatesville,	Chester.	*Crosby,	McKean.
*Coburn,	Centre.	*Cross Creek,	Washington.
*Cochran Mills,	Armstrong.	†Crossfork,	Potter.
†Cochranton,	Crawford.	*Crothers,	Washington.
†Cochranville,	Chester.	*Crowl,	Northumberland.
*Cocolamus,	Juniata.	*Crown,	Clarion.
*Codorus,	York.	*Crucible,	Greene.
*Cogan House,	Lycoming.	†Crum Lynne,	Delaware.
*Cogan Station,	Lycoming.	*Crystal Spring,	Fulton.
*Cokeburg,	Washington.	*Cuddy,	Allegheny.
*Cokeville,	Westmoreland.	*Cumberland Valley,	Bedford.
*Cold Spring,	Wayne.	*Cumbola,	Schuylkill.
*Colebrook,	Lebanon.	Chester,	Chester.
*Colegrove,	McKean.	*Cupola,	Bucks.
*Coleman,	Somerset.	Curley Hill,	Bucks.
*Colesburg,	Potter.	*Curlsville,	Clarion.
Coles Summit,	Huntingdon.	*Curry Run,	Clearfield.
Colfax,	Huntingdon.	*Curryville,	Blair.
*Collamer,	Chester.	*Curtin,	Centre.
* (College),	Northampton.	*Curtisville,	Allegheny.
†Collegeville,	Montgomery.	†Curtwensville,	Clearfield.
*Colley,	Sullivan.	*Custer City,	McKean.
*Collonsville,	Lycoming.	*Cyclone,	McKean.
*Colmar,	Montgomery.	*Cymbria Mines,	Cambria.
†Columbia,	Lancaster.	†Cynwyd,	Montgomery.
*Columbia Cross Roads,	Bedford.	*Dagusahonda,	Elk.
†Columbus,	Warren.	*Dagus Mines,	Elk.
†Colver,	Cambria.	*Dahoga,	Elk.
*Concord,	Franklin.	†Dalsytown,	Washington.
*Concordville,	Delaware.	†Dallas,	Luzerne.
†Conemaugh,	Cambria.	*Dallas City,	McKean.
*Conestoga,	Lancaster.	†Dallastown,	York.
*Conewille,	Potter.	*Dalmatia,	Northumberland.
†Confluence,	Somerset.	†Dalton,	Lackawanna.
*Conifer,	Jefferson.	*Damascus,	Wayne.
†Conneaut Lake,	Crawford.	*Danboro,	Bucks.
†Conneaut Lake Park,	Crawford.	*Danielsville,	Northampton.
†Conneautville,	Crawford.	†Danville,	Montour.
†Connellsville,	Fayette.	†Darby,	Delaware.
*Connerton,	Schuylkill.	*Darling,	Delaware.
*Conoquenessing,	Butler.	*Darlington,	Beaver.
*Conrad,	Potter.	†Darragh,	Westmoreland.
†Conshohocken,	Montgomery.	*Dauberville,	Berks.
Branch Post Office:		*Dauphin,	Dauphin.
*West Conshohocken.		*Davidsville,	Somerset.
†Conway,	Beaver.	*Davistown,	Greene.
*Conyngham,	Luzerne.	*Davisville,	Bucks.
*Cooksburg,	Forest.	†Dawson,	Fayette.
		†Dayton,	Armstrong.
		*Dean,	Cambria.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

*Decorum,	Huntingdon.	†East Brady,	Clarion.
*Deegan,	Butler.	*East Brook,	Lawrence.
*Deep Valley,	Greene.	†East Butler,	Butler.
*Deer Lick,	Greene.	†East Downingtown,	Chester.
*Defiance,	Bedford.	*†East Earl,	Lancaster.
*Degolia,	McKean.	|| (East End),	Somerset.
*De Lancey,	Jefferson.	† (East Falls),	Philadelphia.
*Delano,	Schuylkill.	*†East Freedom,	Blair.
†Delaware Water Gap,	Monroe.	†East Greenville,	Montgomery.
†Delmont,	Westmoreland.	*†East Hickory,	Forest.
*Delph,	Montgomery.	† (East Liberty),	Allegheny.
†Delta,	York.	†East McKeesport,	Allegheny.
Denbo,	Washington.	†East Mauch Chunk,	Carbon.
*Dents Run,	Elk.	*†East Millsboro,	Fayette.
†Denver,	Lancaster.	†Easton,	Northampton.
Deodate,	Dauphin.	Station:	
*Derrick City,	McKean.	* (College).	
†Derry,	Westmoreland.	*†East Petersburg,	Lancaster.
*Desire,	Jefferson.	††East Pittsburgh,	Allegheny.
*Devault,	Chester.	Branch Post Office:	
†Devon,	Chester.	†Turtle Creek.	
*Dewart,	Northumberland.	*†Eastpoint,	Tioga.
*De Young,	Elk.	*†East Prospect,	York.
*Diamond,	Venango.	*†East Smethport,	McKean.
*Dickerson Run,	Fayette.	*†East Smithfield,	Bradford.
Dickeys Mountain,	Fulton.	*†East Springfield,	Erie.
*Dickinson,	Cumberland.	††East Stroudsburg, ...	Monroe.
†Dickson,	Lackawanna.	*†East Texas,	Lehigh.
*Dilliner,	Greene.	*†East Vandergrift, ...	Westmoreland.
†Dillsburg,	York.	*†East Waterford,	Juniata.
*Dilltown,	Indiana.	*†Eatonville,	Wyoming.
*Dimock,	Susquehanna.	*†Eau Claire,	Butler.
*Dingmans Ferry,	Pike.	††Ebensburg,	Cambria.
*Distant,	Armstrong.	*†Ebersvale,	Luzerne.
*Dixmont,	Allegheny.	*†Echo,	Armstrong.
*Dixonville,	Indiana.	*††Echo Lake,	Monroe.
*Dolington,	Bucks.	††Eckley,	Luzerne.
*Donaldson,	Schuylkill.	*†Eddington,	Bucks.
*Donegal,	Westmoreland.	*†Edella,	Lackawanna.
†Donora,	Washington.	*†Edelman,	Northampton.
*Dora,	Jefferson.	*†Edenville,	Franklin.
*Dorniffe,	Northumberland.	*†Edge Hill,	Montgomery.
*Doubling Gap,	Cumberland.	*†Edgemere,	Pike.
*Douglassville,	Berks.	*†Edgemont,	Delaware.
*Dover,	York.	†Edinboro,	Erie.
Dow,	Schuylkill.	††Edinburg,	Lawrence.
*Downieville,	Butler.	*†Edison,	Bucks.
†Downingtown,	Chester.	*†Edmon,	Armstrong.
*Doyleburg,	Franklin.	*†Edri,	Indiana.
Doyle Mills,	Juniata.	*†Effort,	Monroe.
†Doylestown,	Bucks.	††Egypt,	Lehigh.
*†Dravosburg,	Allegheny.	*†Egypt Mills,	Pike.
*Dreherstown,	Schuylkill.	*†Ehrenfeld,	Cambria.
†Dresher,	Montgomery.	*†Eightyfour,	Washington.
*†Drexel Hill,	Delaware.	*†Elbinsville,	Bedford.
*Drifting,	Clearfield.	†Elbon,	Elk.
†Drifton,	Luzerne.	*†Elco,	Washington.
†Driftwood,	Cameron.	*†Elders Ridge,	Indiana.
*Drinker,	Lackawanna.	*†Eldersville,	Washington.
*Drumore,	Lancaster.	*†Elderton,	Armstrong.
*Drums,	Luzerne.	*†El Dorado,	Blair.
*Dry Run,	Franklin.	††Eldred,	McKean.
*Dryville,	Berks.	*†Eldredsville,	Sullivan.
*Dublin,	Bucks.	*†Eleanor,	Jefferson.
†DuBois,	Clearfield.	*†Elgin,	Erie.
*DuBoistown,	Lycoming.	*†Elimsport,	Lycoming.
*Dudley,	Huntingdon.	††Elizabeth,	Allegheny.
*Duffryn Mawr,	Chester.	††Elizabethtown,	Lancaster.
*Duke Center,	McKean.	††Elizabethville,	Dauphin.
†Dunbar,	Fayette.	††Elkins Park,	Montgomery.
*Duncannon,	Perry.	††Elkland,	Tioga.
*Duncansville,	Blair.	††Elk Lick,	Somerset.
*Duncott,	Schuylkill.	*†Elkview,	Chester.
*Dunkard,	Greene.	*†Ellenton,	Lycoming.
*Dunlevy,	Washington.	|| (Elliott Heights), ...	Lehigh.
†Dunlo,	Cambria.	*†Elliottsburg,	Perry.
†Dunmore,	Lackawanna.	*†Elliottsville,	Fayette.
†Dunns Station,	Washington.	*†Ellisburg,	Potter.
†Duquesne,	Allegheny.	††Ellsworth,	Washington.
*Durham,	Bucks.	††Ellwood City,	Lawrence.
*Durlach,	Lancaster.	*†Elm,	Lancaster.
†Duryea,	Luzerne.	*†Elmer,	Potter.
†Dushore,	Sullivan.	*†Elmhurst,	Lackawanna.
*Dutch Hill,	Clarion.	*†Elmora,	Cambria.
*Dyberry,	Wayne.	*†Elrama,	Washington.
†Dysart,	Cambria.	*†Elroy,	Montgomery.
*†Eaglerock,	Venango.	*†Elton,	Cambria.
†Eagles Mere,	Sullivan.	*†Elverson,	Chester.
*†Eagles Mere Park, ...	Sullivan.	††Elwyn,	Delaware.
*†Eagleville,	Montgomery.	*†Elysburg,	Northumberland.
*Earlington,	Montgomery.	††Emaus,	Lehigh.
*Earlville,	Berks.	*†Embreeville,	Chester.
*East Altoona,	Blair.	††Emigh,	Cambria.
*†East Bangor,	Northampton.	*†Emerald,	Lehigh.
*†East Berlin,	Adams.		

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

- *Emigsville, York.
- †Emlenton, Venango.
- *Emmaville, Fulton.
- †Emporium, Cameron.
- *Edeavor, Forest.
- *Enders, Dauphin.
- *Enfield, Montgomery.
- *English Center, Lycoming.
- †Ensbaut, Dauphin.
- *Enid, Fulton.
- *Enola, Cumberland.
- †Enon Valley, Lawrence.
- *Enterprise, Warren.
- *Entriken, Huntingdon.
- †Ephrata, Lancaster.
- *Epton, Allegheny.
- *Equinunk, Wayne.
- *Erdenheim, Montgomery.
- *Erdice, Jefferson.
- †Erie, Erie.
- Stations:
- || *Cascade.
- || *Franklin Park.
- || Liberty Club.
- † South Erie.
- *† Waldameer Park.
- *Eriton, Clearfield.
- *Ernest, Indiana.
- *Erwinna, Bucks.
- *Espy, Columbia.
- *Espyville Station, Crawford.
- *Essington, Delaware.
- *Esterly, Berks.
- *Etters, York.
- *Euclid, Butler.
- *Eureka, Montgomery.
- † Evans City, Butler.
- *Evansville, Berks.
- † Everett, Bedford.
- † Everson, Fayette.
- † (Ewalt), Allegheny.
- *Excelsior, Northumberland.
- *Exchange, Montour.
- † Expedite, Cambria.
- † Export, Westmoreland.
- *Exton, Chester.
- *Eyers Grove, Columbia.
- *Eynon, Lackawanna.
- † Factoryville, Wyoming.
- *Fairbank, Fayette.
- † Fairchance, Fayette.
- *Fairdale, Susquehanna.
- *Fairfield, Adams.
- † (Fairhill), Philadelphia.
- *Fairhope, Somerset.
- *Fairmount, Lancaster.
- *Fairmount City, Clarion.
- *Fairmount Springs, Luzerne.
- *Fair Oaks, Allegheny.
- *Fairview, Erie.
- *Fairview Village, Montgomery.
- *Fairville, Chester.
- *Fallbrook, Tioga.
- *Fallentimber, Cambria.
- *Falls, Wyoming.
- † Falls Creek, Clearfield.
- *Fallsdale, Wayne.
- *Fallsington, Bucks.
- *Falmouth, Lancaster.
- † Fannettsburg, Franklin.
- *Farmers Valley, McKean.
- *Farmersville, Lancaster.
- *Farmington, Fayette.
- *Farm School, Bucks.
- *Farrandsville, Clinton.
- † Farrell, Mercer.
- *Fawn Grove, York.
- † Fayette City, Fayette.
- *Fayetteville, Franklin.
- *Fearnot, Schuylkill.
- *Feasterville, Bucks.
- *Federal, Allegheny.
- *Felton, York.
- *Fenelton, Butler.
- *Fern, Clarion.
- *Ferndale, Bucks.
- *Fern Glen, Luzerne.
- *Fernridge, Monroe.
- *Fernwood, Delaware.
- *Ferris, Butler.
- * (Ferry Street), Allegheny.
- *Fertigs, Venango.
- *Fettersville, Lancaster.
- *Fall Station, Lycoming.
- † Finleyville, Washington.
- *Firstfork, Cameron.
- *Fisher, Clarion.
- *Fishers Ferry, Northumberland.
- *Fishertown, Bedford.
- *Fishersville, Dauphin.
- *Fitz Henry, Westmoreland.
- *Fleetville, Lackawanna.
- † Fleetwood, Bucks.
- *Fleming, Centre.
- *Flemington, Clinton.
- *Fleetsville, Northampton.
- *Flinton, Cambria.
- *Floradale, Adams.
- *Florence, Allegheny.
- *Florence, Washington.
- *Florin, Lancaster.
- *Flourtown, Montgomery.
- † Fogelsville, Lehigh.
- *Polcroft, Delaware.
- *Folsom, Delaware.
- *Foltz, Franklin.
- *Fombell, Beaver.
- *Font, Chester.
- *Forbes Road, Westmoreland.
- *Force, Elk.
- † Ford City, Armstrong.
- *Ford Cliff, Armstrong.
- *Fordyce, Greene.
- † Forest City, Susquehanna.
- *Forest Grove, Bucks.
- *† Forest Park, Pike.
- *Forks, Columbia.
- *Forks, Sullivan.
- *Fort Hill, Somerset.
- *Fort Hunter, Dauphin.
- † (Fortieth Street), Philadelphia.
- *Fort Littleton, Fulton.
- *Fort London, Franklin.
- † Fort Washington, Montgomery.
- *Fossilville, Bedford.
- *Fountainville, Bucks.
- † Foxburg, Clarion.
- † (Fox Chase), Philadelphia.
- *Frackville, Schuylkill.
- *Franconia, Montgomery.
- *Frank, Allegheny.
- † (Frankford), Philadelphia.
- † Franklin, Venango.
- *† (Franklin Park), Erie.
- *Franklintown, York.
- *Franklinville, Huntingdon.
- *Frankstown, Blair.
- *Fraser, Chester.
- *Frederick, Montgomery.
- † Fredericksburg, Lebanon.
- † Fredericktown, Washington.
- † Fredonia, Mercer.
- *Freeburg, Snyder.
- *Freed, Fayette.
- † Freedom, Beaver.
- † Freeland, Luzerne.
- *Freemansburg, Northampton.
- † Freeport, Armstrong.
- *Freestone, Franklin.
- *Frenchville, Clearfield.
- *Fricks, Bucks.
- *Fricks Lock, Chester.
- *Friedens, Somerset.
- *Friedensburg, Schuylkill.
- *Friendsville, Susquehanna.
- *Frostburg, Jefferson.
- *Frugality, Cambria.
- *Fryburg, Clarion.
- † Fullerton, Lehigh.
- *Fulton House, Lancaster.
- *Furlong, Bucks.
- *Furnace Run, Armstrong.
- *Furniss, Lancaster.
- *Furnondaga, Jefferson.
- *Gaffney, Potter.
- *Gaines, Tioga.
- † Galeton, Potter.
- *Galilee, Wayne.
- *Gallatin, Allegheny.
- † Gallitzin, Cambria.
- Station:
- || Tunnel Hill.
- *Ganister, Blair.
- † Gans, Fayette.
- † Gap, Lancaster.
- *Gardenville, Bucks.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

*Gardners,	Adams.	*Gravity,	Wayne.
*Garland,	Warren.	*Gray,	Somerset.
†Garrett,	Somerset.	*Grays Landing,	Fayette.
*Garrett Hill,	Delaware.	*Graysville,	Huntingdon.
*Garrison,	Greene.	*Greason,	Cumberland.
*Gastonville,	Washington.	*Great Belt,	Butler.
*Geigers Mills,	Berks.	†Great Bend,	Susquehanna.
*Geistown,	Cambria.	*Greely,	Pike.
*Gelatt,	Susquehanna.	*Greenbrier,	Northumberland.
†Genesee,	Potter.	*Greenburr,	Clinton.
*Geneva,	Crawford.	†Greencastle,	Franklin.
*George School,	Bucks.	*Greene,	Lancaster.
*Georgetown,	Beaver.	*Green Lane,	Montgomery.
*Georgeville,	Indiana.	*Greenock,	Allegheny.
*Germania,	Potter.	*Greenpark,	Perry.
*Germansville,	Lehigh.	*Greensboro,	Greene.
†(Germantown),	Philadelphia.	†Greensburg,	Westmoreland.
†Gettysburg,	Adams.	Greenstone,	Adams.
Station:		*Greentown,	Pike.
†Two Taverns,		†Greenville,	Mercer.
*Gibraltar,	Berks.	†Greenwald,	Westmoreland.
*Gibson,	Susquehanna.	*Greggs,	Allegheny.
*Gibsonia,	Allegheny.	*Grenoble,	Bucks.
*Gifford,	McKean.	Griesemersville,	Berks.
*Gilbert,	Monroe.	*Grimville,	Berks.
†Gilberton,	Schuylkill.	*Grindstone,	Fayette.
*Gilbertsville,	Montgomery.	*Groffs Store,	Lancaster.
*Gilfoyle,	Forest.	†Grove City,	Mercer.
*Gillett,	Bradford.	*Grover,	Bradford.
*Ginter,	Clearfield.	*Groveland,	Allegheny.
*Gipsy,	Indiana.	*Guernsey,	Adams.
†Girard,	Erie.	*Gunley,	McKean.
Girard Manor,	Schuylkill.	*Guldens,	Adams.
†Girardville,	Schuylkill.	*Guthriesville,	Chester.
*Girty,	Armstrong.	*Guyaux,	Fayette.
*Glade,	Somerset.	*Guys Mills,	Crawford.
*Gladwyne,	Montgomery.	*Gwynedd,	Montgomery.
*Glasgow,	Cambria.	†Gwynedd Valley,	Montgomery.
*Glassmere,	Allegheny.	*Hackneys,	Washington.
†Glassport,	Allegheny.	*Hadley,	Mercer.
*Glatfelters,	York.	*Haffey,	Allegheny.
*Gleasonton,	Clinton.	*Hagersville,	Bucks.
†Glen Campbell,	Indiana.	*Hagero,	Somerset.
*Glen Carbon,	Schuylkill.	†Haltfax,	Dauphin.
*Glencoe,	Somerset.	*Hallowell,	Montgomery.
*Glen Eyre,	Pike.	†Hallstead,	Susquehanna.
*Glenfield,	Allegheny.	*Hallton,	Elk.
*Glenhope,	Clearfield.	†Hamburg,	Berks.
*Gleniron,	Union.	*Hamilton,	Jefferson.
*Glenloch,	Chester.	*Hamlin,	Wayne.
†Glenlyon,	Luzerne.	*Hammersley Fork,	Clinton.
*Glen Mills,	Delaware.	*Hampton,	Adams.
*Glenmoore,	Chester.	*Hancock,	Berks.
†Glen Olden,	Delaware.	*Haneyville,	Clinton.
*Glen Richey,	Clearfield.	*Hanlin Station,	Washington.
*Glen Riddle,	Delaware.	*Hannastown,	Westmoreland.
†Glen Rock,	York.	*Hannover,	York.
*Glenrose,	Chester.	*Hannover Junction,	York.
*Glenshaw,	Allegheny.	*Harbour Creek,	Erie.
†Glenside,	Montgomery.	*Harford,	Susquehanna.
*Glen Union,	Clinton.	*Harleigh,	Luzerne.
*Glenville,	York.	*Harleysville,	Montgomery.
*Glenwhite,	Blair.	*Harmarville,	Allegheny.
*Glenwillard,	Allegheny.	*Harmonsburg,	Crawford.
*Globe Mills,	Snyder.	†Harmony,	Butler.
*Gold,	Potter.	*Harnedsville,	Somerset.
*Goodspring,	Schuylkill.	*(Hartman),	Bucks.
†(Goodtown),	Somerset.	†Harrisburg,	Dauphin.
*Goodville,	Lancaster.	Station:	
*Goodyear,	Cumberland.	†Hill,	
*Gordon,	Schuylkill.	*Harrison City,	Westmoreland.
*Gordontown,	Clarion.	*Harrison Valley,	Potter.
*Gordonville,	Lancaster.	*Harrisonville,	Fulton.
*Goshen,	Lancaster.	†Harrisville,	Butler.
*Goughersville,	Berks.	*Harrow,	Bucks.
*Gouldsboro,	Wayne.	*Hartleton,	Union.
*Gowen City,	Northumberland.	*Hartstown,	Crawford.
*Graceton,	Indiana.	*Hartsville,	Bucks.
*Gradyville,	Delaware.	*Harveys,	Greene.
*Grafton,	Huntingdon.	*Harwick,	Allegheny.
†Grampian,	Clearfield.	*Harwood Mines,	Luzerne.
*Grand Valley,	Warren.	†Hastings,	Cambria.
*Grange,	Jefferson.	†Hatboro,	Montgomery.
*Grantham,	Cumberland.	Hatchery,	Carbon.
*Grantville,	Dauphin.	*Hatfield,	Montgomery.
*Granville,	Millin.	†Haverford,	Montgomery.
*Granville Summit,	Bradford.	*Hawk Run,	Clearfield.
*Grapeville,	Westmoreland.	†Hawley,	Wayne.
*Grassflat,	Clearfield.	Haws,	Millin.
*Graterford,	Montgomery.	*Hawthorn,	Clarion.
*Gratz,	Dauphin.	*Haycock Run,	Bucks.
		*Hays,	Allegheny.
		*Haysville,	Allegheny.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

*Hazel Hurst,	McKean.	*Host,	Berks.
†(Hazelwood),	Allegheny.	†Hostetter,	Westmoreland.
*Hazen,	Jefferson.	†Hottelville,	Forest.
*Hazelbrook,	Luzerne.	†Houston,	Washington.
†Hazleton,	Luzerne.	†Houtzdale,	Clearfield.
Branch Post Office:		†Howard,	Centre.
†West Hazleton,		*Hubersburg,	Centre.
*Hazzard,	Washington.	*Huefner,	Clarion.
*Heart Lake,	Susquehanna.	*Huey,	Clarion.
*Heathville,	Jefferson.	*Huff,	Indiana.
*Heckscherville,	Schuylkill.	†Hughesville,	Lycoming.
*Hector,	Potter.	*Hulmeville,	Bucks.
*Hegins,	Schuylkill.	*Humbert,	Somerset.
*Heidlersburg,	Adams.	†Hummelstown,	Dauphin.
*Heilwood,	Indiana.	*Hunkers,	Westmoreland.
†Helen,	Fayette.	*Hunlock Creek,	Luzerne.
*Helen Furnace,	Clarion.	†Huntingdon,	Huntingdon.
*Hellam,	York.	*Huntingdon Valley,	Montgomery.
†Hellertown,	Northampton.	*Huntington Mills,	Luzerne.
*Helvetia,	Clearfield.	*Huntsdale,	Cumberland.
†Hendersonville,	Washington.	*Hustontown,	Fulton.
*Hendricks,	Montgomery.	*Hyde,	Clearfield.
*Henrietta,	Blair.	*Hyde Park,	Westmoreland.
*Henryville,	Monroe.	*Hydetown,	Crawford.
*Hensel,	Lancaster.	†Hyndman,	Bedford.
*Hepburnville,	Lycoming.	*Hyner,	Clinton.
*Hepler,	Schuylkill.	*Ickesburg,	Perry.
*Hereford,	Berks.	Idamar,	Indiana.
*Herman,	Butler.	*Idaville,	Adams.
†Herminie,	Westmoreland.	*Imler,	Bedford.
†Herdon,	Northumberland.	*Immaculata,	Chester.
*Herrick Center,	Susquehanna.	†Imperial,	Allegheny.
†Hershey,	Dauphin.	*Independence,	Washington.
*Heshbon,	Indiana.	†Indiana,	Indiana.
*Hessdale,	Lancaster.	*Indian Creek,	Fayette.
*Hiawatha,	Wayne.	*Indian Head,	Fayette.
*Hilbs,	Fayette.	*Industry,	Beaver.
*Hickman,	Allegheny.	*Ingleside,	Westmoreland.
*Hickory,	Washington.	*Inglesmith,	Bedford.
*Hickory Corners,	Northumberland.	*Instanter,	Elk.
*Hickoryhill,	Chester.	*Intercourse,	Lancaster.
*Highrock,	York.	*Ironbridge,	Montgomery.
†High Spire,	Dauphin.	Ironore,	York.
†(Hill),	Dauphin.	*Iron Springs,	Adams.
*Hillcoke,	Fayette.	*Irvine,	Warren.
†Hilliards,	Butler.	*Irvona,	Clearfield.
*Hillsdale,	Indiana.	†Irwin,	Westmoreland.
*Hillsgrove,	Sullivan.	*Isabella,	Chester.
*Hillside,	Westmoreland.	†Iselin,	Indiana.
*Hillsville,	Lawrence.	*Ithan,	Delaware.
*Hilltop,	Cambria.	*Ivyland,	Bucks.
*Hilltown,	Bucks.	Jacks Mountain,	Adams.
*Hiram,	Fulton.	*Jackson,	Susquehanna.
*Hoadleys,	Wayne.	*Jackson Center,	Mercer.
†Hoboken,	Allegheny.	*Jackson Summit,	Tioga.
†Dog Island,	Philadelphia.	*Jacksonville,	Lehigh.
*Hokendauqua,	Lehigh.	*Jacksonwald,	Berks.
Hokes,	York.	*Jacob,	Huntingdon.
*Holbrook,	Greene.	*Jacobs Creek,	Westmoreland.
*Holcong,	Bucks.	*Jacobus,	York.
*Holland,	Bucks.	*James City,	Elk.
†Hollidaysburg,	Blair.	*James Creek,	Huntingdon.
*Hollinger,	Lancaster.	†Jamestown,	Mercer.
*Hollisterville,	Wayne.	*Jamison,	Bucks.
†Hollisopple,	Somerset.	*Jamison City,	Columbia.
*Holmes,	Delaware.	*Jarretstown,	Montgomery.
†(Holmesburg),	Philadelphia.	*Jeanesville,	Luzerne.
†Holtwood,	Lancaster.	*Jeannette,	Westmoreland.
*Home,	Indiana.	*Jeddo,	Luzerne.
†Homer City,	Indiana.	*Jefferson,	Greene.
†Homestead,	Allegheny.	*Jeffersonville,	Montgomery.
Branch Post Offices:		†Jenkintown,	Montgomery.
Homestead Park,		*Jenners,	Somerset.
†Munhall,		*Jennerstown,	Somerset.
Homestead Park,	Allegheny.	†Jermyn,	Lackawanna.
†(Homewood),	Allegheny.	*Jerome,	Somerset.
*Honeoye,	Potter.	*Jersey Mills,	Lycoming.
†Honesdale,	Wayne.	†Jersey Shore,	Lycoming.
*Honey Brook,	Chester.	*Jerseytown,	Columbia.
*Honey Grove,	Junata.	†Jessup,	Lackawanna.
†Hookstown,	Beaver.	*Joanna,	Berks.
*Hooversville,	Somerset.	*Joffre,	Washington.
†Hop Bottom,	Susquehanna.	†Johnetta,	Armstrong.
*Hopeland,	Lancaster.	†Johnsonburg,	Elk.
†Hopewell,	Bedford.	Independent Station:	
*Hoppenville,	Montgomery.	A (Center Street).	
*Hopwood,	Fayette.	†Johnstown,	Cambria.
*Horatio,	Jefferson.	Branch Post Office:	
*Horning,	Allegheny.	†Conemaugh,	
*Horsham,	Montgomery.	*Johnsville,	Bucks.
*Hosensack,	Lehigh.	*Joliett,	Schuylkill.
*(Hospital),	Montgomery.	*Jollytown,	Greene.
		*Jonas,	Monroe.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

*Jones Mills, Westmoreland.
 *Jonestown, Lebanon.
 *Jordan, Lehigh.
 †Josephine, Indiana.
 *Julian, Centre.
 *Juneau, Indiana.
 *Junedale, Carbon.
 †Junlata, Blair.
 *Kammerer, Washington.
 †Kane, McKean.
 *Kantner, Somerset.
 *Kaoiin, Chester.
 *Karns City, Butler.
 *Karthauss, Clearfield.
 *Kato, Centre.
 †Kaylor, Armstrong.
 *Kearney, Bedford.
 *Keating, Clinton.
 *Keating Summit, Potter.
 *Keewaydin, Clearfield.
 *Keller, Westmoreland.
 *Keggs, Bedford.
 *Keiser, Northumberland.
 *Keisters, Butler.
 †Kelayres, Schuylkill.
 *Kellers Church, Bucks.
 *Kellettville, Forest.
 *Kellyburg, Lycoming.
 *Kelly Station, Armstrong.
 *Kelton, Chester.
 *Kemblesville, Chester.
 *Kempton, Berks.
 * (Kendall Creek), McKean.
 *Kennard, Mercer.
 †Kennerdell, Venango.
 †Kennett Square, Chester.
 † (Kensington), Philadelphia.
 *Kent, Indiana.
 *Kerrmoor, Clearfield.
 *Kersey, Elk.
 *Khedive, Greene.
 † (Kilbuck), Allegheny.
 *Kilcoin, Bedford.
 *Kilmer, Juniata.
 *Kimberton, Chester.
 *Kimble, Pike.
 *Kimmelton, Somerset.
 *King of Prussia, Montgomery.
 *Kingsdale, Adams.
 † (Kingsessing), Philadelphia.
 *Kingsley, Susquehanna.
 †Kingston, Luzerne.
 *Kingsville, Clarion.
 *Kintnersville, Bucks.
 *Kinzers, Lancaster.
 *Kinzua, Warren.
 *Kirby, Greene.
 *Kirkwood, Lancaster.
 *Kis-Lyn, Luzerne.
 †Kittanning, Armstrong.
 *Klahr, Blair.
 *Kleinfeltersville, Lebanon.
 *Klinesville, Berks.
 *Klingerstown, Schuylkill.
 *Knobsville, Fulton.
 †Knox, Clarion.
 *Knox Dale, Jefferson.
 †Knoxville, Tioga.
 †Koppel, Beaver.
 *Kossuth, Clarion.
 *Kratzerville, Snyder.
 *Kreamer, Snyder.
 *Kregar, Westmoreland.
 *Kresgeville, Monroe.
 *Kress, Tioga.
 *Krumsville, Berks.
 †Kulpmont, Northumberland.
 *Kulpsville, Montgomery.
 *Kunkletown, Monroe.
 *Kushequa, McKean.
 †Kutztown, Berks.
 *Kylertown, Clearfield.
 *Laanna, Pike.
 *La Belle, Fayette.
 †Laceyville, Wyoming.
 *Lackawaxen, Pike.
 *LaFayette, McKean.
 *LaFayette Hill, Montgomery.
 *Ladlin, Luzerne.
 *Lahaska, Bucks.
 *Laidig, Fulton.
 *Lairdsville, Lycoming.
 *LaJose, Clearfield.
 *Lake Carey, Wyoming.
 *Lake Como, Wayne.

*Lakemont, Blair.
 †Lake Sheridan, Lackawanna.
 *Laketon, Luzerne.
 *Lakeville, Wayne.
 *Lake Winola, Wyoming.
 *Lakewood, Wayne.
 *Lamar, Clinton.
 *Lamartine, Clarion.
 *Lamberton, Fayette.
 *Lamb Creek, Tioga.
 *Lampeter, Lancaster.
 †Lancaster, Lancaster.
 *Landenberg, Chester.
 *Landingville, Schuylkill.
 *Landisburg, Perry.
 *Landis Store, Berks.
 †Landisville, Lancaster.
 *Landstreet, Somerset.
 * (Land Title), Philadelphia.
 *Lancaster, Susquehanna.
 *Lanes Mills, Jefferson.
 *Langdonale, Bedford.
 †Langloeth, Washington.
 †Langhorne, Bucks.
 †Lansdale, Montgomery.
 †Lansdowne, Delaware.
 *Lanse, Clearfield.
 †Lansford, Carbon.
 †Lapark, Lancaster.
 *Laplume, Lackawanna.
 *Laporte, Sullivan.
 †Laquin, Bradford.
 *Large, Allegheny.
 †Larimer, Westmoreland.
 *Larrys Creek, Lycoming.
 *Larryville, Lycoming.
 *Larue, York.
 *Lash, Westmoreland.
 *Lashley, Fulton.
 †Latrobe, Westmoreland.
 †Lattimer Mines, Luzerne.
 *Laughlinton, Westmoreland.
 *Laurel, York.
 *Laurelton, Union.
 *Laurys Station, Lehigh.
 *Lavelle, Schuylkill.
 *Lavery, Erie.
 *Lawn, Lebanon.
 * (Lawndale), Philadelphia.
 †Lawrence, Washington.
 †Lawrenceville, Tioga.
 *Lawsonham, Clarion.
 *Lawton, Susquehanna.
 *Layton, Fayette.
 *Leacock, Lancaster.
 *Leaman Place, Lancaster.
 *Lebanon, Lebanon.
 *Leck Kill, Northumberland.
 *Leckrone, Fayette.
 *Leconte Mills, Clearfield.
 *Lederach, Montgomery.
 *Ledgedale, Wayne.
 *Lee, Luzerne.
 †Leechburg, Armstrong.
 *Leeper, Clarion.
 *Lees Cross Roads, Cumberland.
 *Leesport, Berks.
 *Leetonia, Tioga.
 †Leetsdale, Allegheny.
 †Leighton, Carbon.
 *Lehman, Luzerne.
 *Lelsenberg, Fayette.
 *Lemasters, Franklin.
 *Lemont, Centre.
 *Lemont Furnace, Fayette.
 †Lemoine, Cumberland.
 *Lenape, Chester.
 *Lenhartsville, Berks.
 *Lenni Mills, Delaware.
 *Lenover, Chester.
 *Lenox, Susquehanna.
 *Lenoxville, Susquehanna.
 *Leola, Lancaster.
 *Leolyn, Tioga.
 *LeRaysville, Bradford.
 *LeRoy, Bradford.
 *Lester, Delaware.
 *Lewisberry, York.
 †Lewisburg, Union.
 *Lewis Run, McKean.
 †Lewistown, Mifflin.
 *Lewisville, Chester.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

- *Liberty,Tioga.
- |(Liberty Club),Erie.
- *Library,Allegheny.
- *Lickdale,Lebanon.
- *Lickingville,Clarion.
- *Light Street,Columbia.
- †Ligonier,Westmoreland.
- *Lilacs,Luzerne.
- †Lilly,Cambria.
- *Lima,Delaware.
- *Limekill,Berks.
- *Limeport,Lehigh.
- *Limerick,Montgomery.
- *Limestone,Clarion.
- *Lincoln,Lancaster.
- *Lincoln Place,Allegheny.
- †Lincoln University,Chester.
- *Linden,Lycoming.
- *Linden Hall,Centre.
- *(Lindsey),Jefferson.
- *Line Lexington,Bucks.
- †Linesville,Crawford.
- *Linsfield,Montgomery.
- *Linglestown,Dauphin.
- *Linhart,Allegheny.
- *Lionville,Chester.
- *Lisburn,Cumberland.
- *Listie,Somerset.
- †Listonburg,Somerset.
- *Little,Lancaster.
- *Little Britain,Lancaster.
- *Little Marsh,Tioga.
- *Little Meadows,Susquehanna.
- †Littlestown,Adams.
- *Livermore,Westmoreland.
- *Liverpool,Perry.
- *Livonia,Centre.
- *Llewellyn,Schuylkill.
- *Lloyd,Tioga.
- *Lloydell,Cambria.
- *Lochvale,Indiana.
- †Lock Haven,Clinton.
- *Lock No. 3,Allegheny.
- †Lock No. 4,Washington.
- *Lockport Station,Westmoreland.
- *Locustdale,Schuylkill.
- †Locust Gap,Northumberland.
- *Lofly,Schuylkill.
- †(Logan),Philadelphia.
- *Logania,Perry.
- Logan Mills,Clinton.
- *Logansport,Armstrong.
- *Loganton,Clinton.
- *Loganville,York.
- *London Grove,Chester.
- *Long Pond,Monroe.
- *Lookout,Wayne.
- *Loop,Indiana.
- *Lopez,Sullivan.
- *Lorane,Berks.
- *Lords Valley,Pike.
- *Loretto,Cambria.
- *Lost Creek,Schuylkill.
- *Lotell,Lebanon.
- *Lottsville,Warren.
- †Loupurex,Allegheny.
- *Lovejoy,Indiana.
- *Lowber,Westmoreland.
- *Loyalhanna,Westmoreland.
- *Loyalton,Dauphin.
- *Loysburg,Bedford.
- *Loysville,Perry.
- *Lucernemines,Indiana.
- *Lucinda,Clarion.
- *Lucknow,Dauphin.
- †Ludlow,McKean.
- *Lumber City,Clearfield.
- *Lumberville,Bucks.
- *Lundys Lane,Erie.
- †Lurgan,Franklin.
- *Luthersburg,Westmoreland.
- *Lutzville,Bedford.
- *Luxor,Westmoreland.
- †Luzerne,Luzerne.
- *Lycippus,Westmoreland.
- †Lykens,Dauphin.
- *Lynch,Forest.
- *Lyndell,Chester.
- †Lyndora,Butler.
- *Lynn,Susquehanna.
- *Lynnport,Lehigh.
- *Lynnville,Lehigh.
- *Lyon Station,Berks.
- †McAdoo,Schuylkill.
- *McAlevers Fort,Huntingdon.
- *McAlisterville,Juniata.
- †McCance,Westmoreland.
- *McCartney,Clearfield.
- *McClellandtown,Payette.
- *McClure,Snyder.
- †McConnellsburg,Fulton.
- *McConnellsstown,Huntingdon.
- *McCoysville,Juniata.
- *McCrea,Cumberland.
- †McDonald,Washington.
- *McElhattan,Clinton.
- *McEwensville,Northumberland.
- †McGees Mills,Clearfield.
- *McGrann,Armstrong.
- *McIntyre,Indiana.
- *McKean,Erie.
- *McKeansburg,Schuylkill.
- *McKee,Blair.
- †McKeesport,Allegheny.
- †McKees Rocks,Allegheny.
- *McKinley,Montgomery.
- *McKnightstown,Adams.
- *McNeal,Huntingdon.
- †McSherrystown,Adams.
- *McSparran,Lancaster.
- *McVestown,Millin.
- *Macdonaldton,Somerset.
- *Mackeyville,Clinton.
- †Macungie,Lehigh.
- *Maddensville,Huntingdon.
- †Madera,Clearfield.
- *Madison,Westmoreland.
- *Madisonburg,Centre.
- *Madley,Bedford.
- †Mahaffey,Clearfield.
- †Mahanoy City,Schuylkill.
- *Mahanoy Plane,Schuylkill.
- *Mahoning,Armstrong.
- †(Mahoningtown),Lawrence.
- *Maiden Creek,Berks.
- *Mainesburg,Tioga.
- *Mainland,Montgomery.
- *Mainville,Columbia.
- *Maliland,Millin.
- †Malvern,Chester.
- *Mammoth,Westmoreland.
- *Mamont,Westmoreland.
- *Manatawny,Berks.
- †(Manayunk),Philadelphia.
- *Mance,Somerset.
- *Manchester,York.
- †Manheim,Lancaster.
- *Manifold,Washington.
- *Manns Choice,Bedford.
- †Manor,Westmoreland.
- *Manor Hill,Huntingdon.
- *Manorville,Armstrong.
- *Manown,Allegheny.
- †Mansfield,Tioga.
- *Mapleglen,Montgomery.
- *Mapleton Depot,Huntingdon.
- *Mapletown,Greene.
- *Maplewood,Wayne.
- *Marble,Clarion.
- *Marchand,Indiana.
- †Marcus Hook,Delaware.
- †Marianna,Washington.
- †Marienville,Forest.
- †Marietta,Lancaster.
- *Marion,Franklin.
- †Marion Center,Indiana.
- *Markelsville,Perry.
- *Markham,Delaware.
- *Markle,Westmoreland.
- *Markleton,Somerset.
- *Markleysburg,Payette.
- Markton,Jefferson.
- Mar Lin,Schuylkill.
- †Mars,Butler.
- *Marsh,Chester.
- *Marsh Hill,Lycoming.
- *Marshwood,Lackawanna.
- *Marsteller,Cambria.
- *Martha Furnace,Centre.
- *Martin,Payette.
- *Martindale,Lancaster.
- †Martinsburg,Blair.
- *Martins Creek,Northampton.
- *Marvindale,McKean.
- *Marwood,Butler.
- *Maryd,Schuylkill.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

*Marysville,	Perry.	*Mohrsville,	Berks.
*Masco,	Lancaster.	*Mollenauer,	Allegheny.
*Mason and Dixon,	Franklin.	*Moltown,	Berks.
*Mason town,	Payette.	†Monaca,	Beaver.
*Masten,	Lycoming.	†Monessen,	Westmoreland.
*Mastersonville,	Lancaster.	*Monocacy,	Berks.
*Masthope,	Pike.	*Monocacy Station,	Berks.
†Matamoras,	Pike.	†Monongahela,	Washington.
*Mateer,	Armstrong.	*Monroe,	Clarion.
Mother,	Perry.	†Monroeton,	Bradford.
*Mattawana,	Midlin.	†Mont Alto,	Franklin.
†Mauch Chunk,	Carbon.	*Montandon,	Northumberland.
Branch Post Office:		*Mount Clare,	Montgomery.
†East Mauch Chunk:		Montello,	Berks.
*Mawrglen,	Lycoming.	*Monterey,	Berks.
*Mayatawny,	Berks.	†Montgomery,	Lycoming.
*Mayburg,	Forest.	*Montgomeryville,	Montgomery.
*Mayfield,	Lackawanna.	†Montoursville,	Lycoming.
*Mayport,	Clarion.	†Montrose,	Susquehanna.
*Maytown,	Lancaster.	*Monument,	Centre.
*Meadowbrook,	Montgomery.	*Moon Run,	Allegheny.
†Meadow Lands,	Washington.	†Moore,	Delaware.
†Meadville,	Crawford.	*Moorestburg,	Montour.
*Mechanic Grove,	Lancaster.	*Moorheadville,	Erie.
†Mechanicsburg,	Cumberland.	*Moosic,	Lackawanna.
*Mechanics Valley,	Bucks.	*Mooween,	Indiana.
*Mechanicsville,	Bucks.	*Morann,	Clearfield.
*Meckville,	Berks.	*Moravian,	Northampton.
†Media,	Delaware.	*Morea Colliery,	Schuylkill.
*Medix Run,	Pik.	†Morgan,	Allegheny.
*Mehoopany,	Wyoming.	*Morgantown,	Berks.
*Melisville,	Snyder.	*Morganza,	Washington.
Chest. H.,	Lancaster.	*Morris,	Tioga.
*Mendenhall,	Chester.	*Morrisdale,	Clearfield.
*Menges Mills,	York.	†Morris Run,	Tioga.
*Mercer,	Mercer.	†Morrisville,	Bucks.
†Mercersburg,	Franklin.	*Morstein,	Chester.
†Merion Station,	Montgomery.	†Morton,	Delaware.
*Mertztown,	Berks.	*Mortonville,	Chester.
†Meshoppen,	Wyoming.	*Morwood,	Montgomery.
*Messmore,	Payette.	†Moscow,	Lackawanna.
*Metal,	Franklin.	*Mosgrove,	Armstrong.
*Mexico,	Juniata.	*Moshannon,	Centre.
†Meyersdale,	Somerset.	Mosserville,	Lehigh.
†Middleburg,	Snyder.	*Mount Aetna,	Berks.
*Middlebury Center,	Tioga.	Mountain,	Berks.
†(Middle City),	Philadelphia.	*Mountandale,	Cambria.
*Middle Creek,	Snyder.	*Mountainhome,	Monroe.
*Middleport,	Schuylkill.	Mountain Springs,	Luzerne.
†Middletown,	Dauphin.	*Mountaintop,	Luzerne.
†Midland,	Beaver.	†(Mount Airy),	Philadelphia.
Midvale,	Franklin.	*Mount Alton,	McKean.
†Midway,	Washington.	Mount Alverno,	Delaware.
†Midlin,	Juniata.	*Mount Bethel,	Northampton.
†Midlinburg,	Union.	*Mount Braddock,	Payette.
†Midlintown,	Juniata.	†Mount Carmel,	Northumberland.
*Midlinville,	Columbia.	†Mount Gretna,	Lebanon.
*Millan,	Bradford.	†Mount Holly Springs,	Cumberland.
*Millanville,	Wayne.	*Mount Hope,	Lancaster.
*Mildred,	Sullivan.	†Mount Jewett,	McKean.
*Milesburg,	Centre.	†Mount Joy,	Lancaster.
†Milford,	Pike.	*Mount Morris,	Greene.
*Milford Square,	Bucks.	*Mount Nebo,	Lancaster.
*Mill City,	Wyoming.	†Mount Oliver,	Allegheny.
*Mill Creek,	Huntingdon.	*Mount Penn,	Berks.
*Miller Run,	Somerset.	†Mount Pleasant,	Westmoreland.
*Millersburg,	Dauphin.	*Mount Pleasant Mills,	Snyder.
†Millersstown,	Perry.	†Mount Pocono,	Monroe.
*Millersville,	Lancaster.	*Mount Sterling,	Payette.
*Millerton,	Tioga.	*Mount Top,	York.
†Mill Hall,	Clinton.	†Mount Union,	Huntingdon.
*Millheim,	Centre.	*Mountville,	Lancaster.
*Millmont,	Union.	†(Mount Washington),	Allegheny.
*Millport,	Potter.	*Mount Wolf,	York.
*Millrift,	Pike.	*Mowersville,	Franklin.
*Mill Run,	Payette.	*Mowry,	Schuylkill.
*Mills,	Potter.	†Moylan,	Delaware.
*Millshoro,	Washington.	*Muddy Creek Forks,	York.
†Millvale,	Allegheny.	*Muir,	Schuylkill.
*Mill Village,	Erie.	†Muncy,	Lycoming.
†Millville,	Columbia.	*Muncy Valley,	Sullivan.
*Millway,	Lancaster.	*Munderf,	Jefferson.
*Millwood,	Westmoreland.	†Munhall,	Allegheny.
*Milnesville,	Luzerne.	*Munson,	Clearfield.
†Millroy,	Midlin.	*Murdocksville,	Washington.
†Milton,	Northumberland.	*Murray,	Sullivan.
*Mineral Point,	Cambria.	*Murrell,	Lancaster.
†Minersville,	Schuylkill.	*Murrysville,	Westmoreland.
*Mines,	Blair.	*Muzette,	Forest.
*Mingoville,	Centre.	†Myerstown,	Lebanon.
*Miola,	Clarion.	*Nagney,	Midlin.
†Mocanaqua,	Luzerne.		
*Modena,	Chester.		
†Mohnton,	Berks.		

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

- †Nanticoke, Luzerne.
 Branch Post Offices:
 Alden.
 *West Nanticoke.
 Station:
 *Ithone.
- †Nanty Glo, Cambria.
 †Narberth, Montgomery.
 *Narvon, Lancaster.
 *Natalie, Northumberland.
 †Natrona, Allegheny.
 * (Navy Yard), Philadelphia.
 †Nazareth, Northampton.
 *Neath, Bradford.
 *Nebraska, Forest.
 *Ned, Greene.
 *Needmore, Fulton.
 *Neelyton, Huntingdon.
 *Neffs, Lehigh.
 *Neffs Mills, Huntingdon.
 *Neffsville, Lancaster.
 *Nelson, Tioga.
 *Nemacolin, Greene.
 *Nescopeck, Luzerne.
 *Neshaminy, Bucks.
 †Nesquehoning, Carbon.
 *Nettleton, Cambria.
 †New Albany, Bradford.
 †New Alexandria, Westmoreland.
 *New Baltimore, Somerset.
 *New Bedford, Lawrence.
 *New Berlin, Union.
 *New Berlinville, Berks.
 † (Newberry), Lycoming.
 †New Bethlehem, Clarion.
 †New Bloomfield, Perry.
 *New Boston, Schuylkill.
 †New Brighton, Beaver.
 *New Britain, Bucks.
 *New Buena Vista, Bedford.
 *New Buffalo, Perry.
 *Newburg, Cumberland.
 †New Castle, Lawrence.
 Station:
 †Mahoningtown.
- *New Centerville, Chester.
 *New Columbia, Union.
 *Newcomer, Fayette.
 †New Cumberland, Cumberland.
 *New Danville, Lancaster.
 *New Derry, Westmoreland.
 *New Eagle, Washington.
 †Newell, Fayette.
 *New Enterprise, Bedford.
 *Newfield, Potter.
 †New Florence, Westmoreland.
 *Newfoundland, Wayne.
 †New Freedom, York.
 *New Freeport, Greene.
 †New Galilee, Beaver.
 *New Garden, Chester.
 *New Geneva, Fayette.
 *New Germantown, Perry.
 *New Grenada, Fulton.
 *New Hanover, Montgomery.
 †New Holland, Lancaster.
 †New Hope, Bucks.
 †New Kensington, Westmoreland.
 *New Kingstown, Cumberland.
 *New Lebanon, Mercer.
 *New Lexington, Somerset.
 *New London, Chester.
 *Newmantown, Lebanon.
 *Newmansville, Clarion.
 *New Milford, Susquehanna.
 *New Millport, Clearfield.
 †New Oxford, Adams.
 *New Paris, Bedford.
 *New Park, York.
 †Newport, Perry.
 *Newportville, Bucks.
 *New Providence, Lancaster.
 *New Ringgold, Schuylkill.
 *Newry, Blair.
 †New Salem, Fayette.
 *New Sheffield, Beaver.
 *Newside, Lehigh.
 *New Stanton, Westmoreland.
 †Newton Hamilton, Mifflin.
 †Newtown, Bucks.
 *Newtown Square, Delaware.
 *New Tripoli, Lehigh.
 †Newville, Cumberland.
 *New Washington, Clearfield.
- †New Wilmington, Lawrence.
 *Niantic, Montgomery.
 † (Nictetown), Philadelphia.
 †Nicholson, Wyoming.
 *Nickel Mines, Lancaster.
 *Nickleville, Venango.
 *Nicktown, Cambria.
 *Ninepoints, Lancaster.
 *Nineveh, Greene.
 *Nisbet, Lycoming.
 *Nittany, Centre.
 *Noblestown, Allegheny.
 *Nolo, Indiana.
 *Nook, Juniata.
 *Nordmont, Sullivan.
 * (Normal School), Chester.
 *Normalville, Fayette.
 †Norristown, Montgomery.
 Station:
 *Hospital.
- †Northampton, Northampton.
 *North Bend, Clinton.
 *North Bessemer, Allegheny.
 *North Bingham, Potter.
 *Northbrook, Chester.
 *Northcraft, Fulton.
 †North East, Erie.
 †North Girard, Erie.
 †North Glenside, Montgomery.
 *North Mehoopany, Wyoming.
 † (North Philadelphia), Philadelphia.
 *North Pine Grove, Clarion.
 *Northpoint, Indiana.
 † (North Side), Allegheny.
 †North Springfield, Erie.
 †Northumberland, Northumberland.
 †North Wales, Montgomery.
 *North Warren, Warren.
 *North Washington, Butler.
 *North Water Gap, Monroe.
- †Norwich, McKean.
 †Norwood Station, Delaware.
 *Notch, Pike.
 *Nottingham, Chester.
 *Noxen, Wyoming.
 *Nuangola, Luzerne.
 *Numidia, Columbia.
 *Nu Mine, Armstrong.
 *Nuremberg, Schuylkill.
 *Oakbourne, Chester.
 †Oakdale, Allegheny.
 *Oakford, Bucks.
 *Oak Hall Station, Centre.
- † (Oakland), Allegheny.
 *Oakland Mills, Juniata.
 † (Oak Lane), Philadelphia.
 †Oakmont, Allegheny.
 *Oak Ridge, Armstrong.
 †Oaks, Montgomery.
 *Oakview, Delaware.
 *Oakville, Cumberland.
 *Obelisk, Montgomery.
 *Oberlin, Dauphin.
 † (Observatory), Allegheny.
 *Ogdensburg, Tioga.
 †Ogontz, Montgomery.
 *Ogontz School, Montgomery.
 *Ohiopyle, Fayette.
 *Ohl, Jefferson.
 †Oil City, Venango.
- Station:
 †South Side.
- *Okeson, Juniata.
 *Okome, Lycoming.
 *Olanta, Clearfield.
 *Old Concord, Washington.
 †Old Forge, Lackawanna.
 *Old Zionsville, Lehigh.
 *Oley, Berks.
 *Oliphant Furnace, Fayette.
 *Oliveburg, Jefferson.
 *Oliver, Fayette.
 * (Olney), Philadelphia.
 †Olyphant, Lackawanna.
- Branch Post Office:
 *Throop.
- *Oneida, Schuylkill.
 *Onnalinda, Cambria.
 *Ono, Lebanon.
 *Onset, Lebanon.
 *Opp, Lycoming.
 *Option, Allegheny.
 *Orangerville, Columbia.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

†Orbisonia,Huntingdon.
 *Orefield,Lehigh.
 *Ore Hill,Blair.
 *Oreland,Montgomery.
 *Orient,Fayette.
 *Oriental,Junata.
 *Ormsby,McKean.
 *Orrstown,Franklin.
 *Orrtanna,Adams.
 *Orson,Wayne.
 *Orviston,Centre.
 *Orwell,Bradford.
 †Orwigsburg,Schuylkill.
 *Orwin,Schuylkill.
 *Osceola,Tioga.
 †Osceola Mills,Clearfield.
 *Oshanter,Clearfield.
 *Osterburg,Bedford.
 *Osterhout,Wyoming.
 *Oswayo,Potter.
 *Ottawa,Montour.
 *Ottsville,Bucks.
 *Outcrop,Fayette.
 *Outwood,Schuylkill.
 *Overton,Bradford.
 *Owensdale,Fayette.
 †Oxford,Chester.
 *Oxford Valley,Bucks.
 *Packerton,Carbon.
 *Paintersville,Millin.
 *Palm,Montgomery.
 †Palmerton,Carbon.
 †Palmyra,Lebanon.
 *Pansy,Jefferson.
 *Panther,Pike.
 †Paoli,Chester.
 †Paradise,Lancaster.
 *Pardoe,Mercer.
 *Pardus,Jefferson.
 *Parker Ford,Chester.
 *Parkersglenn,Pike.
 †Parkers Landing,Armstrong.
 †Parkesburg,Chester.
 *Parkhill,Cambria.
 *Parkland,Bucks.
 *Park Place,Schuylkill.
 *Parkwood,Indiana.
 †Parnassus,Westmoreland.
 *Parrish,Forest.
 *Parryville,Carbon.
 †Parsons,Luzerne.
 †(Paschall),Philadelphia.
 †(Passyunk),Philadelphia.
 Path,Junata.
 †Patton,Cambria.
 *Paupack,Pike.
 *Pavia,Bedford.
 *Paxinos,Northumberland.
 *Paxton,Dauphin.
 *Paxtonville,Snyder.
 *Peach Bottom,Lancaster.
 †Peckville,Lackawanna.
 *Peely,Luzerne.
 †Pen Argyl,Northampton.
 †Penbrook,Dauphin.
 †Pencoyd,Montgomery.
 *Penfield,Clearfield.
 *Penlyn,Montgomery.
 †Pen Mar,Franklin.
 *Pennhurst,Chester.
 *Penn Run,Indiana.
 †Pennsburg,Montgomery.
 *Penns Creek,Snyder.
 *Pennsdale,Lycoming.
 *Penns Park,Bucks.
 * (Penn Square),Philadelphia.
 *Penns Station,Westmoreland.
 *Pennsville,Fayette.
 *Pennsylvania Furnace, Huntingdon.
 Penowa,Washington.
 *Penryn,Lancaster.
 *Peoples,Schuylkill.
 *Pequea,Lancaster.
 †Perkasie,Bucks.
 *Perkiomenville,Montgomery.
 †Perryopolis,Fayette.
 *Perryville,Allegheny.
 *Pershing,Lackawanna.
 *Peruclack,Junata.
 †Petersburg,Huntingdon.
 *Petroleum Center,Venango.
 *Petrolia,Butler.

†Philadelphia,Philadelphia.
 Branch Post Offices:
 *Bog Island.
 †Upper Darby.
 Stations:
 *Bellevue-Stratford,
 †Bridesburg,
 *Bustleton,
 †Chestnut Hill,
 †East Falls,
 †Fairhill,
 †Fortieth Street,
 †Fox Chase,
 †Frankford,
 †Germantown,
 †Holmesburg,
 †Kensington,
 †Kingsessing,
 *Land Title,
 *Lawndale,
 †Logan,
 †Manayunk,
 †Middle City,
 †Mount Airy,
 *Navy Yard,
 †Nictown,
 †North Philadelphia,
 †Oak Lane,
 *Olney,
 †Paschall,
 †Passyunk,
 *Penn Square,
 †Point Breeze,
 †Roxborough,
 †Second Street,
 †Sixtieth Street,
 †Somerton,
 †Southwark,
 †Tacony,
 †Torresdale,
 †Twenty-second Street,
 †West Market Street,
 †West Park,
 †West Philadelphia.
 †C. 1921 Oxford Street.
 †D. Eighteenth and
 Christian Streets.
 †E. 3247 Kensington
 Avenue.
 †J. 635 North 19th
 Street.
 †O. Columbia Avenue
 and 10th Street.
 †S. 840-842 North
 Sixth Street.
 †Phillipsburg,Centre.
 *Phillipston,Clarion.
 Philmont Club,Montgomery.
 †Phoenixville,Chester.
 *Picture Rocks,Lycoming.
 *Pierce,Armstrong.
 *Pigeon,Forest.
 *Pikes Creek,Luzerne.
 *Piketown,Dauphin.
 *Pillow,Dauphin.
 *Pine Bank,Greene.
 *Pine Forge,Berks.
 *Pine Glen,Centre.
 †Pine Grove,Schuylkill.
 *Pine Grove Furnace, Cumberland.
 *Pine Grove Mills,Centre.
 *Pine Station,Clinton.
 *Pine Summit,Columbia.
 *Pineville,Bucks.
 *Pineycreek,Bedford.
 *Pipersville,Bucks.
 †Pitcairn,Allegheny.
 *Pitco,Washington.
 *Pitman,Schuylkill.
 *Pittcock,Allegheny.
 †Pittsburgh,Allegheny.
 Branch Post Offices:
 †Aviation,
 †Bellevue,
 †Craffton,
 †Millvale,
 †Mount Oliver,
 †Sharpsburg,
 †South Hills,
 †Swissvale,
 †Wilkinsburg.
 Stations:
 †Arsenal,
 †Carson,
 †Corliss,

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

†Pittsburgh, Allegheny (Con.)	*Pulaski, Lawrence.
†East Liberty,	†Punxsutawney, Jefferson.
†Ewalt,	Station:
*Ferry Street,	*Lindsey,
†Hazelwood,	*Purcell, Bedford.
†Homewood,	*Quakake, Schuylkill.
†Kilbuck,	†Quakertown, Bucks.
†Mount Washington,	*Quarryville, Lancaster.
†North Side,	*Queen, Bedford.
†Oakland,	*Queen Junction, Butler.
†Observatory,	*Queenstown, Armstrong.
†Squirrel Hill,	*Cuchin, Lebanon.
*Terminal,	*Quincy, Franklin.
†Union Arcade,	*Racine, Beaver.
†Uptown,	†Radnor, Delaware.
†Wabash,	*Railroad, York.
*Pittsfield, Warren.	*Rainsburg, Bedford.
†Pittston, Luzerne.	*Ralphston, Somerset.
Branch Post Offices:	†Ralston, Lycoming.
†Avoca,	*Ramey, Clearfield.
†Duryea,	*Ramsaytown, Jefferson.
†Wyoming,	*Ranshaw, Northumberland.
*Pittsville, Venango.	*Ransom, Lackawanna.
*Plainfield, Cumberland.	Rathbun, Elk.
†Plainsville, Luzerne.	*Rathmel, Jefferson.
*Platea, Erie.	*Rauksville, Northampton.
*Pleasant Gap, Centre.	*Rochtown, Clinton.
*Pleasant Grove, Lancaster.	*Ravenrup, Schuylkill.
*Pleasant Hall, Franklin.	*Ravine, Schuylkill.
*Pleasant Mount, Wayne.	*Raymilton, Venango.
*Pleasant Ridge, Fulton.	*Raymond, Potter.
†Pleasant Unity, Westmoreland.	*Rea, Washington.
*Pleasant Valley, Bucks.	†Reading, Berks.
†Pleasantville, Venango.	*Reamstown, Lancaster.
*Plum Run, Fulton.	*Rebersburg, Centre.
*Plumsteadville, Bucks.	*Rebuck, Northumberland.
*Plumville, Indiana.	*Rector, Westmoreland.
†Plymouth, Luzerne.	*Redbank, Clarion.
*Plymouth Meeting, Montgomery.	*Red Cross, Northumberland.
*Pocono, Monroe.	*Red Hill, Montgomery.
*Pocono Lake, Monroe.	*Redington, Northampton.
†Pocono Lake Pre-	†Red Lion, York.
serve, Monroe.	*Red Rock, McKean.
*†Pocono Manor, Monroe.	*Reed, Indiana.
*Pocono Pines, Monroe.	*Reeders, Monroe.
*Pocopson, Chester.	*Reeds Gap, Juniata.
*Point, Bedford.	†Reedsville, Millin.
†(Point Breeze), Philadelphia.	*Refton, Lancaster.
†Point Marion, Fayette.	*Register, Luzerne.
*Point Pleasant, Bucks.	*Rehlersburg, Berks.
†Polk, Venango.	*Reidsburg, Clarion.
†Pomeroy, Chester.	*Reimerton, Schuylkill.
*Pond Eddy, Pike.	*Reinholds Station, Lancaster.
*Pond Hill, Luzerne.	*Reitz, Somerset.
†Portage, Cambria.	*Renfrew, Butler.
†Port Allegany, McKean.	*Rennerdale, Allegheny.
†Port Carbon, Schuylkill.	*Reno, Venango.
†Port Clinton, Schuylkill.	†Renovo, Clinton.
*Porter, Jefferson.	*Renton, Allegheny.
*Porters Sideling, York.	†Republic, Fayette.
*Portersville, Butler.	*Retreat, Luzerne.
*Port Kennedy, Montgomery.	*Revere, Bucks.
†Portland, Northampton.	*Revloc, Cambria.
*Portland Mills, Elk.	*Rex, McKean.
*Port Matilda, Centre.	*Rexmont, Lebanon.
*Port Perry, Allegheny.	*Reynoldsdale, Bedford.
†Port Royal, Juniata.	†Reynoldsville, Jefferson.
*Port Trevorton, Snyder.	*Rheens, Lancaster.
*Potter Brook, Tioga.	* (Rhône), Luzerne.
*Pottersdale, Clearfield.	*Rices Landing, Greene.
*Pottersville, Bradford.	*Riceville, Crawford.
*Potts Grove, Northumberland.	*Richardsville, Jefferson.
†Pottstown, Montgomery.	*Richboro, Bucks.
†Pottsville, Schuylkill.	*Richfield, Juniata.
*Powell, Bradford.	†Richland, Lebanon.
*Powelton, Centre.	*Richlandtown, Bucks.
*Powis Valley, Dauphin.	*Richmond, Northampton.
*Poyntelle, Wayne.	*Richmond Furnace, Franklin.
*Prescott, Lebanon.	*Rickerts, Wyoming.
*Preserve, Monroe.	*Riddeshurg, Bedford.
*President, Venango.	†Ridgway, Elk.
*Presto, Allegheny.	†Ridley Park, Delaware.
*Preston Park, Wayne.	*Rieselsville, Bucks.
*Pricedale, Westmoreland.	*Rilton, Westmoreland.
*Primos, Delaware.	*Rimer, Armstrong.
*Primrose, Washington.	†Rimersburg, Clarion.
*Proctor, Lycoming.	*Ringold, Jefferson.
*Progress, Dauphin.	*Ringtown, Schuylkill.
*Prompton, Wayne.	*Riverside, Northumberland.
*Prospect, Butler.	*Rixford, McKean.
*Prospectville, Montgomery.	*Roaring Branch, Lycoming.
*Providence Square, Montgomery.	*Roaring Creek, Columbia.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

†Roaring Spring, Blair.
 †Robertsdale, Huntingdon.
 †Robesonia, Berks.
 †Robinson, Indiana.
 †Rochester, Beaver.
 *Rochester Mills, Indiana.
 *Rock, Schuylkill.
 *Rockdale, Lehigh.
 *Rock Glen, Luzerne.
 *Rockhill Furnace, Huntingdon.
 *Rockland, Venango.
 *Rockton, Clearfield.
 †Rockwood, Somerset.
 *Rodney, Westmoreland.
 *Roelofs, Bucks.
 *Rogersville, Greene.
 *Rohrerstown, Lancaster.
 *Rohrsburg, Columbia.
 *Rome, Bradford.
 *Ronco, Fayette.
 *Ronks, Lancaster.
 †Roscoe, Washington.
 *Rose Bud, Clearfield.
 *Rosedale, Chester.
 †Rosemont, Montgomery.
 *Rose Point, Lawrence.
 †Roseto, Northampton.
 *Roslyn, Montgomery.
 †Rossiter, Indiana.
 *Rossston, Armstrong.
 *Rossville, York.
 *Rothsville, Lancaster.
 *Rough and Ready, Schuylkill.
 †Roulette, Potter.
 †Rouseville, Venango.
 *Rouzerville, Franklin.
 *Rowenna, Lancaster.
 *Rowland, Pike.
 †(Roxborough), Philadelphia.
 *Roxbury, Franklin.
 *Royalton, Dauphin.
 *Royer, Blair.
 †Roversford, Montgomery.
 *Rudy, Montgomery.
 *Ruffs Dale, Westmoreland.
 *Rumilla, Montgomery.
 *Rummel, Somerset.
 *Rummerfield, Bradford.
 *Runville, Centre.
 *Rupert, Columbia.
 *Rural Valley, Armstrong.
 *Rush, Susquehanna.
 *Rushland, Bucks.
 *Rushville, Susquehanna.
 *Russell, Warren.
 *Russellton, Allegheny.
 *Russellville, Chester.
 *Rutan, Greene.
 *Rutherford Heights, Dauphin.
 *Ruthford, Cambria.
 *Rutland, Tioga.
 *Rutledge, Delaware.
 *Rutledgedale, Wayne.
 *Rydal, Montgomery.
 *Ryde, Millin.
 *Ryeland, Berks.
 *Sabinsville, Tioga.
 *Sabula, Clearfield.
 *Sackett, Elk.
 *Sacramento, Schuylkill.
 *Sadsburyville, Chester.
 †Saegertown, Crawford.
 *Saegersville, Lehigh.
 †Safe Harbor, Lancaster.
 †Sagamore, Armstrong.
 *Sagon, Northumberland.
 †Saint Benedict, Cambria.
 *Saint Bonifacius, Cambria.
 *Saint Charles, Clarion.
 †Saint Clair, Schuylkill.
 *Saint Clairsville, Bedford.
 †Saint Davids, Delaware.
 *Saint Johns, Luzerne.
 *Saint Joseph, Susquehanna.
 *Saint Lawrence, Cambria.
 †Saint Marys, Elk.
 *Saint Michael, Cambria.
 *Saint Nicholas, Schuylkill.
 *Saint Peters, Chester.
 *Saint Petersburg, Clarion.
 *Saint Thomas, Franklin.
 *Salemville, Bedford.
 *Salfordville, Montgomery.
 †Sallina, Westmoreland.
 *Sallsbury, Lancaster.

*Salix, Cambria.
 *Salladasburg, Lycoming.
 *Salona, Clinton.
 *Sallito, Huntingdon.
 †Saltsburg, Indiana.
 *Salunga, Lancaster.
 *Saluvia, Fulton.
 *Sanatoga, Montgomery.
 †Sand Patch, Somerset.
 Sand Rock, Greene.
 †Sandy Lake, Mercer.
 *Sandy Ridge, Centre.
 *Sandy Run, Luzerne.
 *Sandy Valley, Jefferson.
 *Sarver, Butler.
 *Sassanansville, Montgomery.
 *Saucona, Lehigh.
 *Saulsburg, Huntingdon.
 *Saville, Perry.
 *Saxman, Cambria.
 *Saxonburg, Butler.
 †Saxton, Bedford.
 *Saybrook, Warren.
 *Saylorsburg, Monroe.
 †Sayre, Bradford.
 †Scalp Level, Cambria.
 *Scarlets Mill, Berks.
 †Securey Hill, Washington.
 *Schaefferstown, Lebanon.
 *Schellburg, Bedford.
 *Schenley, Armstrong.
 *Schnecksville, Lehigh.
 *Schoeneck, Lancaster.
 *Schuyler, Northumberland.
 †Schuylkill Haven, Schuylkill.
 †Schwenkville, Montgomery.
 *Sclofa, Monroe.
 *Scotch Hill, Clarion.
 *Scotland, Franklin.
 *Scotrun, Monroe.
 *Scott Center, Wayne.
 †Scottdale, Westmoreland.
 †Scott Haven, Westmoreland.
 †Scranton, Lackawanna.
 Branch Post Offices:
 ‡Dickson,
 ‡Dunmore,
 ‡Moosic,
 ‡Old Forge,
 ‡Taylor.
 Station:
 ‡West Scranton.
 *Scullton, Somerset.
 *Seanor, Somerset.
 *Secane, Delaware.
 * (Second Street), Philadelphia.
 †Seelyville, Wayne.
 *Seitzland, York.
 †Selingsgrove, Snyder.
 †Sellersville, Bucks.
 *Sells Station, Adams.
 *Seminole, Armstrong.
 *Seneca, Venango.
 *Sergeant, McKean.
 Sevenstars, Adams.
 *Seven Valleys, York.
 †Seward, Westmoreland.
 †Sewickley, Allegheny.
 *Shade Gap, Huntingdon.
 *Shade Valley, Huntingdon.
 *Shadygrove, Franklin.
 *Shaft, Schuylkill.
 †Shamokin, Northumberland.
 *Shamokin Dam, Snyder.
 *Shamrock Station, Berks.
 *Shanesville, Berks.
 *Shanksville, Somerset.
 †Sharon, Mercer.
 *Sharon Center, Potter.
 †Sharon Hill, Delaware.
 Sharpe, Fulton.
 †Sharpsburg, Allegheny.
 †Sharpsville, Mercer.
 *Shartlesville, Berks.
 *Shavertown, Luzerne.
 *Shawanece, Luzerne.
 *Shawmut, Elk.
 *Shawnee on Delaware, Monroe.
 *Shawville, Clearfield.
 *Sheakleyville, Mercer.
 *Sheeder, Chester.
 †Sheffield, Warren.
 *Shehawken, Wayne.
 *Shelly, Bucks.
 *Shelock, Indiana.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

- †Shenandoah, Schuylkill.
 *Shenango, Mercer.
 *Shepherdstown, Cumberland.
 *Sheppton, Schuylkill.
 *Sheridan, Lebanon.
 *Sherman, Wayne.
 *Shermans Dale, Perry.
 †Shickshinny, Luzerne.
 *Shields, Allegheny.
 *Shillington, Berks.
 *Shimerville, Lehigh.
 †Shinglehouse, Potter.
 †Shippensburg, Cumberland.
 †Shippensville, Clarion.
 *Shippingport, Beaver.
 *Shiremanstown, Cumberland.
 *Shirleysburg, Huntingdon.
 *Shoemakersville, Berks.
 *Shohola, Pike.
 *Shohola Falls, Pike.
 *Shoring, Washington.
 *Showers, Clarion.
 *Shrewsbury, York.
 *Shunk, Sullivan.
 *Shy Beaver, Huntingdon.
 *Siddonsburg, York.
 *Sidman, Cambria.
 *Sidney, Indiana.
 *Siegel, Jefferson.
 *Siles, Bucks.
 *Silver Creek, Schuylkill.
 *Silverdale, Bucks.
 *Silvermills, Bedford.
 *Silver Spring, Lancaster.
 †Simpson, Lackawanna.
 †Sinking Spring, Berks.
 *Sinnamahoning, Cameron.
 *Sinsheim, York.
 *Sipes Mill, Fulton.
 †Six Mile Run, Bedford.
 †(Sixtieth Street), Philadelphia.
 *Sizerville, Cameron.
 *Skinners Eddy, Wyoming.
 *Skippack, Montgomery.
 *Slatedale, Lehigh.
 *Slaterford, Northampton.
 *Slate Hill, York.
 †Slate Run, Lycoming.
 †Slatington, Lehigh.
 *Slickville, Westmoreland.
 †Sligo, Clarion.
 †Slippery Rock, Butler.
 *Sloan, Washington.
 †Smethport, McKean.
 *Smicksburg, Indiana.
 *Smithdale, Allegheny.
 †Smithfield, Fayette.
 *Smithmill, Clearfield.
 †Smiths Ferry, Beaver.
 *Smiths Station, York.
 †Smithton, Westmoreland.
 *Smithville, Lancaster.
 *Smock, Fayette.
 *Smokeless, Indiana.
 *Smokerun, Clearfield.
 *Smoketown, Lancaster.
 *Smulton, Centre.
 *Snedekerville, Bradford.
 †Snow Shoe, Centre.
 *Snyders, Schuylkill.
 *Snydersburg, Clarion.
 *Snydersville, Monroe.
 *Snydertown, Northumberland.
 *Soldier, Jefferson.
 *Solisbury, Bucks.
 *Somerfield, Somerset.
 †Somerset, Somerset.
 †(Somerton), Philadelphia.
 *Sonestown, Sullivan.
 *Sonman, Cambria.
 *Soudersburg, Lancaster.
 †Souderton, Montgomery.
 *Southampton, Bucks.
 *South Bend, Armstrong.
 †South Brownsville, Fayette.
 *South Canaan, Wayne.
 *South Connelville, Fayette.
 †(South Erie), Erie.
 †South Fork, Cambria.
 *South Gibson, Susquehanna.
 *South Heights, Beaver.
 †South Hills, Allegheny.
 *South Langhorne, Bucks.
 *South Montrose, Susquehanna.
 *South Mountain, Franklin.
 *South Pappac, Pike.
 * (South Side), Venango.
 *South Sterling, Wayne.
 *Southview, Washington.
 †(Southwark), Philadelphia.
 *Southwest, Westmoreland.
 †Spangler, Cambria.
 *Spangsville, Berks.
 †Spartansburg, Crawford.
 *Speeceville, Dauphin.
 †Speers, Washington.
 *Spinnerstown, Bucks.
 *Spraggs, Greene.
 *Sprinkle Mills, Jefferson.
 †Springboro, Crawford.
 *Spring Church, Armstrong.
 †Spring City, Chester.
 *Spring Creek, Warren.
 †Springdale, Allegheny.
 *Spring Glen, Schuylkill.
 †Spring Grove, York.
 *Springhope, Bedford.
 *Spring House, Montgomery.
 *Spring Mills, Centre.
 *Spring Mount, Montgomery.
 *Spring Run, Franklin.
 *Springs, Somerset.
 *Springtown, Bucks.
 *Springville, Susquehanna.
 †Sproul, Blair.
 *Spruce Creek, Huntingdon.
 *Spruce Hill, Juniata.
 †(Squirrel Hill), Allegheny.
 *Stahlstown, Westmoreland.
 *Stalker, Wayne.
 *Standing Stone, Bradford.
 *Starford, Indiana.
 †Starjunction, Fayette.
 *Starlight, Wayne.
 *Starr, Forest.
 *Starrucca, Wayne.
 †State College, Centre.
 *State Line, Franklin.
 *Stauffer, Westmoreland.
 †Steelton, Dauphin.
 *Steelville, Chester.
 *Steinsburg, Bucks.
 *Steinsville, Lehigh.
 *Sterling, Wayne.
 *Sterling Run, Cameron.
 *Stetlersville, Lehigh.
 *Stevens, Lancaster.
 *Stevens Point, Susquehanna.
 *Stevensville, Bradford.
 †Stewartstown, York.
 *Stickney, McKean.
 *Stier, Northampton.
 *Stiles, Lehigh.
 *Stillwater, Columbia.
 *Stines Corner, Lehigh.
 *Stockdale, Washington.
 *Stockertown, Northampton.
 *Stockton, Luzerne.
 *Stoddartsville, Luzerne.
 †Stoneboro, Mercer.
 *Stone Church, Northampton.
 *Stonersville, Berks.
 *Stony Creek Mills, Berks.
 *Stonypoint, Franklin.
 *Stony Run, Berks.
 *Stoopville, Bucks.
 *Stouchsburg, Berks.
 †Stowe, Montgomery.
 †Stoyestown, Somerset.
 *Strafford, Chester.
 *Straight, Elk.
 †Strasburg, Lancaster.
 †Strattonville, Clarion.
 *Strausstown, Berks.
 *Strawberry Ridge, Montour.
 *Strickersville, Chester.
 *Strobleton, Clarion.
 *Strodes Mills, Mifflin.
 *Strong, Northumberland.
 *Strongstown, Indiana.
 †Stroudsburg, Monroe.
 *Studa, Washington.
 *Sturgeon, Allegheny.
 *Suedberg, Schuylkill.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

†Sugartown,	Warren.	*Trauger,	Westmoreland.
*Sugar Notch,	Luzerne.	*Tredyffrin,	Chester.
*Sulphur Springs,	Bedford.	†Tremont,	Schuylkill.
*Sumacville,	Cambria.	*Trescow,	Carbon.
†Summerville,	Jefferson.	†Trevorton,	Northumberland.
*Summit Hill,	Carbon.	*Trevose,	Bucks.
*Summit Station,	Schuylkill.	*Trexler,	Berks.
*Summitown,	Montgomery.	*Trexlerstown,	Lehigh.
†Sunbury,	Northumberland.	*Trough Creek,	Huntingdon.
*Sunderlinville,	Potter.	*Trout Run,	Lycoming.
*Sunnybrook,	York.	*Troutville,	Clearfield.
*Sunny Side,	Allegheny.	*Troxeleville,	Snyder.
*Superior,	Westmoreland.	†Troy,	Bradford.
*Suzee,	Chester.	*Trucksville,	Luzerne.
*Surveyor,	Clearfield.	*Truemans,	Forest.
†Susquehanna,	Susquehanna.	*Trumbauersville,	Bucks.
*Sutersville,	Westmoreland.	*Tryonville,	Crawford.
†Swarthmore,	Delaware.	†Tullytown,	Bucks.
*Swartzville,	Lancaster.	*Tulpehocken,	Berks.
†Swatara Station,	Dauphin.	†Tunkhannock,	Wyoming.
*Sweet Valley,	Luzerne.	|| (Tunnelhill),	Cambria.
*Swengel,	Union.	*Tunnelton,	Indiana.
*Swiftwater,	Monroe.	*Turbotville,	Northumberland.
*Swineford,	Snyder.	*Turkey City,	Clarion.
*Swissvale,	Allegheny.	*Turnpike,	York.
*Sybertsville,	Luzerne.	†Turtle Creek,	Allegheny.
*Sycamore,	Greene.	*Turtlepoint,	McKean.
†Sykesville,	Jefferson.	*Tuscarora,	Schuylkill.
*Sylvan,	Franklin.	*Tusseyville,	Centre.
*Sylvania,	Bradford.	† (Twenty-second St.),	Philadelphia.
*Table Rock,	Adams.	*†Twin Lakes,	Pike.
†(Tacony),	Philadelphia.	|| (Two Taverns),	Adams.
*Tadon,	Pike.	†Tyler,	Clearfield.
*Tallmanville,	Wayne.	*Tyler Hill,	Wayne.
*Talmadge,	Lancaster.	*Tylersburg,	Clarion.
*Tamanend,	Schuylkill.	*Tylersport,	Montgomery.
†Tamaqua,	Schuylkill.	*Tylersville,	Clinton.
*Tamarack,	Clinton.	*Tyre,	Allegheny.
*Tangay,	Chester.	†Tyrone,	Blair.
*Tannetsville,	Monroe.	*Uhlerstown,	Bucks.
†Tarentum,	Allegheny.	*Uledi,	Fayette.
*Tarrs,	Westmoreland.	†Ulster,	Bradford.
*Tatamy,	Northampton.	†Ulysses,	Potter.
*Taylor,	Lackawanna.	† (Union Arcade),	Allegheny.
*Taylorstown,	Lancaster.	†Union City,	Erie.
†Telford,	Washington.	†Union Dale,	Susquehanna.
*Temple,	Montgomery.	*Union Deposit,	Dauphin.
*Templeton,	Berks.	*Union Furnace,	Huntingdon.
*Templeton,	Armstrong.	*Union Grove,	Lancaster.
*Temple,	Washington.	†Uniontown,	Fayette.
†(Terminal),	Allegheny.	*Unionville,	Chester.
*Terrace,	Allegheny.	†Untied,	Westmoreland.
*Terre Hill,	Lancaster.	†Unity Station,	Allegheny.
*Thomas,	Washington.	*Unityville,	Lycoming.
*Thomasville,	York.	*Universal,	Allegheny.
*Thompson,	Susquehanna.	*Upland,	Delaware.
†Thompsonstown,	Junata.	*Upper Black Eddy,	Bucks.
*Thorndale,	Chester.	†Upper Darby,	Delaware.
*Thornhurst,	Lackawanna.	†Upper Lehigh,	Luzerne.
*Thorton,	Delaware.	*Upper Middletown,	Fayette.
*Three Springs,	Huntingdon.	*Upper Strasburg,	Franklin.
*Throop,	Lackawanna.	† (Uptown),	Allegheny.
*Tiadaghton,	Tioga.	*Urban,	Northumberland.
*Tidal,	Armstrong.	*Ursina,	Somerset.
†Tidioute,	Warren.	*Uswick,	Wayne.
*Timblin,	Jefferson.	*Utahville,	Clearfield.
*Time,	Greene.	*Utica,	Venango.
*Tinicum,	Bucks.	*Uwchland,	Chester.
†Tioga,	Tioga.	†Valencia,	Butler.
†Tiona,	Warren.	*Valier,	Jefferson.
†Tionesta,	Forest.	*Valley Forge,	Chester.
*Tipton,	Blair.	*Valley Point,	Huntingdon.
†Titusville,	Crawford.	*Valley View,	Schuylkill.
*Tivoli,	Lycoming.	*Van,	Venango.
†Tobyhanna,	Monroe.	Vandal,	Warren.
*Todd,	Huntingdon.	†Vanderbilt,	Fayette.
*Tohickon,	Bucks.	†Vandergrift,	Westmoreland.
†Topton,	Berks.	*Vandling,	Lackawanna.
*Torpedo,	Warren.	*Vandyke,	Junata.
*Torrance,	Westmoreland.	†Van Meter,	Westmoreland.
†(Torresdale),	Philadelphia.	*Vanport,	Beaver.
*Torrey,	Wayne.	*Van Voorhis,	Washington.
*Toughkenamon,	Chester.	*Venango,	Crawford.
†Towanda,	Bradford.	*Venetia,	Washington.
†Tower City,	Schuylkill.	*Venus,	Venango.
*Town Hill,	Luzerne.	*Vera Cruz,	Lehigh.
*Townville,	Crawford.	†Vernfield,	Montgomery.
*Trade City,	Indiana.	*Vernon,	Wyoming.
†Trafford,	Westmoreland.	†Verona,	Allegheny.
*Transfer,	Mercer.	*Vestaburg,	Washington.
*Trappe,	Montgomery.	*Vicksburg,	Union.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

- *Wilpen, Westmoreland.
 Victoria, Fayette.
 †Villanova, Delaware.
 *Vinemont, Berks.
 *Vintage, Lancaster.
 †Vintondale, Cambria.
 *Virginville, Berks.
 *Voganville, Lancaster.
 †Volant, Lawrence.
 *Vosburg, Wyoming.
 *Vowinkel, Clarion.
 †(Wabash), Allegheny.
 *Waddle, Centre.
 *Wagner, Mifflin.
 *Wagontown, Chester.
 *†(Waldameer Park), Erie.
 *Walker Lake, Pike.
 *Wall, Allegheny.
 *Wallacetown, Clearfield.
 *Wallingford, Delaware.
 *Wallis Run, Lycoming.
 *Walnut, Juniata.
 Walnut Bend, Venango.
 *Walnut Bottom, Cumberland.
 †Walnutport, Northampton.
 *Walston, Jefferson.
 *Waltersburg, Fayette.
 †Wampum, Lawrence.
 *Wanamakers, Lehigh.
 *Wanamie, Luzerne.
 *Wapwallopen, Luzerne.
 *Ward, Delaware.
 *Warfordsburg, Fulton.
 *Warminster, Bucks.
 †Warren, Warren.
 *Warren Center, Bradford.
 *Warrendale, Allegheny.
 *Warrensville, Lycoming.
 *Warrington, Bucks.
 †Warriors Mark, Huntingdon.
 *Warwick, Chester.
 †Washington, Washington.
 *Washington Boro, Lancaster.
 *Washington Crossing, Bucks.
 *Washingtonville, Montour.
 *Waterfall, Fulton.
 †Waterford, Erie.
 *Waterman, Indiana.
 *Waterside, Bedford.
 *Water Street, Huntingdon.
 *Waterville, Lycoming.
 †Watsonstown, Northumberland.
 †Wattsburg, Erie.
 *Waverly, Lackawanna.
 *Wawa, Delaware.
 †Waymart, Wayne.
 †Wayne, Delaware.
 †Waynesboro, Franklin.
 †Waynesburg, Greene.
 †Weatherly, Carbon.
 †Webster, Westmoreland.
 *Webster Mills, Fulton.
 *Weedville, Elk.
 *Wehrum, Indiana.
 *Weikert, Union.
 *Weisel, Bucks.
 *Weisenburg, Lehigh.
 †Weissport, Carbon.
 *Welcome Lake, Pike.
 *Weldon, Montgomery.
 *Wellersburg, Somerset.
 †Wellsboro, Tioga.
 *Wellacreek, Somerset.
 *Wells Tannery, Fulton.
 *Wellsville, York.
 *Wendel, Westmoreland.
 †Wernersville, Berks.
 *Wertz, Blair.
 *Wescosville, Lehigh.
 *Weasley, Venango.
 †Wesleyville, Erie.
 †West Alexandria, Washington.
 *West Auburn, Susquehanna.
 *West Bridgewater, Beaver.
 †West Brownsville, Washington.
 †West Chester, Chester.
 Station:
 †Normal School.
 *†Westcoaling, Pike.
 *West Conshohocken, Montgomery.
 *West Decatur, Clearfield.
 *West Elizabeth, Allegheny.
 *West Fairview, Cumberland.
 *Westfield, Tioga.
 *West Finley, Washington.
 *Westford, Crawford.
 †Westgrove, Chester.
 *West Hanover, Dauphin.
 †West Hazleton, Luzerne.
 *West Hickory, Forest.
 †Westland, Washington.
 *West Lebanon, Indiana.
 *West Leesport, Fayette.
 *West Leisenring, Berks.
 †Westline, McKean.
 †(West Market Street), Philadelphia.
 †West Middlesex, Mercer.
 *West Middletown, Washington.
 *West Milton, Union.
 *West Monterey, Clarion.
 *Westmoreland City, Westmoreland.
 *West Moshannon, Clearfield.
 *West Nanticoke, Luzerne.
 †West Newton, Westmoreland.
 *Weston, Luzerne.
 *Westover, Clearfield.
 †(West Park), Philadelphia.
 †(West Philadelphia), Philadelphia.
 *West Pike, Potter.
 †West Pittsburgh, Lawrence.
 *West Point, Montgomery.
 *Westport, Clinton.
 *West Salisbury, Somerset.
 †(West Scranton), Lackawanna.
 *West Springfield, Erie.
 *West Sunbury, Butler.
 *Westtown, Chester.
 *Westville, Jefferson.
 *West Whiteland, Chester.
 *West Willow, Lancaster.
 †West Winfield, Butler.
 *Wexford, Allegheny.
 *Weyant, Bedford.
 *Wharton, Potter.
 *Wheatland, Mercer.
 *Wheelerville, Sullivan.
 *Whig Hill, Forest.
 *Whitaker, Allegheny.
 *White, Fayette.
 *Whitdeer, Union.
 *White Hall, Montour.
 †White Haven, Luzerne.
 *White Horse, Chester.
 *Whiteley, Greene.
 *Whitemarsh, Montgomery.
 *White Mills, Wayne.
 *Whiteoak, Lancaster.
 *Whiteline, Lycoming.
 *White Rock, Lancaster.
 *Whitesburg, Armstrong.
 *Whites Valley, Wayne.
 *Whitford, Chester.
 †Whitney, Westmoreland.
 *Whitsett, Fayette.
 *Wick, Butler.
 *Wickhaven, Fayette.
 *Wiconisco, Dauphin.
 *Widnoon, Armstrong.
 *Wila, Perry.
 *Willawana, Bradford.
 *Wilburton, Columbia.
 †Wilcox, Elk.
 *Wildwood, Allegheny.
 †Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne.
 Branch Post Offices:
 †Ashley,
 †Kingston,
 †Luzerne,
 †Parsons,
 *Peely,
 *Sugar Notch.
 †Wilkinsburg, Allegheny.
 *Williams Grove, Cumberland.
 *William Penn, Montgomery.
 †Williamsburg, Blair.
 *Williamson, Franklin.
 *Williamson School, Delaware.
 †Williamsport, Lycoming.
 Independent Station:
 †Newberry.
 †Williamstown, Dauphin.
 *Willock, Allegheny.
 *Willow Grove, Montgomery.
 *Willow Hill, Franklin.
 *Willow Street, Lancaster.
 †Wilmerding, Allegheny.
 *Wilmore, Cambria.

POST OFFICES IN PENNSYLVANIA—Concluded.

*Wilpen,	Westmoreland.	*Wrights,	McKean.
†Wilson,	Allegheny.	*Wrightstown,	Bucks.
†Winburne,	Clearfield.	†Wrightsville,	York.
†Windber,	Somerset.	†Wyalusing,	Bradford.
Branch Post Office:		*Wyano,	Westmoreland.
†Scalp Level.		*Wycombe,	Bucks.
†Windgap,	Northampton.	*Wyebrooke,	Chester.
*Wind Ridge,	Greene.	*Wylandville,	Washington.
*Windsor,	York.	†Wyncote,	Montgomery.
*Winfield,	Union.	†Wynnewood,	Montgomery.
*Wingate,	Centre.	†Wyoming,	Luzerne.
Winslow,	Jefferson.	†Wyomissing,	Berks.
*Winterdale,	Wayne.	*Wysox,	Bradford.
*Winton,	Lackawanna.	†Yardley,	Bucks.
*Wireton,	Allegheny.	*Yarnell,	Centre.
*Wishaw,	Jefferson.	†Yatesboro,	Armstrong.
*Wismer,	Bucks.	*Yeadon,	Delaware.
*Witmer,	Lancaster.	†Yeagertown,	Mifflin.
*Wolfsburg,	Bedford.	*Yellow Creek,	Bedford.
*Wolfs Store,	Centre.	*Yellow House,	Berks.
†Womelsdorf,	Berks.	*Yerkes,	Montgomery.
*Wood,	Huntingdon.	*Yoe,	York.
*Woodbine,	York.	*Yohoghany,	Westmoreland.
*Woodbourne,	Bucks.	†York,	York.
*Woodbury,	Bedford.	*Yorkhaven,	York.
†Woodland,	Clearfield.	*York New Salem, ..	York.
†Woodlawn,	Beaver.	*York Springs,	Adams.
*Woodmont,	Montgomery.	*Youngdale,	Clinton.
*Woodrow,	Washington.	*Youngstown,	Westmoreland.
*Woodruff,	Greene.	†Youngsville,	Warren.
*Woodside,	Bucks.	†Youngwood,	Westmoreland.
*Woodville,	Allegheny.	*Yukon,	Westmoreland.
*Woodward,	Centre.	†Zellenopie,	Butler.
†Woolrich,	Clinton.	*Zenith,	Luzerne.
*Worcester,	Montgomery.	*Zerbe,	Schuylkill.
*Wormleysburg,	Cumberland.	*Zieglerville,	Montgomery.
*Worthington,	Armstrong.	*Zion,	Centre.
*Worthville,	Jefferson.	*Zion Grove,	Schuylkill.
*Woxall,	Montgomery.	*Zionhill,	Bucks.
		*Zionsville,	Lehigh.
		*Zullinger,	Franklin.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Concluded.

Sewickley (3),
 Sharpsburg,
 Shields,
 Smithdale,
 South Hills,
 Springdale,
 (Squirrel Hill),
 Sturgeon,
 Sunny Side,
 Swissvale,
 Tarentum (4).

(Terminal),
 Terrace,
 Turtle Creek,
 Tyre,
 Union Arcade,
 Unity Station,
 Universal,
 (Uptown),
 Verona (1),
 (Wabash),
 Wall,

Warrendale,
 West Elizabeth,
 Westford (2),
 Whitaker,
 Whitewood,
 Wilkinsburg,
 Willock,
 Winding,
 Wilson,
 Wireton,
 Woodville.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Adrian,
 Apollo (4),
 Atwood,
 Brickchurch (1),
 Cadogan,
 Chokasaw,
 Cochran Mills,
 Cowansville (1),
 Craigsville,
 Dayton (3),
 Distant,
 Echo (1),
 Eamon,
 Elderton,
 Ford City (2),
 Ford Cliff,

Freeport (2),
 Furace Run,
 Girty,
 Jambetta,
 Kaylor,
 Kelly Station (1),
 KITTAKAWA (7),
 Leechburg (2),
 Logansport,
 McGowan,
 Mahoning (1),
 Mamersville,
 Matcer,
 Mosgrove (2),
 Nu Mine,
 Oak Ridge,
 Parkers Landing (6),

Pierce,
 Queenstown,
 Rimer (1),
 Rosston,
 Rural Valley,
 Sagamore,
 Schenley,
 Seminole,
 South Bend,
 Spring Church,
 Templeton,
 Tidal,
 Whitesburg,
 Widnoon,
 Worthington (2),
 Yatesboro (1).

BEAVER COUNTY.

Aliquippa,
 Ambridge,
 Baden (1),
 BEAVER (2),
 Beaver Falls 4,
 Cannelton,
 Conway,
 Darlington (2),
 Fombell (1),
 Freedom (1),

Georgetown (1),
 Hookstown (2),
 Industry (1),
 Koppel,
 Midland,
 Monaca (1),
 New Brighton (2),
 New Galilee (2),
 New Sheffield (3),
 Racine,

Rochester (1),
 Shippingport,
 Smiths Ferry (1),
 South Heights,
 Vanport,
 West Bridgewater,
 Woodlawn.

BEDFORD COUNTY.

Alum Bank (1),
 Artemas,
 Bakers Summit,
 BEDFORD (5),
 Breezewood (1),
 Buffalo Mills (1),
 Cessna (1),
 Chaneyville,
 Chapmans Run,
 Clearville (2),
 Cumberland Valley (1),
 Defiance,
 Elbinsville,
 Everett (6),
 Fishertown,
 Fossilville,
 Hopewell (1),
 Hyndman (1),

Jailer (1),
 Inglesmith,
 Kearney,
 Kegg,
 Kephart,
 Langsteadale,
 Leysong,
 Lutzville (1),
 Madley,
 Manns Choice (1),
 New Buena Vista,
 New Enterprise (1),
 New Paris (1),
 Osterburg (1),
 Pavia,
 Pineycreek,
 Point,
 Purcell,
 Queen,

Rainburg,
 Reynoldsdale,
 Riddlesburg,
 Saint Clairsville,
 Salemville,
 Saxton (1),
 Schellburg (1),
 Silvermills,
 Six Mile Run (1),
 Springhope,
 Sulphur Springs,
 Waterside,
 Wervant,
 Wolfsburg (1),
 Woodbury (1),
 Yellow Creek.

BERKS COUNTY.

Albany,
 Athol,
 Bally,
 Barto (2),
 Bechtelsville (1),
 Berks,
 Berne,
 Bernharts,
 Bernville (3),
 Bethel (1),
 Birdsboro (2),
 Blandon,
 Bowers,
 Boyertown (3),
 Calcium,
 Centerport,
 Chapel,
 Clayton,
 Dauberville,
 Douglassville (2),
 Dryville,
 Earlville,
 Esterly,
 Evansville,

Fleetwood (3),
 Geigers Mills (1),
 Gibraltar,
 Georgesville,
 Griesemersville,
 Grinnville,
 Hamburg (4),
 Hancock,
 Hereford,
 Host,
 Jacksonwald,
 Joanna,
 Kempton (2),
 Klinesville,
 Krumsville,
 Kutztown (4),
 Landis Store,
 Leesport (1),
 Lenhartsville (1),
 Lincolnton,
 Lorane,
 Lyon Station,
 Maiden Creek,

Manatawny,
 Maxatawny,
 Meekville,
 Mertztown (2),
 Mohnton (2),
 Mohrsville (1),
 Molltown,
 Monocacy,
 Monocacy Station,
 Montello,
 Monterey,
 Morgantown,
 Mount Aetna,
 Mountain,
 Mount Penn,
 New Berlinville,
 Oley (2),
 Pine Forge,
 READING (2),
 Rehlersburg,
 Robesonla (2),
 Ryeland,
 Scarlets Mill,

BERKS COUNTY—Concluded.

Shamrock Station,
Shanesville,
Shartlesville,
Shillington,
Shoemakersville (1),
Sinking Spring (3),
Spangsville,
Stonersville,

Stony Creek Mills (1),
Stony Run,
Stouchsburg,
Strausstown,
Temple (1),
Topton,
Trexler,
Tulpehocken,

Vinemont,
Virginville,
Wernersville (1),
West Leesport (1),
Womelsdorf (1),
Wyomissing,
Yellow House.

BLAIR COUNTY.

Altoona (3),
Branch Post Offices:
East Altoona,
El Dorado,
Juniata,
Lakemont,
Barbara,
Bellwood (1),
Blairfour,
Canoe Creek,
Claysburg (1),
Cove Forge,
Curryville,

Duncansville (2),
East Altoona,
East Freedom (1),
El Dorado,
Frankstown,
Ganister,
Glenwhite,
Henrietta (1),
HOLLIDAYSBURG (3),
Juniata,
Klahr,
Lakemont,
McKee,

Martinsburg (2),
Mines,
Newry,
Ore Hill,
Roaring Spring (1),
Royer,
Sprout,
Tipton,
Tyrone (5),
Wertz,
Williamsburg (2).

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Alba (1),
Athens (3),
Burlington,
Cadis,
Camptown,
Canton (3),
Columbia Cross Roads (3),
East Smithfield,
Gillett (3),
Granville Summit (2),

Grover
Laquin,
Le Raysville (1),
Le Roy,
Milan (2),
Monroeton (1),
Neath,
New Albany (3),
Orwell,

Overton (1),
Potterville,
Powell (1),
Rome (2),
Rummerfeld (3),
Sayre (2),
Snedekerville (1),
Standing Stone,
Stevensville (1),
Sugar Run (1),

Sylvania,
TOWANDA (7),
Troy (5),
Ulster (4),
Warren Center (1),
Willawana,
Wyalusing (4),
Wysox (2).

BUCKS COUNTY.

Almont,
Andalusia,
Aquetong,
Argus,
Bedminster,
Blooming Glen,
Bridgewater,
Bristol (2),
Branch Post Office:
Harriman.
Brownsburg,
Buckingham,
Buckingham Valley,
Buckmanville,
Bucksville,
Carversville,
Centre Bridge,
Chalfont (1),
Churchville,
Cornwells Heights,
Curley Hill,
Danboro,
Davisville,
Dollington,
DOYLESTOWN (2),
Dublin,
Durham,
Eddington,
Edison,
Erwinna,

Fallisington,
Farm School,
Feasterville,
Ferndale,
Forest Grove,
Fountainville,
Fricks,
Furlong,
Gardenville,
George School,
Grenoble,
Hagersville,
(Harriman).
Harrow,
Hartsville,
Haycock Run,
Hilltown,
Helicong,
Holland,
Hulmeville,
Ivyland (1),
Jamison,
Johnsville,
Kellers Church,
Kintnersville (1),
Lahaska,
Langhorne (1),
Lane Lexington,
Lumberville (1),

Mechanics Valley,
Mechanicsville,
Milford Square,
Morrisville (1),
Mozart,
Neshaminy,
New Britain,
New Hope (1),
Newportville,
Newtown (3),
Oakford,
Ottsville (1),
Oxford Valley,
Parkland,
Penns Park,
Perkasie (4),
Pineville,
Pipersville (1),
Pleasant Valley,
Plumsteadville,
Point Pleasant,
Quakertown (5),
Revere,
Richboro,
Richlandtown,
Riegelsville (1),
Roelofs,
Rushland,
Sellersville (2),

Shelly,
Siles,
Silverdale,
Solebury,
Southampton,
South Langhorne,
Spinnerstown,
Springtown,
Steinsburg,
Stoopville,
Tinicum,
Tohickon,
Trevose,
Trumbauersville,
Tullytown,
Uhlerstown,
Upper Black Eddy (1),
Warminster,
Warrington,
Washington Crossing,
Weisel,
Wismer,
Woodbourne,
Woodside,
Wrightstown,
Wycombe,
Yardley (1),
Zionhill.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Argentine,
Bovard,
Boyers (1),
Branchton,
Bruin,
BUTLER (8),
Cabot (2),
Callery,
Chicora (5),
Claytonia,

Conoquenessing,
Deegan,
Downleville,
East Butler,
Eau Claire,
Euclid (2),
Evans City (3),
Fenelton (2),
Ferris,
Great Belt,
Harmony (2),

Harrisville (4),
Herman,
Hilliards (1),
Karns City (2),
Keisters (2),
Lyndora,
Mars (2),
Marwood,
North Washington (1),
Petrolia (1),
Portersville (3),

Prospect (2),
Queen Junction,
Renfrew (2),
Sarver (2),
Saxonsburg (2),
Slippery Rock (5),
Valencia (2),
West Sunbury (4),
West Winfield,
Wick,
Zellenople (1).

CAMBERIA COUNTY.

Amsbury, Ashville (1), Barnesboro (2), Beaverdale, Belsano, Blandburg, Bracken, Carrolltown (1), Cassandra, Chest Springs, Colver, Conemaugh, Coupon, Cresson (1), Cymbria Mines, Dean, Dunlo,	Dysart (1), EBENSBURG (2), Ehrenfeld, Elmora, Elton, Emeigh, Expedit, Fallentimber (1), Flinton (1), Frugality, Gallitzin, Gelstown, Glasgow, Hastings (1), Hilltop,	Johnstown (7), Branch Post Office: Conemaugh, Lilly (1), Lloydell, Loretto (1), Marsteller, Mineral Point (1), Mountaindale, Nanty Glo, Nettleton, Nicktown, Onnialinda, Parkhill, Patton (2), Portage (1),	Revloc, Ruthford, Saint Benedict, Saint Bonifacius, Saint Lawrence, Saint Michael, Salix, Saxman, Scalp Level, Sidman, Sonman, South Fork (2), Spangler, Summerhill, (Tunnelhill), Vintondale (1), Wilmore (2),
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CAMERON COUNTY.

Cameron, Driftwood (1),	EMPORIUM (3),	Firstfork, Sinnaamahoning,	Sizerville, Sterling Run,
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CARBON COUNTY.

Albrightsville, Aquashicola, Ashfield, Audenried, Beaver Meadows, Bowmanstown,	Christmans, East Mauch Chunk, Hatchery, Junedale, Lansford, Lehlghton (5),	MAUCH CHUNK, Branch Post Office: East Mauch Chunk, Nesquehoning (1), Packerton, Palmerton (2),	Parryville, Summithill, Tresckow, Weatherly (2), Weissport.
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CENTRE COUNTY.

Aaronsburg, BELLEFONTE (4), Benore, Blanchard, Boalsburg, Center Hall (1), Clarence, Coburn, Curtin, Fleming (1), Howard (3),	Hublersburg, Julian (1), Kato, Lemont, Linden Hall, Livonia, Madisonburg, Martha Furnace, Milesburg, Millhelm, Mingoville, Monument,	Moshannon, Nittany (1), Oak Hall Station, Orviston, Phillipsburg (1), Pine Glen, Pine Grove Mills, Pleasant Gap, Port Matilda (2), Powelton, Rebersburg, Runville,	Sandy Ridge, Smulston, Snow Shoe, Spring Mills (2), State College (1), Tusseyville, Waddle, Wingate, Wolfs Store, Woodward, Yarnell, Zion (1).
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CHESTER COUNTY.

Anselma, Atglen, Avondale (1), Barneston, Barnesley, Berwyn (1), Birchrunville, Brandamore, Buck Run, Chadds Ford Junction, Chatham, Chester Springs (1), Coatesville (5), Cochranville (2), Collamer, Cosart, Cupola, Devault, Devon, Downingtwn (2), Duffryn Mawr, East Downingtwn, Elkview, Elverson (3),	Embreeville (1), Exton, Fairville, Font, Frazier, Fricks Lock, Glenloch, Glenmoore (2), Glenrose, Guthrieville, Hickoryhill, Honey Brook (2), Immaculata, Isabella, Kaolin, Kelton, Kembsville, Kennett Square (2), Kimberton, Landsenberg (2), Lensape, Lenover, Lewisville, Lincoln University (1), Lionville,	London Grove, Lyndell, Malvern (2), Marsh, Mendenhall, Mill, Modena, Morstein, Mortonville, New Centerville, New Garden, New London, (Normal School), Northbrook, Nottingham (3), Oakbourne, Oxford (4), Paoli, Parker Ford, Parkesburg (2), Pennhurst, Phoenixville (4), Pocopson, Pomeroy, Rosedale, Russellville,	Sadsburyville, Saint Peters, Sheeder, Spring City (2), Steelville, Strafford, Strickersville, Suplee, Tanguy, Thorndale (1), Toughkenamon, Tredyffrin, Unionville, Uwchland, Valley Forge, Wagontown, Warwick, WEST CHESTER (7), Station: Normal School, Westgrove (2), Westtown, West Whiteland, White Horse, Whitford, Wyebrooke.
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CLARION COUNTY.

Alum Rock, Arthurs, Blairs Corners, Callensburg, Catfish, CLARION (1), Climax, Crown, Curlsville,	Dutch Hill, East Brady (1), Fairmount City (1), Fern, Fisher, Foxburg, Fryburg, Gordontown, Hawthorn,	Helen Furnace, Huefner, Huey, Kingsville, Knox (3), Kossuth, Lamartine, Lawsonham (1), Leeper,	Lickingville, Limestone, Lucinda (1), Marble, Mayport (4), Miola, Monroe, New Bethlehem (6), Newmansville (1),
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CLARION COUNTY—Concluded.

North Pine Grove,
Philipston,
Redbank,
Reidsburg.
Rimersburg (2).

Saint Charles,
Saint Petersburg,
Shippensburg (2),
Spartanburg,

Strattonville (1),
Strattonville

Tyler, John;
Vowinkel,
West Monterey (1).

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Allport,
Anderson Creek.
Ansonville,
Beccaria,
Bells Landing,
Berwinsdale (1),
Bigler,
Boardman,
Brisbin,
Burnside,
Carnwath,
CLEARFIELD (5),
Coalport,
Coudley (1),
Curry Run,
Curwensville (1),
Drifting,
DuBois (3).

Fells
 Falls Creek (1),
 Frenchville,
 Ginter,
 Glenhope,
 Glen Richey,
 Grampian (2),
 Gravelly
 Green Run,
 Houtzdale (1),
 Hyde,
 Irvona,
 Kothaus,
 Keewaydin,
 Keweenaw (2),
 Kylertown,
 La Jose,
 Lanse,

Leontes Mills,
Lumber City,
Ludborough (1),
McCartney,
Meliss Mills (2),
Madera,
Mahaffey (3),
Morann,
Morrissdale (1),
Munson (1),
New Millport (2),
New Washington,
Olanta,
Oscola Mills (2),
Oshanter,
Penfield (1),
Pottersdale,
Ramey,
Reckton (1).

Rose Bud,
Schule (1),
Shawville,
Smithmill,
Sneekerm,
Surveyor,
Troutville,
Utahville (2),
Wallaceton,
West Decatur (1),
West Moshannon,
Westover (2),
Winburne,
Woodland (1).

CLINTON COUNTY.

Avis,
Beech Creek (1),
Bitumen,
Booneville,
Castanea,
Chatham Run,
Clintondale,
Farrandsville.

Flemington,
Gleasonston,
Hammersley Fork,
Lamar.

LOCK HAVEN (1),
Logan Mills,
Loganton (2).
Mill Haven,
Millersville,
Mill Creek (2),
North Bend,
Pine Station.

Rauchtown,
Pawnee,
Salona (1),
Tamarack,
Towersville,
Westport,
Woolrich,
Youngdale.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Almedia,
Aristes,
Benton (5),
Berwick (3),
BLOOMSBURG (6),
Briar Creek.

Berkborn,
Catawissa (5),
Centralia,
Espv.
Eyers Grove,
Forks,
Jamison City (1).

Jerseytown (1),
Light Street,
Mainville (1),
Mullinville,
Millville (3),
Numidia,
Orangeville (2).

Pine Summit,
Roaring Creek,
Rohrsburg (1),
Rapert,
Stillwater (1),
Wilburton.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Adamsville,
Atlantic (1),
Cambridge Springs (6),
Centerville (5),
Cochrannton (6),
Conneaut Lake (4),
Conneaut Lake Park,

Conneautville (5),
Espyville Station (1),
Geneva (1),
Guys Mills (4),
Harmonsbury,
Hartstown (2),
Hydetown.

Linesville (4),
MEADVILLE (9),
Riceville,
Scranton (3),
Spartansburg (4),
Springboro (3),
Titusville (5).

Tennsville (2),
Tennsville (2),
Venango (1),
Westford (1).

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Allen,
Barnitz,
Boiling Springs (1),
Bowmansdale,
Camp Hill (1),
CARLISLE (9),
Carlisle Springs,
Dickinson,
Doubling Gap,

Enola,
Goodyear,
Grantham,
Greason,
Huntsdale,
Lees Cross Roads,
Lemoyne,
Lisburn,
McCrea.

Mechanicsburg (6),
Mount Holly Springs,
Newburg (1),
New Cumberland (1),
New Kingstown,
Newville (5),
Oakville,
Pine Grove Furnace,
Plainfield.

Shepherdstown,
Shippensburg (6).
Shiremanstown,
Walnut Bottom,
West Fairview,
Williams Grove.
Wormleysburg.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Bachmanville (1),
Berrysburg,
Bressler,
Dauphin (1),
Deodate,
Elizabethville (1),
Enders.

Enhaut,
Fisherville,
Fort Hunter,
Grantville (1),
Gratz (1),
Halifax (3).

HARRISBURG (5),
Station:
Hill,
Hershey (2),
High Spire,
(Hill).
Hummelstown (2).

Linglestown (2),
Loyalton,
Lucknow,
Lykens,
Middletown (3),

DAUPHIN COUNTY—Concluded.

Millersburg (2),
Oberlin,
Paxton,
Penbrook,
Piketown.

Pillow (1),
Powls Valley,
Progress,
Royalton,
Rutherford Heights.

Speeceville,
Steelton,
Swatara Station,
Union Deposit,

West Hanover,
Wiconisco,
Williamstown.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Addingham,
 Alaska,
 Booliwyn (1),
 Brandywine Summit (1),
 Buffalo,
 Buckhorn,
 Cardington,
 Chadds Ford (1),
 Chester (1),
 Chester Heights,
 Cherry Hill,
 Clinton, Fairview,
 Concordville,
 Crum Lynne,
 Dafford.

Darling,
 Drexel Hill,
 Edgemont,
 Elwyn,
 Essington,
 Fernwood,
 Folsom,
 Folsom,
 Glen Mills (1),
 Glen Mills
 Glen Riddle,
 Gradyville,
 Holmes,
 Hottel,
 Lansdowne.

Lenni Mills,
Lester,
Lima,
Marcus Hook,
Mackinac,
MEDIA (3),
Middletown,
Morton,
Mount Alverno,
Murray,
Newman Square (2)
Norwood Station,
Oakview,
Primos,
Ridley Park.

Puddledge,
 Saint Davids,
 Sharkey,
 Sharon Hill,
 Swarthmore,
 Tintinham,
 Upland,
 Upper Darby,
 Villanova,
 Wallingford,
 Wawa,
 Wayne (1),
 Williamson School,
 Yeadon.

CLK COUNTS

Brandy Camp,
Brockport (1),
Byrnedale,
Dagus Mines.

Dahoga,
Dents Run,
De Young,
Ellen,
Force,
Hudson,
Instantier.

James City,
Johns Creek,
Kersey (1),
Medix Run,
Portland Mills,
Rock Hill,
Windsor (1)

Sackett,
Saint Marys (2),
Shawmut,
Straight,
Weedville (1),
Wilcox (1).

ERIE COUNTY.

Albion (3),
Corry (8),
Cranville (2);
East Springfield (1),
Hingham (6),
Elgin,
Hill (8),
Stations:
Cranville (1444),

Franklin Park,
 (Brent).
 Liberty Club,
 (Huron).
 South Erie.
 Waldameer Park,
 (Huron).
 Fairview (2),
 (Franklin Park).
 Girard (3).

Harbour Creek (2),
Lavery,
(Liberty Club),
Lundys Lane,
McKean (2),
Mill Village (1),
Moorheadville,
North East (6),
North Girard (1),
North Springfield (1).

Plates.
(South Erie).
Union City (7),
Wattsburg (4),
West Springfield (1).

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Adah (1),
Adelaide,
Alicia,
Allison,
Barnes,
Belle Vernon (2),
Bidwell,
Braznell,
Brier Hill,
Broad Ford,
Broomfield,
Brownsville (1),
Bryner Run,
Chubbitt,
Champion (1),
Cheat River (2),
Chestnut Ridge,
Clovertop,
Connellsville (3),
Dawson (1),
Dickerson Run,
Dunbar (2).

East Millshoro (1),
 Elliottsville,
 Everson,
 Fairbank,
 Fairchance,
 Farmington (1),
 Fayette City (1),
 Freed,
 Gans,
 Grays Landing,
 Grindstone (1),
 Guyaux,
 Hagen,
 Hillsboro,
 Homewood,
 Indian Creek,
 Indian Head,
 La Belle,
 Lamberton,
 Layton,

Leckrone,
Leisening,
Leisner, Eugene,
McClellandtown (1),
Markleysburg,
Martin,
Masonstown (1),
Melcroft,
Messinger,
Mill Run (1),
Mount Pleasant,
Mount Sterling,
Newcomer,
Newell,
New Geneva,
New Salem (1),
Normalville (1),
Ohiopyle,
Olyphant Furnace,
Oliver,
Orient,
Outcrop.

Owensdale,
Perryopolis (2),
Point Marion (1),
Ronco,
Smithfield (3),
Smock (1),
South Brownsville,
South Connellsville,
Starjunction,
Uledi,
UNIONTOWN (5),
Upper Middletown (1),
Vanderbilt (1),
Victoria,
Waltersburg,
West Leisenring,
White,
Whitsett,
Wickharen.

FOREST COUNTY.

Brookston,
Clarrington,
Cooksburg,
Cooper Tract,
East Hickory,
Endeavor.

Gilfoyle,
Hartsville,
Kelleysville,
Lynch,
Marienville,
Mayburg.

Mazette,
Nebraska,
Parrish,
Pigeon,
Starr.

TIONESTA (11).
 TIONESTA
 WING 1011.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Altenwald,
Amberson,
Blackgap,
Blue Ridge Summit,

Buena Vista Spring,
CHAMBERSBURG (11),
Charmian,
Concord.

Doylesburg,
Dry Run,
Edenville,
Fannettsburg.

Fayetteville (2),
Foltz,
Fort Loudon,
Freestone,

FRANKLIN COUNTY—Concluded.

Greencastle (4),
Lemasters,
Lurgan,
Marion,
Mason and Dixon (1),
Mercersburg (4),
Metal,
Midvale,

Mont Alto (1),
Mowersville (1),
Orrstown,
Pen Mar,
Pleasant Hall,
Quincy,
Richmond Furnace,
Rouzerville (1),

Roxbury,
Saint Thomas,
Scotland,
Shadygrove,
South Mountain,
Spring Run,
State Line,
Stonypoint,

Sylvan (1),
Upper Strasburg,
Waynesboro (4),
Williamson (1),
Willow Hill,
Zuillinger.

FULTON COUNTY.

Akersville,
Amaranth (1),
Andover,
Big Cove Tannery,
Burnt Cabins,
Cito,
Clear Ridge,
Crystal Spring,

Dickeys Mountain,
Emmaville,
Enid,
Fort Littleton,
Harrisonville,
Hiram,
Hustontown,
Knobsville,

Laidig,
Lashley,
McCONNELLSBURG,
Needmore (2),
New Grenada,
Northcraft,
Pleasant Ridge,
Plum Run,

Saluvia,
Sharpe,
Sipes Mill,
Waynesburg (1),
Waterfall,
Webster Mills,
Wells Tannery.

GREENE COUNTY.

Alleppo,
Brave,
Bristoria,
Carmichaels (2),
Clarksville (2),
Crucible,
Davistown,
Deep Valley,
Deer Lick (2),
Dilliner (1),

Dunkard (1),
Fordyce,
Garrison (1),
Greensboro (1),
Harveys (2),
Holbrook,
Jefferson,
Jollytown,
Khedive,
Kirby (1),
Mapletown,

Mather,
Mount Morris (2),
Ned,
Nemacolin,
New Freeport (1),
Nineveh,
Pine Bank (2),
Rices Landing (1),
Rogersville (1),
Rutan,
Sand Rock,

Spraggs (1),
Sycamore (1),
Time,
WAYNESBURG (7),
Whiteley,
Wind Ridge (1),
Woodruff.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

Aitch,
Alexandria (1),
Barree,
Birmingham,
Blairs Mills (1),
Broad Top,
Calvin,
Cassville,
Charter Oak,
Coles Summit,
Colfax,
Decorum,
Dudley,

Entrioken,
Franklinville,
Grafton (1),
Graysville,
HUNTINGDON (3),
Jacob,
James Creek,
McAlevey's Fort (1),
McConnellstown,
McNeal,
Maddensville,
Manor Hill,
Mapleton Depot (1),

Mather,
Mill Creek,
Mount Union (1),
Neelyton,
Neffs Mills,
Orblanola,
Pennsylvania Furnace
(1)
Petersburg (1),
Robertsdale,
Rockhill Furnace,
Saltito,
Saulsburg,

Shade Gap,
Shade Valley,
Shirleysburg (1),
Shy Beaver,
Spruce Creek,
Three Springs (2),
Todd,
Trough Creek,
Union Furnace,
Valley Point,
Warriors Mark (1),
Water Street,
Wood.

INDIANA COUNTY.

Alverda,
Arcadia,
Armagh,
Aultman,
Beyer,
Black Lick (1),
Blairsville (4),
Bolts,
Brush Valley,
Chambersville,
Cherry Tree (2),
Claghorn,
Clarksburg,
Clyde,
Clymer (2),
Coral,
Cramer,
Creekside (2),

Dilltown,
Dixonville,
Edri,
Elders Ridge,
Ernest,
Georgeville,
Gipsy,
Glen Campbell,
Gracetown,
Helliwood,
Heshbon,
Hillsdale,
Home (2),
Homer City (2),
Huff,
Idamar,
INDIANA (6),
Iselin,

Josephine,
Juneau,
Kent,
Lochvale,
Loop,
Lovejoy (1),
Lucernemines,
McIntyre,
Marchand,
Marion Center (3),
Mooween,
Nolo,
Northpoint (1),
Parkwood (1),
Penn Run (2),
Plumville,
Reed,

Robinson,
Rochester Mills (3),
Rossiter (1),
Saltsburg (2),
Shelock (2),
Sidney,
Smicksburg (2),
Smokeless,
Starford,
Strongstown,
Trade City,
Tunnelton,
Waterman,
Wehrum,
West Lebanon.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Anita,
Baxter (2),
Big Run (1),
Bowersville,
Brockwayville (2),
BROOKVILLE (6),
Cloe,
Coal Glen,
Conifer,
Coolspring,

Corsica,
Crenshaw,
De Lancey,
Desire,
Dora,
Eleanor,
Erdice,
Frostburg,
Fumondaga,
Grange,

Hamilton,
Hazen,
Heathville,
Horatio,
Knox Dale,
Lanes Mills,
(Lindsey),
Markton,
Munderr,
Ohi,

Oliveburg,
Pansy,
Pardus,
Porter,
Punxsutawney (5),
Station:
Lindsey,
Ramsaytown,
Rathmel,
Reynoldsville (4),

JEFFERSON COUNTY—Concluded.

Richardsville
Ringgold,
Sandy Valley.
Sigel (2),

Soldier,
Sprankle Mills,
Summersville (1),
Sykesville,

Timblin,
Valter,
Walston,
Westville,

Winslow,
Wishaw,
Worthville.

JUNIATA COUNTY.

Academia,
Blacklog,
Bunkertown,
Cocolamus,
Doyle Mills,
East Waterford (1),
Honey Grove (1),

Kilmer,
McAllisterville (2),
McCoyssville,
Mexico,
Mifflin (1),
MIFFLINTOWN (3),
Nook,

Oakland Mills,
Okeson,
Oriental,
Path,
Perulack (1),
Port Royal (2),
Reeds Gap,

Richfield (2),
Spruce Hill (1),
Thompsontown (1),
Vandyke,
Walnut.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Archbald,
Carbondale (1),
Childs,
Clarks Green,
Clarks Summit (3),
Cortez,
Dalton (3),
Dickson,
Drinker,
Dunmore,
Edella,
Elmhurst (1),

Eynon,
Fleetville,
Jermyn (1),
Jessup,
Lake Sheridan,
Laplume,
Marshwood,
Mayfield,
Moosic,
Moscow (3),
Old Forge,

Olyphant (1),
Branch Post Office:
Throop,
Peckville,
Pershing,
Ransom (1),
SCRANTON (3),
Branch Post Offices:
Dickson,
Dunmore,
Moosic,
Old Forge,
Taylor,

Station:
West Scranton,
Simpson,
Taylor,
Thornhurst,
Throop,
Vandling,
Waverly,
(West Scranton),
Winton.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Adamstown,
Akron,
Bainbridge (1),
Bareville (1),
Bart,
Bartville,
Bausman,
Beartown,
Billmeyer,
Bird in Hand (1),
Blainsport,
Blue Ball,
Bowmansville,
Brickerville,
Brownstown,
Brunnerville,
Cains,
Cambridge,
Chestnut Level,
Christiana (2),
Churchtown,
Clay,
Columbia (2),
Conestoga,
Denver (2),
Drumore (2),
Durlach,
East Earl (2),
East Petersburg,
Elizabethtown (4),
Elm,
Ephrata (4),

Fairmount,
Falmouth,
Farmersville,
Fetterville,
Florin,
Fulton House,
Furniss,
Gap (2),
Goodville,
Gordonville (2),
Goshen,
Greene,
Groffs Store,
Hensel,
Hessdale,
Hollinger,
Holtwood (1),
Hopeland,
Intercourse,
Kinzers (1),
Kirkwood (1),
Lampeter,
LANCASTER (8),
Landisville,
Lapark,
Leacock,
Leaman Place,
Leola,
Lincoln,
Littitz (5),
Little Britain,
McSparran,

Manheim (6),
Marletta (1),
Martindale,
Mascot,
Mastersonville,
Maytown,
Mechanic Grove,
Millersville (1),
Millway,
Mount Hope,
Mount Joy (3),
Mount Nebo,
Mountville,
Murrell,
Narvon (2),
Neffsville,
New Danville,
New Holland (3),
New Providence (1),
Nickel Mines,
Ninepoints,
Paradise (1),
Peach Bottom (2),
Penryn,
Pequea (1),
Pleasant Grove,
Quarryville (5),
Reamstown,
Refton,
Reinholds Station (2),
Rheema,
Rohrerstown,

Ronks (2),
Rothville,
Rowenna,
Safe Harbor (2),
Salisbury,
Salunga,
Schoeneck,
Silver Spring,
Smithville,
Smoketown,
Soudersburg,
Stevens (2),
Strasburg (1),
Swartzville,
Talmage,
Taylora,
Terre Hill,
Union Grove,
Vintage,
Voganville,
Washington Boro. (1),
West Willow (1),
Whiteoak,
White Rock (1),
Willow Street (1),
Witmer.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Bessemer,
East Brook (1),
Edinburg (2),
Ellwood City (3),
Enon Valley (2),

Hillsville,
(Mahoningtown).
New Bedford,
NEW CASTLE (8),

Station:
Mahoningtown,
New Wilmington (2),
Pulaski (2),

Rose Point,
Volant (4),
Wampum (2),
West Pittsburg.

LEBANON COUNTY.

Annville (3),
Avon,
Campbelltown,
Cleona,
Coblebrook,
Cornwall,
Fredericksburg (1),

Jonestown (2),
Kleinfeltersville,
Lawn,
LEBANON (8),
Lickdale,
Lotell,
Mount Getma,

Myerstown (4),
Newmanstown,
Ono,
Onset (1),
Palmyra (2),
Prescott,
Quentin,

Bexmont,
Richland (1),
Schaefferstown (1),
Sheridan.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Alburtis,
ALLENTOWN (8),
Breingsville (2),
Catasaqua,
Cementon,
Center Valley,
Claussville,
Coopersburg (2),
Coplay (1),
Corning,
East Texas,
Egypt,
(Elliott Helghts),

Emaus (1),
Emerald,
Fogelsville,
Fullerton,
Germansville (1),
Hokendauqua,
Hosensack,
Jacksonville,
Jordan,
Laurys Station,
Limeport,
Lynnpport,

Lynnville,
Macungie (2),
Mosserville,
Neftis,
Newside,
New Tripoli (2),
Old Zionsville,
Orefield (1),
Rockdale,
Saegersville,
Saucona,
Schuylersville,
Shimerville.

Slatedale,
Slatington (2).
Steinsville,
Stetlersville,
Stiles,
Stines Corner,
Trexlerstown,
Vera Cruz,
Wanamakers,
Weisenburg,
Wescosville,
Zionsville (1).

LYZIERNE COUNTY.

Alden,
Alderson (1),
Ashley,
Askam,
Avoca,
Beach Haven,
Bear Creek,
Beaver Brook,
Bloomingdale,
Broadway (1),
Candia,
Conyngham (1),
Dallas (3),
Darien,
Drums (1),
Duxree,
Ebervale,
Eckley,
Fairmount Springs (1),
Fawn Hill,
Freeland,
Glenlyon,
Harleigh,
Harwood Mines,
Hazelbrook,
Hazelton (1).

Branch Post Office:
West Hazelton,
Huntington Mills,
Jeanesville, Jedd,
Kingson,
Kivara,
Lalton,
Laketon,
Lattimer Mines,
Lee,
Lehman,
Elilacs,
Luzerne,
Milnesville,
Mocanaqua,
Mountain Springs,
Mountaintop (1),
Nanticoke,
Rhine,
Nescopeck (2).

Shingora,
 Parsons,
 Pease,
 Pikes Creek,
 Pleasant Hill,
 Branch Post Offices:
 Avoca,
 Duryea,
 Hillsdale,
 Plainsville (1),
 Pleasant Hill (1),
 Pond Hill,
 Register,
 Retreat,
 (Rhine),
 Rock Glen,
 Saint Johns,
 Sandy Run,
 Shawtown,
 Shawanese,
 Shawtown (1),
 Stockton,
 Stoughton,
 Stoughton (1),
 Sugar Notch,
 Sweet Valley (1),

Sybertsville,
Town Hill,
Trucksville (1),
Upper Lehigh,
Wanamie,
Wapwallopen (2),
West Hazleton,
Weston,
White Haven (2),
WILKES-BARRE (1),
Branch Post Offices :
Ashley,
Kingston,
Luzerne,
Parsons,
Peely,
Sngar Notch,
Zenith.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

Antes Fort,
Bodines,
Brompton,
Brookside,
Buttonwood,
Calvert,
Cammal,
Cedar Run,
Cogan House (1),
Cogan Station (2),
Collinsville,
Duboisstown (1),
Ellenton.

English Center,
Hepburnville (1),
Jersey Mills,
Jersey Shore (4),
Larrys Creek (1),
Larryville,
Linden (2),
Masten.

Mawrglen (1),
Montgomery (2),
Montoursville (3),
Muney (6),
Nisbet (1),
Okome,
Picture Rocks,
Proctor,
Ralston,
Salladasburg.

Slate Run,
Troy, N.Y.,
O. J. Little (1),
Auriferous Run,
Worcestershire,
England.
WATER HISTORY 42.

Newberry.

McKEAN COUNTY.

Backus,
Bells Camp,
Betula,
Bingham.
Bradford (2),
Station:
Kendall Creek,
Clermont,
Colegrove (1),
Coryville.

Crosby,
Custer City,
Cyclone,
Dallas City,
Degolia,
Derrick City,
Duke Center,
East Smethport,
Eldred (4),
Farmers Valley,
Gifford,
Gifford.

Hazel Hurst,
Kane (3),
(Kendall Creek),
La Fayette,
Lewis Run,
Ludlow,
Marvindale,
Mount Alton,
Mount Jewett (1),
Ormsby.

Port Allegany (3),
Red Rock,
Rex,
Rixford,
SMEETHPORT (4),
Stickney,
Turtlepoint (1),
Westline,
Wrights.

MERCER COUNTY.

Carlton (1),
Clark,
Clarks Mills (1),
Farrell,
Fredonia (2),
Greenville (7).

Grove City (5),
Hadley (2),
Jackson Center (3),
Jamestown (3),
Kennard (1),
MERCER (9).

New Lebanon,
Pardoe,
Sandy Lake (5),
Sharon (3),
Sharpsville (3),

Sheakleyville,
Shenango,
Stoneboro (2),
Transfer (2),
West Middlesex (2).
Wheatland.

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

Allensville.	McVetown (1),	Nagley,	Ryde,
Belleville (2),	Maitland,	Newton Hamilton (1),	Strodes Mills,
Burnham,	Mattawana,	Paintersville,	Wagner,
Granville,	Milroy (1),	Reedsville (1),	Yeagertown.

LEWISTOWN (4),

MONROE COUNTY.

Analomink (1),	Effort,	Mount Pocono,	Saylorsburg (2),
Bartonsville (1),	Fernridge,	North Water Gap,	Sciota,
Blakeslee,	Gilbert,	Pocono,	Scotrun,
Brodheads ville,	Henryville (1),	Pocono Lake,	Shawnee on Delaware,
Brick Hill Falls,	Jonas,	Pocono Lake Preserve,	Snydersville,
Canadensis (1),	Kresgeville (1),	Pocono Manor,	STROUDSBURG (4),
Cresco (1),	Kunkletown (2),	Pocono Pines,	Swiftwater,
Delaware Water Gap,	Long Pond,	Preserve,	Tannersville,
East Stroudsburg (4),	Mountainhome,	Reeders,	Tobyhanna.
Echo Lake,			

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Abington,	Erdenheim,	McKinley,	Roslyn,
Abrams,	Eureka,	Mainland,	Royersford (2),
Ambler,	Fairview Village,	Mapleglen,	Rudy,
Arcola,	Flourtown,	Meadowbrook,	Rumilla,
Ardmore,	Fort Washington,	Merion Station,	Rydal,
Ashbourne,	Franconia,	Mont Clare,	Salfordville,
Audubon,	Frederick,	Montgomeryville,	Sanatoga,
Bala,	Gilbertsville (1),	Morwood,	Sassamansville,
Belfry,	Gladwyne,	Narberth,	Schwenkville (2),
Bergey,	Glenside,	New Hanover,	Skippack,
Bethayres,	Graterford,	Niantic,	Souderton (1),
Blue Bell,	Green Lane (1),	NORRISTOWN (5),	Spring House,
Bridgeport (1),	Gwynedd,	Station:	Spring Mount,
Bryn Athyn,	Gwynedd Valley,	Hospital,	Stowe,
Bryn Mawr,	Hallowell,	North Glenside,	Sumneytown,
Cedars,	Harleysville,	North Wales (1),	Telford (2),
Center Square,	Hatboro (1),	Oaks,	Trappe,
Cheltenham,	Hatfield (1),	Obelisk,	Trlersport,
Collegeville (1),	Haverford,	Ogontz,	Vernfield,
Colmar,	Hendricks,	Ogontz School,	Weldon,
Conshohocken (1),	Hopperville,	Oreland,	West Conshohocken,
Branch Post Office:	Horsham,	Palm,	West Manayunk,
West Conshohocken,	(Hospital),	Pencoyd,	West Point,
Creamery,	Huntingdon Valley (1),	Pennlyn,	Whitemarsh,
Cynwyd,	Ironbridge,	Pennsburg (1),	William Penn,
Delphi,	Jarretstown,	Perkiomenville (1),	Willow Grove (1),
Dresher,	Jeffersonville,	Philmont Club,	Woodmont,
Eagleville,	Jenkintown,	Plymouth Meeting,	Worcester,
Earlington,	King of Prussia,	Port Kennedy,	Woxall,
East Greenville (1),	Kulpsville,	Pottstown (5),	Wyncote,
Edge Hill,	Lafayette Hill,	Prospectville,	Wynnewood,
Elkins Park,	Lansdale (2),	Providence Square,	Yerkes,
Elroy,	Lederach,	Red Hill (1),	Zieglerville.
Enfield,	Limerick,	Rosemont,	
	Linfield,		

MONTOUR COUNTY.

DANVILLE (7),	Mooresburg,	Strawberry Ridge (2),	White Hall,
Exchange,	Ottawa,	Washingtonville,	

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Ackermanville,	Butztown,	Freemansburg,	Richmond,
Bangor (4),	Chapman Quarries,	Hellertown (2),	Roseto,
Bath (2),	Cherryville,	Martins Creek,	Slateford,
Belfast,	(College),	(Moravian),	Stier,
Benningers,	Danielsville,	Mount Bethel (1),	Stockertown,
Bethlehem (2),	East Bangor,	Nazareth (3),	Stone Church,
Stations:	EASTON (6),	Northampton (2),	Tatamy,
Elliott Heights,	Station:	Pen Argyl (1),	Trechlers,
(Rural),	College,	Portland,	Walnutport (2),
Moravian,	Edelman,	Ranbushville,	Windgap (1).
Bingen,	Flicksville (1),	Redington,	

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Asherton,	Gowen City,	Montandon,	Sagon,
Atlas,	Greenbrier,	Mount Carmel,	Schuyler,
Bear Gap,	Herndon (1),	Natatie,	Shamokin (2),
Crowl (1),	Hickory Corners,	Northumberland (2),	Snydertown,
Dalmatia (1),	Keiser,	Paxinos (2),	Strong,
Dewart,	Kulpmont,	Potts Grove (1),	SUNBURY (4),
Dornsife (2),	Leck Kill,	Ranshaw,	Trevorton (1),
Elysburg (1),	Locust Gap,	Rebuck,	Turbotville (1),
Excelsior,	McEwensville,	Red Cross,	Urban,
Fishers Ferry (1),	Milton (3),	Riverside,	Watsontown (3).

PERRY COUNTY.

Alinda,
Andersonburg (1),
Blain (1),
Center,
Cisna Run,
Duncannon (4),

Ellittsburg (1),
Greenpark,
Ickesburg (1),
Landisburg (2),
Liverpool (2),
Logania,

Loyalsville (1),
Markelsville,
Marysville (1),
Millersstown (4),
NEW BLOOMFIELD (3),
New Buffalo,

New Germantown (1),
Newport (3),
Saville,
Shermans Dale (2),
Willa.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

PHILADELPHIA,
Branch Post Offices:
Hog Island,
Upper Darby,
Stations:
Bellevue-Stratford,
Bridensburg,
Bustleton,
Chestnut Hill,
East Falls,
Fairhill,
Fortieth Street,
Fox Chase,
Frankford,

Germantown,
Holmesburg,
Kensington,
Kingsessing,
Land Title,
Lawndale,
Logan,
Manayunk,
Middle City,
Mount Airy,
Navy Yard,
Nicetown,
North Philadelphia,

Oak Lane,
Olney,
Paschall,
Passyunk,
Penn Square,
Point Breeze,
Roxborough,
Sixtieth,
Second Street,
Somerton,
Southwark,
Tacony,
Torresdale,
Twenty-second Street,

West Market Street,
West Park,
West Philadelphia,
C. 1921 Oxford Street,
D. 18th and Christian
Streets,
E. 3247 Kensington Ave.
J. 635 N. 19th Street,
O. Columbia Avenue and
10th Street,
S. 640-642 N. 6th Street.

PIKE COUNTY.

Baoba,
Blooming Grove,
Bohemia,
Bushkill,
Dingmans Ferry (1),
Edgemere,
Egypt Mills,
Forest Park,

Glen Eyre,
Greely,
Greentown (1),
Kimble,
Laanna,
Lackawaxen,
Lords Valley,
Masthope,

Matamoras,
MILFORD (1),
Millrift,
Notch,
Panther,
Parkersglenn,
Paupack,
Pond Eddy,

Rowland,
Shohola,
Shohola Falls,
South Paupack,
Tafton,
Twin Lakes,
Walker Lake,
Welcome Lake,
Westcolang.

POTTER COUNTY.

Andrews Settlement,
Austin,
Brookland,
Burtville,
Carter Camp,
Colesburg,
Coneville,
Conrad,
Costello (1),

COUDERSPORT (6),
Cross Fork (1),
Ellisburg,
Elmer,
Gaffney,
Galeton (2),
Genesee (4),
Germania,
Gold,

Harrison Valley (1),
Hector,
Honeoye,
Keating Summit (1),
Millport,
Mills,
Newfield,
North Bingham,
Oswayo (1),

Raymond,
Roulette (2),
Sharon Center (1),
Shinglehouse (1),
Sunderlinville,
Ulysses (2),
West Pike,
Whartona.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Adamsdale,
Andreas (1),
Ashland (1),
Auburn (1),
Barnesville,
Branch Dale,
Brandonville,
Broad Mountain,
Brockton,
Buck Mountain,
Coaldale,
Connerton,
Cressona (1),
Cumbola,
Delano,
Donaldson,
Dow,
Dreherstown,
Duncott,
Fearnot,
Frackville,
Friedensburg,
Gilberton,

Girard Manor,
Girardville,
Glen Carbon,
Goodspring,
Gordon,
Heckscherville,
Hegins (2),
Hepler,
Joliet,
Kelayres,
Klingertown (1),
Landingville,
Lavelle,
Llewellyn,
Locustdale,
Lofty,
Lost Creek,
McAdoo,
McKeansburg,
Mahanoy City (1),
Mahanoy Plane,
Mar Lin,
Maryd,
Middleport,

Minersville,
Morea Colliery,
Mowry,
Muir,
New Boston,
New Ringgold (2),
Nuremberg,
Onelda,
Orwigsburg (2),
Orwin,
Outwood,
Park Place,
Peoples,
Pine Grove (3),
Pitman (1),
Port Carbon,
Port Clinton,
POTTSVILLE (3),
Quakake,
Ravenrun,
Ravine,
Reinerton,
Ringtown (2),
Rock,

Rough and Ready,
Sacramento,
Saint Clair,
Saint Nicholas,
Schuylkill Haven (1),
Shaft,
Shenandoah,
Sheppton,
Silver Creek,
Snyders,
Spring Glen,
Suedberg,
Summit Station (1),
Tamanend,
Tamaqua (3),
Tower City (1),
Tremont,
Tuscarora,
Valley View,
Zerbe,
Zion Grove (1).

SNYDER COUNTY.

Beaver Springs (1),
Beavertown (1),
Benfer,
Freeburg,
Globe Mills,
Kratzerville,

Kreamer,
McClure (2),
Meiserville,
MIDDLEBURG (4),
Middle Creek,

Mount Pleasant Mills
(2),
Paxtonville,
Penna Creek,
Port Trevorton (2),

Selinsgrove (3),
Shamokin Dam,
Swineford,
Troxelville.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Acosta,
Addison,
Arrow,
Bakersville,
Barronsville,
Beachly,
Beams,
Bell,
Berlin (5),
Boswell (2),
Boynton,
Cairnbrook (2),
Casselman,
Central City,
Selman,

Confluence (1),
Davidsville,
(East End),
Elk Lick (1),
Fairhope (1),
Fort Hill (1),
Friedens (2),

Garrett (2),
Glade,
Glencoe (1),
Goodtown,
Gray,
Hagevo,
Harnedsville,

SOMERSET COUNTY—Concluded.

Hollsopple (2),
Hooversville (2),
Humbert,
Jenners,
Jennerstown,
Jerome,
Kantner,
Kimmelton,
Landstreet,

Listie,
Listonburg,
Macdonaldton,
Mauce,
Markleton (1),
Meyersdale (3),
Miller Run,
New Baltimore,
New Lexington,

Ralphton,
Reitz,
Rockwood (2),
Kummel,
Sand Patch (2),
Scullton,
Seenor,
Shankaville,
Somerfield,

SOMERSET (6),
Springs,
Stoyestown (3),
Ursina,
Wellersburg,
Wellscreek,
West Salisbury,
Windber (1).

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Bernice,
Campbellville,
Colley,
Dushore (3),
Eagles Mere,

Eagles Mere Park,
Eldredsville,
Forksille (2),
Hillsgrove,
LAPORTE,

Lopez (1),
Mildred,
Muncy Valley (2),
Murray,

Nordmont,
Shunk,
Sonestown (1),
Wheelerville (1),

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

Alford,
Ararat,
Birchardville (1),
Brackney (1),
Brandt,
Brooklyn,
Broconut (1),
Clifford,
Dimock,
Fairdale,
Forest City (2),

Friendsville (2),
Gelatt,
Gibson,
Great Bend (1),
Hallstead (2),
Harford,
Heart Lake,
Herrick Center,
Hop Bottom (2),
Jackson,

Kingsley (2),
Lanesboro,
Lawton,
Lenox,
Lenoxville,
Little Meadows (1),
Lynn,
MONTROSE (6),
New Milford (4),
Rush (1),

Rushville,
Saint Joseph,
South Gibson,
South Montrose (1),
Springville (2),
Stevens Point,
Susquehanna (6),
Thompson (3),
Union Dale (3),
West Auburn.

TIOGA COUNTY.

Academy Corners,
Ansonia,
Antrim,
Arnot,
Asaph,
Austinburg,
Blossburg,
Covington (2),
Cowanesque,
Crooked Creek (1),
Eastpoint,

Elkland (2),
Fallbrook,
Gaines (1),
Jackson Summit (1),
Knoxville (2),
Kress,
Lamb Creek,
Lawrenceville (2),
Leetonia,
Leolya (1),

Liberty (2),
Little Marsh (1),
Lloyd (1),
Mainesburg (1),
Mansfield (5),
Middlebury Center (3),
Millerton (2),
Morris (1),
Morris Run,
Nelson (1),
Ogdensburg,

Osceola (2),
Potter Brook,
Rutland (1),
Sabinsville (1),
Tiadaghton (1),
Tioga (4),
WELLSBORO (8),
Westfield (4).

UNION COUNTY.

Allenwood (2),
Cowan,
Gleniron,
Hartleton,

Laurelton,
LEWISBURG (4),
Milfinburg (3),
Millmont (2),

New Berlin,
New Columbia (1),
Swengel,
Vicksburg,

Welkert,
West Milton,
Whitdeer (1),
Winfield (2).

VENANGO COUNTY.

Clintonville,
Cooperstown (1),
Cranberry,
Diamond (2),
Eaglerock,
Emleton (5),
Fertiga,
FRANKLIN (6),

Kennerdell (2),
Nickleville,
Oil City (2),
Station:
South Side,
Petroleum Center,
Pittsville,

Pleasantville (3),
Polk (2),
President,
Raymlton (1),
Reno,
Rockland,
Rouseville,

Seneca,
(South Side),
Utica (2),
Van (1),
Venus (1),
Walnut Bend,
Wesley.

WARREN COUNTY.

Akeley (2),
Althom,
Barnes,
Bear Lake (1),
Chandlers Valley,
Cherrygrove,
Clarendon (1),
Columbus (1),

Cornplanter,
Corydon,
Enterprise,
Garland,
Grand Valley (2),
Irvine,
Kinzua (1),

Lottsville,
North Warren,
Pittsfield (2),
Russell (2),
Saybrook,
Sheffield,
Spring Creek (3),

Sugargrove (4),
Tidioute (3),
Tiona,
Torpedo (1),
Vandal,
WARREN (4),
Youngsville (1).

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Allenport,
Amity (2),
Arden Mines,
Atlasburg,
Avela (2),
Beallsville,
Bentleyville (1),
Buffalo,
Bulger (1),
BURGETTS TOWN (4),
California,

Canonsburg (3),
Cecil,
Charleroi,
Cherry Valley,
Claysville (5),
Coal Bluff,
Coal Center (1),
Cokeburg,
Courtney,
Cross Creek,
Crothers (1),

Dalystown (1),
Denbo,
Donora,
Dunlevy,
Dunns Station (3),
Eighty-four (3),
Elco,
Eldersville,
Ellsworth,
Elrama,
Finleyville (2),

Florence,
Fredericktown (1),
Gastonville,
Hackneys,
Hanlin Station (2),
Hazzard,
Hendersoaville,
Hickory (1),
Houston,

WASHINGTON COUNTY—Concluded.

Independence, Joffre, Kammerer, Langeloth, Lawrence, Lock No. 4, McDonald (4), Manifold, Marianna (2), Meadow Lands, Midway,	Millsboro, Monongahela (2), Morganza, Murdocksville (2), New Eagle, Old Concord, Penowa, Pitco, Primrose, Rea (2), Roscoe,	Scenery Hill (2), Shoring, Slovan, Southview, Speers (1), Stockdale, Studa, Taylorstown (1), Temile, Thomas,	Van Voorhis, Venetia (1), Vestaburg, WASHINGTON (9), West Alexandria (4), West Brownsville (1), West Finley (3), Westland, West-Middletown, Woodrow, Wylandville.
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WAYNE COUNTY.

Adelia, Aldenville, Angels (1), Ariel (4), Autumn Leaves, Beachlake, Bethany, Boys Mills, Carley Brook, Coldspring, Damascus, Dyberry, Equinunk (1),	Fallsdale, Galilee, Gouldsboro (1), Gravity, Hamlin, Hawley (1), Hiawatha, Hoadleys, Hollisterville, HONESDALE (4), Lake Como, Lakeville, Lakewood (1), Ledgedale,	Lookout, Galilee, Maplewood, Milanville, Newfoundland, Ogson, Pleasant Mount (2), Poyntelle, Preston Park, Prompton, Rutledgedale, Scott Centre, Seelyville, Sewawaken, Sherman,	South Canaan, South Sterling, Stalker, Starlight, Starrucca, Sterling, Tallmanville, Torrey, Tyler Hill, Waymart (3), White Mills, Whites Valley, Winterdale.
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WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Acme (1), Adamsburg, Alice, Alverton, Amyville, Ardara, Armbrust, Arnold (1), Arona, Avonmore (1), Baggaley, Beatty, Bolivar (1), Bradenville, Braceburn, Calumet, Cereal, Claridge, Cokeville, Crabtree, Crisp, Darragh, Delmont, Derry (1), Donegal, East Vandergrift, Export (1), Fitz Henry,	Forbes Road, Grapeville, GREENSBURG (7), Greenwald, Hannastown, Harrison City, Hermine, Hillside, Hostetter, Hunkers (1), Hyde Park, Ingleside, Irwin (4), Jacobs Creek, Jeannette (2), Jones Mills, Keffer, Kregar, Larimer, Lash, Latrobe (3), Laughlontown, Ligonier (3), Livermore (2), Lockport Station, Lowber, Loyalhanna, Lusk,	Luxor, Lycippus, McCance, Madison, Mammoth, Mamont, Manor, Markle, Millwood, Monessen, Mount Pleasant (4), Murrysville (1), New Alexandria (3), New Derry, New Florence (2), New Kensington, New Stanton (1), Parnassus (2), Penns Station, Pleasant Unity, Pricedale, Rector, Rilton, Rodney, Ruffs Dale (2), Salina (1), Scottdale (1), Scott Haven,	Seward, Smithton (1), Southwest, Stahlstown (1), Stauffer, Superior, Sutersville, Tarrs, Trafford, Torrance, Trauger, United, Vandergrift (1), Van Meter, Webster, Wendel, Westmoreland City, West Newton (2), Whitney, Wilpen, Wyano, Yohoghany, Yonestown, Youngwood, Yukon.
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WYOMING COUNTY.

Center Moreland, Eatonville, Factoryville (3), Falls (1), Laceyville (4),	Lake Carey, Lake Winola, Mechopany (2), Meshoppen (5), Mill City,	Nicholson (3), North Mechopany, Noxen (1), Osterhout, Ricketts,	Skinner's Eddy, TUNKHANNOCK (6), Vernon, Vosburg.
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YORK COUNTY.

Airville, Bair, Bittersville, Bridgeton (1), Brillhart, Brookecks (2), Brogueville (1), Clear Spring, Cly (1), Codorus, Cralely, Dallastown (1), Delta (4), Dillsburg (5), Dover (4), East Prospect, Emigsville,	Etters (1), Fawn Grove (1), Felton (3), Franklintown, Glatfelters, Glen Rock (4), Glenville, Hanover (6), Hanover Junction, Hellam (1), Highrock (1), Hokes, Ironore, Jacobus, Larue, Laurel (2), Lewisberry (1),	Loganville, Manchester (1), Menges Mills, Mount Top, Mount Wolf (1), Muddy Creek Forks (1), New Freedom (2), New Park, Porters Sideling (1), Railroad, Red Lion (3), Rossville (1), Seitzland, Seven Valleys (2), Shrewsbury, Siddonsburg (1), Sinsheim,	Slate Hill, Smith Station, Spring Grove (4), Stewartstown (5), Sunnyburn, Thomasville (2), Turnpike, Wellsville (2), Windsor (1), Woodbine (2), Wrightsville (2), Yoe, YORK (11), Yorkhaven (1), York New Salem.
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LIST OF NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN PENNSYLVANIA.*

The abbreviations used are as follows: (D.) Daily; (S.) Sunday; (Tri-W.) Tri-Weekly; (Semi-W.) Semi-Weekly; (W.) Weekly.

Papers.	Publication office.	Politics.	Editions.	Publication days.
ADAMS COUNTY.				
News,	East Berlin,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Monitor,	Gettysburg,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Star and Sentinel,	Gettysburg,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Times,	Gettysburg,	Neutral,	Daily,	Evening.
Scott's Evening Independent,	Gettysburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Connet,	New Oxford,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
	York Springs,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
ALLEGHENY COUNTY.				
City and Suburban Life,	Bellevue,	Local,	Weekly,	Saturday.
News Herald,	Braddock,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Star and Sentinel,	Bridgeville,	Local,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Times,	Carnegie,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Public Ledger,	Clairton,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Record,	Coraopolis,	Local,	Weekly,	Friday.
Clairton Valley Mirror,	Crafton,	Local,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Pennsylvania Leader,	Duquesne,		Weekly,	Saturday.
Times Observer,	Duquesne,	Local,	Weekly,	Friday.
Washington Times,	East Pittsburgh,		Weekly,	Saturday.
Star,	Elizabeth,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
News Herald,	Homestead,	Local,	Daily,	Evening.
Mountain Valley Herald,	Homestead,	Local,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Allegheny Tribune (Russian),	Homestead,	Local,	Weekly,	Monday.
News,	McKeesport,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Svenska Veckobladet (Swedish),	McKeesport,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Times,	McKeesport,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Gazette,	McKees Rocks,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Valley Journal,	Milvale,	Local,	Weekly,	Friday.
Times,	Natrona,	Prog.,	Daily,	Evening.
Record,	Oakdale,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Express,	Oakmont,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Allegheny Journal,	Pittsairn,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Allegheny Tribune (Serbian),	Pittsburgh,	Labor,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Amerikanskó Slovenske Noviny (Slovak),	Pittsburgh,	Dem.,	Daily,	Morning.
Daily Star,	Pittsburgh,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Crescent Tribune,	Pittsburgh,	Society,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Courier (Slovak),	Pittsburgh,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Dispatch,	Pittsburgh,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
	Pittsburgh,	Ind.,	D., W. & S.,	Morning & Tues.
East End,	Pittsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Friday.
East Liberty Tribune,	Pittsburgh,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Gazette Times,	Pittsburgh,	Rep.,	D. & Sun.,	Morning.
Gornik Polski (Polish),	Pittsburgh,	Socialist,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Haslo Polskie (Polish),	Pittsburgh,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Hill Top Record,	Pittsburgh,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Hrvatski Glasnik (Croatian),	Pittsburgh,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
I Nostri Tempi (Italian),	Pittsburgh,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Irish Pennsylvanian,	Pittsburgh,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Labor World,	Pittsburgh,	Labor,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Leader,	Pittsburgh,	Ind.,	Daily & W.,	Ev. & Sun.
Magyar Hirado (Hungarian),	Pittsburgh,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Magyar Vilag (Hungarian),	Pittsburgh,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Mt. Washington News,	Pittsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Friday.
Narodne Noviny (Slovak),	Pittsburgh,	Non-Part.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Narodne Slovo (Ukrainian),	Pittsburgh,			
Narodny Dennik (Slovak),	Pittsburgh,	Ind.,	Daily,	Morning, ex. Wed. & Sun.
National Labor Journal,	Pittsburgh,	Labor,	Weekly,	Friday.
National Labor Tribune,	Pittsburgh,	Rep. & Labor,	Semi-W.,	Thurs. & S.
News,	Pittsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Post,	Pittsburgh,	Dem.,	D. & Sun.,	Morning.

*Corrected by N. W. Ayer & Son, Newspaper Advertising Agents, Philadelphia.

NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

Papers.	Publication office.	Politics.	Editions.	Publication days.
Press, -----	Pittsburgh, -----	Ind., -----	D. & Sun., --	Ev. & Morn.
Progressive, -----	Pittsburgh, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Russian Messenger (Russian-Slavish), -----	Pittsburgh, -----	Prog., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Sonntagsbote (German), -----	Pittsburgh, -----	Neutral, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
South Hills News, -----	Pittsburgh, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Sun, -----	Pittsburgh, -----	Dem., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Trinacria (Italian), -----	Pittsburgh, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Volksblatt und Freiheits-Freund (German), -----	Pittsburgh, -----	Rep., -----	D. & Sun., --	Morning.
West End Record, -----	Pittsburgh, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Herald, -----	Sewickley, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Herald, -----	Sharpsburg, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Telegram, -----	Tarentum, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Valley News, -----	Tarentum, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Independent, -----	Turtle Creek, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Leader, -----	Verona, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Call, -----	Wilkinsburg, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Sentinel, -----	Wilkinsburg, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
News-Tribune, -----	Wilmerding, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
ARMSTRONG COUNTY.				
News-Record, -----	Apollo, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Sentinel, -----	Apollo, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Journal, -----	Freeport, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Armstrong Democrat and Sentinel, -----	Kittanning, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Free Press, -----	Kittanning, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Simpson's Leader, -----	Kittanning, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Times, -----	Kittanning, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Times, -----	Kittanning, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Tribune, -----	Kittanning, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Advance, -----	Lechburg, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Phoenix, -----	Parkers Landing, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Advance, -----	Rural Valley, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
BEAVER COUNTY.				
Citizen, -----	Ambridge, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Semi-W., -----	Tu. & Fri.
News-Herald, -----	Ambridge, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Argus, -----	Beaver, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Beaver Valley Labor News, -----	Beaver, -----	Labor, -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Times, -----	Beaver, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Review, -----	Beaver Falls, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Tribune, -----	Beaver Falls, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Press, -----	Midland, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Beaver Valley News, -----	New Brighton, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Saturday Journal, -----	Rochester, -----	Soc., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Standard, -----	Woodlawn, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
BEDFORD COUNTY.				
Gazette, -----	Bedford, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Inquirer, -----	Bedford, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Press, -----	Everett, -----	Prog. Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Republican, -----	Everett, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Herald, -----	Saxton, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
BERKS COUNTY.				
Dispatch, -----	Birdsboro, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Berks County Democrat, -----	Boyetown, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Item, -----	Hamburg, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Journal (German), -----	Kutztown, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Patriot, -----	Kutztown, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Eagle, -----	Reading, -----	Ind., -----	D., S. & W.,	Ev., Sun. & Sat.
Gazeta Readingska (Polish)	Reading, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Herald, -----	Reading, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Labor Advocate, -----	Reading, -----	Soc. & Labor,	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
News-Times, -----	Reading, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Morning.
Telegram, -----	Reading, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.

NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

Papers.	Publication office.	Politics.	Editions.	Publication days.
BLAIR COUNTY.				
Deutscher Volksführer (German),	Altoona,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Mirror,	Altoona,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Times,	Altoona,	Ind.,	Daily,	Morning.
Tribune,	Altoona,	Rep.,	Daily,	Morning.
Bulletin,	Bellwood,	Local,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Democratic Standard,	Holidaysburg,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Register,	Holidaysburg,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Herald,	Martinsburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Herald,	Tyrone,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Times,	Tyrone,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
BRADFORD COUNTY.				
Sentinel,	Canton,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Eastern Bradford Times,	Le Raysville,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Mirror,	New Albany,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Times,	Sayre,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Bradford Star,	Towanda,	Ind. Dem.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Reporter-Journal and Bradford Republican,	Towanda,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Review,	Towanda,	Local,	Daily,	Morning.
Gazette-Register,	Troy,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Rocket,	Wyalusing,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
BUCKS COUNTY.				
Bucks County Gazette,	Bristol,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Courier,	Bristol,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Bucks County Intelligencer,	Doylestown,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Democrat,	Doylestown,	Dem.,	Daily & W.,	Ev. & Thurs.
Intelligencer,	Doylestown,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Delaware Valley Advance,	Hulmeville,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Leader,	Langhorne,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Monitor,	Morrisville,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
News,	New Hope,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Enterprise,	Newtown,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Central News,	Perkasie,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Free Press,	Quakertown,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Herald,	Sellersville,	Local,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Herald,	Weycombe,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Review,	Yardley,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
BUTLER COUNTY.				
Butler County Record,	Butler,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Citizen,	Butler,	Prog. Rep.,	Daily,	Morning.
Eagle,	Butler,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Times,	Butler,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Connoquenessing Valley News	Zelienople,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
CAMBRIA COUNTY.				
Star,	Barnesboro,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
News,	Carrolltown,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Record,	Cresson,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Cambria Freeman,	Ebensburg,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Cambria Tribune,	Ebensburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Mountaineer-Herald,	Ebensburg,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Item,	Gallitzin,	Local,	Weekly,	Friday.
North Cambria News,	Hastings,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Democrat,	Johnstown,	Dem.,	Daily,	Morning.
Freie Presse (German),	Johnstown,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Hirado (Hungarian),	Johnstown,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Leader,	Johnstown,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Tribune,	Johnstown,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Signal,	Lilly,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Courier,	Patton,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Dispatch,	Portage,	Prog. Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Independent and Record,	South Fork,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Sun,	Spangler,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Friday.
CAMERON COUNTY.				
Cameron County Press,	Emporium,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Independent,	Emporium,	Ind. Dem.,	Weekly,	Thursday.

NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

Papers.	Publication office.	Politics.	Editions.	Publication days.
CARBON COUNTY.				
Bulletin, -----	Bowmanstown, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Leader, -----	Laasport, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Record, -----	Lansford, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Carbon Advocate, -----	Lansford, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Leader, -----	Lehighton, -----	Local, -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Press, -----	Lehighton, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
News, -----	Mauch Chunk, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Times, -----	Mauch Chunk, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Press, -----	Palmerton, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Herald, -----	Weatherly, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
CENTRE COUNTY.				
Centre Democrat, -----	Bellefonte, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Democratic Watchman, -----	Bellefonte, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Keystone Gazette, -----	Bellefonte, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Republican, -----	Bellefonte, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Centre Reporter, -----	Centre Hall, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Journal, -----	Millheim, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Journal, -----	Philipsburg, -----	Ind., -----	Daily & W., -----	Ev. & Fri.
Ledger, -----	Philipsburg, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Times, -----	State College, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
CHESTER COUNTY.				
Herald, -----	Avondale, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Record, -----	Coatesville, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Times, -----	Coatesville, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Archive, -----	Downingtown, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Graphic, -----	Honey Brook, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Kennett News and Advertiser, -----	Kennett Square, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
News, -----	Oxford, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Press, -----	Oxford, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Journal, -----	Portsmouth, -----	Non-Part., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Republican, -----	Phoenixville, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Inter-Borough Press, -----	Spring City, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Local News, -----	West Chester, -----	Neutral, -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Record, -----	West Chester, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Independent, -----	Westgrove, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
CLARION COUNTY.				
Democrat, -----	Clarion, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Republican, -----	Clarion, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Review, -----	East Brady, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Herald, -----	Knox, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Leader, -----	New Bethlehem, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Vindicator, -----	New Bethlehem, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Gazette, -----	Rimersburg, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
CLEARFIELD COUNTY.				
Progress, -----	Clearfield, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Public Spirit, -----	Clearfield, -----	Ind. Dem., -----	Daily & W., -----	Ev. & Thurs.
Raftsmen's Journal, -----	Clearfield, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Republican, -----	Clearfield, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Standard, -----	Coniport, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Herald, -----	Curwensville, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Courier, -----	DuBois, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Morning.
Express, -----	DuBois, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Citizen, -----	Houtzdale, -----	Ind. Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Times, -----	Madera, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Times, -----	Mahafley, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Leader-Courier, -----	Osceola Mills, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
CLINTON COUNTY.				
Clinton County Times, -----	Lock Haven, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Clinton Democrat, -----	Lock Haven, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Clinton Republican, -----	Lock Haven, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Express, -----	Lock Haven, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Sugar Valley Journal, -----	Loganton, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Record, -----	Renovo, -----	Dem., -----	Daily & W., -----	Ev. & Fri.

NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

Papers.	Publication office.	Politics.	Editions.	Publication days.
COLUMBIA COUNTY.				
Argus,	Benton,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Enterprise,	Berwick,	Local,	Daily,	Evening.
Press,	Columbia,	Local,	Daily,	Morning.
News Item,	Columbia,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Tablet,	Shively,	Local,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
CRAWFORD COUNTY.				
Enterprise,	Cambridge Springs,	Ind.,	Sunday,	Tu. & Fri.
News,	Cambridge Springs,	Ind.,	Sunday,	Tu. & Fri.
Times,	Cambridge Springs,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Courier,	Cambridgeville,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Herald,	Liberty,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Standard Journal,	Liberty,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Republican,	Liberty,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Tribune Reporter,	Liberty,	Ind.,	Daily,	Morning.
Standard,	Liberty,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Herald,	Titusville,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.				
Herald,	Carlisle,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Sentinel,	Carlisle,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Valley Sentinel,	Carlisle,	Rep.,	Sunday,	Tu. & Fri.
Valley Standard,	Carlisle,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Journal,	Carlisle,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Standard Journal,	Carlisle,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Evening.
Valley Times,	Carlisle,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Chronicle,	Carlisle,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
News,	Carlisle,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
DAUPHIN COUNTY.				
Echo,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Standard,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Friday.
Courier,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Sunday.
News,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Evening.
Standard,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Morning.
Telegraph,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Daily,	Evening.
Sun,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Daily,	Evening.
Standard,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Evening.
Journal,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Evening.
Press,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Evening.
Standard,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Evening.
Standard,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Evening.
Times,	Ellipsburgh,	Local,	Weekly,	Evening.
DELAWARE COUNTY.				
Delaware County Advocate,	Chambersburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Sunday.
Delaware County Democrat,	Chambersburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Independent,	Chambersburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Sunday.
Republican,	Chambersburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Morning.
Times,	Chambersburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Evening.
Progress,	Chambersburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Evening.
Upper Darby Herald,	Chambersburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Tu. & Fri.
Rockdale Herald,	Chambersburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Delaware County Times,	Chambersburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Press,	Chambersburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Delaware County Record,	Chambersburg,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Chronicle,	Chambersburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
News,	Chambersburg,	Local,	Weekly,	Friday.
Suburban,	Chambersburg,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
ELK COUNTY.				
Press,	Johnsonburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Advocate,	Johnsonburg,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Record,	Johnsonburg,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Elk County Gazette,	St. Marys,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Press,	St. Marys,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.

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Papers.	Publication Office.	Politics.	Editions.	Publication Days.
ERIE COUNTY.				
News, -----	Albion, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Journal, -----	Corry, -----	Dem., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Square Deal, -----	Corry, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Independent, -----	Edinboro, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Dispatch, -----	Erie, -----	Ind., -----	Daily & Sun., -----	Morning.
Gazzetta (Italian), -----	Erie, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Herald, -----	Erie, -----	Ind. Dem., -----	Daily & Sun., -----	Eve. & Sun.
National Zeitung (German), -----	Erie, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Morn.
Tageblatt (German), -----	Erie, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Friday.
Times, -----	Erie, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Truth, -----	Erie, -----	Socialist, -----	Weekly, -----	Evening.
Union Labor Journal, -----	Erie, -----	Labor, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Cosmopolite Herald, -----	Girard, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Advertiser, -----	North East, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Breeze, -----	North East, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Sun, -----	North East, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Lake Shore News, -----	North Girard, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Times-Enterprise, -----	Union City, -----	Ind., -----	Semi-W., -----	Saturday.
Leader, -----	Waterford, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Tuesday.
				M. & Thurs.
				Thursday.
FAYETTE COUNTY.				
Enterprise, -----	Belle Vernon, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Clipper-Monitor, -----	Brownsville, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Telegraph, -----	Brownsville, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Courier, -----	Connellsville, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
News, -----	Connellsville, -----	Dem., -----	Daily & W., -----	Ev. & Thur.
Journal, -----	Fayette City, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Genius, -----	Uniontown, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Herald, -----	Uniontown, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Morning.
News Standard, -----	Uniontown, -----	Dem., -----	Daily & W., -----	Ev. & Thur.
FOREST COUNTY.				
Express, -----	Marlenville, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Democratic Vindicator, -----	Tionesta, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Forest Republican, -----	Tionesta, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
FRANKLIN COUNTY.				
Democratic News, -----	Chambersburg, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Franklin Repository, -----	Chambersburg, -----	Rep., -----	Daily & W., -----	Ev. & Sat.
People's Register, -----	Chambersburg, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Public Opinion, -----	Chambersburg, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Morning.
Valley Spirit, -----	Chambersburg, -----	Dem., -----	Daily & W., -----	Ev. & Wed.
Echo-Pilot, -----	Greencastle, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Kauffman's Progressive News, -----	Greencastle, -----	Ind. Prog., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Journal, -----	Mercersburg, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Record-Herald, -----	Waynesboro, -----	Ind., -----	Daily & W., -----	Ev. & Wed.
FULTON COUNTY.				
Fulton County News, -----	McConnellsburg, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Fulton Democrat, -----	McConnellsburg, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Fulton Republican, -----	McConnellsburg, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
GREENE COUNTY.				
Democrat-Messenger, -----	Waynesburg, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Republican, -----	Waynesburg, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
HUNTINGDON COUNTY.				
Globe, -----	Huntingdon, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Journal and New Era, -----	Huntingdon, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Monitor, -----	Huntingdon, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
News, -----	Huntingdon, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Semi-W., -----	M. & Thur.
News, -----	Mount Union, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Times, -----	Mount Union, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Dispatch, -----	Orbisonia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.

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INDIANA COUNTY.				
Courier, -----	Blairsville, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
News, -----	Glen Campbell, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Indiana County American, -----	Homer City, -----	Proh., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Democrat, -----	Indiana, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Gazette, -----	Indiana, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Messenger, -----	Indiana, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Patriot (English and Italian) -----	Indiana, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Progress, -----	Indiana, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Times, -----	Indiana, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Independent, -----	Marion Center, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Press, -----	Saltsburg, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
JEFFERSON COUNTY.				
Tribune, -----	Big Run, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Record, -----	Brockwayville, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
American, -----	Brookville, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Jeffersonian Democrat, -----	Brookville, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Republican, -----	Brookville, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
News, -----	Punxsutawney, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Press, -----	Punxsutawney, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Spirit, -----	Punxsutawney, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Star, -----	Reynoldsville, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Post-Dispatch, -----	Sykesville, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
JUNIATA COUNTY.				
Juniata Sentinel and Republican, -----	Mifflintown, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday
Juniata Tribune, -----	Mifflintown, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Times, -----	Port Royal, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Juniata Globe, -----	Thompstontown, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Tuesday.
LACKAWANNA COUNTY.				
Citizen, -----	Archbald, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Leader, -----	Carbondale, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Munn's Review, -----	Carbondale, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Dunmorean, -----	Dunmore, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Signal, -----	Elmhurst, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Press, -----	Jermyn, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Gazette, -----	Olyphant, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Nowe Zytie (Ukrainian), -----	Olyphant, -----	Non. Pol., -----	Semi-Mon., -----	-----
Pravda (Russian), -----	Olyphant, -----	Non-Part., -----	Semi-W., -----	Tu. & Fri.
Record, -----	Olyphant, -----	Ind., -----	Semi-W., -----	W. & Sat.
Journal, -----	Peckville, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Journal (German), -----	Seranton, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Minatore (Italian), -----	Seranton, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Narodna Wola (Ruthenian), -----	Seranton, -----	Ind., -----	Tri-W., -----	T. T. & S.
Pensylwanski Gornik (Polish) -----	Seranton, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Republican, -----	Seranton, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Morning.
Serantonian, -----	Seranton, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Sunday.
Struz (Polish), -----	Seranton, -----	Labor, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Times, -----	Seranton, -----	Dem., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
LANCASTER COUNTY.				
Local Ledger, -----	Christiana, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
News, -----	Columbia, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Spy, -----	Columbia, -----	Rep., -----	Daily & W., -----	Ev. & Thur.
Press, -----	Denver, -----	Dem., -----	Semi-W., -----	Tu. & Fri.
Chronicle, -----	Elizabethtown, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Herald, -----	Elizabethtown, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Reporter, -----	Ephrata, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Review, -----	Ephrata, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Examiner, -----	Lancaster, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Daily & Semi-W., -----	Ev., Wed. & Sat.
Inquirer, -----	Lancaster, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Intelligencer, -----	Lancaster, -----	Dem., -----	Daily & Semi-W., -----	Ev., Wed. & Sat.
New Era, -----	Lancaster, -----	Rep., -----	Daily & Semi-W., -----	Ev., Wed. & Sat.
News-Journal, -----	Lancaster, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Morning.
Express, -----	Lititz, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Record, -----	Lititz, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Sentinel and Advertiser, -----	Manheim, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Times, -----	Marletta, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Bulletin, -----	Mount Joy, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday

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McKEAN COUNTY.				
Era,	Bradford,	Ind.,	Daily,	Morning.
Star and Record,	Bradford,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Sunday Herald,	Bradford,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Sunday.
Eagle,	Eldred,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Leader,	Kane,	Proh.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Republican,	Kane,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Herald,	Mount Jewett,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Reporter-Argus,	Port Allegany,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
McKean County Miner,	Smethport,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
McKean Democrat,	Smethport,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
MERCER COUNTY.				
News,	Farrell,	Ind. Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Sentinel,	Farrell,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Advance Argus and Mercer County News,	Greenville,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Progress,	Greenville,	Ind. Dem.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Record,	Greenville,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Mercer County Herald,	Grove City,	Proh.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Reporter,	Grove City,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Dispatch and Republican,	Mercer,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Western Press,	Mercer,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Breeze,	Sandy Lake,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Herald,	Sharon,	Ind. Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Telegraph,	Sharon,	Ind. Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Advertiser,	Sharpsville,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
MIFFLIN COUNTY.				
Times,	Belleville,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Democrat and Sentinel,	Lewistown,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Gazette,	Lewistown,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Sentinel,	Lewistown,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Herald,	Newton Hamilton,	Local,	Weekly,	Saturday.
MONROE COUNTY.				
Press,	East Stroudsburg,	Ind.,	Daily,	Morning.
Press and Jeffersonian,	East Stroudsburg,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Monroe Record,	Stroudsburg,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Record,	Stroudsburg,	Dem.,	Daily,	Evening.
Times-Democrat,	Stroudsburg,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Times-Democrat,	Stroudsburg,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
MONTGOMERY COUNTY.				
Gazette,	Ambler,	Local,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Chronicle,	Ardmore,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Record,	Ardmore,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Home News,	Bryn Mawr,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Independent,	Collegeville,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Recorder,	Conshohocken,	Ind.,	Semi-W.,	Tu. & Fri.
Public Spirit,	Hatboro,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Times,	Hatfield,	Local,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Public Spirit,	Jenkintown,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Times-Chronicle,	Jenkintown,	Local,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Lansdale Republican and North Penn Review,	Lansdale,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Reporter,	Lansdale,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Our Town,	Narberth,	Local,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Herald,	Norristown,	Rep.,	Daily & W.,	Fv. & Mon
Times,	Norristown,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Record,	North Wales,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Town and Country,	Pennsburg,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Blade,	Pottstown,	Ind. Dem.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Ledger,	Pottstown,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Montgomery Ledger,	Pottstown,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Tuesday.
News,	Pottstown,	Ind.,	Daily,	Morning.
Social Educator,	Pottstown,	Socialist,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Advertiser,	Boyersford,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Item,	Schuylkill,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Montgomery Transcript,	Skinneck,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Independent,	Souderton,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.

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MONTOUR COUNTY.				
Gem, -----	Danville, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Montour American, -----	Danville, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Montour County Democrat, -----	Danville, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
News, -----	Danville, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Morning.
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.				
News, -----	Bangor, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
News, -----	Bath, -----	-----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Globe, -----	Bethlehem, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Times, -----	Bethlehem, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Express, -----	Easton, -----	Dem., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Free Press, -----	Easton, -----	Rep., -----	D. & S. W., -----	Ev., T. & F.
Journal, -----	Easton, -----	Ind. Lab., -----	Semi-Mon., -----	-----
Sunday Call, -----	Easton, -----	-----	Weekly, -----	Sunday.
Item, -----	Nazareth, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Cement News, -----	Northampton, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Index, -----	Pen Argyl, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Mountain Echo, -----	Pen Argyl, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Enterprise, -----	Portland, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.				
News, -----	Herndon, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
News, -----	Kulpmont, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Miltonian, -----	Milton, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Standard, -----	Milton, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Item, -----	Mt. Carmel, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Dispatch, -----	Shamokin, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Herald, -----	Shamokin, -----	Rep., -----	Daily & W., -----	Ev. & Thur.
News, -----	Shamokin, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Daily, -----	Sunbury, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Item, -----	Sunbury, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Northumberland County Democrat, -----	Sunbury, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Times, -----	Trevorton, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Times, -----	Turbotville, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Record and Star, -----	Watsonstown, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
PERRY COUNTY.				
Record, -----	Duncannon, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Sun, -----	Liverpool, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Journal, -----	Marysville, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
People's Advocate and Press, -----	New Bloomfield, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Perry County Democrat, -----	New Bloomfield, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Perry County Times, -----	New Bloomfield, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
News, -----	Newport, -----	Ind., -----	Semi-W., -----	Tu. & Fri.
PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.				
Frankford Dispatch, -----	Frankford, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Frankford Gazette, -----	Frankford, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
News Gleaner, -----	Frankford, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Germantown Independent-Gazette, -----	Germantown, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Germantown News, -----	Germantown, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Germantown Review, -----	Germantown, -----	-----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Guide, -----	Germantown, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Chronicle and Advertiser, -----	Manayunk, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Manayunk Review, -----	Manayunk, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Advocate, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
America (Ukrainian), -----	Philadelphia, -----	-----	Tri-W., -----	-----
Bee, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Sunday.
Bulletin, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind. Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Chronicle and Advertiser, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Chronicle and Brewerytown Herald (English and German), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
City and State, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Sunday.
Courant (Negro), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Cracks, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Sunday.
Eagle, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Evening Public Ledger, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Fairmount Telegram, -----	Philadelphia, -----	-----	Weekly, -----	Monday.
First and Thirty-ninth Ward News, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Forbice (Italian), -----	Philadelphia, -----	-----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.

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Forecast, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Fortieth Ward Leader, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Gazeta Ludowa (Polish), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Sunday.
Gazette-Democrat, English and (German). -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Daily & Sun., -----	Morning.
Gwiazda (Star), (Polish), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Hustler, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Inquirer, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Daily & Sun., -----	Morning.
Jednesoc (Polish), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Jewish Morning Journal, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Daily & Sun., ----- except Sat.	Morning.
Jewish World, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Morning.
Journal, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Kensington Critic, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Sunday.
Kensingtonian, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Kensington Local, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Kuryer Filadelfijski (Polish), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Semi-W., -----	Tu., Th. & Sat.
Last Minute Doings on Walnut Street and Vicinity, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Tuesday.
Libera Parola (Italian), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Free Speech, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Logan Advocate-News, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Mastro Paolo (Italian), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
North American, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Prog., -----	Daily & Sun., -----	Morning.
Northeast News, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Northeast Philadelphia Banner, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
North End Gazette, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
North Philadelphia Progress, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
North Philadelphia Tribune, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Northwest Independent-News, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Oakdale Weekly, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Opinione (Italian), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Daily & Sun., -----	Morning.
Patriota (Polish), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Peoples Press, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Socialist, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Plain Dealer, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Press, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Daily & Sun., -----	Morning.
Progressive Advertiser, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Prog., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Progressive Labor World, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Labor, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Public Ledger, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Daily & Sun., -----	Morning.
Record, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind. Dem., -----	Daily & Sun., -----	Morning.
Roxborough Independent, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Tuesday.
Single Tax Herald, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Single Tax, -----	Weekly, -----	Tuesday.
Sonntagsblatt (German), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Sunday.
South Philadelphia, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Star, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Suburban Times, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind. & Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Sun, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Sunday Dispatch, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Sunday.
Sunday Item, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Sunday.
Sunday Transcript, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Sunday.
Tageblatt (German), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Morning.
Trades Union News, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Labor, -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Tribune (Negro), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Twenty-sixth and Thirty-sixth Ward News, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Voce Della Colonia (Italian), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
West Philadelphia Bulletin, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
West Philadelphia Guide, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
West Philadelphiaian, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Saturday.
Witness (Negro), -----	Philadelphia, -----	Racial Interests, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Young Republican, -----	Philadelphia, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Tioga News, -----	Tioga, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
PIKE COUNTY.				
Dispatch, -----	Milford, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Pike County Press, -----	Milford, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
POTTER COUNTY.				
Potter County Journal, -----	Coudersport, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Potter Democrat, -----	Coudersport, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Potter Enterprise, -----	Coudersport, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Leader-Dispatch, -----	Galeton, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Recorder, -----	Route, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Oswayo Valley Mail, -----	Shingle House, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.

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SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.				
Advocate,	Ashland,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
News,	Ashland,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Telegram,	Ashland,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Observer,	Condit,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Toilers' Defense,	Condit,	Labor,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Ledger,	Frankville,	Local,	Weekly,	Saturday.
American-Tribune,	Mahanoy City,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Record,	Mahanoy City,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Saule (Lithuanian),	Mahanoy City,	Non-Part.,	Week W.,	Tu. & Fri.
Free Press,	Altoona,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
News,	Altoona,	Local,	Weekly,	Friday.
Herald,	Altoona,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Chronicle,	Pottsville,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Herald,	Pottsville,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Journal,	Pottsville,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Republican,	Pottsville,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Saturday Night Review,	Pottsville,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Schuykill Republican,	Pottsville,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Call,	Shenandoah,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Advocate,	Shenandoah,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Anthracite Labor News,	Shenandoah,	Labor,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Herald,	Shenandoah,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
News Budget,	Shenandoah,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Tygodnik Gorniczy (Polish),	Shenandoah,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
County Record,	Tamaqua,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Courier,	Tamaqua,	Ind. Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
West Schuykill Herald,	Tower City,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
West Schuykill Press,	Tremont,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
SNYDER COUNTY.				
Snyder County Herald,	Beaver Springs,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Courier,	Freeburg,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Plain Dealer,	McClure,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Post,	Middleburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Snyder County Tribune,	Middleburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Times,	Selinsgrove,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
SOMERSET COUNTY.				
Record,	Elk Lick,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
News,	Elk Lick,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Somerset County Star,	Elk Lick,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Republican,	Meyersdale,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Somerset County Leader,	Meyersdale,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Democrat,	Somerset,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Herald,	Somerset,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Standard,	Somerset,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Era,	Windber,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
SULLIVAN COUNTY.				
Sullivan Review,	Dushore,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Republican News Item,	Dushore,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.				
News,	Franklin,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Plaindealer,	Franklin,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
County Herald,	Franklin,	Local,	Weekly,	Friday.
Democrat,	Franklin,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Independent Republican,	Franklin,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Advertiser,	New Milford,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Ledger,	Susquehanna,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Transcript,	Susquehanna,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
TIOGA COUNTY.				
Herald,	Blossburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Sun,	Covington,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Journal,	Elkland,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Courier,	Knoxville,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Advertiser,	Mansfield,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Argus,	Tioga,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Agitator,	Wellsboro,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Gazette,	Wellsboro,	Ind. Dem.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Free Press,	Westfield,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.

NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

Papers.	Publication Office.	Politics.	Editions.	Publication Days.
UNION COUNTY.				
Journal,	Lewisburg,	Dem.,	Semi-W.,	M. W. & F.
Saturday News,	Lewisburg,	Rep.,	W. Ev.,	Saturday.
Telegraph,	Millburg,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Reporter,	New Berlin,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
VENANGO COUNTY.				
News,	Emonton, .....	.....	Weekly,	Thursday.
News-Herald,	Franklin,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Venango Citizen-Press,	Franklin,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Blizzard,	Oil City,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Derrick,	Oil City,	Rep.,	Daily,	Morning.
Derrick,	Oil City,	Ind.,	W. Ev.,	Thursday.
Kicker,	Seneca,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
WARREN COUNTY.				
Observer,	St. Clair,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Press,	Edinboro, .....	.....	Weekly,	Friday.
Chronicle,	Warren,	Rep.,	Daily,	Morning.
Mail,	Warren,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Mirror,	Warren,	Rep.,	Daily & Semi-W.,	Ev., M. & Thur.
Times,	Warren,	Dem.,	Daily,	Evening.
Enterprise,	Youngsville,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
WASHINGTON COUNTY.				
Banner,	Boyleville, .....	.....	Weekly,	Friday.
Call,	Burgettstown,	Local,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Enterprise,	Burgettstown,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Sentinel,	California,	Prog.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Notes,	Canonsburg,	Ind. Prog.,	Daily,	Evening.
Mail,	Charleroi,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Mirror,	Charleroi,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Recorder,	Claysville,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
American,	Donora,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Herald,	Donora,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Morning News,	Donora,	Local,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Bulletin-Advertiser,	Unionville,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Chronicle,	Prichardtown,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Outlook,	McDonald,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Record,	McDonald,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Republican,	Monongahela,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
News,	New Eagle,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Thursday.
Ledger,	Lawson,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Democrat,	Washington,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
News,	Washington,	Rep.,	Daily,	Ev. & Sun. Morn.
Observer,	Washington,	Ind. Rep.,	Daily,	Morning.
Reporter,	Washington,	Ind. Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
WAYNE COUNTY.				
Wayne County News,	Honesdale,	Rep.,	Semi-W.,	Tu. & Fri.
Wayne Independent,	Honesdale,	Ind.,	Tri. W.,	Tues., Th. & Sat.
WESTMORELAND COUNTY.				
News,	Greensburg,	Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Times-Tribune-Register,	Greensburg,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Press,	Greensburg,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Record,	Greensburg,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
Review,	Greensburg,	Ind.,	Daily,	Morning.
Star-Tribune-Advertiser,	Greensburg,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Tribune,	Greensburg,	Ind. Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
Westmoreland Democrat,	Greensburg,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Republican-Advertiser,	Irwin,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Friday.
News-Dispatch,	Jeannette,	Rep.,	Semi-W.,	Tu. & Fri.
Bulletin,	Latrobe,	Rep.,	Daily,	Evening.
American,	Ligonier,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Saturday.
Echo,	Ligonier,	Ind. Rep.,	Weekly,	Wednesday.
Friday Evening Call,	Monessen,	Dem.,	Weekly,	Friday.
Independent,	Monessen,	Ind.,	Daily,	Evening.
News,	Monessen,	Rep.,	Semi-W.,	Tu. & Fri.
Journal,	Mt. Pleasant,	Ind.,	Weekly,	Monday.

NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN PENNSYLVANIA—Concluded.

Papers.	Publication Office.	Politics.	Editions.	Publication Days.
Dispatch, -----	New Kensington, --	Local, -----	Semi-W., -----	Tu. & Fri.
Kensington Keystone, -----	New Kensington, --	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Star, -----	New Kensington, --	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Independent, -----	Scottdale, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Mennonitische Rundschau (German), -----	Scottdale, -----	Non-Pol., --	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Observer, -----	Scottdale, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
News, -----	Vandergrift, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Times-Sun, -----	West Newton, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
WYOMING COUNTY.				
Enterprise, -----	Meshoppen, -----	Neutral, -----	Weekly, -----	Wednesday.
Examiner, -----	Nicholson, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Record, -----	Nicholson, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Republican and New Age, --	Tunkhannock, -----	Rep., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Wyoming Democrat, -----	Tunkhannock, -----	Dem., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
YORK COUNTY.				
Herald and Times, -----	Delta, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Bulletin, -----	Dillsburg, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Item, -----	Glen Rock, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Record, -----	Hanover, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Record-Herald, -----	Hanover, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Sun, -----	Hanover, -----	Ind., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Ripplet, -----	Spring Grove, -----	Local, -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
News, -----	Stewartstown, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Thursday.
Star, -----	Wrightsville, -----	Ind., -----	Weekly, -----	Friday.
Dispatch, -----	York, -----	Rep., -----	Daily, -----	Evening.
Gazette and Daily, -----	York, -----	Dem., -----	Daily, -----	Morning.
Labor News, -----	York, -----	Soc. & Labor,	Weekly, -----	Saturday.

MISCELLANEOUS JOURNALS AND MAGAZINES.

AGRICULTURAL.

Breeders' and Fanciers' News, Scranton, Lackawanna county, rabbits and poultry, monthly.
 Cambria Agriculturalist, South Fork, Cambria county, monthly.
 Country Gentleman, Philadelphia, weekly, Saturday.
 Everybody's Poultry Magazine, Hanover, York county, monthly.
 Farmers' Bulletin, Allentown, Lehigh county, semi-monthly.
 Farm Journal, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Forest Leaves, Philadelphia, forestry, bi-monthly.
 Live Stock Journal, Pittsburgh, daily, evening.
 National Nurseryman, Hatboro, Montgomery county, monthly.
 National Stockman and Farmer, Pittsburgh, weekly, Saturday.
 Park's Floral Magazine, LaPark, Lancaster county, monthly.
 Penn State Farmer, State College, Centre county, agricultural and collegiate, monthly.
 Pennsylvania Farmer, Philadelphia, weekly, Saturday.
 Pennsylvania Grange News, Chambersburg, Franklin county, monthly.
 Poultry Item, Sellersville, Bucks county, monthly.
 Poultry Press, York, York county, weekly, Thursday.
 Practical Farmer, Philadelphia, semi-monthly.

COLLEGE JOURNALS.

Albright Bulletin, Myerstown, Lebanon county, monthly.
 Allegheny Literary Monthly, Meadville, Crawford county.
 Alumni Register, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Brown and White, Bethlehem, Northampton county, semi-weekly, Tuesday and Friday.
 Bryn Mawr Alumnae Quarterly, Bryn Mawr, Montgomery county.
 Bucknell Alumni Monthly, Lewisburg, Union county.
 Bucknellian, Lewisburg, Union county, weekly, Monday.
 Campus, Meadville, Crawford county, weekly, Tuesday.
 College News, Bryn Mawr, Montgomery county, weekly, Thursday.
 College Student, Lancaster, Lancaster county, monthly.
 C. T. I. Alumnus, Pittsburgh, quarterly.
 Dickinsonian, Carlisle, Cumberland county, weekly, Wednesday.
 Dickinson Literary Monthly, Carlisle, Cumberland county.
 Dickinson Union, Williamsport, Lycoming county, monthly.
 Garretsonian, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Geneva Cabinet, Beaver Falls, Beaver county, monthly.
 Gettysburgian, Gettysburg, Adams county, weekly, Wednesday.
 Haverford College Bulletin, Haverford, Montgomery county, quarterly during college year.
 Haverfordian, Haverford, Montgomery county, monthly.
 Haverford News, Haverford, Montgomery county, weekly, Tuesday.
 Holcad, New Wilmington, Lawrence county, weekly.
 Juniata Echo, Huntingdon, Huntingdon county, monthly.
 Lafayette, Easton, Northampton county, weekly, Wednesday.
 Lehigh Burr, Bethlehem, Northampton county, monthly.
 Mirror, Bethlehem, Northampton county, monthly.
 Muhlenberg Weekly, Allentown, Lehigh county.
 Old Penn Weekly Review, Philadelphia, Saturday.
 Penn State Collegian, State College, Centre county, weekly, Wednesday.
 Penn State Froth, State College, Centre county, monthly.
 Pennsylvanian, Philadelphia, daily.
 Pennsylvania Punch Bowl, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Pharetra, Chambersburg, Franklin county, monthly.
 Phoenix, Swarthmore, Delaware county, weekly, Tuesday.
 Pitt Panther, Pittsburgh, monthly.
 Pitt Weekly, Pittsburgh, weekly, Wednesday.
 Puppet, Pittsburgh, six times during college year.
 Red and Black, Washington, Washington county, weekly, Thursday.
 Red and Blue, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Sorosis, Pittsburgh, monthly.
 Steel and Garnet, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Student Weekly, Lancaster, Lancaster county, Wednesday.
 St. Vincent College Journal, Beatty, Westmoreland county, monthly.
 Susquehanna, Selinsgrove, Snyder county, weekly, Tuesday.
 Tartan, Pittsburgh, weekly, Wednesday.
 Tipyn o' Bob, Bryn Mawr, Montgomery county, monthly.
 Ursinus Weekly, Collegeville, Montgomery county, Monday.
 Washington-Jeffersonian, Washington, Washington county, monthly.

EDUCATIONAL.

American Open Air School Journal, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Amulet, West Chester, Chester county, Normal Schools, monthly.
 Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, Philadelphia, bi-monthly.
 Bulletin of the Geographical Society of Philadelphia, quarterly.

EDUCATIONAL—Concluded.

Contemporary Verse, Philadelphia, poetry, monthly.
 Economic Geology, Lancaster, Lancaster county, geology and mining, semi-quarterly.
 Engineering Education, Pittsburgh, monthly.
 Entomological News, Philadelphia, scientific, monthly.
 Historical Outlook, Philadelphia, monthly, except July and August.
 Home and School Guest, Stroudsburg, Monroe county, quarterly.
 Journal of the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, scientific and mechanical, monthly.
 Museum Journal, Philadelphia, art, science and antiquities, quarterly.
 Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography, Philadelphia, quarterly.
 Pennsylvania School Journal, Lancaster, Lancaster county, monthly.
 Psychological Clinic, Philadelphia, monthly, except July, August and September.
 School Progress, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Stenographer and Phonographic World, Philadelphia, monthly.
 The Teacher, Philadelphia, monthly, except July and August.
 Western Pennsylvania Historical Magazine, Pittsburgh, quarterly.

LEGAL

Berks County Law Journal, Reading, Berks county, weekly, Thursday.
 Dickinson Law Review, Carlisle, Cumberland county, monthly.
 Justices' Law Reporter, Harrisburg, Dauphin county, monthly.
 Lackawanna Jurist, Scranton, Lackawanna county, weekly, Friday.
 Law Bulletin, Pittsburgh, daily, evenings.
 Law Review, Lancaster, Lancaster county, weekly, Friday.
 Legal Intelligencer, Philadelphia, weekly, Friday.
 Legal Journal, Pittsburgh, weekly, Saturday.
 Lehigh County Law Journal, Allentown, Lehigh county, weekly, Friday.
 Luzerne Legal Register, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne county, weekly, Friday.
 Montgomery County Law Reporter, Norristown, Montgomery county, weekly, Saturday.
 Municipal Law Reporter, Hanover, York county, monthly.
 Northumberland Legal Journal, Shamokin, Northumberland county, weekly, Saturday.
 Reporter, Chester, Delaware county, weekly, Saturday.
 Schuylkill Legal Record, Tamaqua, Schuylkill county, weekly, Friday.
 University of Pennsylvania Law Review and American Law Register, Philadelphia, monthly, except July, August and September.
 York Legal Record, York, York county, weekly, Thursday.

LITERARY AND FAMILY.

Aryan (Italian), Philadelphia, monthly.
 Boys' Magazine, Smethport, McKean county, monthly.
 Child Life, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Child-Welfare Magazine, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Conservator, Philadelphia, comment, monthly.
 Index, Pittsburgh, weekly, Saturday.
 Ladies' Home Journal, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Mountain Echo, Stroudsburg, Monroe county, society, weekly, June to October.
 New Ideas, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Saturday Evening Post, Philadelphia, weekly, Saturday.
 Sonntagsgast (German), Reading, Berks county, monthly.
 Work with Boys, Reading, Berks county, boys' welfare, monthly except July and August.

MEDICAL AND DENTAL.

American Journal of Anatomy, Philadelphia, bi-monthly.
 American Journal of Medical Sciences, Philadelphia, medicine and surgery, monthly.
 American Journal of Pharmacy, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Anatomical Record, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Annals of Surgery, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Bulletin, Pittsburgh, medical, weekly, Saturday except July, August and September.
 Dental Cosmos, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Hahnemannian Monthly, homeopathic, Philadelphia.
 Homoeopathic Recorder, Lancaster, Lancaster county, monthly.
 Journal of Podiatry, Scranton, Philadelphia, medicine, bi-monthly.
 Journal of the American Pharmaceutical Association, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Medical Clinics of North America, Philadelphia, bi-monthly.
 Medical Council, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Medical Summary, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Medical World, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Oral Hygiene, Pittsburgh, dental, monthly.
 Penn Dental Journal, Philadelphia, bi-monthly.
 Pennsylvania Medical Journal, Athens, Bradford county, monthly.
 Progressive Medicine, Philadelphia, medicine and surgery, quarterly.
 Radium, Pittsburgh, monthly.
 Revista Dental Internacional (Spanish), Pittsburgh, quarterly.
 Roster, Philadelphia, medical, weekly, Saturday.
 Surgical Clinics of Chicago, Philadelphia, medical, monthly.

MUSIC.

Etude, Philadelphia, monthly.

RELIGIOUS.

- Adult Class, Philadelphia, Baptist S. S., quarterly.
 Adult Class Teacher, Philadelphia, Baptist S. S., quarterly.
 Advanced Scholars Lesson Leaf, Philadelphia, Reformed Church S. S., quarterly.
 Advanced Scholars Quarterly, Philadelphia, Reformed Church S. S.
 Advanced Sunday School Lesson Quarterly, Scottsdale, Westmoreland county, Mennonite S. S.
 A. M. E. Church Review, (Negro), Philadelphia, quarterly.
 American Catholic Quarterly Review, Philadelphia.
 American Church Sunday School Magazine, Philadelphia, Episcopal S. S., monthly.
 Amerikanský Ruský Věstník (Slovak), Homestead, Allegheny county, Greek Catholic, weekly, Thursday.
 Augsburg Sunday-School Teacher, Philadelphia, Lutheran S. S., monthly.
 Beobachter (German), Pittsburgh, Catholic, weekly, Friday.
 Bible Teacher, Pittsburgh, United Presbyterian S. S., monthly.
 Catholic, Pittsburgh, weekly, Thursday.
 Catholic Light, Scranton, Lackawanna county, weekly, Thursday.
 Catholic Standard and Times, Philadelphia, weekly, Saturday.
 Christian Advocate, Pittsburgh, Methodist, weekly, Thursday.
 Christian Banner (Negro), Philadelphia, Baptist, weekly, Saturday.
 Christian Educator, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Christian Home and School, Erie, Erie county, Catholic, weekly and monthly.
 Christian Monitor, Scottsdale, Westmoreland county, Mennonite, monthly.
 Christian Recorder (Negro), Philadelphia, African Methodist, weekly, Thursday.
 Christian Review (Negro), Philadelphia, Baptist, weekly, Thursday.
 Christian Statesman, Pittsburgh, Christian Reform, monthly.
 Christian Union Herald, Pittsburgh, United Presbyterian, weekly, Thursday.
 Church Advocate, Harrisburg, Dauphin county, Church of God, weekly, Wednesday.
 Church News, Pittsburgh, Episcopal, monthly.
 Conference Herald, Harrisburg, Dauphin county, United Brethren, monthly.
 Deutsche Lutheraner, Philadelphia, Evangelical Lutheran, weekly, Thursday.
 Eastern Methodist, Philadelphia, weekly, Thursday.
 Ecclesiastical Review, Philadelphia, Catholic, monthly.
 Episcopal Recorder, Philadelphia, Reformed Episcopal, weekly, Thursday.
 Evangelical, Harrisburg, Dauphin county, weekly, Wednesday.
 Evangelical Bible Quarterly, Harrisburg, Dauphin county.
 Evangelical Bible Teacher, Harrisburg, Dauphin county, monthly.
 Evangelical Endeavorer, Harrisburg, Dauphin county, semi-monthly.
 Evangelical Home Department Bible Quarterly, Harrisburg, Dauphin county.
 Evangelical Intermediate Quarterly, Harrisburg, Dauphin county.
 Evangelical Junior Quarterly, Evangelical S. S., Harrisburg, Dauphin county.
 Evangelical Visitor, Harrisburg, Dauphin county, Brethren in Christ, semi-monthly.
 Faith and Works, Philadelphia, Evangelical, monthly.
 Forward, Philadelphia, Presbyterian, weekly, Saturday.
 Friend, Philadelphia, Friends, weekly, Thursday.
 Friends' Intelligencer, Philadelphia, Friends, weekly, Saturday.
 Girls' World, Philadelphia, Baptist Juvenile, monthly.
 Gospel Herald, Scottsdale, Westmoreland county, Mennonite, weekly, Thursday.
 Heidelberg Teacher, Philadelphia, Reformed Church S. S., monthly.
 Home Department, Philadelphia, Baptist, S. S., quarterly.
 Home Department Quarterly, Philadelphia, Reformed Church S. S.
 Intermediate Class, Philadelphia, Baptist, S. S., quarterly.
 Intermediate Scholars' Quarterly, Philadelphia, Reformed Church S. S.
 Intermediate Teacher, Philadelphia, Baptist S. S., quarterly.
 Italica Gente (Italian), Philadelphia, Catholic, weekly, Sunday.
 Jednota (Slovak), Middletown, Dauphin county, Catholic, weekly, Wednesday.
 Jewish Criterion, Pittsburgh, weekly, Friday.
 Jewish Exponent, Philadelphia, weekly, Friday.
 Jewish Quarterly Review, Philadelphia.
 Journal of the Presbyterian Historical Society, Philadelphia, quarterly.
 Junior Class, Philadelphia, Baptist S. S., quarterly.
 Junior Scholars' Quarterly, Philadelphia, Reformed Church S. S.
 Junior Teacher, Philadelphia, Baptist S. S., quarterly.
 Kirchenzeitung, Pittsburgh, Evangelical, semi-monthly.
 Krestanske Listy (Bohemian), Pittsburgh, Presbyterian, weekly, Thursday.
 Lutheran, Philadelphia, weekly, Thursday.
 Lutheran Quarterly, Gettysburg, Adams county.
 Lutheran Woman's Work, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Lutheran Young Folks, Philadelphia, weekly, Saturday.
 Magazine Press Association, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Men's Class, Philadelphia, Baptist S. S., monthly.
 Methodist Recorder, Pittsburgh, weekly, Saturday.
 Moravian, Bethlehem, Northampton county, weekly, Wednesday.
 Nedela (Slovak), Hazleton, Luzerne county, Catholic, weekly, Sunday.
 New Church Life, Bryn Athyn, Montgomery county, Swedenborgian, monthly.
 New Era Magazine, Philadelphia, Presbyterian, monthly.
 New Guide, Altoona, Blair county, Catholic, weekly, Saturday.
 New Guide, Pittsburgh, Methodist, juvenile, weekly, Friday.
 Nord Amerika (German), Philadelphia, Catholic, weekly, Thursday.
 Observer, Pittsburgh, Catholic, weekly, Thursday.
 Orol (Eagle), (Slovak), Barnesboro, Cambria county, Catholic, weekly, Thursday.
 Outlook of Missions, Philadelphia, Reformed Church, monthly.
 Pennsylvania Herald, Philadelphia, Sunday School, monthly.
 Pennsylvania W. C. T. U. Bulletin, Lititz, Lancaster county, monthly.
 Pilot, Philadelphia, R. R. Y. M. C. A., monthly.
 Presbyterian, Philadelphia, weekly, Thursday.
 Presbyterian Banner, Pittsburgh, weekly, Thursday.
 Primary Class, Philadelphia, Baptist S. S., quarterly.
 Primary Teacher, Philadelphia, Baptist S. S., quarterly.
 Prosvita (Ukrainian), McKeesport, Allegheny county, Independent and Greek Catholic, weekly, Thursday.
 Records of the American Catholic Historical Society of Philadelphia, quarterly.
 Reformed Church Messenger, Philadelphia, weekly, Thursday.
 Reformed Church Record, Reading, Berks county, weekly, Thursday.
 St. Andrews Cross, Philadelphia, Episcopal, monthly.
 Scattered Seeds (Juvenile), Philadelphia, Friends, monthly.
 Slovenský Hlasník (Slovak), Pittsburgh, Lutheran, weekly, Thursday.
 Sojuz (Ukrainian), Pittsburgh, Presbyterian, weekly, Thursday.

RELIGIOUS—Concluded.

Sunday School Missionary, Philadelphia, A. S. S. U., monthly.
 Sunday School Times, Philadelphia, interdenominational, weekly, Saturday.
 Sunday School Worker, Philadelphia, Baptist, S. S., monthly.
 Sunday School World, Philadelphia, A. S. S. U., monthly.
 Teachers' Sunday School Lesson Quarterly, Scottsdale, Westmoreland county, Mennonite S. S.
 Twentieth Century Pastor, Philadelphia, sermonic, monthly.
 Union Quarterly, Philadelphia, A. S. S. U.
 United Presbyterian, Pittsburgh, weekly, Thursday.
 Volksfreund (Hebrew), Pittsburgh, weekly, Friday.
 Way, The, Philadelphia, Reformed Church S. S., weekly.
 Westminster Teacher, Philadelphia, Presbyterian S. S., monthly.
 Wielkopolanin (Polish), Pittsburgh, Catholic, weekly, Thursday.
 Young Lutheran, Greenville, Mercer county, monthly.
 Young People, Philadelphia, Baptist, weekly, Saturday.
 Young People's Class, Philadelphia, Baptist S. S., quarterly.
 Young People's Service, Philadelphia, Baptist juvenile, quarterly.
 Young People's Teacher, Philadelphia, Baptist S. S., quarterly.
 Youths' World (Juvenile), Philadelphia, Baptist, monthly.
 Zvaigzde (Lithuanian), Philadelphia, Catholic, weekly, Thursday.

SECRET AND FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

American, York, York county, Jr. O. U. A. M., monthly.
 Brotherhood, Millmont, Union county, fraternal, monthly.
 Camp News, Philadelphia, P. O. S. of A., monthly.
 Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Keystone Arcanian, Bethlehem, Northampton county, Royal Arcanum, monthly.
 Keystone Eastern Star Magazine, Pittsburgh, O. E. S., monthly.
 Knights of the Golden Eagle, Philadelphia, K. G. E., monthly.
 Masonic Monthly, Philadelphia.
 Moose Journal, Philadelphia, L. O. O. M., monthly.
 National Hibernian, Philadelphia, A. O. H., monthly.
 Pennsylvania Elk, Pittsburgh, monthly.
 Pythian Pilgrim, Bethlehem, Northampton county, K. of P., monthly.
 Sokol Polski (Polish), Pittsburgh, weekly, Thursday.
 Sons and Daughters of Liberty Visitors, Philadelphia, S. & D. of L., monthly.
 St. John's Herald, Stroudsburg, Monroe county, K. of M., quarterly.
 Traveling Elk, Philadelphia, Elks, monthly.
 Vereins und Logen Zeitung (German), Philadelphia, weekly, Saturday.

TRADE AND COMMERCIAL JOURNALS.

American Carpet and Upholstery Journal, Philadelphia, monthly.
 American Drop Forger, Pittsburgh, mechanical, monthly.
 American Exchange and Review, Philadelphia, insurance, monthly.
 American Fertilizer, Philadelphia, fortnightly.
 American Mineralogist, Philadelphia, mineralogy, monthly.
 American Review of Shoes and Leather, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Automobile Club of Philadelphia, monthly bulletin, Philadelphia.
 Automobile Trade Journal, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Blast Furnace and Steel Plant, iron and steel, Pittsburgh, monthly.
 Book News Monthly, Philadelphia, books.
 British-American, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Builders' Guide, Philadelphia, weekly, architecture and building, Wednesday.
 Bulletin of Photography, Philadelphia, weekly, Wednesday.
 Bulletin of the Master Builders' Exchange, building, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Camera, Philadelphia, photography, monthly.
 Chilton Tractor Journal, Philadelphia, farm tractors, monthly.
 China, Glass and Lamps, Pittsburgh, weekly, Monday.
 Coal Association Message, Reading, Berks county, monthly.
 Coal Industry, Pittsburgh, monthly.
 Coal Trade Bulletin, Pittsburgh, semi-monthly.
 Commercial America, Philadelphia, foreign trade, monthly.
 Commercial Car Journal, Philadelphia, motor trucks, monthly.
 Commercial Journal, Philadelphia, weekly, Friday.
 Commercial List and Price Current, Philadelphia, weekly, Saturday.
 Compressed Air Magazine, Easton, Northampton county, mechanical, monthly.
 Confectioners' Journal, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Courier, Connellsville, Fayette county, coke trade, weekly, Thursday.
 Drugs, Oils and Paints, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Eastern Dealer in Implements and Vehicles, Philadelphia, fortnightly, Thursday.
 Electric Journal, Pittsburgh, monthly.
 Elevator Constructor, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Export Bulletin, Philadelphia, weekly, Saturday.
 Finance and Commerce, Philadelphia, semi-monthly.
 Finance, Reading, Berks county, financial, quarterly.
 Garageman, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Glassworker, Pittsburgh, weekly, Saturday.
 Grocers' Review, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Hardware News and Pasha Record, Pittsburgh, monthly.
 Hotel and Club News, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Insurance News, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Insurance Register, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Insurance World, Pittsburgh, weekly.
 International Railway Journal, Philadelphia, passenger traffic, monthly.
 Journal of Commerce, Philadelphia, weekly, Saturday.
 Journal of the American Institute of Architects, Harrisburg, Dauphin county, monthly.
 Journal of the Railway Signal Association, Bethlehem, Northampton county, quarterly.
 Keystone, Philadelphia, jewelry, monthly.
 Keystone Magazine of Optometry, Philadelphia, optical, monthly.
 Knit Goods Bulletin, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Lancaster Motorist, Lancaster, Lancaster county, monthly.
 Lefax, Philadelphia, business comment, monthly.
 Lefax Technical Data Sheets, Philadelphia, science and engineering, monthly.

TRADE AND COMMERCIAL JOURNALS—Concluded.

Log of the American Merchant Training Ships, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Millers' Review, Philadelphia, milling, monthly.
 Modern Merchant and Grocery World, Philadelphia, weekly, Monday.
 Money and Commerce, Pittsburgh, financial and real estate, weekly, Saturday.
 Monument Retailer, Philadelphia, monuments, monthly.
 Mutual Insurance Journal-News, Lebanon, Lebanon county, monthly.
 Mutual Magazine, Philadelphia, railroad employes, monthly.
 National Architect, Philadelphia, monthly.
 National Baker, Philadelphia, monthly.
 National Cooper's Journal, Philadelphia, monthly.
 National Glass Budget, Pittsburgh, weekly, Saturday.
 National Herald, Philadelphia, liquor, weekly, Saturday.
 National League Barber, Philadelphia, monthly.
 National Liquor Dealers' Journal, Pittsburgh, weekly, Wednesday.
 Office and Store, Pittsburgh, general merchandise, monthly.
 Official Proceedings Railway Club of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, railroad, monthly, except June, July and August.
 Oil and Gas Man's Magazine, Butler, Butler county, quarterly.
 P. A. R. D. Bulletin, Philadelphia, druggists, monthly.
 Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce News-Bulletin, Philadelphia, commercial and industrial, monthly.
 Pennsylvania Lumberman, Scranton, Lackawanna county, monthly.
 Pennsylvania Merchant, Philadelphia, general merchandise, monthly.
 Petroleum Gazette, Titusville, Crawford county, monthly.
 Photo-Play Journal, Philadelphia, moving pictures, monthly.
 Photo-Play World, Philadelphia, motion pictures, monthly.
 Plan, Philadelphia, lumber, monthly.
 Plumbing and Heating Magazine, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Plumbing News, Pittsburgh, monthly.
 Popular Engineer, Philadelphia, steam engineers, monthly.
 Possett's Textile Journal, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Railroad, Wire and Signal, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Real Estate Record and Builders' Guide, Philadelphia, weekly, Wednesday.
 Scranton Board of Trade Journal, Scranton, Lackawanna county, monthly.
 Shoe and Leather Facts, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Shoe and Leather Facts, (Edicion Pan-American), (Spanish), Philadelphia, bi-monthly.
 Telephone News, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Textile Colorist, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Tobacco News, Philadelphia, semi-monthly.
 Tobacco World, Philadelphia, semi-monthly.
 Trunks, Leather Goods and Umbrellas, Philadelphia, monthly.
 United States Financial and Mercantile Examiner, Philadelphia, weekly, Wednesday.
 United States Review, Philadelphia, insurance, weekly, Thursday.
 Up-to-Date, Scranton, Lackawanna county, grocery, monthly.
 U. S. Air Service, Philadelphia, aeronautic, monthly.
 Vehicle Monthly, Philadelphia, horse and motor vehicles.
 Warm Air Heating and Sheet Metal Worker, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Western Pennsylvania Retail Druggist, Pittsburgh, monthly.

MISCELLANEOUS.

American Cricketer, Philadelphia, sports, monthly.
 American Heroes of the World, Philadelphia, veterans, monthly.
 American Racing Pigeon News, Norristown, Montgomery county, monthly.
 Aquatic Life, Philadelphia, aquaria and fisheries, monthly.
 Bulletin of the William Penn Highway, Harrisburg, Dauphin county, good roads, monthly.
 Clubman Magazine, Philadelphia, clubs and society, monthly.
 Dramatist, Easton, Northampton county, drama, quarterly.
 Druid, Pittsburgh, Welsh interests, semi-monthly.
 Equity, Philadelphia, government efficiency, quarterly.
 In the Open, Pittsburgh, outdoor sports, monthly.
 Journal of Zoophily, Philadelphia, humane, monthly.
 National Municipal Review, Philadelphia, municipal government, monthly.
 Our State Army and Navy Journal, Philadelphia, monthly.
 Out O' Door, Bells Camp, McKean county, anti-tuberculosis, monthly.
 Pennsylvania Sportsman, Scranton, Lackawanna county, monthly.
 Racquet, Philadelphia, tennis and golf, monthly, October to May; semi-monthly, May to September.
 Russian National News, Pittsburgh, monthly.
 Sigaretta (Cigarette), (Italian), Philadelphia, humorous, weekly, Sunday.
 Sokol Sojedinenija (Slovak), Homestead, Allegheny county, gymnastics, weekly, Tuesday.
 Sporting Life, Philadelphia, weekly, Saturday.
 Spunk, Mont Alto, Franklin county, anti-tuberculosis, monthly.
 St. George Journal (American-British), Philadelphia, monthly.
 Udolosti Sveta (Slovak), Hazleton, Luzerne county, world's events, monthly.
 Winged Head Magazine, Pittsburgh, club affairs, monthly.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGAL HOLIDAYS.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following days and half days; namely, the first day of January, commonly called New Year's day; the twelfth day of February, known as Lincoln's birthday; the twenty-second day of February, known as Washington's birthday; Good Friday; the thirtieth day of May, known as Memorial day; the fourth of July, called Independence day; the first Monday of September, known as Labor Day; the twelfth day of October, known as Columbus day; the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, Election day; the twenty-fifth day of December, known as Christmas day; and every Saturday, after twelve o'clock noon until twelve o'clock midnight, each of which Saturdays is hereby designated a half holiday; and any day appointed or recommended by the Governor of this State or the President of the United States as a day of thanksgiving or fasting and prayer, or other religious observance,—shall, for all purposes whatever as regards the presenting for payment or acceptance, and as regards the protesting and giving notice of the dishonor, of bills of exchange, checks, drafts, and promissory notes, made after the passage of this act, be treated and considered as the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, and as public holidays and half holidays; and all such bills, checks, drafts, and notes, otherwise presentable for acceptance or payment on any of the said days, shall be deemed to be payable and be presentable for acceptance or payment on the secular or business day next succeeding such holiday or half holiday; except checks, drafts, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, payable at sight or on demand, which would otherwise be payable on any half holiday Saturday, shall be deemed to be payable at or before twelve o'clock noon of such half holiday: Provided, however, That for the purpose of protesting or otherwise holding liable any party to any bill of exchange, check, draft, or promissory note, and which shall not have been paid before twelve o'clock noon of any Saturday designated a half holiday, as aforesaid, a demand for acceptance or payment thereof shall not be made, and notice of protest or dishonor thereof shall not be given, until the next succeeding secular or business day: And provided further, That when any person, firm, corporation, or company shall, on any Saturday designated a half holiday, receive for collection any check, bill of exchange, draft, or promissory note, such person, firm, corporation, or company shall not be deemed guilty of any neglect or omission of duty, nor incur any liability, in not presenting for payment or acceptance or collection such check, bill of exchange, draft, or promissory note on that day: And provided further, That, in construing this section, every Saturday designated a half holiday shall, until twelve o'clock noon, be deemed a secular or business day; and the days and half days aforesaid, so designated as holidays and half holidays, shall be considered as public holidays and half holidays, for all purposes whatsoever as regards the transaction of business: And provided further, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent or invalidate the entry, issuance, service or execution of any writ, summons, confession of judgment, or other legal process whatever, on any of the holidays or half holidays herein designated as holidays; nor to prevent any bank from keeping its doors open, or transacting its business, on any of the said Saturday afternoons, if by a vote of its directors it shall elect to do so.

Section 2. Whenever the first day of January, the twelfth day of February, the twenty-second day of February, the thirtieth day of May, the fourth day of July, the twelfth day of October, or the twenty-fifth day of December shall any of them occur on Sunday the following day (Monday) shall be deemed and declared a public holiday. All bills of exchange, checks, drafts, or promissory notes, falling due on any of the Mondays so observed as holidays, shall be due and payable on the next succeeding secular or business day; and all Mondays so observed as holidays shall, for all purposes whatever as regards the presenting for payment or acceptance, and as regards the protesting and giving notice of the dishonor, of bills of exchange, checks, drafts, and promissory notes, made after the passage of this act, be treated and considered as if the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday.

Section 3. All bills of exchange, checks, drafts and promissory notes made after the passage of this act, which by the terms thereof shall be payable on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, shall be deemed to be and shall be payable on the next succeeding secular or business day.

Section 4. That all the days and half days herein designated as legal holidays shall be regarded as secular or business days, for all other purposes than those mentioned in this act.

Section 5. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed. (Act of February 16, 1911, P. L. 3.)

FINANCES OF THE UNITED STATES—1918.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1918.

GENERAL FUND.

Ordinary Receipts.

Receipts into the general fund, including various trust-fund receipts, but excluding postal revenues:	
Customs,	\$182,758,988 71
Internal revenue:	
Income and excess-profits taxes,	\$2,838,999,894 28
Miscellaneous,	857,043,590 53
Sales of public lands,	3,696,043,484 81
Miscellaneous,	1,969,455 31
	293,238,656 91
Total ordinary receipts,	<u>\$4,174,010,585 74</u>

Ordinary Disbursements.

Disbursements from the general fund for current expenses and capital outlays, including various trust-fund disbursements, but excluding postal service paid from postal revenues and Panama Canal disbursements:

For civil establishment:	
Legislative establishment,	\$16,042,052 69
Executive proper, including Tariff Commission, War Trade Board, Alien Property Custodian, and National Security and Defense,	9,822,595 51
State Department,	10,709,273 58
Treasury Department proper,	100,778,915 43
Bureau of War Risk insurance,	*68,862,593 40
Public buildings, construction, sites, and equipment,	12,206,527 03
War Department proper,	18,233,466 75
Department of Justice,	13,232,380 79
Post Office Department proper,	1,834,320 44
Postal deficiencies for prior years,	2,221,094 54
Navy Department proper,	1,834,613 77
Interior Department proper,	35,271,820 52
Department of Agriculture,	46,759,461 46
Department of Commerce,	13,301,156 49
Department of Labor,	5,916,881 45
United States Shipping Board,	862,026,889 34
Federal control of transportation systems,	150,000,000 00
War Finance Corporation,	55,000,000 00
Food and Fuel Administrations,	55,330,675 75
Council of National Defense,	1,093,858 55
Interstate Commerce Commission,	5,399,618 66
Federal Trade Commission,	1,466,423 65
Federal Board for Vocational Education,	1,412,882 74
Employees' Compensation Commission,	719,936 26
Smithsonian Institution and National Museum, ...	665,728 81
Other independent offices,	2,717,927 93
District of Columbia,	14,406,410 75
	<u>\$1,507,367,481 29</u>

For War Department:

For Military Establishment, \$5,645,584,931.93, as follows:

Support of the Army, \$4,412,436,479.69; Military Academy, \$1,211,737.93; National Guard, \$39,609,063.34; fortifications, \$1,144,113,490.49; arsenals, \$20,678,157.89; civilian military training camps, \$5,290,124.69; registration and selection for military service, \$13,517,308.77; military posts and miscellaneous, \$8,728,569.23 †	\$5,645,584,931 93
For rivers and harbors,	29,593,581 89
For war miscellaneous, civil, including national homes, \$5,466,602.20; soldiers' deposit fund, \$479,803.14; cemeteries, parks, claims, etc., \$7,809,952.98,	9,170,109 86
	5,684,348,623 68

For Naval Establishment, including construction of new vessels, machinery, armament, equipment, improvement at navy yards, and miscellaneous, ...	†1,368,642,793 84
For Indian Service,	30,888,400 03
For pensions,	181,137,754 12
For interest on the public debt,	197,526,608 36
	<u>\$8,969,911,661 32</u>
Deduct difference arising in adjustment of miscellaneous accounts,	3,379,395 29

Total ordinary disbursements,

Excess of ordinary disbursements,

*Exclusive of allotments of pay.

†Includes allotments of pay.

Special disbursements:

Purchase of obligations of foreign governments, . . .	\$4,739,434,750 00
Purchase of farm-loan bonds,	65,153,254 15

Total special disbursements,	4,804,588,004 15
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Panama Canal:

Receipts from tolls, etc.,	\$6,414,570 25
Disbursements for canal,	20,787,624 92

Excess of canal disbursements,	14,373,054 67
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	\$9,611,482,739 11
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Public debt—issues and deposits:

First Liberty loan,	\$523,112,200 01
Second Liberty loan,	3,807,863,516 00
Third Liberty loan,	3,243,045,138 47
War-savings certificates,	352,769,265 13
Certificates of indebtedness,	9,017,648,500 00
One-year Treasury notes,	19,150,000 00
Deposits to retire Federal reserve bank notes and national bank notes,	10,279,650 00
Deposits for postal-savings bonds,	1,020,940 00

Total public-debt receipts,	\$16,974,889,209 61
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Public debt—redemptions:

First Liberty loan,	\$656,000 00
Second Liberty loan,	61,050,000 00
Third Liberty loan,	14,935,500 00
War-savings certificates,	2,971,967 80
Certificates of indebtedness,	7,578,271,732 00
One-year Treasury notes,	27,382,000 00
Federal reserve bank notes and national bank notes retired,	21,611,225 00
Miscellaneous redemptions, public debt,	20,650 33

Total public-debt disbursements,	\$7,706,879,075 13
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Excess of public-debt receipts over public-debt disbursements,	9,268,010,134 48
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Excess of total disbursements over total receipts,	\$343,472,604 63
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General-fund balances:

Balance in general fund June 30, 1917 (exclusive of disbursing officers' credits),	\$967,247,123 48
Excess of general-fund disbursements for year,	343,472,604 63

Balance in general fund June 30, 1918 (exclusive of disbursing officers' credits),	\$623,774,518 85
Disbursing officers' credits, June 30, 1918,	724,382,518 81

Deduct interest checks and coupons outstanding,	\$1,348,157,037 66
	28,809,673 52

Balance in general fund, June 30, 1918, free of current obligations,	\$1,319,347,364 14
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SUMMARY OF GENERAL FUND TRANSACTIONS.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1918.

	Receipts.	Disbursements.
Ordinary receipts, including various trust-fund receipts, but excluding postal revenues,	\$4,174,010,585 74	
Disbursements for current expenses and capital outlays, including various trust-fund disbursements, but excluding postal service paid from postal revenues and Panama Canal disbursements,		\$8,966,532,266 03
Special disbursements,		4,804,588,004 15
Panama Canal receipts, tolls, etc.,	\$6,414,570 25	
Panama Canal disbursements,		20,787,624 92
Public debt—issues and deposits,	16,974,889,209 61	
Public debt—redemptions,		7,706,879,075 13
Total receipts into the general fund,	\$21,155,314,365 60	
Excess of disbursements over receipts,	343,472,604 63	
Grand total,	\$21,498,786,970 23	\$21,498,786,970 23

Postal Service.

(Exclusive of Post Office Department proper; which is included in "civil establishment.")

Postal-revenue receipts,	\$344,475,962 24
Postal service paid from postal revenues,	324,849,188 16
Excess of receipts,	\$19,626,774 08

United States Notes (Greenbacks).

Issues to replace worn and mutilated notes,	\$212,820,000 00
Worn and mutilated notes retired,	212,820,000 00

The redemptions during the year of the notes unfit for circulation necessitated the issue of a like amount thereof to maintain the outstanding aggregate of the notes as required by law.

Gold Reserve Fund.

Balance in reserve fund June 30, 1917,	\$152,979,025 63
Balance in reserve fund June 30, 1918,	152,979,025 63

The redemptions of notes for gold from the reserve fund during the year were: United States notes, \$8,285,090.

As the redeemed notes were exchanged each day for gold in the general fund, the reserve was maintained at the fixed sum required by law, including \$2,979,025.63 tax on additional circulation received under act of May 30, 1908.

Trust Funds.

(Held for the redemption of the notes and certificates for which they are respectively pledged.)

Gold coin and bullion,	\$1,026,631,669	Gold certificates outstanding, ..	\$1,784,480,669
Silver dollars,	379,211,468	Less amount in the Treasury, ..	757,849,000
Silver dollars 1890,	1,851,114		
		Net,	\$1,026,631,669
		Silver certificates outstanding, ..	\$409,215,000
		Less amount in the Treasury, ..	30,003,532
		Net,	\$379,211,468
		Treasury notes (1890) outstanding,	1,858,000
		Less amount in the Treasury, ..	6,886
			\$1,851,114
	\$1,407,694,251	Net,	\$1,407,694,251

Gold Settlement Fund, Federal Reserve Board.

Gold coin,	\$1,205,082,010
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Sinking Fund.

The securities redeemed on account of the sinking fund, included in general-fund disbursements, were as follows:

Fractional currency,	\$1,420 33
One-year notes of 1863,	10 00
Funded loan of 1891,	100 00
Refunding certificates,	360 00
Funded loan of 1907,	18,200 00
Compound-interest notes,	260 00
Old demand notes,	140 00
Five-twenties of 1864,	50 00
Seven-thirties of 1864 and 1865,	100 00
Total,	\$20,650 33

UNITED STATES PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT, 1791 TO 1918.

STATEMENT OF THE OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES ON THE 1st OF JANUARY OF EACH YEAR FROM 1791 TO 1843, INCLUSIVE, AND ON THE 1st OF JULY OF EACH YEAR FROM 1843 TO 1918, INCLUSIVE.

Year.	Amount.	Year.	Amount.
Jan. 1, 1791,-----	\$75,463,476 52	July 1, 1854,-----	\$42,242,222 42
1792,-----	77,227,924 66	1855,-----	35,586,956 56
1793,-----	80,358,634 04	1856,-----	31,972,537 90
1794,-----	78,427,404 77	1857,-----	28,609,831 85
1795,-----	80,747,587 39	1858,-----	44,911,881 03
1796,-----	83,762,172 07	1859,-----	55,496,837 88
1797,-----	82,064,479 33	1860,-----	64,842,287 88
1798,-----	79,228,529 12	1861,-----	80,580,873 72
1799,-----	78,408,669 77	1862,-----	524,176,412 13
1800,-----	82,976,294 35	1863,-----	1,119,772,138 63
1801,-----	83,038,050 80	1864,-----	1,815,784,370 57
1802,-----	80,712,632 25	1865,-----	2,680,647,869 74
1803,-----	77,054,688 40	1866,-----	2,773,236,173 69
1804,-----	86,427,120 88	1867,-----	2,678,120,103 87
1805,-----	82,312,150 50	1868,-----	2,611,687,851 19
1806,-----	75,723,270 66	1869,-----	2,588,452,213 94
1807,-----	69,218,398 64	1870,-----	2,480,672,427 81
1808,-----	65,196,317 97	1871,-----	2,353,211,332 32
1809,-----	57,023,192 09	1872,-----	2,253,251,328 78
1810,-----	53,173,217 52	1873,-----	2,234,482,993 20
1811,-----	48,005,587 76	1874,-----	2,251,690,463 43
1812,-----	45,209,737 90	1875,-----	2,232,284,531 95
1813,-----	55,962,827 57	1876,-----	2,180,395,067 15
1814,-----	81,487,846 24	1877,-----	2,205,301,392 10
1815,-----	99,833,660 15	1878,-----	2,256,205,892 53
1816,-----	127,334,933 74	1879,-----	2,245,495,072 04
1817,-----	123,491,965 16	1880,-----	2,120,415,370 63
1818,-----	103,466,633 83	1881,-----	2,069,013,569 58
1819,-----	85,529,043 28	1882,-----	1,918,512,994 03
1820,-----	91,015,566 15	1883,-----	1,884,171,728 07
1821,-----	89,967,427 66	1884,-----	1,830,528,923 57
1822,-----	93,546,676 98	1885,-----	1,863,964,873 14
1823,-----	90,875,877 28	1886,-----	1,775,063,013 78
1824,-----	90,269,777 77	1887,-----	1,657,602,592 63
1825,-----	83,788,432 71	1888,-----	1,692,858,984 58
1826,-----	81,054,059 99	1889,-----	1,619,052,922 23
1827,-----	73,987,357 20	1890,-----	1,552,140,204 73
1828,-----	67,475,043 87	1891,-----	1,545,996,591 61
1829,-----	58,421,413 67	1892,-----	1,588,464,144 63
1830,-----	48,565,406 50	1893,-----	1,545,985,686 13
1831,-----	39,123,191 68	1894,-----	1,632,253,636 68
1832,-----	24,322,235 18	1895,-----	1,676,120,983 25
1833,-----	7,001,698 83	1896,-----	1,769,840,323 40
1834,-----	4,760,082 08	1897,-----	1,817,672,665 90
1835,-----	33,733 05	1898,-----	1,796,531,995 90
1836,-----	37,513 05	1899,-----	1,991,927,306 92
1837,-----	336,957 83	1900,-----	2,136,961,091 67
1838,-----	3,308,124 07	1901,-----	2,143,326,933 89
1839,-----	10,434,221 14	1902,-----	2,158,610,445 89
1840,-----	3,573,343 82	1903,-----	2,202,464,781 89
1841,-----	5,250,875 54	1904,-----	2,264,003,585 14
1842,-----	13,594,480 73	1905,-----	2,274,615,063 84
1843,-----	20,201,226 27	1906,-----	2,337,161,839 04
July 1, 1843,-----	32,742,922 00	1907,-----	2,457,188,061 54
1844,-----	23,461,652 50	1908,-----	2,626,806,271 54
1845,-----	15,925,303 01	1909,-----	2,639,546,241 04
1846,-----	15,550,202 97	1910,-----	2,652,665,838 04
1847,-----	38,826,534 77	1911,-----	2,765,600,606 69
1848,-----	47,044,862 23	1912,-----	2,868,373,874 16
1849,-----	63,061,858 69	1913,-----	2,916,204,913 66
1850,-----	63,452,773 55	1914,-----	2,912,499,269 16
1851,-----	68,304,796 02	1915,-----	3,058,136,873 16
1852,-----	66,199,341 71	1916,-----	3,609,244,262 16
1853,-----	50,808,117 70	1917,-----	5,717,770,279 52
		1918,-----	14,592,161,414 00

UNITED STATES DEBT CHANGES, 1918.

STATEMENT OF UNITED STATES BONDS AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS RECEIVED AND ISSUED BY THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY FROM JULY 1, 1917, TO JUNE 30, 1918.

Title of Loan.	Received for transfer and exchange.	Received for redemption.	Issued	Total transactions.
Consols of 1865, 6 per cent. (Act of Mar. 3, 1865), -----		\$200		\$200
Funded loan of 1891, 4½ per cent. (Acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871), -----		2,000		2,000
Funded loan of 1907, 4 per cent. (Acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871), -----		13,550		13,550
Refunding certificates, 4 per cent. (Act of Feb. 26, 1879), -----		500		500
Funded loan of 1891, 4½ per cent. (Acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871), -----		1,000		1,000
Funded loan of 1907, 4 per cent. (Acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871), -----		18,600		18,000
Consols of 1930, 2 per cent. (Act of Mar. 14, 1900), -----	\$25,421,250		\$25,421,250	50,842,500
Loan of 1908-1918, 3 per cent. (Act of June 13, 1898), -----	6,543,940		6,543,940	13,087,880
Loan of 1925, 4 per cent. (Act of Jan. 14, 1875), -----	21,178,250		21,178,250	42,356,500
Panama Canal loan, 2 per cent. (Acts of June 28, 1902, and Dec. 21, 1905: Series of 1916-1936, -----	3,804,080		3,804,080	7,608,160
Series of 1918-1938, -----	1,028,760		1,028,760	2,057,520
Panama Canal loan, 3 per cent. (Acts of Aug. 5, 1909, Feb. 4, 1910, and Mar. 2, 1911), series of 1911-1961, -----	5,114,500		5,114,500	10,229,000
Conversion bonds, 3 per cent. (Act of Dec. 23, 1913), series of 1916-1946, -----	402,600			402,000
Conversion bonds, 3 per cent. (Act of Dec. 23, 1913), series of 1917-1947, -----				
One-year Treasury notes, 3 per cent. (Act of Dec. 23, 1913): Series of July 1, 1916-17, -----		4,785,000		4,785,000
Series of Oct. 1, 1916-17, -----		5,064,000		5,064,000
Series of Jan. 1, 1917-18, -----		9,301,600		9,301,000
Series of April 1, 1917-18, -----		8,212,000		8,212,000
Series of July 1, 1917-18, -----	706,000		4,785,000	5,491,000
Series of Oct. 1, 1917-18, -----	347,000		5,064,000	5,411,000
Series of Jan. 1, 1917-18, -----	1,821,000		9,301,000	11,122,000
Postal Savings bonds, 2½ per cent. (Act of June 25, 1910): First series, 1911-1931, -----	7,360		7,360	14,720
Second series, 1912-1932, -----	55,560		55,560	111,120
Third series, 1912-1932, -----	127,400		127,400	254,800
Fourth series, 1913-1933, -----	167,140		167,140	334,280
Fifth series, 1913-1933, -----	177,540		177,540	355,080
Sixth series, 1914-1934, -----	171,240		171,240	342,480
Seventh series, 1914-1934, -----	145,700		145,700	291,400
Eighth series, 1915-1935, -----	166,180		169,180	320,360
Ninth series, 1915-1935, -----	147,080		147,080	294,160
Tenth series, 1916-1936, -----	147,440		147,440	294,880
Eleventh series, 1916-1936, -----	182,400		182,400	364,800
Twelfth series, 1917-1937, -----	167,740		167,740	335,480
Thirteenth series, 1917-1937, -----	92,100		718,800	810,900
Fourteenth series, 1918-1938, -----	13,680		302,140	315,820

POPULATION, ORDINARY AND PER CAPITA REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES, 1837 TO 1918.

POPULATION, ORDINARY RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE GOVERNMENT FROM
1837 TO 1918, EXCLUSIVE OF POSTAL, AND PER CAPITA ON RECEIPTS AND PER CAPITA
ON DISBURSEMENTS.

Year.	Population.	Ordinary receipts.	Per capita on receipts.	Ordinary disbursements.	Per capita on disbursements.
1837, -----	15,655,000	\$24,954,153 00	\$1.59	\$37,243,214 24	\$2.33
1838, -----	16,112,000	26,302,562 00	1.63	33,864,714 56	2.10
1839, -----	16,584,000	31,482,750 00	1.90	26,896,782 62	1.62
1840, -----	17,069,453	19,480,115 00	1.14	24,314,518 19	1.42
1841, -----	17,591,000	16,860,160 00	.96	26,481,817 84	1.51
1842, -----	18,132,000	19,976,197 00	1.10	25,134,886 44	1.39
1843 (six months), -----	18,694,000	8,231,001 26	.44	11,780,092 51	.63
1844, -----	19,276,000	29,320,707 78	1.52	22,483,560 14	1.17
1845, -----	19,878,000	29,970,105 80	1.51	22,935,827 79	1.15
1846, -----	20,500,000	29,699,967 74	1.45	27,261,182 86	1.33
1847, -----	21,143,000	26,467,403 16	1.25	54,920,784 09	2.60
1848, -----	21,805,000	35,698,699 21	1.64	47,618,220 65	2.18
1849, -----	22,489,000	30,721,077 50	1.37	43,499,078 39	1.93
1850, -----	23,191,876	43,592,888 88	1.88	40,948,383 12	1.77
1851, -----	23,995,000	52,555,039 33	2.19	47,751,478 41	1.99
1852, -----	24,802,000	49,846,815 00	2.01	44,390,262 30	1.79
1853, -----	25,615,000	61,587,031 68	2.40	47,743,989 09	1.86
1854, -----	26,433,009	73,800,341 40	2.79	55,038,455 11	2.08
1855, -----	27,256,000	65,350,574 68	2.40	58,630,662 71	2.15
1856, -----	28,083,000	74,056,699 24	2.64	68,726,350 01	2.45
1857, -----	28,916,000	68,965,312 57	2.38	67,634,408 93	2.33
1858, -----	29,753,000	46,655,365 96	1.57	73,982,492 84	2.49
1859, -----	30,598,000	52,777,107 92	1.72	68,993,599 77	2.25
1860, -----	31,443,321	56,054,599 83	1.78	63,200,875 65	2.01
1861, -----	32,064,000	41,476,299 49	1.30	66,650,213 08	2.14
1862, -----	32,704,000	51,819,261 09	1.58	469,570,241 65	14.35
1863, -----	33,365,000	112,094,945 51	3.30	718,734,276 18	21.54
1864, -----	34,046,000	243,412,971 20	7.14	864,969,100 83	25.40
1865, -----	34,748,000	222,031,158 19	9.26	1,295,099,289 58	37.27
1866, -----	35,469,000	519,949,564 38	14.65	519,022,356 34	14.63
1867, -----	36,211,000	462,846,679 92	12.78	346,729,325 78	9.58
1868, -----	36,973,000	376,434,453 82	10.18	370,339,133 82	10.01
1869, -----	37,756,000	357,188,250 09	9.46	521,190,597 75	8.51
1870, -----	38,558,371	395,959,833 87	10.26	293,657,005 15	7.61
1871, -----	39,555,000	374,431,104 94	9.47	283,160,393 51	7.16
1872, -----	40,596,000	364,694,229 91	8.98	270,559,695 91	6.66
1873, -----	41,677,000	322,177,673 78	7.73	285,259,325 34	6.84
1874, -----	42,796,000	299,941,096 84	7.01	301,238,800 21	7.04
1875, -----	43,951,000	284,020,771 41	6.46	274,623,392 84	6.25
1876, -----	45,137,000	290,066,584 70	6.43	265,161,084 59	5.87
1877, -----	46,353,000	281,000,642 00	6.06	241,334,474 86	5.21
1878, -----	47,598,000	257,446,776 40	5.41	236,964,326 80	4.98
1879, -----	48,866,000	272,322,136 83	5.57	266,947,883 53	5.46
1880, -----	50,155,783	333,626,500 98	6.65	264,847,637 36	5.28
1881, -----	51,316,000	360,782,293 00	7.00	259,651,638 81	5.06
1882, -----	52,495,000	403,525,250 00	7.68	257,981,439 57	4.92
1883, -----	53,693,000	398,287,582 00	7.41	265,408,137 54	4.94
1884, -----	54,911,000	348,519,870 00	6.36	244,126,244 33	4.45
1885, -----	53,148,000	323,690,706 00	5.76	260,226,935 11	4.63
1886, -----	57,404,000	336,439,727 00	5.86	242,483,138 50	4.22
1887, -----	58,680,000	371,403,277 60	6.33	267,932,179 97	4.56
1888, -----	59,974,000	379,266,075 00	6.32	259,653,958 67	4.32
1889, -----	61,289,000	387,050,050 00	6.31	281,996,615 69	4.60
1890, -----	62,622,250	403,080,982 00	6.43	297,736,486 60	4.75
1891, -----	63,947,000	392,612,447 31	6.14	355,372,684 74	5.56
1892, -----	65,191,000	354,937,784 24	5.44	345,023,330 58	5.29

POPULATION, ORDINARY RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE GOVERNMENT FROM
1837 TO 1918—Concluded.

Year.	Population.	Ordinary receipts.	Per capita on receipts.	Ordinary disbursements.	Per capita on disbursements.
1893, -----	66,456,000	\$385,819,628 78	\$5.81	\$383,477,954 49	\$5.77
1894, -----	67,740,000	297,722,019 25	4.40	367,525,279 83	5.43
1895, -----	69,043,000	313,390,075 11	4.54	356,195,298 29	5.16
1896, -----	70,365,000	326,976,200 38	4.65	352,179,446 08	5.01
1897, -----	71,704,000	347,721,705 16	4.85	365,774,159 57	5.10
1898, -----	73,060,000	405,321,335 20	5.55	443,368,582 80	6.07
1899, -----	74,433,000	515,960,620 18	6.93	605,072,179 85	8.14
1900, -----	76,295,220	567,240,851 89	7.43	487,713,791 71	6.39
1901, -----	77,754,000	587,685,337 53	7.56	509,967,353 15	6.56
1902, -----	79,117,000	562,478,233 21	7.11	471,190,857 64	5.96
1903, -----	80,847,000	560,396,674 40	6.93	506,089,022 04	6.26
1904, -----	81,867,000	539,716,913 86	6.59	532,237,821 31	6.50
1905, -----	83,260,000	544,606,758 62	6.54	563,360,093 62	6.77
1906, -----	84,662,000	594,717,942 32	7.02	549,405,425 35	6.49
1907, -----	86,074,000	663,125,659 92	7.70	551,705,129 04	6.41
1908, -----	87,496,000	601,060,723 27	6.87	621,102,390 64	7.10
1909, -----	88,926,000	603,589,489 84	6.79	662,324,444 77	7.45
1910, -----	*90,363,000	675,511,715 02	7.48	659,705,391 08	7.30
1911, -----	93,983,000	701,372,374 99	7.46	654,137,997 89	6.96
1912, -----	95,656,000	691,778,465 37	7.23	654,553,963 47	6.84
1913, -----	97,337,000	724,111,229 84	7.44	682,770,705 51	7.01
1914, -----	99,027,000	734,673,166 71	7.42	700,254,489 71	7.07
1915, -----	100,725,000	687,910,827 58	6.93	731,399,759 11	7.26
1916, -----	102,431,000	779,664,552 49	7.61	724,492,998 90	7.07
1917, -----	104,146,000	1,118,174,126 43	10.74	1,147,898,991 16	11.02
1918, -----	105,869,000	4,174,010,585 74	39.43	8,966,532,266 03	84.69

*Estimated July 1, 1910.

AMOUNT OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES, 1860 TO 1918.

STATEMENT OF THE COIN AND PAPER CIRCULATION OF THE UNITED STATES FROM 1860 TO 1918, INCLUSIVE, WITH AMOUNT OF CIRCULATION PER CAPITA.

	Coin, bullion and Treasury.	United States notes and bank notes.	Total money.	Coin, bullion and paper money in Treasury, as assets.	Circulation.	Population.	Circulation per capita.
1860.	\$235,000,000	\$207,102,477	\$442,102,477	\$6,095,225	\$435,407,252	31,443,321	\$13.86
1861.	250,000,000	202,005,767	452,005,767	3,000,000	445,405,767	32,004,000	13.96
1862.	25,000,000	333,492,079	358,492,079	23,754,335	334,697,744	32,704,000	10.28
1863.	25,000,000	649,867,283	674,867,283	79,473,245	595,394,038	33,365,000	17.84
1864.	25,000,000	680,588,067	705,588,067	35,946,989	669,641,478	34,046,000	19.67
1865.	25,000,000	745,386,620	770,386,620	55,426,760	714,971,860	34,748,000	20.68
1866.	25,000,000	729,430,711	754,430,711	80,839,010	673,591,701	35,469,000	18.99
1867.	25,000,000	703,334,669	728,334,669	66,208,541	662,126,128	36,211,000	18.29
1868.	25,000,000	692,336,116	717,336,116	36,440,917	680,896,198	36,973,000	18.42
1869.	25,000,000	691,471,653	716,471,653	50,808,289	665,673,364	37,756,000	17.68
1870.	25,000,000	698,940,094	723,940,094	47,655,667	676,284,427	38,558,371	17.61
1871.	25,000,000	719,539,283	744,539,283	25,923,169	718,616,114	39,555,000	18.17
1872.	25,000,000	740,960,724	765,960,724	24,412,016	741,548,708	40,596,000	18.37
1873.	25,000,000	751,363,213	776,363,213	22,563,801	753,799,412	41,677,000	18.06
1874.	25,000,000	781,024,781	806,024,781	22,941,750	778,083,031	42,796,000	18.12
1875.	25,000,000	773,273,509	798,273,509	14,171,592	764,101,947	43,951,000	17.10
1876.	25,000,000	738,264,550	763,264,550	63,073,896	727,690,388	45,137,000	16.12
1877.	52,418,734	687,216,341	739,635,075	763,053,847	729,314,883	46,353,000	15.58
1878.	65,837,506	687,713,089	753,550,595	60,658,342	722,132,684	47,588,000	15.38
1879.	102,047,907	676,372,713	778,420,620	215,009,098	815,631,793	48,866,000	16.76
1880.	357,968,178	691,156,443	1,049,124,621	212,168,069	873,882,228	50,156,783	19.41
1881.	494,363,884	691,156,443	1,185,520,327	235,354,254	1,114,238,119	51,316,000	21.71
1882.	647,866,082	701,723,691	1,349,589,773	235,107,470	1,174,290,419	52,496,000	22.37
1883.	703,974,839	706,423,060	1,410,397,899	242,188,649	1,231,047,925	53,693,000	22.98
1884.	769,740,048	703,496,526	1,473,236,574	243,323,869	1,243,995,969	54,911,000	22.65
1885.	801,068,989	686,180,869	1,487,249,858	244,864,335	1,293,061,836	56,148,000	23.08
1886.	872,175,823	665,750,948	1,537,926,771	308,707,249	1,250,011,531	57,404,000	21.78
1887.	993,027,304	655,691,476	1,648,718,780	315,873,562	1,317,539,143	58,680,000	22.45
1888.	1,007,513,901	625,898,804	1,633,412,705	319,270,157	1,372,164,870	59,974,000	22.88
1889.	1,062,391,690	599,043,337	1,661,435,027	278,310,764	1,380,361,649	61,289,000	22.52
1890.	1,152,472,434	588,059,979	1,740,532,413	255,872,159	1,429,251,270	62,622,250	22.82
1891.	1,162,411,638	582,651,791	1,745,063,429	160,353,337	1,497,440,307	63,844,000	23.46
1892.	1,112,950,637	564,887,007	1,677,793,644	150,872,010	1,497,440,307	65,086,000	23.40
1893.	1,131,142,960	621,076,937	1,752,219,897	142,107,227	1,596,701,065	66,349,000	24.07
1894.	1,066,223,357	672,584,935	1,738,808,292				

Year Ending June 30.

AMOUNT OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES, 1860 TO 1913—Concluded.

Year Ending June 30.

	Coin, bullion and Treasury notes, including bullion in Treasury.	United States notes and bank notes.	Total money.	Coin, bullion and paper money in Treasury, as sets.	Circulation.	Population.	Circulation per capita.
1864.	\$1,098,958,741	\$706,618,677	\$1,805,577,418	\$144,270,253	\$1,661,307,165	\$87,632,000	\$24.58
1865.	1,114,890,106	704,660,451	1,819,550,557	217,301,084	1,601,968,473	68,934,000	23.24
1866.	1,097,610,180	702,864,843	1,799,975,023	293,504,067	1,506,434,966	70,254,000	21.44
1867.	1,213,780,289	692,860,382	1,906,770,271	265,787,160	1,640,983,111	71,592,000	22.82
1868.	1,357,785,968	675,788,473	2,033,574,442	256,714,547	1,837,859,895	72,947,000	25.19
1869.	1,503,543,738	681,650,167	2,185,193,905	284,549,675	1,904,071,881	74,318,000	25.62
1870.	1,697,352,213	732,348,490	2,429,700,703	307,760,015	2,065,150,998	76,303,387	26.93
1871.	1,734,861,774	748,206,203	2,483,067,977	313,876,107	2,175,307,962	77,754,000	27.96
1872.	1,829,913,551	733,353,107	2,563,266,658	317,018,818	2,249,390,551	80,487,000	28.43
1873.	1,905,116,321	779,594,666	2,684,710,987	284,361,275	2,367,692,169	80,117,000	29.42
1874.	1,994,610,024	808,894,111	2,803,504,135	295,227,211	2,519,142,860	81,867,000	30.77
1875.	2,031,296,042	851,813,822	2,883,109,864	333,329,963	2,557,882,653	83,260,000	31.08
1876.	2,154,797,215	915,179,376	3,069,976,591	342,604,552	2,736,646,628	84,662,000	32.32
1877.	2,159,103,301	956,457,706	3,115,561,007	340,748,532	2,772,956,455	86,074,000	32.22
1878.	2,328,767,067	1,049,996,033	3,378,764,020	317,235,878	3,068,015,488	87,496,000	34.72
1879.	2,395,512,264	1,040,816,090	3,436,328,354	300,087,697	3,106,240,657	88,926,000	34.93
1880.	2,357,807,734	1,063,783,749	3,421,591,483	317,235,878	3,102,355,605	90,363,000	34.33
1881.	2,477,827,453	1,078,121,524	3,555,958,977	341,956,381	3,214,002,596	93,883,000	34.20
1882.	2,554,125,643	1,094,741,008	3,648,870,651	364,357,557	3,284,513,094	95,656,000	34.34
1883.	2,611,571,094	1,108,498,922	3,720,070,016	356,831,567	3,363,738,449	97,337,000	34.56
1884.	2,638,406,956	1,099,791,915	3,738,298,871	336,273,444	3,402,015,427	99,027,000	34.35
1885.	2,739,241,077	1,250,216,109	3,989,456,186	430,236,612	3,559,219,574	100,725,000	35.44
1886.	2,800,867,512	1,276,024,126	4,076,891,638	438,761,871	4,024,130,567	102,431,000	38.29
1887.	3,785,690,785	1,622,299,231	5,407,990,026	644,414,364	4,763,575,662	104,145,000	45.74
1888.	3,807,161,348	2,933,910,946	6,741,072,294	1,361,644,870	5,379,427,424	106,866,000	50.81

Revised figures for June 30 of each year used in above table.

Specie payments were suspended from January 1, 1862, to January 1, 1879, during the greater part of which period gold and silver coins were not in circulation except on the Pacific coast, where, it is estimated, the specie circulation was generally about \$25,000,000. In 1876 subsidiary silver again came into use. The coinage of standard silver dollars was resumed in 1878 and again discontinued during the fiscal year 1905. First issue of Federal reserve notes in fiscal year 1915.

For redemption of outstanding certificates an exact equivalent in gold coin or bullion or standard silver dollars is held in the Treasury, and is not included in the account of money held as assets of the Treasury. During the fiscal year 1915 there is included with the Treasury assets the amount of money held by Federal reserve banks and Federal reserve agents against issue of Federal reserve notes.

In 1907 the Director of the Mint reduced his estimate of the stock of gold coin in the United States by \$135,000,000, and in 1910 reduced his estimate of the stock of subsidiary silver coin in the United States by \$9,000,000.

FINANCES OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Extracts from the State Treasurer's Report for the year ending November 30, 1918.

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT.

Receipts.

To balance in General Fund, December 1, 1917,	\$6,562,382 90
To transfer from Federal appropriation for vocational education,	32,700 66
To receipts from all sources for year ending November 30, 1918,	39,136,709 58
	<u>\$45,731,793 14</u>

Disbursements.

To miscellaneous payments of appropriations and expenses of Government for the year ending November 30, 1918,	\$37,052,531 04
By amount transferred to Manufacturing Fund,	101,304 10
By amount transferred to Sinking Fund,	31,020 00
By annuity for right-of-way to Pike and Susquehanna counties,	10,000 00
By United States Government to Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, Erie,	10,031 37
By United States Government to State College,	50,000 00
By United States Government aid to State roads,	105,101 93
By United States Government highway reimbursements,	6,892 70
	<u>\$37,366,881 14</u>
Balance in General Fund, November 30, 1918,	<u>\$8,364,912 00</u>

SINKING FUND STATEMENT.

Balance, cash in banks, December 1, 1917,	\$651,110 02
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Receipts.

February 5, 1918, transferred from General Fund to pay interest on public debt,	\$15,510 00
August 1, 1918, transferred from General Fund to pay interest on public debt,	15,510 00
	<u>31,020 00</u>
	<u>\$682,130 02</u>

Disbursements.

February 5, 1918, interest on agricultural script bonds and on proceeds of sale of experimental farms, paid Pennsylvania State College,	\$15,510 00
August 1, 1918, interest on agricultural script bonds and proceeds of sale of experimental farms paid Pennsylvania State College,	15,510 00
	<u>31,020 00</u>
Balance, cash in banks, November 30, 1918,	<u>\$651,110 02</u>

STATEMENT OF PUBLIC DEBT AS SHOWN BY RECORDS AND STATEMENTS ON FILE IN THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT, NOVEMBER 30, 1918.

Non-Interest Bearing Debt.

Relief Loans, Act of May 4, 1841,	\$96,093 00
Interest certificates unclaimed,	4,448 38
Interest certificates outstanding,	13,038 54
Domestic creditors,	25 00
	<u>\$113,604 92</u>

Overdue Loans on Which Interest has Ceased.

Five per cent. bonds,	\$18,414 70
Six per cent. bonds,	2,000 00
Six per cent. Chambersburg certificates outstanding and unclaimed,	90 40
	<u>20,505 10</u>

Debt Bearing Interest in Currency.

Six per cent. agricultural script bonds,	\$500,000 00
Six per cent. proceeds from sale of Experimental Farms,	17,000 00
	<u>517,000 00</u>
	<u>\$651,110 02</u>

RECAPITULATION.

Sinking Fund Assets: Cash in bank, December 1, 1918,	\$651,110 02
Total public debt, December 1, 1918,	<u>651,110 02</u>

STATE SCHOOL FUND STATEMENT.

Receipts.

Balance in State School Fund, December 1, 1917,	\$8,352 60
Escheated estates,	\$32,101 74
Forest fires expenses refunded,	230 25
Forestry reservation sundries,	24,835 12
Interest on State School Fund deposits,	479 62
Interest on State School Fund investments,	13,629 00
Proceeds from sales of land,	17,950 96
School Fund bonds redeemed,	1,009 90
	<u>90,226 60</u>

Disbursements.

Loans purchased,	\$61,988 55
Miscellaneous schools,	315 00
	<u>62,303 55</u>
Balance in State School Fund, November 30, 1918,	<u>\$36,275 74</u>

STATE INSURANCE FUND STATEMENT.

Receipts.

Balance in State Insurance Fund, December 1, 1917,	\$99,395 03
Dividends,	\$132 71
Interest on State Insurance Fund deposits,	2,270 99
Interest on State Insurance Fund investments,	21,819 75
Interest on Sinking Fund deposits,	8,464 72
Insurance on State property,	8,953 55
Refunded cash,	8 34
Refunded insurance premiums,	346 21
Sabbath breaking fines,	1,295 10
Tax on foreign fire insurance companies,	256,366 21
	<u>299,657 58</u>
	<u>\$399,052 61</u>

Disbursements.

Advertising,	\$14 39
Investments and interest,	263,029 04
Replacing property losses,	35,253 42
	<u>298,296 85</u>
Balance in State Insurance Fund, November 30, 1918,	<u>\$100,755 76</u>

MOTOR REGISTRATION AND LICENSE FEES FUND STATEMENT.

Receipts.

Balance in Motor Fund, December 1, 1917,	\$277,337 99
Automobile licenses,	\$4,029,263 50
Refunded cash,	7 50
	<u>4,029,271 00</u>
	<u>\$4,306,608 99</u>

Disbursements.

Miscellaneous payments,	<u>4,249,773 05</u>
Balance in Motor Fund, November 30, 1918,	<u>\$56,835 94</u>

GAME PROTECTION AND PROPAGATION FUND STATEMENT.

Receipts.

Balance in Game Fund, December 1, 1917,	\$314,115 47
Hunting licenses and fines,	156,200 51
	<u>\$470,315 98</u>

Disbursements.

Pay-roll,	\$88,498 93
Purchase of preserves and general expenses,	91,628 73
Payment of bounties,	901 47
	<u>181,029 13</u>
Balance in Game Fund, November 30, 1918,	<u>\$289,286 85</u>

FINANCES OF PENNSYLVANIA.

BOUNTY FUND STATEMENT.

Receipts.

Balance in Bounty Fund, December 1, 1917,		\$182,926 07
Hunting licenses, fees and penalties,	\$146,522 49	
Refunded cash,	44 00	
Unclaimed check,	147 00	
		<u>146,713 49</u>
		\$329,639 56

Disbursements.

Pay-roll,	\$3,976 79	
General expenses,	11 91	
Payment of bounties,	60,405 02	
		<u>64,436 72</u>
Balance in Bounty Fund, November 30, 1918,		<u>\$265,202 84</u>

MANUFACTURING FUND STATEMENT.

Receipts.

Balance in Manufacturing Fund, December 1, 1917,		\$35,064 03
Interest on Manufacturing Fund deposits,	\$1,454 74	
Sale of manufactured articles,	169,553 30	
Transfer from General Fund,	101,304 10	
		<u>272,312 14</u>
		\$307,376 17

Disbursements.

Pay-roll,	\$11,315 83	
General expenses,	274,332 13	
		<u>285,647 96</u>
Balance in Manufacturing Fund, November 30, 1918,		<u>\$21,728 21</u>

FISH PROPAGATION FUND STATEMENT.

Receipts.

Fish Hatchery licenses,	\$688 00	
Fish fines,	7,581 75	
		<u>\$8,269 75</u>
		\$8,269 75

Disbursements.

Balance in Fish Propagation Fund, November 30, 1918,	<u>\$8,269 75</u>
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FEDERAL APPROPRIATION FOR VOCATIONAL EDUCATION.

Receipts.

United States Government,	\$127,312 10
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Disbursements.

Transfer to General Fund,	<u>32,700 66</u>
Balance in Federal Appropriation for Vocational Education, November 30, 1918,	<u>\$94,611 44</u>

REVENUE OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AT THE STATE TREASURY FROM THE 1ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1916, TO THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1917, INCLUSIVE, AND FROM THE 1ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1917, TO THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1918, INCLUSIVE.

General Fund.

	1917.	1918.
Annuity for right-of-way, Pike and Susquehanna counties,	\$10,000 00	\$10,000 00
Bank examinations, expense of,	74,091 86	79,940 04
Bonus on charters,	1,347,618 49	866,453 59
Care of insane,	135,011 04	168,788 83
Collection of surety on bonds,	484 22	.....
Commissions, notary public,	64,550 00	32,025 00
Commission, Delaware River Bridge and Tunnel, refund, .....	.....	7,500 00
Conscience money,	435 96	220 72
Confiscated property, sale of,	202 15	1,659 69
Cup vending machines, receipts,	96 35	81 73
Fair association prizes,	18 00	.....
Fees of office,	381,403 56	373,522 27
Fines, agriculture and horticulture,	10 00	.....
Fines, automobile,	12,257 50	26,470 44
Fines, cheese, .....	.....	50 00
Fines, cold storage,	1,092 50	596 00
Fines, court martial,	93 00	.....
Fines, egg,	1,847 50	225 00
Fines, employment,	200 00	350 00
Fines, employment agents, .....	.....	75 00
Fines, factory,	582 00	290 00
Fines, feeding stuffs,	2,100 00	1,650 00
Fines, fertilizer,	1,000 00	800 00
Fines, fishing,	4,120 67	1,213 00
Fines, hunting, .....	.....	28,033 64
Fines, ice cream,	553 90	775 00
Fines, labor law,	4,112 00	3,515 00
Fines, lard,	757 00	50 00
Fines, lime,	30 00	50 00
Fines, linseed oil,	100 00	100 00
Fines, livestock,	261 90	.....
Fines, mattress,	1,600 00	100 00
Fines, meat,	1,649 50	600 00
Fines, milk,	11,981 85	10,968 61
Fines, minor labor law,	4,450 00	4,670 00
Fines, money lenders, .....	.....	100 00
Fines, moving picture,	2,450 00	4,720 00
Fines, non-alcoholic drink,	2,247 78	1,255 00
Fines, oleomargarine,	1,410 00	900 00
Fines, public road,	25 00	.....
Fines, pure food,	5,962 75	4,185 50
Fines, registered package, .....	.....	38 00
Fines, State Police,	412 50	1,797 55
Fines, seed,	90 00	20 00
Fines, turpentine,	75 00	175 00
Fines, vinegar,	700 00	500 00
Forest fires expenses refunded by counties,	2,138 33	2,238 64
Forfeiture, highway contractors, .....	.....	4,000 00
Interest on State deposits, General Fund,	122,800 37	121,490 71
Interest, accrued, general accounts,	45,311 76	34,807 68
Interest on bank balances,	45,961 77	824 44
Interest on Federal appropriation for vocational education, .....	.....	491 35
Licenses, auctioneers,	14,942 41	16,372 58
Licenses, billiards and pool,	143,461 84	137,544 77
Licenses, bottlers,	35,650 50	35,102 22
Licenses, brewers,	318,298 71	302,030 50
Licenses, brokers,	81,162 76	91,943 67
Licenses, chiropody,	50 00	175 00
Licenses, cold storage,	3,500 00	3,300 00
Licenses, distillers,	40,102 52	15,542 70
Licenses, eating house,	36,076 15	45,251 27
Licenses, employment agents,	14,900 00	2,000 00
Licenses, fertilizers,	25,950 00	29,600 00
Licenses, fishing,	2,433 44	1,922 00
Licenses, hunting, non-resident,	28,596 63	4,986 80
Licenses, lime,	1,435 00	1,285 00
Licenses, liquor, retail,	601,911 72	574,929 15
Licenses, liquor, wholesale,	675,833 44	612,472 59
Licenses, mercantile, retail,	1,053,565 91	1,258,316 15
Licenses, mercantile, wholesale,	426,995 29	558,886 83
Licenses, midwife,	192 00	430 00
Licenses, money lenders,	4,600 00	5,900 00
Licenses, oleomargarine,	341,446 54	461,890 69
Licenses, peddlers,	3,599 17	2,594 11
Licenses, private bankers,	300 00	150 00
Licenses, renovated butter,	600 00	600 00
Licenses, stallions,	2,091 00	1,606 00
Licenses, theatres and circuses,	60,348 89	57,123 16
Licenses, therapy and massage, .....	.....	725 00
Moving picture films, fees for examination of,	41,837 00	86,668 00
Navigation Commission, Philadelphia,	528 00	.....

General Fund—Concluded.

	1917.	1918.
Pamphlet laws, sale of,	4 92	232 00
Penalties, county,	53 25	.....
Penalties, corporate and miscellaneous,	16,495 05	23,036 77
Refunded cash,	84,411 02	12,430 40
Rent of State property,	438 50	5 00
Sale of State property,	38,493 06	25,940 48
State highway bulletins, sale of,	1,641 00	2,128 00
State highway maps, sale of,	693 03	437 64
State highway construction,	192,016 24	600,567 65
State highway contribution,	53,750 80	176 42
State highway reimbursements, .....	.....	197 04
Stock transfer stamps, sale of,	181,860 30	107,570 06
Substitute moving picture seals, sale of,	3,217 00	5,085 75
Tax on bank stock,	1,125,693 13	1,111,816 86
Tax on borough loans,	430,062 74	637,979 09
Tax on building and loan stock,	17,992 06	57,950 86
Tax on capital stock,	10,214,979 80	14,824,138 83
Tax on collateral inheritance,	2,277,155 35	3,003,142 08
Tax on corporate gross receipts,	2,198,692 07	2,142,559 52
Tax on corporate loans,	2,061,741 41	4,594,966 98
Tax on county loans,	67,367 72	114,578 67
Tax on direct inheritance,	114,060 59	2,643,462 13
Tax on foreign insurance companies,	1,782,714 52	.....
miscellaneous,	\$1,928,693 91	.....
fire,	256,366 04	.....
unregistered,	343 86	.....
Tax on gross receipts of bankers and brokers,	37,395 29	2,185,403 81
Tax on gross receipts, notarial,	4,147 81	37,198 53
Tax on gross premiums,	169,409 78	5,207 15
Tax on income,	56,358 25	166,299 27
Tax on school district loans,	115,559 41	70,626 85
Tax on writs, wills, and deeds,	237,931 45	305,127 88
Toll house receipts, .....	.....	230,155 27
United States Government to Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, Erie,	20,462 78	550 97
United States Government to State College,	50,000 00	10,031 37
United States Government aid to State roads, .....	.....	50,000 00
United States Government highway reimbursements, .....	.....	105,101 93
.....	.....	6,892 70
General Fund totals,	\$27,807,548 36	\$39,136,709 58

Sinking Fund.

Transfer from General Fund,	\$15,510 00	\$15,510 00
Sinking Fund totals,	\$31,020 00	\$31,020 00

State School Fund.

Escheated estates,	\$8,268 39	\$32,101 74
Forest fires expenses refunded, .....	.....	230 25
Forestry reservation sundries,	19,086 30	24,835 12
Interest on State School Fund deposits,	347 20	479 62
Interest on State School Fund investments,	11,945 00	13,629 00
Proceeds from sales of land,	1,454 94	17,950 96
School Fund bonds redeemed, .....	.....	1,000 00
State School Fund totals,	\$41,101 83	\$90,226 69

State Insurance Fund.

Dividends,	\$89 00	\$132 71
Interest on State Insurance Fund deposits,	3,469 36	2,270 99
Interest on State Insurance Fund investments,	14,947 50	21,819 75
Interest on Sinking Fund deposits,	15,153 34	8,464 72
Insurance on State property,	11,789 99	8,953 55
Refunded cash,	61 03	8 34
Refunded insurance premiums, .....	.....	346 21
Sabbath breaking fines,	1,593 10	1,295 10
Tax on foreign fire insurance companies,	208,941 90	256,366 21
State Insurance Fund totals,	\$256,045 22	\$299,657 58

Motor Registration and License Fees Fund.

Refunded cash, .....	.....	\$7 50
Automobile licenses,	\$3,248,863 50	4,029,263 50
Motor Fund totals, .....	.....	\$4,029,271 00

Game Protection and Propagation Fund.

Hunting licenses and fines,	\$119,056 16	\$156,200 51
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Bounty Fund.

	1917.	1918.
Hunting licenses, fines and penalties,	\$138,298 35	\$146,522 49
Refunded cash,	161 00	44 00
Unclaimed check, .....	.....	147 00
Bounty Fund totals,	<u>\$138,459 35</u>	<u>\$146,713 49</u>

Manufacturing Fund.

Interest on Manufacturing Fund deposits,	\$829 26	\$1,454 74
Sale of manufactured articles,	88,585 67	169,553 30
Transfer from General Fund, .....	.....	101,304 10
Manufacturing Fund totals,	<u>\$89,414 93</u>	<u>\$272,312 14</u>

Federal Appropriation for Vocational Education.

United States Government,	<u>\$127,312 10</u>
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Fish Propagation Fund.

Fish Hatchery licenses,	\$688 00
Fish fines,	7,581 75
Fish Propagation Fund totals,	<u>\$8,269 75</u>
Grand totals,	<u>\$31,700,489 35</u>	<u>\$44,165,368 74</u>

EXPENDITURES OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AT THE STATE TREASURY FROM THE 1ST DAY OF DECEMBER,
1916, TO THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1917, INCLUSIVE, AND FROM THE 1ST DAY OF
DECEMBER, 1917, TO THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1918, INCLUSIVE.

General Fund.		
	1917.	1918.
Advertising,		\$1,761 10
Agricultural association premiums,	\$10,185 33	126,125 82
Board of Agriculture, State,	1,474 98	21 62
Board of Commissioners of River Delaware and its navigable tributaries,		5,932 11
Board of Economic Zoology,	34,890 16	18,703 85
Board of Education, State,	134,669 83	72,739 41
Board of Game Commissioners,	395 00	1,147 02
Board of Moving Picture Censors,	43,270 20	53,879 69
Board of Pardons,	4,882 02	5,099 72
Board of Public Accounts,	604 13	541 64
Board of Public Charities,	40,455 94	38,996 72
Board of Public Grounds and Buildings,	1,925 06	2,000 00
Board of Public Works,		182 58
Board of Revenue Commissioners,	1,833 32	1,890 96
Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners,	1,833 41	1,858 33
Board, State Army,	145,742 05	121,449 23
Board, State Military,	1,695 00	1,800 00
Board, State Livestock Sanitary,	163,720 51	150,208 58
Board, State Workmen's Insurance,	172,913 70	205,895 80
Board, State Retirement,		5,792 27
Board, General Fund,	110,707 84	43,131 86
Board, Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal,		1,982 59
Board of Underground and Elevated Passenger Railways,	750 00	375 00
Bonds for State officials and employees,		5,830 45
Bonus for right-of-way, Pike and Susquehanna Counties,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Bridges,		60,203 81
Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure,	22,966 47	15,064 12
Bureau of Professional Education,	7,984 92	9,194 97
Bureau, Legislative Reference,	29,723 82	27,629 96
Commission of Agriculture,		500 00
Commissioners of Navigation,	28,591 91	22,235 73
Commission, Capitol Park Extension,	91,344 31	784 31
Capitol Park Extension Improvements,		60,542 82
Commission, Free Library,	9,978 77	2,505 76
Commissions, miscellaneous,	406,345 19	1,992,610 15
Commission, Public Service,	280,091 95	296,924 42
Commission, Water Supply,	77,812 82	70,669 46
Costs in suits against delinquent dealers,	3,460 15	3,671 56
Council, Dental,	1,502 43	1,469 00
Council, College and University,	310 41	146 74
Council, Medical,		19 39
Department, Adjutant General's,	112,596 97	78,764 72
Department, Auditor General's,	210,350 00	215,172 67
Delinquent corporation tax collection,		10,619 87
Department, Attorney General's,	116,361 57	112,413 65
Department, Banking,	96,110 93	107,215 06
Department, Executive,	50,420 80	46,832 00
Department, Insurance,	92,908 84	88,869 28
Department, Labor and Industry,	595,871 78	737,457 57
Department, Lieutenant Governor's,	7,652 65	7,674 40
Department of Agriculture,	128,024 30	201,383 57
Bureau of Chemistry,	34,649 89	39,216 03
Dairy and Food Division,	56,557 17	34,486 21
Department of Fisheries,	116,647 28	145,398 11
Department of Forestry,	234,411 60	279,637 61
Commonwealth's share of Forestry reserves for road pur- poses,		40,574 88
Commonwealth's share of Forestry reserves for school pur- poses,		40,196 48
Extinction of forest fires,	36,347 98	39,933 01
Department of Health,	2,145,968 20	2,093,311 39
State Quarantine Board,	46,656 80	50,713 52
Department of Internal Affairs,	74,111 70	78,532 54
Department of Mines,	266,208 91	275,421 53
Department of Public Instruction,	51,895 12	42,762 51
Board for examination of candidates for permanent cer- tificates,	1,991 22	2,138 89
Bureau of Vocational Education,	181,660 37	222,041 98
Continuation schools,		12,282 94
Industrial schools,		144 00
County and Assistant County Superintendents of schools,	282,010 60	333,070 23
Public school appropriation paid to borough and township schools,	531,372 00	547,515 00
Public school appropriations paid to counties by districts,	1,023,750 08	6,474,757 54
State Normal schools,	552,976 05	721,080 46
Training schools,	1,764,269 48	1,734,791 28

General Fund—Concluded.

	1917.	1918.
Tuition of pupils attending high schools in other districts,	\$57,080 12	\$49,211 37
Miscellaneous school expenditures,		480,619 05
Department of Public Printing and Binding,	379,049 63	180,073 80
Supplies for public printing and binding,	157,295 93	306,737 26
Department of Public Grounds and Buildings,	299,162 54	215,134 01
Heat, water, light and insurance,	8,195 68	16,861 78
General supplies,	217,431 61	248,368 15
Telephone and telegraph services,	44,834 76	42,300 02
Department of State Police,	423,860 73	524,820 95
Department, State,	58,418 65	68,884 70
Department, State Highway,	285,024 42	310,067 62
Automobile Division,	124,336 75	191,953 29
County road map survey fund,	8,640 59	842 29
Experiments and tests,	11,713 59	12,016 13
Highway construction; cash road tax,	55,811 28	1,728,228 92
Maintenance of highways,	103,013 74	
Maintenance and improvements,	498,117 64	1,903,853 44
National road,	490 55	
Property damage by State Highway Department,	88 25	585 35
State-aid highways,	305,933 71	681,057 07
State highway traveling expenses,	28,826 87	70,535 11
Turnpike purchase fund,	253,089 64	387,786 80
Township road salary and expense fund,	110,318 17	23,763 33
Road through Cornplanter Indian Reservation,	600 00	
Department, Treasury,	87,492 07	105,026 26
Department of Wharves, Docks and Ferries, Philadelphia,	75,317 31	47,628 51
Elections, uniform primary,	130 00	
Escheats,	11,579 29	8,848 28
Executive Controller,	6,501 12	6,600 00
Fire companies, Harrisburg,	2,600 00	2,800 00
Fiscal agents' compensation,	500 00	500 00
Foreign fire insurance premiums paid to cities, boroughs and townships,		
Homes,	156,850 95	166,430 12
Hospitals,	178,339 62	456,678 20
Hospitals, State and County for Insane,	2,976,839 48	3,278,191 19
House of Representatives,	2,515,826 46	2,368,966 90
Institutions,	542,661 51	24,653 22
Interest on Federal appropriation for vocational education,	1,239,138 64	1,457,636 31
Judiciary,		982 70
Legislative Journal,	1,369,520 86	1,400,156 40
Mercantile Appraisers' mileage,		2,640 00
Midwifery contingent expenses,	6,992 85	7,683 16
Miscellaneous general,		4,645 11
Mothers' Assistance Fund,	50,472 08	12,512 76
National Guard of Pennsylvania,	134,799 70	175,494 96
Pensions and gratuities,	433,312 26	892,851 92
Penitentiaries,	3,886 11	8,581 79
Publishing call to elect county superintendents,	388,568 17	431,604 24
Publishing advertisements of the proposed amendments to the Constitution,		412 15
Publishing calls for convention of school directors,	119,523 61	8,113 86
Publishing statements of moneys in the General and Sinking Funds,		18 23
Reformatories,	11,587 05	4,786 19
Refunded collateral inheritance tax,	127,615 32	148,130 88
Refunded cash, miscellaneous,	12,503 16	
Refunded notary public commission fees,	721 30	65 83
Refunded payments to ex-county officials,	200 00	450 00
Senate,		73 57
Small's Legislative Hand Book, compiling,	253,814 43	36,519 92
Societies and associations,		5,500 00
Soldiers' Orphans Schools,	59,699 63	81,849 41
State Fire Marshal's Office,	114,845 96	115,509 59
State Library,	72,250 60	68,617 62
State Museum,	53,872 67	58,008 09
State Reporter,	8,046 56	9,891 00
Rent of offices outside of Capitol,	8,212 69	10,747 00
United States Government to Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, Erie,	46,096 31	65,486 33
United States Government to State College,	20,462 78	10,031 37
United States Government to State College,	50,000 00	50,000 00
General Fund totals,	\$27,807,548 36	\$37,234,557 04

Sinking Fund.

Interest on Agricultural Scrip bonds,	\$30,000 00	\$30,000 00
Interest on proceeds of sale of experimental farms,	1,020 00	1,020 00
Sinking Fund totals,	\$31,020 00	\$31,020 00

Insurance Fund.

Advertising,		\$14 39
Investments and interest,	\$156,131 47	263,029 04
Replacing property losses,	81,314 73	35,253 42
Insurance Fund totals,	\$237,446 20	\$298,296 85

School Fund.

Loans purchased,	\$44,536 02	\$61,988 55
Miscellaneous schools,	280 00	315 00
School Fund totals,	\$44,816 02	\$62,303 55

EXPENDITURES OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Motor Registration and License Fees Fund.

	1917.	1918.
Miscellaneous payments,	\$3,093,888 51	\$4,249,773 05

Game Protection and Propagation Fund.

Pay-roll,	\$73,468 48	\$88,498 93
Purchase of preserves and general expenses,	84,300 03	91,628 73
Payment of bounties,	67,198 00	901 47
Game Fund totals,	\$224,966 51	\$181,029 13

Bounty Fund.

Pay-roll,	\$3,538 99	\$3,976 79
General expenses,	2,489 68	53 91
Payment of bounties,	101,809 18	60,406 02
Bounty Fund totals,	\$107,837 85	\$64,436 72

Manufacturing Fund.

Pay-roll,	\$4,811 48	\$11,315 83
General expenses,	88,748 25	274,332 13
Manufacturing Fund totals,	\$93,559 73	\$285,647 96

Federal Appropriation for Vocational Education.

Transfer to General Fund, .....	.....	\$32,700 66
Grand totals,	\$29,360,493 19	\$42,407,064 30

STATEMENT SHOWING STATE DEBT FROM 1840 TO 1918,
AND RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES AT THE STATE
TREASURY FROM THE YEAR 1791 TO THE 30th DAY OF
NOVEMBER, 1918.

Years.	State debt.	Receipts, State Treasury 1791 to 1918.	Payments, State Treasury 1791 to 1918.	Balance in State Treas- ury November 30.
1791,		\$352,652 16	\$249,538 03	
1792,		850,497 26	677,888 85	
1793,		565,964 30	806,484 42	
1794,		932,551 15	530,852 40	
1795,		254,481 16	601,193 31	
1796,		295,931 50	291,402 17	
1797,		203,791 53	230,451 27	
1798,		169,723 67	198,893 10	
1799,		233,378 43	218,719 68	
1800,		272,009 39	254,814 40	
1801,		245,699 81	225,966 22	
1802,		250,969 11	286,091 05	
1803,		299,991 27	303,684 60	
1804,		366,413 89	263,863 38	
1805,		215,310 36	229,582 30	
1806,		240,609 18	309,826 01	
1807,		261,050 16	240,478 41	
1808,		250,440 72	295,496 39	
1809,		547,950 49	312,139 95	
1810,		353,965 08	594,389 78	
1811,		408,309 75	389,889 22	
1812,		438,913 82	308,960 84	
1813,		492,908 19	336,187 15	
1814,		845,977 07	1,156,529 97	
1815,		703,547 64	690,735 29	
1816,		694,690 72	487,005 94	
1817,		877,762 92	932,564 54	
1818,		533,346 24	633,188 99	
1819,		539,825 72	592,254 13	
1820,		440,801 55	453,023 05	
1821,		1,420,586 40	964,306 87	
1822,		411,432 27	571,042 86	
1823,		468,857 93	742,109 63	
1824,		650,667 61	684,871 85	
1825,		543,790 29	502,880 05	
1826,		677,618 09	590,089 18	
1827,		1,588,757 12	1,575,881 30	
1828,		3,129,470 09	3,107,552 51	
1829,		3,610,338 02	3,624,777 51	
1830,		6,331,449 31	6,357,394 50	
1831,		3,033,978 57	3,058,926 54	
1832,		4,594,889 22	4,602,204 88	
1833,		4,047,050 62	3,796,794 48	
1834,		4,876,748 05	5,190,079 15	
1835,		3,273,563 21	3,131,860 31	
1836,		3,804,642 54	3,675,638 11	
1837,		6,069,276 47	4,173,940 26	
1838,		2,769,087 29	4,889,863 73	
1839,		8,209,301 55	6,971,490 21	
1840,		6,567,206 67	7,279,120 94	
1841,	\$36,168,528 10	5,380,782 23	4,896,106 16	
1842,	41,787,423 62	2,780,608 40	3,336,359 51	
1843,	42,188,434 18	3,404,434 37	3,499,144 00	
1844,	40,835,013 60	2,331,765 55	1,847,385 15	
1845,	40,966,393 32	3,010,062 34	3,289,028 13	
1846,	40,789,577 00	3,529,057 27	3,529,264 67	
1847,	40,628,949 51	3,977,025 89	3,680,813 74	
1848,	40,474,736 93	3,831,776 22	3,935,376 68	
1849,	40,511,173 92	4,433,688 65	4,084,771 80	

DEBT, RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES—Concluded.

Years.	State debt.	Receipts, State Treasury 1791 to 1918.	Payments, State Treasury 1791 to 1918.	Balance in State Treasury November 30.
1850,	\$40,775,485 42	\$4,498,131 51	\$4,569,053 94	
1851,	46,114,236 39	4,570,393 93	4,780,667 53	
1852,	41,534,875 37	7,716,552 17	7,157,920 38	
1853,		9,486,770 08	10,144,963 73	
1854,	40,064,516 69	5,953,670 66	5,437,159 29	
1855,	40,196,994 22	5,380,474 11	5,385,705 52	
1856,	40,117,835 25	5,378,240 35	5,379,142 22	
1857,	39,881,738 22	4,690,587 84	5,407,276 79	
1858,	39,488,243 67	4,139,778 85	3,775,857 06	
1859,	38,638,061 07	3,828,350 14	3,879,054 81	
1860,	37,909,647 50	3,479,257 31	3,637,147 32	
1861,	40,680,666 08	6,743,525 02	6,873,352 38	
1862,	40,448,213 82	5,211,747 63	4,590,509 25	
1863,	39,496,596 78	4,289,451 65	4,314,964 05	
1864,	39,379,003 94	4,733,313 02	4,938,441 09	
1865,	37,467,258 06	6,219,989 67	5,788,525 16	
1866,	35,622,052 16	5,829,668 54	6,462,303 41	
1867,	34,766,431 22	28,423,330 07	25,502,526 88	
1868,	33,296,946 13	5,216,049 55	8,864,960 64	
1869,	32,814,540 95	5,241,711 28	4,853,774 16	
1870,	31,111,661 90	6,336,603 24	6,434,522 91	
1871,	29,279,820 64	7,197,945 62	7,024,079 85	
1872,	27,303,494 64	7,148,637 45	7,142,990 43	
1873,	25,798,821 94	7,076,723 20	6,734,027 57	
1874,	24,568,635 37	5,871,968 27	6,642,567 39	
1875,	23,233,137 74	6,480,099 02	6,541,443 40	
1876,	22,978,950 69	6,078,890 37	6,087,100 02	
1877,	22,943,814 31	14,659,502 44	13,482,453 19	
1878,	21,876,620 86	5,513,417 97	6,653,933 58	\$1,021,531 26
1879,	22,190,668 86	7,422,363 90	6,529,063 24	1,914,831 92
1880,	21,561,989 65	6,720,334 47	6,820,119 49	1,815,046 90
1881,	21,140,183 05	7,001,782 43	6,926,810 20	1,890,019 13
1882,	20,225,083 28	16,967,050 11	15,389,871 18	3,467,798 06
1883,	19,718,753 28	6,775,430 19	6,708,690 22	3,534,538 03
1884,	19,084,283 28	6,226,959 38	7,643,912 30	2,117,685 11
1885,	17,972,683 28	8,179,714 28	8,513,257 53	1,784,041 86
1886,	17,268,982 28	7,520,711 13	7,203,295 42	2,101,457 67
1887,	15,840,471 28	7,646,147 37	7,366,763 47	2,380,841 47
1888,	14,738,921 28	8,694,080 42	7,387,866 24	3,687,035 65
1889,	13,856,971 28	8,465,399 22	8,182,847 34	3,969,587 63
1890,	12,349,920 28	8,625,919 10	8,163,861 18	4,426,646 45
1891,	9,811,568 28	13,007,161 74	10,453,952 64	6,979,854 55
1892,	8,394,462 28	10,748,759 08	11,727,968 68	6,000,644 95
1893,	6,288,061 28	13,252,727 89	13,423,064 77	5,830,308 07
1894,	6,819,661 28	12,873,786 82	13,622,769 18	5,014,642 18
1895,	6,816,309 47	12,030,030 10	13,681,701 74	3,429,654 07
1896,	6,815,305 47	12,913,843 59	11,280,893 47	5,062,604 19
1897,	6,815,305 47	13,117,983 17	13,043,887 34	5,136,700 02
1898,	6,815,299 02	13,325,120 97	13,973,803 46	4,488,017 53
1899,	6,815,299 02	15,458,316 97	15,336,838 61	4,609,495 89
1900,	6,815,299 02	17,494,211 78	15,453,713 90	6,649,983 77
1901,	6,816,299 02	17,727,432 46	16,669,399 05	7,708,022 18
1902,	4,806,649 02	22,947,890 65	17,787,106 19	12,868,806 64
1903,	4,718,817 02	21,030,232 60	18,080,480 05	15,818,559 19
1904,	4,718,817 02	19,767,593 73	19,763,784 28	15,822,368 64
1905,	4,131,867 02	24,269,119 72	27,562,961 97	12,528,526 39
1906,	3,646,167 02	25,818,924 03	26,907,407 50	11,440,042 92
1907,	2,727,617 02	27,027,132 72	25,698,919 52	12,885,709 86
1908,	2,689,617 02	25,670,540 97	29,158,878 40	9,540,604 06
1909,	2,643,917 02	29,101,183 70	30,021,773 67	8,620,014 79
1910,	2,384,867 02	28,946,424 43	27,657,399 88	9,909,039 34
1911,	2,265,510 02	32,146,978 23	29,132,646 96	12,928,370 61
1912,	659,160 02	32,374,890 46	35,516,410 37	9,781,860 70
1913,	657,110 02	35,348,615 35	37,566,196 27	7,564,239 78
1914,	651,110 02	31,441,050 51	31,532,406 21	7,427,203 58
1915,	651,110 02	31,990,727 85	34,800,734 04	4,617,202 39
1916,	651,110 02	36,663,039 23	35,489,553 67	5,790,687 95
1917,	651,110 02	31,700,489 30	29,360,493 19	8,130,684 11
1918,	651,110 02	44,165,368 74	42,407,064 30	9,888,983 66

PUBLIC LOANS OF THE COMMONWEALTH, 1918.

WHEN AUTHORIZED, FOR WHAT PURPOSE, AMOUNT OF LOANS, RATES OF INTEREST, WHEN REIMBURSABLE, DATES OF MATURITY, AMOUNTS OUTSTANDING, AND WHEN THE INTEREST CEASED.

Date of loan.	Page of pamphlet law.	For what purpose issued.	Amount of loans.	Rate of interest—per cent.	When reimbursable.	Date of maturity.	Amount outstanding No. vember 30, 1918.	When interest ceased.
April 22, 1821, ----- December 18, 1838, -----	222-1821 2-1828	To defray expenses, etc., ----- Continuance of Pennsylvania rail- road and canal, -----	\$1,000,000 00	5	June 1, 1841,	June 1, 1841,	\$230 00	-----
April 22, 1829, ----- March 21, 1831, -----	252-1829 194-1831	Canal and railroad, ----- Canal and railroad, -----	800,000 00 2,206,000 00	5 5	Jan. 1, 1854, Dec. 1, 1854,	Jan. 1, 1854, Dec. 1, 1854,	2,000 00 2,138 83	Aug. 1, 1863, Aug. 1, 1867,
March 36, 1832, ----- April 13, 1835, -----	222-1832 201-1835	Canal and railroad, ----- Canal and railroad, -----	2,483,161 88 2,348,680 00	5 5	July 1, 1856, July 1, 1860,	July 1, 1856, July 1, 1860,	150 00 66	Aug. 15, 1867, Aug. 30, 1867,
January 26, 1839, ----- March 27, 1839, -----	8-1839 640-1839	Interest and internal improvements, Pay maturing loans, -----	1,869,000 00 1,206,000 00	5 5	July 1, 1865, July 1, 1869,	July 1, 1865, July 1, 1869,	1,500 00 1,245 64	Sept. 16, 1867, Aug. 16, 1867,
June 27, 1839, ----- July 19, 1839, -----	517-1839 634-1839	Canal and railroad, ----- Canal and railroad, -----	470,000 00 1,150,000 00	5 5	July 1, 1868, June 27, 1864,	July 1, 1868, June 27, 1864,	62 00 100 00	July 1, 1868, Sept. 30, 1867,
January 23, 1840, ----- April 3, 1840, -----	29-1840 716-1840	Interest and temporary loans, ----- For resumption of specie payment, Improvement of State and interest, Regulating banks, etc., -----	870,000 00 927,010 00 1,957,362 15 575,737 50	5 5 5 5	Jan. 1, 1865, Aug. 1, 1864, July 1, 1870, At expiration	Jan. 1, 1865, Aug. 1, 1865, July 1, 1870, of charters,-----	3,553 00 80 1,000 10 96,093 00	Sept. 30, 1867, Sept. 30, 1867, Oct. 30, 1872, Aug. 15, 1867,
May 5, 1841, ----- May 4, 1841, -----	447-1841 -----	Relief loan, ----- Interest certificates, -----	-----	6	July 1, 1870,	July 1, 1870,	4,158 15	July 1, 1870,
July 27, 1842, ----- March 7, 1843, -----	----- 375-1843	Interest certificates, ----- Interest certificates, -----	-----	6 5	Aug. 1, 1846,	Aug. 1, 1846,	4,312 43	-----
May 31, 1844, ----- April 29, 1844, -----	----- 502-1844	Penna. Canal and Railroad, ----- Expenses, repairs of canal, etc., -----	60,643 72 4,476,572 00	5 5	March 1, 1849, Aug. 1, 1855,	March 1, 1849, Aug. 1, 1855,	18 50 1,229 89	Aug. 1, 1867, Nov. 15, 1871,
April 16, 1845, ----- May 15, 1861, -----	513-1846 749-1861	Arming the State, -----	3,000,000 00	6	Aug. 1, 1871,	Aug. 1, 1871,	2,000 00	-----

PUBLIC LOANS OF THE COMMONWEALTH, 1918--Concluded.

Date of loan.	Page of pamphlet law.	For what purpose issued.	Amount of loans.	Rate of interest--per cent.	When reimbursable.	Date of maturity.	Amount outstanding November 30, 1918.	When interest ceased.
Act June 8, 1881, 30-yr. loan, registered, interest, unclaimed, domestic creditors' certificates, Outstanding scrip issued to sufferers in Chambersburg under the Act of May 27, 1871, Registered bonds issued by the Commonwealth to the Agricultural College land scrip fund of Pennsylvania, payable after fifty years from February 1, 1872, with semi-annual interest at six per cent. under the Act of April 3, 1872 (P. L. 40), Proceeds of sale of Eastern and Western experimental farms, to be held in the State Treasury, and interest paid thereon quarterly at six per cent. as per Act of May 13, 1887, Total amount of State debt, November 30, 1918,	87-1881	Redemption of maturing loans,	\$9,450,000 00	3½		Feb. 1, 1912,	\$4,448 88 25 00 90 40 500,000 00 17,000 00 \$651,110 02	•

STATE APPROPRIATIONS, 1919-1921.

APPROPRIATIONS MADE BY THE LEGISLATURE AND APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR FOR THE TWO FISCAL YEARS FROM JUNE 1, 1919, TO JUNE 1, 1920, AND FROM JUNE 1, 1920, TO JUNE 1, 1921.

Department and Government Expenses.		1919-1920	1920-1921
Adjutant-General's Department:			
Salaries and expenses,		\$97,980 00	\$97,980 00
Military stores,		20,000 00	20,000 00
Reimbursement of National Guard and United States Government,		500 00	500 00
Advertising Constitutional Amendments,		50,000 00	50,000 00
Advertising monthly statements, general and sinking fund, deficiency,		10,000 00	
Advertising monthly statements, general and sinking fund, . .		6,000 00	6,000 00
Agriculture, Department of:			
Salaries and expenses,		85,996 80	85,996 75
Bureau of Animal Industry,		229,000 00	229,000 00
Bureau of Chemistry,		51,250 00	51,250 00
Bureau of Foods,		82,750 00	82,750 00
Bureau of Markets,		30,000 00	30,000 00
Bureau of Plant Industry,		106,800 00	106,800 00
Bureau of Statistics,		16,500 00	16,500 00
Livestock Sanitary Board, deficiency,		89,731 13	
Arsenal:			
Completion of new building,		19,500 00	
Grading and construction of drives, walks, etc.,		20,000 00	
Erection of barracks for State Police,		37,500 00	37,500 00
Agricultural exhibitions, reimbursing counties for, deficiency, .		67,384 85	
Agricultural exhibitions, reimbursing counties for, deficiency, .		50,000 00	50,000 00
Armory Board, State,		6,000 00	6,000 00
Armories, erection of,		55,000 00	55,000 00
Armories, maintenance of,		145,000 00	145,000 00
Attorney-General's Department:			
Salaries, attorneys' fees and expenses,		125,600 00	125,600 00
Auditor-General's Department:			
Deficiency,		92,000 00	
Salaries, costs and expenses,		497,000 00	497,000 00
Banking Department:			
Deficiency,		1,200 00	
Banking Department fund,		17,500 00	17,500 00
Censors of Motion Pictures, State Board of:			
Salaries and expenses,		66,800 00	66,800 00
Charities, Board of Public,		50,250 00	50,250 00
County officers, fees for furnishing information,		2,000 00	2,000 00
Executive Department:			
Deficiency,		7,000 00	
Governors' Conference,		150 00	150 00
Salaries and expenses,		50,649 11	48,500 00
Fire Marshal, State, salaries and expenses,		6,751 67	
Fiscal Agent, compensation of,		500 00	500 00
Fisheries, Department of:			
Deficiency,		11,600 00	
Salaries and expenses,		149,200 00	149,200 00
Forestry Department:			
Salaries and expenses,		312,100 00	312,100 00
Bureau of Forest Protection, expenses,		45,000 00	45,000 00
Foresters, District, salaries and expenses,		7,500 00	7,500 00
Forest Reserves, school and road tax,		53,750 00	53,750 00
Forestry Academy, expenses, etc.,		15,000 00	15,000 00
Forestry Reservation Commission, expenses,		5,000 00	5,000 00
Forestry Reserves, purchase of additional land,		65,000 00	65,000 00
Game Commissioners' Board of. (No specific appropriation—			
Expenses paid out of Hunters' License fees).			
Health, Department of:			
Salaries,		102,980 00	102,980 00
Division of Accounting and Purchasing,		33,196 00	33,196 00
Division of Child Hygiene,		27,840 00	27,840 00
Division of Engineering,		133,230 00	133,230 00
Division of Laboratories,		24,700 00	24,700 00
Division of Medical Inspection,		17,400 00	17,400 00
Division of School Hygiene,		23,620 00	23,620 00
Bureau of Drug Control,		11,800 00	11,800 00
Bureau of Vital Statistics,		43,800 00	43,800 00
Diphtheria, anti-toxin, etc.,		731,680 50	731,680 50
Medical inspection of schools,		125,000 00	125,000 00
Tuberculosis, sanatoria, etc.,		1,392,197 50	1,392,197 50
Highway Department, State:			
Contingent and incidental expenses, deficiency,		15,000 00	
Automobile Division, deficiency,		153,000 00	
Salaries and expenses,		1,813,000 00	1,813,000 00
Damages to property,		10,000 00	10,000 00
State Highways, construction of,		2,500,000 00	2,500,000 00
State-aid highways, construction of,		1,500,000 00	1,500,000 00
State highways, maintenance and repairs,		400,000 00	400,000 00
State-aid highways, maintenance and repairs,		200,000 00	200,000 00
Turnpike roads, acquisition of,		250,000 00	250,000 00
Roads, repayment of bonus to townships of second class, . .		571,024 69	571,024 69
Reimbursing Township, New Garden, for repairing State-aid highway,		7,668 93	

STATE APPROPRIATIONS.

Department and Government Expenses—Continued.

	1919-1920	1920-1921
Inaugural expenses, State,	\$55,000 00	
Insurance Department,	120,300 00	\$120,300 00
Internal Affairs, Department of:		
Deficiency,	3,000 00	
Salaries and expenses,	246,000 00	246,000 00
Maps, warrantee tract,	6,000 00	6,000 00
Interest on funded debt,	31,020 00	31,020 00
Labor and Industry, Department of:		
Salaries,	184,100 00	184,100 00
Incidental and traveling expenses,	145,000 00	145,000 00
Hygiene and Engineering Division,	24,400 00	24,400 00
Inspection, Bureau of,	205,700 00	205,700 00
Industrial Board,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Mediation and Arbitration, Bureau of,	6,000 00	6,000 00
Bureau of Employment,	50,000 00	50,000 00
Bureau of Rehabilitation,	50,000 00	50,000 00
Workmen's Compensation Bureau:		
Salaries and expenses,	198,496 16	197,818 66
Payment of statutory, medical, hospital, surgical and bureau expenses of employees of the Commonwealth,	57,500 00	57,500 00
Legislative Reference Bureau, salaries and expenses,	32,500 00	32,500 00
Library, State:		
Salaries and expenses,	82,695 00	82,695 00
State Museum,	16,400 00	16,400 00
Lieutenant-Governor, salaries and expenses,	8,950 00	8,950 00
Mercantile Appraisers, mileage,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Mercantile and other taxes, balance due retired county officers on account of over-payment of,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Military Board, State,	1,800 00	1,800 00
Mines, Department of:		
Deficiency,	48,000 00	
Salaries and expenses,	276,900 00	276,900 00
Mothers' Pension Fund,	332,408 05	332,408 06
National Guard and Naval Force,	350,000 00	350,000 00
National Guard, First Regular Infantry, now 109th U. S. Regular Infantry,	15,000 00	
National Guard, improvement of permanent camp ground, Mount Gretna,	25,000 00	25,000 00
National Guard, Pennsylvania Reserve Militia,	250,000 00	250,000 00
Pardons, Board of,	2,900 00	2,900 00
Pensions and Gratuities,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Police, State Department of:		
Salaries and expenses,	829,387 50	829,387 50
Bureau of Fire Protection,	54,000 00	54,000 00
Portraits, painting of, Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh and Lieutenant-Governor Frank E. McClain,	1,500 00	
Printing and Binding, Department of:		
Deficiency,	30,500 00	
Salaries and expenses,	16,300 00	16,300 00
Advertising,	1,500 00	1,500 00
Division of Documents,	40,000 00	40,000 00
Paper and envelopes,	187,500 00	187,500 00
Plates and cuts,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Printing, binding and ruling,	225,000 00	225,000 00
Proof-readers and copyholders,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Public Accounts, Board of,	500 00	500 00
Public Grounds and Buildings, Department of:		
Deficiency,	153,500 00	
Salaries,	278,980 00	278,980 00
Advertising schedule,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Bridges, erection of highway,	196,287 50	196,287 50
Bridges, Soldiers' and Sailors' Memorial, erection of,	375,000 00	375,000 00
Bridge, Delaware River Toll, New York,	12,500 00	12,500 00
Bridge, Delaware River Toll, New Jersey,	180,549 20	180,549 20
Bridge, Delaware River, connecting Philadelphia and Camden, Bonds,	250,000 00	250,000 00
Capitol Park Extension, office building,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Capitol Park Extension, grading and improving,	625,000 00	625,000 00
Electricity, gas and steam,	75,000 00	75,000 00
Emergency supplies not on schedule,	12,500 00	12,500 00
Furniture and stationery, not on schedule,	15,000 00	15,000 00
General supplies, on schedule,	75,000 00	75,000 00
Harrisburg water rental,	237,500 00	237,500 00
Insurance,	6,000 00	6,000 00
Rent of offices for State Government,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Telephone charges and rental,	154,409 45	154,409 45
Public Instruction, Department of:		
Salaries and expenses,	50,000 00	50,000 00
College and University Council,	223,500 00	223,500 00
Dental Council,	500 00	500 00
Medical Education and Licensure, deficiency,	1,500 00	1,500 00
Medical Education and Licensure,	3,000 00	
Professional Education, Bureau of,	21,000 00	21,000 00
Investigating Public School System,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Public Service Commission:		
Salaries and expenses,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Elimination of grade crossings,	334,000 00	334,000 00
Quarantine, State Board:		
Deficiency,	100,000 00	100,000 00
Salaries and expenses,	3,000 00	
Reporter, State,	5,850 00	
Retirement Fund for State employees,	11,000 00	11,000 00
Revenue Commissioners, Board of,	25,000 00	25,000 00
Sinking Fund, Commissioners of,	1,900 00	1,900 00
Sinking Fund, Commissioners of, interest, expenses and retire- ment of bonds issued for improving State highways,	1,900 00	1,900 00
	1,617,500 00	1,617,500 00

Department and Government Expenses—Concluded.

	1919-1920	1920-1921
Smull's Legislative Hand Book, compilation of,	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00
Soldiers' vote, mileage of commissioners taking same,	5,000 00	5,000 00
State officials and employes, additional compensation for those who may enlist or be drafted, deficiency,	10,000 00	.....
State officials and employes, additional compensation for those who may enlist or be drafted,	5,000 00	5,000 00
State Department:		
Deficiency,	3,000 00	
Salaries and expenses,	84,880 00	84,880 00
Tax, collateral inheritance, refund of,	25,000 00	25,000 00
Treasury Department:		
Deficiency,	37,500 00	
Treasury Department,	113,250 00	113,250 00
Water Supply Commission:		
Salaries and expenses,	60,200 00	60,200 00
Tymatuning Reservoir project,	200,000 00	200,000 00
Controlling flood waters,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Improving French Creek,	12,500 00	12,500 00
	<u>\$22,822,004 04</u>	<u>\$22,198,928 81</u>

Legislative Department.

House of Representatives:		
Deficiency,	\$34,800 00	
Salaries and expenses,	109,917 51	\$735,367 49
Certificates of election,		569 25
Senate:		
Deficiency,	22,626 25	
Salaries and expenses,	119,537 00	254,915 00
Certificates of election,		71 50
Funeral expenses of late Senator Sterling R. Catlin,	1,800 00	
Joint Legislative Committee, Home-Coming of 28th Division, United States Army,	33,000 00	
	<u>\$321,680 76</u>	<u>\$990,923 24</u>

Judiciary Department.

Associate Judges:		
Salaries,	\$40,000 00	\$40,000 00
Mileage,	7,500 00	7,500 00
Common Pleas Court:		
Salaries,	1,037,500 00	1,037,500 00
Salaries and expenses of judges holding court outside their own judicial district,	30,000 00	30,000 00
County Court, Allegheny,	40,500 00	40,500 00
Municipal Court, Philadelphia,	72,500 00	72,500 00
Orphans' Court,	186,000 00	186,000 00
Retired judges, salaries of,	40,000 00	40,000 00
Superior Court, salaries and expenses,	137,000 00	137,000 00
Supreme Court:		
Deficiency,	5,383 30	
Salaries and expenses,	178,100 00	177,350 00
	<u>\$1,774,483 30</u>	<u>\$1,768,350 00</u>

State Institutions.

Care, treatment, removal and maintenance of the indigent in- sane, deficiency,	\$582,106 29	.....
Care, treatment, removal and maintenance of the indigent in- sane,	2,195,000 00	\$2,195,000 00
Cottage State Hospital, Connellsville, deficiency,	4,508 33	
Cottage State Hospital, Connellsville, maintenance,	14,000 00	14,000 00
Cottage State Hospital, Connellsville, painting and heating, ..	4,042 00	
Cottage State Hospital, Mercer, maintenance,	11,000 00	11,000 00
Cottage State Hospital, Philipsburg, deficiency and mainten- ance,	23,000 00	18,000 00
Cottage State Hospital, Philipsburg, improvements,	13,000 00	
Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, Spring City:		
Deficiency,	80,000 00	
Maintenance,	302,500 00	330,000 00
Purchase of additional ground, construction of additional buildings and improvements,	107,500 00	107,500 00
Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age, Philadelphia:		
Deficiency,	14,000 00	
Maintenance and repairs,	26,500 00	26,500 00
Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, Allentown:		
Repairs, improvements and equipment,	121,500 00	121,500 00
Deficiency,	30,000 00	
Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf, Scranton:		
Deficiency,	9,500 00	
Maintenance,	37,500 00	37,500 00
Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital, Harrisburg:		
Deficiency,	45,000 00	
Improvements,	21,750 00	21,750 00
Pennsylvania Village for Feeble-Minded Women, Laurelton, equipment, improvements and maintenance,	80,000 00	80,000 00
Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, Erie:		
Deficiency,	20,000 00	
Maintenance,	120,000 00	120,000 00

STATE APPROPRIATIONS.

State Institutions—Concluded.		1919-1920	1920-1921
Soldiers' Orphan School Commission and Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School, maintenance and deficiency,		\$162,500 00	\$112,500 00
State Asylum for the Chronic Insane, Wernersville:			
Deficiency,	45,000 00		
Improvements,	67,500 00		67,500 00
State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Regions, Fountain Springs:			
Deficiency,	20,000 00		
Maintenance,	117,500 00		117,500 00
Improvements,	29,750 00		29,750 00
State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions, Blossburg:			
Improvements, repairs and deficiency,	46,250 00		16,250 00
Maintenance,	26,000 00		26,000 00
State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field, Hazleton, maintenance and improvements,	82,500 00		82,500 00
State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, Shamokin:			
Deficiency,	6,500 00		
Maintenance, furnishings and improvements,	66,250 00		66,250 00
State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, Farview, Wayne County (P. O. Waymart):			
Deficiency,	50,000 00		
Maintenance and improvements,	79,750 00		79,750 00
State Hospital for the Insane, Danville:			
Deficiency,	95,000 00		
Improvements and equipment,	10,000 00		10,000 00
State Hospital for the Insane, Norristown:			
Deficiency,	120,000 00		
Purchase of additional land and improvements,	58,741 58		58,741 55
State Hospital for the Insane, Warren:			
Deficiency,	65,000 00		
Buildings and furnishings,	85,153 83		85,153 83
State Hospital, Nanticoke:			
Deficiency,	15,000 00		
Maintenance and improvements,	54,000 00		54,000 00
State Hospital of Coaldale, Coaldale:			
Deficiency,	7,120 91		
Maintenance,	32,500 00		32,500 00
Improvements,	27,500 00		27,500 00
State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region, Scranton:			
Maintenance and deficiency,	145,000 00		100,000 00
Improvements,	3,000 00		3,000 00
State Industrial Home for Women, Muncy, maintenance and equipment,	90,000 00		90,000 00
State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania, Polk:			
Maintenance,	490,000 00		490,000 00
Improvements, equipment and repairs,	38,212 50		38,212 50
Deficiency,	48,000 00		
	<u>\$6,046,135 42</u>		<u>\$4,669,857 88</u>

Penitentiaries and Reformatories.

Eastern State Penitentiary, Philadelphia:			
Deficiency,	\$56,215 37		
Maintenance,	184,750 00		\$184,750 00
Western State Penitentiary, Rockview, erection, construction and equipment,	250,000 00		250,000 00
Western State Penitentiary, Pittsburgh, maintenance,	301,977 80		301,977 81
Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory, Huntingdon:			
Deficiency,	3,590 00		
Maintenance, equipment and repairs,	179,545 00		179,545 00
Pennsylvania Training School, Morgantown, maintenance, new buildings, equipment and repairs,	144,760 00		144,760 00
	<u>\$1,120,838 17</u>		<u>\$1,061,032 81</u>

Semi-State Institutions.

Dixmont Hospital for the Insane, Dixmont:			
Deficiency,	\$95,000 00		
Improvements and repairs,	25,000 00		\$25,000 00
Glen Mills Schools, Eastern District of Pennsylvania, maintenance and deficiency,	287,500 00		212,500 00
Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, Mount Airy, Philadelphia, maintenance and deficiency,	256,750 00		206,750 00
Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-Minded Children, Elwyn, maintenance and deficiency,	306,710 94		210,000 00
Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind, Overbrook, maintenance,	65,625 00		65,625 00
Western Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, Edgewood Park, maintenance,	94,500 00		94,500 00
Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind, Pittsburgh:			
Maintenance,	51,300 00		51,300 00
Deficiency,	11,500 00		
	<u>\$1,193,885 94</u>		<u>\$865,675 00</u>

Educational.		1919-1920	1920-1921
Cheney School for Teachers, Cheney,	\$6,000 00	\$6,000 00	
Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School, Downingtown,	20,000 00	20,000 00	
Duquesne University, Pittsburgh, maintenance,	25,000 00	25,000 00	
Nautical School, Philadelphia,	50,000 00	50,000 00	
Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art, Philadelphia,			
Pennsylvania State College, State College:	62,500 00	62,500 00	
Maintenance,	625,000 00	625,000 00	
Educational extension work and maintaining summer schools,	265,731 00	265,731 00	
Philadelphia Museums, Philadelphia,	25,000 00	25,000 00	
Philadelphia School of Design for Women,	12,500 00	12,500 00	
Schools:			
Agricultural schools, deficiency,	11,500 00		
Agricultural and manual training, maintenance,	150,000 00	150,000 00	
Blind children under eight years of age, education of, ..	5,000 00	5,000 00	
Borough and township schools,	375,000 00	375,000 00	
Common, general appropriation,	6,850,610 00	6,850,610 00	
Consolidation schools,	175,000 00	175,000 00	
County Superintendents:			
Deficiency,	43,312 19		
Salaries and expenses,	190,990 00	190,990 00	
County Superintendents, Assistants:			
Deficiency,	5,258 29		
Salaries,	191,400 00	191,400 00	
State Normal:			
Education of teachers,	425,000 00	425,000 00	
Maintenance deficiency,	272,536 00		
Maintenance,	230,000 00	230,000 00	
Improvements,	69,500 00	69,500 00	
Purchase of,	50,000 00	50,000 00	
Liquidation of mortgage indebtedness,	112,500 00	112,500 00	
Vocational, maintenance of,	175,000 00	175,000 00	
Public school teachers, increasing salaries,	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	
Retirement Board, public school employes,	375,000 00	375,000 00	
Temple University, Philadelphia, maintenance and equipment, ..	100,000 00	100,000 00	
Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School, Lancaster, maintenance and deficiency,	32,713 57	30,000 00	
University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia,	500,000 00	500,000 00	
University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh,	375,600 00	375,000 00	
	<u>\$14,806,951 15</u>	<u>\$14,471,731 00</u>	

Commissions.

Art Commission, State,	\$5,000 00	\$5,000 00	
Banks, Private Bankers and Trust Companies, Commission to Codify and Revise Laws relating to,	2,700 00	2,500 00	
Bushy Run Battlefield Association, erecting monument to Colonel Henry Boquet, Commission,	5,000 00	5,000 00	
Camp Curtin Commission, purchase and improvement of land, Codify Laws Relating to Insane and Feeble-Minded, Commission to,	1,000 00	1,000 00	
Constitutional Amendment and Revision Commission,	30,000 00	30,000 00	
Deeds, Commission to Investigate System of Recording,	1,500 00	1,500 00	
Delaware River and its Navigable Tributaries, Board of Commissioners of Navigation for,	31,500 00	31,500 00	
Erie Port Canal Basins, Commission,	15,000 00	15,000 00	
Gregg, General David McMurtrie, Statue Commission,	5,000 00	5,000 00	
Health Insurance Commission,	7,500 00	7,500 00	
Historical Commission, Pennsylvania,	19,010 16	19,010 15	
Insane, Building Commission of the Eastern State Hospital for the,	10,000 00	10,000 00	
Insane, Building Commission for erection of the Western State Hospital for the,	125,000 00	125,000 00	
Insurance Laws, Commission to Revise,	5,750 00	5,750 00	
Judges, Commission to inquire into mental and physical disability of,	250 00	250 00	
Legislation, Commission on Uniformity of,	1,000 00	1,000 00	
Old Age Pension Commission,	7,500 00	7,500 00	
Ohio River Canal Board Commission,	5,000 00	5,000 00	
Pennypacker, General Galusha, erection of monument to, ..	7,500 00	7,500 00	
Prison Labor Commission,	37,500 00	37,500 00	
Valley Forge Park Commission, deficiency,	250,000 00		
Valley Forge Park Commission,	174,000 00	174,000 00	
Washington Crossing Park Commission,	15,000 00	15,000 00	
Tax Law Revision Commission,	1,000 00	1,000 00	
Welfare, Commission of Public,	296,084 58	296,084 59	
	<u>\$1,063,594 74</u>	<u>\$813,594 74</u>	

Hospitals.

Adrian Hospital, Punxsutawney,	\$22,500 00	\$22,500 00	
Allegheny General Hospital, Pittsburgh N. S.,	100,000 00	100,000 00	
Allegheny Valley General Hospital, Tarentum,	9,000 00	9,000 00	
Allentown Hospital, Allentown,	20,500 00	20,500 00	
Altoona Hospital, Altoona,	29,500 00	29,500 00	
American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach, Philadelphia, ..	8,000 00	8,000 00	
American Oncologic Hospital, Philadelphia,	12,500 00	12,500 00	
Barnes, Simon H., Memorial Hospital, Susquehanna,	2,000 00	2,000 00	
Beaver Valley General Hospital, New Brighton,	10,000 00	10,000 00	
Bellefonte Hospital, Bellefonte,	10,000 00	10,000 00	
Berwick Hospital, Berwick,	5,000 00	5,000 00	
Blair, J. C., Memorial Hospital, Huntingdon,	7,500 00	7,500 00	

Hospitals—Continued.

	1919-1920	1920-1921
Bloomsburg Hospital, Bloomsburg,	\$5,500 00	\$5,500 00
Braddock General Hospital, Braddock,	20,000 00	20,000 00
Bradford Hospital, Bradford,	12,000 00	12,000 00
Brookville Hospital, Brookville,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Brownsville General Hospital, Brownsville,	11,750 00	11,750 00
Buhl, Christian H., Hospital, Sharon,	12,500 00	12,500 00
Butler County General Hospital, Butler,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Canonsburg General Hospital Association, Canonsburg,	3,200 00	3,200 00
Carbondale Emergency Hospital, Carbondale,	17,500 00	17,500 00
Carlisle Hospital, Carlisle,	9,000 00	9,000 00
Chambersburg Hospital, Chambersburg,	6,500 00	6,500 00
Charity Hospital, Norristown,	11,000 00	11,000 00
Charity Hospital, Philadelphia,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Charleroi-Monessen Hospital, Charleroi,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Chester County Hospital, West Chester,	9,000 00	9,000 00
Chester Hospital, Chester,	37,000 00	37,000 00
Chestnut Hill Hospital, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Children's Homeopathic Hospital, Philadelphia,	32,500 00	32,500 00
Children's Hospital, Pittsburg,	27,400 00	27,400 00
Citizens' General Hospital, New Kensington,	8,000 00	8,000 00
City Hospital Association, Washington,	6,000 00	6,000 00
City Hospital, DuBois,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Clearfield Hospital, Clearfield,	11,500 00	11,500 00
Coatesville Hospital, Coatesville,	12,000 00	12,000 00
Columbia Hospital, Columbia,	7,500 00	7,500 00
Columbia Hospital, Wilkinsburg,	26,000 00	26,000 00
Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital, Johnstown,	33,500 00	33,500 00
Corry Hospital, Corry,	8,000 00	8,000 00
Douglass, Frederick, Memorial Hospital and Training School, Philadelphia,	11,000 00	11,000 00
DuBois Hospital, DuBois,	12,500 00	12,500 00
Eagleville Sanatorium for Consumptives, Eagleville,	25,000 00	25,000 00
Easton Hospital, Easton,	14,500 00	14,500 00
Elk County General Hospital, Ridgway,	10,500 00	10,500 00
Ellwood City Hospital, Ellwood City,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Eye and Ear Hospital, Pittsburgh,	21,000 00	21,000 00
Frankford Hospital, Frankford, Philadelphia,	31,000 00	31,000 00
Franklin City Hospital, Franklin,	6,500 00	6,500 00
Garrettsen Hospital of Temple University, Philadelphia,	10,150 00	10,150 00
General Hospital, East Stroudsburg,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Germantown Dispensary and Hospital, Philadelphia,	15,000 00	15,000 00
Good Samaritan Hospital, Lebanon,	11,000 00	11,000 00
Grand View Hospital, Sellersville,	4,500 00	4,500 00
Greenville Hospital, Greenville,	5,500 00	5,500 00
Grove City Hospital, Grove City,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Gynecan Hospital, Philadelphia,	13,000 00	13,000 00
Hahnemann Hospital, Scranton,	17,000 00	17,000 00
Hahnemann Medical, College and Hospital, Hospital Depart- ment, Philadelphia,	70,000 00	70,000 00
Hatnot Hospital Association, Erie,	25,000 00	25,000 00
Harrisburg Hospital, Harrisburg,	20,000 00	20,000 00
Homeopathic Hospital of Chester County, West Chester,	7,200 00	7,200 00
Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary, Pittsburgh,	74,000 00	74,000 00
Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital, Reading,	10,250 00	10,250 00
Homestead Hospital, Homestead,	14,500 00	14,500 00
Howard Hospital, Philadelphia,	13,500 00	13,500 00
Indiana Hospital, Indiana,	13,000 00	13,000 00
Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia: Maintenance,	94,000 00	94,000 00
Treatment of tuberculosis,	6,250 00	6,250 00
Jewish Hospital Association, Philadelphia,	40,000 00	40,000 00
Johnstown City Hospital, Johnstown,	6,000 00	6,000 00
Kane Summit Hospital Association, Kane,	5,500 00	5,500 00
Kensington Hospital for Women, Philadelphia,	11,250 00	11,250 00
Kittanning General Hospital, Kittanning,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Lancaster General Hospital, Lancaster,	22,500 00	22,500 00
Lankenau Hospital, Philadelphia,	12,500 00	12,500 00
Latrobe Hospital, Latrobe,	7,250 00	7,250 00
Lewistown Hospital, Lewistown,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Lock Haven Hospital, Lock Haven,	20,000 00	20,000 00
Locust Mountain Hospital, Shenandoah, equipment,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Lying-In-Charity Hospital, Philadelphia,	14,000 00	14,000 00
Markleton General Hospital, Markleton,	7,000 00	7,000 00
Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia,	3,700 00	3,700 00
McKeesport Hospital, McKeesport,	48,000 00	48,000 00
Meadville City Hospital, Meadville,	11,500 00	11,500 00
Medico-Chirurgical Hospital, Philadelphia,	25,000 00	25,000 00
Memorial Hospital Association, Monongahela City,	9,000 00	9,000 00
Mercy Hospital, Altoona,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Mercy Hospital, Johnstown,	30,000 00	30,000 00
Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh,	96,000 00	96,000 00
Mercy Hospital, Wilkes-Barre,	40,000 00	40,000 00
Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses, Philadelphia,	20,000 00	20,000 00
Mid-Valley Hospital, Blakely,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria, Spangler,	7,000 00	7,000 00
Misericordia Hospital, Philadelphia,	25,000 00	25,000 00
Montefiore Hospital Association of Western Pennsylvania, Pitts- burgh,	22,500 00	22,500 00
Mount Pleasant Memorial Association, Mount Pleasant,	11,500 00	11,500 00
Mount Sinai Hospital, Philadelphia,	62,500 00	62,500 00
Nason Hospital, Roaring Spring,	7,000 00	7,000 00
National Stomach Hospital, Philadelphia,	1,500 00	1,500 00
Nesbit West Side Hospital, Dorranceton,	3,000 00	3,000 00
New Castle Hospital, New Castle,	12,500 00	12,500 00
North East Hospital, Philadelphia,	2,500 00	2,500 00
North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanatorium, Austin,	8,000 00	8,000 00

Hospitals—Concluded.

	1919-1920	1920-1921
Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League, Oil City,	\$5,000 00	\$5,000 00
Northwestern General Hospital, Philadelphia,	10,500 00	10,500 00
Ohio Valley General Hospital, McKees Rocks,	17,500 00	17,500 00
Oil City Hospital, Oil City,	11,500 00	11,500 00
Packer, Mary M., General Hospital, Sumbury,	9,000 00	9,000 00
Packer, Robert, Hospital, Sayre,	20,000 00	20,000 00
Passavant Hospital, Pittsburgh,	16,000 00	16,000 00
Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, Oakburne, Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases, Philadelphia,	9,000 00	9,000 00
Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates of Medicine, Philadelphia,	25,000 00	25,000 00
Phoenixville Hospital, Phoenixville,	42,000 00	42,000 00
Pittsburgh Hospital, Sisters of Mercy, Pittsburgh,	13,000 00	13,000 00
Pittsburgh Maternity Hospital, Pittsburgh,	40,000 00	40,000 00
Pittston Hospital Association, Pittston,	1,500 00	1,500 00
Polyclinic Hospital, Harrisburg,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Pottstown Hospital, Pottstown,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Pottstown Hospital, Pottstown,	6,500 00	6,500 00
Pottstown Homeopathic Hospital, Pottstown,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Pottsville Hospital, Pottsville,	25,000 00	25,000 00
Presbyterian Hospital, Pittsburgh,	20,000 00	20,000 00
Providence General Hospital, Philadelphia,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Providence Hospital, Beaver Falls,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Punxsutawney Hospital, Punxsutawney,	11,300 00	11,300 00
Reading Hospital, Reading,	23,500 00	23,500 00
Renovo Hospital, Renovo,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Rochester General Hospital, Rochester,	11,000 00	11,000 00
Roosevelt Hospital, Philadelphia,	8,500 00	8,500 00
Rosella Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Pittsburgh, Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases, Philadel- phia,	15,000 00	15,000 00
Sacred Heart Hospital, Allentown,	29,000 00	29,000 00
Saint Agnes Hospital, Philadelphia,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children, Philadelphia,	25,000 00	25,000 00
Saint Francis' Hospital, Pittsburgh,	9,000 00	9,000 00
Saint John's General Hospital, Pittsburgh,	100,000 00	100,000 00
Saint Joseph's Hospital, Philadelphia,	12,500 00	12,500 00
Saint Joseph's Hospital, Reading,	37,500 00	37,500 00
Saint Joseph's Hospital, Reading,	17,500 00	17,500 00
Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary, Pittsburgh,	21,500 00	21,500 00
Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital, Philadelphia,	20,000 00	20,000 00
Saint Luke's Hospital, South Bethlehem,	22,500 00	22,500 00
Saint Mary's Hospital, Philadelphia,	50,000 00	50,000 00
Saint Mary's Keller Memorial Hospital, Scranton,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy, Rox- borough, Philadelphia,	25,000 00	25,000 00
Saint Vincent's Hospital Association, Erie,	30,000 00	30,000 00
Samaritan Hospital of Temple University, Philadelphia,	40,000 00	40,000 00
Sewickley Valley Hospital Association, Incorporated, of Alle- gheny County,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Shenango Valley Hospital, New Castle,	13,500 00	13,500 00
South Side Hospital, Pittsburgh,	56,000 00	56,000 00
Spencer Hospital, Meadville,	7,500 00	7,500 00
Stetson Hospital, Philadelphia,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Suburban General Hospital, Bellevue,	8,000 00	8,000 00
Taylor Hospital Association, Taylor,	14,000 00	14,000 00
Taylor Hospital, Ridley Park,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Titusville Hospital, Titusville,	5,500 00	5,500 00
Tuberculosis League, Pittsburgh,	15,000 00	15,000 00
Uniontown Hospital, Uniontown,	21,500 00	21,500 00
University of Pennsylvania, Hospital Department, Philadel- phia,	95,000 00	95,000 00
Warren Emergency Hospital, Warren,	11,500 00	11,500 00
Washington Hospital, Washington,	7,000 00	7,000 00
Waynesburg Hospital, Waynesburg,	3,500 00	3,500 00
Western Pennsylvania Hospital, Pittsburgh,	80,000 00	80,000 00
Westmoreland Hospital Association, Greensburg,	14,250 00	14,250 00
West Mountain Sanatorium, Scranton,	3,600 00	3,600 00
West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispen- sary, Philadelphia,	10,000 00	10,000 00
West Philadelphia Hospital for Women, Philadelphia,	10,000 00	10,000 00
West Side Hospital Association, Scranton,	22,500 00	22,500 00
Wilkes-Barre City Hospital, Wilkes-Barre,	45,000 00	45,000 00
Williams Valley Hospital, Williamstown,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Williamsport Hospital, Williamsport,	33,500 00	33,500 00
Wills Eye Hospital, Philadelphia,	30,000 00	30,000 00
Woman's Hospital, Philadelphia,	31,500 00	31,500 00
Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, Medical Depart- ment, Philadelphia,	24,000 00	24,000 00
Woman's Southern Homeopathic Hospital, Philadelphia,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania, Philadel- phia,	21,000 00	21,000 00
Wyoming Valley Homeopathic Hospital, Wilkes-Barre,	5,500 00	5,500 00
York Hospital and Dispensary, York,	14,000 00	14,000 00
	<u>\$3,228,050 00</u>	<u>\$3,228,050 00</u>

Homes and Other Charitable Institutions.

Aged Colored Women's Home, Williamsport,	\$1,200 00	\$1,200 00
Almira Home for Aged Women, New Castle,	4,600 00	4,600 00
Beacon Light Mission, Bradford,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Beaver County Children's Home, New Brighton,	3,500 00	3,500 00
Benevolent Home for Children, Pottsville,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Berean Manual Training and Industrial School, Philadelphia, ..	7,500 00	7,500 00

Homes and Other Charitable Institutions—Continued.

	1919-1920	1920-1921
Bethesda Home, Pittsburgh, N. S.,	\$2,800 00	\$2,800 00
Beulah Anchorage, Reading,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Boys' Industrial Home, Williamsport,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania, Oakdale,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia,	7,500 00	7,500 00
Children's Aid Society and Home for the Aged, Meadville,	3,000 00	3,000 00
Children's Aid Society of Franklin County,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia,	27,500 00	27,500 00
Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland County, Greensburg,	6,000 00	6,000 00
Children's Home, South Bethlehem,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Children's Home, York,	500 00	500 00
Children's Industrial Home, Harrisburg,	3,750 00	3,750 00
Christian Home, Johnstown,	2,250 00	2,250 00
Christian Home for Women, Pittsburgh, N. S.,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Coleman Industrial Home for Colored Boys, Pittsburgh,	1,800 00	1,800 00
Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Crittenton, Florence, Circle, Wilkes-Barre,	700 00	700 00
Crittenton, Florence, Home and Rescue Association, Pittsburgh,	500 00	500 00
Crittenton, Florence, Home, Erie,	300 00	300 00
Crittenton, Florence, Home, Queen Street, Germantown,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Crittenton, Florence, Home, Harrisburg,	800 00	800 00
Crittenton, Florence, Mission, Scranton,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Crittenton, Florence, Mission, Williamsport,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children, Pittsburgh,	3,500 00	3,500 00
DePaul Institute, Mount Lebanon Township, Allegheny County, ..	17,344 60	17,344 60
Easton Home for Friendless Children, Easton,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Elmwood Home, Erie,	1,400 00	1,400 00
Erie Home for the Friendless, Erie,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Erie Infants' Home and Hospital, Erie,	1,200 00	1,200 00
Evangelical Home for the Aged, Philadelphia,	2,250 00	2,250 00
First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children, Pittsburgh,	2,200 00	2,200 00
Friends' Home for Children, Philadelphia,	2,000 00	2,000 00
George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania, Grove City,	4,500 00	4,500 00
German Baptist Home, Lawndale, Philadelphia,	2,000 00	2,000 00
German Protestant Home for the Aged, Fair Oaks,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children, Philadelphia,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women of Western Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh,	3,000 00	3,000 00
Home for Aged and Infirm Women, Easton,	3,000 00	3,000 00
Home for Aged Veterans of the G. A. R. and Wives, 65th and Vine Streets, Philadelphia,	15,000 00	15,000 00
Home for Colored Children, Pittsburgh, N. S.,	2,200 00	2,200 00
Home for Friendless Children, Lancaster,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Home for Friendless Children, Reading,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Home for the Aged, 1809 Mt. Vernon Street, Philadelphia,	3,000 00	3,000 00
Home for the Friendless, Harrisburg,	3,500 00	3,500 00
Home for the Friendless, Scranton,	5,600 00	5,600 00
Home for the Friendless, Williamsport,	9,000 00	9,000 00
Home for the Homeless, Philadelphia,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Home for Widows and Single Women, Lebanon,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Home for Widows and Single Women, Reading,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Home of Industry and Discharged Prisoners, Philadelphia,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Home of the Good Shepherd, Lincoln Avenue, Pittsburgh,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Home of the Good Shepherd, Troy Hill, Pittsburgh, N. S.,	12,500 00	12,500 00
Home of the Good Shepherd, Philadelphia,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Home of the Good Shepherd, Penn and Chew Streets, Germantown, Philadelphia,	4,500 00	4,500 00
House of the Good Shepherd, Reading,	10,000 00	10,000 00
House of the Good Shepherd, Scranton,	7,500 00	7,500 00
Industrial Home for Crippled Children, Pittsburgh,	12,500 00	12,500 00
Jewish Sheltering Home for the Homeless and Aged, Philadelphia,	3,000 00	3,000 00
Julia White Priscilla Home for Aged Colored People, LaMott, Montgomery County,	500 00	500 00
Ladies of the G. A. R. Home, Department of Pennsylvania, Hawkins Station,	20,000 00	15,000 00
Memorial Home, Brookville,	7,000 00	7,000 00
Messiah Orphanage of Monaghan Township, York County,	1,500 00	1,500 00
Messiah Rescue and Benevolent Home, Harrisburg,	1,300 00	1,300 00
Midnight Mission, Philadelphia,	1,750 00	1,750 00
National Farm School, Doylestown,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Nazarine Home for the Aged, Philadelphia,	3,500 00	3,500 00
Northern Home for Friendless Children, Philadelphia,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Northern Tier Home, Harrison Valley, Potter County,	500 00	500 00
Nursery Home, Harrisburg,	2,750 00	2,750 00
Old Ladies Home, Wissinoming, Philadelphia,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Orphan Asylum of the Holy Family, Emsworth, Allegheny County,	17,500 00	17,500 00
Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School, Paradise Township, York County,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Passavant Memorial Homes, Rochester,	7,500 00	7,500 00
Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women, Philadelphia,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Pennsylvania Association for the Blind, Pittsburgh,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind, Philadelphia,	6,000 00	6,000 00
Pennsylvania Seamen's Friend Society, Philadelphia,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men, Philadelphia,	17,500 00	17,500 00
Philadelphia Home for Incurables, Philadelphia,	14,250 00	14,250 00
Philadelphia Home for Infants, Philadelphia,	2,500 00	2,500 00

Homes and Other Charitable Institutions—Concluded.

	1919-1920	1920-1921
Philadelphia Protectory for Boys, Protectory Station, Montgomery County,	\$12,000 00	\$12,000 00
Pittsburgh and Allegheny Home for the Friendless, Pittsburgh,	9,000 00	9,000 00
Pittsburgh Home for Babies, Pittsburgh,	7,500 00	7,500 00
Pittsburgh Newsboys' Home, Pittsburgh,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Pittsburgh Sunshine Children's Home, Pittsburgh,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Providence Mission and Rescue Home, Pittsburgh,	800 00	800 00
Rosine Home of Philadelphia, Philadelphia,	2,000 00	— 2,000 00
Saint Edmond's Home for Crippled Children, Philadelphia, ..	1,000 00	1,000 00
Saint John's Orphan Asylum, Philadelphia,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital, Scranton,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Saint Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys, Pittsburgh, ...	4,000 00	4,000 00
Saint Joseph's Protectory, Norristown,	3,500 00	3,500 00
Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum, Scranton,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Saint Rita's L. C. B. A. Home for Infants, Pittsburgh,	3,000 00	3,000 00
Saint Vincent's Home, Philadelphia,	7,500 00	7,500 00
Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital, Scranton,	8,000 00	8,000 00
Saint Vincent's Orphan Asylum, Tacony, Philadelphia,	3,000 00	3,000 00
Salvation Army and Rescue Home, Bellevue,	1,500 00	1,500 00
Salvation Army Rescue Children's Home and Hospital, Philadelphia,	1,400 00	1,400 00
Salvation Army Social Settlement and Day Nursery, Pittsburgh, ..	1,500 00	1,500 00
Sisters of Charity of Saint Catherine's Orphan Asylum, Reading,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls, Harrisburg,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Tabor Home for Children, Doylestown,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Union Home for Old Ladies, Philadelphia,	2,500 00	2,500 00
United Evangelical Home, Lewisburg,	1,250 00	1,250 00
United Charities, Hazleton,	1,500 00	1,500 00
United Zion Home, Warwick,	3,000 00	3,000 00
Western Temporary Home, Philadelphia,	2,750 00	2,750 00
Williamsport Training Home for Girls, Williamsport,	4,000 00	4,000 00
Wood, Robert; Industrial Home and Day Nursery, Philadelphia,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Woods Run Settlement Association, Petroskey Street, Pittsburgh, N. S.,	2,000 00	2,000 00
York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons, York, ..	4,000 00	4,000 00
	<u>\$576,144 60</u>	<u>\$571,144 60</u>

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bridges, Approaches and Rights-of-way to and from,	\$10,000 00	\$10,000 00
Complanter Indian Reservation, highways and retaining walls, ..	450 00	450 00
Complanter Indian Reservation, maintenance of schools,	800 00	800 00
Department of Wharves, Docks and Ferries, Philadelphia, ..	50,000 00	50,000 00
Fire companies of city of Harrisburg,	2,800 00	2,800 00
Morgan O. Morgan, for services as Mine Inspector, Carbon County,	2,750 00	.....
Oliver, George T., erection of statue,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Pace, Donato, reimbursement for money erroneously paid to the State,	25 00	.....
Paoli Parade Grounds,	7,500 00	7,500 00
Paxson and Morgan, preparing specifications for a bridge over the Susquehanna River at Falls, Wyoming County,	9,750 00	.....
Pennsylvania Board of Pharmacy,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Notaries Public commissions, refund of fees,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Refunding liquor license fees,	25,000 00	25,000 00
Refunding of moneys paid into State Treasury through mistake or error,	5,000 00	5,000 00
Registration of births and deaths in cities of the first and second class,	10,000 00	10,000 00
Rewards for arrest and conviction of persons sending deadly devices through the mails,	2,500 00	2,500 00
Smith, Albert B., for stenographic and clerical services rendered Pennsylvania Commission to Investigate Cold Storage, 1915,	750 00	.....
State Board of Architects,	3,000 00	3,000 00
	<u>\$141,325 00</u>	<u>\$128,050 00</u>

RECAPITULATION.

Department and Government expenses,	\$22,822,004 04	\$22,198,928 81
Legislative Department,	321,680 76	990,923 24
Judiciary Department,	1,774,483 30	1,768,350 00
State Institutions,	6,046,135 42	4,669,857 88
Penitentiaries and Reformatories,	1,120,838 17	1,061,032 81
Semi-State Institutions,	1,193,885 94	865,675 00
Educational,	14,806,951 15	14,471,731 00
Commissions,	1,063,594 74	813,594 74
Hospitals,	3,228,050 00	3,228,050 00
Homes and other Charitable Institutions,	576,144 60	571,144 60
Miscellaneous,	141,325 00	128,050 00
	<u>\$53,095,093 12</u>	<u>\$50,767,338 08</u>

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF UNITED STATES.

(Compiled from the Reports of the Census of 1910.)

Division and State.	Persons 6 to 20 years, inclusive.			Persons 6 to 14 years, inclusive.		
	Total.	Attending school.		Total.	Attending school.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number	Per cent.
Continental United States, ---	27,750,599	17,300,202	62.3	16,832,374	13,706,980	81.4
Geographic Divisions:						
New England, -----	1,729,112	1,143,268	66.1	1,020,848	938,171	91.9
Middle Atlantic, -----	5,357,256	3,370,819	62.9	3,165,516	2,797,524	88.4
East North Central, -----	5,237,043	3,431,622	65.5	3,113,033	2,774,423	89.1
West North Central, -----	3,574,334	2,425,412	67.9	2,147,108	1,878,358	87.5
South Atlantic, -----	4,139,759	2,347,450	56.7	2,601,537	1,829,989	70.3
East South Central, -----	2,889,349	1,673,263	57.9	1,813,384	1,273,522	70.2
West South Central, -----	3,057,574	1,747,007	57.1	1,929,188	1,336,748	69.3
Mountain, -----	741,754	487,947	65.8	455,409	372,092	81.7
Pacific, -----	1,024,418	673,414	65.7	586,371	506,153	86.3
New England:						
Main, -----	195,197	132,082	67.7	117,355	104,674	89.2
New Hampshire, -----	111,634	73,487	65.8	65,827	60,045	91.2
Vermont, -----	94,701	66,845	70.6	57,413	53,342	92.9
Massachusetts, -----	881,024	588,029	66.7	519,454	452,429	92.9
Rhode Island, -----	148,102	90,328	61.0	85,276	75,760	88.8
Connecticut, -----	298,454	192,497	64.5	175,523	161,921	92.3
Middle Atlantic:						
New York, -----	2,454,428	1,563,374	63.7	1,423,729	1,281,770	90.0
New Jersey, -----	708,525	446,903	62.2	420,635	372,760	88.6
Pennsylvania, -----	2,194,303	1,366,542	62.3	1,321,152	1,142,994	86.4
East North Central:						
Ohio, -----	1,313,809	868,578	66.1	773,270	694,638	89.8
Indiana, -----	777,889	513,623	66.0	466,144	411,266	88.2
Illinois, -----	1,615,914	1,025,053	63.4	953,808	837,719	87.8
Michigan, -----	796,887	539,739	67.7	476,024	431,707	90.7
Wisconsin, -----	732,544	484,629	66.2	443,787	399,093	89.9
West North Central:						
Minnesota, -----	648,775	443,761	68.4	389,622	346,172	88.8
Iowa, -----	675,222	469,778	69.6	404,829	367,005	90.7
Missouri, -----	993,998	646,866	65.1	592,803	504,844	85.2
North Dakota, -----	133,333	117,453	64.1	114,294	92,223	80.7
South Dakota, -----	133,979	122,610	66.7	112,910	93,996	83.2
Nebraska, -----	373,868	261,219	69.9	223,284	201,329	90.2
Kansas, -----	515,166	363,695	70.6	309,366	272,789	88.2
South Atlantic:						
Delaware, -----	57,932	35,304	60.9	34,489	28,257	81.9
Maryland, -----	388,486	227,024	58.4	235,868	189,245	80.2
District of Columbia, -----	79,249	50,859	64.2	44,719	38,775	86.7
Virginia, -----	697,649	392,498	56.3	440,920	301,007	68.3
West Virginia, -----	396,818	259,971	65.5	247,341	204,076	82.5
North Carolina, -----	785,583	481,450	61.3	498,561	357,412	71.7
South Carolina, -----	564,260	291,307	51.6	357,509	223,966	62.6
Georgia, -----	925,865	480,378	51.9	589,736	386,744	65.6
Florida, -----	243,917	128,659	52.7	152,894	100,507	65.8

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF UNITED STATES—Concluded.

Division and State.	Persons 6 to 20 years, inclusive.			Persons 6 to 14 years, inclusive.		
	Total.	Attending school.		Total.	Attending school.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
East South Central:						
Kentucky, -----	755,709	461,195	61.0	469,180	356,608	76.0
Tennessee, -----	738,478	438,547	59.4	455,703	328,474	72.1
Alabama, -----	750,357	385,449	51.4	477,048	291,340	61.1
Mississippi, -----	644,805	388,072	60.2	411,433	297,100	72.2
West South Central:						
Arkansas, -----	551,672	324,035	58.7	345,282	241,938	70.1
Louisiana, -----	575,865	248,420	43.1	306,354	200,145	54.6
Oklahoma, -----	506,323	383,816	67.8	358,376	291,517	81.3
Texas, -----	1,363,713	790,736	58.0	859,176	603,148	70.2
Mountain:						
Montana, -----	93,771	60,678	64.7	56,664	46,879	82.7
Idaho, -----	96,819	66,779	69.0	60,384	49,579	82.1
Wyoming, -----	35,776	23,020	64.3	21,061	17,793	84.5
Colorado, -----	215,940	147,626	68.4	129,855	112,568	86.7
New Mexico, -----	105,403	64,342	61.0	66,610	48,535	72.9
Arizona, -----	56,897	30,355	53.4	35,271	23,691	67.2
Utah, -----	121,016	85,006	70.2	76,152	65,214	85.6
Nevada, -----	16,132	10,141	62.9	9,412	7,833	83.2
Pacific:						
Washington, -----	293,478	195,259	66.5	171,745	147,219	85.7
Oregon, -----	175,386	117,078	66.8	101,042	86,414	85.5
California, -----	555,554	361,677	65.0	313,584	272,520	86.9

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

*STATISTICAL STATEMENT RELATING TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF PENNSYLVANIA FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING JULY 1, 1918, INCLUDING PHILADELPHIA.

Number of school districts in the State,	2,588
Number of school houses,	15,170
Number of schools,	42,067
Number of first grade high schools,	389
Number of second grade high schools,	282
Number of third grade high schools,	313
Number of male pupils in high schools,	57,032
Number of female pupils in high schools,	66,983
Number of county superintendents,	66
Number of assistant county superintendents,	82
Number of district superintendents,	130
Number of assistant district superintendents,	2
Number of male teachers,	7,818
Number of female teachers,	36,515
Whole number of teachers,	44,333
Average salary of male teachers per month,	\$70 78
Average salary of female teachers per month,	\$57 68
Average length of school term in months,	8.76
Whole number of pupils,	1,514,984
Average number of pupils in daily attendance,	1,227,921
Cost of school houses, buildings and renting,	\$11,101,634 76
Teachers' wages,	\$31,623,303 40
Cost of text books,	\$1,128,958 89
Cost of school supplies other than text books, including maps and globes,	\$1,644,173 20
Salaries of secretaries of school boards,	\$287,149 63
Fees of treasurers of school boards,	\$308,126 14
Total cost of collection of taxes,	\$869,207 23
Cost of enforcement of compulsory attendance law,	\$237,043 29
All other expenses,	\$22,061,500 09
Total expenditures,	\$69,261,096 63
Regular appropriation received by the common schools for the school year ending July 1, 1918,	\$7,410,750 38
Appropriation for free tuition of students in State Normal Schools, for the school year ending July 1, 1918,	\$276,726 00
Appropriation to apply on tuition of non-resident pupils,	\$50,000 00
Appropriation for township and borough high schools:	
By the State,	\$225,000 00
By the State Board,	318,947 00
Appropriation for county superintendents' salaries,	\$548,947 00
Appropriation for assistant county superintendents' salaries,	\$100,800 00

ITEMS COMPARED WITH THOSE OF THE PRECEDING YEAR ENDING JULY 2, 1917, PHILADELPHIA INCLUDED.

Increase in the number of schools,	359
Decrease in the number of male teachers,	1,129
Increase in the number of female teachers,	1,348
Increase in salary of male teachers per month,	\$9 07
Increase in salary of female teachers per month,	\$6 69
Increase in length of school term in months, .....	.39
Decrease in number of pupils,	51,884
Total increase in teachers' wages,	\$2,887,652 80

CONDITION OF SYSTEM, NOT INCLUDING PHILADELPHIA, WITH COMPARISONS.

Number of districts,	2,587	Increase	2
Number of schools,	36,658	Increase	160
Number of pupils,	1,303,564	Decrease	22,223
Average daily attendance,	1,035,787	Decrease	25,747
Per cent. of attendance, .....	.87	Decrease	.01
Average length of school term in months,	8.58	Increase	.03
Number of male teachers,	6,968	Decrease	1,116
Number of female teachers,	31,340	Increase	1,312
Whole number of teachers,	38,308	Increase	186
Average salary of male teachers per month,	\$75 46	Increase	\$8 82
Average salary of female teachers per month,	\$57 11	Increase	\$6 73
Teachers' wages,	\$24,873,252 65	Increase	\$2,580,903 00
Cost of school houses and rents,	\$9,589,385 93	Decrease	\$1,078,965 43
Cost of text books,	\$974,907 07	Decrease	\$88,177 76
Salaries of secretaries,	\$281,149 63	Increase	\$11,164 70
Cost of enforcement of compulsory attendance,	\$174,301 76	Increase	\$13,362 25
Fees of treasurers,	\$302,516 92	Increase	\$9,999 66
All other expenses,	\$18,253,881 09	Increase	\$1,463,365 36
Total expenditures,	\$56,640,077 74	Increase	\$3,154,278 51
Average number of mills levied,	10.61	Increase	.68

*Night-school teachers and pupils are not included in this report

SCHOOL STATISTICS.

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Philadelphia.

Number of schools,	5,409	Increase	199
Number of male teachers,	850	Decrease	3
Number of female teachers,	5,175	Increase	36
Average salary of male teachers per month,	\$166 70	Increase	\$25 25
Average salary of female teachers per month,	\$95 10	Increase	\$3 96
Number of pupils enrolled,	211,420	Decrease	29,661
Average attendance,	192,134	Decrease	73
Cost of school houses, purchasing and renting,	\$1,512,248 83	Decrease	\$1,226,500 12
Teachers' wages,	\$6,750,050 75	Increase	\$306,749 80
Cost of school text books,	\$154,051 82	Decrease	\$64,164 01
Cost of school supplies other than text books,	\$298,245 02	Increase	\$3,489 68
Salary of secretary,	\$6,000 00	Same	
Cost of enforcement of the compulsory attendance law,	\$62,741 53	Increase	\$2,606 97
All other expenses,	\$3,837,680 94	Increase	\$924,633 21
Total expenditures,	\$12,621,018 89	Increase	\$139,992 89

Pittsburgh.

Number of schools,	2,485	Increase	82
Number of male teachers,	365	Decrease	140
Number of female teachers,	2,196	Decrease	267
Average salary of male teachers,	\$172 58	Decrease	\$5 98
Average salary of female teachers,	\$95 64	Decrease	\$4 24
Number of pupils enrolled,	86,785	Decrease	15,198
Average attendance,	69,748	Decrease	17,201
Teachers' wages,	\$2,912,869 56	Increase	\$144,354 36
Cost of school text books,	\$35,952 05	Decrease	\$26,640 97
Cost of school houses, purchasing and renting,	\$875,165 34	Decrease	\$771,266 30
Cost of school supplies other than text books,	\$152,463 04	Increase	\$25,334 06
Salary of secretary,	\$5,000 00	Same	
All other expenses,	\$1,994,851 73	Decrease	\$135,272 83
Total expenditures,	\$5,976,301 72	Decrease	\$804,750 43

VALUE OF NATURAL RESOURCES OUTPUT OF PENNSYLVANIA DURING THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1918.

Compiled by Colonel Henry C. Demming, Consulting Geologist, Mineralogist and Chemist of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, December 31, 1919.

Asbestos,	\$206
Barite,	815
Brick and tile,	14,202,111
Bromine,	12,806
Buhr stones,	1,009
Calcium chloride,	68,132
Cement, natural,	186,401
Cement, Portland,	21,569,131
Chromite,	84,976
Clay, excluding brick and tile,	1,604,744
Coal, anthracite,	597,806,004
Coal culm, anthracite,	18,131,283
Coal, bituminous,	865,446,900
Coal culm, bituminous,	32,147,314
Coke,	159,440,000
Coke, by-products,	37,416,212
Copper,	28,341
Corundum and emery,	1,864
Dolomite,	786,466
Feldspar (potash and soda),	167,184
Fuller's earth,	311
Ganister,	1,638,511
Gasoline,	61,113
Glass sand,	2,543,422
Gold,	406
Graphite,	216,762
Infusorial earth,	11,166
Iron ores,	3,012,202
Iron oxides,	18,144
Lead (galena),	84,163
Limestone (including lime),	7,894,219
Manganese ores,	12,162
Mill stones (not buhr),	904
Mineral paints,	269,190
Mineral waters,	304,216
Natural gas,	19,333,137
Oil and scythe stones,	4,006
Peat,	9,145
Petroleum,	27,142,703
Platinum,	176
Pyrite,	19,412
Quartz (other than ganister and silica rock),	108,611
Salt,	9,114
Sand and gravel,	2,335,121
Sand lime brick,	314,285
Silica sand and rock (other than ganister and quartz),	164,824
Silver,	94
Slate,	1,307,455
Stone (including granite, "green stone," marble, paving, brown and curbing),	4,986,025
Talc (including soap stone),	118,420
Trap rock (principally diabasic and noritic),	2,785,416
Zinc,	3,006,210
Other products,	3,841,426
Total,	<u>\$1,780,659,875</u>

Note—The values of coal, coke, natural gas and petroleum are not based upon the pit mouth, or at the derrick, but upon prices of first wholesalers. Much of the culm of coal mines, formerly waste, is now utilized, partly by briquetting, and thus sold, and therefore a large asset. "Other products" include alumina, Kieselguhr, puzzolan cement, abrasive quartz, sienna, shale and amber.

The reader will note the marked increase in value, as compared with the year 1917, of the anthracite coal, and the decrease in bituminous coal and coke.

Pennsylvania during the year 1918 produced more than thrice the mineral values of any other state.

LIST OF MINERALS AND ROCKS FOUND WITHIN THE BORDERS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Prepared by Colonel Henry C. Demming, Consulting Geologist, Mineralogist and Chemist of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, December 31, 1919.

Note.—Names in plain type, quantity undeveloped; in italics, in commercial quantities; in capitals, very large veins, beds or other deposits.

Actinolite,
Agalmatolite,
Agate,
Agate-jasper,
Agatized-quartzite,
Alabaster,
Alalite,
Albite,
Algonkian,
Allanite,
Allophane,
Alum,
Alumina,
Alunite,
Alunogen,
Amethyst,
Amphibole,
Analsite,
Anatase,
Andalusite,
Andesite,
Anglesite,
Anhydrite,
Ankerite,
Ankholite,
Anthophyllite,
ANTHRACITE,
Antimony sulphide,
Apatite,
Aplome,
Aplyte,
Apophyllite,
Aquamarine,
Aragonite,
ARCHAEOAN,
Arsenopyrite,
Asbestos,
Asbolite,
Augite,
Augite-granite,
Augite-syenite,
Augitic trachyte,
Aurichalcite,
Autunite,
Aventurnie quartz,
Axinite,
Azurite,
Baltimoreite,
Barite,
Baryta,
Basalt,
Basanite,
Bauxite,
Beryl,
Blotite,
Blsmuthinite,
Blsmutite,
Bitumen,
BITUMINOUS COAL,
Blende,
BOG-IRON ORE,
Bog manganese,
Bornite,
Botryogen,
Bowenite,
Braunite,
Brochantite,
Bromlite,
Bronzite,
Brookite,
Brown coal,
Brown iron ore,
BROWN HEMATITE,
Brown ocher,
BROWN STONE,
Brucite,
Buhrstone,
Byssolite,
Cacoxenite,
Cairngorm stone,

Calamine,
Calcite,
CALCIUM CARBONATE,
Calcium fluoride,
Calcium silicate,
Calcium sulphate,
Calcium sulphide,
CAMBRIAN,
Cannel coal,
Carbonates,
Carnelian,
Cassinite,
Cassiterite,
Cat's-eye,
Celestite,
Cement stone,
Cerussite,
Chalcanthite,
Chabazite,
Chalcedonic quartzite,
Chalcedony,
Chalcocite,
Chalcopyrite,
Chalcotrichite,
Chalk,
Charcoal (mineral),
Chert,
Chesterlite,
Chlorite,
Chloritoid,
Chloropal,
Chondrodite,
Chromic iron,
Chromite,
Chrysocolla,
Chrysolite,
CLAY,
Clay iron-stone,
Clay slate,
Cleavelandite,
Clinocllore,
COAL, MINERAL,
Cobalt, earthy,
Coccolite,
Coeruleolactite,
COKE,
Columbite,
Copiapite,
Copper,
Copperas,
Copper, Native,
Copper glance,
Copper pyrites,
Cornwallite,
Corundum,
Covellite,
Cummingtonite,
Cuprite,
Cyanite, blue,
Cyanite, gray,
Cyanite, green,
Dacite,
Damocrite,
Datolite,
Desclozite,
Deveyleite,
Diabase,
Diaclasite,
Diallage,
Diamond,
Diaspore,
Diatomite,
Diopside,
Dioryte,
Dog-tooth spar,
Doleryte,
DOLOMITE,
Fetid,
Ordinary,
Emerald,

Emerald nickel,
Emery,
Enstatite,
Epidote,
Epsom salt,
Epsomite,
Euphyllite,
Erythrite,
Feldspar, Baryta,
Feldspar, Blue,
Feldspar, Common,
Feldspar, Labrador,
Feldspar, Lime,
Feldspar, Potash,
Feldspar, Soda,
Fluorite,
FLINT,
Fluorspar,
Fluorides,
Franklinite,
Fuller's earth,
Gabbro,
Gahnite,
Galena,
GANISTER,
Garnet, Precious,
Garnet, Black,
Garnet, Brown,
Garnet, Green,
Garnet, Red,
GAS,
Gasoline,
Genthite,
Geodes,
Gersdorffite,
Gibbsite,
Glass,
Glockerite,
Glucinum,
GNEISS,
Goethite,
Gold,
Goslarite,
Gothite,
GRANITE,
Granite, micaless,
Graphite,
Gray-wacke,
Greenockite,
Grindstones,
Grit,
Grossularite,
GYPSUM,
HAEMATITE,
KALITE,
Hallite,
Halloysite,
Halotrichite,
Hausmannite,
Heavy spar,
HEMATITE,
HEMATITE, BROWN,
Hematite, Red,
Hematolite,
Hercynite,
Hessite,
Heulandite,
Hisingerite,
Hornblende, Black,
Hornblende, Green,
Hornstone,
HURONIAN,
Hyacinth,
Hyalite,
Hydrocarbons,
Hydrohematite,
Hydromagnesite,
Hydroszincite,
Hypersthene,

List of Minerals and Rocks Found in Pennsylvania—Continued.

- ICE,
 Ice spar,
 Iceland spar,
 Idocrase,
 IGNEOUS,
 Ilmenite,
 Ilvaite,
Infusorial earth.
 Iron aluminate,
 Iron arsenates,
 Iron arsenides,
 Iron carbide,
 Iron carbonate,
Iron chromate,
Iron, Chromio,
 Iron, Chromite,
 Iron ferrate,
 Iron hydrates,
 IRON, MAGNETIC,
 Iron, Meteoric,
 Iron, Native,
Iron, Oligist,
Iron, oxide,
 IRON PYRITES,
 Iron silicates,
 Iron sulphates,
 Iron sulphides,
 Iron tantalites,
 Iron tungstates,
Iron, White,
Itabirite,
 Itacolumite,
 Jade,
 Jadeite,
Jasper,
 Jefferisite,
 Jet,
Kammererite,
Kaolin,
Kaolinite,
Keiselsäure,
 Klaprotholite,
 Kyanite,
Labradorite,
 Lampadite,
 Lancasterite,
 Lansfordite,
 Langite,
 Lanthanite,
Lapis-lazuli,
 Laumontite,
 LAURENTIAN,
Lead,
 Lead, Black,
 Lead carbonates,
 Lead dioxide,
 Lead molybdate,
 Lead, Native,
 Lead oxides,
 Lead silicates,
 Lead sulphide,
 Leidyite,
 Lennite,
 Lepidocrocite,
 Lepidolite,
 Lepidomelane,
 Lesleyite,
 Leucopyrite,
 Levynite,
 Libethenite,
 LIGNITE,
 Limburgite,
 LIME,
 LIMESTONE,
 LIMESTONE, CRYSTALIZED,
Limestone, Hydraulic,
 LIMESTONE, MAGNESIAN,
 LIMONITE,
 Lithia mica,
 LITHOGRAPHIC STONE,
Lydian stone,
Magnesite,
 Magnesium aluminate,
 Magnesium carbonates,
 Magnesium ferrate,
 Magnesium hydrate,
 Magnesium oxides,
 Magnesium silicates,
 Magnesium sulphates,
Magnetite,
Malachite,
Malachite, Bluish,
Malachite, Green,
 Malachite, Lime,
 Malacolite,
 Manganese carbonate,
 Manganese oxides,
 Manganite,
 MARBLE,
Marble, Black,
Marble, Brumbaughite,
 Marble, Verd-antique,
 Marcasite,
 Margarite,
 Marialite,
Mari,
Marsh gas,
 Marmolite,
 Martite,
 Meerschauum,
 Melacouite,
 Melanite,
 Melanocerite,
 Melanosiderite,
Melanterite,
 Menaccanite,
 Mercury (quicksilver),
 Mesolite,
 Meteoric iron,
Mica group,
 Mica, Iron,
 Mica, Lime,
 Mica, Lithia,
 Mica, Magnesia,
 Mica, Potash,
 Mica, Soda,
 Mica-trachyte,
 Micaceous iron ore,
 Microlite,
Millerite,
 Millstone grit,
 Mimetite,
Mineral Coal,
 Mineral oil,
 Mineral pitch,
 Mineral tar,
 Mineral wax,
 MISPICKELE,
Molybdates,
Molybdenite,
Molybdlite,
 Monazite,
Moonsstone,
 Morenosite,
 Moroxite,
Moss agate,
 Mountain cork,
 Mountain leather,
Muscovite,
 Muscite,
 Necronite,
 Nesquehonite,
 Nickel arsenates,
 Nickel oxides,
 Nickel sulphate,
 Niter,
 NORITE,
 Obsidian,
Ocher, Brown,
Ocher, Red,
Ocher, Yellow,
 Oil, Mineral,
 OLIGOCLASE,
 Olivine,
 Olivine-gabbro,
 Onyx,
 Opal,
 ORISKANY SANDSTONE,
 ORTHOCLASE,
Orthose,
 Osmiridium,
 PAINT, BLACK,
 PAINT, BROWN,
 Painterite,
 PAINT, GREEN,
 PAINT, RED,
 PAINT ROCK,
 PAINT, WHITE,
 PAINT, YELLOW,
 Palladium,
 PEAT,
 Pectolite,
 Pegmatyte,
 Penninite,
 Pentlandite,
Petridolite,
 Petrified wood,
 PETROLEUM,
 Philadelphite,
 Phillipsite,
 Phlogopite,
 Pholerite,
 Phosphates,
 Phrenite,
 Phyllite,
 Phytocollite,
 Picrolite,
Pipe clay,
Pipe ore,
 Pisanite,
 Pitchblende,
 PLASTER OF PARIS,
 Platinum,
 Pleonaste,
Plumbago,
 Polishing powder,
 Porphyry,
 PORTLAND CEMENT,
 Potash alum,
 Potassium bromide,
 Potassium chloride,
 Potassium nitrate,
 POTASSIUM SILICATE,
 Potassium sulphate,
 Potter's clay,
 Prase,
 Prehnite,
 Prochlorite,
 Pseudomalachite,
 Psilomelane,
 Pudding-granite,
Pudding-stone,
 Pumice,
Purple copper ore,
 Pyrite,
Pyrites, Arsenical,
Pyrites, Auriferous,
Pyrites, Copper,
Pyrites, Iron,
Pyrites, Magnetic,
Pyrites, White iron,
Pyrolusite,
 Pyromorphite,
 Pyrope,
 Pyrophanite,
 Pyrophyllite,
Pyroxene,
Pyroxene Group,
 Pyrrholite,
 QUARTZ,
 Quartz, Drusy,
 Quartz, Granular,
 Quartz, Radiated,
 QUARTZITE,
 Quartz-dioryte,
 Quartz-porphry,
 Quartz-syenite,
 Quartz-trachyte,
Rauchquarz,
Rauts,
 Ramnite,
 Razor-hone rock,
 Red chalk,
Red copper ore,
 Red fossil ore,
Red hematite,
Red iron ore,
 Red ocher,
 Red zinc ore,
 Ruddle,
 Rhodochrosite,
 Rhyolite,
 Ripidolite,
 RIVER SAND,
 Rock crystal,
 Rock oils,
 Rock salt,
 ROOFING SLATE,
 Rose quartz,
 Ruby, Almandine,
 Ruby, Spinel,
 Rutile,
 Sahlite, (salite),
 Sal ammoniac,
 SALT-PETER,
Salt, Rock,
 Sandine,
 SANDSTONES:
 CATSKILL, RED,
 CORRY,
 HAMILTON,
Johnson Run,
Kinzua Creek,
 MAHONING,
 MEDINA, (superior build-
 ing stone),
 MESOZOIC, (New Red),
 ONEIDA,

List of Minerals and Rocks Found in Pennsylvania—Concluded.

ORISKANY, (for glass).	Sodium silicate.	Tremolite,
POCONO, (salt producing)	Sodium sulphate.	Trachyte,
POTSDAM, (very superior building stone).	Spathic iron,	Tripolite,
SHENANGO,	Specular iron,	Tungsten trioxide,
VENANGO,	Spessartine,	Tungstite,
Saualpit,	Sphalerite,	Turquoise,
Sauconite,	Sphene,	Unionite,
Scapolite, Common,	Splawerite,	Uraconite,
Scapolite group,	Spinel,	Uranates,
Schreibersite,	Spinel ruby,	Uranium phosphates,
Scythe-stone,	Stannite, (tin ore),	Vanadate of lead,
Selenite,	Staurolite,	Vauquelinite,
SEMI-ANTHRACITE COAL,	Staurolite, (pseudomorph),	Velvet iron ore,
SEMI-BITUMINOUS COAL,	Steatite,	Velvet manganese,
Senarmontite,	Stibnite,	Vermiculites,
Sepiolite,	Stilbite,	Vesuvianite,
SERPENTINE, Common,	Stolzite,	Vitriol, Blue,
Precious,	Strontianite,	Vivianite,
SHALE,	Strontium sulphate,	Volcanic glass,
SHALES:	Sulphur,	Wacke,
CHEMUNG,	Sunstone,	Wad,
CLINTON,	Syenite,	WATER,
Cussewago,	Talc,	Wavellite,
HAMILTON,	Tantalates,	Wealden clay,
HUDSON RIVER,	Tellurates,	Wernerite,
MARCELLUS,	Tennantite,	WHITE MARBLE,
MAUCH CHUNK RED,	Tetrahedrite,	Williamsite,
Meadville,	Thallite,	Wollastonite,
Onondaga,	Thallium pyrites,	Wulfenite,
Orangeville,	Thomsonite,	Xanthite,
Riceville,	Thuringite,	Xenotime,
Siderite,	Tin, Native,	Zaratite,
Silex, Silica,	Titanic iron ore,	Zeolites,
SILICATES,	Titanite,	Zinc, Native,
Silicic acid,	Titanium oxide,	Zinc, oxide,
Sillimanite,	Torbernite,	Zinc, Red Oxide,
Silver, Lead,	Tourmaline, Black,	Zinc silicates,
Silver, Native,	Brown,	Zinc sulphates,
Slags,	Fibrous,	Zinc sulphides,
SLATE,	Green,	ZINC BLENDE,
Smithsonite,	Pink,	Zinc ore, Red,
Smoky quartz,	White,	Zircon,
SOAPSTONE,	Yellow.	Zoisite.
Soda alum,	TRAP,	

Total, 682

In classifying the coals the forty-two varieties are not particularized, simply mentioning them as Anthracite, Semi-Anthracite, Bituminous, Cannel, Lignite and Semi-Bituminous; also, the limestones without naming the thirty-six known varieties.

LIST OF MINERAL WATERS FOUND IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Alkaline, Bradford county.
 Alkaline acidulous, Bradford county.
 Alkaline, saline, Bradford county.
 Aerenical, (weak, sparkling,) Berks, Chester, Delaware and Lancaster counties.
 Baryta, Blair, Franklin and Fulton counties.
 Bromine-salt, Allegheny and Crawford counties.
 Calcium, Centre, Lebanon and York counties.
 Calcium carbonate, Bedford, Berks, Centre and York counties.
 Calcium chloride, Bedford county.
 Calcium magnesium, Dauphin county.
 Calcium sulphate, Bedford, Bradford and Clearfield counties.
 Carbonate, Bradford county.
 Carbonate of iron, Bedford county.
 Carbonate of soda, Bradford county.
 Carbonic acid, Bedford, Bradford and Cumberland counties.
 CHALYBEATE, Bedford, Cumberland, Juniata, Mifflin and Perry counties.
 Chalybeate sulphur, Bradford county.
 Chloride, Bradford and Dauphin counties.
 Cold, (Ephrata Springs), Lancaster county.
 Gypseiferous, Bedford county.
 Hot, Allegheny, McKean and Washington counties.
 Katalysin, (Catalysis), Adams county.
 Iodo-bromated, Fayette, Greene and Westmoreland counties.
 Iodo-bromated, muriated, Armstrong, Cambria, Clarion, Indiana and Warren counties.
 Lithia, Bucks, Cumberland, Delaware, Montgomery and Northampton counties.
 Magnesia, Bradford and Dauphin counties.
 Magnesium carbonate, Chester county.
 Magnesium chloride, Lancaster county.
 Magnesium sulphate, Bedford, Chester, Cumberland and Lycoming counties.
 Radio-active, Carbon and Schuylkill counties.
 Saline, Bedford, Monroe, Pike and Wayne counties.
 SODIUM-CHLORIDE, every county in the State, by deep boring.
 Sodium, potassium, Bradford county.
 Sulphur, Adams county.
 Sulphurous, Bedford, Fulton, Luzerne and Tioga counties.
 Sulphur, white, Cumberland county.
 Warm, (Ephrata Springs), Lancaster county.
 Yellow Springs, Chester county.

There are doubtless other mineral waters in the Commonwealth that have been omitted by the compiler; but the foregoing are all that have been noted in his field books, or his laboratory record.

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JOINT RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF PENNSYLVANIA.

BILLS, ET CETERA, FOR CONCURRENCE.

Rule 1. All bills, resolutions, votes, orders, and amendments of either House, to which concurrence of both is necessary, as well as messages, shall be presented to the other by the clerk of the House from which they are sent.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF CLERK OF EITHER HOUSE.

Rule 2. When the clerk of either House shall wait on the other, notice thereof shall be given by the sergeant-at-arms, or doorkeeper, to the Speaker or President, who shall declare the same to the House or Senate, as the case may be.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEES.

Rule 3. When either House shall request a conference and appoint a committee for that purpose, and the other House shall also appoint a committee to confer, such conference shall be held at any time and place, to be agreed upon by the chairman; and in all cases where a conference takes place, the committee shall be composed of members who vote in the majority on the point or points of difference; but the committee shall not have power or control over any part of a bill, resolution, or order, except such parts upon which a difference exists between the two Houses.

CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

Rule 4. Whenever a claim against the State, of any description, has been or shall be presented to either House, and referred to a committee, and such committee shall have made a report, in writing, against the allowance of the claim, setting forth the grounds of their decision, and the same shall have been concurred in by such House, it shall not be in order to originate again the consideration of such claim in that House, either by bill, resolution, petition, or otherwise, except upon a memorial of the claimant first setting forth upon affidavit, that he has obtained material evidence in support of his claim, since the decision against it, which was not before the committee at the former decision, and a statement of the substance of such evidence, or, second, assigning specific errors in the report of the committee adverse to it.

NOTICE OF REJECTION OF BILLS, ET CETERA.

Rule 5. When a bill, resolution, or order which shall have passed in one House is rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be given to the House in which the same shall have passed.

GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILL.

Rule 6. That the committee having charge of the general appropriation bill shall be required to report the same to the House on or before the first Monday in March, and when reported in either House, said bill shall have priority over all other business until finally disposed of.

NEW BILLS.

Rule 7. No new bills shall be transmitted from or received by either House within four days of the time fixed on for an adjournment sine die.

BILLS, ET CETERA, ON DAY OF FINAL ADJOURNMENT.

Rule 8. No bill, resolution, or order, to which the signature of the Governor may be required, shall be passed by either House on the day of final adjournment; and all such bills, resolutions, and orders, after they have been duly compared and certified by the proper committee shall be presented to the Governor for his signature, before eight o'clock on the morning of the day of the final adjournment.

BILLS, ET CETERA, TO BE PRINTED.

Rule 9. No bill, resolution, or order shall be sent to the Governor for his approval unless the same shall be printed on bond paper in exact reproduction of the bill, resolution or order as finally passed.

DISPENSING WITH JOINT RULES.

Rule 10. No joint rule shall be dispensed with but by a concurrent vote of two-thirds of each House; and if either House shall violate a joint rule, the question of order may be raised in the other House, and decided in the same manner as in a case of the violation of the rules of such House; and if it shall be decided that the joint rules have been violated, the bill involving such violation shall be returned to the House in which it originated, without further action, or, at the option of such House, the Speaker may direct the Clerk to mark the section or sections in conflict with the rules, as non-concurred in or negatived.

AMENDMENTS.

Rule 11. Every bill, resolution, or order, transmitted to either House, if amended by the House to which transmitted, shall have the amendment or amendments printed in italics, or inclosed in brackets, by the House in which the amendment or amendments are made and marked Senate or House amendments, as the case may be. (Adopted January 13, 1874, amended January, 1901.)

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DECISIONS ON POINTS OF ORDER RAISED IN JOINT ASSEMBLY—SESSION OF 1881.

1. On the question, "Can votes cast for a person who has not been nominated in either House, and whose name has therefore not been communicated from one House to another, not less than two days prior to the meeting of the joint assembly, as required by the act of Congress and of the General Assembly of this State, be received and counted?" The President decided: That the provisions of the act of 1867, regulating the manner of electing Senators, provides, among other things, that each House shall nominate at least one person—the restriction being at least one person—and that the name of the person or persons nominated, shall be communicated from each House to the other, at least two days before the time of electing. In the opinion of the Chair the purpose of that requirement is that each House may, if possible, take concurrent action, that the Senate may know the name of the persons that the House will probably vote for, and that the House may know the name of the persons for whom the Senate will probably vote, and if possible, as is contemplated by law, that the two Houses may take concurrent action in an election by each House separately. In the event of a failure to do that, the duty then devolves upon a joint assembly of the two Houses. If the same person shall not have received a majority of all the votes cast in each House, or if either House shall have failed to take the steps required by this act, then the joint assembly shall proceed to elect, and in so doing it is not restricted to the names of the persons nominated. In the opinion of the Chair, the failure to make any nomination—the provisions of the first section being directory—would not prevent the joint assembly when assembled from taking any action or electing any person that the majority thereof may agree upon. The second section evidently contemplates a possible failure to perform the duties required by the first section. These two bodies being now in joint assembly, in the absence of any constitutional restriction or any more positive requirement of law fixing the qualification of Senators, the Chair does not feel justified in refusing to receive a vote cast for any gentleman in this Commonwealth who answers the requirements provided for by the constitution, consequently the Chair will direct such votes to be counted, unless the joint assembly take different action.—*Journal of Senate, 1881, p. 179.*

2. On the question, "That this joint assembly, not being governed by any rules, except those governing conventions in general, the yeas and nays cannot be called for by any certain number of members, but must be ordered as any other order is made, by a majority vote of the convention?" The President decided: That the Chair is obliged to recognize the concurrent interpretation of parliamentary law, as evidenced by the custom of both Houses. Where a joint assembly is formed of two bodies whose practice is concurrent respecting any particular question, the Chair is disposed to think it binding upon such assembly, and that in this case the fixed custom of both Houses based on constitutional requirements, to order the yeas and nays upon the call of two members, is binding, and the Chair will be obliged to recognize the custom in this instance.—*Journal of Senate, 1881, p. 180.*

3. The President decided that until the provision of the law has been complied with, which prescribes "that the joint assembly shall meet, and take at least one ballot each day," nothing else is in order. When that provision has been complied with, the Chair is disposed to hold that anything strictly appertaining to the business of the joint assembly is in order. The fixing of an afternoon session for the express purpose of balloting, in the opinion of the Chair, does strictly appertain to the proper business of this joint assembly, and is in accordance with precedent in other states, under the same or similar laws, and the Chair cannot refuse to entertain the resolution offered.—*Journal of Senate, 1881, p. 261.*

4. The President ruled that the right of petition being a constitutional right, and one which is very carefully guarded, and the choice of United States Senator having passed beyond the control of either House, or of the two Houses concurrently, the petition, being pertinent to the business before the joint assembly, would be received and read.—*Journal of Senate, 1881, p. 277.*

5. The President ruled that the petition having been received, read and laid upon the table, it has passed beyond the power of the President to exclude it, and the point of order was raised too late.—*Journal of Senate, 1881, p. 278.*

6. The President decided the question of privilege should have been raised as a point of order at the time the question was presented, and does not now involve any question of privilege, the paper being directed to the honorable members of the Senate and House of Representatives embracing all and not any particular class.—*Journal of Senate, 1881, p. 293.*

7. The President decided that a motion to take a recess, being subject to amendment and debate, was, according to all parliamentary law, superseded by a motion to adjourn, otherwise the joint assembly might be kept in session indefinitely, against its own wish.—*Journal of Senate, 1881, p. 361.*

8. The President ruled that the order of business being fixed by a majority of the joint assembly, it is competent for the joint assembly to change said order.—*Journal of Senate, 1881, p. 424.*

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RULES OF THE SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

DUTIES OF THE PRESIDENT—TAKING THE CHAIR.

1. The President shall take the chair, each day, at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, when he shall call the members to order, and on the appearance of a quorum, shall cause the Journal of the preceding day to be read, which the Senate shall have power then to correct.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

2. The order to be observed in taking up business shall be as follows:

First—The asking leave of absence.

Second—The receiving of reports of committees, which shall be called for by the President, according to the order of the committees.

Third—The reading of bills in place. The President commencing on his left and recognizing all in their order from left to right, and all bills read in place shall be accompanied by two copies of the same.

Fourth—The offering of original resolutions.

Fifth—The consideration of executive nominations.

Sixth—The reading of bills the third time.

Seventh—The reading of bills the second time.

Eighth—The reading of bills the first time, and in that state shall not be subject to amendment or a vote thereon.

ORDER AND DECORUM—PRESIDENT TO PRESERVE.

3. It shall be the duty of the President to preserve order, prevent personal reflections, confine members in debate to the question and when two or more members rise at the same time, decide who shall be the first heard; but an appeal in all such cases shall lie to the Senate, and a member called to order may extenuate or justify.

BUSINESS AND DEBATES.

4. Members speaking shall address the President, and when presenting a paper shall first state its import. Members shall not speak more than twice on any question without permission of the Senate, nor be interrupted when speaking, except by a call to order by the President, or by a member through the President, or by a member to explain, or by a call for the previous question.

MOTIONS.

5. When a motion is made and seconded, it shall, before debate, be stated by the President. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President or any member require it; but a motion may be withdrawn by the member making it before amendment, postponement, an order to lie on the table, or decision.

TO BE ENTERED ON JOURNAL.

6. Every motion shall be entered on the Journal together with the name of the member making it unless it should be subsequently withdrawn.

HOW INTERRUPTED.

7. A question regularly before the Senate can be interrupted only by a call for the previous question for amendment, postponement, commitment, or adjournment.

MOTION TO ADJOURN—WHEN IN ORDER.

8. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, excepting when on the call for the previous question, the main question shall have been ordered to be now put, or when a member has the floor, and shall be decided without debate.

ORDER OF MOTIONS—DEBATE ON THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

9. The motion for the previous question, for postponement, for commitment, and for amendment, shall take precedence in the order mentioned, and a motion for the previous question shall preclude any of the other motions from being made; a motion to postpone shall preclude a motion to commit; or to amend a motion to commit shall preclude a motion to amend. The motion for the previous question, postponement (other than indefinite postponement) or commitment, shall preclude debate on the original subject. The previous question shall not be moved by less than four members.

QUESTIONS FOLLOWING.

10. When a call for the previous question has been made and sustained, the question shall be upon pending amendments and the main question, in their regular order, and all incidental questions of order arising after a motion for the previous question has been made, and pending such motion shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.



DEBATE ON QUESTIONS OF ORDER.

11. No debate shall be allowed on questions of order, unless there be an appeal, or reference by the President of the Senate. And on such appeal or reference no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the Senate.

FILLING UP BLANKS.

12. On filling up blanks, the question shall first be taken on the largest sum, greatest number, and most distant day.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF PRESIDENT PRO TEM.

13. In the absence of the President, the President pro tem. shall exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of President. On all questions, the President pro tem. shall vote last when occupying the chair.

SIGNING OF BILLS, ET CETERA, BY THE PRESIDENT.

14. Acts, orders, addresses, and joint resolutions shall be signed by the President in the presence of the Senate, after their titles have been publicly read, and the fact of signing shall be entered on the Journal; and writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by the Senate shall be signed by him and attested by the clerk.

GENERAL DIRECTION OF HALL.

15. The President shall have the general direction of the hall. He may name a member to perform the duties of the chair, but such substitutions shall not extend beyond four days.

RECONSIDERATION.

16. When a question has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any two members of the majority, or when the Senate has been equally divided, or a bill shall have failed to pass, by reason of not having a constitutional majority, for any two who voted in the negative to move the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, report, amendment, or motion, upon which the vote was taken, shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate; nor shall any motion for reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day on which the vote was taken, or within the next five days of actual session of the Senate thereafter; and such motion shall take precedence of all other questions, except a motion to adjourn, and no member shall speak on the question more than once, or for a longer time than five minutes.

BILLS.

17. Every bill shall be read at length on three different days in open Senate. All amendments thereto shall be printed and laid on the desks of Senators before the final vote is taken on the bill. The final vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the same be entered on the Journal. No bill shall be declared passed, or signed by the President, unless a majority of all the Senators elected to the Senate shall be recorded as voting for the same.

AMENDMENTS.

18. No amendment shall be received by the President which destroys the general sense of the original section, clause, or paragraph. No amendment to bills by the House shall be concurred in by the Senate, except by the vote of a majority of the members elected thereto, taken by yeas and nays, and the names of those voting for and against recorded upon the Journal thereof.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

19. All bills shall be considered by a Committee of the Whole, unless the rule be dispensed with by unanimous consent. All amendments made in Committee of the Whole, shall be reported by the chairman to the Senate, and shall by him be moved to be inserted, and if adopted, shall then be entered on the Journal. Every bill shall be read at length in Committee of the Whole, and such reading shall be considered one of the readings required by the Constitution.

REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

20. Every report of a committee of conference shall be printed together with the bill as amended by the committee, before action shall be had on such report.

CONCURRENCE IN AMENDMENTS OF THE HOUSE.

21. That the vote on concurring in bills amended by the House or on adopting reports of committees of conference, shall not be taken until said bills and reports have been placed on the files of Senators, and particularly referred to on their calendars.

APPROPRIATION BILLS FOR CHARITABLE PURPOSES.

22. No bills appropriating money for charitable or benevolent purposes shall be considered until after the general appropriation bill shall have been reported from committee.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

23. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of each session, until otherwise ordered:

- A Committee on Agriculture.
- A Committee on Appropriations.
- A Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.
- A Committee on Canals and Inland Navigation.
- A Committee on City Passenger Railways.
- A Committee on Congressional Apportionment.
- A Committee on Corporations.
- A Committee on Education.
- A Committee on Elections.
- A Committee on Executive Nominations.
- A Committee on Exposition Affairs.
- A Committee on Federal Relations.
- A Committee on Finance.
- A Committee on Forestry.
- A Committee on Game and Fisheries.
- A Committee on Insurance.
- A Committee on Judicial Apportionment.
- A Committee on Judiciary General.
- A Committee on Judiciary Special.
- A Committee on Law and Order.
- A Committee on Legislative Apportionment.
- A Committee on Library.
- A Committee on Mines and Mining.
- A Committee on Military Affairs.
- A Committee on Municipal Affairs.
- A Committee on New Counties and County Seats.
- A Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.
- A Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.
- A Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.
- A Committee on Public Printing.
- A Committee on Public Roads and Highways.
- A Committee on the Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.
- A Committee on Railroads.

OF WHAT CONSISTING.

The several committees shall consist of seven Senators, except the Committees on Corporations, Mines and Mining, Exposition Affairs and Insurance, which shall each consist of eleven Senators, and the Committees on Railroads, City Passenger Railways and Banks and Building and Loan Associations shall each consist of nine Senators, and the Committees on Judiciary General, Judiciary Special, Congressional Apportionment, Legislative Apportionment and Judicial Apportionment shall each consist of thirteen Senators, the Committee on Appropriations shall consist of twenty-one Senators, and the Committee on Executive Nominations shall consist of five Senators. The President pro tempore shall be ex-officio a member of all special and standing committees.

DUTIES OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEES.

24. Every member of a committee shall attend the call of the chairman, who shall be the first-named person on such committee; and in case of his neglect to call the committee together, or in case of his absence by sickness or other cause, the committee shall attend the call of the next person named on the committee.

RULES IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

25. The rules and proceedings of the Senate shall be observed, as far as they are practicable, in the Committee of the Whole, excepting that a member may speak oftener than twice on the same subject. In Committee of the Whole, the previous question cannot be called, the yeas and nays required, nor can there be an appeal from the decision of the chairman.

ABSENCE.

26. No member shall absent himself without leave of the Senate, first obtained, unless prevented from attending by sickness, or other sufficient cause.

FILES OF THE SENATE.

27. The files of the Senate may be inspected by the members, but no paper shall be withdrawn therefrom without the consent of the Senate.

WHO PRIVILEGED TO THE FLOOR OF THE SENATE.

28. No person shall be admitted within the Senate Chamber (galleries excepted) during its sessions, unless invited by a member of the Senate except the members and officers of the two branches of the Legislature, the Governor, heads of departments, ex-members of the Legislature, and stenographers to report proceedings of the Senate for publication, under the direction of the President pro tempore. No person or persons shall be permitted to occupy the seats of Senators or pass across the floor of the Senate when the Senate is in session; nor shall any person or persons, at any time, be permitted to enter the room of the transcribing clerks or pass before the President. All obstructions in, and passing across the enclosed circle are prohibited.

DISPENSING WITH RULES.

29. The consent of two-thirds of the members present shall be necessary to dispense with any rule.

DIVISION OF A QUESTION.

30. Any Senator may call for a division of a question, which shall be divided if it comprehends questions so distinct that one being taken away the rest may stand entire for the decision of the Senate. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed inadvisable; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

REFERENCE OF BILLS.

31. Every bill and joint resolution which may be received from the House of Representatives, or which may be read by a Senator in his place, shall, immediately after being presented to the Chair, be referred by the President to the appropriate committee, unless otherwise ordered.

CHARACTER OF BILLS READ IN PLACE, ET CETERA.

32. No member shall read in place, nor shall any committee, either standing or select, report any bill for the action of the Senate, granting corporate powers in any case, when the authority of granting such powers has been conferred upon any of the courts of this Commonwealth; or proposing to legislate upon any of the subjects prohibited by the seventh section of the third article of the Constitution; nor shall any bill be read in place, or reported from a committee, reviving, amending, or extending the provisions of any law, by reference to its title only, but the whole shall be re-enacted in words by such bill.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE ON A BILL ON THIRD READING.

33. When the Senate shall resolve to go into Committee of the Whole on a bill on third reading, except for special amendment, the question before the Senate, when the President shall have resumed the chair and the chairman of the committee has made a report, shall be, "Will the Senate agree to the report of the committee?"

JEFFERSON'S MANUAL TO GOVERN THE SENATE.

34. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Jefferson's Manual shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the standing rules and orders of the Senate and the joint rules of the Senate and House of Representatives.

WHEN LESS THAN A QUORUM IS PRESENT.

35. When, upon a call, which may be demanded by not less than four Senators, it is found that less than a quorum is present, it shall be the duty of the President to order the doors of the Senate to be closed, and to direct the clerk to call the roll of the Senate, and note the absences, after which the name of the absentees shall be again called, and those for whose absence no excuse, or an insufficient excuse is made, may, by order of a majority of the Senators present, be sent for and taken into custody by the sergeant-at-arms, or his assistants appointed for the purpose, and brought before the bar of the Senate, where, unless excused by a majority of the Senators present, they shall be reprovved by the President for neglect of duty.

WHEN LESS THAN A QUORUM VOTE BUT PRESENT.

36. When less than a quorum vote upon any subject under the consideration of the Senate, not less than four Senators may demand a call of the Senate, when it shall be the duty of the President forthwith to order the doors of the Senate to be closed, the roll of the Senators to be called, and if it is ascertained that a quorum is present, either by answering to their names, or by their presence in the Senate, the President shall again order the yeas and nays, and if any Senator or Senators present refuse to vote, the name or names of such Senator or Senators shall be entered on the Journal as "present but not voting," and such refusal to vote shall be deemed a contempt, and, unless purged, the President shall direct the sergeant-at-arms to bring such Senator or Senators before the bar of the Senate, where he or they shall be publicly reprimanded by the President.

PROHIBITED LEGISLATION.

37. No law shall be passed except by bill, and no bill shall be so altered or amended on its passage through the Senate as to change its original purpose. No bill shall be considered unless referred to a committee, returned therefrom, and printed for the use of the members. No local or special bill shall be reported unless the same be accompanied by proof of the publication of the notice thereof, in accordance with law, and of section eight of article three of the Constitution; and proof of such publication shall be certified to by the president or secretary of the committee reporting the bill.

EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS.

38. When nominations shall be made by the Governor to the Senate, they shall after being read by the Chief Clerk, without a motion, be referred by the presiding officer to appropriate committee, and after having been reported by the committee, the final question on every nomination shall be: "Will the Senate advise and consent to this nomination?" Which question shall not be put on the day on which the nomination or nominations are reported from committee, unless by unanimous consent.

All information communicated or remarks made by a Senator when acting upon nominations in committee, concerning the character or qualifications of the person nominated, shall be kept secret. If, however, charges shall be made against a person nominated, the committee may, in its discretion, notify such nominee thereof, but the name of the person making such charges shall not be disclosed.

When the consideration of executive nominations is reached in the order of business, a Senator may make a motion to go into executive session for the purpose of confirming the nominations which have been reported from a committee at a previous session and, if unanimous consent be given, also those which may be reported on the day the motion is made; and on the motion being agreed to, such nomination or nominations shall be considered the first order of the day until finally disposed of, unless the same shall be postponed by a majority of the Senate; but such business when once commenced shall not be postponed for more than five days, except in case of an adjournment of the Senate for a longer period.

When in executive session, no message shall be received from the Governor, unless it be relative to the nomination under consideration, nor from the House of Representatives, nor shall any other business be considered, except executive business, and the executive session shall not adjourn pending the consideration of the nomination until a time be fixed by a majority vote of those present for the next meeting of the executive session to resume the consideration thereof.

When a nomination is confirmed or rejected by the Senate, any two Senators, voting with the majority, may move for a reconsideration on the same day on which the vote was taken, or on either of the next two days of actual session of the Senate; but if a notification of the confirmation or rejection of a nomination shall have been sent to the Governor before the expiration of the time within which a motion to reconsider may be made, the motion to reconsider shall be accompanied by a motion to request the Governor to return such notification to the Senate. A motion to reconsider the vote on a nomination may be laid on the table without prejudice to the nomination, and shall be a final disposition of such motion.

RESOLUTIONS.

39. The following resolutions after they have been twice read, shall be referred to an appropriate committee, without debate (unless by unanimous consent the Senate shall otherwise direct) and if favorably reported by the committee, shall lie over one day for consideration after which they may be called up as, of course, under their appropriate order of business:

All Senate and House concurrent resolutions, excepting resolutions in reference to adjournments and those recalling bills from the Governor which shall be regarded as privileged;

Resolutions containing calls for information from the heads of departments, or to alter the rules;

Resolutions giving rise to debate, except such as relate to the disposition of matters immediately before the Senate, such as relate to the business of the day on which they were offered, and such as relate to adjournment or taking a recess.

LOUNGING IN SENATE PROHIBITED.

40. That the Librarian of the Senate be directed to keep the doors of the Senate chamber closed on Sunday to all persons except persons who are entitled under the twenty-eighth rule of the Senate; and that he be directed to call on any officer of the Senate to aid him in enforcing this order; and that on other days, when the Senate is not in session, the officers are hereby required to strictly prohibit any lounging within the Senate chamber by any person not connected with the Legislature, and that henceforth no officer be permitted to occupy the seat of a Senator at any time; that it shall be the duty of the President to see that this rule is enforced, and a persistent disregard of it by any officer shall be cause of dismissal by the President.

BILLS REQUIRING A TWO-THIRDS VOTE.

41. When bills which require a two-thirds vote are under consideration, the concurrence of two-thirds of all the Senators elected shall not be requisite to decide any question or amendment short of the final question: and on any other question short of the final one, a majority of Senators voting shall be sufficient to pass the same.

DISCHARGING COMMITTEES.

42. No committee shall be discharged from the consideration of a bill within five days of its reference, without unanimous consent of the Senate.

SMOKING PROHIBITED.

43. No person shall be permitted to smoke tobacco within the Senate chamber during the session of the Senate.

NEGATIVE BILLS.

44. A majority of all the members elected to the Senate shall be required to place a negative bill upon the calendar.

DIRECTION OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES.

45. All officers and employees of the Senate shall be subject to the order and direction of the Chief Clerk, who shall obey the direction and orders of the President and President pro tempore respectively, relative to the conduct of all business of the Senate.

BILLS TO BE PRINTED WHEN INTRODUCED, AND WEEKLY CALENDAR PREPARED.

46. All bills when introduced in the Senate shall be numbered consecutively and printed on pink paper. A weekly calendar showing the status of all bills shall be prepared for the use of the Senate.

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*DECISIONS OF THE SENATE ON POINTS OF ORDER.

ADJOURNMENT.

"From Day to Day" by Less than a Quorum Means from Day to Day as Fixed by the Orders.

The Senate having fixed an order for sessions on Tuesdays and Fridays only, on a motion to adjourn, less than a quorum voting, Mr. Gordon submitted the point of order that under the Constitution it was only competent for less than a quorum to adjourn from day to day. The President decided that the phrase "from day to day" signified from day to day as fixed in the regular order of the Senate. Whereupon, the President decided the resolution carried, and adjourned the Senate until Friday morning next, at eleven o'clock. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 157.)

ADJOURNMENT, DAY OF FINAL.

When it begins.

After midnight of the session which began at eight P. M., June 11, the day for final adjournment having been fixed for twelve M., on June 12, report of a committee of conference was made, when Mr. Kennedy submitted the point of order that the report could not be acted upon at this time, as its consideration is prohibited by joint rule eight, which provides that "no bill, resolution, or order to which the signature of the Governor may be required, shall be passed by either House on the day of the final adjournment; and all such bills, resolutions and orders, after they have been duly transcribed and compared, shall be presented to the Governor for his signature, by the proper committee, before eight o'clock on the morning of the day of the final adjournment." Mr. Reyburn (acting President pro tempore) decided the point of order not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1885, p. 1189.)

AMENDMENTS.

To House Amendments, when not in Order.

Not in order to amend amendments made by the House of Representatives, to amendments made by the Senate, to a bill from the House of Representatives. (Senate Journal, 1844, pp. 935-6.)

Amendments made by the House of Representatives (consisting of two new sections) to amendments made by the Senate to a bill from the House of Representatives, having been concurred in by the Senate, a motion was made to amend those amendments by adding a new section.

The Speaker decided the motion to be not in order. From which an appeal was taken, and the decision sustained by the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1850, p. 549.)

To Title in Order, when Concurring in House Amendments.

The Speaker decided that, in concurring in amendments made by the House of Representatives, it was in order for the Senate to amend the title to correspond with the amendments made by the House of Representatives. (Senate Journal, 1861, p. 254. See also Senate Journals, 1874, p. 692, and 1889, p. 364.)

Made on Second Cannot be Stricken out on Third Reading.

The Speaker decided that it was not in order to go into Committee of the Whole (the bill being on third reading) for the purpose of striking out the amendment that had been inserted on second reading. (Senate Journal, 1861, p. 547.)

In Order to Strike out on Third that which has been Inserted on Second Reading if other Matter is Included.

Mr. Thompson submitted the point of order, that the motion was not in order because it proposed to strike out on third reading an amendment which had been inserted on second reading. The President decided the point of order not well taken, as the proposed amendment included other matter, in addition to the proviso which had been inserted on second reading of the bill. (Senate Journal, 1891, p. 290.)

Negated on Second Reading can be Inserted in Committee of the Whole on Third Reading.

The point of order was raised, that an amendment, proposed to be inserted in Committee of the Whole, having been proposed and negated on second reading, could not be offered. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1874, p. 179.)

AMENDMENTS—Concluded.

Cannot be made to Bills that will Change Original Purpose.

The President pro tempore decided that the bill was so amended as to repeal the whole act of 1868, and then to extend it to the whole State, and was so altered in its passage as to be changed from its original purpose, and therefore is unconstitutional. (Senate Journal, 1879, p. 389.)

Not Germane to Resolution, out of Order.

The President decided it out of order to amend a resolution to print the report of the Pennsylvania State College, by adding a provision for the appointment of a committee to investigate its accounts. (Senate Journal, 1875, p. 202.)

The President pro tempore (Mr. Penrose in the chair) was of the opinion that the original resolution of the Senator from Lebanon, pertained to a question of law or jurisdiction, whilst the substitute or amendment of the Senator from Bucks raised a question of fact. He therefore decided the point of order raised by the Senator from Lebanon to be well taken and that the amendment of the Senator from Bucks was not germane and therefore not in order. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1891, p. 624.)

Can be made to Resolution Regulating Senate Business.

A resolution fixing an afternoon session for certain business pending, an amendment was offered fixing a session at a different time, on which the President ruled that the purpose of both the resolution and the proposed amendment being to regulate the business of the Senate, the amendment was germane, and therefore ruled the point of order to be not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1881, p. 1014.)

Senate can Reinsert Matter Stricken out in Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Gordon submitted the point of order "that the motion of the Senator from Delaware (Mr. Cooper) was not in order, as it proposed to insert in the bill a provision just stricken out in the Committee of the Whole." Decided not well taken. Decision sustained by the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 625.)

To Amend Senate Bill Returned from House when in Order.

Mr. Grady submitted the point of order that, as the question before the Senate was on concurring in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to said bill, and the amendment proposed by Mr. Hughes, not being an amendment to the amendments made by the House, the motion was not in order. The President decided the point of order well taken, and ruled the motion out of order. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 1241.)

Non-Concurred in by the House, to Recede from Affirmative Vote of Less than all the Senators Elected Sufficient.

Mr. Kennedy submitted the point of order, that the motion to recede from amendments made by the Senate being in effect a reconsideration of the vote by which the bill passed finally, it requires, for its adoption, a majority vote of all the Senators elected. Decided not well taken by the Senate. Mr. Kennedy then submitted the point of order, that the motion before the Senate is one of virtual concurrence in the action of the House on this bill, and that, in compliance with the constitution and Rule XXVIII of the Senate, it requires a majority vote of all the Senators to so concur. Decided not well taken by the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1885, pp. 890-894.)

BILLS.

Consideration of, in Numerical Order.

The Senate decided that when bills on first reading are the pending order, it was not in order to proceed to the consideration of a bill not first in numerical order, without dispensing with the orders of the day. (Senate Journal, 1845, pp. 169-70.)

Negating First Section of, Does not Involve Defeat of Whole Bill.

The Speaker decided that the defeat of the first section of a bill did not necessarily involve defeat of the whole bill, should there be more than one section in such bill, and where such section or sections are sensible and independent of said first section. From which decision an appeal was taken, and the decision of the Speaker sustained by the Senate. (Senate Journal 1848, p. 566.)

Negated by the Senate, not in Order to Introduce and Consider Similar ones During the same Session.

The President decided that it was not in order to consider a certain bill, as one containing similar provisions had been voted down at the present session of the Senate. (Senate Journal. 1878, p. 856.)

Negated by the Senate, not in Order to Consider Bill of Similar Character from the House During the same Session.

The President decided that it is not in order to introduce into the Senate from the House of Representatives, or consider a bill which is in substance, in nature, or intent and purpose the same as a Senate bill which has been defeated in the Senate during the present session. An appeal was taken. The Senate sustained the decision. (Senate Journal, 1878, p. 834.)

BILLS—Continued.

House Bill Negatived by Senate—Not in Order for Senate to Consider Bill of Similar Import from House at Same Session.

The Senate decided that it was not in order to consider a House bill similar in character to a House bill which had been negatived by the Senate at same session. (Senate Journal, 1907, pp. 2116, 2636.)

Postponed for the Present, not in Order to Consider Bill on the Call of One Senator.

The Speaker decided that it was not in order to consider a bill which had been previously postponed, and which required the vote of a majority of the Senators present to bring up, at a time which had been set apart for the consideration of bills on call, which could be brought before the Senate on the call of one Senator. (Senate Journal, 1873, p. 1014.)

Showing no Evidence of Consideration by Committee can be Considered by Senate if According to the Records Regularly Reported.

Mr. Gobin submitted the point of order, that there was no evidence or marks on the bill to indicate that it had been regularly considered and reported from committee, and therefore, should not have been placed upon the calendar for consideration by the Senate. Whereupon, the President decided that as the absence of marks and date of reporting the bill on the back thereof did not vitiate the fact that, according to the record, the bill had been regularly reported, therefore the point of order was not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1893, p. 1066.)

When Amendments can be made to—What in Order on Final Passage of.

The Speaker decided that a bill having been reported, it can be amended only when upon its second or third reading, and that, upon the final passage of a bill, nothing is in order but discussion upon it, and the final vote upon it by yeas and nays, as required by the Constitution, except privileged questions, such as motion to reconsider. (Senate Journal, 1874, p. 192.)

Regularly Before the Senate, can be Disposed of by a Simple Majority.

The Speaker decided that when a bill was regularly before the Senate, a simple majority could make such a disposition of it as they saw proper. (Senate Journal, 1874, p. 722.)

Passed both Houses, but not sent to the Governor, Cannot be taken up.

Mr. White submitted the point of order that a bill having passed the Senate, been sent to the House and returned from that body as having been therein passed without amendment, it is not in order for the Senate to take up the bill and amend it further. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. Bills which have passed both Houses and have not been sent to the Governor cannot be taken up again and acted on. (Senate Journal, 1874, p. 908.)

Sent to Printer, Cannot be Considered Until Returned to the Senate.

The President pro tempore decided that a bill having been sent to the printer to be printed, it was not in possession of the Senate, and therefore it was not in order to consider it under the rules. (Senate Journal, 1875, p. 477.)

Motion to Recommit, for Amending to Change Character of, not in Order.

The President decided that a motion to recommit a bill to a committee, with instructions to the committee to amend the said bill so as to change its character, was not in order. (Senate Journal, 1876, p. 357.)

Negatived by Committee, Similar one can be Acted on by Senate.

The President decided that it was competent for the Senate to consider a bill similar to one which had previously been reported with a negative recommendation, if the said bill had not been acted upon by the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1876, p. 906.)

General, Local and Special—Class Legislation.

The Senate having under consideration "An act to secure the operatives and laborers engaged in and about coal mines and manufactories of iron and steel the payment of their wages at regular intervals and in lawful money of the United States," the President pro tempore decided that the Constitution prohibits legislation of a local or special character regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing. A general law is one that applies to all persons. A local law is one that operates within a limited territory. A special law is one that is not confined in its operations by territory, but is limited to a particular class, sect, trade or interest. Under the Constitution, the Legislature has not the power to make arbitrary distinctions in order to escape the prohibition of the fundamental law, but the subject must have some natural or necessary quality to constitute a class. This view is sustained by Sedgwick on Statutes, and a decision by Judge Folgar, in 4 Heard, New York Reports. The bill before us proposes to legislate for a particular and special body to operate in particular localities. Overruled by the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1879, pp. 667 and 695.)

After Reconsideration of Vote on, can be Acted on only when Reached in their Regular Order, Unless Regular Order be Dispensed with.

The vote negativing a bill on final passage having been reconsidered, the President pro tempore decided that the bill could not be considered until the order of "bills on final passage" was reached, except by two-thirds vote. (Senate Journal, 1879, p. 599.)

A bill being on third reading, and the vote by which it passed second reading having been reconsidered, the President pro tempore decided that the bill could not be considered on second reading until that was reached, except by suspending the orders. (Senate Journal, 1879, p. 613.)

BILLS—Concluded.

Objection to Consideration of, Reconsidered, must be made at the Proper Time.

The order of business being bills on third reading, the President pro tempore (Mr. Reyburn in the chair) was of the opinion that the objection of the Senator from Elk (Mr. Hall) was raised too late, and the ruling of 1879, cited by him, did not apply, the Senate having already reconsidered the several votes by which the bill had passed second reading, and the bill being already under consideration, worked a suspension of the orders. He therefore decided the point of order to that effect submitted by the Senator from Venango (Mr. Lee) to be well taken. (Senate Journal, 1881, p. 554.)

Amending Laws, must Recite in Full the Part to be Amended.

The Senate decided that a bill proposing to amend an act, failing to recite the section in full intended to be amended, conflicted with section 6, Article III, of the Constitution, and was, therefore, not in order. (Senate Journal, 1879, p. 620.)

Raising Revenue, must Originate in the House.

A point of order was submitted by Mr. Lee that the amendment of the Senator from Delaware is not in order, because it adds a proviso to the bill which virtually makes it a bill for raising revenue, and all bills for raising revenue, by the Constitution, must originate in the House of Representatives, and the amendment is not germane, and changes the purpose of the bill. Decided well taken by Senate. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 711.)

On Final Passage of, Twenty-six votes in the Affirmative Necessary.

Mr. Adams submitted the point of order that, as there are at present only forty-nine members of the Senate, it requires the vote of only twenty-five Senators in the affirmative to finally pass a bill. Decided not well taken by the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 544.)

Appropriating Money for the Erection of Monuments does not Require a Two-thirds Vote.

Mr. Stober raised the point of order that the bill under consideration appropriated money for the erection of a monument and required a two-thirds vote. The President decided the point of order not well taken, as this was an appropriation for the erection of a monument and not to a charitable institution of the State. (Senate Journal, 1903, p. 825.)

Objections to Consideration of, must be Raised at the Proper Time.

A bill being under consideration, Mr. Lee submitted the point of order that the bill, as amended, was not properly on the calendar, as contemplated by the rules, it having been imperfectly printed, and the bill could, therefore, not be considered at this time. Decided not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 635.)

Merits of, Debatable on Motion to Postpone Consideration of, to a Fixed Time.

Mr. McNeill submitted the point of order that it was not in order to discuss the merits of the main question, on a motion to postpone the consideration of the same until a definite time. The President pro tempore decided that the merits of the main question could be incidentally discussed on a motion to postpone to a day fixed, and the point of order was, therefore, not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1885, p. 664.)

Constitutionality of, to be Determined by the Senate.

Mr. McDonald submitted the point of order "that the bill was not in order for the reason that it was contrary to Article III, section 6, of the Constitution." The President pro tempore decided that as the question of the constitutionality of the bill is a matter which will be decided by the Senate in the consideration and final disposition of the bill, it is not in the province of the Chair, by decision, as to the constitutionality of the bill, to assume the duty and power properly vested in the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1893, p. 209.)

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

Is the Order when a Motion to Adjourn Fails, and Less than a Quorum Vote.

Mr. Gordon submitted the following point of order, viz: "I raise the point of order that upon the motion to adjourn, fourteen Senators have voted 'no' and eleven Senators have voted 'aye,' the motion to adjourn is therefore lost, and the question disposed of, and that, therefore, the Senate may proceed to consider other business, as, under the ruling of the Chair, it is not necessary that a quorum vote upon the motion to adjourn, and that a call of the Senate, as directed in the thirty-sixth rule, is not necessary, as that rule clearly only contemplates subjects before the Senate upon which it was necessary that a quorum vote, in order that the subject might be disposed of, as that rule directs that when a call of the Senate is made and a quorum disclosed to be present, the yeas and nays should be again taken upon the question on which the absence of a quorum was disclosed. In this case that rule would not apply as if the call showed a quorum present, the yeas and nays could not be again taken, for the original question—the motion to adjourn—is disposed of." The President decided that the motion to adjourn was lost, a majority having voted 'no;' but less than a quorum having voted, nothing was in order but a call of the House. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 162.)

COMMITTEES.

Powers of, Over Bills.

The Speaker decided that the committee to whom a bill had been referred had full power over the same, except that it could not change the title or subject thereof. (Senate Journal, 1857, p. 842.)

Mr. Flinn submitted the point of order, that after a bill has been reported by a standing committee and passed any reading in the Senate and recommitted to a standing committee that such committee has not the power to report such bill with a negative recommendation, because the Senate as a body has acted favorably upon the bill by passing it on a reading, and a part of the Senate, as represented by a standing committee, cannot negative that which the whole Senate has approved by passing through a reading, and that any such bill so reported negatively, by any standing committee should be placed upon the calendar for the consideration of the Senate in regular order. The President decided the point of order not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1899, p. 1933.)

Report of a Bill by a Minority of a Standing, in Order only by Consent of Majority.

Mr. Greer submitted the point of order that a minority of a standing committee cannot make a report from such committee (of a bill) without the consent of a majority thereof. The President decided that the point of order, as a general proposition, was well taken; but the bill having been reported, and ordered to be printed and placed upon the calendar, the point of order is submitted too late. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 1030.)

Majority of those Voting in Senate Discharges, from Consideration of Bills.

Mr. Grady submitted the point of order that it required a majority vote of all the members of the Senate to discharge a committee from the consideration of a bill and to place the same on the calendar. The President pro tempore decided the point of order not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1897, p. 1614.)

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

Amendments Just Inserted by, not in Order to Strike Out.

The Speaker decided that a motion to go into Committee of the Whole to strike out an amendment which had just been inserted in Committee of the Whole was not in order. (Senate Journal, 1873, p. 821.)

Motion to go into, when Divisible.

Mr. Macfarlane submitted the point of order that the motion to go into Committee of the Whole for special amendment, as indicated, cannot be divided, and, therefore, the call for a division is not in order. Decided not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 748.)

CONFERENCE COMMITTEES.

Senate can Instruct.

The Speaker decided that it was not in order for the Senate to instruct a committee of conference. The Senate reversed the decision. (Senate Journal, 1868, pp. 430, 431.)

Report of, not to be Considered on Day of Final Adjournment.

A motion was made, on the last day of the session, to proceed to the consideration of the report made by a committee of conference, which the Speaker decided to be out of order, it being in violation of the joint rule, which prohibits any bill or resolution, to which the signature of the Governor may be required from being passed by either House on the day of the final adjournment. (Senate Journal, 1872, p. 1154.)

Power of, over Whole Bill.

The Speaker decided that, in a committee of conference, on the appropriation bill, the difference between the two Houses on said bill extended to the whole bill, and not to any particular parts of it, although both may have separately voted for some parts of it. The Senate sustained the decision. (Senate Journal, 1873, p. 1058.)

Mr. McCracken submitted the point of order that the committee of conference, in amending the bill in certain particulars concerning which no differences existed between the two Houses, exceeded the authority conferred upon it, in violation of joint rule No. 3, which says that a committee of conference "shall not have power or control over any part of a bill, resolution or order, except such parts upon which a difference exists between the two Houses." The Senate decided the point of order not well taken. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 75.)

Report of Disagreement of, Discharges.

The question being propounded to the Chair, viz: Does the report of a committee of conference on its final disagreement operate as a discharge of the committee without further action of the Senate? Decided in the affirmative by the Senate. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 48.)

Being Dissolved, not Subject to Instructions.

Mr. Cooper submitted the point of order that as the committee of conference on the part of the Senate had been dissolved, the resolution was not in order. The President decided the point of order well taken, and ruled the resolution out of order. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 55.)

CONFERENCE COMMITTEES—Concluded.

Motion to Appoint, once Negatived, not again in Order Without Reconsideration.

And the question being, Will the Senate agree to the first division, viz: "That a committee of conference on Congressional apportionment be appointed?" Mr. McCracken submitted the point of order that the Senate has refused to appoint a committee of conference; and that it is proposed by this resolution to do something that the Senate has already refused to do without reconsidering the previous action of the Senate, and is, therefore, not in order. The President decided the point of order well taken. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 56.)

Power of Senate Over.

Mr. Hughes submitted the point of order that the resolution contains a proposition in violation of the established method of legislation, in that it authorizes a conference committee to consider a bill which has not been presented or considered at this session (extraordinary), in violation of the joint rule No. 3, which expressly says that a committee of conference shall not have power or control over any part of a bill, except such parts upon which a difference exists between the two Houses, and therefore it is not in order. The President decided the point of order not well taken. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 61.)

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS.

When can be Read.

A motion to adjourn having been made and lost (less than a quorum voting), a request for the reading of some communications from the Governor was made, upon which Mr. Cooper submitted the point of order that no business could be transacted at this particular time, and that the request was out of order. The President pro tempore (Mr. Gordon in the chair), decided the point of order not well taken. Mr. Cooper notified the Chair that he would appeal from his decision, whereupon, the President pro tempore (Mr. Gordon in the chair), ruled the appeal out of order, and decided that nothing was in order at this time but a call of the Senate or a motion to adjourn, and directed the clerk to read the communications, which were read. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 162.)

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

A Motion to Reconsider Vote on Nominations not Debatable.

The Speaker, when a motion to reconsider a vote on the executive nomination for president judge was pending, decided that the question was not debatable. (Senate Journal, 1847, p. 337.)

Point of Order made and Sustained when in, Senate can Subsequently Reconsider its Action Sustaining.

A motion was made by Mr. Stewart and Mr. Macfarlane that the vote had yesterday, by which the point of order presented by Mr. Gordon, in executive session, was sustained, be reconsidered. Mr. Gordon submitted the point of order that the motion was not in order; that the motion to reconsider could not be made as if the whole subject matter to which it related had been disposed of, and if the motion to reconsider was carried, there would be nothing before the Senate to consider. The point of order sustained, and which it is now proposed to reconsider, was that the motion to refer the nominations of Messrs. Sensesenderfer and Iseninger to a committee, was not in order. After the point was so decided, the nominations were then voted on and rejected, and are not now before the Senate; therefore, the motion to refer them could not be brought before the Senate by reconsidering the decision, that the motion was not in order. The President pro tempore decided the point of order not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 218.)

Five Day Rule not Applicable in Executive Session.

The Senate being in executive session, Mr. Humes submitted the point of order that as more than five days had elapsed since the vote was had, under Rule 16 of the Senate, a motion to reconsider is not now in order. The President pro tempore (Mr. Reyburn in the chair), decided the point of order not well taken, as the sixteenth rule, governing the Senate in regular session has not been applied to the Senate in executive session. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 1056.)

EXTRAORDINARY SESSION.

What Resolutions in Order in.

Mr. Humes submitted the point of order that, as this special session of the Legislature was called only for the purpose of considering business designated in the proclamation of the Governor convening the same, and the resolution being in the nature of legislation requiring the Governor's signature, it is, therefore, not in order. The Senate decided the point of order not well taken. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 32.)

When in, Senate is Governed by the Ordinary Rules of Parliamentary Practice.

The President was of the opinion that the Senate is governed by the ordinary rules of parliamentary practice, and that those rules must govern the body at this time as well as any other rules, and decided that it required a two-thirds vote of the Senate to change any order of procedure or rule of the Senate. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1891, p. 402.)

INDEFINITE POSTPONEMENT.

Of Motion to Reconsider Section does not Involve Postponement of Bill.

The Speaker decided that the Senate having postponed, indefinitely, a motion to reconsider the vote by which the Senate agreed to the fourth section, such indefinite postponement did not involve a postponement of the bill under consideration. An appeal was taken. The Senate sustained the decision of the Speaker. (Senate Journal, 1864, p. 1031.)

Motion for, not Capable of Amendment.

The President decided that a motion to postpone, indefinitely, being already in its simplest form, is not capable of amendment. (Senate Journal, 1879, p. 686.)

Does not Preclude Debate upon the Original Subject.

The President ruled that the motion to postpone indefinitely does not preclude debate upon the original subject. (Senate Journal, 1879, p. 788.)

Motion for, of Motion to Reconsider, Limitation of Debate in Rule 16 does not Apply to.

Mr. Hall submitted the point of order that the spirit of the rule prohibiting a Senator from speaking longer than five minutes on a motion to reconsider, requires the rule to be applied likewise to a motion to postpone indefinitely such motion to reconsider. The President decided the point of order not well taken. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 172.)

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

A Single Objection Prevents Suspension of, at a Special Session for a Special Purpose.

The President pro tempore decided that a special session, for a special purpose, a single objection would prevent the suspension of the orders. (Senate Journal, 1875, pp. 460, 589.)

The President decided that at a special session for a special purpose, a motion cannot be considered without the unanimous consent of the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1875, p. 586.)

Motion to Extend Session Pending Consideration of Bill not in Order.

Mr. Hall submitted the point of order that a motion to extend session was not in order, pending the consideration of a bill. Decided well taken. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 664.)

Two-Thirds Vote Necessary to Suspend.

Mr. Kennedy submitted the point of order, as the amendment offered by Mr. Cooper virtually involved a suspension of the special orders fixed for half past eleven o'clock today, it would require a two-thirds vote to adopt the same. Decided well taken. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 779.)

Mr. Schnatterly submitted the point of order that the resolution involving a suspension of the regular order required a two-thirds vote in the affirmative to pass it. Decided well taken. (Senate Journal, 1887, p. 205.)

Mr. Watres submitted the point of order that, as the motion involved a suspension of the regular order at twelve o'clock, two-thirds of all the members voting are required for its adoption. Decided well taken. (Senate Journal, 1889, p. 307.)

Two-Thirds Vote Not Necessary to Pass Resolution Changing Time of Daily Adjournment.

The Senate having, by resolution, temporarily fixed certain hours for meeting and adjourning, Mr. Cooper, when resolutions were in order, offered the following: Resolved, That this day and hereafter the Senate will adjourn only upon motion adopted by a majority. Mr. Reyburn submitted the point of order that the resolution involves a suspension of the regular order, and therefore a two-thirds vote is required to pass it. Decided not well taken, as the resolution did not suspend any rule. (Senate Journal, 1887, p. 205.)

Superseded by Special Order.

Mr. Cooper submitted the point of order that, as the order for the offering of original resolutions was not completed, the special order fixed by the Senate for half past eleven o'clock was not in order. Decided not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 780.)

Mr. Hughes then submitted the point of order that, as the resolution was still pending and undisposed of, its consideration could not be interrupted by other business. Decided the point of order not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 780.)

Take Precedence of Call for the Previous Question.

The Chair having decided the call for the previous question in order, and an appeal taken, and the question being, Shall the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of the Senate? The hour of one o'clock having arrived, and the orders of the day being called for, the President was about to adjourn the Senate, when Mr. Hall submitted the point of order that the orders of the day cannot be called pending a call for the previous question. The President decided the point of order not well taken and adjourned the Senate. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 172.)

Suspension of, Necessary to Offer Resolution after the Order of Resolutions has been gone Through with.

Mr. Cooper submitted the point of order that the order of original resolutions have been gone through with today, the motion was not in order at this time except by suspension of the orders, which required a two-thirds vote. The President pro tempore (Mr. Mylin), decided the point of order well taken. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 208.)

POINTS OF ORDER.

Cannot be Raised upon Another Pending Point of Order.

The President pro tempore decided that a point of order could not be raised upon another point of order pending before the Senate for consideration. (Senate Journal, 1876, p. 884.)

Can be Raised at any Stage of a Bill.

The President decided that a point of order be submitted at any stage of a bill, and was always in order. (Senate Journal, 1879, p. 389.)

Cannot be Raised upon a Question after other Business has Intervened.

The President pro tempore decided that as a recess had been taken (a motion to that effect having been made and carried in the meanwhile), and as the Senate had come together after the recess had expired, it was then too late for a point of order to be raised upon the resolution which had been passed previous to the recess. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1891, p. 487.)

PREVIOUS QUESTION.

Call for, can be Renewed same Day.

The Senate decided that the previous question, having been called on the pending question of a bill and not sustained, could be called again on the same day. (Senate Journal, 1844, p. 690.)

On Bill, not Precluded by Motion to Postpone.

A motion for postponement being before the Senate, the previous question was called. The Speaker decided that if the call was sustained, the first question would be on the motion to postpone, and not on the bill pending. From which decision an appeal was taken, and the decision reversed by the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1850, pp. 265, 269.)

Cuts off Motion to Indefinitely Postpone.

The Speaker decided that the previous question cut off a motion to postpone indefinitely. The Senate sustained the decision. (Senate Journal, 1868, p. 914.)

Call for, in order while a Senator is Speaking.

Mr. Cooper submitted a point of order that, as the Senator from Philadelphia (Mr. Adams) had the floor, the call for the previous question could not be recognized by the Chair at that time. The President decided the point of order not well taken. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 172.)

QUESTIONS.

When not Divisible.

Mr. Hall submitted the point of order that the question was not divisible, for the reason that if the first proposition was defeated the remaining proposition would be incomplete. Decided well taken. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 696.)

Mr. Wallace called for a division of the question, so that a vote could be had upon each of the several sections offered as an amendment to the bill. The President decided that the question was not divisible, because the amendment would be incomplete unless adopted as a whole. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 1225.)

When Divisible.

Mr. Gordon called for a division of the question (on a resolution to appoint a conference committee, and instruct the same), so that a separate vote could be had upon each of the two propositions contained therein. Mr. Adams submitted the point of order that the resolution could not be divided without destroying the sense, and the call for a division of the question was, therefore, not in order. The President decided the resolution could be divided without destroying the sense, and the point of order, therefore, not well taken. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 56.)

When a Part of a Divisible Question Cannot be Considered.

And the question being, will the Senate agree to the second division, Mr. McCracken submitted the point of order that the first division of the question having been ruled out of order, the second division is incomplete and unintelligible, and therefore, not in order. The President decided the point of order well taken. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 56.)

QUESTIONS OF PRIVILEGE.

Do not Take Precedence of Special Orders.

During the consideration of the resolution—(Resolved, As the sense of the Senate, that the ruling of the temporary President on the appeal taken from the decision of the President of the Senate on the point of order raised by the Senator from Delaware that amendments inserted on second reading could not be stricken out on the third reading of House bill No. 289, known as the repeal of the recorder's act of 1878, was an error, a tie vote having been cast, and the proceedings subsequent to the decision of the President of the Senate be corrected upon the Journal and rescinded)—The hour fixed for a special order having arrived, Mr. Reyburn then submitted the point of order that the question before the Senate was one of the highest privilege, and as such its consideration was in order until finally decided. The President submitted the point of order to the Senate for its decision. Decided in the negative by the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1883, pp. 779, 780, 787.)

QUORUM.

Senators Announcing "Pairs" to be Counted in Making up.

Mr. Lee submitted the point of order that those members of the Senate who responded to the call of the yeas and nays just taken by stating as a reason for not voting that they were paired with absent Senators, are to be counted to ascertain whether there was a quorum present when the vote was taken. The President pro tempore decided the point of order well taken and the resolution agreed to. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 143.)

Senators Announcing "Pairs" and Signing Appeal to be Counted in Making up.

An appeal having been taken from the foregoing decision, and the yeas and nays called and the five Senators who signed the appeal declining to vote, Mr. Keyburn (acting President pro tempore), decided that with twenty-three Senators voting, the two Senators recorded as present and paired, and the records on the question, a quorum was present, and the question was decided in the affirmative. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 145; appeal from decision of the Chair, p. 145.)

The acting President pro tempore (Mr. Keyburn), directed the clerk to call the names of the Senators who signed the appeal from the decision of the Chair, viz: Messrs. Gordon, Kennedy, Biddis, Ross and Hess, and make a record of the same; which was done. And the acting President pro tempore (Mr. Keyburn), decided that with the Senators voting, the Senators present and paired, and the record on the question, a quorum was present, and the question determined in the affirmative. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 146.)

RECESS.

Amending Motion for.

The President decided it not in order to amend a motion "that the Senate take a recess" by adding thereto an amendment fixing the order of business when again convened. An appeal was taken, and the decision reversed. (Senate Journal, 1877, p. 574.)

A motion "that the Senate take a recess until eleven o'clock," having been amended by adding thereto "and that the Senate then proceed to the consideration of House bill No. 162," the President decided that the Senate having under consideration bills on third reading, and the bill proposed to be considered after the recess, being on second reading, it would require a two-thirds vote to pass the resolution. An appeal was taken, and the decision reversed. (Senate Journal, 1877, p. 576.)

Motion for, not in Order after Motion to Adjourn has been Defeated, a Quorum Voting.

A call for the previous question having been made on the first division of a motion to fix an afternoon session for the consideration of a certain bill, and less than a quorum voting thereon, a motion was made to adjourn and negatived, the vote showing more than a quorum present. A motion was then made to take a recess until tomorrow morning, when Mr. Cooper submitted the point of order that as the vote on the motion to adjourn, just taken, demonstrated the presence of a quorum of the Senate, the motion just made was not in order, and that the question recurred upon the first division of the question now pending. The President decided the point of order well taken. (Senate Journal, 1885, p. 334.)

RECONSIDERATION.

Of Negative Vote on Final Passage of Bill, when Motion for, in Order.

The Speaker decided it in order, without asking leave of the Senate, to make a motion to reconsider the vote negativing a bill on its final passage, when the order for the third reading of bills has been reached. (Senate Journal, 1844, pp. 836-37.)

Of a Bill Twice Negatived on Final Passage, not in Order.

A point of order was submitted by Mr. Laird, viz: That as the vote by which said bill was negatived on final passage had once been reconsidered, and the bill having again been negatived on final passage, the motion to again reconsider said vote was not in order. Decided well taken. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 545.)

One Voting with Majority only can Second Motion for.

Mr. Gordon submitted the point of order that Mr. Laird was not competent to second the motion to reconsider, he not having voted with the majority. Decided well taken. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 636.)

Not in Order after Five Legislative Days.

Mr. Cooper submitted the point of order that, as five legislative days had elapsed since the vote was had by which the amendment was agreed to, under the provisions of the sixteenth rule of the Senate, the motion was not now in order. Decided well taken. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 737.)

Motion for, once Negatived Cannot be Renewed.

A motion was made by Mr. Cooper that the vote had by which the Recorder's Repeal Bill, as amended, was agreed to a third time be reconsidered for the purpose of special amendment. The President decided the motion not in order, as a motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill, as amended, was agreed to had once been made and negatived. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 788.)

RECONSIDERATION—Concluded.

Of Final Vote on Bill, must be Made Within Five Legislative Days.

A motion having been made to reconsider final vote on bill, Mr. Grady submitted the point of order that, as five legislative days had elapsed since the vote on final passage of the bill by the Senate, the resolution is not in order. The President decided the point of order well taken, and ruled the motion out of order. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 1241.)

Of same Bill, not in Order a Second Time.

The bill being on final passage and a motion to reconsider the vote by which it passed third reading having been made, Mr. Lee submitted the point of order that, as the vote had by which the bill as amended was agreed to had once been reconsidered, and no amendments having been made to the bill, a motion to again reconsider was not in order. The President decided the point of order well taken, and ruled the motion out of order. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 39.)

Necessary when Instructing a Conference Committee to do that which the Senate has Already Refused to do.

Mr. Hughes submitted the point of order that it is proposed by the resolution instructing a conference committee to do something that the Senate has already refused to do, without reconsidering the previous action of the Senate, and is, therefore, not in order. The President decided the point of order well taken, and ruled the resolution out of order. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 62.)

A Motion for, Always in Order.

An objection having been made to the motion for the reconsideration of the vote by which a resolution was defeated, the President decided that a motion to reconsider is always in order. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1891, p. 404.)

RESOLUTIONS.

Not in Order to Strike out and Insert New Subject Matter in.

The resolution relative to the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, being before the Senate, the Speaker decided that an amendment striking out all after the enacting clause, and inserting the words as follows, viz: "That the energies of the government should be devoted to the suppression of the existing rebellion, and to the maintenance of the Union and the Constitution, and it is inexpedient at this time for Congress to legislate upon the subject of abolishing negro servitude, either in state, territory, or the District of Columbia; and that our Senators in Congress be, and they are, hereby instructed, and our representatives requested to vote for such legislation as will best carry out the spirit and meaning of the foregoing resolution," was not in order. (Senate Journal, 1862, p. 283.)

Two-Thirds Vote Necessary to Pass Resolution Imposing Special Work on a Standing Committee.

On the passage of a resolution authorizing the Committee on Mines and Mining, of the two Houses, to make certain investigations, the President pro tempore (Mr. Grady in the Chair), decided that as all committees of the Senate were to be appointed by the President pro tempore, and as the resolution provided for the appointment or naming of a committee, it involved a suspension of the rule and required a two-thirds vote to pass the same; an appeal was taken from said decision and the Chair sustained. (Senate Journal, 1897, pp. 803, 811.)

RESOLUTION, CONCURRENT.

Necessary to Provide for Printing of Report of an Investigation Committee.

Mr. Gobin submitted the point of order, that a concurrent resolution is necessary to provide for the printing proposed in the resolution, and a concurrent resolution, which originated in the Senate, of the same character, having been defeated in the House, the resolution is not in order. The President pro tempore decided the point of order well taken and ruled that the resolution was not in order. (Senate Journal, 1891, p. 860.)

From House Recalling a House Bill which is on Second Reading Calendar, out of Order.

A resolution having been presented to the Senate recalling a House bill, Mr. Lyon submitted the point of order, that said bill having been regularly presented to the Senate as having passed the House of Representatives, committed to the proper Senate committee, considered by the same and reported to the Senate, and having passed first reading and now being on second reading calendar, the position of the bill is such that the request of the House contained in the resolution could not be complied with under the rules of the Senate. Whereupon, the President of the Senate decided the point of order well taken and ruled the resolution out of order. (Senate Journal, 1893, p. 1136.)

RULES.

Defeat of Motion to Suspend, Carries with it Whole Proposition.

A point of order was submitted by Mr. Cooper that, as the first division had been defeated, and the Senate had decided not to suspend the rules, the second division was not in order. The President decided the point of order well taken, and ruled the question out of order. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, P. 84.)

SENATORS.

Before Qualification, Cannot Present Papers.

The Speaker decided that it was not in order for a Senator-elect to present a paper to the Senate before he was qualified. (Senate Journal, 1866, p. 6.)

The Speaker decided that it was not in order to receive a paper from persons elected as Senators previous to their being qualified. The Senate sustained the decision. (Senate Journal, 1867, p. 6.)

May Vote on Question Affecting Seat of.

The Speaker decided that an amendment, directing that the name of a Senator, whose seat was contested, be omitted in calling the yeas and nays on the resolution before the Senate relating to the right of such Senator to a seat in that body, was not in order. An appeal was taken and laid on the table. (Senate Journal, 1871, p. 125.)

A question of order was raised that a Senator should not vote upon a question affecting his seat in the Senate. The Speaker submitted the question to the Senate, and it was decided that the question of order was not well taken. (Senate Journal, 1871, p. 127.)

Formal Resignation of, Necessary to Preclude their Voting.

The yeas and nays having been called and taken, before the result was announced, Mr. Gordon submitted the point of order that the two Senators from Allegheny (Messrs. Arnholt and Upperman) having resigned their seats, were not entitled to a vote, and their vote should not be counted in ascertaining the result on the pending question. The President pro tempore (Mr. Macfarlane in the Chair), decided the point of order not well taken, the Senate having no official knowledge of the resignation of the Senators named. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 209.)

SPECIAL SESSION.

For a Special Purpose Being Fixed, a Two-Thirds Vote not Necessary to Pass Resolution for General Business.

A special session of the Senate being already fixed for the afternoon for taking the vote on United States Senator, the President decided that a two-thirds vote was necessary to pass a resolution—"That when the Senate adjourns this A. M. it will be to meet at three o'clock this P. M." An appeal was taken and the decision reversed by the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1877, p. 521.)

TIE VOTE.

On Appeal Sustains Decision of the President.

An appeal having been taken from the decision of the President of the Senate, and the vote of the Senate on the question of sustaining the decision, resulted in a tie, the President decided that a decision of the Chair on a point of order stands until reversed by a majority vote of the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1877, p. 163.)

On Appeal Reverses Chair's Ruling.

An appeal having been taken from the decision of the Chair, a motion was made to lay the appeal on the table. Not agreed to. On sustaining the decision of the Chair, the yeas and nays were taken and resulted in a tie vote. The acting President pro tempore (Mr. Hall), decided that the appeal was sustained, and the decision of the President overruled by the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1888, pp. 749, 750.)

VOTE.

Cannot be Recorded after Result is Announced by the Chair.

The yeas and nays having been called on the passage of a resolution, the names of Senators voting for and against it having been read by the clerk, the result announced by the President pro tempore, a Senator demanded that his vote, which he alleged had been cast but not recorded, should be recorded and counted. The President pro tempore decided that the Senator should have corrected the vote after it was read by the clerk, and before announced by the President pro tempore, and it could not be recorded and counted now. (Senate Journal, 1879, p. 615.)

Cannot be Recorded after the Call of the Yeas and Nays has been Completed, Except by Consent of the Majority.

The President pro tempore decided that the call of the yeas and nays having been completed in calling the name of the President pro tempore and recording his vote, the vote of the Senator from Cambria (Mr. Boggs) could not be recorded without the consent of the Senate. (Senate Journal, 1885, p. 195.)

Can be Changed on a Misapprehension of the Question.

The yeas and nays having been taken, and before the list of those voting had been read by the clerk, and the result announced by the Chair, two Senators asked leave to change their votes from the affirmative to the negative, whereupon the President pro tempore inquired of them whether they had voted under a misapprehension. Upon a point of order being raised, the Senate decided that the proper question to put to each of the two Senators is, "has the Senator voted under a misapprehension of the question?" (Senate Journal, 1879, p. 948.)

VOTE—Concluded.

Of Twenty-Six Senators in the Affirmative Necessary to Pass a Bill Finally.

The President decided that the constitutional requirements relative to the final passage of a bill is intended to apply to the whole number of Senators provided for by the Constitution, which would be fifty, and that the number required to be recorded in favor of a bill upon its final passage is a majority of the whole number of Senators elected, which would be twenty-six. (Senate Journal, 1881, p. 478.)

Too Late to Correct, on Bill after Other Business has Intervened.

Mr. Grady rose to a question of privilege and made the statement that the vote on House bill No. 35, as taken, was incorrect; that the vote of Mr. Moyer, in the affirmative had not been recorded, and if recorded, the bill would have received twenty-six affirmative votes, and would have passed the Senate. He then, upon leave given, moved that the vote be again taken on said bill. Mr. Merrick raised the point of order that the motion of Mr. Grady was not in order, the vote having been already taken and the result on said bill announced, and that other business had intervened. The Chair decided the point of order well taken. (Senate Journal, 1897, p. 1799.)

YEAS AND NAYS.

Call of, out of Order when Senators Demanding same Decline to Vote.

On the completion of the call of the yeas and nays, and before the result was announced by the Chair, it appearing that less than a quorum had voted, the President pro tempore ruled the call out of order, because the Senators requiring the same had not voted. (Senate Journal, 1883, p. 1228.)

Call of, Cannot be Interrupted after First Senator's Name is Called.

Mr. Humes submitted the point of order that the motion was not in order at this time, the Chair having ordered the call of the yeas and nays, and the clerk having called the name of Mr. Adams. The President decided the point of order well taken. (Senate Journal, extra session, 1883, p. 174.)

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RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

DUTIES OF THE SPEAKER.

TAKING THE CHAIR.

1. He shall take the chair at the hour to which the House shall have been adjourned, and immediately call the members to order, and on the appearance of a quorum, shall cause the Journal of the preceding day to be read, which may then be corrected by the House.

ORDER AND DECORUM.

2. He shall preserve order and decorum, and, in debate, shall prevent personal reflections, and confine members to the question under discussion. When two or more members rise at the same time, he shall name the one entitled to the floor.

QUESTIONS OF ORDER—QUESTIONS OF ORDER TO BE REPORTED.

3. He shall decide all questions of order. An appeal from his decision shall be made by two members, or the Speaker may, in the first instance, submit the question to the House. All questions of order involving the determination of constitutional law, shall be submitted to the House on the request of five members. On questions of order, there shall be no debate, except on an appeal from the decision of the Speaker, or on reference of a question by him to the House, when no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the House. All decisions upon the questions of order shall be noted by the clerk, and placed at the end of the Journal of each session, with reference to the decisions as stated in the Journal.

BEHAVIOR OF MEMBERS.

4. While the Speaker is putting the question, or addressing the House, none shall walk out of or across the House; nor in such case, or when a member is speaking, shall entertain private discourse; nor while a member is speaking, shall pass between him and the Chair.

APPOINTMENT OF STANDING, SELECT AND CONFERENCE COMMITTEES.

5. The Speaker shall appoint the members of standing, select and conference committees unless otherwise ordered by the House. All conference committees shall be composed of members who vote in the majority on the point or points of difference; but the committee shall not have power to control over any part of the bill, resolution or order except parts as to which a difference exists between the House and the Senate.

SIGNATURE OF SPEAKER.

6. All acts, addresses, and joint resolutions shall be signed by the Speaker in the presence of the House, after their titles have been publicly read immediately before signing, and the fact of signing shall be entered upon the Journal; and writs, warrants, and subpoenas, issued by the House, shall be signed by him, and attested by the clerk.

CARE OF THE HALL—SUBSTITUTION.

7. He shall have a general direction of the hall. He may name a member to perform the duties of the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment, except when the Speaker obtains leave of absence, in which case he may depute a member as Speaker pro tempore during such leave, which shall not exceed ten days.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

8. After the reading of the Journal each day, the order of business shall be as follows:
First—Report by the Speaker of his reference to Committees of bills, letters, petitions, memorials, remonstrances and accompanying documents.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Second—Reports of standing and select committees may be made. (List is here called over.)

Third—Leave of absence may be asked.

Fourth—Resolutions.

Fifth—After the foregoing orders have been finished the following shall be the orders of the day.

For Mondays—First—Motions to recommit may be made.

Second—Unfinished business (other than bills) may be considered.

Third—Bills on first reading.

For Tuesdays—Bills on third reading and final passage.

For Wednesdays—Bills on second reading.

For Thursdays—Bills on second reading.

For Fridays—First—Motions to recommit may be made.

Second—Unfinished business (other than bills) may be considered.

Third—Bills on first reading.

When the regular orders prescribed for any day shall be gone through, the following shall be the order of business:

First—Bills on third reading and final passage.

Second—Bills on second reading.

Third—Bills on first reading.

MANNER OF PRESENTING PETITIONS.

9. Letters, petitions, memorials and accompanying documents shall be filed with the Chief Clerk to be by him handed to the Speaker for reference to appropriate committees. A member filing such petition or other papers shall endorse thereon the general purport thereof and his name and the district he represents, and upon the reference thereof, the Speaker shall announce said name and title, which shall be entered upon the Journal.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

10. Bills shall be introduced by filing with the Chief Clerk, to be by him handed to the Speaker for reference to appropriate committees and report at the session following the day of presentation.

OF BUSINESS AND DEBATES.

MOTIONS, ET CETERA.

11. No member shall be permitted to make a motion, or address the Speaker, unless such member be at his own desk.

MANNER OF ADDRESSING THE HOUSE.

12. When a member is about to speak in debate, or to communicate any matter to the House, he shall rise, and respectfully address himself to "Mr. Speaker," confining his remarks to the subject before the House, and avoiding personal reflections.

TRANSGRESSION OF THE RULES OF THE HOUSE.

13. If any member in debate transgress the rules of the House, the Speaker shall, or any member may through the Speaker, call him to order, the member so called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted by the House to explain; the House shall, if appealed to, decide on the case, but without debate; if there be no appeal, the decision of the Speaker shall be submitted to, and if the case require it, the member so called to order shall be liable to the censure of the House.

ORDER OF SPEAKING.

14. No member shall speak more than twice on the same subject, without leave of the House.

NOT TO BE INTERRUPTED—NOR NAMED.

15. No member, when speaking, shall be interrupted, except by a call to order by the Speaker, or by a member through the Speaker, or by a member to explain, or by a motion for the previous question; nor shall any member be referred to by name in debate, unless for transgression of the rules of the House, and then by the Speaker only.

MOTIONS.

FORM OF PUTTING QUESTIONS.

16. All motions made and seconded shall be repeated by the Speaker, who shall put the question, distinctly, in the following form, viz:

"As many as are of the opinion (as the question may be), say Aye."

And after the affirmative is expressed, "As many as are of the contrary opinion say No."

DIVISION OF THE HOUSE.

But the Speaker, or any member, may call for a division of the House, when the Speaker shall again put the question distinctly and in the following manner, viz:

"As many as are in the affirmative (as the question may be), will rise."

He shall put the opposite side of the question: "As many as are in the negative will rise."

MOTIONS IN WRITING.

17. If the Speaker, or any two members, require it, all motions and amendments shall be written in ink.

MAY BE WITHDRAWN.

Such motions or amendments may be withdrawn by the mover and seconder before amendment or decision, and, if withdrawn, the proceedings had thereon shall be expunged from the Journal.

DIVISION OF QUESTION—MOTION TO STRIKE OUT AND INSERT INDIVISIBLE.

18. Any member may call for the division of a question, which shall be divided, if it comprehends questions so distinct, that one being taken away, the rest may stand entire for the decision of the House. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment, nor a motion to strike out and insert.

OF SUBSTITUTE.

No motion can be received to postpone for the purpose of introducing a substitute.

PRIVILEGED QUESTIONS.

MOTIONS AND PRIVILEGED QUESTIONS.

19. No business regularly before the House shall be interrupted, except by motion—
 For adjournment.
 For the previous question, namely, "Shall main question be now put?"
 For postponement;
 For commitment; or
 For amendment.

ADJOURNMENT.

20. A motion for adjournment shall always be in order, and shall be decided without debate, except that it cannot be received when the House is voting on another question, nor while a member is addressing the House.

PREVIOUS QUESTION.

21. The previous question shall not be moved by less than twenty members rising for that purpose, and shall be determined without debate; but when the previous question has been called and sustained, it shall not cut off any pending amendment, but the vote shall be taken without debate, on the amendments in their order, and then on the main question.

POSTPONEMENT—COMMITMENT—AMENDMENT.

22. A motion for postponement shall preclude commitment. A motion for commitment shall preclude amendment or decision on the original subject.

MOTIONS TO RECONSIDER.

23. A motion for reconsideration shall be permitted, when made and seconded by members who were in the majority on the original question, and within five days in which the House is in session after the decision, excepting when a bill or resolution shall have been recalled from the Governor, in which case a motion to reconsider shall be entertained though more than five days shall have elapsed. When a motion to reconsider is lost, it shall not be again renewed on the same question.

FILLING BLANKS.

24. When a blank is to be filled, the question shall be first taken on the largest sum, greatest number and remotest day.

COMMITTEES.

25. Committees may be of four kinds, viz:
 Committees of the whole House.
 Standing committees.
 Select committees.
 Conference committees.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

MANNER OF PROCEEDING IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

26. The rules and proceedings observed in the House shall be observed as far as they are practicable, in Committee of the Whole, except that a member may speak oftener than twice on the subject, nor can a motion for the previous question be made therein.

SPEAKER TO APPOINT CHAIRMAN.

27. When the House resolves into a Committee of the Whole the Speaker shall appoint a chairman.

AMENDMENTS MADE THEREIN, NOT TO BE READ IN THE HOUSE.

28. Amendments made in Committee of the Whole shall not be read when the Speaker resumes the chair, unless required by one or more of the members.

PAPERS MAY BE CALLED FOR.

29. When in Committee of the Whole any papers laid on the table of the House, may be called for by a member, and read by the clerk, unless the committee otherwise order.

COMMITTEES, SESSION OF.

30. No committee shall sit during the sitting of the House without leave.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

31. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of each session until otherwise ordered:

- A Committee on Accounts.
- A Committee on Agriculture.
- A Committee on Appropriations.
- A Committee on Banks and Banking.
- A Committee on Bureau of Statistics.
- A Committee on Centennial Affairs.
- A Committee to Compare Bills.

A Committee on Congressional Apportionment.
 A Committee on Constitutional Reform.
 A Committee on Corporations.
 A Committee on Counties and Townships.
 A Committee on Education.
 A Committee on Elections.
 A Committee on Electric Railways.
 A Committee on Federal Relations.
 A Committee on Fisheries.
 A Committee on Forestry.
 A Committee on Game.
 A Committee on Geological Survey.
 A Committee on Insurance.
 A Committee on Iron and Coal.
 A Committee on Judicial Apportionment.
 A Committee on Judiciary (General).
 A Committee on Judiciary (Local).
 A Committee on Judiciary (Special).
 A Committee on Labor and Industry.
 A Committee on Law and Order.
 A Committee on Legislative Apportionment.
 A Committee on Library.
 A Committee on Manufactures.
 A Committee on Military.
 A Committee on Mines and Mining.
 A Committee on Municipal Corporations.
 A Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.
 A Committee on Printing.
 A Committee on Public Buildings.
 A Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.
 A Committee on Public Roads.
 A Committee on Railroads.
 A Committee on Retrenchment and Reform.
 A Committee on Ways and Means.
 The Committee on Apportionment shall be appointed only at such times when apportionments are required to be made.

OF WHAT CONSISTING.

The several committees shall consist of twenty-five members, except the Committee on Appropriations, which shall consist of forty members; and the Committees on Public Roads, Public Health and Sanitation and Electric Railways, which shall each consist of thirty-five members.

BILLS.

CONSIDERATION BY COMMITTEE—PRINTING.

32. No bill shall be considered unless referred to a committee, returned therefrom, and printed for the use of the members.

READING BILLS—NOT TWICE ON THE SAME DAY—PRINTING OF AMENDMENTS—YEAS AND NAYS ON.

33. Every bill and every resolution providing for an amendment to the Constitution shall be read at length on three different days; all amendments made thereto shall be printed for the use of the members before the final vote is taken thereon; and no bill shall become a law and no such resolution be adopted unless, on its final passage, the vote be taken by yeas and nays. The names of the persons voting for and against the same shall be entered on the Journal and a majority of the members elected be recorded thereon as voting in its favor.

WHEN BILLS NOT TO BE REPORTED.

34. No committee, either standing or select, shall report any bill for the action of the House, the passage of which is prohibited by the Constitution of the State, as follows, viz:

PROHIBITED LEGISLATION.

Article III, Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension or impairing of liens; regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, borough or school districts; changing the names of persons or places; changing the venue in civil or criminal cases; authorizing the laying out, opening, altering or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys; relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams, which form boundaries between this and any other state; vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys; relating to cemeteries, grave-yards or public grounds, not of the State; authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children, locating or changing county seats; erecting new counties or changing county lines; incorporating cities, towns or villages, or changing their charters; for the opening and conducting of elections or fixing, or changing the place of voting; granting divorces; erecting new townships or boroughs; changing township lines; borough limits or school districts; creating offices or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts; changing the law of descent or succession; regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery, or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate; regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables; regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses, and the raising of money for such purposes; fixing the rate of interest; affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment; remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid into the treasury; exempting property from taxation; regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing; creating corporations, or amending, renewing, or extending the charters thereof; granting to any corporation, association, or individual, any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association, or individual,

the right to lay down a railroad track; nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed; nor shall any law be passed granting powers or privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for.

ACTION ON BILLS.

35. All bills and joint resolutions reported affirmatively shall be placed on the files and calendars in their order, and placed upon the desks of the members by the Sergeant-at-arms.

FIRST READING.

When bills on first reading are in order, the Speaker shall take up the calendar and announce each bill in numerical order, when they shall be severally read at length and agreed to without amendment or debate, and journalized accordingly.

SECOND READING.

When bills on second reading are in order, the Speaker shall take up the calendar, and having announced each bill in its order, it shall be considered in the committee of the whole House; when the bill is reported back to the House the question shall be put, "Will the House agree to the report of the committee of the whole?" and, if agreed to, any amendments made by the committee of the whole shall become a part of the bill. The House shall then immediately proceed to the second reading of the bill: Provided, That when a bill has been read at length in committee of the whole House, it shall be considered one of the readings required by the Constitution, and the bill shall not be again read at length on second reading, but the question shall be "Will the House agree to the bill?" which shall be subject to amendment in any part. No bill shall be considered in committee of the whole House unless called up by a member, and if not called up for two successive weeks it shall be dropped from the calendar unless otherwise ordered by the House.

THIRD READING.

When bills on third reading are in order, the Speaker shall take up the calendar and announce each bill in its order by its number and title, when it shall be read at length, and having been agreed to, the Speaker shall announce as follows:

"This bill has been read three times at length, and agreed to, upon three different days. The question is now, Shall the bill pass?" When, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays shall be taken. Bills on final passage and third reading shall be placed upon the calendar in the order in which they were agreed to on second reading.

The Resident Clerk shall prepare all calendars of bills on first, second, and third reading for consideration, in their order.

CALL FOR BILL OR OTHER SUBJECT.

36. On the call of a member for bill or other subject, on the table of the House, the question shall be decided without debate or amendment.

NEGATIVED BILLS.

37. The recommendations by a committee that a bill be negatived shall not affect its consideration by the House but the words "negative recommendation" shall be printed conspicuously on a line above the title of the bill, but such bill shall not be placed upon the calendar except by a majority of the members voting upon such motion, but if such motion be negatived once, it shall not be renewed.

No bill negatived by a committee shall be placed upon the calendar of the House unless a motion to place such bill on the calendar be made within five days after such bill is reported from committee.

BILLS NOT TO BE AMENDED BY ADDING IRRELEVANT MATTER.

38. No bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto, or incorporating therewith, any other bill or resolution pending before the House, nor shall a motion or proposition be entertained under color of such an amendment; nor shall any bill or resolution be amended by substituting therefor, under a motion to strike out, or otherwise, any other bill or resolution, on a subject different from that under consideration, without the unanimous consent of the House.

PERSONS PRIVILEGED.

PERSONS PERMITTED TO COME WITHIN THE BAR—SERGEANT-AT-ARMS OR DOOR-KEEPER TO GIVE NOTICE.

39. None but members of the Senate, their officers, the Governor and heads of State Departments, Judges of the courts of this Commonwealth, the members of their families and families of the members of the present House and Senate, former members of the Legislature, when introduced by a member of the present House, and others who may be specially introduced by a member, by permission of the Speaker, shall be permitted to come upon the floor of the House during its session; and no person, not a member of the Legislature, shall be permitted to come upon the floor of the House, or sit in any seats appropriated for the members, or interrupt a member by speaking to him in his seat, while the House is in session; and it shall be the duty of the sergeant-at-arms or doorkeeper to give notice to any person offending against this rule.

NO SMOKING ALLOWED—ENTERING TRANSCRIBING CLERK'S ROOM PROHIBITED.

40. It is not permitted to any person to smoke tobacco at any time within the chamber of the House.

41. No person or persons shall, at any time, be permitted to enter the room of the transcribing clerks, except the members and officers of the General Assembly, and it shall be the duty of the sergeant-at-arms and doorkeeper to see that the foregoing rules are observed.

OATH OF OFFICERS.

OATH ADMINISTERED TO OFFICERS.

42. The Speaker of the House shall administer to the officers of the House an oath or affirmation that they will severally support the Constitution of Pennsylvania and of the United States, and that they will also discharge the duties of their respective offices with fidelity; and that they will not knowingly demand or receive, directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing for the performance or non-performance of any act or duty pertaining to their office, other than the compensation allowed by law.

RULES.

ALTERATION OF RULES.

43. Any rule of the House may be suspended at any time, for a specific purpose, by a majority vote; after the accomplishment of which purpose the rule shall remain in force as before.

Any motion to alter or amend the rules permanently shall lie over one day and shall be adopted by a majority vote.

The rules shall be published in Smull's Legislative Hand Book, a copy of which shall be delivered to each member at the commencement of each session.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REPORTS TO BE IN WRITING.

44. All reports of committees shall be in writing; Provided, That the minority of a committee may make report in writing, setting forth the reasons of their dissent.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE SENATE.

45. Communications from the Senate to the House shall be read and information shall be given to the Senate whenever any proposition coming from that body shall be concurred in.

ORDER OF CALLING THE ROLL.

46. When the names of the members shall be called, it shall be done in alphabetical order, except "Mr. Speaker," who shall be called last.

YEAS AND NAYS—REASON FOR VOTES.

47. The yeas and nays of the members on any question shall, at the desire of any two of them, be entered on the Journals, and the members shall have the right to insert the reasons of their votes on the Journals.

ABSENCE.

48. No member shall absent himself without obtaining leave of the House.

VOTING.

49. No member shall be permitted to vote on any question unless he be within the bar, and when the yeas and nays are called he be present to answer to his name.

CHANGING OF VOTES.

50. On the call of the yeas and nays, the clerk shall read the names of the members; after they have been called no member shall be permitted to change his vote, unless he, at that time, declares that he voted under a mistake of the question.

SENATE AMENDMENTS.

51. When amendments made by the Senate to bills are on second reading, it shall be the duty of the Speaker, without a motion, to put the question, "Will the House concur in the amendment (or amendments) made by the Senate?" and the vote be immediately taken; Provided, The members of the House shall first have been furnished with printed copies of the bill so amended, unless a motion to postpone or refer shall be made.

WHEN LESS THAN A QUORUM VOTE, BAR OF THE HOUSE TO BE CLOSED.

52. When less than a quorum vote on any subject under the consideration of the House, it shall be the duty of the Speaker forthwith to order the bar of the House to be closed, and that the roll of members be called by the clerk, and if it is ascertained that a quorum is present, either by answering to their names or by their presence in the House, the yeas and nays shall again be ordered by the Speaker, and if any member present refuses to vote, such refusal shall be deemed a contempt; and, unless purged, the Speaker shall order the sergeant-at-arms to remove said member or members without the bar of the House, and all privilege of membership shall be refused the person or persons so offending, until the contempt be duly purged.

BILLS RETURNED BY THE GOVERNOR VETOED.

53. All veto messages, upon being announced by the Speaker, shall be read and reconsideration of the bill proceeded with.

SESSIONS ON MONDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

54. The House will convene on Mondays at 8 o'clock P. M. and adjourn at 10 o'clock P. M., and on Fridays will convene at 9 o'clock A. M. and adjourn at 11 o'clock A. M.

PEDDLING WITHIN THE BAR OF THE HOUSE PROHIBITED.

55. No person shall be permitted to hawk, peddle or offer for sale any apples, candies, nuts, or other articles of traffic at any time within the hall of the House; and it shall be the duty of the sergeant-at-arms and the doorkeeper to strictly enforce this rule.

MEMBERS NOT PERMITTED TO RECORD VOTES IN CERTAIN CASES.

56. No member shall be permitted to record his vote who neglects to vote when his name is first called by the clerk.

WHEN COMMITTEES MAY BE DISCHARGED FROM CONSIDERATION OF A BILL.

57. That after a bill has been ten days in the hands of a committee, after having been referred to it, a vote of sixty members shall be sufficient to discharge the committee from a further consideration of the same.

LOUNGING PROHIBITED IN THE HALL.

58. That it shall be the duty of the sergeant-at-arms, doorkeeper, and their assistants to prevent all persons not connected with the Legislature or the departments, or introduced by a member, from assembling in the halls at any time when the body is not in session, for the purpose of lounging, loafing or gossiping. For the purpose of enforcing this rule at least two of said officers shall be in attendance at all times, and the persistent neglect or disregard of this rule shall be cause of dismissal by the Speaker.

REPORTS OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEES.

59. Reports of Conference Committees shall be presented, printed, and placed upon the files of amended bills before the same shall be considered.

APPROPRIATIONS.

60. No bills appropriating money for charitable or benevolent purposes will be considered further than second reading until after the general appropriation bill shall have been reported from committee.

BILLS READ IN PLACE SHALL BE ACCOMPANIED BY COPIES THEREOF.

61. That every bill introduced shall be accompanied by two copies thereof certified by the member presenting the same to be true and correct copies of the original, one of which copies shall be filed with the resident clerk for the use of the members of the press, and one for the use of the printer.

DUTIES OF COMMITTEE TO COMPARE BILLS.

62. That every transcribed bill shall be reported to the House by the chairman of the Committee to Compare Bills, or a member thereof, upon a call of the standing committees, and that every such reported bill shall have endorsed thereon a certificate signed by the clerk of said committee that the same is a true and correct copy of the bill as the same shall have passed the House.

COMMITTEE ON RULES.

63. A committee of five shall be appointed by the Chair, which together with the Speaker ex-officio, shall constitute a Committee on Rules, and shall report to the House from time to time, rules for the government thereof, and amendments to such rules; said committee shall be privileged to report at any time, and said report shall be adopted by a majority vote.

NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENTS.

64. (a) Any person accorded the privileges of a newspaper correspondent must be the telegraphic correspondent of a daily newspaper, or of a recognized press association, who is not engaged in any department of the State government, or in any other business, or must be the official reporter for a Harrisburg daily newspaper; and no more than one representative of each newspaper shall be admitted to the press gallery at the same time.

(b) All applications for admission to the press gallery must be made to the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Such application shall state the name of the newspaper, its location, times of publication, and be signed by the applicant.

(c) The Speaker shall verify the statements made in such application, and if the application is approved by him, he shall issue a correspondent's card, signed by him and by the President of the Legislative Correspondents' Association.

(d) The correspondents shall not visit the members in their seats during the sessions of the House and shall abide by such rules and regulations, as may be adopted by the Rules Committee of the House of Representatives.

(e) The card issued by the Speaker of the House must be presented when required by any sergeant-at-arms, or doorkeeper of the House. It shall not be transferable. The transfer or loan of such card to any one shall be followed by its cancellation and the withdrawal of all its privileges from the correspondent so offending.

(f) The gallery allotted to newspaper correspondents shall be for their exclusive use and persons not holding correspondents' cards shall not be entitled to admission thereto.

VERIFICATION OF THE ROLL.

65. After the completion of a roll call, any member of the House may demand a verification of the roll by the clerk, and if the vote or votes of members recorded as voting shall be challenged, in writing, by any member, and the votes so challenged would change the result, the announcement of the vote shall be postponed until the Speaker shall have investigated the allegations made, when the roll call shall be corrected, if necessary, and the true result shall be announced by the Speaker.

RESOLUTIONS.

66. All resolutions, after they have been read twice shall be printed and lie over for one day, after which they may be called up under their appropriate order of business.

This rule shall not apply to the following resolutions, viz:

- Recalling Bills from the Governor.
- Recalling Bills from one House to the other.
- Requesting information from Heads of Departments.
- Those emanating from the Committee on Rules.
- Those relating to adjournment.
- Those discharging committees.
- Those placing negatived bills upon the calendar.

PINK BILLS, CALENDAR AND SUPPLEMENT.

67. All bills as soon as introduced shall be printed on pink paper for the use of Members, and shall be numbered consecutively. At the beginning of each day's session a calendar of bills shall be placed upon the desk of the Speaker, of each Member and of each Clerk. This calendar shall be printed on pink paper and shall show for each bill introduced, up to date, the number, title, name of Member introducing the bill, the date of introduction and the committee to which each bill is referred. At the beginning of each week, a supplement printed on white paper, giving the number, status and last printer's number of each bill, shall be filed with this calendar.

DISPOSITION OF HOUSE BILLS ON POSTPONED CALENDAR.

68. That any House bill placed upon the postponed calendar not called up within five days on which the House is in session, after being placed upon said calendar, shall be dropped unless the time be extended by vote of the House upon motion for cause shown.

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DECISIONS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ON POINTS OF ORDER.*

ADJOURN.

Not in Order to Entertain Two Consecutive Motions to.

The Speaker decided that it is not in order to entertain two consecutive motions to adjourn, if no other business of the House has intervened at the time the motion was made. (Journal H. R. 1843, p. 361.)

The point of order was raised that the motion was out of order, because no business had intervened since the last motion to adjourn had been decided in the negative. Speaker decided point well taken. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 920.)

Motion to, not in Order, when Previous Question Called and Sustained.

The Speaker decided that a motion to adjourn was not in order when the previous question had been called and sustained, and was still pending. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1857, p. 509.)

Motion to, not in Order, When Hour of Adjournment is Extended for a Specific Business, until gone through with.

The Speaker decided that a motion to adjourn was not in order when the House had extended the hour of adjournment for a specific object, until the business for which the adjournment was extended had been disposed of. An appeal was taken and laid on the table. (Journal H. R., 1864, p. 783.)

Motion to, Always in Order.

That according to former rulings, a motion to adjourn is not in order until the bill under consideration is disposed of. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 930.)

Mr. Haag submitted the point of order that inasmuch as there was no quorum present, the Speaker having ordered the doors of the House to be closed, the question of adjournment is not in order until the doors are opened. Decided not well taken. (Legislative Record, 1901, p. 605.)

Motion to, takes Precedence over Motion to Adjourn to a Stated Time.

The point of order was raised that a motion to adjourn takes precedence over a motion to adjourn to a stated time. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1889, p. 938.)

ADJOURNMENT.

Final, Motion to Amend Resolution for.

The Speaker decided that a motion to amend a resolution for the final adjournment of the Legislature by adding thereto the following: "Provided, That in order to avoid the expense attendant upon the meeting of the convention of the two Houses, in October next, to which it stands adjourned, the members of the two Houses shall re-assemble previous to the final adjournment of the Legislature, for the purpose of electing a person to represent this Commonwealth in the Senate of the United States, in accordance with the Constitution of the United States, and the laws of the Commonwealth," was in order. The House overruled the decision of the Speaker. (Journal H. R., 1855, p. 826.)

Extension of Time for, Requires Suspension of the Rules.

Mr. Brooks submitted the point of order that the morning hour for adjournment was fixed by the rules of the House and could only be extended by a suspension of the rule. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 1034.)

From Wednesday until the Following Monday not in Contravention of Constitution.

A motion was made that when the House adjourns this Wednesday evening it be to meet on next Monday evening at 9 o'clock. The point of order was submitted that it was unconstitutional for the House to adjourn for more than three days without the consent of the Senate. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken; that an adjournment of the House from Wednesday till the succeeding Monday was not an adjournment for more than three days as provided by the Constitution of Pennsylvania, Sunday being a dies non. See Buckalew on the Constitution of Pennsylvania, edition 1883, p. 52. Construction: It has long been held that the three days' limitation in this section (section 14, art. 2) is exclusive of Sundays, and such is the settled construction. Therefore, whether natural or secular days were intended by the authors of the limitation is not now a question of practical importance. Judicial Opinion: West Philadelphia Passenger Ry. Co. v. Union Passenger Ry. Co., and Bancroft v. same, 29 Legal Intel. 196, 4 Leg. Gaz. 193. (Journal H. R. 1897, p. 1114. See also Senate Journal, 1913, p. 1127.)

*These decisions are published as found in the Journals of the House of Representatives and the Legislative Record or Legislative Journal. Their correctness as rulings is left to the judgment of the reader.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Of Notice of Local or Special Bills Must be Published in Two Papers in each of the Counties Affected.

The point of order was raised that advertisement of local or special bills shall be in at least two newspapers, published in each of the counties to be affected. The Speaker submitted the question to the House for its decision. The House decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1876, p. 790.)

On third reading of bill No. 224, the point of order was raised that the bill affects the counties of Allegheny, Westmoreland, Fayette, Greene and Washington; that the notice of this bill was only advertised in Allegheny, in one paper, and in two papers in Washington, and not published in Westmoreland, Fayette or Greene, and therefore, not properly advertised, the principal office of the corporation being situated in the city of Pittsburgh. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. The House sustained the decision of the Chair. (Journal H. R., 1876, pp. 825, 826, 827.)

The Speaker ruled that a bill is not properly before the House, it affecting two counties, when notice for the proposed application has not been advertised in the two counties (the locality affected thereby), as required by section eight of the third article of the Constitution. (Journal H. R., 1878, p. 837.)

Proof of Publication of, must be Exhibited before Final Vote is taken on Local Bill.

A local bill being under consideration on second reading, the point of order was raised that the bill could not be considered as it had never been advertised. The Speaker decided that before the bill passed finally proof of advertisement must be shown, but that he could not rule it off the calendar on second reading. (Journal H. R., 1887, p. 1256.)

Seal of the Court not Necessary to Verify Signature of Justice to Affidavit of Publication of.

The Speaker decided that the signature of the justice, or other person before whom affidavit of the publisher of the notice required in case of local or special bills is made, is not necessary to be verified by the seal of the court. (Journal H. R., 1879, p. 490.)

AMENDMENTS.

Previously Refusing to Consider, in Order to Renew Motion so to do.

A motion was made to proceed to the consideration of Senate amendments to the bill, entitled "An act to repeal certain acts in relation to the Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad Company;" whereupon, the Speaker submitted to the House, for decision, whether the motion could be entertained, inasmuch as the House had previously, on the same day, refused to consider said amendments, though other business had intervened. The House decided in the affirmative. (Journal H. R., 1841, p. 977, 978.)

In the Second Degree in Order.

The Speaker decided that a bill originating in the Senate, and passed by the House of Representatives with amendments, which are concurred in by the Senate with amendments, and returned to the House, was still subject to amendments by the House, the proposed amendment being, in his opinion, only in the second degree. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1849, p. 525.)

Not Germane, out of Order.

The Speaker decided that it was not in order to amend a bill by adding to it matter different from the subject matter of the bill. (Journal H. R., 1858, p. 340.)

The Speaker decided that the first section being under consideration, it was not in order to strike out all after the enacting clause, and insert a new bill, containing several different sections, which were not germane to the first section of the bill under consideration. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1858, p. 592.)

A question of order was raised, that, "An act to revise, amend and consolidate existing laws for the assessment and collection of State taxes and county and township rates and levies," being under consideration, a motion to go into committee of the whole for special amendment for the purpose of taxing petroleum, coal and whiskey, articles that, by the present laws, are not now subject to taxation, the amendment, being for the purpose of revenue alone, is not germane to the subject before the House. The Speaker submitted the question to the House, and it was decided in the negative. (Journal H. R., 1869, p. 1093.)

Not Germane to Section under Consideration not in Order.

Mr. Crothers submitted the point of order "that the amendment proposed was not in order as it was not germane to the section under consideration." Decided well taken. (Journal H. R., 1893, p. 1016.)

Made in Committee of the Whole, Fall when Leave to sit again is Refused.

The Speaker decided that when the committee of the whole rises, reports progress, and is refused leave to sit again, the amendments made in committee of the whole are not parts of the bill, unless so ordered by a vote of the House. (Journal H. R., 1858, p. 463.)

Agreed to, Motion to Strike out Certain Words of, in Order.

The Speaker decided that it was in order to strike from a subject before the House a part of certain words which, in connection with other words, in the form of an amendment, have been already voted upon and agreed to. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1862, p. 344.)

AMENDMENTS—Continued.

Changing Original Purpose of Bill not in Order.

The point of order was raised that an amendment proposed was not in order, as it would change the original purpose of the bill; also that the amendment contained more than one subject. The Speaker submitted the point of order to the House for decision. The House decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1876, p. 196.)

Made by Committee, after Recommitment, First in Order.

The point of order was raised that a bill having been recommitted, when on second reading, to a committee for amendment, and an amendment having been inserted by that committee, the first question should be put on the amendment of the committee. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1876, p. 204.)

Containing the Subject Matter of Another Pending Bill, not in Order.

The Speaker decided that the last ten sections of bill No. 463 are improperly in the bill and should be ruled out, for the reason that the bill was amended by committee by adding ten sections, from nineteenth to the end of the bill, which are the same as corresponding sections of bill No. 229, in that it provides for same objects, et cetera. (Journal H. R., 1879, p. 929.)

What in Order.

The Speaker decided that it was in order to make a motion to amend a bill by striking out certain words, notwithstanding a motion to strike out the same word together with others and insert had been voted down. (Journal H. R., 1883, p. 89.)

What Constitutional and Germane.

An amendment having been proposed, the point of order was raised "that the amendment proposing a tax on the rights, privileges and franchises of companies and corporations is not germane to the bill proposing a tax upon petroleum exported out of the State, and is in conflict with section one, article three, of the Constitution. And that the ruling of the Speaker, that an amendment to the original bill imposing a tax upon coal was not germane, applies equally to a proposition to the corporate franchises." The House decided it to be not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1883, p. 1098.)

Limiting the Operation of Certain Acts Unconstitutional.

An act to amend certain sections of "An act to regulate the sale of liquors," approved March 31, 1856, being under consideration, an amendment was offered providing "that this act shall not apply to cities of the first and second-class," upon which the following point of order was submitted: "The amendment offered is unconstitutional, because it restricts the application of the act, from a territory of a fixed population, which would have to decrease in order to come within the provisions of the act as amended." Decided well taken by the House. (Journal H. R., 1855, p. 437.)

Defeated Cannot be Offered Again on same Reading.

The point of order was raised that "the amendment is out of order, because it had been offered and voted down when the section was under consideration, April 29." Decided well taken by the Speaker. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 903.)

Defeated on Second, Cannot be Offered on Third Reading.

The point of order was raised that an amendment having been voted down on second reading of a bill, it was not in order to offer it on third reading. Decided well taken by the Speaker. (Journal H. R., 1897, p. 921.)

Inserted on Second Reading Cannot be Stricken out on Third Reading.

Mr. J. H. Morrison submitted the point of order, that the House could not strike out on third reading what had been inserted when the bill was upon second reading. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 917.)

Matter Stricken from a Section Cannot be Again Inserted.

Mr. Capp submitted the point of order that this amendment had already been stricken from the section and could not be again inserted. The Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Lytle) decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 961.)

Imposing Conditions when an Appropriation should become Available in Order.

An amendment to an appropriation bill, providing conditions when the appropriation should become available, having been offered, the point of order was raised that the proposed amendment was not germane to the subject matter of the bill. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1889, p. 1284.)

Rendering Bills Unconstitutional, out of Order.

The point of order was raised that the amendment was out of order, and would make the bill unconstitutional. Decided well taken by Speaker pro tempore. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 939.)

The point of order was raised that the amendments proposed were out of order, as they would, if adopted, render the bill unconstitutional. Decided well taken by the Speaker. (Journal H. R., 1887, p. 1172.)

AMENDMENTS—Concluded.

Remarks of a Member must be Confined to the Amendment under Consideration.

Mr. Fow submitted the point of order "that the gentleman (Mr. Boyer) was not confining his remarks to the amendment under consideration." The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1893, p. 428.)

Amendments to Senate Amendments must be Printed before Senate Amendments are Concurred in.

A House bill having been returned from the Senate with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House is requested, said amendments were amended by the House, and upon the question of concurring in the Senate amendments as amended, Mr. Crawford submitted the point of order "that the question could not be considered at this time." The Speaker decided that the amendments made by the House to the bill must first be printed and placed on the files of the House before the final vote on concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate as amended by the House could be taken. (Journal H. R., 1893, p. 1473.)

Manner of Offering and Adopting, where Entire Sections are Stricken out.

The Speaker decided "that a motion to amend by striking out all of a section and inserting a new one was not in order; that where a section is voted down there is nothing left to amend; that if an entire new section is offered as a substitute it is in order, but amendments to the substitute cannot be considered until the substitute is adopted." (Journal H. R., 1893, p. 1012 and Legislative Record, 1893, pp. 1461 and 1463.)

Referring to Committee of Amendment to Resolution, does not Carry Resolution with it.

Mr. Creasy submitted the point of order "that an amendment offered to a resolution having been referred to a committee by the House, the action carried with it the resolution." The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1907, p. 302.)

BILLS.

To Strike out all after Enacting Clause and Insert Different Bill, not in Order.

The Speaker decided that it is not in order to strike from a bill all after the enacting clause, and insert another bill different from that contained in the original bill. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1853, pp. 931, 932.)

Defeated in House, not in Order to Consider Similar one from Senate.

The House decided that a bill having been considered and defeated in the House, it is not in order subsequently to consider a similar bill which had passed the Senate, and been introduced into the House. (Journal H. R., 1865, p. 802.)

The Speaker decided that a bill having been considered and defeated in the House it is not in order to consider a similar bill from the Senate. (Journal H. R., 1887, p. 1434.)

Mr. Quigley submitted the point of order that Senate bill No. 37 is the same in its intent and purpose as House bill No. 54, which had been defeated by the House, and therefore, the bill under consideration could not be further considered. The House decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 1694, and Legislative Record, 1891, p. 2749.)

Negatived by House Committee, in Order to Consider Similar one from Senate.

Mr. Patterson raised the point of order that Senate bill No. 187 is not in order, as a similar bill was negatived by the House, viz: House bill No. 569. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken for the reason that the Senate bill (being identical with the House bill), was favorably reported to the House by the same committee which had previously negatived the House bill, and could well be considered a reconsideration by the House committee of its previous action. (Journal H. R., 1889, p. 1026.)

Mr. Kratz raised the point of order that Senate bill No. 100, which was reported affirmatively by the Committee on Judiciary Local of the House is practically the same as House bill No. 84, which was negatived by the Committee on Judiciary General, and under these circumstances could not be considered by the House. The Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Walk), decided the point of order not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1889, p. 1388.)

Reconsidered by Senate, but not Returned, are in Order to Consider.

After a bill incorporating a railroad company had passed the Senate and been received by the House, the Senate reconsidered the vote on its final passage, and notified the House of the same. The bill being on the House private calendar of Senate bills, a question of order was raised, that inasmuch as the Senate had reconsidered its vote on the final passage, and notified the House thereof, the bill was, therefore, not in order. The Speaker submitted the question to the House. The House decided the question of order not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1870, p. 1173.)

Negatived, a Similar one Cannot be Introduced.

The point of order was raised, whether a bill which was substantially the same as another bill which had been negatived, was out of order. The Speaker submitted the question to the House, and it was decided in the affirmative. (Journal H. R., 1873, p. 624.)

Subject Matter which is part of a Bill Negatived by Committee, can be Considered.

Mr. Fow submitted the point of order "that the bill cannot be further considered, the subject matter being similar to that of another bill which has been negatived by the committee." The Speaker decided that the subject matter of the bill under consideration being only a part of the bill referred to, the point of order was not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1893, p. 507.)

BILLS—Continued.

Reported Affirmatively by Committee, may be Recommitted and Re-reported with Negative Recommendation.

The point of order was submitted by Mr. Pratt that a committee cannot report a bill with a negative recommendation, which had been reported affirmatively, placed upon the calendar and then referred back to committee for the purpose of a hearing. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken because in this case the committee was empowered to consider the measure in question "de novo." (Journal H. R., 1907, pp. 1763 and 1925.)

Senate, Referred and Reported with Amendments, must be Reprinted before Considered.

The Speaker decided that a bill introduced into the House from the Senate, referred to a committee, and reported from the committee with amendments must be reprinted as amended before it can be considered in the House. (Journal H. R., 1874, p. 218.)

Making Appropriation to Private Institutions, a Two-thirds Vote not Necessary on each Reading.

The point of order was raised that a bill appropriating money to any institution not entirely under the control of the State would require a two-thirds vote to agree to the bill on each of its several readings. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1874, pp. 280, 558.)

Providing for Centennial Buildings, Constitutional.

The point of order was raised that under section eighteen, article three, of the Constitution, a bill to provide for a permanent centennial exposition building is unconstitutional. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1874, p. 556.)

Must be Considered in Committee, before Appearing on Calendar.

The Speaker decided that a bill would be improperly on the calendar, if not having been considered in committee. (Journal H. R., 1875, p. 317.)

Irregularly Considered by Committee, no Cause for Rejection.

The Speaker decided that the House cannot reject a bill because of alleged irregularity in its consideration by a committee. (Journal H. R., 1876, pp. 236, 241.)

Day Fixed for Consideration of, Cannot be Called up Prior to.

The point of order was raised that the House having fixed a day for the consideration of a bill, that bill cannot be called up before the time fixed upon by the House for its consideration. The Speaker decided the point of order to be well taken. The House sustained the Speaker. (Journal H. R., 1876, pp. 612, 613, 614.)

Making Appropriation to an Individual, a Two-thirds Vote not Required.

That a bill making an appropriation to an individual will require a two-thirds vote to pass it. The Speaker submitted the question to the House. The House decided the point of order not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1876, pp. 855, 856.)

On Final Passage, to Amend, Must First be Reconsidered.

On the question whether a bill which has passed third reading, and being, as required by the Constitution, upon the final passage, is subject to amendment, the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Schnatterly), decided "that when a bill has passed three several readings, and been agreed to each time, the only thing which remains is to take the vote required by the Constitution, unless postponed, and the vote agreeing to the bill the third time must be reconsidered in order to amend the bill." (Journal H. R., 1878, p. 424.)

Postponed, a Motion Necessary to Call up.

Mr. Wherry raised the point of order, that no motion was necessary to call up a postponed bill. The Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Walk), decided the point of order to be not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1889, p. 1456.)

General Appropriation Bill has Priority over all other Business.

A motion having been made, while bills on third reading were the order, to recommit to committee the general appropriation bill, the point of order was raised, that under the rules of the House said bill and motion were not in order. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken, rule six of joint rules giving said bill after being reported priority over all other business. (Journal H. R., 1889, p. 1221.)

To Regulate Railroad Rates, Constitutional.

The House decided that bill No. 119, to provide for equality in rates of transportation, et cetera, of property carried by railroads in Pennsylvania, prohibiting rebates and drawbacks and contracts therefor, et cetera, is not in conflict with Constitution. (Journal H. R., 1879, p. 730.)

To Prevent Grade Crossings in Cities of First and Second-Class, Constitutional.

Mr. Kratz raised the point of order that the bill to prevent railroad crossings at grade in cities of the first and second-class was in conflict with section seven, article third, of the Constitution. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken, as the bill was intended to be a general act. (Journal H. R., 1889, p. 357.)

BILLS—Concluded.

Pensioning Individuals for Military Service, not Unconstitutional.

On the question whether bill No. 409, granting an annuity and a gratuity to James Osterhout, of Susquehanna county, late a member of Company F., One Hundred and Forty-first regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers, is in violation of section eighteen, of article three, of Constitution, the Speaker decided that in absence of a general law upon the subject, it was proper for the Legislature to pass acts pensioning any person who has served in the military service, and in this case the proof of military service is furnished. (Journal H. R., 1879, p. 733.)

For the Payment of Expenses Incurred by Members for Extra Services, not Unconstitutional.

On the question whether the twenty-fifth section of bill No. 456, to provide for the ordinary expenses of executive, legislative and judicial departments of the Commonwealth, et cetera, is unconstitutional, the Speaker decided the point of order not well taken, the section not providing compensation, but only making an appropriation for the expenses of the commission, which had been directed to act by prior provisions of law. (Journal H. R., 1879, p. 743.)

To Repeal Laws, not Necessary to Recite Laws so Repealed.

The point of order was raised that section two of bill No. 117 is not Constitutional, it being in violation of section six, article three of the Constitution, as follows, viz: "No law shall be revived, amended, or the provisions thereof extended, or conferred by reference to its title only, but so much thereof as is revived, amended, extended or conferred, shall be re-enacted and published at length." The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken, as the second section merely repealed an act, but did not revive, amend, or extend the provisions of any law. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 291.)

Must Recite Acts Proposed to Revise or Amend.

The point of order was raised that bill No. 351 is in violation of section seven, article three, of the Constitution, as it attempts to revise or amend a law without reciting the bill amended. The Speaker decided the point of order to be well taken. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 1080.)

Regulating Trade, Labor, et cetera, Unconstitutional.

The point of order was raised that the amendment to bill No. 49 is not in order, being in violation of the seventh section of the third article of the Constitution, which says: "No law shall be passed regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing." The Speaker decided the point of order to be well taken. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 533.)

Unconstitutional, House Competent to Amend, Making Constitutional.

A point of order was raised that a bill "to increase the revenue and impose a tax on all crude petroleum shipped outside the Commonwealth," was unconstitutional, could not be amended, and should be stricken from the calendar. The Speaker decided that while the bill might be unconstitutional, it was certainly competent for the House to amend it so as to make it constitutional. (Journal H. R., 1883, p. 1085.)

Prescribing New Duties for Public Officers, of a Single County Unconstitutional.

The point of order was raised that the bill was unconstitutional in that it prescribed new duties for public officers of a single county. Speaker pro tempore decided point well taken. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 917; Legislative Record, 1885, p. 1654.)

Exempting Private Property from Taxation, Unconstitutional.

The point of order was raised that this bill is unconstitutional, in that it exempts from taxation real estate, in conflict with article nine, sections one and two of the Constitution. Decided well taken by House. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 918.)

Repealing Local, and Re-enacting General Laws, Constitutional.

The point of order was submitted that the amendment was out of order, because an act to repeal an act could not be amended. The Speaker pro tempore decided the point not well taken, as the bill not only repealed an act, but enacted a new law. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 940.)

Amending Local Laws, Unconstitutional.

The point of order was submitted that this Act is in conflict with article three, section seven of the Constitution, in that it is a supplement, to a local law regulating the opening and repairing of roads and bridges. A local law, the enactment of which is prohibited, cannot be amended. Decided well taken by the House. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 972.)

Defeated and Reconsidered on Second Reading, and Defeated on Third Reading can be again Reconsidered.

A motion was made to reconsider the vote by which House bill No. 280, was defeated on final passage. The point of order was submitted that the bill had been reconsidered once and could not be reconsidered a second time. The Speaker decided the point not well taken, as the reconsideration had been on second reading. (Journal H. R., 1897, p. 2022.)

BILLS IN PLACE.

Call of Counties for, Must Come in Alphabetical Order.

The Speaker was calling the roll of counties, commencing at Philadelphia, for the reading of bills in place. Mr. Capp submitted the point of order, that under the rules the call of counties must come in alphabetical order. Decided well taken. (Journal H. R., 1889, p. 110.)

CALENDAR.

Of Senate Bills Exclusively, in Order During Last Four Days of Session.

The point of order was raised that without special authority, given by resolution, to the resident clerk, he cannot make a calendar exclusively of Senate bills on second and third reading, during the last four days of the session, while there remains a general calendar of Senate and House bills on third reading undisposed of, notwithstanding the fact that the seventh rule prohibits the transmission of House bills to the Senate during the last four days of the session. The House decided the point of order to be not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1877, p. 592.)

Should not Contain Unconstitutional Bills.

The point of order was raised that bill No. 90 is in conflict with the Constitution, and should not be on the calendar. The Speaker decided the point of order to be well taken. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 1493.)

Not an Official Paper.

The point of order was submitted that the bill could not be read at this time, because it does not appear upon the calendar. The Speaker decided the calendar not an official paper, hence point not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 710.)

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

When Quorum Present, Speaker to Order Vote to be Again Taken.

The Speaker decided that when a call of the House is made, and a quorum appears to be present, it is the duty of the Speaker to order the vote to be again taken. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1864, p. 1024.)

CITIES.

Legal Classification of, Necessary to Legislation for.

The point of order was submitted that the present amendment to the amendment proposes to legislate for all the cities and towns of this Commonwealth upon the basis of population, without first being classified as required by the Constitution, in order to make it general, in place of special legislation. Point sustained by the House. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 757.)

CLAIMS, PRIVATE.

Bills Providing for Settlement of Unconstitutional.

The point of order was raised that bill No. 89, which confers the right upon certain persons of presenting a claim against the Commonwealth in the courts of Dauphin county, which right is now possessed by other citizens of the State, confers a special privilege upon said persons, and is, therefore, contrary to section seven, article three of the Constitution. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken, as the bill confers simply the right to test the validity of an individual claim against the Commonwealth, which is not provided for by law. The House reversed the decision. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 833.)

COMMITMENT.

To Another Committee, when Motion for, in Order.

On the question whether a motion to recommit a bill to a different committee from the one which reported it is in order, the Speaker decided that the rule permits a motion to be made to recommit a bill, which means that it be returned to the committee which reported it; and a motion to commit to another committee should be made as an independent motion, when original resolutions are in order, or when the bill is properly before the House. (Journal H. R., 1879, p. 295.)

COMMITTEES.

Select, Appointed by House, Must Report to House Appointing.

The Speaker decided that a select committee appointed by the House, was required to report to the House by which the committee was appointed. (Journal H. R., 1851, p. 131.)

Select, in Order to Instruct to Report at a Specified Time.

The House decided that it was in order to instruct a select committee not to make a report until a specified time. (Journal H. R., 1850, p. 201.)

COMMITTEES—Concluded.

Select, having been Ordered by Joint Resolution to Report Within Three Days of Final Adjournment, House Cannot Extend the Time.

The Speaker decided that the Senate and House having by joint resolution, determined that the Legislature would adjourn sine die on the eleventh of April, instant, and that all select committees of each House shall report within three days of that time, and this committee having made their report, it is not now in order for this House to extend the power and function of the committee for a longer time, or for any such committee to sit longer than the time specified in the joint resolution above referred to. (Journal H. R., 1862, p. 803.)

Bill Reported by, not Competent for Chair to go Behind the Records Concerning Action in.

The Speaker decided that bill having been regularly reported by a committee, it is not competent for the Chair to go behind the records for the purpose of inquiring how it was acted upon in committee. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1868, pp. 713, 714. See also Journal H. R., 1901, p. 303.)

Power of House to Instruct.

A point of order was raised that the House had no power to instruct a committee to amend a bill changing its character. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1878, p. 314.)

Motion to Recommit Bill to, with Instructions to Change Character of, not in Order.

A point of order was raised that a motion to recommit a bill, with instructions to amend so as to change the object of the bill, was not in order. The Speaker decided the point of order to be well taken. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1875, pp. 314, 315.)

When Motion to Discharge, in Order.

The Speaker decided that a motion to discharge a committee from the consideration of a bill, after the bill has been ten legislative days in the hands of a committee, cannot be made a privileged motion, but must be made when resolutions are in order. (Journal H. R., 1873, p. 742.)

Standing, Power of, Over Bills.

The point of order was submitted that in line sixteen, of section three, the word "ten" is improperly in the section, for the reason that on second reading the word "ten" was stricken out, and the word "five" inserted by the House. The bill was afterwards recommitted, and the committee improperly restored the word "ten" and so reported it. An amendment inserted in the House is direct instructions to a committee, and should not be disobeyed by such committee. Decided well taken. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 543.)

Mr. Burdock submitted the point of order that as when the bill under consideration was recommitted to the Committee on Agriculture, it contained several amendments, inserted on the floor of the House, which were stricken out afterwards by the committee without authority; the House must insist on the amendments being replaced before proceeding with the further consideration of the bill. Decided well taken. (Journal H. R., 1893, p. 585.)

To Report Bills from, when not the Order of Business, a Suspension of the Rules Necessary.

A motion being made to permit the reporting of a bill after the order "Reports of Committees" had been passed, Mr. Quigley submitted the point of order that to permit such report the rules would have to be suspended. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 1712.)

COMMITTEES OF CONFERENCE.

Motion to Discharge and Recede, not in Order.

The Speaker submitted to the House for decision: "Is the motion to discharge the committee of conference and recede from its non-concurrence in order?" The House decided in the negative. (Journal H. R., 1840, p. 36C.)

Minority of, Cannot Report Reasons for Dissent.

The Speaker decided that it is not in order for the minority of a committee of conference to make a report, giving the reasons for dissent from the report of a majority. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1850, pp. 1216, 1218.)

Motion to Appoint, Cannot Include Instructions not to Agree to Matters in Dispute.

The Speaker decided that it was not in order to couple with a motion to appoint a committee of conference, instructions for the said committee not to agree to certain matters in dispute. (Journal H. R., 1871, p. 1294.)

Report of, Must be Printed Before Action.

The Speaker decided that a report of a committee of conference must be printed before action can be taken by the House. (Journal H. R., 1874, p. 436.)

COMMITTEES OF CONFERENCE—Concluded.

Cannot be Appointed until Senate has been Notified of the Non-Concurrence of the House in Senate Amendments.

Mr. Gillan submitted the point of order, that a committee of conference could not be appointed until after the Senate had been notified that the House had not concurred in the Senate amendments. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 876.)

Not in Order for a Standing Committee to Act as a Committee of Conference.

The conference committee having failed to agree and the House committee having been discharged, a motion was made that the bill be referred for any further conference to the Committee on Labor and Industry. Mr. McClain submitted the point of order that the motion was out of order, as it changed the joint rule, and the rule must first be suspended. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1903, p. 2337.)

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

Report of, Embracing Subjects not Appertaining to Bill, not in Order.

The Speaker decided that a report of the committee of the whole embracing subjects not appertaining to the original bill, is not in order. (Journal H. R., 1850, p. 1120.)

Reconsideration of Vote Refusing Leave to Sit Again not in Order.

The House having refused the committee of the whole House leave to sit again upon a bill, the bill being again before the House, pending the question "Will the House agree to the first section?" a motion was made to reconsider the vote refusing the committee of the whole leave to sit again. The Speaker ruled the motion out of order. (Journal H. R., 1855, p. 1015.)

Cannot Sit at Time Fixed for Another Special Order.

The Speaker decided that a bill pending in committee of the whole, having been made the special order of the day for this day, and having been proceeded with during the morning session, the committee having risen and leave to sit again—granted, a majority of the House cannot give the committee leave to sit at a time which the House has fixed for the consideration of another special order subsequently made by a two-thirds vote. (Journal H. R., 1873, p. 715.)

Motion to go into, for Special Amendment, can be Amended.

That when a motion is made that the House go into committee of the whole for special amendment, the amendment is indicated, and is not subject to amendment. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 984.)

Motion to go into, for Special Amendment, can be Amended to Include Amendments to other Parts of the Bill.

That when a motion is made to go into committee of the whole for special amendment, amendments can be offered to the amendment, but other amendments cannot be offered to the body of the bill. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 984.)

Amendments made in, Fall when Committee Reports Progress and Leave to Sit Again is Refused.

Amendments made in committee of the whole are not parts of bills when the committee reports progress, and leave to sit again is not granted by the House. (Journal H. R., 1820-21, p. 913.)

CONSTITUTION.

Amendments to, Proposed by one Legislature, not Subject to Amendment by Succeeding.

The Speaker decided that the proposed amendments to the Constitution agreed to by one Legislature, were not subject to amendment in the Legislature next afterwards chosen. (Journal H. R., 1857, p. 891.)

Proposing Amendments to.

Joint resolution of the Senate proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, being before the House, a question of order was raised, as follows, viz: The second part, or section nine, of the amendment now under consideration, having been before this House on the 2d day of March, and on the call of the yeas and nays, a majority of the members elected not having agreed to the same, it was negatived, it is in order for this House again to consider and again to determine the question, whether it will agree to or negative the same section or part of said amendment. The Speaker decided that it was in order, and assigned for the decision the following reasons, viz: "The manner of agreeing to or negativing amendments to the Constitution is prescribed by that instrument itself. It directs that any proposed amendment or amendments, to be operative, shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each House. When the proposed amendments to the Constitution were before this House, on the 2d of March, the gentleman from Philadelphia (Mr. Smith), being temporarily in the chair, directed that the yeas and nays should be called, not only on the second amendment, but upon its separate parts severally. This the House had no power to do under the Constitution. It could take no constitutional action, only in obedience to the specific requirements of that instrument. The action of the House in thus voting separately on two parts of one amendment, being without authority, was void and of no effect and could not affect the right of this House to do that which was its duty to do—to vote on the amendments. The amendment now

CONSTITUTION—Concluded.

before this House has not been negatived. The vote now demanded of this House, is on the whole amendment, and not on a part of it, and is not the same proposition as that which was negatived on the second day of March by this House. It is, therefore, in order for the House to proceed to consider and vote upon the proposed amendment now before the House." The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1864, p. 371.)

CONTEMPT OF THE HOUSE.

Members Under Arrest for, Nothing in Order Until Purged.

The Speaker decided that when a member of the House was under arrest for contempt, nothing was in order until the contempt was purged, or the matter otherwise disposed of by the House. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1876, p. 177.)

CONTESTED ELECTION.

What Regarded as a Certificate of Election by the House, in Case of.

On a resolution which recited that "it appears from the certified copy of the record of the court of common pleas, of Westmoreland county, duly transmitted to this House in accordance with the act of 1874, that W. N. Porter and A. D. Hunter were duly elected members of the House of Representatives instead of Eli Waugaman and W. R. Barnhart, who, on the face of the returns, appeared to be elected, and resolved that the said W. N. Porter and A. D. Hunter be sworn in as members of the House in conformity with the decision of the court, and that their names be placed on the roll of members." During the debate on the resolution a number of points of order were submitted to the effect that the resolution could not at that time be considered, as the court record was not a certificate of election, et cetera. The Speaker decided the points of order not well taken, for the reason that the record presented is regarded as a certificate of election under the act of 1874, and under the decision of the court the contestants, in whose favor the decision has been made, are *prima facie* entitled to their seats. (Journal H. R., 1893, p. 666, and Legislative Record, 1893, p. 855.)

The Sitting Member is Entitled to Vote During Contest.

A resolution having been offered that neither the contestant or respondent in the contested election case of Higby vs. Andrews be entitled to vote until a decision is reached by the House as to which is the member elected and qualified, to the end that legislation may not be imperiled thereby. Mr. Lytle submitted the point of order "that the resolution was *res judicata* and would invalidate the whole proceedings of the organization of the House." The Speaker decided the point of order well taken for the reason that the right of a member to be called and cast a vote was a Constitutional right, which he could not be deprived of except for actions in violation of the Constitution or laws of this Commonwealth. (Journal H. R., 1893, p. 397.)

EXPULSION OF A MEMBER.

In Order to Reconsider Vote Given for.

The Speaker submitted to the House for decision: Whether a motion to reconsider the vote given for the expulsion of a member by the Constitutional majority, and his seat declared vacant, is in order? The House decided in the affirmative. (Journal H. R., 1840, pp. 859-61.)

Two-Thirds of those Voting Sufficient.

The Speaker submitted to the House the following question, viz: When the vote cast on the expulsion of a member is 118 in the affirmative and 46 in the negative, is such vote the two-thirds vote that is required by the Constitution? The House decided affirmatively. (Journal H. R., 1876, pp. 1048-50.)

EXTRA COMPENSATION.

Not Allowable to Members for Extra Services.

It was decided that that portion of a section of Senate Bill No. 37, providing for the compensation of members who may be appointed members of the Board to receive, open and publish returns of election of State Treasurer and Auditor-General, is in conflict with the Constitution. (Journal H. R., 1879, p. 722.)

JUDGES.

Bills Regulating Duties of, Constitutional.

Mr. Penrose submitted the following point of order: "House bill No. 7, entitled 'An act to permit the judges of the several courts of common pleas in all counties in which there are two or more such courts, at the request of any of the other courts of common pleas in the same county, to perform judicial duties in the other courts,' is unconstitutional, because contrary to article five, section six, of the Constitution, which says: In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such a manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court, to which any such suit shall be assigned, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law. In Allegheny each court shall have exclusive jurisdiction of all proceedings at law and in equity, commencing therein, subject to change of venue as may be provided by law." Decided not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 111.)

LAYING ON THE TABLE.

Of Motion to Refer does not Carry Bill with it.

The Speaker decided that the laying on the table of the motion to refer the amendments and the bill to committee, does not carry the bill or amendment with it. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 1385.)

LYING ON THE TABLE.

To Consider Resolution, Motion must be made to take it from the Table.

Mr. Crawford submitted the point of order "that inasmuch as the resolution was placed on the table by a vote of the House, that a motion to now proceed to its consideration is not in order for the reason that a motion must first be made to take it from the table." Decided well taken. (Journal H. R., 1893, p. 977.)

MEMBERS.

Of Previous Session not to be Called by Name by Committee in Report.

The Speaker decided that it is not in order for a committee, in a report, when referring to a report made at a previous session of the Legislature by a member of this House, to call said member by name. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1843, p. 594.)

Can Serve on Commission to Count Vote for State Officers.

On the question whether Senate bill (No. 37) to provide for the receiving, opening and publishing of the returns of the election of the State Treasurer and Auditor-General, is in conflict with the Constitution, the Speaker decided that this bill does not create a civil office, and members elected upon the commission created thereby will only perform duties within their constitutional prerogatives as members of the General Assembly, and therefore the point of order is not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1879, p. 859.)

Can Vote on Bills in which they are Personally Interested, if that Fact is not Disclosed.

That under section thirty-three, article three, of the Constitution, no member should vote on Senate bill 319, as they are interested in its passage, inasmuch as it is the only way they can secure extra pay, and have no right to vote. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken, as under section thirty-three the fact of interest has not been disclosed. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 1180.)

NON-CONCURRENCE.

A Motion to Recede from, after Notice given to Senate, not in Order.

After information has been given to the Senate, that the House insists upon its non-concurrence in an amendment by the Senate, a motion to recede from the non-concurrence is not in order. (Journal H. R., 1827-8, p. 781.) (The same principle is decided in Journal 1816-17, p. 708.)

OBJECTIONS.

When Too Late to Make.

The Chair decided that after an agreement to proceed with certain orders had been partially carried out, it was too late to make objections. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1868, pp. 906, 907.)

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

An Amendment Fixing a Special Order to Resolution Providing General, not Germane.

The Committee on Rules having offered a resolution fixing the order of business for each day, and an amendment being offered making a certain bill a special order at fixed hours on Monday and Tuesday, the point of order was submitted that the amendment was not germane to the original resolution. The Speaker decided the point of order to be well taken. (Journal H. R., 1895, p. 2304.)

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Suspension of, at Morning Session, Works Suspension of the Succeeding Session of the Day if Fixed Prior.

The House decided that a motion to suspend the orders of the day, when acted upon in the morning of the day, would control the proceedings of the succeeding sessions of the day, if such sessions were fixed prior thereto. (Journal H. R., 1859, p. 346.)

Special, Takes Precedence until Disposed of.

The Speaker decided that the House having, by a vote of two-thirds, determined that it would, at a certain specified hour, upon a particular day, proceed to the consideration of a certain question, and the time having arrived, the House must proceed to its consideration, and any other business before the House stands postponed until the question is disposed of by the House, either by adoption, rejection or postponement. (Journal H. R., 1861, p. 131.)

Motion to Suspend, Having been Negatived, Cannot be Reconsidered.

The Speaker decided that the House having refused to suspend the orders of the day generally, and the orders having therefrom been proceeded with, a motion to reconsider the vote suspending the orders, was not in order. (Journal H. R., 1869, p. 1178.)

Two-Thirds Vote Necessary to Consider, out of Order, "Unfinished Resolution."

The Speaker decided that it would require a majority of two-thirds to adopt a resolution to proceed with the consideration of a resolution that could only be reached when division No. 6, of rule No. 8, is in order. (Journal H. R., 1871, p. 952.)

ORDERS OF THE DAY—Concluded.

Bill under Consideration at Time of Last Adjournment, no Quorum being Present not the First Order at the next Session.

The point of order was submitted, that when the House adjourned Friday last it had under consideration House bill No. 832 (Senate No. 185), and there being no quorum present, that said bill should be the first order of business for this evening. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken, as he had exhausted all available means of procuring a quorum and was, therefore, compelled to adjourn the House, and that said bill would come up in its order with Senate bills on second reading. (Journal H. R., 1895, p. 2295.)

PREVIOUS QUESTION.

Call for, in Order During Pendency of an Appeal.

The Speaker decided that a call for the previous question is in order during the pendency of an appeal from the decision of the Speaker. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1840, pp. 946-8.)

Main Question not Precluded by Motion to Postpone.

The Speaker decided that the previous question being called, pending a motion to postpone indefinitely, the main question would be on the motion to postpone indefinitely. The House reversed the decision. (Journal H. R., 1857, p. 493.)

A motion having been made to postpone consideration of the Governor's veto message for the present, and the previous question being called, Mr. Cessna submitted the point of order "that the call for the previous question cut off all motions, and that the main question to be considered is the communication from the Governor." The Speaker decided the point well taken. (Journal H. R., 1893, p. 532.)

Call for, While Member is Addressing the House, in Order.

The Speaker decided that the previous question could be called while a member was addressing the House. (Journal H. R., 1858, p. 347.)

The Speaker decided that a call for the previous question could be made while a member was occupying the floor. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1858, p. 539.)

Does not Cut off Motion for Commitment.

The Speaker decided that the previous question did not cut off a motion for commitment. An appeal was taken, which was laid on the table. (Journal H. R., 1859, p. 214.)

The Speaker decided a motion to commit was not cut off by the operation of the previous question. (Journal H. R., 1871, p. 143.)

When Exhausted.

The point of order was raised that the previous question having been ordered, no further amendments are in order to the bill, and the previous question is not exhausted until the bill is gone through with. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken, for the following reasons, viz: The previous question having been called on an amendment to the third section of the bill, and the main question ordered to be put, the previous question exhausted itself on the amendment and sections, and amendments to subsequent sections are in order. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 1414.)

When Moved on Third Reading of a Bill, the Final Passage of Same is a Part of the Main Question.

The bill being on third reading and a motion made to go into Committee of the Whole for special amendment, the previous question was moved. Upon the bill being agreed to on third reading, the point of order was submitted that the previous question had been exhausted on agreeing to the bill on third reading. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken, and that the main question was on agreeing to the bill on third reading and final passage. (Journal H. R., 1895, p. 2013.)

Cuts off Motion to go into Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Cressy raised the point of order that as a motion had been made to go into committee of the whole for special amendment that said motion took precedence over a motion for the previous question which had been previously offered. Decided not well taken. (Legislative Record, 1901, p. 581.)

PRIVILEGED QUESTION.

Resolution Calling for Information from the Executive or Departments does not become a Privileged Question after one Day but can only be Considered when Resolutions are in Order.

Mr. Cressy raised the point of order that rule 27 says "every motion to alter the rules of the House or for information from the executive or departments, shall lie on the table one day," and this is under the head of privileged questions, and therefore asked that as this is a resolution asking for information that it be brought up at this time. The Speaker decided that the House cannot proceed to the consideration of this resolution, as resolutions are not in order today. An appeal was taken, and the decision of the Speaker sustained. (Journal H. R., 1901, p. 1373, also Legislative Record, 1901, p. 1773.)

PROCEEDINGS.

To Expunge, Unanimous Consent Necessary.

The proceedings of the House cannot be expunged from the Journal, under the Constitution and uniform practice of the House, without the unanimous consent of the members present. (Journal H. R., 1832-3, p. 728.)

QUESTIONS.

When Not Divisible.

The Speaker decided that a question, although embracing different propositions, could not be divided after these propositions had been amended and acted upon separately and independently, and the question thus blending them together, was presented for the final action of the House. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1853, pp. 655, 656, 657.)

On a motion to discharge a committee from further consideration of a bill and place the bill on the calendar, and a division of the question being asked for, Mr. Burdick submitted the point of order that the question was not divisible, for the reason that if the first proposition was defeated, the remaining proposition would be incomplete. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 699.)

Division of, if Divisible, Call for in Order Before or After Main Question is Ordered.

The point of order was raised that a call for a division of the question is not in order, if not made before the previous question was moved by the proper number of members, as required by rule. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken, as any member may call for a division of a question before or after the main question is ordered, which shall be divided, if it comprehend propositions in substance so distinct that one being taken away a substantial proposition shall remain for the decision of the House. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 962.)

RECESS.

Motion to Take, not Debatable, when Another Motion is Pending.

On motion that when the House adjourns it be to take a recess until 9 o'clock this evening, the point of order was submitted that the motion was not debatable because made when another question was pending. The Speaker decided the point of order to be well taken. (Journal H. R., 1895, p. 928.)

RECOMMIT BILL.

Motion to, not in Order when Reports from Committees are being Made.

Reports of committees being in order, the Speaker decided that it would require a suspension of the orders to make a motion to recommit a bill. (Journal H. R., 1870, p. 343.)

Motion to, not in Order until Bill has been Read the First Time.

Mr. Bliss submitted the point of order that under settled principles of parliamentary law a bill cannot be committed until it has been read before the House the first time. Decided well taken. (Journal H. R., 1901, p. 1976, also Legislative Record, 1901, p. 2862.)

Motion to, not in Order when bill is not on File.

Mr. Cressy submitted the point of order that the bill is not on file, and therefore under the rules it cannot be recommitted. Decided well taken. (Journal H. R., 1901, p. 669; see also Legislative Record, 1901, p. 855.)

Not in Order to, on Postponed Calendar.

A bill being on the postponed calendar and a motion to recommit to committee having been made, Mr. Coray raised the point of order that the motion was not in order as the bill was not before the House. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1901, p. 843.)

RECONSIDERATION.

Of a Bill, Adoption of a Resolution to Proceed to, at Certain Time in Order.

The Speaker decided that the House having, on yesterday, adopted a resolution by a vote of two-thirds, that it would proceed to the reconsideration of a certain bill when it met the next morning, the bill is therefore in order. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1840, pp. 946-50.)

Of Vote Negating Bill Returned by Governor, in Order.

The Speaker decided that a vote, negating a bill returned by the Governor with his objections, could be reconsidered. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1860, p. 638.)

Of Vote on Indefinite Postponement of Motion to Reconsider, not in Order.

The Speaker decided that a motion to reconsider the vote on indefinitely postponing a motion to reconsider the vote on the final passage of a bill, was not in order. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1862, p. 778.)

Bill Negated on Final Passage, only those Voting in the Negative Competent to Move for.

The point of order was raised that when a bill fails on its final passage for want of a constitutional majority, does it require those who voted for the bill, who may be of a majority of the votes cast, or those who voted against the bill, although of a minority of the votes cast, to move to reconsider? The Speaker ruled that it would require the motion to reconsider to be made by those voting against the passage of the bill. (Journal H. R., 1874, p. 725.)

Of Bills Twice Negated, a Motion for, not Again in Order.

The Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Long), decided that a bill having been negated, then reconsidered, and again negated, a motion to again reconsider is out of order. (Journal H. R., 1878, p. 611.)

Mr. Burdick submitted the point of order that the bill having been once defeated, reconsidered and again defeated could not be reconsidered the second time. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 1033.)

RECONSIDERATION—Concluded.

Motion for, Takes Precedence of Other Business Except Motion to Adjourn.

The point of order was raised that a motion cannot be entertained when a bill is pending before the House. The Speaker decided the point of order to be not well taken, as a motion to reconsider can be made, entered upon the journal and take precedence of all other business, except a motion to adjourn. (Journal H. R., 1881, p. 984.)

Of Bill Immediately after its Defeat, Motion for, not in Order.

A bill having been defeated on final passage, a motion was immediately made to reconsider the vote by which it was defeated. Mr. Brooks submitted the point of order that as no business had been done since the consideration of this bill, the motion is not in order. The Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Baker) decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 1097.)

Of Amendments to Bill, When Motion for, in Order.

The point of order was made that the motion to reconsider vote by which an amendment was inserted on second reading was out of order, because the said bill was not before the House, and the motion could not be entertained until the regular order on second reading was reached and the bill reconsidered. Decided well taken. (Journal H. R., 1885, p. 795.)

Of House Bill on Day Sent to the Senate, in Order.

Mr. Skinner submitted the point of order that House bill No. 297 having passed the House finally, and being now in the possession of the Senate, no further action can be taken upon the pending motion to reconsider until the bill itself has been returned from the Senate to the House. The Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Burdick) decided the point of order not well taken, that a motion to reconsider if made on the day the bill passes, or within the proper time, though the bill had gone to the Senate, is in order. (Journal H. R., 1891, pp. 1064, 1065.)

Of Senate Bill Returned to Senate and House Amendments Concurred in, not in Order.

A motion having been made to reconsider the vote by which Senate bill No. 72 had passed the House after the bill had been returned to the Senate for concurrence in the House amendments, Mr. McCullough submitted the point of order that the bill could not be reconsidered at this time. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken. Mr. Ritter then submitted the point of order that as the Senate has concurred in the House amendments, the discussion was not in order. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 1308.)

Motion for, of Vote Recommittin Bill a Privileged Question.

The point of order was raised that this being third reading day a motion to reconsider a motion to recommit was not in order. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken, for the reason that rule 24 of the House made the motion to reconsider a privileged question and that such motion could be made at any time a member competent to make such motion obtained the floor and was recognized by the Chair. (Journal H. R., 1895, p. 870.)

Motion to Indefinitely Postpone Motion for, in Order.

A motion having been made to indefinitely postpone the motion to reconsider, the point of order was submitted that a motion to indefinitely postpone a motion to reconsider was not in order. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1895, p. 2579.)

Those Voting with the Minority Competent to move for, when Yeas and Nays are not Called.

The point of order was submitted that when section twenty-nine of House bill No. 140 was under consideration, an amendment was offered allowing fishing with nets and baskets. The amendment was adopted. Immediately after its adoption a motion was made for the reconsideration of the vote—the motion being made by the gentleman from Clearfield who voted with the minority, and therefore not entitled to the privilege. The proceedings being irregular and contrary to the rule, the motion and action of the House relative thereto should be stricken from the Journal, and the amendment should remain as part of the section. The Chair decided the point of order not well taken, as there was no record of the vote. (Journal H. R., 1897, p. 1059.)

Of Vote Defeating Bill, May Be Made within Five Days of Actual Session.

The point of order was raised whether five legislative days had not intervened since the bill was defeated. The Speaker ruled that the bill was defeated on the seventeenth instant, last Monday. The House was in session Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of last week. This will be the fourth day in which the House is in session. The point of order is not sustained. (Journal H. R., 1913, p. 6045, and Legislative Journal, 1913, p. 3072.)

ROLL OF MEMBERS.

Call of, Under Call for Previous Question in Order.

The Speaker decided that calling of the roll, under the call for the previous question, is in order. (Journal H. R., 1875, p. 343.)

RULES.

Of Last House, Continue in Force until Otherwise Ordered.

A resolution having been introduced, adopting the rules of the last House as the rules for the government of the House during the present session, Mr. Waddell submitted the following question of order, viz: "Is it in order for the House to pass a resolution making the rules of the last session apply to this session, while there exists a rule of the last House declaring that these rules shall remain in force until otherwise ordered?" The Speaker submitted the question to the House for decision. The House decided it not in order to pass the resolution. (Journal H. R., 1867, pp. 167, 191.)

RULES—Concluded.

Of Last House do not Continue in Force.

On motion to proceed to the election of a chief clerk, Mr. Fow submitted the point of order that the nomination and election of an officer on the same day was a transgression of the rules of the House. The Speaker decided the point of order was not well taken, as the House was not yet organized, and there were no rules in force. (Journal H. R., 1889, p. 10.)

Of Last House, Motion that they be Adopted, not in Order.

The Speaker decided that a resolution providing that the rules of the last House of Representatives be adopted as the rules of the House for the present session was not in order. (Journal H. R., 1868, p. 30.)

Resolution Dispensing with, Requires a Two-thirds Vote.

The Speaker decided it would require a two-thirds vote of the House to adopt any resolution which had for its object the dispensing, in any way, with the rule of the House which provides that when the House adjourns on Friday it will adjourn to meet on Monday evening next at half past seven o'clock. (Journal H. R., 1869, p. 714.)

Of Previous House, Requires Two-thirds Vote to Alter.

The Speaker decided that it required a two-thirds vote to alter or change a rule governing previous sessions of the House of Representatives, said rules not having been adopted by this session of the House of Representatives. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R. 1873, P. 176.)

Two-thirds Vote Necessary to Change.

A point of order was raised that a resolution involving a change of the rules of the House would require a two-thirds vote of the House to adopt it. The Speaker submitted the point of order to the House. The House decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1875, p. 234.)

Special Session which Changes, Requires a Two-thirds Vote.

The Speaker decided that it will require a two-thirds vote to adopt a resolution to hold special session, when it changes the rule of the House in relation to adjournment on Friday during the months of January, February and March. (Journal H. R., 1876, pp. 622, 623.)

Suspension of, for Previous Resolution having been Refused, an Order for Resolution Calling for a Duty of the Legislature Imposed by Law.

Mr. Wherry raised the point of order, that the House having refused to suspend the rules for the purpose of considering a previous resolution, the resolution was not in order. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken for the reason that the resolution called for a duty imposed upon the Legislature by a special act of Assembly. (Journal H. R., 1889, p. 1192.)

A Motion Changing Time of Meeting is a Change of, and Requires Unanimous Consent to Consider.

Mr. Brooks raised the point of order, that the motion changing the time of meeting on Monday was a change of rules and could not be considered unless unanimous consent be given. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1889, P. 1294.)

To Amend Report of Committee on, Requires a Two-thirds Vote.

Mr. Coray submitted the point of order, that having offered an amendment to the report of the Committee on Rules, the amendment passes by the same vote the original resolution required. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken, for it would require a two-thirds vote to adopt such amendment, as it changed the rules of the House, which require that all bills upon calendar shall be considered in their order upon such calendar and at the time fixed by the rules for such consideration. (Journal H. R., 1891, P. 1284.)

Motion to Change, Having Failed, not again in Order Same Day to Offer Motion Changing.

Mr. Fow submitted the point of order, that the motion would change the rules of the House, and that the House had refused once before today to change the rules and it could not be done. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 1386.)

RULES, JOINT.

Only a Majority Vote Necessary to Concur in Senate Amendments to House Resolution Changing.

Mr. Merrick submitted the point of order that as the resolution changed the joint rules, it required a two-thirds vote to concur in the Senate amendments. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1893, P. 2131.)

SENATORS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Not Competent for One House to Instruct.

A point of order was raised that it is not competent for one House of the General Assembly to instruct Senators of the United States. The Speaker decided the point of order to be well taken. (Journal H. R., 1875, P. 113.)

SESSION.

Special, Two-thirds Vote Necessary to Fix Special Order for, on a Division of the Question.

A resolution was offered, proposing to hold an afternoon session for the purpose of considering particular bills. A division of the question was called for, the first division to embrace the holding of an afternoon session, which was agreed to. On the question of the adoption of the second division of the resolution, which was "for the purpose of considering Senate bill No. 18, entitled 'An act to incorporate the Stroudsburg Bank,' and the bills of similar import," the Speaker decided that it would require a vote of two-thirds. An appeal was taken, and the decision of the Speaker was sustained. (Journal H. R., 1856, p. 626.)

Special, Resolution Fixing, for Special Purpose, Two-Thirds Vote not Necessary for, when not Divided.

A resolution was offered fixing a special session for the consideration of a particular bill. A question of order was raised, that it required a two-thirds vote to pass the resolution. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken, inasmuch as the vote was taken upon the resolution in its entirety. (Journal H. R., 1870, p. 241.)

Special, Two-Thirds Vote not Necessary to Fix, if not in Conflict with Rule.

The point of order was raised, that rule 59 requires that the House shall adjourn at or before 10 o'clock P. M. on Monday, and a resolution fixing a special session for the same day, after that hour, requires a two-thirds vote. The Speaker (Mr. Hahn), in the Chair, decided the point of order not well taken. On an appeal the House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1877, pp. 552-563.)

Special, Two-Thirds Vote Necessary to Suspend Regular Orders During.

The House having refused to suspend the orders of the day generally during the morning session of the House, and a session having been subsequently created, for a special purpose, upon the afternoon of the same day, the House decided that a two-thirds vote would suspend the orders during the afternoon session. (Journal H. R., 1859, p. 701.)

Special, for a Special Purpose, no other Business can be Considered at.

Mr. W. F. Stewart submitted the point of order that this being a special session for a special purpose, no other business could be considered. The Speaker decided the point of order well taken. (Journal H. R., 1891, p. 1443.)

Special, for Special Purpose, Unanimous Consent Requisite to Consider Other Business.

That this session being a special one for a special purpose, unanimous consent is requisite to take up any other business than the special order. (Journal H. R., 1879, p. 788.)

Continued after Midnight, Competent to Proceed with Business Pending Before the House.

The session of the House having continued after twelve o'clock midnight, the Speaker decided that it was in order to proceed with the business before the House. An appeal was taken. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1864, p. 1025.)

The hour of midnight having arrived, the Speaker decided that it was in order to proceed with the business then under consideration. (Journal H. R., 1872, pp. 622, 623.)

SPEAKER.

Bills under Control of.

The Speaker decided that all bills were under his control while in the possession of the House. An appeal was taken, which was laid on the table. (Journal H. R., 1859, pp. 292, 293, 294.)

SPECIAL ORDER.

Hour for, Having Arrived, must Proceed with.

The Speaker decided that the House having agreed to "proceed to the final vote upon a resolution at ten o'clock this evening," and that hour having arrived, nothing was in order but the vote on the final passage of the resolution. (Journal H. R., 1869, p. 767.)

Motion to Postpone, until Bill under Consideration Gone Through with in Order.

The point of order was submitted that the motion to postpone the consideration of a special order fixed at nine o'clock until the bill under consideration be disposed of, was out of order. The Speaker decided the point of order not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1895, p. 1681.)

House by Majority Vote on Recommendation of Committee on Rules Can Fix, for one Bill in Advance of Others.

Mr. Bedford submitted the point of order that the Committee on Rules had not the power to take out any single bill and make it a special order in advance of other bills. The Speaker read for the information of the gentleman, Rule 69, and decided the point of order not well taken. (Legislative Record, 1901, p. 2544.)

VETO MESSAGE.

Motion to Postpone Consideration of, for the Present, in Order.

A motion having been made to postpone consideration of the veto message for the present, Mr. Foy submitted the point of order "that under the provisions of the Constitution the House could not postpone the consideration of the communication." The Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Lytle) decided the point of order not well taken. (Journal H. R., 1893, p. 530.) (See also similar decision, same Journal, p. 532.)

VOTE.

Members Calling for Yeas and Nays Must Vote.

The Speaker decided that members calling for the yeas and nays were required to vote. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1857, p. 714.)

The House Ordering Members to, Abrogated Rule Relative to.

The Speaker decided that the House having ordered members to vote, the decision of the House abrogated, in this particular instance, the rule prohibiting members from voting who were in their seats when their names were called, and refused to vote. The House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1858, p. 715.)

Of Member Without the Bar, can be Received by Consent of Two-Thirds.

Mr. McDonough, after the announcement of the vote (he not being within the bar of the House when the vote was taken), asked leave to vote. The Chair decided that, under the fifty-fourth rule of the House, it will require two-thirds to permit the gentleman to vote, and that, if two-thirds vote in the affirmative, he can have the privilege, if asked for during the same day's session. (Journal H. R., 1860, p. 756.)

Member Cannot Vote after Speaker.

The Speaker decided that it was not in order for a member to vote after the Speaker's name had been called. (Journal H. R., 1864, p. 730.)

Of a Majority of all the Members not Necessary to Pass Concurrent Resolution Entailing Expense to the State.

The Speaker decided that a concurrent resolution to appoint a commission, which read: "The expenses of said commission shall be paid upon warrants drawn by the chairman upon the State Treasurer and approved by the Auditor-General, and each of said commissioners shall be allowed the sum of ten dollars per day, said expense and compensation to be paid out of such moneys as may by law be hereafter appropriated for such purposes," did not require one hundred and one votes (a majority of all the members of the House) to pass, as the resolution did not appropriate money. On an appeal, the House sustained the decision. (Journal H. R., 1878, p. 1394.)

VOTERS.

Qualifications of, an Amendment to a Bill Relating to, not in Order.

A motion was made to amend so as to insert the word "white" before the word "citizen." A question of order was raised, "that inasmuch as the Constitution defines the qualifications of voters, therefore the amendment was not in order." The point of order was submitted to the House, and it was decided to be well taken. (Journal H. R., 1868, p. 467.)

VOTING.

House Competent to Excuse Member from.

The Speaker decided that it was at all times competent for the House to excuse a member from voting. (Journal H. R., 1858, p. 813.)

WITNESSES.

Subpoenaed Before Contested Election Cases Must be Paid.

The speaker decided that witnesses, regularly subpoenaed before a contested election committee, must be paid according to law. (Journal H. R., 1869, p. 597.)

LEGISLATIVE PRACTICE AND PROCEEDINGS IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

TIME OF MEETING.

The General Assembly meets biennially on the first Tuesday of January, at 12 o'clock M., the next meeting being on January 4, 1921.

OFFICERS OF THE PRECEDING SESSION WHO ARE AUTHORIZED TO BE PRESENT AT THE ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The Lieutenant-Governor who by the Constitution is made President of the Senate presides at the opening of the Senate.

By the Act of July 1, 1919, P. L. 717, all the officers and employes of the Senate and House of Representatives shall return as such to the next regular biennial session of the Legislature following that for which they were elected or appointed.

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

THE SENATE.

At twelve o'clock M., on the day fixed for the meeting of the General Assembly, the twenty-five Senators whose term of office has not expired and the twenty-five Senators elect, together with the returning officers of the Senate, assemble in the Senate Chamber and are called to order by the President of the Senate (the Lieutenant-Governor) in the following form: "This being the day fixed by the Constitution for the meeting of the General Assembly, and there appearing to be present a sufficient number of the members of the Senate, together with a number of gentlemen elected to the Senate at the last general election to constitute a quorum, the Senate will come to order."

The custom is to call upon the former chaplain or any minister of the Gospel who may be present to open the proceedings with prayer, after which the Secretary of the Commonwealth, being introduced by the Sergeant-at-Arms, presents to the Senate the returns of the election for Senators held at the previous November election. A motion is then made by a member of the Senate that the clerk proceed to open and read the returns as presented, and upon said motion being agreed to the clerk performs said duty. Upon the completion of the reading of said returns the President orders the Clerk to call over the roll of Senators by districts, each Senator when his name is called, signifying his presence by answering "present," after which the newly elected Senators present themselves in front of the clerk's desk, when the requisite oath of office is administered to them by a judge of the Supreme Court, or a judge of the Court of Common Pleas learned in the law, and is signed by the Senators in a book prepared for the purpose. It is customary for those who swear by the Bible to be sworn first; then those who swear by the uplifted hand; and lastly those who affirm.

The next proceeding is the election of a President pro tempore, a motion being made by one of the Senators that the Senate do now proceed to such election and that the clerks act as tellers; this being agreed to, the President announces that nominations for said office are in order. After the nominations have been made the clerks proceed with the election by calling the roll of the Senate, and the Senators voting for their choice by a viva voce vote. The President announces the result of the vote and declares who has been elected; he then appoints a committee of two Senators (usually the defeated candidate, and the Senator who nominated the successful candidate) to escort the President pro tempore to the chair. The next order of business is the election of the Chief Clerk and other officers, after which the Senate is ready to proceed with any business that may be presented.

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The members elected and returned together with the returning officers of the House of Representatives, meet in the Hall of the House of Representatives on the day fixed for the meeting of the Legislature, and at eleven o'clock A. M. of that day one of the oldest members, that is, one who has been a member for previous years and returned elected to the present session, announces from the Speaker's stand, "that the members of the House of Representatives will meet this day at twelve o'clock M., for the purpose of organization." When that time arrives, the clerk rises and says: "This being the day appointed by the Constitution for the meeting of the General Assembly, and there being present a sufficient number of gentlemen elected members to constitute a quorum, the House will come to order."

As soon as this announcement is made by the Clerk, and order restored, the Secretary of the Commonwealth presents himself at the bar of the House. The Sergeant-at-Arms immediately arises and announces, "The Secretary of the Commonwealth." The Clerk then announces to the House, "The Secretary of the Commonwealth." When this is done, the Secretary of the Commonwealth advances a few feet within the bar of the House, and says: "Mr. Clerk, I have the honor to present the returns of the late election of members of the House of Representatives for the several cities and counties of this Commonwealth, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws relating to the election of this Commonwealth."

As soon as the Secretary of the Commonwealth retires, some member arises in his place, and moves "that the returns of the election be opened and read." This motion being regularly stated by the Clerk, and agreed to by the House, the Clerk proceeds first, with the returns from the city of Philadelphia, and then with those of the several counties in the Commonwealth, in alphabetical order.

When the returns are all read, and the names of the members returned as such announced, the Clerk then calls over the roll of members alphabetically, each member, when his name is called, signifying his presence by answering "present." The oath of office is then administered by a judge of the Supreme Court or of a Court of Common Pleas learned in the law, and is signed in a book prepared for the purpose. It is usual for those who swear by the Bible to be sworn first; then those who swear by the uplifted hand; and lastly those who affirm.

A motion is then made by a member, "that the members present do now, in conformity with the ninth section of the second article of the Constitution, proceed to the election of a Speaker." This motion being stated by the Clerk, and adopted by the House, nominations are made; after which the Clerk proceeds to call over the names of the members, each member announcing distinctly when his name is called, the person for whom he votes. When the call of the roll is gone through with, the Clerks add up the number of votes given for each person voted for, and the result is announced to the House by the Clerk. If any one candidate receives a majority of all the votes cast, he is declared elected Speaker.

The Chief Clerk and other officers of the House are then elected, after which the House is ready to consider any business which may be presented.

OF THE GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE AND SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE.

There are certain duties pertaining to the offices of President and Speaker which are not necessary to be specified by rule, being so obviously proper and right as to be indisputable.

1. He calls the Assembly to order at the time fixed for the meeting, and ascertains the presence of a quorum.

2. He causes the journal of the preceding session to be read and passed upon by the Assembly.

3. He announces the business and lays it before the Assembly, in the order in which it is to be acted upon.

4. He receives any propositions made by members and puts them to the Assembly and declares the determination of the body.

5. He decides all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Assembly.

6. He preserves order and decorum in debate and at all other times.

7. He is the representative of the body itself, in its powers, its proceedings and its dignity.

8. Under the rules he has the general direction of the hall.

9. He receives and announces to the Assembly all messages from other branches of the government, and also any other appropriate communications.

10. He gives notice and signs in the presence of the body all acts, orders, addresses and joint resolutions.

11. When a legislative body is engaged in its judicial functions, it is the duty of the presiding officer to conduct the proceedings, to put questions to parties and witnesses, and to pronounce the sentence or judgment.

12. When the Assembly is engaged in any of its high administrative functions, or in matters of state or ceremony, as, for example, when a member or other person is to be reprimanded or thanked, the presiding officer is the mouthpiece and organ of the body.

13. The President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House are always members, and may present petitions, memorials and remonstrances sent to them. They possess the right to vote as other members, on all questions before the body, and may leave the chair and address the body on any question. The Lieutenant-Governor, as President of the Senate, only votes when there is a tie.

BILLS IN PLACE.

All bills read in place in the Senate and House of Representatives must be presented in triplicate, before presenting same it is the duty of the member to fold them up in a neat form (about three and one-half inches by eight and one-half inches) and indorse on the back of each the title of the act and following this he signs his name with county and date of presentation. The extra copies are marked "duplicate" at the top.

FORM OF ENDORSEMENT.

Title of the Bill.

Name of Member.

County.

Date.

Senate (or H. R.)

Jan. 4, 1921.

In the Senate when the order of business of reading bills in place is reached the Senator who desires to present a bill, arises, and, addressing the Chair, says: "Mr. President, I read in my place, and present to the Chair, a bill, entitled "(here he states the title of the bill.)" The President says: "The Senator fromCounty, Mr. reads in his place and presents to the Chair a bill, entitled (here he reads the title); which is referred to the Committee on"

To prevent confusion in the House of Representatives, a Member who desires to introduce a bill, first endorses the same and then deposits it, together with the duplicates properly endorsed, in a box which is in the custody of the Chief Clerk. At the close of each day the Chief Clerk presents all the bills that have been left in his custody during the day to the Speaker for reference by him to appropriate committees. The next succeeding day after the Journal has been approved the bills are reported to the House by the Speaker, with the appropriate committee references written thereon.

All bills and joint resolutions presented in either the Senate or House of Representatives must be presented in triplicate:—one copy for the use of the committee, one for the use of the press, and one for the use of the printer.

OF RESOLUTIONS.

In general, the parliamentary meaning of "resolution" is the expression of the will of the House in regard to any subject before it, public or private; as, for example, that the use of the hall be granted for a particular purpose; that the House will adjourn at a particular time; that certain companies be required to furnish statements, et cetera. If information is desired from any of the departments, or from the Executive, the resolution assumes the form of a request, as for example: "Resolved, That the Auditor-General be requested to furnish the House or Senate with a statement," et cetera.

This, however, is indeed but an expression of will; the House, by the resolution, doing nothing more than declaring it to be their will that the Auditor-General be requested to furnish the statement.

When a member is desirous of bringing before the House any proposition for its determination, he writes it out in the form of a resolution, in a plain legible hand, and as soon as the Speaker announces that "original resolutions are now in order," he rises in his place and says: "Mr. Speaker (or Mr. President), I offer the following resolution." The Speaker then says: "The gentleman from offers the following resolution: the resolution will be read." As soon as the Clerk has read it, the Speaker says: "What order will the House take upon the resolution?" Generally the response is, "Second Reading." The Speaker then puts the question, "Will the House or Senate proceed to the second reading and consideration of the resolution?" If this is decided in the affirmative, the Clerk is directed to read the resolution again, when it is regularly before the House for its action. But no amendment can be offered to the resolution, or any motion made in regard to it, until it is in possession of the Senate or House, which is when the body has agreed to proceed to its second reading. Before that time it is always in the power of the mover to withdraw it. If the House refuses to proceed to the second reading, the resolution is then considered as rejected for that time, although the mover is not thereby precluded from moving on the next day, that the House do now proceed to its second reading, or on another day again offering the resolution.

As soon as the Senate or House has agreed to the second reading of the resolution, and it has been read by the Clerk, if it be a resolution that can be considered without reference to a committee, it is then subject to amendment, and the amendment while under consideration, is also subject to amendment; but there can be no amendment of an amendment to an amendment, because this would be an amendment in the third degree, and would tend rather to embarrass than facilitate business. If the resolution contain two or more distinct propositions, it may be divided, and a vote had on each division separately. A resolution may be amended by striking out all after the word "Resolved," and inserting different matter, if upon the same subject as the original related to.

In the Senate, resolutions on the following subjects, after being twice read, must be referred to an appropriate committee without debate (unless by unanimous consent the Senate shall otherwise direct), and, if favorably reported by the committee, shall lie over for one day for consideration, after which they may be called up under their appropriate order of business, viz: All Senate and House concurrent resolutions (excepting resolutions in reference to adjournments and those recalling bills from the Governor, which are regarded as privileged); resolutions containing calls for information from the heads of departments, or to alter the rules; and resolutions giving rise to debate. (except such as relate to the disposition of matters immediately before the Senate, to the business of the day on which offered, and to adjournment or taking a recess.)

In the House, after being twice read, all resolutions recalling bills from the Governor; recalling bills from one House to the other; requesting information from heads of departments; those relating to adjournment; discharging committees from further consideration of bills, and placing negative bills upon the calendar; also those emanating from the Committee on Rules are given immediate consideration. All others, after being twice read, are printed and lie over for one day, after which they may be called up under their appropriate order of business.

Joint resolutions, being in the nature of bills, cannot be submitted to the House under the head of original resolutions. They are deposited with the Chief Clerk, the same as bills, who presents them to the Speaker for reference to Committees.

Concurrent resolutions are those on which the action of both Senate and House are required, and are treated in each House the same as original resolutions.

OF LETTERS, PETITIONS, ET CETERA.

If a letter, petition, memorial or remonstrance be sent to a member to be by him presented to the House or Senate, his first duty is to fold it up in a neat form (about three and one-half inches by eight and one-half inches) and indorse on the back of it, in brief, the subject on which it treats, and immediately above this statement he signs his name and county, and indorses the date. For example, a member has a petition for the passage of a bill, et cetera, he indorses it in this way: "The petition of the inhabitants of praying," et cetera.

All petitions, letters, memorials or remonstrances after being properly indorsed are filed by the member with the chief clerk, who presents them to the presiding officer, by whom they are referred to appropriate committees.

ENDORSEMENT ON PETITION.

Name of Member. County.

Substance of Petition.

(Date.)

H. B. (or Sen.)

Jan. 4, 1921.

ACTION ON BILLS BY STANDING COMMITTEES.

When a bill has been referred to a standing committee, for its consideration, by means of bills read in place by a member, the committee, as soon as they have completed the examination, make report of the result of their deliberations to the House, and this report varies, according to the circumstances of the case.

Suppose, for example, a member should read in his place a bill, and this bill has been, in the usual course of business, referred to the appropriate committee. Should the committee agree to report the bill affirmatively they would give it in charge of one of their number, to be reported, the secretary first indorsing the name of the member on the back, the name of the committee, and words "as committed." In case the committee made amendments, the secretary would then indorse on the bill the words "with amendments." If a committee recommended that a bill be negative, the secretary indorses the words "neg. rec." on the back. If the bill committed to a House committee for examination was a Senate bill, and no amendments were made, the secretary would indorse on it the words "as committed," and if amendments were made, the indorsement would be the same as in the case of a House bill. Similar action should be taken in the Senate committees on House bills.

AMENDING BILLS IN COMMITTEE.

Whenever a committee, to whom has been referred a bill for examination, make amendments to it, care should be taken to indicate them in such a way as to be readily comprehended by the clerks, and in the House, in case of a Senate bill, to each amendment should be annexed, on the margin of the bill, the words "H. C. Andt.," which means House committee amendment. In the Senate, the amendments to House bills should be "Sen. Andt." When these marks are used, it can always be ascertained whether the amendment was first made by the committee of the House, which sometimes becomes important. But no part of any bill should be mutilated. A line should be drawn around such words or parts of words intended to be stricken out. No amendments made in pencil can be entertained. In the House red ink is used in indicating amendments made to Senate bills.

ACTION ON BILLS IN THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

When a bill has been reported by a committee and printed, it is placed on the calendar of bills on first reading, is read the first time at length, and under the rule cannot be amended but is simply agreed to, and laid aside for second reading. When the order is reached of bills on second reading in the House, the Speaker announces the number and title, and the bill is committed to the committee of the whole (unless the committee of the whole should be dispensed with.) The Speaker then calls a member to the chair. The chairman directs the clerk to read the first section, after which he puts the question upon the section, and so on through the whole bill. As each section comes up it is subject to debate and amendment, but the yeas and nays cannot be called, nor can any question of privilege be raised in committee of the whole. When the last section has been acted on the chairman announces the fact, and then says, "The bill has been gone through with," and the committee rise and the chairman reports the bill back to the House, stating whether with amendments, as committed, or negative, as the case may be. After being reported, the Speaker says, "Will the House agree to the report of the Committee of the Whole?" If agreed to, and the bill having already been read through in committee of the whole, the Speaker says, "The bill is before the House on second reading." The bill is then open for debate or motion to amend in any part. In the Senate, the chairman, if reporting the bill from the Committee of the Whole with amendments, moves that they be inserted, and if agreed to, the amendments are entered in the Journal, and the same course is followed as in the House. But in neither House can the title be acted on by any committee. Should the Committee of the Whole be dispensed with, then the bill must be read through by sections on second reading, and as each section is read, the question is stated to the House by the Speaker, and the section is subject to debate or amendment. When the last section has been agreed to, the next question is upon the title, that being agreed to, the next step is the transcribing of the bill, and the Speaker says: "This bill has now been read a second time, considered and agreed to; the question will be on transcribing the bill for a third reading. Shall the bill be transcribed?" This is usually agreed to, but should an opposition to it be manifested, the Speaker must take the sense of the House regularly upon it, for the form stated has only been adopted to save time on a question which, in most cases, is never opposed. The bill being thus ordered to be transcribed, lies over and comes up on the calendar of bills on third reading. When a bill is reached on third reading, after the bill has been read through, the Speaker says: "This bill has now been read a third time; the question is on agreeing to the bill the third time." If agreed to, the next question is on its final passage, when the Speaker says: "This bill has been read three times at length on three separate days, considered and agreed to, the question is now on its final passage. Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays will be taken, on the final passage of the bill." If the bill passes, an order follows, of course, which should always be stated by the Speaker, in the case of House bills: "The clerk will present the same to the Senate for concurrence." In case of Senate bills without amendment, "The clerk will return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment." In case of Senate bills with amendments, "The Clerk will return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested. If the bill considered should be a Senate bill, and not a House bill, the same proceedings are had, and the form varies in only two particulars: The first is after the title is agreed to on the second reading, instead of the Speaker saying, as in case of House bills, "Shall the bill be transcribed for a third reading?" he says, "Shall the bill be prepared for a third reading?" because the bill was transcribed before it came from the Senate, each House transcribing its own bills; and second, when the bill comes up on third reading, instead of saying, "This bill has now been read a third time," he says: "This bill originated in the Senate; it has been read three times at length and agreed to, the question is on its final passage," and then orders the yeas and nays to be called on the final passage of the bill. In the Senate, the same form is followed with House bills.

When a bill is on third reading, suppose it is desirable still further to amend it, the member desirous of doing so arises in his place, and says: "Mr. Speaker, I move that the bill be committed to the Committee of the Whole House, for the purpose of amending the same as follows, viz: (here he states the amendment.) If this motion is decided in the affirmative, the House then resolves itself into Committee of the Whole, and the amendment is inserted, and the chairman, as in other cases, leaves the chair, goes to his seat, and says: "Mr. Speaker, the Committee of the Whole, to which was committed, for special amendment, bill No. entitled 'An act', has instructed its chairman to report the same, amended in accordance with the instructions of the House," and if no further motions of a like character should be made, the question of agreeing to the bill on third reading is then taken, and the result announced. But if the member desires that the whole bill should be open in committee for amendment, he moves, "that the bill be committed to the Committee of the Whole for general amendment;" and if this motion should be adopted, and the bill be so committed, and amendments are made, the chairman merely reports the bill "with amendments;" the Speaker then puts the question, "Will the House agree to the report of the committee?" After decision, the question is again put on agreeing to the bill the third time.

Very similar action is had in the Senate, except when general amendments have been made in Committee of the Whole, and the report is agreed to, the question is put, "Will the Senate agree to the bill as amended?"

In case a bill has been amended upon its second or third reading it must be printed, with the amendments, before the vote is taken on its final passage.

FORMS OF MESSAGES FROM ONE HOUSE TO THE OTHER.

When the Clerk has but one bill to take from the House to the Senate for concurrence the form is—

"The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence, bill No. 1, entitled 'An act for the protection of laborers.'"

If there be two or more bills, the form is—

"The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows:—

- "No. 1. 'An act for the protection of laborers.'"
 "No. 2. 'An act relative to insurance companies.'"

If there be in connection with bills for concurrence, Senate bills, without amendment, the form is—

"The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows:—

- "No. 1. 'An act for the protection of laborers.'"
 "No. 2. 'An act relative to insurance companies.'"

He also returned bills from the Senate, numbered and entitled as follows:

- "No. 20. 'An act relative to brokers.'"
 "No. 21. 'An act relative to banks.'"

"With information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment."

If the Senate bills have amendments, the form is—

"The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows:—

- "No. 1. 'An act for the protection of laborers.'"
 "No. 2. 'An act relative to insurance companies.'"

He also returned bills from the Senate, numbered and entitled as follows:

- "No. 20. 'An act relative to brokers.'"
 "No. 21. 'An act relative to banks.'"

"With information that the House of Representatives has passed the same with an amendment (or amendments), in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested."

But suppose the Senate had passed a bill from the House, No. 1, for example, with amendments, and the House has concurred in them, the following would be added to the above message:

"He also informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to the bill from the House of Representatives, entitled

- "No. 1. 'An act for the protection of laborers.'"

Should the House non-concur in the amendments made by the Senate to the bill, then the information is the same, except that the word non-concurred is used instead of concurred.

If the House, however, concurs in the Senate amendments with an amendment, the information in the message is:

"He also informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to the bill from the House of Representatives, entitled

- "No. 1. 'An act for the protection of laborers.'"

"With an amendment (or amendments) in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested."

But suppose the House should concur in one amendment made by the Senate to the bill and non-concur in the other, the information to be given would be:

"He also informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the first amendment made by the Senate to the bill from the House of Representatives, entitled

- "No. 1. 'An act for the protection of laborers,' and has concurred in the second."

And if the House should concur with an amendment, then is added: "And has concurred in the second, with an amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested."

Suppose, again, that the House of Representatives concur in the amendments made by the Senate to amendments made by the House of Representatives to said bill, the information would be:

"He also informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in the amendment made by the Senate to the amendments made by the House of Representatives to bill from the House of Representatives, entitled

- "No. 1. 'An act for the protection of laborers.'"

And if the House should non-concur, then the message varies accordingly.

If, in all these cases, the House or Senate should recede, insist or adhere to any amendments made by them, respectively, to a bill, then the form used is precisely the same as those already given, except the words recede, insist or adhere, are used, as the case may be.

If the House insists, then follows the appointment of a committee of conference, and the information to be given is:

"He informed the Senate that the House of Representatives insists upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the Senate, to the bill from the House of Representatives, No. 1, entitled (here state the title) and has appointed Messrs. A. B., C. D., and E. F., a committee of conference, to confer with a similar committee of the Senate: If the Senate should appoint such committee, on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses on said bill."

If the Senate should have already appointed a committee, then the words used, instead of "If the Senate should appoint a committee," are "already appointed by the Senate," thus changing the form to suit the circumstances.

If the House should pass a resolution, which requires the concurrence of the Senate, the form of the message is:

"The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives:—

(Here follows the resolution, with the date of its passage.)

The same form is used by the Clerk of the Senate, using the word "Senate," instead of "House of Representatives," et cetera.

CERTIFICATES ATTACHED TO BILLS PASSED OVER VETO, AND TO BILLS HELD TEN DAYS.

The following forms are used when bills become laws, in any of the modes prescribed by the Constitution, other than by the approval of the Executive.

When a bill has not been returned by the Executive within ten days after it has been presented to him for his approval, the following certificate is attached, which the clerk of the Senate and House of Representatives both sign, the clerk of the body in which the bill originated signing first, and they then send the bill to the Secretary's office:

We do certify that the bill (here insert title), was presented to the Governor on the day of one thousand nine hundred and, and was not returned within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it had been presented to him; wherefore it has, agreeably to the Constitution of this Commonwealth, become a law in like manner as if he had signed it.
Clerk of the House of Representatives.
Clerk of the Senate.

Harrisburg (date).

When a bill has been disapproved by the Executive, and both Houses have passed it by the constitutional majority of two-thirds, there must be two certificates, one for each House, and signed by the Speaker and Clerks, as follows:

We do certify that the bill, entitled (here insert title), which has been disapproved by the Governor, and returned, with his objections, to the House of Representatives (or Senate), in which it originated, was passed by two-thirds of the House of Representatives, on the day of one thousand nine hundred and, and the foregoing is the act so passed by the House.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.
Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Harrisburg (date).

We do certify that the bill (here insert title), which has been disapproved by the Governor, and returned with his objections, to the House of Representatives (or Senate), in which it originated, was passed by two-thirds of the Senate, on the day of one thousand nine hundred and, and the foregoing is the act so passed by the Senate.

President of the Senate.
Clerk of the Senate.

Harrisburg (date).

The Speaker and Clerk of the House in which the bill originated sign the first certificate, and then the President and the Clerk of the other House the second.

OATH OF PUBLIC OFFICERS.

The oath required by the Constitution to be administered to Senators and Representatives, Judicial, State and county officers, is, as follows:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support, obey, and defend the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of this Commonwealth, and that I will discharge the duties of my office with fidelity, that I have not paid or contributed, or promise to pay or contribute, either directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing, to procure my nomination or election (or appointment), except for necessary and proper expenses expressly authorized by law; that I have not knowingly violated any election law of this Commonwealth, or procured it to be done by others in my behalf; that I will not knowingly receive, directly or indirectly, any money or valuable thing for the performance or non-performance of any act or duty pertaining to my office other than the compensation allowed by law."

The foregoing oath shall be administered by some person authorized to administer oaths, and in case of State officers and judges of the Supreme Court, shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in the case of the other judicial and county officers, in the office of the prothonotary of the county in which the same is taken. The oath to the members of the Senate and House of Representatives shall be administered by one of the judges of the Supreme Court, or of a court of common pleas, learned in the law, in the Hall of the House to which the members shall be elected.

COUNTING THE VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, AUDITOR-GENERAL, STATE TREASURER AND SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

When the Legislature meets after an election for either of the above named officers, the two Houses, either by a resolution direct or through a committee appointed for the purpose, fix the time and place for opening and publishing the returns of the election. The time is usually, in case of the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, twelve o'clock M., on the Thursday preceding the day of their inauguration, and the place, the House of Representatives, in the presence of the two Houses. Each House appoints a teller, and notifies the other in advance of the meeting.

A committee from the House of Representatives waits on the Senate a few minutes before the meeting, and escorts the President and members of the Senate to the place of meeting, when the President of the Senate, or in his absence, the President pro tempore, takes the chair of the Speaker of the House, and, after order is restored, says: "This being the day and hour agreed upon for opening and publishing the returns of the election for Governor (held on Tuesday next following the first Monday in November last), the clerk of the Senate will read over the returns from the several counties and the tellers take down the number of votes given for each person voted for as Governor." The Clerk then proceeds to read aloud the returns, and the tellers to note down the number of votes, and so on until all the returns from the several counties are read over. A computation is then made. When this is done the result is announced by the President of the Senate, and the certificate of election signed by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and attested by the tellers, as follows:

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF ELECTION OF GOVERNOR AND OTHER STATE OFFICERS.

"We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate, did on the day of A. D. one thousand nine hundred and, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Governor of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the Legislature, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws, of said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House it appeared that had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said was declared to have been duly elected Governor of the Commonwealth.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals the day and year above written."

..... (Seal.)
..... (Seal.)

DISPOSITION OF CERTIFICATE.

This certificate is to be deposited in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and a duplicate, signed by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives, and attested by the tellers, transmitted to the Governor-elect.

ACTION AFTER RETURNS ARE ANNOUNCED AND CERTIFICATES SIGNED.

The committee of introduction then conduct the President and members of the Senate to their Chamber and retire. The tellers make out a report of the number of votes given for each person voted for, including a copy of the certificate, and this report is made to the Senate and House respectively, and entered on the Journals. The same form of proceeding is followed in counting the vote for Lieutenant-Governor, State Treasurer, Auditor-General and Secretary of Internal Affairs.

INAUGURATION OF GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

The oath of office is administered to the Governor in the presence of the Legislature and State officers, by some person authorized to administer oaths (usually the chief justice of the Supreme Court), on the third Tuesday of January following his election.

The Lieutenant-Governor takes the oath of office on the same day in the presence of the Senate.

LEGISLATION PROHIBITED BY THE CONSTITUTION.

No law shall be passed except by bill, and no bill shall be so altered or amended, on its passage through either House, as to change its original purpose.

No bill shall be considered unless referred to a committee, returned therefrom, and printed for the use of the members.

No bill, except general appropriation bills, shall be passed containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title.

Every bill shall be read at length on three different days, in each House; all amendments made thereto shall be printed for the use of the members before the final vote is taken on the bill, and no bill shall become a law, unless on its final passage the vote be taken by yeas and nays, the names of the persons voting for and against the same be entered on the Journal, and a majority of the members elected to each House be recorded thereon as voting in its favor.

No amendment to bills by one House shall be concurred in by the other, except by the vote of a majority of the members elected thereto, taken by yeas and nays, and the names of those voting for and against recorded upon the Journal thereof; and reports of committees of conference shall be adopted in either House only by the vote of a majority of the members elected thereto, taken by yeas and nays, and the names of those voting recorded upon the Journals.

No law shall be revived, amended, or the provisions thereof extended or conferred, by reference to its title only, but so much thereof as is revived, amended, extended or conferred shall be re-enacted and published at length.

The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law—

Authorizing the creation, extension or impairing of liens:

Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs or school districts:

Changing the names of persons or places:

Changing the venue of civil or criminal cases:

Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys: Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges, crossing streams which form boundaries between this and any other State:

Vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys:

Relating to cemeteries, grave yards or public grounds not of the State:

Authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children:

Locating or changing county seats, erecting new counties, or changing county lines:

Incorporating cities, towns or villages, or changing their charters:

For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting:

Granting of divorces:

Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits, or school districts:

Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts:

Changing the law of descent or succession:

Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery, or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate:

Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables:

Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses, and the raising of money for such purposes:

Fixing the rate of interest:

Affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment:

Remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid into the treasury:

Exempting property from taxation:

Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing:

Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof:

Granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down a railroad track:

Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed:

Nor shall any law be passed granting powers or privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for.

No local or special bill shall be passed unless notice of the intention to apply therefor shall have been published in the locality where the matter or the thing to be affected may be situated, which notice shall be at least thirty days prior to the introduction into the General Assembly of such bill and in the manner to be provided by law; the evidence of such notice having been published, shall be exhibited in the General Assembly before such act shall be passed.

No bill shall be passed giving any extra compensation to any public officer, servant, employee, agent or contractor, after services shall have been rendered or contract made, nor providing for the payment of any claim against the Commonwealth without previous authority of law.

No law shall extend the term of any public officer, or increase or diminish his salary or emoluments, after his election or appointment.

The general appropriation bill shall embrace nothing but appropriations for the ordinary expenses of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt, and for public schools; all other appropriations shall be made by separate bills, each embracing but one subject.

No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except upon appropriations made by law, and on warrant drawn by the proper officer in pursuance thereof.

No appropriation shall be made to any charitable or educational institution not under the absolute control of the Commonwealth, other than normal schools established by law for the professional training of teachers for the public schools of the State, except by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each House.

No appropriations, except for pensions or gratuities for military services, shall be made for charitable, educational or benevolent purposes, to any person or community, nor to any denominational or sectarian institution, corporation or association.

The General Assembly may make appropriations of money to institutions wherein the widows of soldiers are supported or assisted, or the orphans of soldiers are maintained and educated; but such appropriation shall be applied exclusively to the support of such widows and orphans.

The General Assembly shall not delegate to any special commission, private corporation or association, any power to make, supervise or interfere with any municipal improvement, money, property or effects, whether held in trust or otherwise, or to levy taxes or perform any municipal function whatever.

No act of General Assembly shall limit the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death, or for injuries to persons or property; and, in case of death from such injuries, the right of action shall survive, and the General Assembly shall prescribe for whose benefit such actions shall be prosecuted. No act shall prescribe any limitations of time within which suits may be brought against corporations for injuries to persons or property, or for other causes, different from those fixed by general laws regulating actions against natural persons, and such acts now existing are avoided.

No act of General Assembly shall authorize the investment of trust funds by executors, administrators, guardians, or other trustees, in the bonds or stock of any private corporation, and such acts now existing are avoided, saving investments heretofore made.

The power to change the venue in civil and criminal cases shall be vested in the courts, to be exercised in such manner as shall be provided by law.

No obligation or liability of any railroad or other corporation, held or owned by the Commonwealth, shall ever be exchanged, transferred, remitted, postponed, or in any way diminished, by the General Assembly, nor shall such liability or obligation be released, except by payment thereof into the State Treasury.

When the General Assembly shall be convened in special session, there shall be no legislation upon subjects other than those designated in the proclamation of the Governor calling such session.

No State office shall be continued or created for the inspection or measuring of any merchandise, manufacture or commodity, but any county or municipality may appoint such officers when authorized by law.

No law changing the location of the Capitol of this State shall be valid until the same shall have been submitted to the qualified electors of the Commonwealth, at a general election, and ratified and approved by them.

ACT REGULATING THE PUBLICATION OF APPLICATIONS FOR LOCAL OR SPECIAL LEGISLATION.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That no local or special bill, either to repeal or enact a law, shall be passed by the Legislature, unless notice of the intention to apply therefor shall be published in the locality where the matter or thing to be affected may be situated, which notice shall state specifically the title and objects of the bill, and shall be published by not less than four insertions in at least two daily or weekly newspapers, one of which may be in a language, other than English, once a week for four consecutive weeks, printed in the county, or in each of the several counties, where such matter or thing to be affected may be situated; the first insertion to be at least thirty days prior to and within three months immediately preceding the introduction of such bill into the General Assembly, and be signed by at least one of the parties applying therefor: Provided, That the publication, in one newspaper shall be deemed sufficient where but one is published in the county or counties aforesaid.

Section 2. The evidence of the publication aforesaid shall be by attaching to a bill a copy or copies, as the case may be, of said notice, verified by the affidavit of the owner, publisher, editor or foreman of each of the several newspapers in which said notice is by this act required to be published, of due compliance with the preceding section.

Section 3. That when such local or special bill shall affect any matter or thing situated in any city or borough, said publication shall be in two of the newspapers published in said city or borough, if so many there be; and if there be but one, a publication in that one shall be deemed sufficient; if there be no newspaper published in said city or borough, then by publication in the newspaper or newspapers of the county in which said city or borough is located, as provided in the first section of this act. (Act of February 12, 1874, P. L. 43.)

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES OF SENATORS AND MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 1919.

SENATORS.

FRANK E. BALDWIN, Potter County, was born at Duke Center, McKean County, Pa., June 4, 1868; attended public schools, Chamberlain Institute at Randolph, N. Y., St. Bonaventures College, Allegany, N. Y.; taught school three years; graduated from the Law Department of the University of Michigan in 1895; located at Austin, Potter County, Pa., in 1894, where he has since followed the legal profession, is interested in real estate, banking and oil business; is president of the Bank of Austin; was Mercantile Appraiser of McKean County in 1893; served as Burgess of Austin, two terms; school director, five years, and postmaster, seven years; was Chairman of the Republican County Committee in 1902; was also Delegate to Republican State Conventions; elected to the Senate in 1908; and again in November, 1918.

RICHARD JACOBS BALDWIN, Delaware County, was born in East Bradford Township, Chester County, Pa., March 1, 1853; educated in the public schools and Maplewood and Eaton Academies; spent his early life on a farm; entered the mercantile business at twenty-three years of age; was Recorder of Deeds of Delaware County from 1902 to 1907; was a Member of the House of Representatives, Sessions of 1895, 1897, 1899, 1911, 1913, 1915, and 1917; was elected Speaker of the House of Representatives on January 2, 1917; is now president and manager of the United States Fireworks Manufacturing Company; elected to the Senate February 25, 1919, to fill the unexpired term of Honorable William C. Sproul, resigned.

WALLACE J. BARNES, Wayne County, was born at Beach Lake, Wayne County, Pa., August 16, 1861; attended the public schools there, and then became a student at Chili Seminary, North Chili, New York; taught for a few years in the public schools of Wayne County, then engaged in lumbering, which occupation he has more or less followed up to the present time; on September 24, 1884, was married to Miss Elizabeth G. Oliver; in 1911, was elected prothonotary and clerk of the courts of Wayne County, and re-elected in 1915; resigned this office December 1, 1918, to assume the duties of State Senator to which office he was elected in November, 1918.

CADWALLADER M. BARR, Allegheny County, was born at Parkers Landing, Armstrong County, Pa., March 12, 1876; was educated in the public schools and Washington and Jefferson College; taught in the public and high schools of Pennsylvania; since 1903 has been engaged in the investment banking business in Pittsburgh; enlisted in the United States Army, Construction Division, Quartermaster Corps, and was honorably discharged with a high rating as a captain in December, 1918; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.

C. WILLIAM BEALES, Adams County, was born December 18, 1877; educated in the public schools; was graduated from Northern University of Ohio, Pharmaceutical Department; since then has been engaged in the drug business; served as clerk to County Commissioners; postmaster, at Gettysburg; and as Member of the Sixty-fourth Congress; was elected to the Senate in November, 1918.

JAMES SLATINGTON BOYD, Montgomery County, was born in Norristown, Montgomery County, Pa., July 11, 1883; was graduated from the Norristown High School in 1900, and from the University of Pennsylvania in 1905; while attending the University was a member of the track team of which he was captain during 1904-05, and established a new record for putting the sixteen pound shot; was a member of the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity and Sphinx Senior Society; followed journalism from 1905 until 1909, and contributed to a number of magazines and papers; since 1909 has been engaged in the automobile business; was a member of the House of Representatives, session of 1917; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.

CLARENCE J. BUCKMAN, Bucks County, was born in Middletown township, Bucks County, Pa., October 31, 1879; reared on a farm and attended the public schools, graduating from the Hulmeville High School in 1894; prepared for college at State Model School, Trenton, N. J., from which he was graduated in 1897; entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated therefrom at the age of twenty years in 1900; is a member of the bars of Bucks and Philadelphia Counties, and of the law firm of Buckman and Buckman; director of the Farmers' National Bank of Bucks County; was a member of the Republican County Committee of Bucks County for five years; served as a delegate to the Republican State Convention in 1907, and to the Republican National Convention in 1916; was a member of the House of Representatives, session of 1909; elected to the Senate in 1910; re-elected in 1914, and in November, 1918; elected President pro tempore of the Senate at the close of the session of 1917, and served as President pro tempore of the Senate during the session of 1919.

***JAMES M. CAMPBELL**, Mercer County, was born in Mercer County, Pa., December 15, 1868; educated in the public schools and at Thell College, Greenville, Pa., graduating therefrom in 1887; read law and was admitted to the bar of Mercer County in 1892; elected district attorney of Mercer County in 1899, and again in 1902; served as chairman of the Republican County Committee from 1901 to 1903; elected to the Senate in 1906; again elected in November, 1918.

***STERLING R. CATLIN**, Luzerne County, was born in Wilkes-Barre, Pa., in 1842; is a grand son of General William Ross; educated in the public and private schools, and subsequently completed a course in Polytechnic College, of Philadelphia; served an apprenticeship of four years at trade of machinist and followed that occupation for twelve years; during the Civil War served in the Thirtieth Pennsylvania Regiment; crossed the plains in 1864 and was one of the original settlers in Helena, Montana; later on went to California and for five years was Superintendent of Machinery at Mare Island Navy Yard, after which he returned to Pennsylvania; was a member of the Wilkes-Barre council for five years; elected to the Senate in 1904, 1908, and 1912; re-elected in November, 1916, and, at the time of his death, was the oldest member of the Senate in point of service.

*Died June 11, 1919.

†Died March 23, 1919.



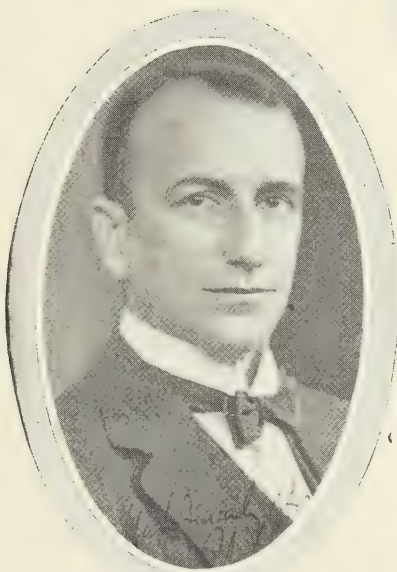
CLARENCE J. BUCKMAN

PRESIDENT PRO TEM.
OF SENATE
SESSION OF 1919



FRANK E. BALDWIN

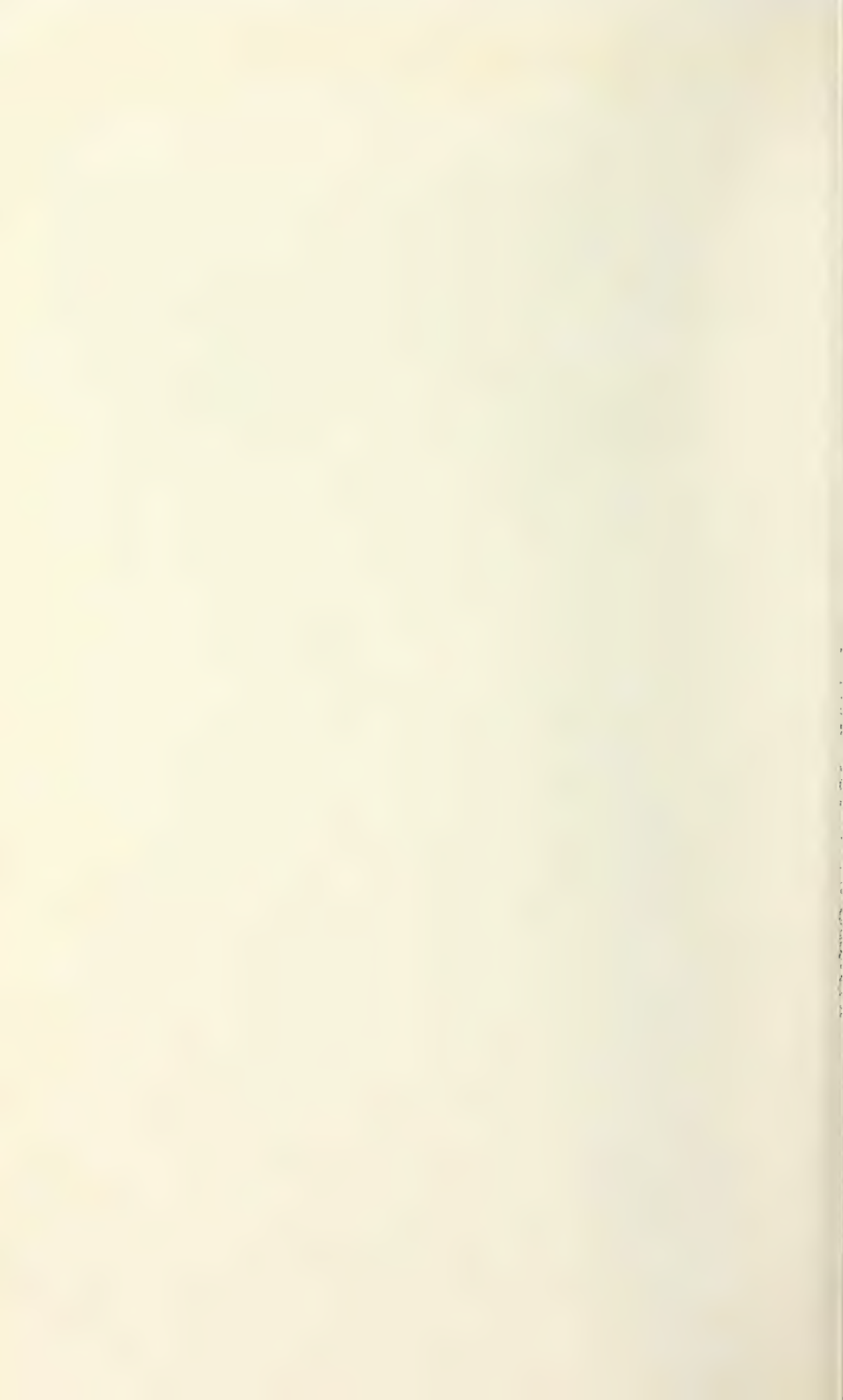
PRESIDENT PRO TEM
OF SENATE
RECESS OF 1919



ROBERT S. SPANGLER

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE
1919

SENATORS
AND
MEMBERS



- WILLIAM DAVID CRAIG**, Beaver County, was born in Moon township, Beaver County, Pa., December 31, 1882; admitted to the bar September 14, 1908, since which time he has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession; was elected to the Senate in November, 1918.
- WILLIAM E. CROW**, Fayette County, was born in German township, Fayette County, Pa., March 10, 1870; was reared on a farm and educated in the public schools, the Southwestern State Normal School, from which he was graduated in 1890, and Waynesburg College; was engaged in newspaper work for three years; studied law and was admitted to the bar of Fayette County in 1896; appointed assistant district attorney in 1896 and, in November, 1898, was elected district attorney for a term of three years; was chairman of the Republican County Committee in 1899, 1900 and 1901; served as a delegate to various Republican State Conventions, and to the Republican National Convention in 1916; was elected Chairman of the Republican State Committee in 1913, and re-elected in 1914, 1916, and 1918; elected to the Senate in 1908; re-elected in 1910, 1914, and in November, 1918; elected President pro tempore of the Senate at the close of the session of 1909, and was re-elected in 1911.
- AUGUSTUS F. DAIX, Jr.**, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, October 3, 1866; acquired his early education in the Lauderbach Academy of Philadelphia; passed law examinations before the Board of Examiners of Philadelphia County in 1893, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession; served two terms as president of the North West Business Men's Association, and, after helping to organize the United Business Men's Association of Philadelphia, was elected its first president and re-elected for five consecutive times; is solicitor of the Northwestern Trust Company and an active member of a number of fraternal organizations, and senior member of law and real estate firm of A. F. Daix and Son, Philadelphia; elected to the Senate in 1912; re-elected in November, 1916.
- ALBERT DAVIS**, Lackawanna County, was born in Plymouth, Luzerne County, Pa., May 9, 1870; attended the public schools until nine years of age; worked in and about the coal mines for ten years; is now engaged as a salesman; elected to the common council of Scranton in 1905, 1907 and 1909, serving as president for two years; elected to the House of Representatives in 1910 and re-elected in 1912; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.
- ASA K. DEWITT**, Luzerne County, was born in Falls township, Wyoming County, Pa., October 17, 1854; was educated in the common schools and Wyoming Seminary, Kingston, Pa.; has been in the employ of the First National Bank of Plymouth since 1893, of which bank he is now cashier and vice-president; is also interested in farming and manufacturing; elected to the Senate in 1910 and 1914; re-elected in November, 1918.
- CHARLES E. DONAHUE**, Clinton County, was born at Luthersburg, Clearfield County, Pa., November 28, 1885; located in Lock Haven in 1903; received his education in the common schools and the Central State Normal School, graduating in the academic course, 1907, and the elocutionary course, 1908; studied law one year; specialized in history and civics, and was head of the history and civic department of the Lock Haven High School; taught school nine years; served as First Lieutenant, Company H, 12th Regiment, N. G. P., Troop K, 1st Pennsylvania Cavalry for six years; champion military rifle shot of Pennsylvania, 1910; member State rifle team for several years; actively interested in politics for a number of years; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.
- MORRIS EINSTEIN**, Allegheny County, was born in Allegheny City, Allegheny County, Pa., June 15, 1865; educated in the public schools; entered the drug business in 1885; in 1900, organized the Pennsylvania Light and Power Company, of which he was the general manager, until it became part of the Philadelphia Company; is now president of the Mutual Ice and Ice Cream Company; has been a delegate to several Republican State conventions; served in the select council of Allegheny City for a period of twenty years, and is now chairman of the Twenty-fifth Ward Republican Organization; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.
- T. LAWRENCE EYRE**, Chester County, was born in Birmingham township, Delaware County, Pa., May 24, 1862; educated in the public schools and West Chester Normal School; was engaged in the wholesale grocery business for six years and in the brokerage business for about two years; was secretary to Congressman Darlington during the sessions of 1887 and 1888, and clerk to the President pro tempore of the Pennsylvania Senate in 1889. In July of the same year he was appointed collector of statistics in the Department of Internal Affairs; was chairman of the Republican county committee of Chester county in 1893 and 1894; was appointed Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs in 1895, as the result of the appointment of Secretary Stewart as Adjutant General, and the promotion of Deputy Secretary Brown to the head of the office, continuing in that position until General Latta was qualified as Secretary of Internal Affairs; was appointed deputy collector of customs at Philadelphia, June 15, 1898, serving until February 1, 1899, when he resigned to go to Harrisburg to assist in the conduct of the Senatorial campaign. Was general assistant to the chairman of the Republican State Committee, campaigns of 1897 and 1898; appointed Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings by Governor Stone on April 24, 1899, and served in that office until January, 1903; since that time has been engaged in the railroad contracting business, with offices in Philadelphia, and is also interested in the development of oil properties and the opening of bituminous coal properties in western Pennsylvania; was elected to the Senate in November, 1916.
- WILBUR P. GRAFF**, Indiana County, was born at Blairsville, Indiana County, Pa., in 1873, where he now resides; educated in the public schools, and was graduated from Lafayette College, Easton, Pa., and Eastman's Business College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; on completing his education entered the employ of the First National Bank of Blairsville, of which he is now the cashier; is also interested in coal business and manufacturing; was elected to the Senate in November, 1916.
- GEORGE GRAY**, Philadelphia, was born in London, England, April 14, 1874; member of State Fencible, two years; is engaged in manufacturing at Frankford; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.
- WILLIAM CLAYTON HACKETT**, Northampton County, was born April 25, 1874, at Easton, Northampton County, Pa., where he now resides; is a son of the late J. Marlon Hackett, a Southerner, who became a resident of Pennsylvania and who represented Northampton County in the Legislature from 1879 to 1882; was educated in private and public schools, Lafayette College and New York University; was with iron and steel wire manufacturers for ten years; spent year in New Mexico; served as member of the Board of Prison Inspectors of Northampton County; is on the directorate of several large industries and is Vice-President of the Executive Committee and a member of the Board of Directors of The Old Easton National Bank; is also trustee of the State Hospital for the Insane, Southeastern district of Pennsylvania; was donor of land for ninety acre public park for city of Easton, known as "Hackett Park"; elected to the Senate in 1914; re-elected in November, 1918.

HORACE L. HALDEMAN, Lancaster County, was born in Conoy township, Lancaster County, Pa., September 16, 1847, of Swiss ancestry; educated in public and private schools; engaged for many years in the manufacture of pig iron at Chickies, Lancaster County, Pa., and is now president of a Virginia corporation manufacturing pig iron and mining coal; has been a delegate to Republican state conventions and was a candidate for presidential elector on the Republican ticket, in 1912; served in the Civil War as first lieutenant and captain in the 20th Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteer Cavalry; has held since February 24, 1903, the positions in the National Guard of Pennsylvania, as Assistant Commissary General of Subsistence, with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, and now holds that of Commissary General of Subsistence, with the rank of colonel; was elected to the Senate in November, 1916.

ROBERT DOUGLAS HEATON, Schuylkill County, was born at Raven Run, Schuylkill County, Pa.; was educated in the common schools of Schuylkill County, the Canadigua Academy, New York, and the University of Pennsylvania; has been identified with many business enterprises of the State and County; served as a member of the Sixty-fourth and Sixty-fifth Congresses; elected to the Senate in November, 1918, to fill the unexpired term of Honorable Charles A. Snyder, resigned.

JOSEPH ALEXANDER HERRON, Washington County, was born in Monongahela, Washington County, Pa., October 16, 1847; educated in the public schools of Cincinnati and the West Chester Military Academy; in 1866, became identified with the banking firm of Alexander and Company, which company was composed of his grandfather and uncles, and is now the senior member of that firm; is also interested in other banking institutions as president and director; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.

JOHN G. HOMSHER, Lancaster County, was born in East Lampeter township, Lancaster County, Pa., July 1, 1859; in 1865 he removed with his parents to Strasburg, Lancaster County, where he has since resided; educated in the public schools and Millersville State Normal School; taught in the public schools for a time; studied law; became a surveyor and conveyancer; is publisher of the "Strasburg News," also publishes legal blanks; was a delegate to the Republican State Conventions of 1897 and 1898; was serving his sixteenth year as justice of the peace, when he resigned at the time of his election to the House of Representatives in 1900; re-elected to the House of Representatives in 1902, 1904 and 1906; elected to the Senate in 1908 and 1912; re-elected in November, 1916.

EDWARD E. JONES, Susquehanna County, was born at Harford, Susquehanna County, Pa., November 25, 1867; educated in the public schools and Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.; was a merchant in his native town for a number of years and is, at present, secretary and treasurer of the Harford Dairy Company; was secretary, also president, of the Harford Agricultural Society for many years, is a member of the Grange and prominently connected with all the public enterprises of his community; was a member of the House of Representatives, sessions of 1907, 1909, 1911, 1913 and 1915; introduced and fathered the "Jones Dirt Road Bill," sessions of 1909 and 1911; elected to the Senate in November, 1916.

SCOTT S. LEIBY, Perry County, was born at Marysville, Perry County, Pa., January 10, 1881; received a public school education, graduating from the Marysville High School in 1897, Mercersburg Academy in 1899, and Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, in 1902; was a law student in the office of Honorable James A. Stranahan, Harrisburg, for three years; was admitted to the Dauphin County bar in 1905, and to the Perry County bar in 1908; has practiced in the several courts of said counties since 1905; elected to the Senate in November, 1916.

M. G. LESLIE, Allegheny County, was born in Lower Burrell township, Westmoreland County, Pa., April 6, 1864; removed with his parents in 1868 to Pittsburgh and has since resided in that city; attended public schools and Duff's Commercial College, graduating in 1882; in 1889, he was appointed United States Government Deputy Revenue Collector of Pittsburgh; became a member of the Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, and continued in the stock brokerage business until 1909; is now general manager of the Donald McNeil Company and vice-president of the National Construction Company; was a member of common council of Pittsburgh from 1896 to 1904, president of the Pittsburgh councils 1901 and 1902, chairman of the Republican City Executive Committee from 1901 to 1906; has been a member of the Republican State Committee at different periods since 1896; was Allegheny County Delinquent Tax Collector from 1909 to 1913; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.

GEORGE MARLOW, York County, was born at Loughborough, Leicestershire, England, July 9, 1870; educated at Leicester, the county seat of that county; after spending two years in a lawyer's office at Leicester and having finished school, came with his parents to Philadelphia August 29, 1887; for one year after arriving in Philadelphia was occupied as clerk in the office of The John E. Jenkins Company, Pottery Manufacturers, Port Richmond, Philadelphia; then went to the Earline Steamship Company, Bullitt Building, Philadelphia, as stenographer, in whose employ he remained for nineteen years; resigned that position and became associated with the York Metal and Alloy Company, at York, in 1907, of which company, he is now the secretary and treasurer; is also identified with several other manufacturing companies, including The Marlow Knitting Corporation, Brooklyn, N. Y.; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.

DAVID MARTIN, Philadelphia, was born August 20, 1845, on what was known as the Ridgway Farm in Philadelphia County; moved to the Nineteenth Ward when twenty years of age and began to take an interest in the Republican party; elected Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives in 1873; appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of Pennsylvania by President Harrison in May, 1880, and resigned after serving two years; was appointed Secretary of the Commonwealth September 11, 1897; elected to the Senate in November, 1898; appointed Insurance Commissioner on July 1, 1905, and resigned in December, 1909; elected in November, 1909, Register of Wills of Philadelphia and served four years; again elected to the Senate in November, 1916.

WILLIAM CALDER McCONNELL, Northumberland County, was born at Halifax, Dauphin County, Pa., April 4, 1860; educated at Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Pa., and Cornell University; is President of the Shamokin Banking Company, treasurer of the Shamokin Water Company and other local water companies, also president of the Northumberland Water Company, Northumberland, Pa.; has served as delegate to Republican State conventions, and was a delegate to the Republican National Convention at Minneapolis in 1892; served as Presidential elector on the Republican ticket in the campaign of 1904; was a member of the Staff of Governor Daniel H. Hastings, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, 1895-1899; was chairman of the Commission for the selection of a site and erection of a State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields; has been a member of the Union League Club of Philadelphia since 1892; member of Senate, sessions of 1909 and 1911, and was elected to the Senate in 1914, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Honorable John F. Fisher; re-elected in November, 1916.

WILLIAM J. McNICHOL, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, May 1, 1885; educated at LaSalle College, Philadelphia; after leaving college entered business with his father in the firm of D. J. McNichol and Company and, in 1908, became president of the McNichol Paving and Construction Company; elected to the Senate in November, 1918, to fill the unexpired term of his father, the late Honorable James P. McNichol.

WILLIAM W. MEARKLE, Allegheny County, was born on a farm in Monroe township, Bedford County, Pa., January 24, 1871; received his early education in the township schools; taught in the public schools and was afterward graduated from Williamsport Dickinson Seminary, and Dickinson School of Law at Carlisle; is a member of the Cumberland County bar; since 1900 has given his time to the financial investments of the United Security Life Insurance and Trust Company of Philadelphia, in Western Pennsylvania; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; elected to the Senate in November, 1918, to fill the unexpired term of Honorable Charles A. Magee, deceased.

JOHN S. MILLER, Somerset County, was born in Jenner township, Somerset County, Pa., September 4, 1873; educated in the rural public schools; taught school in his native township and in the State of Iowa; attended Gettysburg College and Washington and Jefferson College, graduating from the latter in 1901; was admitted to the Somerset County bar in 1904, since which time he has been practicing law; is also interested in farming; was elected District Attorney in 1907, and served four years; was elected to the Senate in November, 1918.

SUMMERFIELD J. MILLER, Clearfield County, was born in Pike township, Clearfield County, Pa., August 26, 1859; was graduated from the Curwensville Normal School in 1879, from the Williamsport Commercial College in 1881, and from the medical department of the University of New York in 1886; took post graduate courses in medicine in New York and specialized in the Medical profession in Vienna, Austria; began the practice of medicine at Ansonville, Clearfield County, in 1886, and in 1896, took up his profession in Madera, his present home; served a number of years as school director of Bigler township and as president of the Board; assisted in the organization of and is a director and vice-president of the Madera National Bank and the Madera Water Company; elected to the Senate in 1914, re-elected in November, 1918.

W. CRAWFORD MURDOCH, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, November 15, 1885; was educated in the public schools of Pittsburgh and Wilkensburg; has been manager of the Murdoch Ice Cream Company of Wilkensburg since 1904; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and re-elected in 1916; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.

MILES R. NASON, Erie County, was born in Fairview township, Erie County, Pa., September 11, 1859; attended the public schools of Franklin township, Erie County, and began teaching in the public schools at the age of eighteen years; taught thirteen terms; in the meantime attended the State Normal School, at Edinboro, from which he graduated in the class of 1888; read law in the office of Captain E. L. Whittlesey, now Judge in Erie County, and was admitted to the bar of Erie County, March 11, 1892; has practiced law in Erie ever since; has served in the city council for three terms; elected to the Senate in November, 1916.

EDWARD WAGNER PATTON, Philadelphia, was born at Fifth and Spruce Streets, Philadelphia, on June 9, 1846; educated in public and private schools of Philadelphia; served in Landis Battery, Pennsylvania Volunteers, in 1863, and in the United States Navy on U. S. S. Massachusetts and Donegal until January, 1865; was chief clerk to Major F. M. Etting, U. S. A., Chief Paymaster, Pay District of Pennsylvania, from May, 1865, until August, 1867; First Lieutenant and Quartermaster, Third Regiment, N. G. P., 1880; on Division Staff, N. G. P., as Major and Aide-de-Camp and Lieutenant-Colonel and Commissary under Generals Hartranft and Snowden until 1892; was member of Select Council, Philadelphia, continuously from March, 1877, until his resignation of January 1, 1915, to become a member of the Senate; is in the business of furnishing surety, judicial, fidelity and miscellaneous bonds, and general insurance; elected to the Senate in 1914; re-elected in November, 1918.

MARSHALL LEE PHIPPS, Venango County, was born in Polk, Venango County, Pa., March 4, 1866; educated in the country schools; graduated at Lafayette College in 1888, and has the degrees of A. B. and A. M.; admitted to the bar of Venango County in 1892; admitted to practice before the Supreme and Superior Courts; served as county chairman and secretary of the Republican County Committee about ten years, and as prothonotary and clerk of the courts of Venango County for six years; member of National Guard fifteen years and Major and Aide-de-Camp on Staff of Major General Wiley; appointed by Governor Stuart, Governor Tener and Governor Brumbaugh as trustee of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded, at Polk; is at present engaged in production of oil; elected to the Senate in 1914; re-elected in November, 1918.

SAMUEL W. SALUS, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, August 31, 1872; educated in the public schools and was graduated from the Central High School in 1891, and from the law department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1895; was admitted to the bar of Philadelphia County and subsequently to the bars of the Supreme and Superior Courts of Pennsylvania, the United States Circuit and District Courts and the Supreme Court of the United States; served as a member of common council in 1902; was assistant district attorney of Philadelphia County from 1904 to 1907; was a member of the House of Representatives, sessions of 1903 and 1909; elected to the Senate in 1910 and 1914; re-elected in November, 1918.

GEORGE WASHINGTON SASSAMAN, Berks County, was born in Reading, Berks County, Pa., December 3, 1870; was educated in the public schools of Reading; is engaged in the manufacture of cigars; served as delegate to a number of Democratic State Conventions and is at present County Committeeman of the seventh ward of Reading; served three terms as member of the city councils; elected to the House of Representatives in 1910 and 1912; elected to the Senate in November, 1916.

HORACE W. SCHANTZ, Lehigh County, was born in Upper Milford township, Lehigh County, Pa., July 31, 1875; was reared on the farm and educated in the public schools, Perkiomen Seminary, and Princeton University; taught school four years; read law and was admitted to the bar in 1902, since which time he has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession; served as Justice of the Peace, Deputy Register of Wills and Solicitor of the Board of Prison Inspectors and County Auditors; in 1904 was elected District Attorney of Lehigh County; elected to the Senate in 1914, and re-elected in November, 1918.

FRANK A. SMITH, Dauphin County, was born in Winnipeg, Canada, in 1873; when five years old, removed to Sandusky, Ohio, where he attended the public schools; at the age of twenty-one, took out naturalization papers; located in Harrisburg in 1895, where he established the Harrisburg Brokerage Company, with agencies in Harrisburg, Philadelphia and Wilkes-Barre; is active in the Association of Manufacturers' Representatives; is a director of the Union Trust Company, Harrisburg, a member of the Poor Richard Club of Philadelphia, and is identified with several political and social clubs; served as member of the Republican State Committee, chairman of the Dauphin County Republican Committee in 1912, and was one of the assistant secretaries at the Republican National Convention, Chicago, in 1912; was elected to the Senate February 25, 1919, to fill the unexpired term of Honorable Edward E. Beidleman, resigned.

PLYMOUTH W. SNYDER, Blair County, was born at Hollidaysburg, Blair County, Pa., March 1, 1851; educated in the public schools and Hollidaysburg Seminary; learned the printing trade; served as apprentice in his father's drug store, and attended lectures at Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, session of 1871-72; succeeded his father in the drug business in 1872; is a member of the Pennsylvania State Pharmaceutical Association; served on the Board of Health for years; has always been an active Republican; represented the Second District of Blair County in the House of Representatives in the sessions of 1911 and 1913; elected to the Senate in 1914, and re-elected in November, 1918.

CHARLES WESLEY SONES, Lycoming County, was born near Hughesville, Lycoming County, Pa., June 10, 1860, and is a member of one of the old pioneer families of that County; was reared on a farm and completed his education at the Muncy Normal School, Muncy, Pa.; at the age of eighteen he entered a lumber office in the capacity of clerk and bookkeeper; in 1896 engaged in the lumber business and is now one of the largest individual operators in Central Pennsylvania; is largely interested in the financial institutions of Williamsport, is a member of the I. O. O. F. and Masonic Lodges; served as a member of the Pennsylvania Panama Pacific Exposition Commission; was elected to the Senate in 1910 and 1914; re-elected in November, 1918.

HORACE A. TOMPKINS, Cambria County, was born in Fremont, Nebraska, May 2, 1873; a few years later his parents moved to Burnside, Clearfield County, Pa.; educated in the public schools, spending one year at Kiskiminetus Springs School, Saltsburg, Pa., and one year at Blair Presbyterian Academy, Blairstown, N. J.; has been actively engaged in the lumber and coal business since 1893, and is at present president of the Portage Coal Mining Company, Portage, Pa.; was burgess of Burnside borough from 1897 to 1899; served as a delegate to the Democratic State Conventions of 1896 and 1897; was married in 1900 to Miss S. Estelle Guiley of Allentown, Pa., and has three children; elected to the Senate in 1914, to fill the unexpired term of the late Honorable J. C. Stineman; re-elected in November, 1918.

W. FRED TURNER, Armstrong County, was born in Freeport, Armstrong County, Pa., April 28, 1864; educated in the Freeport public schools and commercial business college; on becoming of age, his father gave him an interest in his business, furniture and undertaking, in which he has since been engaged; has been vice-president of the Farmers National Bank of Freeport, since its incorporation in 1904; has always been an active Republican; was elected borough auditor at the age of twenty-one and resigned to accept the office of burgess, to which he was elected when not yet twenty-three years of age; in 1891 was elected a delegate to the Republican State Convention; was a member of the Republican County Committee, fifteen years; served as a Member of the House of Representatives, sessions of 1897 and 1899; was elected to the Senate in November, 1918, to fill the unexpired term of Honorable J. Frank Graff, deceased.

EDWIN H. VARE, Philadelphia, was born in the old district of Southwark, Philadelphia, July 19, 1862; educated in the public schools; at the age of twenty-one years became engaged in an extensive contracting business under the name of Vare Brothers, the other member of the firm being the late Senator George A. Vare; served part of the session of 1897 as a member of the House of Representatives, and resigned; elected to the Senate in 1908 and 1912; re-elected in November, 1918.

JAMES BENTLEY WEAVER, Westmoreland County, was born at Latrobe, Westmoreland County, Pa., May 30, 1865; educated in the common schools of Derry Township, Westmoreland County, and of Latrobe, being a member of the first graduating class of the Latrobe High School; afterward attended Indiana State Normal School, and taught school four years; was a clerk in the lumber business for several years and, later, served a term as justice of the peace in Latrobe; was graduated from the Law School of the Western University, now University of Pittsburgh, in 1900, and from the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania in 1901; admitted to the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh bars in 1901 and to the Westmoreland County bar in 1902; has been solicitor of Latrobe borough since 1911; became a member of the Latrobe School Board in 1907, and was president of the Board from June, 1909, until the first Monday in December, 1914; was Government Appeal Agent and Chairman Legal Advisory Board, Fifth Division, Westmoreland County, during the war, also one of the Four Minute Speakers; served as a member of the House of Representatives, session of 1915; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.

NORMAN A. WHITTEN, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Pa., October 28, 1868; educated in the public schools and the Western University of Pennsylvania, now the University of Pittsburgh; has been engaged in the steel business since 1892, and is at present employed by the firm of R. W. Hunt and Company, consulting engineers; removed to Munhall, Allegheny County, in 1897, where he has since resided; was a member of Munhall council for thirteen years; served as a member of the House of Representatives, session of 1915; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.

GEORGE WOODWARD, Philadelphia, was born at Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, Pa.; educated at Yale University and University of Pennsylvania; has been engaged in the practice of medicine in Philadelphia; elected to the Senate in November, 1918.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WILLIAM CLOUD ALEXANDER, Delaware County, was born in Thornbury Township, Delaware County, Pa., November 12, 1870, the son of Thomas B. and Margaret C. Alexander, both of whom died during Mr. Alexander's youth; was educated in the public schools of Chester and the West Chester State Normal School; read law in the office of W. Roger Froncfield, Media, and was admitted to the Delaware County bar in March, 1897, since which time he has been actively engaged in the practice of law; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

EDWARD LEE ALLUM, Mercer County, was born near Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa.; when nine years of age removed with his parents to Bellaire, Ohio, where he was educated in the public schools; after leaving school, learned the glass blowing trade, which occupation he followed for a number of years; in 1907, moved to Sharon, Pa., since which time he has been connected with the automobile business; was twice elected to the Sharon council; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

CHARLES FOSTER ARMSTRONG, Armstrong County, was born at Harmarville, Allegheny County, Pa., October 21, 1865; attended the public schools until the age of sixteen, when he entered the Auditing Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, where he remained until 1900, leaving that service to enter the banking business, in which he is still engaged; has always been a Republican in politics; since 1894, he has represented either the council or school board of the Borough of Leechburg, where he resides; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

MAX ARON, Philadelphia, was born in Russia, October 15, 1885; was brought to this country when two years of age, and received his education in the Philadelphia public schools; in 1903, he was graduated with honors from the Central High School of Philadelphia, and, after receiving his diploma from the University of Pennsylvania, was admitted to the bar in October, 1907; was appointed Assistant City Solicitor in 1910, and served until January, 1912; is a Republican and has actively participated in many campaigns of his party; elected to the House of Representatives on March 28, 1918, to succeed Honorable John H. Riebel, deceased; re-elected in 1914, 1916 and in November, 1918.

CHARLES C. A. BALDI, Jr., Philadelphia, was born at Manayunk, Philadelphia, December 16, 1890; attended the Manayunk grammar school, and was graduated from the Boys' Central High School in 1910; also attended the University of Pennsylvania, and is a member of the Phi Sigma Kappa Fraternity; served as a member of common council of Philadelphia for two terms; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

CARL CLIFFORD BALDRIGE, Allegheny County, was born in North Braddock, Allegheny County, Pa., December 17, 1880; was educated in the public schools, graduating from the North Braddock High School in 1898, and Duff's Business College, Grove City College and the Pittsburgh Law School; passed State Board Law Examination in December, 1905, and was admitted to the practice of law in the State Supreme and Superior Courts and Allegheny County Courts in the spring of 1906, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law; served as Solicitor of North Braddock Borough from 1907 to 1914; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

VICTOR A. BARNHART, Butler County, was born on a farm in Antrim township, Franklin County, Pa., May 25, 1878; was graduated from Greencastle High School in 1896, Mercersburg Academy, in 1898, and Franklin and Marshall College, in 1902; taught in West Newton High School, Butler High School, and was principal of schools at Evans City; in 1907, he entered the general insurance business in Evans City, in which he is still engaged; he is also secretary and treasurer of the United States Annuity Society of Pittsburgh, Pa.; has served in the offices of auditor, justice of the peace, and tax collector of Evansburg Borough; is an elder in the Reformed Church in the United States and an active church school worker; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

DAVID J. BECHTOLD, Dauphin County, was born in West Myerstown, Lebanon County, Pa., March 17, 1881; was educated in the public schools and the Lebanon Business College; is engaged in a clerical position with the Bethlehem Steel Company, at Steelton, which position he has held for some years; has held the office of borough auditor of Steelton for two terms and is president of the Citizen's Fire Company No. 1, of Steelton; is also identified with a number of fraternal, social and political organizations; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

ROSS L. BECKLEY, Cumberland County, was born at Sunny Side Farm, near New Cumberland, Cumberland County, Pa., July 18, 1878; moved to a farm in Fairview Township, York County, in 1884, returning again to New Cumberland in 1902, where he has since resided; educated in the public schools of York and Cumberland Counties, Steelton High School and Millersburg State Normal School; taught school seven terms in York and Cumberland Counties; served as school director in New Cumberland four years and in several other local offices; has been associated with the Harrisburg Electric Supply Company since its organization in 1908, and is now secretary and treasurer of that company; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

FREDERICK A. BELL, Blair County, was born at The Summit, Cambria County, Pa., August 27, 1864; has resided in Altoona since 1869, where he was educated in the public schools; has been in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company since November 1, 1881, being at present, assistant motive power clerk, Eastern Pennsylvania Division; served as a member of the Board of Education of Altoona fourteen years; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

LOUDEN FRANCIS BENCHOFF, Franklin County, was born on a farm near Fairfield, Adams County, Pa., January 23, 1851; educated in the public schools, and was graduated from the Lebanon National Normal School, Ohio; taught school for a number of years, and, in 1919, was appointed principal of the Rouseville School; served as County Superintendent of Franklin County for two terms; also as teacher and Superintendent of the Clearfield City Schools; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

- JAMES A. BENNETT**, Philadelphia, was born at Greenhill, Cork County, Ireland, March 20, 1879; educated and taught junior classes as monitor in the Burnfort public schools of Ireland; came to Philadelphia in 1899, where he has since resided; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- WILLIAM M. BENNINGER**, Northampton County, was born at Lehigh Gap, Lehigh County, Pa., in 1854; in the same year he removed with his parents to Lehigh township, Northampton County, where he has since resided and where his noted stock farms and slate quarries are located; was educated in the public schools and the Keystone State Normal School; was corporal in Company H, Fourth Regiment, N. G. P., in which he was enrolled on April 28, 1879, and honorably discharged on April 29, 1884; was appointed postmaster at Walnutport on January 8, 1886, and served four years; also appointed postmaster at Benningers on June 25, 1898, and served until September 15, 1909; was treasurer of Lehigh township from 1907 to 1911, inclusive; is a member of the Grange and several fraternal organizations; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914, and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.
- CHARLES F. BIDELESPACHER**, Lycoming County, was born in Gamble Township, Lycoming County, Pa., June 26, 1876; reared on a farm; attended the public schools and the Lycoming County Normal School at Muncy, Pa.; taught in the rural public schools for four consecutive terms; graduated in the classical course, Bucknell University, Lewisburg, Pa., in 1901; continued teaching for several years in the Lycoming County Normal School and in the Montoursville High School, in the meantime reading law in the office of W. C. Gilmore, Esq., Williamsport, Pa., successfully passed the State Board law examination, and was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court in February, 1908; since then has been actively engaged in the practice of law in Williamsport; was assistant City Solicitor of the city of Williamsport, two years; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.
- JOHN F. BIGLER**, Mercer County, educated in the public schools; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- JOSEPH E. BLANCK**, Montgomery County, was born at Sunnyside, Montgomery County, Pa., July 11, 1863; educated at the Sunnyside Academy and Muhlenberg College; at the age of sixteen years, began teaching school, and taught four years; in 1883 took up medicine, graduating from the Jefferson Medical College in 1886, since which time he has been engaged in active practice in the same locality where his father and grandfather had practiced medicine since 1826; served as secretary of the Green Lane Borough School Board for twenty years, and as vice-chairman of the Democratic County Committee; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- JOHN A. BOLARD**, Crawford County, was born on a farm in Woodcock township, Crawford County, Pa., October 4, 1867; in 1874, removed with his parents to Waterford, Erie County, where he attended the public schools, Waterford State Academy, and was graduated from the Law Department of Michigan University in 1892, with the degree of LL. B.; registered as a law student under Honorable A. E. Sisson, of Erie, and was admitted to the Erie County Bar in 1893, later, admitted to the Superior, Supreme and Federal courts; in 1894, married Mary J. Cowan, have two sons and two daughters, the eldest son having served in foreign navy service in the World War; moved to Cambridge Springs in 1902, where he continued the practice of law, also became associated with banking, manufacturing and mercantile enterprises; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- CLARK M. BOWER**, Perry County, was born in Jackson township, Perry County, Pa., March 24, 1861, on the Bower homestead, where he has always lived and farmed; educated in the public schools; was appointed census enumerator in 1890 and 1900; served as a member of the Republican County Committee fifteen years, member of the State Committee in 1905, and school director, nine years, part of which time he was secretary of the board; elected county commissioner in 1908; member of the Perry County Agricultural Society, chairman of Farmers' Institutes, member of the State Board of Agriculture; is a director in the First National Bank of New Bloomfield; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- WILLIAM C. BOWMAN**, Cumberland County, was born in East Pennsboro township, near Camp Hill Borough, Cumberland County, Pa., October 8, 1872; educated in the public schools and the Cumberland Valley State Normal School, at Shippensburg, graduating in the class of 1890; taught in the public schools of Cumberland County for a period of twenty-four years, part of which time he served as principal of the schools of Wormleysburg and Lemoyne; recently he has given his attention to the real estate and insurance business; was elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- WILLIAM J. BRADY**, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., January 29, 1883; was educated in the public schools, Saint Joseph's College, Philadelphia, and Saint Charles Seminary, Overbrook; studied law at the University of Pennsylvania and in the office of James W. M. Newlin, Esq., was admitted to the bar in February, 1910, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.
- CYRUS K. BRENDLE**, Berks County, was born on a farm bordering on Berks and Lancaster Counties, Pa., March 3, 1878; educated in the public schools; served three terms as justice of the peace of the borough of Shillington; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- JAMES W. BRISLIN**, Luzerne County, was born in Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, Pa., September 20, 1886; attended public schools and high school; entered Keuka College in 1908, graduating therefrom in 1912; captain of Keuka College baseball team in 1911 and 1912; played baseball in city league of Wilkes-Barre, Susquehanna League of Luzerne County, Tri-State League, United States League, and Southern Michigan League; after being drafted by National League was hit by pitched ball and had spine injured; have been employed in City Hall, Wilkes-Barre, since 1916; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- THOMAS E. BROOKS**, York County, was born in Chanceford township, York County, Pa., April 30, 1872; was educated in the public schools of Chanceford Township and Red Lion Borough, the York County Academy and Millersville State Normal School; taught school nine terms; in 1898, entered the cigar manufacturing and tobacco business in which he is still engaged; served as justice of the peace, Red Lion Borough, two terms; is a director of the Red Lion First National Bank, Ebert Furniture Company, and treasurer of the Pennsylvania Stamping Company, of York; is also interested in a number of other business enterprises; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- ROBERT A. BUCHER**, Philadelphia; educated in the public schools; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

BENJAMIN F. BUNGARD, Westmoreland County; was born at Indian Head, Fayette County, Pa., June 12, 1882; attended public schools and worked on his father's farm until fourteen years of age; clerked in grocery store at Scottdale, two years; employed by the P. and L. E. R. R. Company, four years; entered the service of the H. C. Frick Coke Company, in the general office at Scottdale; graduated from the Peterson Business College in 1904; entered Otterbein College, Westerville, Ohio, in 1907, completing the course in 1912; engaged in the active ministry, U. B. Church, Monessen, and is now located at Herminie, taught in the Monessen high school, two years; was elected member of the Sewickley township school board, serving two years as secretary of the board; chairman of the Red Cross, Public Service Reserve, and the Four Minute Men of Sewickley Township; was a member of the House of Representatives, session of 1915; again elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

THEODORE CAMPBELL, Philadelphia, was born at Daretown, Salem County, N. J., January 11, 1866; educated in the public schools and West Jersey Academy, Bridgeton, N. J.; became an apprentice in the drug business in 1888, and was graduated from the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy in 1892, since which time he has been engaged in the drug business; has always been active in the Republican party, serving eight years as a member of the Thirty-Fourth Ward Republican Committee and nine years on the Thirty-fourth sectional school board; elected to the House of Representatives in 1908, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

CHARLES W. CATLIN, McKean County, was born in Owego, Tioga County, New York, January 5, 1866; educated in the public schools of Port Allegany, Pa., and Valparaiso University, Indiana, graduating from the latter in June, 1890; was admitted to the Pennsylvania bar in February, 1891, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law in McKean County; served as chairman of the Republican County Committee, member of the Republican State Committee, and president of the McKean County Directors Association, two years, also a member of the Port Allegany School District twenty-four consecutive years; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

NOBLE CLEMENTS, Northumberland County, was born at Lansford, Carbon County, Pa., September 7, 1874; has resided at Shamokin since 1887; was educated in the public schools of Shamokin; worked in and about the mines for twelve years; entered the service of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad as a brakeman in 1902, and was promoted to conductor in 1907, his present occupation; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

PAUL D. CLUTTON, Somerset County, was born at Chicora, Butler County, Pa., August 16, 1887; educated in the Model School, at Slippery Rock, and was graduated from the Slippery Rock State Normal School in 1906; taught in the public and high schools of Butler, Beaver and Somerset Counties, and was principal of the Meyersdale High School, two years; passed the State Board Pharmaceutical examination in 1905, and was engaged in the drug business in Butler, Washington and Somerset Counties, six years; since 1913, has been engaged in the retail clothing business as junior member of the firm of Hartley Clutton Company; has been secretary of the Meyersdale Community Boosters Club and a member of the Meyersdale School Board for the past three years; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

JOHN B. COLDSMITH, Westmoreland County, was born in Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, Pa., December 18, 1857; educated in the public schools of his native town and at the Western Pennsylvania Classical Institute; learned the trade of painter and paper hanger, which he followed for a few years; afterwards entered the mercantile business, in which he is still engaged; was a member of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, fifteen years, and manager of the Grand Opera House in Mount Pleasant, twenty-five years; served as a member of council for nine years, being president thereof for two terms; is president of the Board of Trade at Mount Pleasant; was a delegate to the Republican State Convention in 1902; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

MERCHANT LEE COLLIER, Fayette County, was born in Georges township, Fayette County, Pa., August 11, 1886, on a farm where he now resides; educated in the public schools, Madison Academy, Uniontown, South Western State Normal School, California, Pa., and Douglas Business College, Uniontown; was engaged in the meat and grocery business for a time; is now interested in farming and coal operating business; has always been an active Republican, and has held the various political offices in his native township; was elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

ALEXANDER COLVILLE, Philadelphia, was born in that part of the old district of Spring Garden, now known as the Fifteenth Ward of Philadelphia, January 26, 1847; was educated in the public schools; entered the office of Richard Smethurst and John B. Squires in 1863 to learn the business of conveyancing and real estate; since 1867 has been engaged in the same line of business on his own account; represented the Fifteenth Ward in Common Council of Philadelphia from 1890 to 1894; was elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1898; re-elected in 1900 and 1902; was Assistant Director of Public Safety of Philadelphia from May, 1903, to June, 1905; again elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

GEORGE A. COMERER, Fulton County, was born at McConnellsburg, Fulton County, Pa., July 20, 1876; educated in the public schools; was in the employ of the G. W. Reisner Creamery Company from 1893 to 1900, when he installed the creamery at Webster Mills, which he operated until 1903; then purchased the homestead farm in Ayr township, which he has been operating since that time; has held various minor political offices; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

PATRICK CONNER, Philadelphia, was born at West Grove, Chester County, Pa., February 19, 1870; educated in the public schools of West Grove; when sixteen years of age was employed by the late Senator Thomas B. Harper in his artesian well business as a well driller, and is now manager of that concern; was a member of the House of Representatives, sessions of 1911, 1913, 1915 and 1917; re-elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

CALVIN E. COOK, York County, was born near Dillsburg, Carroll township, York County, Pa., October 21, 1871; educated in the public schools of York County and the York County Academy; taught school twenty-three terms; spent several years in the lumber business; is now engaged in the agricultural business and stock raising; is representative of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Paradise and Codorus and the Manheim Fire Insurance Company of York; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

CHARLES GRANT CORBIN, Mifflin County, was born on a farm near Granville, Mifflin County, Pa., November 14, 1868; educated in the public schools; in 1892 engaged in farming and by his own efforts succeeded in purchasing a farm; also dealt in livestock and later entered the lumber business; in 1911, in partnership with R. M. Sassaman, established the High Falls Milling Company; has served as school director and road supervisor in Granville township; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

*EDWIN R. COX, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, November, 20, 1870; educated in the public schools and business college; has been in the employ of The Atlantic Refining Company for thirty-three years; was a member of the Thirty-Sixth Sectional School Board for eleven years, six of which he was its secretary; elected to the House of Representatives in 1908, 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

WILLIAM J. CRAWFORD, Philadelphia, was born in Ireland, December 25, 1845; when four years of age, emigrated with his parents to Philadelphia, where he was educated in the public schools; in his early youth, was employed by his father in the teamster and contracting business, in which he has always been engaged; had the hauling contract for the United States Quartermaster Department, Philadelphia, from 1872 to 1906; was elected to common council in 1902, from which office he resigned in February, 1903; was then elected to select council, in which he served continuously until he resigned in October, 1918; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

PHILIP H. CROCKETT, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., June 14, 1861; attended the public schools until sixteen years of age, when he entered the shops of Henry Disston and Sons, learning the trade of plastering trowel maker; left this firm in 1883, when he engaged in the oyster and fish business, in which he remained until 1911; since that time has been employed as registration clerk in the Philadelphia Tax Office, and as transcribing clerk in the office of Recorder of Deeds; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

LAWRENCE N. CRUM, Huntingdon County, was born at Donnelly's Mills, Perry County, Pa., August 29, 1883; educated in the public schools of Saltillo, also Strayer's Business College of Baltimore, Md.; has been engaged in the mercantile business at Mount Union since 1906; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

DAVID M. CURRAN, Washington County, was born in Washington, Washington County, Pa., January 20, 1871; educated in the public schools; is now occupied as a building contractor; served in Company H, Tenth Regiment, Spanish-American War, 1898-9; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

ALBERT EUGENE CURRY, Armstrong County, was born at Winchester, Kansas, April 18, 1880; educated in the public schools, the University of Kansas, from which he was graduated in 1903, and the Pittsburgh Theological Seminary, graduating therefrom in 1906; was called to the pastorate of the United Presbyterian Church, DuBois, and ordained and installed in September, 1906; in June, 1909, accepted the pastorate of the same denomination, at Kittanning, his present charge; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

RICHARD CURRY, Philadelphia, was born in that city, August 7, 1864; educated in the public schools; engaged in the general contracting business, being superintendent of the Keystone Paving and Construction Company; was copyist in the Navy Department under President Harrison; has always taken an active part in politics, having been a member of the Republican Executive Committee of the Eighteenth Ward since 1887, and its recording secretary for the past twenty-nine years; elected to the House of Representatives on February 19, 1901, to fill vacancy caused by death on December 1, 1900, of William F. Stewart; re-elected in November, 1902; again elected in 1906, 1908, 1910, 1912, 1914, 1916 and in November, 1918.

DAVID F. DAVIS, Lackawanna County, was born in Taylor, Lackawanna County, Pa., July 22, 1887; was educated in the public schools, graduating from the Taylor High School in June, 1909, and later from the Mansfield State Normal School; also attended Wyoming Seminary for a short time; at the age of nine years started working in the mines, where he was employed at various positions for eight years, during which time he also attended day and night sessions of the public schools; in the spring of 1909, was elected auditor of Taylor borough for a period of four years; has been engaged in teaching since 1909, and is at present a principal; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JOHN THOMAS DAVIS, Indiana County, was born in Elizabeth City, North Carolina; educated in the public schools, attended Preparatory School at Bucknell, Pa., and was graduated from Wake Forest College, N. C., in 1900, also attended Princeton Theological Seminary and was ordained to the Gospel Ministry in 1903; served five years on the Blairsville School Board and was secretary thereof, three years; was Associational Missionary under the State Baptist Convention, three years; has been engaged in Y. M. C. A. work in Blairsville since September, 1914; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

WILLIAM DAVIS, Cambria County, was born in Carroll township, Cambria County, Pa., December 13, 1861; educated in the public schools, in which he taught eight years; also attended the State Normal School, at Indiana, and was graduated from the Law School of the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, in 1892; was admitted to the Cambria County Bar in 1893, and located at Ebensburg, where he is engaged in the practice of law; served one term as solicitor for Poor Board and three terms as solicitor for Cambria County; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

HUGH A. DAWSON, Lackawanna County, was born in Scranton, Lackawanna County, Pa., July 23, 1884; educated in the public schools, Y. M. C. A. night school and the University of Pennsylvania; is a director of the Dawson and O'Hara Company, Scranton-Taylor Coal Company, Joseph B. Noros Company, Avoca Coal Company, and the Woody Engineering Company; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

HOWARD WOODS DAY, Westmoreland County, was born at Sparta, Washington County, Pa., December 5, 1870; educated in the public schools of Washington County, Washington and Jefferson College, University of Nebraska, and the Medical Department of the Northwestern University, Chicago, Illinois, from which institution he was graduated in 1899; served as house physician of the McKeesport Hospital, 1899-1900, then located at Monessen, where, he has since been engaged in the practice of medicine; has served as physician to the Monessen Board of Health at different times, and is at present physician and secretary of the board; was deputy coroner of Westmoreland County, 1906-1916; has served in the National Guard of Pennsylvania, being a member of Company H, 10th Regiment, at Washington, also served as chairman and physician of the local draft board at Monessen, Westmoreland County; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

CHARLES P. DEWEY, Bradford County, was born on a farm in South Creek township, Bradford County, Pa., December 8, 1862; educated in the common schools, and graduated from Warner's Business College, Elmira, N. Y., in 1882; in March, 1889, with his brother, engaged in the mercantile business, of which he is now the sole owner; was postmaster of Gillett under the Harrison administration, and a delegate to the Republican State Convention, which nominated Governor Pennypacker; in 1905, was elected Register and Recorder of Bradford County for a term of three years; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

*Resigned December 22, 1919.

G. GRAYBILL DIEHM, Lancaster County, was born on a farm at Elm Penn Township, Lancaster County, Pa., September 17, 1880; educated in the public schools and Millersville State Normal School; began teaching at seventeen years of age, which occupation he followed four years; in 1901, he moved to Lititz, where he studied surveying; is now the secretary, treasurer and general manager of the Keystone Underwear Company, and is identified with other industrial and banking enterprises; served as notary public, fifteen years; is president of the Young Men's Business League; elected Burgess of Lititz in 1917; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

NICHOLAS DI LEMMO, Philadelphia, was born in Isernio, Italy, October 20, 1872; came to Philadelphia when fourteen years of age, and was naturalized on September 18, 1900; for a number of years has been engaged as a wholesale dealer in merchandise; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

HERMAN DILSHEIMER, Sr., Philadelphia, was born in Mannheim, Germany, March 1, 1859; emigrated to the United States in 1874, and located in Philadelphia; attended the Pierce Business College in 1874-5; then entered the employ of the German Democrat, a daily newspaper, where he remained five years; was naturalized in 1881, and, in 1883, was elected school director of the Twelfth Ward; in 1887 engaged in the publishing business; was proof-reader on the Legislative Journal, sessions of 1911, 1913, 1915 and 1917; was clerk of the Orphans' Court, Philadelphia, eighteen months; has always been a Republican; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

W. HEBER DITHRICH, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa., October 25, 1886; was graduated from the Mercersburg Academy in 1906, Washington and Jefferson College in 1909, and the College of Law, University of Pittsburgh, in 1912; was admitted to the Allegheny County Bar and State courts in 1913, and is now engaged in the practice of law in Pittsburgh; was elected Second Lieutenant of Troop H, 1st Pennsylvania Cavalry, November 2, 1911; was appointed First Lieutenant and Squadron Adjutant April 19, 1915, and served with his regiment on the Mexican Border in 1916; in the war against Germany, he served with the 1st Pennsylvania Cavalry from July 15, 1917, until the regiment was disbanded; he was then assigned to the 11th Infantry, but after having been absent from duty about four months on account of illness was honorably discharged May 4, 1918; was recommissioned a first lieutenant August 15, 1918, and assigned to the 11th U. S. Cavalry, with which regiment he served until the end of the war; was a member of the Republican Committee of Allegheny County from 1912 to 1914; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JAMES DONNELEY, Schuylkill County, was born at Forrestville, Cass township, Schuylkill County, Pa., December 10, 1873; attended the public schools; at an early age began working in and about the coal mines, which occupation he has since followed; has served as school director for fifteen years; was elected to the House of Representatives in 1916, by a large Democratic majority; re-elected in November, 1918.

JOHN H. DRINKHOUSE, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, October 10, 1865, where he has since resided; educated in the public schools; was employed for many years by Crefre and Caley, manufacturers of marble tops for furniture; was a clerk in the office of Receiver of Taxes, Philadelphia, from which he resigned on July 15, 1899, to become Deputy Collector in the United States Internal Revenue Department, which position he held until February 13, 1914; served as a member of the Twenty-ninth and Forty-seventh Wards Republican Executive Committee continuously for twenty years; in 1904 was elected a member of the Twenty-ninth Ward Section School Board, from which he resigned in 1907; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November 1918.

JAMES A. DUNN, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, August 10, 1864; educated in the public schools; at the age of thirteen years obtained employment with the William S. Cramp Ship Building Company; three years later he became connected with the Edwin H. Fittler Cordage Company, where he was foreman for twenty-nine years; was a member of the Republican Executive Committee of the Twenty-third Ward of Philadelphia for twelve years, and president of the same for six years; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

FREDERICK C. EHRHARDT, Lackawanna County, was born in Scranton, Lackawanna County, Pa., September 16, 1867; educated in the public and private schools of Scranton, elected to the House of Representatives in 1904, 1906, 1908, 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

SAMUEL J. EPHRAIM, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia in the old district of Northern Liberties, August 22, 1877; educated at Friends' School, Northern Liberties Grammar School, Brown's College Preparatory School and the University of Pennsylvania Law School; admitted to the bar in 1898, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

JOSEPH T. EVANS, Lancaster County, was born in Limerick township, Montgomery County, Pa., July 7, 1867; reared on a farm, educated in the public schools, West Chester State Normal School and Franklin and Marshall College; taught in the public schools of Montgomery County, six terms; read law in the office of A. S. Johns, Esq., of Lancaster, and was admitted to the Lancaster bar April 12, 1897, where he has since been engaged in the practice of law; has been a resident of Ephrata borough since August, 1897, and served as its Burgess from 1906 to 1909; since 1904 has been treasurer of the Ephrata Pioneer Fire Company; is identified with a number of fraternal organizations; served as member and secretary of local draft board of Lancaster County; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

SAMUEL J. EVANS, Lehigh County, was born at Beaver Meadow, Carbon County, Pa., June 16, 1861; left school at an early age; served an apprenticeship at boiler making and worked as a journeyman with the Heilman Boiler Works, at Allentown, until 1888; moved to Slatington in 1889, and organized the Slatington Steam Boiler Works, which was expanded to include the Foundry and Machine Work under the name of Slatington Foundry Machine and Boiler Works; appointed postmaster of Slatington February 21, 1907, by President Roosevelt, and reappointed by President Taft on January 19, 1911; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

H. H. FINNEY, Crawford County, was born in Rockdale township, Crawford County, Pa., December 14, 1858; educated in the public schools, Edinboro State Normal School and Meadville Business College; has been interested in farming, lumbering and surveying, and is now engaged in the printing business at Meadville; served as clerk of the Crawford County Courts from 1903 to 1916; elected to the Board of School Controllers of Meadville in 1917; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

JOHN ARTHUR FITZGIBBON, McKean County, was born in Bradford, McKean County, Pa., February 1, 1885; educated in the schools of Bradford, and was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania Law School in 1905; admitted to the Bar of McKean County in 1906, since which time he has practiced law in Bradford; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JOHN MERTON FLYNN, Elk County, was born at Ridgway, Elk County, Pa., February 14, 1873; educated in the public schools, and was graduated from the high school in 1889; is at present engaged in the manufacturing business, and is general manager of the Russell Car and Snow Plow Company of Ridgway; was a member of the House of Representatives, sessions of 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1909, 1911, 1913, 1915 and 1917; re-elected in November, 1918.

JOSEPH T. FOSTER, Venango County, was born in Sandy Creek Township, Venango County, Pa., June 30, 1862; educated in the public schools of his native township and the Edinboro State Normal School; has been engaged in farming and the production of oil since 1885, having operated in the various oil fields of Pennsylvania and Ohio; has held the several township offices; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

DAVID FOWLER, Lackawanna County, was born in Wales, May 14, 1878, and came to this country when three years of age; attended the public schools of Scranton; at an early age started to work around the mines where he was employed at various occupations; during the Spanish-American War, enlisted in Battery H, Sixth U. S. A., then stationed at Fortress Monroe, Va., and went with said Battery to the Philippine Islands; while on the islands, was transferred to Troop C, Fourth U. S. C., and after three years' service was given an honorable discharge; was elected a member of the Executive Board, District No. 1, United Mine Workers of America in 1914; appointed International Organizer for the United Mine Workers of America in 1907, and assisted in organizing the miners of Kentucky, Tennessee and West Virginia; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

ARTHUR R. B. FOX, Philadelphia, was born in Cedarville, N. J., October 1, 1871; educated in the public schools; at the age of seventeen, entered the employ of the Delaware River Navigation Company, which operated line of steamboats on the Delaware River and Bay, and was advanced to the position of general superintendent; resigned in 1904 to engage in the oil business; was Deputy State Oil Inspector, Philadelphia County, from 1905 to 1912; since 1912 has been associated with the Valvoline Oil Company; has always taken an active interest in Republican politics; is an active member of several business, fraternal and patriotic organizations; was sergeant of Company B, Philadelphia Home Defense Reserves; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

IRA M. FOX, Forest County, was born at Callensburg, Clarion County, Pa., August 23, 1871; educated in the public schools; in 1889, removed to Forest County, where he has since resided; has followed the lumbering business, and is now superintendent of the Lumber Company of Wheeler and Dusenbury, at Endeavor; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

JAMES FRANKLIN, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, October 31, 1855; educated in the public schools; was sergeant-at-arms of the State Senate, session of 1889, and of the Philadelphia Select Council from 1905 to 1907; is now engaged in the real estate business; in 1899 was elected to the House of Representatives to fill an unexpired term, and re-elected in 1890, resigning therefrom in 1891; again elected to the House of Representatives in 1917; re-elected in November, 1918.

***SIGMUND J. GANS**, Philadelphia, was born in the old district of the Northern Liberties, June 9, 1875; educated in the public schools and was graduated from Jefferson Boys' Grammar School in 1890; connected himself with a mercantile house and, in 1896, became a member of the firm of Gans Brothers, manufacturing stationers, of which he is the owner; served nine years on the Republican Executive Committee and six years as a member of the school board of which he was chairman; has been delegate to State and county conventions a number of times; elected representative to Republican campaign committee, 35th Ward; elected to the House of Representatives in 1908, 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

THOMAS PAUL GEARY, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa., in 1870; educated in the public schools; elected to the House of Representatives in 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

LEOPOLD C. GLASS, Philadelphia, was born at Riga, November 10, 1881; educated in the public schools of Philadelphia and was graduated with honors from Shamokin High School in 1900; won a scholarship to the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1904 cum laude with the degree of A. B.; won prizes as an undergraduate; while in the College Department of the University organized the Northumberland County and District Clubs; was graduated from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1907 with the degree of LL. B.; admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar the same year and subsequently to the bars of the Supreme and Superior Courts of Pennsylvania and the United States Circuit and District Courts, since which time he has been engaged in the active practice of law; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

EDWARD B. GOEHRING, Allegheny County, was born at Irwin, Westmoreland County, Pa., in 1870; upon completing the high school course, entered the University of Pittsburgh, class of 1893; was admitted to the Allegheny County Bar in 1895, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

BENJAMIN MARTIN GOLDER, Philadelphia, was born in Vineland, New Jersey, December 23, 1891; and moved to Philadelphia at an early age, where he was educated in the public schools; was graduated from the Central Manual Training High School in 1909 with the highest honors and was awarded a free scholarship to the University of Pennsylvania by the City of Philadelphia; was awarded the Simon Muhr Scholarship of \$1,600 to the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania from which institution he was graduated in 1913; immediately thereafter he entered the law office of Honorable John C. Bell, then Attorney General of Pennsylvania, with whom he is still associated in the general practice of law; while at high school and the University was active in athletics and was at various times a member of the football, baseball and basketball squads; admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar, subsequently to the Bars of the Supreme and Superior Courts of Pennsylvania and the United States Circuit and District Courts; enlisted in the aviation service of the United States Naval Flying Corps in September, 1918; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Cameron County, was born at Whitesville, Allegheny County, N. Y., July 15, 1867; educated in the public schools; removed to Emporium, Pa., in 1888; elected prothonotary, register and recorder and clerk of courts in 1894, and served four terms; is engaged in manufacture of pig iron; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

*Resigned December 6, 1919.

HARRY C. GRAHAM, Chester County, was born in Morgantown, Berks County, Pa., October 15, 1862; educated in public and private schools of Caernarvon Township, Berks County; went to Chester County at the age of eighteen years and learned the butcher business, at which he worked until 1886 when he established a business, which he continued for thirty-five years; in 1911 he gave up that business to deal in livestock in Phoenixville, in which he is still engaged; was elected town clerk of Upper Uwchlan township in 1890, which office he held until 1900; in 1901, he moved to Uwchlan township, of which place he was elected town clerk and served until 1911; in 1905 was elected prothonotary of Chester County courts; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

C. ARTHUR GRIEST, Adams County, was born at Guernsey, Adams County, Pa., August 25, 1878; was educated in the public schools of the same county and George School, Bucks County, Pa., where he was graduated in 1897; was also graduated from Bryant and Straton Business College, Baltimore, Md., in 1898; since that time has been engaged in farming and fruit growing; was a charter member and is now president of the Fruit Growers' Association of Adams County; was elected school director in 1908 and has served continuously since that time; is president of the Adams County School Directors' Association; was appointed and commissioned in 1917 trustee of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School, at Shippensburg; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

WILLIAM GRANT GRIFFITH, Cambria County, was born on a farm near Johnstown, Cambria County, Pa., June 1, 1865; educated in the public schools; worked on his father's farm for some years, also on his own farm in Conemaugh Township; has been engaged in the real estate, contracting and building business for some years; served at various times as school director, auditor, supervisor and assessor; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

W. ALBERTSON HAINES, Bucks County, was born near Moorestown, Burlington County, N. J., March 16, 1880; reared on a farm and educated in the public schools of his native State; entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1904, and received the degree of veterinary medical doctor in June, 1907; since that time has been engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine at Bristol; also operates one of the largest dairy farms in southeastern Pennsylvania; as chairman of the Agricultural Committee of the Bristol Chamber of Commerce, headed the movement for the establishment, in 1915, of the present Bucks County Farm Bureau; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

ISAIAH T. HALDEMAN, Montgomery County, was born in Perkiomen township, July 16, 1876; received his early education in the public schools and later attended West Chester Normal School and Ursinus College; spent about nine years in the general merchandise business; is at present engaged in farming; served as State delegate and was appointed the mercantile appraiser of Montgomery County in 1912; has held the office of Justice of the Peace of Lower Salford Township ten years; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JACOB HAMILTON, Montgomery County, was born in Conshohocken, Montgomery County, Pa., November 13, 1874; educated in the Conshohocken public schools; is president and general manager of the Conshohocken Iron and Steel Company; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

***WILLIAM J. HAMILTON**, Philadelphia, was born in Manayunk, Philadelphia, Pa., January 9, 1869; educated in the public and night schools of Philadelphia; his first employment was as a piecer boy in the mill of James Preston, Manayunk, where he worked one year; in June, 1882, entered the employ of M. and W. H. Nixon Paper Company, remaining with said firm until April 4, 1901, when he resigned to take a position in the office of Register of Wills, Philadelphia; was elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

JOHN C. HAMPSON, Greene County, was born in Morris township, Greene County, Pa., January 15, 1853; reared on a farm; educated in the public and select schools of his native county; at nineteen years of age, entered the teaching profession, which he followed eleven years; served as school director ten years, and has always taken an interest in school work; was elected county auditor in 1887; now engaged in farming and stock raising; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

WARREN CLYDE HARER, Lycoming County, was born at Williamsport, Lycoming County, Pa., January 17, 1886; educated in the public schools, graduating from the Williamsport High School in 1905; is engaged in the automobile business under the firm name of Harer-Wurster Company; served as school director and member of the City Council of Williamsport at different times; is interested in music; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

IVES LUCAS HARVEY, Centre County, was born at Flemington, Centre County, Pa., July 11, 1881; educated in the public schools, Lock Haven State Normal School and the Eastman Business College, Poughkeepsie; is treasurer of the Hayes Run Fire Brick Company of Orriston, and of the Superior Silica Brick Company of Bellefonte; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

JAMES J. HEFFERNAN, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, September 22, 1866; educated in Philadelphia parochial schools; was graduated from the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery in 1891; after two years residence in Williamsport returned to Philadelphia, and since 1895 has practiced his profession in the neighborhood where he now resides; has been treasurer of the Millbourne Endowment Building and Loan Association and of the Ruby Endowment Building and Loan Association since their organization; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

DANIEL W. HELT, Northumberland County, was born at Shamokin, Pa., September 24, 1883; educated in public schools; enlisted in U. S. Marine Corps on June 19, 1901, at Philadelphia, for a four year term; served with the floating battalion and on the Isthmian Canal Zone, spending almost three years in the foreign service; was honorably discharged at League Island on June 19, 1905; has been employed for the past eight years by the P. and R. R. in the signal department as a repairman; elected Grand Chief of the Brotherhood Railroad Signalmen of America, at the tenth annual and twelfth regular Grand Lodge convention, held in New Haven, Conn., June, 1917; and re-elected at the Grand Lodge convention held in Baltimore, Md., June, 1918; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

*Resigned June 26, 1919.

AARON B. HESS, Lancaster County, was born near Safe Harbor, Manor township, Lancaster County, Pa., May 31, 1871; reared on a farm; educated in the public schools and the Millersville State Normal School; began teaching at seventeen years of age and continued nine years, during which time he secured a permanent certificate; also operated a farm during part of this period; in 1898 moved to Lancaster to become General Manager of the Lancaster Chemical Company, of which he is now president; has been extensively engaged in the leaf tobacco business at Lancaster since 1899; is president of the A. B. Hess Cigar Company, Inc., the Lancaster Foundry Company, The Purdy Hess Company, and of the Lancaster Tobacco Board of Trade Inspection Company; elected President of the National Cigar Leaf Tobacco Association in May, 1911, and re-elected in May, 1912 and 1913; is vice-president and a member of the executive committee of the Union Trust Company of Lancaster; was a member of the County Committee from Pequea township, also registry assessor; elected to the House of Representatives in 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

HARRY HANNUM HEYBURN, Delaware County, was born near Concordville, Delaware County, Pa., August 22, 1866; educated at the rural schools and Maplewood Institute; has spent his life in active participation in agricultural pursuits; is engaged in the creamery and butcher business; is Director of the Charter National Bank of Media and member of Board of Viewers of Delaware County; was delegate to the Republican State Convention in 1906; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

CHARLES THOMAS HICKERNELL, Lebanon County, was born at Schaefferstown, Lebanon County, Pa., February 12, 1878; attended the public schools; began teaching school at the age of seventeen; taught for six years, during which time, he was graduated from the Keystone State Normal School; was graduated from the Dickinson Law School, Carlisle, class of 1903; was admitted to the Lebanon County Bar in 1903, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

MICHAEL R. HOFFMAN, Lancaster County, was born in Conoy township, Lancaster County, Pa., January 31, 1857; in 1887 moved to Maytown, East Donegal township; has been a farmer and dealer in leaf tobacco since he was eighteen years of age; is president of the Union Trust Company, Lancaster, and of the People's Bank of Maytown; is serving his ninth consecutive term as school director; was a member of the House of Representatives, sessions of 1907, 1909, 1911, 1913, 1915 and 1917; re-elected in November, 1918.

MARIS MANSEL HOLLINGSWORTH, Chester County, was born in New Garden township, Chester County, Pa., February 11, 1860; educated in the public schools of his native township and at Rugby Academy, Wilmington, Delaware, where he studied surveying, which occupation he has followed in connection with farming and the breeding of registered Guernsey cattle; has been secretary of the Eastern Guernsey Breeders' Association since 1903, and is a member of the American Guernsey Cattle Club and of the West Grove Farmers' Club; is a director of the Kennett Trust Company, Kennett Square, and of the Chester County Farm Bureau; is a member of one of the road and bridge juries of Chester County; has served as assessor, auditor, school director and supervisor in New Garden township; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

J. ROSS HORNE, Cambria County, was born at Alum Bank, Bedford County, Pa., October 27, 1878, of German Scotch-Irish parentage whose ancestors took an active part in the Revolution and the early settlement of Western Pennsylvania; was educated in the public schools of West Saint Clair township, "Summer Normals" and Slippery Rock Normal School, from which he was graduated in 1902; has taught school for eighteen terms, having been principal in the Johnstown schools for the past thirteen years; is now engaged in the office and school supply business as owner of the Sterling Specialty Company, Johnstown; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

EDWARD M. HOUGH, Allegheny County, was born in Greensburg, Westmoreland County, Pa., September 4, 1871; educated in the public schools and the Curry Institute, of Pittsburgh; is engaged in the manufacture of brick and quarrying of stone; served on the school board of Allegheny City for nine years; elected to select council in the City of Allegheny for four years, but served only two years on account of the consolidation of Pittsburgh and Allegheny Cities; elected to the House of Representatives in 1910; again elected in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

E. P. HUNTINGTON, Potter County, was born at Bingham, Potter County, Pa., June 9, 1872; educated in the public schools and Mansfield State Normal School; later, spent several years in farming in Wyoming County, N. Y.; in 1898, returned to Potter County, where he has been engaged at different times in the lumbering, carriage, harness and blacksmith business, and is now operating the Eulalia Mills in the manufacture of flour and feed; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

SAMUEL HUTCHISON, Northampton County, was born in Lower Mount Bethel township, Northampton County, Pa., March 25, 1844; educated in the public schools, in which he taught several years; was engaged in farming until 1887; served as county treasurer three years and, as deputy treasurer, three years; conducted a retail coal business for sixteen years; elected president of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Nazareth in 1916, which office he now holds; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

***FRANK HORTON INGHAM**, Sullivan County, was born in Laporte, Sullivan County, Pa., March 19, 1862; educated in the public schools, Mansfield State Normal School and Cornell University; studied law in the office of his father, Judge Ingham, and was admitted to the bar in 1887; practiced law with his father after the latter's retirement from the bench and, for more than twenty years, was a member of the examining board of the Sullivan County bar; during his residence in Laporte, was elected to many of the borough offices; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

W. WORTH JENNINGS, Bradford County, was born in Sullivan County, Pa., October 25, 1884; educated in the public schools, Cascadilla School, Ithaca, N. Y., and Pennsylvania Military College; farmer and lumber manufacturer, operating in Pennsylvania, Maryland and West Virginia; engaged in the manufacturing of silk, also manufacturing of cut glass; director and treasurer of Towanda Water Works; director and vice-president, First National Bank of Towanda; director, Towanda Silk Dyeing Company and of various other corporations; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

*Died July 18, 1919.

WILLIAM W. JONES, Lackawanna County, was born at Olyphant, Lackawanna County, Pa., May 1, 1873; educated in the Olyphant public schools; at the age of fourteen entered the employ of the Olyphant Gazette to learn the printing trade and is now manager and half owner of same; resides in Blakely Borough and served nine years as borough secretary; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

CHARLES G. JORDAN, Lawrence County, was born at Volant, Lawrence County, Pa.; educated at Westminster College and Princeton University; is a minister by profession, and is also interested in agriculture and politics; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

ROBERT J. KANTNER, Schuylkill County, was born at Tamaqua, Schuylkill County, Pa., December 29, 1876; when twelve years of age left school to work in the mines; took up rail-roading in 1897 as a brakeman and was promoted to conductor in 1898; elected secretary and treasurer of the Order of Railway Conductors, 1903, and as a representative and secretary of the General Committee of the Order of Railway Conductors in 1905, which positions he is still holding; was elected a member of the Borough council of Tamaqua in 1913, 1915, and 1917, serving as president of that body in 1917 and 1918; elected delegate to the Grand Division of the Order of Railway Conductors, and attended their conventions at Memphis, Tenn., and Jacksonville, Fla., 1909 and 1911; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

CHARLES H. KENNEDY, Beaver County, was born at New Brighton, Beaver County, Pa., September 18, 1882; educated in the public schools of New Brighton and at Geneva College, Beaver Falls, Pa.; read law in the office of Hice and Hice, of Beaver, and was admitted to the bar September, 1906; after his admission to the bar continued his legal studies in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, 1907-08, and has been engaged in the active practice of his profession in Beaver County since the Fall of 1908; was elected Burgess of New Brighton and served in that capacity from March, 1909, to January 1, 1914; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

EDWARD ELMER KINSMAN, Wayne County, was born in Cherry Ridge township, Wayne County, Pa., October 13, 1877; reared on a farm; educated in the public schools, Honesdale High School and Bloomsburg State Normal School, from which he was graduated in 1899; taught in the schools of his native county ten years, five of which, he was principal of the Seelyville Independent schools; since that time has managed a two hundred and thirty acre dairy farm; served as town clerk, judge of election and school director, also one term as president of the Wayne County Directors' Association and, two years, as lecturer; and eight years as secretary of Wayne County Pomona Grange No. 41; is prominently identified with the various agricultural and dairymen's societies; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

ERNEST R. KOOSER, Fayette County, was born at Sterling, Fayette County, Pa., January 18, 1887, and from there removed with his parents to Conellsville, where he has since resided; educated in the public schools and the commercial department of the West Virginia University; while attending school and during vacation periods, was employed by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company in the capacity of weighmaster, claim clerk and timekeeper; and since leaving school has been continuously employed by the West Penn Railways Company in the capacity of bookkeeper, assistant superintendent of transportation and assistant general superintendent, respectively; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

THADDEUS STEVENS KRAUSE, Philadelphia, was born in Worcester township, near Norristown, Montgomery County, Pa., February 25, 1867; one year thereafter moved with his parents, Doctor J. H. and Mary E. Krause, to Plumsteadville, Bucks County; attended the public schools and Ursinus College, from which he was graduated in 1887; read law with Wayne MacVeagh and George Tucker Bispham, and was graduated from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1891; was admitted to practice in the courts of Philadelphia County June 13, 1891, and, subsequently, to the bar of the Supreme and Superior Courts of Pennsylvania and the United States Circuit and District Courts; since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

***WILLIAM KRAUSE**, Bucks County, was born in Tintnum township, Bucks County, Pa., October 9, 1855; educated in the public schools; was engaged on his father's farm until twenty-eight years of age, then followed the mercantile business in Quakertown, fourteen years; during this period he was elected to the town council of Quakertown, also served as a member of the Republican County Committee; was postmaster of Richland Center post office nearly fifteen years, when it was consolidated with the Quakertown post office; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

ALBERT G. KRUGH, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa., August 10, 1871; educated in the Birmingham public school of that city, also took a course in book-keeping; learned the painting and paperhanging trade; in 1906, was appointed collector of Internal Revenue, which office he held until change in administration; later, was appointed dairy inspector for the city of Pittsburgh; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

EDWIN T. KUNKLE, Monroe County, was born at Kresgeville, Monroe County, Pa., September 16, 1868; spent his early youth on the farm, in the mill and in the country store; educated in the public schools, Fairview Academy, at Brodheads ville, and Muhlenberg College, from which he was graduated in 1893, dividing first honors, and was selected to deliver the salutatory in Latin; was principal of the Fairview Academy, sixteen years, when he was elected teller of the First National Bank of Stroudsburg, of which institution he is now assistant cashier; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914; again elected in November, 1918.

JAMES V. LAFFERTY, Philadelphia, was elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

HENRY E. LANIUS, York County, was born about thirty-eight years ago and has been a life-long native of York County; is a grandson of Doctor Frederic Von Knodt, the eminent German surgeon, and is a direct descendant of one of the oldest families in Pennsylvania, his paternal ancestors having come to this country in 1685, the family having been represented in the American Revolution; was educated in the public schools and later spent some years in newspaper work; he afterwards entered the mechanical field and in 1902 received an injury which cost him the sight of both eyes; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JOHN LAULER, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Pa., January 9, 1849; when he was seven years of age removed with his father to a farm in Martin County, Indiana; educated at a country school and engaged in farming until 1864, when he enlisted in Company F, First Regiment, Indiana Heavy Artillery, and was honorably discharged on January 10, 1866; in 1873 returned to Pittsburgh and was employed as street car conductor for five years, after which he entered the hotel business, from which he retired five years ago; in 1902 was elected a member of common council for one term and in 1912 was a State delegate; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

*Died November 12, 1919.

- JULIUS J. LEVIS**, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, April 1, 1893; educated in the public schools of that city and the law school of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1916; was admitted to the bar in March, 1917, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- ROBERT B. MacCALLUM**, Luzerne County, was born at Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, Pa., August 30, 1874; educated in the public schools of Wilkes-Barre; in 1893, entered the employ of the Chester Water Company, at Chester; in 1900, engaged in business with his father, the late John MacCallum, in which he continued until 1911, when he organized the MacCallum Supply Company, dealing in the sale of automobile trucks; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- FRANK STOCKTON MAGILL**, Franklin County, was born at Lewistown, Illinois, July 15, 1875; educated in the public schools of Pennsylvania and Iowa; was graduated from Parsons College, Fairfield, Iowa, in 1896, and took Masters Degree, magna cum laude, Washington and Jefferson College, Washington, Pennsylvania, in 1906; was admitted to the practice of law by the Supreme Courts of Missouri and Washington; was a member of the faculty of the Purdue University, Lafayette, Indiana, and is now Head Master, Penn Hall School for Girls, Chambersburg, and secretary and treasurer of the Penn Hall Company; is a member of the University Association of America; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- FRANK VANDOOZER MALLERY**, Venango County, was born in Fairfield township, Crawford County, Pa., July 29, 1856; attended the district and select schools in the community where he was raised, Edinboro State Normal School and Allegheny College; taught in the country schools for seven years, then engaged in surveying; served twelve years as county surveyor of Crawford County, one term on the school board at Saegertown, and two terms on select council of Oil City; has been employed as surveyor for the National Transit Company, South Penn. Oil Company, and the United Natural Gas Company since 1897; was elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- WILLIAM J. MANGAN**, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Pa., July 31, 1876; educated in the Holy Cross Parochial School; at the age of eleven years he started to work at the glass trade, afterwards entering the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad as brakeman and conductor; is at present engaged in the newspaper business; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.
- JOSEPH CHARLES MARCUS**, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Pa., February 22, 1883; educated in the public schools, graduating from the Pittsburgh Central High School, academic department, and the Pittsburgh Law School; has been engaged in the practice of law since 1910; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- JOHN G. MARSHALL**, Beaver County, was born in Big Beaver township, Beaver County, Pa., October 2, 1880; educated in the public schools and Grove City College, graduating from the latter in 1903; taught school, two years; was deputy sheriff of Beaver County, three years; graduated from the University of Pennsylvania Law School in June, 1912, and was admitted to the bar in September of that year, since which time he has been actively engaged in the practice of law at Beaver; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- WILLIAM H. MARTIN**, Allegheny County, was born in Carroll County, Ohio, February 17, 1877; educated in the country schools, Slippery Rock State Normal School, Franklin College, Ohio, and University of Pittsburgh; was principal of Burgettstown schools, 1901-1904; taught in the Wilkinsburg High School, four years, and professor of mathematics in Pennsylvania College for Women, Pittsburgh, five years; is now a teacher of mathematics in Schenley High School, Pittsburgh; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- WILLIAM J. McCAIG**, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Pa., July 20, 1866; was educated in the old Fourteenth Ward Public School of that city; was elected a member of the Select Council from the Sixth ward of Pittsburgh in 1909, and served until the commission form of government went into effect; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.
- SAMUEL McCURDY**, Blair County, was born at Thompstonown, Juniata County, Pa., March 6, 1865; educated in the public schools; in early life worked on a farm, lumbering and other positions as a laborer; learned the freight and ticket business with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Thompstonown; was clerk in a general store for several years; served as agent for Adams Express Company, at Thompstonown; moved to Blair County in 1890; served some time as freight brakeman with the Pennsylvania Railroad, from which position he resigned to engage in the manufacture of soft drinks and confectionery at Hollidaysburg; in 1895 he sold his interest in the soft drink business and has since continued in the manufacture and wholesale selling of confectionery; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.
- J. GRANT McGEARY**, Westmoreland County, was born in Westmoreland County, Pa., September 23, 1873; educated in the public schools, Indiana State Normal School, and the Greensburg Seminary; at the age of seventeen began teaching school, which occupation he followed ten years; then formed a partnership with his cousin under the firm name of McGeary and McGeary, and engaged in the mercantile business at Vandergrift; in 1914, accepted the position of cashier of the Citizens National Bank, Vandergrift, which position he still holds; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- RUSSELL B. McINTYRE**, Fayette County, was born in Coal Centre, Washington County, Pa., February 9, 1893; later removed with his parents to Donora, where he was educated in the public schools, graduating from the Donora High School; learned the trade of electrician and motion picture operator, his present occupation; in 1908, removed with his parents to Uniontown; has been president of the Motion Picture Machine Operators' Union, local, 208, and secretary of Trades and Labor Council of Uniontown; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.
- *JOHN McKAY**, Luzerne County, was born in Nova Scotia, Canada, in 1855; came to Pennsylvania in 1872; worked as coal miner for a number of years; elected Burgess of Luzerne in 1883; elected and served as justice of the peace from 1883 to 1888; has been a traveling salesman for the past eighteen years; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912; again elected in 1916, and re-elected in November, 1918.
- SAMUEL J. McKIM**, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa., December 18, 1876; was educated in the public schools and entered Westminster College where he was graduated in 1899; entered the law school of the Western University of Pennsylvania, now the University of Pittsburgh, and graduated from the law department in 1903; was admitted to the bar of Allegheny County in 1903, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

NELSON McVICAR, Allegheny County, was born in Harwich township, Kent County, Ontario; received his education in the schools of that province and studied law at the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor; was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of Michigan in January, 1896, the courts of Allegheny County and the Federal Courts in March, 1896, and the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania in October, 1898; is now engaged in the practice of his profession at Pittsburgh; has served as solicitor of the boroughs of Tarentum and Brackenridge and the township of Harrison; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JOHN MEHRING, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, January 6, 1870; educated in the public schools of South Philadelphia; learned the trade of book binding; in 1901 was made business manager of the Book Binders' Union, which office he held until 1907; member of the Thirty-ninth Republican Club Executive Committee; appointed deputy coroner in 1907, which office he still holds; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

CHARLES A. MICHEL, Allegheny County, was born in the City of Pittsburgh, February 15, 1868; was educated in the public schools; employed by the City of Pittsburgh as district supervisor in the Department of Highways and Sewers; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

ALBERT MILLAR, Dauphin County, was born in Williamsburg, Blair County, Pa., April 20, 1880; educated in the public schools of Harrisburg, and the Harrisburg Business College; served in Troop C, Second U. S. Cavalry during the Spanish-American War, also one enlistment in the Governor's Troop, N. G. P., Harrisburg, 1901-1904; was elected to the Penbrook borough council in 1908, moving from the borough before the expiration of his term; is now employed as a passenger conductor on the Pennsylvania Railroad; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

ALLAN D. MILLER, Susquehanna County, was born at Thompson, Susquehanna County, Pa., August 14, 1884; educated in the public schools and at Wyoming Seminary, Kingston, Pa.; studied law with his father, John D. Miller, with whom he has been engaged in the practice of law since he passed the examination of the State Board of Law Examiners, and was admitted to the bar in 1911; member of the Grange and other fraternal organizations; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

CONRAD GEORGE MILLER, Luzerne County, was born in Cranberry, Hazle township, Luzerne County, Pa., September 15, 1874; educated in the public schools; at the age of sixteen years became an apprentice at the tin roofing and tinker trade; in 1906 entered into a partnership known as the Hazleton Sheet Metal and Roofing Company, in which he is still engaged; in 1902 was elected a member of the school board of the City of Hazleton and served two years and three months of a four year term, when he resigned on account of being employed outside of the State; received both Republican and Democratic nominations for member of the House of Representatives to which office he was elected in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

DAVID I. MILLER, Dauphin County, was born in Harrisburg, Dauphin County Pa., February 10, 1878; educated in the public schools of Harrisburg and the University of Pennsylvania, graduating from the medical department of the latter institution in June, 1901; after serving one year as resident physician in the Harrisburg Hospital, began the practice of medicine in Harrisburg, which profession he has actively followed since that time; is a member of the Harrisburg Academy of Medicine, Dauphin County Medical Society, Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

DONALD D. MILLER, Clearfield County, was born at Grampian Hills, Clearfield County, Pa., December 9, 1877; educated in the public schools of Penn township; reared on a farm, which occupation he has continuously followed; has filled the office of chairman of the local Republican Committee since he was twenty-one years of age; was appointed census enumerator for his district in 1900; was elected justice of the peace in 1909, and again in 1917; served as president of the school board of Penn Township; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

THOMAS T. MILLIN, Jefferson County, was born in Oliver Township, Jefferson County, Pa., March 20, 1853; reared on a farm and has always been engaged in agriculture and stock raising; educated in the public and private schools of his vicinity; taught rural and graded schools thirty-five terms; served as secretary of the Jefferson County Teachers' Institute fifteen sessions; since 1906 has been interested in coal mining; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

BYRON A. MILNER, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, August 25, 1884; educated in the public schools of Philadelphia and was graduated with honors from the Central High School of Philadelphia in 1903; from the Wharton School of Finance and Commerce, of the University of Pennsylvania, in 1906, as valedictorian of his class, with the degree of B. S. in E., and from the Department of Law, University of Pennsylvania, in 1910, with the degree of LL. B.; admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar the same year and subsequently to the Bars of the Supreme and Superior Courts of Pennsylvania, since which time he has been engaged in the active practice of law; co-author with H. Edgar Barnes, Esq., of Selected Cases in Constitutional Law; Lecturer in Constitutional Law at University of Pennsylvania; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

THOMAS J. MORGAN, Luzerne County, was born in Morganshire, Wales, February 12, 1864; came to America in 1879 and settled in Plymouth, Pa.; was educated in the public schools; worked in the breaker as slate picker and later was employed in the mines in various capacities until he was gradually advanced to mine foreman; is at present time a rock contractor; has always taken an active part in Republican Party politics; elected to House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

PETER MURPHY, Luzerne County, was born at Ashlev, Luzerne County, Pa., August 25, 1875; received his early education in the public schools but was obliged to go to work at an early age in a coal breaker; when sixteen years old he entered the mines as a door boy and gradually advanced until in 1910 he was appointed mine foreman which position he held until March, 1912, when he resigned; has been serving as school director since 1905; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

DANIEL J. NEARY, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., March 31, 1873; educated in public and parochial schools; at the age of sixteen was employed by Townsend, Wilson and Hubbard as a machinist's helper, in whose service he remained for three years, when he entered the contracting and teamster business with offices at Twentieth and Market Streets; is at present engaged in the automobile business; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

GEORGE R. NORTH, Chester County, was born near Cornersville, Dorchester County, Maryland, March 7, 1860, and educated in the public schools of that place; moved to Chester County in 1884, since which time he has owned and operated a farm; is also interested in the produce commission business in Philadelphia; was clerk of courts of Chester County one term; has always been a staunch Republican, serving for a quarter of a century as Republican committeeman, and as secretary of the East Brandywine School Board, twenty-three years; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

JAMES EDWARD NORTON, Berks County, was born in Reading, Berks County, Pa., February 23, 1872; educated in the public schools, graduating from the boys' high school in 1887; in 1890, became a member of the Coleman Printing House which, later, merged into Norton Printing House; since 1913, has been engaged in the general insurance business; in May, 1916, was appointed coroner of Berks County by Governor Brumbaugh, vice Doctor L. G. Hain, deceased; in November, 1917, was appointed member from Berks County on District Draft Board No. 3; is identified with various fraternal organizations and secretary-treasurer of the Reading Typographical Union No. 86; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

***CYRUS MAFFET PALMER**, Schuylkill County, was born in Pottsville, Schuylkill County, Pa., February 12, 1887; educated in the public schools and was graduated from the Pottsville High School in June, 1904; is engaged in the practice of law; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

MATTHEW PATTERSON, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, July 7, 1881; educated in the public schools and business college; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

SAMUEL J. PERRY, Philadelphia, was born in Delaware City, Delaware, December 2, 1869; removed to Philadelphia at an early age and was educated in the public schools; learned the trade of boiler making and worked for a number of years at Cramp's ship yard; served as discount clerk in the office of Receiver of Taxes; is a member of the Republican Executive Committee and president of the First Independent Club of the Twenty-fifth Ward; elected to the House of Representatives in 1908, 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JOSEPH E. PHILLIPS, Clearfield County, was born in Woodward township, Clearfield County, Pa.; educated in the public schools; is a graduate of the Excelsior Normal School at Mahaffey, and of the Lock Haven Normal School; attended Dickinson Seminary, Williamsport, for one term; taught county school for eight years; remained on farm until thirty-five years of age; has been a lumberman, civil engineer, State road contractor and superintendent and has also been engaged in the mercantile business; is at present a general contractor; has always been interested in forestry, road building and protection of game; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

ARTHUR H. PIDGEON, Clearfield County, was born at Houtzdale, Clearfield County, Pa., in 1873; educated in the public schools; was employed as bookkeeper in the Citizens Bank of Houtzdale from 1892 until 1896; entered the Dental Department of the Western University of Pittsburgh in 1896, graduating therefrom in 1899; since that time has been practicing dentistry at Houtzdale; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

HAROLD CARTER PIKE, Montgomery County, was born in Cheltenham Village, Cheltenham township, Montgomery County, Pa., December 13, 1892, and was educated in the public schools, graduating from the Cheltenham High School in 1910; at the age of fourteen years became a reporter on the Jenkintown Times Chronicle, a weekly newspaper, and a few years later became connected with several Philadelphia dailies, and has been doing considerable newspaper writing; a few days after passing his twenty-first birthday, was appointed secretary to the Commissioners of Cheltenham Township, and also secretary of the Health Board; is a member of the Republican Executive Committee of Montgomery County, and is a baseball enthusiast, being president of the Montgomery County and the Philadelphia Suburban Baseball Leagues, organizations composed of baseball teams in Philadelphia and Montgomery Counties; is a member of the executive board of the Philadelphia Sporting Writers' Association; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

RICHARD POWELL, Luzerne County, was born in Pontypridd, South Wales, April 28, 1875; in 1880 came to Edwardsville, Pennsylvania, where he now resides; at the age of nine years became employed in a coal breaker and worked in and around the coal mines until 1906; has been prominent in the United Mine Workers' movement; employed in the Recorder's Office of Luzerne County in 1907, and served as County Detective during 1910 and 1911; is now secretary of the Edwardsville School District; elected to the House of Representatives on the Republican ticket in 1908; again elected on the Democratic ticket in 1914; re-elected in 1916 on all the tickets, and re-elected on the Democratic, Prohibition, Socialist, Washington, and Fair-Play tickets in November, 1918.

RICHARD SHAW QUIGLEY, Clinton County, was born at Blanchard, Centre County, Pa., December 25, 1886, and is the youngest son of Captain James A. Quigley, civil war veteran, and Mary Shaw Quigley; was graduated from Bellefonte Academy when fourteen years of age, and entered Pennsylvania State College in 1902; left college in his senior year and married Miss Dorothy Armstrong, of Lock Haven, Clinton County, December 2, 1905; was employed for two years by the B. F. Sturdevant Company, of Pittsburgh; has resided in Lock Haven since 1907; is a member of the board of directors of the New York and Pennsylvania Company; vice-president and secretary of the Lock Haven Auto Company; served as president of the Imperial Refining Company, from 1916 to 1918; is a director of the Chelsea Refining Company; was first captain and founder of Company K, Pennsylvania Reserve Militia, later, promoted to Major of 2d battalion, 2d Infantry, Pennsylvania Reserve Militia; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

†**WILLIAM T. RAMSEY**, Delaware County, was born in Philadelphia, January 8, 1873; removed to Chester at the age of four years, was educated in the public schools; his first employment was in the Eddystone Print Works and in 1901 he became connected with the Consumers' Ice and Coal Company, of which he became general manager in 1907; has been active in politics since 1900; elected to common council in 1906, and was made president thereof, in 1910 and 1911; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

CHARLES ALGER REBER, Lehigh County, was born in Lehighton, Carbon County, Pa., September 12, 1881; attended the public schools of Allentown, graduating from the Allentown High School in 1900; for eighteen years, was manager of the Union News Company, at Allentown; enlisted as Overseas Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. on June 1, 1918, and sailed for France on June nineteenth; served his entire time overseas in the Y. M. C. A. service, with the 314th Engineers of the 89th Division, which was engaged in the Saint Mihiel and Argonne-Meuse drives and, with this regiment, went with the Army of Occupation through Belgium and Luxembourg into Germany; was elected school director of Allentown in November, 1915, for the six year term; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918, on the Republican ticket while still overseas; arrived home on January 21, 1919, and is now employed as assistant secretary and traffic manager of the Allentown Chamber of Commerce.

*Resigned December 18, 1919.

†Resigned January 5, 1920.

HORACE FRANCIS REBER, Schuylkill County, was born at Rock, Washington township, Schuylkill County, Pa., February 25, 1866; removed to Pine Grove in 1880; educated in the public schools; clerked for the Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company until 1894; from 1894 until 1900 was clerk to the County Commissioners; in 1899 was elected County Commissioner and re-elected in 1902; served two terms, each, as Borough Councilman and School Director; from 1906 until 1909, operated a hosiery mill, which he sold to Congressman-elect John Reber; bought a half interest in the Pine Grove Herald, a weekly newspaper, serving as editor; is also special correspondent of a number of newspapers; served in the Pennsylvania National Guard eight years, during which time he was promoted to lieutenant; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

HARRY L. RHOADS, Lancaster County, was born in Salisbury township, Lancaster County, Pa., October 1, 1864; was educated in the public schools; is engaged in the general merchandise business which he has conducted for twenty-seven years; is President of the First National Bank, at Intercourse; was a member of the Republican State Committee four years; served as delegate to the Republican State Convention in 1894; is one of the directors of the Lancaster Fair Association; elected to the House of Representatives in 1906, 1908, 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

***WALTER ARTHUR RINGLER**, Berks County, was born in Exeter township, Berks County, Pa., March 7, 1879; educated in the township schools; located in Reading in 1890; has been in the employ of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company since 1899; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

ALBERT E. RINN, Lehigh County, was born at Easton, Pa., June 6, 1864; removed to Allentown with his parents, where he attended public schools and business college; learned the printing trade, later became a traveling salesman; is at present engaged in farming; served as Chairman of the Democratic City Committee of Allentown, and for six years was deputy clerk of the Quarter Sessions; was elected Justice of the peace of Upper Saucon township; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918, having been endorsed by the Democratic and Republican parties.

WILLIAM W. ROBERTSON, Northumberland County, was born at Shamokin, Northumberland County, Pa., August 13, 1871; was educated in the public schools of Mount Carmel; worked six years in the mines as mining engineer; was engaged in the clothing, laundry and livery business for several years; was elected delegate to the Republican State Convention in 1906; served four years as treasurer of Mount Carmel borough and for the last ten years as borough engineer; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

WILLIAM F. RORKE, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, February 21, 1884; educated in the public schools and Central High School of Philadelphia; studied law and was admitted to the Bar of the courts of Philadelphia County, subsequently, to the Bars of Superior and Supreme Courts of Pennsylvania, United States Circuit Court, District Courts of the United States and the Supreme Court of the United States, since which time he has been actively engaged in the practice of law; is a member of the Law Academy of Philadelphia, Lawyers' Club, Pennsylvania State Bar Association and United States Bar Association; has been assistant city solicitor of Philadelphia since 1916; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

†**DANIEL A. ROTHENBERGER**, Berks County, was born at Basket, Berks County, Pa., February 11, 1858; educated in the public schools of Oley township and in Oley Academy; learned the carpenter trade; taught school thirty-five years; is at present engaged in farming and trucking and is interested in a livestock insurance company; has been a delegate to County and State conventions; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

MICHAEL J. RUDDY, Lackawanna County, was born in Ireland, August 15, 1873; educated in public schools; came to United States in 1883; worked in breaker and mines until 1898, when he started in the hotel business in which he is still engaged; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

WILSON G. SARIG, Berks County, was born at Lenhartsville, Berks County, Pa., March 7, 1874; was educated in the public schools and was graduated from the Keystone State Normal School, Kutztown, in 1894; taught school twenty-two terms, the last fourteen terms in the Temple Grammar School; served twelve years as Justice of the peace of Muhlenberg township, also as delegate to the Democratic County Conventions in 1895 and 1896; is an active Democratic campaign orator; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

ADAM C. SCHAEFFER, Schuylkill County, was born at Cramberry, Luzerne County, Pa., June 21, 1881; moved to Mahanoy City in September, 1887, where he entered the public schools in June, 1888, and continued until May, 1895, when he entered the mines; in 1903, when twenty-one years of age, was defeated for office of chief burgess, and in 1906 was elected to that position and served for three years; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JOSEPH M. SCHILLING, Erie County, was born at Ashland, Schuylkill County, Pa., August 25, 1881; educated in the public schools; removed to Erie in 1903, where he was employed in the store of C. S. Marks and Company; served as a machinist apprentice in the Pennsylvania Railroad shops, and was foreman of repairs, five years; is at present secretary of the Fraternal Order of Eagles in Erie, and deputy grand president for Western Pennsylvania; was elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

JOHN R. K. SCOTT, Philadelphia, was born at Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa., July 6, 1873; moved with his parents to Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, when eleven years of age and five years later removed to Philadelphia, educated in the public schools, graduating from the Central High School of Philadelphia in 1893; entered the law school of the University of Pennsylvania and studied law under the preceptorship of W. W. Smithers and James H. Shakespeare of Philadelphia; was admitted to the bar in December, 1895; was a member of the House of Representatives, session of 1899; again elected to the House of Representatives in 1908, 1910 and 1912; was elected to Congress as a Congressman-at-Large from Pennsylvania in November, 1914, and re-elected in November, 1916; was again elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

*Resigned January 3, 1920.

†Died July 28, 1919.

CHARLES A. SHAFFER, Columbia County, was born in Briar Creek township, Columbia County, Pa., September 24, 1867, and left an orphan at age of ten years, the eldest of five children; educated in the public schools and the Orangeville Academy and was later graduated from the Cincinnati College of Embalming, Cincinnati, Ohio, and the Renouard School of Embalming, New York City; received his early training on a farm and was later employed in the mercantile business and then in the furniture and undertaking business; for the past thirty years has been commercial salesman for the undertaking profession and is a member of the Harrisburg Burial Case Company, wholesale manufacturers of undertaking goods, at Harrisburg; in Berwick, where he lives, is a director of one of the largest banking institutions and a large property owner, and one of the general officers of the United Evangelical Church; was a member of the Panama-Pacific Exposition Commission; was elected by the Democratic Party to the House of Representatives in 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918. Was Democratic nominee for Speaker of the House, session of 1913.

JOHN H. SHELLENBERGER, Juniata County, was born in Fayette township, Juniata County, Pa., July 30, 1873; reared on a farm; educated in the public schools and Juniata College; taught school ten consecutive years in Fayette township; has been engaged in fruit growing since 1898; is director of the Farmers' National Bank, of McAllisterville, and director and secretary of the Juniata Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company for a number of years; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

HARRY M. SHOWALTER, Union County, was born at Laurelton, Union County, Pa., September 15, 1879; reared on a farm; educated in public schools of Williamsport, and in Dickinson Seminary and Dickinson College, Carlisle, where he was graduated in 1904; was also graduated from Dickinson Law School in 1906; taught six terms in public schools; admitted to bar of Cumberland County in 1908, and of Union County in 1908, since which time he has been practicing law in Lewisburg; is solicitor of borough of Lewisburg; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

HOWARD P. SHUNK, Erie County, was born in Brownsville, Fayette County, Pa., January 14, 1874; educated in the public schools and at Chaifants' College, Brownsville; learned the trade of window glass blowing which he followed at Belle Vernon, New Castle, Smethport and Port Allegany; was a stockholder and director of the Allegany Window Glass Company for several years; moved to Harbour Creek in 1905; served two successive terms as school director; is at present engaged in fruit growing; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JOHN H. W. SIMPSON, Allegheny County, was born in Mifflin township, Allegheny County, Pa., October 21, 1868, where he has lived all his life, his present home being in Dravosburg, which was incorporated out of a part of Mifflin township; was educated in the public schools and Amity Academy, Dravosburg; also attended Curry University in Pittsburgh and completed his education at University of Michigan, Ann Arbor; was admitted to Allegheny County bar in 1895, and has been practicing law there ever since; was Solicitor of the borough of Dravosburg until he was compelled to resign because of his election as the first full term burgess of said borough; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

DUNCAN SINCLAIR, Fayette County, was born in Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, Pa., January 13, 1874; moved with his parents to Philadelphia when five years of age; educated in the public schools of Philadelphia; learned the trade of plumbing; served throughout the Spanish-American War with the First U. S. V. Engineers in Porto Rico; has been engaged in the plumbing business at Brownsville, Fayette County, since 1901; served as president of the Brownsville Township School Board; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

EDGAR R. SMITH, Bedford County, was born in Hopewell township, Bedford County, Pa., May 17, 1891; spent early life on his father's farm; taught school three terms in his native township; attended Tusquehanna University; then studied law in Chattanooga College of Law, Chattanooga, Tennessee, and University of Maryland, Baltimore; since leaving college has been engaged in the agricultural and lumber business with his father; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

FRANK IRA SMITH, Pike County, was born in Towanda, Pa., July 1, 1862; was educated in the common schools, at Orangeville Academy and Lafayette College and was graduated in medicine at Jefferson Medical College in 1889, since which time he has been practicing his profession in his native State; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JOHN F. SNOWDEN, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, December 14, 1856; was educated in the public schools; held position of clerk in electrical bureau and a position in the sheriff's office; after having been in grocery business for a number of years, went into manufacture of wooden ware which he discontinued during the war, and since then has been working at Cramp's Shipyard; was a member of the executive committee of the Forty-fifth Ward for years; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

FRANK EMERSON SNYDER, Tioga County, was born at Liberty, Tioga County, Pa., March 18, 1886; reared on a farm; educated in the public schools and the Lock Haven State Normal School, graduating therefrom in 1906, and from the Oratory and College Preparatory Department in 1908; was principal of high school, two years; was in the retail shoe business at Lodi, California, three years, and in the retail hardware business, seven years; at present, is in partnership with his brother in the hardware, automobile, farming and lumbering business at Liberty; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

GEORGE HENRY SOFFEL, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa., January 8, 1875; educated in the public schools of Pittsburgh; is president of the George H. Soffel Company, Plumbing Contractors, with main offices in Pittsburgh and branch office in Detroit, Michigan; was elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

CLINTON ANDERSON SOWERS, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, January 8, 1879; educated in the public schools; admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in 1900, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law; served three years in common council; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

ROBERT S. SPANGLER, York County, was born in York, York County, Pa., May 10, 1882; educated at public and private schools in the city of York and at the University of Virginia; after having successfully passed the Supreme Court examination, was admitted to the Bar of York County in 1905; subsequently admitted to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania; has served as secretary and chairman of the Republican Committee of York County and as chairman of Congressional Committee; delegate to State Convention; State Committeeman and President of York County Republican Club; at the beginning of the war with Germany, after examination, he received a commission as First Lieutenant of Infantry in United States Army; attended Officers' Training School at Fort Niagara in May, 1917, from which he received an honorable discharge as result of defect in eye; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914, 1916, and re-elected in November, 1918; was elected Speaker of the House of Representatives on January 7, 1919.

J. ADD. SPOWLS, Washington County, was born in West Finley, Washington County, Pa., July 29, 1871; is a graduate of University of Pittsburgh, Medical Department, 1896; is president of Bank of Donora; has been member of Board of Education at Donora for fifteen years; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

WILLIAM FREDERICK STADTLANDER, Allegheny County, was born June 1, 1874, in Allegheny City, now North Side, Pittsburgh, Pa.; attended public schools of Allegheny City; is a graduate of Phillips-Exeter Academy, Exeter, New Hampshire, in the year 1900; of the University of Pittsburgh Law School, 1904; was admitted to the bar of Allegheny County in January, 1906, and has practiced law continuously since that time; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

OSCAR D. STARK, Wyoming County, was born in Lemon township, Wyoming County, Pa., August 3, 1865; educated in the public schools, Keystone Academy, Factoryville, Pa., and was graduated from the Mansfield State Normal School in 1888; enlisted in Company G, Thirtieth Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, in 1888, and was honorably discharged in 1891; principal of the Mehoopany High School, eight years; traveled the Mississippi Valley, two years, then was made manager and superintendent of agents of the machine department of the Buda Manufacturing Company, at Chicago; superintendent of lead and zinc mines at Joplin, Mo.; returned to Lemon township, purchased a farm and has been engaged in agriculture ever since; supervisor of Lemon township, six years; is now secretary and treasurer of the Board of Supervisors of Lemon Township, and has been for the past twelve years; is secretary of the Wyoming County Fair Association, at Tunkhannock, which office he has held for the past eight years; is secretary of the Wyoming County Supervisors' Association, and has been since its organization; is director of the Wyoming County Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Company, and was one of its organizers; is secretary and treasurer of the Stark Cemetery Association at East Lemon, and was one of its incorporators; elected to the House of Representatives without opposition in November, 1918.

JOHN P. STATLER, Somerset County, was born in Paint township, Somerset County, Pa., April 14, 1865; educated in the public and normal schools; beginning at the age of sixteen, he taught school for a number of years; served as justice of the peace for fifteen years, during which time he also followed watch-making and surveying; then entered the contracting and planing mill business, in which he is still engaged; was one of the promoters of the Citizens National Bank of Windber, and president of said institution for fourteen years; is president of the Somerset Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Somerset, where he has resided since 1904; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914, and again elected in November, 1918.

JOSEPH G. STEEDLE, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa., March 10, 1880; was educated in the parochial and public schools and received an academic education at Curry's College, Pittsburgh; entered the Medical Department of the Western University of Pennsylvania in 1898, and was graduated therefrom in 1902; served as interne in the Western Pennsylvania Hospital in 1902, also in the City Hospital at Marshalsea, Pa.; began the general practice of medicine at McKees Rocks in 1904, and is now surgeon at the Ohio Valley General Hospital, at McKees Rocks; served as Burgess of McKees Rocks from 1909-1914; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912, 1914 and in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

PHILIP STERLING, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, April 10, 1887; educated in the public schools, graduated from Central High School, Philadelphia, 1906, University of Pennsylvania, College Department, 1909, Law Department, 1910; admitted to the bar, October, 1910; entered the office of the Honorable Frederick J. Shoyer, where he remained until 1912, and since then has been engaged in the general practice of law; member of the Manufacturer's Club; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

GEORGE W. STEVENSON, Jefferson County, was born in Philadelphia, August 17, 1872; when two years of age, removed with his parents to Williamsport and, after graduating from the Williamsport High School, took a two years course at the Williamsport Commercial College; then entered the J. G. Erig Cracker and Cake Bakery and, later, took up railroad, which he followed for a number of years; is now engaged in the fire insurance business at Punxsutawney; served as assessor, school director and tax collector; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

EDWIN STOTT, Philadelphia, was born near Manchester, England, October 10, 1872, came to the United States in 1886; was educated in the public schools and Frankford Business College; has always taken an interest in civic movements and served a short term as select councilman of the Twenty-second ward; has a practical knowledge of the textile business; was engaged in contracting for ten years, and is now in the operative building and real estate business; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

JOHN C. SULLIVAN, Allegheny County, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa., May 2, 1883; educated in the public schools and the St. John's parochial school, also the Western University of Pennsylvania, now the University of Pittsburgh, graduating from the Dental Department of the latter institution with the class of 1908; is engaged in the practice of dentistry in Pittsburgh; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

E. MARION SWEITZER, Clarion County, was born on a farm in Porter township, Clarion County, Pa., May 19, 1879; received his early education in the public schools, later, at West Millville Academy and was graduated from Clarion Normal School in 1902; taught in the rural schools four terms, and in graded schools, three years; served as supervising principal of the Clarion Schools two years, and of the Wick City Schools, six years; is now general manager of Farmers' General Store, Shipperville, Pa.; is National President of Farmers' Society of Equity, main office in Indianapolis, Ind.; President of National Equity Farmers' Exchange, Chicago, Ill.; for five years has been secretary and district organizer of Western Pennsylvania Clearing House, member of council, Shipperville borough; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

HARRY B. TODD, Allegheny County, was born in Altoona, Blair County, Pa., October 8, 1865; educated in the public schools of Harrisburg; present occupation, pharmaceutical chemist; served in Company D, Eighth Regiment, N. G. P., City Grays of Harrisburg, under Captain Thomas F. Maloney; has been a resident of Pittsburgh since 1890; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

REUBEN H. TRACH, Northampton County, was born in Bushkill township, Northampton County, Pa., October 6, 1842; educated in public and private schools; taught in public and private schools from 1862 to 1872, when he opened Trach's Academy, a preparatory school of Lafayette College, which he continued until 1885; served as clerk of court of quarter sessions from 1886 to 1892 and as deputy clerk from 1892 to 1898; also as deputy county treasurer for nine years and three months; was engaged as clerk in mercantile business from 1906 to 1913; elected to House of Representatives in 1912, and in 1914; again elected in November, 1918.

IRA E. ULSH, Dauphin County, was born at Beaver Springs, Snyder County, Pa., July 15, 1868; was educated in the public schools and in Freeburg Academy; assisted in his father's general store and flouring mill until 1888, when he entered into a partnership with his father in the mercantile coal and grain business; then removed to Middleburg, Snyder County, where he entered the mercantile, coal, grain and lumber business; in 1895, removed to Millersburg, Dauphin County, there purchasing one of the best water power flouring mill plants in central Pennsylvania, the products of which are now shipped throughout the eastern states, as well as abroad; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JOHN W. VICKERMAN, Allegheny County, was born in England; came to America at the age of two years; was educated in the public and grammar schools; entered the service of the Young Men's Christian Association, and served as secretary of the Railway Branch, at Altoona and Pittsburgh; later, entered the publishing business and is now editor and proprietor of the City and Suburban Life, at Bellevue, also president and treasurer of the Suburban Printing Company, and trustee of Allegheny College, at Meadville; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

WILLIAM C. WAGNER, Allegheny County, was born in Lower St. Clair township, now known as Mt. Oliver borough, Allegheny County, Pa., July 30, 1880; attended the public schools and Lorchs German School, Pittsburgh, Pa.; was graduated from the Pittsburgh Academy, after which he learned the trade of blacksmith; later entered the real estate business, in which he is at present engaged; served as treasurer of Mt. Oliver borough during the years 1904-1908, and delegate to the State Convention in 1909; re-elected treasurer of Mt. Oliver Borough in 1914, resigning therefrom upon his election to the House of Representatives in November, 1914; re-elected in 1916, and in November, 1918.

GEORGE THOMAS WALKER, Washington County, was born in Washington, Washington County, Pa., November 7, 1854; received his education in public schools, graduating with honors from the High School in the class of 1871; after attending Washington and Jefferson College for a time he learned the carpenter and contracting business under his father, with whom, he soon joined in a partnership in the lumber and building business; after the death of his father he continued in the same line for a number of years under the name of Walker and Slater, erecting most of the large buildings in Washington and vicinity, retiring about five years ago; served five years in Company H, 10th Regiment, N. G. P., as a Sergeant; was with that command under the late Colonel A. L. Hawkins during the riots in Pittsburgh; has always been a staunch Republican and has taken an active part in local politics, having served on the School Board and City Council of which body he was president; also served a term as Chief Burgess of Washington and of East Washington, retiring from this office one year ago; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

JAMES A. WALKER, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, October 5, 1878; educated in the public schools and Central High School and was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1900; admitted to the bar of the Courts of Philadelphia County in June, 1900; member of Bars of Supreme and Superior Courts of Pennsylvania and District Court and Circuit Court of Appeals of the United States for Third Circuit; has been in active practice of the law since admission to the Bar, being associated with the firm of Messrs. Porter, Foulkrod and McCullagh; member of Republican Executive Committee of Thirtieth Ward, Philadelphia, 1901-1905, and of the Republican Executive Committee of Forty-sixth Ward, Philadelphia, since 1914; is secretary of the Commission to Codify and Revise the Laws of the Commonwealth relating to Banks, Private Bankers and Trust Companies; was member four-minute men, also legal adviser of Draft Board No. 42, during World War, and appointed by Governor honorary delegate to Atlantic Congress for a League of Nations; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

ROBERT L. WALLACE, Lawrence County, was born in Pulaski Township, Lawrence County, Pa., April 16, 1876; attended Poland Union Seminary, Poland, Ohio; was graduated from Grove City College in 1899; is engaged in the practice of law; president of common council of the city of New Castle in 1908; delegate to the Republican State Convention, 1908; served in the House of Representatives, sessions of 1909 and 1911; again elected in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

WILLIAM T. WALLACE, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, August 5, 1856; educated in the public schools, graduating with the sixty-fourth class from the Central High School in 1874; has been connected with the wholesale grocery, wholesale drug and manufacturing pharmaceutical business; is now engaged in general insurance; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

EDWARD W. WELLS, Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, November 17, 1874; educated in the public schools of Philadelphia, graduating from the Central High School in the year 1893, and from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, 1895; graduated from the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, 1898, since which time has been engaged in the practice of law in Philadelphia; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

WILLIAM KASE WEST, Montour County, was born at Danville, Montour County, Pa., March 8, 1860; educated in Danville public schools and took a special course at the Bloomsburg Normal School; followed civil engineering until 1886; studied law with Isaac X. Grier, and Honorable H. M. Hinkle; admitted to the bar of Montour County in 1886 and subsequently to the bars of the Supreme and Superior Courts of Pennsylvania and to the United States Circuit and District Courts; was district attorney for six years and solicitor for the County of Montour, representing the different municipalities throughout the County; has been engaged in the active practice of law since his admission to the bar; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

JAMES WETTACH, Allegheny County, was born in Allegheny City, Allegheny County, Pa., September 7, 1875; educated in the public schools and Iron City College of Pittsburgh; is a beef and pork packer by occupation; has served on the Seventh Ward School Board of Old Allegheny City, as well as two terms in common council; also served one term in common council of Twenty-fourth Ward, Pittsburgh; elected to the House of Representatives in 1912 and 1914; again elected in November, 1918.

THOMAS MOORHEAD WHITEMAN, Westmoreland County, was born in Latrobe, Westmoreland County, Pa., March 12, 1877; was graduated from Latrobe High School in 1894, and from Dickinson College in 1899, with degree of Ph. B.; in 1900, was awarded degree of A. M. by Dickinson College; was graduated from Columbia University School of Law in 1902, with degree of LL.B., and was admitted to the practice of law in New York State, in the same year; in December, 1902, he helped form the Latrobe Printing and Publishing Company, of which he is president, and to establish the Latrobe Bulletin, of which he is managing editor; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

WILLIAM J. WILLERT, Erie County, was born on a farm in North East township, Erie County, Pa., October 21, 1879; educated in the public schools of his native township; at fourteen years of age went to Erie and secured employment in a grocery store, which occupation he followed until 1903, when he engaged in the grocery business; in 1906, became manager of the Erie Wholesale Grocery Company; in May, 1909, became United States territory supervisor for the Cleveland Macaroni Company, and in October, 1912, entered business for himself as a manufacturer's representative, retaining his financial interests in the Cleveland Macaroni Company, and now represents several of the largest manufacturing interests of food lines in the United States; is connected with various business and social organizations; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

GEORGE W. WILLIAMS, Tioga County, was born at Tioga, Tioga County, Pa., June 23, 1859; educated in the public schools of Wellsboro; is trustee of the Green Home at Roaring Branch, president of the Wellsboro Chamber of Commerce and a director of the Water Company and the Savings Building and Loan Association of that town; has been connected with the estate of William Bingham of Philadelphia, since 1880; was elected to the Senate on January 15, 1907, to fill a vacancy; served as a Republican presidential elector in 1908; elected to the House of Representatives in 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

SYDNEY G. WILLSON, Allegheny County, was born at Staunton, Augusta County, Virginia, September 17, 1882; in 1892, moved to Roanoke, Virginia, where he was educated in the public schools and Roller's Military Academy; moved to McKeesport in 1902, serving as clerk in the National Tube Company, four years, and pay roll clerk for the Carnegie Steel Company of Duquesne, three years; since 1915, has been engaged in the real estate and insurance business; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

GEORGE IRVIN WONER, Butler County, was born at Canaan Center, Ohio, June 13, 1870; grandson of Rev. George Irvin, late of Lancaster County, Pa.; educated in common schools and at Wooster University, Ohio, completing course in the latter school in 1894, and received degree of A. M. in 1897; entered newspaper work as reporter in 1895; became editor and manager of The Daily Republican, at Painesville, Ohio, in 1898; located at Butler in 1906 as managing editor The Daily Eagle; became editor and manager The Daily Citizen in 1911; in 1913 organized The Ziegler Printing Company, Incorporated, and now conducts extensive printing and binding plant; also engaged in farming; active in public development, church and temperance work; president Butler Business Men's Association, three years, and County Sabbath School Association, one year; director Chamber of Commerce; leader in war work as regular speaker in all county drives and local campaign worker, also chairman program division Butler County's Soldier Farewell and Reception Committee; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

WILLISTON P. WOOD, Warren County, was born in Titusville, Crawford County, Pa., August 22, 1877; educated in public schools including Warren High School and Business College; oil producer and farmer at Grand Valley, where he has resided since 1878; delegate to Republican State Convention which nominated Governor Tener; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

JOHN I. WOODRUFF, Snyder County, was born near Selinsgrove, Snyder County, Pa., November 24, 1864; his early life was spent on his father's farm; received his early education in a country school; entered Susquehanna University where he studied for several years, later, Bucknell University, where he graduated in 1890; before entering college he taught for several years in the public schools; after leaving college he engaged in teaching and educational work, and, since 1892, has been professor of English and Education in Susquehanna University; from 1901 to 1904, was acting president of Susquehanna University; is a careful student of educational problems, an instructor at teachers' institutes and a lecturer on educational and sociological subjects; in 1903, Wittenberg College conferred on him the degree of doctor of literature; served as a member of the Council of National Defense and the Committee on Public Safety during the major part of the World War; was a member of the League to Enforce Peace; was elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

PATRICK H. WYNNE, Luzerne County, was born at Inkerman, Luzerne County, Pa., October 24, 1874; educated in the public schools; was employed in various capacities around the mines and later attended Wyoming Seminary at Kingston, from which he was graduated in 1898; served as clerk with the Pennsylvania Coal Company and since 1904, has been employed as bookkeeper for an iron foundry and machinery manufacturers at Scranton; was elected justice of the peace of Jenkins township in 1905; and re-elected in 1910; elected to the House of Representatives in 1914 and 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

HARRY ZANDERS, Carbon County, was born in Mauch Chunk, Carbon County, Pa., November 26, 1876; educated in the public schools; in 1890 became a clerk in the shoe store of the late Judge W. H. Stroh, and, in 1902, purchased the business in which he has since been engaged; has served as borough and school auditor and as Republican County Committeeman for several years; elected to the House of Representatives in 1916; re-elected in November, 1918.

L. SAYLOR ZIMMERMAN, Lebanon County, was born in Annville, Lebanon County, Pa., October 24, 1888; is a graduate of Mercersburg Academy, class of 1905, Princeton University, A. B., 1909, and the University of Pennsylvania, LL. B., 1913; was admitted to the practice of law before the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania in 1913, since which time he has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession in Lebanon; was United States Referee in Bankruptcy for Lebanon County until his election to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

SIMON F. ZOOK, Blair County, was born on a farm at Curryville, Blair County, Pa., March 31, 1887; was educated in the common schools and Juniata College, Huntingdon, Pa.; taught school four terms; was a traveling salesman, four years and, five years ago, bought his father's farm where he now resides; is a breeder of purebred Holstein cattle and Berkshire swine; is a member of the executive committee of the Blair County Farm Bureau; elected to the House of Representatives in November, 1918.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, 1919.

(The terms of the Senators from the odd-numbered districts expire December, 1920, and from the even-numbered districts, December, 1922.)

PHILADELPHIA.

I District, 1st 26th, 36th, 39th and 48th wards—
EDWIN H. VARE, R., 2009 South Broad street.

II District, 2d, 3d, 4th, 7th, 8th, 9th and 30th wards—
SAMUEL W. SALUS, R., 614 South Eleventh street.

III District, 5th, 6th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 16th and 18th wards—
*WILLIAM J. McNICHOL, R., 1637 Race street.

IV District, 24th, 27th, 34th, 40th, 44th and 46th wards—
EDWARD W. PATTON, R., 226 South Forty-fourth street.

V District, 17th, 19th, 20th, 31st and 37th wards—
DAVID MARTIN, R., 1939 North Sixth street.

VI District, 21st, 22d, 38th and 42d wards—
GEORGE WOODWARD, R., Mount Airy, Philadelphia.

VII District, 15th, 28th, 29th, 32d and 47th wards—
AUGUSTUS F. DAIX, Jr., R., 1613 North Thirty-third street.

VIII District, 23d, 25th, 33d, 35th, 41st 43d and 45th wards—
GEORGE GRAY, R., 1224 Wakeling street, Frankford, Philadelphia.

IX District—Delaware.
†RICHARD J. BALDWIN, R., Media.

X District—Bucks.
CLARENCE J. BUCKMAN, R., Langhorne.

XI District—Berks.
GEORGE W. SASSAMAN, D., Reading.

XII District—Montgomery.
JAMES S. BOYD, R., Norristown.

XIII District—Lancaster (part of).
JOHN G. HOMSHER, R., Strasburg.

XIV District—Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne.
WALLACE J. BARNES, R., Beachlake, Wayne County.

XV District—Dauphin.
‡FRANK A. SMITH, R., Harrisburg.

XVI District—Lehigh.
HORACE W. SCHANTZ, R., Macungie.

XVII District—Lebanon and Lancaster (part of).
HORACE L. HALDEMAN, R., Marietta, Lancaster County.

XVIII District—Northampton.
W. CLAYTON HACKETT, D., Easton.

XIX District—Chester.
T. LAWRENCE EYRE, R., West Chester (Office 1535-37 Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia).

XX District—Luzerne (part of).
ASA K. DEWITT, D., Plymouth.

XXI District—Luzerne (part of).
§ (Vacancy).

XXII District—Lackawanna.
ALBERT DAVIS, R., Scranton.

XXIII District—Wyoming, Susquehanna and Bradford.
EDWARD E. JONES, R., Harford, Susquehanna County.

XXIV District—Columbia, Montour, Sullivan and Lycoming.
CHARLES W. SONES, D., Williamsport, Lycoming County.

XXV District—Tioga, Potter and McKean.
FRANK E. BALDWIN, R., Austin, Potter County.

XXVI District—Forest, Elk, Clinton, Cameron and Clarion.
CHARLES E. DONAHUE, R., Lock Haven, Clinton County.

XXVII District—Northumberland, Snyder and Union.
WILLIAM C. MCCONNELL, R., Shamokin, Northumberland County.

XXVIII District—York.
GEORGE MARLOW, R., York.

XXIX District—Schuylkill.
†ROBERT D. HEATON, R., Ashland.

XXX District—Huntingdon and Blair.
PLYMOUTH W. SNYDER, R., Hollidaysburg, Blair County.

XXXI District—Mifflin, Juniata, Perry and Cumberland.
SCOTT S. LEIBY, D., Marysville, Perry County.

XXXII District—Fayette.
WILLIAM E. CROW, R., Uniontown.

XXXIII District—Adams and Franklin.
C. WILLIAM BEALES, R., Gettysburg, Adams County.

XXXIV District—Clearfield and Centre.
SUMNERFIELD J. MILLER, R., Madera, Clearfield County.

XXXV District—Cambria.
HORACE A. TOMPKINS, D., Ebensburg.

XXXVI District—Fulton, Bedford and Somerset.
JOHN S. MILLER, R., Somerset, Somerset County.

XXXVII District—Jefferson and Indiana.
WILBUR P. GRAFF, R., Blairsville, Indiana County.

*Elected November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by death of James P. McNichol, on November 14, 1917.

†Elected February 25, 1919, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of William C. Sproul, on January 20, 1919.

‡Elected February 25, 1919, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Edward E. Beidleman, on January 20, 1919.

§Vacancy caused by death of Sterling R. Catlin, March 23, 1919.

¶Elected November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Charles A. Snyder, on April 30, 1917.

XXXVIII District—Allegheny (part of).
M. G. LESLIE, R., Jenkins Arcade Building,
Pittsburgh.

XXXIX District—Westmoreland.
JAMES B. WEAVER, R., Latrobe.

XL District—Allegheny (part of).
CADWALLADER M. BARR, R., Aspinwall.

XLI District—Armstrong and Butler.
*W. FRED TURNER, R., Freeport, Armstrong
County.

XLII District—Allegheny (part of).
MORRIS EINSTEIN, R., McClintock street and
Perryville avenue, Pittsburgh, N. S.

XLIII District—Allegheny (part of).
†WILLIAM W. MEARKLE, R., Arrott Build-
ing, Pittsburgh.

XLIV District—Allegheny (part of).
W. CRAWFORD MURDOCH, R., Wilkinsburg.

XLV District—Allegheny (part of).
NORMAN A. WHITTEN, R., Munhall.

XLVI District—Washington and Greene.
JOSEPH A. HERRON, R., Monongahela, Wash-
ington County.

XLVII District—Beaver and Lawrence.
WILLIAM DAVID CRAIG, R., Beaver, Beaver
County.

XLVIII District—Warren and Venango.
MARSHALL L. PHIPPS, R., Franklin, Venango
County.

XLIX District—Erie.
MILES R. NASON, R., Erie.

L District—Crawford and Mercer.
‡(Vacancy).

Republicans,	42
Democrats,	6
Vacancies,	2
Total,	50

*Elected November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by death of J. Frank Graff, on June 6, 1918.
†Elected November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by death of Charles A. Magee, on March 13,
1917.

‡Vacancy caused by death of James M. Campbell, June 11, 1919.

SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA—1919.

SENATORS AND CHIEF OFFICERS OF THE SENATE WITH POST OFFICE, COUNTY, AND RESIDENCE IN HARRISBURG.

EDWARD E. BEIDLEMAN, Lieutenant-Governor and President, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 CLARENCE E. BUCKMAN, President pro tempore, Langhorne, Bucks County, from January 7, 1919, to June 26, 1919.
 FRANK E. BALDWIN, President pro tempore, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, elected June 26, 1919.
 W. HARRY BAKER, Secretary, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 WILLIAM P. GALLAGHER, Chief Clerk, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
 *HARRY A. BARTENSLAGER, Assistant Clerk, Conitown, Fayette County.
 HERMAN P. MILLER, Librarian, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 ALEX. S. COOPER, Assistant Librarian, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 ARTHUR J. LYONS, Journal Clerk, Corry, Erie County.

Seat No.	Name	Post Office.	County.	Harrisburg Residence.
17	Baldwin, Frank E.,	Austin,	Potter,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
46	Baldwin, Richard J.,	Media,	Delaware,	Camp Hill, Cumberland Co.
41	Barnes, Wallace J.,	Beachlake,	Wayne,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
43	Barr, Cadwallader M.,	Aspinwall,	Allegheny,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
21	Beales, C. William,	Gettysburg,	Adams,	
38	Boyd, James S.,	Norristown,	Montgomery,	Lochiel Hotel.
16	Buckman, Clarence J.,	Langhorne,	Bucks,	236 North Second Street.
22	Campbell, James M.,	Mercer,	Mercer,	236 North Second Street.
11	Catlin, Sterling R.,	Wilkes-Barre,	Luzerne,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
9	Craig, William David,	Beaver,	Beaver,	236 North Second Street.
23	Crow, William F.,	Uniontown,	Fayette,	Metropolitan Hotel.
31	Daix, Augustus F., Jr.,	1613 North Thirty-third Street,	Philadelphia,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
10	Davis, Albert,	Scranton,	Lackawanna,	Hotel Rife.
42	DeWitt, Asa K.,	Plymouth,	Luzerne,	Hotel Columbus.
47	Donahue, Charles E.,	Lock Haven,	Clinton,	
26	Eyre, T. Lawrence,	McClintock Street and Perrysville Avenue,	Allegheny,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
27	Gaff, Wilbur P.,	Pittsburgh, N. S.	Chester,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
44	Gray, George,	West Chester,	Indiana,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
19	Hackett, W. Clayton,	Blairsville,	Penn-Harris Hotel.	
18	Haldeman, Horace L.,	1224 Wakeling Street, Frankford,	Philadelphia,	236 North Second Street.
32	Harrison, Robert D.,	Easton,	Northampton,	Bolton Hotel.
48	Herron, Joseph A.,	Marietta,	Lancaster,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
8	Honsber, John G.,	Ashland,	Schuylkill,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
14	Jones, Edward E.,	Monongahela,	Washington,	Bolton Hotel.
		Strasburg,	Lancaster,	236 North Second Street.
		Harford,	Susquehanna,	

*Died February 5, 1920.

†Elected February 25, 1919, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of William C. Sprout, on January 20, 1919.

‡Died June 11, 1919.

§Died March 23, 1919.

§Elected November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Charles A. Snyder, on April 30, 1917.

SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA—1919—Concluded.

Seat No.	Name	Post Office.	County.	Harrisburg Residence.
30	Leiby, Scott S.,	Marysville,	Perry,	Russ Building,
38	Leslie, M. G.,	Jenkins Arcade Building, Pittsburgh,	Allegheny,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
40	Marlow, George,	York,	York,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
1	Martin, David,	1933 North Sixth Street,	Philadelphia,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
3	McConnell, William C.,	Shamokin,	Northumberland,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
34	*McNichol, William J.,	1687 Race Street,	Philadelphia,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
37	*Mearke, William W.,	Arrott Building, Pittsburgh,	Allegheny,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
50	Miller, John S.,	Somerset,	Somerset,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
24	Miller, Summerfield J.,	Madera,	Clearfield,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
39	Murdoch, W. Crawford,	Wilkesburg,	Allegheny,	312 Chestnut Street.
12	Nason, Miles R.,	Erie,	Erie,	Hotel Erie.
4	Patton, Edward W.,	225 South Forty-fourth Street,	Philadelphia,	218 Pine Street.
2	Phelps, Marshall L.,	Franklin,	Venango,	238 North Second Street.
7	Salus, Samuel W.,	614 South Eleventh Street,	Philadelphia,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
20	Sassaman, George W.,	Reading,	Berks,	Bolton Hotel.
15	Schantz, Horace W.,	Macungie,	Lehigh,	Harrisburg Club.
35	Smith, Frank A.,	Harrisburg,	Dauphin,	Harrisburg Club.
13	Snyder, Plymouth W.,	Holidaysport,	Blair,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
9	Sones, Charles W.,	Williamsport,	Lycoming,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
29	Tompkins, Horace A.,	Ebensburg,	Cambria,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
49	Turner, W. Fred,	Freeport,	Armstrong,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
5	Vare, Edwin H.,	2009 South Broad Street,	Philadelphia,	Senate Hotel.
25	Weaver, James B.,	Latrobe,	Westmoreland,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.
28	Whitten, Norman A.,	Munhall,	Allegheny,	Hotel Dauphin.
32	Woodward, George,	Mount Airy.	Philadelphia,	Penn.-Harris Hotel.

*Elected November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by death of James P. McNichol, on November 14, 1917.

†Elected November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by death of Charles A. Mudge, on March 13, 1917.

‡Elected February 25, 1919, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Edward E. Beidleman, on January 20, 1919.

|| Elected November 5, 1918, to fill vacancy caused by death of J. Frank Graff, on June 6, 1918.

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES OF THE SENATE, 1919.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR AND PRESIDENT.

EDWARD E. BEIDLEMAN, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE.

CLARENCE J. BUCKMAN, Langhorne, Bucks County, from January 7, 1919, to June 26, 1919.
FRANK E. BALDWIN, Austin, Potter County, elected June 26, 1919.

SECRETARY.

W. HARRY BAKER, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

CHIEF CLERK.

WILLIAM P. GALLAGHER, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

ASSISTANT CLERK.

*HARRY A. BARTENSLAGER, Uniontown, Fayette County.

LIBRARIAN.

HERMAN P. MILLER, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

ASSISTANT LIBRARIAN.

ALEX. S. COOPER, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

JOURNAL CLERK.

ARTHUR J. LYONS, Corry, Erie County.

DESK CLERK.

JOHN MCKEOWN, 2127 Bainbridge Street, Philadelphia.

EXECUTIVE CLERK.

FRANCIS P. McCLOSKEY, 119 Van Brann Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

MESSAGE CLERK.

J. HAUER REINOEHL, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

TRANSCRIBING CLERKS.

B. FRANK ISENBERG, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County.
BENNETT F. KIEHL, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.
JAY G. MILLER, Franklin, Venango County.
CHARLES L. HUDSON, Creekside, Indiana County.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

JAMES R. BAGSHAW, Chester, Delaware County.

CHIEF ASSISTANT SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

WILLIAM WOLF, 2611 Oxford Street, Philadelphia.

ASSISTANT SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS.

THOMAS J. CASEY, 2518 Forbes Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
ALFRED EVANS, Kane, McKean County.
JOHN C. MOORE, Shamokin, Northumberland County.
HOWARD D. BURLEIGH, Farview, Wayne County.
JOHN JENNESS, New Castle, Lawrence County.
DAVID REESE, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
ROBERT HELFREY, 1685 Perrysville Avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
JOSEPH SHEA, 3576 Richmond Street, Philadelphia.

CHIEF OFFICIAL REPORTER.

JOHN RUTH, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS.

ALFRED JENKINS, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
E. ROSS RANCK, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

*Died February 5, 1920.

EXPERT TYPEWRITERS.

ALPHONSIS L. CASHMAN, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 MISS MARTHA B. SHARTZER, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 GEORGE W. ADAMS, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

CLERKS, LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL.

J. J. BOWMAN, Carnegie, Allegheny County.
 GEORGE H. H. HENNINGER, Allentown, Lehigh County.

PROOFREADERS, LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL.

HARRY E. EARP, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 CHARLES R. SHOPE, Halifax, Dauphin County.

COPYHOLDERS, LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL.

OSCAR B. BAKER, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 AARON H. GOODMAN, Connellsville, Fayette County.

POSTMASTER.

WARREN McCREARY, Butler, Butler County.

MESSENGER.

CHARLES F. GOLDSMITH, Ardmore, Montgomery County.

SUPERINTENDENT OF FOLDING ROOM.

HENRY A. CAMPFIELD, Meadville, Crawford County.

PASTERS AND FOLDERS.

MARION F. WILLIAMS, Gettysburg, Adams County.
 JOSEPH W. POLE, Jr., 1444 North Thirtieth Street, Philadelphia.
 JOHN WHITE, 3619 Calumet Falls, Philadelphia.
 F. M. STEVENSON, Kirkwood, R. D., Lancaster County.

CLERK TO LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

*W. JUSTIN CARTER, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

STENOGRAPHER TO LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

MISS C. MABELLE DOBBS, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

CLERK TO PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

EDWARD B. WATSON, Mechanicsville, Bucks County.

STENOGRAPHER TO PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

MISS MARGARET MARTIN, Doylestown, Bucks County.

ASSISTANT TO SECRETARY.

MISS ANNA C. CARROLL, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

STENOGRAPHER TO CHIEF CLERK.

†EDGAR W. POWELL, Connellsville, Fayette County.

STENOGRAPHERS TO LIBRARIAN.

MISS HILDA M. FOHL, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 MISS MARTHA B. SHARTZER, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

MESSENGER, SENATE LIBRARY.

ELMER E. FINEGAN, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

CHAPLAIN.

REV. THOMAS W. DAVIS, Ambler, Montgomery County.

DAY WATCHMAN.

‡GEORGE M. HARGRAVES, 1708 Addison Street, Philadelphia.

NIGHT WATCHMAN.

CHARLES MURPHY, 1009 Frankford Avenue, Philadelphia.

CLERKS TO COMMITTEES.

SAMUEL W. WATSON, 2235 South Seventeenth Street, Philadelphia.
 LOUIS F. CAMP, Tunkhannock, Wyoming County.

*Appointed January 1, 1920, to succeed Harry F. Oves, who resigned December 31, 1919.

†Appointed June 27, 1919, to succeed Samuel R. Marion, who resigned June 26, 1919.

‡Died February 11, 1920.

STENOGRAPHERS.

ROBERT G. CAMPBELL, Mercer, Mercer County.
 THOMAS H. POLLOCK, Monongahela, Washington County.
 HARRY J. COULSON, Hanover, York County.
 RUDOLPH KRAUSE, 1720 North Tenth Street, Philadelphia.
 ELIAS A. SIMON, Hopewell, Bedford County.
 DAVID HARDY, Jr., McKeesport, Allegheny County.
 GEORGE W. DUNN, 3262 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
 EDWARD J. COOK, 128 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

CUSTODIAN OF COMMITTEE ROOMS.

FREDERICK THOMPSON, Bellefonte, Centre County.

CUSTODIAN OF THE SENATE CHAMBER.

THOMAS E. HIGGINS, Coatesville, R. D. 3, Chester County.

ASSISTANT CUSTODIANS OF THE SENATE CHAMBER.

DAVID P. DUNLAP, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 J. EDWARD JENKINS, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 *ELAM L. BANKS, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

ASSISTANT ELEVATOR OPERATOR.

FRED. HALMAN, Mahanoy City, Schuylkill County.

CUSTODIAN, WASH ROOM.

ANTHONY FRENIE, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

CUSTODIAN, BASEMENT.

SAMUEL H. LAWYER, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

CUSTODIAN, NEWSPAPERMEN'S ROOM.

A. S. RHOADS, Milton, Northumberland County.

SUPERINTENDENT OF STORE ROOMS.

EDGAR G. HOFFMAN, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

PAGE TO PRESIDENT.

JOHN G. GOSS, Bachmanville, Dauphin County.

PAGE TO PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

DERRICK W. FAHNESTOCK, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

CHIEF PAGE.

EDWARD C. SMITH, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

PAGES.

GEORGE W. WALTON, Jr., Connellsville, Fayette County.
 EDWARD A. FREEDMAN, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 EARNEST BARBUSH, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 WILLIAM J. SULLIVAN, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 DAVID J. ELLINGER, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 R. FRANK SHAFFNER, Jr., Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 LINN STOREY, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 JOSEPH R. LONGENECKER, Pleasant View, Dauphin County.
 EDWARD K. CRANFORD, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 HERMAN J. HIGGINS, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 FREDERICK M. WRITER, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 EDWARD KATZMAN, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 LESLIE H. HALL, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 JUSTUS D. BATTIS, 36 North Thirty-seventh Street, Philadelphia.

*Appointed November 1, 1919, to succeed John H. Keyser, who died October 29, 1919.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA—SESSION OF 1919.

Agriculture. (Room 152.)

Messrs. Jones,
Chairman,
Homsher,
Miller, S. J.,
Snyder,
Beales,
Schantz,
Phipps,
Barnes,
Gray,
Marlow,
Herron,
Turner,
Miller, J. S.,
Baldwin, R. J.,
Sassaman,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Appropriations. (Room 401.)

Messrs. Daix,
Chairman,
Baldwin, F. E.,
Crow,
Catlin,
Homsher,
Salus,
Vare,
Phipps,
McConnell,
Schantz,
Patton,
Miller, S. J.,
Snyder,
Eyre,
Graft,
Jones,
Nason,
Weaver,
Whitten,
Craig,
Haldeman,
Beales,
Leslie,
Mearkle,
Turner,
Barnes,
Barr,
Campbell,
Boyd,
Davis,
Murdoch,
Einstein,
Donahue,
Baldwin, R. J.,
Heaton,
Smith,
Sones,
Hackett,
DeWitt,
Tompkins,
Sassaman,
Leiby,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Banks and Building and Loan Associations. (Room 546.)

Messrs. Snyder,
Chairman,
Daix,
Homsher,
McConnell,
Salus,
Patton,
Baldwin, F. E.,
Graft,
Mearkle,
Herron,
Craig,
Barr,
Einstein,

Banks and Building and Loan Associations— Concluded.

Messrs. Murdoch,
Heaton,
Smith,
Sones,
DeWitt,
Leiby,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Canals and Inland Navigation. (Room 545.)

Messrs. Whitten,
Chairman,
Nason,
Phipps,
Boyd,
Campbell,
Marlow,
Einstein,
Leiby,
Buckman, ex-officio.

City Passenger Railways. (Room 250.)

Messrs. Homsher,
Chairman,
Daix,
Catlin,
Vare,
Schantz,
Martin,
Beales,
McNichol,
Gray,
Einstein,
Baldwin, R. J.,
Sones,
DeWitt,
Hackett,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Congressional Apportionment. (Room 544.)

Messrs. Marlow,
Chairman,
Homsher,
Crow,
Patton,
Phipps,
Martin,
Weaver,
Eyre,
Graft,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Einstein,
Davis,
Turner,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Corporations. (Room 250.)

Messrs. Graft,
Chairman,
Crow,
Vare,
Patton,
Baldwin, F. E.,
Beales,
Haldeman,
Weaver,
Whitten,
Barr,
Campbell,
Mearkle,
Einstein,
Heaton,
Sones,
Tompkins,
Sassaman,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Education.
(Room 152.)

Messrs. **Weaver**,
Chairman,
Snyder,
Schantz,
Jones,
Haldeman,
Craig,
Miller, S. J.,
Herron,
Marlow,
Miller, J. S.,
Mearkle,
Baldwin, R. J.,
Tompkins,
Leiby,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Elections.
(Room 402.)

Messrs. **Catlin**,
Chairman,
Crow,
Vare,
McConnell,
Salus,
Patton,
Eyre,
Leslie,
Woodward,
Einstein,
Smith,
Sones,
Sassaman,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Executive Nominations.
(Room 402.)

Messrs. **Crow**,
Chairman,
Vare,
Catlin,
Baldwin, F. E.,
McConnell,
Eyre,
Leslie,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Exposition Affairs.
(Room 547.)

Messrs. **Miller, J. S.**,
Chairman,
Patton,
Baldwin, F. E.,
Craig,
Graff,
Nason,
Whitten,
Leslie,
Gray,
Donahue,
Boyd,
Campbell,
Barnes,
Leiby,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Federal Relations.
(Room 546.)

Messrs. **Barr**,
Chairman,
Haldeman,
Snyder,
Woodward,
Turner,
Herron,
Murdoch,
Baldwin, R. J.,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Finance.
(Room 251.)

Messrs. **Crow**,
Chairman,
Catlin,
Vare,
Miller, S. J.,
Graff,
Eyre,
McConnell,
Leslie,
Marlow,
Smith,
Sones,
Hackett,
DeWitt,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Forestry.
(Room 544.)

Messrs. **Craig**,
Chairman,
Baldwin, F. E.,
Haldeman,
Phipps,
Jones,
Davis,
Donahue,
Barnes,
Miller, J. S.,
Woodward,
Turner,
Heaton,
Leiby,
Buckman, ex-officio.
Game and Fisheries.
(Room 544.)

Messrs. **Nason**,
Chairman,
McConnell,
Baldwin, F. E.,
Whitten,
Jones,
Martin,
Beales,
Miller, S. J.,
Boyd,
Donahue,
Murdoch,
Herron,
Barnes,
Marlow,
Davis,
Heaton,
Sones,
Tompkins,
Hackett,
Sassaman,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Insurance.
(Room 300.)

Messrs. **Patton**,
Chairman,
Baldwin, F. E.,
Daix,
Homsher,
Vare,
Crow,
McConnell,
Weaver,
Beales,
Martin,
Mearkle,
Einstein,
Barr,
McNichol,
Baldwin, R. J.,
DeWitt,
Tompkins,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Judicial Apportionment.
(Room 547.)

Messrs. **Donahue**,
Chairman,
Snyder,
Daix,
Craig,
Nason,
Haldeman,
Barr,
Woodward,
Sassaman,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Judiciary General.
(Room 400.)

Messrs. **Baldwin, F. E.**,
Chairman,
Schantz,
Crow,
Daix,
Salus,
Patton,
Phipps,
Weaver,
Whitten,
Craig,
Nason,
Leslie,
Campbell,
Mearkle,
Miller, J. S.,
Woodward,
Tompkins,
Leiby,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Judiciary Special.
(Room 402.)

Messrs. McConnell,
Chairman,
Crow,
Baldwin, F. E.,
Catlin,
Daix,
Patton,
Eyre,
Weaver,
Boyd,
Marlow,
Donahue,
Heaton,
Smith,
Sones,
DeWitt,
Tompkins,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Law and Order.
(Room 546.)

Messrs. Salus,
Chairman,
Vare,
McConnell,
Eyre,
Schantz,
Whitten,
Graft,
Snyder,
Campbell,
Einstein,
DeWitt,
Hackett,
Sassaman,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Legislative Apportionment.
(Room 548.)

Messrs. Boyd,
Chairman,
Schantz,
Jones,
Graft,
Catlin,
Campbell,
Herron,
Miller, J. S.,
Barnes,
Murdoch,
Baldwin, R. J.,
Hackett,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Library.
(Room 400.)

Messrs. Turner,
Chairman,
Jones,
Whitten,
Weaver,
Haldeman,
Craig,
Snyder,
Gray,
Miller, J. S.,
Einstein,
Smith,
Sassaman,
Leiby,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Military Affairs.
(Room 401.)

Messrs. Phipps,
Chairman,
Haldeman,
Whitten,
Donahue,
Barr,
Gray,
Turner,
Heaton,
Hackett,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Mines and Mining.
(Room 250.)

Messrs. Campbell,
Chairman,
Baldwin, F. E.,
Crow,
Whitten,
Boyd,

Mines and Mining—Concluded.

Messrs. Leslie,
Davis,
Sones,
Hackett,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Municipal Affairs.
(Room 300.)

Messrs. Vare,
Chairman,
Salus,
Schantz,
Patton,
Daix,
Catlin,
Baldwin, F. E.,
Martin,
Eyre,
Nason,
Leslie,
Woodward,
McNichol,
Murdoch,
Campbell,
Einstein,
Marlow,
Sones,
Hackett,
Tompkins,
Buckman, ex-officio.

New Counties and County Seats.
(Room 401.)

Messrs. Davis,
Chairman,
Homsher,
Catlin,
Jones,
Mearkle,
Herron,
Baldwin, R. J.,
Donahue,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Pensions and Gratuities.
(Room 300.)

Messrs. Beales,
Chairman,
Haldeman,
Salus,
Phipps,
Turner,
Murdoch,
Gray,
Barr,
Marlow,
Miller, J. S.,
Heaton,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Public Grounds and Buildings.
(Room 300.)

Messrs. Martin,
Chairman,
Catlin,
Homsher,
McConnell,
Beales,
Woodward,
Barr,
Boyd,
Marlow,
Gray,
Murdoch,
Smith,
Sassaman,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Public Health and Sanitation.
(Room 547.)

Messrs. Miller, S. J.,
Chairman,
Snyder,
Daix,
Graft,
Jones,
Haldeman,
Whitten,
Weaver,
Nason,
Leslie,
Mearkle,
Murdoch,
Woodward,

Public Health and Sanitation—Concluded.

Messrs. Gray,
Barr,
Einstein,
Smith,
Sassaman,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Public Printing.
(Room 152.)

Messrs. Murdoch,
Chairman,
Craig,
Eyre,
Whitten,
Nason,
Graff,
McNichol,
Turner,
Gray,
Donahue,
Barnes,
Smith,
Hackett,
Leiby,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Public Roads and Highways.
(Room 545.)

Messrs. Eyre,
Chairman,
Jones,
Vare,
Snyder,
Catlin,
McConnell,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Crow,
Homsheer,
Baldwin, F. E.,
Graff,
Nason,
Weaver,
Miller, S. J.,
Craig,
Beales,
Leslie,
Campbell.

Public Roads and Highways—Concluded.

Messrs. Donahue,
Miller, J. S.,
Davis,
Herron,
Marlow,
Baldwin, R. J.,
Sones,
DeWitt,
Tompkins,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.
(Room 544.)

Messrs. Mearkle,
Chairman,
Miller, S. J.,
Eyre,
Daix,
Jones,
Snyder,
Woodward,
Turner,
Donahue,
Herron,
McNichol,
Davis,
Campbell,
Sones,
Buckman, ex-officio.

Railroads.
(Room 545.)

Messrs. Schantz,
Chairman,
Homsheer,
Miller, S. J.,
Catlin,
Eyre,
Beales,
Turner,
Barr,
McNichol,
Heaton,
Sones,
Hackett,
Tompkins,
Buckman, ex-officio.

ASSIGNMENTS OF SENATORS TO COMMITTEES— SESSION OF 1919.

BALDWIN, F. E.:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Corporations,
Executive Nominations,
Exposition affairs,
Forestry,
Game and Fisheries,
Insurance,
Judiciary General (Chairman),
Judiciary Special,
Mines and Mining,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Roads and Highways.

BALDWIN, R. J.:

Agriculture,
Appropriations,
City Passenger Railways,
Education,
Federal Relations,
Insurance,
Legislative Apportionment,
New Counties and County Seats,
Public Roads and Highways.

BARNES:

Agriculture,
Appropriations,
Exposition Affairs,
Forestry,
Game and Fisheries,
Legislative Apportionment,
Public Printing.

BARR:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Corporations,
Federal Relations (Chairman),
Insurance,
Judicial Apportionment,
Military Affairs,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Public Grounds and Buildings,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Railroads.

BEALES:

Agriculture,
Appropriations,
City Passenger Railways,
Corporations,
Game and Fisheries,
Insurance,
Pensions and Gratuities (Chairman),
Public Grounds and Buildings,
Public Roads and Highways,
Railroads.

BOYD:

Appropriations,
Canals and Inland Navigation,
Exposition Affairs,
Game and Fisheries,
Judiciary Special,
Legislative Apportionment (Chairman),
Mines and Mining,
Public Grounds and Buildings.

CAMPBELL:

Appropriations,
Canals and Inland Navigation,
Corporations,
Exposition Affairs,
Judiciary General,
Law and Order,
Legislative Apportionment,
Mines and Mining (Chairman),
Municipal Affairs,
Public Roads and Highways,
Public Supply of Heat, Light and Water.

CATLIN:

Appropriations,
City Passenger Railways,
Elections (Chairman),
Executive Nominations,
Finance,
Judiciary Special,
Legislative Apportionment,
Municipal Affairs,
New Counties and County Seats,
Public Grounds and Buildings,
Public Roads and Highways,
Railroads.

CRAIG:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Education,
Exposition Affairs,
Forestry (Chairman),
Judicial Apportionment,
Judiciary General,
Library,
Public Printing,
Public Roads and Highways.

CROW:

Appropriations,
Congressional Apportionment,
Corporations,
Elections,
Executive Nominations (Chairman),
Finance (Chairman),
Insurance,
Judiciary General,
Judiciary Special,
Mines and Mining,
Public Roads and Highways.

DAIX:

Appropriations (Chairman),
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
City Passenger Railways,
Insurance,
Judicial Apportionment,
Judiciary General,
Judiciary Special,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.

DAVIS:

Appropriations,
Congressional Apportionment,
Forestry,
Game and Fisheries,
Mines and Mining,
New Counties and County Seats (Chairman),
Public Roads and Highways,
Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.

DeWITT:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
City Passenger Railways,
Finance,
Insurance,
Judiciary Special,
Law and Order,
Public Roads and Highways.

DONAHUE:

Appropriations,
Exposition Affairs,
Forestry,
Game and Fisheries,
Judicial Apportionment (Chairman),
Judiciary Special,
Military Affairs,
New Counties and County Seats,
Public Printing,
Public Roads and Highways,
Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.

EINSTEIN:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Canals and Inland Navigation,
City Passenger Railways,
Congressional Apportionment,
Corporations,
Elections,
Insurance,
Law and Order,
Library,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Health and Sanitation.

EYRE:

Appropriations,
Congressional Apportionment,
Elections,
Executive Nominations,
Finance,
Judiciary Special,
Law and Order,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Printing,
Public Roads and Highways (Chairman),
Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water,
Railroads.

GRAFF:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Congressional Apportionment,
Corporations (Chairman),
Exposition Affairs,
Finance,
Law and Order,
Legislative Apportionment,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Public Printing,
Public Roads and Highways.

GRAY:

Agriculture,
City Passenger Railways,
Exposition Affairs,
Library,
Military Affairs,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Public Grounds and Buildings,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Public Printing.

HACKETT:

Appropriations,
City Passenger Railways,
Finance,
Game and Fisheries,
Law and Order,
Legislative Apportionment,
Military Affairs,
Mines and Mining,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Printing,
Railroads.

HALDEMAN:

Appropriations,
Corporations,
Education,
Federal Relations,
Forestry,
Judicial Apportionment,
Library,
Military Affairs,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Public Health and Sanitation

HEATON:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Corporations,
Forestry,
Game and Fisheries,
Judiciary Special,
Military Affairs,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Railroads.

HERRON:

Agriculture,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Education,
Federal Relations,
Game and Fisheries,
Legislative Apportionment,
New Counties and County Seats,
Public Roads and Highways,
Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.

HOMSHER:

Agriculture,
Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
City Passenger Railways (Chairman),
Congressional Apportionment,
Insurance,
New Counties and County Seats,
Public Grounds and Buildings,
Public Roads and Highways,
Railroads.

JONES:

Agriculture (Chairman),
Appropriations,
Education,
Forestry,
Game and Fisheries,
Legislative Apportionment,
Library,
New Counties and County Seats,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Public Roads and Highways,
Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.

LEIBY:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Canals and Inland Navigation,
Education,
Exposition Affairs,
Forestry,
Judiciary General,
Library,
Public Printing.

LESLIE:

Appropriations,
Elections,
Executive Nominations,
Exposition Affairs,
Finance,
Judiciary General,
Mines and Mining,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Public Roads and Highways.

MARLOW:

Agriculture,
Canals and Inland Navigation,
Congressional Apportionment (Chairman),
Education,
Finance,
Game and Fisheries,
Judiciary Special,
Municipal Affairs,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Public Grounds and Buildings,
Public Roads and Highways.

MARTIN:

City Passenger Railways,
Congressional Apportionment,
Game and Fisheries,
Insurance,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Grounds and Buildings (Chairman).

McCONNELL:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Elections,
Executive Nominations,
Finance,
Game and Fisheries,
Insurance,
Judiciary Special (Chairman),
Law and Order,
Public Grounds and Buildings,
Public Roads and Highways.

McNICHOL:

City Passenger Railways,
Congressional Apportionment,
Insurance,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Printing,
Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water,
Railroads.

MEARKLE:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Congressional Apportionment,
Corporations,
Education,
Insurance,
Judiciary General,
New Counties and County Seats,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water
(Chairman).

MILLER, J. S.:

Agriculture,
Education,
Exposition Affairs (Chairman),
Forestry,
Judiciary General,
Legislative Apportionment,
Library,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Public Roads and Highways.—

MILLER, S. J.:

Agriculture,
Appropriations,
Education,
Finance,
Game and Fisheries,
Public Health and Sanitation (Chairman),
Public Roads and Highways,
Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water,
Railroads.

MURDOCH:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Federal Relations,
Game and Fisheries,
Legislative Apportionment,
Municipal Affairs,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Public Grounds and Buildings,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Public Printing (Chairman),

NASON:

Appropriations,
Canals and Inland Navigation,
Exposition Affairs,
Game and Fisheries (Chairman),
Judicial Apportionment,
Judiciary General,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Public Printing,
Public Roads and Highways.

PATTON:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Congressional Apportionment,
Corporations,
Elections,
Exposition Affairs,
Insurance (Chairman),
Judiciary General,
Judiciary Special,
Municipal Affairs,

PHIPPS:

Agriculture,
Appropriations,
Canals and Inland Navigation,
Congressional Apportionment,
Forestry,
Judiciary General,
Military Affairs (Chairman),
Pensions and Gratuities,
Public Roads and Highways.

SALUS:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Elections,
Judiciary General,
Law and Order (Chairman),
Municipal Affairs,
Pensions and Gratuities.

SASSAMAN:

Agriculture,
Appropriations,
Corporations,
Elections,
Game and Fisheries,
Judicial Apportionment,
Law and Order,
Library,
Public Grounds and Buildings,
Public Health and Sanitation.

SCHANTZ:

Agriculture,
Appropriations,
City Passenger Railways,
Education,
Judiciary General,
Law and Order,
Legislative Apportionment,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Roads and Highways,
Railroads (Chairman).

SMITH:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
Elections,
Finance,
Judiciary Special,
Library,
Public Grounds and Buildings,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Public Printing,

SNYDER:

Agriculture,
Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations
(Chairman),
Education,
Federal Relations,
Judicial Apportionment,
Law and Order,
Library,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Public Roads and Highways,
Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.

SONES:

Appropriations,
Banks and Building and Loan Associations,
City Passenger Railways,
Corporations,
Elections,
Finance,
Game and Fisheries,
Judiciary Special,
Mines and Mining,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Roads and Highways,
Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water,
Railroads.

TOMPKINS:

Appropriations,
Corporations,
Education,
Game and Fisheries,
Insurance,
Judiciary General,
Judiciary Special,
Municipal Affairs,
Public Roads and Highways,
Railroads.

TURNER:

Agriculture,
 Appropriations,
 Congressional Apportionment,
 Federal Relations,
 Forestry,
 Library (Chairman),
 Military Affairs,
 Pensions and Gratuities,
 Public Printing,
 Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water,
 Railroads.

VARE:

Appropriations,
 City Passenger Railways,
 Corporations,
 Elections,
 Executive Nominations,
 Finance,
 Insurance,
 Law and Order,
 Municipal Affairs (Chairman),
 Public Roads and Highways.

WEAVER:

Appropriations,
 Congressional Apportionment,
 Corporations,
 Education (Chairman),
 Insurance,

Judiciary General,
 Judiciary Special,
 Library,
 Public Health and Sanitation,
 Public Roads and Highways.

WHITTEN:

Appropriations,
 Canals and Inland Navigation (Chairman),
 Corporations,
 Exposition Affairs,
 Game and Fisheries,
 Judiciary General,
 Law and Order,
 Library,
 Military Affairs,
 Mines and Mining,
 Public Health and Sanitation,
 Public Printing.

WOODWARD:

Elections,
 Federal Relations,
 Forestry,
 Judicial Apportionment,
 Judiciary General,
 Municipal Affairs,
 Public Grounds and Buildings,
 Public Health and Sanitation,
 Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—1919

Philadelphia.

1st District, 1st and 39th wards—
JOHN MEHRING, R., 945 Wolf Street.
LEOPOLD C. GLASS, R., 1613 South Sixth Street.

2d District, 2d ward—
CHARLES C. A. BALDI, Jr., R., 1341 Ellsworth Street.

3d District, 3d, 4th and 5th wards—
NICHOLAS DI LEMMO, R., 774 South Sixth Street.
JULIUS J. LEVIS, R., 507 South Sixth Street.

4th District, 6th, 8th and 9th wards—
JAMES V. LAFFERTY, R., 809 Spruce Street.

5th District, 26th, 36th and 48th wards—
BYRON A. MILNER, R., 1703 South Thirteenth Street.
EDWARD W. WELLS, R., 2418 South Twenty-first Street.
*(Vacancy).

6th District, 7th ward—
DANIEL J. NEARY, R., 2315 South Street.

7th District, 30th ward—
WILLIAM J. CRAWFORD, R., 2036 Fitzwater Street.

8th District, 10th, 13th and 14th wards—
JOHN R. K. SCOTT, R., 864 North Twelfth Street.

WILLIAM F. RORKE, R., 615 North Seventh Street.

9th District, 11th and 12th wards—
HERMAN DILSHEIMER, Sr., R., 523 North Fourth Street.

10th District, 15th ward—
WILLIAM J. BRADY, R., 847 North Twenty-sixth Street.
ALEXANDER COLVILLE, R., 2330 Poplar Street.

11th District, 17th and 18th wards—
RICHARD CURRY, R., 1522 East Berks Street.

12th District, 19th ward—
MATTHEW PATTERSON, R., 2424 North Mascher Street.
JAMES A. BENNETT, R., 1825 North Leithgow Street.

13th District, 16th and 20th wards—
MAX ARON, R., 941 North Eighth Street.
CLINTON A. SOWERS, R., 1239 North Eleventh Street.

14th District, 21st ward—
†(Vacancy).

15th District, 22d and 42d wards—
ROBERT A. BUCHER, R., 1319 Ruscomb Street.
EDWIN STOTT, R., 5430 North Water Street, Olney.

16th District, 23d, 35th and 41st wards—
JAMES A. DUNN, R., 5131 Milnor Street, Frankford.

17th District, 24th, 34th and 44th wards—
THEODORE CAMPBELL, R., 6312 Overbrook Avenue.
JAMES J. HEFFERNAN, R., 324 North Fifty-second Street.
WILLIAM T. WALLACE, R., 3715 Spring Garden Street.

18th District, 25th and 45th wards—
JOHN F. SNOWDEN, R., 3363 Amber Street.
SAMUEL J. PERRY, R., 3014 Salmon Street.

19th District, 28th and 37th wards—
SAMUEL J. EPHRAIM, R., 408 Lincoln Building.
ARTHUR R. B. FOX, R., 2644 North Thirty-first Street.

20th District, 29th and 47th wards—
PATRICK CONNER, R., 2807 Oxford Street.
JOHN H. DRINKHOUSE, R., 2002 Oxford Street.

21st District, 27th, 40th and 46th wards—
JAMES FRANKLIN, R., 5726 Thomas Avenue.
JAMES A. WALKER, R., 5313 Baltimore Avenue.

22d District, 32d ward—
BENJAMIN M. GOLDER, R., 2011 North Thirty-third Street.

23d District, 38th ward—
‡(Vacancy).

24th District, 33d ward—
THADDEUS S. KRAUSE, R., 535 East Allegheny Avenue.

25th District, 43d ward—
PHILIP H. CROCKETT, R., 3612 North War-nock Street.

26th District, 31st ward—
PHILIP STERLING, R., 2042 East York Street.

Adams

C. ARTHUR GRIEST, R., Guernsey.

Allegheny.

1st District—
THOMAS PAUL GEARY, R., 2520 Center Avenue, Pittsburgh.
JOSEPH C. MARCUS, R., 615 Berger Building, Pittsburgh.

2d District—
WILLIAM J. MCCAIG, R., 323 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh.
JOHN C. SULLIVAN, R., 1628 Jancey Street, Pittsburgh.

3d District—
JOHN LAULER, R., 351 Meyran Avenue, Pittsburgh.

4th District—
EDWARD B. GOEHRING, R., 597 Union Arcade Building, Pittsburgh.

5th District—
HARRY B. TODD, R., 7247 Hamilton Avenue, Pittsburgh.

6th District—
WILLIAM J. MANGAN, R., 99 South Eleventh Street, Pittsburgh.
ALBERT G. KRUGH, R., 2319 Jane Street, Pittsburgh.
GEORGE H. SOFFEL, R., 55 Wyoming Street, Pittsburgh.

7th District—
CHARLES A. MICHEL, R., 715 East North Avenue, Pittsburgh, N. S.
JAMES WETTACH, R., 1545 Spring Garden Avenue, Pittsburgh, N. S.

*Vacancy caused by resignation of Edwin R. Cox, December 22, 1919.

†Vacancy caused by resignation of William J. Hamilton, June 26, 1919.

‡Vacancy caused by resignation of Sigmund J. Gans, December 6, 1919.

Allegheny—Concluded.

8th District—
EDWARD M. HOUGH, R., 2651 Perrysville
Avenue, Pittsburgh, N. S.
WILLIAM F. STADTLANDER, R., 802 Frick
Building, Pittsburgh.

9th District—
SYDNEY G. WILLSON, R., McKeesport.

10th District—
CARL C. BALDRIGE, R., 1318 Singer Place,
Wilkinsburg.
WILLIAM H. MARTIN, R., 1166 South Ave-
nue, Wilksburg.
SAMUEL J. MCKIM, R., Swissvale.

11th District—
W. HEBER DITHRICH, R., Coraopolis.
JOSEPH G. STEEDLE, R., McKees Rocks.
WILLIAM C. WAGNER, R., Mount Oliver.
JOHN H. W. SIMPSON, R., Dravosburg.

12th District—
NELSON McVICAR, R., Tarentum.
JOHN W. VICKERMAN, R., Bellevue.

Armstrong.

CHARLES F. ARMSTRONG, R., Leechburg.
ALBERT E. CURRY, R., Kittanning.

Beaver.

CHARLES H. KENNEDY, R., New Brighton.
JOHN G. MARSHALL, R., Beaver.

Bedford.

EDGAR R. SMITH, R., Hopewell, R. D. 1.

Berks.

1st District—
JAMES E. NORTON, R., Reading.
*(Vacancy).

2d District—
WILSON G. SARIG, D., Temple.
CYRUS K. BRENDLE, D., Shillington.
†(Vacancy).

Blair.

1st District—
FREDERICK A. BELL, R., Altoona.

2d District—
SAMUEL McCURDY, R., Hollidaysburg.
SIMON F. ZOOK, R., Curryville.

Bradford.

CHARLES P. DEWEY, R., Gillett.
W. WORTH JENNINGS, R., Towanda.

Bucks.

W. ALBERTSON HAINES, R., Bristol.
‡(Vacancy).

Butler.

VICTOR A. BARNHART, R., Evans City.
GEORGE I. WONER, R., Butler.

Cambria.

1st District—
J. ROSS HORNE, R., Johnstown.

2d District—
WILLIAM DAVIS, R., Ebensburg.
WILLIAM, G. GRIFFITH, R., Johnstown, R.
D. 3.

Cameron.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, R., Emporium.

Carbon.

HARRY ZANDERS, R., Mauch Chunk.

Centre.

IVES L. HARVEY, R., Bellefonte.

Chester.

HARRY C. GRAHAM, R., Phoenixville.
MARIS M. HOLLINGSWORTH, R., Landenberg.
GEORGE R. NORTH, R., Lyndell.

Clarion.

E. MARION SWEITZER, D., Shippensburg.

Clearfield.

JOSEPH E. PHILLIPS, R., Clearfield.
DONALD D. MILLER, R., Gramplan.
ARTHUR H. PIDGEON, R., Houtzdale.

Clinton.

RICHARD S. QUIGLEY, R., Lock Haven.

Columbia.

CHARLES A. SHAFFER, D., Berwick.

Crawford.

JOHN A. BOLARD, R., Cambridge Springs.
H. H. FINNEY, R., Meadville.

Cumberland.

ROSS L. BECKLEY, R., New Cumberland.
WILLIAM C. BOWMAN, R., Lemoyne.

Dauphin.

1st District—
ALBERT MILLAR, R., Harrisburg.
DAVID I. MILLER, R., Harrisburg.

2d District—
DAVID J. BECHTOLD, R., Steelton.
IRA E. ULSH, R., Millersburg.

Delaware.

1st District—
§(Vacancy).

2d District—
HARRY H. HEYBURN, R., Brandywine Summit.
WILLIAM CLOUD ALEXANDER, R., Media.

Elk.

JOHN M. FLYNN, D., Ridgway.

Erie.

1st District—
WILLIAM J. WILLERT, R., Erie.

2d District—
JOSEPH M. SCHILLING, D., Erie.

3d District—
HOWARD P. SHUNK, R., Harbour Creek, R.
D. 1.

Fayette.

1st District—
MERCHANT L. COLLIER, R., Uniontown, R.
D. 5.

2d District—
DUNCAN SINCLAIR, R., Brownsville.
ERNEST R. KOOSER, R., Connellsville.
RUSSELL B. MCINTYRE, R., Uniontown.

Forest.

IRA M. FOX, R., Endeavor.

Franklin.

LOUDEN FRANCIS BENCHOFF, R., Waynes-
boro, R. D. 4.
FRANK S. MAGILL, R., Chambersburg.

Fulton.

GEORGE A. COMEREE, R., McConnellsburg.

Greene.

JOHN C. HAMPSON, D., Waynesburg.

Huntingdon.

LAWRENCE N. CRUM, R., Mount Union.

Indiana.

JOHN THOMAS DAVIS, R., Blairsville.

Jefferson.

THOMAS T. MILLIN, R., Brookville.
GEORGE W. STEVENSON, R., Punxsutawney.

Juniata.

JOHN H. SHELLENBERGER, R., McAlister-
ville.

*Vacancy caused by resignation of Walter A. Ringler, January 3, 1920.

†Vacancy caused by death of Daniel A. Rothenberger, July 28, 1919.

‡Vacancy caused by death of William Krause, November 12, 1919.

§Vacancy caused by resignation of William T. Ramsey, January 5, 1920.

Lackawanna.

1st District—
DAVID FOWLER, R., Scranton.

2d District—
HUGH A. DAWSON, R., Scranton.

3d District—
FREDERICK C. EHRHARDT, R., Scranton.

4th District—
MICHAEL J. RUDDY, D., Dunmore.

5th District—
WILLIAM W. JONES, R., Olyphant.

6th District—
DAVID F. DAVIS, R., Taylor.

Lancaster.

1st District—
AARON B. HESS, R., Lancaster.

2d District—
MICHAEL R. HOFFMAN, R., Maytown.
HARRY L. RHOADS, R., Gap, R. D. 1.
G. GRAYBILL DIEHM, R., Lititz.
JOSEPH T. EVANS, R., Ephrata.

Lawrence.

ROBERT L. WALLACE, R., New Castle.
CHARLES G. JORDAN, R., Volant.

Lebanon.

CHARLES T. HICKERNELL, R., Lebanon.
L. SAYLOR ZIMMERMAN, R., Lebanon.

Lehigh.

1st District—
CHARLES A. REBER, R., Allentown.

2d District—
SAMUEL J. EVANS, R., Slatington.

3d District—
ALBERT E. RINN, D., South Bethlehem, R. D. 1.

Luzerne.

1st District—
CONRAD G. MILLER, R., Hazleton.

2d District—
PETER MURPHY, D., Ashley.

3d District—
PATRICK H. WYNNE, D., Pittston.

4th District—
THOMAS J. MORGAN, R., Nanticoke.

5th District—
RICHARD POWELL, R., Edwardsville.

6th District—
*(Vacancy).

7th District—
ROBERT B. MACCALLUM, R., Wilkes-Barre.
JAMES W. BRISLIN, D., Wilkes-Barre.

Lycoming.

CHARLES F. BIDEISPACHER, R., Williamsport.
W. CLYDE HARER, R., Williamsport.

McKean.

JOHN A. FITZGIBBON, R., Bradford.
CHARLES W. CATLIN, R., Port Allegany.

Mercer.

EDWARD L. ALLUM, R., Sharon.
JOHN F. BIGLER, R., Farrell.

Mifflin.

CHARLES GRANT CORBIN, R., Granville.

Monroe.

EDWIN T. KUNKLE, D., Stroudsburg.

Montgomery.

1st District—
HAROLD C. PIKE, R., Cheltenham.

2d District—
JACOB HAMILTON, R., Conshohocken.

3d District—
ISAAH T. HALDEMAN, R., Schwenkville, R. D. 1.

4th District—
JOSEPH E. BLANCK, D., Green Lane.

Montour.

WILLIAM KASE WEST, D., Danville.

Northampton.

WILLIAM M. BENNINGER, D., Benningers.
SAMUEL HUTCHISON, D., Martins Creek.
REUBEN H. TRACH, D., Easton.

Northumberland.

DANIEL W. HELT, R., Shamokin.
WILLIAM W. ROBERTSON, R., Mount Carmel.
NOBLE CLEMENTS, R., Shamokin.

Perry.

CLARK M. BOWER, R., Blain.

Pike.

FRANK I. SMITH, D., Shohola.

Potter.

E. P. HUNTINGTON, R., Coudersport.

Schuylkill.

1st District—
ADAM C. SCHAEFFER, R., Mahanoy City.

2d District—
JAMES DONNELEY, D., Minersville, R. D.

3d District—
ROBERT J. KANTNER, R., Tamaqua.

4th District—
HORACE F. REBER, R., Pine Grove.
†(Vacancy).

Snyder.

JOHN I. WOODRUFF, R., Selinsgrove.

Somerset.

PAUL D. CLUTTON, R., Meyersdale.
JOHN P. STATLER, R., Somerset.

Sullivan.

†(Vacancy).

Susquehanna.

ALLAN D. MILLER, R., Susquehanna.

Tioga.

GEORGE W. WILLIAMS, R., Wellsboro.
FRANK E. SNYDER, R., LIBERTY.

Union.

HARRY M. SHOWALTER, R., Lewisburg.

Venango.

JOSEPH T. FOSTER, R., Franklin.
FRANK V. MALLERY, R., Oil City.

Warren.

WILLISTON P. WOOD, R., Grand Valley.

*Vacancy caused by death of John McKay, May 15, 1919.

†Vacancy caused by resignation of Cyrus M. Palmer, December 16, 1919.

‡Vacancy caused by death of Frank Horton Ingham, July 18, 1919.

Washington.

J. ADD SPROWLS, R., Donora.
 DAVID M. CURRAN, R., Washington.
 GEORGE T. WALKER, R., Washington.

Wayne.

EDWARD E. KINSMAN, R., Honesdale, R.
 D. 2.

Westmoreland.

1st District—
 JOHN B. COLDSMITH, R., Mount Pleasant.
 THOMAS M. WHITEMAN, R., Latrobe.

2d District—
 BENJAMIN F. BUNGARD, R., Herminie.
 HOWARD W. DAY, R., Monessen.
 J. GRANT McGEARY, R., Vandergrift.

Wyoming.

OSCAR D. STARK, R., Tunkhannock.

York.

1st District—
 ROBERT S. SPANGLER, R., York.

2d District—
 CALVIN E. COOK, R., Dillsburg, R. D. 4.

3d District—
 THOMAS E. BROOKS, R., Red Lion.

4th District—
 HENRY E. LANIUS, D., Spring Grove, R. D. 4.

RECAPITULATION.

	R.	D.	Vac.
Senate,	42	6	2
House of Representatives,	176	21	10
Total,	218	27	12

Republican majority on joint ballot, 191.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—1919.

MEMBERS AND CHIEF OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE WITH POST OFFICE, COUNTY, AND RESIDENCE IN HARRISBURG.

ROBERT S. SPANGLER, Speaker, York, York County.
 THOMAS H. GARDIN, Chief Clerk, Sharon Hill, Delaware County.
 J. EDWARD BRACKNEY, Assistant Clerk, 1645 Chislett Street, Franklin County.
 MILTON K. BURGNER, Resident Clerk, Chambersburg, Dauphin County.
 IRA DALE MEALS, Assistant Resident Clerk, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
 IRA D. McCORD, Journal Clerk, Elverson, Chester County.
 QUAY HEWITT, Reading Clerk, Punksutawney, Jefferson County.

Seat No.	Name	Post Office.	County.	Harrisburg Residence.
2	Alexander, William Cloud,	Media,	Delaware,	Hotel Dauphin.
174	Alum, Edward L.,	Sharon,	Mercer,	1213 North Second Street.
187	Armstrong, Charles F.,	Leechburg,	Franklin,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
88	Aron, Max,	941 North Eighth Street,	Philadelphia,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
45	Baldi, Charles C. A., Jr.,	1341 Ellsworth Street,	Philadelphia,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
115	Baldrige, Carl C.,	Wilkinsburg,	Allegheny,	121 West State Street.
156	Barnhart, Victor A.,	Evans City,	Butler,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
33	Bechtold, David J.,	Steelton,	Dauphin,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
170	Beckley, Ross L.,	New Cumberland,	Cumberland,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
157	Bell, Frederick A.,	Altoona,	Blair,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
21	Bennhoff, Louden Francis,	Waynesboro, R. D.,	Franklin,	Hershey House.
120	Bennett, James A.,	1825 North Leithgow Street,	Philadelphia,	614 Briggs Street.
74	Bidelspacher, William M.,	Benningers,	Northampton,	116 Locust Street.
111	Bigler, John F.,	Williamsport,	Lycoming,	413 Briggs Street.
173	Black, Joseph E.,	Karrell,	Mercer,	Park and Prospect Streets.
172	Bolard, John A.,	Green Lane,	Montgomery,	Bolton Hotel.
186	Bower, Clark M.,	Cambridge Springs,	Grafton,	111 North Street.
148	Bowman, William C.,	Blain,	Perry,	15A South Third Street.
169	Bowman, William C.,	Lemoyne,	Cumberland,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
138	Brady, William J.,	847 North Twenty-sixth Street,	Philadelphia,	311 Market Street.
189	Brendle, Cyrus K.,	Shillington,	Berks,	3 South Front Street.
135	Breslin, James W.,	Wilkes-Barre,	York,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
13	Brooks, Thomas E.,	Red Lion,	Westmoreland,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
108	Bueber, Robert A.,	1319 Ruscomb Street,	Philadelphia,	300 North Sixth Street.
177	Bungard, Benjamin F.,	Hermie,	Philadelphia,	24 North Street.
105	Campbell, Theodore,	6312 Overbrook Avenue,	McKean,	Belton Hotel.
204	Catlin, Charles W.,	Port Allegany,	Northumberland,	Blaze Hotel.
124	Clements, Noble,	Shamokin,	Somerset,	Blaze and Third Streets.
194	Culton, Paul D.,	Meyersdale,	Westmoreland,	811 North Sixth Street.
164	Coldsmith, John B.,	Mount Pleasant,	Westmoreland,	923 Briggs Street.
122	Collier, Merchant L.,	Uniontown, R. D. 5,	Philadelphia,	209 Briggs Street.
5	Colsville, Alexander,	220 Poplar Street,	Fulton,	214 North Street.
196	Comer, George A.,	McConnellsburg,		

32	Conner, Patrick.	2807 Oxford Street,	Philadelphia,	Metropolitan Hotel.
34	Cook, Calvin E.	Dillsburg, R. D. 4,	York,	Hershey House.
46	Corbin, Charles Grant,	Granville,	Mifflin,	808 Capital Street.
58	Cox, Edwin R.,	2348 Reed Street,	Philadelphia,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
6	Crawford, William J.,	2336 Fitzwater Street,	Philadelphia,	Hotel Royal.
137	Crockett, Philip H.,	3612 North Warnock Street,	Philadelphia,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
187	Crum, Lawrence N.,	Mount Union,	Huntingdon,	210 Pine Street.
31	Curran, David M.,	Washington,	Washington,	709 North Sixth Street.
188	Curry, Albert E.,	Kittanning,	Armstrong,	Bolton Hotel.
4	Curry, Richard,	1522 East Berks Street,	Philadelphia,	Central Hotel.
62	Davis, David F.,	Taylor,	Lackawanna,	436 North Street.
195	Davis, John Thomas,	Blairsville,	Indiana,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
61	Davis, William,	Ebensburg,	Cambria,	3 South Front Street.
128	Dawson, Hugh A.,	Seranton,	Westmoreland,	811 North Sixth Street.
183	Day, Howard W.,	Monessen,	Lackawanna,	62 North Seventeenth Street.
17	Dewey, Charles P.,	Gillett,	Bradford,	Bolton Hotel.
37	Diehm, G. Graybill,	Lilitt,	Lancaster,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
46	Di Lemmo, Nicholas,	774 South Sixth Street,	Philadelphia,	Hershey House.
67	Dilsheimer, Herman, Sr.,	523 North Fourth Street,	Philadelphia,	Hotel Carlton.
47	Dittrich, W. Heber,	Corapolis,	Allegheny,	14 North Fourth Street.
77	Donneley, James,	Minersville,	Schuylkill,	Central Hotel.
68	Drinkhouse, John H.,	2602 Oxford Street,	Philadelphia,	Hotel Dauphin.
19	Dunn, James A.,	5131 Minor Street, Frankford,	Lackawanna,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
144	Ehrhardt, Frederick C.,	Seranton,	Philadelphia,	Bolton Hotel.
9	Ephraim, Samuel J.,	408 Lincoln Building,	Lancaster,	Metropolitan Hotel.
143	Evans, Joseph T.,	Ephrata,	Lehigh,	417 Briggs Street.
135	Finney, H. H.,	Meadville,	Crawford,	Plaza Hotel.
129	Fitzgibbon, John A.,	Bradford,	McKean,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
54	Flynn, John M.,	Ridgway,	Elk,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
192	Foster, Joseph T.,	Franklin,	Venango,	Crystal Hotel.
145	Fox, Arthur R. B.,	2844 North Thirty-first Street,	Lackawanna,	Bolton Hotel.
176	Fox, Ira M.,	Endeavor,	Forest,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
140	Franklin, James,	5726 Thomas Avenue,	Philadelphia,	233 Pine Street.
109	Gans, Sigmund J.,	3247 North Fifteenth Street,	Allegheny,	Hotel Dauphin.
73	Gary, Thomas Paul,	2320 Center Avenue, Pittsburgh,	Philadelphia,	721 North Sixth Street.
63	Glass, Leopold C.,	1513 South Sixth Street,	Allegheny,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
96	Gochring, Edward B.,	597 Union Arcade Building, Pittsburgh,	Philadelphia,	406 North Third Street.
44	Golder, Benjamin M.,	2011 North Thirty-third Street,	Cameron,	Hershey House.
7	Goodnough, C. Jay,	Emporium,	Chester,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
70	Graham, Harry C.,	Phoenixville,	Adams,	800 Briggs Street.
181	Griest, C. Arthur,	Guernsey,	Cambria,	905 North Second Street.
134	Griffith, William G.,	Johnstown, R. D. 3,	Bucks,	Lochiel Hotel.
93	Haines, W. Albertson,	Bristol,	Montgomery,	
42	Hademan, Isiah T.,	Schwankville, R. D. 1,	Montgomery,	
40	Hamilton, Jacob,	Conshohocken,		

*Resigned December 22, 1910.

†Resigned December 6, 1910.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—1919—Continued.

Seat No.	Name	Post Office.	County.	Harrisburg Residence.
107	*Hamilton, William J.,	4724 Smick Street, Manayunk,	Philadelphia,	406 Briggs Street.
171	Hampson, John C.,	Waynesburg,	Greene,	Metropolitan Hotel.
112	Hare, Warren Clyde,	Williamsport,	Lycoming,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
206	Harvey, Ives L.,	Belleville,	Centre,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
87	Heffernan, James J.,	324 North Fifty-second Street,	Philadelphia,	Bolton Hotel.
162	Helt, Daniel W.,	Shamokin,	Northumberland,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
38	Hess, Aaron B.,	Lancaster,	Lancaster,	Bolton Hotel.
1	Heyburn, Harry H.,	Brandywine Summit,	Delaware,	Hotel Dauphin.
163	Hicknell, Charles T.,	Lebanon,	Lebanon,	Bolton Hotel.
8	Hollingsworth, Maris M.,	Maytown,	Lancaster,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
69	Horne, J. Ross,	Landenberg,	Chester,	808 Capital Street.
98	Hough, Edward M.,	Johnstown,	Cambria,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
175	Huntington, E. P.,	2861 Ferrysville Avenue, Pittsburgh, N. S.,	Allegheny,	703 North Sixth Street.
75	Hutchison, Samuel,	Coudersport,	Potter,	Metropolitan Hotel.
161	Hingham, Frank Horton,	Martins Creek,	Northampton,	State Capital Hotel.
116	Jennings, W. Worth,	Laporte,	Sullivan,	236 North Second Street.
110	Jones, William W.,	Towanda,	Bradford,	3 South Front Street.
203	Jordan, Charles G.,	Olyphant,	Lackawanna,	210 Pine Street.
142	Kantner, Robert J.,	Volant,	Lawrence,	343 Hummel Street.
51	Kennedy, Charles H.,	Tamaqua,	Schuylkill,	222 North Third Street.
191	Kinsman, Edward E.,	New Brighton,	Beaver,	203 Pine Street.
120	Kooser, Ernest R.,	Honesdale, R. D. 2,	Wayne,	259 North Street.
66	Krause, Thaddeus S.,	Connellsville,	Fayette,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
94	Krause, William,	535 East Allegheny Avenue,	Philadelphia,	695 North Second Street.
113	Krug, Albert G.,	Quakertown,	Bucks,	312 Chestnut Street.
159	Kuhtle, Edwin M.,	2319 Jane Street, Pittsburgh,	Allegheny,	State Capital Hotel.
83	Lafferty, James V.,	Stroudsburg,	Monroe,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
78	Lanus, Henry E.,	869 Spruce Street,	Philadelphia,	437 Boas Street.
114	Lauler, John,	Spring Grove, K. D. 4,	York,	803 North Sixth Street.
126	Levis, Julius J.,	331 Meyran Avenue, Pittsburgh,	Allegheny,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
147	MacCallum, Robert B.,	507 South Sixth Street,	Philadelphia,	3 South Front Street.
178	Magill, Frank S.,	Chambersburg,	Luzerne,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
183	Mallery, Frank V.,	Oil City,	Franklin,	234 West State Street.
132	Mangan, William J.,	99 South Eleventh Street, Pittsburgh,	Venango,	312 Chestnut Street.
72	Marcus, Joseph C.,	615 Berger Building, Pittsburgh,	Allegheny,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
62	Marshall, John G.,	Beaver,	Allegheny,	222 North Third Street.
167	Martin, William H.,	Wilkesburg,	Beaver,	210 Pine Street.
28	McCaig, William J.,	323 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh,	Allegheny,	312 Chestnut Street.
12	McCurdy, Samuel,	Holidaysburg,	Blair,	Penn-Harris Hotel.

*Resigned June 28, 1919.

†Died July 18, 1919.

‡Died November 12, 1919.

184	McGeary, J. Grant,	Vandergift,	Westmoreland,	811 North Sixth Street.
121	McIntyre, Russell B.,	Uniontown,	Payette,	232 Liberty Street.
158	*McKay, John,	Luzerne,	Luzerne,	340 South Sixteenth Street.
168	McKim, Samuel J.,	Swissvale,	Allegheny,	9 North Front Street.
11	McVicar, Nelson,	Tarentum,	Allegheny,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
104	Mehring, John,	945 Wolf Street,	Philadelphia,	312 Chestnut Street.
149	Michel, Charles A.,	715 East North Avenue, Pittsburgh, N. S.,	Allegheny,	1509 Liberty Street.
36	Millar, Albert,	Harrisburg,	Dauphin,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
103	Miller, Allan D.,	Susquehanna,	Susquehanna,	2331 North Sixth Street.
146	Miller, Conrad G.,	Hazleton,	Luzerne,	1839 North Sixth Street.
165	Miller, David I.,	Harrisburg,	Dauphin,	1514 Catherine Street.
180	Miller, Donald D.,	Grampian,	Clearfield,	412 Boas Street.
83	Miner, Thomas T.,	Brookville,	Jefferson,	227 Pine Street.
151	Morgan, Byron A.,	1703 South	Philadelphia,	1100 North Third Street.
136	Murphy, Peter,	Thirteenth Street,	Luzerne,	Hotel Victor.
22	Near, Daniel J.,	Ashley,	Philadelphia,	Hotel Lenox.
71	North, George R.,	3315 South Street,	Chester,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
160	Norton, James E.,	Lyndell,	Berks,	231 Cumberland Street.
101	†Palmer, Oyrus M.,	Pottsville,	Schuylkill,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
127	Patterson, Matthew,	2424 North Mascher Street,	Philadelphia,	Plaza Hotel.
91	Perry, Samuel J.,	3014 Salmon Street,	Philadelphia,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
159	Phillips, Joseph E.,	Clearfield,	Clearfield,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
166	Pidgeon, Arthur H.,	Houtzdale,	Clearfield,	Lochiel Hotel.
41	Pike, Harold C.,	Cheltenham,	Montgomery,	3 South Front Street.
29	Powell, Richard,	Edwardsville,	Luzerne,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
55	Quigley, Richard S.,	Lock Haven,	Clinton,	Hotel Dauphin.
8	†Ramsey, William T.,	Chester,	Delaware,	Y. M. C. A.
205	Reber, Charles A.,	Allentown,	Lehigh,	219 Briggs Street.
102	Reber, Horace F.,	Pine Grove,	Schuylkill,	Bolton Hotel.
16	Rhoads, Harry I.,	Gap, R. D. 1,	Lancaster,	Bolton Hotel.
79	Ringer, Walter A.,	Reading,	Berks,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
118	Rinn, Albert E.,	South Bethlehem, R. D. 1,	Lehigh,	Hotel Dauphin.
123	Robertson, William W.,	Mount Carmel,	Northumberland,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
65	Rorke, William F.,	615 North Seventh Street,	Philadelphia,	Central Hotel.
99	Ruddy, Michael J.,	Oley,	Berks,	3 South Front Street.
53	Sarig, Wilson G.,	Dunmore,	Lackawanna,	Central Hotel.
141	Schaeffer, Adam C.,	Temple,	Berks,	Crystal Hotel.
82	Schilling, Joseph M.,	Mahanoy City,	Schuylkill,	Elks' Club.
64	Scott, John R. K.,	Erie,	Erie,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
80	Shaffer, Charles A.,	884 North Twelfth Street,	Philadelphia,	415 Briggs Street.
202	Shellenberger, John H.,	Berwick,	Columbia,	236 South Second Street.
58	Showalter, Harry M.,	McAllisterville,	Junata,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
24	Shunk, Howard P.,	Lewisburg,	Union,	816 North Sixth Street.
49	Simpson, John H. W.,	Harbour Creek, R. D. 1,	Erie,	312 Chestnut Street.
119	Sinclair, Duncan,	Dravosburg,	Allegheny,	Bolton Hotel.
		Brownsville,	Payette,	

* Died May 15, 1919.

† Resigned December 16, 1919.

‡ Resigned January 5, 1920.

§ Resigned January 5, 1920.

¶ Died July 28, 1919.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—1919—Continued.

Seat No.	Name	Post Office.	County.	Harrisburg Residence.
15	Smith, Edgar R.,	Hopewell, R. D. 1,	Bedford,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
117	Smith, Frank I.,	Shohola,	Pike,	Holton Hotel.
59	Snowden, John F.,	3263 Amber Street,	Philadelphia,	Plaza Hotel.
131	Snyder, Frank E.,	Liberty,	Tooga,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
80	Soffel, George H.,	55 Wyoming Street, Pittsburgh,	Allegheny,	312 Chestnut Street.
	Soffer, Clinton A.,	1239 North Eleventh Street,	Philadelphia,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
	Spangler, Robert S.,	York,	York,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
32	Sprowls, J. Add.,	Donora,	Washington,	210 Pine Street.
97	Stadtlander, William F.,	92 Flick Building, Pittsburgh,	Allegheny,	312 Chestnut Street.
269	Stark, Oscar D.,	Tunkhannock,	Allegheny,	931 Third Street.
130	Statler, John P.,	Somerset,	Womerset,	1013 North Third Street.
48	Stedde, Joseph G.,	McKees Rocks,	Allegheny,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
179	Sterling, Philip,	2042 East York Street,	Philadelphia,	Lochiel Hotel.
85	Stevens, George W.,	Punxsutawney,	Jefferson,	95 North Sixth Street.
20	Stevenson, George W.,	5430 North Water Street, O. N. Y.,	Philadelphia,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
27	Stott, Edwin,	1628 Jancey Street, Pittsburgh,	Allegheny,	700 North Sixth Street.
190	Sullivan, John C.,	Shippensburg,	Carlton,	312 Chestnut Street.
50	Sweitzer, E. Marion,	7247 Hamilton Avenue, Pittsburg,	Allegheny,	215 Walnut Street.
76	Todd, Harry B.,	Easton,	Northampton,	
34	Trach, Reuben H.,	Millersburg,	Dauphin,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
10	Vickerman, John W.,	Bellevue,	Allegheny,	312 Chestnut Street.
96	Wagner, William C.,	Vorcht Oliver,	Allegheny,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
30	Walker, George T.,	Washington,	Washington,	805 North Sixth Street.
139	Walker, James A.,	3713 Baltimore Avenue,	Philadelphia,	210 Pine Street.
37	Wallace, Robert L.,	New Castle,	Lawrence,	214 North Street.
196	Wallace, William T.,	3715 Spring Garden Street,	Philadelphia,	227 Pine Street.
84	Walls, Edward W.,	2418 South Twenty-first Street,	Philadelphia,	Plaza Hotel.
81	West, William Kase,	Danville,	Montour,	312 Chestnut Street.
150	Wettach, James,	1545 Spring Garden Avenue, Pittsburgh, N. S.,	Allegheny,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
132	Whitman, Thomas M.,	Larrobe,	Westmoreland,	Third and Pine Streets.
25	Willert, William J.,	Erie,	Erie,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
60	Williams, George W.,	Wellsboro,	Tooga,	312 Chestnut Street.
116	Willson, George I.,	McKeesport,	Allegheny,	259 North Street.
155	Woner, George I.,	Butler,	Butler,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
175	Wood, William P.,	Grand Valley,	Warren,	610 North Third Street.
201	Woodruff, John L.,	Selinsgrove,	Snyder,	Hotel Victor.
154	Wynne, Patrick H.,	Pittston,	Luzerne,	Hotel Dauphin.
92	Zanders, Harry,	Mauch Chunk,	Carbon,	
162	Zimmerman, I. Saylor,	Lebanon,	Lebanon,	Penn-Harris Hotel.
199	Zook, Simon F.,	Curryville,	Blair,	

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—1919.

SPEAKER.

ROBERT S. SPANGLER, York, York County.

CHIEF CLERK.

THOMAS H. GARVIN, Sharon Hill, Delaware County.

ASSISTANT CLERK.

J. EDWARD BRACKNEY, 1645 Chislett Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

RESIDENT CLERK.

MILTON K. BURGNER, Chambersburg, Franklin County.

ASSISTANT RESIDENT CLERK.

IRA DALE MEALS, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

JOURNAL CLERK.

IRA D. McCORD, Elverson, Chester County.

ASSISTANT JOURNAL CLERK.

ARCHIBALD R. NEWTON, Emlenton, Venango County.

READING CLERK.

QUAY HEWITT, 127 Beyer Street, Punxsutawney, Jefferson County.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK.

O. E. MARTIN, Smithville, Lancaster County.

DESK CLERKS.

R. ALBERT FREILER, 628 North Centre Street, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.
DAVID W. THOMAS, 65 South Wells Street, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

MESSAGE CLERK.

GEORGE OFFENBACHER, North East, Erie County.

TRANSCRIBING CLERKS.

HERBERT E. BURCHFIELD, 1202 Sixteenth Avenue, Altoona, Blair County.
R. JONES RIFE, Duncannon, Perry County.
FRED. W. SPREEN, 49 South Tenth Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
THOMAS RUDOLPH, Cardington, Delaware County.
JOSEPH L. MYERS, 48 East Prospect Avenue, Washington, Washington County.
JOHN B. MULHEARN, 523 Center Street, East Mauch Chunk, Carbon County.
JOHN DUNN, 5331 Market Street, Philadelphia.
CHARLES H. KUCHER, 915 North Thirtieth Street, Philadelphia.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

*DANIEL E. HUNIHAN, 306 Beech Street, Pittsburgh, E. E., Allegheny County.

CHIEF ASSISTANT SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

EDWARD KING, 7418 Glenmore Avenue, Philadelphia.

*Died December 13, 1919.

ASSISTANT SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS.

MORRIS KLEIN, 1702 Jenny Lind Street, McKeesport, Allegheny County.
 R. A. TOMB (Apollo, R. D. 1, Armstrong County), Westmoreland County.
 JOHN P. WHITE, 6024 Jefferson Street, Philadelphia.
 ELLIS P. WILLIAMS, 419 South Street, Slatington, Lehigh County.
 JOHN DAVIS, Wellshoro, Tioga County.
 JOHN J. SIMMERS, 110 South Shamokin Street, Shamokin, Northumberland County.
 CHARLES S. SANDS, Third Avenue and Main Street, Royersford, Montgomery County.
 WILLIAM PARRISH, 129 Blair Street, Plymouth, Luzerne County.
 HOWARD E. ROBINSON, Tarentum, Allegheny County.
 ANDREW K. STEVENS, 277 West Cottage Street, York, York County.
 WILLIAM GASSENMEYER, 813 North Newkirk Street, Philadelphia.
 GUSTAV KOPP, 2235 North Vancelt Street, Philadelphia.
 JACOB J. GILLMAN, 931 North Twelfth Street, Philadelphia.
 JOSEPH PURFIELD, 809 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.
 JOHN W. SMITH, 213 Master Street, Philadelphia.
 JOSEPH C. FERRIGNO, 736 Fitzwater Street, Philadelphia.

CHIEF OFFICIAL REPORTER.

EDWARD E. JAUSS, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS.

BENJAMIN O. LOCKE, 430 Sylvania Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
 JAMES M. LINGLE, 4114 Parrish Street, Philadelphia.
 WILLIAM W. WYANT, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
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(Room 147.)

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McCurdy,
Drinkhouse,
Davis, D. F.,
Corblin,
McGeary,
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Willert,
Day,
Stott,
Finney,
Crawford,
Armstrong,
Allum,
Alexander,
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Dilsheimer,
Ephraim,
Miller, D. D.,
Lanich,
Trach,
Blanck.

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Ulah,
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Jennings,
Phillips,
Benchoff,
Cook,
McGeary,
Stark,
Walker, G. T.,
Millin,
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Comerer,
Diehm,
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Griest,
Griffith,
Jordan,
Kinaman,
Marshall,
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Shellenberger,
Zook,
Snyder,
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Benninger,
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Hampson.

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Ramsey,
Sinclair,
Campbell,
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Hough,
Jones,
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Davis, W.,
Lafferty,
Vickerman,
Neary,
Jennings,
Hoffman,
Graham,
Conner,

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Miller, C. G.,
Perry,
Powell,
Fitzgibbon,
Hess,
Robertson,
Schaeffer,
Showalter,
Shunk,
Simpson,
Cox,
Sprowls,
Sullivan,
Wettach,
Zanders,
Patterson,
Drinkhouse,
Hamilton, J.,
Davis, J. T.,
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Willson,
Bungard,
Flynn,
Shaffer,
West,
Murphy,
Benninger,
Rinn.

Banks and Banking
(Room 522.)

Messrs. Walker, J. A.,
Chairman,
Simpson,
Hoffman,
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Jennings,
Robertson,
Baldi,
Bell,
Glass,
Vickerman,
Sprowls,
Wagner,
Drinkhouse,
Snowden,
Ulah,
Geary,
Fox, A. R. B.,
Bolard,
McGeary,
Armstrong,
Marcus,
Statler,
McKim,
Kennedy,
Schilling,
Stadtlander,
Kunkle.

Bureau of Statistics.
(Room 522.)

Messrs. Glass,
Chairman,
Snowden,
McKay,
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Wallace, R. I.,
Neary,
Morgan,
Helt,
Benchoff,
Phillips,
Bolard,
Alexander,
Zook,
Bowman,
Millin,
Miller, D. D.,

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Norton,
Reber, C. A.,
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Comerer,
Woodruff,
Sarig,
Brendle,
Brislin.

Centennial Affairs.
(Room 147.)

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Phillips,
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Benchoff,
McCaig,
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Evans, S. J.,
Goehring,
Krugb,
Diehm,
Curran,
Comerer,
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Curry, A. E.,
Huntington,
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Messrs. Robertson,
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Bennett,
Evans, J. T.,
Griffith,
Marshall,
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Congressional Apportionment.
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Kooser,
Woner,
Finney,
Curry, A. E.,
Stevenson,
Ingham,
Griffith,
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Diehm,
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Colville,
Huntington,
Millar,
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Constitutional Reform.
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McCaig,
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Jones,
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Horne,
Williams,
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Corbin,
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Wallace, R. L.,
Bolard,
North,
McCurdy,
Jordan,
MacCallum,
Magill,
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Stevenson,
Clutton,
Marshall,
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Mangan,
Sterling,
Wells,
Clements,
Bhrhardt,
Franklin,
Fitzgibbon,
Bidelspacher,
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Foster,
Ephraim,
Norton,
Bennett,
Colville,
Catlin,
Crum,
Curran,
Griest,
Krause, T. S.,
Rorke,
Whiteman,
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Blanck.

Counties and Townships.
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Schaeffer,
Jones,
Powell,
Corbin,
Snyder,
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McKay,
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Rhoads,
MacCallum,
McIntyre,
Pike,
Bower,
Mallery,
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Reber, C. A.,
Walker, G. T.,
Day,
Wynne,
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Ringier.

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Chairman,
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 Barnhart,
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 Bigler,
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 Wettach,
 Bechtold,
 Dithrich,
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 Snowden,
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 Soffel,
 Colville,
 Bucher,
 Kooser,
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 Kantner,
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 Ruddy,
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 Comerer,
 Catlin,
 Crum,
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 Day,
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 Shellenberger,
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Bell,
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Wettach,
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Millin,
Miller, D. D.,
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Di Lemmo,
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Rinn,
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Kennedy,
Collier,
Kantner,
Levis,
Stevenson,
Colville,
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Krause, T. S.,
Mallery,
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Kunkle.

Judiciary General.
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Baldrige,
Brady,
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McVicar,
Miller, A. D.,
Milner,
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Sterling,
Walker, J. A.,
Golder,
Palmer,
Fitzgibbon,
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Ehrhardt,
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Hickernell,
Alexander,
Goehring,
Ingham,
North,
Whiteman,
West.

Judiciary Local.
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Kennedy,
Drinkhouse,
Clements,
Glass,

Judiciary Local—Concluded.

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Stevenson,
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Marcus,
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Snowden,
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Heyburn,
Norton,
Brooks,
Zimmerman,
Goehring,
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Catlin,
Bolard,
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Labor and Industry.
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Sprowls,
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Neary,
Schaeffer,
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Shunk,
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Brooks,
Pike,
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McIntyre,
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Krug,
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Shaffer,
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Vickerman,
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Helt,
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Jordan,
Marshall,
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Gans,
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Campbell,
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Military.
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Lauler,
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Mines and Mining.
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Sullivan,
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Municipal Corporations.
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Messrs. Stadlander,
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Messrs. McGeary,
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Flynn,
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Pensions and Gratuities.
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Messrs. Ehrhardt,
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Printing.
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Jones,
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Woner,
Whiteman,
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Reber, C. A.,
Reber, H. F.,
Pike,
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Dilsheimer,
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Crockett,
Hamilton, W. J.,
Harer,
Krause, W.,
Levis,
Pidgion,
Millar,
Harvey,
Rothenberger,
Blanck.

Public Buildings.
(Room 324.)

Messrs. Heffernan,
Chairman,
Wallace, R. L.,
Steedle,
Rhoads,
Hess,
Franklin,
Statler,
Walker, G. T.,
Millar,
Reber, H. F.,
Coldsmith,
Hamilton, J.,
Goehring,
Bower,
Finney,
Crawford,
Foster,
Griffith,
Woodruff,
Krause, W.,
Rorke,
Stott,
Woner,
Shaffer,
Blanck.

Public Health and Sanitation.
(Room 145.)

Messrs. Gans,
Chairman,
Campbell,
Jones,
McVicar,
Sprowls,
Steedle,
Sullivan,
Dawson,
Ehrhardt,
Soßel,
Krugh,
Todd,
Haines,
Beckley,
Willert,
Bucher,
MacCallum,
Aron,
Day,
Miller, D. I.,
Zimmerman,
Pidgeon,
Sinclair,
Shaffer,
Smith, F. J.,
Benninger,
Wynne,
Trach,
Blanck.

Public Roads.
(Room 506.)

Messrs. Williams,
Chairman,
Ulsh,
Dithrich,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Brady,
Shunk,
Smith, E. R.,
Haldeman,
Dewey,
Davis, W.,
Davis, D. F.,
Morgan,
Wettach,
Benchoff,
McGeary,
Armstrong,
Ingham,
Miller, D. D.,
Quigley,
Clutton,
Stark,
North,
Krause, W.,
Hickernell,
Harer,
Bigler,
Griest,
Bower,
Beckley,
Brooks,
Statler,
Shaffer,
Lanlus,
Smith, F. I.,
Schilling.

Railroads.
(Room 323.)

Messrs. Sprowls,
Chairman,
Sinclair,
Heffernan,
Dawson,
McCaig,
Perry,
Schaeffer,
Bell,

Railroads—Concluded.

Messrs. Shunk,
Clements,
Goodnough,
Powell,
Brady,
Wells,
Geary,
Coldsmith,
Mallery,
Zimmerman,
Curran,
Bigler,
Crockett,
Evans, J. T.,
Griest,
Bucher,
Sowers,
Clutton,
Flynn,
Smith, F. I.

Retrenchment and Reform.
(Room 508.)

Messrs. Hoffman,
Chairman,
Gans,
Heffernan,
Aron,
Geary,
Michel,
Evans, S. J.,
Cook,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Kinsman,
Hamilton, W. J.,
Di Lemmo,
Curry, A. E.,
Walker, G. T.,
Brooks,
Willson,
Zimmerman,
Rorke,
Jordan,
Zook,
Wynne,
Rothenbergtr,
Schilling,
Hutchison.

Ways and Means.
(Room 523.)

Messrs. Dawson,
Chairman,
Williams,
Hoffman,
Hough,
Smith, E. R.,
Steedle,
McVicar,
Curry, R.,
Walker, J. A.,
Zanders,
Golder,
Conner,
Day,
Wood,
Willson,
McKim,
Krugh,
Krause, W.,
Fox, I. M.,
Stott,
Pike,
Ingham,
North,
Millar,
Wallace, W. T.,
Clutton,
Harer,
Wynne,
Rinn.

ASSIGNMENTS OF REPRESENTATIVES TO COMMITTEES, SESSION OF 1919.

ALEXANDER :

Accounts,
Compare Bills,
Manufactures,
Judiciary General,
Bureau of Statistics.

ALLUM :

Elections,
Labor and Industry,
Accounts,
Electric Railways,
Centennial Affairs.

ARMSTRONG :

Fisheries,
Accounts,
Centennial Affairs,
Public Roads,
Law and Order,
Banks and Banking.

ARON :

Electric Railways,
Library,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Judiciary Special,
Public Health and Sanitation.

BALDI :

Mines and Mining,
Counties and Townships,
Banks and Banking,
Iron and Coal,
Judiciary Special.

BALDRIGE :

Judiciary General,
Game (Chairman),
Banks and Banking,
Constitutional Reform.

BARNHART :

Insurance,
Education,
Congressional Apportionment,
Military,
Compare Bills.

BECHTOLD :

Manufactures,
Appropriations,
Geological Survey,
Judicial Apportionment,
Elections.

BECKLEY :

Agriculture,
Public Roads,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Labor and Industry,
Centennial Affairs.

BELL :

Banks and Banking,
Iron and Coal,
Railroads,
Military,
Congressional Apportionment.

BENCHOFF :

Forestry,
Bureau of Statistics,
Centennial Affairs,
Agriculture,
Public Roads,
Geological Survey (Chairman).

BENNETT :

Judiciary Local,
Education,
Library,
Compare Bills,
Corporations.

BENNINGER :

Appropriations,
Federal Relations,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Agriculture,
Judiciary Local.

BIDELSPACHER :

Judiciary Special,
Counties and Townships,
Federal Relations,
Corporations,
Geological Survey.

BIGLER :

Manufactures,
Public Roads,
Military,
Railroads,
Legislative Apportionment,
Centennial Affairs,
Education.

BLANCK :

Public Health and Sanitation,
Public Buildings,
Printing,
Corporations,
Accounts.

BOLARD :

Judiciary Special,
Banks and Banking,
Library,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Bureau of Statistics,
Constitutional Reform.

BOWER :

Agriculture,
Counties and Townships,
Public Roads,
Public Buildings,
Labor and Industry.

BOWMAN :

Game,
Education,
Insurance,
Elections,
Counties and Townships,
Bureau of Statistics.

BRADY :

Judiciary General,
Public Roads,
Railroads,
Insurance,
Congressional Apportionment (Chairman)

BRENDLE :

Fisheries,
Game,
Insurance,
Federal Relations,
Bureau of Statistics.

BRISLIN :

Municipal Corporations,
Congressional Apportionment,
Centennial Affairs,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Bureau of Statistics.

BROOKS:

Education,
Public Roads,
Fisheries,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Judiciary Special,
Labor and Industry.

BUCHER:

Railroads,
Manufactures,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Electric Railways,
Legislative Apportionment.

BUNGARD:

Law and Order (Chairman),
Education,
Elections,
Electric Railways,
Fisheries,
Appropriations,
Judiciary Local,
Labor and Industry.

CAMPBELL:

Appropriations,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Municipal Corporations,
Elections,
Library,
Judiciary Special.

CATLIN:

Judiciary Special,
Forestry,
Library,
Corporations,
Iron and Coal.

CLEMENTS:

Railroads,
Judiciary Local,
Judicial Apportionment,
Congressional Apportionment,
Corporations.

CLUTTON:

Education,
Public Roads,
Ways and Means,
Railroads,
Constitutional Reform,
Centennial Affairs.

COLDSMITH:

Iron and Coal,
Military,
Railroads,
Public Buildings,
Forestry.

COLLIER:

Mines and Mining,
Fisheries,
Iron and Coal,
Game,
Judicial Apportionment.

COLVILLE:

Insurance,
Judicial Apportionment,
Electric Railways,
Corporations,
Congressional Apportionment,
Legislative Apportionment.

COMERER:

Agriculture,
Education,
Game,
Forestry,
Centennial Affairs,
Bureau of Statistics,

CONNER:

Law and Order,
Electric Railways,
Appropriations,
Printing,
Ways and Means,
Centennial Affairs (Chairman).

COOK:

Agriculture,
Military,
Elections,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Judicial Apportionment.

CORBIN:

Game,
Accounts,
Federal Relations,
Constitutional Reform,
Geological Survey,
Counties and Townships.

COX:

Appropriations,
Judiciary Local,
Elections,
Manufactures,
Corporations (Chairman).

CRAWFORD:

Public Buildings,
Fisheries,
Federal Relations,
Accounts,
Geological Survey.

CROCKETT:

Electric Railways,
Printing,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Railroads,
Centennial Affairs.

CRUM:

Forestry,
Education,
Corporations,
Federal Relations,
Constitutional Reform,
Compare Bills.

CURRAN:

Military,
Corporations,
Railroads,
Iron and Coal,
Centennial Affairs.

CURRY, A. E.:

Education,
Library,
Centennial Affairs,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Congressional Apportionment,
Compare Bills.

CURRY, R.:

Appropriations,
Military,
Electric Railways,
Legislative Apportionment,
Ways and Means.

DAVIS, D. F.:

Education,
Public Roads,
Library,
Accounts,
Game,
Congressional Apportionment.

DAVIS, J. T.:

Appropriations,
Forestry,
Accounts,
Federal Relations,
Mines and Mining,
Law and Order.

DAVIS, W.:

Judiciary General,
Appropriations,
Public Roads,
Fisheries,
Labor and Industry,
Counties and Townships (Chairman),
Forestry.

DAWSON:

Ways and Means (Chairman),
Railroads,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Counties and Townships,
Judiciary Local,
Municipal Corporations,
Electric Railways.

DAY:

Public Health and Sanitation,
Forestry,
Iron and Coal,
Legislative Apportionment,
Accounts,
Insurance,
Manufactures,
Counties and Townships,
Library,
Ways and Means.

DEWEY:

Public Roads,
Agriculture,
Education,
Compare Bills,
Mines and Mining.

DIEHM:

Insurance,
Agriculture,
Game,
Congressional Apportionment,
Centennial Affairs.

DI LEMMO:

Federal Relations,
Iron and Coal,
Printing,
Retrenchment and Reform.

DILSHEIMER:

Accounts,
Compare Bills,
Centennial Affairs,
Printing,
Electric Railways.

DITHRICH:

Judiciary General (Chairman),
Military,
Public Roads,
Elections,
Federal Relations.

DONNELEY:

Corporations,
Iron and Coal,
Counties and Townships,
Judicial Apportionment,
Congressional Apportionment.

DRINKHOUSE:

Banks and Banking,
Judiciary Local,
Federal Relations,
Appropriations,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Accounts.

DUNN:

Labor and Industry,
Education,
Electric Railways,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Pensions and Gratuities.

EHRHARDT:

Public Health and Sanitation,
Judiciary General,
Pensions and Gratuities (Chairman),
Corporations,
Geological Survey.

EPHRAIM:

Judiciary Local,
Accounts,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Legislative Apportionment,
Corporations.

EVANS, J. T.:

Judiciary Special,
Judicial Apportionment,
Game,
Railroads,
Compare Bills.

EVANS, S. J.:

Electric Railways,
Manufactures,
Game,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Centennial Affairs.

FINNEY:

Printing,
Education,
Accounts,
Public Buildings,
Congressional Apportionment.

FITZGIBBON:

Accounts (Chairman),
Judiciary General,
Game,
Mines and Mining,
Library,
Appropriations,
Corporations.

FLYNN:

Appropriations,
Law and Order,
Railroads,
Elections,
Congressional Apportionment,
Forestry,
Mines and Mining,
Municipal Corporations,
Judiciary Special.

FOSTER:

Public Buildings,
Library,
Congressional Apportionment,
Geological Survey,
Corporations,
Pensions and Gratuities.

FOWLER:

Labor and Industry,
Geological Survey,
Judicial Apportionment,
Judiciary Special,
Fisheries,
Iron and Coal (Chairman).

FOX, A. R. B.:

Manufactures,
Banks and Banking,
Compare Bills,
Legislative Apportionment,
Law and Order.

FOX, I. M.:

Forestry,
Ways and Means,
Legislative Apportionment,
Geological Survey,
Accounts,
Library,
Game.

FRANKLIN:

Corporations,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Public Buildings,
Judicial Apportionment,
Library.

GANS:

Law and Order,
Municipal Corporations,
Public Health and Sanitation (Chairman),
Judiciary Special,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Insurance.

GEARY:

Legislative Apportionment,
Compare Bills,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Accounts,
Banks,
Railroads.

GLASS:

Judiciary Local,
Labor and Industry,
Banks and Banking,
Legislative Apportionment,
Elections,
Bureau of Statistics (Chairman).

GOEHRING:

Judiciary Special,
Judicial Apportionment,
Public Buildings,
Judiciary General,
Centennial Affairs.

GOLDER:

Judiciary General,
Municipal Corporations,
Ways and Means,
Insurance,
Compare Bills,
Military (Chairman).

GOODNOUGH:

Appropriations,
Manufactures,
Education,
Railroads,
Mines and Mining,
Forestry (Chairman).

GRAHAM:

Appropriations,
Game,
Education,
Congressional Apportionment,
Municipal Corporations,
Pensions and Gratuities.

GRIEST:

Agriculture,
Public Roads,
Railroads,
Corporations,
Judiciary Local,
Fisheries.

GRIFFITH:

Agriculture,
Elections,
Congressional Apportionment,
Public Buildings,
Compare Bills.

HAINES:

Manufactures,
Agriculture,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Geological Survey,
Municipal Corporations.

HALDEMAN:

Agriculture,
Manufactures,
Public Roads,
Printing,
Geological Survey,
Mines and Mining,
Elections (Chairman).

HAMILTON, JACOB:

Game,
Fisheries,
Public Buildings,
Appropriations,
Municipal Corporations.

HAMILTON, W. J.:

Insurance,
Game,
Printing,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Congressional Apportionment,
Federal Relations.

HAMPSON:

Agriculture,
Centennial Affairs,
Compare Bills,
Constitutional Reform,
Law and Order.

HARER:

Public Roads,
Fisheries,
Printing,
Federal Relations,
Labor and Industry,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Ways and Means,
Manufactures.

HARVEY:

Manufactures,
Geological Survey,
Federal Relations,
Iron and Coal,
Printing.

HEFFERNAN:

Railroads,
Elections,
Electric Railways,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Mines and Mining,
Public Buildings (Chairman).

HELT:

Game,
Bureau of Statistics,
Centennial Affairs,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Law and Order.

HESS:

Manufactures (Chairman),
Public Roads,
Appropriations,
Public Buildings,
Mines and Mining,
Education.

HEYBURN:

Agriculture,
Education,
Roads,
Electric Railways,
Judiciary Special,
Fisheries (Chairman).

HICKERNELL:

Public Roads,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Geological Survey,
Judiciary General,
Mines and Mining.

HOFFMAN:

Banks and Banking,
Education,
Appropriations,
Ways and Means,
Judicial Apportionment,
Retrenchment and Reform (Chairman).

HOLLINGSWORTH:

Agriculture (Chairman),
Education,
Manufactures,
Mines and Mining.

HORNE:

Insurance,
Library,
Judicial Apportionment,
Constitutional Reform,
Law and Order.

HOUGH:

Appropriations,
Ways and Means,
Manufactures,
Legislative Apportionment,
Constitutional Reform.

HUNTINGTON:

Federal Relations,
Centennial Affairs,
Forestry,
Game,
Congressional Apportionment.

HUTCHISON:

Insurance,
Pensions and Gratuties,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Library,
Geological Survey.

INGHAM:

Forestry,
Ways and Means,
Congressional Apportionment,
Iron and Coal,
Public Roads,
Judiciary General.

JENNINGS:

Appropriations,
Agriculture,
Military,
Banks and Banking.

JONES:

Appropriations,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Legislative Apportionment,
Counties and Townships,
Constitutional Reform,
Printing.

JORDAN:

Agriculture,
Geological Survey,
Constitutional Reform,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Law and Order.

KANTNER:

Fisheries,
Library,
Federal Relations,
Judicial Apportionment,
Electric Railways.

KENNEDY:

Judiciary Local,
Federal Relations,
Library,
Judicial Apportionment,
Geological Survey,
Accounts,
Banks and Banking.

KINSMAN:

Forestry,
Agriculture,
Judiciary Local,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Legislative Apportionment,
Fisheries.

KOOSER:

Electric Railways,
Education,
Insurance,
Military,
Congressional Apportionment.

KRAUSE, T. S.:

Game,
Corporations,
Judiciary Special,
Judicial Apportionment,
Bureau of Statistics.

KRAUSE, W.:

Public Roads,
Ways and Means,
Printing,
Public Buildings,
Mines and Mining,
Labor and Industry.

KRUGH:

Labor and Industry,
Ways and Means,
Legislative Apportionment,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Centennial Affairs.

KUNKLE:

Banks and Banking,
Constitutional Reform,
Compare Bills,
Legislative Apportionment,
Judicial Apportionment.

LAFFERTY:

Municipal Corporations,
Insurance,
Appropriations,
Elections,
Law and Order,
Printing (Chairman).

LANIUS:

Education,
Military,
Public Roads,
Fisheries,
Accounts.

LAULER:

Appropriations,
Law and Order,
Municipal Corporations,
Military,
Federal Relations.

LEVIS:

Judiciary Local,
Geological Survey,
Federal Relations,
Printing,
Judicial Apportionment.

MacCALLUM:

Manufactures,
Counties and Townships,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Constitutional Reform,
Legislative Apportionment.

MAGILL:

Forestry,
Education,
Iron and Coal,
Constitutional Reform,
Library.

MALLERY:

Counties and Townships,
Geological Survey,
Railroads,
Pensions and Gratuties,
Judicial Apportionment.

MANGAN:

Labor and Industry (Chairman),
Municipal Corporations,
Iron and Coal,
Corporations,
Judicial Apportionment.

MARCUS:

Banks and Banking,
Judiciary Special,
Judiciary Local,
Constitutional Reform,
Library.

MARSHALL:

Agriculture,
Compare Bills,
Constitutional Reform,
Judiciary Local,
Law and Order.

MARTIN:

Education,
Labor and Industry,
Elections,
Library,
Law and Order.

McCAIG:

Appropriations (Chairman),
Law and Order,
Railroads,
Constitutional Reform,
Centennial Affairs.

McCURDY:

Accounts,
Compare Bills,
Corporations,
Constitutional Reform.

McGEARY:

Banks and Banking,
Public Roads,
Agriculture,
Accounts,
Municipal Corporations,
Judiciary Local.

McINTYRE:

Labor and Industry,
Counties and Townships,
Elections,
Bureau of Statistics,
Pensions and Gratuities.

McKAY:

Education,
Counties and Townships,
Bureau of Statistics,
Compare Bills,
Library,
Constitutional Reform (Chairman).

McKIM:

Judiciary General,
Education,
Ways and Means,
Judicial Apportionment,
Banks and Banking.

McVICAR:

Judiciary General,
Judicial Apportionment,
Ways and Means,
Public Health and Sanitation.

MEHRING:

Elections,
Law and Order,
Compare Bills,
Printing,
Municipal Corporations.

MICHEL:

Law and Order,
Manufactures,
Fisheries,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Labor and Industry.

MILLAR, A.:

Public Buildings,
Ways and Means,
Printing,
Library,
Congressional Apportionment.

MILLER, A. D.:

Judiciary General,
Forestry,
Federal Relations,
Constitutional Reform,
Mines and Mining,
Law and Order.

MILLER, C. G.:

Appropriations,
Mines and Mining,
Game,
Iron and Coal.

MILLER, D. I.:

Public Health and Sanitation,
Fisheries,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Insurance,
Geological Survey.

MILLER, D. D.:

Agriculture,
Accounts,
Bureau of Statistics,
Iron and Coal,
Public Roads,
Game.

MILLIN:

Agriculture,
Bureau of Statistics,
Geological Survey,
Iron and Coal,
Education.

MILNER:

Judiciary General,
Law and Order,
Military,
Iron and Coal,
Municipal Corporations,
Federal Relations (Chairman).

MORGAN:

Counties and Townships,
Education,
Public Roads,
Bureau of Statistics,
Compare Bills.

MURPHY:

Appropriations,
Compare Bills,
Iron and Coal,
Education,
Military.

NEARY:

Appropriations,
Bureau of Statistics,
Labor and Industry,
Legislative Apportionment,
Accounts.

NORTH:

Public Roads,
Ways and Means,
Compare Bills,
Constitutional Reform,
Judiciary Special,
Judiciary General.

NORTON:

Insurance,
Geological Survey,
Iron and Coal,
Bureau of Statistics,
Corporations,
Judiciary Special.

PALMER:

Insurance,
Municipal Corporations,
Electric Railways,
Judiciary General,
Military,
Education (Chairman).

PATERSON:

Judiciary Special,
Bureau of Statistics,
Appropriations,
Elections.

PERRY:

Appropriations,
Law and Order,
Railroads,
Congressional Apportionment.

PHILLIPS:

Game,
Agriculture,
Bureau of Statistics,
Federal Relations,
Centennial Affairs.

PIDGEON:

Counties and Townships,
Judiciary Local,
Forestry,
Printing,
Public Health and Sanitation.

PIKE:

Ways and Means,
Labor and Industry,
Printing,
Counties and Townships,
Compare Bills.

POWELL:

Appropriations,
Electric Railways (Chairman),
Counties and Townships,
Railroads,
Municipal Corporations.

QUIGLEY:

Manufactures,
Forestry,
Game,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Military,
Public Roads.

RAMSEY:

Appropriations,
Law and Order,
Mines and Mining (Chairman),
Municipal Corporations,
Legislative Apportionment,
Military.

REBER, C. A.:

Judiciary Local,
Military,
Printing,
Bureau of Statistics,
Counties and Townships,
Education.

REBER, H. F.:

Printing,
Iron and Coal,
Public Buildings,
Pensions and Gratuities,
Education.

RHOADS:

Electric Railways,
Fisheries,
Legislative Apportionment,
Public Buildings,
Counties and Townships.

RINGLER:

Game,
Legislative Apportionment,
Federal Reform,
Labor and Industry,
Counties and Townships.

RINN:

Ways and Means,
Elections,
Manufactures,
Iron and Coal,
Military,
Appropriations.

ROBERTSON:

Mines and Mining,
Fisheries,
Banks and Banking,
Appropriations,
Iron and Coal,
Compare Bills (Chairman).

RORKE:

Judiciary Local,
Corporations,
Electric Railways,
Public Buildings,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Judiciary Special.

ROTHENBERGER:

Agriculture,
Printing,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Geological Survey,
Judicial Apportionment.

RUDDY:

Counties and Townships,
Electric Railways,
Corporations,
Federal Relations,
Judiciary Local.

SARIG:

Education,
Judiciary Special,
Centennial Affairs,
Legislative Apportionment
Bureau of Statistics.

SCHAEFFER:

Labor and Industry,
Appropriations,
Insurance,
Railroads,
Counties and Townships.

SCHILLING:

Public Roads,
Retrenchment and Reform,
Fisheries,
Compare Bills,
Banks and Banking.

SCOTT:

Judiciary Special (Chairman),
Elections,
Military,
Education,
Municipal Corporations.

SHAFFER:

Appropriations,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Labor and Industry,
Public Buildings,
Municipal Corporations,
Public Roads.

SHELLENBERGER:

Forestry,
Fisheries,
Insurance,
Agriculture,
Legislative Apportionment,

SHOWALTER:

Constitutional Reform,
Judiciary Local (Chairman),
Appropriations,
Judiciary General,
Mines and Mining,
Law and Order.

SHUNK:

Appropriations,
Railroads,
Fisheries,
Public Roads,
Municipal Corporations,
Labor and Industry,
Judicial Apportionment (Chairman).

SIMPSON:

Appropriations,
Judiciary General,
Banks and Banking,
Mines and Mining,
Federal Relations.

SINCLAIR:

Manufactures,
Appropriations,
Railroads,
Municipal Corporations,
Congressional Apportionment,
Public Health and Sanitation.

SMITH, E. R.:

Public Roads,
Ways and Means,
Forestry,
Library (Chairman),
Judiciary Local.

SMITH, F. I.:

Public Roads,
Public Health and Sanitation,
Constitutional Reform,
Railroads,
Mines and Mining,
Electric Railways,

SNOWDEN:

Manufactures,
Electric Railways,
Banks and Banking,
Judiciary Special,
Bureau of Statistics.

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SPROWLS:

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TODD:

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TRACH:

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LEGISLATIVE NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENTS, SESSION OF 1919.

NON-RESIDENT CORRESPONDENTS.

Philadelphia Inquirer.—George J. Brennan, 834 North Sixty-third street, Philadelphia; Hotel Columbus, Harrisburg.

Pittsburgh Gazette-Times.—Walter J. Christy, 5127 Liberty avenue, Pittsburgh; 255 North street, Harrisburg.

Pittsburgh Dispatch.—L. R. Goshorn, 5528 Darlington Road, Pittsburgh; Hotel Columbus, Harrisburg.

Pittsburgh Post and Pittsburgh Sun.—John R. Ball, 5806 Ellsworth avenue, Pittsburgh; 306 Arcade Building, Harrisburg.

Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.—Joseph N. Mackrell, 431 Fisk street, Pittsburgh; Hotel Dauphin, Harrisburg.

The Associated Press, Philadelphia.—John H. Reiting, 118 West Ashmead street, Germantown, Philadelphia; Penn-Harris Hotel, Harrisburg.

Scranton Times.—E. J. Hart, 152 Carroll street, Pittston; 715 Capital street, Harrisburg.

Philadelphia North American.—Walter Darlington, 514 East Johnson street, Germantown, Philadelphia; Penn-Harris Hotel, Harrisburg.

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Wilkes-Barre Record.—William P. Gallagher, 128 Hanover street, Wilkes-Barre; Penn-Harris Hotel, Harrisburg.

Scranton Republican.—Frank J. Toohey, 1603 Pine street, Scranton; North Sixth street, Harrisburg.

RESIDENT NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENTS.

The Associated Press, Harrisburg Telegraph.—A. Boyd Hamilton, 2515 North Front Street, Harrisburg.

Philadelphia North American, Evening Public Ledger.—Thomas E. Williams, 715 Capital Street, Harrisburg.

The Evening News, Philadelphia Public Ledger.—Charles G. Miller, 710 North Eighteenth Street, Harrisburg.

International News Service, Tri-State News Bureau.—William R. Douglass, 311 Patriot Building, Harrisburg.

Universal News Service.—William Brown, 311 Patriot Building, Harrisburg.

United Press.—Lee C. Richardson, Patriot Building, P. O. Box 251, Harrisburg.

Harrisburg Patriot.—B. F. Krumrine, 21 North Fifth Street, Harrisburg.

Scranton Times.—Gus M. Steinmetz, Washington Heights, Cumberland County.

Philadelphia Record.—Robert F. Gorman, 24 North Nineteenth Street, Harrisburg.

Philadelphia Press.—Capital News Bureau, Telegraph Building, Harrisburg.

Pittsburgh Post and Sun.—William S. Worst, Telegraph Building, Harrisburg.

Oil City Derrick, Reading Eagle, Daily News Record of New York City.—Mrs. Mabel Cronise Jones, 105 Locust Street, Harrisburg.

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AT WHICH DEPARTMENT OFFICERS, SENATORS AND MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BOARD, AND TO WHICH REFERENCE IS MADE.

BOLTON HOTEL, corner of Second and Strawberry streets, J. H. and M. S. Butterworth, proprietors.

CENTRAL HOTEL, 311 Market street, James B. Foose, proprietor.

HARRIS HOUSE, 20 North Third street, George Rovai, proprietor.

HERSHEY HOUSE, 327-329 Market Street, William H. Hoerner, proprietor.

HOFFMAN HOUSE, 441 Market street, Edward G. Hoffman, proprietor.

HOTEL CARLTON, 217 Market street, Warren B. Free, proprietor.

HOTEL COLUMBUS, corner of Third and Walnut streets, Maurice E. Russ, proprietor.

HOTEL DAUPHIN, 309 Market Street, Jacob Eckinger, proprietor.

HOTEL LYNCH, 327 Verbeke street, Frank F. Seiss, proprietor.

HOTEL RIFE, 325 Walnut street, John N. McCormick, proprietor.

HOTEL ROYAL, 422 Market street, Theodore Lalos, proprietor.

HOTEL VICTOR, 25 South Fourth Street, Joseph Giusti, proprietor.

LENOX HOTEL, 426-428 Market street, Bernard Davis, proprietor.

LOCHIEL HOTEL, corner of Third and Market streets, William H. Byerly, proprietor.

MAPLE GROVE HOTEL, 2101 North Sixth street, Albert Koenig, proprietor.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, corner of Fourth and Market streets, Louis W. Kay, proprietor.

PENN-HARRIS HOTEL, Third and Walnut streets, Horace L. Wiggins, manager.

PLAZA HOTEL, 423 Market street, William Graupner, proprietor.

SENATE HOTEL, corner of Second and Market streets, Frederick B. Aldinger, proprietor.

STANLEY HOTEL, 108 Market street, Robert S. Magee, proprietor.

STATE CAPITAL HOTEL, 215 Walnut Street, Joseph J. Armento, proprietor.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, 405-407 Market street, James Stiner, proprietor.

WHITE'S HOTEL, 313 Broad street, Albert J. White, proprietor.

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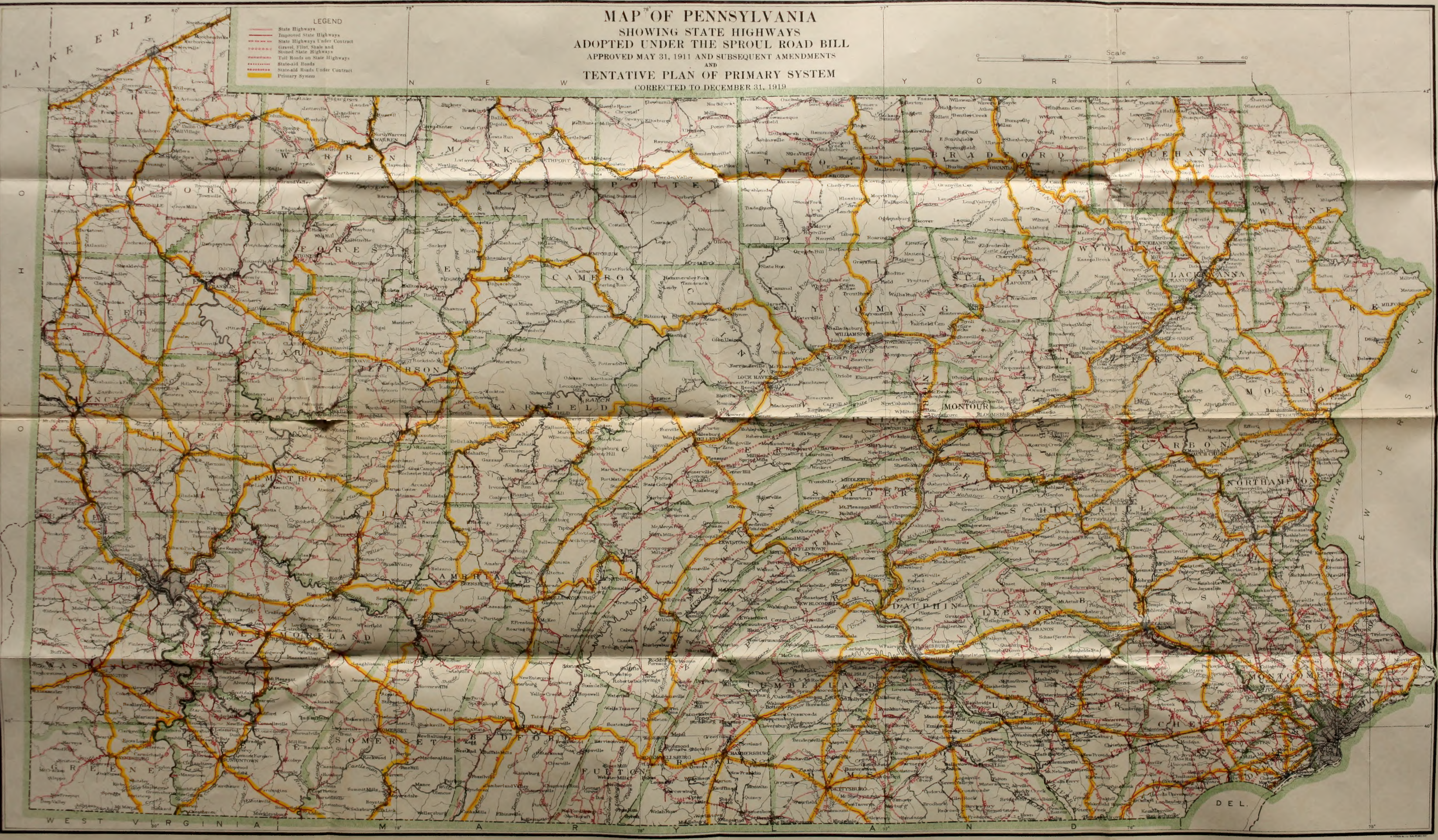
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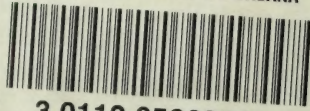


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